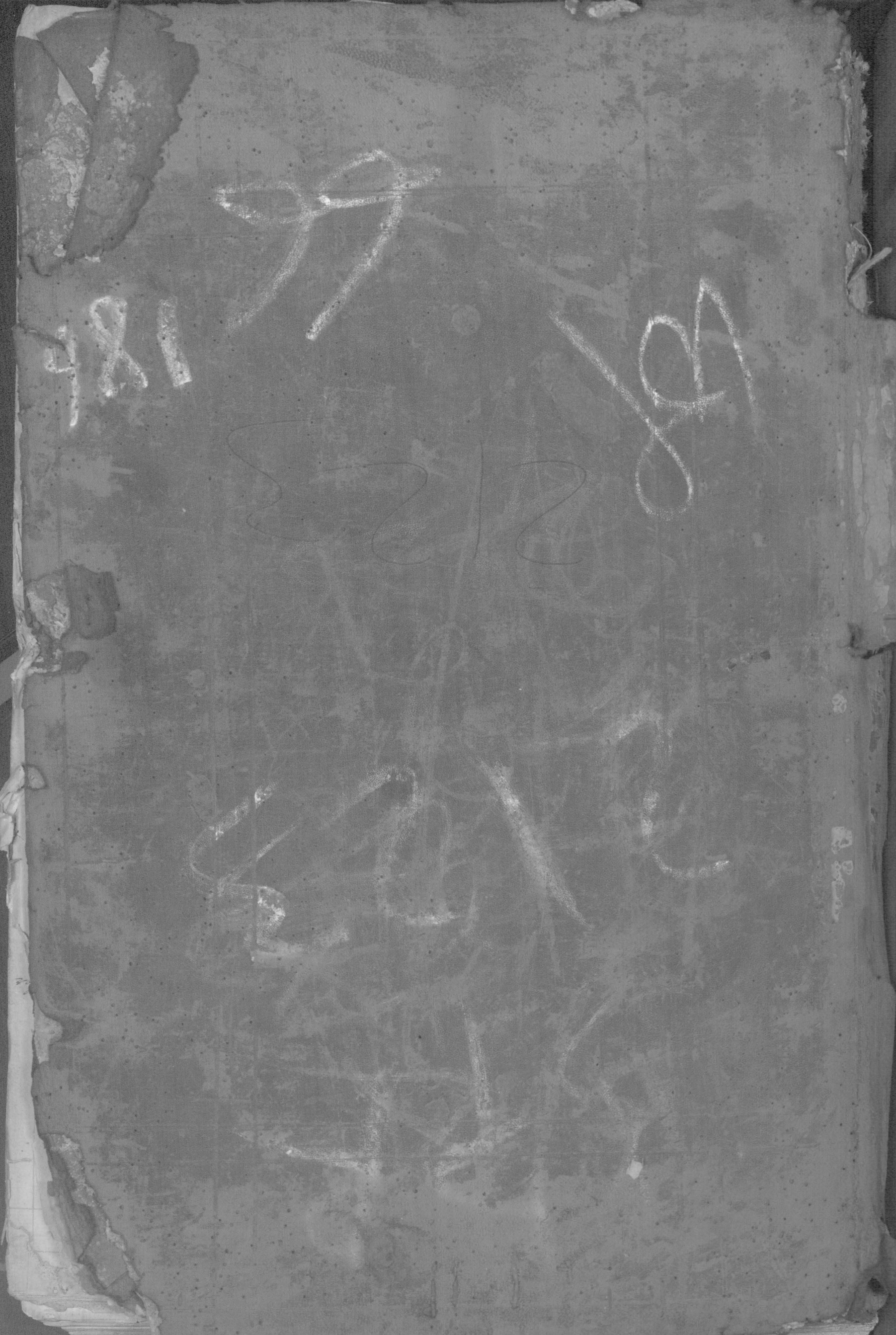


No. Diary.

At a Meeting Present

Thursday 9th March 1848

Walter Elliot Esqre Actg Senior Member

A. Maclean Esqre Actg Second Member

and

J. Goldingham Esqre Actg Third Member.

Minutes of the last Meeting read and approved.

(1)

Read the following Extract.

