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Military Vol. 10 324

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Fort St. George — July 1804

Diary

Received the following letter.

28.

To the Chief Secretary to Government
Fort St. George

Sir

I have the honor to transmit herewith for the information of the Right Honble the Governor in Council copy of a letter from the Collector of Ganjam to me and my answer.

I have the honor to &c
&c. &c.

Vizagapatam
July 18th 1804.

Signed H. Campbell
Colonel Commanding
Northern Division

From the Officer Commanding the Northern Division of the army transmitting a copy of his correspondence with the Collector of Ganjam on the subject of disturbances

To Colonel Campbell
Commanding the Northern Division
of the Army
Vizagapatam

Sir

Para 1st I consider it a subject of sincere congratulation to myself that I have once more the honor to address you in Command of the Northern

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Northern Division of the Army, and as the points on which I am now obliged to address you, are in a Military and Revenue point of view of the utmost importance to the present welfare and future Peace of this Province, so I feel the greater satisfaction in having to communicate them to an Officer whose experience and knowledge of the affairs of the District in Common with the rest of the Circars, enable him to act with that Judgement and precision the nature of the People and their but too prevalent inclination to occasion disturbances in evasion of the payment of the publick dues of Government, require.

2d The Conduct and inattention instigated by their Fathers not to call it by worse names of the present Zemindar Chundoo Manee Deo, of Pratabgherry or little Kimedy, and of the late Zimindar Balabadra Deo of Vizianagur, but lately required my report to their disadvantage to Government, and I was informed that the Officer Commanding the Northern Division of the Army had received

the

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their orders of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council to proceed against them when opportunity of season, or the strength of the Military in the Province permitted of it. Other circumstances occurred at that time May and July 1803, to prevent the execution of the orders of Government or at least rendered it necessary they should be delayed, - - added to which the season, that of the approaching Rains made it desirable to postpone until a more satisfactory period, the extermination of the Party's in the two before mentioned Zemindars, kept up by the Rebels. Lagganaut Deo, and Moree Deo, Fathers of the Zemindars of the Districts of Pratabgerry and Vizianagur. -

3d. The subsequent departure of the troops from the District to Cuttack, and the very reduced state of the Military in this Province as well as in the Northern Circars in general, prevented my either applying for the aid of the Military in the Province or intruding upon you for support to the Small Detachment, the Commanding Officer in the District

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District could have afforded, and I hoped that temporising measures with the young Jemindars Balabadra Deo, and Sibendra Manee Deo, would have enabled me to manage the affairs of the Province in general, but more particularly the two Zemindaries now the Cause of peculiar anxiety, with at least Peace, allowing a temporary loss of Revenue: and had not the recent Death of Balabadra Deo Zemindar of Vizianagur and the apprehension of the assumption of Publick Management / the actual management having been long in the hands of his Rebel Father / occasioned the necessity on an immediate interference and order of Government for a restablishment of a tributary, it was by no means my intention to intrude the affairs of these Zemindars on the Notice of my superiors, untill a more favourable season for Military operations and untill the Regular Force in the Province enabled the Commanding Officer to meet the orders of

Fort St George 6 July 1804

28th of Government with readiness and precision —

4th The accompanying correspondence which for your information, and in order that you may possess every Knowledge I have myself obtained, I now do myself the Honor to send you, will shew you the necessity I was reduced to, of bringing the affairs of these Zemindars before Government, even before the actual return of the troops from Cuttack, which publick report now leads me to expect will soon be the Case; and I have little more to add on the subject than to Notice to you the information I have received of the Force of the Rebel Zemindar, and the perfect inadequacy of the new Zemindar to cope with him, unless supported by the Honorable Company for such a period, as the apprehension of Depredation from the Rebel Moner Deo and other Zemindars, whose hope of being enabled to evade their regular payments, may induce to join him, may actually require —

5th I have long entertained a

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a hope that the prospect of reward held out by me for the seizure of the Persons of the two Brothers Manee Deo, and Jaggannat Deo both in Rebellion might tempt Partizans to inlist in the Cause, and since the final establishment of the Police Battalion on the present liberal and, extended principle, that some of that Corps would Volunteer on such an occasion, to extirpate or besiege such obstinate Rebels who have proved themselves Deaf even to the Interest of their own Sons, but hitherto, without success. The aid of the Military is now become indispensible, and the distress of my feelings from my knowledge of the inclemency of the season, for Regulars to be in the field, is considerably augmented, when I reflect on that indispensable necessity, I am reduced to of calling upon you in support of my authority.—

6th I have little further to say after giving you all my information, that

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than to suggest the Ideas which have occurred to me in the Course of the time I have been in Charge of this Province, trivial in itself in point of Revenue and still more reduced in a political point of View, from its being no longer a Northern frontier Station but not the less necessary to be kept in a State of Subjection, and into which I have reason to supppose it is very soon intended to introduce a Permanent mode of Assessment secured to the Zemindars &c. by the Establishment of a Court of Judicature.-

7th The present time therefore renders it more immediately necessary that the orders of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council should be effectually and quickly carried into force, as it will pointedly evince the determination of Government to carry their orders into execution, and will prove to our Tributaries the advantage they will obtain from an attention to the orders of the representative

of

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of Government and the security they will derive
from the Establishment of Zillah Courts.—

8th By a perusal of my letter
to the Board of Revenue of the 15th May you
will notice the cause of my present applica-
tion to you for Military aid; the orders of
the Right Honorable the Governor in Council
communicated to me through the Board of
Revenue under date the 29th of the same
Month, No 2 in the Packets, approved of my
suggestion in the Nomination of Sait Rauze
(but whose proper name is Chaytanah Dos)
to the Zemindary of Vizianagur vacant by the
Demise of Balabadra Dos, you will also notice
in my Letter to the Board before referred to,
the Relationship of Sait Rauze to the deceased
Zemindar and the present rebel in possession,
it is now only of consequence that as far as
regards Sait Rauze I should mention
to you that he has been a Pensioner on the
bounty of Government, for some years on
90 Rupees a Month, and now resides at
Ganjam

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Ganjam, that he is entirely unacquainted with the present favourable intentions of Government towards him, and that consequently on his Establishment in the Zemindary it is but just and reasonable to expect from him attachment and punctuality.—

9th The Rebel Moree Deo, the Father to the Deceased Zemindar, and Brother to the Person proposed, is in full possession of the Country, his estimated Force is about 1500 Men, variously Armed, he himself resides and has done so for some time past, at Vizianagur, the Capital of the Zemindary, at which — altho' there is no Fort, there is a strong Barrier, and from the manner in which his Peons are said to be placed, and the Hills which Command the interior, from whence with two or three small Iron Guns he has, he may considerably annoy our people, and which Hills are only accessable from the inside of the Barrier, owing to the impenetrable Bamboo Jungle, the Storming such a place will require considerable Force.—

The

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There is a Bamboo fence which surrounds the dwelling of the Rebel. This Sir is the best account I have been able to obtain and which being corroborated by several, I am induced to hope is a correct one. The possession of this place would give us the entire Command of the low Country, but previous to entering in any place for keeping this Country or the idea of our being in possession of the Town and Strong hold of Vizianagur, it may be satisfactory to you to know the management that has hitherto obtained in the Zemendary, in order that you may be acquainted with the footing we have now got, and what we shall have yet to do.—

13th

For many Months past the Revenues from Vizianagur and Hatabgherry have been very trifling Compared with the known resources of those Country's, but knowing the Deceased Zemindar was well disposed and if not

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not biassed by his Father that he would have been not only obedient but even regular in his Payments — I proceeded to place such — party's of my Police Peons in the Zemindaries as were requisite to support the Land Custom Officers, whom I had in Common with the rest of the Zemindaries appointed to the management of that part of our Revenues — I have Consequently had upwards of 30 — Peons at and near Diggoopoondy exclusive of about 90 at Cuttoopooram on the borders of Pratabgherry for a Considerable period —

14th. In my letter to the Board of the 15th. May, I informed them it was my intention to reinforce the Party of Peons at Vizianagar. my meaning was to reinforce the party in that Zemindary, not having been able to obtain footing at — Vizianagar —

15th. I would be a matter of little or no difficulty to crush the Rebel or at least to drive him out of the Zemindary

but

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28th

had we only to cope with him, but altho' I have fortunately never yet been involved in any war-fare with the Zemindars in this Province, yet I am but too well acquainted that the Moment we enter in Arms the Zemindary of Vizianagur, the neighbouring Zemindars however inimical to each other in peaceable times, would immediately unite against us, with no other view than the evasion of the payment of the dues of Government; It is therefore necessary to prepare as well for his neighbours as himself, and to this you must impute my anxious desire of having a larger force than that now in the Province.

16th

One of the most effectual and best means to us, to carry our point in the Establishment of Rhaytawak Dues, would be to entice the Ryots to come over to the Zemindar, and if Coonder Row alone who Commands Vudigherry and has the entire management of Coutor and Pyfoops would join our party, the Rebel would

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would have no place of retreat, and we could
with the Police Peons hunt him down without
difficulty. I have authorized two of my Dubash
whose good conduct on several recent occasions
gave me reason to place confidence in
them to reduce Poondee Row to join the
new Zemindar with his People. The Rebel who
from being remarkably Corpulent has fallen
away to a remarkable shadow, is described as being
in a very infirm state of health, and worn
down by Care and distress not placing
confidence even in his first Subadar.
10th The Zemindar in his
Vicinity are to the Northward, his Brother
the Rebel Daggamaul Dio, what treaty
is on very indifferent terms with him:
to the Southward Lawrence the Zemindar of
Wallajanagur complaining of
the encroachments of the Rebel, these
two would however certainly join him in
the General Cause if they are not taken
care of the force of the Pratabgerry Zemindar
may

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may be stated independant of the Corps — and Bitsoys at about 1500 Men Mostly Matchlocks and about 30 Deserters the Force of — Lowingky about 600 Matchlock } Poons reported to be the best paid and appointed in the Province — to the Southeastward lies the Zemindary of Chiegutty and to the Eastward and North of East lies the Mahery Kiraily —

18th

To prevent the assistance — of Pratabyherry might be induced to afford it will be requisite to keep a Strong party at Pettapolum, and a Clever Vakeel to — give the earliest and best information of every movement the Zemindar may make, and the Chiegutty Zemindar must be brought over to keep the Lowingy man in his own Country; This might be effected by placing a Guard in Chiegutty, as well to support the Zemindar as to encourage his people and induce them to be faithfull.

19th

Having thus acquainted you with all the difficulties we have to apprehend.

28th

apprehend. I hope it will not be deemed pre-
sumption in me to notice to you the situations
I think best calculated for the regulars to be
posted after the place is in our possession,
having particularly in view the health of
the Officers and men at this inclement season,
I would look to the Capture of the Town of
Vizianagur by the Regular Troops, but as the
place is very unhealthy from its confined
situation being entirely surrounded with
a thick Bamboo Jungle, the Regular Troops
should be immediately relieved by the Police
Peons, and they should retire for the protec-
tion and Security of the Open Country to
which from the Hills Vizianagur is the
Pass, and might be Stationed for the
present the principal part at Diggapoondy.
5 Cos from the Town of Vizianagur, a second
at Nowpurrah about 3 Cos from the same
place, and a third at Cuttapooram about
6 Cos from Vizianagur. This latter post
would operate as a check on Patabyherry

Jaggannaut

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28th

Jaggannaut Dec.

20th These stations are open and at the same time that the Country will be protected, the officers and Men will I hope keep in good health.

21st Having nothing more at present to communicate on this subject

I have the honor to be
Gen. &c.
(Signed) Pa Cherry
Collector

(A true Copy)
(Signed) A. Campbell
Coll.

Ganjam
3d July 1804

To Peter Cherry Esqre
Collector &c. &c.
Sir:

I have been favored by the
Receipt of your very clear and explicit letter
the 3d. Instant.

I am in daily expectation
of the arrival of a Detachment of the 17th
Regt

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Fort St. George 15th July 1804.

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Regiment Native Infantry in your District, to which I trust it will be in my power to afford you such assistance as may be adequate to the object alluded to in your letter, and carrying the Orders of Government into execution.

I have the honor to be

&c. &c.

Signed A. Campbell
Colonel
Commanding Northern
Division Army

July 15th 1804.

True Copy

Signed A. Campbell
Colonel.

Received and sent the following letters entered in M. B. Nos 41-42-43-44-

From Mr Roebuck - Transmitting a Statement of the expence of the Madras Army for August -

From Dr Dr - Enclosing an additional estimate for the Current month -

To the Military Auditor General

From the Military Paymaster General

From Dr Dr

To the Military auditor General

To the Military Auditor General

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Fort St. George — July 1804

General — Referring for his examinations and additional estimate of Cash —

To the Commanders of the Honorable Company's Ships Brunswick and Marquis of Ely

To Captains Grant and Harvey with a List of Charter party Passengers for England —

do 30.

ing Letters entered in M.B. Nos 45-46-47 —

From the acting Deputy adjutant General of the King's Troops —

From Captain Campbell — — Requesting an advance of 2 Months pay and Allowances for certain Officers of His Majesty's Service recently arrived from Europe —

To the Military Auditor General &c.

To the Military Auditor General — Referring for his examination & General estimate of Cash —

Do Do —

To Do Do — To authorise an advance of 2 Months pay &c. to the Officers mentioned in a Letter from the acting Deputy Adjutant General of the Kings Troops —

H

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Fort St. George 31st. July 1804

At a Consultation

Present

The Right Honorable

Lord William Cavendish Bentinck

Governor and President

Tuesday the 31st July 1804.

Lieutenant General James Stuart

Commander in Chief

William Petrie

and

John Chamier

} Esqrs.

Minutes of last Consultation

read and approved.-

The President lays before the Board the following Minute.-

Participating as I do in the general sentiment of admiration of the gallant and able Conduct of the Honorable Major General Wellesley during the last Campaign, it is my opinion that that Officer is entitled to the most distinguished honor which this Government has to bestow; and I therefore propose that the thanks of this Government be

President's Minute Expressing that the thanks of Government be given to Major General Wellesley for his distinguished services while Commanding a detachment of the Army belonging to this Presidency against the Confederated Mahratta Chiefs, and that the same be communicated to the General by the Chief Secretary and published in G.O.

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be given to the Honorable Major General Wellesley for his distinguished services while Commanding a Detachment of the army belonging to this Presidency against the Combined Troops of Dowlut Roa Scindiah and the Rajah of Berar.

Recommend that the Resolution of Government shall be communicated to the Honorable Major General Wellesley by the Chief Secretary and shall be published in General Orders.

(Signed) W. Bentinck

Fort St. George
July 30th 1804

Left Grove

(Signed) W. Petrie

" J. Chamier

Resolved that the thanks of this Government be given to the Honorable Major General Wellesley for his distinguished services while Commanding a detachment of the army belonging to this Presidency against the Combined troops of Dowlut Rao Scindia and the Rajah of

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of Bevar

Ordered that the foregoing

Resolution be communicated to the Honorable

Major General Wellesley in the manner proposed

by Lord William Bentinck, and that it be published

in General Orders.

The President Records the

following Minute.-

I lay before the Board a

Petition from Syd Buddia ul Deek Khan

Killedar of Trichinopoly and manager of the

District of anda cKellore at the time of the

decease of His Highness the late Nabob of the

Carnatic.-

President's Minute submitting a Petition from Syd Buddie ul Deen Khan late Killedar of Trichinopoly &c. and recommending that an allowance of ₹. 115 Rupees ₹. Month be granted to him.-

On a former application of

this person submitted to the Board through

the Channel of the Board of Revenue, it was

Resolved that the same Pension should

be granted to him as had been allowed to

other Officers in the Service of the late

Nabob of corresponding Rank, and orders

in the terms of that Resolution were issued

to

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to the Military Auditor General -

The Military Auditor General however under whose Directions did not consider himself authorised to allow to Syd Buddin ul Deen Khan a Pension exceeding in amount the Half Pay of a subaltern in the service of the Honorable Company, a sum much inferior to the Stipends granted to His late Highness Officers of corresponding Rank with the Petitioner -

I therefore submit the case of Syd Buddin ul Deen Khan again to the consideration of the Board, and propose that the sum of One hundred and fifteen Rupees per Month being half the amount of his former Salary be allowed to him from the 3d September last, the date of the Resolution already passed for admitting him a Pensioner on the Carnatic -

31st July 1804

(signed) H. Benbeck

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Fort St. George 31st July 1806

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To the Right Honorable

Lord William Bentinck

President in Council

Fort St. George

The humble Petition of Syed

Hussuck Hoosain Cawn Bahadar late

Killadar or Commandant of the

Fort of Trichinopaly

Sheweth

That your Petitioner has been

many years in the Service of the late Nabob Ghulaja

and Continued in my essential Service but in

the time of the late Nabob Omdutul Omrah your

Petitioner was appointed Killadar of the above

Fort and Manager of the district of Andanellore

in which Station your Petitioner Remained until

the Country became subject to the British Govern-

ment, when your Petitioner delivered over to the

Honorable Thompson's Officer the Guns and

other Stores, in the District of Andanellore

at which time your Petitioner was attacked

with a fit of Gout, ... and other disorders

and

Fort St George 31st July 1804.

and suffered severely for two years, after which your Petitioner applied to Mr Johnson Wallace the Collector of Trichinopoly by a letter stating his Situation inclosing therein at the same time an address to the Government, which Mr John Wallace transmitted to the Government in his letter after having made full Enquiry into his Claims, in answer to which, Mr John Wallace wrote to me a letter informing he had received an answer from the Government on the subject of his Claims, stating that some thing will be done to your Petitioner in the same manner, as other Killadar of your Petitioners Rank has been allowed. The original Letter under Seal Gentlemand Seal and Signature is in your Petitioner possession - a Copy translate of which is herein enclosed, for your Lordships information. Mr John Wallace thereupon desired your Petitioner to repair to the Presidency and prefer his Claim before your Lordship your Petitioner Came down to this Place accordingly.

your

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your Petitioner Monthly allowance as Killadar was 130 Rupees and as manager to the district of Andamillore was 100 Rupees, both amounting to Rupees 230. The Government having been pleased to fix a Monthly allowance of 100 Rupees to each of the Killadar of Wootatore and Tiryore two subordinate Forts to Trichinopoly, also 100 Pagodas to the Killadar of Street 200 Rupees to the Killadar of Chittore, and 100 Rupees to the Killadar of Kylasanghur your Petitioner is very happy to learn by Mr. John Wallace's Letter which he written by the authority of the Government, that an allowance similar to those that was made to the other Killadars of your Petitioner Rank would be made, Confiding which your Petitioner - humbly approach your Lordship to be so merciful into extend your Lordship's liberality towards him, to relieve him from the distress under which he labour since the death of the late Nabob - For which act of Benevolence your Petitioner as in duty bound.

Shall Ever Pray

Signed [illegible]

Madras
29th May 1804

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Translation of a Persian Letter from Mr. John Wallace Collector at Trichinopoly under his Seal and Signature to Seyed Buddeen Cawn Bukander Naib of the Fort of Trichinopoly. Dated Laulah Pettah 6th October 1803.

In answer to your Arzee enclosed in your Letter to me which I have forwarded to the Government of Madras I received a Letter stating that a Salary similar to that allowed to the other Killadars will be made to you.

I therefore write this for your Information.

Resolution thereon.

Resolved and ordered that the Pension of Syd Buddia ul Deen Khan be regulated in conformity to the recommendation of the President.

The following Minute of the Commander in Chief; having returned from Circulation is ordered to be recorded.

Minute

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15

Minute

The Commander in Chief has the honor of submitting to the Board a letter from Captain Leith Judge Advocate General of the Army representing the inadequacy of the Salary attached to that situation and requesting the same Salary which was allowed to the Persons who formerly performed its duties.—

Minute of the Commander in Chief submitting a letter from Captain Leith Judge Advocate General of the army representing the inadequacy of the Salary attached to that situation, and requesting that the same Salary which was allowed to the persons who formerly performed its duties; recommendations in Consequence—

The peculiar nature of the attainments indispensable to a just discharge of the duties of Judge Advocate General, requires that the allowances attached to that office should be fixed on a scale sufficiently liberal to encourage Officers of talents to study that branch of Military knowledge, while the high importance of the situation of Judge Advocate General to the strict administration of Justice in the army, renders it an object of public advantage that it should always be occupied by a Person of known integrity and ability.—

The

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Fort St. George 31st July 1824.

The extensive knowledge of Military Law, and the Customs of the Service possessed by the present Judge Advocate General, his intimate acquaintance with the Law of Nations, with the principles of our National jurisprudence, and with the Laws and institutions of this Country, together with the important services which he has rendered to the Government in India, entitle him in a peculiar manner to the Countenance of Government.

In recommending to the favourable Notice of this Board a Claim equally supported by a just regard for the interests of this Army and for the services of Captain Leith The Commander in Chief is persuaded that he adopts a Measure entirely Conformable to those principles of enlightened and liberal policy, which have induced the local Governments and the Honorable Court of Directors to encourage the Cultivation of useful knowledge in every department of their Service.

6th June 1824.

Sigd C. Stuart

To

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To Lieutenant General Stuart.

Commander in Chief

&c. &c. &c.

Sir

1. My late absence from the Presidency, and my having been rather particularly engaged since my return, has prevented my requesting your Excellency's attention, to a reduction which was ordered to take place in regard to my Allowances, as Judge Advocate General in the month of September 1802.

2. In order that the Subject may be brought fully under view, it is necessary that I be allowed the Indulgence of stating the circumstances, that have attended the first, and subsequent Establishments of the Office of Judge Advocate General, under this Presidency; which appears to have existed for a great many years, and is traceable so far back as the year 1772.

3 The Office was originally joined to that of Military Secretary to Government.

Then

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The Pay then attached to it, was that of Lieutenant Colonel: given, it is believed (as all other Pay is meant to be given) in reference to the nature, and importance of the duties to be discharged — as the Military Secretary when Officiating as Judge Advocate General, had never attended the Army in the Field, he did not, of course, become entitled to the Batta of Lieutenant Colonel; nor does any such accordingly, appear to have been ever drawn by him. — And as he held his Office, in his Common Room, as Military Secretary, and in that Department found Writers to Copy the Trials, no Charges came to be made by him on these Heads —

4

In the year 1793, Mr. Jackson, the then Military Secretary, represented to Government, that his predecessors in Office had derived a certain advantage upon their right of delivering out, attested Copies of Courts Martial, but that he had relinquished this perquisite in favor

of

of his deputies who sat the Trials, and therefore, hoped that Government, in consideration of what he had thus given up, would make some addition to his allowances: And an addition of one Hundred Pagodas Monthly, was given accordingly, making in all a monthly Salary of Pagodas 175.-

5 The Secretary, when holding that Office, appears, indeed on some few occasions, to have officiated as Judge Advocate at Courts Martial; and more particularly during the periods that Mr. Sulivan and Mr. Petrie were Secretaries; but this duty was perhaps found to break in, too much upon the business of the other Office, as no occasion appears of any one having officiated since the year 1783. From that period the Secretary had confined his duties to the transmission of Copies of Trials, to the Court of Directors. He held no warrant from the Commander in Chief, nor gave any instructions to the Deputies; and references, on points of Military Law, were seldom, if ever made to him.-

After

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6 After having for several years held that of Deputy, I was appointed to the office of Judge Advocate General in February 1798 — as I was the first Military man who had ever held it, Government wished that the amount of my allowances, should be settled by the Honorable the Court of Directors — The Salary of 175 Pagodas, as drawn in that Capacity by the Military Secretary, not being thought a sufficient recompense to one who was actually to discharge the several duties, in Garrison and in the field — A reference was, accordingly, made to the Court of Directors; and in the meantime I was allowed a Certain sum (60 Pagodas) for the unavoidable Expences of an Office, and Writers; — on the Army taking the Field in 1799. I was allowed to draw the Field Batta of a Lieutenant Colonel, and early in the year 1800, no answer having been then received to the above reference, in addition to the Batta, the Pay of a Lieutenant

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Fort St. George 31st July 1804 18

Lieutenant Colonel was annexed; with an Esta-
blishment for writers and an Office—

7 In December 1800, intimation
was received, from the Honorable the Court of
Directors, that they approved of my appointment,
but in consideration of the Fees, which they
understood to be receivable, on the attested Copies
of Trials, they did not think it necessary that
I should receive any Pay, in addition to the
Salary of Deputy; being about 110 Pagodas;
except the sum of 5 Pagodas, for every day,
that I sat a Trial—

8 At the opinion of the Court
of Directors had proceeded on evident misin-
formation, as to the circumstance of the Judge
Advocate General deriving a large profit on
the furnishing Copies of Trials, Government
suspended the operation of that Opinion, and
submitted the case again, to the Consideration
of the Honorable Court, in a Minute to
which I beg leave to draw your Excellency's
attention, of the 1801—

This

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Fort S.t George 31.st July 1806.

This last reference, not having been made through the Channel of the Commander in Chief, General Braithwaite (who did not then hold a Seat in Council, though abundantly disposed to favor me, nor supported by the opinion of a Governor who was likewise a Military Man, it did not, perhaps carry that weight to their Minds, which the Subject itself deserved, and the Honorable Court, accordingly, in August 1802. desired that the Salary of the Office should be Pagodas 150, being about 50 Pagodas more than I drew as Deputy, and 25 less than the Military Secretary used to draw who did hardly any duty in Garrison, and who never, on any occasion, moved out of Madras.

In addressing your Excellency, on the present occasion, it cannot be necessary to dwell, particularly, on the duties of this Office. But I may be allowed, cursorily, to remark, that the duties of Judge Advocate General extend to every case in

are

Fort St. George 31st July 1804

19

are Army, regarding which a question of Law can arise.-
In their More general extent, they embrace questions
of the Law of nations, as to the rights of War, betwixt
the powers with whom we are at War; the rights
to prize money; the administration of Martial
Law, where such is proclaimed; in addition to the
Common questions, which every day occur as to
crimes, and Trial by Courts Martial.-

11 It has been my Case, to have
been called to the discharge of the duties of this
Office, under circumstances, Materially, different,
from that of any one who has before held it. In
the Month of September 1802, I was sent by
orders of the Right Honorable the Governor General
to sit a Court Martial at Bombay, regarding
the death of the Persian Ambassador.-

12. On the Trial being termina-
ted, I had Occasion to carry round the Procedu-
ring to Bengal Code of Regulations, for the
Province of Oude, being at that very time, about
to be formed, on the same principles, as the
Code more established for this Government, viz.

now

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now Sir George Barlow suggested to the Governor General, the possibility of my being of some assistance in drawing it out; and I was accordingly, told by His Excellency, the Most Noble the Marquis Wellesley, to consider myself as on duty, during my stay in Bengal; which was protracted for that, and other objects, involving questions of a legal nature, until the 21st of March last; being just one complete year. I remained absent on these two occasions, from the Presidency, from the 7th of September 1802, until the 9th of last Month, with the exception of a few days, I was here in passing from Bombay to Bengal in March 1803.

13. I incurred a very heavy expence, when at each the above places, particularly, at Calcutta, in being obliged to Rent a House, and to keep an establishment of Servants, Horses &c. in addition to those which I had left at Madras, all of whom, I could not, of course, discharge. I did not receive from the Most Noble the Marquis Wellesley any recompence for

for such expence and Trouble—

14 During my absence at Bombay and Bengal, my allowance as Persian Interpreter to Head Quarters, came, of course, to be drawn by the person appointed by your Excellency to do that duty in the Field; which Circumstance, of itself, has occasioned a loss to me of about 1600 Pagodas—

15 As the nature of my Office, thus, subjects me to calls from the Presidency, to any part of the Country, (for I must be always liable to be sent by your Excellency, to attend a Trial of importance at any of the out Stations) I hope it will appear to your Excellency, that the Salary as lately annexed, is not too large a return, for the expence, — Labour, and responsibility attached to so invidious, and delicate a duty; which, if I could have foreseen that it was to bring me so poor a return, for the years of Labour and Study which I have dedicated to it, I should — long ago, have abandoned — and in receiving this, I must still be a sufferer, by my — journeys

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journeys to Bombay and Calcutta, no less in the expence which I had incurred, than in wasting the period of a year, on pursuits from which I am to reap no advantage; and which only diverted my attention from other objects, more calculated, perhaps, to afford a return—

10. ... In making this application, it will be found that no new office is created, nor any general additional expence, incurred—but on the Contrary, that one office is suppressed, and a saving produced—The office of Deputy to the Center Division has lapsed since I was appointed to my present Station—

	Rupees
Former Charge to the Company for Judge Advocate to the Center Division	116—
Former Pay drawn by the Secretary as Judge Advocate General	175
	291—
Salary now applied for as Judge Advocate General	175
Writer	20
Office	30
	225— 225
Monthly saving	66.

Sworn

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17. From the various duties in which I have been employed, both in Garrison and in the Field, at this and the two other Presidencies, I am led to hope, and request that your Excellency may be induced to bring forward the subject of my allowances for further consideration, and that it will not be thought unworthy of any delay as formerly given to the Military Secretary when holding that Office and residing in Madras, and to such Personal allowances as any particular duty, or call from the Presidency may, on the common principles of the Service, entitle me to; - and accordingly when employed from the Presidency, or here, on any civil business the full Batta of Lieutenant Colonel

18. The many subjects of the first civil magnitude, which, without solicitation on my part, I have been employed by the Governments of Madras and Bengal to prepare and arrange; and the various marks of their approbation, as expressed on their Records, as also that of the several Commanders in Chief, in respect to the Office of Judge Advocate,

which

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which I have on different occasions been fortunate as to receive, enduce me to hope, that it could never have been the Intention of the Honorable the Court of Directors, to deny to me, the same advantages as have been hitherto granted to every person holding my present office.

I have the Honor to be
&c &c &c
(signed) D. Leith
Judge Advocate General
of the Army.

Fort St. George
4th June 1804

The President & Records the following Minute.

President Minute on the subject of Captain Leith's — address representing the inadequacy of his salary & recommending an augmentation in consequence.

I have perused Captain Leith's letter, and under the orders of the Court of Directors of September 1802. fixing the Salary to be allowed to the office of Judge advocate General it seems impossible for us to make any addition to it.

Considering as I do that an alteration is of the utmost importance as requiring

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requiring an union of great respectability and exten-
sive knowledge I am inclined to think that the
various duties annexed to that appointment
have not been as fully detailed for the informa-
tion of the Honorable Court as in the letter
now presented to the Board — I should therefore
propose out of respect to the situation, and in
involved in the efficiency of the Officer, that
this representation be respectfully submitted
for their favorable Consideration —

It has been fortunate for
this Government on the formation of its Judicial
establishments to have met with a man —
capable from his rare attainments of the English
law, and of the Hindoo and Mahomedan —
customs, of affording such valuable assistance —
in Records and Title — the Judicial Regu-
lations which he framed bear honorable —
testimony of his services — It is a subject of
much satisfaction to myself that we have
the opportunity of consulting his opinion, and

of

of receiving his aid in the Completion of the System and in referring for his advice upon those points of uncertainty and doubt which must necessarily arise in a new Judicial Code.

