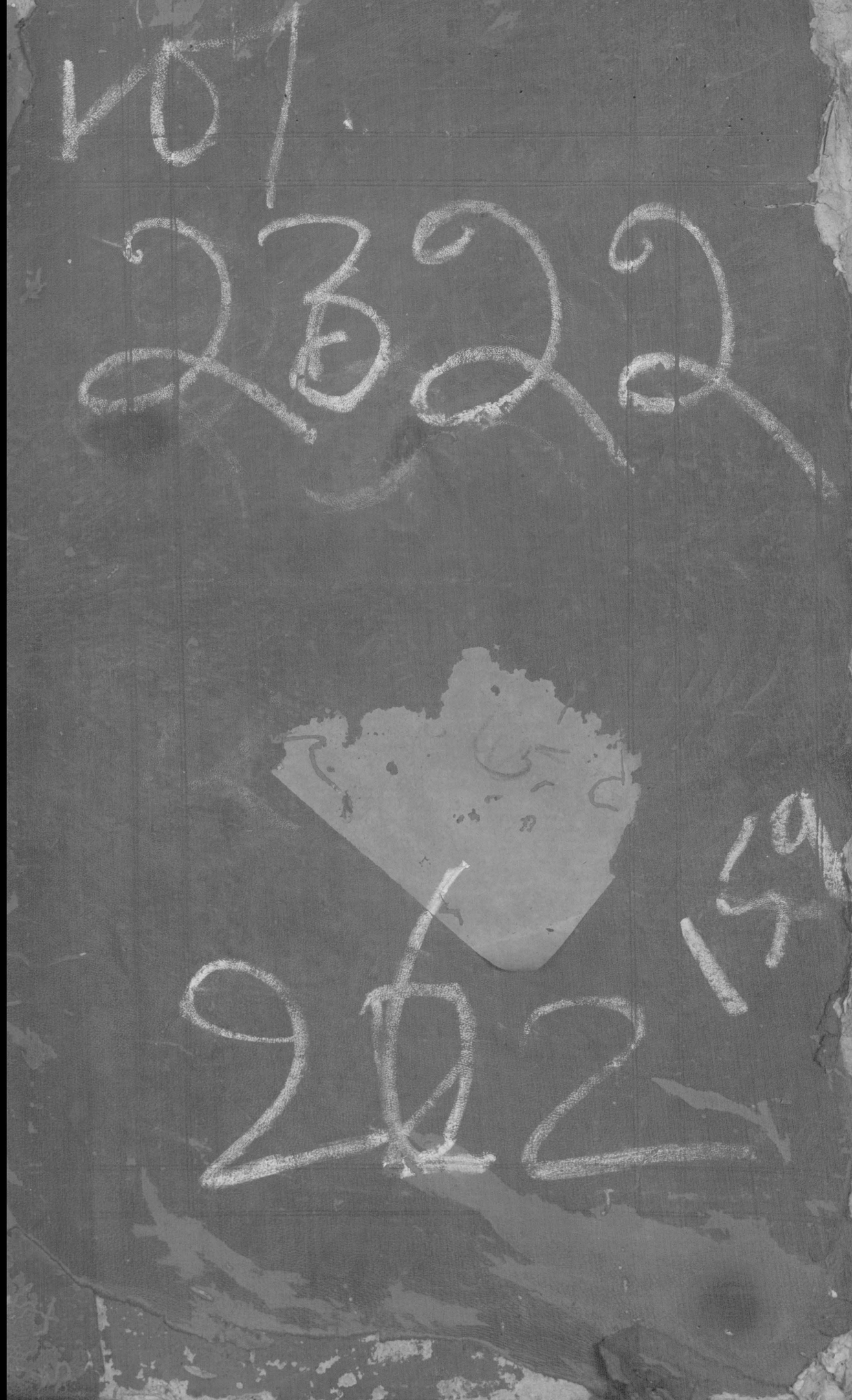


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3420 Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

No. 159.

To

W. H. Bayley Esqre.
Secretary to the
Court of Wards
Fort St. George.

33

Bd. No. 3167.

From the Collr. of Malabar.....

Dated 8th Sept. 1851.

Sir,

As directed in para 6 of the Extract from the Minutes of Consultation of Government dated 19th June and received with the Board's Proceedings of the 1st July 1850, I have the honor to transmit my Sub Collector's report for Fusly 1260 on the Management of the property belonging to the Estate of Moyammarvittil Cooty Ramen, accompanied by an Estimate for the Improvements suggested at the concluding part of para 3 — amounting to Rupees 600 which I beg to recommend.—

Calicut 22d December 1851.

Signed H. V. Conolly.
Collector.

No. 1.

To

H. V. Conolly Esqre
Collector of Malabar.

Sir

No. 1 Detailed Statement shewing the Settlement of the Estate of Minor Moyammarvittil Cooty Ramen.—
No. 2 Statements shewing the arrears of rent &ca.—
No. 3. Statement shewing the Demand Collection and Balance.—
No. 4. The Account Current.—

In forwarding the Statements of the Settlement of the Estate of a Minor Moyammarvittil Cooty Ramen for Fusly 1260, I beg to — State that as Gardens and Rice Lands are rented in

in Malabar with reference to the produce of the former and the quantity of seed sowing in the latter, it was necessary to substitute "Number" for "Bullas" in Columns 39-41-68-70-104-112- and 118 and "Rent or Assessment in Kind" for "Cawnies" in Columns 43-72-118- and 123- of the Detailed Statement.

2. The entire collection for the Fusly amounts to Rupees 5786-3-3 Viz.ts Rupees 4,837-9-6 on account of Current Revenue, Rupees 830-5-7 on account of the arrears for the last four Fuslies and Rupees 118-4-2 on account of interest on money invested in Government securities on arrears of rent and sundry other collections- The Collection on account of Current Revenue falls below that of last Fusly by Rupees 210-15-10 but will be collected without delay- The collection on account of arrears and interest thereon exceeds that of the preceding Fusly by Rupees 377-2-3 unfortunately the Estate has had to bear a loss amounting to Rupees 396-3-11 Viz.ts Rupees 308-2-4 by the sale of paddy and Rupees 88-1-8 from destruction by fire

fire of a house wherein a portion of the rents collected in kind was temporarily secured- A searching enquiry into the unfortunate occurrence shewed that no blame could be justly attributed to any body- The season was extremely favorable and the abundance of the harvest decreased the price of grain- This abundance reduced the price of grain considerably below the standard of 30 Rupees for 1000 Dungalies and caused the loss alluded to above.

3. In consequence of the losses sustained as explained above, I did not permit the investment of more than 2,000 Rupees altho' I reported last year that 2,500 Rupees would be added to the 9,000 Rs. previously invested, and as the present season seems to promise an equal or even better produce than the last there is no prospect of an increase of price in the market, so that an investment of more than 2000 is likely to be the maximums of this year also- With reference to the Minutes of Consultation dated 18-

18th March 1851, I would beg to propose that sanction be obtained for the appropriation of the surplus for the improvement of such parts of the property as imperatively demand it.

4. The lately appointed Manager Shanmangalatha Vishnoo Embrandry had the management of the Estate for nearly 10 months, but as complaints against him from the Minor and his Tenants were numerous, he resigned his situation on the 29th April 1851, and I directed the other Karriastans to manage the Estate under the superintendance of the Jaisaldar and the Minor himself, who seems to possess sufficient intelligence to secure his own interests and expressed to me personally his anxious desire to make himself better acquainted with the wants of his tenants

tenants and the capacity of his Estate.—

5. The Minor will completo his sixteenth year of age on the 30th November 1851, and will, I think be perfectly capable, in conjunction with his guardian, to undertake the management of his property.—

Tellicherry, 8th September 1851.

Signed R. Chatfield. Sub Collector.—

/True Copy/

/Signed/ H. V. Conolly. Collector.—

Detailed.—

3425.

No. 1 Detailed Statement shewing the Settlement of the Estate of Minor Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

Moyammarvittil Coonjy Ramen in Cherrickal Taluk in the

Fasties	Names of the Minor.	Number of Villages.	Number of Hamlets.	Total.	Particulars of Irrigation Garden Wells. In repair.	Out of repair.	Total.	Wells for the Village community in repair.	Tanks in repair.
1	2	3	4	5.	6	7	8	9	10
1260.	Minor Moyammar vittil Coonjy Ramen	"	"	"	100	40	140	"	4

Fasties	Total In repair.	Total Out of repair.	Total Total	Number of Ryots. Paying Land Revenue.	Paying Mottupulla Revenue.	Total.	Number of Pullahs. Land Revenue.	Mottupulla tax.	Total.
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1260.	104	40	144	217	19	236	"	"	"

Fasties	Number of Houses. Terraced	Tiled	Mattled.	Total	Population. Male	Female	Total	Cattle. Cow.	Bullocks.	Do Buffaloes.	Do Buffaloes.	Sheep.
	20	21	22	23	24.	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
1260.	"	2	210	212	723	505	1228	24	8	"	"	"

Fasties	Total	Ayacut. Poonjai Land Garden.	Nunjah.	Deduct Poromboke. Poonjah and Garden.	Nunjah.	Punjah. Bullocks.	Sheep & Goats.
	32.	33	34	35	36	37	38
1260.	35	1499-13-	1458 55	20	"	"	"

3426

Fort St. George

District of Malabar for Fusly 1260.—

4th March 1852.—

Remainder.

Garden.		Total.			Nunjah	
Number	Assessment.	Number	Assessment.	Rent or assessment in kind	Assessment.	
39	40	41	42	43	44	
274	1479	13 "	274	1479	13 "	143'85'37	43'75'	11 "

Deduct Enam-

Total assessment.	Poonjah			Nunjah		Total assessment
	Bullas.	Assessment	Cawnies	Assessment		
45	46	47	48	49	50	
58'85'37	8 "	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

Khas Punjam Lands.

Poonjah		Garden.		Total.	
Bullas.	Assessment	Bullas.	Assessment	Bullas.	Assessment.
51	52	53	54	55	56
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

Total Enam.

Poonjah		Garden.		Total		Nunjah		Total
Bullas	Assessment.	Bullas	Assessment	Bullas.	Assessment	Cawnies.	Assessment	assessment
57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

Total Jumma March 1832.

Remainder.

Poonjah		Garden		Total		Nunjah		Total	
Bullals	Assessment	Numbers	Assessment	Numbers	Assessment	Rundabeels and Kunds	Assessment	Total	Assessment
66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	
" " "		274	14 79	13	274	14 79	13	1145 85	3 43 75 11	5 8 55	8

Deduct Water.

Poonjah		Garden		Total		Nunjah			Total	
Bullals	Assessment	Bullals	Assessment	Bullals	Assessment	Cawnies	Assessment		Total	Assessment
75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82		83	
" " "		" " "		" " "		" " "			" " "	

Remainder in the occupation of the Ryots

Iyen Poonjah		3/8 Cowle Poonjah				1/2 Cowle Poonjah			3/4 Cowle Poonjah		
Bullals	Assessment	Bullals	Assessment	Settlement		Bullals	Assessment	Settlement	Bullals	Assessment	Settlement
84		85		86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94
" " "		" " "		" " "	" "	" "	" " "		" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "

3428

Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

Total Cowle Punjah			Grass Punjah		
Bullocks	Assessment	Settlement	Bullocks	Assessment	Settlement
95	96	97	98	99	100
"	"	"	"	"	"

½ Cowle Punjah			Bang Punjah		
Bullocks	Assessment	Settlement	Bullocks	Assessment	Settlement
106	107	108	109	110	111
"	"	"	"	"	"

J.G.B.

Total Punjah			Gyen Garden	
Bullocks	Assessment	Settlement	Number	Settlement
101	102	103	104	105
4	4	"	"	274	1479 13 "

Total Garden			Total Punjah and Garden		
Number	Assessment	Settlement	Number	Assessment	Settlement
112	113	114	115	116	117
274	1479 13	1479 13	274	1479 13	1479 13

342J.

Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

Jyen Nunjah.		Remission in Nunjah.			Total Nunjah.			Total including Nunjah.	
Rent or Assessment in Kind.	Assessment.	Cawnies	Assessment.	Settlement.	Rent or Assessment in Kind.	Assessment.	Settlement.	Assessment.	Settlement.
118	119.	120.	121.	122.	123.	124.	125	126	127.
1,45,855.	4,375 11 "	"	"	"	1,45,855	4,375 11 "	4,375 11 "	5,853 8 "	5,855 8 "

Fixed Sourna: dayem.	Total including Sourna: dayem.	Moturpha Revenue. House Tase.	Loom Tase.	Tase on Shops.	Profesional Tase.	Total.	Grand Total.	Deduct pay of Sibbendy.	Remainder Settlement of the Estate.	Deduct Peishcush to Government.	Remainder to the Minor.
128	129.	130.	131.	132	133	134.	135	136.	137.	138.	139.
" "	5,855 8 "	197 8 3	1 3 2	6 "	9 2 6 5	297 1 10	6,152 9 10	368 11 10	5,783 14 "	2,325 12	3,458 12 10

Sub Collector's Office Tellicherry
8th September 1851.

(Signed) R. Chatfield.
Sub Collector

Statement.

3430. Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

No. 2. Statement Shewing the arrears on account of the Estate of the Minor Moyanmar-vittil Coonjy Ramen in the Cherrikel Talook in the District of Malabar.

Fusly.	Arrears of Zemindary Management. Fusly 1253. Out-standing debts.	Arrears of Sumany Management. Total.	Fusly 1259.	Fusly 1258.	Fusly 1257.	Fusly 1256.	Fusly 1255.	Fusly 1254.	Total.	Grand Total.
1260.	1,541.10.0	12,922 7 7	14,463	4 2 5	1,139 13 6	394 13 7	265 5 11	209 5 6½	470 11 1	439 4 4½	2,919 2 4	17,353 4 5

Sub Collector's Office Tellicherry
8th September 1851.

per. (Signed) R. Chatfield
Sub Collector

Statement.

3431. Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

No. 3. Statement Shewing the Demand Collection and Balance on account of the Estate of the Minor Moyanmarvittil Coonjy Ramen in Cherrikel Talook in the District of Malabar for Fusly 1260.

Fusly.	Demand. Current Revenue.	Arrears.	Total.	Collection. Current Revenue.	Arrears.	Total.	Balance. Current Revenue.	Arrears.	Total.
1260.	6,152 9 10	47,353 4 5	53,505 14 3	4,837 9 6		4,837 9 6	830 5 7	5,664 15 1	1,315 4 4	6,522 14 10	47,837 15 2

Sub Collector's Office Tellicherry
8th September 1851.

per. (Signed) R. Chatfield
Sub Collector.

Dft

3432

Fort St. George

No. 4.

Dr. The Sub Collector of Malabar in account with the

4th March 1852.

Estate of Minor Moyammaruvittil Coonjy Ramen for Fusly 1260 Cr.

To Balance of last account brought forward			3,027 13 10
Ordinary			
Current Revenue			
To Cash received on that account, Viz:-			
Rent of Gardens		1,067 2 9	
" Rice Lands		3,523 11 4	
" Moturpha		246 11 5	
Arrears			4,837 9 6
To Cash received on that account, Viz:-			
Fusly 1256		10 11 5	
" 1257		53 12 -	
" 1258		150 4 9	
" 1259		615 9 5	
		830 5 7	
Total Ordinary			5,667 15 1
Extraordinary			
To Cash received being interest on money invested in Government Securities		16 1 9	
" Dr. being interest on arrears of Rent		95 14 5	
" Dr. being amount lent to a Tenant to meet expenses in a Civil suit regarding property belonging to the estate		6 - -	
" Dr. being fine awarded on a Peon for neglect of duty		4 - -	
Total extraordinary			118 4 2
Total Ordinary and extraordinary			5,785 3 3
Total Company's Rupees			8,814 1 1

Sub Collector's office Pellicherry
8th September 1851.

Ordinary

By Cash paid to the fixed Establishment of Servants their pay from 12th July 1850 to 13th July 1851		368 11 10	
" Dr. for the education of the Minor		240 - -	
" Dr. for Sadarward Charges		16 - -	
" Dr. for thatching houses and fencing		58 - -	682 11 10
By Cash invested in the Government securities.			2000 - -
Total Ordinary			2,682 11 10

Extraordinary

By Cash paid for the Repairs of the Granary			51 - -
" Dr. paid a Tenant being value of improvements made by him			1 - -
" Dr. paid for the Repairs of a House			3 12 4
" Dr. paid for 3 Brass Badges for the Peons			- 14 5
" Dr. paid for the Expenses of a Horse			54 5 2
" Loss in the Sale of paddy			308 2 4
" Value of Paddy destroyed by fire when the House of Highcode Adigary wherein the grain was secured was burnt			88 - 8
" Cash paid Compensation to Proprietors of certain property forming the Estate		193 - 8	708 3 7
Total Extraordinary			1,382 15 5
Total ordinary and Extraordinary			
Law Charges.			
By Cash paid Batta to a Peon by serving notice on a Defendant for whose debt property appertaining to the Estate was sequestered			- 5 7
Subsistence to the Minor			
By Cash paid for the subsistence to the Minor and servants wages			386 11 3
By Cash paid for the subsistence to the Minor and servants wages			36 11 3
" Dr. paid for Cloths for Dr			
" Dr. paid for the performance of the Minors Birthday Ceremonies			43 - -
" Dr. paid for the performance of the Minors Birthday Ceremonies		242 15 7	708 10 1
" Dr. paid for religious and Charitable purposes			
Kists of the Honorable Company			2,325 1 2
By Cash paid Peishcush for the Fusly			
Total Disbursement			6,417 - 3
By balance			2,397 - 10
Total Company's Rupees			8,814 1 1

E. E. Vpa. (Signed) R. Chatfield Sub Collector

Statement.

3433. Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

No. 5.

Statement of Costs for improving the Minor Coonhy Ramen's property.

	Rupees	a	p
Price of 4,500 Cocoanut plants at the rate of 40 Rupees per 1000	180.	"	"
Coolies hire for bringing the plants, digging pits, turning the ground &c.	180.	"	"
For building 20 huts in the garden where the plants are to be planted @ the rate of 12 Rupees each	240.	"	"
Total Rupees	600.	"	"

The ground being sandy Arreca and Jack fruit plants will not thrive well.

Sub Collector's Office
Tellicherry
29th September 1851.

(Signed) R. Chatfield
Sub Collector.

J. G. B.

3434

(33-34)

B. of R. No. 445.

Proceedings thereon.

Relative to the Management of the Estate of the Minor Moyen us ar vittle Coong of Ramen of Malabar for Fusly 1260 and observing that the Sub Collector ought to have reported the resignation of the Manager and obtained sanction for the consequent arrangement.

Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

No. 83.

A full Statement (Enclosures) of the resources of the Estate in this year forwarded drawn up in accordance with the sample accounts forwarded to the Collector from this Office as suggested by Government in Para 10 of their review of the Management of this property for Fusly 1259.

2. The demands for the year under review was 6,152 Rupees or 126 Rupees above the previous Fusly.

Fusly 1259.	6,026	
" 1260.	6,152	
	126	

Demand 1479
Balance 412.

3. The Collections were 4837, leaving a balance of 1315 Rupees which is especially large under the head of Bagayet and more than 1/4th of the demands on that Cultivation.

4. In addition to the Current Revenue 830 Rupees were realized on account of arrears and 118 from other sources which added to the Balance of Cash (3,027 Rs.) at the commencement of the Fusly gives a total of receipts of 8,814 Rupees.

5. The expenditure, including Peishcush (2325) and money invested (2,000) was 6417 leaving a balance of 2,397 Rupees. It should be explained why the Peishcush varies in amount Annually.

6. The Sub Collector requests to permission to employ this surplus in improving the Estate by making certain Cocoanut Plantations according to an Estimate Amounting to Rupees 600 submitted in Enclosure

Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

Enclosure 5 and the Court sanction this expenditure.

7. No mention is made in the Account Current of the Collector's Commission for Management which should be regularly credited in future and arrears under this head brought to account.

8. With reference to the remarks of the Sub Collector in Para 4, the Court think that the resignation of the Manager should at the time, have been communicated to them and the consequent arrangement receive their sanction before being acted upon. They approve of the Minute being encouraged to take a share in the Management of his property, but they are of opinion that the legal periods for his assuming sole charge of his Estate should not be anticipated.

35

Read the following letter.

No. 15.

To W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue

Bd. No. 348
From the Collector
of Madras
Sir,

With reference to your letter of the 29th ultimo calling for an enquiry on the subject of Petition No. 2745 of 1851. I have the honor to

× herewith the
returned

Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

to forward for the information of the Board the report of my Assistant Mr. Ellis who personally inspected the lands in dispute under my instructions.

Madras
9th February 1852

Signed J. A. Hudleston
Collector

No. 1.

To J. A. Hudleston Esqre
Collector of Madras.

Sir, I have the honor to report to you that in accordance with your orders I have visited the Ground alluded to in the Board's letter of the 29th January and have compared all the Plans and Documents in the Office with a view to furnishing the information required by the Board.

The 1st Sheriff's bill of Sale No. 615. Mr. Jones's property with Cowries or there about lying near St. Thome bounded on the North and East side by the River Price 164 Pags. bought by Sundara Perumal Venkatarama Chetty Uncle of Thirtnasawmy Chetty dated March 1789. The 2d Sheriff's bill of Sale No. 616. 21 Cowries of Ground or there about lying near St. Thome bounded by the river on the North side, the Company's Grounds on the West side the Grounds of Mr. James Taylor on the South bought by Sundara Perumal Venkatarama Chetty Price 92½ Pagodas of these 3 C. 1 L. 14. 1435 have been transferred to the Honorable Company for a road by an endorsement on the deed under date 11th May 1840.

2. You will perceive by the Extracts in the Margin from the two Sheriff's bills of Sale, produced originally by Venkatarama Chetty as his title deeds, that the boundaries are most inaccurately laid down. It is therefore not possible to furnish the Board with the Sketch required in Para 2 of the Board's letter.

3. The Petition No. 2745 of 1851 presented to the Board by Sawmy Naik represents the Ground lying to the West of Lord Elphinstone's Road as Company's Ground, that to the East as Samadaiyam

Samadaiyam - This is precisely the Ground claimed by the representatives of Venkataramah Chetty the original holder of the Sheriff's bills of sale.

4. The Petitioner Sawmy Naik refers for proof of his Statement to a plan in the records of this Office which he states was drawn up in 1800 - The plan alluded to has been discovered it bears no date or signature it unfortunately having been the practice till very lately to have the plans of the Office unauthenticated - The plan which I would suggest should be forwarded to the Board is a good deal defaced - but is still sufficiently legible to enable the Ground in question to be made out - There is on the Margin of this plan a list of the persons holding the lands contained in the plan In this list the name of Sunkara Iyengar Venkataramah Chetty appears as the holder of the lands he claims - the boundaries of which agree with those stated in the Sheriffs bills of sale -

5 - The lands which in the Petition are stated as belonging to Venkataramah Chetty are registered in the Certificates of our Office in the names of Messrs. Harrington Goldingham

Goldingham, Grant and Brodie A portion of their land must have been the land of Mr. Taylor described in the Sheriffs bill of Sale as a Southern boundary to the land purchased by S. Venkataramah Chetty as otherwise the boundary named in the Sheriffs bill of Sale as South would have been the river -

6 - It appears therefore, that the document called for by the Petitioner contradicts the Statement he makes it would have been satisfactory to have been able to ascertain who were the original holders of the land registered in the Certificates granted to Messrs. Harrington, Goldingham, Walter Grant and Brodie in the years 1805-1801. 1803. and 1796 (Venkataramah Chetty's Sheriffs' Bills of Sale bear date 6th. March 1789) This would have at once determined the question of Venkataramah Chetty having ever held these lands. but the form of Registry of that date furnishes not such details being different from that now in use which accurately traces the land through the various holders up to the original possessor -

7 - There is nothing in the records of the Office to lead to the belief that the Ground claimed by S. Venkataramah Chetty and his representatives Kistnamasawmy and others was ever

Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

cuer considered Government Ground.

8- The question was raised in 1839 by the Government through the Board of Revenue when Ristnasawmy refused to agree to the offers made by him for the purchase of his land for the purpose of constructing the road.

9- The Board having referred to the then Collector Mr. Robertson desiring him to report on the claims of Ristnasawmy Chetty to compensation for land near Dubble Island taken up for the formation of a Road and if he considers he has a just right thereto that he will state the amount and the grounds of his opinion-

10th October 1839. 10- The Collector in his answer reports that Ristnasawmy Chetty produced Sheriff's Bills of Sale under date 1789 of 82 Cawnies of land which includes that portion taken up for the road. That he had purchased this land at an average rate of Pagodas 3-5-50 Cawny. He continues.

"It was on an inspection of these title deeds that I considered the land although uncultivated to be private property more especially from the circumstance of a large portion having been disposed by this Office in 1811 as belonging

Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

belonging to S. Vencatarama Chetty namely Cawnies 56-22-88- He adds that he is still of opinion that 150 Rupees per Ground would be a fair rate of compensation- The State-ment in the Margin shews the amount of land which has been sold by the representatives of S. Vencatarama Chetty as shewn by the records of this Office

C-G-Sft	
4-16-261¾	Land bought of the representatives of Ristnasawmy Chetty and for which we have Bills of Sales dated 22nd February 1851 and 2nd September 1850 with application for Certificate-
3-12-735	
2-5-800	
10-9-2196¾	

11- In answer to Para 3 of the Board's letter- I have been unable to find in our accounts that any sum of Money was paid to Ristnasawmy as compensation for that portion of his Ground taken up for the Road.

12- From an inspection of the Ground itself and of all the documents connected with it- I am led to the conclusion that the Ground claimed originally by Ristnasawmy Chetty, as being that stated in the Sheriff's bills of Sales is that intended by the very careless description contained in the Bills of Sale-

13- It remains to be determined whether those portions of the land which have been immemorial waste land come under the denomination of "Government land" notwithstanding the purchase of it and its assessment.

3441- Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

a/sessment as stated in Mr. Robertson's letter quoted above.

Madras 9th February 1852. } (Signed) R. S. Ellis
Assistant Collector.

(35-36)

Ordered that the following Memorandum be submitted.

Bd. No. 436.

To the Secretary to Government.

Official Memorandum.

The Secretary Board of Revenue has the honor to request the Secretary to Government Public Department will have the goodness to furnish, for reference in this Office, copy of any order of Government sanctioning the payment of compensation claimed, thro' the Military Board in their letter of the 19th August 1839, on behalf of one Kistnasawmy Chetty upon land in Quibble Island which was taken up by Government in the formation of a Road from St. Thome to Adyar or of any order passed thereon affecting the right of that individual to the land or shewing that it was considered Government Ground.

From Government 29th August in Gold 28th September 1839.

Revenue Board Office, Fort St. George 4th March 1852. } (Signed) W. H. Bayley, Secretary.

J.G.B.

Read.

3442- Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

Read the following letter.

No. 17.

To W. H. Bayley Esqre. Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

Sir,

(37)

Bd. No. 396.

From the Collector of Madras & Register of Government Grants to Government.

1 Explanatory Statement from the Register of Government Grants.
1 Letter from Collr. of Canara 3d Feby 1852.
1 Application
1 Plan.

I have the honor to transmit herewith for submission to the Board of Revenue, the papers noted in the margin relative to a Land Certificate applied for by C. F. Stamier Esqre. of the Madras Civil Service, for certain land at Mangalore in the District of Canara, and to request that the Sanction of Government may be obtained for his occupying the ground on the terms specified in the Statement.

Madras 16th February 1852. } (Signed) J. A. Budleston, Collr. and Register of Government Grants.

Description

Fort St. George

4th March 1852.

No. 1. Description of Grounds the Proprietor of which has applied for a Land Certificate from the Honorable Company.

Name of the Proprietor	Situation of the ground	Since when enclosed	Title under which it is held	Contents in Cawnies Grounds Square feet	Nature of the Soil	How laid out whether any building upon it	Quit Rent proposed per Cawny	Remarks of the Collector of Madras	Remarks of the Board of Revenue	Decision of Government
C. F. Chamier Esqr. M. C. S.	A little distance below the flagstaff at Mangalore in the District of Canara	Not enclosed	The Ground belongs to Government	" 6 389	Barren Laterite Rock	An open Space lying near the road having no Building upon it	The Quit Rent on the ground is Annas 5-6 per Annum or R. 1 per Acre	It is now recommended that the Sanction of Government may be procured for the issue of the Land Certificate to C. F. Chamier Esqre. of the Madras Civil Service in the form A accompanying my Circular letter of the 30th June 1850.		

Madras 16th February 1852

(Signed) I. A. Budleston
Coll. and Regt. of Govt. Grants.

To

3444

Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

No. 2.

To

J. A. Budleston Esqre.
Collector of Madras and Register
of Government Grants.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward an application from W. C. F. Shamier for the grant of a piece of ground as per accompanying plan to build a School room for the use of Native Protestant Children.

The ground belongs to Government and according to the rate of assessment borne by the surrounding lands given on Quit Rent at one Rupee per Acre, the Annual amount assessible on the land now applied for will amount to annas 5-6. as shewn in the Margin.

Collector's Cutcherry
On Circuit Byndoor
3d February 1852.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your obedient Servant
Signed C. F. Shamier.

Ground Assessment
Rs. 6-389
Equal to Garden 13 632
Acres 13 Rs. a. p.
at 1 Rupee per Acre 5 6

Total measurement
Equal to
at 1 Rupee per Acre

Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

No. 3.

To

The Collector of Canara

Sir,

I request you will procure the permission of Government for my occupying the piece of Ground hereunder described.

Mangalore
8th January 1853.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your obedient Servant
Signed C. F. Shamier.

Enclosed is a sketch and estimate of the ground and any buildings upon it.

Sincerely

Enclosed is a sketch and estimate of the ground and any buildings upon it.

Sincerely

	Rs.	a.	p.
Garden ground	6	389	
Equal to Garden	13	632	
or			
Acres			

Situation of the Ground

Barrem Lateriete Rock

Situation of the Ground

A piece of waste place lying near the Cutcherry having no buildings upon it

A piece of waste place lying near the Cutcherry having no buildings upon it

A little assistance being given to the poor people of the Canara Dis. trict.

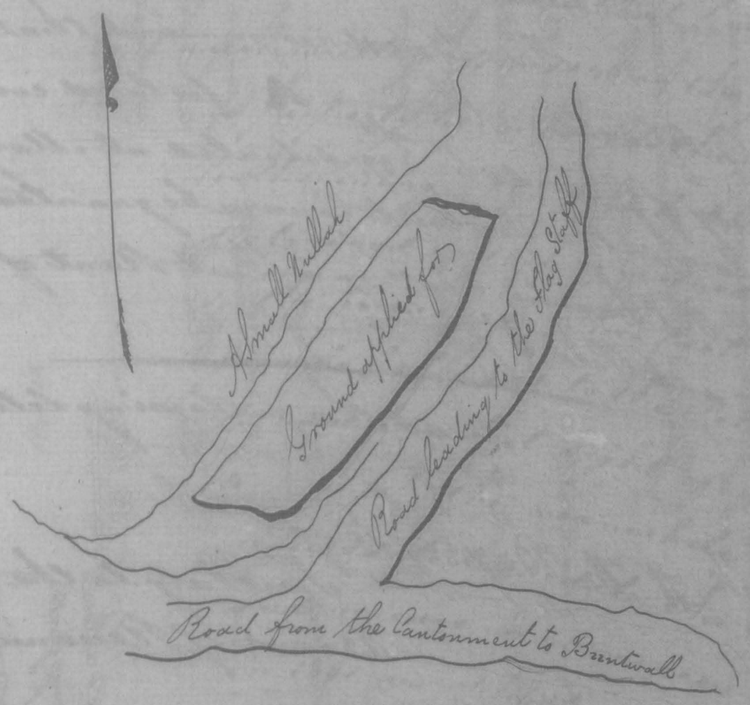
We hereby certify that the Ground above described does not interfere with any public Buildings.

Signed F. H. Maltby
Collector

Signed F. H. Maltby
Collector

To,

No. 4.



I Signed F. N. Maltby
Collector

No. 84.

Bd. No. 426.
Proceedings thereon.
(37-38)

Resolved that the foregoing letter with its enclosures be submitted for the orders of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

The Board recommend that a Certificate in the form 2 for land consisting of Grounds 6 - 389 sft situated at Mangalore, in the District Canara be granted to C. F. Shannier Esqre on a Quit Rent of annas 5 and Pice 6 per annum.

Read the following letter.

No. 19.

To W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue

(39)

Bd. No. 501
From the Collector of Madras
Submitting a report on the claims of certain Merasidars of Tondiarpettah to Exemption Certificates and praying that their property that has been distrained may be released.

Endorsement on Petition No. 2740 of 1851.

Petition No. 894 of 1847 - 2740 2914 and 1794 of 1851 returned.

Sir,

Agreeably to the orders of the Board dated 12th December 1851, I have the honor to report on the Case of certain Merasidars of Tondiarpettah who complained of their property having been distrained for Quit Rent due by them and claim the enjoyment of an Exemption Certificate.

2. An examination of the accounts shows distinctly that the lands belonging to the Petitioners have been charged with assessment from the year 1800. The demand was however never paid although the

the property of the Petitioners was distrained in 1821 for the balance due up to that date.

3. Through some irregularity these balances, with others that had accumulated, were written off in 1846 on the ground that no property belonging to the Petitioners was forthcoming. The Jewels that had been distrained in 1821 remained all this time in the Treasury. The fact that these Jewels belonged to the Petitioners appears to have been lost sight of.

4. In the meanwhile the Petitioners refused to liquidate the Circar demand, and arrears went on accumulating when in 1857 an opportunity was afforded this Office of realizing the Quit Rent by distraining a portion of the property belonging to the Petitioners, and accordingly Jewels to the value of Rupees 17-8-0 were seized upon.

5. It will thus be seen that the Petitioners claim to exemption from assessment is not borne out by the accounts and there is nothing on records to shew that their prayer for the issue of Exemption Certificates preferred before the late Quit Rent Committee in 1827 was ever granted. The fees paid by them on that occasion

are still in deposit and will be returned to the Petitioners on their applying for them and proving their title as representatives of the original applicants.

6. The whole demand on the Nos. 66-70-71. owned by the Petitioners noted in the Margin since 1800 to 1857, amounted to Rupees 294-2-0, and deducting the sum written off Rupees 261-0-0 and that which was realized from the sale of distrained property Rupees 21-2-0 the Balance still due is Rs. 12-2-0.

7. As soon as the Petitioners are prepared to liquidate this amount I shall issue orders for the release of the remaining property in my hands belonging to them.

Signed J.A. Hudleston
Collector.

Madras
20th February 1852.

B. of R. 442.
Order thereon.

(39-40)

Ordered that the following Endorsement on Petitions Nos. 2740 and 2914 of 1857.

The Collector having reported that Petitioners are liable to the Quit Rent objected to, the Board will not further interfere.

Read the following Statement.

Statement.

3450.

41

Fort St George 4th March 1852.

Read the following letter.

No. 1139.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation

Revenue Department under date the 17th November 1851.—

Read the following Papers.

3451

43

B.R. No. 2978.

From the Secretary to the Board of Revenue Department Public Works.

Resolving that it is necessary to repair the tanks of Darojee and Shinganamalla in the District of Bellary Forwarding the correspondence on the subject to the Government of India soliciting their sanction for those repairs & requesting the Board's opinion as to requiring the Enamdars of the Shinganamallah Tanks to pay in future including the Jodee of 1/3rd of the net assessment after deducting the established remission allowed upon the Government lands.—

From the Secretary Board of Revenue Department Public Works.

Submitting a letter from the Collector of Bellary affording further information on the Proposed restoration of the Darojee and Shinganamalla tanks in the Bellary District and stating that under the circumstances adduced by the Collector the Board are of opinion that no time should be lost in completing the repairs and that they also agree with the local officers that no reduction can be made in the Estimate.—

(Here enter 29th September 1851. No. 7921)

Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue Department Public Works.—

Submitting with reference to Board's letter dated 29th Ultimo a communication from the Civil Engineer 3d Division recommending the restoration of the Singanamalla Tank in the Bellary district.—

(Here Enter 2d October 1851 No. 8091)

The above Papers and those recorded in

Fort St George 4th March 1852.—

Read the following Letter.

No. 1139.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department under date the 17th November 1851.—

Read the following Papers.

From the Secretary Board of Revenue Department Public Works.

Submitting a letter from the Collector of Bellary affording further information on the Proposed restoration of the Darojee and Shinganamalla tanks in the Bellary District and stating that under the circumstances adduced by the Collector the Board are of opinion that no time should be lost in completing the repairs and that they also agree with the local officers that no reduction can be made in the Estimate.—

(Here enter 29th September 1851. No. 7921)

Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue Department Public Works.—

Submitting with reference to Board's letter dated 29th Ultimo a communication from the Civil Engineer 3d Division recommending the restoration of the Singanamalla Tank in the Bellary district.—

(Here Enter 2d October 1851 No. 8091)

The above Papers and those recorded in

Dft to Consultation
9th September 1851.
Nos 12 @ 16.

in the Consultation noted in the margin relate to the proposed restoration of the great Tanks of Darojee and Singanamalla in the Bellary district which were breached in the storm of May 1851.—

2. The Estimate for the repair of the former of these Tanks amounts to Rupees 37,998 that for the repairs of the latter to Rupees 60,500. The enormous amount of these Estimates as constrasted with the revenue at stake which taken at the maximum and at the average under 20 per Cent of the proposed outlay without any particular explanation of the importance of the Tanks independently of their value as reservoirs for irrigation led Government in Extract Minutes Consultation of the 8th September last to doubt the propriety of recommending their reconstruction to the Government of India Fuller explanation of the reasons upon which the restoration of the Tanks was deemed to be a matter of so much urgency as to warrant the immediate commencement

Total of Estimate— Rs 9,498.
Maximum revenue— " 21,922.
Average Do Rs 19,525.

commencement of the work was therefore called for, and the execution of repairs suspended until such information had been supplied.—

3. The Board of Revenue have now submitted letters from the Collector and Civil Engineer of the District intended to meet the call of Government.—

4. Besides the 10 villages whose lands have hitherto been irrigated from these two tanks there are 13 Villages which though not directly supplied from them are yet in a great measure dependent upon them "as their springs are materially affected by the waters of these large Lakes."—

5. It is not possible to appreciate with any approach to exactness the direct advantages arising from the existence of such large reservoirs in a dry country like Bellary but the popular idea is that they exert a certain beneficial influence considerably beyond the land to which their waters visibly reach.— In times of drought they must be very useful.— Much cattle from the surrounding country it is stated graze about these tanks which will be saved from perishing in such times when the mortality from the failure of water

water is generally so great. As respects Darojee the Collector reports that its po= =sition to the chief town of the District being within 20 Miles of Bellary and almost the only large tank within 40. miles of that Town renders it of import= =ance to the Garrison, and in the times of drought it affords water to the Public cattle as well as others kept at the Commissariat farm about 5 miles distant".

6. To consider the subject in a financial point of view, It is proposed with respect to Darojee to lay out Rupees 37998 to recover an average revenue of Rupees 7,300 which, it may be safely assumed, is as much as will be returned eventually for the proposed expenditure being about 19 per Cent upon the first outlay. But first the outlay must be recovered which will take more than 5 years Revenue after the tank has been restored to an efficient state, and this could hardly be done in less than a year. It will therefore be more than six years before the first outlay is recovered and in the meantime there will be an accumulation of interest

interest upon the Capital expended which at 4 per Cent will probably absorb all that remains of the revenue of the 7th year.—

7. Again, the outlay for the restoration of the tank of Singanamulla is estimated at Rupees 60,500 by which will be recovered an average revenue of Rupees 12,000. Following the same mode of calculation it will be about 7 years in this case also before there is any profit upon the Capital, but in the end it will be near 20 per Cent.—

8. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council observes that in the present State of the Finances of India it would not be admissable to incur such an expenditure for a prospective benefit to this extent so long deferred and if these were project to create revenue merely they could not be entertained. But the case is different when the object is not only to recover revenue which may be considered as lost, but to restore the means of subsistence to the large body of ryots who have lived by the cultivation of the lands irrigated

irrigated by these Tanks- There is a marked distinction between the cases of outlays on new Projects and applications for expenditure of the nature of those now before Government.— In the case of a new project no private capital is destroyed by the failure to execute the work, and no individual can be ruined or injured by its abandonment.— But where, as in the present instances, a large amount of private Capital and whole communities may be ruined by the failure to repair these great works, it becomes alike the duty and interest of Government to make the necessary outlay.—

9. This expenditure is moreover called for to avert the consequences of an extraordinary flood of an unprecedented character, and if the people cannot at such times look to the Government for such assistance as shall save them from ruin, or the loss which must ensue if they are to transfer themselves and their capital to some other locality and quit the houses and fields which their fathers have held, the

the result must be to destroy confidence in the Government and to check the investment of private Capital and labor in the land under Government works of irrigation.—

10 Again it appears to the Governor in Council that Government may be considered as having virtually guaranteed the lands under the large tanks to the people and has pledged to repair them and consequently if they neglect to do so, compensation is due to the Ryots who have occupied the land.— If there were cases in which the Government might possibly find it its interest to leave a work like that of the Singanamalla tank in ruins and grant compensation to the Ryots, as there might be, this is apparently not such a case, for the Civil Engineer states that it is a work so well constructed originally "that the tank has cost the Government but a trifling sum for repairs during the last fifty years".—

11 After a careful and deliberate consideration of all these circumstances, the

Fort St George 4th March 1852

the Right Honorable the Governor in Council has come to the conclusion that it is incumbent upon Government to repair these Tanks and he resolves accordingly to forward the correspondence on the subject to the Government of India and to solicit their sanction to the Estimates submitted by the Board of Revenue amounting in the aggregate to Rupees 98,498 — — / Ninety eight thousand, four hundred and ninety eight. — —

12

There is an important question however touching the tank of Singana-mulla which the Government in Council is of opinion ought to be decided immediately. The Enam land under this tank is equal to full half of the Circar Ayacut and it bears a higher assessment and may be presumed therefore to be better land which may be inferred also from its being almost all cultivated the assessment that is the survey valuation of it being Rs. 12,349 while the net revenue of the Circar lands cultivated in Fusly 1259 was Rs. 12,524 - It is not

	Acres.
Circar Ayacut	2,264
Enam	1,144
Cultivated	1,056

Fort St George 4th March 1852

not to be expected that Government will restore to the Enamdars the means of cultivating their lands from which when cultivated the whole income to the State is a Jodee of Rupees 1,505 to restore what is absolutely lost and for the loss of which no claim could be made upon the Government without a recompense in the shape of an addition-al cess, the Governor in Council thinks that the Enamdars would be well off if they were required to pay in future, including the Jodee 3/4ths of the net assessment after deduction of the

Fort St George 4th March 1852

the established remission allowed upon the Government lands. The Board of Revenue are will be pleased to consider this part of the question in communication with the Collector of Bellary and submit their opinion to Government on an early date.

To
The President and Members
of the Board of Revenue
in the Department of
Public Works.—

/A true Extract/
/Signed/ H. C. Montgomery
Chief Secretary.

L. S. B.

Fort St George 4th March 1852.

To,
Captain J. W. Bell,
Secretary to the Board of Revenues
Department of Public Works.—

Sir,

1. Adverting to your letter of the 24th July last No 642 requesting me to inform the Board what portion of the expense of the repairs should be borne by the Enamdars of the Singanamullah Tank in the Anantapoor Talook I have the honor to forward for the information of the Board transcript of a communication with an abstract Statement of Enams under that Tank received from Mr Daniell the Sub Collector on the subject, and to add the following observations, on the question of taxing the Enamdars with a proportion of the contemplated outlay for the repair of the Tank.—

2. There occur to me three points to be taken into consideration.—

1st Whether the Enamdars are to contribute any portion of the expense or not.

2dly If they are to contribute a share what proportion are they to be called upon to pay.—

3dly In what manner is that proportion to be levied from them.—

3 As respect the first point the only ground for

for calling upon them to pay is the very obvious one that they derive a benefit from the Tank and should therefore contribute to raise the fund necessary for its preservation.

4. The arguments against imposing this liability on the Enamdars are. That they recieved their Enams from former Governments free without any such liability being imposed upon them either by express agreement or by intention of the donors. That they never have been required to contribute to the repairs. That it is not the practice elsewhere in the District that the Enams were given for their support and that they have not means to contribute for repairs out of the Emoluments derived from them, the receipts of which are but small and that the establishing a new precedent now would be a hardship and unjust in as much as it would deprive them to a certain extent of the means given them for their support by former Governments and hitherto acknowledged by the British Government.

5. In addition to the foregoing arguments which are adduced on behalf of the owners of the land I may state two which occur to me as worthy of consideration for not interfering with the general practice of the Country in this respect Viz. that the Government claims and constantly exercise the right to control the Cultivation of Enams when the

water

water in the Tank is deficient until the required proportion of Circar land is cultivated, and the right to do so is claimed on the ground that the Enamdar does not contribute to repairs and that he should therefore unless water is abundant, wait till the Circar is first satisfied. Now if the Enamdar is called upon to pay his gusta of repairs, he will have a full right with the Circar to demand that his land be cultivated equally with the Government land. The second argument to which I allude is that of the right of Government to enquire into every Enam on the death of the occupant with a views to resumption. Hitherto all Enams have been left quite uncontrolled they have passed into other hands by inheritance, gift or sale but now since 1848 the proprietary right to them, may be said to exist only during the life time of the present holder. And it becomes a question whether, if Enamdars were made to contribute their proportion to the Government Tank repairs, they would not have a better right of property than is now conceded them. or at least whether the power of Government to resume, in cases in which the Enams under present rules are now resumable would not be considerably weakened.

Such

6 Such appear to me to be the principal arguments against making the Enamdars, not only at Singanamullah but generally throughout the whole District, responsible for repairs and if they are admitted as valid there is no occasion to take into consideration the other two points. But should they not be recognised as sufficient to exonerate the Enamdars from paying their proportion to defray the expence of repairs it will be necessary to consider the 2d & 3d points alluded to in the 2d para of this letter.

7 The 2d Point is what proportion are the Enamdars to contribute. The holders of service Enams I take for granted, are not at all liable. They receive their Enams for services to be performed to the state and in lieu of other emoluments for that service. It will be seen in the statement that under the Singanamullah Tank there are 457 acres bearing an assessment of 4960 Rupees of service Enam and that there is Quit Rent leviable upon this land which amounts to 1435 Rupees which is about 29 per cent of the Iyen assessment or 39 per Cent of that assessment after the general reduction of 1/4 which should be allowed in taking this subject into consideration.

	Rs.
Survey assessment	4960
Deduct 25 per cent	1240
Real value as compared with circar lands	3720
Iody	1435
Net	2285

The

8 The Bhutwurthee and Kyrathee Enams which are generally charitable alienations and to which alone the present question of taxing for repairs can be applied amount to 631 acres assessed at 1409 Rupees. They are Surva Enams that is they are entirely exempted from Quit Rent. They are mostly cultivated but not all. The Enamdars do not themselves cultivate their own lands entirely, it will be observed that about one half is cultivated by the Enamdar himself finding the means and the other moiety is given to other Ryots to cultivate. When the land of an Enamdar is not cultivated by himself the Government by an established rule in this District interpose a restriction. They allow of a Circar ryot cultivating Enam to the extent of 1/4th of his Circar puttah, but if he exceeds that limit, he is taxed with Enam Tuffreek for the amount of Enam held by him in the proportion of 10 per Cent levied on ryots holding no Circar Puttah & 5 per Cent on others who cultivate beyond the limited amount of Enam allowed them. The assessment on these lands is as before stated 1409 Rupees but it must not not be supposed that the Enamdars obtain that revenue or any thing like it from these lands. The lands cultivated by themselves which are in the proportion of one half of the whole as before stated will yield probably as fair a crop as those cultivated by other ryots, but from

	Rs.	Acres	Cultivation in Fusly 1260. appts.
Cultivated	573	6891	
Waste	56	512	
By Enamdar	Rs 3401		
By Ryot	3496		

from want of skill, they are not perhaps so productive or after deducting the expences of Cooly hire paid to labourers (for Brahmins do not labour themselves) there remains only a small profit. The ryots who cultivate the other portion of these Inams allow the owners a part of the Crop or pay in money only a small portion of the Amount at which the Enam is assessed so that the Enamdar does not perhaps get (supposing the whole 631 acres to be under cultivation) more than on an average 25 per Cent of the sum at which it is assessed. This would amount to 1852 Rupees on the whole.

9. The estimate for repairs is 60,500 Rupees and as stated by Mr. Daniell (para) this sum divided over the whole cultivation would be 25-4 as per acre on the land actually occupied in the last Fusly 1260, on the whole ayacut it would be 17-12 as per acre. If as a matter of principle these Enamdars are to contribute at all, the rate at which they are to pay should also as a matter of principle be in the same proportion to Government and on this principle they would be called upon to pay 25-4 Rupees or 17-12 per acre held by them. But to require them to do so would be useless as the greater part could not meet the demand and even if a less proportionate rate than the above was assessed, say only one half the result I fear would be the same, the money would not be forthcoming. And what measures are then to be resorted to, are these Enams to be resumed, But taking

every thing into consideration Viz. the arguments used in favor of their not paying at all the small receipts they obtain from their lands, their general poverty and the unpopularity of pressing too hard upon them I think, should the Government decide upon compelling the Enamdars to pay any proportion, that one half the general average upon the whole outlay would be a sufficient sum. This at

General rate per Acre ... 17-12-0

Half the above is } 8-14-0

Rs. A. 8-14 per Acre in the 631. Acres would amount to 5,565 Rupees. But, as the comparative value of one field with another varies considerably the fairer way would be to assess the amount whatever that might be not at so much per Acre but at so much per assessed value of the land. In this mode the proportion would be as follows.

Rupees

Total assessment Circar and Enam 33,323.

Proportion per Rupee of the amount of Estimate would be } 1-13-0

631. Acres of Enam assessed at 7,409 Rupees at the rate of Rs. as 1-13 per Rupee would give 13,430 Rupees as the Enamdar's share to pay or half this sum as before stated would be 6715 Rupees.

10. But seeing the difficulty of realizing this

this sum at once I come to the 3d Point as to how this new tax is to be levied and I agree with Mr. Daniell that the most feasible plan would be to levy it as a water tax on the actual collection over two or three years until the amount assessed had been fully liquidated - This however would exclude those lands which are generally left uncultivated and so reduce the whole sum a little - But whatever is to be collected it should be by an Annual tax until the sum is paid and the sum as realized carried to the credit of Government - The advance in the first instance for the Tank repairs must be made by Government

Enams Bhutwurtee Sag in 1260 fusly
575 acres at 8-11 per acre would be
Rs. As.
11-13 per Rupee of assessment } 5103 Rupees.
6210 Rupees.

Bellary Collector's Office,
21st October, 1851.

(Signed) C: Pelly.
Collector.

No. 2.

To
C: Pelly Esqre
Collector of Bellary.

Sir,

1. Adverting to your letter of the 29th July giving cover to transcript of one from the Board of Revenue, Department of Public Works, dated 24th Idem and desiring me to furnish you with a List of Enams under Suganamalah Tank and to report what portion of the repairs should be borne by the Enamdars, I have the honor to enclose a Statement shewing

shewing the details you require.

2. The Enamdars are unwilling to bear any portion of the expenditure required for the repair of the Tank, they state that their Enams were granted to them or to their ancestors under former Government and that from that period up to the present time they have enjoyed the right of Cultivating their Enams with the Tank water and have never been called upon to pay any portion towards the repairs of the Tank - They also express an apprehension that if on the present or on any other occasion they are made to bear any portion of the outlay, a precedent would be established which would afterwards lead to their being called upon to share in the expenditure requisite to keep the Tank in repair -

3. But they also state that irrespective of their unwillingness to bear any portion of the expenditure now required their impoverished circumstances place it out of their power to do so, and the Amildar is of opinion that on account of their poverty it would be impracticable to collect from them any portion of the Amount -

4. By the enclosed Statement it will be observed that the Service Enams under the Tank amount to Rupees 4,804 and the Bhutwurtee and Rhyratte Enams to Rupees 6,897. Of the latter Enams one half are Cultivated by other

Ryots

Ryots of whom three fourths pay to the Enamdars a share of the produce and the others only a small portion of the amount at which the Enams are assessed in the Circar accounts.-

5- The Enamdars state that in consequence of their being allowed to Cultivate only a portion of their Enams, unless there is a sufficient supply of water in the Tank to Cultivate the Circar lands to their full extent, and also that in consequence of the practice of levying 10 per Cent on Ryots who Cultivate Enam without holding Circar land, and 5 per Cent on others who Cultivate beyond a certain extent of Enam land, they are not able to get their lands Cultivated except on terms yielding them very little profit.-

6- The Bhutwurttee and Ryratte Enamdars are with a few exceptions beggars and indolent persons who rather than exert themselves to Cultivate their Enams prefer renting them to Ryots for any small amount and if their lands are less productive than the Circar lands under the Tank, it will probably be found in most instances to arise from circumstances within their own control, but with a few exceptions these Enamdars as stated by the Amildar are poor and it would apparently be impracticable prior to the repair of the Tank to collect from them any portion of the Estimate.-

7- The Estimate framed by the Civil Engineer amounts to Rupees 60,500 and this sum if distributed over all the lands under the Tank amounts to Rupees 25-4 per

per Acre, but as the holders of service Enams perform certain services and Jodee to the extent of Rupees 1,435 is collected, I imagine the Board do not desire that any portion of the amount should be collected from them.-

8- I do not hear of any instance in which any portion of outlay made by Government for the repair of works of irrigation has been actually collected from the Bhutwurttee or Ryratee Enamdars, and I am of opinion that the most feasible way of collecting any portion of the amount for the repair of the Singanamalah Tank would be to levy Peersarghee or water tax until the amount it might be decided they ought to pay had been liquidated. By this arrangement the Enamdar would only be called upon to pay when their Enams were cultivated and when they derived advantage from the outlay made by Government.-

9- If it should be ruled that the Enamdars are bound to contribute to the repair of the tank it will then be a question if valid objections exist against their paying under the above arrangement at the same rate as the Government in proportion to the lands contained in their Enams. But the subject is one of importance not only as regards the Enams under the Singanamullah Tank but also as affecting the Enams under all works of irrigation and further enquiry appears called for before any alteration in the system hitherto followed is ordered.-

Bellary District
Sub Collector's Office
on Circuit at Bellary
16th September 1851

(Signed) L. D. Daniell.
Sub Collector.

(True Copy)
(Signed) C. Pelly.
Collector.

Statement

3472.

Fort St. George

No. 3. Statement shewing the Ayacut and Cultivation

4th March 1852.

Enam under Suriganamalah Tank for Fusly 1260-

		Ayacut.						Cultivation for Fusly 1260-							
		Free land.		Quit Rent.		Totals		Free Land.		Quit Rent.			Totals	Detail for assessment	
		Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Quit Rents.	Acres.	Assessment.	Personal Cultivation.	Cultivation by others.
Dharmadayem		50	523	"	"	50	523	46	498	"	"	"	46	498	428	70
Bhatavurthee		576	6759	"	"	576	6759	521	6273	"	"	"	521	6273	3054	3219
Kherattee		55	650	"	"	55	650	54	624	"	"	"	54	624	347	277
		631	7409	"	"	631	7409	575	6897	"	"	"	575	6897	3401	3496
Enam- Vuliyg or service	Potail	"	"	81	1114	81	1144	"	"	69	1072	227	69	1072	757	315
	Curnum	"	"	115	1179	115	1179	"	"	139	1128	291	139	1128	962	166
	Talary	40	514	11	12	44	556	39	512	1	12	3	43	554	196	58
	Seergundy	4	28	13	610	47	638	4	28	13	610	167	47	638	184	454
	Angajala	"	"	4	80	4	80	"	"	4	80	16	4	80	80	"
	Shroff	"	"	4	31	4	31	"	"	4	31	25	4	31	"	31
	Carpenter	"	"	17	140	17	140	"	"	17	140	116	17	140	131	9
	Iron smiths	"	"	14	148	14	148	"	"	14	148	83	14	148	141	7
	Pot maker	"	"	13	129	13	129	"	"	13	129	92	13	129	47	82
	Astrologer	4	58	"	"	4	58	3	56	"	"	"	3	56	56	"
	Barber	"	"	21	181	21	181	"	"	21	181	108	21	181	181	"
	Washer	"	"	10	80	10	80	"	"	10	80	38	10	80	80	"
	Chuckler	"	"	35	239	35	239	"	"	33	235	186	33	235	154	81
	Asador Chalavadies	3	26	"	"	3	26	1	14	"	"	"	1	14	"	14
		51	656	391	1273	1142	1929	117	610	371	1146	1352	118	4786	3269	1517
	Cuttoobuddy	9	31	"	"	9	31	3	18	"	"	"	3	18	18	"
	Total	60	687	391	1273	1151	1960	50	658	371	1146	1352	121	4804	3287	1517
	Grand Total	741	8619	391	1273	1132	12892	671	8053	371	1146	1352	1012	12199	7116	5083

(Signed) L. D. Daniell. Sub Collector.

(True Copy) (Signed) C. Pelly Collector

Ordered

Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

Ordered to be communicated to the Collector of Bellary and Civil Engineer 3d Division.—

Ordered to be communicated to the Revenue Department for disposal of the question connected with the Enamdars.—

Ordered that the letter of the Collector dated October 25th on the same subject be transferred to the Revenue Department.—

1 Letter with 2 Enclosures.—

Madras
1st December 1857.

(Signed) J. H. Bell.
Secretary Board of Revenue
D. P. W.

Fort St. George 4th March 1852

Ordered that the foregoing letter be submitted with the following address.—

No. 85

To The Chief Secretary to Government.—

(43.44)

Bd. No. 153.

To the Chief Secretary to Government

Forwarding a letter from the Collector of Bellary on the subject of repairing Singamulla and Durogee Tanks in that District together with the Board's views thereon.—

Sir,

On receipt of Extract Minutes Consultation 17th November 1851, communicating the sentiments of Government respecting the repair of the Singenmulla and Durogee Tanks in the Bellary District, the Board resolved to take into consideration in the Revenue Department that part of the order referring to the very important question of levying a portion of the expense of repairs from the Enamdars holding lands under the Singenmulla tank and they now direct me to transmit for the consideration of Government a letter with its Enclosures from the Collector of Bellary in which he has discussed the question at considerable length.—

25th October 1851 Enclosure 1 in From Public Works 1st December 51. in Cons. 4th March 1852

2.— It will be seen that Mr. Pelly is not favorably disposed towards the measure of obliging the Enamdars to contribute. He states the arguments against imposing this liability on them to be 1st that they received their Enams from former Governments without any such liability either

Para 4.—

either excpressed or implied - 2d That they never have been required to contribute to such repairs hitherto and that it is not the custom of the District - 3d That the Enams were granted for their support, and that they have not the means to contribute towards the repairs out of the proceeds of these Enams, which are but small - 4th That it would be a hardship to deprive them to this extent of the means given them for their support by former Governments, and hitherto acknowledged by the British Government - Mr Pelly adds two additional arguments against such compulsary contribution Viz. The practice by which the use of the water of the tank for Enam cultivation is restricted, and the free cultivation of Enam land by other Ryots is limited, and 2d. The uncertain tenure of the Enamdars compared to what they formerly enjoyed owing to the strict manner in which these Enams are now investigated and subject on the death of the present holders to resumption under the rules promulgated in 1848.

Para-5.-

The Board are willing to allow that there is considerable force in some of these arguments, particularly the two latter, and that the measure is contrary to the practice hitherto observed and would in so far be an innovation, and no doubt be considered a hardship by those affected at the same

same time they are of opinion that the objections as given by the Collector are somewhat over stated - Assuming that these Enam lands were all genuine grants made by former Governments and that the present Government has in a measure recognized them as such by continuing and respecting them it seems still a question less of respect to these old grants, than of a benefit now to be conferred by the present Govt - The Government may have considered it just & expedient not to cancel or curtail the benefits conferred by its predecessors on private individuals, and it has respected them as long as they lasted - But when, thro' the operation of natural causes over which neither party had any control, these benefits have ceased to exist (for a tank without water is of no advantage to any one) the present Government does not seem bound on any plea of regard for previously existing rights or privileges to renew them at its own proper cost - It is only because the circumstances are such that the Government cannot restore the supply of water for the Circar lands without also furnishing the means of irrigating the Enams that any question arises on the subject, for if they could be kept distinct, as for instance if the

Enam

Enam lands were all under one tank and the Circar lands under another it would hardly be contended by any one that Government was bound to or would be justified in expending its own revenue in restoring the former.

4th Neither can it in the opinion of the Board, be stated with any justice that the measure of requiring the Enamdars to contribute towards restoring the means of irrigating their own lands would deprive them of the means given them for their support by former Governments. They are already deprived of this, as Government also is of its revenue from the Circar lands. Were the Government to remain wholly passive the Enamdars would not the less be deprived of this means of support, and the more correct view to take of the matter seems therefore to be that there are two parties to be benefitted by undertaking certain expensive operations and to consider whether the funds necessary for the purpose should be furnished by one only of these.

5th On the whole the Board have little hesitation in admitting that the principle of requiring the Enamdars to contribute towards the restoration of the tank is in itself devoid of any

any reasonable objection on the score of justice or good faith, but they do not lose sight of what has been the previous practice, or of the condition of the Enamdars and their means of contributing their share. They are desirous therefore of introducing the principle in this case with all practicable consideration and indulgence as to the mode in which the contribution should be made.

6th It will be seen that the objections noticed by Mr Pelly are partly founded on the assumption that it was intended at once to collect from the Enamdars the proportion of expenses to be paid by them which he calculates at an average of Rs 25 – 0 or 17–12 per acre on the Bhutoury and Kyrattee Enams, according as the whole extent or only the cultivated portion is taken into account. The Board never contemplated that this amount could be at once paid down by these Enamdars – all that they would recommend is that it should be gradually recovered from them on some equitable and easy principle – and for this purpose they would propose, if the Government recognize the propriety of making the Collection at all, that it should be realized by an annual kuffeek or assessment on the actual cultivation until the amount due by each Enamdar has been paid up.

7th There seems some difficulty in determining the rate at which the contribution could be

be collected, Mr Pelly has shown that from various causes the actual net profits of the Enamdars are for the most part small and he estimates that on an average they do not realize more than 75 per Cent of the sum assessed on the lands. The Board believe that it is notorious that the amount assessed on Enam lands at the time of the Survey of the Ceded Districts was generally much higher that on the Circar lands. The assessors considered it of little importance what rate of assessment was placed on land which was exempt from the payment of it. The very circumstance also that it is considered a privilege to allow Circar ryots to cultivate Enam land and that they can afford to pay to the Circar an Enam Jupeeth of 5 and 10 per Cent in addition to what they pay to the Enamdars seems sufficient to show that they generally hold it on very easy terms as how ever half the land appears to be cultivated by the Enamdars themselves the average profit is per haps estimated by Mr Pelly at too low a rate when he states it to be only 25 per Cent of the assessment. The Board therefore wish to defer laying down any precise rule upon this point until the general question has been determined by Government and they can receive the further opinion of the Collector as to the rate of payment which could be made without pressing too hardly on the Enamdars and depriving them of all profit from

from their land in the mean time.—

8. Referring to the remarks contained in paras 9 and 10 of Mr Pelly's letter and to the observations of the Sub Collector the Board think that the quota to be contributed should be calculated on the whole Ayacut both Circar and Enam which assuming the Cost of restoring the tank to be Rs 60,500 as estimated would make the average per Acre Rs 17-12-0 at this rate of gross Amount to be paid on account of 631 Acres of Bhutwurty and Enam would be Rs 11200. The Amount assessed on this land is Rs 7109 or an average of Rs 11-10 per Acre and if 25 per Cent of the assessment could be collected annually it would be repaid in about 4 years. on the land actually under Cultivation as respects the waste some further difficulty occurs. But where the waste belongs to a person having other Enam land under Cultivation the Collection might continue on the latter until the sum due on the whole of his Enam was liquidated where no part of the Enamdars land was cultivated, and the owner omitted to make any arrangement for this purpose; the Collector might be authorized to give the land out for Cultivation to other ryots on reasonable terms, or failing this to resume the land after a sufficiently long interval had been allowed.—

9. In the above calculation the Board have assumed that the full proportionate quota per Acre is to be paid, but the Collector has stated his opinion that one half this or Rs 8-14 per Acre would be sufficient, and if the restriction upon the quantity of water to be allowed to the Enam land were not abrogated or at all events suspended, it would furnish strong grounds for reducing the Amount.—

10. The Board entirely concur with the Collector that no contribution ought to be expected from the service Enamdars whose remuneration is received in this shape instead of in ready money more particularly as it

it appears that they already pay in the shape of Soree or quit rent on their lands to an amount equivalent to 3g per Cent on the assessment of their lands.—

The Board desire me to add that they have taken into their serious consideration the suggestions of Government that the "Enamdars "might be required to pay in future including the "Soree 3/4 of the assessment after deducting the established remission allowed upon the Government lands" but considering that the principle of levying such contributions for repairs is entirely new, and requires to be introduced with caution they are unwilling to recommend that more should be required of the Enamdars than the repayment of their fair quota of the repairs, or that advantage should be taken of the late misfortune to impose a permanently enhanced demand upon the Enamdars beyond what is requisite to meet the special occasion.— It will be seen that they propose to exempt all those lands being Service Enams on which the Soree is now payable and with reference to what they have remarked respecting the unduly high valuation frequently assigned at the Survey to Enam lands they are — under the impression that the imposition of 3/4 of that amount as a permanent assessment would in many cases be found equivalent to an entire forfeiture of the Enam, and in some would raise it beyond the proportion paid on the Government lands.—

Revenue Board Office
Fort St George
1st March 1852.—

Signed W. H. Bayley
Secretary.

Read again letter from the Sub Treasurer dated 6th and entered in Consultation 11th September last.—

Read

Read also the following letters.

45

To
The President and Members of the
Board of Revenue

Gentlemen, Fort St George.

From the Superintt of Stamps

With reference to your Secretary's letter of the 19th March 1849, I have the honor to forward a Statement exhibiting the quantity and value of Stamped papers and Cuttings Stamped at this Office, and Counter Stamped at the General Treasury during July 1260.—

Fort St George,
General Stamp Office
2d February 1852.

(Signed) A. F. Bruce.—
Superintt of Stamps.—

Statement.

TR

3483

Statement shewing the Quantity and Value of Europe and Country Papers and Cudjans stamped at this Office and Counter Stamped

Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

	Europe Decree paper No. 2				Europe Paper for Deeds. No. 2.						
	As	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
	8	1	2	4	4	8	1	2	4	8	16
Europe and Country Papers and Cudjans stamped at the General Treasury and received in the General Stamp Office during Fusly 1260:	7,650	1500	1,350	80	2700	2490	1600	1030	430	160	60

	Country Paper. No. 2									
	As	As	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
	4	8	1	2	4	8	16	32	50	100	150
	15,2509	40442	39079	15,208	16800	5,440	1995	780	261	96	25

Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
32	50	100	150	250	350	500	750	1,000	2,000
8	3	3	"	"	"	1	"	"	"

Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
250	350	500	750	1,000	2,000
14	5	3	4	"	2

Fort St. George

at the General Treasury during July 1260 or from 4th March 1852.—

12th July 1850 to 11th July 1851.—

Country Paper.

No. 6.

As	As	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
4	8	1	2	4	8	16	32	50

Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
100	150	250	350	500	750	1,000	2,000

3,000	500	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
						5	"	"	"

Country Paper.

No. 9.

As	As	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
4	8	1	2	4	8	16	32

Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
50	100	150	250	350	500	750	1,000	2,000

30	20	"	5	"	"	"	"	"	"
								"	"

3485

Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

Total Rolls	Total Value	Cudjans No. 1.							
		As 4	As 8	Rs 1	Rs 2	Rs 4	Rs 8	Rs 16	Rs 32
315288	376211 12	6150	3000	1900	25"	10	10	4	"

Total Cudjans Rolls	Total Value Rupees		Grand Total Paper Cudjans Rolls	Grand Total Value Rupees	
	Rs	As		Rs	As
11099	3171	8	326387	381383	4

Fort St. George, General Stamp Office
2d February 1852

Rs 30	Rs 100	Rs 150	Rs 250	Rs 350	Rs 500	Rs 750	Rs 1000	Rs 2000
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

Signed A. F. Bruce
Superintendent of Stamps

3

(46)

Bd. No 354

From the Superintt. of Stamps ----

Forwards a General Statement of Stamp'd Papers and Cadjans received and sold by Collectors from 1st July 1850 to 11th July 1851 inclusive Fasly 1260 accompanied by Eight explanatory Statements.—

Fort St. George 4th March 1852.—

To

The President and Members of the Board of Revenue.

Gentlemen,

I have the honor to forward for the information of the Board and Government a General Statement of the Stamp'd Papers and Cadjans sold by Collectors &c. from 12th July 1850 to 11th July 1851 or during Fasly 1260 accompanied by Eight explanatory Statements.

2.

By Statements Nos. 1 and 2 the Board will observe that the Gross Revenue derived during the Fasly in question amounted to Company's Rupees 538.184-10-4 being Company's Rupees 52129-7-1 above that of the preceding Fasly. and by Statement No. 3 that the Charges amount to Company's Rupees 55.807-15-3 which with the sum of Company's Rupees 3587-6-8 refunded being deducted leaves the Net Revenue Company's Rupees 446698-3-1. This on a comparison with the Net amount of the preceding Fasly exhibits an Increase of Company's Rupees 40750-6-6. The Board will further observe that Statement No. 1 includes certain Revenues which were omitted to be included in the Statements furnished by Collectors for those periods to this Office and in consequence not included in the Statements submitted to the Board by this Department; as however these items form no part of the Stamp Revenue I have thought it proper to include them in the Statement for the past Fasly amounting in the aggregate to Company's Rupees 67294-10-10 which the Board will observe has been added to the Net Revenue making the total amount to Company's Rupees 513992-13-11.—

Gross Revenue for Fasly 1260 Rs. 538184-10-4
—Do.— for Fasly 1259 — 458058-3-3
Gross Increase — 52129-7-1

Net Revenue for Fasly 1260 Rs. 446698-3-1
—Do.— for Fasly 1259 — 405947-12-7
Net Increase 40750-6-6

3.

The mode in which I have disposed of the Papers and Cadjans received by me during the Fasly and the balance remaining on my hands at its termination are shewn in Statements Nos. 4 and 5.—

4.

The Board will perceive that the excess of papers and Cadjans reported to have been received by Collectors from the Consignments furnished to them, and found in their stock as particularized in Statement No. 6 amount to Rolls 64 to the value of Company's Rupees 67-11- which has been carried as usual to my debit and I request that the sanction of Government may be obtained for my taking credit

Fort St. George 4th March 1852

credit for the balance of the deficiency of papers and Cadjans as shewn in the same Statement Viz. Rolls 37- to the value of Company Rupees 84-3---

5.

Statement No. 7 exhibits the quantity of Papers damaged at the General Treasury and from a consignment amounting to Rolls 109. to the value of Company's Rupees 60-8-; and I request that the Board will be good enough to obtain the sanction of Government for my carrying the value of these Papers to "Profit and loss" and for permission to destroy the same.—

6.