From the Offg Chief Secretary to Government Communicating papers received from the Govt of India stating that the Indian Legislature will be prepared to consider any proposition for carrying out Municipal or conservancy arrangements in the Provinces subject to the Madras Presidency based on the voluntary principle & requesting that the Govt will afford any further suggestions on the subject they may have to offer.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation dated 10th February 1848.

Read the following letter

To E. F. Thompson Esqre

Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George

Sir,

With reference to your Despatch No. 792 dated the 30th June 1845 relative to making the provisions of act X of 1842 of the Bengal Code applicable to the local exigencies and municipal condition of the Chief Towns throughout the Madras Presidency, I am directed to forward for the information of the Most Noble the Governor in Council the accompanying Copy of a Resolution this day recorded by the Government of India on the subject and to state that the Indian Legislature

will

will be prepared to enter upon the consideration of any proposition which the Government of Fort St. George may submit for carrying out municipal or conservancy arrangements in the Provinces subject to the Madras Presidency based on the voluntary principle and not open to the objections noticed in the Resolution.

Fort William, the 11th December 1847.

/ Signed / G. A. Bushby
Secretary to the Govt of India

No. 1.

Fort William
Home Department.
Legislative
The 11th December 1847.

Read again the correspondence with the Governments of Fort St. George and Bombay on the subject of providing a Municipal act for the Provinces.

Read the the Six following letters from the Government of Bombay, Viz.

From Mr. Secretary Townsend dated 18th October No. 3645, acknowledging receipt of act XIX of 1844, abolishing Town Duties and Mookta and all Taxes upon Trades and Professions within the Presidency of Bombay. Intimating that from the

the proposed Municipal act not having been passed simultaneously with the above, an annual revenue of Rupees 78,929-6-3 hitherto appropriated to Municipal purposes has been abandoned, and that an additional Clause will be submitted hereafter for insertion in the Draft Act, to enable the Committees provided for in that Draft, to award compensation for buildings removed.

From Mr. Secretary Townsend dated 14th Novr 1844 No. 3979 and enclosure, submitting a Statement shewing that instead of the sum above mentioned, the Taxes abolished by Act XIX of 1844 amount to Rupees 154,101-8-5 per annum.

From Dr. dated 26th November 1844 No. 4262 and enclosure, Reporting that a sum of Rupees 700-6-6 hitherto collected for Municipal purposes in the City of Nasick has been also abandoned, which makes the total amount of taxes abolished Rupees 154,801-14-11.

From Dr. dated 26th November 1844 No. 4267 with reference to the foregoing, drawing the attention of the Government of India

to

to the necessity of providing at an early period funds for Municipal purposes, and requesting instructions as to whether Establishments hitherto kept up from the taxes abolished are to be retained and paid out of the general revenues.

From Mr. Secretary Escombe dated 10th December 1844 No. 3640. soliciting orders on a proposal for appropriating the surplus Town Wall Funds at Ahmedabad to certain Municipal improvements in that Town.

From Mr. Secretary Townsend dated 13th December 1844 No. 4483 and Enclosure. Forwarding the additional clause promised in his letter of the 18th October 1844.

Read also a letter from the Secretary to the Government of Fort St. George dated the 30th June 1845 and its enclosures on the subject of making the provisions of Act X of 1842. of the Bengal Code applicable to the local exigencies and Municipal condition of the Chief Towns throughout the Madras Presidency.

Resolution

Resolution.

Bombay. The President in Council observes that the provisions of Act XIX of 1844 being imperative, the Government of Bombay acted correctly in abolishing immediately all the Taxes therein mentioned not forming a part of the Land Revenue of that Presidency. A large proportion of the abandoned taxes was raised within the limits of the Islands of Bombay and Colaba, and the revival of these Imposts was subsequently sanctioned by act XI of 1845. The taxes relinquished in the Provinces are inconsiderable in amount, but the Government of Bombay with a view to provide ample funds for Municipal and Conservancy purposes in the principal Towns under that Presidency recommend the enactment of a Law for raising money by any of the five following means. In any case the tax is proposed to be compulsory Viz.