It is well known to this Board that there were separate Courts of Judicature in the Dutch and French Colonies which we have taken. The mischiefs and inconveniences which have arisen from the total absence of all Judicial proceedings for so many years have been too often and too fully represented to our Notice. The evil is evident but the Remedy has hitherto appeared impracticable. The Tribunals at Pondicherry were enlightened by Personal consent. But the Inhabitants have severely suffered from the measure which the Corruption of the then existing Court made necessary — although it may not be advisable to re establish regular Courts of Justice, yet I think it might be possible by the means

3467 Fort St. George 31st July 1804 23

means of a person conversant in the general principles of Equity and law, to relieve the Inhabitants of those places of much of their present distress — It would be satisfactory at least for the Government to have a report made out of the state of litigated — property and a sound opinion upon the possibility of relief —

It is unnecessary for me to state that I think no man more competent to execute the wishes of Government upon this subject than Captain Leith — I am therefore induced to propose that Captain Leith in the Intervals of his Military duty shall consider himself as liable to be called upon to assist in the Completion of the Judicial Regulations, or in such other Judicial duties in the Conquered settlements as may please the Government to assign to him —

Fort St George
July 31st 1804

/ Signed W. Bentinck

Resolved that the Recommendation of the President be adopted, and during

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during the time that Captain Leith may be employed on the extraordinary duties stated in His Lordship's Minute that he be permitted to draw an additional allowance on that account, equal in amount to the Full Batta of Lieutenant Colonel.—

Resolved that this Allowance be considered as Judicial charge, and that it be paid to Captain Leith on a Certificate, Countersigned by the Secretary in the Judicial Department.—

The following Minute of the Commander in Chief having returned from Circulation is ordered to be recorded.—

Minute of the Commander in Chief.

Minute of the Commander in Chief submitting the proceedings of the Medical Board and stating his sentiments on the subject of officers on a State of Lunacy,— reports the death of Lieutenant Stringer who died in the Lunatic Hospital—

In submitting to Government the Proceedings of the Medical Board of the 9th. of July 1804, I think it necessary to state my sentiments on the subject of Officers on a State of Lunacy.—

The Medical Board have recommended that the surplus of the Pay and allowances of Officers, after defraying the regulated expenses of their treatment in the Lunatic Hospital

Hospital be reserved to accumulate in the Treasury at Interest, for their benefit, subject, when such Officers have families, to a certain deduction for their Support —

So long as Officers in this unfortunate predicament give hopes of recovery, I see no objection to the proposed regulations; but it is my duty in the Command of the Army to prevent the Corps from suffering by a load of inefficient Officers, borne on the Strength of Regiments, but incapable of duty —

I therefore recommend that when it becomes necessary to place any officer, non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, in the Lunatic Hospital, he shall be continued on the Strength of the Regiment for twelve Months; after which period, should his detention from Continued insanity still be necessary, he shall be transferred from the effective to the Pensioned Establishment on an allowance equal to the Charges for his Support in the Lunatic Hospital —

The

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The Benevolence of the Honorable Company will thus sufficiently provide for all Ordinary Cases, without the Expense and inconvenience to the Service, of Promoting and Paying as effective Officers men incapable of duty — Where circumstances of particular distress under some consideration for the Family of a Patient expedient, such relief as appears proper should be granted by Special application to Government, but the support of the Families of Lunatic Patients does not appear to me an expense which should necessarily fall to be defrayed by Government —

I Report the death of Lieutenant George Stringer a Prisoner who died in the Lunatic Hospital the 12th of July 1806 at Fort St. George —

17th July 1806 Surgeon J. Stuart

The Board proceeds to pass their orders on the following Proceedings of

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25

of the Medical Board—

Resolutions of the Governor in Council—Dated 31st July 1804.

Medical Board

9th July 1804.

From the Medical Board—acknowledging the receipt of Extracts of a letter from the Honble Court of Directors on the Subject of Vaccine inoculation—The Lunatic Hospital at the Presidency &c and replying thereto—

Para 1. On the 21st ultimo the Medical Board had the honor to acknowledge the receipt of a letter from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department, dated April 30th enclosing Extracts of a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, together with Copies of the Resolutions of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, passed on the orders of the Honorable Courts—

2. In now submitting to Government, a more particular

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particular reply to the several points, stated in the abovementioned extracts and Resolutions, than they were then enabled, to offer — The Medical Board cannot refrain from expressing the gratification they experienced, on finding that the endeavours of the Medical Servants of this establishment, to introduce and make general, the practice of inoculation, for the Small Pox, had been honored with the favorable Report of Government to the Honorable the Court of Directors, and the Consequent approbation of their Honorable employers

employers – their reflections on this occasion are the more pleasing, by yielding confident hopes, that their exertions to extend the very superior advantages of Cow pock inoculation, may prove fortunate enough, to give equal satisfaction. –

For the reasons given in this Paragraph the Govr. nor in Council consents to the continuance of the Expence now incurred on account of Vaccine Inocu- lation; but His Lordship in Council relies upon the attention of the Medical Board to suggest a Reduc- tion of it as early as may be possible. –

3 In reply to the resolution of Government, desiring the Medical Board to report whether the "Vaccine practice has "not now arrived at suf- "ficient maturity to "admit of a gradual reduc- "tion of that expenditure" The Medical Board are concerned to say, that the advantages to be derived

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derived from low pock or
inoculation, are as yet but
in few places, at all impressed on the Minds of
the Natives; and until it
is generally diffused, and
the inhabitants every where
made acquainted with its
value, it would be hazardous to think of
lessening the expence; for,
to effect the great object
of a general diffusion and
the consequent extirpation
of small pox, which
would be the preservation of the lives of many
Thousands yearly, much
more expense must be
gone into than has yet
been made; and if the
calculations on the
value

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value of a life, and the advantages to a state, by an increase of inhabitants are well founded; disbursements for this purpose will be greatly repaid.

The Medical Board are highly sensible of the attention paid by Government, to their recommendations for the preservation and extension of Dr. Jenners inestimable discovery, soon after its first introduction to this settlement; and the exertions of the Board were accordingly directed to the establishment of it, in every part of the Honorable Company's possessions, coming under

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under their professional
superintendence —

5 Favorable reports
of its introduction, and
dissemination at many
of the out stations
were in consequence
early received by them,
and reported to Govern-
ment; but from the
capricious and perish-
able nature of the
diluent — the inadequate
state of the Medical
establishment to give
it full support, as
well as from the
superstition and Reli-
gious prejudices, prin-
cipally of the Hindoo
inhabitants, it soon
declined in many,
and

and failed, or was entirely
lost, in some places.—

6th At the Presidency,
in several parts of the
Centre, and Southern
Divisions, and in Mysore
however; the Medical
Board are happy to
think, that the liberal
and humane Measures
of Government, have
been more amply fulfilled at the vaccine
Hospital, and by native
practitioners here, the
inoculations for Cow-
pock, since November
1802, have averaged
above 1630 Monthly,
a Number which
experience has shewn
to be sufficient to keep
off

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off the fatal effects of
small pox, which ex-
cepting an inconsiderable
number of straggling
Cases, has not been known
at Madras, or in its
Vicinity: for two Com-
plete Seasons, at which
this Pestilence usually
raged -

Upon this para-
graph the Governor in
Council remarks, that
it never was intended
to continue the distri-
bution of Rice for
any length of time; Board have great reason
and His Lordship in to believe, this uniform
Council accordingly success at the Presidency
directs that it shall is Chiefly to be attributed
cease at the end of It is indeed an expense
the present month above what is incurred
in

It

It is expected, as an handsome salary is given to the Superintendent of Vaccination at the Presidency, that He will make the necessary exertions for preserving & disseminating the Vaccine Virus.—

in any other part of the Country — but while it would deem necessary towards the good effects of at once relieving objects from want — of effectually protecting the lower orders from small-pox, among whom it generally originates, — and, of proving a safe-guard to the preservation of the Vaccine Virus, at the principal Station in this part of India, — from which, others have been, and can at all times be supplied when necessary, they trust it may still be the pleasure of Government to continue its —

The

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The Governor in Council does not think proper to authorise any further increase of expense, being of opinion that the Allowance of Pagodas for every Hundred Patients successfully Vaccinated is an ample Reward for Practitioners. The recommendations of the Medical Board of the 21st March 1803 cannot therefore be acquiesced in —

The Medical Boards in recommending in their Proceedings of March 21st 1803, that all Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons, Stations, should be required to practice and superintend Cow pock inoculation, and receive the additional allowances therein stated, were influenced by the necessity there appeared to them to be, of keeping up a due receptive practice of it, as fully and generally as possible, and the same reasons still existing, they think it incumbent on them to

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to bring the measure
thus again into View, in
hopes of the reconsideration
of Government, as many
of that description who
have discovered Zeal and
activity, have been pre-
vented from persevering
from the want of means
to defray the needful
expenses of travelling —
Charges &c.a —

9. It would lend
still further to encourage
the diffusion of Cow —
pock inoculation every
where, if all the Medi-
cal Gentlemen in the
Service, were authorized
to draw the Ten Pagodas
for hundred successfully
vaccinated, which might

for

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in some degree, be considered
adequate to repay inciden-
tal expenses, and which
would be no increase of
expense to Government,
as it is allowed to every
Native practitioner, but
hitherto withheld from
the Surgeons and Assis-
tant Surgeons, who
wish to become, and
who in this early state
of the discovery, are
more capable of making
themselves, useful in
this way.—

10. When the visit
difference between the
benefit to be derived
from the two inoculations
of small pox and Cow
pock is maturely
considered

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Considered, and that it was originally proposed by the Medical Board, to conduct the more certain blessing to mankind at a rate of expense not exceeding one half of that granted for what is at best a very questionable practice, inoculation for small-pox, and which has repeatedly been sanctioned by the approbation of the Honorable Court of Directors, they trust it will appear, that while they were endeavouring to extend that blessing, they were at the same time guided by a due regard to public Econo-my, which in support

of

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suggested will be given — of every branch of their Department, they must ever consider an essential part of their duty to — attend to.—

The orders herein — It is extensively effectual, the benefits of Cow-pock — inoculation, the Medical Board would beg leave again to recommend, that the attention of all Circuit and Zillah Judges, Collectors, Commercial Residents &c. be particularly called by Government.— That they be requested to — make the progress it gains, a subject of their daily enquiries — and that they, in every way, to aid the exertions of all

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all Medical practitioners, use their conciliatory influence among the principal inhabitants, of their respective Circuits and districts.—

12. By Letters from Mr Assistant Surgeon Gavin Trotter, it appears, that he has been able to introduce the Cow-pock among the Muselmen children at Rajamundry, but as the Hindoos are yet averse to it, he is doubtful of being able to preserve it, and Mr Skinner having acquainted him that the Rajah of Peddapore wishes to decline the operation until the hot season is over, as well as that he is attached to the 2nd Battalion 8th Regiment Native

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native Infantry, which he cannot quit without leave— the Medical Board have directed Mr. Superintending Surgeon Fleeming, who is now upon his Official tour in that quarter to— make himself fully acquainted with the subject, and to state to them his Opinion that the best means of relieving the District of Pedrapore from Small-pox may be adopted.—

13 On the subject of the Lunatic Hospital at this Presidency,— when the Medical Board, conformably to the orders of Government, contained in Mr. Secretary Buchan's letter dated 3d March

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33

of Regulations for the Lunatic Hospital, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that whenever it may become necessary to place any Officer, Non commissioned Officer or Soldier in the above mentioned Hospital, He shall &c.

on the subject

March 1802 gave in their first Statement of that Institution, it did not occur to them, that any particular account of the expenditure was expected from them — They will however now take care, that a Column for that purpose, be added in all their future annual Reports —

In revising the whole of the Proceedings — respecting the Lunatic Hospital, it would seem to the Medical Board, that the allowances drawn for the various descriptions of patients by the Superintendent here, differ, but very little, from those drawn by that Officer at Bombay — and as the Regulations

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be continued on the
Strength of the Regiment
for Twelve Months;
after which period,
should his detention
from Continued insanity
still be necessary, He
shall be transferred
from the Effective to
the Pensioned Esta-
-blishment on an
allowance equal to
the Charges for his
Support in the Lunatic
Hospital.—

By this arrange-
-ment sufficient pro-
-vision will be made
for all ordinary cases,
without the expence
and inconvenience
to the Service of

Regulations of the Bombay
Government for that Institu-
tution, under date the
20th. March 1801. appear to
them efficient, and founded
on the most laudable
principles; they do not
hesitate recommending
the adoption of them at
this Presidency, with a
few alterations in the
following Forms.

accordingly, for
promoting the good man-
-agement of the Lunatic
Hospital, and the Secu-
-rity of the patients, the
Medical Board recom-
-mend that the present
Establishment of one
Invalid Serjeant, and three
Invalid Privates be continued.

That

promoting and paying as Effective officers and Men incapable of duty- when circumstances of particular distress under some consideration for the family of a Patient expedient, such relief may be solicited by special application to the Governor in Council- In ordinary cases it is not considered necessary for Government to support the Families of Lunatic Patients- The Establishment of Invalids at present doing duty at the Luna- tic Hospital will be continued-

16. That from and after the admission of each patient into the Hospital, no more pay or allowance be issued to him, or to any person in his behalf unless under the special order of Government- 17 The full amount of such pay or allowance, to be permitted to accumu- late, and to be paid into the Treasury by the Paymaster at the end of each Month, to run on at interest, at the rate of 8 per cent P annum, after the Paymaster shall have liquidated from it, the regulated monthly charges-

18. The Surgeon Superintending the Lunatic Hospital

N.B. The Amendments proposed

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proposed to the Bombay Regulations by Dr. Gaha- ganr - - - - - - - - - - reiues and will be - - - production of shewing to the Honble. Company, the Governor in Council is - - pleased to direct that they be adopted; subject to the arrangement orders in the foregoing Paras- graphs, and that they be communicated to the Superintendent of the Lunatic Hospital for his guidance -

Hospital; to charge for each European, being a Civil Servant, or Military Officer, Pagoda's 6.30 - (being equal to Rupees 20 - - - - - - - - - -

of every patient into the
Hospital for Lunatics it
will be the duty of the
Medical Board, to give
notice in the case of
Europeans, to the Chaplain
and Church Wardens,
who are to enquire and
ascertain what part of
the allowances accruing
to such Servant Civil,
or Military, may be
required for the mainte-
nance of any family,
he or they may have, for
which amount, they
are to draw on the
Paymaster of the Dep-
artment, to which
such person may belong
and consider themselves
entrusted; as a conscientious
charge

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charge, and duty, with the distribution thereof for the greatest good of the Members of such family, during the continuance of their principal in the Hospital - and with respect to the Native Officers and Sepoys, this duty is to be jointly performed by the Military Auditor General, and Town Major; as Trustees appointed by Government -

2dly With respect to persons not in the Service, but under the denomination of Gentlemen; it is expected that their Estates or Annuities, may be capable of affording them an adequate maintenance - and that they

they may accordingly —
settle with the Surgeon
superintending, but where
such shall prove not to
be the Case, the Medical
Board to submit it to the
Right Honorable the —
Governor in Council, for the
further consideration of
his Lordship in Council
relative to granting the
present allowance of —
Pagodas 25 Fo. Mensem. —
23 For every European
Sailor 9 fanams (nearly
equal to 3/4 of a Rupee)
to be paid by the depart-
ments, to which he or
they shall respectively
belong, but in the event
of no Department to
refer to, this allowance
to

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to be defrayed by Govern-
ment.—

24 Stocks, Strait
Waistcoats, Hand:—
Cuffs &c. to be provided
as heretofore by the
Superintendent.—

25 The Hospital
for Lunatics to be at
all times open to the
inspection of the Members
of the Medical Board,
and to the Civil Magis-
trates, but to no other
person without a Ticket
of admission from the
Surgeon.—

26 The Stocks, Strait
Waistcoats, Hand Cuffs
&c. being provided by
the Superintendent
here, and not by Government

as

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as at Bombay - and in considera-
-tion of the generally much
higher prices of all the articles
of living at this Presidency, the
Medical Board feels that the
above alterations are all that
may be deemed necessary - and
as the Medical Board considers
themselves already sufficiently
vested with the power of
discharging patients, whether
for change of air, or on any
other account, they forbear not
now trouble Government
further on the subject -

27 Relative to the
The Governor in Council discharge of Medicines from
approves the remarks Europe, the Medical Board
contained in these Para, have read with attention,
& perfectly well conn the Copy of para 201 of the
communicate them to General letter from the Hono-
ble the Court of Directors, ble the Court of Directors,

as

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as also the Copy of Doctor
John Hunters Letter, to Mr.
James Coggan Clerk to the
Committee of Shipping, dated
the 23d April 1803.

2d. In respect to the
examination of Medicines,
Instruments &c. mentioned
by Doctor Hunter, the
Medical Board have only
to observe that, that being
a measure suggested to
them, by the late Medical
Storekeeper Doctor Berry,
some years ago, it was in
Consequence recommended
in their official Proceedings
of the 10th March 1801 and
subsequently approved, on the Resolu-
tion of Government dated
the 24th of the same month
since which time, it has
invariably

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invariably been followed by the Nomination of a Committee, composed of a Member of the Medical Board, One Surgeon, and one Assistant Surgeon, by whose particular direc-tions, every package has been opened in presence of the Medical Storekeeper, to whose charge the Articles have regularly been delivered on examination, and an Account taken of them.-

29 Though by the report of the Committee on the last duplicate Medicines sent from Europe, transmitted to Government on the 8th August, there was still a Stock of 263 Pounds of Quicksilver, and a deficiency in other Articles, yet they are happy to think, that on the whole

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whole, much more attention than formerly appears to have been paid, to the general package of Medicines - the Iron boxes or canisters for the package of Quicksilver, when closly screwed at top - the smaller packing cases for the convenience of landing, and wooden partitions for the articles which are in large bottles, as mentioned by Doctor Hunter, appear considerable improvements, which the Medical Board would recommend a continued attention to, in the future putting up of supplies from England -

As the Opinion of Doctor Gahagan the second Member does not concur with the whole of the above

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remarks, on the "Lunatic Hos-
pital" he begs leave to state
his own, in a separate Min-
ute.-

Signed Alt. Anderson
Physician General
Terence Gahagan M.D.
and 2d Member Medical Board
Alt. Anderson
3d Member Medical Board

already proceed-
ed in the Resolution
passed on the above
Proceedings of the
Medical Board.

The 2d Member
feels much regret, that
he cannot unite his senti-
ments, with the whole
of the foregoing opinions
upon the Bombay acquit-
tions, but being perfectly
convinced, that the Govern-
ment would not be war-
ranted to decide to
the consideration of the
Right Honorable the
Governor

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Governor in Council fully consi-
dered the Liberal provisions for
the different Classes of Lunatics
&c. pretends, and at the
same time, Tends, in some
measure, to meet the
wishes of the Court of Direc-
tors, which Government
have been pleased to enjoin
particular attention to, in
their remarks upon the
Extracts with which the
several Boards have been
lately furnished, directing
that Regulations
to be adopted as nearly
as can be done consistent-
ly, and that the whole
of the regulations of the
Asylums & Lunatic Hos-
pitals should be revised
with

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"with a view to make every
"possible retrenchment in
"the expenses of that Institu-
"tion. He therefore hopes
it will not be deemed pre-
sumption in him to offer
the following remarks
on the Bombay Regu-
lations for the Lunatic
Hospital. afford an ample
provision in every respect
for such unfortunate persons
as may become fit objects for
protection under that Insti-
tution; and the reservation
of the surplus of their pay
and allowances, after discharg-
ing their Hospital bills for
the use of such relations or
persons as may have been
previously dependent on their
for subsistence, under just
claims

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claims / evinces a most laudable proof of humanity — The 2nd Member therefore begs leave to recommend — their adoption at this Presidency under the following amendments —

The Military Auditor and Town Major are very proper — persons to perform the duties alluded to, in the 2nd and 4th articles of the Bombay regulations for both Europeans and Natives; and no person to be sent to the Lunatic Hospital without a previous examination, by a Member of the Medical Board, and an admission Chit under the joint signatures of the Auditor and Town Major

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Major, particularizing their
rank or occupation. —

1st The Surgeons Bill
to be charged at the rate of
Thirty two Pago-das p.r Mens.
sem, for every Civil or —
Military Servant which
will be about 4 Madras —
Rupees p.r diem. —

2nd For such persons
as come properly under the
denomination of Gentlemen,
and whose friends may not
be in a situation to assist
them, the sum of Eighteen
Pago-das per Mensem —
will be a very ample —
allowance for their support,
should

3504.

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should Government be
pleased to grant it—

3d. For every native
officer one third of his pay
and allowances—

4th For every European
Non-Commissioned Officer
and Soldier, and for every
Sailor, Nine fanams p. diem—

5th For every Sepoy five
fanams p. diem.—

6th Pro Arzee or Country
Medicines drawn
from the Medical Store
Keeper on Future, by the
superintending Surgeon of
the Lunatic Hospital
as these articles are
included

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included in the allowances
from Government for all
Hospitals held under con-
tract.
4th Stocks, handcuffs
&c. are provided for the
superintending Surgeon.
5th Such patients as
may appear at any time to
have a reasonable chance of
recovering by a change of air
to Europe, or other auxiliary
means are to be reported
occasionally to Government
by the Medical Board
with respect to that
part of the 4th article of the
Bombay Regulations, direct-
ing the Chaplains and
Church Wardens to enquire
and

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and ascertain what part
of the allowances coming to
such Civil or Military Ser-
vant, may be required for
the maintenance of any family
he or they may have; he
humbly conceives the Auditor
and Town Major, should be
considered as the fittest persons
to fulfil those enquiries; being
supposed already acquainted
with the particulars of their
situation and connexions,
previous to their entrance into
the Lunatic Hospital as stated
in the admission tickets pro-
vided to be signed by these
two Officers -

Signed Terence Gahagan Lt Col
& 2d Member Medical Board -

By order of the Right Honorable the
Governor in Council -

Signed George Strachey
Secy to Govt -

The

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Fort St. George 31st. July 1804

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The Commander in Chief records the following Minutes—

Minute of the Commander in Chief.

The information recently received from the Honorable the Court of Directors announcing the dates on which several Officers of the Army on the Establishment have retired from the Service in Europe, render the following Corrections necessary in the date of Rank assigned to Officers promoted in India, which, together with certain Promotions rendered necessary in consequence of recent Casualties, I recommend to be published as follows—

The following Promotions, and Corrections of Rank annexed to former Promotions are ordered—

Major Richard Lewis of the 12th Regiment of Native Infantry, to take Rank as Lieutenant Colonel vice Gubbins retired, from the 19th January 1804—

12th Regiment of Native Infantry

Commissions to bear date 19th January 1804—

Captain Lord Lorne to be

Major

Minute of the Commander in Chief—Recommending the publication of Orders for correcting the dates of Rank of certain Officers promoted in India in Consequence of the retirement of Officers in Europe—Reports the arrival of Gentlemen Cadets and Recommends Promotion—Recommends that Cadman Lieutenant and Lieutenant Cunningham be permitted to exchange—Directs an Extra Ballman to be attached to the 1st Battalion—

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Major Vice Cuppage, Captain Lieutenant J. Pollock to be Captain of a Company vice Lowe, Lieutenant J. Milward to be Captain Lieutenant vice — Pollock, and Ensign W. P. Cunningham to be Lieutenant vice Milward.—

13th Regiment of Native Infantry.—

Commissions dated 19th January 1804.—

Captain Lieutenant Grand James to be Captain of a Company vice Crosby — retired, Lieutenant Robert Langford to be Captain Lieutenant vice James, and Ensign D. D. Hamilton to be Lieutenant vice Langford.—

12th Regiment of Native Infantry.—

Commissions dated 17th March 1804.—

Captain H. Buchan to be Major vice Mc Cally deceased; Captain Lieutenant J. Milward to be Captain of a Company vice Buchan; Lieutenant J. Dillon to be Captain Lieutenant vice Milward, and Ensign Charles Loughton to be Lieutenant vice Dillon.—

Major Francis Nicholl of the 2nd Regiment of Native Infantry to be Lieutenant Colonel vice

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Vice Innes deceased, date of Rank 24th April 1804

13th Regiment of Native Infantry -

Commissions dated 24th April 1804.

Captain A. Dyer to be Major

vice Riddell, Captain Lieutenant Robert Longford

to be Captain of a Company vice Dyer, Lieutenant -

Sydenham Senior to be Captain Lieutenant vice

Longford; and Ensign H. Pope to be Lieutenant

vice Smith. -

1st Battalion Lieutenant Colonels

Commissions 1st May 1804

Major Darrell Corps of the 12th Regt N. I. vice Read Bart

W. A. Limerick - - - 15th - - - vice Mc Veile D.

J. Dugdon - - - Major Line Regt vice Kinsey Dec

Thos Munro - - - 3rd N. I. - - vice Brown D.

Roger Hume - - 16th - - - vice Blair Dec

Wm Shepherd - - 2d - - - vice Kennedy do

3d Regiment of Native Infantry

Commissions dated 1st May 1804.

Captain P. H. Vesey to be Major vice Mc-

-pherd, Captain Lieutenant J. Little to be Captain

of a Company vice Vesey, Lieutenant J. Knowles to be

Captain

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804.

Captain Lieutenant vice Little; and Ensign J. H. Dawson to be Lieutenant vice Knowles -

Major J. Darley of the 4th. Regiment of Native Infantry to be Lieutenant Colonel vice Ferguson retired - date of Commission 26th. May 1804. -

4th. Regiment of Native Infantry. -

Commissions dated 26th. May 1804.

Captain James Nagle to be Mayor vice Darley promoted; Captain - Lieutenant D. Newall to be Captain of a Company vice Nagle; Lieutenant Jas. Moore to be Captain Lieutenant vice Newall, and Ensign H. Conway to be Lieutenant vice Moore -

13th. Regiment of Native Infantry -

Ensign A. Macleod to be Lieutenant vice Langley resigned 6th. June 1804. -

Major Samuel Orton from the 6th. Regiment of Native Infantry to be Lieutenant Colonel vice Pitfield, transferred to the Non Effective Establishment; date of Commission 6th. June 1804. -

5th. Regiment of Native Infantry.

Captain

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Captain Alex.r Macfarlan to be Major vice Irton; Captain Lieutenant J. Gennys to be Captain of a Company vice Macfarlan; and Lieutenant Charles Marriott to be Captain Lieutenant vice Gennys; dates of Commission 6th. June 1804.-

Captain Lieutenant Charles Marriott to be Captain of a Company vice Stuart deceased; Lieutenant Horace Durand to be Captain Lieutenant vice Marriott, and Ensign W.m T. Hill to be Lieutenant vice Durand; Commissions dated 27th. June 1804.-

Major Alexander Robertson of the 6th. Regiment of Native Infantry to be Lieutenant Colonel vice Griffin deceased; date of Commission 4th. July 1804.-

6th. Regiment of Native Infantry.-

Captain Alex.r Maitland to be Major vice Robertson; Captain Lieutenant J. Vernon to be Captain of a Company, vice Maitland; Lieutenant J. Mac Dougal to be Captain Lieutenant vice Vernon, and Ensign Chas. De Carteret to be Lieutenant vice Mac Dougal: date of Commission

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Commission 4th. July 1806.

Captain Lieutenant John Mac
Dougal to be Captain of a Company vice
Ryan deceased, Lieutenant Robert Gregson to be
Captain Lieutenant vice Mac Dougal, and
Evelyn P. Barclay to be Lieutenant vice Gregson.
Date of Commission 15th. July 1806.

The undermentioned Gentlemen
Cadets having reported their arrival and
delivered the Certificates of their qualifications
at the Adjutant Generals Office, I recommend
that they be admitted on the Establishment
accordingly.—

Cavalry.

Mr. Walter George O'Connor

Engineers or Artillery

Mr. Thos. Wentworth Watson

" Beauchamp Mackintosh

3 James Henry Fell

Infantry

Mr. William Pickering

William

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Mess.rs William Isaake

Andrew French

John Slade

5 J. J. O. Donoghoe

William Jans Esq.r

Jam.s Gregory Marshall

Fullers Stevens

Henry Augustus Miller

10 Patrick Grehan

William Story

George Drew

Joseph Stewart

Henry Dixon

15 William Bifs

William Williams

Robert Cooch

Geo. Tilly

John Miller Rev.d

20 Sol.t Mortimer

Francis Methold Goble

James Leighton

23 Robert Newcome

J.

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I recommend that Messrs. Walter Jas. O'Connor, and Charles Lawrence, 6 Cadets of Cavalry, be promoted to the Rank of Cornet from the 18th July 1804 - and that Mr. J. M. Boggs Cadet of Infantry be promoted to the Rank of Ensign from the 27th April 1803.-

I submit to the Board an application from Captain Lieutenant Shot Stewart of the 9th Regiment and Fort Adjutant of Trichenopoly; requesting Permission to proceed to Europe on Furlough; the urgency of the Case induces me to recommend that his request be granted.-

I also submit and recommend for Compliance, a request from Lieutenant Charles Cunningham of the 13th Regiment of Native Infantry, supported by regular Certificate of its necessity, for leave to return to Europe for the benefit of his Health.-

I recommend the appointment of

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47 46

of Lieutenant Alexr. Balmain of the 7th. Native Regiment, to be Adjutant to the 6th. Extra Battalions—

31st. July 1804. (signed) J. Stuart

The Right Honorable
Lord William C. Bentinck
Governor and President in Council

My Lord.

At a period like the present, when every officer must not only be anxious, but ambitious of being in the Country, attending to the duties of his profession, it is with no common reluctance that I now make application to absent myself from both.—

Your Lordship in Council will I trust be assured, that nothing but private business of importance; and that, of the most urgent nature requiring my actual presence in England Could (with my present rank — and situation in the Army) induce me to solicit the indulgence of a furlough.—

Private business of Consequence

has

3516.

Fort S.t George 31.st July 1804

has for many months past called me home; but
I was particularly averse to leaving my duty during
a War, until the death of an elder and only Brother
Major Stewart of His Majesty's 65.th Regiment;
the Consequences of which event demand from me
a Sacrifice of every personal interest.—

Under these pressing circumstances,
and as only one Captain of the Regement to which
I stand attached is absent in Europe, together
with the consideration of my having served
nearly eleven years without being absent from
my Corps or duty, but when ill health com-
pelled me, your Lordship in Council will I
trust be induced to comply with this my request
to proceed to Europe on a furlough of eighteen
Months—

I have the Honor to be
&c.a &c.a
Signed Thos Stewart
Captain Lieutenant 9.th Regt.
and Fort Adjutant of
Trichinopoly

Trichinopoly
17.th July 1804

T.

3517 Fort St. George 31st July 1804 18

To the Right Honorable

The Governor in Council

Fort St. George

My Lord;

I have the honor to enclose for the Consideration of your Lordship in Council a Certificate stating the necessity of my proceeding to Europe for the recovery of my health and solicit your Lordship's permission for that purpose.

I have the honor to be

&c. &c.

Mysoor
12th July 1804

(signed) Charles Cunningham
Lieutenant 2d Battalion
13th Regiment N.I.

We Alexander Anderson and William Colhoun Surgeons of the Madras Establishment, do hereby declare on oath, that we are of opinion it is absolutely necessary that Lieutenant Charles Cunningham of the 2d Battalion 13th Regiment Native Infantry, should leave this Country and go to Europe for the Recovery of

his

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his health

Sworn before me this
13th of June 1806

Signed A. Anderson
Surgeon

Wm Colhoun
Surgeon

Signed J. H. Symons
Magestrate

Resolved that the Recommen-
dations contained in the foregoing Minute
be carried into effect.—

Minute.