The quantity and value of Stampt Papers and Cadjans of high value returned by parties from there being no demand and partly damaged from long standing and the quantity and value of Stampt Sayer and Sea Custom Rowannahs defaced in consequence of the abolition of Inland Custom duties and from the discontinuance of Stampt Rowannahs in the Sea Custom Department is shewn in Statement No. 8 to be Rolls 1014-4 valued at Company's Rupees 307714-1-6; deducting therefrom Rolls 1105 of good papers added to Office stock to the value of Company's Rupees 85266--- and Rolls 98545- of Sayer and Sea Custom Rowannahs to the value of Company's Rupees 43847-6-- defaced under the orders of Government dated 24th October 1850 for the balance Viz. Rolls 1754 to the value of Company's Rupees 178600-11-6; I have now the honor to request that the Board will be good enough to obtain the sanction of Government for my carrying the value of these Papers and Cadjans as usual to "profit and loss" and for permission to destroy the same.—

	Cwt	Qrs	Lbs
Papers 100328 - -	294	031	1-6
Cadjans 1076 - -	13	683	---
1014-4 - -	307	714	1-6

7

Statement No. 9 exhibits the description and value of the Papers and Cadjans disposed off by Collectors during Fasly 1260.—

(Signed) C. F. Bruce
Superintendent of Stamps
General

Fort St. George
General Stamp Office,
2nd February, 1852. ---

Fort St George 4th March 1852

No 1. General Statement of Stampt Papers received and sold by Collectors &c for Fusly 1260 or from 12th July 1850 to 11th July 1851 and of the Quantity remaining unsold on the latter Date.-

	Quantity and value of Stampt Papers brought from last Fusly Account.		Quantity and value of Stampt Papers received by the Collectors during the Fusly		Total Quantity and value of Stampt Papers sold during the Fusly.-		Quantity and value of Stampt Papers remaining unsold and carried to the ensuing Fusly Account.		Remarks.
	Rolls.	Value. Rs. a. p.	Rolls.	Value. Rs. a. p.	Rolls.	Value. Rs. a. p.	Rolls.	Value. Rs. a. p.	
Collector of Ganjam	9055	45923 - -	12999	25668 - -	22054	71591 - -	13555	56992 12 -	
D:- Vizagapatam	15366	75226 8 -	13102	12150 - -	28468	87376 8 -	16344	71450 4 -	
D:- Rajahmundry	14950	37394 - -	12363	10479 - -	27313	47873 - -	13794	31995 12 -	
D:- Masulipatam	20706	75052 - -	-	- - -	20706	75052 - -	12340	61973 - -	
D:- Guntoor	9346	58828 - -	6226	8251 - -	15572	67079 - -	8907	58615 - -	
D:- Nellore	5880	12600 12 -	10341	17245 - -	16221	29845 12 -	6747	16152 8 -	
D:- Bellary	25786	52041 8 -	24013	46900 - -	49799	98941 8 -	35268	78216 4 -	
D:- Cuddapah	17804	26970 8 -	17484	26750 - -	35288	53720 8 -	16548	26133 - -	
D:- Chinglepat	5181	11232 - -	18757	17741 4 -	23938	28973 4 -	12255	13870 12 -	
D:- Nth Dr of Arcot	21748	49634 4 -	14703	16600 - -	36451	66234 4 -	18754	37013 - -	
D:- Sth Dr of Arcot	12018	35276 8 -	11352	12450 - -	23370	47726 8 -	9859	28754 - -	
D:- Salem	14222	48553 - -	15236	10958 12 -	29458	59511 12 -	13335	36639 - -	
D:- Tanjore	66127	299806 4 -	24000	7500 - -	90127	307306 4 -	47862	241409 - -	
D:- Trichinopoly	65532	64804 15 -	12220	14540 - -	77752	79344 15 -	63916	60544 3 -	
D:- Tinnevelly	27258	120297 4 -	8708	4870 - -	35966	125167 4 -	20207	100418 4 -	
D:- Madura	14907	36749 4 -	17409	24636 8 -	32316	61385 12 -	15567	32714 4 -	
D:- Coimbatore	57893	101104 - -	-	- - -	57893	101104 - -	35066	79987 8 -	
D:- Malabar	29516	89460 12 -	23777	32703 4 -	53293	122164 - -	18023	66856 8 -	
D:- Canara	70829	90258 4 -	36379	47135 - -	107208	137393 4 -	69488	88124 8 -	
D:- Madras	1539	6845 4 -	3499	10797 - -	5038	17642 4 -	1923	8391 12 -	
Agent to the Governor Kurnool	3682	21722 - -	1030	374 4 -	4712	22096 4 -	3030	20289 8 -	
Total	509345	1359779 15 -	283598	347749 - -	792943	1707528 15 -	452788	1216540 11 -	
Sea Custom Canara	11323	17840 11 -	-	- - -	11323	17840 11 -	11323	17840 11 -	
Grand Total	520668	1377620 10 -	283598	347749 - -	804266	1725369 10 -	464111	1234381 6 -	
Additional for Invalids on the Stampt Europe Paper for Deeds as per order of Government dated 31st March 1835 at half anna per Roll	15379	480 9 6	7907	247 1 6	23286	727 11 -	7422	231 15 -	
					Deduct for fees on Europe Paper for Deeds partly issued gratis to public Servants and partly returned		1584	49 5 6	
					Stamped Europe paper repaired by		15717	491 2 6	

To Amount of Paper sold

" Additional for Cerable on Europe paper for

" Amount of Penalties levied by Civil Courts

" Amount of Stamp Duty received in Paper Cancelled

" Amount received being the value of Stamps des

" Do Do being the value of Paper Remanets out

" Amount received and credited being the Stamps

presented this Month

Collector Galle

Do

Do

Do

South Africa

Canada

Do

Do

Amount allowed from Plaintiffs being Costs of Cle

" Amount of unclaimed Commuted Cents

" Amount due for Rolls of Stamped Papers supplied

" Amount due per cent

" Amount of Stock being the value of Stamps

" Amount

" Amount

" Amount of Cash and Sec

Fort St. George

undermen.

le.-

	161	2,305 - -	
	23	1050 - -	
	8	4 - -	192 3359 4.
icient by			
		- - -	30 48 - -

eturned by
19th December
1850.-

34	18700 - -	
6	4,850 - -	
56	22750 - -	
62	25,650 - -	
41	6,555 - -	
4	3,550 - -	
18	8150 - -	
990	15,000 - -	
88	72,400 - -	
133	33,000	
35	14,550 - -	
11	5,550 - -	
38	10,394 - -	
13	4,550 - -	1529 245649 - -

4th March 1852

Deduct Quantity and value of Stamps returned by the under-
-tioned Collectors from there being no demand and unserviceable

Collector of Masulipatam _____

Do Canara _____

Do Madras _____

Deduct Quantity and Value of Stamps reported def
the Collector of Malabar in his Stock _____

Deduct Quantity and value of Stamps highly preced
the undermentioned Collectors under the orders of the Board date

Collector of Ganjam _____

Do Rajahmundry _____

Do Masulipatam _____

Do Guntoor _____

Do Bellary _____

Do North Arcot _____

Do South Arcot _____

Do Salem _____

Do Tanjore _____

Do Trichinopoly _____

Do Tinnevelly _____

Do Coimbatore _____

Do Malabar _____

Agent to the Governor Kurnool _____

			54760	84583	
			32462	17548	87222 26,006 11
					11323 17840 11
			22	56	8
			18	15	- -
			30	92	- -
			42	42	- -
			27	41	12
			12	18	- -
			22	27	- -
			9	8	4
			21	129	4
			22	22	- -
			4	4	- -
				229	45512

4th March 1852

Deduct Quantity and value of Sayer and Sea Custom Rowannahs defaced by the undermentioned Collectors in consequence of abolition of Sayer duties under act VI of 1844 and written off from the account as per order of Government dated 24th October 1850.

Collector Trichinopoly _____

Do: Canara _____

Do: Canara Sea Custom Rowannahs _____

Deduct Quantity and value of Stamps supplied by the undered Collectors gratis to public Servants.-

Collector Rajahmundry _____

Do: Guntoor _____

Do: Nellore _____

Do: Bellary _____

Do: Tanjore _____

Do: Trichinopoly _____

Do: Tinnevelly _____

Do: Coimbatore _____

Do: Malabar _____

Do: Canara _____

Agent to the Governor Kurnool _____

Fort St George 4th March 1852

Deduct Quantity and value of Stamps supplied by the undermentioned Collectors on account of Government Suits.

Collector Masulipatam.	21	9	12 -
D: Cuddapah	21	16	4 -
D: North Arcot	2	4	- -
D: Salem	17	20	- -
D: Trichinopoly	18	9	- -
D: Madura	54	57	8 -
D: Coimbatore	7	7	- -
D: Malabar	70	56	- -
D: Canara	13	32	8 -
	223	212	- -

100748 29357 1 6 -

Total amount carried to next Fusly account ——— 363363 9 4 0 8 4 0 - -

(Signed) A. F. Bruce
Superintendent of Stamps

No 2

3492

Fort St George

4th March 1852.

No 2 General Statement of Stampt Cadjans received and sold by Revenue Collectors in Fusly 1260 or from 12th July 1850 to 11th July 1851 and of the Quantity remaining unsold on the latter date.

	Quantity and Value of Stampt Cadjans brought from last Fusly Account.				Received in the Course of this Fusly				Total.				Quantity and Value of Stampt Cadjans sold during this Fusly.				Quantity and Value of Stampt Cadjans remaining unsold and Carried to the ensuing Fusly account.				Remarks.
	Cadjans.	Value.			Cadjans.	Value.			Cadjans.	Value.			Cadjans.	Value.			Cadjans.	Value.			
	Rolls	Rs	as	ps	Rolls	Rs	as	ps	Rolls	Rs	as	ps	Rolls	Rs	as	ps	Rolls	Rs	as	ps	
Collector of Chingleput	849	697	-	-					3849	2159	8	-	1510	692	-	-	2339	1467	8	-	
" of North Arcot	104	71	-	-	3000	1462	8	-	104	71	-	-	-	-	-	-	104	71	-	-	
" of South Arcot	4500	5306	8	-	-	-	-	-	6200	6006	8	-	2417	1053	-	-	3783	4953	8	-	
" of Salem	104	163	8	-	1700	700	-	-	154	176	-	-	52	20	12	-	102	155	4	-	
" of Tanjore	10621	14624	-	-	50	12	8	-	11621	14999	-	-	4464	3343	-	-	7157	11656	-	-	
" of Trichinopoly	2181	1497	-	-	1000	375	-	-	3681	1997	-	-	2587	1144	-	-	1094	853	-	-	
" of Madura	5103	3561	4	-	1500	500	-	-	6152	4045	4	-	3097	1681	-	-	3055	2361	4	-	
" of Coimbatore	11827	21734	8	-	1049	484	-	-	11827	21734	8	-	2325	628	8	-	9502	21106	-	-	
" of Malabar	14362	26017	8	-	-	-	-	-	17365	24768	4	-	8804	6490	12	-	8561	21277	8	-	
" of Canara	484	716	12	-	3003	1750	12	-	484	716	12	-	2	-	8	-	482	716	4	-	
" of Madras	423	345	12	-	-	-	-	-	1323	695	12	-	960	381	4	-	363	314	8	-	
Total	50558	74734	12	-	12202	5634	12	-	62760	80369	8	-	26218	15437	12	-	36542	64931	12	-	

Deduct Cadjans returned by the undermentioned Collectors from their stock partly from there being no demand for Cadjans of high Value and partly damaged.—

Collector North Arcot	104	71	- -
" South Arcot	13	1300	- -
" Salem	60	120	- -
" Coimbatore	40	8450	- -
" Malabar	450	3112	12 -
" Canara	409	629	4 -
	1076	13683	- -
Deduct deficiency in Stock of the Collector of Malabar	3	2	8 -
			1079 13683 8 -

Total amount Carried to next Fusly account — 35463 51246 4 -

Fort St George, General Stamp Office, 2nd February, 18

E. E. V/Pa.

(Signed) A. F. Bruce
Superintendent of Stamps.

No 3.

3493. Fort St. George

4th March 1852.

No 3 Statement exhibiting the Charges incurred in the General Stamp Office at the Presidency and at out Stations from 12th July 1850 to 11th July 1851 or for Fusly 1260.

	CRs.	a	p
To Amount of fixed Servant wages	7,992	12	9
" Contingent Charges	450	8	6
" Country Paper and Cadjans purchased	1,721	3	2
" Amount paid by the Collector of Ganjam for landing & conveying a Box of Stamp Papers from Vizagapatam to Chittoor	11	7	0
" Amount of Cart hire paid by the Collector of Coimbatore for Conveying unsaleable Stamp Papers & Rowannahs to the General Stamp Office	"	"	"
" Amount paid by the Collector of North Arcot for a return Cart for Conveying Stamp Papers from Madras to Chittoor	3	1	0
" Amount paid by the Collector of Canara for the purchase of a Copper Ink Stand for the use of the Stamp Vender at Honore	"	7	0
" Amount paid by the Collectors of Coimbatore and Canara for repairing Boxes Containing Stamps	"	"	"
" Amount paid by the Collector of Canara for Boat hire for Conveying Boxes Containing Stamps from Canara to Mangalore	"	"	"
" Amount paid by the Collector of Tinnevelly for Calumus for preserving Stamp Papers from being destroyed by insects	2	5	8
" Amount value of Stamps supplied to a Stamp Vender in the Collectorate of Coimbatore	"	"	"
" Amount paid by the Collector of Malabar for Cart hire in Fusly 1255 inadvertently omitted to be included in the Statement of Charges for that year	"	"	"
" Amount paid by Collectors &c. on account of Establishment and Commission to the Darogahs and Venders	24,364	1	1
" Superintendents Commission	21,064	"	1
Total	55,609	15	3

Fort St. George
General Stamp Office
2nd February 1852.

E. E.

Errors.

Statement of Charges in Fusly 1259			Increase			Decrease			Remarks.
CRs.	a	p	CRs.	a	p	CRs.	a	p	
4,835	"	"	A 315	7	12	"	"	"	
466	7	10	"	"	"	15	15	4	
3,010	8	"	"	"	"	1,289	4	10	
"	"	"	11	7	"	"	"	"	
42	"	"	"	"	"	42	"	"	
"	"	"	3	1	"	"	"	"	
"	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	"	
4	15	2	"	"	"	4	15	2	
2	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	"	
"	6	"	1	15	8	"	"	"	
1	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	
8	"	"	"	"	"	8	"	"	
B.									
22,097	13	8	22,664	1		"	"	"	
21,700	"	"	"	"	"	635	13	7	
52,158	2	8	54,401	5	6	1,999	2	11	

(Signed) A. F. Bruce.
Superintendent of Stamps.

No 4.

3494.

Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

No. 4.

Dr. { Account Current of Stampt Papers received from the General Treasury &c. and shewing the manner in which they have been disposed of in Fusly 1260 or from 12th July 1850 to 11th July 1851 } Cr.

	Rolls	CRs.	a	p	Rolls	CRs.	a	p
To Balance brought forward from last Fusly's account					1,490	58,651	8	6
" Stamps in transit to the Collector of Chingleput					6,750	6,175	"	"
" Stamps received from General Treasury from 12th July 1850 to 11th July 1851	3,15,288	3,76,211	12	"				
" Additional fee on 3,485 Rolls of Europe paper for Deeds	"	265	2	6				
					3,15,288	3,76,476	14	6
" Stamps in Excess in Consignments to the undermentioned Collectors.								
Collector Guntoor	1	1	"	"				
Dr. Rajahmundry	1	4	"	"				
Dr. Chingleput	2	1	4	"				
Dr. Salem	2	"	12	"	6	7	"	"
[illegible] Stock								

	Rolls	CRs.	a	p	Rolls	CRs.	a	p
By Stamps received by Collectors as per their Statements of this Fusly	"	"	"	"	2,835	98	347	749	"	"
" Additional fee to be accounted for by Collectors on 790 Rolls	"	"	"	"	"	"	247	1	6
" Paper in transit to the undermentioned Collectors										
Collector of Masulipatam	3,090	3,955	"	"						
Dr. Guntoor	5,050	2,600	"	"						
Dr. Malabar	20,502	17,600	"	"						
Dr. Tanjore	9,804	12,300	"	"						
Additional fee on 600 Rolls	"	18	12	"						
					38,444	6	36,473	12	"	
" Quantity and value of Stampt Papers returned in Fusly 1259 and written off to bro't [illegible]	1320	4900	"	6						

" Stamps in the undermentioned Collectors.									and left as per order of Government dated 18th May 1850.						
Collector Salem		1	"	8	"				" Quantity and value of Stamps reported deficient in Consignment as reported by Collectors in Fusly 1259 and written off as per Do	4	1	"	"		
Do Malabar.		54	53	12	"										
" Additional fee on 22 Rolls		"	"	11	"	55	54	15							
" Stamps sold to Individuals by the undermentioned Collectors and returned by them unused and since returned by the Collectors to the General Stamp Office															
Collector Guntoor		58	64	12	"										
Do Manelipatam		4	1104	"	"	62	1171	12	"	1	"	8	"	1325	4901 8 6
" Stamps of High value returned by the undermentioned Collectors from their Stock									" Quantity and value of Stamps Sayer Rowannahs defaced and written off from the accounts by the undermentioned Collectors as per order of Government dated 24th October 1850.						
Collector Ganjam		34	18400	"	"										
Do Rajahmundry		6	4850	"	"										
Do Masulipatam		36	22750	"	"										
Do Guntoor		62	24600	"	"										
Do Bellary		41	6358	"	"										
Do North Arcot		4	3550	"	"										
Do South Arcot		18	8150	"	"										
Do Salem		990	15000	"	"										
Collector Trichinopoly		54760		8458	3	"									
Do Canara		37462		17548	8	"									
Sea Custom Do Canara		11323		17840	11	"									
Do Tanjore		88	72400	"	"									98545	43847 6 "
Do Trichinopoly		133	33000	"	"									42914	43228 12 "
Do Tinnevelly		35	14550	"	"									2033	302225 14 6
Do Coimbatore		11	5550	"	"										
Do Malabar		38	10394	"	"										
Do Kurnool		13	4550	"	"										
" Additional fee on 18 Rolls		"	"	9	"										
" Stamps returned as Stock damage by the undermentioned Collectors.						1529	24564	9	"						
" Collector Masulipatam		161	23005	4	"										
Do Canara		23	1050	"	"										
Do Madras		8	4	"	"										
" Additional fee on 101 Rolls		"	3	2	6										
Stamps Rowannahs defaced and written off from the accounts by the undermentioned Collectors as per order of Government dated 24th October 1850.						192	33626	6	6						
Collector Trichinopoly		54760		8458	3	"									
Do Canara		37462		17548	8	"									
Sea Custom Do Canara		11323		17840	11	"									
Stamps reported deficient in Stock of the Collector of Malabar.		30	48	"	"	98545	43847	6	"						
Additional fee on 6 Rolls		"	"	3	"	30	48	3	"						
Total		"	"	"	"	1,23,947	73544	10	6	Total				1,23,947	73544 10 6

Fort St. George, General Stamp Office, 2d February 1852. E. E. Wm. (Signed) A. F. Bruce
Supt. of Stamps.

No 5

Fort St. George

4th March 1852.

No. 5. Dr. Account Current of Stampt Cadjans in which they have been disposed of in Fusly

Received from the General Treasury &c., and Shewing the manner

1260 or from 12th July 1850 to 11th July 1851. Cr.

	Rolls	Rs.	a	Rolls	Rs.	a
To Balance brought forward from last Fusly account	"	"	"	200	1146	12
" Cadjans in Transit to the Collector of Chingleput	"	"	"	1500	862	8
" Cadjans received from the General Treasury from 12th July 1850 to 11th July 1851	"	"	"	11099	5141	8
" Cadjans in Excess in Stock of the Collector of Malabar	"	"	"	3	"	12
" Cadjans returned from Stock of the under mentioned Collectors partly from their being no demand and partly damaged as particularized in Statement No. 8 Collector						
North Arcot	104	71	"			
South Arcot	13	1300	"			
Salem	60	120	"			
Coimbatore	40	8450	"			
Malabar	450	3112	12			
Canara	409	629	4			
				1076	13683	"
" Deficiency Reported in Stocks of the Collector of Malabar	"	"	"	3	2	8
Total				13881	20864	"

	Roll	Rs.	a	Rolls	Rs.	a
By Cadjans Received by Collectors as per their Statements of this Fusly	"	"	"	12202	5634	12
Cadjans in Transit to the Collector of Tanjore	"	"	"	400	400	"
" Quantity and Value of Damaged Cadjans returned in Fusly 1259 and written off to profit and loss as per order of Government dated 16th May 1851	"	"	"	200	1146	12
				12802	7181	8
				1079	13685	8
By Particulars of Balance.						
By Cadjans Stamped and disposed of as per Statement No.						
By Stock Deficiencies reported as per Statement No.						
Total				13881	20867	"

Fort St. George
Genl. Stamp Office,
2 February 1852

E. E. Ps. / Signed / A. F. Brace
Supt. of Stamps. No 6

3496 Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

No. 6. Account Particulars of Excess and Deficiency of Stamp Papers and Cadjans found in Stock and Consignments as reported by Collectors in Fusly 1260 or from 12th July 1850 to 11th July 1851.

	Excess found in Stock and Consignments			Deficiency found in Stock and Consignments.		
	Rolls	Rs.	a. p.	Rolls	Rs.	a. p.
4 Annas Paper	23	5	12 "	2	"	8 "
8 Annas Paper	5	2	8 "	6	3	" "
1 Rupee Do.	21	2	" "	12	12	" "
2 Rupees Do.	8	16	" "	9	18	" "
4 Rupees Do.	4	16	" "	4	16	" "
32 Rupees Do.	"	"	" "	1	32	" "
Additional fee on European Paper for Deeds	"	"	11 "	"	"	3 "
Cadjans	61	61	15 "	34	81	11 "
4 Annas Cadjans	8	"	12 "	"	"	" "
8 Annas Do.	"	"	" "	1	"	8 "
1 Rupee Do.	"	"	" "	"	"	2 "
Total	64	62	11 "	37	84	3 "

For St. George
General Stamp Office
2nd February 1852.

E. E. Jno. (Signed) A. F. Bruce
Supt. of Stamps

Account

3497 Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

No. 7. Account Particulars of Damaged Stamp Papers returned from Consignments by a Collector and those damaged at the General Treasury in Fusly 1260 or from 12th July 1850 to 11th July 1851.

	Rolls	Rs.	a. p.
4 Annas Paper	50	12	8 "
8 Annas Paper	44	22	" "
1 Rupee Paper	6	6	" "
2 Rupees Paper	8	16	" "
4 Rupees Paper	1	4	" "
Total	109	60	8 "

For St. George
General Stamp Office
2nd February 1852.

E. E. Jno. (Signed) A. F. Bruce
Supt. of Stamps.

Account.

3498. Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

No. 8. Account Particulars of Stamp Papers and Cadjans of high Value and those — damaged and returned and Stampt Sayer and Sea Custom Rowannahs defaced by Collectors in Fusly 1260 or from 12th July 1850 to 11th July 1851. —

	Papers and Cadjans.				Total.			
	Rolls	Rs.	a	p	Rolls	Rs.	a	p
Masulipatam	165	3,409	4	"				
Guntoor	120	25,714	12	"				
Canara	23	1,050	"	"				
Madras	8	4	"	"				
Trichinopoly	54,760	8,458	3	"				
Canara Sayer Rowannahs	32,462	14,548	8	"				
Canara Sea Custom Rowannahs	11,323	17,840	11	"				
Ganjam	34	18,700	"	"				
Rajahmundry	6	4,850	"	"				
Masulipatam	56	22,750	"	"				
Bellary	41	6,555	"	"				
North Arcot	4	3,550	"	"				
Salem	18	8,150	"	"				
Tanjore	990	15,000	"	"				
Trichinopoly	88	72,400	"	"				
Tinnevelly	133	33,000	"	"				
Coimbatore	35	14,550	"	"				
Malabar	11	5,550	"	"				
Kurnool	38	10,394	"	"				
Additional fee	13	4,550	"	"				
	"	3	11	6				
					100328	2,94,031	1	6
Cadjans.								
North Arcot	184	41	"	"				
South Arcot	13	1300	"	"				
Salem	80	120	"	"				
Coimbatore	440	8,450	"	"				
Malabar	450	3,112	12	"				
Canara	409	629	4	"				
					1046	13,683	"	"
Total					101404	3,07,714	1	6
Deduct Quantity and Value of Good Papers added Office Stock					1105	85266	"	"
					100299	2,22,448	1	6
Deduct Quantity and Value of Sayer and Sea Custom Rowannahs defaced and written Off from the accounts as per order of Government dated 24th October 1850					98545	43847	6	"
Total					1754	178600	11	6

Fort St. George, General Stamps Office 2nd February 1852. E. E. Fm. (Signed) A. F. Bruce Supt. of Stamps

No. 9.

3499. | Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

No. 9. Statement Shewing the different description of Stampt Papers and Cadjans disposed off by Collectors in Fusly 1260 or from 12th July 1850 to 11th July 1851.

Description of Stampt Papers and Cadjans	Value of each Roll.	Quantity and Value of Stampt Papers.			Quantity and Value of Stampt Cadjans			Total		
	CRs.	as.	Rolls	Rs.	as.	Rolls	Rs.	as.	Rolls	Rs.	as.
Stampt Papers and Cadjans	"	1	15,397	39,099	4	14,991	3522	12	1,70,488	42,622	"
Do. Do.	"	8	49,488	24,744	"	6,220	3,110	"	55,708	27,854	"
Do. Do.	1	"	66,969	66,969	"	4,471	4,471	"	71,440	71,440	"
Do. Do.	2	"	23,184	46,368	"	1,013	2,026	"	24,197	48,394	"
Do. Do.	4	"	20,048	80,192	"	311	1,244	"	20,359	81,436	"
Do. Do.	8	"	7,952	63,616	"	95	760	"	8,047	64,376	"
Do. Do.	16	"	2,811	44,976	"	15	240	"	2,826	45,216	"
Do. Do.	32	"	1,410	45,120	"	2	64	"	1412	45,184	"
Do. Do.	50	"	421	21,050	"	"	"	"	421	21,050	"
Do. Do.	100	"	139	13,900	"	"	"	"	139	13,900	"
Do. Do.	150	"	56	8,400	"	"	"	"	56	8,400	"
Do. Do.	250	"	36	9,000	"	"	"	"	36	9,000	"
Do. Do.	380	"	10	3,500	"	"	"	"	10	3,500	"
Do. Do.	500	"	16	8,000	"	"	"	"	16	8,000	"
Do. Do.	750	"	4	3,000	"	"	"	"	4	3,000	"
Do. Do.	1,000	"	1	1,000	"	"	"	"	1	1,000	"
Do. Do.	2,000	"	1	2,000	"	"	"	"	1	2,000	"
Europe Decree Paper.	"	8	6,801	3,402	"	"	"	"	6,804	3,402	"
Do.	1	"	2,292	2,292	"	"	"	"	2,292	2,292	"
Do.	2	"	2,052	4,104	"	"	"	"	2,052	4,104	"
Do.	4	"	64	256	"	"	"	"	64	256	"
Total	"	"	3,40,155	4,90,788	4	26,218	15,437	12	3,66,373	5,06,426	"

Fort St. George
General Stamp Office
2nd February 1852.

E. E. Jun. (Signed) A. F. Bruce
Supt. of Stamps
Official.

35.00

47

B. N. 502.

From the Supt. of Stamps ....

Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

Official Memorandum.

With reference to the Office Memorandum of the Secretary to the Board of Revenue dated 23d. Instant the Superintendent of Stamps has the honor to state that the sum of Company's Rupees 67,294-10-10 has not been retained in the Collector's Treasuries, but credited in their accounts to other than the Stamp Head under which head the amount ought properly to have been credited and for the reasons stated in Para 2 of Superintendents letter dated 2d Instant the amount was included in the Statement of Revenue for the past Fusly.

Fort St. George
General Stamp Office,
26th February 1852.

(Signed) A. F. Bruce
Superintendent of Stamps

J.H.B.

Ordered

3501

Fort St. George 4th March 1852

Ordered that the foregoing letters be submitted with the following address

No. 89.

45-48

B. No. 1,61.

To the Chief Sec. to Government

Submitting Statement of Stamps sold by the Collectors during the Fusly 1260.

To The Chief Secretary to Government

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to submit for the information and orders of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council the accompanying letter from the Superintendent of Stamps dated 2d February 1852 forwarding a General Statement of Stamp Papers and Badjans sold by the Collectors during Fusly 1260 or from 12th July 1850 to 11th July 1851.

2 The Sale of Stamps &c for the year amounted to Rupees 5,38,184-10-4 from which the charges and refunds viz. Rupees 91,486-7-3- being deducted, there remained a Net Revenue of Rupees 4,46,698-3-1 or Rupees 40,750-6-6- above that of Fusly 1259- With the above Revenue the Superintendent of Stamps has added certain other items of Penalties and Stamp duty recovered, but credited in their accounts by several Collectors to other heads than that of Stamps amounting to Rupees 67,294-10-10. thus making Rupees 5,13,992-13-11. the total revenue for Fusly 1260-

Charges Rs. 55,609-15-3-
Refunds " 35,870-8- "
Rs. 91,480-7-3-

Fusly 1260 Rs. 4,46,698-1-
" 1259 " 4,05,947-12-7
Increase 40,750-6-6

O. M. From Supt. of Stamps 25th Febr. in Cons 4th March 1852

The

3 The Board beg to recommend that credit may be given to the Superintendent for 37 Rolls of Stamp papers found deficient in the amount received by Collectors and that sanction be granted for writing off the following items to Profit and Loss and for destroying the same.

109 Rolls Stamp Papers damaged at the General Treasury and returned as damaged by Collectors - Rupees 60-8-"

1754 " Stamp Papers and badjans damaged &c as particularized in Statement N° 8 ---- Rupees 178,60-11-6

4 The Board also directed to submit a second letter from the Superintendent dated 2d February 1852 and one from the Sub Treasurer dated 6th September 1851 forwarding Statements prepared in their respective Offices of the quantity and value of Stampt Papers and badjans in Fusly 1260, and counterstamped by the General Treasury, which have been compared and found to correspond.

In Cons 4th March 1852
In Cons 11th Septr 1851

Revenue Board Office
Fort St George
4th March 1852

/ Signed / W. H. Bayley
Secretary

Read

Read the undermentioned Statements.

49
N° 535
From the Collector of Canara. Comparative Statement shewing the quantity of Salt sold for home and Inland consumption for the Quarter ending 31st January last.

50
N° 544
From the Collector of Malabar. Comparative Statement shewing the quantity of Salt sold for home and Inland consumption for the Quarter ending 31st January last.

49-51
Order on the 2 above Statements. Ordered to lie over.

Read the undermentioned Registers.

52
N° 518
From the Collector of Tinnevelly. Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board for the Months of January last.

53
N° 510
From the Collector of Madras. Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board for the Months of January last.

52-54
Order on the 2 abovementioned Registers. Ordered to be lodged in the Office.

Received the undermentioned Miscellaneous letters and Statements.

55
Mad N° 219
From the Acting Collr of Guntoor. Abstract of Demand Collection and Balance for the Month of January last.

From

56 Mr. No 251.

From the Coll.r of Nellore. Abstract of Demand Collection and
57 Balance for the month of January last.
No. No 255

From the Asst Coll.r of Tanjore. Abstract of Demand Collection
58 and Balance for the month of January last.
Mr. No 253

From the Collector of Madura. Abstract of Demand Collection
59 and Balance for the month of January last.
No. No 245

From the Asst Coll.r of Coimbatore. Abstract of Demand Collection
60 and Balance for the month of January last.
No. No 247

From the Collector of Madras. Abstract of Demand Collection
61 and Balance for the month of January last.
No. No 250

From the Asst Coll.r of Guntoor. Statement shewing the
62 average Bazar wholesale Prices of Grain and Salt for
No. No 252 the month of January last.

From the Collector of Nellore. Statement shewing the
63 average Bazar wholesale Prices of Grain and
No. No 250 Salt for the month of January last.

From the Asst Coll.r of Tanjore. Statement shewing the average
64 Bazar wholesale Prices of Grain and Salt for
No. No 254 the month of January last.

From the Collector of Madura. Statement shewing the
65 average Bazar wholesale Prices of Grain and
No. No 246 Salt for the Month of January last.

From the Acting Collector of
Coimbatore } Statement shewing
the average Bazar wholesale Prices and Grain
Salt for the month of January last.

66 Mr. No 248.

From the Collector of Madras. Statement shewing
the average Bazar wholesale Prices of Grain
67 and Salt for the month of January last.
No. No 244

From the Asst Collector of North
Arcot } Return of Persons
charged with offences under Regulation
68 IX of 1822 for the month of January last.
No. No 243.

From the Acting Collector of
North Arcot } Return of Persons
convicted and confined under Regu-
69 lation IX of 1822 for the month of January last.
No. No 240

From the Collector of Bellary. Return of Persons sus-
pended and dismissed under Regulation
70 VII of 1831 for the month of January last.
No. No 241

From the Collector of Madura. Return of Persons
suspended and dismissed under Regulation
71 VII of 1831 for the month of January last.
No. No 257

From the Acting Collector of Tanjore. Register of
the State of the River Cauvery at the
annicut for the Month of January
1857 and 1252.

From

3506 Fort St. George 4th March 1852

Mde No. 284.

From the Collector of Malabar. Statement of Smuggled Tobacco recommended for confiscation for the Month of December 1851.

72

72-73

Order thereon.

Ordered that the confiscation and sale of the Smuggled Tobacco enumerated in the abovementioned Statement be authorized.-

" Woodingham

" Thomas

Compd. J. F. Boyle

3507 Fort St. George 8th March 1852.-

Diary

5th March 1852. Received the following letter.

No. 7.

To, R. D. Parker Esqre
Collector of Madura.

1

Bde No. 569.
From the Collectors of Madura. -

Sir,

I have the honor to request if you see no objection that you will submit my application for leave of absence for one Month under Section XI (amended) of the Absentee Rules to proceed to Cuddalore on private affairs.-

Madura. - - -
2nd March 1852.-

(Signed) A. P. Hodgson
Actg Asstt Collector

No. 51 of 1852.

The Collector begs to recommend that this application may be complied with.-

Madura. - -
2nd March 1852.-

(Signed) R. D. Parker
Collector.

Order thereon. Ordered to be submitted through the channel of the Civil Auditor for the favorable consideration of Government.-

1-2

Received

6th March 1852. Received the following letter.-

To,

W. A. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue,
Fort St. George.

3

B. No. 582.

From Aga. Hadjee Asst.
Collector of Nellore.

Sir,

Having obtained fifteen days leave under Section XI /amended/ of the Absentee rule to visit the Presidency for the purpose of meeting the Steamer, which has been unexpectedly delay I have the honor to request you will be so good as submit to the Board my application for an extension of fifteen days.-

My detention here being quite unexpected, I find that time will not admit of my sending in this application through the Collector, which otherwise I would have done, but trust that this informality will not be considered by the Board an objection to my obtaining the extra of leave required.-

Madras, ----- 6th March, 1852.

(Signed) B. Pauncefote
Ag. Hd. Asst. Collector of Nellore

Order thereon.-

3-4

Ordered to be submitted through the Channel of the Civil Auditor for the favorable consideration of Government.-

At

At a Meeting Present.-

Monday, 8th March, 1852.

J. Goldingham Esqre Second Member.
and
T. L. Blane Esqre Third Member

Walter Elliot Esqre Senior Member absent on duty (as Commr. Nre Circars.)

Minutes of the last Meeting read and Approved.-

5

Read the following Extract.

No. 56.

B. No. 133

From the Sect. to Government

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, in the Revenue Department, under date the 16th January, 1852.-

Read the following letter from the Secretary to Government of Bombay.

No. 11450.

To, T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Government of Madras.

Sir,

I am directed to forward you the accompanying 30 Printed Copies of a correspondence which has taken place relative to certain experiments by

by Lieutenant De Lisle of the Engineers with a view of devising some mode of measuring or weighing Salt, and of introducing in this Presidency and at the Ports along the Coast an uniform mode of computing the equivalent of the Indian Maund.-

2. It will be seen that this Government are in favour of superseding weight by the introduction of uniform measures of the description proposed by Lieutenant De Lisle.

3. I am directed to request that you will favour His Lordship in Council with the opinion of your Government on the subject at an early date.-

4 Copies of the printed correspondence and of this letter will be sent direct to the Collectors of Malabar and Canara and to the Residents of Travancore and Cochin and they will also be provided with sets in duplicate of the standard Measures made up by Lieutenant De Lisle.

5. I am likewise directed to request an early reply to the reference made under date the 29th July last No. 7778, as to the amount of percentage which should be allowed for wastage.

Bombay Castle, 8th December, 1851.-

(Signed) H. E. Goldsmid.
Sec.y to Government.

(A true Copy)
(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary to Government

Ordered

Ordered that Copy of the foregoing letter be forwarded to the Board of Revenue who will be pleased to report upon the subjects refered in Paras 1 and 2.-

2. It is observed that the rate of wastage which should be allowed on Salt consigned from Bombay to this District has been stated by the Collector of Canara in his letter of 3d September last, and that the Board of Revenue have in Extract Minutes of Consultation 17th December 1851 been requested to obtain similar information from the Collector of Malabar.-

Ordered also that the following distribution be made of the 30 Copies of the Printed Report that accompanied Mr. Secretary Goldsmid's letter.-

18 Copies to the Board of Revenue for their own use and for the Collectors.
7. " to the Commissioner for the Northern Circars.-
5. " to be retained in Store.-

(A true Extract)
(Signed) T. Pycroft.
Secretary to Government.

Read also the following letters.-

(6)

B. No. 271.
From the Collector of Malabar.-

No. 13.

To W. H. Bayley Esq.re
Secretary to the Board of Revenue,
Fort St. George.-

Sir,

Adverting to Extracts from the Board's

Board's Proceedings under dates the 26th May and 17th July last in which I am desired to report what the Parah transmitted to me from Bombay does weigh when filled with Salt, I have the honor to state that as this Parah will be superseded by the Standard Measure which the Bombay Government in their letter of the 8th Ultimo proposed forwarding to this district and on which Lieut. De Lisle's printed report contains full information a further report from me seems hardly necessary tho' of Course I will furnish one if it be still required.—

Calicut, 26th January 1852.

(Signed) H. V. Conolly
Collector.

7

Bd. No. 351.

No. 21.

From the Collector of Malabar.

To, W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the Board of Revenue,
Fort St. George.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated 26th Ultimo and to state that my reply of the same date will have informed the Board of my reasons for not furnishing the information required by their letter of the 26th May last, as to what the Parrah received from Bombay does weigh when filled with Salt.—

2. Since writing my last letter the Standard* Measure which the Bombay Government in their letter of the 8th December last, proposed forwarding has been received, I had it tested in my presence and found it to weigh when filled with Salt 98¾ lbs. whilst the Parah alluded to in the 2d para of my letter dated 8th May last, when filled in the same way weighed 99¼ lbs the difference being half a Pound.

* Dimension 19×19×8 1/10

° Dimension 19×19×8 1/6

Manjerry, 4th February 1852.

(Signed) H. V. Conolly.
Collector.

The

Bd. No. 1151.

No. 86.

Proceedings thereon. 1. The Government in the above Extract Minutes of Consultation desires the Board of Revenue to report upon the subjects referred to in paras 1 and 2 of a letter from the Secretary to Government at Bombay to the Madras Government dated 8th December 1851.—

Reporting upon the proposed introduction of some mode of Weighing or Measuring Salt as well as of an uniform mode of computing the equivalent of the Indian Maund referred to in Lieutenant De Lisle's correspondence—

5 - 8

2. The 2 paras of this letter refer to a printed correspondence with Lieutenant De Lisle of the Engineers, relative (I) to the introduction of some mode of weighing or measuring Salt, and (II) of introducing an uniform mode of computing the equivalent of the Indian Maund. The Bombay Government being in favour of superseding weighing by the introduction of uniform Measures of the description proposed by Lieutenant De Lisle.—

3. There is also a reference made in Mr. Secretary Goldsmids' letter to the allowance for wastage, but which having been noticed in the Board's letter to the Chief Secretary 5th February 1852, the subject does not require further notice in these Proceedings.—

4. As to the general question of weighing or measuring Salt, the Board have always advocated the latter process, and will take this occasion to notice in brief all the correspondence that has taken place on the subject.—

When

5- When Act VI of 1844 became law, and the price of Salt in this Presi= =dency was fixed,* at so much per Indian Maund, the Board of Revenue assumed that a Garce× of Salt was equivalent to 120 Indian Maunds, this having been the usual rate of conversion for years previous-

* See XLIII. The price fixed was 1 1/11 Rupee Indian Maund: but since reduced to 1 R.

† 400 Mercals of 828 1/3 Cubic inches, or 331333 1/2 Cub: in:

From Government 1st August in Cons: 12th September 1844.

6- The Government of Madras having called on the Board for some explanation on this point, they observed* that previous to the year 1828 it was always usual to measure Salt, and that the assumed rate was 120 Bengal Maunds to 1 Garce, but how this rate came to be first established has never been ascertained- In 1828 weighing was introduced, and the Collectors were ordered to consider 9256 1/2 lbs Avoir: = 1 Garce.⊗

* Pro: Board of Revenue 19th September 1844.

⊗ This weight was no doubt assumed quite arbitrarily in consequence of its being stated in every Almanac since 1800, that 9256 1/2 lbs = 1 Garce. No Almanac however mentions what grain or other material, the weight of 9256 1/2 lbs refers to, but it is supposed to be rice which certainly weighs less than salt, and moreover the Garce was then (i-e in 1800) 400 Mercals of 750 cubic inches each not 828 1/3 as in the Salt Mercal subsequently adopted-

7- It having however been pointed out by the Bengal Government that the Madras authorities referred to the Bazar Maund of 82 2/7 lbs Avoir: (now called the Indian Maund) whereas the Salt Maund was 81 - 3/7 lbs, the rate of conversion was changed into 84 - 3/7 lbs × 120 = 10,102 1/2 lbs per Garce, but subsequently the

the Salt Maund being abolished, the rate reverted to 120 Indian Maunds or 82 2/7 × 120 = 9,874 2/7 lbs per Garce-

8- The Board further observed that from experiments tried× at Madras, Chingleput, Nellore, Rajahmundry and Vizagapatam, a Garce of new Salt weighed from 10,006 1/4 lbs at Madras to 7,554 at Vizagapatam, but that the average of all was 9,291 lbs. Of old Salt the Garce varied from 11,066 to 8,980 lbs per Garce but on an average 9,914 lbs-

× there is no record of the details of these Experiments.-

or Average new 9,291 lbs
Average old 9,914 —

Under these conflicting circumstances, the Board considered it better to keep to the 120 Maunds (= 9,874 2/7 lbs) as the equivalent of a Garce-

Vide From Government 21st February in Cons 4th May 1846.

9- A reference was in the mean-time made by the Madras Government to Bombay on the subject, and on the 30th September 1845 that Government forwarded two letters, one from the Revenue Commissioner and one from the Collector of Customs- The former stated that the practice of measuring was used for Export by Sea, and weighing for Inland sales, and he recommended no alteration- The latter Officer was in favor of measuring altogether, as saving time.-

10. The Government of India had also been referred to, to ascertain whether "a measure of capacity" might not be substituted in the Maritime Provinces

provinces of Madras calculated to hold 1 Indian
Maund of Dry Salt, reserving to the Merchants the
right of adjusting their purchases by actual weight
if they desired it.-

11- Under date the 21st. January 1816
+ From Government 25th. February 1816. in Cons: 11th. May - the Government of India transmitted
Reports from several of their Salt
Officers, all urging sales by weight, and these were
forwarded to the Board of Revenue. Some of these
Reports contain references to experiments made, but
different kinds of Maunds seem to have been used,
and the processes were not so distinctly explained,
as to be a guide in coming to any definite conclusion.
× 11th. August 1816. The Board of Revenue therefore again × reported to Government
that they still adhered to their former opinion in favor of
measuring. They considered this to be by far the
most expeditious mode, and therefore advantageous both
in the process of selling, and of examining Store,
whilst the facilities for fraud were no greater
than in weighing. Atmospheric changes might
sometimes cause the same measure to weigh
differently, but the difference they considered would
be too slight to affect the general results, and they
recommended that "a measure of capacity to hold
1 Indian Maund" should be used, in superceasion

+ 400 Mercals = 1 Garce = 120 Maunds.
3 1/3 Mercals - 1 Maund.
10 Mercals - 3 Maunds.

of the Mercal, 3 1/3 of + which were assumed to
be equivalent to 1 Indian
× 11th. July 1816. Maund - In consequence of this, the Government of
+ India authorized "the substitution of a
"measure

"measure of capacity to be used in the Maritime
"Provinces of the Madras Presidency in conducting
"the sales of Salt, instead of the Indian Maund of
"3,200 Tolas weight."

12- The Board of Revenue being
instructed to prepare Measures, accordingly placed
themselves in communication with the Acting
Mint Master, Captain Buckle.-

13- The 3 letters from Captain Buckle
× 23d. October 1816 in Cons: 7th. January 1817.
5th. December 1816 in Cons: 7th. January 1817.
21st. April 1817 in Do. Cons: 25th. April 1817.
to the Board of + Revenue, Copies
of which are enclosed, shew
clearly the process by which he
arrived at the construction of
a measure which should contain a certain multiple
of a Maund of loose Salt.-

14- It was necessary for him to make
a series of experiments to ascertain what was the
specific Gravity of loose Salt, for he had at
first calculated the size of his measures from a
+ As given in Wilks on Chemistry.
specific Gravity of 2.125 + (Water being 10.)
which he soon found applied to solid
or Rock Salt, whereas loose Salt varied about
08.-

15- In his first letter he considered
"50 lbs too heavy for native use," and therefore in
his subsequent correspondence never proposed a
measure to hold a full Maund as Lieutenant
De Lisle does but made patterns of Vessels to hold
respectively (as tried by actual weighing) 1/2, 1/3, and 1/11 Maunds of
"Loose

"loose dry Salt" The Board preferred the 1/11 Maund as most resembling the Mercal so long in use, but desired one of 8 inches diameter, instead of 10 as proposed by Captain Buckle. This was because the common mercal was about that diameter, and because the narrower the diameter, the less difference would be made by fraudulently heaping the measure.

16. The Board sent wide and narrow 1/2 Maund Measures, and wide and narrow 1/11 Maund Measures, to the Collectors of Madras, Chingleput, and Nellore, directing them to make trials with them and report their opinion. The dates of their replies are noted in the Margin. They contain some account of the Experiments made, and shew that the Collectors prefer the narrow 1/11 Maund Measure.

From Madras 6th August in Cons: 23d August 1847.
From Chingleput 8th September in Cons: 11th October 1847.
From Nellore 2d October in Cons: 11th Octr. 1847.

17. The Board also caused a series of experiments to be made in their own Office with the long 1/11 Maund measure, and submitted the results with those of the 3 Collectors to Government, on the 20 January 1848.

18. They observed that all the experiments shewed great fluctuations. That Salt purposely dried, would give the purchaser about 5 1/2 per Cent less than he ought to receive, (though it could seldom be so dry in the Cotaurs,) and that Salt if even slightly shaken

shaken gives about 1/11 per Cent more to the purchaser than he would have if it were only lightly poured in the manner presumed when the pattern measures were made.

19. On the whole, they were disposed to continue the old Mercal, which was estimated to contain (12 Seers of 80 Tolas each or) 960 Tolas weight of Salt, being 3/10 ths of a Maund, so that a purchaser of 10 Mercals would receive what would be equivalent to 3 Maunds, or 40 Mercals = 12 Maunds, the minimum quantity then allowed to be sold in the Salt manufacturing Districts.

× The 1/11 Maund is 800 Tolas or 2057/100 ths avoir.

+ By the Salt Rules of 23d December 1850, the minimum is fixed at 5 Mercals or 1/2 Maund, except where the Board may specially authorize a smaller Amount.

20. The measuring of Salt by the Mercal was accordingly authorized by Government on the 7th February 1848.

In Cons: 21st February 1848.

21. On the Board's requisition that Mercals might be made up at the Arsenal, a discussion arose with the Military Board, who objected to the pattern sent by the Board of Revenue as being considerably larger than the standard Mercal authorized by Government in the Proclamation dated 16th October 1816, and published in the Gazette of the 20th.

From Secretary Military Board 4th July in Cons: Dy. 19th July 1849.
To Secretary Military Board 17th July 1849.

22. The Board explained that the Salt Mercal was prepared by Major De Havilland then Inspector General of Civil Estimates

+ The Board's Records shew that Major De Havilland did not propose this as a Salt Mercal only but as a standard Mercal in supercession

From Major De Havilland 21st inCons: 26th June 1820.

supercession of the one approved of by Government in 1802, of 750 cubic inches, but which was so little attended to, that in 1819 the Mercals of the Public Officers were found to average 828 1/3rd Cubic inches. (From Inspector General to Board 3rd December 1819.)

Estimates, and distributed to the several Salt Districts† in 1820, and that they had ever since been in use for measuring Salt. The Salt, or De Havilland mercal being a cylinder of 8 inches Diameter, by 16.4791 in depth; or a capacity of 828 1/3rd Cubic inches: The Regulation Mercal of 1816 being 800 cubic inches; so that the Salt Mercal is 3½ per Cent in excess of the Regulation.

20th December 1819.

23. The Board brought this discussion to the notice of Government and pointed out that since the passing of Act VI of 1844 the Garce of 100 De Havilland Mercals has been considered equal to 120 Indian Maunds, and sold for 120 Rupees and that if the capacity of the Mercal be reduced, it would be necessary to make a corresponding alteration in the price per Garce.

In Cons: 16th January.

24. The Government on the 8th January 1850 authorized the use of the De Havilland Mercal of 828 1/3 cubic inches for sales of Salt so that now that article is sold in the Madras Maritime Districts at a computation of 33,333 1/2 cubic inches to 120 Maunds or 2761–1 cubic inches to 1 Maund.

† Lieutenant De Lisle assumes 29,241, as being the equivalent to a Maund.

25. With reference to the first point now proposed for the consideration of the Board Viz.t the relative advantages of weighing and measuring, they are of the same opinion with their predecessors, as to the preference to be given generally to measuring in lieu of weighing.— The plans for weighing as

DF

adverted to by Lieutenant D Lisle are ingenious, but machines of this kind are easily put out of order when exposed to the action of Salt, Sea air, and the manipulation of Natives, and the Board consider there would be as little error, and an equal amount of expedition if the Salt were measured. These observations refer to weighing Salt in general with the instruments now available, but as regards the Port of Bombay where the transactions are on a peculiary extensive scale, and under the immediate Superintendence of European Officers, the case may be different, though much must depend on the expense and simplicity of the weighing apparatus employed a point it would appear by no means yet settled. The Board feel that it is hardly within their province to decide on the merits of weighing machines. they coincide with Lieutenant De Lisle's views "on" weigh-bridges (paras 23 and 24 of his letter of 16th July 1851) but are disposed to think that a platform Balance working with a steel yard would be free from many of the objections that exist

* in para 18 of Lieutenant De Lisle's letter he calculates that the weighing machine will dispose of 240 Maunds an hour. This is 2 Garce an hour which is not quicker than the Madras measuring.

exist against weigh bridges and against the scale beams of para 18. The advantage of the steel yard would be that it could be adjusted at any time, by trial with a standard weight of 82 2/7 lbs kept in deposit at the Depôt.

26. The Board will now proceed to notice the other point required of them. Viz. an uniform mode of computing the equivalent of the Indian Maund, observing in the first place that they have adopted a rate of conversion different from that of Bombay as assumed by Lieutenant De Lisle para 16 of his letter of 16th July 1851. which is 29,241 cubic inches to 82 2/7 lbs thein being as stated in para 24 of these Proceedings 27611 cubic inches to 82 2/7 lbs The former gives a specific gravity of 7803, the latter 8264 or a difference of about 6 per cent, so that a cargo which in Bombay was measured, and entered as 100 Maunds, would if remeasured by the Mercal, and at the Madras Rate (supposing no wastage) produce an outturn of 106 Maunds. So much so, that the Board would

S = Specific gravity is this computed
let a = Cubic inches giving
b = lbs given
c = Cubic inches in lb of water i.e. 27,7274
then $s = \frac{b}{a}$

would have been prepared to expect that the Collector of Malabar would have to account for a surplus of 6 per cent if he sold by the Mercal. He has however been authorized in March last to sell by a measure equivalent to an Indian Maund.

27. It may be in place here to mention, that the Collector was desired by the Board to weigh the contents of the Maund Measure, and on receiving one from Bombay made after Lieutenant De Lisles pattern (29241 cubic inches) he reports to the Board (4th February 1852), that by his trials it was found to contain 98 3/4 lbs or an excess of 20 per cent.

28. This shews that no uniform equivalent of measure for weight can be depended upon unless there is an uniform method of measuring.

29. Leaving this particular result however out of consideration, the Board return to the circumstance of their rate being fixed at a specific gravity of 8264 whilst that of Bombay is 7803.

30. This may arise 1st form the salt being of a different quality or 2 dly from one mode of measurement involving more

more shaking than the other of the former — they have no means of judging, but to the latter the Board chiefly attribute much of the difference in the various estimates which they have had occasion to refer to —

Lieutenant De Lisle in para 7 of his letter observes that the average weight of a Cubic foot (49 lbs) was raised to more than 51 lbs by 2 sharp bumps of the box —

31 In para 3 of — Lieutenant De. Lisle's letter he states the standard Bombay measure for 1 Maund to be 2950 Cubic inches to 82 1/4 lbs or a Spec: Grav of 773

32. In para 9 he actually weighed a box of the capacity of 2941 '44 Cubic inches and found it weigh 83 9 lbs giving a Spec: Grav: of 791 —

33. The Salt used was "medium sized grain and some what heavier than the coarse black salt" and "the box shaken before striking off."

34. When the box was not shaken and trials made with 3 different kinds of Salt Viz^t. Coarse, medium and Fine, the average came out 49 lbs to 1 Cubic foot or Spec: Gr. 7862 - These all differ from the standard finally adopted Viz^t.

35. The Board have also referred to the account of certain trials of Salt weighing given in Major Jervis's work on Indian

"Indian Metrology" page 49. It appears from this that the "pluna" (or purrah) is a Mun (Maund) measure of salt, and speaking of the extensive salt works at Ten he states that he computes the Cubical contents and average weight of various measures from the "Neelwa" of 33'353 Cubic inches to the "area" of 5'760 Needwas. The Purrah was of a capacity of 32.21 Cubic inches and weighed 1037 lbs of salt giving a Spec: Grav: of '895 whilst a less capacious measure the "Adoles" of 134'221 Cubic inches gave a weight of 413 lbs or a Spec: gravity of '888 —

36. Dr. Ure in his "Dictionary of arts" states that when a duty by weight was levied on salt, 1 Bushel (2218·2 Cubic inches) was estimated to contain 56 lbs Captain Buckle in the 1st of the letters referred to in para 13 of these Proceedings states that it was originally 65 lbs, and the Board are inclined to think that the reduction was made rather to ease the duty (since abolished) than to obtain greater accuracy. At 1 Imperial Bushel to 56 lbs, the Spec: Gravity would be '700, at 65 lbs '812 —

37. The Board will next refer to Captain Buckle's experiments which were made

made with every care at the Mint. The following abstracts will shew the results the Spec: Gravity being calculated by the formula given in para 26 of these Proceedings.

(I) Letter of 5th December 1846.

Cylinders Diam.	Depth	Cubic inches		lbs	S/G
12 × 13	=	1470·2	= ½ Maund or 41·14		776
10 × 12 13/16	=	1006·33	= ⅓ Maund or 27·23		766
10 × 9 10/16	=	756	= ¼ Maund or 20·57		756

This salt was "old dry" and the measures filled by lightly pouring. If rocked, the ¼ Maund was found to hold 10 per% more in weight, and the two others about 17 per cent. It will be observed that on account of different dimensions altering the compression, the Cubic contents of the ½ Maund are less than double the ¼ Maund. Had it been doubled it would have held 1690 Tolas instead of 1600.

(II) Letter of 24th April 1847.

Cylinders Diam.	Depth	Cubic Inches		lbs	S/G
8 × 29	=	1457·7	= ½ Maund or 41·14		782
8 × 10 10/16	=	735·1	= ¼ Maund or 20·57		777

It was this narrow ¼ Maund that the Board preferred (vide para 15 of these Proceedings) though subsequently it was determined to retain the Mercal of 828 ⅓ Cubic inches.

The

38. The Board will now lastly refer to the experiments made by their orders the results of which are shewn in the Enclosure in their letter to Government of 20th January 1848. No 1 of this Enclosure (a copy of which is submitted herewith) adverts to the experiments at Nellore and Madras (as also those at Chingleput which were not reported with any detail) No 2 refers to the experiments made in the Board's Office Taking the long ¼ Maund as a standard of comparison (since that had the preference and comes nearest to the Mercal in use) we have—

350 Tolas equal 9 lbs avoir exactly—		
Taking 4½ per cent as the excess over 800 Tolas	Nellore	21·05 lbs
	Madras	23·10
	Chingleput	21·14
	Board (slightly shaken)	21·26 (lbs oz: 22·15; 21·8; 19·8)
	Board (lightly poured in)	22·37 (23·10; 21·8; 23·9; 20·11)
	¼ Maund	20·57

These would tend to shew that even where the salt was very lightly poured in (in the manner tried by Captain Buckle), that this ¼ Maund measure of 735 Cubic inches when used by native hands holds somewhat more say 21·26 lbs which would give

† Diam	Depth
8 ×	14 5/8

give a specific Gravity of ·802 - But the Board are inclined to believe that in ordinary native measuring this very light pouring can never be expected - there will always be some shaking or jolting and they would prefer taking as a general standard the result of their own trials when the salt was "slightly shaken" say 22·3 tts to the measure of 735 cubic inches giving a specific gravity of ·844 - This is some what more than the present rate as shewn in para 26 to be ·826 - And considering all the discrepancies, the Board have come to the conclusion that it is not advisable to disturb the present convenient arrangement of 120 Maunds to a Garce of 400 Salt Mercals or to introduce into this Presidency the rate of conversion proposed by Lieutenant De. Lisle except in the special case of the District of Malabar—

39. The discrepancies above adverted to may be thus summed up—

Lieutenant

3527 Fort St. George 8th March 1852

	Spec. Gravity
Lieutenant De. Lisles weighing of a base 2941·44 cubic inches see para 9 of his letter.	·791
Average of 3 kinds of Salt not shaken	·786
Standard adopted Lieutenant De Lisles	·803
Bombay former standard 2950 Cub inches to 1 Maund	·773
Major Jervis trial of Thana	·895
Di Di Adolee	·888
English Duty rate 56 tts - Bushel	·700
Di Di 65 tts - 1 Bushel	·812
Captain Buckle with wide ¼ Maund	·756
Di Di with narrow ¼ Maund	·777

Mofussil

Fort St. George 8th March 1852.

No. 1.

	Nellore				Madras			
	Weight of half and Quarter Maund	Salt poured in lightly with basket struck closely off	Difference between Columns 4 and 3	Centage	Salt poured in loosely and struck off	Difference between Columns 2 and 6	Centage	Remarks.
1	2.	3	4	5	6	7	8	
	Tolas	Tolas	Tolas		Tolas	Tolas		
Half Maund long measure	1600	1701	101	6 5/16	1744	144	9	Mr. Hudleston is of opinion that the short Quarter Maund measure is the one best calculated for general introduction. Mr. Smith is in favor of the long quarter Maund measure of 8 Inches diameter.
D:__D:_short__d:_	1600	1636	36	2/4	1781/4	184	11/2	
Quarter Maund Long__d:_	800	818	18	2/4	899	99	12 5/8	
D:__D:_short__d:_	800	836	36	4/2	901	101	12 3/8	

Chingleput

In 100 Maunds of Salt the result shews a difference of between 3 and 5 per Cent Mr. Freese is in favor of the 1/2 Maund 12 Inches Diameter (short measure) 8 1/4 Maund 8 Inches Diameter (Long Measure) but gives the preference to the latter as the best adapted for general introduction.

Fuslies

3528 Fort St. George 8th. March 1852.

Read the following Extract-

No. 131.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, in the Judicial Department, Under date the 24th. February, 1852.-

Read the following letter from the Senior Deputy Register of the Sudr Adalut;

Requesting that the Court may be supplied with a Copy of the Circular Orders of the Board of Revenue for the use of the Civil Judge of Rajahmundry, and recommending that all the Civil Subordinate and Principal Sudr Ameens Courts may be supplied with the work

The Government believe that there are no Copies of the Circular Orders of the Board of Revenue remaining unsold, but they resolve to ascertain from the Board of Revenue whether it is likely that a second edition will soon be published

(A true Extract)

(Signed) J. Pycroft
Secretary to Government

To The President & Members of the Board of Revenue

Ordered that the following letter be sent in reply.-

(Here enter) 7th. February 1852 No. 21

9 13 Wm. 497.

From Secretary to Government.

9-10

No. 88.

Bd. No. 456

To The Chief Secretary to Government - -

To The Chief Secretary to Government

Sir,

With reference to Extract from Minutes of

3527 Fort St. George 8th. March 1852.

No. 2.

Pundies

2

1

Result of Column 1 and 3

Remarks

Difference between Columns 1 and 3

5	4	6		
Abt.	Abt.			
23 10/16	23 10/16	14 14/16	3/16	Slightly shaken
22 30/32	22 30/32	11 6/16	2 4/32	Sound in Lights
21 6/16	21 6/16	3 5/16	13/16	Slightly shaken
25 9/16	25 9/16	11 9/16	3	Most shaken
21 2/16	21 2/16	2 12/16	9/16	Sound in Lights
20 9/16	20 9/16	1 9/16	5/16	Slightly shaken
19 5/16	19 5/16	5 3/16	1/16	Sound in Lights

Sale of Tasty 1855 Mordt

D:o — — D:o —

D:o Tasty 1854 — D:o —

D:o — — D:o —

D:o — — D:o —

D:o Tasty 1856 Dup —

D:o — — D:o —

Lr. [illegible] Mamd. Long
Mem. [illegible] 20 9/16

No. 3

Fr. Cons. 8th March 1852

of Consultation dated 24th February 1852, I am directed by the Board of Revenue to state that Mr. Maskell the Compiler of the late Edition of their Circular orders, has no present intention (on of publishing) a second Edition as it appears that the number of Copies that would probably be required would not be sufficient to repay the Cost of printing). A new Edition might however be thinks be commenced upon after the lapse of two or three years from the date of the former publication. The new Edition would then contain all subsequent orders and precedents, and the whole work might in consequence of the modifications which will probably be found necessary by that time undergo an entire revision.-

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
8th March, 1852.

Signed/ W. H. Bayley
Secretary

11

Bd. No. 523

From the Secretary to Government.

Read the following Resolution-

No. 173

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, Under date 24th February, 1852.

(From Board 22nd January 1852)

Para 1

It appears from the Statement of claims to the succession of Jeomiahs in the Nellore District submitted by the Board of Revenue on the 5th January 1835. and from the orders passed thereon that the following allowances were recommended by

+ Extract Min: Con: 16th January 1835.

by the Board, and sanctioned by Government on account of the Mosque at Ranpoor-

	Per Month
No. 166 For the Mouzzeen	Rs. 1-6-3
" 180 For oil for lighting the Mosque	" -12-9
Total Rupee	1-8--

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council accordingly grants authority for continuing these allowances to Syed Caussim the eldest son of the last incumbent Abdul Khader, in arrear from the 24th of March 1848, the date of his Father's decease.

2 The Board of Revenue will in future require from the local Officers submitting claims to Jeomiahs, explanation of any difference which may be found to exist between the amount previously sanctioned and that recommended to be continued - as well as of any great delay, that may occur in reporting upon lapsed grants. In the present case, the lapse occurred nearly four years ago and no explanation is afforded by the Collector as to the cause of that delay.-

11-12

Bd. No. 458

By order
Signed/ T. Bycroft
Secretary to Government

Resolution thereon Resolved that the foregoing Order of Government be communicated to the Collector of Nellore, with reference to his Statement dated 9th January 1852.-

Resolved

Resolved also that a Copy of Para 2 be Circulated to all Collectors, for their information, and guidance.—

13

Bd. No. 517

From the Secretary to Government

Read the following Extract

No. 178.—

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, in the Revenue Department, Underdate the 27th February, 1852.—

Read the following Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue.

(Here enter 19th January 1852 No. 22/)

The Government resolve to bring the circumstances above reported respecting the Vizery Shotrium to the notice of the Honorable the Court of Directors in reference to Para 12 to 15 of their dispatch of 12th February 1851. No. 2, and to submit for their consideration whether Ali Khan being not only the adopted son but the nephew of the original Shotrimdar Barrah Khan, the case should be held to fall within the principle laid down by them in their dispatch of 30th May 1843 No. 12, and whether any modification of their Orders restricting the continuance of the Vizery Shotrium to the present incumbent Dost Mahomed is required.—

/A true Extract/

/Signed/ F. Dycroft

Secretary to Government

Order

Para 3
12th February 1851.

Para 15

To

The President & Members
of the Board of Revenue

Bd. No. 447

Order thereon

13-14

In Con 19th January

No. 561

From the Secretary to Government.

Dated 2d March 1852.

Ordered to be Communicated to the Collector of South Arcot, with reference to his letter dated 19th December 1851.

15

15-16

Read Extract declining to sanction the Estimate of providing Silver Badges for the Havildars, Naicks and Duffadars of the Guntoor District.

Order thereon

Ordered to be recorded.

Read Letters from the several Collectors in reply to the Board's Circular of the 12th June 1851. pressing upon them and upon their Sheristadars also their responsibility for the correctness of Treasury examinations and that all the Accounts be open to the latter for examination.—

17

/Here enter No. 1/

Bd. No. 455

Proceedings thereon—

Ordered to be recorded.

The course suggested in para 2 is, as a special case, allowed under the circumstances stated by the Collector. The Officer, delivering over charge of the Treasury should, if possible, always be present. but when he may be unavoidably absent from sudden illness or accident the fact should be specially noticed.—

To Ganjam.

To Canara

The Board are not prepared to sanction the charge for the Extra Gomastah in each Taluk to prepare for the Hoozoor a copy of

the

Fort St. George 8th. March 1852.

the Talook Hat Hurradars.-

Read the following letter.

(18)

Bd. No. 509.

From the Collector of Ganjam.

Answering the Board's letter dated 19th. Ultimo on the subject of a measure "Toom" in use in the District of Ganjam.-

No. 28.-

To,

W. H. Bayley Esqre.
Secretary to the Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 19th. Ultimo on the subject of my letter of the 26th. June last regarding "measures" in use in the District of Ganjam

2 In reply I have the honor to state that the "Garce" of the price lists is supposed to contain 1600 of the tooms of this District. But it must be expressed that this calculation can at best be nothing but an approximation to accuracy - for the toom is - as was explained in my former letter - of very various capacities. It would therefore obviously as observed by you, be safer to state the price per "toom" in the accounts.

3. In reply to the 3d. para: of your letter I beg to state that the standard marcal which I represented, as containing 280 Tolas of water is in the measure of the third capacity. the first measure being the largest.

4. In reference to the 4th para: of your

Fort St. George 8th. March 1852.

best reply to your question by furnishing you with a sample of the rice, which I will forward by Bangly.-

Ganjam District.-
Collector's Cutcherry.-
Chetterpore.-
20th. February, 1852.-

(Signed) A. P. Onslow
Collector

Ordered that the following letter be sent in consequence.-

(18.19)

B. No. 448

To,
The Collector of Ganjam.-

In Cons: 8th. March 1852

In Cons: 31st. July 1851.

To,

The Collector of
Ganjam.-

Sir,

With reference to your letter of 20th. of February, I am directed by the Board of Revenue to inform you that they do not clearly understand the explanation offered by you in para 3.- In the Statement accompanying your letter of 26th. June 1851. only one "Standard Mercal" is alluded to. No dimensions are not given, neither the weight of

Fort St. George 8th March 1852.

of its contents in Rice or Colly but merely in water Viz.t 283 Tolas. They see no mention of a "Measl of the third capacity".

2. With reference to your observation at the end of para 2 the Board observe that it would not answer their purpose to receive the Price Lists in Tooms, unless at the same time they were informed which Toom it referred to; neither do they now know, when it is said that the Garce of the Price list "is supposed to contain 1600 Tooms so "of this District" which species of Toom you refer to. For it is evident that 1,600 tooms in one Talook will not be the same as 1,600 in another.

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
8th March, 1852.

/Signed/ W. H. Bayley
Secretary/

Ready

Read the following letter

No 9

To

W. H. Bayley Esqre.

Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort St. George.

20

Bd No 574.

From the Asg Collr of Guntoor

Sir,

Adverting to my letter of the 3d January last I have now the honor to forward a Statement shewing the number and extent of Sales of property on account of arrears of land Revenue under individual Settlement in Fusly 1760.

2 No similar Statement of the property of Renters is sent there having been no land Revenue under rent in the Fusly in question.

Guntoor District
Collectors Office
Cauza, 1st March 1852

/Signed/ A. Purvis
Acting Collector

Sales

3537.

Fort St George 8th March 1852

Sales of property personal and real on account of arrears of Land Revenue under individual Settlement in the District of Guntoor for Fusly 1260.-

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
		Circumstances of the Ryots in whose property Vcs were sold on account of arrears.		Arrear due by them			Value of Assessment &c of Land		Dry	Particulars of property sold. Value of real property. Wet		Garden		Total			Value of Houses wells Topes &c &c.	Total Sale proceeds.	Total sale proceeds of property both personal and Real. -
Fusly	Total Demand on account of Land Revenue.	Ryots	Party Payable by them	Principal	Interest	Total		Assessment		Land	Assessment	Land	Assessment	Sale proceeds.					
	Rs a p		Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p		Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	a b.	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p.
1260	140305 8 11	8	39	1740	109	1801	34	" " "	1801	34	589	75	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	589 75

Guntoor District, Collectors Office, Cauza,

1st March 1852 / Signed / A Purvis

Acting Collector.-

(20-21) Order thereon.-

to lie over.-

Ordered

Read the following Application.-

Application

3538

Fort St George

8th March 1852

Bk No 201

22 Application for the continuance or otherwise of lapsed Enams falling under Regulation IV of 1831 in the District of Cuddapah for the Quarter ending 31st December 1850.