1st By a Ground rent to be levied on all lands, houses and premises within the limits of the Town or place the conservancy of which it is intended to provide for. or

2ndly By a House Tax assessed at fixed rates

rates on each class of premises in such Town or place - or

3dly By a House Tax assessed at an uniform rate per Cent on the rent or yearly value of all premises within such Town or place - or

4thly By a Town duty leviable on articles entering such Town or place for consumption - or

5thly By a toll on all vehicles and Cattle entering or passing through such Town or place.

Fort St. George. The President in Council further observes that the Government of Fort St. George and the local authorities at Madras are of opinion that the provisions of Act X of 1842 for Bengal might be extended to that Presidency with great benefit provided the contributions are made compulsory instead of being voluntary, as "from "the novelty of the measure and the "absence of public spirit among the "people of Southern India together with "their apathy and indifference to improvement especially where expense and "trouble would be voluntarily imposed "upon themselves, the introduction of

the

"the act as at present constituted would "be nugatory and inoperative".

Act X of 1842 is based upon the principle that when people desire their place of abode to be more cleanly and better kept, they should themselves provide for these purposes the voice of two thirds of the number of Householders in any Town being held to be evidence of the desire of the inhabitants for the attainment of such objects at their own expence.

With the modification suggested by the Government of Fort St. George, the originating of measures essential to the local exegencies and sanatory condition of each Principal Town would rest with the Magistrate of the District, subject to the approbation of Government, while the execution of such measures would be dependent on the consent of the specified number of Householders such an amendment of the law, the President in Council observes, would be inconsistent with the principle of Act X of 1842, and to that principle His Honor in Council is disposed to adhere as much as possible.

The President in Council will

be

be happy to consider any scheme by which the communities of Provincial Towns propose to provide voluntarily for their health and comfort by such self imposed taxes as do not partake of the nature of Town duties and Tolls on Trades or professions and cannot interfere with the freedom of Trade or intercourse. The President in Council would not sanction the enforcement of a contribution to which the people of the Towns in the Provinces might be opposed, and which might prove oppressive and injurious to the general prosperity.

The Town wall fund at Ahmedabad formed by a levy imposed by the inhabitants themselves on the trade of the place for the purpose of maintaining or repairing the Walls of that Town is objectionable like other Town duties, tho' it is a voluntary taxation imposed for a benefit generally appreciated, the principle of the tax a rate on articles of Export and Import, cannot be less pernicious at Ahmedabad than at other places where Town duties are not allowed to be levied.

(True Copy)
(Signed) G. H. Bushby
Secretary to Government of India

Ordered

Ordered that the foregoing letter and its Enclosure be communicated to the Board of Revenue with reference to their Secretary's letter dated 28th April 1848 - No 83 with a request that they will again give their consideration to the subject with the view of offering some suggestions by which the advantages of a municipal act may be secured to this Presidency.

(Signed) F. B. Montgomery.
Officiating Chief Secretary.

Ordered that the following letter be addressed in reply.

To The Officiating Chief Secretary to Government.

(1-2)

To The Offg. Chief Secty to Government - - -

Sir

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to acknowledge the receipt of an order of Government No. 157 dated the 10th Ultimo, forwarding to them with reference to their Secretary's letter of 28th April 1848 Copy of a letter, with its enclosure, addressed to the Madras Government by the Secretary to the Government of India under date on the 11th of December last, in which it is intimated that the Indian Legislature will be

In reply to the order of Govt. of the 10th Ultimo stating that all the Considerations adverted to in the Board's letter 28th April 1848 it is to be feared that much time must elapse before the provisions of an Act for securing municipal advantages based on the Voluntary principle could be brought into active operation in this Presidency yet there appears to be no objection to the

the passing of an Enactment modified to the circumstances of the Presidency in the manner suggested:-

be prepared to enter upon the consideration of any proposition which may be submitted by the Government of Fort St. George for carrying out Municipal or conservancy arrangements in the provinces of the Madras Presidency based on the voluntary principle, and free from the objections noticed in the resolution therewith transmitted. The Board of Revenue are desired again to give their consideration to the subject, with a view of offering on some suggestions by which the advantages of a Municipal act may be secured to this Presidency.