The Commander in Chief
having received a report from the Officer —
Commanding in the Districts of Tinnivelly, —
dated the 29th of June last, that two boys,
legitimate descendants of the family of Tonjo
Limcouchy, resided at a Village in that
Province, and, that the apprehension of their
persons in the situation of the Districts at
that period of time, appeared to be a mea-
sure of necessary precaution; The Commander
in Chief, with the approbation of the Right
Honorable

Minute of the Commander in Chief — submitting two letters from the Officer Commanding in the Districts of Tinnivelly reporting the precautions of the nature of Government given to the apprehension of persons connected with the late Rajah of Tanjore

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Fort St George 31st July 1805

A9

Honorable Mr Governor transmitted instructions to Lieutenant Colonel Dyce to adopt the requisite steps for securing the persons of the Boys and their Parents, and to lodge them in the Fort of Masulipatam, until the directions of Government regarding their disposal should be received, directing that every degree of attention and respect

The Commander in Chief, now the honor of laying before the Board two letters from Lieutenant Colonel Dyce, under date the 29th and 30th ultimo, reporting the execution of the orders for the apprehension of the Boys, and giving a particular account of their descent, and the Commander in Chief requests that the Board will be pleased to communicate to that Officer such instructions as they may

31st July 1805

Secretary to Govt

Ordd.

That Board write Lieutenant Colonel Dyce's Report of the 29th & 30th ult. that the females proceed to

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be more numerous than he was first informed of.

I have &c.
(Signed) J. Stewart

Lieutenant General Stewart
&c. &c. &c.

Dear Sir.

I have the honor to acquaint you, that your Commands respecting a Branch of the family of the Poligar of Panjalumcoorchy, have been successfully executed; and two Nephews of the Uncles to the last Colabominague, with three Boys and three Girls, first Cousins to the last mentioned Chief, were brought into the Fort of Palamcottah this morning.

I shall transmit a Genealogical amount of those Children tomorrow.

I have the honor to be
&c. &c.
(Signed) Alex. Dyce

Palamcottah
17th. July 1804.

To His Excellency
Lieutenant General Stuart
&c. &c. &c.

Sir

I had the honor to report yesterday

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Fort St. George 31st. July 1804. 50

yesterday the execution of your Commands regarding some Members of the family of Colabominague, and I now subjoin a genealogical account of them which I have reason to think will be found Correct.

The grand-father of the last Colabominague had two legal wives. The eldest wife had three sons, namely Colabominague, Soubramony naig, and Chinabominague; and by the second wife there was only one son, named Ramah Samynaigue of Perovanee.

Colabominague succeeded his father died early and left three legitimate sons, Viz. Colabominague, Woomai (the dumb Chief) and Shevitadnaig, - all three of whom were hanged by order of Government for rebellion. ——— Woomai (the dumb Chief) left one infant son, who was sent to England. The other Brothers were Childless.

Soubramonynaig, Chinaboma naige and Ramah Samy Naig of Perovanie, were all slain at the Storm of Panjalamcourchy.

The

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Fort St. George 31st. July 1804 -

The wife of the first, is dead, but two daughters of that marriage are now living, one about ten and the other six years of age; the second had four Wives, three of whom were sent to Madras, with one Son and two Daughters - and one wife who had no Child, remained on this Country in charge of the two daughters above mentioned of Soubramony raig; and the last, Ramah Samy Raig of Pecoorane, left a Widow with three Sons, about seven, nine, and three years of age, and one daughter about Sixteen. Third these Children, three boys and three Girls, are Paternal first Cousins to the last Calabominague; and of Course lineal and legitimate discendants of the Tanjaliamcodrey family. They were found, with their Mother and Aunt, living in great poverty in the Village of Pecoorane, whence they were brought by me in Palanquin Doolies, and are now lodged in Safety in the Fort of Palamcotah -

Every attention has been paid regarding

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regarding their accommodation, Cloathing, and Subsistence, by advances of Money from myself, according to your Excellency's orders—

I Their Consanguinity and Clan being undoubted, it may be advisable to remove them from this Province, when Government come to a decision regarding their future maintenance

I Signed Hard. Dyce

Lieutenant Colonel Comg.

Palamcotah
18th. July 1804.

Tinnevelly Province.

Ordered in Consequence that the following Letters be dispatched to the Commanding Officer at Palamcotta and to the Officer Commanding the Southern Division of the Army—

To the Officer Commanding
in Tinnevelly
Sir

To the Officer Commanding in Tinnevelly transmitting the Instructions adopted by him for securing the different Consultations of the late Polygar of Panjalamcotta by to remove those persons to Trichinopoly and to state the amount which it may be proper to allow for their support—

Canal The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having received through the Commander in Chief your report of the Seizure of different Connections of the family of

3524 Fort St. George 31st. July 1804

of the late Polygars of Panjalamcourichy, I am directed
to acquaint you that His Lordship in Council
approves the Measures adopted by you for that
purpose.—

2. From the affinity of those
persons to the family of the late Polygar, His
Lordship in Council considers it to be highly
necessary that they should be guarded with
particular Care; and until the System of
Government in the Province of Tinnivelly shall
have assumed a more permanent form,
it will be proper that they should not be
allowed to reside in that Province.—

3 His Lordship in Council
according to desire that they may be removed
to Trichinopoly, where directions will be
given for their accommodation; and it being
His Lordship's wish that they should be
treated with every reasonable indulgence,
I am directed to desire that you will state
the amount of the allowance which it
may in your judgement be proper to allow
for

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for their support.—

Fort St. George
1st August 1804

Sam.l & Co.s &c.s
(signed) George Buchan
Chief Secretary to Govt.

To Major General MacDowall
Commanding the Southern Division
of the Army

Sir

I am directed to acquaint you that it having been judged expedient to give order for securing the persons of different Relations of the late Polygar of Panjalamcoorchy residing in the province of Tinnevelly, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council has received from the Officer Commanding in the province a report of the execution of that measure; and I have the honor to enclose the extract of a letter from Lieutenant Colonel Dyce stating the names of the persons who have been placed under restraint.—

The expediency of this precaution was suggested by the circumstances connected

To the Officer Commg the Southern Division of the Army Enclosing Extract of a letter from the Officer Commanding in Tinnevelly relative to the different relatives of the late Polygar of Panjalamcoorchy who have been placed under restraint by that officer; instructions in consequence—

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Fort St. George. 31st. July 1804.

Connected with the late commotion in the province of Dindigul, but in adverting to the injurious consequences which have been produced at different times in the Southern provences by the ascendancy of the family of Punjalamcoowchy, His Lordship in Council deems it essentially necessary to guard against the revival of that influence, and it will accordingly be proper that the persons who have been secured should be continued for a farther time under restraint, though the immediate Cause which rendered necessary their Confinement has ceased.

I am therefore directed to enclose for your information and guidance the Copy of a letter which has been dispatched to the Officer Commanding in Tinnevelly conveying Orders for the removal of the family to Trichinopoly, where His Lordship in Council desires that an arrangement may be made for accommodating them with every practicable degree of care and indulgence, until their restoration to liberty may be deemed

consistent

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consistent with the tranquillity of the Country.—

I have the honor to be

&c. &c.

Fort St. George
1st. August 1804

(signed) George Buchan
Chief Secy. to Govt

Ordered also that the Board
of Revenue be furnished for their information
and guidance with a Copy of the foregoing
Minute of the Commander in Chief and of the
Instructions addressed in consequence to the
Officer Commanding in Tinnevelly.—

Read the following letter
from the Military Board.—

To the Right Honorable
Lord William Bentinck.
Governor in Council
&c. &c. &c.

From the Military Board—
Submitting a Representation on the part
of Mr. Campbell—
relative to his proposed
supply of Spirituous
Liquors—Recommend
payment of bills—

My Lord.

We have the honor to forward
for your Lordship's Consideration Copy of a
Letter which has been addressed to us by
Mr. Edward Campbell, on the subject of

a

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Fort St. George 31st. July 1806

a Regulation we had thought it necessary to
establish to prevent the delivery for the Public Service,
either by him or Mr. Colley, of any Rum which
was not six Months old. After the most
mature consideration of Mr. Campbell's arguments,
and with every wish to afford the greatest en-
couragement to the undertaking in which he
is engaged, We deem it necessary to state to
your Lordships in Council that we cannot, consis-
tently with our Duty to the Public, recommend
any alteration of the Conditions already com-
municated to Mr Campbell, except that
in Cases where the Sugar from which Rum
has been made may not, altho tendered,
have been received by the Boards of Trade,
the Certificate may be so far modified as
to admit of the Receipt of the Rum by the
Agent for Spirituous Liquors, provided such
Rum is actually six Months old when
tendered, and a Certificate is produced, by
Mr Campbell or his Agents, under the Signa-
ture of the Person by whom the Sugar
was

was rejected, that its rejection was not occasioned by any bad taste or quality which could affect the goodness of the Rum made from the drainings—

2. Mr Campbell's representation of the demands made on his Agents by the Agents for Spirituous Liquors, appeared to us so extraordinary, that we called upon Mr Cochrane for an explanation respecting them, and we have received from that Gentleman a reply which not only refutes Mr Campbell's assertions, but exhibits the whole transaction in a point of View so different from that in which it has been considered by Mr Campbell, that we have thought it necessary to forward a Copy of the Letter for your Lordships information.—

3 We have the honor to enclose and recommend payment of the following Bills Vizt.—

No 1 Bill of the Commercial Resident at Injeram for loss by Exchange

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on the provisions of 200 Lbs — amounting to Pagodas 60. 41. 2 — or Rupees 249. 35 —

No 2 Bill of the Engineer in Canara for Establishment and employment of Overseers, Native artificers, and Peons on the repairs &c executed to the Public Buildings at Mangalore or Almotes as charged by the Military Board amounting to Pagodas 128 . 22 . 32 —

No 3 Bill of the Superintendent of the Honorable Company's Mint in the Province of Canara, for 100 Lbs of Mock ornaments, Beads, ornaments &c made up by him on account of the Dowlay attached Rents, by order of the Military Board, dated 5th — since 1803. amounting to Pagodas 521 . 18 —

No 4 Bill of the Superintendent of the Gunpowder Manufactures for Commissions on 285 — 60 lb Barrels of Gunpowder — made under his superintendence in the month of June last — amounting to Rupees 570 —

No 5 Bill of the Commissary of Supply in Malabar for Articles supplied by

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by him to the Provision Departments at Cotiary, and
Mattelet amounting to Pags. das 28.41.11½.

We have the Honor to be
&c. &c.

Fort St. George
16th. July 1804

(Signed) J. Stuart
C. Trapaud
P. A. Agnew
Alexr. Orr

To the Secretary to the
Military Board
Fort St. George

Sir

I have been honored with both
your Letters of 4th and 25th Instant. —

The reason of my not imme-
diately replying to the first, was in Consequence
of some objections to the admission of my Rum
at the Company's Stores, communicated by Mr
Cochrane to my agents Messrs. Chase, Chinn
Mc Dowall & Co., except on burthensome c
itions, which I did not conceive to be com
by the liberal Spirit of encouragement. Th
inde

Fort St. George 31st July 1804

induced the Board to recommend my Proposals to Government;— nor did I find any mention of them in your Letter, Conveying to me the terms on which the Government was pleased to accept my Proposals.— Those conditions were,—

1st. A deduction of two Months Interest for prompt payment, according to the usage of Merchants at Madras.—

2d. That unless the Rum was six Months old, a Proportionate allowance must be made him for Leakage and Godown Rent during that time.—

As these objections appeared to me to arise from Mr Cochrane's Zeal further to reduce the price for the benefit of the Company, I requested my agents to represent to him, that in making my Proposals to the Board, I particularly stated my motives were to secured Constant and Ready Sale for my produce, that in those proposals, I adverted to the Spirits being new, and anticipated the benefit they would derive from a yearly storage

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Storage; I stated that I had left a sample of the Rum, now as it then was at the Military Board, and that it had not been objected to, — That in all bargains with Government, I had ever supposed ready money was meant unless the Contrary was particularly specified, and that as Government had provided for the expense of Storage and Leakage; I trusted that my Rum would be admitted at the Stipulated price without any drawback on this account — after waiting some time without receiving any reply to these agreements — I addressed an Official Letter to Mr Cochrane of which I have the Honor to enclose a Copy, making a Tender of the Rum I had for some time laying at Madras on the Terms mentioned in your first Letter, but to which I have not yet received his answer.

I have been particular in the foregoing Statement, both as an apology for not having immediately replyed to your favor of the 4th, and as I humbly hope

Fort St. George 31st July 1804.

hope that the Board will in consideration of those circumstances, be pleased to relieve me from those additional conditions which Mr. Cochrane in his Zeal for the Service thought it his duty to suggest — further — I trust that the article which stipulates the admission of the Spirits to depend on the actual delivery of Sugars to the Board of Trade, will be so modified as to meet what I conceive to be the Real intention of the Board on this Subject.—

My Covenants with the Court of Directors for the Establishment of the Manufacture of Sugars on the Coast;— Their recommendation of my undertaking to this Government,— The support and protection which in consequence I have experienced for that purpose, are so many proofs of the intention of Government to give every fair Encouragement to my Establishment, and induced me to submit the Proposals I have done to the Military Board—

I have bound myself

to

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804. 57

to give the first offer to the Board of Trade of the Sugars made on my Farm, but there has been no obligation on the Board to receive it — when last at Madras I proposed to the Board of Trade, what Sugars I then had on hand, together with whatever more might be made at my Farm this Season, — but the Board was already supplied with the quantity wanted for the season, but recommended that what might be made in future should be received at a certain price — I humbly hope therefore that the Military Board will consider the aforesaid Tender of my Sugars to the Company as a qualification for the admission of my Rum at their Stores, otherways from the accidental circumstance of the Board of Trade being supplied with Sugars, a double disappointment which must prove fatal to my Establishment will accrue to me, if the absolute delivery of Sugar on my part be made a Preliminary to the reception of my Rum —

But

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But this I flatter myself, cannot be the intention of the Board — on the Contrary, I am induced to believe, that its motives in making the recommendation it has done, were founded in a Spirit of Cooperation with the other departments of Government for the encouragement of an Establishment, intimately connected with the agricultural and commercial interests of the Companies Territories under this Presidency — under this persuasion I humbly beg the Board —

First That it will be pleased to dispense with the Clause, which makes the actual delivery of Sugar to the Board of Trade, a preliminary to the admission of my Rum at the Company's Stores —

Secondly — That if the Spirits are in quality equal to the sample delivered to the Board, that they may be accepted, — without any particular Statement of its age; but that a Certificate of its being actually produced from the drainings of Sugars made at

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at my works may suffice, nor can any Evil be supposed to arise from this, as the Board has provided so liberally for its amelioration, by restricting the issue of it until after a years Storage.—

Indeed I believe in all purchases hitherto made by the Agent, there will be no precedent found for any such Certificate being demanded; altho the situation of the distilleries at Ganjam and Columbo might be liable to the same objections.—

As the limitation by Government to the admission of my Rum, being in proportion to the actual delivery of Sugar to the Board of Trade, requires an Explanation of the Causes which prevented any delivery; I have this day taken the liberty of addressing the Government on that subject.—

I have the Honor to be
&c. &c.
(Signed) Edwd. Campbell

Cuddalore
29th June 1804

(A true Copy)
(Signed) John Macleane
Secy. Mily. Board

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Fort St. George 31st July 1804

To the Honorable Basil Cochrane

Agent for the supply of Spirituous Liquors—

Sir

By a letter from the Secretary to the Military Board, dated the 4th Instant, I learn that Government has directed that a quantity of Rum from my Distillery at Chiddembrum, not to exceed fifty thousand Gallons shall be received at their Stores annually at the rate of 35 Pagodas 17 fanams per hundred, and fifty Gallons and sixteen p% cent under London proof— That all casks which shall not be returned, shall be paid for at the rate of four Pagodas p% Leaguer— three Pagodas p% Pipe, and one and a half Pagoda p% Hogs head.—

I now beg leave to inform you that I have a quantity of Rum at Madras which will be tendered you by my agents, Messrs Chase Chinnery, McDonal

and

and Co, to whom I beg the value may be paid on Delivery according to the foregoing agreement – The Rum is London Proof, which they will reduce to the Standard adopted by Government, if you should not think proper to receive it at an advance proportionate to its present Strength –

I likewise beg leave to apprize you that I shall in a few days despatch a larger quantity of Rum at the reduced rate of 16 6/8 Cent under London Proof – I hope that the Instructions of Government on this point may have reached you to prevent any delay or obstacle to the Spirits being received on Landing at the Company's Stores –

I have the Honor to be

Sir &c &c

Chiddlembrum

15th June 1804

(Signed) Edwd Campbell

(A true Copy)

(Signed) John Macleane

Secretary Military Board

To

3540

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804

To the President &c. Members
of the Military Board
Fort St. George

Gentlemen,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your Secretary's Letter of the 9th Instant, enclosing me Extract of a Letter from Mr. Edward Campbell of the 29th Ultimo, and desiring I will explain to you my reasons for having made the demands stated in Mr. Campbells Letter on account of prompt payment, Dubage and Warehouse Rent.—

To be concise, I beg leave here positively to declare, that, in my capacity of Agents for Spirituous Liquors, no such demand was made by me to Mr. Campbell or to Messrs. Chase and Co. his Agents, directly or indirectly.—

The House of Messrs. Chase and Co. must either have misunderstood the conversation I had with them; or Mr. Campbell

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Fort St George 31st July 1804.

60.

Campbell has misstated their Letter of advice to him—

When Messrs Chase and Co tendered me some Rum on account of Mr Campbell, I acquainted them verbally, that I had received no orders from your Board to receive it, but so soon as I did I should act accordingly.— On enquiring at the Secretary's Office into the nature of the Agreement entered into between your Board and Mr Campbell, I discovered that the Clause as to the age the Liquor was to be of— when delivered, was omitted to be communicated to him, which induced me to address you the Letter dated the 22d ultimo, recommending that a certain Certificate should accompany the Rum when tendered; and this you approved of—

I perfectly remember my telling Mr Chase, who called on me to know what my determination was about receiving the Rum tendered, that the Stock of Liquor to be

Fort St George 31st July 1806

be kept up at Madras was fixed at 20,000 Gallons all which when Purchased was to be Six Months old at least;— that the Liquor was to remain in Store one year before being issued; Therefore I was only obliged to find Warehouse Room for 20000 Gallons of Merchantable Liquor and any Spare room that might remain in the Grand-Store I had a right to employ in keeping Spirits for the use of the Army.

That in Case I was to receive Rum of an under age, Government would be put to the unnecessary expence of duemee of Cash, and the Loss by Leakage until it had attained the age of 6 Months; and I should be burthened with the Charge of Ware-house Rent, which I did not consider as consistent with my Engagement with Government; Therefore, that in my Capacity of Agent for Spirituous Liquors, I would not receive the Liquor until it had attained the age of Six Months, and recommended to Messrs Chase and Co keeping it in their Stores until

until that period

I observed to Mr. Chase that during the Southerly Monsoon, it was in the power of Mr. Campbell to import Rum into Madras in one month after it is drawn from the Stills, of course if I received it into Store it would not only lose very considerably in point of Strength during the remaining 5 or 4 months, but that Government and myself would be at the loss of Leakage and warehouse rent during that time - That Mr. Campbell might have proper Vatts or Casks at his Distillery for ripening his Liquor in, before it was issued for Sale.

Mr. Chase replied, that Mr. Campbell understood that Government was to receive his Rum as fast as he could deliver it, to the extent of 50,000 Gallons per annum; and that it would not answer Mr. Campbell's purpose, to keep the Rum in Store at Madras until it had attained the age of 6 Months - To this I answered,

That

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Fort S. George 31st. July 1804

that in Case Mr Campbell was in distress for Cash, I would agree to Purchase the Rum in my private Capacity for the use of the Navy, provided it was of a good quality upon the same terms as lately fixed by Government, but deducting every allowance, as stated in Mr Campbell's Letter, of Interest of money, on the advance of Cash, with Leakage and Godown Rent so as to bring it equal to Merchantable Rum of 6 Months old - To this Mr Chase replied, that in doing so I would do a kindness to Mr Campbell or words to that effect -

You will be pleased to observe Gentlemen, that in the recommendations submitted to you by me respecting the delivery of Rum by Mr Campbell and Mr Colley, I have attended to the Interest of the Honorable Company by giving my decided opinion against, what I considered to be a very improper Monopoly proposed by Mr Campbell, without, as I conceive, his having produced any proof, of his deserving

3545 Fort St. George 31st July 1804

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deserving the particular Indulgence of Government,
or even of his Capability of performing his
engagements with them.—

It would appear that since
he received from your Secretary the Copy of
the Certificate which he is to produce
when he tenders Rum, that he has become
quite outrageous; and in the hopes of justi-
fying himself has attempted to insinuate
improper motives to me, and to make it
appear that I do not wish to encourage
his manufacture — This, Messrs Chase and
Co must be sensible is not the case, for on
their requesting me lately to Purchase
some Sugar Manufactured by Mr Campbell,
I agreed to do it, provided the Sugar was
good and Capable of keeping well in Casks
for the use of the Navy; — The price proposed
was about 20 Pagodas per Candy — I took
Samples, and finding it damp I endeavoured
to dry it, without effect — The most expe-
rienced Sugar dealers were assembled by
me

Fort St. George 31st July 1804

me to give their opinion of the Sugar, who declared it to be of a very inferior quality, with a strong smell of Jaggery not to be found in Merchantable good Sugar, and valued it at only 13 Pagodas per Candy. However I understand that soon after, owing to the very great scarcity of Sugar in the Market, it was sold to the Native Bazar Merchants at 15½ Pagodas per Candy; at the same time that I was obliged to give 26 Pagodas per Candy to the House of Messrs. Scott Baker, Hart and Co. for 75,000 Pounds of China Sugar for the use of the Army.

I must here beg leave to call your particular attention to my Motion for recommending the Certificate, to accompany the Rum when tendered by the Manufacturers, and which Certificate you approved of.—

I understood that Mr. Campbell was permitted to come to India on the express condition that he should

employ

Fort St. George 31st July 1804

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employ himself in the manufacture of Sugar only, and which Sugar was to be delivered to the Honorable Company at a moderate price; and the Rum manufactured from the Drainings was to be disposed of by him for his own advantage—

Government in the hopes of being supplied with a quantity of good Sugar for the Europe Market at a cheap rate, agreed to give Mr. Campbell every encouragement by permitting the Rum manufactured by him to be imported into Madras duty-free. But in coming to this resolution it never could be meant that his Rum was to be passed duty free whether he delivered Sugars to the Company or not; for if this was to be the case, and I chose to take the whole of my supplies of Spirits from him for the use of the Navy, there would be an Sale for the Columbo and Batavia, Arrack imported into Madras, which now pays 6 per Cent Duty, and would be a certain loss to the

Company

Fort St. George 31st July 1804

Company without their deriving any advantage from the cheap Sugar they expected to receive from Mr. Campbell, if he is allowed to dispose of the Sugar he manufactures to his Private advantage only.—

By the Manufacturers being obliged to produce the Certificate ordered by you, it will effectually secure to the Honorable Company a supply of cheap Sugar, as no Rum can be received without the Manufacturer's quoting the date of the Receipts for the Sugar delivered; and by procuring from the Board of Trade, an Annual Statement of the quantity of Sugar received by them, and comparing it with another Statement of the Rum imported at Madras duty free, the proportion of Rum to Sugar delivered will at once be ascertained, which will shew whether the full quantity of Sugar Manufactured has been delivered to the Company, or if the Manufacturer instead of confining their distillation of

Rum

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Rum to the Dregs of the Sugar / which makes the purest Liquor and free of any bad taste / they have distilled it from Jaggery only, which produces a Spirit strongly impregnated with the bad smell and taste of Jaggery, such as ought not to be received into the Public Stores —

Whatever objections Mr. Camp- -bell may have to furnishing the necessary Certi- -ficate, Messrs Colt, Hart, and Co. the Agents of Mr. Colley, have none, and have most chear- -fully agreed to adopt the same; and I have lately received from them about 8,000 Gallons of the best and purest Rum that I have ever known to be — Manufactured in India, part of which Mr. Hart assures me is at least one year old. —

It is now Nineteen years since I have been employed in the Arrack Department as Contractor and as Agent for Spirituous Liquors, and from the first it has been my constant — study to give every encouragement to the Manu- -facture of Rum made from the Dregs & — Sugar, as adopted at Jamaica. Some of the Manufactured

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Fort St. George 31st. July 1804.

Manufacturers at Calcutta furnished me with pure Rum, but the greater part, from the taste of the Liquor delivered, convinced me that it must have been made from Jaggery only, which induced me to decline purchasing any more Rum from them.-

No one can be more desirous than I am, to give encouragement to the Manufacture of Rum on this Coast; but it requires a very strict perseverance to one Rule to keep them steady to the grand object of making the requisite improvements in the Manufacture, which may in time lead to the Exportation of Rum to Europe-

You will also please to observe that I have strictly attended to the Interest of the Honorable Company, by recommending that all Rum imported at Madras shall pay the usual duties, unless a Certificate can be produced that Sugar in a proportionate degree has been delivered to Government, which of Course must have the

effect

Fort St. George 31st July 1804.

65.

effect to enhance the price of any Rum that I may purchase for the use of the Navy.—

I have the honor to be

&c. &c.

Fort St. George
15th July 1804

Signed Basil Cochrane
Agent for Spirituous Liquors.

/A True Copy/
Signed John Macleane
Secy. to Mily. Board.

The Board approve the proposition of the Military Board for modifying the Terms on which Rum tendered for sale by Mr. Edward Campbell is to be purchased for the public Service—

Ordered that the Military Board be directed to furnish Mr Campbell with a Copy of the letter which they have received from the Agent for Spirituous Liquors, in reply to his representations reflecting on the conduct of that Officer.—

Resolved to authorise the payment of the Bills recommended in the

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the foregoing letter—

Read the following letters from the Military Auditor General—

To the Right Honorable
Lord William Bentinck
Governor in Council
&c. &c. &c.

From the Military Auditor General— submitting the annual Statement of the expences of the army under this Presidency for the year 1803/4 and estimate for 1804/5 for transmission to the Court of Directors—

My Lord,

It being annually a duty incumbent on me to lay before your Lordship in Council a detail of all the Military expences incident to the Army serving under this Presidency as the same stood on the 30th of April of each year, I have now the honor to submit that Statement in duplicate for the year 1803/4. Estimate 1804/5 for transmission to the Honorable the Court of Directors and the Most Noble the Governor General in Council, the Copy for transmission to Europe is accompanied by an Analysis of the work, and as is usual on such occasions. I also inclose a seperate Copy of the address to your Lordship

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Lordship in Council which precede the work; — a particular pains having been bestowed on both the preliminary addresses and the work itself, it will afford me great pleasure if they are considered worthy of your approbation —

I have the honor to be

&c &c &c

(signed) J. Brunton

Mily. Audr. Genl

Military Auditor
Generals Office
Fort St. George
18th July 1804

To the Right Honorable
Lord William Bentinck
Governor in Council
&c &c &c

From Lt. — Dr. submitting a Statement of the expenses of the Army for the Year 1803/4 with explanatory Remarks —

My Lord,

1. The existing System of Military Check and Control requiring that I should lay before your Lordship in Council a Statement of all the expenses of the Army under this Presidency as the same stood on the 30th of April of each official year, I have accordingly the honor to submit that

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Fort St. George 31st July 1804

That work or detail for the year 1803/4 together with an Analysis of it / for the purpose of being transmitted to the Honorable the Court of Directors / and to illustrate by a comparative view the difference between the amount of Establishments and Extra Charges of the Official years 1802/3 and 1803/4—

Statement—

1802/3		1803/4	
Establishments	6734,188.33.2	Establishments	7529483.32.56
Extra Charges	860747.40.16	Extra charges	2157599 x 64
Total Pagodas	7594936-31.18	Total Pagodas	9577083-13-60

The Aggregate amount thereof, of the Establishments and Extra charges [illegible] is Pagodas Ninety five Lacs, ninety seven Thousand and eighty three, fanams thirteen and 6 cash four

And the difference of Increased expence of Establishments in 1803/4 is — } 744295.5.56

The difference Increase of the Extra Charges amounts to } 1256851.18.60

Making together a Total Increase of Military Charges 1803/4 of Pagodas } 2002,146.24.22

Pagodas Twenty Lacs Two thousand, one hundred

3555

Fort St. George 31st July 1804 67

hundred and forty six, Fanams twenty four and Cash twenty two.—

2. The increase of the Establishments has principally been occasioned by four new Extra — Corps having been raised during the year, viz.t. the 4th. 5th. 6th. and 7th. Battalions of Native Infantry, a Provincial Battalion for the Service of the Tanjore Country, the very enhanced price paid for Grain to subsist the Cavalry in the Field, the increase of that Expense in 1803/4 having equalled Pagodas 1334. P. Cs. and in consequence of considerable Disbursements in Malabar on account of Detachments employed in that province in the Field (all the expenses of which are included under the head of Establishments because not liable to be carried to any seperate head, together with unauthorized Charges made by the late Paymaster, whose accounts have not as yet been received complete in my Offices, and which will be the subject of a seperate report on the Completion of the audits.—

3. Under the head of Establishm is also included the Sum of Pagodas 19,043—37. 72 fan

3554

Fort St. George 31st July 1804

That work are dated for the year 1803/4. together with an Analysis of it / for the purpose of being transmitted to the Honorable the Court of Directors / and to illustrate by a comparative view the difference between the amount of Establishments and Extra Charges of the Official years 1802/3 and 1803/4—

Statements—

1802/3		1803/4	
Establishments —	6734,188. 33. 2	Establishments —	7,73,483. 33. 55
Extra Charges —	860,747. 40. 16	Extra charges	233,599 x. 6
Total Pagodas —	7594,936. 31. 18	Total Pagodas —	9507,083. 13. 40

The Aggregate amount thereof of the Establishments and Extra charges [illegible] is Pagodas Ninety five Lacs, ninety seven Thousand and eighty three, fanams thirteen and 6 cash forte

And the difference of Increased expence of Establishments in 1803/4 is — } 745,295. 5. 55

The difference Increase of the Extra Charges amount to } 1256,851. 18. 40

Making together a Total Increase of Military Charges 1803/4 of Pagodas } 2002,146. 24. 22

Pagodas Twenty Lacs Two thousand, one [illegible] hundred

3555

Fort St. George 31st July 1804. 67

hundred and forty six, fanams twenty four and Cash twenty two.—

2. The Increase of the Establishments has principally been occasioned by four new Extra — Corps having been raised during the year, Vizt. the 4th. 5th. 6th. and [illegible] Battalions of Native Infantry, a Provincial Battalion for the Service of the Tanjore Country, the very enhanced price paid for Grain to subsist the Cavalry in the Field, the Increase of that Expense in 1803/4 having equalled Pagodas 1334 p. 65. and in consequence of considerable Disbursements in Malabar on account of Detachments employed in that province in the Field (all the expenses of which are included under the head of Establishments because not liable to be carried to any seperate head) together with unauthorized Charges made by the late Paymaster, whose accounts have not as yet been received complete in my Offices and which will be the subject of a seperate report on the Completion of the audits.—

3. Under the Head of Establishments is also included the Sum of Pagodas [illegible]

Fort St. George 31st July 1804

being the amount disbursed for the purchase of Horses for the Cavalry by the Agent Major Walker and under the authority of Major General The Honorable A. Wellesley inclusive of the Expence of feeding them until delivered over —

4 The very considerable Increase in the Extra Charges is to be ascribed (in consequence of hostilities with the confederate Mahrattah Chiefs) to three Divisions of the Army and Northern Field Detachment having been on Field allowance throughout the year and other Causes which will be shewn in the proper place, those Charges and others of a similar nature being directed to be carried to the Head of "Suspense account 1803/5" They are in no shape connected with the Amount stated under the head of Establishments —