No	Taluk and Villages	Extent and Value of the entire Enam	When and by whom granted	Summuds or other documents in support of the grant	Nature of the grant charity or service and of service nature of the duty prescribed by the grant	Name of the Original Grantee	Name of the last holder and the relation in which he stood to the Grantee and date of decease	Share enjoyed by the deceased and that held by other Members	Family left by the deceased and name and age of the Parties	Their circumstance and the means of subsistance possessed by the family	Recommendation and the grounds thereof	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue	Orders of Government
	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
279	Bhatavetty Enam In Chintacoontah Dry land 8 - 10 - 4 - 11 - 6 Wet Do 2 - 2 - 6 - 4 - 9 - 0 — 10 - 3 - 0 - 16 - 4 - 6		Not known	None for the coming	"Bhatavetty Enam" or Enam granted as Charity.	The name of the Original grantee is not known, but in the Pymaish account the lands Nos 36-241 and 258 situated in Chintacoontah are entered in the name of one Palaputy Papabotloo, No 257 in the name of Palaputy Ramabotloo No 242 in the name of Palaputy Ramanah, and land No 256 in the name of Moorooguntty Nallamangary Nangunbotloo but said to be cultivated by Palaputy Ramabotloo. In the Enamaly account Nos 36-241-243-257 & 258 are entered in the name of Palaputy Papabotloo and No 256 in the name of Nangunbotloo. The lands Nos 7 and 14 situated in Guddamapully are entered both in the Pymaish and Enamaly accounts in the name of Ramabotloo No 15 in that of Papabotloo, and land No 135 in that of Sellepally Nursoo. The lands situated in the Village of Cheyapaud are entered in both the aforementioned accounts in the name of Palaputy Paupannah and the land in Goodepaud in that of Palaputy Paupabotloo.	Atchamah the last incumbent died on the 17th July 1849 He was son to Ramannah alias Ramabotloo and great Nephew to Paupto botloo alias Paupannah.	Share enjoyed by the deceased and his brother jointly in different Villages for the last 20 or 30 years. Viz. Dew C a a b a In Chintacoonta 5 - 10½ - 23 - 0 - 9 " Guddamapully 10 - 24 - 9 - 24 - 2 - 5 Jody " " " " 7 - 0 " Cheyapaud 3 - 3 - 1 - 4 - 14 - 5 Jody " " " " 7 - 10 Goodepaud 4 - 20 - 5 - 3 - 15 - 0 Jody " " " " 10 - 6 Total 23 - 8 - 9½ - 56 - 0 - 7 Jody " " " 1 - 9 - 4 Of which land obtained in gift by the deceased, when and from whom is not known In Guddamapully 5 - 32 - 2 - 10 - 1 - 10 In Chintakoontah " 13 - 11½ - 5 - 0 - 2 6 - 5 - 13½ - 15 - 2 - 0 Share enjoyed by 3 other share holders in the 4 Villages 16 - 11 - ¾ - 42 - 10 - 9 Jody " " " 1 - 9 - 5 Grand Total 39 - 19 - 9¾ - 98 - 11 - 4 Jody " " " 3 - 2 - 9	1 Sister in-law Paramma aged 35 years. 1 Do Venkatachemmah aged 30 years. 2 Total	They are reported poor and the deceased was also in possession of Putta land assessed at Rupees 2 - 3 - 10.	It is recommended that deceased Enam of the Value of Rs 56 - 0 - 7 be continued to her sister in-laws for their lives.		

Chintacoontah in Donor Taluk

Fort St George

8th March 1852

Goondlakoonta Talook in Nunnumungalam Talook

No.	Extent and Value of the entire Enam	When and by whom granted	Summuds or other documents in support of the Grant	Nature of the Grant charity or service and if service nature of the duty prescribed by the Grant	Name of the Original Grantee
1	2 3	4	5	6	7
280	Kyratee Enam Dry land 5 22-12 9 11-9	When and by whom granted is not known.	No summuds are forthcoming a document executed on plain paper by the deceased Enamdar Soobbakka to her distant relation Sunjeevacondoo son of Luckajee Venutagery of Salaway Mooppalapad under date the Munmadha year Maya Soodha 13th corresponding with 1836 to the effect that in consequence of her having adopted him, he has performed the funeral rights of her husband, that he should protect her during the remainder of her life, and that she has made over to him the Enam land situated at Goondlakoonta specified above with other property.	"Kyratee Enam" or Enam granted as charity.	The name of the Original grantee is not known, but the name of one Cumnala Venkatapully is entered both in the Permanent and Enamdary accounts

No.	Name of the last holder and the relation in which he stood to the Grantee and date of decease	Share enjoyed by the deceased and that held by other Members	Family left by the deceased and name and age of the Parties	Their circumstance and the means of subsistence possessed by the family	Recommendation and the grounds thereof	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue	Orders of Government
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Soobbakka the last holder of the Enam died on the 22d February 1846 She was the widow of the Individual whose name is specified in the previous Column.	The whole Enam has been enjoyed by the deceased for the last 20 years.	Atchemmah widow of the deceased's husband brother. 1 Adopted son Sunjeevacondoo aged years and 6 grand sons of the deceased	They are reported poor and they have no other means of subsistence	The lapsed Enam has been claimed by two individuals Viz. Sunjeevacondoo the alleged adopted son of the deceased and Atchammah widow of her husbands brother. The adoption does not appear to have been regularly made as required by the Hindoo law. The witnesses who attested the deeds of adoption proved that Atchemmah is the widow of the brother of deceased's husband. Under these circumstances it is recommended that the Enam shall be continued for her life to Atchemmah, as the widow of one of an undivided family.		

Singary

- Widow Atchemmah present
- Bootchemmah
- Gerayppa — Died 18 years ago.
  - Sungeevoo Died
  - Seypha Died
  - Venkatachellum Died
    - Soobbamma present
    - Narapah present
    - Chinnia appah present

Venkatapully

- Soobbakka widow
- Aswarthamma
  - Daughters
  - Last incumbent now deceased — Sungeevacondoo adopted son
  - Poollumma
    - Chinnia present
    - Aswerthum present

Fort St. George

8th March 1852

No.	Taloob and Villages	Extent and Value of the entire Enam						When and by whom granted	Number and other documents in support of the Grant	Nature of the Grant Charity or service and if service nature of the duty prescribed by the Grant	Name of the Original Grantee	Name of the last holder and the relation in which he stood to the Grantee and date of decease	Share enjoyed by the deceased and that held by other Members	Family left by the deceased and name and age of the Parties	Their circumstance and the means of subsistence possessed by the family	Recommendation and the grounds thereof	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue	Orders of Government
1	2	3						4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
281	Bhaturittee Enam In Carrapaud in the Taloob of Doovoor									"Bhaturittee Enam" or Enam granted as Charity	The name of the original Grantee is not known - The particulars of the names of the parties entered in the Pymash Enamaty accounts are as follows The Enams situated in the Villages of Peddapasoopoola Nullapully and Perulapaud are entered in the name of Nundiala Sevaramanaikoola Those situated in the Villages of Moodalanoor Cosenapully and Nullacheroopully are entered in the name of Venkatadry Sastry, that situated in Rayapollium in the name of Ramabhotlo that in the Village of Balapanoor is entered in the Enamaty accounts in the name of Venkatachellumbotlo alias Chellumbotlo that in the Village of Carrapaud in the name of one Prasanna Sonnayazoolo this in Carlapaud is entered in the Pymash accounts in the name of one Sevaranna Sastry, and in Enamaty accounts in the name of the same individual as well as of Prasanna Sonnayazoolo, that in the Village Yerovapollium is entered in the Pymash accounts in the name of the aforementioned Sivaranna sastry and in the enamaty accounts in the name of Prasanna Sonnayazoolo, that in the Village of Tungatoor is entered in the Enamaty accounts in the name of Prasanna Sonnayazoolo	Nudiala Lutchme Narsoo the last holder of the Enam died on the 20th August 1848 He was great grandson to Sevaranna Sastry, grand son to Venkatadry Sastry cousin to Rama Chottoo, grand son in law to Prasanna Sonnayazoolo and Cousin to Venkata Chellum bottoo whose names are entered in the previous Column -	These lands in the several Villages are held by the several Members of the family as joint property and the amount of the rent divided among the different Members of the family.	1 Mother Parumma aged 60 years.	She is reported poor The deceased had also been in the profession of the Share of the Dues. vundum land under a well in the Village of Araka, Savanola amounting to Rs 4-11-4 and Putta land amounting to Rs 3-0-4	On consideration of the advanced age of deceased's Mother, and her poverty, it is recommended that she be allowed to enjoy for life the share of the Enam held by her son, and that at her death the Enam shall revert to Government.		
	Taloob In Balapanoor																	
	Dry land	51	22	10	92	10	6											
	Garden Do	2	20	0	14	9	4											
	Total	57	2	10	107	13	10											
	In Nullacheroopully																	
	Dry	9	12	0	2	0	4											
	Total	68	14	10	109	4	2											
	Kamalapoor Taloob In Rayapollium																	
	Wet land	4	18	0	6	1	1											
	Summul Mud																	
	Yedoo Taloob In Peddapasoopoola																	
	Dry land	22	12	0	75	1	1											
	In Nullapully																	
	Dry land	14	28	0	21	5	10											
	In Perulapaud																	
	Dry land	5	33	7½	4	3	11											
	In Mordola Yedoo																	
	Dry land	10	20	0	3	13	3											
	Garden Do	2	11	8	8	0	4											
		17	31	8	11	13	7											
	In Cosenapully																	
	Dry land	4	23	0	4	13	5											
	Total	58	6	17½	113	5	10											
	Grand Total	183	9	3¼	286	1	6											

None

Sol. Enams

Carrapaud and other Villages in Doovoor Taloob

Fort St. George

8th March 1852

No.	Taluk & Villages	Extent and Value of the entire Enam	When and by whom granted	Summuds or other documents in support of the Grant	Nature of the grant Charity or service and if service nature of the duty per formed by the grantee	Name of the original Grantee	Name of the last holder and the relation in which he stood to the grantee and date of decease	Share enjoyed by the deceased and that held by other Members	Family left by the deceased and name and age of the Parties	Their circumstance and the means of subsistence possessed by the family	Recommendation and the grounds thereof	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue	Orders of Government
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
282	Bhutwettee Enam In Zoo: vulpully	Dry land 1 37 10 2 13 3 Wet Do 1 5 6 3 5 1 Total 3 3 0 6 2 4	It is said that these Enams were granted to Ner: sunna puntoolee, ancestor of deceased Venkum: mah during the time of Matty Comara Anunta, aged 200 years ago.	The Summuds you are said to have been burnt in an accident	"Bhut: wettee" Enam" or Enam granted as Charity.	Narasunna Antoolee was the original grantee, but both in the Pymaish and Enamaty accounts the name of one Appiah, husband of the deceased, is entered.	Vencummah the last Incumbent died on the 25th March 1847. She was Cousin in a remote degree to the Original Grantee Narsannapun: toolee and wife to Appiah, whose name is entered in the accounts.	The whole Enam was enjoyed by the deceased and her husband during the last 42 years.	1 Venketrow aged 30 years grand son in the female line. 1 Timulrow aged 22 years Do Do. 1 Seetummah grand daughter 1 Ummane, ummah 12th daughter of the deceased Ramakah 1 Soobbarow son of Do 1 Soobbum, a male daughter of Do.	They are reported to be in indigent circumstances The deceased was also in the enjoyment of Putta land in 2 different Villages assessed at Rs 15 8 2	Deceased's grandson in the female line not being entitled to inherit this Enam, it is recommended that the same shall be resumed.		
		In Yeperala Wet land 0 13 4 2 6 6 In Wa: kama: da Dry land 1 14 10 0 6 9 In Putta: pooroyae Wet land 0 15 8 7 6 8 In Wagoor Wet land 0 7 0 3 3 4 In Coorma loor Dry land 0 3 8 4 0 9 Grand Total 6 12 0 20 2 7							7				

3542

Fort St. George

8th March 1852

No.	Talook and Villages	Extent and Value of the entire Enam	When and by whom granted	Sunnuds or other documents in support of the Grant	Nature of the grant Charity or service, and if service nature of the duty prescribed by the Grant	Name of the Original Grantee	Name of the last holder and the relation in which he stood to the Grantee and date of decease	Share enjoyed by the deceased and that held by other Members	Family left by the deceased and name and age of the Parties	Their circumstance and the means of subsistence possessed by the family	Recommendation and the grounds thereof	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue	Orders of Government
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
283	Balsamoor Conjeveram Talook	Bhuturettee Enam Dry land 21 16 14 — 31 3 4.	It is said to have been granted during the Government of Achint Royelwaroo	None	"Bhuturettee Enam" or Enam granted as charity	Pauparow Chany is the original Grantee but in the Pymash accounts the name of Davem drabottla, and in the Enam- maty ac- counts the name of Apa- priah is entered	Ullady Soobbamah, the last encumbent died on the 11th June 1846. She was the widow of Appiah, whose name is entered in the Enamaty Accounts.	The whole Enam lands were enjoyed by the deceased during the last 25 years	None	"	One Appiah claims to succeed to the lapsed Enam, but as he is a distant cousin and of a divided family enjoying a separate share of the Enam, his claim cannot be admitted. One, A. Venkatappah the elder brother of the last encumbent, residing in the Bellary District, also claims the Enams on the grounds that deceased Ullady Soobbammah was indebted to him in the sum of Rupees 63 - that she executed to him a bond binding herself to give her Enam on failure of payment, and that on his filing a Suit in the Sudr Ameens Court in 1841 a decree was given in his favor. From the copy of the decree it appears that the defendant to the Suit admitted the debt, that a decree was passed in Plaintiffs favor on the 6th September 1841, from which period he states that he has enjoyed the Enam. This latter fact is not proved and the decree is opposed to the provisions of Regulation IV of 1831. It is recommended that this Enam be resumed.			

Fort St George

8th March 1852

Buckaul Taluk in the Sub Division

Taluk and Village

No.	Extent and Value of the entire Enam	Whether and by whom granted	Summud or other documents in support of the Grant	Nature of the grant Charity or service, and if service nature of the duty prescribed by the Grant	Name of the original Grantee	Name of the last holder and the relation in which he stood to the Grantee and date of decease	Shareholders enjoyed by the deceased and that held by other Members	Family left by the deceased and name and age of the Parties	Their circumstance and the means of subsistence possessed by the family	Recommendation and the grounds thereof	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue	Orders of Government
						8	9	10	11	12	13	14
284	Bhatavretty Enam 1-7 1-11 8	Unknown	None	Unknown	Boocka patam Singum mah the widow of the original Grantee aged 90 years died on the 28th of May 1850	The deceased alone enjoyed the Enams mentioned in Column 3	None	She had no other Enams besides those mentioned in Column 3	It is recommended that this Enam be resumed in default of heirs Collector's remark confirmed according to Column 3			
	Jody Enam 1-26 7 7 4 5											
	Total 1-34 5 9 11											
	Jody " " " 5 3 8											

T.R.

Fort St George

8th March 1852

Enams and Doomas Talook

Boodiapully and Illamoor in Chemnaad

No.	Talook and Villages	Extent and Value of the entire Enam			When and by whom granted	Summuds. or other documents in support of the Grant	Nature of the grant Charity or service, and if service nature of the duty prescribed by the grant	Name of the original Grantee
1	2	3			4	5	6	7
285	Kayeme Jody Enam in Boodiapully in Chemnaad Talook.	Dry land	296 19 5/4	194.1	Not known	None	Kayem Jody Enam granted	The name of the original grantee is not known, but in the Pymaish accounts it is mentioned that this Jody Enam had been granted in gift by Ayyuka tra Kasavachar loo by one Soobrama neachar loo the Bhuteuritlee Enam is entered both in Pymaish and Enamaty accounts in the name of Kasavachar loo
		Garden Do	3 36 1/4	20.13.1.				
		Total	300 15 6/2	214.13.2.				
	Jody Bhuteuritlee Enam in Tallamarpoor in Doovoor talook	" " "	59	1.0.				
		Garden land	5 34 2	76.11.4.				
		Grand Total	306 9 8/2	291.8.6.				

Name of the last holder and the relation in which he stood to the Grantee and date of decease	Share enjoyed by the deceased and that held by other Members	Family left by the deceased and name and age of the Parties	Their circumstance and the means of subsistence possessed by the family	Recommendation and the grounds thereof	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue	Orders of Government
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Ayyuka Bheemacharloo, the last holder of the Enam, died on the 14th March 1847 He was the son of Kasavachar loo, whose name is entered both in the Pymaish and Enamaty accounts.	No shares are held by others in the Kayem Jody Enam, but the produce of the Butteuritlee Enam was divided between the deceased and his younger brother Madhwachar loo in equal proportions.	1. Rungumma widow of the elder son of the deceased aged 46 years. 1. Soobbana charloo 2d son of the deceased aged 40 years. 1. His wife Lutch mummah aged 20 years. 1. Narsimhachar loo son of the two last 1. Anchacharloo 3d son of the deceased aged 36 years 1. His wife Lutch mummah aged 30 years. 1. Daughter of the two last named not mentioned. 1. Kristnacharloo 4th son of the deceased aged 34 years. 1. Wife of Do Soobbama aged 28 years 1. Son of Do Narainacharloo aged 9 years. 1. Daughter of Do Godaverammah aged 6 years. 1. Scholars. 15 Total	They are reported to be in indigent circumstances. The deceased was in the enjoyment of a yearly allowance which was the Chief maintenance of the family	Both of these enams having been held by the father of the present claimants from a period antecedent to the possession of the Province by the British Government it is recommended that they be continued to his descendant in the person of his second son Soobbana Charloo	

Fort St. George 8th March 1852

Taluk and Village

No.	Extent and Value of the entire Enam	When and by whom granted	Summuds. or other documents in support of the grant	Nature of the grant Charity or service, and if service nature of the duty prescribed by the Grant	Name of the Original grantee
1	2 3	4	5	6	7.
286	In Doopaud	Unknown	None	Granted in charity	The name of the original grantee was Annantah Chetty In the Hyderabad account the lands in Buddeweed and Araveedoo are in the name of Sooty Kristunnah the land in Ganaveram in those of Venkatapah and Anuntappah the land in Ramasamoodrum in that of Venkatappah of the lands in Vengapalem No 2 is in the name of Venkatappah No 10-22-37-38 and 39 in those of Venkatappah and Anuntappah No 15-16-17 and 18 in that of Venkatrama to the Enamah account the lands in Buddeweed and Araveedoo are in the
	1. Buddeweed No 94	" 31 2 8	8 11 10		
	Sody	" " "	10 0		
	2 Pedda Araveed No 119	" 20 14	15 4 5		
	3. Ganaparaveram No 295	" 39 4	2 13 10		
	" 50	" 23 8	11 2 2		
	" 82	" 20 4	9 9 7		
	4 Ramasamoodrum No 212	9 11 8	8 3 1		
	5 Vengappolem No 2	20 9 2	14 11 11		
	Bhutwittee enam No 10.	8 39 0	6 9 0		
	" 15	4 9 8	3 1 5		
	" 16	13 35 4	10 2 0		
	" 17	6 "	4 8 0		
	" 18	2 39 0	2 2 8		
	" 22	17 26 8	12 11 1		

Budaud and other Villages in Doopaud Taluk in the 3rd Division

No.	Name of the last holder and the relation in which he stood to the grantee and date of decease	Share enjoyed by the deceased and that held by other Members	Family left by the deceased and name and age of the Parties	Their circumstance and the means of subsistence possessed by the family	Recommendation and the grounds thereof	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue	Orders of Government
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14.
	The last holder Tristy Anuntapah aged 80 years died on the 7th Margasera Shudda of the year Sowmeya corresponding with the 22nd November 1849 The deceased was the fifth in descent from the Original grantees nephew Kristnummah who held the lands in Budweed and Araveedoo	The whole allowance is in two shares In the first share the deceased Anuntapah his brother Singappah and his other brother Seenappah's sons Venkiah Seetiah, and others have enjoyed each Rupees 75 9 0 being the produce of Enams and Rupees	The following persons were under the protection of the deceased. 1. His adopted son Shaishaks widow Mahalutchmammah aged 18 years. 1 His brother Singapah aged 60 years 1 His brother Seenapahs sons Viz. 1 Seetiah aged 45 years 2 Venkiah aged 40 years. 3 Venkiahs wife Soobamonah aged 18 years.	The deceaseds family is in tolerable Circumstances Besides the Enams mentioned in Column 3. the deceased had the following Enams In Annamoodrum Cumbaty Reddy Enam 24 5 8 Kumeekum Enam 144 7 4 168 12 8	Singappah deceaseds second brother having died since the preparation of this report it is recommended that the Enams should be continued in the names of Seetiah and Venkiah sons of Seenappah the deceased Enamdars	

Fort St. George 8th March 1852

No.	Taluk and Villages	Extent and Value of the entire Enams			When and by whom granted	Summuds or other documents in support of the Grant	Nature of the Grant Charity or service and if service nature of the duty prescribed by the Grant	Name of the Original Grantee	Name of the last holder and the relation in which he stood to the grantee and date of decease	Share enjoyed by the deceased and that held by other Members	Family left by the deceased and name of the Parties	Their circumstance and the means of subsistence possessed by the family	Recommendation and the grounds thereof	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue	Orders of Government
1	2	3			4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
								the name of Venkatappah those in Ganapperam in that of Anantappah and the land in Ramaveram moodrum in that of Venkatapathy In Vengapalem Nos 32 and 10 are in the name of Venkatapathy Nos 15-16 17-18 and 22 in that of Venkatappah No 35 in those of Anantapah Venkatapah and Nos 37-38 and 39 in that of Venkatapah	weedoo and uncles son of Venkatappah and Venkata ramanabhutloo alias Venkata pathy and Venkatappah.	Rupees 166-6-11 being Shrotrie yem altogether amounting to Rupees 241-15-11 while Kristnummahs grand son Shashappah enjoyed the other share living separately.	4 Sectiahs wife Malutch: mumah aged 25 years. 5 Sectiahs daughter Lutchmum: mah aged 4 years and not married Deceaseds brother Krishnum: makwi: low Dutch: mammah aged 50 years.	In Vengapalem. Cumbaty Reddy Enam 5-32 Curnee: kum Enam 20-10-3 25-13-5	dare third brother Collectors remark confirmed accordingly.	
		Shrotriem of Annava: moodrum		332-12-9											
		Grand Total		183-15-10											

Fort St George

8th March 1852

Millumpully and other Villages in Dorpaud Talook in the Southern Division

No.	Talook and Villages	Extent and Value of the entire Enaam	When and by whom granted	Summuds or other documents in support of the Grant	Nature of the grant Charity or service and if service nature of the duty prescribed by the grant	Name of the original grantee	Name of the last holder and the relation in which he stood to the grantee and date of decease	Share enjoyed by the deceased and that held by other Members	Family left by the deceased and name and age of the Parties	Their circumstance and the means of subsistence possessed by the family	Recommendation and the grounds thereof	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue	Orders of Government
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
287		In Doopaud											
		Millumpully No 133	10 23 . 7 11 4	Mm: Unknown	None	Granted in charity	Mm: Unknown						
		2. Gobboor v 312	29 38 . 21 13 5										
		3. Yerraconda polem . 57	. 8 8 4 5 5										
		4. Veswanada poorum 126	12 35 4 10 5 3										
		Bhuteritlee enaam											
		Total	53 24 12 14 3 5										

							1. Puttry Streenevasa Row aged 36 years died on the 30th Asha: dah Bahoola of the year Prabhava corresponding with the 23d July 1845	Half of the Enaam mentioned in Column 3. enjoyed by Streenevasa Row and the other half by Sashagery Row and his brother Rama Row.	By Streenevasa Row 1. His wife Sashumma aged 20. years By Sasha: gery Row 1. His mother Sayemmah aged 50 years. 1. His daughter aged 5 years By Ramarow has daughter aged 3 years His widow Nursum: mah aged 20 years.	They are represented as poor Besides the Enaams mentioned in Column 3 they have a Currency: kum Mee rapay Viz: In gorra japul ly 7-11-6 Tum bulla pully 9-12-2 17-10-8	On the decease of Puttry Streene: vasa Row it was recommended by the then Sub Collector that the Enaam should be continued in the name of his Cousin Shasagery Row but the Collector directed that Sa: shammah the
							2d Seshagery Row aged 33 years died on the 9th Ashada Shudda of the year Soomya corresponding with 29th June 1849.						
							3d Puttry Rama Row aged 26 years						

Fort St George 8th March 1852

No.	Talook and Villages	Extent and Value of the entire Enam	When and by whom granted	Summuds or other documents in support of the grant	Nature of the grant charity or service and if service nature of the duty prescribed by the grant	Name of the original grantee	Name of the last holder and the relation in which he stood to the Grantee and date of decease	Share enjoyed by the deceased and that held by other Members	Family left by the deceased and name and age of the Parties	Their circumstance and the means of subsistence possessed by the family	Recommendation and the grounds thereof	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue	Orders of Government
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

pondeng July 1849. The Gobbeor Venu and Venwanada as shewn in the and Pynaish accounts in of Soobbarow the father of the row and elder uncle of Shashagery Row the last holders The Enam of is in the name of Sashagery Row as the Pynaish account and in the name Row in the Enamaty account The last the grandsons of the Sashagery Row was the son and the other two the nephews Row.

years died on the 15th ashada Sudda of the year Sowmey a corresp: with 5th

Enam of condapolem porum were Enamaty to the name Streenevasa Row and Rama Mullumpally shewn in of Soobba holders were Streenavasarow of Soobba

the wife of the de: ceased Puttey Streenevasarow should be questioned as to her concurrence meanwhile both Shasha gery Row and Rama Row the Co shares died. The share held by Puttey Streenavasarow is now recommended to be continued to his widow Sashamah, that of Sashagery Row to his mother, and that of P. Ramarow to his widow. Collectors remarks confirmed accordingly.

8th March 1852

Vanakiacharlu and other Villages in Jummalamadugu and Budwail Talooks.

No.	Talook and Village	Extent and Value of the entire Enam	When and by whom granted	Sunnuds or other documents in support of the grant	Nature of the grant charity or service, & if service nature of the duty prescribed by the grant	Name of the original grantee	Name of the last holder and the relation in which he stood to the grantee and date of decease	Share enjoyed by the deceased and that held by other members	Family left by the deceased and name and age of the Parties	Their circumstances and the means of subsistence possessed by the family	Recommendation and the grounds thereof	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue	Orders of the Government
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
288	Bhuturettee Enam In Venakia Calvah		Not known	No Original sunnuds are forthcoming A deed of gift executed on plain paper by the deceased Veeraraga Charloo to one Vengapoo rum Venkatacharloo under date the Vejia year adheka Bhadrapada Soodha 10th corresponding with 1833 granting the land No 114 situated in the Village of Yenoomalachentala to him in gift.	"Bhuturettee Enam" or Enam granted as Charity.	The name of the original grantee is not known, but both in the Pymaish and Enamaty accounts the lands situated in the Villages of Yenoomala chentala and Vanakia Calvah are entered in the name of one Madooory Streerungachalu and that in Lutchmapoliem in the enamaty accounts only in the name of Bhuputhum Streerungachalu	Veeraraga charloo the last Incumbent died on the 29th March 1849 He was grandson to Streerungacharloo whose name is entered in the previous column.	Shares enjoyed by the deceased for the last 14 years.— 1st Vanakia calvah } 34 14 10 2 9 2d Yanamala chintala } 17 12 7 12 7 3d Lutchmapoliem } 33 12 7 6 5 Total 2 6 7 2 5 5 9 Shares enjoyed by two other holders in several Villages } 1 19 3 25 3 11 Grandtotal 3 25 10 50 9 8.	None are reported to be residing in this district	The deceased had also been in the possession of certain Enam lands in the District of Bellary	The deceased was in the enjoyment of Enams in three Villages amounting to Rupees 50-9-8 as specified in Column 3, of which Rupees 21-8-9 were sixteen years ago given in gift by him to one Venkatachary in whose sons possession it is at present— another piece of Enam amounting to Rupees 3-11-2 is said to be held by one anuntacharloo on a deed of Gift executed to him by the deceased but a copy only.		
		In Venakia Calvah Wet land 34 14 10 2 9 In Yenooma lachintala Wet land 1 20 29 5 3 Total 2 14 14 39 8 0											
		In Lutchmapoliem in Budwail talook Wet land 1 10 12 11 1 8 Total 3 25 10 50 9 8											

A.R.

3530.

Fort St. George

8th March 1852.

Number	Talook and Villages	Extent and Value of the entire Enam	When and by whom granted	Summds or other documents in support of the grant	Nature of the grant charity or service and if service nature of the duty prescribed by the grant	Name of the original grantee	Name of the last holder and the relation in which he stood to the grantee and date of decease	Share enjoyed by deceased and that held by other Members	Family left by the deceased and name and age of the Parties	Their circumstances and the means of subsistence posessed by the family	Recommendation and the grounds thereof	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue	Orders of Government.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14.

Widow

Rungum-mah died.

Streerungacharloo

Venkatacharloo

Appalacharloo

Pedda Rungum-mah

Chinna Rungum-mah

Veeraraghava charloo

Last incumbent now deceased.

Anuntacharloo

Chuckracharloo

Singra charloo

Mobala charloo

Venkata charloo

only of the deed has been produced. his enjoyment of the land is stated by himself to have been for fourteen years. These two Enams amounting to Rupees 25-3-11 being deducted the remaining Enam of Rupees 25-5-9 was in the enjoyment of the deceased at his death.

It is recommended that the Enam amounting to Rupees 25-5-9 actually in deceased's possession at his death, be resumed and that the lands held by Venkatacharry and Anuntacharloo be continued to them for their lives.

Fort St. George

8th March 1852.

Cuddalore Divisions and other Villages in the Doovoor Talook.

No.	Talook and Villages	Extent and Value of the entire Enam.					When and by whom granted	Summds or other documents in support of the grant	Nature of the grant charity or service and if service nature of the duty prescribed by the Grant	Name of the original grantee	Name of the last holder and the relation in which he stood to the grantee and date of decease.	Share enjoyed by the deceased and that held by other Members.	Family left by the deceased and name and age of the Parties.	Their circumstances and the means of subsistence possessed by the	Recommendation and the grounds thereof	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue	Orders of Government.
1	2	3					4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14.
289.	Bhuttrittee Enam.— In Cusbah Doovoor.						Unknown	No original Summds are forthcoming a document executed on plain paper by the Sooba row to one Sooba Row grand son to his paternal uncle under date of Plusung a year.	Bhuttrittee Enam granted as charity.	The name of the original grantee is not known In the Pymaish accounts the land No. 143 situated in Doovoor is entered in the name of Rama row Nos. 307 41 and 218. in the name of Senkur Row No. 71 in that of Rasawarow In the Enamity accounts Nos. 103. 307, are in the name of Ramarow Nos. 41 and 218 in that of Senkur Row and No. 71 in that of Casawarow. The land	Umbarow the last holder of the Enam died on the 3d December 1847.— He was grandson to Bawa bunnah sons of Sunkur Row and great nephew of Ramarow and distantly related to Casawarow whose names are in the previous Column.	Share enjoyed by the deceases for the last 28 years in different Villages	1 Soobbarow first cousin once removed of the deceased aged 20 years.	He is reported to be in easy circumstances The deceased had also been in the enjoyment of Putta land assessed at Rupees —12— situated at Doovoor	Soobbarow first cousin once removed of the deceased claims the Enam on the ground that it was given to him by deceased one Month and fourteen days before he died.— Soobbarow is however of a divided family and it is recommended that the Enam enjoyed by the deceased of the share of Rupees 255 9 5 be resumed—
		Dry land	60	8	12	87	11.8					In Doovoor	32 28 2¼ 86 11 2				
		Garden Do.	2	36	2¼	45	8.					In Valavalu	4 38 3¼ 11 1 2				
		Wet — Do.	2	11	6	39	15 7					" Yaroovapolium	2 8 3 3 13 8.				
		Total	65	16	4¼	173	6 3.					" Tolla manoo	2 28 1 27 4 6				
	In Valavalu											" Tollamanoo	1 24 9 6				
	Dry land	9	32	1½	22	2.						" Cau manoo	21-5-12¾ 21.10.6				
	In Yaroovapolium — do											" Chinta coonta	26 15½ 15 11				
	Dry land	4	16	6	11	4						Madoor	3 16 13¼ 5 10 8				
	= Tallamanoor — do											Rawzoo poliem	5 17 3 6 5 5				
	Dry land.	5	16	2	54	9.						Tolla pully	3 " 32 11 3				
												Total	90 11½ 225 9 5				

Fort St. George

8th March 1852.

No.	Taluk and Villages	Extent and Value of the entire Enam.	Whan and by whom granted	Summuds or other documents in support of the grant	Nature of the grant charity or service and if service nature of the duty prescribed by the Grant	Name of the original grantee.	Name of the last holder and the relation in which he stood to the grantee and date of decease.	Share enjoyed by the deceased and that held by other Members.	Family left by the deceased and name and age of the Parties	Their circumstance and the means of subsistence possessed by the family.	Recommendation and the grounds thereof	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue	Orders of Government
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
		In Tillalla.											
		Dry land 2 8 . 2 49 36		answerja Shudha 10th corresponding with 19th October 1847 purporting that he made over his share of Bhuttrittee Enam lands and all the other property as he had no issue-		lands situated in the Villages of Colavalley yadooroo Poliem, Cammanoor, Madoor Cottapully and Catavaram are entered both in the Pymaish and Enamdy accounts in the name of Soaker Row The Enam land situated in Tollamar poor is entered both in the Pymaish and Enamdy accounts in the name of Ramarow The Enam land in Chintalakonta		Share enjoyed by Sunker Row and others jointly, in several Villages.					
		" Cammanoor											
		Dry land 21 5 17½ 21 106											
		" Chintkoontu											
		Wet land 1 13 11¾ 31 7 2											
		Madoor											
		Dry land 5 36 7 8 9 11.											
		Wet Do " 3 3½ 2 11 5											
		Total 6 33 10½ 11 5 4											
		In Razoo poliem											
		Dry land. 5 1 3 6 5 2.											
		In } Doovoor } 32 2 8 2 86 11 1											
		" Balavaly } 4 36 3/4 11 1 2											
		" Yaroovaya poliem } 2 8 3 3 13 8											
		" Tollamarpoo } 2 28 1 2 7 4 8											
		" Tillella. } 14 " 1 24 9 9.											
		" Chintakoontu } " 26 15½ 15 11 7.											
		" Madoor 3 1 6 13½ 5 10 8											
		" Calloor 4 3 14 95 7 2											
		" Dausoor pully } 6 " " 15 12 "											
		" Shoreteram Catavaram } 4 12 1/2 11 5 3.											
		Total } 43 9 14½ 29 7 6 10											
		Grant Total } 165 7 10½ 533 " 3											

Fort St. George

8th March 1852

No.	Talook & Villages	Extent and Value of the entire Enam.	When and by whom granted	Summuds or other documents in support of the grant	Nature of the grant charity or service and if service nature of the duty prescribed by the grant	Name of the original grantee	Name of the last holder and the relation in which he stood to the grantee and date of decease.	Share enjoyed by the deceased and that held by other Members.	Family left by the deceased and name and age of the Parties	Their circumstances and the means of subsistence possessed by the family	Recommendation and the grounds thereof	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue	Orders of Government
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
		In Cottapully				Chintala-kontah is entered both in the Pymaish and Enamaty accounts in the name of Banbunnah. The Enam lands situated in the Villages of Cullore, Dausarepully are not entered in any person's name in the Pymaish accounts but in the former Village it is termed a Canoogawaary Enam. In the Enamaty accounts the enams in both Villages are entered in the name of Senker Row. The Enam lands situated in Razoo-pollem is entered in the Pymaish accounts in the name of Ramarow and in the Enamaty accounts in that of Senker Row. The Enam land situated in the Village of Zillella is entered in Pymaish accounts in the name of Kasavarow and in the Enamaty accounts in that of Senker Row.							
		Wet land	3	..	7	52	11	3.							
		" Cullore													
		Wet land	4	3	10	95	7	2							
		In Dausare pully													
		Dry land	6	..	..	15	12	..							
		In Shrotrium Cotaw													
		Dry land	4	12½	11	5	3								
		Total	16	3	10½	553	..	3.							

Banbunnah

Senker Row — Venkobarow alias Venkatrow

Banbunnah — Soobbarow — Ramarow — Casavarow — Gopanbrow

Senker Row — Soobba Row — Cristarow — Widow Seevanah — Nana Row — Rama Row — Lutchmun Row

Venkobarow — Baboorow — Senker Row — Sevarow

Widow Umbabayee.

Soobbarow present claimant

Cuddapah District, Collector's Office on Circuit at Appiapully 17th January 1852.

(Signed) H. Forbes
Collector

Remarks.

B. No. 463.

22-23

Remarks thereon.

Case No. 279 Bhurtwurty Enam & Jodee Enam.

Doovoor Talook					
Chintacoontah.....	10	3	"	46	4 6
Guddaminpully....	14	9	10	34	11 "
Jodee			"	14	11
Chryapand.....	6	6	6	9	12 11
Jodee			"	15	9
Goodepand.....	9	"	9¾	7	14 "
Jodee			1	5	"
Total.....	39	19	9¾	98	11 4
Jodee.....	3	2	9		

Circular 21st Decr. 1848 Para 4 C.O. Book page 484.

The deceased Atchannah was son of one and nephew of another individual in whose names several of the Enams were entered in the Pymash accounts. He is possessing jointly with his brother of the portion of Enam lands of the value of Rs. 40. 14-7 per annum, for nearly 30 years would seem to favor its continuance to the two sisters inlaw who now claim. The Board accordingly recommend that it be continued to them or the survivor of them for life. As it is not shown that the past transmission of the portion valued at Rupees 15-2-" per Annum was regularly obtained it should perhaps be resumed, but the remaining share in value Rupees 42-10-9 now held by three other holders should the Board consider, remain in undisturbed possession subject to report on their lapse.

Case No. 280 Kyratee Enam Jummulmudgoo Talook. Goondlakoontlah 5-22-12-9-11-9

The deceased Soobbakah was the widow of the party named in the Accounts and died without issue. The claim of her adopted son Sunjeevoocandoo

Sunjeevoo Candoo who was her distant relation and was irregularly adopted cannot be admitted but the Board concur in the Collector's recommendation for the continuance of the Enam for life to the sister-in-law Atchemmah who is also the Widow of the undivided brother of the party named in the Pymash:—

Circular 21st Decr. 1848 para 4 C.O. Book page 484

Case No. 281 Burtwurty Enam

Doovoor Talook	40	10	2½	57-6-5
Poolevendala	66	14	10	109-4-2
Camalapoor	"	10	6	6-1-1
Jummulmudgoo	36	6	1½	113-5-10
Total	103	9	33¼	286-1-6

It is stated that these lands are held by the several members of the family as joint property and the produce divided among them and it is not specified what was the share of the deceased Nundiay Lutchmee Ammah or whether he had issue Presuming that he had none and that the mother would not have claimed if he had, the Board see no objection to his share reverting to her for life

Extract Mins. of Cons. 11th inst. on 22nd May 1848 para 2 C.O. Book page 488.

Case No. 282 Bhurtwurty Enam Sidhaut Talook.

Goovulpully	3	3	"	6-2-4
Gyepparala	"	13	4	2 6-6
W. Ramada	1	14	10	" 6-9
Puttapodrayee	"	15	8	7-6-8
Woogoor	"	7	6	3-3-4
Cooramaloor	"	38	4	" 9-"
Total	6	12	"	20-2-7

The deceased Vencummah was a remote cousin of one and the Widow of the other individual named in the Pymash and held the lands for 42 years; she died so long ago as March 1847 and the family have no other means of subsistence besides the Enam and Putta land of the value of Rupees 45-8-2. The Enam being an ancient one, and there

there having been recognition of right at the period of survey, and long continued possession, the Board recommend that the family be not deprived of this trifling addition to their "indigent circumstances"; but that it be Continued for life to Venkatarow the grandson in the female line

Para 6 Pro: 25th January 1849
From Government 16th February 1849

Case No. 283 Bhurtwurty Enam
Poolevendlah Talook

Balapanoor	21-16-4.	31-3-4

Case No. 284 Bhartwurty and Jodee Enam

Badevail Talook	" - 7 - 14 .	1-11-8
	1-25-7.	7-4-5
	1-34-5.	9-" -1
Jodee	" - " - "	5-3-8

Sct. Min Con 17th Jan 22nd May 1848 C.C. Book P. 457

In default of heirs or near relatives the Board support the recommendation of the Collector for the resumption of these two Enams.-

Case No. 285 Jodee & Bhurtwurty Enam
Chennoor Talook

Booddeapully	300-15-6p.	214-13-2
Jodee	———	59-1-"
Dovvoor Talook		
Talamarpoor	5-34-2.	76-11-4
Total	306-9-8p.	291-8-6

It is not clear that the previous transmission of the Jodee Enam was regular but on the ground of the father of the deceased Agnehotra Beema-charloo having been recognized at the time of survey and of its possession ever since in the family, the Board support the Collector's recommendation for its Continuance to Soobbanacharloo the eldest surviving son of the deceased - The Bhurtwurty Enam altho entered in the name of the father of deceased in

Circular 27th July 1840 Para 9 C.C. Book page 452

in the Pymash and Enamity Accounts is yet stated to have been enjoyed in equal proportions by deceased and his younger brother Mudhavacharloo - In making the same recommendation as in regard to the Jodee Enam it is not the intention of the Board that the moiety enjoyed by Mudhavacharloo in this Bhurtwurty should be interfered with

Extract Min of Cons 9th in Cons: 22nd May 1848 para 6 C.C. Book page 454.

Case No. 286 Bhurtwurty Enam and Shotriem.

Dorpaud Talook		
Enam - - -	152-38-10	157-2-1
Shotriem of Annasamoodrum " - " - "		332-13-9
Total - - -	483-15-10	

The deceased Bristy Annuntapah being 5th in descent from one of the parties named in the Pymash Accounts shews that the grant was an ancient one. The moiety or Rupees 75-9-" in the Enam and Rs. 166-6-11 in the Shotriem which Bristy Annuntapah and his Two deceased brothers held would appear to have been enjoyed in common by their branch of the family and the Board therefore recommend that the same may be Continued in the name of Seetiah, the nephew of deceased or eldest son of the 3d Brother, provided the deceased as well as his 2d brother Singapah left no male issue - The remaining moiety in Enam and Shotriem in the enjoyment of Shashappa

Note C.C. Book page 484

Shus hushpah Vca. grandsons of Kistinmmah should be reported upon when a lapse occurs.-

Case No. 287 Bhurtwarty Enam Doopaud Talook.-

Mullumpully	10	23	..	7	11 4
Gobboor	29	38	..	21	13 5
Yerracondapollum	..	8	8	4	5 5
Yeswanadapooram	12	35	4	10	5 3
Total	53	24	12	44	3 5

A moiety of this Enam was enjoyed by the deceased Puttry Streenevassee Row who was the son of the party named in the Pymash and who died so long ago as July 1846, the other moiety having been held by his more recently deceased cousins Shashagherry Row and Puttry Ram Row.- The Collector recommends that the Enam be continued as follows: the moiety of Puttry Streenevassa Row to his Widow Shashumma, the share of Shashagheree Row to his mother Shayeenah and the share of Puttry Ram Row to his Widow Nursammah

Circular 21st Inst. December 1848, para 4 CO Book page 404.

The Board Concur in this recommendation.-

Case No. 288 Bhurtwarty Enam Immmulmudgoo Talook.-

Venakia Calvah	..	34	14	10	2 9
Yeonoomalachintalah Budwail Talook	1	20	..	29	5 3
Lutchmepollum	1	10	2	11	1 0
Total	3	25	10	50	9 8

In default of issue or near relatives the Board support the Collector's recommendation for the resumptions of the Enams in the actual enjoyment of deceased being exclusive of the alienations made by him to Ahuntachalo and

Extract Mins: of Cons 11th Inst. 22d May 1848 para 1 C.O. Book page 457.

and Vencatachallo 14 & 16 years ago which the Board Concur in thinking might be continued for their respective lives.-

Extract Mins: of Cons 22d August in Cons 18th September 1848 para 3 CO Book page 471.

Case No. 289 Bhurtwarty Enam Doovoor Talook.

Share of deceased.

Cushak Doovoor	32	28	2¼	86	11 2
Valawaly	4	36	¾	11	1 2
Yaroovapollum	2	8	3	3	13 8
Tollamarpoor	2	28	1	27	4 6
Tillella	14	..	1	24	9 6
Cammanoor	21	5	12¾	21	10 6
Chinta Conta	..	26	15½	15	11 7
Madoor	3	16	13¼	5	10 8
Rawzapollum	5	17	3	6	5 5
Cottapully	3	..	7	52	11 3
Total	90	7	11½	225	9 5

The deceased Umbarow was the son, Grand son, Great nephew and distant relative of the parties named in the Pymash, and the only claimant to succeed to his share is Soobarow a Cousin once removed who is however of a divided family.- The Board Concur in opinion with the Collector that the deceased's share be resumed, believing that he left no issue.-

Extract Mins: of Cons 11th Inst. 22d May 1848 para 1 CO. Book page 457 Bd. No. 573

24 From the Acting Collector of North Arcot.- Read Statement shewing

24-25 the Contingent Vca. charges incurred in the year 1851.

Order thereon. Ordered to lie over.

Bd. No. 572

26 From the Collector of Salem Reporting the non transmission of a Register of Petitions remaining undisposed of for the month of February last.-

26-27 Order thereon. Ordered to be recorded.-

Bd. No. 326

28 From the Collector of South Arcot. Read Statement of Contingent charges incurred in the year 1851.-

Order

3500 Fort St. George 8th March 1852.

Order thereon.

28-29

30

Bd. No. 405

From the Acting Collector of Tanjore - - - - }

Submitting explanation required regarding the settlement report of Gundera Cottah Estate

Ordered to lie over.

Read the following letter.

No. 12.

To

W. H. Dayley Esqre.
Secretary to the Court of Wards,
Fort St. George.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the Extract from the Proceedings of the Court of Wards dated 5th January 1852 in reply to my letter of 19th November 1852 reporting on the Settlement of the Gundera Cottah Estate for Fusly 1260.-

2 The Court's para 5 calls for explanation as to the cause of the non-recovery of balances prior to the Wardship, and as to the recovery of only Rupees 742 from the balance of Fusly 1259. I have the honor to explain that the balances which have accrued since Wardship as well as those outstanding prior thereto are withheld under various objections and are not capable of being easily realized. hence the scanty Collections of arrears

3. The Court's para 6 asks why the expenditure for 15 Amany Villages amounted to Rupees 130 whern in the preceding Fusly Rupees 5 only were disbursed on 14 Villages thus settled.

So

3501 Fort St. George 8th March 1852.

In the preceding Fusly, one Manager 43 peons only, were employed for a short period at the harvest, but as the Villages are Cadarumbums this Establishment was found insufficient and it was thought advisable to employ an Establishment for superintending the Cultivation and some more servants at the time of harvest. The expenditure for the amany Villages this year is only 5 per cent on the total revenue.-

Answer to Para 7

4. The Collector's Commission for management (as the Court observes) is not entered and I beg to state has not been debited from Fusly 1255, the first year of Government Control: No Commission at 1½ per cent (C.O.P. 207) appears to have been ever levied on private Estates placed under the charge of the Tanjore Collectors, this appears to be an omission and the arrears of commission will be in future charged.-

Answer to Para 8.

5. The item of Moturpha though belonging to Government is exhibited in the accounts of the Estate because it has always been usual in this district for the Zemindars to Collect the Moturpha and pay it over to Government. This was the practice in this Estate when held by the late proprietor & it has therefore been continued since it has been held under

under Government management.—

Tanjore, Vellum, 13th February, 1852. } /Signed/ T. W. Goodwyn
Acting Collector—

Order thereon— Ordered to be recorded—the Explanation afforded being satisfactory.

30-31

No. 37

32

To.

Read the following letter

Bd. No. 426

W. H. Bayley Esqre.
Secretary to the Board of Revenue,
Fort St. George.

From the Collector of Tinnevelly... } Sir,

I have the honor to reply to the Board's Circular dated 24th March last calling for information on the two following points, 1st the extent to which the standard weights & measures are in use in this District; & 2d the means of encouraging their more extensive adoption

Submitting the information Called for in Board's Circular of 24th March 1851 regarding the extent to which standard weights and measures are in use in the District and the means of encuraging their more extensive adoption.—

2. In reference to the 1st Point I have to state that the standards furnished to this District have never yet been put in requisition as comparisons for testing the weights or measures of native Dealers nor have Counterpart copies of the standards were made and brought into use at the Sea Custom and Frontier Chowkeys but not as far as this Department is concerned in any other place.—

3. In reference to the 2d point I beg to observe that under para 4 of letter dated 4th

4th June 1841 from Committee of weights and measures, included in the Board's Circular of 19th August 1841, the standard weights and measures were not understood as intended to be called into use among the native Dealers to regulate the instruments used by them in their transactions with one another and the Community, generally, but merely as afterwards announced by the Proclamation of 16th October 1846 for use in all dealings on account of Government and no steps were taken to influence the employment of such weights and measures in the Bazars, and even in Government transactions it has not been found always practicable as the Board know to adhere rigidly to the new standards even in matters of accounts.— Thus under date 15th November 1847 the Board returned the statement shewing the average Bazar whole sale prices of grain and salt which had been drawn up in Parahs in accordance with the new tables of weights and measures and desired that it might be prepared in the old way according to the Garce measure, and in 1848/16th April/ the Board under instructions from Government directed the salt accounts to be kept in

Indian

Indian Maunds at the rate of 120 to the garce.
The sanctioned mercal too as noted in the
margin of the Proceedings under notice as
by which the Government sall dealings
are transacted differs in Cubical Contents
from that set down in the Proclamation
of October 1846.-

4. If it has not been found
practicable in Government transactions
to adhere rigidly to the terms of the Pro:
=clamation of October 16th, 1846, and to make
use of the Tables of weights & measures there
prescribed either in actual dealings or
even in keeping accounts, it may well
be supposed a thing scarcely possible to
enforce regularity in this respect in the
markets.- The unconsciousness of people in
respect to old habits of Calculation in
buying and selling cannot be better illustrated
than by the fact that to this day all bar:
=gains are made, and with rare exceptions
all private accounts are kept by the natives
of this District in Cully fanams and Chas
=kums, although Coins of these denominations
have so long disappeared from Circulation
that many people have never even seen
them.-

5/

5 It may not be impossible
for authority to enforce the employment
of unaccustomed weights and measures in
the Bazars but I believe the attempt would
be attended with extreme difficulty & per:
=haps some danger.-

6. It would be necessary, of
course to Commence by Conforming rigidly
to the use of the new terms in all Government
Concerns and in Calculating the Malwarum
or Government share of produce in settling
the Revenue of this District under the
Oloongoo system, to relinquish the known
and understood denomination of grain
Cottahs by which paddy and rice are sold
in all the markets and make use of the
new standard of Parahs/or if the Board
please Garces though the garce is not re:
=cognized in the Proclamation of 1846/and
the people not being familiar with the
new reckoning would naturally be dissa
=tisfied with and probably resist it at first
as an innovation capable of proving in:
=jurious to their interests.-

7. Within the District no
in

inconvenience is complained of by the Public from the present irregularities of weights and measures and I do not suppose that merchants residing in other places and trading with Tinnevelly experience more embarrassment from this Cause than usually attends the Commerce of different Countries whose standards differ from one another: and the enquiries which have been set on foot in consequence of the Board's Proceedings under reply have not elicited any show of anxiety on the part of intelligent and influential merchants in these Quarters to procure the adoption of an uniform standard-

8. There can be no harm in making trial of the expedient proposed in para 4 of the Communication under notice, but I do not anticipate any effect would be produced by it and I must say I am strongly averse to any endeavour to force a change of this description upon the people.

9. In Government transactions it is desirable of Course & quite safe to declare a standard for use in all actual dealings in keeping of accounts with the exception of those relating to the Mailvarem in settling the revenue of 6 Longoo Villages and a little trouble will

will render the reduction of bazar rates to the standard in preparing Price lists and other public accounts sufficiently easy Care will be taken in this Office for for the future that all accounts requiring to be brought to the standard shall be so prepared.

10. In accordance with the instructions contained in Para 8 of the Proceedings under notice, a Statement is herewith submitted of the value of the chief measures of capacity in use in one or more of the principal markets of every Taluck in this District. This statement was drawn up by my Assistant Mr Swinton after personal examination of the Several measures a task which he performed with great care and the result may be regarded as sufficiently accurate. The Board will observe that the value of the measures of the same name in the different markets of this District is nearly the same as could reasonably be expected.

Tinnevelly, Trichendoor, 12th Feby 1852.

Signed Lu J. Bird. Collector.

Statement

3568 Fort St. George 8th March 1852.

Statement showing the value of the Chief Measures of Capacity in use in one or more of the principal markets of every Taluk in the District of Innevelly.

Taluk	Name of Village or Town.	Name of Measure.	Inches Diameter.	Inches Depth.	Tolas Weight struck Rice.	Tolas Weight struck Grain.	Tolas heaped Water	Tolas heaped Rice	Tolas heaped Grain.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Saultoor	Virdoopuddy	Puckka Puddy	4 2/10 at top; 4 from the mark below	7 8/10 Side; Middle	102	103	131	115	113	
	Sevacausey	Do.	4 3/10	6 1/10; 6	101	99	125	115	113	
	Saultoor Cusbah	Do.	3 9/10	7 5/10	99	110	"	112	110	
Nellumbalum	Cusbah Nellumbalum	Do.	4 2/10; 3 9/10	7 1/2	101	100	123	110	108	Puckka Puddy Sieve to a Measure.
	Palamcottah	Do.	Do.; Do.	Do.	97	100	122	109	107	
Vidoogramum	Basavapiapooram	Do.	4 2/10; 3 4/10	7 5/10	104	104	"	113	112	
Strewilliputtoor	Cusbah Strewilliputtoor	Do.	4 1/2; 3 6/10	8	97 1/2	98	119	109 1/2	107	

	Totalorim	Do.	4 3/10 a 6 to 6 in the middle & 5 towards the ends	6 3/10	98	97	122	110	105			
Ollapedarum	Ettiapoorum	Tarakoo	5 4 3/10	8 8/10 8.	155	156	196	172	170	Tarakoo Reddy 4 to a Pucka		
Nellumbalum	Cusbah Nellumbalum	Seer	measurement impracticable on account of shape		70	70	97	79	79			
Tencausey	Cusbah Tencausey	Do.	3 4/10	7 1/2	77	77	96	84	83			
Streeny goontum	Yarub	Do.	3 6/10	7 1/2	74	74	90	82	80			
	Alwa Tinnevelly	Do.	"	"	72	72	90	82	82			
Pinjamalle	Colasagarapatam	Do.	4	5	71	71	90	81	81			
	Cusbah Trinchindoor	Do.	4 3 3/4	6	71	70	92	81	81			
	Sattancolum	Do.	3 8/10	6	71	71	90	81	81			
	Poduricody	Do.	3 1/2	7	72	72	90	80	80			
Nungoonary	Cusbah Nungoonary	Do.	4 3 6/10	6 3/10	69	69	83	78	76			
	Thamaracolum	Do.	4 3 4/10	6 1/2	70	70	90	81	77			
	Marooacoorchy	Do.	3 7/10	5 5/10	73	70	87	82	79			
	Moolacurrapatty	Do.	4 7/10 3 4/10	6 1/2	72	70	87	82	79			
Vullyoor	Jeermatum	Do.	3 8/10	5	68	67	85	77	76			
Sherrmadavy	Cusbah Sherrmadavy	Do.	4 3/10 3 4/10	6	71	71	88	81	81			
	Do.	Do.	4 10	5	71	71	90	79	79			
	Caura coorchy	Do.	4 1/10 3 9/10	6	71	72	88	81	80			
	Veeravanellore	Do.	3 6/10	5 1/2	74	73	91	83	82			
	Pathamaday	Do.	measurement impracticable on account of shape		70	70	88	81	81			
Bremmadasum	Brumadasum	Do.	4	5	73	73	91	82	82			
	Kadayum	Do.	3 1/2	7 1/2	74	74	96	83	83			
	Alwarcoorchy	Seer Puddy	3 11/12	5 8/10	71	71	93	80	79			
	Vaugay colum	Do.	4 3 1/2	5 1/2	72	72	91	80	80			
	Cullladacoorchy	Do.	3 6/10	5 1/2	71	71	90	79	79			
Shenkernimar coveil	Cusbah Shenkernimar coveil	Do.	4 1/10	5 1/4	78	78	98	90	90			
	Chuppipaurray	Do.	3 1/2	8	76	76	95	82	82			
Ollapedarum	Cusbah Ollapedarum	Aroomcal Puddy	4	5 6/10	79	76	96	88	84	His measure is a little larger than the Seer Puddy but smaller than the Pucka Puddy.		

Fort St. George 8th March 1852.—

Nellumba-lum	Cusbah	Nellumbalum	Seer	Mercal	×	"	"	5'72	5'61	652 642
	Palamcottah		Do.		×	"	"	5'55	5'47	647 640
Vidoogrammum		Basavuppa-pooram	Do.		×	"	"	5'61	5'46	652 647
Zemcausey		Mailuppanoor	Do.		9	"	8 "	5'74	5'70	660 650
Streevygoontum	Cusbah	Streevygoontum	Do.		×	"	"	5'68	5'68	648 648
	Alwartirunagerry		Do.		×	"	"	5'52	5'47	648 636
Punjanad		Sauttoor	Do.		×	"	"	5'42	5'42	635 635
Nangoonary	Cusbah	Nangoonary	Do.		9 at top 8 4/10 from 2 inches below		9/10 in the middle the bottom being convex.	5'53	5'39	633 617
	Calacaud		Do.		×	"	"	5'76	5'70	654 640
Vullyoor		Poolycoorchy	Do.		×	"	"	5'66	5'62	651 644
Shermadavy		Veeravanellore	Do.		×	"	"	5'68	5'65	658 651

The scales very ill adapted for weighing Mercals

Brummadasum	Cullada coorchy		Do.		×	"	"	5'42	5'42	626 626
	Kadayum		Do.		×	"	"	5'74	5'68	649 649
	Alwarcoorchy		Do.		×	"	"	5'47	5'40	623 623
Streevelliyoor		Jaloor	Do.		9	"	7½	5'62	5'62	652 652
Shenkermaicomb	Cusbah	Shenkermaicovil	Do.		9	"	7½	5'65	5'68	652 658
Ottapedarum	Cusbah	Ottapedarum	Auroomcal	Mercal	8	"	7½	4'58	4'53	657 651

The Auroomcals were sized and when filled with water.

Tinnevelly
Trichendoor
12th February 1852

Signed C. J. Bird.
Collector.

N.B. Pucka Puddy — The extensive use of this measure is confined to the following 5 Jaloors Viz.t Nellumbalum Vidoogrammum, Sauttoor, Ottapedarum and Streevilliyoor. Six of these measures is equal to 8 Seer Puddies or one Mercal.—

Seer Puddy and Mercal.— Grain is generally and throughout the District sold wholesale by the Cottah though there is no measure containing that quantity. One Cottah is equal to 21 heaped Seer Mercals or 168 heaped Seer Puddies. The retail measure is the Seer Puddy and Mercal the latter containing 8 heaped Seer Puddies.—

Taragu Puddy — The use of this measure is confined to the Yettiapooram Zemindary. This measure is larger than the Pucka puddy by abosout ½ a measure.—

Auroomcal Puddy. — This measure which is in use only in the Cusbah of Ottapedarum Jaloor is larger than the Seer Puddy by 1/16th measure. 6 of these Auroomcal Puddies is equal to one Auroomcal Mercal.

Signed C. J. B.—

Fort St. George 8th March 1852.

Bd. No. 449.

Proceedings thereon.

32-33

This is one point on which the Board desired information which appears to have escaped notice in the above letter, it is this. When the price Lists at so much per Garce are made up, how many Seer Mercals or how many Cottahs as the case may be are considered equivalent to a Garce? and to the Mercals, Cottahs or whatever the measure referred to may be apply to heaped or struck measurement.

2 In other respects the Statement is complete, and reflects credit on Mr. Swinton's diligence and accuracy. The Board observe that the weight assigned to Horsegram (Coatty) is much below what experiments in other Districts give and would wish a few more trials to be made with any measure that may be at hand its weight of water being carefully noted also. It has always been found hitherto that Rice† weight less than coatty.

3. The Board also notice that on the 25th November 1847 the then acting Collector forwarded a revised Statement of Prices in Garce which before had been entered in Pucrahs. Mr Bird would be good enough to state about what rate of conversion the change was made and what is the size of the Pucrah.

Read

† The Board conclude Putcharicor Raw rice was made use of.

I. Cir. 6th Dec. 1847.

Fort St. George 8th March 1852.

Read the following letters.

No. 13.

34

Bd. No. 514.

From the Collector of Canara ----- }

To W. H. Bayley Esquire
Secretary to the Board of Revenue,
Fort St. George.

Sir,

I have the honor to acquaint you for the information of the Board that a Statement of the arrears of Land Revenue of more than 15 years outstanding at the close of Fusly 1260 (1850/51) has not been sent, as no such arrears are outstanding in this District.

Collector's Cutcherry
On Circuit, Gokurn,
19th February, 1852. }

(Signed) F. N. Maltby
Collector.

Order thereon.

Ordered to be recorded.

34-35

No. 16.

36

Bd. No. 543

From the Collector of Canara ----- }

To W. H. Bayley Esquire
Secretary to the Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

Sir.

1 I have the honor to request that you will lay before the Board of Revenue the enclosed list of Contracts received by Mr. Hudleston above the Ghats for the supply of Tobacco for the present season, for which I have the honor to request the sanction of the Board. The total purchase price of 1700 Candies is Rupees 91525:-

2. The Board will see that the arrangement made promises to be highly advantageous to the Government. The small Lots were eagerly competed for by the dealers and growers of Mysore, so much so that Mr. Hudleston had rather to guard against their beating down the price so low that it could not possibly be remunerative than to encourage competition.

3. The produce has been abundant and is reported to be of good quality and I have every reason to hope that the Tobacco will be punctually delivered.

Collector's Cutcherry
On Circuit, Gokurn,
20th February, 1852. }

(Signed) F. N. Maltby
Collector.

Memorandum

3572 Fort St. George 8th March 1852

Memorandum of Tobacco Contractors for Fusly 1261.

Name of Contractors.	Quantity Contracted for.	Rate per Candy including duty.		Value.	
	Candies	Rs	A P	Rs	A P
Koopah Bashetty	100	57	8 .	5,750	. .
Ditto	100	53	. .	5,300	. .
Prabawayah	100	55	. .	5,500	. .
Jaumgal Nannapah	100	55	. .	5,500	. .
Ditto	50	53	. .	2,650	. .
Belawady Soobaya	100	53	8 .	5,350	. .
Gardamaguery Siniasiaya	100	53	4 .	5,325	. .
Kudayoor Chanapa	100	53	8 .	5,350	. .
Nursaya	100	53	8 .	5,350	. .
Ditto	50	53	8 .	2,675	. .
Jaumgal Narsinwya	100	53	8 .	5,350	. .
Aleh Muchanoly Doly Gauda	100	53	8 .	5,350	. .
Muttada Bapsawaya	50	53	4 .	2,662	8 .
Venkata Bapsapah	50	53	4 .	2,662	8 .
Allybed Venkata Kristapa	50	53	. .	2,650	. .
Mury Gauda	50	53	. .	2,650	. .
Nirgually Seedapah	50	53	8 .	2,675	. .
Allybed Luxemiah	50	50	. .	2,650	. .
Muly Gut Bomana	50	54	. .	2,700	. .
Seedy lingay Gauda	50	53	8 .	2,675	. .
Soobaya	50	53	8 .	2,675	. .
Codyally Linga Gauda	50	54	. .	2,700	. .
Allaganally Baswa Gauda	50	54	. .	2,700	. .
Iswarally Venkatapah	50	53	8 .	2,675	. .
Total	1,700	53	13 5	91,525	. .

Abstract

		Candies	Rs	A P.
At 57 - 8 - .	per Candy	100	5,750	- . - .
" 55 - . .	Ditto	200	11,000	- . - .
" 54 - . .	Ditto	150	8,100	- . .
" 53 - 8 - .	Ditto	750	40,125	- . .
" 53 - 4 - .	Ditto	200	10,650	- . .
" 53 - . .	Ditto	300	15,900	- . .
		1700	91,525	- . .

Average Prices for former Years

	Rs	A - P.
Fusly 1250	58	- . - .
1257	62	- 12 - 2
1258	60	- . - .
1259	67	- 12 - .
1260	68	- 11 - 9
Average of 5 years	63	- 7 - 2

Signed F. N. Maltby Collector

Fhs.

3573. Fort St. George 8th March 1852.

Bd. No. 452.

Proceedings thereon.

36-37

The Board of Revenue sanction the acceptance of the offers for the supply of 1,700 Candies of Tobacco for the Monopoly of the District at the prices named in the Enclosure to the foregoing letter.-

2. The Board notice with much satisfaction the successful manner in which Mr. Hudleston has carried out the duty entrusted to him, as shewn in the favorable rates at which the Contracts have been made as compared with the average of the five preceding Fasslies.-

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Read the following letter.

No. 26.

To, W. H. Bayley Esqre.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue,
Fort St. George.

38

Bd. No. 485.

From the Collector of Malabar ---

Sir,

I have the honor to request the favor of your obtaining for me the Board's Orders on my letter dated 26th June 1847. suggesting whether it may not be sufficient to confine the necessity of registry of security Bonds in the Registry Office - the European Court - to a few of the principal Servants of my Establishment.

Malabar Collector's Office Calicut, 21st February 1852

} Signed W. S. Conolly. Collector

The

3574 Fort St. George 8th March 1852.

Bd. No. 457

Proceedings thereon.-

38-39

The Class of Revenue Functionaries from whom Security is to be taken under Act XII of 1850 and the Minimum amount to be required has been proposed by the Board to be as follows:-

	Rupees.
Huzzoor Cash Keeper	10,000
Ditto Deputy Ditto	5,000
Huzzoor Shroff	5,000
Ditto Assistant Ditto	2,000
Tahsildar	2,500
Taluk Shroff	1,000
Ditto Assistant Ditto	500
Manr. Daragah	1,000
Ditto Vender	500
Salt Daragah	1,000
Do. Do. Shroff	1,000
Sea Customs Superintendant	1,000

2. The Collector will in due course receive Circular instructions on the subject which the Board have been desired to prepare in Communication with the Commissioner in Northern Circars.+

3. The Security Bond should in all practicable cases be registered in the Courts - but the question of extending and facilitating the registry of Deeds is still under the consideration of the Government of India.-

---

Read

3575. Fort St. George 8th March 1852.

Read Official Memorandum from the Government Agent Madras dated 1st March 1852.-

Ordered that the following Official Memorandum be sent in consequence.-

40

Bd. No. 450.

To the Government Agent Madras.

Official Memorandum

The Secretary to the Board of Revenue has the honor to inform the Government Agent, with reference to his Official Memorandum dated 1st March 1852, that it does not appear from the records of this Office that any letter was addressed by the Board of Revenue, or their Secretary, to the Secretary to Government on the 23d October 1802, on the subject of the resumed Jaghires.-

2. There are however on the Records two letters of that date one to the address of the Collector of Trichinopoly respecting certain Pensions on account of resumed Jagires and the other to the Collector of North Arcot directing the resumption of all lands rented by Jaghiredars which formed no part of the Jaghires proper, and did not come under the denomination of Shotriums lands.-

3. But an important correspondence as detailed below did pass between the Board of Revenue and the Government in the year 1802 respecting the Jaghires held under the late Mahomedan Government Viz.

From Govt. Falconar 25th March 1802 inform. 12th April 1802 submitting a Report on the Jaghires.-

Board to Govt. 12th April 1802 - Intimating receipt of Ditto

From Govt. 17th April 1802 inform. 26th April 1802. Calling for Ditto

To Govt. 27th April ---------- Do. Submitting Ditto

From Govt. 4th June inform. 21st June Do. Observations on Ditto

4. Doctor Balfour will please state whether any of the papers referred to above is the one required by him, and if so he will explain the purpose for which a copy of it is required in order that the authority of the Board or Government may be obtained for its being furnished.-

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
8th March 1852.

(Signed) W. H. Bayley
Secretary.

Resolved

3576. Fort St. George 8th March 1852.

Resolved that the following letter be dispatched.-

No. 87.

To

The Chief Secretary to Government.

41

Bd. No. 457.

To the Chief Secretary to Government.

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to submit for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council the accompanying General Statement prepared in the usual form from the monthly accounts shewing the Collections of Ordinary Revenue from 12th July to 31st December 1851 of Fusly 1261 Compared with the Collections in the same period of Fusly 1260.

2. Abstract B shews a net Increase in the aggregate of Rupees 8,11,755-.-.- resulting from a net Increase of Rupees 6,60,975-11-2 in the Collections of Land Revenue and a net Increase of Rupees 1,51,679-4-10 in the Collections from Extra Sources of Revenue.-

Increase in the Collections of Arrears	3,57,436-3-6.	
Do. in the Collections of Current	3,02,639-7-8.	
		6,60,075-11-2.

3. Abstract C shews the Increase and Decrease in the Collections of Land Revenue and the Revenue from Extra Sources in the several Districts.-

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
8th March 1852.

(Signed) W. H. Bayley
Secretary,
General

3577.

A General Statement Shewing the Collections of Ordinary

Fasly 1260.

	1	Arrears. 2 Rupees	a	p	Current. 3 Rs.	a	p	Total 4 Rs.
1	Zillah of Ganjam	64263	2	8	297339	9	4	362102
2	Vizagapatam	35818	1	8	281545	14	3	317363
3	Rajahmundry	50830	3	11	504107	7	1	554937
4	Masulipatam	189385	8	7	71116	7	2	260501
5	Guntoor (excluding Palnaud)	14663	2	5	144355	8	6	159018
6	Chingleput	120052	4	9	69710	1	5	189762
7	Salem (including Baramahal)	99358	1	6	204283	3	1	303641
8	Madura	155373	15	1	227962	4	"	383336
9	Nellore	46864	14	2	593198	11	7	640062
10	Northern Division of Arcot	76035	11	1	345060	13	1	421096
11	Southern Division of Arcot	163678	"	8	346264	"	"	509942
12	Tanjore	48673	9	6	503061	1	6	551734
13	Trichinopoly	10026	1	8	464512	15	8	474539
14	Tinnevelly	41126	2	4	380736	"	4	421912
15	Bellary	41825	15	"	505705	13	7	547526
16	Cuddapah	73426	4	"	205193	14	6	279620
17	Coimbatore	9058	1	10	281310	4	5	290368
18	Canara	16140	8	4	17982	8	"	34093
19	Malabar	9619	4	7	414941	"	4	424560
20	Marine: Land Customs	2271	11	2	20152	8	6	22424
	Toll collected on Cochrane's Canal	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	Sea Customs	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
21	Kurnool	13708	15	4	100795	1	"	114504
	Total	1287170	3	6	5975875	3	1	7263045
	Add Old Balances	"	"	"	"	"	"	29011
	Grand Total	"	"	"	"	"	"	7292056
	Deduct Collections to the end of Novr.							3650256
	Collections in December							3641800

Resolved

Fort St. George

8th March 1852.

Revenue in the Several Districts under the Madras Presidency from 12th July to 31st December 1851 of Fusly 1261 Compared

Collections of Arrears and current Land Revenue comparison.