In reply I am directed to state that although from the considerations adverted to in my letter of 28th April 1845 Copy from the apathy of the native community of Southern India generally and their inability duly to appreciate the value of Municipal and sanatory arrangements, it is to be feared that much time must elapse before the provisions of an act for procuring those advantages, based on the voluntary principle, could be brought into extensive operation in this Presidency, the Board of Revenue nevertheless see

see no objection to the passing of such an enactment, which they think might prove useful at some future time and in particular cases. with respect to the terms of the proposed act it seems to the Board that those of Act X 1842 would require little modification to adapt them to the circumstances of the Madras Provinces. They would however recur to the suggestion contained in my letter of 28th April 1845 already referred to Viz. that instead of the recovery of funds raised for Municipal purposes and misapplied being left to form the subject of a regular Suit before the Civil Court all such misappropriations be made cognizable summarily by the Collector in the same manner as embezzlements of public revenue now are under Regulations IX. 1822 and VII 1828.

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
9th March 1848.

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary.

Read the following letters.

3

To E. C. Lovell Esqre
Acting Collector and Magistrate of North Arcot.

From the Offg. Chief Secy. to Government

Sir,

With reference to your appointment

appointment to be Civil and Sessions Judge of the Zillah of Chittoor, and to act in that capacity on Mr. Lewis availing himself of the Leave granted to him on this date. I am directed by the Honorable the Governor in Council to desire that you will continue to act as Collector and Magistrate of North Arcot until relieved.

Fort St. George
29th February 1848

/ Signed / H. G. Montgomery
Offg. Chief Secretary

Ordered thereon.

3-4

To J. D: Bourdillon Esqre

From the Offg. Chief Secy. to Government - - -

Sir

With reference to your

5

appointment of this date to be Collector and Joint Magistrate of Nellore and to act as Collector and Magistrate of the Northern Division of Arcot I am directed by the Honorable the Governor in Council to request you will continue to officiate as Secretary to Government in the Revenue and Judicial Departments until relieved.

Fort St. George
29th February 1848

/ Signed / H. G. Montgomery
Offg. Chief Secretary

Ordered thereon.

5-6

Ordered to be recorded.

Extract

From the Offg. Chief Secy. to Government - - -

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation under date 1st March 1848.

7

Read the following letter

To Sir H. G. Montgomery Bart
Secretary to the Government of
Fort St. George

Sir

I am directed to forward to you for the information of the Most Noble the Governor in Council and for the issue of the necessary orders to the Offices of account at Madras, the accompanying Copy of a letter from Captain C. Macpherson dated the 1st Instant, and of my reply of this date.

Fort William -
The 12th February 1848

/ Signed / G. A. Bushby
Secretary to the Government of India.

To G. A. Bushby Esqre
Secretary to the Government of India.
Calcutta.

Sir

1. I have the honor to request that you will have the goodness to submit the following circumstances for the consideration of the Right Honorable the Governor General Council

2. When the Orissa Hill Agency was established, I considered that its constitution and circumstances, and the usage of

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

of the public service, necessarily implied that the rules respecting Batta applicable to the Native Establishments of the Revenue Department of the Madras Presidency were applicable to the Native Establishment of that agency, and in that view although the Government had not passed any express order upon the point I drew and paid Batta to the Native Servants of that Establishment under those rules.

3 The Collector of Ganjam, who disbursed the Batta in question, transmitted to me in a letter dated the 4th of November the Copy of a letter addressed to him by the Civil Auditor of Madras under date the 21st of October 1847 in which that Officer requests that the Collector of Ganjam will obtain and forward to him the orders of Government which declare that the servants of the Orissa Agency Department are intitled to Batta under the rules applicable to the Revenue Department to enable him to admit the charge in question.

4. As the Native Establishment of the Orissa Agency was employed to a great extent in Revenue Duties and

moreover

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

moreover in duties which involved a movement thro' the Country much more expensive than the movement which is incidental to service in the Revenue or in any other Department, I venture to presume that the Supreme Government could have had no other intention than that it should receive the Batta allowed to the Revenue Department, and would have sanctioned the allowance as essential had it known and represented that its express sanction was necessary, and I therefore beg leave to solicit that His Lordship in Council may be pleased to pass an Order declaring the Batta Rules which are applicable to the Native Establishment of the Revenue Department in the Madras Presidency to have been applicable to the Native Establishment of the Orissa Hill Agency from the date of its Establishment.