5 In my address to the Right Honorable Lord Clive, then Governor in Council of the 18th July 1803, which preceded the annual Military Statement 1802/3, I stated the

Fort St. George 31st July 1804

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the difficulties which I experienced in forming a correct Estimate of the aggregate amount charges — Military 1803/4 owing to the dispersed state of the army at that time, and the uncertitude of its return into quarters after exhibiting the subject in every different form in which it presented itself to me, the result was that I estimated the Total expense charges Military 1803/4 at Pago das ₹434153 . 3 . 35 allowing the army to continue on field allowances for eight — Months only of the year, and without reckoning on such Increase of the price of Grain purchased to — feed the Horses of the Cavalry or such heavy disbursements for the purchase of Horses —

C. .. If therefore the remaining four Months Extra field Charges increased — expence of Grain and amount purchase of — Horses are added to the amount of my — Estimate the following will be the result —

Statement

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Fort St. George 31st July 1804 --

Statement -

Estimated Aggregate amount Charges Military 1803/4	}	24,34,153. 3. 35.
Add four Months Extra Field Charges on account of Three Divisions of the Army not included in the above	}	608,316. - 78.
Add the Increased expence of Gram for the Cavalry in 1803/4	}	133,422. 10-64.
Add also the amount purchase of Horses in 1803/4 including the expence of feeding them until delivered over	}	1,94,043. 37-72-
Total Pagodas		93,70,435. 11-0
Aggregate amount Charges Military 1803/4	}	9597,083. 13-40.
Subtract		93,70,435. 11-0.
Difference Pagodas		226,648. 2. 31

Star Pagodas Two Lacs Twenty six Thousand six hundred and forty eight, Fanams two - and Cash thirty one -

a difference which when the magnitude of the subject is duly considered will not perhaps be thought very great, the expenses of armies serving under many disadvantages as to local circumstances in an Enemies Country are not easily calculated Correctly.—

7 The amounts of Establishments and Extra charges herein represented are stated on the same Mood as the 30th. of April 1804, but particular care has been taken to make deductions on account of Corps for those periods of the Official year, during which they were not an expense to the Honorable Company.—

8. And amongst other difficulties which occur to prevent accurate Estimates of the Military Disbursements of any given year being prepared, one of the most considerable is occasioned by Charges of one Official year coming into the expenses of another, and which during War is unavoidable. the nature of Contingencies in time of hostility is such, particularly that part of them which Officers

in

Fort St. George 31st. July 1824

in Command of armies or Divisions of them are under the necessity of paying with their own Hands for especial and important purposes, the accounts of which cannot always be made up to suit any particular period; another Cause to which such inconveniences are to be ascribed originates in Collectors furnishing supplies for armies or Detachments, the accounts of which are kept back until they are thoroughly investigated, when if found to be of a Military nature they become transfers to Charges Military. An instance of which occurs in the Statement of Probable Increase and Probable Decrease in a subsequent part of this address, where under the head of Probable Increase the Sum of Pagodas 2,1756. 19. 56. is entered being disbursements of the Collector in Tinnevelly on account of Detachments which served in the Southern Districts under the respective commands of Majors Bannerman, Turing, Macaulay, Shepherd, and Lieutenant Colonel

Fort St. George 31st July 1804 70

Colonel Agnew in the years 1798/9. 1799/800, 1800/1
1801/2 and 1802/3–

9 And altho' much pains is
bestowed in stating transfers of this Description
as arrears belonging to particular years, yet
the amount forming a part of the Grand Total
of the Statement in which they are included
it is generally regarded as a part of the year
expenses the Statement is meant to shew, a
which cannot be deducted because having ne
been entered before, it must appear some wh
I have been induced to Notice these circum
to elucidate the impracticability of keeping t
Military Charges of any given year distinc
and separate.–

10 And, in addition to the
extra Expenses of the Troops on the regular
Establishment, considerable payments of arrea
have been made to Troops in the Service of
our Enemies found in various Fortresses sur
by the Force of our Arms agreeably to artic
of Capitulation tendered and accepted, toge

10

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804.

with Donations made in money and Rice served Gratis to the native fighting men in the Divi-
sions of the army Commanded by Major General the Honorable A. Wellesley and Colonel Stevenson-

11 But altho' the Increase of Establishments and Extra charges of the Division and Detachments of the army in the Field have been productive of considerable additional Disbursements, Military Charges have been freed from the Expense of the Moluccas Islands and Egyptian Expedition for a consi-
derable portion of 1803/4 -

12. The renewal of hostilities with the French Rebublic has disappointed the expectations I had formed of having no payments to make to French Prisoners of War, nor to defray the expense of French Settlements during 1803/4, but the former appear to have fallen heavy and have encreased the Expences of the past Official year under that head, equal in amount to Pagodas 80134. 25. 49 - inclusive of what was paid

3563 Fort St. George 31st July 1804 71

paid to the owners of the Cartel Ship Matilda,
and to the Commissary of Prisoners for Stock laid
in on account of Officers and Men for the Voyage
to Europe—

13 His Majesty's 94th Regiment
of Foot having during the War been directed to
join Colonel Stevenson, has considerably added
to the expences of the Force serving under the
orders of His Highness the Soubadar of the
Dekkan—

14 But the Peace concluded—o
with the confederated Mahrattah Chiefs
Maharajah Alijah Dowlut Row Scindiah,
and Ikena Saheb Soubah Ragoojee Bhoonslah
will in a very material degree reduce the
Extra Field Charges of the Army, in as much
as the Divisions Commanded by Major General
Dugald Campbell and the Honorable A.
Wellesley will in all probability go into
quarters for six Months of 1804/5 and o
Field Charges in Cuttac may also be done
away for a similar period.—

G

Fort St. George 31st July 1804.

15 It is also probable that the Troops belonging to the Bombay Establishment serving in Goa Malabar and Kanara consisting of a Detachment of artillery Engineers an European Regiment, seven Battalions of Native Infantry and a Detachment of Pioneers may be withdrawn from under the authority of this Presidency for six Months of the Current year, the diminution thereof of Expense on this account will considerable and will be shewn under the proper Head, two Battalions of Bombay Native Infantry removed to their own Establishment previous to the 30th April 1804 form a Decrease of expense throughout 1804/5—

16. And for the more particular information of your Lordship in Council and of the Honorable the Court of Directors, and in order to render the work submitted as complete as possible, I have abridged & separately and distinctly in Page 239 of this work, the Totals of the Expense of the Subsidiary

3565 Fort St. George 31st July 1804 72

Subsidiary Forces at Hydrabad and Poonah, the amount of which being included in its proper place in the body of the Statement, the abridgement in question is only meant to Exhibit in a connected state the Charges incident to those Forces, and which has never before been done.—

17 I have not deemed it expedient to make any deductions on account of the Subsidiary Force at Poonah further than the Supposition stated under the head of Probable Decrease, that this Force may be relieved from Bombay for the last six Months of 1804/5.

18. Having thus generally reviewed the Situation of the Army and all circumstances connected with it which have come to my knowledge, it is next my duty to enter upon in detail according to the information & proposals and to the best of my Judgement the items which are likely to Increase or Decrease the Military Charges of the Current Official year 1804/5.—

Probable

3566 Fort St. George 31st July 1804.

Page 2 & 6

Probable Increase

1 Increase of expense of the 2d Regiment Native Cavalry	10,244	0
2 Increase of expense in Consequence of Alterations and repairs ordered to be executed at Seringapatam if it shall be found convenient to make the Disbursements for six Months of 1804/5 at Rupees 6000 P.r month	36000	
3 Increase of expense in consequence of Military arrears paid in the Revenue Departt. and transferred to "charges Military" in 1804/5 having been advances made to Majors Bannerman, Ewing, Macaulay, Shiffner and Lieutenant Colonel Agnew whilst respectively Commanding Detachments in the Southern Districts during the years 1793/4 1799/200 1800/1 1801/2 and 1802/3	21763	19 5
Probable Increase Carried forward Page		

Page 5 & 6

Probable Decrease

1 Decrease of expence in the Extra Field Charges if the Division of the Army, serving under Major General Dugald Campbell goes into quarters for six Months of 1804/5	2,20,375	10
2 Decrease of Expence (with exception of one Regiment of Native Cavalry) of the Force under Major General the Honorable A. Wellesley at present denominated the Subsidiary Force at Poonah is relieved from Bombay for the last six months of 1804/5	5,62,126	14 2½
3 Decrease of expence in the Extra Field charges in Cattle if discontinued for six Months of 1804/5	58,778	35 75
Probable Decrease Carried forward Page		

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804

		Pr.	L.	C.			
Probable Increase Brought forward					Probable Decrease Brought forward		
4 Increase of expence in consequence of a General Officer on the Staff being ordered to Command the Southern Division of the Army being the difference between the allowances of a Major General and Colonel	8925	"	"		4 Decrease of expence of the Troop of the 8th. Regiment Light Dragoons embarked for Bengal for Eleven Months of 1804/5	8932	3	13
5 Increase of expence in consequence of two additional Colonels being added to the Strength of the Native Cavalry	10300	7	64		5 Decrease of expence in consequence of a reduction in the Table allowance of the Officer Commanding in the Southern and Northern Divisions of the Army for 1804/5	4,800	"	"
6 Increase of expence in consequence of a donation of Six Months full Batta being ordered for the European Commissioned Officers of the Division of the Army Commanded by Major General the Honorable A. Wellesley including the Subsidiary Force at Hydrabad	1,245	By 21	"		6 Decrease of expence in consequence of Striking off the full Batta from the Major Generals and five Colonels for Eleven Months of 1804/5	12,890	26.	20.
7 Increase of expence in consequence of His Majesty having been pleased to appoint a Captain to Command each Troop and Company in His Majesty's Regiments of Dragoons and Infantry	27401	32.	56.		7 Decrease of expence in Consequence of two Battalions of Bombay Native Infantry being removed to their own Establishment for 1804/5	7602	38	73
Probable Increase Carried forward					Probable Decrease Carried forward	36,245	34	53

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Fort S. George 31st. July 1804

Probable Increase brought forward

1 Increase of expence inconsequence of advances already made and likely to be made on account of Barracks now building for His Majesty's 94th. Regiment on the Cantonment near Hydrabad — 40,000 a —

2 Increase of expence inconsequence of one Regiment of European Infantry 2 Regiment of Native Infantry together with a detail of European & Native artillery taking the field against the Southern Polygars for 4 Months of 1804/5 — 20,329 28 8

10 Increase of expence inconsequence of three Battalions of Native Infantry 2 Companies of Pioneers and detail of European and Native Artillery taking the field against the Western Polygars for two Months of 1804/5 — 12,507 18 22

Total Probable Increase Pag^{da} 452,114. 1 46

Probable Decrease Brought forward Pag^{a} 936,245. 34 68

3 Decrease of expence provided the Bombay Troops of the following description are removed from under the authority of this Presidency for five Months of 1804/5 Viz^{t} a Detachment of Artillery, the Bombay European Regement Officers of Engineers, Detachment of Pioneers and Seven Battalions of Native Infantry — 23,684 3 57

9 Decrease of expence inconsiquence of the Probable recall of Majors Irtons Detachment from Hydrabad for five Months of 1804/5 — 19,351 7 24

Total Probable Decrease Pag^{da} 1,187,281. 3 59

Amount of Probable Decrease 1,187,281. 3. 59

Amount of Probable Increase 452,114. 1. 46

Difference in favor of a Decrease Pag^{da} 735,167. 2. 13

Receipts to date

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Fort St. George 31st July 1804

Recapitulate

Amount of Establishments and Extra Charges 1803/4 ... } 9,59,708 3. 13. 40

Deduct difference in favor of a Decrease ... } 7,35,167 2. 13

Balance Pagodas 88,54,916 11. 27

Star Pagodas Eighty Eight Lacs, sixty one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, Fanams Eleven and Cash twenty seven.—

19 After making the above deduc-
tion the balance ought, provided the Decrease stated is actually realized to be considered as the best Probable Estimate of Charges Military 1804/5 which present circumstances afford the means of forming.—

20 But lest any cause should occur to prevent the return into quarters of the Divisions of the army Commanded by Major General's Campbell and the Honorable A. Wellesley, the recal of Major Irton's Detach-
ment from Hydrabad and the relief of the Bombay Troops for the period stated under

the

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804.

the head of Probable Decrease" and in order the more effectually to provide for the Extra charges of those Troops on Field Service which the existing troubles on the other Coast appear fully to warrant, the Extra expense of those Divisions and Major Irton's Detachment and the whole expense of the Bombay Troops for the period deducted in the Statement of Probable Decrease must necessarily be added to the amount of the balance.—

For Example

Amount of the Balance		896,910-11-27.
Add the Extra Expense of the two Divisions of the Army & of Major Irton's Detachment and of the whole expense of the Bombay Troops for the period deducted in the Statement of Probable Decrease	1033,476-25-38.	
Total Pagodas	93,95,392.36-65.	

21

It will readily be observed that after adding the expenses of the two Divisions of

3571

Fort St. George 31st July 1804 75

of the Army of Major Itons Detachment, and of the whole of the Bombay Troops to the Balance stated as the best Probable Climate Military Charges 1804/5 Viz. Pagodas 88,61,916. 11. 27 Cash, a difference of Pagodas 2,98,309. 23. 25 - appears surplus to the actual Expense incurred of Pagodas 95,97,083. 13. 40 - which I conceive it to be my duty to explain -

Explanation

Amount of Probable Decrease as per detail under that head	1,18,281. 3. 59 -	
Deduct the amount of the Extra Expense of the two Divisions of the Army of Major Itons Detachment and of the whole Expense of the Bombay Troops		10,334.76 - 25. 38.
Which reduces the Probable Decrease to Pagodas	1,53,804. 20. 21 -	
Amount of Probable Increase as per Detail under that head	4,52,114. 1. 46 -	
Deduct the above reduced amount of Probable Decrease	1,53,804. 20. 21.	
Difference		

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804

Difference in favor of an Increase in the event of the two Divisions of the Army and Major Itons's Detachment not returning into quarters, and should the relief of the Bombay Troops not take place as has been supposed	298,309 - 23 - 25
actual aggregate expense Military Charges incurred during 1803/4	95,97,083 - 13 - 40
Add the difference in favor of an Increase as above	298,309 - 23 - 25
Total Pagodas	995,392 - 36 - 65

Again

Admitting the return into quarters of the two Divisions of the Army, the Detachment commanded by Major Orton for the period stated under the head of Probable Decrease, the total including the whole of the Bombay Troops will remain at Pagodas 9,93,60,45 - In such event I will suppose that it may be convenient to relieve the seven Bombay Battalions of Native Infantry with an equal number from this Establishment, which will produce the following

following alteration in the Total Amount of balance remaining after the two Divisions of the Army and Major Storers Detachment have been dispersed to go into quarters for six Months of 1804/5, but including the expense of the whole of the Bombay Troops serving in Malabar Canara and Goa for the same period ——— } 9093.600. 15. 4

Deduct the amount of the fixed Pay and Allowances of the seven Bombay Battalions of Native Infantry for six Months of 1804/5. } 1.85,731-29. 51.

Rendue Pagodas 3907,868. 27. 33

22 I have introduced these several additions and deductions the better and more effectually to illustrate my subject.

23 And in order to furnish the fullest information on a subject so interesting particularly in time of War, I shall here introduce

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804.

introduce a Calculation shewing what the monthly Extra Expence is of Ten thousand (10000) men of the following Description, should circumstances render it necessary to embody such a force, under the impression that unforeseen events may admit of the favorable reductions stated under the Head of Probable Decrease, but which is to be considered altogether unconnected with Clear and distinct from the Calculations entered into as to the amount Probable Estimated Expence Charges Military 1804/5. the insertion being made with no other view than to afford your Lordship ready information of the Extra monthly expense of a body of Troops of the Description detailed and which I trust will be deemed useful—

Extra

3575

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804. 77

Extra Expense of Ten thousand men on Field allowances for one Month.—

Of a Regiment of European Cavalry 500 Strong	4,479	2 78
Of a Regiment of European Infantry 1000 Strong	632	2 65
Of two Regiments of Native Cavalry each 500 Strong	52	58 32
Of four Companies of European Artillery 400 Strong	3	400 13 72
Of twelve Companies of Gun Lascars 600 Strong		
Of Six Battalions of Native Infantry each 1,000 Strong	10	290
Of five hundred Native Pioneers	604	1 2
Of the Staff and all other incidental Charges proportioned to a force of the above Strength	720	
Total Extra Expense of 10,000 Men for one Month Pagodas	34	558 16 57

24 In the work herewith laid before your Lordship in Council and immediately following this address I have, as was observed

3576

Fort St. George 31st July 1804.

observed last year, entered a detailed Statement of all the Staff appointments held by Officers of the Army serving under this Presidency, distinguishing in red Ink those of the Subsidiary Force at Poonah (to the extent for which information has reached me) and the temporary Staff appointments with the Division of the Army Commanded by Major General Dugald Campbell together with those of the Subsidiary Force at Hydrabad, in consequence of the Troops forming that Detachment being employed on actual service in the Field Brigades, and which I trust will prove satisfactory.

25 During the late Paymaster in Ceylon Complete for the year 1803/4 nor Disbursements from the Paymaster of the Army Commanded by Major General the Honorable A. Wellesley for any period subsequent to October 1803. I have been under the necessity of Estimating the amount of the Charges incident to

3577 Fort St. George 31st July 1804 78

to the Division under his Command for those Months on account of which no Disbursements have been received by the last account which has reached me, which circumstance has no doubt tended to augment the actual amount Extra Charges of the past year because, as the War drew towards a conclusion, certain Field Charges of Course sensibly deminished in proportion, but this favorable effect can only be shewn when the actual expence of Establishments and Extra Charges 1804/5 come to be laid before you—

26. With the exceptions before stated the Disbursements of Subordinate Paymasters have been received in Conformity to the regulations, the Audits have been Completed up. to april 1804 and Reaudits nearly as far as replies have been received; and it is my duty to represent for your Lordships particular information that the very active Service in which the Division of the army Commanded during the War by Major General

The

3578

Fort S. George 31st July 1804.

The Honorable A. Wellesley was employed, relative in an extraordinary degree the making up of the accounts of that Division, the Field operations in Malabar have also contributed to keep in arrear the late Paymasters Disbursements for that quarter to the bringing up of which, great attention has been paid by his Successor as well as to the current business of his own immediate Department since the time of his taking Charge.—

2d A considerable period of time having elapsed since the cessation of hostility with Doolut Rao Scindiah and the Rajah of Berar—I am sanguine in my expectation that the arrears of the Division of the army before stated, will be speedily brought up, when the necessary adjustments will be made without loss of time.—

2B. After closing all the additions and Calculations of the following work, I received a letter from the Agent for Cavalry supplies intimating to me that he had received

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804. 79.

received orders to purchase one thousand Horses for the Cavalry for the Current year, the Cost of which with the expense of feeding until delivered over will equal Pagodas 144,000. and will increase Military Charges 1804/5 to that amount.

29 In concluding this address it is with particular satisfaction I add that no me during 1803/4 remains at this Moment unanswered.

I have the Honor to be
&c. &c.
(signed) J. Brunton
Military Auditor General

Military Auditor
Generals Office
Fort St. George
13th July 1804

Ordered that the Documents submitted with the foregoing letters be forwarded according to their respective destinations to the Honorable Court of Directors and to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, and that the following letter be dispatched to the Military Auditor General.

To

3580

Fort St. George 31st July 1804

To Lieutenant Colonel Brunton

Military Auditor General

Sir!

Para 1 The Annual Statements of the Military Auditor General inclosing the several Statements of the Military Expences which have been prepared pursuant to the Instruction of the Honble the Court of Directors dated 31st January 1804 have been laid before the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, and His Lordship in Council has directed me to signify to you his entire approbation of those Documents, which appear to have been prepared with your usual ability, diligence and accuracy.

2. Adverting to the last paragraph of your Letter, the Governor in Council has further directed me to assure you that He continues to entertain a just sense of your Merits as an Officer, and that on this occasion he will be happy to bring them under the notice of the Honorable Court of Directors.

I have the honor to be &c

Fort St George
31st July 1804

Signed T. Stracey
Secy to Govt

Read

3581

Fort St. George 31st July 1804 80.

Read the following Letter from the Officer Commanding the Northern Division of the Army.

To the Chief Secretary to Government Fort St George.

Sir!

I have the honor to forward for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, the report of the Superintending Engineer of the Northern Division of the Army on the State of the Fort of Masulipatam.—

I also transmit herewith an extract from Lieutenant Colonel Taylor the Commanding Officer's letter to me on the subject, and I can certify from my own personal knowledge, that if the repairs of the Fort of Masulipatam are not speedily executed, it will very soon be irreparable as it is at present in a rapid state of decay. I have thought it my duty to lay these circumstances before his Lordship in

From the officer Commanding the Northern Division of the Army — Reports the ruinous state of the Fort of Masulipatam. —

3582

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804.

in Council—

Vizagapatam
Entd 10th 1804

I have the honor to be
Sr. &c. &c.
(Signed) A. Campbell Col. Comdg
Northern Division Army

Report on the Repairs required to be done in the Fort of Maulipatam.—

1st. To have the Tops of the Parapets taken up to prevent a lodgement of the water on the heavy Rains.—

2d. Many of the Watercourses through the works into the Ditch require repair and a brick and Chunam gutter across the berme to the ditch, to prevent mould washing into the Ditch.—

3d. Part of the Glacis on the South side of the Curtain which Sunderland has been damaged by the Coming down of the Kistnah River last year, requires to be repaired to prevent further damage from the
raising

3583 Fort St. George 31st. July 1804 81

rising of the River this year—

4th. All the Rain water Cisterns within the Fort require to be put in repair—

5th. All the Gateways require repair and the planks on the bridges require securing with long Iron nails and to be revitted—

6th. The Outer Barrier Gates and palisades require repair—

7th. The Frame work of the Sluice Gates at the Sea Gate require repair—

8th. The wells and the paccotahs in the Pettah, the water pipes and intermediate cisterns that extend from the wells in the Pettah, to the Cistern on the Glacis of the Fort require repair—

9th. The walls of the Fort and parapet walls that are built upon the founda-tion in Brickwork, are so much wasted away at the Foot, they require to be repaired in many places to prevent their falling down or sud-denly giving way— Signed J. Norris Lieut. & Chief Engineer

Masulipatam July 11th 1804— Left Engr. S. Fort St. George Extract

3584 Fort St. George 31st. July 1804.

Extract of a letter from Lieutenant Colonel Taylor, Commanding Masulipatam to Colonel Campbell—

"I do myself the honor to transmit to you a letter addressed to the Officer Commanding the Northern Division of the Army accompanying a report from the Superintending Engineer of the Division of the State of the Fortifications and works of this Fort, I beg leave to add that the repairs recommended by the Engineer as requiring to be done, appear to me upon a personal examination to be absolutely and many of them immediately necessary—

(A true Extract)

(Signed) A Campbell
Colonel Commanding

Ordered that a Copy of the foregoing letter be furnished to the Military Board for their consideration and report, and that they be desired to specify the repairs which they may consider to be indispensably and immediately necessary to the Fort

of

3585 Fort S. George 31st. July 1804 82

of Masulipatam.

To the Chief Secretary to Government
Fort S. George

Sir:

I am honored with your letter of the 3d Instant accompanying extract of a letter from the Board of Revenue to the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, and also Copy of a letter from the Collector of the Rajamundry Zilla to the Board of Revenue of the 24th May last, proposing to raise a Corps of Sibundies and Peons, the former to be under European Officers and Non-Commissioned Officers from the line, for the better Defence of the late Zimindary of Polaveram.

From the Officer Comg the Northern Division of the Army - stating his opinion that it will not be necessary to raise Sibbendies in the Zillah of Rajahmundry -

The regular force at present in the Polaveram District is far short of that originally allotted for it, the reduction however was unavoidable from the circumstance of two Battalions having been taken from the Division for the Grand Army, and two sent into the Cuttack Country, and on the Recommencement of War with France it

3586

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804.

It was deemed advisable to move some Troops from the interior to the Sea Ports.

But as one of the Battalions lost to Cuttack and part of another is on the march to reenter the Division, and as two extra Battalions are compleat and in a forward State of Discipline, it will I trust be in my power to reinforce the Troops in Polamcaum before the Collector could form the Corps he proposed to raise. One of the extra Battalions is stationed at Ellore in the immediate Vicinity of Poloveram.

Under these considerations in obedience to the orders of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, I submit it as my opinion that there does not at present appear to me to be any necessity for incurring the expence of raising and maintaining a body of Sebendies or such an additional body of Peons as the Collector proposed.

I cannot conclude without remarking that much of the Collector of Rajahmundry's

3587

Fort St. George 31st July 1804 83.

Rajamundry's letter to the Board of Revenue is founded in error and misinformation.—

I have the Honor to be

&c &c

Vizagapatam
20th July 1804

Signed A. Campbell Colonel
Comdg Northern Division
Army

Ordered that a Copy of the foregoing letter be furnished for the information and guidance of the Board of Revenue—

Read the following letter from the Officer Commanding at Vizagapatam—

To the Secretary to Government
at Fort St. George

Sir!

From the Officer commanding at Vizagapatam stating that some repairs are required at his station—

I have the honor agreeable to Regulation herewith to Transmit the inclosed State of the Garrison Hospital and Estimate for Repairs in order to be laid before Government in hopes it will be taken into consideration and the requested repairs may

Fort St. George 31st July 1804

may be ordered, as being entirely necessary and no place in this Garrison, as the Hospital is at Ease, to put a European or Native Soldier in of any description in Illness or in Health, as the Honorable Company has no other Quarters for such purposes or has the Surgeon any place a Dispensary to Lodge his Medicines Cloathing &c., in short no other Military Quarters in this Garrison, only one Invalid Sepoy's Barracks Occupied by them, and Two small Guard Rooms, five of which are occupied by Effective Detachments Leaves the other Two Guards are Crouded in, and the monsoons is now Coming on

Vizagapatam
7th July 1804

Lieut. John Burford
Commanding

Proceedings of a Committee of Survey held by Order of the Officer Commanding, to examine and report upon the State of the General Hospital

Vizagapatam 7th June 1804

Major

3589

Fort St. George 31st July 1804

Major T. Wilson – Presidents –

Captains Blackmore and Fortune Members –

The Committee having assembled and examined the General Hospital, finds it in the State as here described –

The Walls much decayed and in many places require repair, the Roof in a very bad State, many of the Tiles being broke, very leaky, two large cross Beams totally decayed, require to be replaced, as also four Middle Size beams with several of the Ridge Poles, upRights &c. –

A Great many Rafters and Reapers require to be replaced – The doors and Window frames totally perished, as also the doors and Window Shutters – The flooring much broke up, in short the building require a thorough repair before the Monsoon –

Signed/ T. Wilson Major and President

Members { Thos. Blackmore Captn
John Fortune Captn

Estimate

3590

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804

Estimate of Materials Workmanship &c: to put the new Hospital and Dispensary in Thorough Repair from its present Uninhabitable State.

Materials for Repairs.			Pgs.	Fs.
10 Large Beams			22	30
40 Timbers			34	12
100 Balamarons		for the Roof	45	30
100 Timbers for Laths			42	30
13 Timbers for 9 Door frames and 4 Doors			12	12
20 Ft. for 13 Window Frames and 7 Pairs of Shutters			17	6
20 Balmarons			4	24
6 Timbers		for the Compound Door & Ceiling	5	6
12 Pounds Joists Nails			1	6
18 Ft. Lath Do.			2	30
5 Ft. Iron Hooks. Hinges Bolts Eyes and Staples			7	6.
30000 Tiles			43	24
12000 Pan Tiles			20	4
15000 Mall Bricks			15	18
12 Gares of Chunam			30	36
White washing Chunam and Charcole			10	-
2 Candys of Baggery			13	18
Carpenter and Coolys hire for taking down the Roof			13	30
Sawyers hire			25	30
Plasterers Coolys and Boys bringing Lime			33	30
Carpenters hire			138	24
Bricklayers Head Coolies and Boys			12	6
Oil and Dammer to Preserve the Doors & Windows from Insects			2	30
Two Hundred Thirty Seven Pagodas and Fifty Fanams			237	30

The above Estimate made with the assistance of the best Artificers here.—

Negapatam
27th June 1804

Signed John Durand
Lieut. Colt.
Comdg.
Ordered

3591

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804

Ordered that a Copy of the fore-going letter be furnished to the Military Board and that they be desired to give their early attention to the state of the Hospital and quarters in the Garrison of Vizagapatam.—

Read the following letter from the Commanding Officer at Goa—

George Buchan Esqre.
Chief Secretary to Government
Fort St. George

From the Envoy at Goa—
Requests that Lieutenant Clarke of His Majesty's 84th Regiment may be appointed his Secretary—

Sir—

I have the Honor to inform you that Lieutenant Dillon lately my Secretary was obliged by ill health to proceed to Europe the 15th. of April last— Captain Brown of His Majesty's 77th. Regiment has officiated in Lieutenant Dillon's room very much to my satisfaction—an application would have been submitted at an earlier period to the Right Honorable the Governor in Council for Confirmation of Captain Brown's appointment, but that I fell into an Error

Fort St. George 31st July 1804

error in the Mode of sending the necessary recommendation, I do not regret the circumstance, because I would most wish to propose a different arrangement which will be more agreeable to Captain Brown, as well as me; and which will I trust meet with the approbation of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council. It is that Lieutenant Charles William Clarke lately promoted by His Majesty to a Company in the 84th Regiment, but not yet in Orders in this Country, Brigade Major at this Station may be appointed my Secretary, and that Captain Brown of His Majesty's 77th Regiment may be appointed Brigade Major vice Clarke. Lieutenant Dillon's original appointment was Secretary to Colonel Sir William Clarke. He was always employed by me in a Political Capacity, and he acted as Envoy to the Satisfaction of His Excellency the most noble the Governor General during my absence in 1799.

Lieut.

3593

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804.

Lieutenant Clarkes understanding and speaking the French Language and a little of the Portuguese is the Principal reason for my wishing him to hold the appointment of Secretary instead of Captain Brown, who tho' in every other respect well qualified for the situation does not possess those advantages.

For the reasons I have stated I beg you will be pleased to submit to the Right Honorable the Governor in Council my recommendation of Lieutenant Charles William Clarke of His Majesty's 84th. Regiment to be Secretary to me as Envoy at Goa, and my request that the appointment may take place from the 7th. of april last that being the day for Leaving Lieutenant Dillon's embarkation for Europe. — The situation of Brigade Major being exclusively Military I have recommended Captain Browne for it to His Excellency the Commander

in

3594 Fort S. George 31st. July 1804.

in Chief 5

Goa 14th July. 1804

I have the honor to be
&c. &c.
(Signed) Willm. Clarke
Envoy at Goa

Resolved that Captain Clarke of His Majesty's 84th. Regiment be appointed Secretary to the Envoy at Goa vice Dillon from the 17th. of april last.—

Read the following Letter from

The Officer Commanding at Pondicherry.
To the Chief Secretary to Government.
Madras

Sir.—

I beg leave to send you for the information of His Lordship in Council a representation &c. from Lt. Mawdy of this place.—

I have to observe that the original Debt is of more than ten years standing. that it amounted to 600 Rupees only, that the demand is now for near 1400 Rupees

From the Officer Commanding at Pondicherry Regarding instructions regarding the adjustment of a debt due by a native to a Black Inhabitant of Pondicherry

Fort St. George 31st July 1804 81

Rupees, that it was a Matter Pending in a Court of Law, that the original Decree was appealed against, and that from those circumstances and the enquiries I have made as to the situation of the Debtor & Co. I did not think it would be proper for me to interfere in the business — My only reason for now laying it before Government is that my Conduct may be approved of or instructions sent how I am to act —

I do not mean to insinuate any thing to the prejudice of Mr. Manuly who I believe is a very respectable Person and has made a just representation of his distress —

Matters of the above nature are generally settled here by arbitration but in this case I found such a measure could not be adopted —

I have the Honor to be &c.