	Fusly 1261.						Increase.		Decrease				Net	
	Arrears		Current		Total		Arrears	Current	Total	Arrears	Current	Total	Increase	Decrease
	5		6		7		8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Rs. a p		Rs. a p		Rs. a p		Rs. a p	Rs. a p	Rs. a p	Rs. a p	Rs. a p	Rs. a p	Rs. a p	Rs. a p
12	52,856.	4 9	283288	9 9	336144.	14 6								
15 11	8512	5 8	286939	11 11	295452	1 7	" " "	" " "	" " "	11406 13 11	14550 15 7	25957 13 6	" " "	25957 13 6
11 "	48240.	7 4	484321.	15 "	532562	6 4	" " "	5393. 13 8	5393 13 8	27305 12 "	" " "	27305 12 "	" " "	21911. 14 4
15 7	129115	3 4	58961.	13 11	188077	1 3	" " "	" " "	" " "	25589 12 7	19785 8 1	22375 4 8	" " "	22375 4 8
10 10	33503.	9 10	133446	3 7	168949	13 5	" " "	" " "	" " "	6,0270 5 3	12154 9 1	72424 14 4	" " "	72424 14 4
6 2	179002	7 3	109180.	" 9	288182	8 "	20840. 7 5	" " "	20840. 7 5	" " "	10909 4 10	10909. 4 10	9931 2 7	" " "
4 7	38009.	4 11	226145	12 1	264155	1 "	58950. 2 6	39469 15 4	98420. 1 10	" " "	" " "	" " "	9,8420 1 10	" " "
3 1	22450.	10 "	220278	7 1	441729	1 1	" " "	21862 9 "	21862 9 "	61348 12 7	" " "	61348 12 7	" " "	39486 3 7
9 9	55099.	8 2	5,73526	" 6	633625	8 8	66076 10 11	" " "	66076 10 11	" " "	7683 12 11	7683 12 11	58392 14 "	" " "
8 2	365507	8 11	529653	2 4	895160	11 3	8234. 10 "	" " "	8234. 10 "	" " "	14667 11 1	14667 11 1	" " "	6433 1 1
" 8	140851	8 11	356282	15 3	497134	8 2	289471 13 10	184592 5 3	474064 3 1	" " "	" " "	" " "	474064 3 1	" " "
11 "	65711.	10 1	397077	15 7	462789	9 8	" " "	10018 15 3	10018 15 3	22826 7 9	" " "	22826 7 9	" " "	12807 8 6
1 4	17123	7 1	467886	4 2	485009	8 3	17038 " 7	" " "	17038 " 7	" " "	105983 1 11	105983 1 11	" " "	88965 1 4
2 8	50361.	1 10	409948	3 2	460309.	5 "	7097 6 5	3373 1 6	10470 6 11	" " "	" " "	" " "	10470 6 11	" " "
12 7	48380.	8 3	557992	" 4	606372	3 7	9234 15 6	29162 2 10	38397 2 4	" " "	" " "	" " "	38397 2 4	" " "
2 6	134665	2 11	209347	9 10	344012	12 9	65554 4 3	52291 2 9	58845 7 "	" " "	" " "	" " "	58845 7 "	" " "
6 3	17455	3 1	279091.	13 5	296547	" 6	56238 14 11	8153 11 4	64392 10 3	" " "	" " "	" " "	64392 10 3	" " "
" 4	15892.	1 8	20630.	15 7	36423	1 3	8397 1 3	" " "	8397 1 3	" " "	2218 7 "	2218 7 "	6178 10 3	" " "
11 11	7051.	" 5	415404	1 4	422455	1 9	" " "	2548 7 7	2548 7 7	218 6 8	" " "	218 6 8	2330 " 11	" " "
3 8	2442	7 7	19760.	14 7	22203	6 2	" " "	463 1 "	463 1 "	2568 11 2	" " "	2568 11 2	" " "	2105 10 2
" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	170 12 5	" " "	170 12 5	" " "	391 9 11	391. 9 11	" " "	220 13 6
" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" 7	14580.	" 2	234450.	3 7	249030.	3 9	841 " 7	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
6 7	164,7811.	5 2	62,78514	10 9	79,26325	15 11	549176 3 7	490984 8 1	1340160. 11 8	188535 1 11	188345 " 6	377880 2 4	9553948 14 4	2926685. "
3 10	"	" "	"	" "	25806 5 8		" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	10977 10 11	14182 9 1
10 5	"	" "	"	" "	79,52132 5 7		" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	9,66926 9 3	3068501 4 1
													3068501 4 1	Dr. Decrease
													6600751 1 2	Net Increase
1 10														
8 7														
					3969441 8 10									
					3982690 12 9									

Fort St. George

with the Collections in the same period of Fusly 1260.—

8th March 1852.

Salt.

	Fusly 1260.			Fusly 1261.			Increase.			Decrease			Fusly 1260.			Fusly 1261.		
	16			17			18			19			20			21		
	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p
1	34338	7	8	51004	10	"	16646	2	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
2	63925	11	"	74348	13	"	10423	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
3	64810	"	"	85280	8	"	20470	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
4	117042	15	2	61604	9	3	"	"	"	55435	5	11	858	13	9	911	3	7
5	136065	6	3	118875	"	"	"	"	"	17190	6	3	17340	10	2	18471	8	11
6	84285	1	"	187149	2	3	102864	2	3	"	"	"	1393	11	7	909	"	1
7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
8	156940	3	3	166670	6	5	9700	3	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
9	170366	13	8	183641	1	5	13274	3	9	"	"	"	501	12	5	141	"	10
10	6048	"	"	2961	8	"	"	"	"	3286	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
11	135181	2	6	159104	"	9	23925	14	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
12	242328	12	6	258312	6	4	15983	9	10	"	"	"	20771	9	8	23914	7	11
13	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	12822	2	2	15107	8	9
14	160342	3	3	169720	3	2	9647	15	11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
15	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	23462	2	8	20016	8	9
16	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2621	1	7	2465	8	5
17	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
18	97109	13	1	110297	7	10	13182	10	9	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
19	102615	4	9	110195	3	11	7579	15	2	"	"	"	1592	3	1	4006	6	7
20	25263	1	8	14475	3	"	"	"	"	10787	8	"	79	13	8	9	2	11
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	45	5	6	78	14	5
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
21	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	1823811	6	1	1883719	1	4	213698	7	5	183790	12	2	83814	5	11	88365	"	1
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	1823811	6	1	1883719	1	4	213698	7	5	183790	12	2	83814	5	11	88365	"	1
										183790	12	2	Dt. Decrease					
	134037	"	6	145764	6	4				59907	11	3	Net Increase					
	48432	5	7	42607	3	1	"											
													64198	6	3	68437	2	11
													19655	15	8	19877	13	2

Sayer.

Increase.			Decrease		
22			23		
Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p
"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"
52	5	10	"	"	"
630	14	9	"	"	"
"	"	"	484	11	6
"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	360	11	7
"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"
3142	14	3	"	"	"
2285	6	7	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	3145	9	11
"	"	"	155	9	2
"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"
2414	3	6	"	"	"
"	"	"	70	10	9
33	8	11	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"
508	9	3	"	"	"
9067	15	1	4517	4	11
"	"	"	"	"	"
9067	15	1	4517	4	11
4517	4	11	Dt. Decrease		
4550	10	2	Net Increase		

Abkarry.

Fusly 1260			Fusly 1261			Increase			Decrease		
24			25			26			27		
Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p
25458	14	1	23946	6	8	"	"	"	1512	7	5
26281	10	2	22672	11	4	"	"	"	3608	14	10
30771	15	9	40546	13	7	9774	13	10	"	"	"
12323	10	1	14421	10	6	2098	"	5	"	"	"
4223	"	"	6442	8	"	2219	8	"	"	"	"
25403	3	6	25336	12	7	"	"	"	66	6	11
34572	15	6	35809	"	"	1236	"	6	"	"	"
24755	8	"	23254	8	"	"	"	"	1501	"	"
11327	5	8	12280	15	"	953	9	4	"	"	"
51643	"	"	57184	"	"	5511	"	"	"	"	"
31350	"	"	32951	14	11	1601	14	4	"	"	"
47044	"	"	48208	"	"	1164	"	"	"	"	"
10631	3	6	11127	5	3	496	1	9	"	"	"
8205	"	"	10431	"	"	2226	"	"	"	"	"
136270	14	4	124580	1	"	"	"	"	11690	13	4
43654	14	4	48118	3	1	4463	4	9	"	"	"
26898	13	8	27771	8	"	872	10	4	"	"	"
25945	10	6	28780	13	11	2835	3	5	"	"	"
25401	7	7	24021	3	8	"	"	"	1380	3	11
25689	5	2	24943	3	1	"	"	"	7462	5	2
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
28898	2	8	29578	6	3	680	3	7	"	"	"
887986	11	6	896896	14	9	36132	6	10	27222	3	7
1301	3	5	61	11	6	"	"	"	1239	7	11
889287	14	11	896958	10	3	36132	6	10	28461	11	6
						28461	11	6	Dt. Decrease		
						7670	11	4	Net Increase		
			712725	10	7	720411	5	9			
			176562	4	4	176547	4	6			

Fort St. George

8th March 1852.

Sundry Small Farms and Licenses.

	Fusly 1260			Fusly 1261			Increase			Decrease		
	28			29			30			31		
	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p
1	2,432	4	-	1,741	7	-	"	"	"	690.	13	-
2	"	"	-	"	"	-	"	"	"	"	"	"
3	4329	11	-	4,835.	10	-	505.	15	-	"	"	"
4	1,489	11	7	632	5	1	"	"	"	857	6	6
5	661	13	-	150	"	-	"	"	"	503	13	-
6	6,885	10	2	10,519	2	6	3,633	8	4	"	"	"
7	3,073	6	6	3,034	"	5	"	"	"	29	6	1
8	3,514	14	7	2,199.	3	7	"	"	"	1,315	11	-
9	447	13	3	520	11	5	72	14	2	"	"	"
10	423	7	7	3,852	14	7	3,429.	7	4	"	"	"
11	4,769	5	1	3,843	9	11	"	"	"	925	11	2
12	17,310	4	8	15,408	8	6	"	"	"	1,901.	12	2
13	1,674	15	7	1,474	9	3	"	"	"	200.	6	4
14	17,478	8	3	12,524	10	9	"	"	"	4,953	13	6
15	2,898	9	1	1,712	1	7	"	"	"	1,186.	7	6
16	1,771	14	1	2,927	6	9	1,155.	8	8	"	"	"
17	331	12	-	186	"	"	"	"	"	145.	12	-
18	27,561	12	8	3,715	10	8	"	"	"	23,846	2	-
19	15,523	10	1	14,621	1	11	"	"	"	902	8	2
	4,571	15	2	4,425	9	1	"	"	"	"	"	"
20	10,915	5	8	13,386	3	4	2,470	13	8	146	6	1
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
21	693	"	-	168.	10	7	"	"	"	"	"	"
	1,28,759	12	-	1,01,887	3	11	11,268	2	10	38,140	5	11
	59	8	11	212	3	5	178	12	9	26	2	3
	1,28,819	4	11	1,02,099	12	4	11,446	15	7	38,166	8	2
							Dt. Increase			11,446	15	7
	1,10,438	11	8	80,833	4	-	Net Decrease			26,719	8	7
	18,380	9	3	21,266	8	4						

Motur pha.

	Fusly 1260.			Fusly 1261.		
	32			33		
	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p
1	5,137	11	4	4,771.	"	1
2						
3	3,974.	12	9	3,837	13	2
4	23,945	3	4	24,875	1	6
5	7,903.	3	11	4,097	15	5
6	22,506	"	5	22,289	11	-
7	6,539.	2	7	7,697	1	11
8	35,399	2	1	1,1153	7	9
9	"	"	"	"	"	"
10	14,230.	6	10	14,568	1	8
11	4,566	9	9	16,882	8	7
12	12,916.	9	2	12,971	3	8
13	41,042	10	-	38,644	"	5
14	4,623	13	-	4,020.	9	9
15	38,999	6	1	37,924	5	6
16	72,999	9	6	76,733	3	6
17	65,598	13	8	7,1110.	4	2
18	11,030.	9	7	11,918	6	9
19	387	15	5	610	11	4
20	35,804	"	3	35,212	10	7
	"	"	"	"	"	"
21	"	"	"	"	"	"
	19,515.	6	1	29,929	8	-
	279	12	6	254	5	10
	4,27,400.	14	3	1,59,502	2	7
	205,790	6	8	2,23,026	15	1
	22,610	7	7	2,31,475.	2	11

Sea Customs.

	Increase.			Decrease			Fusly 1260.			Fusly 1261			Increase.			Decrease.		
	34			35			36			37			38			39.		
	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p
	"	"	"	366	11	3	2,651.	8	11	4,300.	2	-	1,648	9	1	"	"	-
	"	"	"	136	15	4	2,497	13	3	4,409	9	8	1,911.	12	5	"	"	-
	929	14	2	"	"	"	15,988	13	1	17,818	5	9	2,729	8	8	"	"	"
	"	"	"	3,805	4	6	713	13	9	8	7	2	"	"	-	705	6	7
	"	"	"	216	5	5	2	10	-	670	3	4	667	9	4	"	"	"
	1,157	15	4	"	"	"	"	"	-	"	"	-	"	"	"	"	"	"
	5,754	5	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	-	"	"	"	8,506	1	7	13,346	15	7	4,840.	14	-	"	"	"
	337	10	10	"	"	"	1	2	5	184	9	2	183	6	9	"	"	"
	12,315	14	10	"	"	"	"	"	-	"	"	-	"	"	"	"	"	"
	54	10	6	"	"	-	14,307	9	10	12,065	7	8	"	"	"	2,242	2	2
	"	"	"	2,398	9	7	76,919	10	8	84,413	8	7	7,493	13	11	"	"	"
	"	"	"	603	3	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	10,75	"	7	7,285	8	11	10,195	11	8	2,910.	2	9	"	"	"
	3,733.	10	-	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	5,511	6	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	884	13	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	222	11	11	"	"	"	4,194	8	3	8,746	5	8	4,551.	13	5	"	"	"
	"	"	"	591	5	8	7,241	8	3	9,747	"	9	2,505	8	6	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"	"	2,21,351	13	5	2,07,934	6	1	"	"	"	13,417	7	4
	10,414	1	11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	4,320	2	10	913	7	10	36,07,62	10	4	37,38,40	13	1	29,443	2	10	16,365	"	1
	86	4	6	111	11	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	4,1406	7	4	9,305	3	-	36,07,62	10	4	37,38,40	13	1	29,443	2	10	16,365	"	1
	9,305	3	-	Dt. Decrease									16,365	"	1	Dt. Decrease		
	32,101	4	4	Net Increase									13,078	2	9	Net Increase		
							30,615.	10	4	3,13,679.	7	3						
							54,606.	"	"	60,161.	5	10						

3580.

Fort R. George

8th March 1852.

	Tobacco.				Stamps				Total of the Extra Branches of Revenue.				Net	
	Fusly 1260.	Fusly 1261.	Increase	Decrease	Fusly 1260.	Fusly 1261.	Increase	Decrease	Fusly 1260.	Fusly 1261.	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53
	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.	R. a. p.
1	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	7,266 9 6	7,438 8 "	171 14 6	" " "	77,305 7 6	98,202 1 9	18,466 9 11	2,569 15 8	15,896 10 3	" " "
2	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	8,423 12 "	8,597 4 "	173 8 "	" " "	105,103 11 2	113,866 3 2	12,508 6 6	3,745 14 5	8,762 8 "	" " "
3	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	7,395 4 "	7,251 4 "	" " "	144 " "	147,199 12 11	181,518 14 5	34,463 1 6	144 " "	34,319 1 6	" " "
4	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	6,618 12 "	5,485 8 "	" " "	1,133 4 "	163,932 12 8	194,725 " 4	2,728 15 2	61,936 11 6	" " "	59,207 12 4
5	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	3,427 4 "	4,066 1 "	638 13 "	" " "	168,279 13 3	153,410. 7 5	3,525. 14 4	18,395. 4 2	" " "	14,869. 5 10
6	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	7,596 2 "	6,959 4 "	" " "	636 14 "	130,709. 3 3	237,661. 3 3	107,655 9 11	703 4 11	106,952 5 "	" " "
7	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	10,765 " "	11,864 4 "	1,099 4 "	" " "	83,310. 8 1	91,860. 12 2	8,089. 10 2	39 6 1	8,050. 4 1	" " "
8	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	15,836 9 6	15,612 " "	" " "	224 9 6	210,135 1 4	221,224 2 5	14,541 1 2	3,452 " 1	11,089 1 1	" " "
9	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	6,340 " "	7,617. 8 "	1,277 8 "	" " "	202,713 9 10	218,812 14 8	16,099 4 10	" " "	16,099. 4 10	" " "
10	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	12,677 15 6	13,233. 1 "	555 1 6	" " "	75,389 " 10	93,916 " 2	21,813 7 4	3,286 3 "	18,526 15 4	" " "
11	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	3,477 1 6	8,954 10 6	4,477 9 "	" " "	227,743 5 9	253,808 7 4	29,202 14 11	3,167 13 4	26,035 1 7	" " "
12	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	37,609 8 "	32,361 8 "	" " "	5,248 " "	475,044 " "	492,455 8 7	26,926 14 4	9,548 5 9	17,378 8 7	" " "
13	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	8,908 12 "	10,918 " "	2,009 4 "	" " "	25,838 12 1	27,540. 8 3	2,505. 5 9	803 9 7	1,701 12 2	" " "
14	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	11,804 4 "	14,588 8 "	2,784 4 "	" " "	264,304 1 2	275,400. 15 10	17,568 6 8	9,474 8 "	8,093. 14 8	" " "
15	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	9,336 4 "	35,692 8 "	26,356 4 "	" " "	224,126 6 6	241,188 6 6	30,089 14 "	13,032 14 "	17,057 " "	" " "
16	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	11,968 8 "	13,165 8 "	1,197 " "	" " "	122,994 2 1	135,321 6 "	12,327 3 11	" " "	12,327 3 11	" " "
17	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	10,637 4 "	10,533 4 "	" " "	104 " "	43,898 7 3	59,409. 2 9	17,60. 7 6	249 12 "	1,510. 11 6	" " "
18	116,082 12 2	116,770 15 3	688 3 3	" " "	22,799 14 6	23,904 7 "	1,124 8 6	" " "	295,654 9 6	296,827 14 3	25,019. 6 9	23,846 2 "	1,173 4 9	" " "
19	215,333 4 3	242,041 10 1	26,708 5 10	" " "	27,5.85 11 "	31,067 5 "	3,481 10 "	" " "	429,584 11 10	466,915 6 10	40,275 7 6	2,944 12 6	37,330 11 "	" " "
	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	4,560 5 6	4,026 13 "	" " "	533 8 6	5,187,04 8 4	4,02,717 5 6	33 8 11	116,020. 11 9	" " "	115,987 2 10
20	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	19,915. 6 8	13,386 3 4	2,470. 13 8	" " "	2,470. 13 8	" " "
	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	2,21,351 13 5	20,7934 6 1	" " "	13,417 7 4	" " "	13,417 7 4
21	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	623 " "	1,042 8 "	419 8 "	" " "	51,554 8 6	63,052 9 9	12,022 6 9	524 5 5	11,498 1 4	" " "
	331,416 " 3	358,812 9 4	27,396 9 1	" " "	240,687 13 "	274,381 9 6	41,768 " 6	8,074 4 "	4,284,359 12 10	4,434,151 5 9	440,094 15 5	287,303 6 6	356,273 5 3	203,481 12 4
	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	1,640. 8 10	528 4 9	" " "	" " "	" " "	1112 4 1
	331,416 " 3	358,812 9 4	27,396 9 1	" " "	240,687 13 "	274,381 9 6	41,768 " 6	8,074 4 "	4,286,000 5 8	4,434,679 10 6	" " "	" " "	356,273 5 3	204,594 " 5
													204,594 " 5	D°. Decrease.
													151,679 4 10	Net Increase
	287,100 12 2	281,454 4 8					8,074 4 "	D°. Decrease.						
	44,315 4 1	77,058 4 5			194,947 1 6	225,082 2 "	33,693 12 6	Net Increase	3,201,786 11 8	3,345,920 10 4				
					45,740 11 6	49,299 " 6			10,342 6 3	10 "	106,176 8 15	11		

For Fort St. George

8th March 1852.

Total including Extra Branches of Revenue.

	Fusly 1260.		Fusly 1261.		Increase.		Decrease.		Net Increase		Net Decrease	
	54		55		56		57		58		59	
	Rs. a p		Rs. a p		Rs. a p		Rs. a p		Rs. a p		Rs. a p	
1	4,39,408	3 6	4,29,347	" 3	18,466	9 11	28,527	13 2	"	" "	10,061	3 5
2	4,22,467	11 1	4,09,318	4 9	12,508	6 5	25,657	12 9	"	" "	13,149	6 4
3	4,02,137	7 11	3,74,081	4 9	34,463	1 6	22,519	4 8	11,943	12 10	"	" "
4	4,24,434	12 3	2,92,802	1 7	2,728	15 2	1,84,361	7 10	"	" "	1,31,632	10 8
5	3,27,293	8 1	3,22,360	4 10	13,457	" 11	18,398	4 2	"	" "	4,938	3 3
6	3,20,471	9 5	5,25,844	" 3	20,675	11 9	703	4 11	2,05,372	6 10	"	" "
7	3,87,451	12 3	3,56,016	13 2	8,089	10 2	39,525	9 8	"	" "	31,435	15 6
8	5,93,471	4 5	6,62,953	3 6	72,933	15 2	3,452	" 1	69,481	15 1	"	" "
9	8,42,742	3 7	8,52,438	7 4	16,099	4 10	6,433	1 1	9,666	3 9	"	" "
10	4,96,485	9 "	6,89,076	11 5	4,96,877	10 5	3,286	8 "	4,92,591	2 5	"	" "
11	4,37,715	6 5	4,50,942	15 6	29,202	14 11	15,995	5 10	13,227	9 1	"	" "
12	10,26,811	11 "	9,65,245	2 3	26,926	14 4	98,493	7 1	"	" "	7,15,668	9 7
13	5,00,377	13 5	5,12,550	" 6	12,975	12 8	803	9 7	12,172	3 1	"	" "
14	6,89,219	3 10	7,35,710	4 10	55,966	9 "	9,474	8 "	46,491	" "	"	" "
15	7,71,653	3 1	8,47,533	10 11	88,935	5 "	13,932	14 "	75,902	7 "	"	" "
16	4,02,614	4 7	4,79,334	2 9	76,719	14 2	"	" "	76,719	14 2	"	" "
17	3,39,266	13 6	3,46,956	3 3	7,939	1 9	249	12 "	7,689	5 9	"	" "
18	3,29,747	9 10	3,33,250	15 6	27,349	7 8	23,846	2 "	3,503	8 8	"	" "
19	8,54,145	7 9	8,89,370	8 7	40,276	7 6	5,050	6 8	35,225	" 10	"	" "
20	5,41,123	12 "	4,24,920	11 8	33	8 11	1,16,241	9 8	"	" "	116,208	" 4
	10,915	5 8	13,386	3 4	2,470	13 8	"	" "	2,470	13 8	"	" "
	2,21,351	13 5	2,07,934	6 1	"	" "	13,417	7 4	"	" "	13,417	7 4
21	1,66,058	9 "	3,12,082	13 6	1,46,548	9 11	524	5 5	1,46,024	14 6	"	" "
	115,47,405	3 5	123,63,477	5 8	13,96,043	13 9	5,79,971	11 6	1208,481	4 8	39,2409	7 5
	30,651	12 8	26,334	10 5	"	" "	"	" "	10,670	2 "	1,49,874	3
	115,78,057	" 1	123,39,812	" 1	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	12,19,151	11 8
	63,51,902	13 6	73,45,362	3 5							40,7396	11 8
	42,60,64	2 7	50,44,449	12 8							4,07,396	11 8
											8,11,456	" "

Collections of Old Balances.

	Land Revenue.								Sayer							
	Fusly 1260		Fusly 1261.		Increase		Decrease		Fusly 1260		Fusly 1261		Increase		Decrease	
	60		61		62		63		64		65		66		67	
	Rs. a p		Rs. a p		Rs. a p		Rs. a p		Rs. a p		Rs. a p		Rs. a p		Rs. a p	
	18,553	1 10	6,900	7 1	"	" "	11,652	10 9	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	25	2 11	907	2 5	881	15 6	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	770	11 11	222	8 9	"	" "	548	3 2	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	689	15 "	1,147	3 3	457	1 3	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	149	" 4	240	" 10	61	" 6	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	11	5 9	162	5 11	151	" 2	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	712	6 4	535	8 "	"	" "	176	11 4	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	418	6 2	445	9 1	29	2 11	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	336	4 5	2,347	11 3	"	" "	1019	6 2	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	1036	4 5	1,926	2 8	889	11 3	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	596	1 "	8	15 5	"	" "	587	1 7	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	358	" 5	163	" 2	"	" "	195	" 3	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	391	1 8	387	13 11	"	" "	3	4 7	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	555	6 10	745	8 9	190	1 11	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	404	1 "	814	11 1	410	10 1	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	73	2 2	229	15 8	156	13 6	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	159	4 2	5,346	64	5,186	15 2	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	549	2 10	831	8 6	285	5 8	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	160	11 5	1,870	8 5	1,709	10 "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	29,011	3 10	25,806	5 8	10,977	10 11	14,182	9 1	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "

3582.

Fort St. George 8th March 1852.

	Fusly 1260.			Fusly 1261.			Increase.			Decrease.			Sundry Small Arms and Licenses. Fusly 1260.			Sundry Small Arms and Licenses. Fusly 1261.			Sundry Small Arms and Licenses. Increase.			Sundry Small Arms and Licenses. Decrease.			Motarpha. Fusly 1260.			Motarpha. Fusly 1261.			Motarpha. Increase			Motarpha. Decrease.		
	68			69			70			71			72.			73.			74			75			76			77			78			79.		
	Rs.	a	℘	Rs.	a	℘	Rs.	a	℘	Rs.	a	℘	Rs.	a	℘	Rs.	a	℘	Rs.	a	℘	Rs.	a	℘	Rs.	a	℘	Rs.	a	℘	Rs.	a	℘	Rs.	a	℘
1	582	14	10	61	6	2	"	"	"	501	8	8	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	11	"	"	"	"	13	8	6	61	14	2	48	5	8	"	"	"
2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
4	34	4	1	8	"	5	4	"	"	"	"	"	2	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	7	"
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	343	12	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	12	"	2	12	"	4	"	"
6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	9	2	10	13	"	9	3	10	"	"	"
7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	32	11	2	29	7	4	"	"	"	3	3	10
8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	32	10	11	120	11	6	88	"	7	"	"	"	21	3	11	23	11	6	2	10	7	"	"	"
9	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	15	8	"	15	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
10	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	7	"	"	11	9	"	"	"	"	11	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	3	"	"	"	4	1	5
11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	6	1	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	23	"	7
12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	23	"	7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
13	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	8	5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	18	13	11	20	15	1	2	1	2	"	"	"	"	"	"
14	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
15	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
16	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
17	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
18	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
19	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	98	13	6	37	2	10	"	"	"	61	10	8	70	2	6
20	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	32	10	8	53	13	11	21	3	3	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	9	7	"	13	3	"	"	"	"	12	4	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	8	10	9	"	"	"	"	"	"	8	10	9	"	"	"
21	394	2	11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	5	1	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	4	6	4	1	11	6	"	"	"	2	10	10	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

Fort St. George

8th March 1852.

Tobacco.

	Fusly 1260.			Fusly 1261.			Increase			Decrease			Total. Fusly 1260.			Total. Fusly 1261.		
	80			81			82			83			84			85		
	Rs.	a	P	Rs.	a	P	Rs.	a	P	Rs.	a	P	Rs.	a	P	Rs.	a	P
1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"						
2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	19130	4	2	7,023	11	5
3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	27	10	11	907	2	5
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	344	1	8	3	1	4
6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	772	5	1	233	5	9
7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	755	5	1	1,597	6	1
8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	170	4	3	249	7	4
9	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	12	12	9	163	1	8
10	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	718	8	3	537	8	3
11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	471	6	9	745	9	1
12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3394	7	4	2368	13	4
13	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1036	7	5	1926	2	8
14	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	596	1	"	8	15	5
15	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	370	"	5	183	"	2
16	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	489	15	2	495	2	5
17	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	590	7	6	799	6	8
18	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	405	10	7	815	8	4
19	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	81	12	11	229	15	8
20	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	163	13	6	5,353	3	6
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	549	2	10	834	8	6
21	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	571	3	1	1879	8	5
													30651	12	8	26,334	10	5

Grand Total of Collections.

Increase.			Decrease.			Fusly 1260.			Fusly 1261.			Increase			Decrease		
86			87			88			89			90			91		
Rs.	a	P	Rs.	a	P	Rs.	a	P	Rs.	a	P	Rs.	a	P	Rs.	a	P
"	"	"															
"	"	"	12,106	8	9	4,58,538.	7	8	4,36,370.	11	8	"	"	"	22,167	12	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	4,22,464	11	1	4,09,318	14	9	"	"	"	13,149	6	4
"	"	"	"	"	"	702,165	2	10	7,14,988.	7	2	12,823	1	4	"	"	"
879	7	6	"	"	"	702,165	2	10	7,14,988.	7	2	12,823	1	4	"	"	"
"	"	"	341	"	4	4,24,778	13	11	2,92,805.	2	11	"	"	"	1,31,973	11	"
"	"	"	538	15	4	3,28,070.	13	2	3,22,593	10	7	"	"	"	5,477	2	2
81	2	1	"	"	"	3,21,226	14	6	5,27,441	6	4	206214	7	10	"	"	"
79	3	1	"	"	"	3,87,622	"	11	3,56,265	4	6	"	"	"	31,356	12	5
150	4	11	"	"	"	59,3484	1	2	66,311 6.	5	2	69,632	4	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	181	"	"	8,43,490	11	10	8,52,975.	15	7	94,85.	3	9	"	"	"
274	2	4	"	"	"	4,96,956	15	9	9,89,822	4	6	49,2865	4	9	"	"	"
"	"	"	1,025	10	"	741109	13	9	75,3311.	12	10	12,201.	15	1	"	"	"
889	11	3	"	"	"	1,027,848	2	5	95,7171.	4	11	"	"	"	70,676	13	6
"	"	"	587	1	7	500,973	14	5	51,255 8.	15	11	115.85	1	6	"	"	"
"	"	"	207	"	3	68,958.	4	3	75,873	5	"	46,284	"	9	"	"	"
5	3	3	"	"	"	772,143	2	3	8,48,050.	12	6	75,907	10	3	"	"	"
208	15	2	"	"	"	403,204	12	1	4,80133	9	5	76,928	13	4	"	"	"
409	13	9	"	"	"	33,9672	8	1	3,47,771	11	7	8099.	3	6	"	"	"
148	2	9	"	"	"	32,9829	6	9	3,33,480.	15	2	3,651.	8	5	"	"	"
5189	6	"	"	"	"	854,309	5	3	8,94,723	12	1	40,414.	6	10	"	"	"
285	5	8	"	"	"	54,1674	14	10	4,25,755	4	2	"	"	"	1,15,922	10	8
"	"	"	"	"	"	10,915.	5	8	13,386	3	4	2,470	13	8	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	2,21,351	13	5	20,7934	6	1	"	"	"	13,417	4	4
1,308	5	4	"	"	"	166629	12	1	31,3962	5	11	1,47,332	9	10	"	"	"
10,670	2	"	14,987	4	3	115,78,057	"	1	12,38,9812	"	1	12,15,896	11	10	4,04,141	11	10
												4,04,141	11	10	Dt. Decrease		
												811,755	"	"	Net Increase		

Fort St. George

8th March 1852.

	Old Balances or Balances of more than 15 years standing.			Balance under 15 years standing.			Total.			Arrears of Fusly 1260 and Land Revenue						Balances of prior date in train of liquidation.						Land Revenue not permanently settled.					
										Jaury Moatahs.			Minors.			Sequestered.			Total.			Rented.			Total Land Revenue.		
	92			93			94			95			96			97			98			99			100		
	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p
1	23	15	4	43,492	9	3	43,516	8	7	24,452	12	6	272	1	8				24,724	14	2	"	"	"	4,730	5	1
2	"	"	"	125	3	9	125	3	9	11,955	10	8	"	"	"				24,460	1	10	"	"	"	16,030	4	"
3	"	"	"	70,425	11	11	70,425	11	11	12,161	13	2	"	"	"	15,504	7	2	12,161	13	2	"	"	"	24,838	10	10
4	"	"	"	478	2	1	478	2	1	12,59,342	14	6	130133	11	9							341	"	9	39,499	5	3
5	1,59,457	9	7	5,14,499	9	4	6,73,957	2	11	"	"	"	"	"	"	9,65,610	7		23,55,087	1	3						
6	"	"	"	6,589	14	8	6,589	14	8	1,934	14	1	10,71	15	"							144	15	"	16,109	10	8
7	"	"	"	14,272	10	"	14,272	10	"	18,345	12	6	"	"	"				18,345	12	6	"	"	"	5,933	8	1
8	"	"	"	105	10	3	105	10	3	8,943	14	2	27,068	9	2	19,459	7	7	55,471	14	11	"	"	"	644	5	6
9	592	7	1	29,403	13	7	29,996	4	8	1,586	3	2	"	"	"				1,586	3	2	"	"	"	1,87,296	4	6
10	"	"	"	528	4	11	528	4	11	20,833	8	"	"	"	"				20,833	8	"	"	"	"	2,869	6	3
11	"	"	"	38,536	10	11	38,536	10	11	642	10	11	"	"	"				642	10	11	"	"	"	3,147	12	6
12	14,322	7	11	1,29,318	5	4	1,43,640	13	3	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	"	"	"	24,365	9	6
13	"	"	"	31,033	15	5	31,033	15	5	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	"	"	"	3,051	6	9
14	54,62	11	2	11,631	13	6	17,094	8	8	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	"	"	"	1,65,7	13	3
15	"	"	"	5,258	13	11	5,258	13	11	"	"	"	"	"	"	884	6	10	884	6	10	"	"	"	9,071	9	9
16	"	"	"	5,539	"	10	5,539	"	10	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	18,033	"	2
17	"	"	"	7,614	5	2	7,614	5	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	4,780	"	9
18	"	"	"	293	13	2	293	13	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2,326	4	11
19	"	"	"	7,714	11	3	7,714	11	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1,037	3	3
20	196	6	9	21,116	7	5	21,312	14	2	15,000	"	11	"	"	"	61	6	7	15,000	"	11	"	"	"	7,166	"	6
21	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	13,067	14	3
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	"	"	"	24,140	3	10	24,140	3	10	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	1,80,035	9	10	9,62,122	14	6	11,42,178	8	4	137,5200	2	7	15,854	6	5	100,458	12	7	25,35,205	4	9	54,76	6	4	8,25,567	1	"	33,61,319	12	1

Fort St. George 8th March 1852.

	Salt.			Sayer			Abkarry			Sundry Small Farms and Licences.			Extra Revenue Malurpha			Extra Revenue Sea Customs.		
	102			103			104			105			106			107		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	"	"	"	"	"	"	238	3	"	54	4	"	6	5	10	"	"	"
2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	29	7	11	"	"	"
3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	8	8	"	154	12	"	"	"	"
4	"	"	"	"	"	"	2,726	6	11	28	1	1	194	9	6	"	"	"
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	79	10	10	"	"	"
6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1166	2	9	561	7	6	"	"	"
7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	33	12	8	117	5	6	"	"	"
8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	26	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
9	"	"	"	"	"	"	1065	1	"	"	"	"	81	8	7	"	"	"
10	"	"	"	"	"	"	5000	"	"	"	"	"	75	15	1	"	"	"
11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	17	8	10	"	"	"
12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
13	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	6	"	3	"	"	"	"	"	"
14	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	62	"	"	12	6	1	"	"	"
15	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	150	8	"	937	5	8	"	"	"
16	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	748	8	2	"	"	"
17	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	526	2	8	"	"	"
18	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	13	12	"	"	"	"
19	"	"	"	"	"	"	13	10	6	431	2	6	84	10	7	"	"	"
20	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
21	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"	"	9,043	5	3	1,971	11	3	1,113	3	7	"	"	"

	Tobacco.			Stamps.			Grand Total of Columns 101 to 109.			Balance of Current Demand of Fusly 1261. Land Revenue.			Extra Revenue			Total.		
	108			109			110			111			112			113		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	"	"	"	"	"	"	29,759	"	1	33,144	13	8	10,136	15	6	43,281	13	2
2	"	"	"	"	"	"	43,514	13	9	7,342	11	7	2,341	10	8	9,684	6	3
3	"	"	"	"	"	"	37,213	12	"	30,846	8	3	25	"	"	30,871	8	3
4	"	"	"	"	"	"	27,533,72	12	9	29,536	1	3	3,359	8	6	32,895	9	9
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	84,093	9	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
6	"	"	"	"	"	"	20,989	1	"	6,728	5	10	18,399	8	"	24,627	13	10
7	"	"	"	"	"	"	24,460	6	9	27,244	15	6	4,222	"	"	31,466	15	6
8	"	"	"	"	"	"	56,144	8	5	10,872	"	"	1,671	"	"	12,543	"	"
9	"	"	"	"	"	"	1,90,029	1	3	11,993	13	7	771	15	4	12,765	12	11
10	"	"	"	"	"	"	28,778	13	4	32,556	"	"	28,364	"	"	60,920	"	"
11	"	"	"	"	"	"	4,108	"	3	535	5	10	9,181	5	3	9,716	11	1
12	"	"	"	"	"	"	24,365	9	6	1,29,477	13	9	11,267	"	"	11,07,744	13	9
13	"	"	"	"	"	"	3051	6	9	497	"	"	90	"	"	587	"	"
14	"	"	"	"	"	"	2,560	12	5	6693	15	10	"	"	"	6693	15	10
15	"	"	"	"	"	"	10,070	15	5	"	"	"	812	15	"	812	15	"
16	"	"	"	"	"	"	18,932	"	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
17	"	"	"	"	"	"	5,306	3	5	315	8	"	6,125	8	"	6,441	"	"
18	"	"	"	"	"	"	2,340	"	11	"	"	"	17,506	9	"	17,506	9	"
19	"	"	"	"	"	"	16,678	7	4	6,810	8	6	1,502	7	"	8,312	15	6
20	"	"	"	"	"	"	7,166	"	6	19,009	6	11	5,726	2	8	24,735	9	7
21	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"	"	13,509	9	1	"	"	"	926	9	8	926	9	8
	"	"	"	"	"	"	33,76,448	"	4	3,53,105	"	6	1,22,960	2	7	4,76,065	3	1

3587

Fort St George 8th March 1852

B.- Comparative abstract of the Collections of Fuslies 1260 and 1261 up to 31st December 1851.-

	Fusly 1260.			Fusly 1261.			Increase.			Decrease.			Net. Increase.			Net. Decrease.		
	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p
Land Revenue	72,92,056	10	5	79,52,132	5	7	6,60,075	11	2	-	-	-	†6,60,075	11	2	-	-	-
Salt	18,23,811	6	1	18,83,719	1	4	59,907	11	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sayer	83,814	5	11	88,365	-	1	4,550	10	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Abkarry	8,89,287	14	11	8,96,958	10	3	7,670	11	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sundry small Farms and Licenses	128,819	4	11	102,099	12	4	-	-	-	26,719	8	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Moturpha	4,27,400	14	3	4,59,502	2	7	32,101	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sea Customs	3,60,762	10	4	3,73,840	13	1	13,078	2	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tobacco	3,31,416	-	3	3,58,812	9	4	27,396	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stamps	2,40,687	13	-	2,74,381	9	6	33,693	12	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total of the Extra Branches of Revenue	4,28,6000	5	8	4,43,7,679	10	6	1,78,398	13	5	26,719	8	7	151,679	4	10	-	-	-
Grand Total of Land and Extra Branches of Revenue	11,57,8057	-	1	12,38,9,812	-	1	8,38,474	8	7	26,719	8	7	8,11,755	-	-	-	-	-
Particulars.																		
Collections to the end of November	6,85,1992	13	6	7,34,5362	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,93,369	5	11	-	-	-
Collections in December	4,72,6064	2	7	5,04,4449	12	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,18,385	10	1	-	-	-

(Signed) W.H. Bayley
Secretary

Increase in the Collections of Fusly 3,57,436-3-6
Do. in the Collections of Current 302,639-7-8
†6,60,075-11-2

Abstract

Compared

Fort St George 8th March 1852

C. Abstract shewing the Increase and Decrease in the Collection of Land Revenue and the Revenue from Extra sources up to 31st December 1851.-

	Land Revenue				Extra sources of Revenue.			
	Increase		Decrease		Increase		Decrease	
	Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a p
Ganjam	-	- -	37,610	8 3	15,442	12 3	-	- -
Vizagapatam	-	- -	21,911	14 4	8,762	8 -	-	- -
Rajahmundry	-	- -	21,493	5 2	34,316	9 6	-	- -
Masulipatam	-	- -	72,424	14 4	-	- -	-	- -
Guntoor	9,382	15 5	-	- -	-	- -	59,548	12 8
Chingleput	99,177	6 1	-	- -	-	- -	14,860	2 -
Salem	-	- -	39,425	3 1	107,037	1 9	-	- -
Madura	58,543	14 2	-	- -	8,068	6 8	-	- -
Nellore	-	- -	6,609	15 8	11,088	5 10	-	- -
N. Arcot	47,361	6 -	-	- -	16,095	3 5	-	- -
S. Arcot	-	- -	13,826	14 8	18,503	14 9	-	- -
Tanjore	-	- -	88,055	6 1	26,028	13 9	-	- -
Trichinopoly	9,883	5 4	-	- -	17,378	8 7	-	- -
Tinnevelly	38,202	2 1	-	- -	1,701	12 2	-	- -
Bellary	58,842	2 5	-	- -	8,081	14 8	-	- -
Cuddapah	64,582	12 2	-	- -	17,065	7 10	-	- -
Coimbatore	6,589	4 4	-	- -	12,346	1 2	-	- -
Canara	2,486	14 5	-	- -	1,509	15 2	-	- -
Malabar	3,081	5 -	-	- -	1,164	10 -	-	- -
Madras: Land Customs	64	8 2	-	- -	37,333	1 10	-	- -
Madras: Toll collected on Cochrane's Canal	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	115,987	2 10
Madras: Sea Customs	-	- -	-	- -	2,470	13 8	-	- -
Kurnool	136,235	13 2	-	- -	-	- -	13,417	7 4
Total	9,61,433	12 9	3,01,358	1 7	3,55,492	13 5	2,03,813	8 10
	3,01,358	1 7	Dr Decrease		2,03,813	8 10	Dr Decrease	
	6,60,075	11 2	Net Increase		1,51,679	4 10	Net Increase	

(Signed) W.H. Bayley
Secretary

Resolved

Fort St George 8th March 1852

Resolved that the following letters be dispatched.

(42)

To The Collector of Chingleput.

Br. No. 439

Sir,

To The Collector of Chingleput - - -

With reference to their letters of 21st August and 30th October 1851, I am directed by the Board of Revenue again to request that you will furnish at an early date, the required information, respecting the Cantonments of St Thomas' Mount and Palaveram.

The Board are unable to make their General Report to Government until your reply is received

Revenue Board Office, Fort St George, 8th March, 1852. - - - - -

(Signed) W.H. Bayley
Secretary

(43)

To The Collector of Chingleput.

Br. No. 440.

Sir

To the Collector of Chingleput - - - - -

The same to Malabar and Canara.

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to request that you will expedite the despatch of your Return of Persons charged &c under Regulation IX of 1822 for the Half year ending 31st December 1851.-

Revenue Board Office, Fort St George, 8th March, 1852 - - - -

(Signed) W.H. Bayley
Secretary

To

44

To The Collector of Tinnevelly.

Sir

B2 N= 441

To The Collector of Tinnevelly - - - -

With reference to their Proceedings of the 11th September 1851, I am directed by the Board of Revenue to request that you will report at an early date the result of the reference said to be pending before His Excellency the Commander in Chief regarding the specification of the limits proposed to be given to the New Cantonment of Palamcottah.-

2- The Board are unable to make their General Report to Government until your reply is received.-

Revenue Board Office. Fort St George. 8th March, 1852 - - - -

(Signed) W. H. Bayley Secretary.

Read the undermentioned Statements.-

45

B2 N= 558

From the Asst Collector of Guntoor- Comparative Statement of Collections for Fuslies 1259 and 1260.-

46

B2 N= 559

From the Asst Collector of Guntoor - - - - Comparative Statement of charges for Fuslies 1259 and 1260.-

Detailed

after No 233.

47 From the Collector of Madras. Detailed List of the Establishment of servants as it stood on the 30th April 1851.-

45-48 Order on the 3 abovementioned Statements.- Ordered to be recorded.-

Received the undermentioned Miscellaneous Statements.-

49 M. N= 258 From the Collector of Canara- Salt account Current for the Quarter ending 31st December 1851.

M. N= 259 50 From the Collector of Canara- Tobacco account Current for the Quarter ending 31st December 1851.

M. N= 263 51 From the Collector of Salem- Abstract of Demand Collection and Balance for the month of January last.-

52 M. N= 265 From the Collector of Malabar- Abstract of Demand Collection and balance for the month of January last.-

M. N= 262 53 From the Collector of Ganjam.- Statement shewing the average Bazar wholesale prices of Grain and salt for the month of January last.-

54 M. N= 264 From the Collector of Salem.- Statement shewing the average Bazar wholesale prices of Grain and salt for the month of January last.-

55 M. N= 266 From the Collector of Malabar- Statement shewing the average Bazar wholesale prices of Grain and salt for the month of January last.-

56 M. N= 206 From the Asst Collector of Coimbatore- Statement of smuggled Tobacco recommended for confiscation for the month of January last.-

56-57 Order thereon.- Ordered that the confiscation and sale of smuggled Tobacco enumerated in the abovementioned Statement be authorized.-

Statement

3592 Fort St George 8th March 1852

M. No 261.

From the Collector of Nellore. Statement shewing the
58 Quantity of Salt in store and ready for
Exportation on account of the Chittagong
Indent up to 25th February last.

Comp. D. Gibb

I Goldingham

T Blane
11

3593 Fort St George. 11th March 1852.

No Diary

At a Meeting Present

Thursday 11th March 1852 — I. Goldingham Esqre Second Member
and
T. L. Blane Esqre Third Member.

Walter Elliot Esqre Senior Member
Absent on duty
as Commissioner
Northern Circars.

Minutes of the last
Meeting read and approved.

1

Read the following Resolution.

No 157.

P. No 423.
From the Secretary to Government.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation,
dated 14th February, 1852.
(From Board 28th January)

The Right Honorable
the Governor in Council sanctions the
actual Charges incurred in Fasly 1260
on account of the Chank Fishery
conducted under Aumany in the Tinnevelly
District amounting to Rupees (8,233-10-7)
Eight thousand two hundred and
thirty three, Annas ten and Pice seven.

/Signed/ T. Pycroft
Secretary to Government

Ordered

Fort St. George 11th March 1852.

B. No. 447.

Order thereon

(1-2)

Ordered to be communicated to the Collector of Tinnevelly with reference to his letter dated 19th December 1851.

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(3)

B. No. 490.

From the Secretary to Government

Read the following Extract.

No. 172.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, in the Revenue Department, under date the 24th February, 1852.

Read the following Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue.

(Here enter 29th January 1852 No. 43)

1. In the above proceedings the Board of Revenue report in reply to the reference made to them in Extract from the Minutes of Consultation 5th December 1851, that in their opinion and in that of the Commissioner for the Northern Circars the principle laid down by Government under date 20th July 1826 for limiting the demands of balances of land revenue in Districts unsettled or under temporary leases, may properly be adopted. They also intimate their entire concurrence in Mr. Elliot's opinion that the balances of one year should be inquired into at the Jummabundy of the year next ensuing and their final adjustment proposed in the report on the settlement of that year.

The

Fort St. George. 11th March 1852.

2. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council entirely agrees in these views and desires that they may be acted on with the proviso however suggested by the Board that the limit of two years is not to apply to parties whose refusal to pay arises from mere contumacy and fraudulent spirit. such cases should be specially reported on by the Collector but when prompt measures are taken against the property and person of the dishonest defaulter they will not be many.

3. These orders are not to apply to existing balances of more than two years standing which will be settled on their merits. but all such should be investigated and disposed of without delay.

(A true Extract)

/Signed/ T. Pycroft.
Secretary to Government.

To. The President and
Members of the
Board of Revenue.

Ordered that Copy of the foregoing Extract from Minutes of Consultation and of the Board's Proceedings to which it is a reply be communicated to the Commissioner Northern Circars for his information.

Ordered also that the following Circular

A after B. No. 447.

Order thereon.

(4)

Fort St. George. 11th March 1852.

3-5

B. N. 470.
Circular. To all Collectors except Sea Customs.
Copy to Commissioner Northern Circars.

Directing that the balances of one year should be enquired into at the Jummabundy of the next year preparatory to their final adjustment being proposed in the Report on the settlement of that year and that the balances outstanding to the end of Fusly 1259 be reported upon in order that they may be disposed of—

C.O. Book Pub. Trans. Fort St. George 35- in Cons. 11th March 1852.

Circular be addressed to all Collectors.

Circular

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to inform you, that the Government have directed that the principle laid down in their orders dated 20th July 1826. for limiting the demand of balances of Land Revenue in Districts unsettled or under temporary leases, should at once be adopted, and that the balances of one year should be enquired into at the Jummabundy of the year next ensuing, preparatory to their final adjustment being proposed in the Report on the settlement of that year.

2- The above limit of two years is not however to apply to parties whose refusal to pay arises from mere Contumacy and a fraudulent spirit, such cases should be specially reported on by the Collector, still when prompt measures are taken against the property and person of any really dishonest defaulter, it is believed that there will not be many balances of this description.—

Rese

Fort St. George. 11th March 1852.

3. These orders do not apply to existing balances of more than two years standing which will be settled on their merits. You will therefore with the least practicable delay investigate and report upon all balances outstanding to the end of Fusly 1259 in order that they may be disposed of. In your Jummabundy Report for the Current Fusly 1261 you will report upon the balances of the preceding Fusly, and you are requested to continue to adopt this course in each of your future annual Reports.

Revenue Board Office.
Fort St. George. ---
11th March 1852. ---

/ Signed / W. H. Bayley
Secretary.

6

B. N. 522.
From the Secretary to Government.

Read the following Resolutions.

No. 169.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, under date the 24th February 1852.
(From Board 5th February)

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council grants authority for writing off in the accounts of the Bellary Collectorate the balance of Land Revenue for Fusly 1259 reported to be irrecoverable amounting

Fort St. George. 11th March 1852.

amounting to Rupees (4926-1-"") Four thousand nine hundred and twenty six and annas one-

/Signed/ T. Pycroft-
Secretary to Government.

6-7

B. No. 459.
Order thereon

Ordered to be communicated to the Collector of Bellary with reference to his letter dated 28th December 1851-

8

B. No. 526-
From the Secretary to Government

No. 181.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, under date the 27th February 1852-
(From Board 9th February)

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council sanctions the refund of the sum of Rupees (15-"-"") Fifteen to Syud Cawder Hoosain on account of Fees in appeal suit No. 19 of 1849 of the Salem Civil Court due to his father Syud Abdool Mahzeed the late Government Vakeel-

/Signed/ T. Pycroft-
Secretary to Government.

8-9

B. No. 466-
Order thereon

Ordered to be communicated to the Collector of Salem, with reference to his letter dated 27th January 1852-

Extract.

Fort St. George. 11th March 1852-

No. 190-

B. No. 547-
From the Secretary to Government

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, under date the 28th February, 1852-
(From Board 12th February)

10

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council grants authority for the issue of a Land Certificate to Mr. Alexander Crowe for 1. Cawney 5 Grounds and 1863 Square feet of land situated at Tutacorin in the District of Tinnevelly subject to an annual Quit-Rent of Annas Eight and price Six-

/Signed/ T. Pycroft
Secretary to Government.

10-11

B. A. after No. 461-
Order thereon.

Ordered to be communicated to the Register of Government Grants, with reference to his letter dated 26th January 1852-

12

No. 584-
From the Secretary to Government-
Dated 1st March 1852-
(For information)

Read Extract intimating that the Government cannot pass any orders as to the continuance or abolition of certain obnoxious taxes demanded by the Zemindar of Chinna Rimedy or Pratapagherry from his tenants, in the absence of the detailed information called for-

12-13

Order thereon-

Ordered to be recorded-

Read

(14)

Fort St. George. 11th March 1852.

Read the following Extract.

No. 220.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation in the Revenue Department, under date the 5th March, 1852.

Read the following

No. 181.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Most Noble the Governor General of India in Council, in the Financial Department, under date the 30th January, 1852.

Read an Extract from the Home Department - No. 680 dated the 27th Ultimo forwarding a letter from the Government of Fort St. George No. 1223 dated the 9th Idem, with enclosures and Tabular Statement, soliciting sanction for substituting as a permanent measure, an Establishment of Peons in lieu of the Guards of regular Sepoys stationed in certain Talooks of the District of Tanjore -

Resolution -

The Governor General in Council is pleased on the recommendation of the Government of Fort St. George to sanction the employment of a Peon Establishment

B. No. 578 -
From the Secretary to Government
Communicating the sanction granted by the Supreme Government for the employment of Peons in substitution of certain Military Guard proposed to be withdrawn from the Tanjore District -

Fort St. George. 11th March 1852 -

		Rs.
9 Havildars at 5 Rs each	Rupees	45 — " —
9 Naiques at 4 — " — "	—	36 — " —
93 Peons at 3½ — " — "	—	325 — 8 —
	Rupees	406 — 8 —

Establishment at a cost of 406 — 8 — per month in the District of Tanjore, for the purpose of protecting the Talook Treasuries, and of escorting Treasure from thence to the head Treasury, a duty hitherto performed by Sepoys of the line -

Ordered that a Copy of the foregoing Resolution together with the papers noted in the margin, be forwarded to the Home Department for communication to the Government of Fort St. George -

/ A true Extract /
/ Signed / J. Dorin
Secretary to the Govt. of India -

Order

Copy letter from the Government of Fort St. George to Home Department No. 1223 dated 9th December 1831, with Original & Tabular Statement -

No. 124 -

Copy of the foregoing forwarded to the Government of Fort St. George with reference to Secretary Mr. J. Byrons letter No. 1223 dated the 9th December last -

By Order of the Most Noble the Governor General in Council -

/ Signed / A. R. Young
Under Secretary to the Government of India -

Fort William, Home Department, The 6th February, 1852 -

Ordered -

Fort St George. 11th March 1852.

Ordered that the sanction conveyed in the above Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India for the employment of a Peon Esta=blishment in substitution of certain Military Guards proposed to be with=drawn from the Tanjore District be communicated to the Board of Revenue and to the Military Depart=ment with reference to Extract Minutes of Consultation 21st October 1851 No 1046 and also to the Offices of Account= and Audit-

To, The President and Members of the Board of Revenue-

/ A true Extract /
/ Signed / J. Pycroft
Secretary to Government

B. No 479-
Order thereon,

(14. 15)

Ordered that the foregoing Papers be communicated to the Acting Collector of Tanjore, with reference to the Board's Proceedings dated 27th October 1851-

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Read the following letter-

No 93.

To, W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St George.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward

(16)

B. No 402-
From the Acting Collector of Guntoor. ----

Fort St George. 11th March 1852-

forward a Statement of Contingent charg=es not exceeding 20 Rupees each for the 4th Quarter of the past year, but in doing so I think it right to state that some of the sums included therein were dis=bursed in previous Quarters of 1850 and 1851, before I assumed charge of the Dis=trict, but were, through inadvertence, not entered in the Statement for the Quarter in which the disbursements were made=

Guntoor District, Collector's Office. - Guzzal-, 11th February, 1852-

/ Signed / A. Purvis
Acting Collector-

Ordered to be recorded-

No 92-

Read again letter from the Collector of Chingleput dated 15th November 1851 reporting on the Settlement of that District for Fusly 1260- 1850/51.

(Here enter No 192-)

With the exception of the Talooks of Carangooly and Chingleput which were settled by Mr Fullerton, the Head assistant, the Summabundy gener=ally was conducted by the Collector, each Talook having been settled within it's limits as shewn in the margin of

Para

Order thereon
(Vide Remarks 11th March 1852)

(16-17)

(18)

B. No 481-
Proceedings-
Reporting on the settlement of Land Revenue in the District of Chingleput for Fusly 1260-
(Para 205)

Fort St George. 11th March 1852.

Para 2 of the Report. The season, tho' on the whole more favorable than its pre=decessor, was like it marked by a defi=ciency of rain in the important months of October and November, the effects of which were in some measure counteract=ed in the Talooks of Conjeveram and Ootramalloor by supplies of water from the Palar and Cheyar. The Betel and Plantain Gardens as well as the late Rice Crops (Navary) were injured by the storm and rain in May 1851, but probably not so generally or to the great extent supposed by Mr Cochrane; some heaps of Grain near the Cor=tilar and Arany Rivers were also washed away, and the Cattle suffered from the same cause. The mor=tality among the Cattle is stated to have been "very great" but this assertion is altogether at vari=ance with the returns which shew con=siderable increase in the number of Cattle above that of the preceding Fusly=

	Large Cattle	Sheep & Goats
Fusly 1259	313,970	113,959
" 1260	315,980	118,023
Increase	2,004	4,066

2.

The Population of the District according to the census taken under the late Circular orders amounts to 5,83,462 or 1,00,821 above the returns for Fusly 1258 / 1848/49. the increase doubtless arising from more

C. O. Page 508.

DG

Fort St George 11th March 1852

more careful scrutiny. The total numbers are distributed as follows.

Hindoos

Agricultural —— 39,537
Non agricultural —— 17,4038

Mahomedan

Agricultural —— 10,281
Non agricultural —— 8,606

There was a slight im=provement in the prices obtained by the Ryots for their Produce. The entries in Statement No 23, shewing the rates, are

3.

Average price of 12 Months	Village prices per Pagoda Mercals	Town Prices per Pagoda Mercals
Tarrum Commutation rate.	18 —	18 —
Rate in Fusly 1259 —	21¼ —	18¼
" — Fusly 1260 —	17 1/16 —	16½
Difference between Fusly 1259 & 60	4 3/16 —	1¾
Do between Tarrum rate & Fusly 1260 —	15/16 —	1½

given in Mercals, but the Price per Garce should also be exhibited in future to correspond with the Monthly Price Lists submitted to the Board.

Paras 6 & 11.

4

The Total number of Villages was 2315 as in the preceding year distributed as follows

	Fusly 1259	Fusly 1260
Zemindary	371	371
Shrotriums	318	318
Rented	10	8
Ryotwar	1609	1611
Amany	3	"
Settled on Estimates of the Produce	2	5
Free Jaghire	2	2
	2315	2,315

Two

Two Villages hitherto under rent for 30 years were added to Ryotwar, the leases having expired this year, and three among Villages were settled on Estimates of the Produce.

5 The Dittum or Engagements of land for the year, including second crops, amount to Rupees 979,259- being an increase of Rupees 58,358 above the preceding year. The deductions on account of land uncultivated exceeds the corresponding items of Fusly $\frac{1259}{1849/50}$ in the large sum of Rupees 59,164 of which Rupees 57,097 appertain to wet lands, arising from the deficiency of rain already noticed. They occur chiefly in the Taloocks of Carungoly, Chinglepet and Poonamalle, the large Tank of Chemrumba Kum being situated in the last mentioned Talook. The actual cultivation or gross settlement bears an assessment of Rs 8,17,684 or Rupees 806 below last year. The particulars of this net decrease are as follows

	Increase	Decrease
Dry land		11,757
Wet Do		14,869
Garden		218
Second Crops	2,530	
	14,281	15,087
Net		806

Dittum Waste

	Rs
Fusly 1260	1,01,576-
Fusly 1259	4,02,412-

The particulars of the Dittum

6 wastes included in the Demand against the Ryots are not specified. The Board noticed this omission in their review of the settlement for last year and they would now desire that this item may not only be exhibited in the accounts in future but also promin-

Pro: Para 6. -ently noticed in the Report.

The remissions on the actual

7- cultivation amounted to Rupees 111903-or Rupees 72,109 less than in the preceding year the decrease occurring almost entirely under the head of remissions for loss of crops. The actual amount allowed on this account, Viz: Rupees 64,671 this large was rendered necessary by the failure of rain. Of the total remission the sum of Rupees 41,724 were for crops entirely burnt up, the remainder or Rupees 22,947 appertains to such lands as yielded a partial return only. It is not customary in Chinglepet to grant remission on this last account, but the indulgence was considered necessary in those places where the advantages of River irrigation are not enjoyed and was given with the sanction of the Board.

From 6th to 15th inst. 27th January 1851 To do 27th - " - "

Statement No 12 exhibits the

8- particulars of the remission for Shavy, but does

does not call for further remark. In a separate account in Hindoowee shewing the details in one Village it is seen that remission was given for portions of a field. as a general rule such indulgence is unnecessary and should not be granted except when the loss generally of the Ryot has been very great.

60 Page 442

9 The remission for newly planted Topes under the rules recently framed was Rs 25-2-7. in the preceding year it was Rupees 8-12-1.

Para 12

10 In this Para the Collector notices the 25 reverted Villages in which an assessment founded on a Survey was introduced last year. It is expected as observed last year that these Villages will ultimately yield an average annual Revenue of Rupees 20,000. In the year under consideration the settlement after deducting remission amounting to Rupees 1193 was Rupees 15,338 which falls below the Permanent Jumma in the sum of Rupees 1151 but is Rs 3,296 above the preceding year. This increase however arises entirely from the remission for unthrashed Crops being less. In the cultivation there is no improvement.

Board's Proceedings on the Settlement for Fusly 1259 Para 12.

Permanent Jumma Rs 10,289-3-6.

Para 15

Fusly 1258 - 3709
" 1259 - 2510
" 1260 - 2150
Permanent Berij — 3180

Report of the Collr on the Settlement for Fusly 1259 dated 6th March 1850 Paras 15 and 16 - inclosed 24th February 151.

Para 20

The Board observe a decline in the Mooshpadoo Mootah and other Villages noticed in this Para arising as elsewhere from the state of the season. It is seen from the details furnished by the Collector regarding these Villages, that much of the land is held on share / Waraput / as the reservoirs have been put into good order and there is much land under them, and the Ryots are able and willing to occupy it, the Board would impress on the Collector the desirableness of substituting fixed rents for the sharing system.

11

In Para 20 explanation is afforded regarding the remission of Rupees 70-15-3- under the head of "Seerwa Cummee" which is compared of two items, Viz. Rupees 35-11-6- and Rupees 35-3-6- the former is the difference between the original assessment of certain Garden land in the Sydapet Talook and the rates fixed at the survey - The Board directed some years ago that the new rates should not be enforced pending the confirmation of the survey, and the difference has been brought to account hitherto under the head of Pymash Cummee," but is now exhibited

12

excluded more appropriately as Reserved Cummeas. The latter is the difference between the Wet and Dry rates of certain lands in Cotoor for some years in the occupation of Mr Irvine, which were erroneously classed as wet lands when they first came into that individuals possession. Under the explanation afforded the late Collector acted properly in fixing an appropriate assessment on these lands. but the excess Rupees 35-3-5 should now be finally struck out of the accounts and the unadjusted differences which has been accumulating will be included under the head of irrecoverable Balances.

13 The extent of Cane Cultivation in the year under report was Cawnies 63-2-. being Cawnies 5-8-2- above the preceding year. The increase has occurred chiefly in the Ootramalore and Peddapolliem Talooks

Statement No 18

14 The rent roll does not call for particular remark. The number of Puttahs for land amounts to 25,710 but a discrepancy of no less than 3000 Puttahs occurs between Statements No 5 and 6 under the head of Joint Goochee Puttahs probably

Statement No 5 - 3,412
" — No 6 - 6,412
Difference --- 3000-

probably a clerical error.

Statements No 2 & 15

During the year Rupees 962-1-2 were brought to account for Cowle expired land and land assessed at Rupees 637-15-11- was newly taken upon Cowle. The gross rent of land under this head is Rupees 2,500-11-11 the particulars of which are.

	Rs a p
Assessment of Land on Cowle in Fusly 1259 - 1849/50.	2,909--3-
Deduct	
Expired Cowle ———	962-2-1
Land relinquished ———	84-2-2
	1,046-2-3-
	1,892-12- "
Add.	
Assessment of Land newly taken up in Fusly 1260 / 1850/51	637-15-11
	2,530-11-11-

15 The particulars of the Settlement as reviewed in the foregoing Paras; are embodied in the following abstract Statement the general result in Comparison with the preceding year being Rupees 70,229-9-9- in favor of the Fusly under report.

Fusly

3612

Fort St George 11th March 1852

	Fusly 1259			Fusly 1260			Increase			Decrease		
	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p
Dry	97,497	6	.	110,824	10	10	13,327	4	10	"	"	"
Wet	7,73,788	4	9	816,016	12	4	42,228	9	7	"	"	"
Garden	11,316	5	2	11,588	0	4	272	.	2	"	"	"
additional assessment under the heads of Fusly Sasty and Tesva Sasty												
Dry — Fusly 1259: 13,896-9-2 — Fusly 1260: 12,473-12-0												
Wet — Fusly 1259: 24,402-9-3 — Fusly 1260: 28355-11-5												
Garden — Fusly 1259: " — " — Fusly 1260: " — " —												
	38,299	2	5	40,829	7	11	2,530	5	6	"	"	"
	920,901	3	4	979,259	7	5	58,358	4	1	"	"	"
Deduct Cabooliat Bunjer or land left unsown	102,412	.	.	161,575	10	0	59,163	10	3	"	"	"
Gross Settlement	818,489	3	4	817,683	10	2	"	"	"	805	9	2
Shavy or perished Crops	137,207	10	5	64,671	7	8	"	"	"	72,536	5	9
Fusul Commee or 2d Crop not Cultivated	24,737	.	4	24,451	4	6	-	-	-	285	11	10
Shamilat Bunjer or parts of fields untilled	4,807	6	.	4,084	7	3	"	"	"	722	12	9
Dry land ploughed but not sown	3,975	11	.	7,419	8	1	3,443	13	1	-	-	-
Wet land ploughed but not sown	3,897	2	6	5,471	-	11	1573	14	5	-	-	-
Palamustum or crops partially destroyed in 25 Villages	2,731	7	-	"	"	"	"	"	"	2,731	7	-
Circle and Mucta lands &c	2,318	15	10	2,059	3	1	"	"	"	259	12	9
Sundry remission	3,854	15	10	3,746	6	1	"	"	"	108	9	9
Remission granted in Fusly 1259 being the profit derived by the renter of 2 Villages which have been newly transferred to the Ryotwar mode of settlement from the 30 years rent	512	.	10	"	"	"	"	"	"	512	.	10
	184,042	8	9	111,903	5	7	"	"	"	72,139	3	2
Net Settlement	634,446	10	7	705,780	4	7	71,333	10	"	"	"	"
Add												
Ready money Collection including Cowle Sasty	20,135	3	6	19,619	9	6	"	"	"	515	11	"
Rented summary Mucta &c	7,556	14	8	7,076	8	2	"	"	"	480	6	6
Shrotrium	69,390	1	2	69,390	1	2	"	"	"	"	"	"
Total	731,528	13	11	801,866	7	5	71,337	9	6	"	"	"
Deduct Curnums meerah &c	13,81	14	4	14,89	14	1	107	15	9	"	"	"
Remaining	7,31,146	15	7	80,976	9	4	71,229	9	9	"	"	"
Peishcush	12,2,618	15	3	12,2,615	15	3	"	"	"	"	"	"
Grand Total	852,762	14	10	922,992	8	7	70,229	9	9	"	"	"

Remissions on Lands cultivated

Dittums

17 Of the foregoing Demand, the Collections amount to Rupees 903,903-5-9- Viz^t within the Fusly — Rupees 731,423-6-1-

Subsequently to the end of December 1851 — Rupees 172,479-15-8-

leaving a Balance of Rupees — 19,089 — 2-10- at the last mentioned date, which is composed as follows.

Zemindary	17,62-10-2-
Minot	1071-15-4
Rent	124-15-4
Ryotwar	6,109-10-8-

18 Under the explanation afforded by the Collector, the Board beg to recommend that the irrecoverable Balances of Fusslies 1257/1847/8 and 1258/1848/9 amounting to Rupees 1786-15-5 may be written off. The Collector's accounts will still exhibit a Ryotwar Balance of Rupees 152-6-1- belonging to Fusly 1257/1847/8 with Balances of Rupees 1186-9-10- and Rupees 1187-8-5 appertaining to Fusslies 1258/1848/9 and 1259/1849/50. The Board desire that the whole of these Balances may be enquired into during the Summabundy of the current Fusly - and reported on, for final agustment, such portion only being retained for realization, the collection of which it would be proper t

to enforce - where a balance is rendered doubtful in consequence of the poverty of the party and cannot be collected without trenching on his future means it is desirable, as a general rule, that it should not be kept in the accounts after the year following that for which it is due. By strict attention to this rule and by retaining such Balances only as may be due by contumacious persons with means or such which for sufficient reasons should not be foregone, the Balances of each year may be finally adjusted during the succeeding one. The attention of the Collector is called to the circular order C.O. Page 35 on this subject, and he will understand that it is the desire of Government, which has been recently re-iterated, that the rule above expressed may be strictly conformed to.

From Govt 24th February in Cons 11th March 1852

The Demand on account 19 of all sources of Revenue amounted to Rupees 13,06,247-14-4 being Rupees 16,587-7- above that of the preceding year. The particulars are shewn in the following abstract Statement.

Land

Fort St George, 11th March 1852

	Demand of Fusly 1259	Collection: Within the Fusly	Collection: Subsequently to 31st December 1850	Collection: Total	Balance	Demand of Fusly 1260	Collection: Within the Fusly	Collection: Subsequently to 31st December 1851	Collection: Total	Balance	
Land Revenue	852,762 14 10	719,490 9 2	111,488 " "	830,978 9 2	13784 5 8	922,992 8 7	781,123 6 1	172,479 15 8	903,903 5 9	19089 2 10	Sayr - 1762-10-2 Minors 1071-15-" Rent - 144-15-" Summary 15109-10-8- + 19089-2-10-
Salt	304,690 13 5	304,690 13 5	" " "	304,690 13 5	"	250,470 12 "	250,470 12 "	" —	250,470 12 "	" " "	
Abkarry	73,200 " "	69,600 15 11	3,599 " 1	73,200 " "	"	70,200 " "	59,463 11 5	13,736 4 7	73,200 " "	" " "	
Sundry Small Farms and Licenses	13,785 8 4	8,959 15 1	4,567 10 2	12,927 9 3	857 15 1	13,794 14 "	7,210 15 4	5,424 11 11	12,628 11 3	1166 2 9	
Moturpah	30,028 " 2	23,425 10 11	6,253 1 4	29,678 12 3	069 0 11	30,193 1 9	22,501 6 4	7,130 3 11	29,631 10 3	561 7 6	
Sea Customs	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	
Stampt	15,302 2 "	15,302 2 "	" " "	15,302 " "	" " "	15,796 10 "	15,796 10 "	" " "	15,796 10 "	" " "	
Total	1289,789 6 9	1170,870 2 6	128,907 11 7	1269,777 14 1	2911 8 8	1306,447 12 4	1085,859 13 2	198,771 4 1	1285,631 1 3	20,816 13 1	

Fusly 1259 — 1289789 6 9

Increase 16658 7 7

No

Ordered

Fort St. George 11th March 1852

Ordered that a copy of the foregoing Contract be submitted to Government and a transcript of the same be furnished to the Collector of Chingleput.

Read the following letters.

To W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue

(19)

Sir,

Br. No. 388.
From the Coll.r of Chingleput
Affording Explanations for the discrepancies noticed in the Quarterly Statement of the Sales of Salt ending on the 31st July 1851 and submitting revised statements for that Quarter as also for the Quarter Ending 31st October 1851.

With reference to Contract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated 4th December 1851 pointing out certain discrepancies as exhibited in pencil in the entries in Columns 2 and 7 of the statement shewing the Home and Inland Sales of Salt for the Quarter ending on the 31st July 1851 and returning the same for amendment, I have the honor to forward a revised statement in lieu thereof and to state in explanation that the statements in question had been prepared previous to the receipt of the Salt Rules framed by the Board of Revenue under date the 25th December 1850 from accounts of the actual sales of the respective months furnished by the Peish Kars and exhibited only the aggregate amount

J. C. B.

amount of sale. But the form of Statement received with the above Rules from the Board requiring that the descriptions of sale should be specified, it would appear that in order to avoid the labour which would be entailed on the Establishment by compiling the Quarterly accounts from those furnished by the Peish Kars and at the same time to preserve a corresponding entry with the Items in the Journals, the Statements in question have since been prepared at once from the Journals.