Gopalpoor, 9th February 1848. } (Signed) S. C. Macpherson

To Captain S. C. Macpherson

Sir, I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated the 1st Instant and in reply to state that the Governor General in Council is pleased to

approve

3561 Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

approve of the Batta Rates which are in force in the Madras Presidency in the Revenue Department having been applicable to the Native Establishments of the Aripo Salt Agency from the time of its Establishment.

Fort William
The 12th February 1848

/ Signed / G. A. Bathurst
Secretary to the Govt

Ordered to be communicated to the Officers of Account and Audit, also to the Board of Revenue to whom the Batta accounts of the Agency should be submitted for examination and check like those of other Districts.

7-8

/ Signed / H. Le Messurier
Offg Chief Secy

Ordered to be recorded.
Read the following Resolution and Letter
Extract from the Minutes of Consultation dated 3d March 1848.

9

From the Offg Chief Secy to Government. He has the honor to request that Government will cause the specified number of Timber trees to be selected from the Forests to be sent to England in the Ship Duncan as early as practicable in the ensuing season, and to report the name of the Master of the Ship in which they may be shipped.

/ Signed / H. C. Montgomery
Offg Chief Secy

DESTROYED

4

1

3562 Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

To,
J. Bycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue

10

Sir,

From the Secretary to the Marine Board } I have the honor by direction of the Marine Board to acknowledge the

On the 26th receipt of the two Boxes containing specimens of Timber and Foliage which accompanied your letter of the 24th Instant. They will be forwarded to the Honorable Court of Directors by an early opportunity, and notice will be furnished respecting the Vessel on which they are shipped.

ORIGINAL DESTROYED

Madras,
Marine Board Office
28th February
1848

/ Signed / J. J. Frankeline
Secretary Marine Board.

9-11

Order on the foregoing Resolution and Letter Ordered to be recorded.

Read

2

Fort St. George 9th. March 1848.

12

Read the following Extract.

From the Sect.to Government

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation under date the 8th. November 1847.

Read the following Petitions.

From Tandavaroya Graminy and Venkata Graminy Toddy Shop Keepers in the Madras Collectorate.

[Here enter 1st. November 1847. No. 1316]

From Venkatachella Graminy, Moorrogapa Graminy, and others Toddy Shop Renters within the limits of the Town and its vicinity.

[Here enter 1st. Dec.r 1316]

Resolved that the above Petitions be forwarded to the Board of Revenue for enquiry and report.

(A true Extract)
(Signed) H. G Montgomery
Secretary to Government

13

From the Sect.y to Government the 24th. December 1847.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation under date

To

Sir H. G Montgomery
Secretary to Government.
Revenue Department.

Read the following

Honored Sir!

The accompanying memorial to

Fort St. George 9th. March 1848.

to the address of the Government being so important a matter that the Government should take speedy steps, we humbly beg that the same may be laid before His Lordship in Council, and the orders issued on the subject therein stated without loss of time.

Madras
16th. December 1847

Warrenain & Co.
(Signed) Brownlow Brodwood
Cowell Bell

To,

His Excellency Lieutenant General the most noble George Marquis of Tweeddale K. T and G. B.

Governor in Council
Fort St. George

The humble Petition of Tandavaroya Grammy and Venkata Grammy Toddy Shop Keepers of the Madras Collectorate.

Our Lord.

With reference to our Memorial presented on the 1st. November last to your Lordship in Council which was referred to the Board of Revenue complaining against the Servants of the Madras Collector's Cutcherry Viz. Sheristadar, Head Writer Mr. D.' Vaz and Toddy Anildar, that the latter Officer by the influence of the two former has been and is acting so irregularly as the Toddy

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

Toddy revenue shall be diminished more than one Lac of Rupees, and as the three Officers shall be benefit themselves without the knowledge of the Collector Mr. Hudleston, we now respectfully beg to bring to the notice and speedy orders of the Government that the enquiry which the Board made and are making on the subject of the excess Trees allowed to the Shopkeepers by the Amildar examining the Collector's Accounts establishes the charges on the part of the Amildar and Sheristadar very satisfactorily but the opinions of the Members of the Board are at appears divided Viz" some that the act complained against should be left unnoticed," and some that the same should have legal check from the controlling authorities, and consequently the work is in abeyance. Had the Government been pleased to appoint an European commissioner as we prayed in our first Memorial instead of referring the same to the Board in general for their enquiry and report, the work would have by this time received due arrangement.