Pondicherry
July 21st 1804

Signed Alexr. Keith
Lieut. Coll. Commg.

Papers

3596

Fort S. George 31st. July 1804.

Papers sent herewith

No. 1 Mr. Marriellys representation to the Governor

2. Lieutenant Colonel Keiths answer to the first application enclosed in the above—

3 Mr. Marriellys Statement of his Case.

To His Excellency Lord Bentinck

Governor in Council

at Madras

My Lord

A peaceable Inhabitant of Pondicherry where I have been settled during 15 years I have rarely importuned the Honorable Government with my Petitions, and I should even now preserve silence if the necessity of providing for the wants and existence of my family did not imperiously require of me to lay my humble Representations at the feet of your Excellency - Destitute, My Lord, of all subsistence whatsoever although until the year 1794 I filled an honorable and lucrative situation

in

in the Superior Council of Pondicherry I have totally exhausted in the Course of ten years the little pecuniary means which a strict Oconomy had spared me, and I have now no other resource remaining than to come upon several of my Debtors who owe me considerable sums of Money - with this view I addressed myself to Lieutenant Colonel Keith Commandant and Chief of the Police of Pondicherry, soliciting of his Justice — that he would cause to be paid to me a sum of about 1400 Rupees which a Malabar of this City is ligally indebted to me, and which I should have obtained had it been in his power, his well known Integrity and goodness of Heart being my sure guarantees, but you will perceive My Lord by his Letter which I have the honor to transmit herewith, that he does not consider himself authorized to decide upon a matter of such Importance at

the

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804

the same time he encouriages me with the
hope that the Government of Madras will
adopt some Regulation for the assistance
of those who are in the same situation with
myself. It depends upon your Lordship
to realize that hope and I felicitate myself
in anticipation that in addressing your
Excellency I enjoy the inestimable advantage
of applying to one whose mind is at
once so expanded and susceptible as to
watch equally over the Interests of the
state and the welfare of each Individual.

I am with profound respect

Pondicherry
the 1st May 1804

Yr. Yr.
signed Marully.

N.B. The family of the Petitioner
is composed of his Wife and two Daughters
of whom the youngest is 9 years old Dumb
from her Birth and without the least
intelligence and not having the use of any
one of her faculties she is not only a
heart

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heart rending spectacle to her unhappy parents,
but the occasion of very great expence by the
care and attention which her situation —
demands —

A true translation
(signed) G. G. Keble
French Translator
to Government —

To Mr. Marcilly

Sir

I am extremely sorry that —
there has been so much delay in sending
you an answer respecting your affair in
litigation, that delay was necessary for me
to make a particular enquiry into it,
I have now to inform you that I do not
find myself authorized to interfere with
Claims of so old a date, and of such mag-
nitude — I hope that the Government of
Madras may adopt some Regulations for
the assistance of Persons who may find
themselves.

3600 Fort St. George 31st. July 1804.

themselves in situations similar to yours.

I have the Honor to be

Sir &c &c

Pondicherry
24th April 1804

(Signed) Alexr. Keith Jr
Lieutenant Colonel Comg

A true Translation
(Signed) J. J. Keble
French Translator
to Government.

Substance of the Demand preferred by the undersigned against Canagarayen, annasawmy Malabar formerly interpreter to the Chowdry Court of Pondicherry.

On 1793 at the request of annasawmy I lent him the sum of six hundred Rupees of which he was in want, and for which he passed to me his obligation explaining the motives under which the loan was made and promising to repay me the amount at the expiration of 14 Months with Interest at the rate of

10

3601

Fort St. George 31st July 1801 90

10 ℔ Cent ℔ annum / accompanying is a Copy of his note of hand certified by the Notary Bouchez / — after reiterated Demands for repayment, I was at length compelled to sue him before the Chavdry Court where I obtained a decree against him on the 26th December 1794, and again on the 2d September 1795 I received permission from the same Court to have his Effects sold for the acquittal of my demand against him. Then it was that annasawmy came to me to implore my Compasion and by Entreaties and promises which he never meant to perform, prevailed upon me to suspend all proceedings against him for some years — I have since frequently repeated my demands to him for payment but he now laughs at me, seeing that I have no possibility of prosecuting him during the suspension of all the Courts of Justice — at length being myself in great distress — I submitted an address to Colonel Keith

Commanding

3602

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804.

Commanding at Pondicherry, but that Gentle-
man however well inclined to do me Justice,
has not considered himself vested with
sufficient authority to pass any decision
upon the Matter.

These are the real Facts
and I dare assert that never was there a
demand more legal than mine founded
upon lawful and unimpeachable grounds.
there is no Court of Justice that would
not pronounce it such after the slightest
Investigation and that would not Cast and
Compel arrandawny by the Sale of his Effects
to pay me the Sum in which he has been
indebted to me for 11 years. Interest as
well as Principal.

Signed Marcilly

Pondicherry
19th. Janvier

A true Translation
Signed G. G. Keble
French Translator to
Government

Litera C

3603

Fort St. George 31st July 1804 91

Literal Copy of a Promissory Note of
Annasawmy in favor of Monsr Marcilly.

I the undersigned acknow-
ledge to have received of Monsr Marcilly
the Sum of six hundred Rupees which
he has lent me for my necessities which
Sum of six hundred Pondicherry Rupees
I promise to repay to him on the 1st of
March 1794 with Interest at the rate of
12 per Cent Pannum.

Pondicherry
1st January 1793

/Signed/ Canagarayen
Annasawmy

Rds 600 Rupees

Collated by the undersign-
ed Notary Public belonging to the Supe-
rior Council of Pondicherry maintained
in his Functions in Virtue of a Special
Authority of the Madras Government —
According to the original presented and
immediately

3604 Fort St. George 31st. July 1804

immediately recorded at Pondicherry the 13th.
day of June 1804.

/signed/ Boucheze

A true trasla[illegible]tion

/signed/ G. G. Keble

French trasla[illegible]tor
to Government.

Ordered that the Commanding
Officer at Pondicherry be furnished with
the following Reply.—

To the Officer Commanding
at
Pondicherry

Sir

I am directed by the Right
Honorable the Governor in Council to acknow-
ledge the receipt of your letter of the 21st.
Ultimo, and to desire that you will
assign the reasons which may have prevented
the demand of M. Marille on the Native
Inhabitant of Pondicherry mentioned in
your

To the Officer Comm[illegible]
at Pondicherry—
directing him to assign
the reasons which
may have prevented
the demand of Mr.
Stranitte on the Native
Inhabitant of Ponde-
cherry from being
assisted by a Re-
linquishment and to state
if any suits similar
to that of Mr. Stranitty
are at present in
agitation at
Pondicherry

3695

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your letter from being adjusted by arbitration-

I am further directed to —

desire that you will state whether you have reason to believe that any suits similar to that of M. Marcilly are at present in agitation at Pondicherry, and likely to require the interference of the Governor in Council.—

I am

&c &c &c

Fort St. George
1st. August 1804.

/signed/ G. Strachey
Secy. to Govt.

Read the following letter.

From M. Boytard.—

To His Excellency
The Right Honorable
Lord William Cavendish Bentinck
My Lord

From Mr Boytard
Requests permission
to return to Bengal—

I am settled at Mirzapoor in the district of Benares from the year 1796 as it should appear by the two inclosed letters of the Magistrate &c of

Jaun

3606

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804

I have the honor to submit to your Lordships perusal with the permission of My Lord Wellesley by the favor of which I visit to mauritius for the recovery of my health—

Since my return in this place My Lord, I was not so well recovered to embark for Bengal, but as I am better now and that my Cousins call my to my place of abode, I take the liberty to Solicit from your Excellency's goodness the favor of a permission to go to madras on purpose to embark for Calcutta—

I have the hon to be

&c. &c.

Tranquebar
Augt 18th 1804.

Signed L. C. Boylard

To Mr. L. C. Boylard

Interpreter

Sir

To enable me to transmit to the Board of Revenue the annual Estimate

3607

Fort S. George 31st July 1804 93

Statement of Land held in this Province
by Europeans as required by the 6th Paragraph
of Regulation XLVIII of A.D 1795 I
request you will inform me as soon as
possible of the Extent of the Land you
occupy, the purpose to which you apply,
it, and from what period and under
what authority you have so possessed
occupied or rented such Land.

I am &c. &c.

Signed Alexr. Duncan
Collector

Bearer
the 5th. January 1796

To Mr. L. B. Boytard

Sir

I am directed by His
Excellency the Most Noble the Governor
General in Council to acknowledge the
receipt of your letter of the 9th Instant,
and to inform you that you have the
permission

3608

Fort St. George 31st July 1804

Present of His Excellency in Council to proceed to the Isle of France

Council Chamber
11th November 1802.

Sam
Jr. Jr.

Thomas N. B. Edmonstone
Secretary to Government.

Resolved to refer the application of Mr. Boyland to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, and that in the mean time He be directed to remain at Tranquebar unless particular business shall appear to require his presence at Fort St. George.

Read the following Letter

from Messrs. Shaw and Co.

George Buchan Esqre.
Chief Secretary to Government.

Sir

Messrs. Shaw & Co. requesting that the usual allowance may be granted them

The Officers of His Majesty's

Fort St. George 31st. July 1804 9A

them on account of the Officers of His Majesty's Hoop Dasher—

Majesty's Ship Dasher have directed us to draw the Batta usually granted by Govern-ment to the Gun Room of His Majesty's Ships on this Station.—

We request that the sanction of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council may be obtained for this payment, and that the needful Instructions may accordingly be conveyed to the Civil Paymaster at this Presi-dency.—

We have the Honor to be

Sir

Madras
24th. July 1804

Your Most Obedient Servants

(Signed) Chase Chinnery
Mc. Dowall &c.—

ordered

3610

Fort St George 31st July 1804

Ordered that the Military Auditor General be desired to authorize the payment of the usual allowances to Mrs Chase £60 on account of His Majesty's Ship Dasher.

F W Bentinck

Ed Hollond

W Petrie

P B Elliott

Thackeray

Wm Hall Clerk to Bd 31st July 1804
Copies by Wm Hall
for Dec 1804

3611

Fort St. George — July 1804 95

Diary

Dtt
31 |

Received and Sent the following letters

entered in M. B. Nos. 48 49 - 50

From Messrs. Abbott and Maitland

From Messrs abbott and Maitland.

Requesting a letter of Marque for their Ship the Friend-
-Ship. -

To the Honorable Major General

To the Hon.ble Major General Wellesley.

Wellesley. Enclosing copy of a Resolution recorded by
His Lordship in Council of this date.

To the Military Auditor General

To the Military auditor General.

Enclosing different pay Certificates of Officers per-
-mitted to return to India.

5.th

Sent the following letters.

To Captain L. Hook

Secretary to the Government
at
Fort William

Sir

To the Secretary to the Government at Fort William transmitting the Statement of the Military expences of this Government for the Official year 1803/4 and the estimates of the same for 1804/5 -

The Military Auditor General at Fort
St. George having completed the Statement of the
Military Expences of this Government for the Official
Year 1803/4 and the Estimate of the same for the
Official

3612

Fort St. George — August 1804

1st Official year 1804/5, I have been directed by the Right Honorable the Governor in Council to transmit to you those documents for the purpose of being laid before His Excellency the Governor-General in Council, — and they have accordingly been entrusted to the — charge of the Commander of the Honorable Company's Ship Lady Jane Dundas.

Those documents appear to — have been prepared by Lieutenant Colonel Brunton with that ability deligence and accuracy which have uniformly distinguished his Official labors. They have accordingly received the entire approbation of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

Fort St. George
1st August 1804

I have the honor to be &c. &c.
(Signed) G. Strachey
Secrety to Govt.

To the President & Members of the
Military Board.

Gentlemen,

I am directed by the Right Honorable the Governor in Council to acknowledge the receipt

To the Military Board
Their investigation of the
Claims on which the Rum
considered for Sale by
Lt. Col. Campbell approved
instructions

3613

Fort S.t George — August 1804 — 26

1.st

Instructions in consequence of the Bills recommended by them have been authorised — To report the repairs which they may consider to be indispensably and immediately necessary to the Fortifications at Masulipatam — Copy of a letter from the Officer Commanding at Vizagapatam relative to the repairs required to the Hospital and Quarters in that Garrison —

receipt of your letter of the 16.th Ultimo, and to acquaint you that His Lordship in Council has approved — your opinion respecting the modification of the terms on which the Rum tendered for Sale by Mr. Edward Campbell is to be purchased for the Public Service —

proper to direct that Mr. Campbell shall be furnished with a copy of the letter which you have received from the Agent for Spirituous Liquors in reply to his representations reflecting on the conduct of that Officer —

Authority has been given for the payment of the Bills recommended in your letter of the Ultimo.

I enclose for your consideration and report the copy of a letter from the Officer Commanding the northern Division of the Army representing the ruinous state of the Fortifications at Masulipatam — In reporting on that subject, it is the desire of His Lordship in Council that you will —

Secure

Fort St. George — August 1804.

specify the repairs which you may consider to be indispensably and immediately necessary.

I am also directed to furnish for your information the enclosed copy of a letter from the Officer Commanding at Vizagapatam, and to desire your early attention to the state of the Hospital and Quarters in that Garrison.

I have the honor to be

Sir &c. &c.

Fort St. George
8th August 1804.

(Signed) G. Strachey
Secrety to Govert

Received and Sent the following letters entered in Mr. B. Nos. 1. 2. 3 & 5.

To the Town Major of Fort St. George

From Captain Thompson. Encloseing an application from Mr. Robroyd alley a Cadet on the Bengal establishment soliciting an advance of Cash

To the Chief Secretary to the Government Fort William —

To Mr. Lumsden. Encloseing copy of a letter from a French Gentleman, recently arrived at Tranquebar from the Isle of France

To the Secretary to the Government at Fort William

To Captain Hook. Copies of the Proceedings

3695

Fort St. George — August 1804 — 97

5th Proceedings of this Government in the Military Department for 1802 dispatched to this Presidency on the Lady Jane Dundas.

To the Military Auditor General.

the Military Auditor General

The amount of the pension formerly awarded to Syd Budden Saheb Khan to be regulated and in conformity to the recommendation contained in an enclosed Minute recorded by His Lordship in Council.

To D. D. Secretary him to

D. D.

authorise payment of Bills recommended by the Military Board — Messrs Chase & Co is drawn the allowances of the Officers of the Crew Room of His Majesty's Sloop Dasher

Order of Council

Military Department

2d August 1804

Received the following Letters from the Military Auditor General

10

3616

Fort St. George — August 1804

To the Right Honorable
Lord William Bentinck
Governor in Council &c. &c. &c.

My Lord

From the Military Board transmitting an additional estimate for the preceding month.

1

Having examined the additional Estimate of Cash for the preceding month, which accompanied a letter from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department dated the 28th Ultimo, I have the honor to report that the amount thereof Viz.t Pagodas Fifty four thousand four hundred and sixty seven, fanams twenty, and Cash fifty five (Pagodas 54,467. 20. 55) is admissible and payable as follows.

From the General Treasury - 48467. 20. 55

By Bills on the Military Paymaster General - } 6000 -

Pagodas - 54467. 20. 55

2

The sum payable from the General Treasury is required by the Military Paymaster General for the purpose of discharging the

3617 Fort St. George — August 1804 98

2

the amount of various Bills drawn upon him by Subordinate Paymasters for the payment of a Bills of Messrs. Abbott and Maitland passed in this Office under authority from Government, and on accounts of Subsistence to the Detachments of His Majesty's Regiments recently arrived from Europe

The sum payable by Bills on the Military Paymaster General is required by the Paymaster at Fallamcottah for the payment of a Detachment of artillery and the 2nd Battalion 13th Regiment Native Infantry assembled in that neighbourhood for Field Service in arrear for June and advance for July last

3

Military Auditor General's Office
Fort St. George
1st August 1804

I have the honor to be
Sir &c
(Signed) J. Brunton
Military Auditor
General

To

3618

Fort S.t George — August 1804

To the Right Honorable
Lord William Bentinck
Governor in Council &c. &c. &c.

My Lord,

From the Military Auditor General. His Report on the General estimate for the Current Month.

Having examined the General Estimate of Cash for the month of august 1804 which accompanied a letter from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department dated the 30.th Ultimo, I have the honor to report that the Sum of Pagodas Four Lacks eight thousand seven hundred and seventeen, fanams thirty two and Cash seventy five (Pagodas 408,717. 32. 75) is admissible and issuable as follows being required for the payment of military Charges which became due the 1.st Instant.

From the General Treasury		108121. — —
By Bills on the Military Paymaster General	}	300,596. 32. 75
	Pagodas	408,717. 32. 75

This amount is exclusive of the

2

Sums that will be required by the Paymaster &c.

Fort St. George — August 1804 88

2 the Division of the army under the Command of Major General The Honorable Arthur Wellesley and the Paymaster in Cuttack whose Estimates have not yet been received —

3 On reference to the abstracts of receipts and Disbursements of the Paymaster to the — Division of the Army under the Command of Major General Cairnbell, and the Paymaster at Vellore dated the 30th of June last, I find that the balances of Cash in their hands exceed the amount of their Estimates, In consequence of which — I have made a deduction from the Total of that General Estimate amounting to Pagodas — Eighty seven thousand and ninety (Pag.s 87,090. — —) Viz.s Pagodas Sixty thousand six hundred and twenty five on account of the former Paymaster and Pagodes Twenty six thousand four hundred and sixty five, on account of the latter being the — net amounts of their respective Estimates. —

4 I have deducted from the amount of the Estimate of the Paymaster at Masulipatam the —

2

the sum of Pagodas Five hundred (Pagodas 500 — —)
over-estimated for on account of the 4th Extra Battalion
of Native Infantry at Ellore, and also the sum of
Pagodas One thousand five hundred and forty —
Pagodas 1540/ over-estimated for under the heads of
"European Invalids" "Native Invalids" and "Native
"Pensioners" at the different stations mentioned
in the Report on the General Estimate for the
preceeding month dated the 2nd Ultimo..

5 The Paymaster at Masulipatam
has included in his Estimate the sum of Pagodas
One thousand (Pagodas 1000) under the head of
"Transportation of Military Stores" relative to which
he has not transmitted, nor am I in possession
of any information (as I am however aware that Mili-
-tary Stores are often forwarded from Masulipa-
-tam to Hyderabad, in consequence of which no
deduction has been made from his Estimate
on that account; but I beg leave to request that
the Paymaster at Masulipatam be directed to
transmit along with his Estimate whenever he

may

may have occasion to include sums for the transportation of Military Stores, a particular description of the Stores, and the authority under which they were directed to be transported to enable me to judge of the propriety of admitting the amount.

Military Auditor
Generals Office
Fort St. George
2nd August 1804.

I have the honor to be
&c &c
(Signed) I Brunton
Mily Audr. General

In consequence of the foregoing reports, Ordered that the following Sums be issued from the Treasury to the Military Paymaster General

The sum of Pagodas 1665.98.20.55 to be issued to the Military Paymaster General

On account of the additional Estimate Pay. F. 6. for the preceding Month enclosed in his letter of the 28th Ultimo ---- 43467.20.55

On account of the General Estimate for the Current Month enclosed in his letter of the 27th Ultimo ---- 108,125.

By Order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council

(Signed) G. Strachey
Secy to Govt.

Revenue

3622 Fort St. George — August 1804

1st

Received the following letter

To George Buchan Esqr.

Chief Secretary to Government

at Fort St. George

Sir,

I am directed by His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council to acknowledge the receipt of a letter from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department under date 28th. December 1803, and to request you will signify to the Right Honorable the Governor in Council that His Excellency in Council does not think proper to comply with the application of Mr. Gay for permission to proceed to Calcutta for the purpose of following his Profession of Physician and Surgeon.

From the Secretary to Government at Fort William the application Mr. Gay for permission to proceed to Calcutta to be complied —

Fort William
the 13th. July 1804

I have the honor to be
&c. &c.
Signed / W.S. Edmonstone
Secrety to Govt.

Received

3623 Fort St. George — August 1804 101

P.

Received and Sent the following letters, entered in M. B. Nos. 6-7-8-9-10-11-12.

From Mr. Roebuck. Enclosing

From the Military Paymaster General

an additional estimate of Cash for the Current month.

From Captain Thompson Requesting

From the Town Major of Fort St. George

an advance of Cash on account of two Gentlemen Cadets on the Bengal establishment.—

To the Military Auditor General—

To the Military Auditor General

Referring for his examination an additional estimate for the Current month

To D. D. Authorising an advance

T. D. D.

to certain Gentlemen Cadets of the Bengal establishment.

To the Town Major. The Military

To the Town Major of Fort St. George

Auditor General authorised to advance to certain Gentlemen Cadets of the Bengal establishment the sum of 200 Rupees each.—

To the Military Paymaster General—

To the Military Paymaster General

acquainting him that the sum of 156588. 2. 55 had been ordered to be issued to him on account of the estimate

3624

Fort S. George — August 1804.

2

Estimates for the preceding and Current months

To Mr. Boyland. Directing him

F. Mr. Boyland

to remain at Trangueber until the pleasure

of the Governor General shall be known respect-

-ing a compliance with his application for permis-

-sion to return to Bengal.

At a Consultation

Present

The Right Honorable

Lord William Cavendish Bentinck

Governor and President

Friday the

3. August 1804 Lieutenant General James Stuart

Commander in Chief

William Petrie

and

John Chamier } Esqrs

Minutes of last Consultation

read and Approved

The Commander in Chief

records the following minute.

Minute

3625

Fort St. George 3. August 1804

Minute of the Commander in Chief.

Minute of the Commander in Chief - Recommends that permissions be granted to Ensign Boggs to proceed to Europe on Sick Certificate, and to Lieutenant Bushby to proceed to Sea for the benefit of his health - Submits the proceedings of the Medical Board -

I lay before the Board an applic-
ation from Ensign Boggs of the ... Regiment of
Native Infantry accompanied by the prescribed
Certificate requesting leave to proceed to Europe
for the benefit of his health.

I also submit to the Board an
application from Lieutenant Bushby assistant
to the Secretary of the Military Board, soliciting -
leave to proceed to Sea for the benefit of his health.

I recommend that the permission
requested by those Officers be granted.

I lay before Government the
Proceedings of the medical Board on the 30th
Ultimo.

3. August 1804

/ Signed / J. Stuart

To the Right Honorable

The Governor in Council

My Lord,

I have the honor to enclose a
Certificate evincing the necessity of my immediate
return

3626 Fort St. George 3. August 1804

return to Europe for the benefit of my health, and beg leave to solicit your Lordship's permission to proceed by the first opportunity.

Fort St. George Sam. & Sir. &c.
25th July 1804. Signed/ J. M. Boggs
Cadet.

We A. Mackenzie Surgeon, and S. Scarman Assistant Surgeon, do hereby declare on Oath, that we are of opinion, it is absolutely necessary that James Major Boggs Cadet, should leave this Country, and go to Europe for the recovery of his health

/ Signed/ A. McKenzie
Surgeon
" S. Scarman
Asst. Surgeon

Sworn at the Justices Office in Fort St. George this 16th day of July 1804
/ Signed/ W. Grant
Justice of Peace

/ Signed/ Terence Cahagan M.D.
& V. Member Medical Board.

To

3627

Fort St. George 2d August 1804 103.

To the Right Honorable

Lord William Bentinck

Governor in Council

My Lord

I have the honor to enclose a Certificate stating the necessity for my proceeding to Sea for the benefit of my Health, and request your Lordship to grant me six months leave of absence for that purpose. -

Fort St. George
2nd August 1804

I have the honor to be
&c. &c.
/Signed/ John Bushby
Asst. Secrety mily. Board

Lieutenant Bushby Assistant Secretary to the Military Board has been for some time past in such a state of health, as in my opinion renders it necessary for him to try the effects of a voyage as the most likely means of restoring him. -

Madras
2. August 1804

/Signed/ Willm Ord
Surgeon

Resolved

3628

Fort St. George 3. August 1804

Resolved that Ensign Boggs be permitted to proceed to Europe on Sick Certificate, and Lieutenant Bushby to Sea for the benefit of his health.

The Board proceed to pass their orders on the following Proceedings of the Medical Board

Resolution of the Governor in Council 3. August 1804.

Medical Board 30th. July 1804.

The medical Board have the honor to report, of the arrival of Mr. James Strachan as an Assistant Surgeon

Ordered that this Gentleman be admitted for this Establishment on the medical Establishment and to submit the Commission of this Presidency. Counterpart of that Gentleman as an Assistant Surgeon. Indenture to

His Excellency the Commander

From the medical Board. Reporting the arrival of Mr. Strachan as Assistant Surgeon on this establishment.

3629 Fort St. George 3. August 1804 104

Commander in Chief to
be laid before the Right
Honorable the Governor
in Council -

/ Signed / Jas. Anderson
Physician General

Terence Gahagan M.D
& 2. Member medical Board

Jas. Richardson
3. Member medical Board

By Order of the Right Honorable
the Governor in Council.

/ Signed / Geo. Strachey
Secretty to Government

The President proposes that
+ Lieutenant Torriano of the Engineers be appointed

Barrack

3630

Fort St. George 3 August 1804

Barrack Master in the Ceded Districts, vice Strachan promoted to the Rank of Lieutenant Colonel.—

Resolved and Ordered accordingly.—

" W Bentinck

E. V. Thang

" T. Strait

" W. Petrie

" J. Strachan

Whole Lett. Cons. 3. August 1804
Pages 30 - Copied by Nagapahy -

363/ Fort St. George — August 1804.—

105

Diary.

4th Received the following letters.—

To the Right Honble Lord William Bentinck

Governor in Council &c. &c. &c.

My Lord,

From the Military Auditor General Reporting on the additional estimate for the Current month.—

1 Having examined the additional Estimate of Cash, which accompanied a letter from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department, dated the 2nd Instant, I have the honor to report that the amount thereof, Viz. Pagodas Thirteen Thousand two hundred and fifty Nine, Fanams forty, and Cash Sixty Eight (Pagodas 13,259-40-68) is admissible and issuable by Bills on the Military Paymaster General.

2. This sum is required by the Military Paymaster at Vellore for the payment of the 3rd Extra Battalion of Native Infantry, lately arrived at that Station from the Northward, and the Detachment in the Pollamsunder Lieutenant Colonel Darley, in arrear for the Last and advance for the present Month, and on account of others demands on his

Office

3634. Fort St. George 7th. August 1804.

at Fort William. Respecting the allowance of batta paid at this Presidency to Major Sir George Leith.

The most Noble the Governor General in Council to Acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 8th. of March last with its enclosure, respecting a Claim preferred by Major Sir George Leith, Brt to the half-Batta of His Regimental Rank whilst on Lieutenant Governor at Prince of Wales' Island, and to transmit to you for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, the enclosed copy of a Letter on that Subject from the Military Auditor General at this Presidency.

2 His Excellency in Council at the same time directs me to Notice, that Sir George Leith, while holding the Civil and Military appointments of Lieutenant Governor of Prince of Wales Island was not entitled by the Regulations or usage of this Presidency to any Military allowances excepting the Pay of His Rank.

I have the honor to be

&c. &c. &c.

(Signed) L. Hook

Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George
the 31st. May 1804.

To

3635 Fort St. George 7th August 1804.

107

To His Excellency The Most Noble
The Governor General in Council
&c.a &c.a &c.a
Military Departmt.

My Lord,

With Mr. Secretary Hooks
letter of the 29th Ultimo I received copy of a letter
from the Military Auditor General at Fort St.
George, stating a claim preferred by Major
Sir George Leith Bart to the half-Batta of
His Regimental Rank, from the 6th of February 1800
to the 5th of January 1804, whilst Lieutenant
Governor at Prince of Wales's Island, upon which
your Excellency has directed me to report.

2 It has been the rule of this office,
although I am not able to find any Regulations
of Government to that effect, to restrict Officers
employed in the Civil Department to the Pay
of their Regimental Rank.

3 But Officers belonging to the
Presidency of Fort St. George, since the operation

of the General Army Regulations of 1796. have, when employed in Civil Stations been allowed the Pay and half-Batta of their Regimental Rank according to the 23d. Article of the Regulations Published in General Orders at Fort St. George on the 24th. of March 1797 Viz.

"Half Batta to Officers under the Rank of Colonel being an established Regimental Allowance, and forming a part of the constant expence of each corps, is to be invariably included and drawn for with the Subsistence and other fixed allowances in the Abstracts of Companies, to which Officers are attached, and to all Officers in Command of Garrisons or Posts, or holding Appointments which entitle them to full or Batta are only to draw, in their Staff Bill, the allowance in that Station, the difference between the Regimental Half Batta and full Batta."

4

It may however be proper to State to your Excellency in Council that the foregoing Regulation, does not appear, to me altogether consistent with the Orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors, which

in

in granting half Batta generally to the Officers of Madras and Bombay, Seem to have intended, that the Admission of this allowance should be regulated as in Bengal, as contained in the following Extract of their letter dated the 8th. of January, and published in General Orders at Fort St. George, on the 12th. July, 1796.

"As the promotion in the whole of
" the Company's Army will fully Compensate for the
" diminution of certain allowances, which have occasi-
" oned Jealousies, and discontents, between the Establish-
" ments at the different Presidencies, We have resolved
" that double full Batta to Officers be abolished, that the half-Batta
" as now allowed at Bengal, and at the same rates, be
" made generally to all the Kings and Company's Offi-
" cers at the other Presidencies, except to Colonels, who
" are always to be allowed full-Batta."

5 During the period for which Major Sir George Leith claims half Batta, His Majesty's 73d. Regiment, to which he belonged has served under the Presidency of Fort St. George, and as the Honorable Company's Officers of that Establishment

have

Fort St. George 1st. August 1804.

have been permitted to draw the half-Batta of their Regimental rank whilst holding Civil employments in India, Your Excellency may perhaps be disposed to give a favorable consideration to the present claim.

By the Records of the Office, it appears that Captain Sir George Leith received the Batta and other Allowances as Major of Brigade 19th instead of the 6th of February 1800, as stated in the to the King's Troops, for and up to the letter of the Military Auditor General of Fort Saint George, and to no later date.

I have the honor to be
With the greatest respect &c., &c.
/Signed/ W. P. Greene

Military Auditor General's Office
15th April 1804.

A. G. Genl.

True Copy
/Signed/ L. Hook
Secretary to Government

Ordered that a Copy of the foregoing Letter be furnished to the Military Auditor General, and that He be directed to call on the Agents of Major Sir George Leith for repayment of the sums which appear to have been unduly advanced to that Officer

3639 Fort St. George 7th August 1804.

109

Officer on account of His Military Allowances.

To G. Strachey Esqr.

Secretary to the Government

in the Military Department

at Fort St. George.

Sir,

From D. D. Relative to the G. O. published at this Presidency on the 8th. May.