1 Home consumption other Districts Foreign States

2 It must be remarked that the Journals exhibit the sales not according to the Months in which they actually take place but according to the Months in which they are brought to account in the Treasury Books. It is also to be noticed that under the Head of Home consumption in the Journals are comprehended the Amounts realized from confiscated Salt which were not included in the Quarterly Statements prepared from the Accounts of the

the Peish Kars and submitted to the Board in 1849 and 1850. Moreover a sum of Rupees 1626 forming the remittance for July 1850 from a certain Salt Depot which appears to have been inadvertently left out in the Statement submitted for the Quarter ending on the 31st July 1850 has been included in the Statement prepared for the Quarter ending on the 31st July 1851 from the Journals in which the aforesaid Amount was duly brought to account. From these causes have resulted the differences noticed by the Board, the particular Items of which are distinctly shewn in the subjoined Memorandum

3. Discrepancies from similar causes having occurred in the Statement of the sales of Salt for the Quarter ending on the 31st October 1851 Submitted to your Office under date the 29th November 1851, I beg to transmit a revised Statement for the same, and request that the one formerly sent may be cancelled.

Particulars

Particulars	From 1st May to 31st July 1849			From 1st May to 31st July 1850		
	Quantity of Salt	Value		Quantity of Salt	Value	
	Mds. S.	Rs.	a.	Mds. S.	Rs.	a.
As per Statement returned by the Board	49405 1 8½	49405	7	28359 16 12½	82359	8
Deduct confiscated Salt included in that above as per Journal but not included in the Quarterly Statements submitted in 1849 and 1850	5 21 8½	5	7	4 36 12½	4	8
Remaining	49399 20	49399	8	82354 20	82354	8
Add Sales of July not included in the above the same having been brought to account in the Journals of Augt 1849 and 50. respectively	49 20	49	8	12	12	
Total as per revised Statement now submitted	49449	49449		82366 20	82366	8
As per Quarterly Statements ending 31st July 1849 and 1850 Marked in Pencil by the Board	49449	49449		80740 20	80740	8
Difference erroneously left out in the Quarterly Statement ending 31st July 1850				1626	1626	

Single Suit District Collectors Office Cuttack 11th Feby 1852

(Signed) J. H. Cochrane
Collector
Comparative

3620

Fort St. George

11th March 1852

No. 1 Comparative Statement Shewing the Quantity of Salt sold for Home and Inland Consumption its price per Maund and the proceeds realized from its sale within the District of Shinglepatt for the Quarter ending 31st July 1849, 1850 and 1851 respectively.

Home or Inland Consumption	1st May to 31st July 1849			1st May to 31st July 1850			1st May to 31st July 1851		
	Quantity of Salt	Rate of price per Indian Maund	Amount	Quantity of Salt	Rate of price per Indian Maund	Amount	Quantity of Salt	Rate of price per Indian Maund	Amount
	Mds. Sr.	Rs. as.	Rs. as.	Mds. Sr.	Rs. as.	Rs. as.	Mds. Sr.	Rs. as.	Rs. as.
For Home Consumption	6265 20	1 "	6265 8	7345 20	1 "	7345 8	2902 42½	1 "	2902 1 8
For Inland Consumption Other Districts	25996 20	1 "	25996 8	31317 "	1 "	31317 "	27925 20	1 "	27925 8
Foreign States	17187 "	1 "	17187 "	43704 "	1 "	43704 "	8569 20	1 "	8569 8
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	157 20	" 15 2 40	149 10
Total	43183 20	"	43183 8	76021 "	"	75021 "	36652 20	"	36644 10
Grand Total	49449 "	"	49449 "	82366 20	"	82366 8	39554 242½	"	39526 11 8

Shinglepatt District Collector's Circuit Cutcherry Cuttewauk 11th February 1852

E. E. J.

(Signed) J. H. Cochrane
Collector
Comparative

Memo. 1st

Fort St. George

11th. March 1852.

No 2 - Comparative Statement Shewing the Quantity of Salt Sold for Home and Inland Consumption its price per Maund and the proceeds realized from its Sale, within the District of Chingleput for the Quarter Ending 31st October 1849, 1850 & 1851 respectively -

Home or Inland Consumption	1st August to 31st October 1849			1st August to 31st Oct. 1850			1st Aug. to 31st October 1851			Remarks
	Quantity of Salt Sold	Rate of price per Indian Maund	Amount	Quantity of Salt Sold	Rate of price per Indian Maund	Amount	Quantity of Salt Sold	Rate of price per Indian Maund	Amount	
	Mds. S. C.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Mds. S. C.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Mds. S. C.	Rs. As. C.	Rs. As.	
For Home Consumption	5209 20 "	1 " "	5209 8 "	8076 " "	1 " "	8076 " "	100 40 0	33 2½	1 " " "	100 40 13 3
	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	739 20 "	"	15 2 40	702 8 5
	5209 20 "	" " "	5209 8 "	8076 " "	" " "	8076 " "	1078 0 13	2½	" " " "	1074 3 5 8
Inlands: Other Districts	18961 20 "	1 " "	18961 8 "	29999 20 2	1 " "	29999 8 "	34551 " "		1 " " "	34551 " "
	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	1380 " "		15 2 40	1311 " "
Foreign States	48126 " "	1 " "	48126 " "	23877 " "	1 " "	23877 " "	54927 " "		1 " " "	54927 " "
	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	13818 " "		15 2 40	13127 1 7
Totals	67087 20 "	" " "	67087 8 "	53876 20 2	" " "	53876 8 "	104696 " "		" " " "	103916 1 7
Grand Total	72297 " "	" " "	72297 " "	61952 20 2	" " "	61959 8 "	115456 13	2½	" " " "	114659 7 3

Chingleput District -
Collectors Circuit Cutcherry -
Cuttevanul 11th. February 1852

E. E. gl.

Signed J. H. Cochrane
Collector

Ordered -

(19-20)

Fort St. George 11th. March 1852.

Order thereon.

Ordered to be recorded

No.

To W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue

Sir,

(21)

Bs. No. 621.

From the Collr. of Spring Caput.

Submitting a Statement shewing the Cost to Government of all Salt received on account of the Monopoly and states his opinion in regard to the proposed reduction of Importduty on Foreign Salt.

I Adverting to the Circular letter from your Office dated 20th November 1851, requiring me with reference to the Extract from a letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors which accompanied it to report the Cost to Government per Garce of all Salt received on account of the Monopoly specifying the different Items included in such Cost, I have the honor to submit the accompanying Statement affording the information required, and exhibiting the average cost of the Article in reference to the quantity sold in this District during the last 5 Fuslies.

2- The Statement has been prepared shewing on the average the results of operations in all the Pans Collectively as the rates of Codenarum and other charges paid at the Pans severally vary materially as do the Sales respectively at each Depôt

3- In the Circular letter under reply

Fort St. George 11th. March 1852.

reply the Board of Revenue have required the Cost per Garce of all Salt received on account of the Monopoly - As however the charges of Sibbundy &c. and for wastage included in the Statement appertain properly to the sales of Salt, I have deemed it necessary to assume the average cost of the quantity sold. The average rate of Codenarum per Garce whether for the quantity of Salt sold or received by Government during the 5 years embraced in the Statement will be very nearly the same -

4- Entertaining doubts as to whether the cost should comprehend the charges of Sibbundy &c. and especially of compensation as entered in the Statement I have caused the Statement to be prepared in reference to the latter course under the impression that the average Profit as referred to in the Honorable Courts Despatch was intended to comprize the difference between the proceeds of the sale of Salt and the Cost of manufacture inclusive of all charges incurred -

5- The amount of Cost on account of Codenarum alone is entered in Col 3 of the Statement -

Referring

Fort St. George 11th. March 1852.

6. Referring to the measure proposed by the Honorable the Court of Directors of reducing the Amount of Custom duty on the Importation of Foreign Salt to the average Profit derived by Government from the Native Salt. I have only to observe that in a financial point of view it can make no difference to Government whether the Salt revenue is derived through the Custom-Houses or from the Home Manufacture, so long as the gain in the latter is protected by a Duty on the foreign article which maintains the Monopoly Price.

7- Assuming in the absence of positive evidence to the Contrary that the rare occurrence of importations of foreign Salt is attributable to high protective duties rather than to the regular supply from the Government Monopoly Works being superabundant or even adequate to the wants of the People, the deficiency might be supplied by taxed Salt by the

Fort St. George 11th. March 1852.

the reduced Import Duty entering into regular consumption over and above that which is supplied by the manufacture of this Country. Such additional supply would I am inclined to think be profitably imported from England with advantage to Merchants and Shipowners and would be the means of checking the introduction of the article by smuggling in the event of Contraband Imports being made either consequent on the inadequacy of the Supply or on the Monopoly Price being sufficiently remunerative.

8- I beg therefore to express myself in favor of the measure proposed as one which would tend to place the Salt Trade on a proper footing and at the same time guard against all possibility of the supply falling short of the demand (owing to causes in reference to the circumstances of the season over which we have no control) to the great privation of the poorer classes who are in

Comparison

Fort St. George 11th. March 1852.

comparison with their means, made to pay exorbitantly for a necessary of life to Capitalists who purchase up the article, when a scarcity is apprehended, for prospective advantages.

9- According to the Statement submitted the average profit per Garce is 100-7-5 or 13-4¾ per Maund a reduction from Rupees 3 per Maund or Rupees 360 per Garce, the present Customs Duty to the above average profit certainly appears considerable, but perhaps the simplest Method and one by which a uniform rate might be made readily applicable to all Districts, would be to effect the arrangement so that the Customs Duty on Imported Salt should be precisely equal to the Monopoly Price, Viz. 1- Rupee per Maund or 120 Rupees the Garce.

10- If the above proposition is not acceded to I beg to recommend that the Customs Duty on imported Salt should be reduced not to the average Profit derived

Fort St. George 11th. March 1852.

derived by Government from the Native Salt or Rupees 100-7-5. but to the difference (Rupees 107-9-7) between the amount realized by Government from the sale of Salt and that paid by them as Coodeva-rum or the cost of manufacture. This arrangement would leave the two descriptions of Salt Native and Foreign to their natural advantages alone to enter into fair competition with each other.

11- Should the reduced rate of Customs Duty as proposed render the importation of Foreign Salt a profitable undertaking in a Mercantile point of view as there is reason to suppose it will, the measure, if carried out, will it is needless to state, materially affect the Interests of the Manufacturers of this Country, but as this is a point regarding which no remedies can be suggested, it is unnecessary to dwell further on the subject.

I have the honor to be Sir Your most obedient Servant

Signed J. H. Cockburn
Collector

Salt Statement.

Tuticorin Division
Collrs Circuit Cutcherry
Trivellore 10th. March 1852

* Average Condemnum per Garce 120
Do. Do. per Do. 12-6-5.
Difference 107-9-7.

3639 Fort St.e George 11th. March 1852.—

Read the following letters.—

No. 11.

To W. H. Bayley Esq.re
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue.
Fort St.e George.

23

B.d No. 431.
From the Ag.t Coll.r
of North Arcot ——

Sir,

I have the honor to transmit the Demand Collection and Balance State-ments from 12th. to 31st. July 1851, with those for the Months of August, September, October & November of the same year, returned with the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated 29th. Ultimo, after having made the required corrections by omitting the balance against the Villages transferred to the Collector of Chinglepat.—

2. As the balance in question, as exhibited in the accounts of the Collector of Chinglepat does not tally with that shown in the accounts of this District, the discrepancy will be rectified after communication with Mr. Cochrane.—

North Arcot, ——
Collector's Circuit Cutcherry.
Cangamellore ——
16th. February 1852 ——

/Signed/ H. A. Brett
Acting Collector.

Proceedings.

3628-

Fort St. George 11th March 1852-

A. Statement Shewing the average cost per Garce of Salt incurred by Government in the District of Chingleput-

Fusly	Quantity Salt Sold	Salt Manufacturers Share	Establishment and Sundries	Charges: Extra Charges: Salt Compensation	Extra Charges	Total	Manufacturers Share on wastage Salt	Total Charges
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	G m m	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
1256	3,31,675 "	39,266 2 8	12,082 13 9	1,972 12 9	450 7 2	2,423 3 11	3,110 14 6	56,883 2 10
1257	2,982 173 2 11/16	38,863 7 10	12,058 10 3	4,791 1 3	1,133 2 "	5,924 3 3	2,631 6 9	59,477 12 1
1258	1,94,298 1 1/16	23,153 5 3	12,089 13 8	3,381 15 "	1,287 4 2	4,669 3 2	2,225 3 8	42,137 9 9
1259	2,53,936 1 1/16	31,258 6 7	12,083 6 6	3,381 15 "	757 4 9	4,133 3 9	1,839 7 8	49,314 8 6
1260	2,09,030 2 4 5/16	27,062 15 8	11,857 13 2	3,381 15 "	280 9 3	3,662 8 3	1,027 12 7	43,605 1 8
Total.	12,871 85 1 1/8	1,59,604 6 4	60,166 9 4	16,909 11 "	3,902 11 4	20,812 6 4	10,834 13 2	2,51,418 2 10
Average per Garce-	1 " "	12 6 5	4 10 10	1 5 "	" 4 10	1 9 10	" 13 5	19 8 6

Chingleput District Collr's Circuit Cutcherry Trinellore 10th March 1852- E.E.F. / Signed J. H. Cochrane Collector

(21-22) Order thereon-

Ordered to lie over-

J.G.B.

Read-

(23-24)

No. 482.

Proceedings thereon.—

The Board observe that in revising the Demand Collection and Balance Statements of his District for Fusly 1261. the Acting Collector has included the arrears of Sewoy Jumma amounting to Rupees +20-12-3 appertaining to the villages transferred to Chinglepat, with the Sewoy Jummah arrears of his district, Mr. Brett is requested to correct the entry in his Office Copy of the Statement referred to— Alike alteration having been made in the Statements at the Board Office.—

+Vide Enclosure Dun. 2. C.B. Statements from 1st to 11th July 1851 dated 24th Decr. 1851.

Vide D.C.B. Statement of 11th July Fusly 1260.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Co. 15 No. 1 --	124	9	10
" 38 - " 3.	7	4	5
	131	14	3

Vide Revised Statt. of 31st July 51. Fusly 1261. Co. 11 No. 3 - 131-14-3

2. In para 2 of the letter above recorded, the Acting Collector states that he will place himself in Communi=cation with the Collector of Chinglepat and rectify the discrepancies between the Demand Collection and Balance Statements of his District and those of Chinglepat. In order therefore to prevent delay the Board resolve to return to the Collector of the latter district the Statements noted in

The D.C.B. Statements from Chinglepat from 31st July to 1st Novr. 1851 inclusive. The D.C.B. Statements from North Arcot for 31st July 1851.

in the Margin, and to furnish him with a Copy of Mr. Brett's letter dated 16th February 1852.

3. In revising the State=ments of his District, Mr. Cochrane will bring to account the sum of Rupees 20-12-3 included in the Returns of North Arcot under the head of Sewoy Jumma arrears. He will also enter under the head of "Sundry Small Farms and Licenses" the sum of Rupees 144-15-" erroneously accounted for as "Village Rents for more than one year."—

Ordered that Copy of the foregoing Proceedings be furnished to the Collectors of North Arcot and Chinglepat.—

No. 9.

To W. H. Bayley Esqre.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

(25)

Bde No. 363.
From the Actg. Collr. of North Arcot

Recommending to the Bds. consideration the request of the Zemindar of

with Original Enclosure.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit for the consideration of the Board of Revenue translation of a letter received from Rajah Bommaraz Bahadoor Zemindar

of Carvetnaggur, for a loan of 4,00,000 Rupees from Govt on the Mortgage of his dominion to enable him to liquidate his debts - Submitting translation of a letter from the Zemindar, with certain document.—

Zemindar of Carvetnaggur, requesting from Government a loan of Rupees (4,00,000) four lacs, at an interest of 5 per Cent per annum, to enable him to effect a Settlement with his creditors.—

2. When a similar request on the part of the Zemindar was submitted by Mr. Bourdillon in his letter of the 19th November 1849. the Board declined to forward it to Government on the ground that the Government had on a previous occasion considered it inadvisable to interfere in the adjustment of the private debts of the Zemindar, but on the present occasion it may be urged, that there are certain special circumstances which may induce the Board, and the Government, to take a more favorable view of the case.—

3. The Zemindar has been compelled to repeat his application in consequence of the impending sale of a valuable portion of his Zemindary at the suit of one of the few creditors who appeared to have refused to concur in the

measure adopted by the larger portion of these persons in 1846, to secure a gradual, but satisfactory discharge of their respective claims.—

4. I have reported in my letter to the Board dated the 30th Ultimo, that 13 Villages belonging to the Zemindary have been attached under a precept directed to me by the Civil Court dated the 5th idem, directing the sale of these Villages for the purpose of Collecting Rupees 1,48,232-4-5- the amount of the decree in O.S. No. 61 of 1847.—

5. If this measure must be carried into effect it will be felt as peculiarly hard and distressing by the Zemindar. In the first place, because he has proved that the Revenue of the Zemindary are sufficient under the present mode of management, which Commenced in 1846, to pay off all encumbrances, provided only that the creditors be content to give a reasonable time, and Secondly, on the ground that it may disarrange the existing Settlement with the other creditors, and give them an opportunity of

with

with drawing from the agreements on their part to await a gradual liquidation.—

6. Under these circumstances it is the Zemindar's object to obtain a sum adequate to meet all the claims against him, including the judgment creditors who were parties to the original trust, the amount of the decree for which the 13 Villages has been attached, the claims of 3 other creditors whose cases are now pending - and 50,000 - the outstanding debts.—

7. It is also proper to point out that nothing more is proposed on this occasion than the grant of a loan on a valuable Security - On the former occasion, when the Government declined to interfere the plan for relieving the Zemindar from his difficulties embraced a troublesome Settlement with the several creditors by the direct intervention of the Revenue Authorities. It is probable that the objections then made had particular reference to this difficult, and hazardous part of the Scheme, Should the loan now be granted the strict appropriation of the larger

portion to its intended object can be easily effected and ensured, by its being paid through the Court to each judgment creditor, and the Government for its own Security can take a bond for the loan, secured by a mortgage on the Zemindary, as suggested by Mr. Bourdillon in his letter dated 19th November 1849, on the execution of which, the bond might be taken into Court by an amicable Suit, & a decree obtained on a Razeenamah, by which means the Government would have the power at any time of enforcing payment by the sale, or attachment, of the Zemindary - The value of the Security in that case could only be affected by Mortgages existing of an earlier date, but the Government have fair reason to believe, considering the time that has been afforded for other Creditors to enter into the trust commenced in 1846, that the liabilities are confined to the claims already brought into Court, and to such other as the Zemindar acknowledges.—

8. I annex Copy of a State= ment, furnished by the Seristadar of the

the Zemindary, to shew the precise amount of the alleged liabilities, up to the commencement of the current year.—.

North Arcot——
Coll.r's Circuit Cutcherry
Vellore 9th February 1852.

/Signed/ H. A. Brett
Ag.t Collector—

No. 1.

Translation of a Letter addressed to S. N. Ward Esq.re Acting Collector of North Arcot, by Bomarauz Bahadur Zemindar of Carvetenuggur on the 19th January 1852.

/After the usual Compliments/

Embarrassed in certain difficulties, from which, finding it beyond my power to extricate myself, I take the liberty to bring the matter to your notice, and I hope that I will not only be pardoned for the trouble I thus give you, but that you will also kindly take some interest towards promoting my present and future welfare.—.

1. Although the Creditors have received four times as much as they gave, in liquidation of the debt contracted by my ancestors, still with the

connivance of my Servants, during my minority, and the Court Vakeels, they have added to the debt and increased the amount considerably. They have not only done this but with a view of dividing and enjoying the Zemindary in Divisions, consulted together and intended to usurp the possession of this ancient Zemindary. But, finding in the meantime, that they were not likely to gain the end they aimed at, in Consequence of an advertisement issued in June 1846, proclaiming the sale of the whole Zemindary by public auction, they jointly nominated A. Seth Sain Esq.re of Madras their agent, and after arranging matters, that this Gentleman was to take charge and sole management of the whole Zemindary, and that the sum remaining at the end of the year, after defraying the Kist and Sibbendy &c.a Charges, was to be divided on an average among all the Creditors, each Creditor, Separately, took an agreement from the said Agent, and filed their Razeenamah in the Court. A Copy of one

one of these Razeenamahs (No. 1) and the agreement entered into between me and the Agent (No. 2) are herein enclosed, from which it will be seen, that on account of the Creditors, the Management, connected with the affairs of the whole Zemindary is vested on the said agent-

2. Scarcely six Months were got over, however, before the Creditors again commenced a squabble in the Civil Court, but the Civil Judge not only substantiated the aforesaid arrangements but also annulled certain false accounts, and to that effect passed a Diary order on the 5th March 1847. and which is herein Enclosed No. 3.-

3. From this order of the Civil Court the creditors appealed to the Court of Sudr Udalut, where the whole record connected with the case, and the Statements given by the parties being duly considered, that Court Confirmed the Civil Judges order on the 14th September 1847. No. 4 Enclosed.

4. The Creditors again Petitioned the Sudr Court, who on the 10th July 1848. ipsued an order to make further enquiry

enquiry as regards the amount included in the Razeenamah.-

Upon this the Civil Judge instituted an enquiry and passed a Diary order on the 17th March 1849. to the effect that the amount disallowed was correct, and that the system of the Management was unquestionable.-

+ No. 6 Copy Enclosed.

5 The Sudr Court then passed an order approving the correctness of the amount disallowed, and directed that with regard to this disallowed amount a regular Suit should be filed- Accordingly a Suit in No. 59 of 1849. was filed in the Civil Court and this suit is pending Enquiry.-

+ No. 7 Copy Enclosed.

6. From the Collectors letter to the Board in the Months of 1849. you will perceive the regularity with which the Management of my sumstanum is conducted, the correctness of the payment of the kists, and of the average liquidation of the debts to the Creditors- You will further see from a letter of recommendation by the Collector to Government, that I had on the 9th November 1849. solicited the Government.

7. +No. 8. enclosed.

Government to favor me with the loan
of some Money in order that I may ex=
=tricate myself from the clutches of
both the Court and Creditors - At present
I am not in arrears of my hist even in
a Single Cash.—.

8. In an Original Suit
No. 62 of 1846, Caulpet Venkatasa Naik
brought an action against me, when the
Civil Judge decided according to Regulation,
that I am not indebted to him even in
a Single Cash.—.

9. Upon this the said
Venkatasa Naid appealed to the Sudr
Court in appeal No. 61 of 1847. when they,
Contrary to Regulations, and without ordering
to enquire into the correctness of the accounts
Sovs decided that the (Venkatasa Naik) is
entitled to both Principal and Interest—

10 Upon this a deposit
was made and an appeal submitted
to the Queen of England and the Sudr
Court itself in a diary order dated 13th
November 1851. admitted the propriety
of this appeal.—.

11. The above Venkatasa Naik
with the connivance of Casava Naik
my

+ No. 8 Copy Enclosed.

No. 9 Copy Enclosed.

No. 10 Copy Enclosed.

my late Dewan, as well as with the
assistance of some Lawyers and Bar=
=risters, made a deposit of 1,48,000 Rupees
and asked for a writ of execution, and
this this they undertook to do previous to
the decision on my appeal in England
there in Original / Concluding that
that was likely to reverse the decision
of the Sudr Court.— Their further object
in doing this was not only to throw me
into difficulties and evade the present
System of arrangement, but also that
by inducing me to say in writing that
the sum due was any enlarged Amount
they should think proper to bind me to, they
might not only involve me in debt for ever,
but also assume Complete authority
over me.—.

12. In the last part of the
Complaint filed in the above No. it
is prayed that if the money is
not paid, the Mortgaged Villages
should be attached by the Court and
their rents appropriated to make
up the amount. But Subsequent to
the

the 18th April 1846, the Date on which this Complaint was filed, other Razee=
=namahs were filed thro' the same Vakeel who conducted this very suit and in the very same Civil Court to the effect, that as mentioned in the 1st Para of this letter the whole Zemindary should by adver=
=tisement, be consigned, under a certain arrangement to the Management of the Agent. In the Razeenamah connected with this arrangement, the above said Villages are also included and to this there was no objection started either at the time it was made nor subsequently. The Copy of the said Complaint Nº 11 is enclosed.—

13. The Court having approved and Confirmed the above said arrangements, gave also to other Creditors, whose Claims formed the subject of other decrees and Razeenamahs, a Share in the above proportional division. and about a moiety of this debt has also been liquidated.—

In a Petition to the Court of Sudr Udalut, I brought to their

their notice the aforesaid particulars. Its Copy Nº 12. is herein enclosed.—

15. But the Sudr Court with=
=out taking the matter of the said arrangement into due consideration, unjustly and to the ruin of me and my family sent a precept to the effect that the present Creditor cannot be included with the others, that the Mortgaged Villages should be sold, and if their Proceeds are insufficient to meet the full demand, to resort to other processes for the re=
=covery of the balance. Its Copy Nº 13 is enclosed. I have appealed against this to England.—

16. That the Sudr Court's order is ever varying will be evinced from what is here mentioned from Paras 2 to 6 and from the Enclosures from Nº 1 to 12.—

17. Thus while this suit has been appealed against to Her Majesty the Queen of England and the arrange=
=ment referred to has been approved of both by the Board and Government, the

the Sudr Court have taken upon them=
=selves most unjustly to order the sale
of the Villages- and again Para 3 of Her
Majesty's order dated 10th April 1838,
Empowers that an appeal can be made
even against the order passed on Miscel=
=laneous Petitions, when such is the
Case, the Court did not even await
the result of my appeal- In Para
3 of the Circular order from the
Sudr Court dated 30th October 1834.
No 6. it is provided, that enjoyment
and possesion of property may be allowed
to a certain limited period, that the
Sale of the property previous to the time
fixed in the Mortgage bond, is not only
a breach of the said Provision, but
that until that period expires, the
property cannot be sold to other Creditors,
while such is the case, to who else can
I complain but to you, who is my benefactor
in every respect, of the unjust order directing
the Sale of the Villages attached to my
Zemindary, previous to the expiration of the
fixed period of enjoyment Viz. fifteen
years

years, according to Razeenamahs
and agreements.--
I am so situated just
18.
now that I can think of nothing nor
can I extricate myself from my several
difficulties, and I find that I and my
family must be ruined. I therefore
solicit that my request to the Collector
on the 4th of this month to allow me
time to pay the two lists may be
laid a side, and that with a view to
extricate me from my difficulties,
to prevent the sale of the Villages
and the attachment of my Country- and
that I may enjoy peace and quiet, you
will kindly obtain for me the loan of a
sum of money for the payment of my
debt, the same to be repaid at 5 per Cent
interest and in so many years as may be
determined upon.--
I am ready to produce a list
19.
of Creditors, and the amount of debt thro
my Hoozoor Seristadar, Veeraraghava Charry-
The Sum I formerly solicited thro the Collector
was 2,50,000 and now to pay in Court and to
free.

free myself from difficulties I require Rs. 1,50,000 in all 4,00,000 Rupees. This sum, together with the balance at the end of the year, I will pay off the debt to a pice, and I shall be punctual in the payment of my kists as also the amount of instalment that may be agreed on for the loan. If you will do this favor I and all my descendants will ever pray for the prosperity and permanency of the British Government.—

I request that this letter and its enclosures will be forwarded to the higher authorities together with your favorable recommendation.—

/Signed/ Raja Bommaraazoo
Langauroo
Bhadur.

/True Translation/
/Signed/ H. A. Brett
Acting Collector.

No. 2.

Statement shewing the Sums due by the Zemindary of Carvetenuggeroo.—

1. Sums due as per Decrees and Rajeenamahs already passed in the Civil

Civil Courts (being Principal, Interest and Counter interest) after deducting the Sum of Rupees 1,35,000 paid into the Court from the 26th March 1847 upto January 1852. 1,96,772-1-3.

2. Amount due in the case of L. Venatasa Naidoo, now under appeal to the Queen, as per Decree and execution passed on deposit. ——— 1,48,232-4-3

3. Sums required for the adjustment of 3 Cases now pending in the Courts, the value of which is laid at Rupees 1,45,930-9-10 but which the holders are willing to withdraw if paid ——— 55,000 " "

4. Sums required for the adjustment of the remaining Debts not in file in the Court if paid in ready cash — 50,000. " "

Total Rupees- 4,50,004 5 8

On account of this sum, the Government is requested to lend a sum of Rupees 4,00,000. the remainder 50,000. will be paid from the Revenue balance of the Zemindary For Fasly 1261. By this arrangement the whole of

Fort St. George 11th March 1852.

of the debts will be adjusted without a single pie to be paid.—

If the whole of the debts are adjusted the necessity now existing of incurring large expences for Court Vakeels, Barristers Stamp papers &c. will be done away with, and there will be more leisure to look after the Revenue affairs more correctly. by giving Cowels &c. to the Ryots, and thus saving the large amount of Interest now paid to the several debtors, and avoiding other large escpences. The Government debt will be paid in 5 or 6 years.—

/Signed/ P. [illegible]

[illegible]

/True Copy/

/Signed/ H. A. Brett

Acting Collector.

Order thereon.—

Ordered that the following letter be sent in reply.—

To

J. G. B.

Fort St. George 11th March 1852.—

25-26

To,

The Acting Collector of
North Arcot.

Bd No. 469
To the Acting Collector of North Arcot.

In Cons 11th March 1852

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 9th February 1852 wherewith you forward translation of an address from the Zemindar of Cavetnugger and other documents, and wherein you recommend a compliance with the Zemindar's requisition for a Loan from Government of 4 Lacs of Rupees, on the mortgage of his Estate to enable him to liquidate his private debts.—

2. In returning the enclosures to your letter, I am desired by the Board to state that they feel precluded from submitting them to Government or from supporting your recommendation on behalf of the Zemindar under the instructions which have been issued from time to time by Government and the Honorable the Court of Directors' prohibiting all interference in arranging the private debts of Zemindars on the part of the Officers of Government.—

General letter 17th March 1847 para 16.
Encl. from Govt. 3d July in Cons 2. Sept. 1847
General letter 22d Aug. 1849 para 31.
Encl. from Government 10th Nov. in Cons 6th Dec. 1849
General letter 31st Jan. 1849 para 34
(Guntoor Zemindar) Encl. from Government
29th March in Cons 14th May 1849.—

The

3. The Board also desire me to observe that as the private creditors of the Zemindar have a prior claim upon the Estate the Mortgage to Government would be valueless.-

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
11th March, 1852.

(Signed) W. H. Bayley
Secretary.-

Read the following letter.

No. 15.

To,

W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue,
Fort St. George.

27

B. No. 461

Sir

From the Collector of Salem.- Adverting to the Proceedings of your Board dated the 5th Ultimo, authorizing the sale on the 10th Instant of certain lands in the Village of Yaloor, Taluk Trichengode, I have the honor to report that the amount due by the defaulter Marginally noted was liquidated previous to the day of sale and that in consequence of the absence of competition, when the lands of the other

Venkatramanien

Coopien other defaulter were put up to sale, they have been purchased on account of Government at the upset price of 8 annas each, for which I beg to solicit your Board's Sanction.-

Salem District,-
Darumpoory,-
19th February 1852.

(Signed) H. D. Phillips
Collector.-

B. No. 478.

Proceedings thereon. The Board of Revenue confirm

(27-28) the sale of the lands adverted to in the foregoing letter and request that the Collector will be pleased to include the amount due by the late Proprietor, in his next list of irrecoverable balances to be written off, quoting these Proceedings in the proper place.-

---

Read the following letter.

No. 22.

To,

W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

29

B. No. 619

Sir,

From the Collector of Canara.- I have the honor to forward a Copy of a Notification regarding the sale of some Teak Timber

Timber the property of Government now lying at the Ports of Sedasheguer and Gungawalie in the district of Canara and to request that you will obtain the permission of the Board for it's being published in the Fort St. George Gazette.-

Collector's Cutcherry
On Circuit Sedasheguer,
4th March, 1852.-

(Signed) F. N. Maltby
Collector.

No. 1.

Teak Timber.

Notice is hereby given that about 2,115 Cgs of Teak Timber containing about 4702 Candies and 50 end peices will be sold by Public Auction in the district of Canara, the sale commencing on the 31st March 1852.-

The logs are lying and may be viewed at the Ports of Sedasheguer and Gungavally. The sale will commence at Gungavally on the 31st of March and be continued at that place and at Sedasheguer till the whole of the timber is sold.-

All particulars and the terms of sale may be ascertained by application at the Office of the Collector of Canara, Mangalore, or of the additional

additional Sub Collector of Canara at Honore.

Collector's Cutcherry on Circuit
Sedasheguer, 4th March, 1852.

(Signed) F. N. Maltby
Collector of Canara.

Order thereon.- Ordered to be sent for publication in the Fort St. George Gazette.-

29-30

Read again Statements from the Collector of Madras dated 27th January and entered in Miscellaneous Cons 2d February and dated 28th February and entered in Miscellaneous Cons 4th March 1852 of Demand Collection and Balance for the Months of December 1851 and January 1852.-

31

Bd No. 406.

Proceedings thereon,

	Dec. 1851.	Jan. 1852.
Fasly 1260	2,52,631½ -	2,86,396½
" 1261	1,44,753 -	1,57,713.
Decrease	1,07,878½ -	1,28,683½

Vide C. O. Book p. 70. 178. 223. and 493.

From the above Returns the Board observe a considerable decrease in the Salt Collections, as noted in the Margin. This deficiency Mr. Hudleston has allowed to pass without remark. His attention is therefore called to the Board's Circular Orders requiring explanation regarding any decrease which may occur in the Collections.-

---

Read the following letter

To

Fort St. George 11th March 1852.-

No. 18.

To, W. H. Bayley Esqre.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue.

Sir,

Agreeably to the orders of the Board, I have the honor to submit a further report on the cases of Kellore Ramaniah Bathadoo and Chinnathumbee Naidoo who pray for reduction of the tax imposed on their lands respectively.-

2. The lands of Ramaniah Bathadoo are marked No. 690 and 691 in the Plan accompanying his Petitions. The former measures about four Cawnies and is assessed at Rupees 5 1/4 the Cawney. The ground has always been under Cultivation and has hitherto yielded sufficient to meet the Circar demand. No balances are outstanding on this portion of Ramaniah Bathadoo's property. I cannot, therefore recommend any remission of the assessment now paid by the Proprietor. The case is however different as regards the spot of land marked No. 691. It contains C.s. 5. 4. 9859. and having always been waste ground it has never been brought under assessment.-

3. A few years back Ramaniah Bathadoo purchased

Fort St. George 11th March 1852.-

purchased the land from the Mirasidars and in 1851 took out a Certificate in his own name. In the course of the last year he attempted to bring the land under Cultivation, but failed in a great measure from the contiguity of the ground to Cochrane's Canal. Bills have never been issued for this portion of the Petitioner's property but in the present year it will be charged with the usual assessment of Rupees 5 1/4 the Cawny which the Petitioner now asks to have reduced to Rupees 1 3/4 the Cawney. His claim to a reduction appears to me to be reasonable as the land is unable to meet the higher assessment and the tax on the land in the neighbourhood is no more than Rs. 1 3/4 the Cawney. I would therefore recommend that the same rate of assessment should be imposed on this portion of the Petitioner's property.-

4. The land of Chinnathumby Naicke, the other Petitioner, whose case is under report adjoins it will be observed from the Plan already referred to, that portion of ground on which a reduction of assessment was made from Rupees 7 to Rupees 1 3/4 the Cawney. The land in question measures C.s 11- 5- 2379 and is at present charged with a quit rent of Rupees 5 3/4 the Cawney

This

32

B. of R. No. 452
From the Collector of Madras.
Submitting a further report on the cases of Ramiah Bathadoo and Chinnathumby Naidoo and recommending that the assessment on their land should be reduced to Rs. 1 3/4 the Cawney.

+ Proceedings 9th February 1852

R. 1946
1947 } 1850.

3656 Fort St. George 11th March 1852.-

This demand, the land has been unable to meet. Whatever the ground yielded went to pay a portion of the Quit Rent and the result is that there is an outstanding balance due on this land of Rupees 167-4-11 for the years 1848. 1849 and 1850. These facts will shew to the Board that there is no prospect of realizing more that a small portion of the demand at the present rate of assessment it seems desirable therefore, that this land should be placed on the same footing as the adjoining ground as regards assessment, and I would therefore take the liberty to repeat my recommendation that the land should be assessed at Rs. 1 3/4 the Cawny.-

Madras, - - - -
20th February, 1852.-

(Signed) J. A. Hudleston
Collector.

B.R. No. 402.

Proceedings thereon.- The Board sanction the reduction of the assessment as recommended in the foregoing letter from Rupees 5/4 to Rupees 1 3/4 per Cawney on S.-4.-9859 and 11-5-2379 held by Ramaniah Bathadoo and chinna-tumby Naick respectively and call the Collector's attention to his proposal under date the 26th January which extend the reduction now disallowed, to Ramaniah's other holding of

(32-33)

3657 Fort St. George 11th March 1852.-

4 Cawnies.
Endorsement on Petitions Nos. 398 & 1946 of 1850.-
"Referred to the Collector for disposal with reference to the Proceedings of this date".-

---

Read the following letter

To,
W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.-

(34)

B.R. No. 607

From Messrs. Dale and Boyson Pleaders Sudr. Court.-
Letter from Messrs. Dale and Boyson to Secretary Revenue Board dated 16th Decr. 1851.

Sir

With reference to our letter to your address noted in the Margin, We do ourselves the honor of Annexing for the information of the Board of Revenue Copies of Two Petitions presented to the Sudder Court by Mr. Fischer the Respondent in A.S. No. 44 of 1850 and Appellant in S.A. No. 6 of 1851 praying for a review of the Courts Judgments of the 5th January 1852 in the above suits and of requesting the instructions of the Revenue Board thereon.-

(Signed) Dale and Boyson

Madras, 9th March, 1852.-

No. 1.

To The Judges of the Sudr Adalut Court.

The respectful Petition of G. F. Fischer Special Respondent in S.A. Suit No. 44 of 1850.- by his Pleader James Ouchterlony Esqre

Sheweth.- That your Petitioner prays a review of the Courts Judgment.

Fort St. George 11th. March 1851.

Judgment of the 5th. Ultimo in the above Suit (and which rejected his claim as being barred by the Statute of limitation) on the following grounds 1st. That it has not been shewn in the suit, that there was a real occupation of the Ground in dispute by the Special Appellant, that any such occupation was denied by the Civil Judge of Salem, a denial which has in no respect been specifically overruled by this Honorable Court, that moreover, the Special Appellant has by his own pleadings (in S. A. No. 6 of 1851) distinctly admitted that there was no such occupation and that such being the case the operation of the Statute of limitations which must be based entirely upon bona fide possession cannot possibly apply.

The Decree of the Civil Judge of Salem refused arrears of rent (since its demand by him) to your Petitioner, on the Ground that the mere occasional execution of a Criminal and halting of Troops cannot be considered as occupancy and that "since Puttahs and Moochilikas had not been exchanged between him and Government" your Petitioner "had full power to let them to the Ryots" "Vide" These very words of the Civil Judge the Special appellant adopts in his answer in S. A. S. No. 6 of 1851 with this introduction

Fort St. George 11th. March 1852.

introduction. "It may however be expedient now to remark that the Grounds taken in his decree by the Civil Judge for wholly rejecting the Moolahdar's claim for arrears seem worthy of close attention". To all this the Court is pleased to observe that the occupation was made neither covertly nor by sufferance, but the Lands were taken possession of and made use of openly and in the evident assertion of right thereto. But the "occupation" and "possession" was a fact denied in toto by the Civil Judge and therefore according to the principle enunciated in the ruling of the Court in S. A. S. No. 39 of 1851 it was necessary to record an opinion upon this "Material Ground" in the decision and further such denial formed an admission by the Special Appellant and as such it is submitted that the Court could not legally overrule it to the benefit of the maker of it and the prejudice of the adverse party.-

2. That independent of the above objection it is as a general principle of Law competent to the Court of last resort to raise a plea which as observed by your Petitioner in his answer in S. A. S. No. 44 of 1850 was "not only not raised" (by the present Special Respondent) in the Original

or

or appeal Suits but was constructively abandoned in the latter. After the Judge in the lower Court had mooted it in his decree your Petitioner is quite aware that the appeal Court referred a question as to the date of the first issue of the ground to the Subordinate Court of Salem, but this was no plea of the Special Appellant The Sub: Court took the question up to its rehearing of the case, and decided that it did not affect the merits of the Suit. In carrying the case to a higher court the Special Appellant altogether omitted to advance this question as a plea of appeal and in so doing it is submitted, must be taken to have so far assented to the Judgment of the Sub: Court and to be thereby precluded from using it as a plea in an ulterior Court.-

3. That while it is an admitted principle that the possession must be an adverse one ere the Statute of limitations can run, the Court has stated such adverse possession to exist in this case upon a presumption that is not borne out by the circumstances or evidence).-

It is held in the decree of the Court that the Land Subject of dispute in the Suit was not held "on sufferance" but that it was taken possession and

and made use of openly in the "evident assertion of right thereto" of such fact not a particle of proof was adduced in the suit and it rests therefore on pure presumption, on the other hand certain Official documents were filed which clearly established that in the year 1821. and again in 1824 the Government admitted and declared that Lands of the Class of that now in dispute were the property of Mootahdars, and as a first casual and temporary employment of the ground took place in 1820 and was renewed at distant and irregular periods thereafter the inevitable presumption appears to be that the then Mootahdar (a female) willingly allowed this waste ground to be used for such public purposes without the idea ever entering her head, or it being reasonable to suppose that it would do so that such use of it by the Government could be designed to or have the effect of depriving her of her otherwise good title to the Land under cover of the Government's own laws-

4. That in-as-much as the statute of limitations does not run where acquisition has been by unjust means or fraud the presence of this ingredient in the Suit under consideration prevents it

it from being applied. The Mootah of Salem is held under a title derived from the Government. It must necessarily be assumed for the present argument that your Petitioner has a claim under the Sunnud of his Mootah to the land now in dispute. Then it follows that the Government in seeking to appropriate the latter without or against the consent of the Mootahdar are illegally depriving him of that which they had themselves conveyed to him for a consideration, a proceeding which in the eye of the law must be regarded as both unjust and fraudulent. The law even does not allow the term of limitation to run where property shall have been unjustly acquired by the person from whom the actual occupant may have derived his title, unless the latter had held it twelve years under a fair and honestly acquired title and a fortiori could not profit an occupant whom himself is the unjust usurper. It could only be urged that under another rule the claim should be put forward so soon as the fraud was discovered but in this case as the intention to appropriate altogether could not be known till a demand was made on account of the land, the date of discovery of such intent must

must necessarily be that when a demand for rent was made and refused and as this occurred within the limitation the statute it is submitted cannot apply.

For all which reasons your Petitioner now craves a review of the Judgment of your Honorable Court in this case

And as in duty bound will ever humbly pray.

Madras 23d February 1852.

(Signed) J. Ouchterlony.
Pleader.

No. 2.

To The Judges of the Sudr Udalut Court

The respectful Petition of G: F. Fischer Special Appellant in S. A. Suit No. 6 of 1851 by his Pleader James Ouchterlony Esqre.

Sheweth,

That your Petitioner prays a review of the Court's Judgment of the 5th Ultimo in the above Suit and which rejected his claim as being barred by the Statute of limitations, on the following grounds.

1. That the introduction of this question of the operation of the Statute of limitation into the Special Appeal Suit was contrary to law. Act No. III of 1843 Section V lays down that in the admission of a Special Appeal the "point or points to be determined" shall be

be reduced to writing in English in the form of a Certificate" the VII Section enacts "that in every case of special Appeal so admitted the Court shall determine the said "point or points" and no other point or part of the case whatever" and the VIII Section provides that the Court may amend a Certificate when the ground of Appeal has been incorrectly or incompletely certified, but this only where the amendment relates to the "point or points originally stated" and that "it shall not be lawful for the Court to receive or add any new point or points"-

Now the Certificate of the special ground of appeal by the Court embraced, and only embraced two distinct points. the one relating to a refusal by the lower Court to award arrears of rent, and the other relating to a peculiar question involved in the claim preferred by the Suit- It is to be observed also that this Certificate was so drawn up, and so limited, when the Court had before it the Decree of the Subordinate Court of Salem, in which the term of possession was expressly adverted to in respect of the bearing of the statute of limitations upon it, and when therefore the Court omitted in its Certificate to make the operation of the statute of limitations a point to be "determined" in the case, it is submitted that the plain letter of the Act No. III of 1843 absolutely precludes it from introducing that as a new point at the hearing-

2°. If the above ground should not be held valid

valid that, as a general principle of law it is not competent to the Court of last resort to raise a plea, which as observed by your Petitioner in his Answer in S. A. Suit No. 114 of 1850 was "not only not raised" (by the present special Respondent) in the original or appeal suits but was constructively abandoned in the latter after the Judge in the lower Court had mooted it in his decree - "your Petitioner is quite aware that the Appeal Court referred a question as to the date of the erection of the Traveller's Bungalow to the Subordinate Court of Salem, but this was no plea of the special Respondent- The Subi. Court took the question up in its rehearing of the case and decided that it did not affect the merits of the Suit. In carrying the case to a higher Court the special Respondent altogether omitted to advance this question as a plea of appeal and in so doing it is submitted must be taken to have so far assented to the Judgment of the Sub: Court, and to be thereby precluded from using it as a plea in an ulterior Court-

3°. That while it is an admitted principle that the possession must be an adverse one are the statute of limitations can run the Court has stated such adverse possession to exist

exist in this case upon a presumption that is not borne out by the circumstances on the Evidence-

It is held in the decree of the Court (in S. A. Suit No. 44 of 1850 but referred to in this Suit) that the land on which the Travellers Bungalow is erected was not held "on sufferance," but that it was "taken possession and made use of openly in the evident assertion of right thereto" of such fact not a particle of proof was adduced in the suit and it rests therefore on pure presumption. But in the Course of the suit Official documents were filed by which it was shewn that in the year 1821 the Government (the special Respondent) had declared land precisely similar to that in dispute to be the property of Mootahedars and that in the year 1824 this admission was reaffirmed, now in the self same year 1824 the Traveller's Bungalow in question was erected, and this simple fact, coupled with the circumstance of the then Mootadar of Salem being a female leads, it is submitted, to the entertainment of one only presumption Viz^t. that she willingly allowed the ground to be thus used for the accommodation of the public and of the members of the service with-out the idea ever entering her head, or it being

reasonable

reasonable to suppose that it would do so, that such use of it by the Government could be de-=nied to, or have the effect of depriving her of her otherwise good title to the land under cover of the Governments own law-

4- That in-as-much as the statute of limitations does not run where acquisition has been by unjust means of fraud the presence of this ingredient in the suit under consideration prevents it from being applied- The Mootah of Salem is held under a title derived from the Government- It must necessarily be assumed for the present argument that your Petitioner has claim under the Summud of his Mootah to the land now in dispute-- Then it follows that the Government in seeking to appropriate the latter without or against the consent of the Mootahedar are illegally depriving him of that which they had themselves conveyed to him for a consideration, a proceeding which in the eye of the law must be regarded as both unjust and fraudulent- The law even does not allow the term of limitation to run where property shall have been unjustly acquired by the person from whom the actual

occupant

occupant may have derived his title unless the latter had held it twelve years under a fair and honestly acquired title and a fortiori could not profit an occupant whom himself is the unjust usurper. It would only be urged that under another rule the claim should be put forward so soon as the fraud was discovered but in this case as the intention to appropriate altogether could not be known till a demand was made on account of the land the date of discovery of such intent must necessarily be that when a demand for rent was made and refused and as this occurred within the limitation the statute it is submitted cannot apply.-

5th. That the effect of the Courts Decision is at variance with this Court's Circular order of the 16th July 1829 in-as-much as it alters the decree in appeal to the prejudice of the appellant.-

For all which reasons your Petitioner now craves a review of the Judgment of your Honorable Court in this case.-

And as in duty bound will ever humbly pray.

Madras 23d. February 1852.

/Signed/ J. Ouchterlony.
Pleader.

Order thereon-

sent in reply.-

Ordered that the following letter be sent.

To,

(35)

Bd. No. 467.

To Messrs. Dale and Boyson
Pleaders Sudr Court.

Inclos: 11th March 1852.

To,
Messrs. Dale and Boyson
Pleaders Sudr Court.

Gentlemen,

1. With reference to your letter of 9th March 1852, I am directed by the Board of Revenue to inform you that after the orders of the Court of Sudr Udalut have been passed upon the Petition presented by Mr. Ouchterlony, on the part of Mr. Fischer, they will decide whether it will be necessary to request your further services on behalf of Government.-

2. The Government Vakeel has direction to report to the Board the result of Mr. Ouchterlony's Petitions.-

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
11th March 1852.

/Signed/ W. H. Bayley.
Secretary.

Ordered also that the following letter be sent in consequence.-

(34-36)

To, The Government Vakeel
Sudr Court.

Bd. No. 468.

Sir,

To the Government Vakeel
Sudr Court.

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to request that you will report to this Office, any orders which

Fort St. George 11th March 1852.

which the Court of Sudder Udalut may pass upon the two Petitions presented by Mr. Ouchterlony on behalf of Mr. Fischer, under date 23d February 1852, on the subject of S. A. S. 44 of 1850 and 6 of 1851.

From Dale and Boyson 9th inst. 11th March 1852.

2- Copies of these Petitions have been furnished to the Board by Messrs. Dale and Boyson-

Revenue Board Office, Fort St. George 11th March, 1852

/Signed/ W. H. Bayley. Secretary-

Resolved that the following letter be despatched.-

No. 91.

To, The Chief Secretary to Government.

37

Bd. No. 480.

To the Chief Secretary to Government

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to submit the accompanying Return of the sales of Salt for the quarter ending 31st July 1851. prepared according to the order from the Government of India

Fort St. George 11th March 1852.

India dated 17th May received with the Extract from the Minutes of Consultation of Government dated 7th June 1845.-

Revenue Board Office, Fort St. George, 11th March, 1852

/Signed/ W. H. Bayley. Secretary.

Comparative

3672.

Fort St. George

11th March 1852.

No. 1. Comparative Statement shewing the Quantity of Salt sold for Home and Inland Consumption its price per Maund and the proceeds realized from its Sale in all the Maritime Districts under the Madras Presidency for the quarter ending 31st July 1849-1850 and 1851 respectively

	1st May to 31st July 1849.						1st May to 31st July 1850.						1st May to 31st July 1851.						Remarks
	Quantity of Salt.		Rate of price per Indian Maund.		Amount.		Quantity of Salt.		Rate of price per Indian Maund		Amount.		Quantity of Salt.		Rate of price per Indian Maund		Amount.		
	J. Mds	Sc.	Rs	a	p	Rs	J. Mds	Sc.	Rs	a	p	Rs	J. Mds	Sc.	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	
Ganjam	33820	5	1	"	"	33820	2	"	30509	5	"										
Vizagapatam	39746	28	"	1	"	39750	4	"	21770	38	1/2										
Rajahmundry	18347	"	"	1	"	18347	"	"	12888	"	"										
	360	"	"	"	9 60/100	18	"	"	360	"	"										
Masulipatam	21679	20	"	1	"	21679	8	"	22387	20	"										
Guntoor	31195	8	"	1	"	31195	3	1	36265	20	"										
	18000	"	"	"	15 4	17250	"	"	20100	"	"										
Nellore	79770	"	"	1	"	79770	"	"	63963	36	"										
	1200	"	"	"	15 4	1150	"	"	1200	"	"										
Chingleput	49449	"	"	1	"	49449	"	"	82366	20	"										
North Division of Arcot (From 1st May to 11th July 1849-50 and 1851 respectively)	3087	"	"	1	"	3087	"	"	4291	20	"										
Southern Division of Arcot	26871	"	"	1	"	26871	"	"	56589	12	"										
Tanjore	127440	"	"	1	"	127440	"	"	112902	"	"										
	3600	"	"	"	1 80/100	390	"	"	3240	"	"										
Madura	48199	20	"	1	"	48199	8	"	81687	"	"										
Tinnevelly	78270	"	"	1	"	78270	"	"	94138	20	"										
Canara	114736	32	12	1	"	114736	13	5	157496	10	6										
	354	"	"	"	2 68/100	58	5	4	657	12	"										
Malabar	26315	30	"	1	"	26315	12	"	25193	"	"										
	64816	28	12	"	15 11 79/100	64807	10	11	48742	33	"										
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	500	"	"										
Madras	105425	"	"	1	"	105425	"	"	117120	"	"										
	1728	"	"	"	8	864	"	"	"	"	"										
Total	957041	11	8	"	"	951524	2	9	1051669	6	6		704601	6	6	1096974	10	1	1088727	13	7	

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George, 11th March, 1852.

(Signed) W. H. Bayley
Sec.t

Fort St. George 11th March 1852

Resolved that the following Circular be despatched.

38

Circular to all Collectors except Sea Customs Madras

Copy to Commissioner of Circars.

B°. N°. 491
Circular to all Collectors except Sea Customs Madras Copy to Commrs. N°. Circars
25th May 1848 Pub 445
29th April 1850 B 528

Sir,

In the Circular orders of the Board of Revenue noted in the margin, it is laid down that no Choultry will be entitled to an Endowment from Government unless it furnishes accommodation for all classes of the Community.

2 The Board have since observed that with a view of meeting the requirements of the above orders parties seeking Endowments have erected temporary Sheds, or other insecure or inappropriate Buildings for Christians, Mahommedans, Pariahs &c. whilst nearly the entire outlay has been expended upon a Building intended exclusively for particular Classes. They therefore deem it necessary to notify that such Buildings will not in future be considered entitled to any Endowment from the State.

3 I am desired to forward herewith a rough plan of a Choultry which you will perceive consists of two distinct Buildings of similar size and description, one being intended for Brahmins and

Fort St. George 11th March 1852

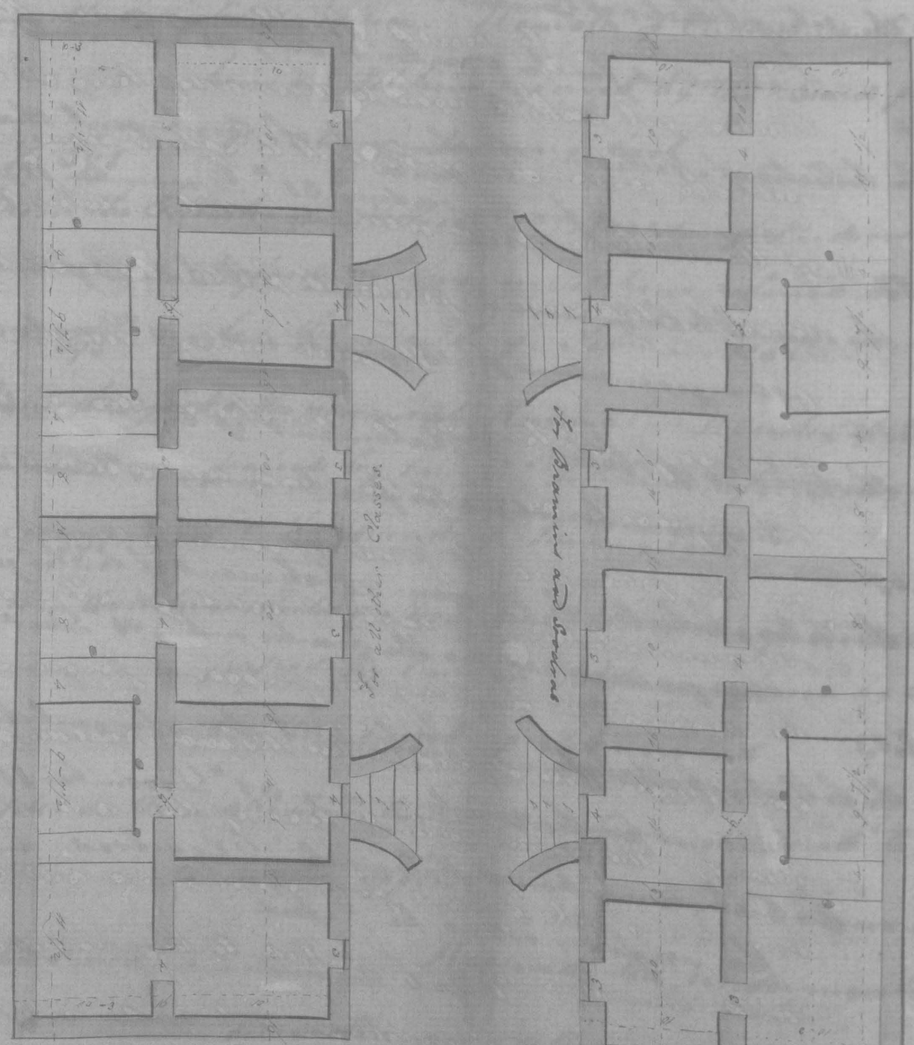
and Sundries the other for the remaining Classes of the people. The Board request that you will exhibit this plan to parties applying for permission to build Choultrums under the Rules - not with a view to their adopting it in all its arrangements, but to afford some idea of the nature of the accommodation which it is expected will be provided for the different Classes.

4 It will not of course be always practicable to construct two Buildings on opposite sides of the Road, as exhibited in the plan, or to provide exactly similar accommodation in each Building. It would be desirable as long as present prejudices exist that there should be two distinct Buildings of nearly the same extent, description and value, one being set a part for Brahmins and Sudras, and the other appropriated to the various other Classes of Travellers - but under any circumstances the building for the latter should not furnish less accommodation than is shewn in the accompanying Plan.

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George,
11th March 1852

/Signed/ W. H. Bayley
Secretary

Plan



Received the undermentioned

39 Statements.

No. 402

From the acting Collector of Guntoor. Statement of Contingent Charges

40 incurred for the quarter ending 31st December 1851.

No. 434

From the Collector of Nellore. Statement of Contingent Charges

41 incurred for the quarter ending 31st December 1851.

No. 397

From the agent to the Governor at Kurnool. Statement of Contingent

42 charges incurred for the quarter ending 31st December 1851.

No. 285

From the Collector of Salem. Statement of Contingent

43 Charges incurred for the quarter ending 31st December 1851.

No. 401

From the acting Collector of Tanjore. Statement of Contingent

44 charges incurred for the quarter ending 31st Decr 1851.

No. 403

From the Collector of Malabar. Statement of Contingent charges

39-45 incurred for the quarter ending 31st December 1851

Order on the 6 above mentioned Statements. Resolved that

the necessary orders be passed.

Read the undermentioned Statements

46

No. 610

From the acting Collector of Guntoor. Comparative Statement

shewing the quantity of Salt sold for Home and Inland

consumption for the quarter ending 31st January last.

47

No. 605

From the acting Collr. of Tanjore. Comparative Statement

shewing the quantity of Salt sold for Home and

Inland consumption for the quarter ending

31st January last.

Order

46-48

Order on the 2 abovementioned Statements - Ordered to lie over.

Read the undermentioned Registers -

49
№ 597

From the Collector of Nellore - Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board for the Months of January last.

50
№ 598

From the Collector of Nellore - Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board for the Month of February 1852.

51
№ 595

From the agent to the Governor at Kurnool - Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board for the Months of January last.

52
№ 596

From the acting Collector of Northarcot - Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board for the Months of February last.

49-53

Order on the 4 abovementioned Registers - Ordered to be lodged in the Office.

Received the undermentioned Miscellanious Letters and Statements.

54
№ 272

From the Collector of Salem - Return of fines imposed and stoppages made from the Pay of the

55

Public Servants for the quarter ending 31st December last.

Ausfer № 272.

From the Collector of Salem - Return of alterations that have occurred in the List of fines and stoppages for

56

for the quarter ending 31st December last -

№ 271

From the Collector of Salem - Reporting that certain returns were not forwarded for the quarter

57
№ 273

ending 31st December last -

From the Collector of Masulipatam - Abstract of Demand Collection and Balance for the Months of

58

January last -

№ 274

From the Collector of Masulipatam - Statement shewing the average Bazar wholesale Prices of Grain

59

and Salt for the Months of January last -

№ 269

From the agent to the Governor at Kurnool } Return of Persons

charged with offences under Regulation IX of

60

1822 for the Months of January last

№ 268

From the agent to the Governor at Kurnool } Reporting that the Return

of Persons convicted and confined under Regulation

61

IX of 1822 was not forwarded for the Months of Jan last -

№ 267

From the agent to the Governor at Kurnool - Return of Village Servants suspended and dismissed under Regulation VI of 1831 for the Months

A

62
N. 219

of January last.

From the Collector of Maculipatam. Submitting an Indent for printed Salt Rowannahs.

62:63

Order thereon. Ordered to be supplied accordingly.

N. 242

From the Collector of Canara. Statement of smuggled Tobacco recommended for confiscation for the months of December last.

64

64-65

Order thereon. Ordered that the confiscation and sale of the smuggled Tobacco enumerated in the abovementioned Statement be authorized

" Goldingham

" T. L. Blane

Compd
J. G. Boyle

No Diary

At a Meeting Present

Monday 15th March 1852

J. Goldingham Esqre. Second Member

T. L. Blane Esqre. Third Member.

Walter Elliot Esqre. Senior Member.

Absent on duty as Commissioner Northern Circars.

Minutes of the last Meeting read and approved.

1

Read the following Extract.

No. 213.

B. No. 563.

From the Secretary to Government

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department Under date the 2d. March 1852.

Read the following letter from the Commissioner for the Northern Circars.

Here enter 5th. February 1852. No. 9.

Para 1. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council grants authority for writing off in the accounts of the Guntoor Collectorate the value of unused stamps refunded to the purchasers in fusalies 1255 to 1260 Amounting

amounting to Rupees 566-12 / five hundred and sixty six and Annas twelve—

2. The Orders of Government under date 30th March 1844 declining to grant to Collectors general authority for refunding the value of unused stamp papers and desiring that application for sanctioning payment of such refunds should be submitted as occasions might arise do not appear to have been communicated to all Collectors and should now be circulated—

/ A true Extract /
/ Signed / T. Pycroft
Secretary to Government

Order thereon

Ordered that the following Circular be addressed to all Collectors and Copy furnished to Superintendent of Stamps—

(1 & 2)

B/d No. 504

Circular.

Sir,

Circular

I am directed by the Board of Revenue under instructions from Government to inform you, that Collectors are not authorized to refund the value of unused stamp paper, but that applications for sanctioning payment of such refunds should be submitted as occasions may arise—

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
15th March 1852

/ Signed / W. H. Bayley
Secretary

B/d No. 586.

From the Secretary to Government dated 2d March 1852.

(3) Read Extract—

Forwarding a letter from the Senior Deputy Register to the Foujdary Udalut, intimating the opinion of that Court in certain cases, in which the Sessions Judge of Masulipatam, rejected the evidence of some witnesses, on the ground of their complicity in the offence charged.

(3-4) Order thereon. Ordered to be recorded—

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(5) Read the following Extracts.

B/d No. 565.

From the Secy to Government

No. 214—

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department under date the 2d March 1852.

Read the following letter from the Secretary to the Board of Revenue—

/ Here enter 9th February 1852 No. 55 /

Resolved that application be made to the Honorable Court of Directors for a supply of 337 lbs of English wheat seed for experimental purposes in the Madura and Coimbatore Districts, and that the Government of Bengal be also solicited for a further supply of 86½ bushels of Bengal wheat seed of the descriptions termed Bissee and Jalalya in equal proportions for—

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.

for distribution in the Districts named by the Board of Revenue.—

/ A true Extract /
/ Signed / T. Pycroft.
Secretary to Government

5-6

Bd. No. 492.
Order thereon.

Ordered that the foregoing Extract from Minutes of Consultation be communicated to the Collectors of the Districts noted in the Margin, with intimation that the Seed wheat applied for by them is included in the quantities specified by Government.—

Madura
Coimbatore
Bellary
Cuddapah
Kurnool
Salem
Trichinopoly

7

Bd. No. 562.
From the Secy. to Government

No. 206

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department under date the 2d March 1852.—

Read the following Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Wards.—

/ Here enter 9th February 1852 No. 57 /

1. The Settlement of the land in the Cabistalum Estate in the Tanjore Province amounted for Fusly 1260 to Rupees 27716 and with the addition of other items made an aggregate of Rupees 33336 which was

Fort St. George 15th March 1852

was Rupees 4599 above that of Fusly 1259 and is attributed chiefly to a more favorable season and higher prices. Of the above demand Rupees 28603 were collected within the Fusly. and the balance of Rupees 4733 outstanding at its close has since been reduced to Rupees 225.—

2. Inclusive of Rupees 3806 on account of arrears and Rupees 7950 on hand at the commencement of the year, the gross receipts were Rupees 40359. of which Peishcush, and Charges of Management and subsistence &c. being deducted there remained a surplus of Rupees 9060.

/ A true Extract /
/ Signed / T. Pycroft
Secretary to Government

7-8

Bd. No. 487.
Order thereon.

Ordered to be communicated to the Acting Collector of Tanjore with reference to the Courts Proceedings dated 9th February 1852.

Read

3085 Fort St. George 15th. March 1852.

9

B.d No. 599.

From the Dy. Secretary to Government

Read the following Order.

Order of Government on the Petitions from Seshagherry row late Yeomiah Moosthruff in the Hoozoor Cutchery of Chittoor and A. Timmiah residing Tripaty in North Arcot No. 2016 of 1851 and No. 124 of 1852.

Forwarded to the Board of Revenue, who will instruct the Acting Collector of North Arcot to hold a preliminary enquiry into the allegations contained in these Petitions and, if they see ground for further proceedings, will recall Tolasings Chetty to answer such charges as may then appear against him.—

By Order

(Signed) J. D. Sim

Dy. Secretary to Government

Fort St. George
5th. March 1852

B.d No. 496.

Resolution thereon

9-10

Resolved that a copy of the foregoing order of Government together with the two Petitions therein referred to be forwarded to the Acting Collector of North Arcot, who is requested to institute the enquiry as directed, and report the result to the Board.—

3086 Fort St. George 15th. March 1852.

11

B.d No. 606.

From the Secy. to Government

Read the following Resolution

No. 224.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation dated 5th. March 1852.—

(From Board 16th. February 1852)

Resolved that the Collector of Trichinopoly be authorized to disburse, subject to audit, the arrears of Yeomiah due to Cawder Ally from 1st. August 1850 to 31st. December 1851 amounting to Rupees (25-0-11) Twenty five and Fice Eleven, and to continue the payment of his allowance for the future.—

2 The date of the sanction of Government (which has been noted in red Ink) should have been quoted in support of the grant and not that of the orders of the Board of Revenue.—

By Order

(Signed) T. Sycroft

Secretary to Government.

11-12

B.d No. 502

Order thereon

Ordered to be communicated to the Collector of Trichinopoly with reference to his Statement dated 30th. January 1852.

In Cons 16th Febry. 1852.

2. The date quoted by Government in red ink on the Collector's Statement is 13th. Sept. 1847. No. 174.—

Read the following letter
No. 6

To
W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

13

Bd. No. 640.
From the Special Agent Vizianagaram

Sir,

With reference to my letter of the 7th January last giving covers to an Indent for the Stationery required for the use of my Office, I have the honor to request that the sanction of the Board may speedily be obtained the supply of the Articles therein specified being urgently wanted.

Vizianagram Zemindary
Bimlipatam Special
Agent's Circuit Office,
8th March 1852

(Signed) F. H. Crozier
Special Agent.

Bd. No. 484.
Order thereon.

13-14

Ordered that copy of the foregoing letter be forwarded to the Superintendent of Stationery with a request that he will, if he has not already done so, despatch at once the Articles required by the special Agent in Vizianagrum.

Read

Read again Statement from the Acting Collector of Guntoor dated 24th February and entered in Miscellaneous Consultation 4th March 1852, of Demand Collection and Balance for the Month of January last Fusly 1252.

15

Bd. No. 490.
Proceedings thereon.

Statement No. 2 Col. 23.

A large decrease of Rs. 6,399-5-9. and Rupees 36,315-7-4 is observable in the above Statement under the heads of Land and Salt revenue Collections respectively and the Cause of the deficiency is not explained. The Collector is requested not only to account for the above decrease but also to exhibit in his future monthly Statement the cause of any falling off in the Collections, agreeably to the instructions conveyed in the Board's Circular orders noted in the Margin.

29th March 1827
16th February 1835
24th October 1836
21st May 1849.

Read the following letter.
No. 11.

16

To
W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

Bd. No. 639.
From the Actg Collr of Guntoor

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 26th Ultimo, and in reply beg to forward herewith a Statement showing the Gross Collections, Charges and Net Revenue of the Chowkies in this District on the Hyderabad Frontier during Fusly 1260.

Guntoor District
Collector's Office (anza)
9th March 1852

(Signed) A. Purvis
Acting Collector

Read

3689 Fort St. George 15th. March 1852.

Statement showing the Receipt Charges and Net Revenue of the Frontier Chowkies on the District of Guntoor for Fasly 1260—

Chowkies	Receipts on account of Sale proceeds of Smuggled Articles		Charges of the Establishments including Revenue Sudeewards		Total		Net Revenue	
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	
Dattchapully / Exports /	2749 7 8	~ ~	441 11 1	~ ~	2307 12 7	~ ~		
Condigoor / Imports /	996 5 5	3 7 6	894 14 ~	~ ~	101 14 11	~ ~		
	3745 13 1	3 7 6	1339 9 1	~ ~	2409 11 6	~ ~		
Salt Establishments employed at certain Ferries to prevent goods from being smuggled by unauthorized routes			288 ~ ~	~ ~				
			345 9 1				665 9 1	
Boat Establishments			30 7 6					
			375 9 1				665 9 1	
			Remaining				1740 2 5	

Guntoor District, Collector's Office, Cuttapa 9th. March 1852.

/ Signed / A. Pennell
Acting Collector

Ordered

3690 Fort St. George 15th. March 1852.

Order thereon

Ordered to lie over

16-17

Read the following letter

No. 19—

To

W. H. Bayley Esqre.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

18

Bd. No. 528.

Sir,

From the Collector of Nellore—

I have the honor to report for the information of the Board of Revenue that there are at present 120000 Maunds of White Salt available for exportation on private trade to Calcutta for the season 1852/53 at the Ports noted in the Margin—

† Pennaur 20,000
Escapully 60,000
Kristna patam 40,000

Nellore District,
Escapully,
Collector's Cutcherry,
27th. February 1852

/ Signed / D. White
Collector

Bd. No. 486.

Order thereon

18-19

Ordered that a Statement of the quantity of Salt available in the District of Nellore for Export to Calcutta on private trade be published in the Fort St. George Gazette and that the Collector be requested to furnish the usual monthly Statement as here to fore—

From

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.

No. 556

From the Collector of Nellore—

20

Read Statement of Extra Tent allowance drawn by himself and his Subordinates for Fasly 1260—

20-21 Bd. No. 500

Proceedings thereon.

Mr. D. White Collector for 85 days
" A. Purvis Sub Collector for 117 "
" C. T. Arbuthnot Asst. Sub Coll. for 23 "
" C. H. Bird Asst. Head Asst. Collector for } 79 "
" H. Morris Assistant Coll. for 69 "

The Board sanction the Extra Tent allowance drawn by each Officer, for the No. of days noted in the Margin—

Ordered that a copy of the foregoing Proceedings be transmitted to Civil Auditor for his information—

Read the following letter No. 16—

22

To

W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

Bd. No. 371.

From the Collector of Cuddapah—

Sir

I have the honor to reply to the Boards' proceedings of the 3d of 1851.