Under these circumstances and as the Toddy revenue is fast declining by the combined

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

combined and fraudulent management of the Sheristadar, Head Writer Mr. D'Vaz and Amildar aforesaid, we humbly solicit your Lordship would be pleased at least now to Appoint one European Commissioner to enquire into the state of the Toddy branch in question before whom we are ready to prove each item of their frauds as may satisfactorily correspond to their own accounts. For this act of justice we as in duty bound.

Madras, 10th December 1847.

Shall ever Pray.

(Signed) [illegible]

Resolved that the Petition received with the foregoing be sent to the Board of Revenue with reference to Extract Minutes consultation dated 8th November 1847 with a request that they will report their proceedings connected with the complaint of the Toddy Shop renters of Madras, and of the results which may have attended them.

(Signed) H. C. Montgomery
Secretary to Government

Ordered that the following letter be addressed in reply.

To,

3567 Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

To,

12-14 The Chief Secretary to
Government.

Sir,

To, the Chief Secretary to Government } I am directed by the Board of Revenue to acknowledge the receipt of Extract Minutes Consultation No. 1215, and of a resolution of Government No. 1380 dated 8th November and 2d December 1847 respectively, transmitting to them for their investigation and report three Petitions presented by some Toddy Shop Keepers of Madras complaining of certain abuses in the management of the Abkarry Revenue.

2. In reply the Board instruct me to state that they have recently been in correspondence with the Collector of Madras on the subject of certain irregularities alleged to have existed in the Abkarry Department of his Office, and they have lately furnished to that Officer an Extract from their Proceedings in which they have entered into a review of the whole question, and have pointed out the Amendments which should in their opinion be introduced into the Administration of this branch of revenue.

To Coll. 2 March 1848.

Upon

3568 Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

When the measures indicated by the Board shall have been carried out, it is hoped that the Madras Abkarry system will be placed on an improved footing and all grounds for complaint on the part of the Toddy renters completely removed.

Revenue Bd. Office,
Fort St. George,
9th March 1848.

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary

15

From the Secretary to Government.

Read the following Extract.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, under date the 11th December 1847.

Read the following letter.

To,

Sir H. B Montgomery Bart
Secretary to Government
Fort St. George

Sir

Para 1. I am directed by the President in Council to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated the 30th Ultimo No. 1074, and the papers therein referred to, on the subject of the resumption of the Village of Bommaipolliem in South Arcot as a temporary measure.

2. The Village in former times supported a Mutlum and seems to have been continued exempt from any assessment of the public revenue

revenue to the Pundarums of the Endowment till it was ordered to be resumed by the Government of Madras in 1815 as a temporary measure, the payment of an allowance of 640 Rupees being substituted for the present, and the final proceedings left to depend upon the general instructions to be received from the Supreme Government.

3. The Enam is mentioned in the correspondence as a Life Grant, but the only document with the papers indicating the nature of the grant is the translation of a Sunnud or order given A. D. 1801 by Nuwab Hissamood Moolk on a Petition of 40 Families of Pundarums who complained, that the Charitable allowances which they and their predecessors had enjoyed during 200 and 300 years from their Choultry and the lands on which they lived in the Village called Bommiah pollium were discontinued, and prayed that an order might be given to the Amildar to withdraw his interference. The order given was if the Statement of the complainants were true the Amildar was to desist from molesting the Pundarums

4. It appears therefore to the President

President in Council that it belongs to the Government of Fort St. George to satisfy itself as to the title of the Village to exemption from the payment of Public Revenue under Section II Regulation XXXI of 1802, and to determine in the absence of better proof what is due to the recognition of a Title to be presumed from Nuwab Hissamool Moolks' takeed in the year 1801, that being the year in which the administration of the Carnatic was relinquished to the East India Company. The grant might have been described as a Life Grant by the former Local Authorities, referring to the Pundarum or Head Priest superintending the Establishment, and the claim to an exemption in perpetuity from the payment of revenue be nevertheless valid in favor of a religious Institution, the purposes for which the exemption was obtained Continuing to be fulfilled, and I am directed to refer on this point to my Letters of the 12th September 1816 No. 608; and 3d July 1817, No. 565.