1 I am directed by His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council to acknowledge the receipt of your Letter of the 4th. Instant, and the Several Enclosures referred to in your Letter, respecting the Military Arrangements contained in the General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors dated the 20th. April 1803.

2 The Governor General in Council adverts to the terms "a Retired List of Colonels Stated in the 1st. and 2d. Paragraphs of the General Orders of the 8th. of May 1804. and to the last paragraph of the General Orders of the 15th. of May 1804, directing" that Colonels when not employed in Command or on Staff. duty shall draw only the Subsistence of their Rank, and their proportion of Office Rewings from

Fort St. George 4th August 1804.

from the General Fund". His Excellency in Council being apprehensive that under these Orders, Colonels of Brigades, Regiments or Battalions of the Compa-ny's Army, not being Major-Generals, may be consi-dered to be ineligible to serve with their respective Brigades, Regiments, or Battalions, has commanded me to State to you for the Information of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, that the Gover-nor General in Council is Satisfied that no part of the Orders of the Honorable Court Contained in their General Letter, above adverted to, direct any alteration with respect to the eligibility of Colonels of Regiments, or Battalions, not being General Officers, to serve with their respective Corps. Under that Conviction the General Orders of the Hon. Governor General in Council of the 12th of April last, for Carrying into effect the Arrangents Contained in the Honorable Courts' Letter of 28th 1803, were framed accordingly.—

3. His Excellency the Governor in General in Council has further directed me to trans-mit to you, for the Information of the Right Honorable the

the Governor in Council, the enclosed Extract of a Letter from the Adjutant General of the Bengal Army, dated the 5th Ultimo, from which the Right Honorable the Governor in Council will observe that His Excellency the Commander in Chief in General Lake, entirely concurs in the opinion adopted by the Governor General in Council, with respect to the eligibility of Colonels, not being General Officers, to serve with their respective Corps.

4 The Governor General in Council observing from the General orders of the Right Honble the Governor in Council dated the 15th of May 1804, a printed Copy of which accompanied your Letter of the 4th Instant, that the sum of Three Thousand Star Pagodas annually has been appropriated to the Town Mayor of Fort St. George from the Surplus of the Offreckonings of the Native Invalids; and adverting also to the Orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors and to the orders of the Governor General in Council respecting the allowances and Offreckonings of the Town Mayor, has directed me to desire that you will signify to the

3642. Fort St. George 7th August 1804.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council
the wish of His Excellency in Council, to be in-
-formed of the grounds on which this portion
of the Surplus of Effreckonings has been annexed
to the Office of the Town Major of Fort St. George

Fort William
the 28th June 1804.

I have the honor to be
&c.a, &c.a, &c.a
(Signed) L. Hook
Secretary to Government

Extract of a Letter from the Adjutant General
dated the 5th May 1804.

Captain Lionel Hook
Secretary to the Government
Military Department

Sir,

1. After the most attentive perusal
of the Honorable Court of Directors' Letter of the
20th April 1803. on the Subject of Effreckonings.
His Excellency the Commander in Chief has ordered
me to request you will Submit the following obser-
-vations on the eligibility of Colonels to serve with
Regiments

Fort St. George 7th August 1804.

Regiments to the consideration of His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council.—

2 It does not appear that any part of the Honorable Court of Directors' Letter, either directly or indirectly implies, that a Colonel, not being a Major General, is to be of necessity Separated from his Regiment or Confined to his pay and proportion of Offreckonings.

3 On the Contrary Several Paragraphs Seem clearly to recognize the presence of Colonels with Regiments—of this Nature are paragraphs 29th. 30th. and 35th. all of which Suppose the probability of a Colonel being present with his Regiment.—

4 It is however to be remarked that the reasoning contained in these Paragraphs is intended to refute, the claims of Lieutenant Colonels, to Share in the Offreckonings in the absence of Colonels, but if it was intended, that Colonels should not Serve with their Regiments, there could be no necessity to state the probable case, of their being with a Battalion of their Regiment.—

5 The 5th. Paragraph while it allows

allows Colonels to reside in England, makes them Subject to the Courts orders to return to India to do their duty, but by return to duty on Indias, it hardly can be supposed to have been the Courts intention that they should return to be idle and unemployed, but rather that a Return to duty, infers to serve with their Regiments.—

6 The 3d Paragraph, particularly notices the incompetency of General-Officers to serve with their Regiments, but is silent on the incompetency of Colonels either by the former or late Regulations

7 The 36th Paragraph Seems unequivocally to give Colonels the option of residing in Europe or serving with their Corps, by expressly Stating "that those /Colonels/ who continue in the Command of Regiments, and Corps, having the option of coming "to Europe, without a precise limitation of the time "of Furlough".—

8 The 8th Paragraph is Vague and it would appear, the Honorable Court had not adverted at the moment to the Right of General Officers

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Officers.—This Paragraph supposes General Officers in India, not on the Staff, eligible to be employed on actual Service, in which Situations instead of putting them on the Staff, with the allowances attached thereto they are only to be allowed the usual Batta.—This is restricted to General Officers, and does not seem to apply to Colonels and consequently does not affect their allowances.—

9th. His Excellency is aware, that the Sentiments contained in this Letter, differ from those which he formerly had the honor to offer, at a time when His Excellency had not considered the Subject with the same attention as he has since had leisure to do.—

/a True Extract

/Signed/ L. Hook

Secretary to Government

The Commander in Chief records on the following Minute.—

Minute of the Commander in Chief.

Minute of the Commander in Chief Relative to the Rules of the Honble

I have perused with attention the

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Fort St. George 7th. August 1804.—

Honorable Court of Directors on the subject of various regulations for the army in India, and the formation of a retired list of General officers and Colonels

The Letter addressed to the Military Secretary of this Government, by the Secretary in the Military Department to the Most Noble the Governor General in Council of the 28th. of June 1804, together with the Extract enclosed.—

In considering the Orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors of the 20th. of April 1803. announcing various Regulations for the Army in India; and directing the formation of a retired List of General Officers and Colonels, it appeared to me that the Honorable Court had often indiscriminately employed those terms to designate the Class of Officers appointed to the Command of Regiments, without adverting to the specific difference in the Ranks of General Officer and Colonel, this is particularly observable in the 33d. Paragraph, and in the 4th. 5th. 6th. and 7th. Articles of the 34th. Paragraph, and although in the 8th. Article of that Paragraph General Officers only are expressly mentioned, yet the nature of the Provision that Article contains for remunerating these Officers when employed on actual Service,

leads

leads to the conclusion that the terms were still con-
-founded, and that Colonels were also in the contem-
-plation of the Honorable Court, for Generals. not being
Regimental Officers, can only be employed on the Staff
of the Army, while Colonels when Ordered on Service
are correctly entitled to the allowance specified in this
article, Viz.t The usual Batta

There cannot be a doubt that Colonels,
as Regimental Officers, are eligible to be employed
with their Regiments, but experience has shewn the
inexpediency of allowing Colonels in this Country
to serve with their Regiments when not ordered to
do so.— The System of the Honorable Company's
Service, which promotes to the highest rank by
Regular Succession of Seniority only, must inevitably
produce frequent instances, where high Rank is
not connected with the qualifications indispensably
requisite for Officers appointed to Situations
of particular trust: these must consequently be sup-
-plied by Selection; but if every Colonel is of necessity
to do duty with his Regiment, that Selection will
be

Fort St. George 7th. August 1804.—

be limited, and the Government will be precluded from appointing Officers of inferior Rank to particular Commands.—

This would be productive of much embarrassment for which I considered the recent Regulation of the Honorable Court of Directors, as providing an adequate Remedy, by leaving to the Govermt. in this Country the power, without enjoining the necessity of Selecting Colonels for employment in Commands, or with their Corps.—

If I have in this mistaken the intention of the Honorable Court, if full Batta is Still considered as a part of the regulated allowances of a Colonel when not Selected for employment, and it is meant that the Junior Colonels of the establishment shall at all times receive it, while their Seniors, who from length of Service have attained Superior Rank are to be denied that part of the allowances of Colonels, the effect will be to convert that Rank which has ever been considered as an honorable distinction, into a

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a Serious injury to the individual on whom it is bestowed.—

Veiwing the subject in this light, I recommended the publication of the Orders of the 8th. and 15th. of May, but as His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council does not consider the orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors as precluding Colonels who are not General Officers from the receipt of Batta — I feel particular Satisfaction in recommending that the last Paragraph of the General Orders by Government of the 15th. May 1804 be annulled, and that the Batta of Colonels (not being General Officers) on this establishment, which they have ceased to draw from the 8th. of May last be made good to them.—

In explanation of that Part of the General Orders of the 15th. of May 1804. which grants an allowance from the off reckonings of the Native Invalids to the Town Mayor of Fort St. George, I have to state that the Native Invalids under this Presidency have never formed Regiments or Battalions but are distributed into 20 independant Companies.

2nd

Fort St. George 7th August 1804.

and Stationed where their Services are most required; the entire Regulation of their Registers, Clothing and other points of interior Oeconomy Resting with the Town-Major of Fort St. George. To remunerate that Officer for the labour and Responsibility of this Duty, the entire profits arising from the Off-reckonings of the Native Invalids, had been invariably assigned to him, on the Same principle which dictated the allotment of the profits arrising from the Clothing of independent extra's, or Local Corps to the Officers (of whatever Rank) appointed to Command them.

The increased numbers of the invalid establishment corresponding with the repeated Augmentation of the Army, caused the amount of the Profit arising from their Off-Reckonings, to exceed Consiederably the proportion of emolument derived by Colonels from the Clothing of the Regular Regiments, and in this view attracted the notice of the Honorable the Court of Directors, as expressed in the 24th and 27th Paragraphs of their Orders of the 20th April 1803. In

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1803. In compliance with the Spirit of those
Orders, I recommended the limitation of the allowance
to the Town Major of Fort Saint George from the
Native Invalid fund to the Sum of three thousand
Star Pagodas annually, an amount inferior to
the averaged emolument of the Colonels of the
Army, whose Superior Rank entitled them to
higher Consideration although the Corps placed
under the Town Major was more numerous, as
and its arrangements were more Complicated
than those of a Regular Regiment. By throwing
the Surplus of the profits on Invalid Clothing
into the General fund, the great diminution
in the Annual distribution to Colonels, resulting
from the Two additional Colonels of Cavalry,
and the payment of Pensions to the retired List,
from the off reckoning fund, was in some mea-
sure balanced. While the allowance to the Town
Major appeared to be sufficiently liberal, and
proportionate to the importance of his charge.

I cannot quit a Subject so

intimately

Fort St. George 7th. August 1804.—

intimately connected with the Situation of the Superior Officers of the Company's Army on this establishment, without submitting to the Board's consideration, a point materially interesting to the Colonels of this Army.—

The Orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors under date the 8th. of January 1796. in fixing the Military establishment of this Presidency directed the promotion of Six Officers to the Rank of Major General, to be Chosen from the Senior Officers on the List, as a part of that establishment, and Regulated that from the Six Major Generals of the establishment, together with such Officers as attained that Rank by his Majesty's Brevet, the Selection of Major Generals for the Staff should be made.—

In consequence of those Orders, Major Generals, Brathwaite, Nixon, Bridges, Collins Ross, and Geils, were promoted to that Rank in the Honorable Company's Army by General Orders of the 25th. of April 1797. with Rank from

Fort St. George 7th August 1804.—

the 8th of January 1796. Since that period the whole of those Officers have quitted the Service but no promotion of Generals has taken place to supply the Vacancies occasioned by their removal, and to complete the establishment, hence at this moment, instead of possessing on the Madras establishment Six General Officers of the Honorable Company's Service, from whom the proportion required for the Staff are to be Selected, only four Officers of that Rank are in the army of this establishment and those derive their Rank solely from the casual Operation of His Majesty's General Brevets.—

As the Senior Colonels are by the incomplete state of the establishment, thus deprived of their Chance of appointment to the Staff of the Army, I recommend that this point be referred to the Consideration and decision of His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council.—

2d August 1804.—

(Signed) J. Stuart

Extract

3654 Fort St. George 7th August 1804.—

Extract from General Orders of the 12th July 1796. publishing the Orders of the Honorable Court of Directors of the 8th January 1796.—

"Six Major Generals to be promoted "at your Presidency from the Senior Officers in "our Army, that is to say from the Colonels and Lieut.t "Colonels of the Artillery, Cavalry, Infantry and "Engineers, according to the dates of their Commissions.

"From these Major Generals the "Selection of Generals on the Staff are to be made."

"If the retrospect to the Kings Brev.ts occasions a greater promotion of Major Generals "than the above, in such case the Selection for "the Staff is to be made from the whole."—

"That four General Officers be "employed on the Staff at your Presidency, two on "the Company's Establishment, two on the Kings."—

True Extract

(Signed) P.e Agnew

Adjutant General of the Army.

Resolved

Resolved and Ordered that the Last Paragraph of the General Order of this Government under date the 15th of May 1804 be cancelled, and that a copy of the foregoing Minute of the Commander in Chief be transmitted to Fort William for the information of the Governor General in Council.—

The Commander in Chief Records the following Minute.—

Minute of the Commander in Chief.

Minute of Dr. Ds. Recommending promotion and appointments—Recommends that Lieutenant Turner be permitted to proceed to Europe on sick certificate—Submits the proceedings of the Medical Board.—

I recommend the Promotion of the Honorable Edwin Lindsay and of Mr. L. Rolleston Gentlemen Cadets. to be Ensigns of Infantry, with date of Rank from the 27th April 1803. I also recommend the Promotion of Mr. John A. Mac Donald Gentleman Cadet to the Rank of Ensign of Infantry date of Commission the 18th July 1804. Mr. Charles Waddell having lost the Certificate of his appointment has made Oath that he was appointed a Cadet, and Captain Nash of the Honorable Company's Ships Marchioness of Exeter has also sworn that Mr. Waddell was ordered on Board his Ships as a Cadet. I lay the affidavits

Fort St. George 7th August 1804.—

Affidavits before the Board, and recommend that Mr. Charles Waddell be admitted as a Cadet on this Establishment, his Name appearing on the List received from the Honorable the Court of Directors.—

I recommend the appointment of Captain William Brown of His Majestys 77th Regiment, to be Major of Brigade to Colonel Sir William Clarke, Commanding the British Troops at Goa vice Clarke appointed Secretary to that Office.—

I recommend the appointment of Captain Thomas Baynes of the 18th Regiment of Native Infantry to be General Agent for Cavalry Supplies vice Walker promoted; and that Captain Alexander Grant of the 1st Regiment of Native Infantry may be appointed Town Major of Seringapatam vice Baynes.—

I recommend the appointment of Lieutenant George Jackson of the 16th Regiment of Native Infantry to be Fort-Adjutant of Sitekinope-ly vice Stewart permitted to proceed to Europe.—

I submit to the Board an applic-

cation

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Fort St. George 7th. August 1804.— 118.

application from Lieutenant Alexander Turner of the 5d. Regiment of Native Infantry, soliciting permission to proceed for the benefit of his Health to Europe from Bombay, accompanied by a very full certificate. This application is irregular in Form, but as Lieutenant Turner is a Young Officer, and has been severely wounded, I recommend to the Board compliance with his request.—

I have the honor to lay before Government the proceedings of the Medical Board at their meeting on the 6th. instant.—

(Signed) I. Stuart.

7th. August 1804.

Fort St. George } Charles Waddell Maketh Oath and
in the East Indies } Saith, that he this Deponent was in the Year last nominated by the Honorable Court of Directors a Cadet of Infantry on the Madras Establishment in the Honorable East India Company's Service.—

Sworn to this Sixth day of August 1804.— Before me (Signed) C. Waddell

(Signed) R. A. Maitland

Justice of Peace.—

Alexander Nash commanding the Honorable Company's Ship Marchioness of Exeter, Maketh Oath and Saith, that the Within Name Charles Waddell was received on Board his Ship by Virtue of an Order from the Honorable Court of Directors, in the Capacity of a Cadet.—

Sworn this 6th. of August 1804.— (Signed) Alexr. Nash

Before me

(Signed) R. A. Maitland

Justice of Peace

To

365 5/4

Fort St. George 7th August 1804.--

To the Adjutant General of the Army

Fort St. George

Sir,

I have the honor of forwarding to you a Certificate, which I have received from the Medical Board at Bombay, Certifying that it is necessary for me to proceed to Europe with the Ships about to Sail, and which I request you will lay before his Excellency the Commander in Chief for the inspection of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.—

I would have done myself the honor of making an earlier Application, but was willing to put it off as long as possible, as I was in hopes of getting the better of my indisposition, however as the Surgeon is of opinion that it is absolutely necessary for me to proceed with the first Ships. His Excellency the Commander in Chief at Bombay, has been pleased to grant me leave to proceed, in case an Answer from the Madras Government, should not arrive in Time.—

Bombay
July 15th 1804.--

(Signd) Alexr Turner

Lieutenant 1st Battalion 3d Regiment

M. St. I.

Original

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Original

I the undersigned Surgeon do hereby certify that Lieutenant Alexander Turner of the 1st Battn. 3d Regiment Madras Native Infantry is in an ill-state of health, and continues lame and unable to walk in consequence of a severe wound which he received in the Right thigh at the Battle of Argaum. The wound is still open and attended with a great discharge, and I do solemnly and sincerely declare that in my opinion a change of climate is indispensibly necessary, as well on account of his wound as his general health, I do therefore beg to recommend that he may be permitted to proceed to Europe by the earliest Opportunity.—

Certified at Bombay July 4th 1804.

(Signed) George Reid M.D.

Garrison Surgeon

We the undersigned Members of the Medical Board of Bombay, certify that we have seen Lieutenant Alexander Turner of the 1st Battalion 3d Regiment Madras Native Infantry, and according to the opinion of the Surgeon who attended him, we recommend his

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his being allowed to proceed to Europe.

Bombay
5th July 1804.

(Signed) Willm Moor 1st Mr.
U. Scott
2d D.

Resolved that the Recommendations
contained in the foregoing Minute be adopted.

The Board proceed to pass their
orders on the following Proceedings of the Medical Board.

Resolutions of the
Governor in Council
7th August 1804.

Medical Board
6th August 1804.

From the Medical Board Reporting Report the Success of Powers inoculation in the small Pock from November 1802 to June 1804. Submit a Return of the sick of the army for May and of patients vaccinated under the authority of this Presidency in June. Submit a Letter from the Superintending Surgeon on Bengal Establishment with an extract of a letter from Dr. Labaris in relation to the objections of the Widow to the vaccine inoculation recommendations and consequences

Para 1 The Medical Board have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the Resolutions of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, dated the 7th Instt. which will be paid due attention.

2 In regard to Para 2d however, of the above mentioned Resolutions, directing the Medical Board to consider whether it might not

not be advisable, that in
all cases a certain proportion
of vaccinated patients should
be inoculated also with
small Pox, they beg leave
to observe, that, has invaria-
bly been the Rule laid
down by them, from the
earliest commencement of
Cow-Pock inoculation
under the Auspices of this
Government. and although
they have regularly inclu-
ded the number of vaccina-
ted cases, put to the test
of Variolous inoculation, in
their Monthly Returns of
vaccination, they cannot
help allowing it to be an
omission, their not having
inserted them in their
last

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Last General Abstract,
the Total number of
which description was
the different months from
November 1803, to June
1804, Amounting to 1,050

3 The Medical
Board have herewith
the honor to forward
the Monthly Returns, of
the Sick of the Army,
for the Month of May;
also the Monthly Return
of Patients Vaccinated
in the Presidency, and
to different settlements
under its Authority, as
together with an abstract
of Expenses incurred
on account of Vaccina-
tion, and a list of Native
practitioners

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practitioners in the 4th Month of June last...

4 Read a Letter from the Superintending Surgeon of Mysore, a Copy of which they take the Liberty of Laying before Government, with an Extract of a Letter received at the same time, from Father Dubois, the worthy Missionary's remarks on the foregoing

Approved and Ordered that an Extract of this and the following paragraph be transmitted to the Board of Revenue for the purpose of being circulated to the Collectors of Districts mentioned by the Medical Boards

and his mode of explaining their religious prejudices relatives to their Goddess Mariamma appear expressive of an intelligent and assiduous

Sur

Fort St. George 7th August 1804

zealous mind, and such
as to give just ground
to hope, that they may
be removed on as reaso-
nable terms.

6 Agreeably to Mr.
Dubois's request, sup-
ported by the favora-
ble opinion of the Su-
perintending Surgeon
of Mysore, the Medical
Board recommend that,
he may be authorized
to carry on the vaccine
practice, in the Barra-
mahl, Coimbatore and
Palgaut Districts, and
that instructions may
be transmitted to the
Collectors to afford him
such protection and assis-
tance,

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assistance, as he may require
in the performance of that
Service, in those parts
of the Country.—

(Signed) Jas. Anderson
Physician General
Terence Gahagan
M. D. & Member Medical
Board

(Signed) Jas. Richardson
Sr. Mr. Mr. Board

By Order of the Right Honorable the
Governor in Council—

(Signed) G. Strachey
Secretary to Govt.

General

3666 Fort St George 1st August 1804

General Return of the Patients Vaccinated at the Presidency &c

Compare Bramins Malabay

			Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
Presidency	Superintendant							
	Native Practitioner Surgery Master				11	5	183	197
	do	do Mun Pr Gallo Mathematician			9	2	101	44
	do	do Hospital Mistah Interpreter Bramin					5	9
Centre Division	Mr Surgeon Pitton Senr				96	32	27	32
	Mr Surgeon Pitton Junr				1		207	192
	Mr Surgeon Brickwood Confectioner				9	4	125	91
	Assistant Surgeon Assistant Apothecary						6	9
	Native Practitioner Gunjam Gentoo Chief Cutter				5	7	23	14
	do do Cuttacherry Gentoo Chief Cutter						10	11
	do do Chittoway Gentoo Cutter							9
	do do Vizagapatam Gentoo Cutter				20	17	93	95
	do do Ganjam do do				10	15	30	152
	do do Pallakolly & Jaggerpettah Gentoo Cutter				24	17	16	2
	do do Bimmenah Gentoo Cutter				2	2	2	3
	do do Vizianagrum Gentoo Cutter				2	2	2	4
	do do Cuttack Gentoo Cutter						3	42
	do do Jaggernaut Gentoo Cutter						37	37
	do do Bandamurra Gentoo Cutter		1				29	47
Southern Division	do do Mr Wallace Practitioner Cuddalore				24	19	29	
Northern do	Mr Reports from the Division				1		22	
	do Mr Surgeon Gentoo Cutter							
Surgeons Division	Mr Surgeon Pitton Compositor							
	Père des Bolton							
	Native Practitioner Cuddapah Gentoo Chief Cutter				41	24	520	130
	do do Jamul Ghaut Gentoo Cutter				6	6	140	122
	do do Permanah do do						1	3
	do do Chittoway Gentoo Cutter							
							17	18

Fort St George
Medical Board Office
5th July 1804

Total 4 192 158 1688 962

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...ry and different out. Stations during the Month of June 1804...

Gentoos		Mahomedans		Half Caste, Portuguese Caffres				Pariahs		Rajpoots		Candicas		Marattas					
Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Total Prisoners	Died	Cured	Remarks
188	198	59	43	1	2	6	3	194	226	"	"	"	"	"	"	1296	177	1119	"
36	36	6	4	2	2	6	4	6	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	108	2	106	"
3	1	40	30	"	"	5	6	74	90	"	"	"	"	"	"	243	6	237	"
59	45	17	22	3	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	287	16	268	"
17	24	21	8	"	"	"	"	9	4	"	"	"	"	8	1	443	2	445	"
9	6	11	"	"	"	"	"	12	9	"	"	"	"	"	"	216	7	209	"
1	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	9	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	16	"	16	"
69	92	4	1	"	"	"	"	34	46	"	"	"	"	"	"	293	15	278	"
30	20	30	10	"	"	"	"	56	35	"	"	"	"	"	"	201	18	183	"
74	39	54	4	"	"	"	"	73	53	"	"	"	"	"	"	487	3	484	"
200	130	70	24	"	"	"	"	30	31	"	"	"	"	"	"	495	4	491	"
153	25	6	4	"	"	"	"	137	36	"	"	1	"	"	"	528	3	525	"
111	95	3	7	"	"	"	"	15	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	263	5	258	"
43	44	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	97	2	95	"
12	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	32	1	31	"
19	18	1	2	3	"	3	"	11	18	"	"	"	"	"	"	155	2	153	"
19	23	25	15	"	"	"	"	13	10	"	"	"	"	"	"	224	20	204	"
"	3	47	29	4	"	"	"	24	9	"	"	"	"	7	5	164	14	150	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
2	9	2	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	15	10	5	"
2	1	105	32	"	"	"	1	57	17	2	1	107	86	"	"	411	43	367	"
150	60	30	19	"	"	"	"	190	89	"	"	366	344	21	7	2080	50	2030	12
56	4	28	30	"	"	"	"	96	30	"	"	"	"	"	"	452	74	378	"
55	71	29	47	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	206	33	173	"
50	64	4	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	124	33	91	"
13	8	15	1	"	"	"	"	9	6	"	"	11	9	1	"	107	21	86	"
1371	1022	649	334	9	8	19	16	734	708	2	1	474	439	26	13	5929	515	5414	13

/Signed/ Jas. Anderson
Physician General
/ " / Terence Gahagan M.D. & P. Member Medical Board
/ " / Jas. Richardson 3d. Member Medical Board

Abstract

Abstract of Expenses incurred on Account of Vaccination at the Presidency and at the Subordinate Stations during the Month of June 1804 —

Presidency

Salary of the Superintendent			300	"	"	
Charge of Dr. for patients successfully vaccd.		1159	115	40	40	
Wages of the Servants employed in the vaccine hospital			46	"	"	
Hospital Rent			12	"	"	
Disbursements for Carriage of Pens, Slate plates Wax, & Stationary			5	30	"	
Salary of the Native practitioner Lazary Pack			25	"	"	
Charge of do. for patients successfully vaccd.		190	19	"	"	
do. of do. when Especially mahamilan for do.		137	13	24	40	
do. of do. Gopaul Kistnah & Sukuk Bramins for do.		266	26	27	"	
						569 39 "

Centre Division

Charge of Mr. Surgeon Batton for patients successfully vaccd.		445	44	77	"	
Half Batta of his Rank			28	5	20	
Charge of Mr. Surgeon Pritchard for patients successfully vaccd.		209	20	40	40	
Half Batta of his Rank			28	5	20	
Charge of Native practitioners Venkatachurry & Lutchimdhutty for patients successfully vaccd. ... from 15th. February to 16th. March 1804		583	18	13	40	

Fort St. George 1st. August 1804

Charge of Native practitioner Anaswamy Malabar for patients successfully vaccin.d from 16th February to 15th June 1804	484	48	18	-
Charge of Native Practitioner Echana Bramen for patients successfully vaccin.d from 16th February to 15th June 1804	491	49	4	40
Charge of Native practitioners Jalaputty & Jaggoloo for patients successfully vaccin.d from 15th February to 15th June 1804	525	52	22	40
Charge of Native practitioners Bosswanah Gentoo for patients successfully vaccin.d from 1st to 15th June 1804	258	25	33	66
Charge of Native practitioner Veerasalingum Gentoo for patients successfully vaccin.d from 6th to 15th June 1804	31	3	4	16
Charge of Native practitioner Zacaria amboo Malabar for patients successfully vaccin.d in June 1804	153	15	12	40
Charge of Native practitioner Mootooramen Gentoo for do. do.	204	20	18	-
do. do. Abdulkawn Mahometan for do. do.	150	15	-	-
do. do. Vencatacherry Gentoo for do. from 15th February to 15th March 1804	278	27	36	-
do. of Native practitioner Maderaddy pauliah Gentoo for patients successfully vaccin.d from 1st to 15th June 1804	95	9	21	-
			Carried Over	406. 33.
				766. 27.
			Brought	

Fort St. George, 7th August 1804

Brought Over					766	27	.
Mysore Division							
Charge of Dr. Surgeon White, for patients successfully vacc.d	367	36	31	40			
Half Batta of his Rank			28	5	20		
Charge of Padre Dubois for patients successfully vacc.d	2080	208	.	.			
Dr. of Native practitioner Condapah Guntoo for do.	378	37	36	.			
do. of do. Joanah Christian for do.	173	17	13	40			
do. of do. Marianah Christian for do.	95	9	4	40			
do. of do. Choverry Mootoo Pariah for do.	86	8	27	"			
					345	27	60

Malabar Province

Half Batta of Mr. Surgeon Mack 28 5 20

28 5 20

Pagodas ..... 11,40 15 "

N.B.

Rice received from the Garrison Storekeeper and distributed to the indigent patients at the Vaccine hospital and Pandals at the Presidency, in the Month of June 1804. 2 Garce

Fort St. George
Med. Board Office
1st. July 1804.—

(Signed) Jas. Anderson
1st Physician General.
" Terence Cahagan M.D.
1 & 2d Mr. Medical Board
" Jas. Richardson
3d Mr. Medical Board.

List

30/11 Fort St. George 1st August 1804

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List of the Native Practitioners authorized by regular Certificates to Vaccinate at the Presidency and out Stations for June 1804.

No.	Names	Casts	Residence
1	Swamy Naick	Gentoo	Presidency
2	Gopaul Kistnah	Bramin	Presidency
3	Aupiah	Bramin	Presidency
4	Meer Fyzally	Mahometan	Presidency
5	Mootoo	Pariah	Presidency
6	Nagalingum	Gentoo	Guntoor
7	Veerasalingum	Gentoo	Guntoor
8	Bosowanah	Gentoo	Guntoor
9	Madereddy Jaupiah	Gentoo	Guntoor
10	Sharabalingum	Bramin	Guntoor
11	Venceatacherry	Bramin	Nellore District
12	Achana	Bramin	Nellore District
13	Anahswamy	Malabar	Nellore District
14	Gopaul Sutchumpully	Gentoo	Nellore District
15	Jaggoolu	Gentoo	Ongole District
16	Jalapoolty	Gentoo	Ongole District

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	Names	Casts	Residence
	Meerkaw Therally	Mahometan	Wallajanaghur
	Anakpillay	Malabar	Wallajanaghur
	Vencataswamy	Gentoo	Ryacottah
20	Meerhussinally	Mahometan	Kistnaghery
	Abdulkawn	Mahometan	Arcot
	Imboopillay	Malabar	Pondicherry
	Mootooramen	Gentoo	Cuddalore
	Zacaree	Malabar	Pondicherry
	Colendaypillay	Malabar Christian	Salem
	Antapah	Christian	Seringapatam
	Candapah	Gentoo	Chinapatam
	Joahna	Christian	Madras
	Mariahna	Christian	Swaselly
30	Chowery Mootoo	Pariah	Bangalore
	Brayna	Pandarum	Ingeram & Madepollam
	William Lucas		Malabar Province
33	I. Joseph Wills		Malabar Province

Fort St. George
Med. Board Office
1st July 1804.—

Signed Ja.s Anderson
Physician General
" Terence Gahagan M.D.
& 2d Member Medical Board
Ja.s Richardson
3d Member Medical Board

To

3674 Fort St. George 7th. August 1804.

To James Anderson Esqr.

Physician General & Members of the

Medical Board

Gentlemen

I have the honor of forwarding for the registers of Persons vaccinated in Mysore during the Month of June amounting to 3875, and the Return of vaccinators & expenses incurred by Government &c.