+ herewith sent returns in the matter of petition No. 2111

2.

In referring to the Office copy of

L. & B.

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.

of Mr. Lacon's Statement of Lapses dated the 6th of September 1831, I have failed to find any reference to Summuds on the contrary it is stated that "no summud is forthcoming" On this point it appears probable that through inadvertence the entry No. 68 in the Statement may have been examined instead of No. 106 which stands just below it, as in the former the amount of Yeomiah under reference is almost exactly the same as in the letter, and in it, Summuds are specially mentioned.

3 I find that in a taKeed framed by Mr. Lacon on the 7th of June 1832, the service for which the Yeomiah was granted is called — Kismut or the Jumma musjeed, while in a taKeed of Mr. Lavie's dated the 23d April 1840 the Yeomiah is said to be continued for the support of a Naikan. In the Office Copy of the Yeomiah certificates made by Mr. Arbuthnot in 1842 a remark dated 18th April is entered opposite to the certificate of this Yeomiah to the effect that although it is termed Muddad mash in Mr. Reid's Register the holder of it acts as Kismut and Keeps the light in —

Jummah

Jummaa Mugeed of Royachoty.

4. There is no other support to the institution than this yeomiah, nor has it any other servants than petitioner.

Cuddapah District.
Collector's Circuit Cutcherry
Poolevaindlah 7th February 1852

/ Signed / H. Forbes
Collector

Ordered that the foregoing letter be submitted with the following address

No 93.

(22-23)
B^d No 495
To the Chief Secretary to Government

To The Chief Secretary to Government

Sir,

With reference to the order of Government 20th January 1840 communicating letter from the Government of India 23d December 1839 sanctioning the continuance of the yeomiah of Rupees 21-15-2. to Syed Khoodh the brother of a former incumbent "on condition "of his performing the service of sweeping "and keeping a lamp in the Mugeed at "Royachoty", I am desired by the Board of Revenue to submit the accompanying Petition from that individual wherein he complains that

Submitting Petition No 2010 of 1851 complaining that the late Coll^r of Cuddapah in renewing the Petitioners certificate of yeomiah declared it to be a life grant, together with a letter from the Collector and recommending that the Petitioner might receive an assurance from the Coll^r that the Yeomiah will not be limited for life if the conditions on which it was continued be properly fulfilled.

No 2010 of 1851

that in renewing his certificate the late Collector declared it to be a life grant, and in enclosing the present Collector's endorsement he prays that the error may be rectified.

2 It does not appear to have been the intention of Government in their order or in the letter from the Government of India to limit the grant "for life" but to continue it "on conditions", &c., but from the endorsement of Mr Forbes on this Petition it would appear that the original Yeomiah was entered in Mr Rose's Register as a life grant, and although service is continued, yet he is of opinion that Mr Rose's Register should be adhered to.

I am also desired to submit a letter on the subject from Mr Forbes dated 7th February 1852, from para 3 of which it will be seen that in a Sa Reed of 7th June 1832, Mr Lacon termed the service to be Kismut of the Jummaa Mugeed of Royachoty, while in one from M. Lane of 23d April 1840 it is said to be continued for the support of a Makan and a remark of Mr Arbuthnot

In Cons 15th March 1852

of

of 18th April 1842, shows that although entered as a Muddudmash Grant in Mr. Rose's Register the holder of it acts as Khismut and keeps a light in the Jumma Musjeed of Royacoty- Mr Forbes adds in para 4 that the institution has no other support nor any other servant than Petitioner-

Under these circumstances the Board consider that the Petitioner might receive an assurance from the Collector that the Yeomiah will not be limited for life, if the conditions on which it was intended that the yeomiah should be continued to him are properly fulfilled.

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George.
15th March 1852

/Signed/ W. H. Bayley
Secretary.

Read the following letter
No. 20-

From W. H. Bayley Esqre.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St George.

To

The Collector of
Cuddapah

Sir.

24

B° No. 410

From the Collector of Cuddapah, dated 12th Feby 1852, affording the information called for in the Board's letter of the 20th November last respecting the management of tomb and Mosque at Goorrumcondah and forwarding a statement of the former and present Establishment attached thereto-

Para 1- I have had the honor to receive your letter of the 20th of November last.

2 Meer Mahomed allikhan who was nominated by the Board to the charge of the tomb and Mosque at Goorrumcondah, addressed the acting Collector

Collector Mr. Arbuthnot in 1842, and requested that as he was himself residing permanently at Nyasse where his eldest son also lived his second son Meer Moorad alli might be nominated as his Goomastah in the management of the institution in question, this request was granted by the Collector and ever since Meer Moorad alli has officiated as the Durmakurtah-

3 The death of Meer Mahomed allikhan has vacated the Office, and the Board will decide on whom they will be pleased to bestow it-

4 In obedience to the Board's direction I have called upon Meer Moorad alli to furnish a list of all the servants dismissed by him since he assumed charge of the tomb and mosque, with the reasons for the dismissal of each, and as the Board will see from the Copy of this list which I now enclose, that not only has nearly every servant been changed, but that the pay of all has been more or less reduced- Meer Moorad alli has informed me that the money thus saved in the servants pay has been expended on the institution in other ways

5 In the last column of the Statement are entered in brief the reasons given for the dismissal of such of the servants as Meer Moorad alli has assigned any cause for discharging and I propose to carry out the Board's instructions regarding the restoration of those who have been discharged on insufficient grounds, when I shall be at Goorrumcondah a few weeks hence for the conduct of the revenue settlement-

Cuddapah District
Collector's Office on Circuit
Poolevendalah, 12th Febuary 1852

/Signed/ H. Forbes
Collector

Statement

3697

Fort St George 15th March 1852

Statement shewing the former and the present establishment attached to the tomb of Meer Rajah allikhan at Goorrumcondah in the District of Cuddapah.

No	Names of the Servants employed previous to the tomb having been entrusted to the charge of Meer Mahomed allikhan	Amount of monthly salary then paid	Names of Servants at present employed.	Monthly pay at present	Amount of reduction made	Causes of dismissal
		Rs a p		Rs a p	Rs a p	
1	1st Daregah Moorad beig	21 1 "	Daregah Boodden Sahib ——	8 " "	13 1 "	Having agreed with other Servants to complain against Meer Morad alli to the Collector
			account writer Sarasse Hider Kahn	3 " "		
2	2d Daregah Syed Abdoolcauder	9 10 "	Original person abdoolcauder —	2 " "	1 10 "	
			Fakeer Saib who does the duty —	6 " "		
3	Mootsuddee Janakeeramiah	12 . 6	Baulanjeerow ——	11 " "	1 " 6	Having in a deposition before the Criminal Court said that Meer Morad alli would punish him if he spoke the whole truth.
4	Hanfeez Syed Hydur ——	4 . 2	The same individual ——	4 " "	" " 2	
5	Do Sharafoodeen ——	4 " "	Mahommud Morad ——	4 " "	" " "	died before Meer Morad alli received charge, has not appointed to succeed
	12 February 1852 —5		11 —— 4 peons ——	3	1	Collector

The

6	Dr Syed Mahodeen	4		[illegible]					
	Dr Syed Ibrahim	4	"	Gnam Khan					
7									
8	Nagurchee Jamadar Selam Mahomud	6	6 8	Mahommud Mugadoom	4	"	2	6 8	
9	Dhunka Navang Seapoy Mustaun	4	2	Sheik Ghoudoo	3	"	1	2	
10	Damaumy Mahomud Commer	4	2	Mahommud Essuff	2	"	2	2	"
11	Kurna Dee Canal Mahommed	4	" 2	Mahommud Oommur	3	"	1	2	A sipoy last dismissed because a bundle belonging to Balagaerow was stolen when he was ordered to serve as guard
12	Surnadee Sheik Madar	4	13 "	Sheik Audum	4	8	"	5	"
13	Ikangee Sheik Goodoo	3	3 4	Sheik Moorand	2	"	"	3 4	"
14	Ghadeya Lazy Banbanjee	3	3 4	The same individual	2	"	"	1 3 4	
15	Dr Sheik Mohadeen	3	3 4	Syed Nizamuddeen	2	"	"	1 3 4	
15	Subedaur Sheik Jamaul	2	6 6	Sheik Mohadeen	2	"			
16	Farash Sheik ahommud	2	6 6	Sheik Hussunnoo	2	"			
17	Dhalayet Faker ahomed	2	6 6	Berambeig	2	"			
18	Mougawur Sheik Beram	2	6 6	Dhalayet	3	"		10	" Absent from duty for 2 or 4 days
19									
20	Pesh Emam Noorby's gomastah Mahodeen Cutchan	8	4	Original person Not robbed	2	"			
				Abdool Haleem doing duty	4	"	2	4	Dr for a few days
21	Hoosein Khan for Moodarus Goolam Hyder	4	" 2	Hoosein Khan	3	8	"	8 2	Unfit for duty
22	Mauvozun Abdoolla Saib	4	2	Mooza Saheb	3	"	1	" 2	
23	Maulee Duffadar Venket ramoodoo	3	3 4	Bhavance Sing	2	"	"	1 3 4	Inattentive
24	Maulee Soobbah	2	10 10	Chengadoo	2	"	"	" 10 10	Went to Madras to complain
25	Maulee Kristna	2	10 10	The same individual	2	"	"	10 10	
		128	13 6					34 5 6	
				Number of Servants at present increased	"	"	"	11 8 "	
					105	"			
				1 Fareed meyah	2	"			
				2 Soonnachy Sheik Madar	3	8			
				3 Ghadeyarbee Sheik Madar	2	"			
				4 Khakur Sheik Morand	2	"			
				5 Manly Banagee	2	"			
					11	8 "		11 8 "	
				Remaining amount of Decrease				22 13 6	

Cuddapah District
Collector's Office on
Circuit Poolevendlah
12th February 1852

/Signed/ H. Forbes
Collector

The

Bd No 501
Proceedings
24-25

thereon. The Board approve of the Collector's proposal to carry out their instructions for the restoration of the servants who have been discharged upon insufficient grounds.

2 He will submit the usual Tabular Report of the lapsed Enam by the death of Mir Mahomed Ali Khan after nominating his Successor.

Read the following letter.

No 8.

To W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St George.

Bd No 631
From the Agent to the Governor at Kurnool

Sir

With reference to your letter of the 26th Ultimo, I have the honor to transmit a Statement shewing the gross collections charges and Net Revenue of the Chowkies in this District situated on the Hyderabad Frontier during the past Fusly 1260.

Kurnool District
Governor Agent's Office
on Circuit Sirwell
1st March 1852

/Signed/ T. B. A. Conway
Agent to the Governor

Statement

Statement shewing the Gross Collections charges and Net on the Hyderabad Frontier during the Fusly 1260.

Talook	Number	Names of Chowkies	Gross Collections		
			Rupees	Annas	Pie
		1	2		
Goodoor	1	Purmatasingavarum	371	13	2
	2	Yadaroor	582	9	6
	3	Gopaulsingavarum	332	6	7
	4	Mamedalpaud	119	6	3
		Total	1,406	3	6
Kurnool	5	Rajaghaut	1,454	10	6
	6	Calaulghaut	845	3	11
		Total	2,299	14	5
Nundicotoor	7	Sidhaiswer	255	7	9
	8	Moorvaiconda	895	11	2
	9	Doorgy	1,077	2	5
		Total	2,228	8	4
		Grand Total	5,934	11	3

Kurnool District, Governor Agent's Office, on Circuit

5th March 1852.

Revenue of the Chowkies in the Hurnool District situated

Gross Collections			Deduct charges				Net Revenue	Net charges
Extra Collection	Total		Salaries	Sunderwards	Extra Revenue charges	Total		
3	4		5	6	7	8	9	10
1 1 9	372 14 11		261 " "	12 " "	" " "	273 " "	99 14 11	" " "
" 4 "	582 13 6		249 8 6	12 " "	" " "	261 8 6	321 5 "	" " "
" 7 1	332 13 8		206 " "	9 " "	" " "	215 " "	117 13 8	" " "
" " 2	119 6 5		252 " "	9 " "	" " "	261 " "	" " "	141 9 7
1 13 "	1,408 " 6	968 8 6	42 " "	" "	" "	1010 8 6	539 1 7	" " "
57 1 3	1,505 11 9		317 " "	12 " "	12 14 "	341 14 "	1,163 13 9	" " "
2 7 1	847 11 "		168 " "	9 " "	1 10 "	178 10 "	669 1 "	" " "
53 8 4	2,353 6 9		485 " "	21 " "	14 8 "	520 8 "	1,832 14 9	" " "
" " "	255 7 9		168 " "	9 " "	" " "	177 " "	78 7 9	" " "
" " "	895 14 2		210 " "	9 " "	" " "	219 " "	676 14 2	" " "
2 6 5	1,079 8 10		252 " "	9 " "	" " "	261 " "	818 8 11	" " "
2 6 5	2,230 14 9		630 " "	27 " "	" " "	657 " "	1,573 14 9	" " "
57 11 9	5,992 6 "	2,083 8 6	90 " "	14 8 "	2188 "	6,925 15 1	" " "	

Deduct Amount of Net charges in Column 10 ——— 141 9 7

Net Revenue — 3,804 5 6

Sirwell, 6th March 1852.

(Signed) J. B. A. Conway
Agent to the Govt

(26.27)

Order thereon. Ordered to lie over.

No 624

From the Collector of Chingleput } Read letter stating that no

(28) Persons were charged and no appeals preferred under Regulation IX of 1822 during the Half year ending 31st December last.

(28.29)

Order thereon. Ordered to be recorded.

Read the following letter.

No 15

To W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the Board
of Revenue
Fort St George

(30)

Bd No 527 Sir.

From the Acting Collector of North Arcot } Para 1. In reply to your letter dated the 23d Instant, requesting me to submit the application regarding the transfer of the pension payable to Syed Cawder Mohadeen Saib Enamdar of Chedwall, and to explain the

the cause of the delay in my office and to what department it is to be ascribed, I have the honor to state that the application will be submitted immediately that a descriptive roll has been obtained from the Collector of Madras, to whom I have written on the subject, and the identity of the pensioner has been ascertained by that officer.

2. The delay in submitting the application has been occasioned in part by the late Acting Collector having written to the Chief Magistrate of Madras to prepare a descriptive roll instead of the Collector. The further delay since I took charge must be ascribed to the case having been over looked.

North Arcot
Collector's Circuit Cutchery
Conjeveram 27th February
1852 } (Signed) H. A. Brett
Acting Collector

Ordered

Order thereon. Ordered that the following letter be sent inconsequence.

30-31

B.C. No 289. To The Acting Collector of North Arcot.

Sir,

To the Acting Collector of North Arcot

Adverting to your letter of the 27th Ultimo respecting the delay occasioned in submitting the application for the transfer of the pension payable to Syed Cawder Mahadeen Sahib Saw directed by the Board of Revenue to inform you that the Cramdar in question has been in personal attendance at their office, and states that his descriptive roll was taken by the Superintendant of Police last September and forwarded to the Acting Collector.

Revenue Board Office
Fort St George
15th March 1852

(Signed) W.H. Bayley
Secretary

Read

Read the following letter.

No 6

To, W.H. Bayley Esqr
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue,
Fort St George.

32

B.C. No 241 Sir,

From the Collector of Salem - - - -

I have the honor to submit the undermentioned Statements of Charges not estimated for but actually incurred in Fusly 1260 and to request you will obtain the sanction of Government for the sums disbursed Viz: Statement of Charges with 9 Enclosures - - 7,889-3-5.

Statement of Magisterial Charges with 5 enclosures - - 1,834-13-7

and amounting to Company's Rupees 9,724-1-.

Salem Collectors Cutcherry, 20th January, 1852 - - - -

(Signed) H.D. Phillips
Collector.

32-33

Ordered to be recorded.

Order thereon.
(Vide Remarks to Govt 15th March 1852)

B.C. No 638

From the Collector of South Arcot. Read letter stating that no Register of Petitions was forwarded for the Month of February last, no Board Petitions being disposed of.-

34

Ordered

Order thereon. Ordered to be recorded.

34-35

Read the following letters

No 7

To, W. H. Bayley Esqre

Secretary to the

Board of Revenue,

Fort St George.

36

Bo No 359

From the Asst Collector of Tanjore ---

Furnishing information regarding Salt wastage.-

Sir.

With reference to the Board's Extract of the 22nd Ultimo, I have the honor to state that in this District salt is not stored as soon as it produced in consequence of it's being in a wet state. It is kept in the Pans for upwards of 30 days and when perfectly dry is carried to the plat-form at the expense of the manufacturers, and stacked in heaps of 10 Garce - no salt is disposed of while at the Pans nor until it is stored and keeped.-

2 The wastage (1,648 Indian Marcals) has occurred in the quantity stored and sold in Fasly 1259 but was not adjusted until the sanction of Government has been obtained for writing it off. This quantity was therefore included in 1,56,443 Indian Marcals entered in the 2 quarter ending 11th July 1851 and since deducted as per order of Government conveyed in a letter from the Secretary to the

Vide 4th 2 quarter

the Board of Revenue dated 8th May 1851.-

3. No waram is paid for any quantity of Salt that may be found in excess of the quantity stored but the 57,052 Indian Maunds included in the accounts of the actual produce of the year under consideration are not of this description. Although that quantity is entered in the accounts as "gain by measurement" it is in reality an over-plus produced beyond the "dittam" or amount ordered to be manufactured in the various Cotaurs. This is included in the actual produce and the Waram is inconsequence regularly paid.-

Tanjore, 7th February, 1852.-

Bo No 499

Proceedings thereon

36-37

(Signed) T. V. Goodwyn
Asst Collector

In the last Para of the foregoing letter the quantity of Salt noticed by the Board in their Proceedings of 22nd January 1852 under the head of "gain by Measurement"

is

is entered at Indian Maunds 57,052. being apparently a clerical error, the correct quantity is Indian Maunds 57,897. as may be seen from the Memo enclosed in the letter from the acting Collector dated 17th December 1851.-

In Cons. 22nd Jany 1852.

2. It is observed that the quantity entered in Statement **B** of the Salt Returns for the quarter ending 11th July 1851, seems to be that remaining in the different pans before it is received into Store. There is no necessity for exhibiting this in the accounts furnished to the Board. Statement B. should only shew the distribution of the quantity of salt in the different Cotaurs, of the total balance on hand set down in Statement C.-

19th Septr in Cons. 2nd Oct 1851.

S. Mr 14.1175.

3 The Salt Statements **A. B. C. D.** should all correspond with each other when they differ the cause of the difference should be explained.-

---

Jor

No 13.

To, W.H. Bayley Esqr
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue,
Fort St Georges.

38

Sir,

Br No 429
From the Asst Collector of Tanjore. - - - -

With reference to the Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated 29th Ultimo, I have the honor to state that the charge of 569-4, item No 8. Hire for manufacturing Salt was incurred under the estimated amount of Rupees 570 which was included in the Estimate of Extra charges for Fasly 1259 sanctioned by Government on the 18th December 1849.-

Tanjore. - - - - - - }
Vellums 13th February, 1852. - - }

(Signed) T. W. Goodwyn
Asst Collector

Order thereon,
(Vide Remarks 15th march)

38-39

Ordered to be recorded.

Read the following Statement

Statement

3708

40 B^d No 634. Statement shewing the Quantity of Salt sold and the Wastage on the quantity stored in the District of Tanjore for Fusly 1260.

Fort St George 15th March 1852

Name of the Cotaur or Depôt.	Fusly in which Stored.	Quantity Stored In each Fusly.	Quantity Stored Total.	Quantity Sold.	Wastage. Amount of Wastage.	Wastage. Centage.	Percentage of Wastage fixed for each Cotaur by the Collector as per Para 16 of the Salt Rules.	Explanation of the cause of Wastage.	Prime Cost.	Selling Price.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Ms S C	Ms S C	Ms S C	Ms S C	Ms S C			Rs a c	Rs a c
Arsanagherry	1260	1200 - -	1200 - -	1197 12 -	2 28 -	- 9 -			- 3 7	2 11 2
Corooken	1259	1200 - -	1200 - -	1194 36 -	5 4 -	- 17 -			- 6 10	5 1 7
Cutmaraby	1258	22228 20 -	22228 20 -	21745 20 -	483 - -	27 -			40 4 -	483 - -
Sembegamaghadavy	1259	5608 20 -	6808 20 -	6763 20 -	45 - -	- 26 4			3 12 -	45 - -
	1260	1200 - -								
Tempaudy	1260	6379 20 -	6379 20 -	6358 32 -	20 28 -	- 13 -			1 11 7	20 11 2
Vadapady	1259	18000 - -	27600 - -	27308 16 -	291 24 -	1 22			24 4 10	291 9 7
	1260	9600 - -					2 per Cent			
Cadacaud	1259	4800 - -	4800 - -	4752 - -	48 - -	1 - -			4 - -	48 - -
Tunnampatam	1259	8400 - -	8400 - -	8332 20 -	67 20 -	- 32 1			5 10 -	67 8 -
Reelacurry	1260	3600 - -	3600 - -	3580 20	19 20 -	- 21 5			1 10 -	19 8 -
Porttoor	1260	45600 - -	45600 - -	45386 28 -	213 12 -	- 18 6		The large wastage in Covilput is accounted for by some Salt made in Fasly 1254 which was refused by the French Government not having been all sold off until the present.	17 12 5	213 4 10
Covilput	1254	708 - -	1908 - -	1860 36 -	47 4 -	2 20 -			3 14 10	47 1 7
	1259	1200 - -								
Vadarunniem	1259	11151 - -	15951 - -	15755 28 -	195 12 -	1 9 -			16 4 5	195 4 10
	1260	4800 - -								
Chendrapady	1258	930 - -	6903 - -	6838 8 -	64 32 -	- 37 4			5 6 4	64 12 10
	1259	2742 - -								
	1260	3231 - -								
Total		152578 20 -	152578 20 -	151074 36 -	1503 24 -	- - -			125 4 10	1503 9 7

Tanjore
11th July 1851

EE 7pr

(Signed) J. W. Goodwyn
Asst Collector

Ordered

Fort St George 15th March 1852

Order thereon.

40-41

Ordered to lie over

Read the following letters.

No 35

To W.H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue,
Fort St George

42

Bd No 400

Sir

From the Collector of Madura ---

No 23-1425- of 1851.

In returning the Petitions noted in the Margin I have the honor to accompany them with a Statement shewing the names of the Female Yeomiahdars who have hitherto declined to present themselves before me for inspection preparatory to the receipt of their allowances with a note shewing their rank in life. Their willingness to submit to great destitution rather than break Caste has convinced me that the scruple is real and not feigned and as they seem to be regarded by the Mussulman population in General as persons who should seclude themselves I beg recommend that I may receive authority to pay their Yeomiahs in arrears on being certified of their existence in the manner usual before the late order of Government.

Madura, ---
Thiro-opoorum,
29th January, 1852.

(Signed) R.D. Parker
Collector

Statement

Fort St George 15th [illegible]

No 1. Statement shewing the amount of arrears due to the undermentioned Yeomiahdars from 1st July 1850 to 31st January 18[illegible]

No of Certificates	Names of the Yeomiahdars.	Amount per annum.	Date of Native Government Authority.	Nature of Grant.	Their age the comparison descriptive incumbents.	the Collector
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
18	Mahomed Beebee	38 11 5	19th September 1834	For prayers	70	Bamboo colour's of small pox between elbows
20	Jaimbshaw Ismaul Beebee	77 6 9	22nd June 1827	Do	67	Bamboo Colour her left cheek
					60	Bamboo Colour has left neck
79	Shay Beebee Shahibul Beebee	154 13 7	24th Augt 1824	Do	55	Bamboo Colour of small pox on
					58	Bamboo Colour mole below her
80	Rufsool Beebee	77 6 9	24th Do	Do	62	Bamboo Colour on the right part
85	Nullad Beebee	19 5 8	12th March 1833	Do	50	Bamboo Colour in the face
89	Kuroonnaden	96 12 6	23rd April 1819	Do	70	Bamboo Colour
94	Rafsool Beebee	77 6 9	2nd April 1817	Do	55	Do
19	Jorah Beebee	38 11 5	6th Decr 1833	Do	50	Do
22	Maushai Beebee	688 5 9	24th Augt 1824	Do	55	Bamboo Colour near the left Eye

*This amount is due solely to the Board's Petition between this & Column 3 is the consequence under partners not being included

Madura, ---
29th January, 1852.

arch 1852

ened of emoluments in the Districts of Madura and Dindigal

D.-

ance in with the roll at tors Office.	Period for which arrears are due.	Total amount of arrears.	Explanation of the cause of suspension of payment.-	Their rank and position.	Remarks of the Board of Revenue.	Orders of Government.
	8	9	10	11	12	13
as remarks ow her →	1st July 1851 to 31st January 1852.	61 14 3	Owing to their refusal to appear before the Collec- -tor for the purpose of being mustered under the Rules of Government of the 5th June 1850 for reasons shewn in the accompanying letter.-	They are of the Syed Caste and descendants of Cawzey Syed Jauzo-o-deen- Grandson of the famous Meh- -med Nabee- from Mecka- They live chiefly upon the Jemmah with the assistance of a slight income derived from ad- -ministering re- -ligious ceremo- -nies to the Mussel- -men, have no landed property.-		
d a scar on	D:	123 - 4				
scar in the	D:					
a mark e nose	D:					
a Black t eye	D:	256 1 -				
a mole er nose	D:	123 - 4				
a mole	D:	30 12 -				
	D:	153 9 7				
	D:	123 - 4				
a mole	1st & 2nd Jany 1851 to 31st & 2nd Jany 1852	25 13 9				
	D:	186 11 4				

et and the difference of the Jemmah of some re.-

(Signed) R. D. Parker
Collector

Resolved

B. N. 498
Proceedings thereon. 1
42-43

Extract Mint of Cons. 3d In Cons. 16th December 1850.—
Circular dated 16th & C. C. Book Page 543.

N. 94

Resolved that the fore-going letter be submitted for the Consideration of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council with reference to the papers noted in the Margin.—

2. The Board recommend that the 11 females enumerated in the Enclosure be, under the circumstances noted by the Collector, excused from personal appearance and the Yeomiahs with arrears paid to them on Certificates of existence being furnished in the usual manner.—

J. S.

N. 32
1852.

To,
W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George,

44

B. N. 357.
From the Collector of Madura . . . 1.

Requesting the instructions of the Board as to the manner in which the Complaint against the management of the Devastaanms of the Ramnad Zemindary should be disposed of

Sir,

I have the honor to lay before the Board the accompanying Copy of a letter and Complaint from Mr. Fischer as Vakeel for the Stanegals of the Ninar Covil Pagoda in the Ramnad Zemindary under the management of the Zemindar of many instances of embezzlement by the Manager or rather (as she is a female) by the Officers employed under her Similar complaints have been presented relative to other Pagodas in the same Zemindary, and I beg to solicit the instructions of the Board as to the manner in which I should dispose of them.—

2. The first question which suggests itself is whether the Ramnad Zemindar can be proceeded against before the Collector or Magistrate of the District for conduct relative to the Pagodas in that Estate. In para 8 of his letter to the Board dated the 6th October 1841 Mr. Blackburne noticed them as follows.— "The Pagodas in the Zemindaries

"Zemindaries of Ramnad and Shevagunga
"have never been under the control of the Compa
"-ny's Servants, except when the Estates them
"-selves have been sequestered for them therefore
"I propose to lay down no Rules but leave
"those of Ramnad exactly as they now remain
"in the hands of the Zemindar." The Pagodas
in Ramnad therefore are in charge of the Ze
mindar according to the old established custom
and not in virtue of recent appointment, and there
can be little doubt that their endowments were ori
-ginally conferred by former Zemindars.

3. On this point the Vakeel has
handed me the enclosed Memorandum and Decree†
and I think that for the reasons he sets forth, the
Zemindar must be considered amenable to the
provisions of Regulation VII of 1817. The Summud
Istimrar, which excludes from the Estate
Lakerage and Enam lands, makes no re
-servation to the Zemindar of a right to
control and Superintend Institutions
endowed with such lands. The continued pos
-session of such superintendence must therefo
I think be taken to have existed by the suffera
of the Board of Revenue who by Regulation
VII

† Copy for Office not taken.

VII of 1817 are vested with it.

4. The next question is whether an
Investigation if held by me, should be conduct
-ed under Regulation IX of 1822. or Act XIII of
1850.

5. The Vakeel selects the latter, but
Section XVI Regulation VII of 1817 enacts that
the Legislative enactments in force for the
punishment of fraud in the Native Public
Revenue Servants shall be held applicable
to the Superintendants of Public Institutions
and Regulation IX of 1822 is the enactment
by which Revenue frauds have hitherto been
dealt with. The Board have decided that
the last mentioned Law has not been superseded
by Act XIII of 1850. The question therefore
is whether a Party may elect between the two and
I beg to suggest that it may be put to the
Judges of the Sudr Udalut.

6. I abstain from entering into the details
of the charges some of which appear to me fit for
investigation and some not. It is probable that
the complainants would be willing to select some
of the former class and abandon the others.

7. The Vakeel has also transmitted with a

Copy not taken for Office.—

a letter Copy of which I enclose, a bundle of translations of letters between the Zemindar's Manager and her Agents at Madras and Manager. In doing so, he stated that he did not intend thereby to make any charge of corruption against the Public Servants but to shew that the Zemindar, or those who act for her is capable of using corrupt means to obtain and retain the management of these Pagodas and is therefore unfit to hold the same. That no bribes have been received by the servants of my Cutcherry in the matter appears from the letters themselves and they certainly have not to the best of my knowledge used the slightest endeavour to prevent an investigation of the affairs of the Ramnad Pagodas. The Vakeel informed me that the originals of these letters are in his hands but declined to state how he became possessed of them.—

Madura ....
5th February 1852.

/Signed/ R. D. Parker
Collector

No. 1

To,
R. D. Parker Esqre
Collector and Magistrate of the
Zillah of Madura

Sir,

The permission granted me to see the accounts of the Kinar Covil and Astragesa mungay

mungay Davastanums as the Vakeel of the Staneegal has enabled me to put their charges in a more intelligible and tangible shape and in giving in those for the Kinar Covil I would respectfully submit that they appear to come more under the Magisterial than the Revenue Jurisdiction, all indeed except the 1st charge among these independant of the charges involving loss of money to the extent of Rupees 56,471-14-8, there are charges of violence and abuse of authority deserving of serious attention.—

In regard to the claim set up by the Zemindar to the Management or rather mismanagement and spoliation of the Davastanums in her Zemindary on her own right of Zemindar, I submit a separate Memorandum shewing the utter weakness and absurdity of it.—

I shall be ready to attend to prosecute the above charges at any time you appoint.—

Madura ....
4th December 1851.

/Signed/ G. T. Fischer
Vakeel for the Kinar Covil & Astragesa
mungay Davastanums Staneegal

/True Copy/
/Signed/ R. D. Parker
Collector

What

A

What is commonly called the Rammad Davastannum consists of 69 Covils 10 of them of the 1st Class and 26 of the second Class, and 33 of the 3d. Class i e 10 highly endowed, 26 moderately so, and 33 with little or no endowment.—

The two Covils, for which I appear as Vakeel to complain against the management of the present Trustee, are of the 1st Class, all the other Covils are in precisely the same predicament a prey to fraud and embezzlement of every description but they are deterred from complaining from various causes the chief of which are first the wealth and influence and unscrupulousness of the party into whose hands they have been blindly delivered over by Government, the consent of not one of them having been sought or obtained and second the difficulty of getting at or hearing for and of conducting so complicated a case, especially against such an opponent. I need only instance the fate of the poor Stanee gunn Appathoray Goorookul, the Stanee gunn of Thirovadoor Covil, who has been seized and put in the

Civil

[x] I have accepted Vakalutnamahs for the 2 first class Covils of Terovchooly and Palavanattum since this was written because without it Zemindar's people would not allow me to see their accounts to prove a point in this complaint

See Charge 6.

Civil Jail at the investigation of Kotasawmy Iyer on a Decree against him, which he privately purchased from a successful suitor for the purpose and of the Covil Moothary Cunnakoo Muthapa Pillay & Nivagunn Kottasawmy has stirred up one party, who has got a Decree against him to take out execution, and another party to put in a new Suit against him whereby they oblige him to give attendance at the Paramagoody Moonsiff's Court, where he is tampered with to desert the cause of the Petitioner instead of at the Cutcherry here where he has been permitted to assist Petitioner in prosecuting his case, and at Kotasawmy's instigation he has lately about 3 months ago, been dismissed by the Davastannum Manager of Shevagungah from the situation of Sumpretty of the Thevar and others three Villages in the said Zemindary belonging to the Ninar Covil the appointment was in his son's name, but he did the duty of it.—

[x] Two more Suits have been instituted since this was written

And as an instance of the atrocities that the Manager and his people are capable of to deter complaint, I will only mention the case of Moothoo sawmy Goorooeul my client.— In consequence of his persisting in

complaining

complaining of the robbery of the Curroovalum, he was seized and carried to Ramnad and placed in close confinement, and subjected to every species of indignity and cruelty, which nearly killing him, he was allowed to go, under surveillance to the house of Moonseeswara Bhuttar, but he had not been there more than 2 days, when the house was forcibly entered by Iyasawmy Pillay, and a body of Zemindar's peons, and he was seized and dragged, and carried away bodily altho' dangerously ill, to the Manager's house, and there pressed to sign a Karar about the Curroovaylum which refusing to do, he was carried to the Head Cutcherry, and again placed in close confinement, until his spirit was broken and to save his life, he signed the Document prepared for his signature, and even then though the rigour of his confinement was mitigated, he was held a prisoner for nearly another Month, and then released, having suffered every species of violence and misery for nearly six Months

The petty annoyances that both Goorookul & their friends have been subjected to, to intimidate them and suppress

complaint

complaint are without end.—

/Signed/ G. T. Fischer.

First Village Income

Our complaint resolves itself into the following charges in the case of the Ninar Covil

That the income of the Covil from its land endowment /17 3/16 Villages/ has greatly fallen off from the most egregious mismanagement and the most culpable neglect on the part of its present Trustee or Manager.— No attention whatever is paid to the cultivation of the Villages or the repairs of their Cummoyees and water courses.— This is shewn and borne out by a comparision of the income under the present management with the income under previous Management as per Statement marked A.—

8/980-14-2 A Second Opayum Income

That the income of the Covil from offerings at its shrine and other sources is diminished by fraud and embezzlement from the manner in which the Coondees, through which such income is derived, are dealt with.

In regard to this charge I should explain that of these Coondees, there is a Monthly one and two yearly ones. The first is a smaller brass pot put out every Month and all the Months round the second

9 large brass pots only put out at the Vyasy and Andy Oothsavems, 6 of these pots are put out at one time, and 3 kept in reserve in case of any of the 6 getting filled - all are sealed and sent from Ramnad. The Monthly Oondees are carried back to Ramnad at the end of each month with the monthly accounts, and the Vyasy and Andy Oondees as soon as the Oothsavams are over.

The practice used to be for these Oondees to be taken to the Head Cutcherry at Ramnad accompanied by the Stanegunn and Curnum of the Covil and there to be opened in their presence and an account to be taken of their contents, and the ready money to be put in the Head Cutcherry Cash chest and the gold and silver and Jewels to be sent back to the Covil to be kept in its Curroveylum to be employed in the service of the Covil when there was occasion for it.

Such was the practice formerly but since the present Manager got charge of the Dawastanum, such good practice has been broken through, and, in violation of Mamool, and of Justice and fair open dealing and in direct contravention of the Hookoomnamah issued to Managers, he sends for the Oondees by his own people and

and opens them at his own place, without allowing the Stanegunn and Curnum to accompany them, or to be present at their opening and examination and now and then once in 3 or 4 years sends a Memorandum, and orders entries to be made in the Covil accounts according to it.

One strong proof of the intent of fraud and embezzlement in the matter of the gold and silver received in the Oondies is the fact that such receipts are not entered in the sale Summa Cursoo.

1109-13-11

The following is a comparative Statement of the outturn of the Oondees of the present Monagement i e from Fusly 1255 to 1259 inclusive and of a like number of Fushes of the previous Management.

B

A

Fort St. George 15th March 1852

A Comparative Statment of the Oondee Receipts of the Nunar Covil for 10 Fuslies from 1250 to 1259.

Fuslyyear.	Value of Gold and Silver		Value of Sheep Cattle and Sundries		Amount of ready money		Total	
	Rs.	a P	Rs	a P	Rs	a P	Rs	a P
1250	348	15 2	1083	14 10	1862	99	3295	7 9
1251	270	6 8	713	5 1	1278	11 4	2260	7 1
1252	218	8 7	801	- 9	1325	3 -	2344	12 4
1253	54	15 2	257	12 7	389	5 4	628	1 1
1254	181	7 11	869	2 9	1324	9 5	2375	4 -
Total	1074	5 6	3725	4 -	6158	6 10	10958	- 4
Average per year	214	13 11	745	- 10	1231	10 11	2191	9 8
1255	154	9 7	552	12 5	1014	15 10	1722	5 10
1256	185	1 1	728	1 3	1283	15 3	2197	1 7
1257	225	- 9	587	8 10	1354	7 1	2167	1 2
1258	193	10 7	567	3 -	1142	14 2	1903	11 9
1259	186	12 7	492	11 6	1178	5 11	1857	14 -
Total	945	2 7	2928	5 -	5974	10 9	9848	2 4
Average per year	189	- 7	585	10 7	1194	14 11	1969	10 1
Loss.	25	13 4	159	6 3	36	12 -	221	15 7
							5	
							1109	13 11

That

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.

Third.- Sibbundy Expences

That the Manager has increased the Covil and Head Cutcherry Sibbendy to serve his own private ends, and entered people in it who have no business to be there, and to the detriment of the Covil.-

The Hoozzoor orders of the 11th April and 11th July 1844, directed the Head Cutcherry Sibbendy to be at 6½ per Cent of the income of the Covil instead of which the charge made is

17/16 per Cent for Fusly 1254.

15 6/16 ——"—— 1255.

15 4/16 ——"—— 1256.

8 9 6/16 ——"—— 1257 - 58 and 59.

Whereby a loss of Rupees 3092-7-1 has been incurred as per annexed Statement.- *

3092-7-1 *

C.

The people whom he has foisted on the Covil Sibbandy Putty, and who have no business to be there, in-as-much as they are not required for the Covil at all, are as follows, taken from the Sal Summa Cursoo.-

In Fusly 1254 Covil Sumprethy Soondra Lingum Pillay } 31-5-2 — 5 2

Aya Moothoobagavathur —— 23-9-1

Elephant Doctor Ramachendra Ayen —— 9-5-4 —— 64-3-7

In Fusly 1255. The same —— 21-2-1

In " 1256 Elephant Doctor Do —— 4-9-8

In

Thirs. Sibbendy Expences 377-12-5

D

In Fusly 1257. The Sumprethy Munnimoottoo Pillay } 37-4-"

" Arravelay Somasoondrum Pillay ---3-8-"

" Elephant Doctor Ramachendra Syen ---9-3-10

" Mootah Cutcherry Peon Lala Meah ------7-7-5 57-7-3

In Fusly 1258. The Sumprethy Munni: Mootlis Pillay ------ } 29-8-11

" Arravelay Somasoondrum Pillay ---11-3-2

" Elephant Doctor Ramachendrum ---5-14-7

" Mootah Cutcherry Peon Laulah Meah ---29-13-11

" Charity Doctor Sammiah Pillay ----2-1-7

" Head Cutcherry Goomastah Nulla: Thumbiah Pillay---- } 10-8-" 89-2-2

In Fusly 1259. The Sumprethy Munni Mootloo Pillay -- } 28-"-"

" Arravelay Somasoondrum Pillay ----11-3-2

" Elephant Doctor Ramachendrain ----5-9-7

" Mootah Cutcherry Peon Veerapudren --29-13-11

" Charity Doctor Thorasawmy Pillay ---8-6-4

" Head Cutcherry Goomastah Nulla Thumbiah Pillay } 42-"-"

" Maramut Darogah Munthrae Moortyah Pillay } 16-6-4 141-7-4

Grand Total for 6 Fusles 377-12-5

As per Statement

Besides which is charged for temporary Sibbundy

In Fusly 1257 ——— 46-"-"

" 1258 ——— 176-15-9

" 1259 ——— 74-1-5

2917-12 + As per Statement ——— 297-1-2

E

Fourth. Cloth for Car Dca.

There is a charge of Rupees 1487-14-8 for Cloth Dca. for the Car which is exorbitant. The account particular has to be scrutinized.

Fifth. The Poopany Maramut

There is debited in Fusly 1252 account as expended for Work done in Fusles 1248-49 and 50 the enormous sum of ——— 22632-7-7

7674-3-8

F

On Izareeb being + made works and accounts examined in consequence of Complaint in the Hoozoor only Rupees ——— 14958-3-11 was discovered to have been expended. The Izareeb was Calculated according to the rates of Estimate* and Hurar ——— 14958-3-11

Difference and embezzlement which is proved by overcharges in the account apparent on the face of it 7674 3 8

When Mr. Blackburne Came to Ramnad to sequester the Izmindary, suspecting Fraud-Petitioner Complained that much money had been received from the maramut of the Covil which was finished, but that no Izareeb had been made or account rendered. Mr. Blackburne accordingly sent

* The Estimate & Hurar spoken of in the Izareeb are suppressed but their Contents are sufficiently developed in the Izareeb account.

+ By Veerabavoo Pillay & Mootho-swamy Pillay under orders of the Hoozoor in Fusly 1257.

+ sent 2 Goomastahs and 2 Deloyets to make the Jareeb and it was done - In the mean time Mr. Drury came as Commissioner and he sent Sied Ismail Saib to Ramnad as Manager Iyasawmiah Pillay rendered the Maramut account to him and with Rupees 7674-3-8- in excess of the Jareeb and persuaded him to write to the Hoozoor to admit the excess having forced all the Covil servants, except Petitioner, to sign the same. Petitioner having

March Fusly 1252.

fled to Madura to avoid doing so, and to + Complain to Mr. Drury which he did. Mr. Drury so much engaged that he neither answered the Monigar nor enquired into your Petitioner's Complaint. The amount however so unsanctioned and so impugned has been entered, and stands in the account against the Covil. Petitioner had been previously tampered with to sign the account by Iyasawmiah Pillay who as proofs of the rates being Correct, produced and gave Petitioners an account of 6 + Cudjan leaves all in his own hand writing, which he assured him was on account of a previous Maramut which is altogether false, no such Maramut having ever taken place. That the rates are in excess of the Estimate and Kurar for this work is admitted, that the excuse for it is false is shown, by the Estimate and Kurar for the work itself and by the

Maramut

H.

Maramut Account of Fusly 1252, which is an account rendered by the same Iyahsawmiah Pillay.

I should add that it is Customary before any charge especially one of such importance and magnitude as the one under discussion is entered in the accounts, for the Sumpretty and Covil Curnom and Monigar to prepare a particular account of it, under their several signatures, then to send it to the Peshcar at the Mottah Cutcherry, and for the Peshcar to examine it and send it up with his remarks to the Manager, and for the Manager to examine it and either sanction or reject it or correct it as the case might require. If sanctioned or objected to, it goes back thro' the same Channel for entry or correction. Instead of this rule being observed in this instance, it has been entirely departed from, and the amount unsanctioned indeed impugned has been entered in the account at the Head Cutcherry, and the Covil Servants sent for and forced to sign it - all but the Stamegum who evaded it by flight to Complain of the Grand.-

There is no account particulars for this charge. the work of 3 Fushes - no orders for issue of money, and no receipts for money issued. -

That

Sixth Loans to other Covils.

That large sums of the Covil money has been embezzled under the name of "Loans to other Covils"- That this is a fraudulent transaction that the so called "Loans to other Covils" are not loans to other Covils. the other Covils never received the money nor was it for the service of the other Covils, but it was money illegally taken for "Iramanay Munnaovirthee" i. e. embezzlements by the Ranee or for the Ranee's private service, as shewn by the Davastanum Cutcherry accounts, and by the Statement prepared by their own Servants- By way of going this form of accounting for the money it is true that it is entered in the Davastanum accounts as "Lent to other Covils" but that entry is fraudulent and fictitious, for, for what purpose is it so entered as Lent? only for the purpose of paying the Ranee the Poroopoo of those Covils' Villages- Independent of their having no right to lend it to other Covils the strongest proof of embezzlement is that most of those Covils had incomes of their own and had no need* of loans for Poroopoo which is the first charge always upon the income of a Village-

I and S.

The Culpability of it is further enhanced by its being in direct contravention of the Davastanum Hookoomnamah and the Davastanum Manager's own prohibitory order of the 12th

* Note- The examination of receipts and disbursements of the 4 Covils of Thiruchoolay Calavanathum, Pirangel and Coorakode to which Canary Islam, this Manager is declared to have been Lent from July 1845 to 1850. shews that the receipts not only paid all their expences including Poroopoo, but left a considerable surplus at each.-

12th July 1847.-

In illustration of the purposes to which this assumed and fictitious power of lending the money of one Covil to another Covil is put- I beg to refer to Nos. 8 and 13 of the charges of this Covil and No. 6 of the charges of the Vatragosamungay Covil.-

Seventh.- Curroovey Lum

That the Davastanum Manager and his people robbed the Curroovey Lum of Sundry Jewels to the value of Rupees ——— 6792-9-6

When the present Manager took charge of the Minor Covil he called for and received an account of its Curroovey Lum the contents of which according to its examination on the 5th August Fusly 1245. amounted in value to Rupees ——— 22,918-12-4

Afterwards there were receipts to the value of Rupees ——— 4542-6-10

27461-3-2

And disbursements to the value of Rupees ——— 1281-5-6

Leaving Balance 26179-13-8.

In

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.

In consequence of the continued Complaints from the Stanigum of the robbery of the Currooveylum, it was examined on the 26th April 1849 when it appeared there were Jewels "in good order and fit for use" which were left in the Currooveylum to the value of Rupees ——— 16357-8-5

"Old and out of order of Jewels" which were taken away to the Head Cutchery, to the Value of Rupees 3070-13-9

6792-9-6

Shewing a difference on balance of Rupees ——— 6792-9-6

This the Stanigum charges the Davastanum Manager and his people to have stolen and they in return charge the Stanigum to have stolen.—

The History of this affair is as follows.—

When the Davastanum Manager took charge of the Davastanum he received an account of the Contents of the Currooveylum as stated above.—

By an order under date the 15th Septemter 1846 No. he appointed a Caoulcarra of his own in addition to the 3 belonging to the Covil.—

By two Tatteeds of the 2d and 22d October 1846 No. he removed the hereditary Thavashy, and appointed

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appointed his own Cungany Yellapien in his stead.

By one Tatteed under date the 3d Novemter 1846. No. 7 the manager ordered the dismissal of the said Thavasy, which was done and by another Tatteed under date the 27th idem No. 83 he ordered the Keys which were in his possession of such Thavashy, to be taken from him and it was done.—

By a Tatteed under date the 23d May 1847 he appointed Apatharana Pillay Thavashy.

By a Tatteed, under date the 15th July 1847 No. 19 the Davastanum Manager ordered the suspension of the 4th 5th and 6th Nirvagums the 3 Covil Meerassee Curnums and their expulsion from the Covil, and appointed in their place, a single individual, named Munnemoothoo Pillay as Sumprithy, and authorized him to discharge the duties thereof and it was done.—

By a Tatteed under date 20th August 1847 No. 130 the Davastanum Manager ordered the restoration to his office of the 3d Nirvagum, the Thavashy, but he declined it and did not return to his duty, in consequence of the robbery of the Currooveylum of which he had been apprized.—

J.

Fort St. George 15th March 1852

I beg particular attention to the manner in which the removal of this Shroffgunn and the possession of the Keys was accomplished 60 and odd Rupees income from the Monthly Oondy of Fusly 1255 was tied up in a Cloth and kept in the Vunjanay array. The Array lock was broken open and the money stolen in July 1846. The Thasildars, Cunganny, and Cannulcarun, who were responsible for the said array were made to pay it. This circumstance was afterwards, though a settled question, made the excuse for sending the Thavasky, one of the three from whom the loss had been levied, to the Criminal Court and for depriving him of the Curroovayleu and other keys. The Criminal Court immediately threw out the case.

The Davastanunn Manager instead of immediately restoring him kept him out of Office till the 20th August 1847, when he issued a Takeed restoring him, evidently having accomplished what he had been removed and deprived of his Keys for. By a Takeed under date the 20th November 1847 he appointed one of his own caste people, Mootoo Vera Tavrn, a Caulgarenn.

Thus had the Manager, by removing the Meerassee Servants of the Pagoda and appointing his own creatures in their place become possessed

of

Fort St. George 15th March 1852

of all the Keys of the Covil and Curveylum excepting the one Key of the latter held by the Stanigunn Moodoosawmy Goorookul, and had prepared the way for effecting his purpose of robbing the Curroovayleum which he afterwards did, breaking open the only lock the Key of which he could not get possession of. The Manager moreover before the robbery was perpetrated appointed his own elder Brother Iyasawmy Tavrn as overseer of the said Covil and he came and put his Seal to the Curroovayleum. The Petitioner who is Stanigunn and who had refused to give up his Key, was sent away to Shevagunga on duty. On his return, hearing that his lock on the Curroovayleum had been broken open and the Curroovayleum tampered with &c. &c. he refused to have any thing to say to the Curroovayleum, without the same was investigated, and complained of it to the Magistrate, under date 21st August 1847 and he reiterated this complaint under dates 3d January 20th August and 25th September 1848. In

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I A Memorandum signed by and dated 26th May 1848 has been found among the Nagathe Sama Cursa accounts shewing that the Manager had contrived by the above recorded manoeuvers to get possession of all the Keys of the Covil to the number of except the one of the Curroovayleum held by the Stanigunn Moottoosawmy Goorookul.

In

† As per Takeed of the 17th April 1847

* To collect the Shrotr Villages income of Shevagungah

In consequence of the Staniguns continued contimacy, and his repeated complaints to the Magistrate in regards to the breaking open of his lock and the looting of the Curroneyhum the Manager sent the Head Cutcherry Sherumpatty and Goomastah to make enquiry evidently (as thinks have turned out) with the object and no other, of silencing the complaint. They came to the Covil and between the 23d and 26th April 1849 examined the Curroneyhum and found jewels deficient according to the account of 1845 to the extent of Rupees 6,792-9-6 and this they insisted upon the said Staniguns who had all along been petitioning about it being responsible for, and they put him under a guard and took him to the Head Cutcherry and there confined him, and forced him to sign Karar that the would be responsible for the loss, taking in security his Pattawar of a Maniem.

The gross irregularity and illegality of the whole proceeding from the begining to the end, I need not comment upon, nor the gross Shallowness of the Scheme for shefting the crime from himself on to the Staniguns and for evading the penalty of it.

The Staniguns was altogether Kept 6 months in close confinement and prevented

Swinging

bringing the treatment he was subjected to, to the notice of the Magistrate until his spirit was broken and then he was released, and as no further proceedings were taken against him he saw that the object of the scheme and the severity practised towards him was to secure his silence, and being friendless and unsupported, and the influence against him too powerful to contend with, he took the hint and was silent instanced thereto by the failure of his previous complaint.

The account further states "the good and serviceable Jewels" to be in the Keeping of the Staniguns. This the Staniguns emphatically denies. His signature to the account was extorted.

By the Para attached at the conclusion of the account of the 26th April 1849 it would appear that a Deposition was taken from the Staniguns on the 18th October 1848, and a Karar on the 20th idem regarding the loss of the Jewels and a report of the same made to the Hoogoor, and that an order came from the Hugoor under date the 14th November 1848, calling for an account of the loss and the Documents in support of it which never were sent and that according to an order of the Sunnoogum under date the 18th idem an examination was made that this examination ordered in

November

November 1848 took place in April 1849 and that it lasted from the 23d to the 26th thereof.

The whole proceedings as detailed above the non examination of the Curroneylum, for such a long time after the Staniguru had complained of its having been robbed - the way the enquiry was at last made their charging the the Staniguru with the responsibility under the circumstances they did - all their locks and Seals on, and only his absent and his lock being acknowledged to have been sent by them to be repaired their not sending him to the Criminal Court and being satisfied with such nominal security for the loss; the circumstances under which they took the Karar and their never even attempting to enforce the said Karar all points out who are the guilty party.

+ Pet'rs Complaint of the 20th augt 1848

The total destruction of the ancient Curroneylum of the Covil as charged in N° 24 shews the length to which the Davastanum Manager and his Servants will dare to go.

On the foregoing circumstantial evidence the Staniguru not only charges the Davastanum Manager and his people with the robbery of the Curroneylum, but with falsification of its accounts.

That the Seervai Manager Rotasawmy

Rotasawmy Saver and his people have melted upa Silver Umbrella belonging to the Covil and embezzled the same.

This Umbrella is entered in the + account of Fusly 1245 as made of Silver of the weight of 14.13 Pagodas, and in the charge of the Staniguru.

+ J

+ L

First Book Page 47

It appears by the Gold and Silver + account of the Head Cutcherry that this Silver Umbrella was melted down at the Head Cutchery between the 15th and 24th November 1849 and that it yielded 17 11/16 Seers and 1 Pagoda weight of Silver (value Rupees 442-8-") and it further appears by + an entry in the said account that this Silver was sent to Rotasawmy with other Silver (Pagodas weight 2012 Ps) to the value of 1252-14-" for the building of his new Palace - thus far proving an absolute embezzlement.

+ Second Book Page 2.

And this amount has, since com- plaint has been made, been entered in last December (1850) Head Cutchery account as paid for Poroopoo for Fusly 1260 for Seervai Covil and other Covils which entry being made in that un- usual and irregular manner after complaint had been made and in that false and fraudulent way when no Poroopoo was due, or if due, it could only be for one Kist, amounting to Rupees 9/4 and the Sooverinadayum Poonjah

From 12th July 1850 to 11th July 1851 is Fusly 1260 Poroopoo is payable in 7 Kists the 1st Kist payable on the 18th or 20th Decr so that on the Decr 50 not even a single Kist was due.

Eight Umbrella 442-8-"

X

Poonjah Vurry &c collection of the Villages of this Covil had been collected and received to the extent of Rupees 110-8-- proves a falsification of accounts to meet the charge of embezzlement.

Not only this, but there was a balance of Cash at the end of Fusly 1259 at the Head Cutcherry belonging to the Minor Covil, amounting to Rupees 363-6-3.

W.

Here then I submit is a case of undeniable breach of trust fraud and embezzlement, proved by the culprits own acts and deeds by his Sakeets and accounts no after act of retribution or reparation, however real, honest, and substantial it may be, which is not the character of that set up in this instance but on the contrary it is fictitious, false and fraudulent, will absolve him of the crime.

That the Davastanum Manager removed from the Curroovaylum to the Head Cutcherry at Ramnad under pretence of there being "old and useless" Jewels to the value of 3,070-13-9.

Km the Sundry Jewels.

M 3,070-13-9

The pretence was utterly false, as the Jewels are in perfect order, as might be ascertained by inspection they have been gifted by, and are in the safe custody of the Allum Annuldar the object was

was evidently embezzlement.

The act was contrary to Mamool, and contrary to Mookoomnamah, and contrary to reason and Justice, and consequently illegal and suspicious.

That the present Davastanum Manager has given away many of the Villages of the Covil on Shamefully low and reduced Coodies to his relations and friends to serve and benefit them to the injury and detriment of the Covil.

Ten Mr Coodies.

That this is in direct contravention of the spirit of Section XV Regulation XXX of 1802 and Sections VIII and IX of Regulation II of 1803 and that the proceeding is most objectionable in as much as it opens the door to every species of fraud and Villany.

In this manner has be given away the following Jeuthuls.

Pillyarryuthul —— to Alli Madura Soondra Sastry

Oconeyuthul —— to Yeddia Peria Curpen.

Malamungalum — to Curdabava Saver the elder Brother of the Manager Mootoo Vezia Ragoonada Saver.

Seroocody. to Alagianagalingum Pillay the younger Brother of Iyatsamma Pillay the Goomastah of the Davastanum Head Cutcherry and the Reytum of the Minor Covil Mottah.

Chinnan

Chinnan Colum — to Thirumala Iyengar
Colleyendul a hamlet of Mellayady Cottay } to Sevaramalinguam Pillay the uncle of the said Iyah-sawmiah Pillay
Nagalingaporum- to Puthenery attanpuddy servo-taren.
Murrattiyandul a hamlet of Codanthajady } to Nagandia Pillay
Vania Vellum - to Thurmalingom Pillay
Iyahsawmyah Pillay's sisters son
Nagapatnasamoodrum- to Sevaramalinguam Pillay
Iyahsawmyah Pillays Uncle

54941-10-2+N — The teeruvah of which at a moderate calculation even as per Statement annexed would be ——— 1416-8-4

Amount these are given on bowle of Rs — 317-9-6

Leaving a yearly loss of Rupees ——— 1098-14-10

And this from 1845-

Eleventh — That the Dawastanum manager has unjustly charged to the Covil the oil used at the Palace at Nimar Covil, belonging to the Rammad Zemindary, and for a Mujsalgee for the same from July 1254 to July 1259 as per Head Cutcherry accounts to Rs — 127-"-5

+ 127-"-" D

Twelfth — That the Dawastanum manager has given away to the Servants by Chitts the proceeds from the sale of Ivory Broad Cloth, Lead &c belonging to

132-"-"

P. — to the Covil as per Statement to the extent of Rupees ——— 132-"-"

Thirteenth — That the Semai manager Kotaswamy Saver has taken Silver belonging to the Rammad Dawastanum at different times between the 7th January and 8th March 1850 as per the gold and silver account through Sunmoogum Pillay and Ramakistna Pillay and Mana Pillay and Moothoosawmyer Pillay to the extent of seers 45½ and Pagoda weight ¾ including the proceeds of the Silver Umbrella specified in charge 8 Value ——— 1252-14-"

I 810-6-" — which minus the Value of the said Umbrellah Rupees ——— 810-16-"

Fourteenth 1273-"-" — That the Dawastanum manager gave away to Putchegenthoo Pundarum Silver belonging to the Rammad Dawastanum seers 42 and Pagoda weight ¼ at one time by Chit under date 11th June 1850 and seers 8 14/16 and Pagodas weight 3 7/16 at another time by chit under date 21st December 1850 making on Total seers of 50 11/16 and Pagodas weight 3 13/16 for making a Horse Image for the Avadiar Covil in Tanjore, value ——— 1273-"-"

Fifteenth 35-1-9 + R — That the Dawastanum manager gave away in presents according to the Head Cutcherry Treasury Chitts Rs 730-6-6- of which

which Rupees 694-4-9 is charged to the Cotra
gosamungay and other Davastanums and to
the Nivar Covil Rupees ——— 35-12-9

Sixteenth

That Cash to the extent of Rupees
3,836-8-" was taken from the Nivar Covil
and Cotragosamungay Davastanums sums
for Aramanay "munsoorthi" and other ex-
pences and for the "Aramanay Bungalow
repairs" between 1825 and 1849 according
to Head Cutcherry Treasury Chittah, and
under authority of Davastanum Managers
Chits of which 2000 Rupees belonged to the
Cotragosa Mungay Covil and to the Nivar
Covil ———

1836-8-"

100-"-"
S

Accompanying is a Statement
marked S of this matter by which it appears
this amount was repaid by Cash to the extent
of Rupees ———

236-8-"

and by putting off 1500 for Porapoo for other
Pagodas included in charge 5 leaving a balance
of Rupees 100 still against him-

Seventeenth

That Sheep and Cattle offerings to
the Covil were taken by the Davastanum Ma
-nagers Servants and never paid for as the
Sal Summah Curroo accounts to the value of Rs 421-4"

421-4-"
T

Eighteenth

That the 2 Villages of Aravanaycollum and
Keelacatchan which were given in Dhanum
to the Covil by Moodooveeragy Vanchear were taken
away

away without due authority by the late
Manager Sied Esmail Saib in Fusly 1253 their
Bariez in Fusly 1252 was Rupees 455-3-5 Porapoo
15-14-4 Nat Rupees 409-3-2 which seven
Fusles is Rupees 2464-6-2- and this has been
embezzled by Seemai Manager Kotasammy
Taver

2464-6-2-

Nineteenth

That on settling accounts with Sun
-thireyloo Asary in 1843 a balance was declared
against him of Rupees 1480-6-1- for which he
delivered stones to the Covil From Canalammottoo
deputed to receive the same as per his account
dated 11th October 1843 to the value of Rupees 1435-1-7
and this besides old stones to the value of 750-

F

1435-1-7
750-"-"

These stones are all gone they have
been taken away by the Head Cutcherry Goomas
-tah Iyahsawmyah Pillay and his younger
Brother Mootah Royenum Allageanagaling
Pillay to build their mundapum and Chutthram
in the Nivar Covil Village-

Twentieth

That an overcharge has been made
for the Navarathri at Ramanad to the Covil
to the extent of Rupees ——— 167-7-11

167-7-11
V

Twenty first

That the Vanivallum Umbalum Doomunthrum
belonging to the Covil has been usurped by Sevarama
Pillay and Chedumbaram Pillay from Fusly 1253 to
Fusly 1259 ———

24-3-3-

24-3-3-

That

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Twenty Second

L

1923-9-5

That grofs fraud and falsification of accounts has been committed in the refining of the Silver belonging to the Covil. The Davastanum Head Cutcherry Servants admit having had Pagodas weight 33371/4 of Silver and that Pagodas weight 7135 3/16 of it was pure Silver. Then they pretend that Pagodas weight 32399 3/16 of the 33371/4 was given to his refined and that the lefs thereon was Pagodas weight 12.711 whereas Pagodas weight 7135 3/16 of the said 32399 3/16 was pure Silver by their own shewing so that the pretended lefs of Pagodas weight 12.711 was actually only upon Pagodas weight 25.262-3/16 nearly one half which is monstrous, at the usual rate of 25 per cent. the lefs should have been Pagodas weight 6315 1/2 3/16 leaving an excefsive and fraudent charge of Pagodas weight 6395 11/64 which is equal to Sicca 75 11/16 Pagodas weight 81/64 and the value of that is Rupees 1,923-9-5.

Twenty third

V.

200-12-.

That Copper, Brafs, and Pewter Vefsels to the extent of 37 1/4 Tolams as per Statement were taken away from the Covil by the Davastanum Head Cutcherry Servants without any authority evidently with the view of embezzling the same.

Twenty fourth

That the Manager unlawfully destroyed the ancient Curroovegnum of the Nuver Covil to prevent Petitioner proving the particulars of his complaint in 1847 and 1848.

J.E.B.

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.-

Twenty fifth

18

In the Indthi account of the 26th April 1849 a pair of shoes (of Silver gilt) for Sowntharaighee Ummen is stated to be in the Davastanum Head Cutcherry weighing 5 7/2 Pagodas.

In the allum Amildar's Tzuftli account of the 9th March 1851 this Jewel does not appear consequently it is fair to say it has been embezzled.-

Twenty Sixth

That the probity and fitnefs of the Manager and his Servants might be impeached on the state of the balance sheet alone.-

* W.

Independent of Rupees 1,500 embezzled by the Ranee and written off afterwards for "Loans to other Villages" for Poroopos there is entered in this account a further sum of Rupees 1,939-3-5. as "loans to other Covils" also the sum of Rupees 1,057-6-7. as "given out" which ought to be on hand in ready Cash as it is in the Covil account, and Rupees 2,812-11-4 is an enormous balance to be out-standing in 17 Villages. Then there is a "Mahamay balance" of Rupees 1,886-7-5 which is a grofs fraud. The Mohomay is a tithe of the paddy produce of the Zemindary paid to the Covil from time immemorial and is always as soon as the crop is taken in the first to be set apart and this portion is included with the Zemindar's share or Warum and taken away by him. So that the Zemindar has received

1,939:3:5.
1057:6:7.
2,812:11:4.
1,886:7:5.

For this there is no account particular and the Davastanum Manager and his Estate will render none tho' repeatedly called upon to do so.

this

this Mohonay. to write it as balance against the Covil is therefore a fraud and embezzlement and falsification of account.-

The same remarks would apply to several of the other items in this account but they are of such Minor importance that we will pass them over and not add to this already overburdened Complaint.-

To recapitulate

8,980:14:2. 1 The first charge is one of incapacity and mismanagement against the Davastanum Manager and his establishment.-

1,109:13:11. 2. The second of misappropriation and constructive embezzlement against D° D°.-

3,092:7:1. 377:12:5. 297:1:2. 3. The third of breach of trust and fraud and waste against D° D°.-

4. The fourth of waste and fraud against D° D°.-

7,674:3:8. 5. The fifth of indisputable fraud and falsification of accounts and embezzlements against Iyasawmy Pillay who was appointed to the charge of the said work.-

1,500:"::". 6. The sixth of fraud and embezzlement against the Ranee and Davastanum Manager.-

6,792:9:6. 7. The seventh of the gross abuse of power and robbery on presumptive evidence against the Davastanum

Davastanum Manager, his elder Brother Iya-sawmy Saver and his Mootah Cutcherry servants.-

442:8:". 8. The eighth of undeniable breach of trust and embezzlement and falsification of accounts against the Seemai Manager Rotasawmy Saver.-

3,070:13:9. 9. The nineth of abuse of authority and breach of trust against the Davastanum Manager and his servants.-

5,494:10:2. 10. The tenth of fraud and breach of trust against the Davastanum Manager and his Servants.-

127:":". 11. The eleventh of breach of trust and embezzlement against the Davastanum manager.-

132:":". 12. The twelveth D° against Davastanum Manager and his servants.-

810:6:". 13. The thirteenth of fraud and embezzlement against the Seemai Manager Rotasawmy Saver.-

1,237:":". 14 The fourteenth D° D° against Davastanum Manager.-

35:1:9. 15 The fifteenth of breach of trust and waste against D°.-

100:":". 16 The sixteenth of breach of trust and fraud and embezzlement against the Ranee and Davastanum Manager.-

421:4:". 17. The Seventeenth of breach of trust and waste against the Davastanum Manager and his Servants.-

2,464:6:2. 18. The eighteenth of abuse of power against the

the Seemai Manager Kotasawmy Taver.-

1436÷1÷7
750÷"÷"

19th The nineteenth of breach of trust fraud and embezzlement against Gyasawmy Pillay and his younger Brother Allagianangalingum Pillay

167÷1÷11

20. The twentyth of breach of trust and fraud against the Davastanum Manager.-

24÷3÷3

21. The twenty first Do. against Do. and his servants.-

1923÷9÷5

22 The Twenty second of fraud and embez:=zlement against Do. Do.

260÷12÷"

23. The twenty third Do. Do.

24 The twenty fourth of abuse of power against the Davastanum Manager.

18÷"÷"

25. The twenty fifth of fraud and embezzlement against the Davastanum Manager.-

1939÷3÷5
1657÷6÷7
2812÷11÷4
1886÷7÷5
5624÷11÷8

26 The twenty sixth of fraud and embezzlement and falsification of accounts against the Davastanum Manager and the Head Cutcherry.-

Such are the grave and heavy charges that I make against the Ranee, and the Semai Manager her Brother, and the Davastanum Manager her son=in=law and their servants, under Regulation VIII of 1817 and Act XIII of 1850 and such I am pre:=pared to prove chiefly by their own accounts and Pakeeds and such charges I respectfully submit are not the less Criminal or more venial because they have been committed by persons of rank and wealth.-

Memo of the 3d Nov.r 1851.

The

The illiberality the little and narrow mindedness the incapacity and the avariciousness and rapacity of the Ranee aforesaid brother and son=in=law is notorious and must have forced itself upon your attention.- Their great wealth who were but a very few years ago perfect beggars, the melancholy Condition of the Zemindary unable to pay its Kist even without borrowing and without the spoliation of the Davas:=tanum and Chuttrums and these robbery and appropriation thereto of their incomes, the sale of all offices from the highest to the lowest, the wretched state of the Maramut, all prove this; nor have they one single quality of mind or body to fit them to be the guardians and administrators of such public institutions and such large charities as the Chuttrums and Davastanums of a Country.-

Vide my letter of the 25th Febru.=ary 1851.

The Government have unwillingly done mischief enough (I hope I shall be pardoned for saying so but stern duty requires it of me) in delivering up the Chuttrums and Davastanums into such hands without any sort of secu=rity what soever whether of merit or qualifi:=cation, but I trust will not screen them from the real and great offences of which they have been guilty and thereby deliver over the rich revenues of these charities to lawless rapacity, and devote the Institutions themselves

themselves to certain ruin. I make the remark the more especially because the accused party boasts of influence and power sufficient to insure them impunity and to defeat enquiry and Justice..

Madura, 4th November, 1851 } (Signed) G: F: Fischer
Vakeel for the Ninar Covil and Ostragosa
Mungy Davastanum Stanigul.

Government will feel the effects of this when the Estate escheats to them..

True Copy
(Signed) R: D: Parker
Collector

No. 2.

In answer to the question whether the present Manager had not a right of Superintendence in virtue of her being Zemindar of the Country in which the Covil is situated. not of her and her Ancestors having been the party who originally established or endowed the Covil. This last point cannot possibly from the great antiquity of the Covil be expected to be proved and even if it could there was a loss and Cessation of such right in the new arrangement made in 1802 when the Zemindary escheated to Government and Government gave it to the Ranee Mungalaiswara Nachiar on a certain tenure. by which arrangement and the Sunnud in support of it such endowments are excluded. In answer to the question in reference to the first point Regulation VII of 1817 (Sect 2)

(Sect 2) is explicit enough that the Superintendence of all endowments without any exception is vested in the Board of Revenue, i.e. the Government, yet nevertheless I beg to submit the following Decrees in refutation of it.-

Decree in O. S. No. 418 of the file of the Court of Ramnad passed on the 27th of February 1805. In which the Zemindar of Ramnad herself was a party.-

Also a Decree of the Sudr adalut in a S. N. 50 of 1850 by which it is ruled "that the heirs of the founder of a charitable institution have no legal right to interfere with the administration of such endowment unless some special right of Supervision be reserved to them by the founder."-

And

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.

And I would beg to

add that it was on the same principle and

title that the Zemindar of Ramnad claim

=ed right of interference over the Ramaiswerum

Davastanum and the Zemindar of

Shevagungah over that of Perammally

and they were failed in both after

much discussion and enquiry by

your predecessor in the former and by yourself

and your Predecessor on the latter

(Signed) G. F. F.

No. 3.

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.

No. 3.

No. 418.

Ramnad Zillah Court.