Note It is not stated what Office Nuwab Hissamool Moolk held

5. If the Institution is under the regulations entitled to the Village it seems to the President in Council that the Village ought to be restored, and the money payment to be

be discontinued.

Fort William - - -
The 6th November 1847 - } (Signed) G. A. Bushby
Sect. to the Govt. of India.

The Most Noble the Governor in Council resolves to communicate to the Board of Revenue the foregoing letter from the Government of India, with reference to the Order of Government dated 21st June 1845, No. 741, sanctioning as a temporary measure, the resumption of the Village of Bommiapollaiam and the grant of an annual allowance of £40 Rupees for the support of the Muttum, and has requests the Board will issue the necessary instructions to the Collector of South Arcot for the restoration of the Village, or should they be satisfied that the title of the claimants to hold it rent free is unquestionable under the provisions of Section II Regulation XXXI of 1802, and that the Institution itself is such as should be maintained by the endowment under Regulation VII of 1817.

(A true Extract)

(Signed) H. C. Montgomery
Secretary to Government.

Proceedings thereon.

(15-16)

Upon a review of the whole of the Correspondence on the records of the Board's Office connected with this subject, it appears that the Village of Bommiapollaiam was continued, during the time of the native Government, under a Sakeed dated A.H. 1216 / A.D. 1801 bearing the seal of the Nabob Yahagan Moolook Bahader and the Signature of Mavazun Zuny Bahader for the support of a Muttum. This Sakeed seems to have been issued upon a petition presented by 40 families of Pundarums who represented that that lands in question had been held by them and their Ancestors for the maintenance of the Muttum in question for the space of 200 or 300 years. On being continued under this Sakeed it was held without interruption until Fusly 1219 / A.D. 1809-10 when a lapse having occurred by the death of the Pundarum in charge, Mr. Ravenshaw, the then Collector, renewed the grant in the name of another Pundarum. On a second lapse occurring in 1819 the Government under date the 8th November of that Year, authorized the payment of the revenues of the Village to the succeeding Pundarum, and on a further lapse occurring in 1844, the Government having ascertained from the Collector of the South Arcot through the

Letter 22nd Nov. 1819

From Govt. 21st June in Cons. July 1818

the Board; that Rupees 640 per Annum was an adequate allowance for the maintenance of the Muttum, directed that the Village be resumed, pending the receipt of final instructions from the Government of India; but in the mean time they authorized the payment of 640 Rupees per Annum for the support of the institution.

2. With the Extract from the Minutes of Consultation recorded at the head of these proceedings the Board are furnished with a copy of a letter from the Secretary to the Government of India dated 6th November last from which it appears that the Supreme Government consider that it belongs to the Government of Fort St. George to satisfy itself as to the title of the Village of Bommia pollium to exemption from the payment of public revenue under Section II Regulation XXXI of 1802, and to determine in the absence of better proof what is due to the recognition of a title to be presumed from Nawab Yahazan Involokes takeed of 1801, that being the Year in which the Administration of the Carnatec was relinquished to the East India Company. It is further observed that the grant may have been described

described as a life grant by former local authorities, referring to the Pundarum or Head priest superintending the Establishment, and the claim to an exemption in perpetuity from the payment of revenue be nevertheless valid in favor of a religious institution, the purposes for which the exemption was obtained continuing to be fulfilled. and, it is added, that if the Muttum is entitled to the Village under the regulations, it ought to be restored, and the money payment discontinued.

3. The Government accordingly in the Extract from Minutes of Consultation under consideration desired the Board to issue the necessary instructions to the Collector of South Arcot for the restoration of the Village, should they be satisfied that the title of the claimants to hold it rent free is unquestionable under the previsions of Regulation XXXI of 1802, and that the institution itself is such as should be maintained by the Endowment under Regulation VII of 1817.