I have much pleasure likewise on forwarding the accompanying letter of the 9th Instant, from the Reverend Master Dubois with a Statement of his Labors from the time he commenced to disseminate Cow-pock in Mysore in May 1803, to the 8th of July 1804, which afford ample proofs of his Zeal, and qualifications for the undertaking. His Success will no doubt induce you to give every support and encouragement to the proposal he has made of introducing Cow-pock in the Southern Provinces, where his professional duties oblige him

3675 Fort St. George 7th August 1804
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him to resort; as a fairer opportunity of dissemination
in those parts, will not likely soon happen. The
inhabitants of many parts of Mysore, begin to ga
a full sense of the advantages of low-pock, and the
prejudices and opposition are wearing off so fast, th
we have reasonable hopes of its soon becoming a
general practice among them. And the Native p
tioners employed by Mr. Dubois have become, f
his instructions, and extensive experience, so conver
in the Business, that I do not imagine the estab
ment can suffer during his temporary absence, and
shall arrange matters so, previous to his departure
as to give every support and facility to those he ma
leave in charge of the undertaking.

I have the honor to be

Seringapatam
July 13th 1804.

Sir
Your most obedt
humble Servt
(Signed) A. Anderson
Superg. Surgeon

(True Copy)
(Signed) Wm. Horsman
Secretary Medical Board

Extract

3676 Fort St. George 7th August 1804

Extract of a Letter from Padre Dubois, to the Superintending Surgeon of Mysore Dated 9th July 1804

"The strongest, and I may say the almost alone serious opposition, which now stands against vaccination is, that which proceeds from religious scruples, or too much delicacy of conscience, the fear of irritating, and being exposed to the displeasure of the goddess Maricama; if she was contradicted in her ordinary mode of making her appearance, under the form of natural Small-pox, makes so much impression on the mind of many devoted Hindoos, that in many instances hear-ing of the ravages made by that dreadful disease in some Villages, and sending inoculators to stop them by the mild way of Vaccination, the inhabi-tants could by no means be prevailed upon to have their Children inoculated, and notwithstanding the immenent danger, to which the latter were expose to take the infection of Small pox, their relations obstinately refused to admit of the powerful preserva-tion offered to them, saying, that they preferred to see

their

their Children carried away by Mariama rather than to be exposed to a more severe vengeance from that god-dess, by contradicting her in her ordinary way of manifes-ting herself among mortals. however, I am persuaded that this difficulty however serious, will soon give way, and when more experience has convinced the inha-bitants of the advantages of Vaccination, they will easily persuade themselves, that Mariama herself has chosen this new mild mode to make her appearance among them, and has preferred it to her former hideous and loathsome form, and then vaccination, as is the case with every institution, shall triumph over every obstacle, and become general".

Before I finish this already much too long application, the next favor I have to solicit of you- Although I change for the present my residence, I do not design to relax my endeavours to introduce the benefit of Vaccination among Natives in the Bairahmaul, Coimbatore, and Palghaut dis-tricts, there are a great number of Christians spread over the several Villages, by putting them forward

Fort St. George 7th August 1804.

as I have done these in Mysore, I hope to be as successful in that part of the Country, as I have been in this: I beg you Sir, to be so good as to acquaint the Medical Board with my intention, to continue to carry on the practice of Vaccination in these Districts, chiefly in the two Talluks, and if they approve of my determination, I would wish that an application should be made by them, as they shall judge fit, to have the protection and assistance of the Collectors in that part of the Country in my endeavours to introduce the benefit of vaccine among natives; you would also much oblige me to use your influence and Kind recommendation by the Medical Board, to have my request complied with &c.

(True Extracts)
(Signed) Wm. Horsman
Secretary Medical Board

Mr. Petrie: Records the following Minutes

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3679 Fort St. George 7th August 1804.

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Mr. Petrie's Minute submitting a reply to the opinion which has been delivered at the Board in opposition to his sentiments on the subject of the Military Patronage of this Government

It never constituted any part of my intention to engage in personal discussions on the question before the Board. My Opinion was called for in a case of importance. It is the only legal manner in which questions of this Nature ought to be decided on by Government, and in giving my Opinion, I endeavored as much as possible to confine myself to those fixed principles which experience in all Ages has proved to be correct, and I am concerned that a misconception of them should induce the necessity of further Reply.

In my former Minute, I merely alluded to the arrest of Lord Pigot and very generally applied that Event to a remote consideration of the question. My wish not to revive the details of that transaction was stronger than the desire to strengthen my Argument by a Relation of Facts, which will be found to be as directly in point to the principle I contended for, as could, arise from almost any possible case, but as this is now controverted, and as General Stuart States that neither the

/ the Army or the Commander in Chief were concerned in that Revolution, and that Neither derived from it any encrease of Power, being a change effected by a Party, and the means, a Subordinate Officer at the head of a small Guard from the Govern=ment of one Civil Governor to that of another: that the Army had no previous concurrence in the Measure, and that the change of a Civil Governor by Means of a Civil Faction cannot with Justice be employed as an argument against the Patronage of the Commander in Chief, it becomes necessary to Subjoin the following detail.—

General Sir Robert Fletcher, the Commander in Chief of the Army, formed and con=ducted the Party in Council against the Governor Lord Pigot.—

One of the principal points in dispute and which directly led to the Revolution in the Government was, whether the proposition of the Governor should be adopted, that Mr. Russell a Member of Council should be sent as Resident to

the

3631 Fort St. George 7th August 1804.—

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the Durbar at Tanjore, or the proposition of the Command-
-er in Chief and his Party, that the Command of the
Troops in that Province should be conferred upon the
Second in Command of the Army uncontrolled by any
Civil, Resident.—

The Plan for seizing the person of
the Governor was concerted by the Commander in Chief
and the Second in Command. The principal Officers
privy to it, and whose cooperation was Secured, were
Colonel Lang, commanding the Troops in Garrison,—
Colonel Flint commanding at Poonamalee, Major—
Horne commanding the Artillery at the Mount, and—
Lieutenant Colonel Eidington the Adjutant General
of the Army.—

In consequence of a violent dispute
in Council, the Commander in Chief was put in Arrest
by the Governor, and, the Second in Command having
signified his obedience to the Commander in Chief,
and a majority of the Council, he was immediately
intrusted with the execution of the Plan for Securing
the Person of the Governor and conveying him a Prison-
-er to the Mount.—

In

3682 Fort St. George 7th. August 1804.

In proceeding from the Fort to the Government Gardens, Lord Pigot being accompa-nied in his Carriage by the Second in Command, from whom he thought he had obtained a declara-tion in favor of his Authority, was stopped and Seized on the Island by a Party of Sepoys which had been paraded in the Evening for that purpose by the Adjutant General and placed under the Command of Captain Lysaght, who was by no means a Subordinate Officer acting merely in the tour of his duty, but expressly Selected for that purpose, as a person of considerable influence and great respec-tability in the Army. The Second in Command of the Army, Assisted the Adjutant General and Capt. Lysaght in Securing the Person of the Governor, in en-forcing him from his own Carriage into another in which he was conveyed to the Mount and en-delivered over in Charge to Major Horner, who had previously Signified his readiness to obey the orders for detaining the Governor in Confinement, and for Sending him, if required to do so, to an interior part

of

of the Country.—

In the course of the next day, a new Government was proclaimed, and amongst the first of their acts was the restoration of Pattas to the Zemindars, which had been, in my Opinion, very improperly taken away by the preceding Administration. But from the Manner and the time on which this Measure took place, it was not to be considered as that the Publications of that time imputed this act to motives of a very different nature from public Justice or an impartial consideration of the well founded Claims of the Army—A Second Measure which followed not long after, was the appointment of the Second in Command to the Station he had so earnestly solicited on the Tanjore Country.—

I am Sorry to have gone into these Details, but, I trust, I have confined myself merely to the Outlines of Facts which I have shewn impartially, without any allusion to the Opinions which agitated the Public Mind both here and in Europe, upon the Principal Points in dispute between Lord Pigot and the majority of his Council. The Records of the Company, the Voluminous Publications of

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Fort St. George 9th August 1804.

by the Advocates of the Two Parties in England, the Statements of Facts, under the authority of the Court of Directors by their Council Privy Rous, and the Proceedings in Parliament and ultimately in the Courts of Kings Bench before Lord Mansfield, have long ago put the Public in full possession of the Sentiments and all the circumstances of that extraordinary period. I shall now proceed to make such observations upon the other parts of the Commander in Chiefs Minute, as appear to me to be necessary for the further elucidation of the Argument.

On the Subject of a distinction of Bodies, notwithstanding the Arguments adduced to the contrary, I cannot but be still decidedly of Opinion that, this distinction will be more and more marked and more and more fraught with Public inconvenience in India, if the Military are habituated to look up to their Commander in Chief alone for promotion and Rewards. His Selections will in some cases out of Turn be tantamount to actual Appointment, and this extensive influence over the Military Body will naturally annihilate all hopes and expectations from

the

the Civil Power, which are, and ever have been, the best Security for a due degree of Obedience to its Orders, and of just Subordination to its Authority.—

It is generally admitted by the Closest Observers of past and present Ages, if I understand them right, and daily experience confirms the fact, that a Standing Army is dangerous to Liberty and to Civil Power, wherever the Interest of the principal Officers is not necessarily connected with the support of the Constitution of the State. If the Patronage of Appointments and Rewards is taken from the hands of the Civil Minister, and invested only in the immediate Director of all their Operations, it is obvious in this Case, on which side their Interest will also be. The mere issuing of Orders on general occasions, or making Movements of Troops, or even the confirmation of Appointments and Allowances by the Civil Power, when another distinct Authority is the Channel of procuring that confirmation, is not of sufficient weight to create that Mutual Interest or dependance of the Military on the Civil Power, which past experience has shewn to be essential to effectual cooperation

and

Fort St. George 5th August 1804.—

and entire Security, and which is recognised by the Spirit of the British Constitution. It is evident that another species of Control must be established. The Civil Officer has no positive force to oppose to that of a Military Body, whence it becomes indispensable that he should be able to influence it, by the hopes and expectations which he may excite in certain Individuals of the Order, and under the constituted state of things in India, it is by no means clear how these hopes and expectations can possibly be raised or firmly perpetuated but by the constant expectation of further preferment.—

The Rights of Patronage may appear to some of Little importance in the general Administration of established Governments, and therefore unworthy of being contended for by the Chief Civil Officer of the State, but when the Histories of all Countries, and particularly those of Europe, so plainly shew that those Rights have been contended for as the best Support of Civil Government and have through many ages and at all hazards been eagerly pursued as indispensible to the efficiency of Civil Power, while Patronage has such acknowledged and universal influence

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Influence over the human Mind and while its importance is proved to us by a Succession of daily Events, I never can admit that the Person who exercises it, is vested with a weak, circumscribed and dependant Power. In Whenever any Body of Men constitute a great incorporation in the State, where they act in concert under the direction of one Superior, where they are united under that direction by Private Interest, where that Interest is Independant of the Sovereign or Civil Power, and where the Sovereign has not Sufficient means to influence this incorporated Body, it is very clear that his Situation must always be liable to Public inconvenience and often precarious or in-secure, and where this incorporated and distinct Body is an armed one, the in-security of the Sovereign is greatly increased. The contests for Patronage which are recorded in European History, and particularly from the 10th to the 13th Centuries inclusive, are precisely of this Nature, and exhibit a distinct Patronage attended with the usual and Natural effect of detracting from the efficiency of the Civil Power. The greatest Sovereigns in Europe conscious of their Real Weakness, while ev-

deprived

deprived of the influence of Patronage, labored to regain it with all the energies which their high situations enabled them to command. Thrones were shaken and some overthrown in the struggle, and until this lost influence was recovered, the Civil Governments enjoyed but little authority and less Security.—

Throughout these Scenes, it is every where manifest, that the natural ambition of a Man exclusively attaches him to that Superior from whom alone he expected Preferment, and in proportion as this distinct Influence prevailed, the Civil Power was every where weak and inefficient. The highest Sentiments of Honor and of Public duty in the few, even the utmost efforts of Human Reason were never able to dissolve in the many, the ties of private Interest.

To suppose therefore that such Sentiments can influence any one or general Body of Men in opposition to the powerful influence of their own Self regarding Interest, is to suppose, what has not yet occurred to us, suppose an universal degree of Human Frailty foreseen against temptation. Such instances of Public Virtue

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even in Individuals are rare "to be found only among some "few Men of elevated Minds and improved Understandings, "and are mentioned as the moral prodigies and Wonders of "Antiquity" it is accordingly remarked of the Circumstances and Events above alluded to, by one of the most illustrious Writers of the Last Century that "the wonder is not that the Sovereign or Civil Power was sometimes obliged to yield, but that it ever was able to resist" Incorporated Bodies have this private and distinct Interest and accordingly we find in all Ages that they have ever been guided by its influence. Why Similars Bodies should not be similarly influenced in time to come, remains to be Substantiated by Stronger Proofs than have yet been adduced, and is clearly not to be Justified on the grounds of past experience.

I therefore repeat that the great danger of a large standing Army, and more particularly in this Country, where the Civil Body is so small, consists in its possessing within itself, a Power which if exercised is Superior to all the Institutions of Civil Law. It has therefore been always thought advisable to counteract this

actual

actual and efficient Power by establishing a direct & positive dependancy of the Military upon the Civil Authority. If these hopes and expectations fail Rewards and reward depend upon their own Commander they will naturally become more indifferent to the Approval & Authority of the Civil Power. The more they are united by those ties among themselves and dependant on each other the more will they feel their own united Strength, or that Strength which once called into Action nothing on the State can possibly resist; and as a Military Man have the Same feelings with others, it would be an unpardonable degree of Political indifference to Suppose that no Circumstances can occur in which this Strength is to be exerted.—

To supersede the Necessity of further Patronage being vested in the Chief Civil Magistrate another position has been advanced Viz.t, the Power of acting upon his own separate responsibility and the inference which would seem to be thence deduced of this Power being paramount in all cases will probably appear in a very different point of view when it comes

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to be correctly Stated ...

Cap. 52. The 33. of His present Majesty autho-

Clause 47. -rizes the exercise of this Power by Governors in Certain

cases of very high importance only, Viz.t where the Inter-

-ests of the said united Company or the Safety or tranquil-

-lity of the British Possessions in India or any part

thereof, are, or may in the Judgment of the Governor General

or of the said Governors respectively, be essentially concerned

or affected ...

The same Act not only restrains

the exercise of this Power to the particular Cases specifiz

but requires that even in these Cases it should not

be assumed until after a mutual exchange of written

Opinions in Council, and that the Governor should still

deem the Measure expedient ...

The 49.th Clause positively prohibits

his making any Order which could not have been made

with the consent of the Council, and the 55.th and other

Clauses prescribe cleq Ruls for the decision of other

questions by a Majority of Votes in Council, leaving

only to the President a casting Vote in certain Cases

Fort St. George 7th. August 1804...

and a Power of proposing, in the first instance, for the deliberation and decision of Council, all matters of Ordinary Proceeding relating to the Civil and Military Government of the Country...

From this state of the case, which I understand to be the true one, the personal Powers of the Governor are far from possessing that paramount, exclusive and Superior degree of Control which has been ascribed to them: they are perhaps, strictly considered, inadequate to the great responsibility of his Situation, to the magnitude and Variety of Affairs chiefly entrusted to his direction and superintendance, to the Vigor and promptitude of action required from the executive Head of every great and extensive Empire; and it has accordingly sometimes occurred that Governors with the tacit acquiescence of the Board have been obliged to exercise for the greater benefit of the Public Service, an independant degree of Authority not vested in them by the strict Letter of the Law...

It is therefore very evident to me that the power of the Civil Governor, so far from being constitutionally

constitutionally efficient to all the purposes of his high situa-
tion, so far from being placed beyond all risk of countenac-
tion from the collision of a distinct Authority, is rather
in its exercise, too much restrained; and that considering
the nature and variety of his duties, the extent and impor-
tance of his charge, his hands ought rather to be strength-
ened than weakened, whilst under the present limitations
of the act, the late great increase and augmented weight
of the Indian Army, and the probability of still further
augmentations, that additional strength can only, in my opi-
nion, arise from concentering in his Person, the influence
that is derived from the effect of Patronage.

If the preceding interpretations of the
Act of Parliament be correct, it is apparent that the Com-
mander in Chief positively derives no Authority from the
Constitution of our Government, to recommend for Military
Appointments. He derives that Authority solely from the
Orders and Regulations of the Court of Directors. These
were first drawn up with the approbation of His Majes-
ty's Ministers in the beginning of the year 1774, and
transmitted to the Governments of India at the same time
with

with the Act of Parliament of the 14th of His present Majesty, which gave a new Constitution to the Company's Indian Governments. I cannot therefore confirm the fact referred to my Knowledge and information "That the Governor of Madras exercised the "previlige of disposing of all Military Commands and "nearly of all Military Appointments until resisted "by Lieutenant General Harris," because it is within my own personal Knowledge and experience, that since the Receipt of the Orders and Regulations above alluded to, in the course of the year 1794. the Commander in Chief of the Madras Army has invariably recommended to the Commands of all the Native Battalions and to the Staff Appointments of Adjutant Generals Quarter Master General &c.a, &c.a, &c.a.

It certainly was not the contest between Lord Hobart and General Harris which first drew forth the energies of the Madras Army from that dependant state which the Commander in Chief has described in such strong terms, for the Military transactions of a period almost immediately preceding the date of

that

Fort St. George 7th. August 1804.

that Struggle for Patronage, exhibit the Army under this Presidency in a very different light, nor am I disposed to admit the Justness of the allusion to even the most remote periods of the Military Annals of this part of India. In the very infancy of our Warfare upon the Coast, the arduous and brilliant Atchievments of a Laurence and a Clive and their Companions in Arms, laid the foundations of our Empire in the East, and entitled those gallant Warriors to the veneration and gratitude of their Country; their Combats were not with the Natives of India, but with the Veterans of France, led on by Officers of tried Service and experience. With respect to another Epoch of our Military History, I entirely concur with the Commander in Chief, and should be deficient in Justice as well as in gratitude to the respectable Officers who commanded the British Army in the first Mysore War, if I was not upon this occasion to record my full conviction that the Misfortunes of the two last campaigns, of which I was an eye Witness, were to be ascribed Solely attributed to the injudicious, unprecedented and unpardonable interference of the Governor and

Council

Fort St. George 1st. August 1804

Council of Madras in the details of the Field operations, and in thus rejecting every proposition of the Commander in Chief for the more successful prosecution of the Wars but unless, and until these unprecedented interferences of this nature can never happen again from the change which has taken place in the Constitution of the Government under a positive Law since that period, and where extraordinary Cases require a further delegation of Powers to the Commander in Chief, or even generally when he is at the head of the Army in the Field, the suggestion of the Right Honorable the President, in which I had the honor to concur with His Lordship, particularly applies to such occasions.—

I cannot therefore admit, that any of the Arguments of my former and present Minutes, on the System I have supported of vesting the Patronage of the principal Military Appointments and Rewards in the Chief Civil Offices, has the smallest tendency to degrade the Military below the honorable Ranks which they ought to maintain in the State. A candid interpretation of my former Minute, will, I am satisfied, ex-

exhibit

exhibit Sentiments of a very different tendency. No Man has a higher respect for the Talents and qualifications of the Officers of our Indian Army than myself. If there is a bias in my mind, it must be in favor of the Military. the first four years of my Public Service were chiefly Spent in the Field or in Cantonments. my first Friendships were formed in the Army, and those early habits have through Life led me more into the Society of Military Men than of any others.

There is besides no Set of Men in the World more respected than the Officers of His Majesty's Military Service in England, and there is no Army in Europe under a greater degree of Subordination to the Civil Power. Why therefore a corresponding degree of dependance in India should produce such fatal and opposite effects, is what I am unable to understand.—

I can as little admit that the Army is as much under the Civil Power in India as in Europe. All Officers as British Subjects, are, it is true, amenable, to the King's Courts of Law, but it is at least questionable whether the Same Sentiments and Ideas, in respect to the Superiority of Civil Magistrates

prevail

Fort St. George 7th August 1804.—

prevail in India, which Officers in England are with their earliest Education taught to encourage the weight too and numbers of the Civil in proportion to the Military Body, admit of no Kind of comparison in England, and in India those ties of private Interest, of Property, of Relationship and Family connexion which firmly unites the Two Lines in the former Country, are almost wholly foreign to the Constitution of the Latter—, It is also new to me that Commanders in Chief in England promote and appoint, Since these Nominations & General run in the Kings name or the Chief Lords Officers of the State. Even the most common promotions of Kings Officers in India by the Naval and Military Commanders in Chief are set aside at Home, and if it be argued that His Majesty promotes merely because he is also at the Head of this Army I then Repeat that it might also be better in Parliament for the very Same reasons to vest the whole Civil & Military Government in one Person, because he might then perhaps feel a Sufficient Interest in the respectability and efficiency of the Civil Department, to check encroachments on its authority by the Military Body—

I shall now State my official duty

required

required, my own Individual reasons founded on first principles and past experience, for conceiving that the Public advantage may be greatly promoted, the Public Service conducted with more unanimity and good will, the two lines united in greater cordiality and confirmed in a stronger sense of its mutual dependance on each other by vesting the Military Patronage in the chief Civil Magistrate of the State. Peace, order and just Submission to the Civil Government, are among the greatest blessings to be derived from Political Institutions, for the Liberty and happiness of Mankind can only prosper where Civil Government is able to protect them. Where therefore the Civil Body as in India is so comparatively small an accession of strength is not only Politic but Secure, for its utmost irritabilities can never be formidable the case is different with the Military in which any ferment or distemper, may be fatal to our Political existence.

Madras 6th August 1804. (signed) Willm Petrie

Read the following Letters from the Military Board.

To

3700 Fort St. George 7th August 1804

To the Right Honorable Lord William Bentinck

Governor in Council

&c.a &c.a &c.a

My Lord.

From the Military Board. The Officer commanding at Trichinopoly has been ordered to afford to the Braamins of the Island of Seringham on the Indent of the Collector, such assistance as has been customary. Observations on that subject. Submit a Minute of the Chief Engineer with an estimate of the expence of constructing a Shed for Stores in the works of Fort St. George. Recommend Payment of Bills.

1 We have to acknowledge the receipt of your Lordship's commands conveyed to us in Letters from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department dated the 18th July.

2 We have in consequence directed the Officer Commanding Trichinopoly to order the Commissary of Stores to afford to the Braamins of the Island of Seringham on the Indent of the Collector, such assistance as has been customary as far as the state of the Stores will permit. We are however apprehensive that they may be in some measure disappointed, as Cables have never been Kept in the Arsenal at Trichinopoly, not being Military Stores, and as no record of any issue of Stores to the Braamins of Seringham appears on the Books of the Commissary, We are led to believe that the Collector may have been misinformed on the subject and that the assistance heretofore afforded to the Braamins

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Fort St. George 7th. August 1804.

has been obtained, not from the Stores of the Company, but from those of His Highness the Nabob.

3 We enclose for your Lordships consideration, Copy of a Minute of the Chief Engineer, with an Estimate of the expense of constructing a Shaft for Mines from the Gallery in the Counterscarp opposite Coote's Counterguard, omitted in the Estimate for rebuilding that Work, and beg to recommend that it may be authorized.

4 We recommend payment of the following Bills. Viz.

No. 1. Bill of the Garrison Store-keeper at Pellicherry, for Rice, Salt, and Gunny Bags purchased by him for the Public Service amounting to Pagodas 3,379: 32: 44.

No. 2. Bill of the Garrison Store-keeper at Pellicherry for Rice purchased by him for the Public Service amounting to Pagodas 612. 10. 22.

We have the honor to be

Fort St. George.
23d. July 1804.

Esqrs. Esqrs. Esqrs.

(Signed) J. Stuart
" D. Smith
" E. Trapaud
" P. & T. Agnew
" Alex. Orr

Minute

3702 Fort St. George 7th. August 1804.

Minute of the Chief Engineer.

The expence of constructing a Shaft for mines to be placed under the crest of the Glacis from the center of the Gallery on the Counterscarp of the Ditch opposite to the Counterguard, having been omitted in the in Estimate forwarded to the Superintending Engineer. The Chief Engineer begs that it may be authorized and has the honor of submitting an Estimate of the Expence for the Boards' approval.—

Engineer's Office
Fort St. George
7th July 1804.

(Signed) E. Frapaud
Chief Engineer.

(A True Copy)

(Signed) John Macleane
Secy. Military Board

Probable

3703 Fort St. George 7th August 1804.

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Probable Estimate of the Expense of constructing a Shaft for Mines on from the Gallery in the Counterscarp opposite Coote's Counterguard omitted in the Estimate for rebuilding that Work.

Measurement								Prices			
Length	Breadth	Superficial	Superficial Feet	Cubical Feet	Cubical Yards			P.	Fs.	Fs.	
63	7	62	6	1181¼		Foundation of the Mine					
126	3	1	6	567		Wall above ditto					
25	2	62	6	156¼		Foundation of 10 Buttresses					
25	3	1	6	112½		10 Buttresses above ditto					
63	2		6	63		Crown of the Arch					
80	4	63	6	1260		Foundation for 20 Buttresses					
140	3	62	6	1225		20 Buttresses above ditto					
		Total	4565			Brick Work in Chunam		2	40	96	27½ 30 40
63	4	61	3	354¾		Arch Work in Chunam		4		ditto	33 31 40
63	6		3/8			Plastering one coat Chunam		1	15	60	5 8 23
32	15	6	10		133¼	Taking out and Filling the Earth		10		96	43 31 40
							Pagodas				354 1 63

Fort St. George
20th July 1804.

(Signed) E. Trapaud
Col. Engr.

A True Copy
(Signed) John e Macleane
Secretary Military Board

3702

Fort St. George 7th August 1804.

Ordered that an Extract from the foregoing letter relative to the Cables required by the Brahmens of Serringham be furnished for the information and guidance of the Board of Revenue.

Resolved to pass the Estimate of the Chief Engineer for the construction of a Shaft of Stone in the vicinity of Coote's Counterguard.

To the Right Honble Lord William Bentinck

Governor in Council

&c.a &c.a &c.a

My Lord,

1. We have had the honour to receive your Lordship's commands relative to the request of the Board of Trade to be assisted with a proportion of the Garrison Lascars for the removal of a Marine Stores, and to the Certificates for Stores received from England required to be transmitted to the Honourable Court of Directors, and We have the honour to acquaint your Lordship, that Orders have been given to prepare the Certificates with all possible expedition, and to afford the Board of Trade the assistance they require, as soon as the Lascars can possibly be spared from the Arsenal.

We

3705 Fort St. George 7th August 1804

142.

2 ---------- We beg leave to recommend payment of the following Bills Viz.:-

No. 1. ---------- Bill of the Officer comman-ding at Jemahlabad, for rebuilding a Barrack of the Troops at that Station, under authority from the Officer comman-ding in Malabar and Canara, amounting to Pags. 33. 30.

No. 2. ---------- Bill of the Superintending Engineer for constructing Window Shutters to complete the Barracks of His Majesty's 34th Regiment, ordered by the Milit-ary Board, amounting to Pagodas 171. 15. 12.-

No. 3. ---------- Bill of the Superintending Engineer for repairs to the Fortifications of Fort St. George for the Month of June 1804, amounting to Pagodas 209. 52. 40.-

Fort St. George 30th July 1804.-

We have the honour to be

&c.a &c.a &c.a

(Signed) J. Stuart

" E. Trapaud

" P. A. Agnew

" Alex. Ory

Received

3706 1

Fort St. George 7th August 1804

Resolved and Ordered that the Bills recommended in the foregoing letters be passed for Payment.

Read the following Letters from the Military Auditor General.

To the Right Hon^ble Lord William Bentinck

Governor in Council

&c^a &c^a &c^a

My Lord,

From the Military Auditor General relative to Bombay the transmission of Pattern Rolls of that Establishment requesting instructions relative to the claims of certain Officers to arrears of allowance

1 ——— I have the honor to enclose, for the purpose of being forwarded to Bombay, the commission of Ensign Hall of that Establishment, who it appears, from the accompanying extract of a letter from the Paymaster in Canara to the Military Paymaster General dated the 9th Instant, has proceeded to that Presidency.

2 ——— I beg leave to solicit Your Lordships decision on the following cases.

3 ——— Captain Sadan of the 2d Battalion 5th Regiment, and Lieutenant Gibson of the 1st Battalion 2nd Regiment Bombay Native Infantry, whom on the command of Detachments from those Corps on Field Service in Malabar, the former from November 1802 to

3707

Fort St. George 7th August 1804

143

to January 1804, the latter from April to August 1804, & omitted to draw the usual Allowance for the conveyance of the Sick, they lately applied to me for permission to draw that Allowance, in arrear, which I did not feel myself at Liberty to do, as the G. O. dated the 26th. February 1800, directs that "any Bill or demand which shall not be presented to the proper "Paymaster within three Months after the same becomes "due, shall be totally and finally rejected without any other "reason whatever being assigned than its not having been "presented within the prescribed time".

As it however appeared that Captain Jordan's claim was delayed owing to the communication in Malabar having been frequently interrupted, and sometimes entirely cut off, and that Lieutenant Gibson had referred his claim to the late Paymaster in Malabar in due time, and having ascertained, from the Disbursements of the late and present Paymaster in Malabar, that the allowance for dooliey had not been drawn before, I directed these Officers to make out Bills for that allowance, supported by Solemn Asseverations upon honor, and particular explanations, relative to the cause of delay, and to

transmit

Fort St. George 7th. August 1804.

transmit them to me for the purpose of being laid
before Government, with this they have complied, and
I have now the honor to enclose copies of the Bills and
also copies of their letters, together with an address to your
Lordship in Council from Lieutenant Gibson, on the
subject, which documents, I am of Opinion, appear to entitle
them to favorable consideration.

5. . . . . Messrs. Annesley and Mc.Cabe
Assistant Surgeons, the former attached to the Garrison
of Madura and the latter to that of Pallamcottah, have
requested (through the channel of Mr. Paymaster Wilson
will) permission to draw the difference between the half
and full Batta of their Rank for visiting occasionally
the Sick in the Garrisons of Dindigul and Sankerneud
agreeably to the orders of the Officer Commanding the
Southern Division of the Army. These Gentlemen state
that the additional expenses incurred by them, Monthly
particularly on account of Palankeen hire, to and from
the Stations abovementioned, is tantamount to the difference
between the half and full Batta of their Rank, which
I have every reason to believe, is the case.

Under

3709 Fort St. George 7th August 1804

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6 ..... Under these circumstances perhaps your Lordship in Council may be pleased to admit the charge, so long as they shall continue to do duty at those stations, on Bills countersigned by the Officers commanding at Trincopal and Sankernacoil.

I have the honor to be

Sir

Your most obedt Servt

(Signed) J. Brunton

Military Auditor General

Military Auditor Generals
Office Fort St. George
31st July 1804.

Extract of a Letter from the Paymaster at Kanara to the Military Paymaster General of the 2d July 1804.

"Accompanying I have the honor to
"enclose the Commission of Ensign Hall who has proceeded
"to Bombay".

True Extract

(Signed) B. Roebuck

Military Paymr. General

To the Military Auditor General

&c. &c. &c.