Durmaseven residing at Ramnad Plaintiff

The Ramnad Rance Seethoopatty — Defendant

1. Petition was filed in court on the 19th December 1804 - Plaintiff states therein that one Tumby Chetty Established the siva and Vishnoo Covils, which are in the Ramnad Fort, and appointed his fourth Grandfather Manieem and Curnum to both, and they enjoyed it, and Plaintiff after them for 65 years, and Plaintiff was removed by the Defendant in Keetheroathcarree - and he brings this suit to recover star Pagodas 21 - 36 - 45 for pay in arrears and the Merasee appoint=ment of Manieem and Curnum -

2. In Answer to this the Defendant denies that the situation is Plaintiffs — Merasee - Asserts that there are other people who have done the Manieem business, and admits that Plaintiff may have done it for some time insists that as he Contributed in Dhanum and Charity to the Covil, — and as the Company have been pleased to restore to her, her Ancestors lands, she has the right of interference in dismissing the Manieem and Curnum - and moreover she states

states that Plaintiff has misbehaved himself-

3. The Plaintiff in reply, alleges that he had done nothing wrong- and states in explanation that, when the Ranee Seithoo-putty went to Ramaiswerum, She borrowed and took with her some of the Pagoda things and that on her return, on his asking for them back again, she was offended and angry with him, and dismissed him- which the Defendant, in her rejoinder not denying, in any way the Court must assume to be true—

4. The Court asked both parties if either of them had any Docts. to produce- when the Plaintiff alone produced a Telugoo Copy of a Shasanum marked No. 19, said to have been granted to his fourth Grand-father by Tumby Chetty, and a translation of it in Tamul- The Shasanum being merely a Copy cannot be reckoned an effective Document—

5. Both parties asked to call Witnesses to all sorts of points- but the Court did not think it necessary to do so- but considering that there was much ground for believing what Defendant advanced on the main point at issue to be true, the Court deemed

deemed it right to take the opinion of the Pundit on it- and that opinion is, that the service of the Covil is not permanent- that things must be conducted in each Country according to the orders of the Rajah of such Country- Covils are built that Hindoos may serve in them- should the servants in them be bad Characters, the public suffers- and although it would be desirable that any servant, who does not give satisfaction to the people, and does not discharge the duties of his situation properly, should be removed, and a man of good conduct be appointed in his place, yet this must be done on due consideration, and with due Authority—

6. The sovereignity of this Country is now vested on the Honorable Company- By the puttahs given to Zemindars, and by the provisions of Regulations 25 of 1802, all that the Zemindars have a right to, is- collection of the rent fixed on the lands of their Zemmundaries- They have no other permanent rights of any sort whatsoever- all sovereign Authority is in the Honorable Company- and they have established Courts of Justice to dispense Justice to all people, without fear or favor, for the prosperity of

the

the land to protect one mans livelihood from another man, and that all may Conduct themselves fairly and enjoy their own—

7. The Zemundar may dismiss a servant of his own appointing, but he cannot, he has not the power, dismiss one who was not appointed by his authority - according to Section 4 Regulation 25 of 1802, lands belonging to Covils are Lakeraj lands, and all controul over such are reserved to Government—

8. If authority be given to Zemindars over the servants of Covils, it would be in opposition to the principle laid down as stated above in regard to the lands which comprise their endowments therefore have Zemindars no authority over the servants

9. It would not be just for any one to have the power of depriving another of his situation at his pleasure— If such was the Case there would be constant Change of servants, and the service would suffer— It was not Culpable in the Plaintiff in asking back for the Covil property - on the Contrary it showed him true to his trust—

10. Without any other agreement a person will not acquire a right to a Covil

Covil built by another by merely repairing it— The question to be decided is whether the Defendant had the power to dismiss the Plaintiff or not - and not whether the Plaintiff behaved ill or not—

11. If any Covil servants misbehaves, those who Came to the Covil to worship should make their Complaints through the Collector, or through any other means, and prove the same, when the guilty servant will be condemned to punishment according to the Shasters and justice— Every servant is bound to discharge the duties of his situation—

12 The Court now proceeds to give Decree on what it conceives the justice of the Case, without deciding whether Plaintiffs situation is meerasee, and that Decree is, that the Defendants shall restore the Plaintiff Durmaseven to the situation of Manien and Curnum of the seva and Vishnoo Covils, and pay him Star Pagodas 21 fanams 36 and Cash 45, and pay for Costs of suit and Commission to Pleaders Star Pagodas 2 fanams 7 and Cash 5, and fanams 3 Cash 17 paid by Plaintiff to his Pleader

Pleader, making Total of Star Pagodas 2 fanams 10 and Cash 22.—

Ramnad Zillah Adawlut Court
27th February 1805.—

This given under my hand and the Seal of the Court.—

A true Copy given on this the 20th day of March 1805. Corresponding with the 9th Pungooney of Rootherootharee year.—

No. 4.

To. R. D. Parker Esqre.
Collector and Magistrate of the Zillah of Madura

Sir,

At the interview I had with you on Saturday you were pleased to say that you considered it necessary to make a reference to the Board of Revenue before you entered upon the investigation of the Charges I have made against the Manager of the Ramnad Davastanums on behalf of the great Davastanums of the Nunar Covil, Conteayasamungay, Seroo=choolee, and Pallavanuthum, under Act XIII of 1850.

In doing so, I deem it right in duty to my Clients, and in the Cause of Public justice, and to show how utterly

unworthy the Zemindar of Ramnad is of the Charge intrusted to her, to ask you to submit Translate Copies of Certain papers which I have been put in possession of, which I herein enclose for the purpose, the Originals shall be forthcoming at the proper time and place.—

as per list annexed.

The Charges are that the Authority entrusted to the Zemindar has been grossly abused and put to Corrupt purposes by her and her servants these papers show that Corrupt means were employed to obtain that Authority, and that Corrupt means are employed to retain it and also how highly it is prized.—

Madura ——— } (Signed) G. F. Fischer
2d. February 1852 }

List of Papers enclosed.—

1 Letter by Post with Post Marks.
from Kotasawmy Taver to Vurdiengar
14th May 1844.

1 Do. ——— Do. ——— Do.
from Annasawmy Iyer to Vurdiengar
7th September 1844.

1 Do. ——— Do. ——— Do.
from Do. to Do. with Roka 24th October 1844.

1 Do. Draft Copy in his own hand writing
from Vurdiengar to Annasawmier
12th June 1845.

Letter

1 Letter Draft Copy in his own hand writing
from Vurdiengar to Kotasawmy, Taver
14th November 1845.—

1 D° D° D°
from Ranee Purvatha Vurdhany
Nauchear, to Kistna Row, with
explanatory Rokak signed by, Kotasawmy
27th August 1851.

1 D° by Post with Post Marks.
from Davastanum Manager to
Palanyappah Pillay, 21st October 1851.

1. D° D° D°
from Thurmoo to Marthavanalingom
Pillay 20th November 1851.

1 Key of feign names to the Correspondence
between Kotasawmy Taver Annas
-sawmy Iyer and Vurdiengar.
(Signed) F. Fischer

Explanatory Notes.—
Vurdiengar is the Accredited Agent of the
Ramnad Zemindary at the Board of Revenue.
Annasawmy Iyer was the then Seemay Peshcar
of the Ramanad Zemindary, since dead.
Kotasawmy, Taver is the brother of the
Ranee Purvatha Vurthaney, Nauchear
Zemindar of Ramnad, and her
Manager

Davastanum

Davastanum Manager is the son inlaw
of Ranee Kistna Row is one of the Accre-
-dited Vakeels of the Ramnad Zemindary
at Madura.
Palneappah Pillay is the Manapathy, and
another Accredited Vakeel of D°.

(Signed) G. F. Fischer
(True Copy)
(Signed) R. D. Parker
Collector

N° 1 in N° 4.

Streeramajeyum.

1. Vignyappanum to R. R. Vurda Iyengar
you must write and inform me whether
the letter sent you on the 4th Instant has
been received or not.—

2. The pooshpums you have sent the
first Moorthe from the 3d Instant to this
day he has sent Copies of to the Sumoocum
and written himself and the Sumoocum has
admitted your pooshpums and sent other
pooshpums in Answer to the first Moorthe
and as I conceive you will know by the
pooshpum which he will send you, I do
not, out of fear, expatiate in this letter.

3. According to your prayers to
the Minor and attendant duties in the
Parthasarradhy and Sowntherarajaswamy
Sunnathies

sunnathies. if your, for the present, offer up to them the 2000 Vilva Thalum which you have in hand, and the 3000 on it's way to you, making 5000, there is no doubt of the other 2000 being sent to you to be offered up to the said duties within a week after the issue of the order for the Thwajja rokanum and the performance of Ruthna Cothsavum. but in the beginning you must pay according to the means we at present profess. Not to have done so, but to prayed for 7000, we must attribute to opposition and our bad time. Nevertheless if our present undertaking succeed, this is no great thing.

4. Desirous of knowing daily what takes place in the Alums there, altho' I sent you a writing requesting you to write a letter each day without fail, I am sorry to find that you have no mind to send an answer even. In future in this matter I hope you will not fail without making delay to send a letter daily.

5 In your letter to the first moorthi you use very objungatory language. it is unjust in you to think so offensively in regard to me. I therefore request you to excuse it.

6. I write you on red paper. your answer will be in Yellow paper. I trust. so to prosper it is God's will.

Ramnad 14th May 1814

(Signed) Kotasawmy

(True translation)

(Signed) G. F. Fischer

Many

No. 2 in No. 4.

Many Namascarums.

1. I am quite well up to this day. you must write and tell me of your welfare.

2. The letter you sent on the 2nd Instant has arrived, and I understand the news.

3. I wrote you on many subjects in my letter of the 17th Ultimo. but you have replied only on a few in your aforesaid letter.

4. The letter sent you from hence on the 3d Instant, giving cover to a hondee, will have reached you ere this. you must answer particularly on the subjects contained in that letter, as also on the other subjects contained in the letter of the 17th.

5. I am exerting my best endeavours to send you the 2 Thullums balance for the marriage and the amount on account of the Thallay-ati as particularly stated in the letter of the 3d.

6. In the matter of the Davastanum, although you wrote confidently, I am doubtful in that you say that another question has arisen about it. should any obstruction happen in this case, you cannot but be aware, how much

detraction

Fort St. George 13th March 1852.

detraction and how much loss and suffering will be involved therein to us.

7. If we only had the charge of the Dawstanum in our hands until the estate is released to us, nothing will be wanting to our dignity and our comfort- therefore I entirely rely on your good faith for quickly getting orders issued and sent in this matter- you must remember that this is a matter of greater importance even that that of the Marriage-

8. The M. R. R. Maha Rajah Avengal is not only equal to the Dawastanum charge, but he is able to manage a Country four times as large as this- The Collector knows this too-

9. Is not the Shevagungah Zemindary about to be released to one who is within 21 years of age?

10. On all other subjects I will write you hereafter-

11. Therefore many namus=carums-

Madura
7th September
1844

/Signed/ Annasawmy Iyen

/True translation/

/Signed/ G. F. Fischer

Many

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.-

No. 3.

Many Namuscarums-

1. I am well upto this day, of your welfare you must write and send.

2. In the Suit instituted by Moottooverey Nachiar in the Court there, you must ascertain and write what is the cause of the delay in the Ramasawmy Sunnudy not answering the poosh-pum sent to them by Meenatchisoor to resolve his doubt as against whom the Supplemental petition should be received not only that but you must exert yourself to get orders issued quickly.-

3. You will have learnt by my previous letter what Sutthur wrote to the Parathasaradhy Sunnaithy in regard to giving the expences required for the Aramanay Suits going on in the Courts out of the Zemindary funds- Answer has not been received to this as yet- you must take measures for getting Orders issued according to said writing without impediment and when that is done write and inform us-

4. I sent a Hoondee for 50 Rupees on account of the Sudder Court Vakeel Goolam Rajah Saib. I dont know whether you have realised the same and paid it to the said

Vakeel

Vakeel or not. you must write about its particulars.-

5. Moreover you must at least on account of this letter write and inform us particularly what passes in the Offices there on the subjects contained in the letter we have before sent you.-

6. To the Vinnuppum given into the Court here by the opposite party regarding the Davastanum business, the Diary extract passed by the Judge in the case of the Shevagungah Davastanum has been ordered to be produced. Should the Court deem the said Extract hostile to the Aramanay claim, it will be issuing orders in conformity to it. If therefore the Government issue orders on the subject beforehand, altho' the Court may see cause to form opinion as stated above it will not issue orders annulling the Government Order, this you must consider well, and take measures for the issue of orders by Government quickly. what occasion have I to write more in regard to this.-

7. In what state is the Thallayati suit has the papers been translated. This you must ascertain and write.-

Therefore

8. Therefore Namuscarum.-

9. I have occasion to remain here till the Debavully. all your letters address to this place.-.

Ramnad, 24th October, 1852.

(Signed) Annasawmy Iyen
(True Translation
(Signed) G. Fischer.
A.

Rotta

In the letter I wrote you on the 1st Instant. I told you that from the great want of money at the Aramanay. Messengers had been sent to Yettiapoorum and other places to endeavour to raise a loan, and that we would anyhow find means to send you the balance of 2,000 for the marriage affair and the 4,000 for the Tallayati business making 6000. by the 26; but that we were unable for the present to send you the 1,500 Thallums for the Davastanum affair, as requested by you, but that you were bound to get and send a favorable order, and that the Thallums stipulated therefore would be paid within the time agreed. and I sent you the Original letter I received from the Aramanay on the above subject. This is 24 days ago, and considering I have received no acknowledgment of

of any kind whatever, it would appear you mistrust the true state of things told you in the said letter of the 1st Instant, and are dissatisfied. and therefore do not even send answers. and you have not even returned the Original letter sent you.

In the other letter that I wrote you on the 4th Instant I told you that I had to go to Ramnad to the Navarathri within the 26th Pertasee. and that I would within that time get and send you a hoondee for the 6,000 Thallums. The people I had sent to different places about money not having returned up to 27 Pertasee. I started on that day and arrived at Ramnad on the 28th The navarathri Oottsavum has been very properly performed. The people who had gone to Yettiapooram and to Ramanad here Chetty and others at Shevagungah have returned without having effected any thing. The person who had gone to Yellaversaneyndul has not yet returned. It having so happened, I have with the greatest difficulty raised a loan on my own responsibility for 3,000 Rupees and got a hoondee for it, and herein send it you. Out of this you must pay the 2000 balance for the Marriage affair, the other 1000 carry to the Devastanum

Devastanum business. the further sum of 3,000 due on this account I will cause to be paid within the time appointed as soon as orders come about the Devastanum.

It will take ten days to send the 4,000 Rupees on account of the Thalayate. This too shall be carefully sent.-

(True translation)
(Signed) G. Fischer.

No. 4.

From Vurda Iyengar to Annasawmy Iyngar

1 Compliments

2. Refers to previous letter alluding to his intention to go and see his Uncle who had fallen ill.-

3. States that he did so go. and fell ill and was detained. but had now returned to Madras and was attending to the business of the Dramanay.-

4- Tells of the Proceedings of the Board and Government on the report from the Collector of Madura about the little palace. Tells of Mr. Macleane's interfering to their disadvantage, because they had not fulfilled their promises to him. that he remonstrated and Mr. M. replied it was their

own

own fault for neglecting him, and that if they would bear him in mind infuture, all would go well with them / litteral / With regard to Tha, what we have agreed for to certain servants of the Ra. Pa and saw Sunnathies, and to the Se. Kar and others we have not yet performed and they are remindeing me of it. I have written fully on this subject in my former letters.

5. Complains of not getting satisfactory answers to his letters.-

6. Insists on Burthen / Macleane / being secured for being a man of no principle he is sure to do mischief otherwise.-

7. About the little Palace that Mootoo chella Taver had ordered no pains or expence to be spared in getting Orders for his retaining it.-

8. Tells of the difficulties connected with the little Palace question and says such would not have happened had Macleane been secured. that his cupidity would ensure his best Offices. Says that Drury is going to the Hills and that Macleane will do his duty too. that although he is of little sense his luck is great.-

9. Tells Mr. Blackburne's letter about

about the Suit in the Madura Court and that Maclean rules in all these matters repeats that all would go well of he is secured.-

10. Enquiries in regard to a complaint made by Sunjeeva royer the Trichinopoly Vakeel about arrears of pay due him.-

11. Allusion to some Circular Orders.-

12. Enquiries if the Superintendent's answer had been given in

13. Enquires into the present state of the Shevagungah business.-

12th June 1845. (True Translation)
(Signed) G. Fischer

No. 5.

From Vurda Iyengar to Kotasawmy.-

Observations.

2. Acknowledges two letters of the 7th and 8th Instants. Tells of Annasawmy not having yet arrived that Pa. Sunnathy is prepared to make report to Sow Sunnathy as soon as Suttheasawmy's answer is received on the subjects of the letters he had written from the 1st Instant that it being absolutely necessary to perform beforehand what had been promised to the Pa. Sunnathy and Burathen and others, and as they were mistrustful and insisted upon an immediate

immediate payment and the Reddiar had failed in the hour of need even to the extent of 8 or 10,000 Rupees that he had mortgaged his own lands to the Reddy and had raised that sum and out of it he had paid Burathan 5 and Se Railasum 3, and had, with great diffienlty, prevailed on them to receive so little - that he was doing his best to raise what was further due to the said parties and had induced them to do what was needful by strong and solemn assurances of good faith &c.-

3. Calls upon Hotasawmy and the Rainee to hold him scathless in the risk he had run in regard to his own property.-

4. That althó the Railasums had told him not to mind the treachery of his own Brother yet that he must be careful.-

5. That Gunnapathy and Maha Dain and their people were causing untold disturbances and that some annonymous person had been writing to the Saw. Sunnathy that Annasawmy was comming to Madras in company with a Nattacottay Chetty and with 80,000 Rupees, with the intent of propitiating the Sunnathies and getting the business done &c.-

6. That hearing that the opposite party was.

was negotiating with the Sunnathies and the necessity of putting a stop to such being imperative it was that he mortgaged his property and made the offering he did that opportunity must not be given to the opposite party nor must this party fail in the least in their engagements.-

Rokka.

Repeated the report of the Annonymous Arzee to the Saw Sunnathy.-

14th November, 1845. (True translation)
(Signed) G. Fischer

No. 6.

Vingiapanum to the Ramnad Samustanum Vakeel Kistna Row.-

The letter you wrote on the 16th Instant has arrived and it's contents become known.-

You write that in regard to our Dava-stanum that the public Servants, who have agreed to get the question at issue decided in our favor distrust the Amounts mentioned in Rockas and that if a letter with signature stating the Amount, be received, the same would be shewn and measures be immediately taken - which is right enough any how if we be not burdened &c with the Amount charged in the said

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.-

Said Davastanum Enquiry and the Manage-
=ment of the said Davastanum be not taken
from us, and tatkeels be issued to the said
Gooroocul mar to prevent their exciting in
future disturbances similar to the present
we will pay the exact Amount before pro-
=mised. and in earnest thereof, now before
hand give V. Vey and Senee 2,000 Samy and
Se 3,000 and the other 1,000. the remaining 4,000
we will pay as soon as the Davastanum
is decided in our favor. what need have I
to write more in regard to your showing the
great people abovementioned this letter
and taking the needful measures in the
business. Therefore in regard to this matter
as suggested by you in your previous letter
I have written to Vurdiengar to save
the issue of any orders unfavorable
to us from the Board and even if an
unfavorable urzee comes from the
Collector's Office to get it nullified and
favorable orders issued and have sent
him for the expenses thereof 7,000 Rupees
Be it known. This letter must be
in great confidence.-

Ramnad,-
27th August 1851.

(Signed) Purvath Vurthany Rachear
(True translation)
(Signed) G. Fischer.

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.-

Rotes

The marks Vey and Senee are for Venkatasawmy
Naick and the Iyengar. to each you must
give one half. The marks samy and se are for
the Samy Iyer and the Sheristadar's son youve
must give 1000 to Samy Iyer and 2000 to the
Sheristadar's Son.-

(Signed) Rotay
(True translation)
(Signed) G. Fischer
No. 7.

To, Stanapathy Palamuppa Pillay
Now

What doubt is there of our performing
as agreed upon with our good friends in the
Court in regard to Aupatharana Butter's busi-
=ness, you must pay particular attention to this
and get it done, and report what measures
you have taken.-

In regard to the
Davastanum business I learn by
your letter that although you and
the person who has come from hence
have assured Venkatasawmy Naick
Samy Iyer and others that they
shall be paid what has been
agreed upon, as soon as the
business is concluded they
mistrust it, and are geninge
place

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.-

place to our opponents. That proceeds from your neglecting to remind them of the matter from time to time, and not from any mis-trust on their part.-

Nevertheless, you must deliver the letters which come enclosed in this to our friends and tell them that the 6,000 Rupees promised to the Chief shall be sent and delivered in a very few days; and get what we want done by them and let me know.

I will soon in a few days send people with the amount specified.

Ramnad, 21st October 1851.

(Signed) Streeramasim

(True translation)

(Signed) G. Fischer

No. 8.

Thurmoo Vinnappum. We are all well up to this day. Of the welfare there you must order to be written. The letter which you sent on the 18 Goorroovarum at 12 O'Clock in the day time reached me on the 19. Boodhavarum in the evening. As particularly written therein, I immediately communicated it Colla Thaivum Sunnithanum. It is not his wish that Chinnaver should go there now. He is not only really sick but much to

Lo

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.-

to do at this time. The opponent persists as resolved from the beginning to being at-than in but neither is it proper for at-than to come and measures to that end must be taken. The letter that came for Potty thutty Iyengar has been delivered to him. If the Thetchinum business ends favorably, the Joy to Colla. Thaivum will be as if he acquired another Semai.-

Be it Known.

With Vinnappum

20th November Goorroovarum

Set 2 O'Clock in the day time.

You must order all that goes on there to be written.-

Therefore with Vinnappum

(True translation)

(Signed) G. Fischer

1. Thurmoolingum pillay Iyasawmy pillay's Nephew.
2. That this is a mistake is shown by the 19th being called Boodhavarum and the date of the letter the 20th Goorroovarum.
3. The Davustanum Manager.
4. Allagianagalingam Pillay Iyasawmy Pillay's younger brother.
5. Arreamottoo pillay alias Appavoo pillay Iyasawmy pillay's Son.
6. The Davustanum Enquiry going on-

No. 9.

The Key to the feigned Names

Parthasarathy Sunnady means the Board, Sowanthera Rajah Sawmy Sunnathy the Government, Ramasawmy Sunnathy Sudder Court.

Se Kailasum, the Secretary to the Board

Barathen the name for Mr. Maclean.—

Athesthen the name for Mr. Drury—

Son Sunnathy Si—Kai the name of Mr. Thompson

Mothal Moorthy means the Rajah.

Rendam Moorthy Annasawmy Iyen.

Moonam Moorthy Kotasawmy.

Sutthier, the Collector of Madura.

Meenatchysm the Zillah Judge.

Maha Davy Moottooverayer Nachiar.

Arumthathi Ummum Purvatha Vurthany Nachiar.—

Soobha Vijsum the Subject of Dora Nachiar's Marriage

Thavy Vijsum the Danastanum.—

Thallay-ali Venkatasoobien's law Suit.—

(True Translation)

(Signed) G. Fischer.

+ In Vurda Iyengar's own Goomastah's hand writing.—

Bl. No. 488.

Proceedings intimating that the Board cannot issue instructions to the Coll.r to investigate charges brought by a certain Party against the Ranee of Ramnad & her servants & that the Complainant also said be referred to the Courts

From Pt. Coll.r 29 Jan.y in Cons: 24 Feby 1845

To Govt. 24th Do. Do.

(44-45)

From Pt. Coll.r 24th Oct.r in Cons 14th Nov.r 1844 and Dis.d being the Pro: of the Zillah Court 22d Oct.r 1844.

From Pt. Coll.r 29th Jan.y in Cons 24th Feb.y 1845 Dis.d being Pro: of Sudr Udalut 14th Dec.r 1844. last para.

thereon. It does not appear that the Devastanums in the Ramnad and Shevagungah Estates have ever been under the Control of the Officers of Government. It was argued by the late Principal Collector that they did not form portions of these Estates but were endowments or alienations irresumable, the Sudr Udalut however considered them to be an appendage to the Estates.—

2. It is observed that in the Case of Shevagunga the Sudr Udalut refused to Comply with the request of Unganootoo Nacheyar a claimant to that Estate to deliver over, to her Management, the Pagoda Choultries and other endowments on the ground that such formed a part of the Shevagunga Zemindary, but they stated that if the final Decree for the Estate was in her favor those Endowments would also be put in her possession. In regards to Ramnad that Court thought that the Pagodas ought to be with the "Ranee" and the Authority of

To Govt. 24th Feby 1845
From Dr. 28th in Cont.
31st March 1845.

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.

of Government for placing them under the Ranees husband was granted under the opinion passed by the Court.

3. The endowments in question having thus been declared to be "an appendage" to the Zemindary they are placed by those orders beyond the jurisdiction of the Collector, and in the opinion of the Board, the Court alone can interfere, on proof of Malversation, and make a suitable provision for their due administration.

4. Under these circumstances the Board feel precluded from issuing instructions to the Collector to investigate the charges adverted to in his letter, and would suggest that he refer the Petitioner to seek redress in the Civil Courts.

5. They take this opportunity to remind Mr. Parker that as a general rule his interference should extend no further than, in pressing cases of Complaint, may be necessary and that the Board have ruled that Act

C. O. Book page 466 & note 2 page 167.

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.

Act XIII of 1850 has not superseded Regulation VII of 1817.

No. 34.

To W. H. Bayley Esqre.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(46)

Bd. No. 399
From the Collector of Madura
Reporting upon Board's Petition No. 2518 of 1850.

Sir,

With reference to your letter dated 23d December 1850 relative to the right to a dispute between the Blacksmith of Veratteput hamlet of Cochaday, and the Carpenter who cultivates his Enam, I have the honor to state that the views of the Board do coincide with the usage of this District.

2. The difficulty in this case has arisen from a kind of partnership which existed between the Blacksmith and the Carpenter, and from money Kesma never having been paid by the latter, but always grain, to the extent, it would appear, sometimes if not always of Waram. In the Decree too produced by the Carpenter, the Manachey name of field is termed the Carpenters.

Enam

Fort St. George 15th. March 1852

Enam, whereas the Manachey which is the subject of the Petition† to the Board, and as connected with which the Decree is brought forward is the Blacksmiths Enam—I am satisfied however, that it is called Carpenters Enam in the Decree by mistake—

† No. 2518 of 1850.

3. After a long enquiry I have come to the Conclusion, that the land composing the Blacksmiths Enam was not in his posession at the time of the Tysel, but in that of Persons from whom the Carpenter acquired it, and—that altho arrangements have existed by—mutual agreement, under which grain has been received by the Blacksmith, he is entitled only to the Teerwa—I have therefore intimated this to him thro the Tahsildar, who has been desired not to interfere to cause payment of warons—

Madura
Callarcovil
9th. February 1852
Bt. No. 497
Proceedings thereon—

(46-47)

(Signed) R. D. Parker
Collector

Ordered that the following Endorsement be passed on Petition No. 251 of 1850
The Collector reports in his

Fort St. George 15th. March 1852.

his having decided that Petitioner is liable to the payment of Teerwah alone on the Blacksmiths Manium in his enjoyment—

Read the following letters—

No. 15.—

To, W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(48)

Bt. No. 484
From the Actg Coll. of Coimbatore—

Sir,

With reference to Mr. Thomas' letter dated 27th. January 1851.—I have the honor to request that you will be good enough to cause the early transmission of the form of leases to be granted to the Several Proprietors on the Neilgherries—

Ootacamund
19th. February 1852

(Signed) W. E. Underwood
Actg. Collector

Bt. No. 185.
Proceedings thereon—

(48-49)

The Acting Collector is informed that two slight modifications have been suggested in the terms of the proposed Forms of Lease and that the orders of Government on the subject are

are shortly expected, when no time will be lost in furnishing him with the required number of printed Copies—

Read the following letter
No. 22.

To W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue

(50)

Bd. No. 618.

From the Coll.r of Madras — } Sir,

1. I have the honor to forward 2 Letters from my Assistant Mr. Ellis, one on the subject of the progress of the manufacture of salt at the Pans in this district, and the other, on the desirableness of adopting the Boat-contract system which obtained formerly for the Conveyance of Salt to the Madras Golauns—

Forwarding two Letters on the subject of the Salt Coodewarum paid to the Cuttiwauk manufacturers and the Boat Contract system & recommending that both propositions may receive the sanction of the Board—
9 June 1852.

2. On the former subject I would take the liberty to refer the Board to my predecessor's letter of the 24th April 1834 in which it is stated, that the Salt Capable of being manufactured at the Cuttiwauk Pans is equal in quality to that obtained from Attiput and Ennore

Ennore—

From Bd. 25th May 1837.

3. It will also be within the recollection of the Board that when an attempt was made to reduce the Coodewarum of the Ennore & Attiput Manufacturers, the measure did not meet with the approbation of Government—

4. I would therefore for the reasons adduced by Mr. Ellis in his report under submission, beg to recommend that an increased allowance of Coodewarum, equal to that received by the manufacturers at Ennore & Attiput, may be granted in favor of the Salt manufacturers of Cuttiwakum on condition that a larger quantity of Salt should be manufactured at this locality than that hitherto supplied to this Office—

5. In reference to the Boat contract system which forms the subject of my Assistant's second letter, I have the honor to request that a discretional power may be placed in my hands to adopt either system, as it may seem advantageous to the Government interests, as a Temporary measure

measurer, and to request you will be so good as to obtain the orders of the Board at an early date on this portions of my letter.—

Madras
9th March 1852 } (Signed) J. A. Hudleston
Collector

Encl. No. 1.

To J. A. Hudleston Esqre.
Collector of
Madras.

Sir,

I have the honor to report to you that having visited the Salt Pans at Ennore, Attiput and Kuttewauk I am able to report very favorably on the prospects of the Manufacture of Salt for the Current Year.—

2 At the two former places the Manufacturers have displayed unusual activity. They have already manufactured nearly two hundred Garces and there is reason to expect that within ten days five hundred Garces of Salt will be ready for transport from the Pans at Attiput and Ennore to the Madras Cotaur. They are making also a

Satisfactory progress in the formation of the new Pans granted to them from some of which small quantities of Salt have already been scraped.—

3 The only portion of the Pans in which the progress of the Manufacture of Salt is not Satisfactory is at Kuttewauk. This inferiority has been remarked for some time past and upon enquiring into the Cause of this difference. I am led to believe that it is owing to the Amount of Koodewaram paid to the manufacturers at this place being less than that received by the manufacturers at Ennore and Attiput.—

4 The manufacturers at Attiput and Ennore receive 10 Rupees per Garce. while those at Kuttewauk receive only 8 Rupees. There does not appear to be any advantage of situation enjoyed by the Salt Manufacturers at Kuttewauk to compensate for this difference. It is true that they themselves formerly agreed to this smaller rate but they may very

very possibly in their eagerness to obtain pans have concluded a bargain which subsequently has not been found sufficiently advantageous to induce them to make continued exertion in the manufacture.—

5 No new pans have been ordered to be formed at Kuttewak and of the 174 Old pans there are only 74 in which salt is at present being manufactured. There are several repairs necessary in order to render the manufacture effectual, of these repairs the most expensive is a large Bund required to exclude the Water during the rains.—

6. I am persuaded that if the Board would sanction the Amount of the Coodewa: sum paid to the Kuttewak Manufacturers being raised to 10 Rupees per Garce many persons possessing Capital would come forward and make the necessary repairs and actively continue the manufacture of Salt. The only objection that can be raised to this is that there is a slight inferiority in the

the quality of Salt manufactured at Kuttewak. This inferiority is even now very trifling and with increased care would entirely disappear.—

The Salt received from
7 Kuttewak is sold by Government at the same rate as that received from Ennore and Attiput and there does not seem to be any reason for continuing the difference of Coodewarum to which, I am convinced the inactivity of the manufacturers is mainly to be attributed.—

I signed) B. S. Ellis
Asst. Collector

Madras ..... }
9th March 1852 }

Encl. No. 2.

To J. A. Huddleston Esqre
Collector of Madras

Sir,

1 I have the honor to report to you that upon a trial being made of the 11 new Boats received from the Contractor for the Conveyance of Salt from the Pans to the Madras Custom they have been found when laden to leak immediately.—

You will remember that these
2. Boats before they were received by this

this Office were carefully examined by a competent person sent from Captain Bidens Office and that the Boats were pronounced to be very well built. Upon the pre-examination made by me when this leakage was reported to me, I find that it is owing to the Boats not being sufficiently seasoned. Captain Bidens Maistries and Boat Inspector recommended their being water logged and affirm that at the end of a fortnight they will be fit for use.

3. Under these circumstances the Boat Contractor Mr. D. Rozario has undertaken to supply immediately at his own expense 11 other Boats to be manned by one Boatman till such time as the new Boats are sufficiently seasoned.

4. With a view to commencing immediately the Inland Sales I have ordered these Boats and 20 more boats supplied by Cooly contract at once to proceed to the pans and to bring down to the Madras Cotaur the Salt

Salt ready there.

5. It will be necessary to obtain the Sanction of the Board for the employment of these Extra Cooly Boats in addition to our own Boats. I request, therefore, that you will submit to them the reasons that have induced me to take this Step and also to request their Sanction for the continued employment of Cooly Boats during such time as may appear to you necessary. I beg to submit with this letter some remarks upon the probable disadvantage that will arise from a discontinuance of the System of Cooly contract for the conveyance of Salt from the Salt Pans to the Cotaur.

6. By the Boards Proceedings dated 4th August 1851 it was determined that the Salt manufactured should be conveyed from the pans to the Cotaur, on boats the property of Government and manned by Boatmen

Boatmen in the pegular pay of this Office.—

7. With pegard to this arrange: ment it would appear that in estimat: ing the number of Boats pequired as 25. it was not contemplated that the quantity of Salt ordered to be manufac: tured should during 8 years ever exceed 4,500 yearly. With this estimated quantity no provision was made for storing a large quantity of Salt to meet Sudden demands or to guard against Such accidents as those Storms by which the Salt Revenue of Government and the interests of the Inland Salt Merchants have so severely suffered during the past year.—

8. Twenty five Boats going 2 trips during the week and carrying on an average 2½ Garce each trip would be rather more than 8 Months conveying this quantity of Salt (4,500 Garce) so far from this System being a Security against fraud, I consider that it affords increased facility for

for its commission.—

9. The Salt being left during many Months at the Pans, the Manu: facturers are able to get rid of it and then account for its disappearance under the head of wastage, the enormous proportion of which to the quantity of Salt actually manufactured is attri: buted by the Public Servants to the carelessness of the manufacturers.—

10. The best Security against fraud is the immediate removal of Salt as Soon as manufactured to the Colaur at Madras where the movements of the Salt Servants are under the more immediate Supervision of the Office.—

11. This immediate removal can only be effected by the System of contract Boats. Upon the order of the Collector the Boat Contractor under: takes to send Such number of boats as the circumstances require, and at once to convey the Salt to the Madras Colaur.— All

lofs

loss occurring in the transport is at his risk, whereas under the present system it would be at the expense of Government.

12. It is evident that having only 25 Boats as per order of Board, Vizt. 4th August 1851, to be used as Government Boats, 14 of which according to the contract are not to be delivered till the 1st April next, it will be necessary to make use largely of Cooly Boats to convey the whole quantity of 9000 Gauze ordered to be manufactured for this year.

13. This will give an opportunity of testing both systems fairly but as I have reason to believe that the contractor for the building of the Boats may be induced to refund the money for 15 Boats and to supply only 11 Boats. I would recommend that should he consent to this arrangement the experiment of Government Boats and Government Crews be made with only 11 Boats as

as it will be much easier should the Cooly contract system be continued to dispose of these 11 Boats at the end of the year than of a larger number.

14. I beg herewith to forward the rate of contract established last year by Mr. Taylor your Assistant, and the slight reduction I have been able to obtain. He is prepared to sign a contract undertaking to supply any number of Boats required as far as 100 according to the orders given to him.

Madras ....
9th March 1852

(Signed) R. S. Ellis
Assistant Collector

Memorandum

3798

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.

Bd. No. 194.

Proceedings thereon.

The proposition of Mr. Ellis —

Encl. No. 1

(50-51)

contained in his letter of 9th March 1852 and referred to in para 2 & 4 of the above letter should have been submitted with a distinct communication. The subject will however receive separate attention.-

Mr. Ellis' second letter of

Encl. No. 2.

9th March 1852 requires immediate notice.

The Eleven Boats supplied by the Contractor should not be received unless they are efficient in every respect.- With these, if they are serviceable, the Collector is authorized to employ as many Extra Boats as may be necessary to bring the Salt now urgently required to the Madras Coasts.-

Since Mr. Ellis is of opinion that the money for the other 11 boats can be refunded, that arrangement had better be made, and as the experiment of Government Boats cannot be fully judged of by the use of 11 only, the Board would at once desire the contract system to be adopted as there seems no difficulty, and would propose that it be arranged for the Contractor to take the 11 Boats. The

Board

3797

Fort St. George 15th March 1852.

A

Memorandum Shewing the Issues of Salt from Boat hire.

Date	Where issued	Quantity	Rate per Candy	Amount
Dr. on Issue of Salt from Cumore to Madras (Clearance)				
1852		Candies	Rs. As.	Rs. As.
March 9	Madras	1	5 6	1 5
Ditto	Ditto	—	" 10	" 10
Ditto	Ditto	1	5 6	1 5
Ditto	Ditto	1	5 6	1 5
Ditto	Ditto	2	1 "	2 "
Ditto	Ditto	1	1 "	1 "
Ditto	Ditto	1	1 "	1 "
Ditto	Ditto	—	" 8	" 8
Ditto	Ditto	—	" "	" "

Madras 9th March 1852.

Signed/ A. J. Ellis
Assistant Collr.

Proceedings

Received and Noted.
Rejected
Sanctioned
Referred
Report

Rupees & Pallies Rs.

3799

Fort St. George 15th March 1852

Board cannot but regret that the plans urged by Mr. Hudleston should so soon exhibit so much doubt as to the result & and with the little confidence that can now be placed in it they consider it would be better for the interests of Govern. ment to abandon it while it can be done without loss.-

---

Read the following letter.-

52

Bd. No. 581

From the Superintendent of Stamps ....

To,
W. H. Bayley Esqre.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue.

Sir,

With reference to Para 4 of the Regulations of Government regarding Office furniture published in the Official Gazette of 10th February last at page 145 I have the honor to forward an Indent on the Barrack Master in the prescribed form for the supply of Office Furniture for the use of the Translator and Accountant recently entertained under the orders of Government dated 27th Ultimo which I request the Board will be good enough to forward to Government for their approval.

* dated 6th July 1852.

Fort St. George
Genl. Stamp Office
4th March, 1852.

Signed A. F. Bruce
Supt. of Stamps. Indent

3817

No. 1 Indent on the Barrack Master at Fort St. George for the supply of Office Furniture for the use of the Superintendent of Stamps at Fort St. George 4th March 1852.

Description of articles required.	Number ordered.	Present Condition.	Cause of deficiency for which Requisition is made.	Recommended to be supplied on Sanction by Controlling authority.
Dining Table	One	New	For the use of Translator and Assistant Accountant:	
Chairs	Two	Ditto	Ditto	
Desks	Two	Ditto	Ditto	
Benches	Two	Ditto	Ditto	

Signed A. F. Bruce
Supt. of Stamps.

Proceedings

Fort St. George 15th March 1852

Bd. No. 507

No. 95

Proceedings thereon.

52-53

Resolved that the foregoing letter with its enclosure be submitted for the orders of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council with the Board's recommendation that sanction be granted for the supply of the articles mentioned in the Indent for the use of the Translator and Assistant Accountant recently entertained under the orders of Government dated 27th February 1852.

Resolved that the following letter be dispatched.

No. 96.

To,

The Chief Secretary to Government.

54

No. 508.

To the Chief Secy. to Government. } Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to acknowledge the receipt of † Petition No. 117 of 1852 bearing an endorsement from the Deputy Secretary to Government in which the Board are requested to state whether they are aware of any objection to the Government granting permission to the Petitioner

† Intimating that it seems inexpedient and hardly fair to call upon the two daughters of Moideen Beebee to bear a share in the expenses of the Durgah and the Petitioner in No. 117 of 1852 cannot therefore be permitted to use those Jewales

× Forwarded herewith

Fort St. George 15th March 1852

Jewales in Court.

Petitioner to sue his Cosharers in Court for such portions of the expenses of the Durgah as they were adjudged to pay from the shares in the Yeomiah by a judgment of Court in 1827.

2. In reply I am desired to point out that it has been ordered that 3 shares which were enjoyed in 1846 should lapse with the lives of the then existing incumbents — One of them Moideen Beebee having died her share lapsed but Government were pleased to continue a moiety of that share to her Two daughters, in equal proportions to lapse on marriage or death whichever took place first.

Ext. Minutes of Cons. 20th January 1846 para 12
In Cons. 9th February 1846
Per Pensions

Shah Chand Dewanah Rs.	11-10-8
Sorah Beebee	11-10-8
Mohideen Beebee	11-10-8
From Govt. 26th Septr. in Cons. 2d October 1848	
Proceedings to Dc. 5th February	1849
From Dc. 5 in Cons. 19th April	1849
Rs. 1/2	5-13-4
	2-14-8

3. Under these circumstances it would hardly seem fair to expect that the Two daughters of Moideen Beebee should be called up to bear a share in the expences incurred on account of the Ceremonies which the Petitioner may

may wish to perform and as the Peomiah has been regarded as a Charitable grant a compliance with the request of the Petitioner to sue his Cosharers in Court would seem to be inexpedient.-

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
15. March, 1852.-- } /Signed/ W. H. Bayley
Secretary.-

55

Resolved that the following Proceedings and letters be despatched.-

Bd. No. 506.

Proceedings to Chingleput.

P. No. 269 of 1852.

The Surviving sons of the late Shotriendar of Potacaud having petitioned the Board that their respective shares in the Estate from the date of their father's decease, should be paid over to them from the Surplus funds and the Board thinking their request a just and fair one desire that you will comply with it.

Endorsement on Petition 269/1852

Petitioners are referred to the Collector who has been instructed on the subject of their request.-

---

56

To The Collector of Tinnevelly

To the Collector of Tinnevelly.-- } Sir,

The accompanying Petition No. 340 of

of 1852. having been received from the Pannally Zemindar, soliciting permission to remove the present and reappoint the Meerasy Curnum of the Zemindary and the Board being of opinion that as the Estate is now under its Proprietor his right to appoint a Curnum under Regulation ~~XXIX~~ of 1802 cannot by retaining in Office the nominee of the Collector be interfered with they desire that you will inform the Zemindar that he is at liberty to provide for the Office in the manner requested.-

Endorsement on Petition No. 340/1852.

"Petitioner is referred to the Collector to whom instructions have been forwarded."-

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,-- --
15th March, 1852-- } /Signed/ W. H. Bayley
Secretary.-

57

To
The Acting Collector of
Coimbatore.

Bd. No. 493.

To the Ag. Collector of Coimbatore-- } Sir.

With reference to their letter of 9th February 1852 I am directed by the Board of Revenue again to request that you will furnish an early reply to their Proceedings dated.

dated 15th September 1851 requiring Returns of produce from and of the Charges incurred on account of the 50 half bred Merino Rams received from Mysore.-

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
15th March, 1852.

/Signed/ W. H. Bayley
Secretary.

The Board proceed to take into consideration the Statements noted below and to record their remarks therein.-

58
Bd. 91. 415
From the Collector of Rajahmundry. Statement of Sadeward and Extra Charges incurred under Estimate in the Revenue Department for Fusly 1260.-

59
Bd. 91. 414
From the Collector of Rajahmundry. Statement of Extra Charges incurred without Estimate for Fusly 1260.-

60
Bd. 91. 417
From the Collector of Rajahmundry. Statement of actual Charges incurred without Estimate on account of advances for Establishment for Fusly 1246.-

61
Bd. 91. 416.
From the Collector of Rajahmundry. Statement of actual Charges incurred under and without

62
Bd. 92. 290
From the Ag. Coll. of North Arcot. Statement of actual Charges incurred under Estimate in the Revenue Department for Fusly 1260.-

63
Bd. 92. 287
From the Ag. Coll. of North Arcot. Statement of actual Charges incurred under and without Estimate in the Revenue Department for Fusly 1260.-

64
Bd. 91. 291
From the Ag. Collector of North Arcot. Statement of actual Charges incurred in the Magisterial Department for Fusly 1260.-

65
Bd. 91. 241
From the Collector of Salem. Statement of actual Charges incurred without Estimate for Fusly 1260.-

66
Bd. 91. 242
From the Collector of Salem. Statement of actual Charges incurred on account of advances of Sequestered Zemindaries for Fusly 1260.-

67
Bd. 91. 241
From the Collector of Salem. Statement of actual Charges incurred without Estimate in the Magisterial Department for Fusly 1260.-

68
Bd. 91. 281
From the Collector of South Arcot. Statement of actual Charges

69
Bd. No. 280
From the Collector of South Arcot. Charges incurred under Estimate in the Revenue Department for Fusly 1260.

70
Bd. No. 283
From the Collector of South Arcot. Statement of actual Charges incurred without Estimate in the Revenue Department for Fusly 1260.

71
Bd. No. 282
From the Collector of South Arcot. Statement of actual Charges incurred under Estimate in the Magisterial Department for Fusly 1260.

72
Bd. No. 106
From the Collector of South Arcot. Statement of actual Charges incurred without Estimate in the Magisterial Department for Fusly 1260.

73
Bd. No. 105
From the Acting Collector of Tanjore. Statement of actual Charges under Estimate for Fusly 1260.

58-74
From the Acting Collector of Tanjore. Statement of actual Charges without Estimate for Fusly 1260.

Order on the 16 abovementioned Statements. Ordered that the necessary remarks of the Board be inserted in the proper Columns of the abovementioned Statements and submitted for the sanction of Government.

From

Bd. No. 640
From the Collector of Nellore. Read abstract of Collections and Charges of his District for Fusly 1260.

75
75-76
Order thereon. Ordered to be recorded.

77
Bd. No. 628
From the Collector of Ganjam. Read the undermentioned Statements. Comparative Statement shewing the quantity of Salt sold for Home and Inland Consumption for the Quarter ending 31st January last.

78
Bd. No. 627
From the Collector of Nellore. Comparative Statement shewing the quantity of Salt sold for Home and Inland Consumption for the Quarter ending 31st January last.

79
Bd. No. 622
From the Collector of Chingleput. Comparative Statement shewing the quantity of Salt sold for Home and Inland Consumption for the Quarter ending 31st January last.

77-80
Order on the 3 abovementioned Statements. Ordered to lie over.

Bd. No. 557
From the Sub Treasurer Fort St. George
81
Read Statement of Contingent Charges incurred at the General Treasury for the Month of January last.

81-82
Order thereon. Resolved that the necessary orders be passed.

83
M. No. 280.
From the Acting Collector of Tanjore. Received the undermentioned Miscellaneous letters and Statements. Salt Account Current for

84
M. No. 277 For the Quarter ending 31st December 1851.
From the Collector of Canara. Return of Fines imposed and stoppages made from the pay of Public Servants

85
Mr No 278 for the Quarter ending 31st December 1851.
From the Collector of Canara. Return of alterations that have

86
occurred in the list of fines and stoppages for the
Mr. No 279 Quarter ending 31st December 1851.
From the Collector of Canara. Return of public Servants

87
suspended and dismissed for the Quarter ending
Mr. No 276 31st December 1851.
From the Collector of Canara. Reporting that no persons were

88
charged with Offences or confined under Regu-
Mr No 282 -lation IX of 1822 for the Month of December 1851.
From the Collector of Nellore. Reporting that no persons were

89
tried for Offences or confined under Regulation
Mr No 281 IX for the Month of February last.
From the Collector of Nellore. Stating that no persons were suspended or dismissed under Regulation VI of 1831 for the Month of February last.

Comp. A. Grills

" Nolan & Shaw

" Blane

Diary.

17th Received the following letter.

To

W. H. Bayley, Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue,
Fort St. George.

Sir,

1
Bd No. 661.
From Messrs. Dale & Boyson
Pleaders. Sudder Court

With reference to your letter to our address noted in the Margin, We do ourselves the honor to annex for the information of the Board of Revenue, Copy of an Extract from the Proceedings of the Sudder Court under date the 1st Instant.

Letter from Secretary to the Court of Wards to Messrs. Dale and Boyson 22d May 1851.

Madras, 16th March, 1852. } (Signed) Dale and Boyson

Extract

A

Extract from the Proceedings of Sudder Udalut under date the 1st March 1852.

In Appeal No. 7 of 1849.

Raunee Ungamoottoo Nauchear
(Dead) Pauper Appellant -
Versus
Streematoo Rajah Mootoo Vejia
Ragoonada Bodagooroo Sawmy
Parea Oodia Tauer (Minor)
Zemindar of Sheuagunga by his
Guardian Cootty Joseyar,
and another - Respondents

Read motion presented on the 27th October last by J. Ouchterlony Esqre Vakeel, on behalf of Bootaka Nauchear and others, the alleged heirs of the Pauper appellant

(Here enter Motions Nos. 43 and 45 of 1851)

The Court of Sudr Udalut having with reference to their proceedings under date the 8th January last heard and considered the arguments orally advanced by the Pleaders of

both Parties for and against the admission of the documents produced with the foregoing motions direct that the following accounts Viz.t.

No. 1 Arzee of the Police ameen of Sheuagungah to the Collector dated 17th June 1829.

" 9 Copy of the Sasanum in the Register of the Zillah Court dated April 14th 1809.

" 11 Takeed of the Collector to Woya Tauer August 3d 1820.

" 12 Urzee from the Zemindar to the Collector applying for certain documents June 6th 1832

" 13 Copy of the list of documents referred in the above.

" 19 Deposition of Rauder Saib in original Suit No. 4 of 1823.

" 20 Motion of the Defendant in original Suit No. 3 of 1833 dated 10th March 1834.

" 24 Decree in O.S. No. 10 of 1824 of Southern Provincial Courts file dated 13th October 1826.

" 25 Rejoinder in O.S. No. 4 of 1823 of Southern Provincial Courts file.

be filed and placed on the record of the case in addition to those which have been already filed of the record by the Court below.

Ordered that Extract from these proceedings be granted to the Petitioners Pleaders respectively upon their application

1-2

B.d No. 503. Order thereon

Ordered that a Copy of the Sudder Udalats Proceedings dated 1st March 1852 received with the above letter be furnished to the Collector of Madura for his information.

At

3813. Fort St. George 18th March 1852.

At a Meeting Present

Thursday 18th March, 1852, } J. Goldingham Esqre Second Member and T. L. Blane Esqre Third Member

Walter Elliot Esqre Senior Member absent on duty as Commissioner Northern Circar

Minutes of the last Meeting read and approved.

3

Read the following Resolution

No. 184.

Bd No. 521
From the Chief Secretary to Government — } Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, dated 26th February 1852.—

(From Board 12th February 1852)

Except in cases of emergency, the Government is averse to the Post Office being burthened with parcels containing Rowannahs:- Arrangements might ordinarily be made for forwarding by Sea Salt Rowannah only

only required in Maratime Districts.-

(Signed) H. C. Montgomery
Chief Secretary.

Order thereon.— Ordered that the following Circular be sent in consequence.

3-4

Circular

Bd No. 548.

To all Collectors and Copy to Commissioner Northern Circars. } Sir,

I The Government having stated that they are averse to the Post Office being burthened with parcels containing Rowannahs, I am directed by the Board of Revenue to request that you will submit annually with your Stationery Indent, a separate Indent for such number of forms of the description noted in the Margin as you may require for the whole year. They will then endeavour to make arrangements for despatching the supply for maritime districts by Sea and that for the Inland Provinces by Cooly

Salt Rowannahs Acct. Sent. Bills and Letters of advice- Collectors' Bills and Letters of Advice-

Revenue Board Office, Fort St. George, 18th March, 1852. } (Signed) W. H. Bayley
Secretary

Read the following Extract.
Extract

Fort St. George 18th March 1852.

5

Bd No: 538

From the Secretary to Government

No: 185

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, Revenue Department, under date the 28th February, 1852.

Read the following letter from Mr W. H. Jones. Calcutta

(Here enter 29th January 1852)

Ordered that one Copy of the Circular orders of the Calcutta Sudder Board of Revenue received with the above letter be forwarded to the Board of Revenue with reference to Extract Minutes of Consultation dated 19th August 1851 No: 842, and another to the Commissioner for the Northern Circars the remaining copy being retained for use in the Government Office.

To the President & Members of the Board of Revenue.

(A true Extract)
(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary to Government

5-6

Order thereon.

Ordered to be recorded.

7

Bd No: 616

From the Secretary to Government

Read the following Resolution

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, dated 2d March, 1852.

(From Board 16th February 1852)

Resolved that the Chief Engineer be

Fort St. George 18th March 1852.

be requested to furnish the Board of Revenue with a copy of the Map referred to in the foregoing letter.

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary to Government.

7-8

Order thereon.

Ordered to be recorded.

9

Bd No: 576

From the Secretary to Government.

Read the following Extract

No: 205

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, Revenue Department, under date the 2d March, 1852.

Read the following Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue

(Here enter 26th January 1852 No: 41)

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council approves of the arrangement proposed by the Collector of Nellore and supported by the Board of Revenue in respect of the Enam claimed by Laul Bee, and directs that it be accordingly carried out.

To Board of Revenue

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary to Government.

9-10

Order thereon.

No: 547.

Ordered that copy of the foregoing Extract from the Minutes of Consultation and of the Board's Proceedings dated

dated 28th January 1852. be communicated for the information and guidance of the Collector of Nellore with reference to his
In Cons: 6th January 1852. letter dated 19th December 1851..

Ordered also that the following Endorsement be passed on Petition No. 4 of 1852.

"Referred to the Collector for disposal with reference to the Board's Proceedings of this date."

11

Read the following Resolution

No. 73.

B. No. 617.
From the Dy. Secretary to Government } Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, under date the 4th March, 1852.
(From Board 23d February 1852)

Resolved that the original Pension Certificate No. 2549 be returned with an alteration rendering the stipend payable from the 1st March 1852 by the Collector of Chingleput who will be careful to satisfy himself of the identity of the pensioner before making payments to her.

It is observed that the provisions
dated 15th May 1837 of Clause 10th of the General Rules for Civil Pensions have not been conformed to in this case.

(Signed) J. D. Sim
Deputy Secretary to Govt.

ordered

Order thereon . . Ordered to be recorded, Para 2

11-12 of the above order of Government has been duly attended to.

Read the undermentioned Extracts.

13

No. 802.
From the Secretary to Government } Sanctioning the refund of Rupees
Dated 5th March 1852 16, the stamp duty paid in O.S. No. 196/1851, on
the file of the Principal Sudr Ameen's
13-14 Court Vizagapatam

Ordered to be recorded.

Order thereon -

No. 633
From the Secretary to Government } Sanctioning the advance
Dated 5th March 1852

15 recommended by the Commissioner on Northern Circars, for manufacturing a further supply of Salt in the Pettapore Pans in the Rajahmundry District, during the

15-16 Fusly 1261.

Ordered to be recorded.

Order thereon -

Read the following Extracts.

B. No. 585.
From the Secretary to Government } Extract from the Minutes of Consultation No. 222
Revenue Department, under date the 5th March, 1852

17 Read the following letter from the Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

(Received 9th February 1852 No. 52)

The Right Honorable the Governor

Governor in Council is of opinion that parties entrusted with the custody or sale of stamps both Darogahs and Venders who may be remunerated wholly or in part by Commission, are entitled to draw such Commission on all stamps which they may issue for the service of Government as well as for those sold for private purposes, and he desires that this be made the general rule hereafter.-

(A true Extract)

(Signed) T. Pycroft

Secretary to Govt.

17-18

No. 586.

Order thereon.

Ordered that copy of the foregoing Extract Minutes of Consultation and of the Board's letter to which it is a reply be communicated to the Superintendent of Stamps, with reference to his letter dated 5th January 1852.

In Cons. 9th Feby 1852.

2

Ordered also that copy of para 2 of the Board's letter be circulated with the above Minutes of Consultation to all Collectors for their information and guidance.-

Extract

B. No. 614
From the Secretary to Government

19

No. 175

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, Judicial Department, under date the 6th March, 1852.-

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council resolves to transmit to the Board of Revenue.

1 Copy of the Report on the Legal affairs of the Bengal Government for 1849-50.

(A true Extract)

(Signed) T. Pycroft

Secretary to Government

To the President & Members of the Board of Revenue

19-20

Ordered to be recorded.-

Order thereon.

B. No. 601.
From the Secretary to Government.

Reviewing the Proceedings of the Board relative to the settlement of the Extra sources of Revenue in the Madras Collectorate for Fusly 1260.

21

No. 226

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, Revenue Department, under date the 6th March, 1852

Read the following Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue.

(Here enter 9th February 1852 No. 58)

Para 1. The demand on account of the Extra sources of Revenue of the Madras Collectorate for Fusly 1260, amounted to Rupees 11,06,702 being Rupees 69,124 above that of the previous

previous Fusly. The current collections within the year amounted to Rupees 1,03,811 leaving a balance at the close of the Fusly of Rupees 2,891 under the head of Abkarry which was remitted from the demand on the Toddy Shop-keepers under the sanction of Go-vernment dated the 24th June 1851

2.- The revenue from Salt Rupees 5,15,368 was Rupees 1,01,676 above that realized in the previous year, and the increase is mainly attributed to the larger sales effected for the Inland traffic, particularly in the Exports for the Mysore Country which the Board of Revenue consider to be owing in a great degree to the increased facility afforded for transport by the improvement of the Western Trunk Road..

3. Under the head of Abkarry there is a large decrease of Rupees 34,167 which has occurred under all heads and is attributed to the enhanced price of grain having prevented the labouring classes from indulging in the use of arrack, as well as to illicit sales and smuggling and also to the effects of the

the Gale in May 1851. in Toddy Topes, on account of which Rupees 2.891 were deducted from the demand on the Shopkeepers. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council trusts with the Board of Revenue that the Extra Establishment lately sanctioned may have the result of improving this branch of revenue and that further good effects may follow the enactment of the proposed act for the protection of the Madras Abkarry but the matter is one that demands the acting exertions of the Collector and their own Superintendence.

4. The gross collections of the year amounted to Rupees 1,10,4,412 and deducting charges Rupees 1,54,678 the net Revenue Rupees 9,49,734 was Rupees 73,825 above that of Fusly 1259.

/A true Extract./

/Signed/ T. Pycroft.
Sect. to Government.

To, The President and Members of the Board of Revenue.

Bd. No. 540
Order thereon,
21-22

Ordered to be communicated to the Collector of Madras with reference to the Board's Proceedings dated 9th February 1852.

From

B. R. 615.

From the Secretary to Government ... } Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department under date the 9th March 1852

23

No. 232

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council proceeds to pass Orders on a letter in this Department from the Honorable the Court of Directors Dated 7th January 1852. No. 1

Para 1 A Copy of this dispatch will be furnished to Dr. Wight Superintendant of Cotton Experiments with a request that he will in communication with the Collectors, of the Cotton growing Districts arrange for the disposal of the large supply of "New Orleans Cotton seed" consigned to this Government on the "Brazilian", in the manner desired by the Honorable Court of Directors, reporting in due course what he may have done in pursuance of these orders.

2. The Bill of Lading for the above supply will be forwarded to the Marine Board in order that on the arrival of the "Brazilian" the Cotton seed may be cleared and held at the disposal of Dr Wight.

3. The Board of Revenue will be

be informed of the supply of Cotton Seed furnished by the Honorable Court and the instructions which have been issued respecting it.

Here enter Honorable Courts dispatch dated 7th January 1852. No. 1.

True Extract & Copy
Signed J. Pycroft
Secretary to Government.

To The President and Members of the Board of Revenue.

23-24

Order thereon.

Ordered to be recorded.

B. R. 625.

From the Secretary to Government ... } Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department under date the 9th March 1852.

25

No. 241.

Tabular report of the Collector of Bellary on certain lapsed Yeomiahs in that District dated 27th October 1851 and submitted with the remarks of the Board of Revenue 22d January 1852.

Para 1. The first of the cases submitted in the report of the Collector of Bellary refers to a Yeomiah of Rupees 154—12—0 per annum destributed in 4 shares, which appears from the correspondence noted

From Board of Revenue 12th June 1820 No. 292 in the Margin "to have

To Do. Do. July ——— para 6 454. "been considered and

"paid

"paid as separate pensions" Each share ought therefore to have been paid up to the date of the incumbents demise, but it would appear from the Statement contained in the Collector's remarks on the case that the allowances of two of the sharers were discontinued with that of her own on the death of Tanakamah, to whom the share of her husband Paundrungacharry had been continued under the sanction of Government of the 18th July 1820. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council therefore directs that the allowance due to the late Goorooyacharry to the 2d February 1847 the date of his decease, be paid to his heirs, and that the share of Rupees 3-3-7 per mensem payable to Soobramaneyacharry be continued to him for life - in arrear as from the 1st October 1846 the date on which it was stopped.

Goorooyacharry, Soobramaneyacharry.

Date of Tanakamah's decease.

2. The Governor in Council concurs with the Board of Revenue that there are no grounds for continuing any of the lapsed allowances in this and the other cases reported upon by the Collector of Bellary and he would further observe that there seems to be no sufficient reason for bringing before Government claims to allowances which

which had ceased for periods extending in some instances to from 12 to 23 years.-

/ A true Extract /

/ Signed / T. Pycroft.
Secretary to Government.

To The President and Members of the Board of Revenue.

(25-26)

N°. 560.

Order thereon. Ordered that copy of the foregoing Extract from the Minutes of Consultation and of the Board's Remarks dated 22d January 1852. to which it is a reply, be communicated for the information and guidance of the Collector of Bellary with reference to his Tabular Report dated 27th October 1851.-

In Cons 22d Jan. 1852.

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(27)

B. R. N°. 613.

N°. 233.

From the Secretary to Government. Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department under date the 9th March 1852.-

Read the following letter from the Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

/ Here enter 29th January 1852. N°. 461 /

As it appears from the foregoing letter and from the documents submitted by the Collector of Madura that the Yeomiah of Rupees 77-6-9. per Annum enjoyed by Emam Ally Shah Syed Ally Shah was granted for the support of a Durgah erected over the Tomb of an ancient Mahomedan Fakeer

Takeer at Tiruvagadum, where the prescribed ceremonies are still performed, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council resolves to sanction the continuance of the allowance to the present incumbents being Sons of the original grantee from Fusly 1260 subject however to the Rule laid down in para 12 of the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue 21st May 1846. No. 273, and approved by Government in para 4 of the Extract Minutes of Consultation 11th July 1846. No. 724.

Boards Proceedings 18th November 1850 Para 2.
C. O. of the Board of Revenue 18th Augt. 1846 page 406.

/ A true Extract /
/ Signed / J. Pycroft
Secretary to Government.

To The President and Members of the Board of Revenue.

No. 546.

27-28

Order thereon. Ordered to be communicated to the Collector of Madura, with reference to his letter dated 27th December 1851.-

In Cons 29th Jan 1852.

29

B. R. 612.

From the Secretary to Government.

No. 237.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department under date the 9th March 1852.

Read the following Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue.

/ Here enter 16th February 1852. No. 67 /

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council sanctions as an experimental measure until the close

close of Fusly 1264 or until further orders the reduction which the Board of Revenue recommend to be made in the sale price of Salt at the Coast and Inland depôts of the Malabar District adjoining the Cochin territory with the view of assimilating it with the rates prevailing in that Territory, Viz.t:-

On the Coast	Chowghaut, Madalagom, Cochin	at 9 annas 2 Pice per Indian Maund.
Inland.	Ottapollam, Allatoor, Palghaut.	13 Annas 9 pice per Indian Maund.-

2. Ordered that the arrangement above sanctioned be reported to the Government of India for their approval.-

To The President and Members of the Board of Revenue.

/ A true Extract /
/ Signed / J. Pycroft.
Secretary to Government.

29-30

No. 542.

Order thereon Ordered to be communicated for the information and guidance of the Collector of Malabar with reference to his letter dated 22d January 1852.

In Cons 16th Feby 1852.

Read the following Statement.

Statement.

B No. 608.

31

H.

Statement shewing the quantity of Salt in store available for exportation to Calcutta on private trade at each of the several places of export in the District of Rajahmundry on the 29th February 1852.—

Names of the Ports—	Quantity of Salt permitted to be exported to 29th February 1852.	Quantity already exported up to 29th February 1852.	Quantity remaining to be exported	Quantity actually in store and ready for exportation	Remarks
Coringa—	64,500 "	51,500 "	13,000 "	13,000 "	
Rajahmundry District Yalasvaram, ... — 4th March 1852.					

/Signed/ T. Prendergast
Collector.

31-32

Order thereon.—

Ordered to be sent for publication in the Fort Saint George.

Read the following letter

No. 8.

To W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

33

B. No. 659.

From the Collector of Masulipatam.... }

Sir,

With reference to your letter of the 26th ultimo, I have the honor to

annex a Statement shewing the gross collections Charges, and Net Revenues of the Chowkies in this District situated on the Hyderabad Frontier during fusly 1260. You will observe that the Statement merely shews the aggregate of all the chowkies, as the details for each Chowkey are not with my Cutcherry on Circuit; but should they be required they will be procurred and forwarded without delay on my again hearing from you.—

Gross Collections	48,650—1—7
Charges	4,415—14—10
Net Revenue	44,234—2—9

Masulipatam Gillah
Collector's Circuit Cutcherry
at Ellore 10th March 1852.

/Signed/ J. D. Sushington.
Collector.

33-34

Order thereon.

Ordered to lie over.—

B. No. 479.

From the Acting Collector of Guntoor.

35.

Read Statement of Extra charges incurred without Estimate Fusly 1260.—

35-36

/Here enter No./

B. No. 549.

Proceedings thereon.

Before submitting the foregoing Statement for the sanction of Government the Board request the acting Collector will be good enough to afford explanation on the following points.—

From

From the account Particular No. 1 Charges for Batta to the Hoozoor Cutcherry Servants it is observed that Moorsoopully Soobarow Punnaiah Head Moonshee has drawn Batta for 23 days after coming to a halt whereas by para 2 of the Board's Circular Order of 1st May 1826, only ten days are allowed.

Page 44.

It is further observed that in the Statment, item No. 8 a charge of Rupees 2. Pay to Vettyman, appears in the Column of actual charges for Fusly 1259- on referring to the Statment sanctioned by Government on the 29th April 1851, no charge on this account is entered therein, and Mr. Purvis is requested to state the date under which this sum was authorized.

Read the following letters.-

No. 21.

To,

W. H. Bayley Esqre.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

37

Bo. No. 542.

From the Collector of Nellore.....

Sir,

In reference to an Extract from

from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated 26th February 1852, I have the honor to state that the Tahsildar of Enamanamellore is now under trial before the Acting Sub Collector under Regulation IX of 1822 upon a charge which has no reference to the case in which he was committed to the Criminal Court.-

Nellore District...
Collector's Cutcherry
Eskapully.....
28th February 1852.

/Signed/ D. White
Collector.

Order thereon.-

37-38

Ordered to be recorded.-

No. 20.-

To,

W. H. Bayley Esqre.-
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

39

Bo. No. 542.

From the Collector of Nellore.....

Sir,

In reference to an Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated 5th Ultimo annexed to a letter from the Post Master General, I have the honor to inform you that I see no objection to the destruction of the papers suggested in

3833 Fort St. George 18th March 1852

in my letter dated 13th November last with exception of the documents which the Post Master General considers it necessary to preserve.

Nellore District ...
Collector's Cutcherry
Eskapully, ...
28th February 1852.

/ Signed / D. White
Collector.

B. No. 556.

Proceedings thereon.

(39-40)

The Board authorize the destruction of the old records enumerated in the Enclosure to the letter from the Collector of Nellore, dated 13th November 1851, with the exception of the documents with the Post Master General considers it necessary to preserve.

J. P. R.

Read

3834 - Fort St. George, 18th March 1852.

(41)

B. No. 561.

Proceedings thereon - Reviewing Mr Purvis's Report on the Survey of the Village of Palcoor in the Devagoodoor Talook of Nellore -

Read again letters from the Collector of Nellore dated 4th and 10th March and entered in Consultation 21st August 1851 -

Mr Purvis's Report on the Survey of the Village of Palcoor in the Devagoodoor Talook of Nellore dated 20th November 1850 may be considered in two parts I - The Survey Assessment in general. II - The Enam lands -

2. The Revenue in Fusly 1259, as shewn in Enclosure 2 of the Report, was as follows -

		Rs.		
Gross Demand	Dry land	2730		
	Wet Do.	3607		
	Garden Do.	819		
		7156		
Deduct -				
	Dry Waste	7		
	Wet Do.	2565	2601	
	Garden Do.	29		
			4555	
Add -				
Grazing tax, Quit Rent on Enams and Extra Crops		972		
			5527	Beriz -
			5347	Collections -

3. The former Revenues from this Village are shewn to be as follows -

Average

Fort St. George. 18th March 1852.

Average of the 10 years of the Nawabs Government. The Bareez was ——— Rs 5,897

but all this was not collected.

See para 25 of Bd's Proceedings 8th April 1850.

Fusly 1211-1218 (Mr Travers) Collections 5481 Rupees.

D: 1219-1231. Triennial and Decennials ——— 5,765

D: 1232-1241 ——— 5,945

D: 1242-1251 ——— 4,199

D: 1252-1259 ——— 5225.

4. The Village was formerly measured into Goortoo and assuming the Goortoo to be 3 1/8 Acre the following will exhibit the difference between the extent of land as per old and present Survey.

	Old Acres.	New Acres.	
Total Area ———	6,572	7,044	
Deduct Perumboke ———	579	552	
Remainder ———	5,993.	6,492	
Deduct Enam ———	993	1188	{1152. Dry. 36. Wet
Circar Ayacut ———	5,000	5,304	or 304 Acres in excess

The 5,304 Acres of Circar land is thus divided.

	Dittum.	Waste.	Total.
Dry ———	1,977	3,051	5028.
Wet ———	221	11	232.
Garden ———	41	3	44.
	2239 Acres.	3065 Acres	5,304 Acres.

What

Fort St. George. 18th March 1852.

What is entered under "Dittum" is supposed to be "in the occupation of the Ryots."

The different kinds of "Waste" are not distinguished as they ought to have been.

5. The various Telugoo enclosures sent up with the Report enter into great detail and have been prepared with great labour and care.

6. The Pymashdar's work was checked by Aymaishdars, who remeasured nearly 1/4th of the work (para 8) Telugoo Statement No: 5 shews the detail of errors, but they are unimportant.

7. The Boundaries of each field were marked out first with a plough, and a small earthen bank raised, some difficulty was experienced in obtaining stones to mark the boundary corners (para 9).

8. The difference in the extent of Perumboke (2 Acres) between the old and new measurement arises from a Gross Decrease of 2 1/4 and a Gross Increase of 24. The former owing to the new Survey having discarded from the old Perumboke 200 Acres of "Beds of Tanks" and 75 of "Topes" which are now added to the waste

Fort St George. 18th March 1852.

"waste" of Circar Jyacut. The gross increase of Pernumbuk is owing chiefly (para 15) to the fact of the extension of late years of certain Sandy Tracts along the line of the Palaur River.

9. Next as to the "Dry" land (para 17). The total extent comes out in much the same by both Surveys but the Village accounts of the Dry land occupied in Fusly 1259 give 809¼ Goortoos or 1591 Acres whereas when the land so occupied was measured, the new Survey gave 1977 Acres or nearly 20 per Cent excess.

10. Mr Purvis states that this increase is not to be attributed to a more exact mode of measurement but to incorrectness of Accounts. still it appears to the Board that there is reason to consider much of it to be owing to the mode of measurement, especially as one point urged by Mr Purvis in confirmation of his opinion is hardly tenable, it is this.

11. He observes that there is no such excess shewn by the new Survey.

† 1900⅞ in the extent entered in para 17 of the letter but 1976 is the extent in the Statement No 4 where it is observed that the odd 70 Acres was not in occupation of Ryots in Fusly 1259 but form part of the fields entered as per new Survey.

Fort St George. 18th March 1852

Survey in the Waste land (3121 Acres instead of the former 3,013 or only 3½ per cent) but he seems to have forgotten certain entries which would shew that what was entered as Waste Land by the old account would by the present Survey appear much greater, for in the above 3013 of "Waste" is included land that was formerly entered as Pernumbuk, Viz.t the 2¼ Acres referred to in para 8 of the Proceedings besides some waste land that was formerly classed as wet (as shewn in the next para of these proceedings) and 33 formerly Garden. Neither is it quite certain that the Goortoo was always exactly 3⅛ Acres.

12. In the "Wet" Land the new survey (para 15) gave 232 Acres for the Total including Waste being less than by the Village accounts which gave 319. This is owing to certain lands which some years ago were intended for irrigation by a new tank and entered in the Village Accounts as Wet; but to which no water has ever been

Fort St George, 18th March 1852.

-been conducted, being now entered as "Dry"-

13- The Garden land in Nellore is divided into Mooloom and Jareeb- The former are lands whereon Nuttcheny and other Grains that thrive more with water are raised by irri=gation- The latter is the ordinary "Garden" cultivation where Betel, Chillies, Tobacco, Turmeric &c. is raised by artifi=cial irrigation- The extent of Jareeb is far greater than Mooloom and as it is more highly assessed- Under the head of Mooloom the Village account shews a total of 34 Acres while only 7 are entered in the new Survey- The reason of rejecting the other 27 is that they were entered as Mooloom by the rule of the District merely because they once yielded Mooloom crops and therefore ever afterwards is liable to the higher rate of teerwa' however cultivated- These 27 Acres are now entered as "Dry". The 44 Acres of Garden including the 3rd

Fort St George, 18th March 1852.

of waste is as follows-

Mooloom 2 Crop		7½
Jareeb	Chillies	17½
	Tobacco	17½
	Vegetables	1½
		44.

14- It thus appears that the New Survey does not bring to light any such error in the Area of the Cultivable land of the Village as is likely to affect the Peiz to any great extent- The excess is entirely in the Circar land including Waste, and being about 500 Acres in an extent of 7000 as shewn in para 4-

15- The Enam will be treated of in these Proceedings separately-

16- These classifications were made with reference to the "nature of "the soil. the productive powers of "the field, its present state of Culti=vation, its distance from the Village, "and every thing tending to affect the "eligibility of it for cultivation" Mr Powis further observes/para 21/"The condition

"condition whether flourishing or the
"reverse of the present occupier of the
"field was not of itself allowed to have any
"weight though a field which has been held
"by a Ryot in good circumstances has been so
"well manured and well cultivated for a
"series of years must of necessity be in a so
"better condition than another perhaps
"naturally of equal productive powers held
"by a Ryot who has but just stock" suf-
=ficient to "plough it and must conse-
=quently fall under a higher class; while
"the latter is placed in such lower class
"as its unimproved state renders necessary.
"In classing the wet lands the proxi-
=mity or distance of the field from the
"source of supply and the facility or
"the contrary with which it could be
"irrigated was of course taken into
"consideration"-

17. Telugoo Statement No 8 gives the classification made by the Vil-=lage Officers, No 9 that made by the Fuzzoor Servants- The latter Esti-=mate brings more land under the higher turrums-

Dry

Class-		Villagers- Acres-	Fuzzoor- Acres.	Mr Travers in 1803- Acres-
Dry Land	1st	220	332	803
	2nd	233	825	826
	3rd	586	1433	932.
	4th	1114	1602	2183.
	5th	1877	701	"
	6th	721	135	"
		4700	5028	4604.

18. Of the 332 Acres classed in the 1st Turrum by the Cutchery 50 per Cent are waste- Of the 220 so classed in the 1st Turrum by the Vil-=lage Officers 72 per Cent are waste, and many fields classed by them 1st are by the new assessment classed as 2nd as for instance fields in the beds of Tanks-

19- The next process after the survey was to classify the lands and fix the Rates of assessment.

20- The classes of the "Wet" land are as follows-

Village

3843- Fort St. George, 18th March 1852-

	Village-	Hoozoor-	Travers-
	Acres	Acres-	Acres-
1st	4	37	31½
2nd	21	68	116½
3rd	48	80	63.
4th	147.	47.	"
	220.	232	211.

21- The Classes of the Garden land are as follows-

	Village-	Hoozoor-	Travers-
	Acres.	Acres	Acres-
1st	17	17½	21.
2nd	16	17½	20.
3rd	2½	4	7½
4th	1	1½	1
5th	7	3½	20½
6th	5	"	6½
	48½	44	76½

Classes 3rd and 5th being "Mosloom"

22- The next point was to fix the rate of teerwa on each class- Mr. Purvis shews that no dependence whatever could be placed on any- former or present- Official returns of

3844- Fort St. George, 18th March 1852-

of produce (paras 23-24) moreover it was impossible now to identify the fields which were stated in the old accounts to yield such and such an amount of produce-

23- From personal investigation Mr. Purvis frames the following table as an estimate of the "gross produce" of each class of land "Dry" and "Wet"- That of the Dry is estimated in Jonnaloo, that of the Wet in Paddy-

Class-	Dry per Coorloo-		Wet per Coorloo-		
	Candy	Toom	Candy	Toom	
1st	1	"	4	10	
2nd	"	15	3	10	10- Moorlah
3rd	"	10	2	10	= 1. Toom-
4th	"	7½	2	"	20. Tooms =
5th	"	5	"	"	1. Candy-
6th	"	3	"	"	

(The "Garden" land will be referred to afterwards-)

24- The next process was to fix the commutation price- Mr. Purvis informs the Board that the prices for Jonnaloo and Paddy were fixed by Mr. Travers at 28 and 20 Rupees respectively and

Fort St George. 18th March 1852.

and by Mr Lindsay at 30 and 20 Rupees per Candy; but that 30 Rupees has never been realized for Dry Grain for many years. Mr Purvis has adopted 22 Rupees for Dry Grain and the same for Paddy.

25. On referring to enclosure No 2 of Mr Purvis' letter containing the Average prices for 23 years of the Taluk in which Palcoor is situated it is found that

1- Jonnaloo averaged	24- 3- 3/4
2- Jonnaloo and 4 other grains averaged together	23- 3- 8/4
3- Coarse Paddy	21- 14- 4/4
4- Fine Paddy	24- 11- 0
5- Average of Paddy	23- 4- 11/2

Mr Purvis has taken the 2nd and 5th items as his standard for Dry grain, striking off the odd 1-3-8/4 and 1-4-11/2 for "hire of conveyance" / para 28/.

26- The next process was to fix the respective shares of the Government and the Ryot- The plan adopted by Mr Purvis para 27 of letter and Telugoo Enclosure 11 was to deduct 6 1/2 per Cent from the gross produce as "Sotuntrums" or fees to Village Servants, and out of the remainder to consider 11 Toomuns in each

Candy

Fort St George 18th March 1852.

Candy or 55 per Cent as the Government Share, converting this into Money at 22 Rs per Candy both for Dry and Wet produce- Thus if the actual Gross produce was 100-

Deduct fees		6 1/2
Circars 51425 / Ryot 42075		93 1/2

27. The rates proposed in the several clases of Dry and Wet land are shewn below, The 15 per Cent remission on Mr Travers rates of 1803 was allowed in fasly 1238.

		Mr Travers			After Remission			Mr Purvis		
		Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p
Dry.	1	5	8	8	4	11	5	3	9	11
	2	4	7	-	3	12	4	2	11	5
	3	2	10	7	2	4	2	1	13	-
	4	1	5	3	1	2	1	1	5	9
	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	6
	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8
Wet.	1	19	-	3	16	2	7	16	4	9
	2	12	10	8	10	12	3	10	13	9
	3	9	8	1	8	1	3	9	-	10
	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	7	3	11

The

28. The Decrees in the 1st class rate both Dry and Wet, Mr. Purvis attributes to the difference in the commutation price adopted by him, and partly on account of his estimates of gross produce" being below that of Mr. Travers—

29 The next consideration is the "Garden" land. This is of 2 Kinds as is shewn in para 13 of these Proceedings. When the first assessment was made by Mr. Travers, the rate varied with the particular Kind of crop grown, and this system Mr. Purvis has not considered it advisable to alter only such land is classed by the present Survey, "as was "actually under cultivation with Tobacco and "Chillies and such as had, as far as could "be ascertained been previously cultivated "with these Crops, The land is not under "Well irrigation. If the Crops require "irrigating, tank water is made use of". The other description of Garden land is very small and Mr. Purvis thinks it may safely be left to pay the assessment at present imposed." The extent of each class is shewn in para 13 of these Proceedings

Mr.

30. Mr. Purvis states (para 29) that it would have been useless to have attempted to ascertain the gross produce of lands cultivated with a variety of Garden Crops, for no assessment founded on such uncertain data could have been considered trustworthy. Again if he took the soil for his guide, it differs in nothing from the land round about, classed as "Dry." the production of such Crops as Chillies and Tobacco is the result of care and labour in cultivation, for these reasons he did not consider it advisable to alter the usage hitherto obtaining.—

31. The "Rates of Teerwah" for the 5 classes mentioned in para 19 of these Proceedings are—

	Rs	a	p	In occupation of Ryots: Acres	Coovelahs
1st. Tobacco lands	37	1	11	17	9
2. Chillies	13	14	8 3/4	15	31
3d. 2d. Crop ordinary Garden irrigated	13	7	1/2	3	24
4th. Vegetables	9	4	5 3/4	"	27 1/2
5th. 2d. Crop ordinary Garden irrigated by Wells	6	11	6 1/4	3	17
				40.	28 1/2

out of 43— 38.

On

32. On looking to the result of this Survey and Assessment it is found that though there are about 500 Acres excess found in the Circar land, yet the total Beriz is less than it was before

Present Beriz of Circar land &c
including Waste ——— 14,410
Do. By new Assessment ——— 12,316
Difference — 2124

33. The Beriz fixed by Mr. Travers was 16727 Rupees but this was evidently far too high. The fact of the new Assessment, coming out below the present one even though more land is brought in is shewn by Enclosure No. 3. but Mr. Purvis has not offered any particular remarks on the subject.

The following Abstract will exhibit further particulars from Enclosure 3 to Mr. Purvis's letter.

Circar Cultivated and Waste.

	At present	Present Assessment	Acres by new Survey	Proposed Assessment
	Acres	Rs		Rs
Dry ———	4,604	10,815	5,028	8,921
Wet ———	211	2,297	232	2,409
Garden ———	76	1327	14	987
	4891	14,410	5,304	12,316

The

34. The Teerwa on the occupied land is as follows / Enclosure No. 1 /

Occupied Land.—

		Fusly 1259	Present Assessment	By new Survey	Proposed Assessment
* See para of these Proceedings	Dry ———	1591	2730	1976	3995
	Wet ———	204	2212	221	2327
	Garden ———	35½	819	40½	937
		1830½	5761	2238½	7259

35. The average proposed Teerwah for the occupied Dry Land would give Rs 2 a 0 4 per acre differing very slightly from that / Rs 1 a 11 6 / of the lands cultivated in fusly 1259; but Mr. Purvis points out / para 33 / that in fusly 1218 A.D. 1808/9. the occupied Dry land averaged double this and has gradually declined. This he attributes / para 32 / not to the land being changed but to falsification in entering its class, a falsification which the Board believe they were driven to by the Original rates on the best lands being far too high. Mr. Purvis himself

himself shows (para 35) that the average rate of occupied Dry Land in the neighbouring Villages coincides very nearly with the 2 — 4 proposed for Pulcoor, and therefore not more than 1/3 of what was debited to the Dry land cultivation of Pulcoor in Fasly 1218.—

36. The Average per acre of the occupied Wet land by the proposed Assessment is 10 9. Rupees by the existing Assessment it is 10 3/4. The Average of the occupied Garden land by the proposed Assessment is 23 Rupees. By the existing Assessment it is 23 Rupees Mr. Purvis does not enter into any discussion as to these rates—

37. The Board will now proceed to offer some observations on the various points embraced in the Report promising that they are on the whole satisfied with the result of the Survey. They request that they may be favored as far as possible with explanations on each point wherein they are obliged to acknowledge themselves uninformed

uninformed.

38. In the latter part of para 7. Mr. Purvis states that— "The Surveyors "were directed not unnecessarily to subdivide fields but where the existing field "exceeded 10 or 11 Acres in extent it was "to be divided into two or more members. "They were carefully to avoid including "under the same number, land of more "than one description of soil or of unequal productive powers— All waste "land fit for cultivation they were directed to divide into separate "fields, each such field not to exceed "10 Acres in extent—"

39. It appears from para 6— that Mr. Travers nearly measured out the Village in large Tracts, and to subdivide these into reasonable sized fields was very desirable, Mr. Smalley seems to have done this— but hardly more than nominally— The Board would be adverse to any arrangement which would break up extensive occupations into small detached

detached holdings but it can make little or no difference to a Ryot (or several jointly) who holds 100 Acres in one old "Tract" to have it divided into 10 fields each with a number and Register it cannot disturb his occupation at all for subdivision of no boundary does not imply subdivision of tenancy, and any little inconvenience he is put to by boundary marks should be subservient to the right of Government, to demarcate the land in such portions as may be convenient for immediate occupancy should the present tenant or joint tenants contract his or their cultivation. The average sizes of the "Dry" fields is now (para 11) 5½ acres and the Wet something under 1 acre 40.

With regard to the instructions that the Surveyors were not to include under the same number land of more than one description of soil. It is evident that in one sense such an order would be almost

almost an impossibility; a field of 10 Acres for instance may contain 2 or 3 kinds of Soils so intermingled as to make it out of the question to parcel it out according to each kind of soil without reducing it to mere patches and that to the great inconvenience of the occupant. The Board conclude that the rule was given as a guide in those cases only where it could be easily and fairly carried out—

4th The instructions for laying down the boundaries are proper but the Board would wish to be informed if the bounds were marked at the time of the Survey for if this was not done, it might not be easy now to fix upon the exact limits that were then adopted, and the result would be much the same as that of Mr. Smalley's Subdivisions. With reference to the end of para 10, the Board are of opinion that though the Ryots could not well be called on to raise banks all round the

the fields lying waste, yet that per=
=manent marks should have been
set up at the angles, and that es
when a Ryot takes up waste he
would take fields according to the
Survey account. The Board conclude
that the waste was surveyed by
fields and if so it is very neces=
=sary to keep some permanent marks,
or a future survey may not corres=
=pond.

42. It is observed that
the Circar land after deducting
Perumboke is classed as either "Waste"
or "Dittum" the last being explained
as in the occupation of the Ryots
Now there is nothing in the Report
to show that this was the actual
breadth of land cultivated. We are aware
that there may be land in a Ryots
Dittum which may have been waste
for years, and they would wish to
be informed what may be con=
=sidered the proportion between the
Dittum and the actually cultivated

The

The latter is what should have been
specified in contradistinction to waste.

43 Again the waste has
not been divided / unless it may be
in the native accounts not submitted
to the Board / into Immemorial and
Late Waste. It is important to
know what extent of Waste may
be considered Lack or fit, and what
totally unfit for cultivation.

44. From para 17 of the
Report it appears that 1200 acres of the
Waste is occupied as Poolery or
grazing waste.

45. The Board yet hope
that the map alluded to by Mr
Purvis in para 21 may be forthcoming
such a document even if not drawn
to scale would, if large enough be of
great use in perpetuating with some
approximation the present position,
size and class of the fields and they
would remark that the Pymash
account / No 1 of the Teloogoo enclosure
does not shew to each field, the names
of the fields by which it is
surrounded.

surrounded. This if entered is a great check against error when it may be necessary to refer to the chuckbundy—

46 With reference to para 15 of Mr. Purvis's Report and para 12 of these Proceedings it is observed that the decrease in the extent of Wet land as shewn by Survey below the Village account is a decrease below fusly 1210 as when the change was made, but it is not shewn by Mr. Travers's Accounts fusly 1204. The Board therefore conclude that the comparisons are made with the existing accounts, and not those of the early Survey and Assessment of 1803.—

47. The Board approve of Mr. Purvis, having struck off from the "Mooloom" the 27 Acres classed as such because once cultivated with Mooloom Crops. This "Rule of the District" should at once be abrogated as contrary to justice. If Dry land is converted into Garden an extra tax

tax is proper only as long as it remains Garden. On the general system of Garden land — a leer was the Board will remark further on.—

48. In the process of dividing the lands into classes the Board can well understand that little aid was afforded by the Ryots as mentioned in para 18 their ideas of classification are generally with reference to the individual and not the soil.—

49. The Board approve generally of the instructions at the end of para 24, but to carry them out in a true spirit requires much judgment on the part of the Agents employed. Unless one of the two fields originally of the same capability has been permanently and virtually improved it should never be classed at a higher rate. If so, and the occupancy ever change hands the error would become prominent and hurtful. At the same time it is quite true that cases may arise where the lands may have been permanently improved by a series of years of careful tillage

and

and perhaps drainage; in this case the land might be classed according to its present condition but it is not often that soils in this country are permanently improved as in Europe: the improved appearance is generally but temporary, owing to the care of the individual in selection of sound seed and the use of vegetable manure the effect of which is transitory.—

30. The Board also agree with Mr Purvis that estimates of produce built up upon old Official Returns of Annany Settlements are very untrustworthy, the more when those returns were themselves made under circumstances unfavorable to any thing like accuracy as shewn in paras 23 and 24 of his report, but they would wish to be informed, whether by the gross produce, of para 25 is meant the average produce of a field under indifferent or under good tillage, also whether it is supposed to be an average of good and bad years, or the average crop of a good year or the average

crop

Crop of an ordinary year, which should be the standard of demand.— Much depends upon this.—

31. They would also wish to know if the 4½ candies and 3 candies produce of the two first classes of Wet land signify the produce of two crops or of one, for on this hinges the question of Fusulpasty, which is not alluded to in the Report.—

32. And here the Board must express the difficulty they experience in coming to any conclusion as to whether the Estimate of produce is reasonable or not; and this because they have no means of knowing what quantity a candy or a Toom is.— Mr Purvis was quite right to use the terms of the District in making his Estimates, because it is only in them that he could expect to receive information from the people, but it would have been some guide to the Board if he had given the equivalents in Madras Measures.

As

53. As far as the Board can judge from Enclosure 1 in a letter from the Collector dated 28th May 1816, which enclosure is an Estimate of Produce by Mr Travers in 1806 and from Mr Travers own letters of 5th June 1802, it would appear that the Pooty was divided into 20 Mercals and 1120 Pucka Seers are said to be equal to 1 Pooty 54.—

In Lett 6th June

The Seer is believed to be about 2/3ds of the Madras Standard Measure and therefore 1 Pooty would be 750 Measures—Mr White, in transmitting a half Mountah to the Board on the 23d January 1852 informs them that the whole Mountah is equal to 3½ Seers or 2/3ds Madras Puddies.—If 16 Mountahs=1 Toom and 20 Tooms 1 Candy, the Candy should be 320 × 2/3 = 714 Madras Measures corresponding nearly with the calculation as just made; the half Mountah sent has a capacity of 115, ie: the whole Mountah is 230 cubic inches, differing slightly only from 2/3 Regulation Measures. Still they are unin: formed as to whether this Pooty corresponds with the Candy.—

Again

55. Again Mr Travers calculates that the 1st Sort Dry land will yield 2½ Pooties to 1½ Goortoo or about ½ a Pootee of Varigoolo per acre and for 2d Sort 1 Pootee per Goortoo or ⅓d of a Pootee per acre—Mr Travis gives for the 1st Class Dry land 1 Candy an acre or double Mr Travers' Estimate and for the 2d, 15 Tooms—Without further data no comparison can be made.—It is observed that Mr Travers' Estimates for Wet land are made with reference to the return in proportion to the quantity of Seed, and not with reference to a given extent of land, therefore no comparison can be made in this case either.—

In para 25 the yield

56.

of a Goortoo of the 1st Class Wet land is estimated at 4½ Candies or 3360—1—5 Madras measures of Paddy or 1075 Measures per acre.—The Board would have wished to know if this refers (as they suppose) to a single crop; and if all the Wet Land was assessed as one crop, with a Fusul-Tasty

in

in the event of two being raised.—

57.— Next as to the commutation Price, there seems no objection to the value fixed on the Dry Grain, but the Board can hardly suppose that it is correct to Estimate the value of Paddy the same as Dry Grain— Both Mr Travers and Mr Smalley rated it at less, and by Enclosure 2 it is clear that on the average its value is less.— Besides this, on reference to an average of the Monthly Price lists sent into this Office in July 1850 it is found that Tonnaloo is 85 — 4 — 2 per Garce.

1st Sort Paddy			76	9 3
2d "	"		68	3 10
Average of the two last			72	6 8.

58.— Now if a Toom be 74 Madras Measures a Garce of 3700 Measures would at Mr Purvis' valuation 22 Rupees per Candy give 94 Rupees whether the discrepancy is caused by not knowing the exact size of the

the Mooltah or the exact capacity of the Garce " of the Price Lists or by error on preparing the "prices" in those Lists, it is difficult to say, and without some approximation to certainty on those matters no correct result can be arrived at.—

59.— The Board will now proceed to notice the leeways settled for the "Dry" and "Wet" lands, reserving the "Garden" for future remark.—

60.— These were arranged after determining the value of the produce of each class, by setting aside a certain share to the Ryot and a certain share to Government, as shewn in para 24 of these Proceedings.— The respective shares seem to have been fixed entirely with reference to the custom and usage of the Country and not with reference to any assumed opinion as to the equity of the case.—

61.— No doubt the Ryots would consent to the decision because of its being

the

Fort St George 18th March 1852

the customs Mr Travers adopted it when he took charge of the District after its cession by the Nawab as shewn in para 39 of his letter of 10th June 1803 and in his Memo of 20th June 1806 referred to in para 50 of these Proceedings.— By this the Government take 51/2 per cent of the gross Produce which seems very high, however sanctioned by ancient custom.— The resulting teerwas however seem very high, as compared with other Districts.—

62.— To ensure more easy calculation in the accounts the Board would modify them as follows.

	Dry				Wet			
	by Mr Purvis		Modified		Mr Purvis		Modified	
	Rupees	A P	Rupees	A P	Rupees	A P	Rupees	A P
1	3	9 11	3	8 "	1	16 4	9	10 " "
2	2	11 5	2	10 "	2	10 13	9	10 12 "
3	1	13 "	1	12 "	3	9 "	10	9 " "
4	1	5 9	1	4 "	1	7 3	11	7 4 "
5	"	14 6	"	12 "				
6	"	8 8	"	8 "				

Mr

Fort St George 18th March 1852

Mr Purvis has omitted to state an important point. Viz. whether either of (or both) the first "Wet" classes is a consolidated teerwa on the two crops which such land is supposed to yield annually; there is nothing to shew if Fusul-jastee is proposed to be levied for a 2d crop on any of the Wet lands.

63. Wherever "Wet" land bears a consolidated teerwa 1/3d of that teerwa should be remitted when there is not sufficient water in the Public Reservoir for a 2d crop wherever the teerwa is fixed with reference to the yield of one crop, Fusul Jastee should be levied if a 2nd crop is raised.

64.

65. The only objection that may arise to arranging the teerwas on Dry and Wet land as in the present instance simply with reference to the capability of the soil to produce a certain crop, is, that the question of distance from the Village, from Roads or from a Market is

is altogether left out. The former of these is one that the Ryots universally acknowledge to be of importance.

66. The Board are not inclined to approve the teerwaa arranged for the Garden land though they are fully aware that Mr Purvis has the authority of 'usage' and that any other method will induce a lowering of the present Government demand in Pulicoor and perhaps in the whole District.

67. After the strong views expressed by the Court of Directors as to fixing the rent on the Land and not on the crop, a Settlement such as that which obtains with respect to Garden land in the District of Vellore cannot be upheld in making a revision as is now to be done in Pulicoor.

68. As there are only 14 Acres of land in the Village classed as Garden and three of these waste, (as shewn in para

13

Vide Co A Book Page 281 Notes K to O.

13 and 26 of these Proceedings) there can be no difficulty in framing another mode of assessment for this portion. The Board see no necessity for any distinction between Jareeb and Mooloom. None seems to have been made by Mr Travers and paras 39 and 63 inclusive of his Report of 10th June 1803 will form an Enclosure to these Proceedings. His rates were not only high but irregular, and the Board in their Minute of January 5th 1818 (Revenue Selections Vol: 1. Page 937) do not seem even then to have approved of them. Such lands as differ nothing from ordinary "Dry land" and only occasionally irrigated should pay a Teerwa Rate where water is drawn from a Circar Reservoir. Such as have old Wells including the Ishey pitolee of Mr Travers affording a permanent supply should be rated at something under the rates of similar "Wet" land. Such as may require

In Letter 25th July 1803

constant

Fort St George 18th March 1852

constant water from a Taick and fit for Beetle or Sugar cane should be classed as the better sort of Nunjah.

69. The Board understand that the old system of Sarcar Assessment has been given up in the Jurrum Settled Villages of Mr Smalley.—

70. With this trifling exception of the 44 Acres of Garden land, the Board are disposed to confirm the Survey and Assessment made by Mr Purvis, and merely await his reply to the observations made in these Proceedings.— They consider that the duty entrusted to him has been conducted with judgment and ability and that the result will be beneficial both to the interests of the Ryots and of Government.—

Enam Land.—

71 The Survey made under Mr Purvis' Superintendence shews that the Enam land is altogether 19 per cent more than what it should be according to the Accounts.—

Village

Fort St George 18th March 1852

Village Accounts.—

	Survey			Jodee			Total			As per Survey			Excess
	As	G.	a.	As	G	a	Acres	G	a	As	G	a	
													14 p cent
1 Village Servants	204	11	4	50	—	—	254	11	4	290	30	14	
2 Devastanam	139	10	8	—	—	—	139	10	8	168	22	12	21 p c
3 Butvesty	489	2	8	28	20	10	517	23	2	622	32	9	20 —
4 Resumed Assessments & Privileges	56	10	—	25	—	—	81	10	—	106	15	1	30 —
	888	34	11	103	20	10	992	15	5	1187	39	12	19 per cent
							*Dry —	965	25	—	1157	39	10
							Wet —	26	30	5	35	34	2

* It appears from Enclosure No 5 that the full Assessment on the 1157 acres of Dry Enam would be 1774 Rs & on the 34 p of wet 31 Rs.

† From Collr 7th May in Cons. 27th June 1850

When Mr Purvis on the 30th April 1850 addressed the Board through the Collector for instructions as to what was to be done in case an Enam was found on correct measurement to be in excess of the quantity stated in the accounts, the Board were not certain whether the Enams were not given and registered in the time of the Nawab, and they therefore in their Proceedings of 27th June desired the matter to lie over for consideration till the Survey was completed.— They considered that —

if

if their size were to be tested by measurements supposed to be made in the Nawab's time, it would perhaps press unfairly on the Enamdars, as it is well known that when Native Governments gave grants of land they were not very precise about the measurement, and in fact that the extent was often entered in terms of which we do not always know the equivalent - for instance when the land was entered as an extent requiring so many Measals of seed to sow. -

73. Mr Purvis now explains that the present Survey is compared with measurements taken of the Enam land as far as it was cultivated since our assumption of the Country - That then there was an excess found, but that with the exception of Devastanum lands all above 10 per Cent were carried to Ayen. - The present Survey proves however that the Linear land has again been encroached upon, and the interests of

of Government require that it should be made good. - The Enam land does not seem to be generally in the highest classes of Soil. -

74. The Board are inclined to adopt Mr Purvis's suggestion that in Dry land where the excess does not exceed 10 per Cent they should remain as they are; and that the Enams of "Wet" land, in consideration of the fact that the excess is "principally in those fields which a service is attached" should not be interfered with. -

75. Mr Purvis seems to think (para 4) that the ½ of excess is object to it should be incorporated with the Government lands - This the Board do not consider to be necessary. - Such a step would tend to create confusion in the present Accounts so carefully prepared, for the entries of the contents of many of the present fields would have to be re-computed and altered, and their

The Jodee on the Quit rent paying Enams is at present 35-0-2

teerwas also. It would be sufficient in those cases where the excess is inadmissible, to put on a quit rent or Jodee for that excess.

76. The pecuniary benefit to Government would perhaps be trifling but it is of importance as a principle that the right of Government should not be infringed upon, and if future investigations should lead to the discovery of extensive Enam encroachments in the whole District, a relaxation of a fair demand in the case of Pulcoor might prove an inconvenient precedent. Under these circumstances the present Acting Sub Collector will submit to the Board a Tabular Form containing briefly the size of each Enam the nature of its tenure & how much cultivated and stating how he proposes to dispose of each in conformity with the suggestions above given.—

77. The Board would not wish him in

in examining the title to each Enam in the Village to bear too hard on those cases where no bonâ fide grant exists, but allow long possession to be considered a title. Such cases as may appear to be doubtful either on account of want of title, illegal possession, temporary tenure only &c &c he will notice as "to be reported on as lapses occur.

78. Lands forming part of Endowment of Pagodas and especially

3876

Fort St. George 18th March 1852.

B. No. 658.

(42) Statement exhibiting the Quantity of Salt in Store available for exportation to Calcutta on private Trade at each of the several places of Export in the District of Nellore up to 29th February 1852.

No.	Places at which Salt is shipped.	Quantity of Salt available for exportation in the year 1850/51.	Quantity already exported.	Quantity remaining to be exported.	Quantity actually in Store and ready to be exported.
		In Mds.	In Mds.	In Mds.	In Mds.
1	Toommulpentah	2,800	"	2,800	2,800
2	Estrapully	37,000	37,000	"	"
3	Yogrolapully	10,800	10,800	"	"
4	Varenee	9,400	"	9,400	9,400
5	Kristnapatam	40,000	12,000	28,000	28,000
		100,000	59,800	40,200	40,200

Nellore District, Collr's Cutcherry, Kristnapatam, 11th March, 1852. } E. E. Pt. { Signed D. White Collector

Ordered.

Order thereon.

(42-43)

Ordered to be sent for publication in the Fort Saint George Gazette.

Read the following letter.-

No. 26.

(44)

To, W. H. Bayley Esqre.
Secretary to the Board of Revenue,
Fort St. George.

B. No. 603.

From the Collector of Cuddapah

Sir,

Para 1 I have had the honor to receive your letter of the 16th. Ultimo.-

2. On referring to the Jummabandy book of Fusly 1249, I find the following entry in the writing of Mr. Lavie, "In Fusly 1246 there was a gang robbery, x x x and Casava reddy then in mifsul were dismifsed therefrom for not seizing the thieves and affording afsistance. afterwards Casava reddy exerted himself very much, detected the thieves and succeeded in getting them punished, he then applies to be restored, and Mr. Blane reported all the circumstances to the Board and orders were received to settle the busineſs at the time of the Jummabundy. It seems quite right and proper to restore him."

3. From the above it appears that the Statement of petitioner in petition 273 of 1852, regarding Casava reddy's former dismifsal is correct, but it also appears that he cleared himself to the satisfaction of the Collector of the remiſsneſs charged against him.-

4. I therefore see no cause to alter the endorsement made on Casava reddy's petition, and as neither it, nor petition No. 273 of 1852 have yet received the Board's endorsement, I return them herewith, that orders may be paſsed upon them.-

(Signed) H. Forbes
Collector.-

Cuddapah, - - -
Collector's Office, -
5th. March, 1852.

B. No. 545.

Proceedings thereon.-

(44-45)

With reference to the foregoing letter, the Board direct that the Office and Emoluments of which Casava Reddy was deprived, be restored to him.-

Ordered that the following Endorsement be paſsed on Petitions Nos. 260 and 273 of 1852:-

"Forwarded to the Collector for disposal with reference to the Board's Proceedings of this date".-

---

Read again Salt Returns from the Collector of Chingleput dated 7th. and entered in Miscellaneous Cons. 12 February 1852 and from the Collector of Madras dated 13th. February and entered in Miscellaneous Cons: 16th. February 1852 for the 2d. Quarter of Fusly 1261.-

(46)

B. No. 528

The Board observe from the Proceedings thereon.

"For the end of last Qr. 10,27,726
"In this (Second) Qr. 1,81,62-36
12,083-22

Chingleput Return quoted above that Indian Mds. 1,20,830-22 of Salt are entered under the Heads of Allowances as "having

Fort St. George 18th March 1852.-

having been supplied to the Madras Cotaurs, which quantity is not credited under the head of "Receipts" in the Accounts of Madras. The Collector of Madras is requested to furnish information on this subject, and to exhibit in his future Returns, the portions already received, and remaining to be received out of the total quantity ordered to be supplied from Chingleput, so as to make his Accounts tally with those of that District.

Read the following letters.-

To,

W. A. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue,-
Fort St. George.

47

Bd. No. 503

From the Collector of Chingleput.

Sir,

With reference to Para 6 of Extract from the Minutes of Consultation dated 20th December 1851 Communicated with the Board's Proceedings of the 5th January 1852, wherein I am directed to consult the Honorable Company's Solicitor in regard to the payment of the 7/8 shares of the Surplus funds of the Ootoor and Shrotriem Village due to the Insolvents Jagunnadha Sawmy

Fort St. George 18th March 1852.-

Sawmy Naidoo and Cothunda Ramasamy Naidoo, I have the honor to forward herewith Copy of a reply received on the subject from the Solicitor and of the opinion of the Advocate General which accompanied it and to state that I have in accordance therewith intimated to the Official Assignee that he should obtain the requisite order from the Court for the payment of the Amount to him.-

Chingleput District,
Collector's Circuit Cutchery,
Porel, 24th February 1852.-

(Signed) J. H. Cochrane
Collector.-

No. 44.

From Clement Dale Esqre, Honorable Company's Solicitor.

To. J. H. Cochrane Esqre
Collector of Chingleput.-
Madras 5th February 1852.-

Sir,

I do myself the honor of acknowledging

Fort St. George 18th March 1852.

Letter from Collector of Chingleput to H.C. Sdt. 26th Jany 1852 No. 14.-

acknowledging the receipt of your letter to my address noted in the Margin, together with the enclosures which accompanied it, (herewith returned) which I laid before Mr. Advocate General for his opinion a Copy of which is herewith annexed for your information and guidance.-

(Signed) Clement Dale
Hon'ble Company's Solicitor

Madras,
5th February 1852.

(True Copy)
(Signed) J. H. Cochrane
Collector.

I think it expedient that Government should be protected by an Order of Court for the payment of this money, if claimable by the Assignee and that he should be informed that Government do not desire to interpose between the assignee and the Insolvent, but refer him to the Insolvent Act to obtain the requisite order for payment, in case an application for such an Order has not been as yet made.-

5th February 1852. (Signed) Geo. Norton
Advt. General.

(A true Copy)
(Signed) Clement Dale
Hon'ble Company's Solicitor

(47-48)

(True Copy) (Signed) J. H. Cochrane
Collector.

Order thereon:-
Ordered to be recorded.-
JG

Fort St. George 18th March 1852.

No. 32.

To,
W. H. Blayley Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue.

(49)

Bd. No. 515.
From the Collector of Chingleput.
Para 1.

Reporting on the several claims advanced by Mr. Wm. Waddell to lands & connected with and adjoining the "Brunton Villa" on the South Side of the Adyar.-

Sir,

Adverting to Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue under date the 31st July last, requiring me to report upon the claims advanced by Mr. Wm. Waddell to certain lands in the vicinity of the "Brunton Villa" situated to the South of the Adyar River, I have the honor to state for the information of the Board of Revenue the result of the enquiry I have made into the several points under discussion after a personal inspection of the locality, a Plan* of which as prepared by the Maramut Superintendent of my Office is submitted.-

2. It appears that the lands occupied by the House in question were purchased from the Meerasidars of Mylapoor in 1803 by Colonel Brunton, and the property was subsequently transferred in sale to Mr. W. Waddell in 1825. The Grant obtained for the same No. 967 is dated the

× A.

* Separately forwarded.

the 21st January 1804. The extent of this land as entered in the Bill of Sale and Grant is respectively Cawnies 5 and Cawnies 4 — 22 Gr. sfeet. 1437/21 but the area within the enclosure of the Compound and at present in Mr. W. Waddell's possession is ascertained on Measurement to be only Cawnies 2 — 18 Gr. — 7 sft. 19.

3. It will be observed from the correspondence submitted by Mr. Waddell that he + requested the Chief Magistrate of Madras to define the boundaries of his property which he was under the impression had been encroached upon; but that Officers did not consider it expedient to comply with his request as the land in question was not situated within the limits of his jurisdiction but at his suggestion Mr. Waddell subsequently addressed my Predecessor on the subject who appears to have visited the spot. No Documents, Plans, or accounts of Measurements are however forthcoming in the records of this Office to shew what transpired on the occasion, but it is observed that Mr. Freese in his letter to Mr. Waddell of the 18th April 1843 expressed his opinion in general terms to the effect

+ Letter dated 11th March 1852. Correspondence B.

× Letter dated 11th March 1852. Correspondence B.

× Letter dated 11th March 1852. Correspondence B.

* Correspondence B.

effect that "from the Government Grant, the Plan and Measurements taken of the premises, it appeared clear that the Ground claimed by Mr. Waddell (apparently the piece of land marked A and B.) was not included in his property." The Garden is situated in Mylapoor within the limits of the Madras Collectorate; I have nevertheless deemed it proper to submit the results of my investigation in regard to its boundaries as well as those of the adjoining lands purchased by Mr. Waddell in the Village of Coroor, in order to afford a connected view of the whole merits of the case.

4. The land enclosed within the present boundary of the Brunton Compound falls short as already stated by Cs. Gr. feet 2 — 1 — 688/2 and Cs. Gr. feet. 2 — 5 — 1657. of the extents entered in the Grant and Bill of Sale. These Documents do not so define the Boundaries as to place the matter in a clear and satisfactory light. According to the Grant Brunton's Garden is bounded on the South by "an open place," and on the West by "the Watercourse and a road" Although doubts are entertained as to whether the

Fort St. George 18th March 1852.

the Road alluded to is the private Road
Marked G G G leading to the Stables, or the public
Road H H H leading to Teroonarvoor, yet the
Watercourse being beyond all question the low
Ground Marked A in the Plan intervening
between the present boundary as exhibited
by the Compound Wall and the said private
road, the limits of the Garden on the West, as
would seem to be confined within the said
Compound Wall.—

5. Referring however to the Bill of
Sale a different conclusion must be arrived
at. According to this document the House is
bounded on the South by the Vanien Choultry
Garden marked E which latter lies South
of a Tank, and on the West by the said
Tank. The Southern Wall of Brunton's
Compound, it is to be observed would if
extended in a Westerly direction join the said
limits of the Watercourse and the Tank
on its Northern extremity. This and the
existence of a Tolacut near the Wall at the
said limits which does not belong to the
Vanien Choultry Garden situated at the
opposite side of the Tank lead me to the
opinion that the pieces of land marked A
and D as shewn in the Plan by a dotted line,

and

Fort St. George 18th March 1852.

and situated to the West and South of the
Compound as at present enclosed, are within
the boundaries indicated in the Bill of
Sale. The lands measured respectively
Cawny — 16 — 1736 1/8 sqft and Cawny 1 — 3 — 2136
which together with the extent Cawnies 2-
18 — 749 Gr. sft. situated within the Compound
makes a total area of Cawnies 4 - 16 - 1221 Gr. sft.
which very nearly corresponds with the
extent entered both in the Grant and
Bill of Sale.

6. Of the above pieces of land
claimed by Mr. Waddell and situated on
the Western side of the present Compound
appears to have been purchased on the 30th
March 1842 from the Meerasidars of
Mylapoor by Mr. R. H. Williamson,
Civil service, and by him to have been
transferred not long after to Major Clerk.

7. Adjoining this land on the
West is another piece of land marked B,
which though situated in the limits of Mylapoor
was originally purchased on the 25th August 1832 from
the Meerasidars of Oorvar by one Ragava Chary,

who

who held it till 1842, when it was sold on his behalf by Messrs. Ashton Richardson & Co. and purchased also by Mr. Williamson.—

This land was also made over to Majors Clerk. Mr. Waddell in his letter to Mr. Freese dated 4th March 1842 has expressed a doubt whether the last mentioned piece of ground did not even fall within the boundary specified in his Grant, and although he does not appear to have urged any claim to it in his present communication to Government, it is to be observed that according to the measurements contained in the Bill of Sale given to Ragava charry by the Meerasidars of Ooroor, the Road GGG leading to Mr. Waddell's stables falls within the limits of this land, the said Road however forming its eastern boundary.

8. In virtue of his right to the occupancy of the land in question as above obtained, Major Clerk caused the Road to be blocked up, thus depriving Mr. Waddell of access to his stables situated on the Southern extremity and

and obliging him to make use of a circuitous rout around the Northern part of the Compound by the Beach. The Board will observe from the correspondence submitted by Mr. Waddell that he complained of the above proceeding as "an annoyance" to Mr. Freese, who declined to interfere on the ground that the property belonged to another, being of opinion that "the fact of his having permitted a passage over it for some time did not give him authority to compel him to continue doing so."

† Letter dated 28th November 1842. Correspondence B.

* Letter 20th April 1843 Correspondence B.

9. I am not aware how the lands in question A and B, which have not been appropriated to any purposes, are entered in the public accounts of the Madras Collectorate, whether the Meerasidars had any right to dispose of them, and whether any Quit Rent has since been levied.— From the circumstance however of the Road GGG. (which is metalled) leading exclusively to Mr. Waddell stables, I am disposed to think that this and the Watercourse might have belonged to Colonel Brunton,

and

and this opinion is supported by the boundaries
referred to in the Bill of Sale and the
Measurements entered in that document and
in the Grant, under any circumstances it is
beyond all question of doubt that the Road
must have existed long prior to the occupation
of the lands A and B in 1832 and 1842
respectively, and that the Proprietors of
Brunton's Garden have long enjoyed the right
of way over it until the communication was
shut up by Major Clerk. The Purchasers
from the Meerasidars of the land B. might
perhaps be considered a proceeding open to
objections in so far as concerns the road
with it, as it interfered with privileges which
have long existed to the valid title to which it
cannot be shewn. Mr. Waddell has no
claims, but I am doubtful whether such
sale can now after the lapse of so many
years be cancelled or set aside in favor
of Mr. Waddell's claims to this right of
way to his stables.

10. As regards however the
Land A or Water-course it seems

very

very doubtful whether it does not strictly fall
within the limits specified in the Grant; as
I am inclined to think that the measurement
in reference to extent specified in the Grant is
a point of mere consideration that the terms
in which the Boundaries are defined, and
as other circumstances tend to shew that the
extent specified in the Grant ought virtually
to define the boundaries, it would appear
evident that the Meerasidars have affected
a sale of property which did not belong to
them, setting aside under any circumstances
their invalidity of title to Poramboke
lands. I beg to suggest that Mr. Waddell
should be put in possession of his land
(A.) and that the parties who lay claim to
it in virtue of the purchase should sue
the Meerasidars for the amount. Mr.
Waddell will then be enabled to obviate
the inconvenience he is at present
subjected to consequent on the closing of
the old Road GGG by constructing a
new Road within the precincts of the
limits proposed to be made over to him,

should

should it be considered inexpedient to include the present Road within the boundary & limits notwithstanding the sale already & adverted to.

11. The piece of land D. falling & as it does within the limits of the & Brunton Compound in reference to the & boundaries indicated in the Bill of Sale was included in the Pymash accounts of the Village of Oroor in this District & prepared so long ago as Fusly 1233. As there are no other claimants to the land, I beg to suggest that Mr. Waddell & should be put in possession of the same. & I am not inclined to think that any additional demand for rent should be made for this land now proposed to be restored to him, & but on this point I shall await the instructions of the Board of Revenue.

12. The other points in reference to Mr. Waddell's claims may be considered to fall more strictly within my province. The first of these relates to his right to a tract of 7½ Cawnies (marked C in the & Plan) purchased by Mr. Waddell from the

the Meerasidars of Oroor under date the & 3d January 1839. In this is comprised the land D already noticed, a circumstance as regards such purchase of the said land D. which cannot but give rise to the inference that Mr. Waddell did not then consider that this land was included in his Grant. This purchase adjoins the Brunton Garden on the South, and extends parallelly with the Sea 1440 yards, being in breadth 300 feet. The space between this slip of land and the sea itself is 276 feet. The land in question is entered in the Pymash accounts of the Village of Oroor as Poonjah Poramboke and Sandy Mounds. His purchase first came to the & notice of the Revenue authorities on Mr. Waddell's attempting to enclose it against & which proceeding Major Clerk the proprietor of the adjoining Garden remonstrated to my Predecessor as intercepting all communication from his House to the Sea and otherwise affecting his Interest.

Mr. Freese in submitting & 13. the case for the orders of the Board & represented

Letter to Board 24th July 1839.

Fort St. George 18th March 1852.

represented that "the Meerasidars of Oroor
"had without any communication with his co
"Office sold to Mr. Waddell the land (under
"dispute) forming part of the Beach itself
"and along which (Mr. Waddell) had co
"commenced planting a hedge, thereby co
"cutting off the direct approach to the co
"Beach, and intervening between long co
"established Gardens and the Sea," and
requesting to be favored with the Board's
opinion whether the Meerasidars had a
right to all Porumpoke and Immemorial
waste lands-

11- In regard to the general co
question of the right of Meerasidars, the
Board have decided in the negative as conveyed
in their communication of the 15th August co
1839. but in this particular case the co
Board have, in a separate communication
of the same date, ruled that if the co
occupation of the ground should interfere
with existing public rights, the Magistrate
should cause the removal of the co
enclosure, but if otherwise no further

DG

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interference was necessary than to require the
occupant to pay the assessment of the land

15

+ letter to Mr Waddell 21st Octr 1839 Correspondence A

above Instructions my Predecessor cancelled
on the receipt of the
the right of Mr Waddell to the land he pur-
chased, as the same was Porumpoke and
as its occupation would deprive the fisher
men of the ground on which they had been
in the habit of drawing up their boats in
high tides and spreading their Nets and
on other grounds already mentioned in Para
13 of this Communication.

In opposition to this

16

In his letter to Government

decision Mr Waddell urged that his purchase
extended in a straight line with the Wall
of his Compound, that in front of it to the
eastward there was a clear space of 70 co
Yards to the sea, that Major Clerk and co
others had purchased lands on the same
line, that Puttahs were granted to him for
Fasles 1251 and 1252 and that his purchase
was of a prior date to that of which co
Major Clerk became a landed
proprietor.

It is needless to observe
that

17

that this narrow strip of land or Sea Beach directly in front of the House built by Major Clerke and now the property of Mr Waller, if allowed to be occupied, might seriously affect the Interests of this latter Party, who purchased his property under the impression that it was bounded by the Sea itself in reference to the decisions already arrived at though the sandy soil intervening between the limits of his Compound as enclosed and the Sea was not particularly entered in his Quit Rent Bill On the other hand the circumstance of Mr Waddell having purchased the land prior to the date on which Major Clerks House was built, added to that of other Parties occupying lands in the same line would seem to afford validity to Mr Waddells claim, which cannot be well set aside in consideration of his not having appropriated the land to any particular purpose before Major Clerks House and Garden were established and because his now doing so is an intervention between long established Gardens and the Sea.

18 From the manner in which both Parties

Parties appears to have purchased slips of land interfering with each others professions as the Plan exhibits, it is perhaps not unlikely that some amicable arrangement might be entered into between Mr Waddell and Mr Waller the present proprietor of Major Clerks House and his other lands at Adyar - I would therefore suggest that the latter be called upon to make good to Mr Waddell whatever may be considered a fair and just sum for the piece of land intervening between the eastern limits of Mr Wallers Garden and the Sea as indicated by a dotted line, and failing this that Mr Waddell should be put in possession of the said land should this arrangement not meet Mr Waddells views, disputes might (if both Parties are consenting) be brought to a settlement by their surrendering to each other (on terms which may be considered fair and just) the lands marked M & N, which they respectively now occupy. Their respective properties would in this case not be interfered with each other as at present I must confess I feel somewhat at a loss under the peculiar features of the case to offer any suggestion as to the mode of

N

of procedure should the matter not be amicably adjusted. I am not however prepared to recommend that Mr Waddell should be put in possession of the piece of land C (interfering as it does with the existing rights and being land which the Meer a sedars were not authorized to dispose of) unless Mr Waller declines according to the arrangements proposed.

19 Adverting to Mr Waddell's Statement in regard to Puttahs having been granted to him for this land for Fushes 1251 and 1252 it is to be observed that the records of this Office show that these Puttahs were cancelled by Mr Freese as well as those granted to Major Clerk for a similar piece of land marked F. it appearing that the Lessees of Cavor had surreptitiously prepared them - notwithstanding that their right to the lands in question had been disallowed in virtue of the decision arrived at as already explained touching the right on the part of the Meer a sedars to sell Pommbooke lands.

20 Mr Waddell had likewise advanced a claim to the ground situated to the South West of the Brunton Garden marked E in the Plan, which he appears to

Ex Gr Dft
2-21-1840

to have purchased from the Meer a sedars of Cavor on the 2d August 1839 - The Various Chunam Garden property so called is situated to the South of the Fort Rd and the remaining portion of this purchase consists of Pommpooke land of the same description as the land C, situated on the Sea Banks. The Garden had been enjoyed rent-free by the Proprietor of the Chunnam which having fallen into decay the Meer a sedars of the Village appear to have appropriated the proceeds of the Garden for the Merriammen Pagoda, until they sold the Garden and the adjoining Pommpooke lands to Mr Waddell in 1839 - The sale of this Enam Land bestowed for the performance of a particular service was certainly a proceeding on the part of the Meer a sedars which could not be authorized, and Mr Freese was I consider justified in cancelling Mr Waddell's right to the occupancy of the said land on rent free tenure - It appears necessary only to consider whether the allotment to Mr Waddell of the lands in

question

3899

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question subject to a suitable Rent for the future would be attended with public inconvenience, or interfere with existing rights.

Letter to Mr Waddell 21st Oct. 1859 corresp. 1

21

On this point Mr Freese was of opinion that the occupation of the lands in question did interfere with public rights, "inasmuch as the path "to the Sea and passage to the Tank from "which" Vessels were often in the habit of Sending for water were "closed up".

22

Previous to the construction of the Elphinstone Bridge over the Adyar the Road H H H leading from Teroovanore to St Thome by the Beach was much frequented, but since that period it has ceased to be a line of communication of any importance. This Road is only available for Persons on foot, when there is no water in the River, while that across the Elpinstone Bridge has superceded it, and it does not appear to me that any advantages would be derived by opening a new communication to the Sea over the ground E purchased by Mr Waddell

more

3900

Fort St George 18th March 1852

more especially as there is a direct way to the Beach along the Southern side of Major Clerk's Garden leading to the Coopum. I have not been able to learn that any Vessels have for years past taken in supplies of water from the said Tank and I am not inclined to think that its withdrawal from such public purpose will be attended with inconvenience I am therefore of opinion that Mr Waddell may retain possession of this land subject to the levy of a suitable rent.

It only remains for me

23

to notice that part of Mr Waddell's letter to Government wherein he alludes to his having subscribed 100 Rupees to Mr Maclean and complains of the sum marked III not having yet been carried to the Brunton Garden. The records of this Office do not afford any information bearing on the subject.

24

As the road is metalled as far as the Varnier Chultry Garden it would be a matter of great importance to Mr Waddell if it was completed

Fort St George 18th March 1852

completed to the limits of the Garden, but as in a public point of view the line is unimportant he cannot expect that the work should be executed at Government expence.

25 Since the receipt of the orders of the Board on this subject Mr Waddell has addressed a letter to me (Copy of which is herein enclosed) requesting me to include in my report his claim to 3-23-96 of land which he purchased from the Meerasidars of Covvoor under date the 6th May 1842 and which includes the portion of the old Road LLL leading to "Brunton Villa" as also the Poromboke and Immemorial waste land situated between the above portion of the Road and the River Mr Waddell further requests that the remaining part of the Road marked L L L which runs through private property originally held by Mr Elliot and now transferred to a Mussulman Lady may be repaired, or that the Road be continued from the Village of Covvoor to the Elphinstone

B

Bridge

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Bridge through the Ground adjoining Mr Huddleston's Garden in the South It does not appear that there is any public land South of Mr Huddleston's Garden and between it and the Mussulman Lady's property.

The Road has long existed,

26

and in former years seems to have been the only one by which approach could be had to "Brunton Villa" to which place it appears moreover only to have led but it has long ago since the construction of the Road III been enclosed in private Gardens and consequently has been little frequented or I may say rarely been made use of It will be perceived it runs in front of Mr Hoopers House and at a distance from it of about 30 yards.

The Road from

27

given to understand was constructed by Government and cannot be considered private property. The sale of a portion of the Road itself cannot for a moment be recognized while the strip of land between it and the River being

Fort St George 18th March 1852

being Poromiss to Re and Immemorial waste the Mier afsidar's right to dispose of such lands are inadmissable - Although the limits of Mr Hooper's compound do not according to the Grant extend beyond this Road / Northerly / the occupancy by another Party of so narrow and long a slip of land bordering on his property and intervening between it and the River would seriously affect his Interest and should not be permitted if there were no other reasons than those in reference to the circumstances which must have alone induced the purchase - Under any circumstances I am of opinion that Mr Hooper should have the option of enclosing it within his Compound subject to the payment of a suitable rent -

28 Mr Waddell in virtue of a claim (if recognized) to a right of way to his property lay the old Road I. I. I. may insist upon the reopening of this line notwithstanding that the new Road III has been established I am not aware that any Parties or the Public would in any way benefit by the reopening of this line, and there can be

Fort St George 18th March 1852

be little doubt that it would be prejudicial to the Interest of those possessing private property through which it runs but if it is decided that this right of way cannot be withheld from him the Road which is now overrun with Grass must be kept in order at his own expense, and any addition to its dimension in breadth should not be permitted -

Chingleput District
Collrs Cutcherry
Pullecarney
28th February 1852

/Signed/ J. H. Cochrane
Collector

B.

To J. H. Cochrane Esqre
Collector of Chingleput

Sir,

With reference to the meeting we had on the 19th Instant, in the vicinity of Brunton House, I have the honor to transmit herewith for your inspection the Grant Plan and Cadjan Bill of sale connected with the Lands of that Property also the Cadjan Documents granted me for lands in its vicinity, which

I

Fort St George 18th March 1852

I purchased in 1839 and 1842, a detailed List whereof, including Brunton House Papers I also send.

1. Respecting Brunton House Lands. By the measurement made the other day the Land would appear to extend South of the South wall of the compound 158 feet, and West of the West wall near the Gate, at the North end 115½ feet and 100 feet at the South end. The measurement to the West, embraces the Road leading to the out Offices and this Road, you will observe I stated, in my letter to the Chief Secretary to Government, I considered never belonged to the Merasdars of Mylapore I was told by Sadagopa Pillay one of the late Merasdars of Woorroor that, that Land was given by them to the late Colonel Brunton, and that the Water course East of it, was the boundary of the Land sold by the Merasdars of Mylapoor and that they had no Land to the West of it. My impression is now confirmed that the Western Boundary of Brunton House Lands granted by

Fort St George 18th March 1852

by the Merasdars of Mylapore, is the East side of the Tank of the Vanian Choultry, and the Watercourse leading from it to the River, and that from the Westend of the wall, extending from the South wall of Brunton House compound and the watercourse a space of 24 or 25 feet, is the Land which the Merasdars of Woorroor gave to Colonel Brunton, but which is not included in the present Grant, but should be in any new plan of the Lands that may be made. The Southern Boundary is in about a Straight line with the South side of the Tank. The Boundary on the East, is the Sea Beach, and on the West, the Adyar River and an open space.

2 The Land along the Beach which include 7½ Cawnies, it will be observed, that the measurement of them commences from Brunton House Garden well, instead of 168 feet South, which confirms what I mentioned in my letter to Mr C. R. Cotton dated 17th August 1839. To this letter I made special reference in the one I addressed to the Chief Secretary to Government as in it I say, I am not very sure that

"that I did not pay for Ground that actually
"belonged to myself"

3 The Vanien Chuultry Garden.

The quantity of Land I purchased, measures
2 7/8 Cawnies, but the Merasdars of Boorot
who sold the Ground, imformed me that the
Land lent by them to certain Oilmongers
for Chuultry purposes, only embraced a
very small portion of the Land here spoken
of and which had reverted to them in
consequence of the said Oilmongers having
failed to keep up at this place, some ce-
remonies peculiar to their caste, the loan
of this Land having been given under the
promise that the said ceremonies would be
continued - It was in this purchase, and
immediately North of the Land granted
for Chuultry purposes that Mr Hooper
caused 14 Palmyrah trees to be cut down,
and to which I adverted in my letter to
the Chief Secretary to Government. I
should like to have this piece of Land care-
fully measured as although I do not say so
I suspect the Stable erected on the South side
by Major Clerk, now Mr Waller's property
encroach

encroach on it

1 I am not aware if you intend
to include in your Report my right
to about 1 Cawnies of Land I purchased
along the South side of the Adyar as
at the time I addressed the Chief Secretary
to Government, I did not know if Mr
Hooper claimed this Land, but as I now
believe he does, I send the Bill of Sale
for your inspection, should you intend
to include it in your Report, but if
this is not your intention, please return
the Bill of Sale to Hooper, so as I may
bring the matter to the notice of Government

By the List you will
5 observe that I send for your inspection,
Bills of Sale for two pieces of Land I
purchased, the one lying between Mr
Waller's House and Stables, and the other
East of the small portion of land
granted for Chuultry purposes - but
about these Lands there are no disputes
I regret it quite escaped
6 me to bring to your notice, that
a Road West of the new Village of
Boorot has been shut - However, I observe
that immediately South of Mr Huddlestone's
Garden

Fort St George 18th March 1852

Garden, a space has been left apparently for a Road in lieu of it, which I request may be completed from the Road South of Elphinstone Bridge to the new Village of Woorroor or that the old Road be reopened as it may be of some assistance in pointing out to you the boundaries of the land. I send a rough plan my Bricklayer made some years ago which I request may be returned with the other Papers.

By a reference to the date on which I purchased the Land along the sea shore, or 3d January 1839 and Major Clerk's letter to me of 25th June of the same year, you will observe that I had bought this Land prior to his commencing to build his House, as he states in it, that the building of his Bungalow and its position will in some measure depend on my decisions.

I regret exceedingly that till this forenoon I could not attend to forward the Papers connected with the Brunton Villa Property; and also of the Lands belonging to myself in that neighbourhood.

Madras
23d August 1852

(Signed) Wm Waddell
(True Copy)
(Signed) J. H. Cochrane
Collector

J.H.B.

Fort St George 18th March 1852.

Ordered that the following letter be sent in consequence.—

49-50

B No. 553.

To The Collr of Madras.

To The Collector of Madras.

Sir,

I am desired by the Board of Revenue to forward to you the accompanying Map, together with Extracts from the letter of the Collector of Chingleput having reference to the spots marked A and B.

2. The Board request that you will inform them how this land is designated in your accounts, and if occupied, by whom, when, and how acquired, and for what extent of land quit rent is charged on the property called "Brunton's Villa."

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St George,
18th March 1852.

(Signed) W. H. Bayley
Secretary.—

Read the following letters.—

No. 13

To W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the Board of Revenue
Fort St George.

51

B No. 491.
From the Collr of North Arcot

Reports on Petition No. 884 of 1851 from Venkatasawmy Naick of Cuttampully in Venkatagherry Ellah Talook

Sir,

Para 1. I have the honor to return the Petition noted in the margin which accompanied your letter dated the 12th May 1851, to the late Acting

Fort St. George 18th March 1852.

Acting Collector of North Arcot.—

2. The Petitioner claims certain Enam lands in the Village of Custompullay in the Vencatagherry Cottah Taluk.—According to his Statement before the Tahsildar of Palmanair, the Enam descended to his father Sungeeree Naick from the Common Ancester Pedda Vencatapah Naick. His Father was in posefsion of the Enam about 40 years since for 10 years, but having left the Village at that time for a distant country, the Ancestors of the present holders of the Enam, who were the illegitimate descendants of one of the branches of Petitioners' family, posefsed themselves of the land, and of all the documents connected with the Grant by murdering eight of the legitimate descendants.—

3. In support of his case the Petitioner alleged that he was in posefsion of a Seal which belonged to one of the persons descended from the original Grantee, and named certain Witnesses to establish his descent, but the Petitioners' Statements are not proved by the evidence of these Witnesses.

4. The Petitioners Statement to the effect that the Enam was held exclusively by his father for 10 years, about 40 years since, is also opposed to the fact mentioned in the letter from the Principal Collector to the Board of Revenue dated the 3d March 1830, that the Enam, as therein described, was granted on the 12th November 1805,

in

Fort St. George 18th March 1852.

in certain proportions to the sons and Nephews of Pedda Naik.—The Petitioner has failed to prove his descent from any one of these parties.—

5. In respect to the reference made to Lutchmappah Naick in the Collators Endorsement dated the 22d February 1851, it appears that this name which the Petitioner alleges was that of his great Grand father was written by mistake for Pedda Naick.—The name of Lutchmappah Naick does not appear in any of the proceedings connected with the case.—

North Arcot,
Coll's Cir't Cut'y,
Congavellore 22d Feby
1852.

/Signed/ H. A. Brett
Ag Collector.

B/ N:535

Order thereon. Ordered that the following

51-52

Endorsement be passed on Petition No 884 of 1851.

The Collector having reported that Petitioner had failed in proving his descent from the Original Grantee Pedda Naick, or any claim to the Enam referred to, the Board reject this Petition.

No 16

To, W. H. Bayley Esqre
Secretary to the Board of Revenue.
Fort St. George.

53

B/ N:529.

From the Ag Coll'r of North Arcot. } Sir,

Mohomed Mohedeen Cauzy of Vellore who is in receipt on account of his Office, of a yeomiah

yeomiah of 177 Rupees annually, having applied to me for permission to receive his allowance thro a Vakeel, on the ground of his rank, and the interruption to his duties which his personal attendance at Chittoor occasions, I have the honor to request the sanction of the Board for this arrangement. The person whom the Cazy proposes to nominate as his Vakeel is Syed Latif, who is himself in the receipt of an annual yeomiah of 177 Rupees. —

North Arcot Collr's Circt Cutcherry Conganellore 27th Feby 1852. } I Signed W. A. Brett Ag Collector.

53-54 Bd No 530.

Proceedings thereon.

C.C. Book page 294.

Under para 3 of the yeomiah Rules, the Board of Revenue sanction the nomination of Syed Lateef, himself a Pensioner of Rupees 177 - - - per Annum, to the Vakeel to Mahomed Moideen Cauzy of Vellore in receipt of Rupees 77 - - per Annum. —

2. Syed Lateef also acts in the capacity of Vakeel for another party under the Board's order of 3d July 1851, and his liability would therefore amount to Rupees 132 - 1 - 1. —

3 The Acting Collector will cause a list of Vakeels of all yeomiahdars to be prepared and placed on record for reference before making any future recommendation, and will be careful that the total amount of yeomiah of parties represented or certified is not more than double the

Circular 10th March 1851.

the yeomiah of the Vakeel who may be nominated.

Read again letter from the Collector of Salem dated 15th and entered in Cons 29th October 1846.

Read also again letter from the Collector of Salem, dated 8th November 1850 and entered in Cons 11th September 1851. —

Read further letter.

No 14

To, W. H. Bayley Esqr Secretary to the Board of Revenue Fort St George

55

Bd No 433

From the Collr of Salem } Sir,

As no reply has been received as yet to my letter of the 8th November 1850, transmitting Copy of an Extract from the Reaudit of the accounts of this Collectorate for Fusly 1256, and soliciting the sanction of Government for the Amount therein objected to, and for the continuance of the allowance, I have the honor to request you will be pleased to obtain and furnish me with the early sanction of Government, in order to enable the Civil Auditor to pass the charge. —

Charitable Allowances	Amount
Chittoor.	94 - 9 - 6
Ranjepore	40 - - -
	61 - 1 - -
Denkenicottah.	44 - 7 - 1

Salem District Collectors Cutcherry 14th February 1852. } I Signed W. D. Phillips Collector. —

55-56 Bd No 565.

Proceedings thereon.

Forwarding a correspondence from the Coll

The Board intended to have included these four items in their general revision of

of Salem, re-
-garding certain
yeomiahs paid
by deduction
from the Hist-
-bundy Bariz,
and recommend
-ing that sanction
be granted for
the items re-
-trenched on
that account.

of payment deducted from the Histhundy Beriz of the several Districts of the Madras Presidency but as the Collector of Salem is urgent to having the retrenchment removed from his accounts, they resolve to submit this case, of itself for the consideration and orders of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

No 1 Rs 94-9-6 per Annum

2. This item is payable to Pagodas in Yeddapully Naud &c. five Villages on the Unjoor Hill of the Ahtoor Talook, namely Rs 35-10 per Annum to Soojanies for Paddy tarum Sibbundy and the remaining Rupees 58-15-6 to the Mead men of the Villages, on their application to the Circar at the time of Radhotsavum Feast. There is no Sunnud or document to show how it was conferred.—

No 2 Rs 49---- per Annum.

3. This grant is in the Village of Cotama-
-solapooram of the Rauzepoor Talook and is enjoyed by Vytee Goorookul the Soojaree of the Curpoornadaswaraswamy Pagoda. He holds a document called Thusdulsputty dated 5th March 1793 bearing the signature of Captain Macleod authorizing the payment of 50 Gopauly Don on account of the Suddita-rum of the daily batta or subsistence Sibbendy of that Pagoda of which 11 or Rs 13-14 were deducted as Teerwah on aga. 5-10-3 of land granted by Captain Macleod as Devas-
-tanum Mauniems and 39 Don or Rs 49-- is that

that enjoyed by the Soojani.

This is the allowance granted under the

No 3 Rs 61-1-11
To Govt 6th Nov 1837
From Do 28th Dec 1837
11th Dec 1837.
To Govt 28th Jany 1839.
From do 23d Feby
in Cons 4th March 1839.

4. orders noted in the margin, to Moodooverca-tachella Reddy the son of the former Poligar of Mootah Pallyputty in the Rauzepoor Talook. It should hereafter be fixed on the average of the past 5 or 10 years disbursements as it appears to have varied with the proportion of the proceeds from the Estate.—

No 4 Rs 44-7-1 per Annum.

5. The Village of Moodoor was granted to Mahomed Ebrahim Cauzy for performing Namaz or Prayer and lighting the Mosque of Hun-
-chutty &c Villages of the Denkencottah Talook, as well as for conducting funeral and marriage rights among the Mahomedan population. The Village was granted by a Native ruler named Syed Emam Sahib but although his Sunnud is forthcoming and bears date corresponding with A. D. 1737. yet it is not specified that he had sufficient authority for the alienation. The Village was however resumed, and the grant converted into a money allowance of 15 Can. Pagodas per annum which was continued after the assump-
-tion of the Country at its equivalent of Rupees 44-7-1 by deduction from the Histhundy on the death of Mahomed Ebrahim it was continued to his heirs.—

Extract from Cycle Tables in Mr Browns Ephemeris.

6. The above Four items having since the Collectors receipt of the Boards Circular of 30th March,

Fort St. George 18th March 1852

March 1846, been paid direct from the Treasury appeared as fresh charges in his accounts, and as the sanction of Government has not been obtained for their admission by the Civil Auditor, they have therefore been retrenched in the Collectors' Accounts from Fusly 1256.—

7. Under the explanation now entered into, the Board recommend that sanction be granted for the items retrenched on the above account, and for the continuance of the allowances subject to report on lapse, as prescribed for yeomiah and Charitable allowances of a similar nature.

Read

Fort St. George 18th March 1852.

Read the following letters.

No. 23

To, W. H. Bayley Esqr.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

57

13. N. 591

From the Collector of Salem. } Sir,

I have the honor to submit a Statement in the prescribed form regarding certain Mootahs sequestered for arears of revenue due up to the 11th January or for the Margaly Fusly 1261, and request the sanction of the Board for the Establishment employed to take them in charge.—

Salem District,
Tripatoor,
4th March 1852.

(Signed) H. D. Phillips
Collector.—

Statement.

3919

Fort St. George

18th March 1852.

Statement shewing the Mootahs sequestered for arrears of revenue to 11th January or Margaly Hist of Fusly 1261 in the Zillah of Salem, with the Establishment appointed to their charge requiring the sanction of the Board of Revenue.—

Names of the Zemindaries or Estates.	Names of the Zemindars or Proprietors.	Number of Villages included in the Zemindary or Estate.	Permanent Jummah of the entire Estate.	Amount of Hist due for the current Fusly.	Amount Collected.	Balance.	Number of Villages proposed to be attached.	Actual or estimated value of the portion proposed to be attached.	Establishment proposed to be employed in the attachment.	Per-centage of the establishment to the estimated annual value of the portion of the Estates attached.	Date of attachment.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			Cr. a p.	Cr. a p.	Cr. a p.	Cr. a p.		Cr. a p.		Rs. a p.		
1 Coopricapolyem Mootah in Talook Paramutty.	Ranjah Gondah - 1 and Moorty Naik - 2	4	2026 6 4	611 — —	495 — —	116 — —	4	2026 6 4	Ameen - 1 @ 10 8 a Sircar - 1 @ 3 8 a Peons — 2 @ 14 — — 4 @ 28 — —	11 1	13th Feby 1852	
2 Cannungcoorchy Mootah in Talook Salem.	Aurumoogah Moodelly deceased — 1 Moothoosawmy Moodelly 2 Shunmoogah Moodelly 3.	8	9,321 7 3	2,799 — —	1407 — —	1392 — —	8	9,321 7 3	Ameen - 1 @ 10 8 a Nizindah - 1 @ 7 — — Peons — 2 @ 7 — — 4 @ 24 8 a	8 4 2	5th do do	
3 Anadanumpully Mootah in Talook Salem.	Do.	8	7,617 8 7	2,288 — —	1148 — —	1140 — —	8	7,617 8 7	Ameen - 1 @ 10 8 a Nizindah - 1 @ 7 — — Peons — 2 @ 7 — — 4 @ 24 8 a	— 5 2	do do do	
4 Avattoorady Mootah in Talook Hirtnagherry.	Serovengada Moodelly — 1 Mullapah — 2	5	1,925 6 —	580 — —	— — —	580 — —	5	1925 6 —	Ameen - 1 @ 10 8 a Peons — 2 @ 7 — — 3 @ 17 8 a	— 14 6	15th Janry do	
5 Vaniembady Mootah in Talook Tripatoor	Cummy Naidy Javajy Ramapah Naik of Cungroody Samuvtanam deceased — 1 Hiriton Seeboo rajooloo Naick - 2	4	2,949 12 4	905 — —	— — —	905 — —	4	2949 12 4	Ameen - 1 @ 10 8 a Peons — 2 @ 7 — — 3 @ 17 8 a	— 9 6	18th do do	
6 Tirpalum Mitah in Talook Tripatoor.	Jevagy Seeboo rajooloo Naik — 1 Vencatapatty Naike - 2 Moonechy Ammal - 3 her daughter in law Moonechy Ammal - 4 and Mungammal - 5	19	4,689 10 9	1411 — —	329 13 —	1081 3 —	19	4,689 10 9	Ameen - 1 @ 10 8 a Nizindah - 1 @ 7 — — Peons — 2 @ 7 — — 4 @ 24 8 a	— 8 4	do do do	
		48	28530 3 3	8594 — —	3379 13 —	5214 3 —	48	28530 3 3	20 @ 122 8 a			

Salem District, Tripatoor, 4th March 1852.

E. E. Jr. Assigned J. D. Bourdillon Collector

File

3920 Fort S. George 18th March 1852.

B. No. 532.

Proceedings thereon.

57-58

The Board of Revenue Sanction the employment of the several Establishments exhibit-ed in the Statement which accom-panies the foregoing letter, at an aggregate charge of Rupees 122-8-- per mensem, for the management of the Estates in the District of Salem attached for arrears of revenue for the current fusly.-

J.R.

To