Sir,

Accompanying are bills for the Paymt
of

5/10

Fort St. George 7th August 1804

of dooly bearers for the barriage of the Sick of the Detachment of 2d. Battalion 5th. Regiment lately under my Commande in Cotiote. It may be necessary to state that their not being presented for payment before was owing to the interruption of my Communication with the Head Quarters of the Battalion, and consequently my being unable to ascertain whether or not the Money was drawn by the Commanding Officer — Should this Reason not appear to you sufficient to authorize the payment, may I Request you will lay the Letter before the Honorable the Governor in Council for his ultimate Decision —

Tellicherry
13th. July 1804

(Signed) J. Stuart Jordane
Capt. 2d. 15th. Battn. N. I.

a true Copy
(Signed) H. Prendergast
a Asst. Mg. Adt. Gl.

Bombay

3711

Fort St. George 7th August 1804.

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Bombay Native Infantry
Fifth Regiment
Second Battalion

Abstract of Pay to the Dooly Bearers attached with the Detachment in the Field from November 1802, to January 1804.-

Effectives	Pay	Total one Month	Total of each Rank	Total of Abstract
15 Doolies complete from Novr. 1802, to January 1804.	180 " "	180 " "	180 " "	180 " "
Strength of the Detachment 500 Men.	Star Pagodas One hundred and Eighty			180 " "

/Signed/ J. Skelton
Capt. Comg. 2d Bn. 5th Rt.

/Signed/ J. S. Jordan
Lieut. Comg. Detach.

I do solemnly declare on my honor, that the dooly Bearers herein drawn for, were bona fide employed for the periods as stated, and that the full amount abovementioned was paid to them as charged.

/Signed/ J. S. Jordan
Lieut.

True Copy
/Signed/ P. Prendergast
a/sistt. Mr. Audr. Genl.

To

3712

Fort St. George 7th August 1804

To the Military Auditor General
Fort St George

Sir

May I request you will have the goodness to lay the accompanying before Government for approbation. I have not an exact return of the Detached by me, but beg you will refer to the returns in your profession.

I have &c

Chowachenny
July 16th 1804

(Signed) John Gibson
Lieut. 1st Batt. 2nd Regiment
Native Infantry

(A True Copy)
(Signed) J. Prendergast
Asst. Pay. Mast. Genl.

To the Right Honble the Governor in Council

My Lord,

I beg leave to lay before your Lordship a Claim, which was on Several accounts with-held from appearing before you, and which I hope you will find a just one; and that your Lordship will admit of my drawing the amount &c

Sir

3713 Fort St. George 7th August 1804

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In the Year 1801, I was in Command of a Detachment of the 1st Battalion 2d Regt N.I. from the 10th of April Untill the 12th of August consisting of 5 companies, the Total Number of Men between 450, and 470, for whom I was necessitated to furnish Doolies and bearers, I inserted my claim for the amount to Mr. Richardson, the then Paymaster, and he always put me off, by saying he would forward it to the Auditor General Fort St. George, but I have since learnt that no such thing had ever been done, and that my letters had been lost amongst the rest of his Papers and never once thought of. Since his death I referred the business myself to the Auditor General, and he sent me the enclosed answer- at that time however the forms &c. of your Government had not then properly been circulated, nor had they reached me. at all events it is evident that the Claims could not possibly be presented within the prescribed period as Mr. Richardson did not forward them after what I have stated, I hope you will consider my case and grant my request.

Chowachenny
Cotiote. July
9th. 1804.

[Signed] John Gibson
Lieut. 1st Bn 2nd Regt
N.I. Comg at Chowachenny
Bombay

3714 Fort St. George 7th August 1804

Bombay Native Infantry
Second Regiment
First Battalion

Abstract of Pay to the Dooley Bearers attached with the Detachment on the Field from the 10th April to the 12th August 1804.

Effective	Rate of Pay	Total Amount of Each Rate	Total Amount of Each Rank	Total Amount of Pay
6 Dooleys complete from the 10th April to the 12th August 1804				
Strength of the Detach.t 450 Men	Star Pagodas two hundred & Ninety Fanams Thirty eight, & Cash Sixty eight	290 38 68	290 38 68	290 38 68

(Signed) J. Gibson
Lieut. 1st Bn. 2nd Regt.

I do solemnly declare on my honor, that the Dooley bearers drawn for were bonafide employed for the period stated, and that the full amount above stated was paid to them as charged.

(Signed) J. Gibson
Lieut. 1st Bn. 2nd Regt.

(a true Copy)
(Signed) J. Prendergast
Asstt. Pro. Adjt. General

To

3715. Fort St. George 7th August 1804

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To the Right Honble Lord William Bentinck

Governor in Council

&c., &c., &c.

My Lord,

I have the honor to acknowledge

1

the receipt of a letter from the Secretary to Government

in the Military department, dated the 25th Ultimo, and, in

Answer, to state as follows.—

With respect to the application of

2

Mr. Surgeon Mudie to be permitted to draw his Extra

Pay and half Batta during the time that he was detained

at the Isle of France, having been taken Prisoner, by the

French, on the Admiral Aplin when returning (from Fur-

lough in Europe) to India, I beg leave to state that the

case is new and differs much from that of an Officer going

to Europe, on Furlough, the Regulations under this Presi-

dency direct that the allowances of Officers returning from

Furlough shall commence from the date of their arrival

here, and that the allowances of Officers proceeding to Europe

(on Furlough) shall cease from the date of embarkation.—

3

Your Lordship in Council was however

From &c. &c. His report on the claim of Mr. Surgeon Mudie to extra pay and allowances during his detention as a Prisoner at the Isle of France, and on the indulgence solicited by Colonel Hagerart in favor of [illegible] under his Command.

however pleased to permit the Agents of Major (now Lieutenant Colonel) Shepperd, who was taken by the French on his passage to Europe, on Furlough, to draw his pay and half Batta, on certain conditions, during the time that he shall continue a Prisoner in the Isle of France, and I beg leave to offer it as my opinion, that an Officer taken Prisoner on his passage home has a stronger claim to the Indian allowances, than an Officer taken Prisoner on his passage from England to where he was only allowed the subsistence of his rank, and for that only for a certain period.—

5 I do not exactly know what Mr Thode means by extra Pay he will, however, in common with other Officers, be permitted to draw the Subsistence of his Rank according to the Certificate from the India house) shewing the Least pay he received at home.—

6 A case similar to that of Captain Kinny of the 1st Battalion 19th Regiment Native Infantry was referred to Government by me, under date the 13th Nov. 1803, and the following was the decision of the Governor in Council thereon, viz. the Governor in Council regrets the circumstances which are stated to have attended the case of Lieut. Captain, but, as considerations of an individual feeling do not

affect

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" afford sufficient grounds for deviating from the rules of the
" Public Service, his Lordship in Council is under the ne
" necessity of rejecting the Claim of that Officer to an allow
" of Full Batta while in Garrison" — For the more particula
information of your Lordship in Council, I take the liber
to state that the corps (the 1st Battalion 4th Regiment Nati
Infantry) to which Lieutenant Clapham belonged formed a
part of the Detachment in the Tinnevelly District, under
the Command of Lieutenant Colonel Agnew, and that Lieu
Clapham was obliged to leave the Field from severe wou
C
In consequence of the above decisi
I have since rejected claims of a similar nature, and I am
concerned to say that I am of opinion the indulgence solicited
by Colonel Harcourt, on behalf of Captain Kenny, cannot be
granted without infringing on the established Regulations of the
public Service.

I Captain Kenny is entitled to the
difference between half and full Batta up to the date
of his arrival at the place of destination for health, it
will then cease until he proceeds to join his corps, whe
it will recommence, and if the corps is on full Batta
he will, of course, continue on the receipt of that allowance

8 The

3719 Fort St. George 7th August 1804.

8 The other indulgencies solicited by Colonel Harcourt, on behalf of Captain Kenny and Lieutenant Collins may be granted without infringing on the established Regulations of the Public service, as it appears that the delay (in drawing their Pay and Allowances) is not to be attributed to any neglect in the parties, but to unforeseen and unavoidable circumstances, and if your Lordship in Council will favour me, I shall forward the necessary instructions, on this head, to the Paymaster in Cuttack.

Military Auditor Generals Office Fort St. George 8th August 1804

I have the honor to be &c &c &c
(Signed) J. Stratton
Military Aud.r General

Ordered that the Military Auditor General be furnished with the following Reply.

To the Military Auditor General

Sir,

Para 1

I am directed by the Right Honorable the Governor in Council to acknowledge the receipt of your Letters of the 3d. Ultimo and 1st. Instant.

2 His Lordship in Council directs me to desire that You will admit the claims of Captain Jordan

and

Dr. Dr. to admit the claims of Captain Jordan and Lieutenant Gibson stated in his letter of the 31st Ultimo, and to submit a Report of all Matters to the Surgeons & Assistant Surgeons & Dr. employed on & attendance on the sick in the Garrison of Dindigul and Bankapore. To authorize &

3719

Fort St. George 7th. August 1804

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Payment of the Companys allowances to Mr. Assistant Surgeon Studie for the period of that Gentleman's detention as a Prisoner at the Isle of France. His opinion respecting the indulgence solicited by Colonel Harcourt in favor of two Officers under his Command approved.

and Lieutenant Gibson specified in your Letter of the 31st Ultimo. His Lordship in Council is also pleased to authorize the Payment of Full Batta to Messrs. Annesley and McCabe Assistant Surgeons, while employed in occasional attendance on the Sick in the Garrisons of Dindigul and Sankeracoil.

3 The Governor in Council directs me to desire that You will authorise the Company's Allowances to be paid to Mr. Assistant Surgeon Studie for the period of that Gentleman's detention as a Prisoner of War at the Isle of France, on his giving security, as in the case of Major Sheppard for the repayment of the same, in the event of this indulgence being disapproved by the Honorable Court of Directors.

4 His Lordship in Council has adopted your opinion in respect to the indulgences solicited by Colonel Harcourt on behalf of Captain Henry and Lieut. Collins, and an Extract of your Letter on that Subject will accordingly be furnished for the information and guidance of that Officer.

Fort St. George
8th. August 1804

I have the honor to be
&c &c &c
Sign'd G. Stratchey
Secretary to Government

Read

3720

Fort St. George 7th August 1804

Read the following letters from the Officer Commanding at Vellore.—

To the Chief Secretary to Government

Fort St. George

Sir,

From the Officer Commanding at Vellore Enclosing a letter from Mr. Collector Cockburn relative to the Polygars of Panoly

I have the honor to enclose for the Information of the Right Honorable the Governor, a Letter addressed to me by Mr. Collector Cockburn and received this Morning.—

I need scarcely inform you, that it is impossible for me to comply with Mr. Cockburn's wishes by receiving charge of the Prisoners (the Polygars of Panoly) from the total want of accommodation within the Fort, nor less than from having received no instructions upon this Head, from Government.— It will not have escaped His Lordship's Recollection that the Junior Part of the family of the late Tippoo Sultaun are entirely unprovided with accommodation, and are, pro tempore, obliged to reside with their Mothers in the Mahal, which they cannot do much longer in compliance with the Laws and Customs of Mussulmans, after having attained a certain Age.—

P. 2

3721 Fort St. George 7th August 1804

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The Judicial Regulations (particularly Sect. XXIII et seq. of Reg. III a.D. 1802 and Reg. II of 1805) would point out Chinglepute as the most proper Place of confinement for the Poligar in question, and which would better answer the views of Mr. Cockburn, in removing him from the scene of his former Domain, by placing him at a greater Distance from it, but still within the Jurisdiction of the Zillah Court.

I have Ordered Captain Moore to encamp, with his Prisoner, on the Glacis of the Fort, until I receive the Instructions of Government upon this subject.

I have &c.

(Signed) D. Campbell

Colonel Commanding

Vellore

31st July 1804.

To the Officer in Command

at Vellore

Sir,

With a view to prevent the future tranquility of this district being disturbed by the effects of the influence of the Palagar of Pacal, I have recommended to the Board of Revenue to allot him a residence in Vellore, and in Order to avoid the inconvenience of

Fort St. George 7th. August 1804

of carrying him in confinement with the Detachment as well as with the view of removing him from scenes which can only excite painful Recollections only I have determined to send the above Polagar immediately to Vellore where he will be delivered to your charge by the bearer of this Letter Captain Moore, the Officer in command of the Escort.

Should you have any doubt of the expediency of receiving the above Polagar into Vellore, I trust there cannot be any difficulty in taking charge of him until the Orders of Government on the Subject are known.

As this Poligar is to be considered rather as a Pensioner of the Company under a certain degree of restraint, than as a Prisoner Strictly Speaking, I would wish that he enjoyed all the Liberty consistent with the Secure custody of his person, and the preventing his ever having indiscriminate communications with people from the Country. It does not appear necessary that he should be fettered.

The amount of his Pension shall be remitted Monthly from Chittoor. He has now received

3723 Fort St. George 7th August 18

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4

received a payment of One hundred Pagodas...

Camp Penamvor

Sam,

29th July 1804...

Genl &c &c

(Signed) D. Cockburn

Collector

(A true Copy)

(Signed) D. Campbell.

To the Chief Secretary to Government

Fort St. George

Sir,

From do do Relative to the accommodation of certain persons ordered to Vellore

I have received your letter of the 27th Ultimo, communicating a Memorandum from the Honorable Major General Wellesley for my Information and Guidance...

The Persons therein mentioned shall be provided with tents until a more permanent accommodation may be ready for them. On this subject I shall be happy to receive the Instructions of Government, whether it is intended that New buildings shall be erected for them, as there is not one Public Building unoccupied and vacant for their accommodation: or whether it is

would

Fort St. George 7th August 1804.

would be deemed more advisable to purchase or rent such House being private Property, as may be suitable to the occasion.—

In event of this latter, I should recommend as the only Place sufficiently private for a Mofussil man family, a House situated near that of the Junior Princes, which may be rented for ten Pagodas per mensem. or at the option of Government be purchased and put in a perfect state of security by raising and building a New Enclosed Walls for a Sum not exceeding Six Hundred Pagodas, It is at present occupied by a Family, but it will be vacated by the 20th.—

Vellore 9th August 1804.—

I have the honor to be

&c. &c. &c.

(Signed) D. Campbell

Colonel Commanding

The following Drafts of Replies are approved and Orderd to be dispatched.—

To the Officer commanding at Vellore

Sir.

I am directed by the Right Honorable the

Add. &c. To afford such assistance as may be necessary on the removal of the Polygars of Vellore from that Garrison to Chingleput.

3725

Fort St. George 7th. August 1804

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the Governor in Council to acknowledge the receipt of y
Letter of the 31st. Ultimo, and to acquaint You that instru
have been issued through the channel of the Board of
for the removal of the Polygar of Cacal to Chinglepat,
His Lordship in Council desires that you will aff
such assistance for that purpose as may be necessary.

I am,

Sir,

Your most obedt. Servt.

(Signed) G. N. Buchan

Chief Secy. to Government

To the Officer commanding
at Vellour

Sir,

I am directed by the Right Honorable
the Governor in Council to desire that the House described
in your letter of the 2d. Instant may be purchased and si
placed in a perfect state of Repair on account of the
Honorable Company, at an Expense not exceeding the
sum of Six Hundred (600) Pagodas, and that it may be
appropriated to the use of the persons mentioned in co
the Chief Secretary's letter to You of the 27th Ultimo.

&c.

To &c. &c. The House
described in his letter of
the 2d. Instant to be pur-
chased on account of the
Company and placed in a
state of repair at an
expence not exceeding 600
Pagodas.

26 Fort St. George 7th. August 1804.—

2 It will be necessary that You should report for the Information of His Lordship in Council the sums which you may actually disburse under His Orders.—

Fort St. George
August 1804.—

I am
Sir
Your most Obt. Hble Servt
Signed Jos. Hancock
Secretary to Government

Read the following Letter from the Officer Commanding at Pondicherry—

The Right Honble Lord William Bentinck
&c &c &c

My Lord,

I beg leave to enclose the report made to me, of a Ship under Danish Colours which came into Pondicherry Road a few days since.—

Four of the Passengers Landed here because the Ship was very Leaky, in want of Water, and had made the Land much to Leward of Tranquebar— as the Ship took the advantage of a Fair wind, to proceed during the Night, a part only of their Baggage was

Landed

1 3727 : Fort St. George 7th. August 1804

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landed, they now wait here for the arrival of the rest o
with the other Two, Passengers from Trangibar, when I s
order them all to proceed to Madras on a Dony, or otherw

I have in consideration of the unpleasant circu
stances attending upon their Situations, been as tend
accommodating to those Persons, as circumstances would
admit of— this, I hope your Lordship will approve.
I have sent a translation of the proclamation issued at
Cape, as far as it Relates to British Subjects— I al
send by this Packall a Bundle of Dutch News papers wh
may not be very interesting, but as I believe there is a Gentlem
in your Family who understands the Language, they may
afford some amusement...

I have the Honour to be

Pondicherry
July 16th. 1804...

&c. &c. &c.

(Signed) Alex. Kyd Lt. Colo.
Commanding...

Papers sent herewith...
No. 1. Weekly Return of Arrivals and Departures...
2. Report of the Danish Vessels...
3. Passengers Names...
4. Passengers Description...
5. Copy of Proclamation...

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Fort St. George 7th. August 1804.

Memorandum.

Ships Name ..... Amazon
Commanders Name ..... Capt. C. Sonnigton
Colours ..... Danish.
From what Place ..... Cape of Good hope
Date of Departure ..... 24th. april 1804.
Where Built ..... English prize purchased in Table Bay at Cape.
Whither Bound ..... Tranquebar
Cargo ..... in Ballast
Passengers ..... 9.
Number of crew ..... 36.
Do. of Guns ..... 6.
Do. of Tons ..... 200.
Owners Name ..... Capt. C. Sonnigton

Pondicherry
14th. of July 1804.

Signed Eugene Pernon
Master attendant.

Passengers Names

Mr. Thompson
Mr. Jn. Irish
Mr. Gunnis
Mr. G. Rose
Mr. S. Stoffe
Mr. Luther
J. Ballard
Jn. Thompson
Wm. Hollands

landed at Pondicherry

being on Board.

English Sailors being on Board.

Pondicherry
14th. of July 1804.

Signed Eugene Pernon
Master attendant

Return

3729 Fort St. George 7th August 1804.

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Return &c.a of the Passengers landed at Pondicherry, brought on the Danish Ship Amazon from the Cape of good Hope.

Names	Country	Time of Residence, Employments &c.a while in the Cape	Reasons for having proceeded from the Cape to India.	Future Intentions &c.a &c.a in the Country.
Edw.d Gerrard	England	Five Years a Asst. to John Pringle Esq.r Comm.r General &c.a &c.a &c.a		
John Irish	Do.	Three years Jeweller Silversmith and Watchmaker.		
Geo: Ross	Scotland	Four Years Employed in Govt. Printing Department as Printer.		
Robt. Marreton	England	Four Years Assistant Hospital Surgeon		

Pondicherry
July 15th 1804.

Proclamation

3730 Fort St. George 7th August 1804.

Proclamation.

Jan Willem Janssens Governor and General in Chief together with the Counsellors of Policy of the Cape of good Hope and its Dependencies in South Africa &c. &c. &c. to all and every one who shall see this or hear it read Health make known.

Whereas it has been thought necessary by the Governor and Councillors to take more precautions against the subjects of His Majesty of the Great Britain, and the scandalous as Robbery of the Prize Ship the Mary having laid on these Roads, has produced a proof that the violation of public Faith is accounted by many for nothing.

So is it that the Governor and Councillors after a mature consideration, have taken into observation, that nothing ought to be left unprayed, to maintain and to promote the Safety of this Colony and the respect of the Supreme Power of the Batavian Republic and the same and that although the faithfull attachment to the Republican Principles of civil Liberty and Equal Management of the Law, better upon the These principles, forms a duty of the Government, yet that very same attachment includes the obligation to preserve the State against all Foreign or interior Enemies, and as an

extraordinary circumstances, extraordinary means must be applied, have resolved, so as they resolve and ordain by these presents:—

Art: 1. all subjects of His Majesty of the Great Britain, that is, all natives of Realms or Countries belonging under the Dominion of His said Majesty or persons naturalized there, who as yet are in this Colony, are to leave this Colony within the time of two Months after the date of these presents, and may prevail themselves of the opportunity of Neutral Ships departing from hence.—

2 Those to whom the opportunity of Neutral Ships might fail within the afore-said time, may apply to the Governor and General in Chief, by request, that in their behalf and at their Expences the necessary Cartel Ships may be prepared, in order to bring them to a Port of the Batavian Republic, at the disposal of the Government there, such Passengers departing with Cartel Ships are to give sufficient Security to the Satisfaction, of the Governor and Councellors executable here, for the safe conveyance of the said Cartel Ships into a Batavian Port, which security shall be released as soon as the News of the arrival of the Ships in a Batavian Port shall be received here, but to be claimed by parties

execution

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execution as soon as the News shall have been received here that a Hinderance to the arrival of the said Ships in one of the Batavian ports had been occasioned.—

3. The persons mentioned in the first article as that, after the expiration of Two Months, are found yet in this Colony, shall be taken into close Custody and their Goods sequestrated.—

4. From this general Order may be exempted only such Individuals as shall petition for it, the Governor and General in Chief, and after consideration of the reasons which might plead for an exception in this, shall have obtained leave for a longer stay in this Colony under such conditions or precautions as the Governor and General in Chief shall deem necessary to state to such Petitioner singularly.—

5. all Burghers and Inhabitants of this Colony are very seriously intimidated to enter with any of the Persons pointed out before in the first Article into mercantile or other speculations, or to associate themselves with them in such either publicly or morally or to continue such or the like Engagements with them any longer, but are, on the contrary expressively

B

enjoind

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Board and to check such engagements from the date of
these presents, and therefore to settle with them the ex-
matters pending on that account as soon as possible, that
there may not be brought any embarrassments to their depar-
tures out of this Colony within the time limited for it upon
penalty that those who might act against this our order,
whether publickly or by secret and deleterious ways shall be
immediately put under confinement at such a place (by
the Attorney General) which the Governor and General (4)
in Chief shall point out to them. 3. That being more over
convinced of their crime they shall be punished at Least
with Scandal and Banishment, or else according to the
exegency of matters, on the Body, and those who are invested
with any Office or place of trust of higher or lower Rank
in this Colony, on the last suspicion of this, shall be bound
to clear themselves by an Oath in the presence of the Gov-
Governor upon the first requisition, and upon refusal
to be immediately put under confinement as suspected
persons and cashiered of their Office or place of trust
without any form of Process, while they who are found
to have given the said Oath against the truth shall incur
over and besides the above mentioned punishment, that too
which

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which is instituted against the perfidious according to Law.

Resolution thereon.

Resolved and Ordered that a Copy of the foregoing Letter be transmitted to the Chief Secretary at Fort William, and that the arrival of the British Subjects therein mentioned at Fort Saint George be reported at the same time for the information of the Governor General in Council.

To the Chief Secretary to Government

Sir,

From Mr. Johnston enclosing an application from Mr. Johnston for permission to proceed to Tranquebar. Has forwarded also application from certain French Gentlemen for permission to proceed to the Presidency &c.

In answer to your Letter of 9th. Inst. I now send you, for the information of His Lordship in Council, the reply of Mr. Johnston, to the questions you mentioned.— He entreats permission to proceed to Tranquebar and promises not to return into the Company's Territories under the Presidency of Madras.— His reply should have been sent sooner, but he was robbed of all his papers and money (which he has fortunately since recovered) on the day before your Letter arrived.

I do not see any objection to his going to Tranquebar on the above condition.— As to his being permitted to return to Bengal, I do not find myself competent to give my opinion on that subject.

I send

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I send you an application from Mr. White, for leave to go to Madras. He is a French Gentleman very respectable and has been long connected in mercantile business with the House of Mr. Lautour and Co.

I also send an application from Mr. Bayet, for leave to go to the Presidency. He is a Frenchman of very good Character, and I have to request that those two Gentlemans wishes may be complied with, as I think they will not make any improper use of the indulgence.

I have the honor to be

Pondicherry
Madras July 20th 1804.

&c. &c. &c.

Signed Alex. Keith
Lieutenant Colonel Commanding

The person of the name of Bower, who Mr. Johnston says he is in Partnership with, I am informed is a Boot and Shoe maker and has lately failed in business.

To Lieutenant Colonel Alex. Keith

Sir,

In obedience to your Letter of the 13th Instant I Beg leave to Inform you that I am a Native of Brussels and Born by English parents, in the year 1772.

I am &c

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I arrived at Calcutta in the genoes ship prince Kenneth in the year 1793 and since that time remained there following the profession of a Merchant on my own account, untill the 6th of July 1799, when, I Entered in-to busines with Mr. P. Bower, on the 4th of May 1804. I went Super Cargo of the Ship Phenix under English Colors to the Isle of France, when on the 25. of September the day that the War was announced in the Island, the Phenix was Seizd by the Ofrens republick and condamned and Sold as a Lawful price to admiral Linois division.-

My only reason for wishing to proceede to Tranquebar is to Join the former Captain of the Phenix to Settle with him for his Share in the Loose of the above Ship, which very unfortunetly was not Insured against any danger in the arbour, of the Island, and the Captain, of her was also Conserned in her as you will be pleased to observe by the Copies here-with Enclosed, and who is adene and is at present at Tranquebar, therefor beg to proceede to that place in order to Settle that Concern while he is in that Country, as likely it will be long time befor I can

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can have such an opportunity Again—

I Sincerly lament that I cannot say with who's authority I came to India, but most humbly hoope that his Excellency his Lordship and Council will be so Indulgent as to grant me the same protection so many happy people Enjoie under the Government of this Contry—

I have the honor to be

&c &c &c

Pondichery
26th July 1804—

I Signed I. P. Johnson

Mr. John Johnson

Sir,

Inclosed I send you the accounts of the Brig Chance, by which you will see that there is a loss of 283 Rupees— I also send you the disbursements of the Ship Phenix, which amounts to £2509 2. 8. —on-Sales send you the amount Received on Freights and Passengers amounting to 3,05 Rupees exclusive of 6. half Chests of Earthwater which was sent on Freight by Mr. Lawrance to the care of Captain Lange, who must pay the

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the freight from the proceeds. I send you also a Bill of Captain Lange what Money he owes me including one third of his Share of the Loss on the Brig Chance as per Account Current which concludes all the accounts of the Brig Chance - I have received from Captain Lange 450 Rupees on account of the Ship Phenix for which I have granted him a Receipt for the above purpose -

I request you will take immediately such Steps as to bring Captain Lange to a Settlement, and as there is a considerable Amount due me you will take such Steps as you think proper to recover the same -

I am

&c &c &c

(Signed) P. Bower

Serampore
29th April 1804

I do certify that this is a true Copy of a Letter which I perused from P. Bower, and that I believe the said Letter to be genuine, it having come through the Postpaid Office from Bengal -

(Signed) Alexr. Keith Lt. Colo.
Commanding
at Pondicherry

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Mr. John Johnson

Sir,

I was favoured with Yours dated the 2d Instant, have observed the contents, and consider=ing the firm of our connections - I find it proper that you should transact my Business at Tranquebar or Madras during the time you may be there personally. Enclosed I send you a Power of attorney for that purpose which I hope will be sufficient power to Settle all Business without referring any further to me — in case of your absence you will direct Messrs. Boaith and Co. to act in my behalf.

I am,

Gent. &c. &c.

(Signed) P. Power

Seramp.re
21st May 1804

I do certify that this is a true Copy of a Letter which I perused from P. Power and that I believe the said letter to be genuine it having come through the Passpal Office from Bengal.

(Signed) Alex.r Keith Lt Col.t
Commanding

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Colonel Keith Commanding
at Pondicherry

Sir,

Being obligd. to go to madras about the middle of August to Settle my accounts, Be so good to Employ your interference that, I may obtain from the Honorable Governor in Council a Passeport. I cannot Say howmany days, I will stay there, Certainly the call of my family Will not permit me to stay Long. This will be a great favor to me.

I am with Respect.
&c. &c. &c.
Signed J. White

Pondicherry
19th. July 1804

To Colonel Keith Commanding
Pondicherry

Sir,

I will take it as a favor if you can procure me leave to go to Madras for a short time to visit my relations and friends...

I have the honor to be
&c. &c. &c.
Signed Bayet
Resolved

Pondicherry
the 26th. July 1804

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Resolved to permit Mr. Johnston to proceed to Tranquebar; and Messieurs Bayet and White to visit the Presidency in compliance with their respective applications.

The President lays before the Board the following Extract of a letter from the Officer Commanding at Pondicherry.

Extract of a Letter from the commanding Officer at Pondicherry to the Right Honorable the Governor of Fort St. George, dated 30th July 1804.

Extract of a Letter from the commanding Officer at Pondicherry to the Right Honorable the Governor of Fort St. George, dated 30th July 1804.

"There is also a Saving in the Pension List by the Death of Madame Fairay of 12 Rupees per Month, as the enclosed Petition will shew. It is Signed by persons so respectable, that I think it would be a wrong if I refused to forward it, and I believe the contents to be true".

A true Extract

(Signed) Gn. Strachey

Acting Private Secretary

To

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To Lieutenant Colonel Keith

Commanding

at Pondicherry

Sir,

The Sieur Louis Duvergé having been appointed Guardian to the Children of the late Madame Fairay, who died on the 8th. of this Month, has in that Capacity, the honor to request that you will be pleased to grant them the Indulgence of continuing to them the 80 Rupees which the Honorable English Compy caused to be paid here to their Mother Every Month since the departure of her husband for Europe on Board the Ship Triton in February 1799.- This was the only resource which their Mother possessed for her own and their Subsistence, and they are now without a Father, a Mother or relation of any Kind.- The Sieur Duverge flatters himself that you will find his Request Reasonable, and that you will have the goodness to obtain for them the Continuance of the Subsistence which was enjoyed by their Mother during her life time.-

Pondicherry
12th. July 1804

[Signed] Louis Duverge

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We the undersigned certify that the

three Children, by name Fairay, are in the greatest Indi-

-gence, and that they merit of Government the Favor which

is solicited by their Guardian of continuing to them the

Subsistence of 12 Rupees which was allowed to their mother

Pondicherry
19th. July 1804

(Signed) L. F. Paul

acting as Notary Public.

(Signed) Mottet

(A True Translation)

(Signed) G. G. Keble

French Translator to Govern.t

The President proposes that there-

Pension of Twelve Rupees per Month enjoyed by the-

late Madame Fairay be continued to the Children of that

Lady.—

Resolved and Ordered accordingly.—

Read the following letter from—

Messrs. Harrington and Company.—

George Buchan Esqr.

Chief Secretary to Government

Sir,

We annex Extract of a Letter from

Colonel

From Messrs.
Harrington & Co.
Lond.

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Fort St. George 7th. August 1804

Lieutenant Colonel Massey requests that a Copy of this Commission may be afforded to him.

Colonel C. Massey and request you will be pleased to Submit his Request to Government.—

We are, &c. &c. &c.

Fort St. George

2nd. August 1804

Signed Harrington Cockburn & Harrington

Extract of a Letter from Colonel C. Massey to Messrs. Harrington, Burnaby and Cockburn—Dated London 20th. January 1804.—

"You have my Commission as Colonel dated the 27th. of August 1800. It may be Material to me here to have it correctly dated, according to the amended System of promotion now established, which fixes the date of my Rank as Colonel by the Retrospective operation as Resolved by the Court of Directors upon the 27th. of June 1800, being a promotion in consequence of Colonel Wynch's retirement in the preceding January, and the raising of two Regiments in June.— If you will have the goodness to apply I conceive there can be no difficulty in correcting to the established System my date of Rank, while I shall any on the Effective list of the army, and then send me my Commission by the Next Ships.—

Ordered that Messrs. Harrington and Co. be furnished with the following reply.—

To

...n thereon.