4. It appears to the Board that in the question now before them it is not the competency of the Office reviewing the grant in 1801, but whether the Village of Bommia pollium was originally alienated previously to the Year 1792

for

for the support of an institution of a perma-
: nent nature; for if so, the claim to its conti-
: nuance in perpetuity will be held to be valid
under the regulations. The only document which
they have before them, to enable them to form
an opinion on this point is the Sakeed adverted
to in a preceding para, which contains the sub-
: stance of a petition presented by the In-
in A.D. 1216 / A.D. 1801 : habitants of Bommiapollium who declared
that the village was held in Endowment by them-
: selves and their Ancestors during 2 or 3 centuries.
This document justifies a strong presumption
in favor of the permanency of the grant, for
the parties would scarcely have ventured upon such
an assertion, had not their enjoyment of the
Village been at least of an old date reaching
back far beyond A D 1792, or only 9 Years prior to
the date of the Sakeed. The order to release the
village if their account were true, and the fact
that the village was so given up to them, would also
seem to denote that some enquiry was instituted,
and the allegations of the Petitioners found to be
more or less correct. It may therefore in the opi-
nion of the Board not unreasonably be inferred that
Bommiapollium was granted in Enam previous
to 1792, and there seems no ground to doubt that the Shetd
by

by, or in the name of an individual Pundaram who
as a member of a monastic institution is vowed to
celibacy, and is succeeded in his Office by the next
in order of his disciples, its proceeds appropriated to the
support of the Muttum before, as they have been
since the accession of the British Government.

5. Taking these circumstances into con-
: sideration, and adverting to the general views
12 September 1846 received. From Govt. 12th October in Cons. 16th Nov. 1846. of the Supreme Government, contained in their letter
noted in the margin, in regard to Enams of this nature;
the Board are disposed to recognize this grant as
perpetual. They accordingly resolve, under the au-
thority conveyed in the Extract from Minutes of
Consultation above recorded, to instruct the Collector
of South Arcot to discontinue the money allowance
paid under the orders of Government dated 21st June
1845, and revert to the System which obtained previ-
: ous to the occurrence of the last lapse, reporting
to the Board for their information the measures
which he may take.

Ordered that a copy of these proceed-
ings be furnished for the information and guidance
of the Collector of South Arcot with reference to the
Board's previous proceedings dated 7th July 1845.

Read the following Extract.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation under date 11th January 1848

Read the following

17

From the Secretary to Government } Sir, I have been directed by the Honorable the

To Sir H. C. Montgomery Bart
Secretary to the Government of
Fort St. George

Fort St. George 9th. March 1848.

Bombay Castle 11th. January 1848

the Governor in Council to acknowledge the receipt of your letter /No. 1349/ of the 16th. ultimo, conveying the request of the Government of Madras to be furnished with forms of the Village and Taluk Accounts in use in the Deccan Provinces under this Presidency and in reply to state that the Revenue Commissioner of the Southern Division has been instructed to forward, direct to you, complete forms of the accounts in the Mahratta Language with explanatory Notes in English.

(Signed) W. E. Goldsmid
Secretary to Government.

Ordered to be communicated to the Board of Revenue with reference to their Acting Secretary's letter dated 22d. November 1847 No. 532.

(Signed) H. B. Montgomery
Secretary to Govt.

17-18

To The Off. Chief Secy. to Government.

Sir

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to acknowledge the receipt of the orders of Government under date 11th. January last, communicating the reply of the Bombay Government to the Boards request in reference to Mr. Stokes improved method of keeping the Ryots receipts for their payments to be furnished with the form of similar Village Accounts employed in the Dekhan, in which Mr. Secretary Goldsmid has stated that instructions had been conveyed to the Revenue Commissioner of the Southern Division to forward Complete forms of the Taluk and Village accounts with explanatory notes in English.

2. The Board direct me to observe that the object for which the above request was especially made was to enable them to introduce generally the plan of noting the payments received from the Ryots in sealed or stamped books which prevails in Guntoor and the Ceded Districts, and that it will be sufficient for their purpose if the revenue Commissioner will have the goodness to transmit to them copies of the forms of Accounts kept by the Village Accountant with the Ryots, and to state the precautions employed in the Dekhan districts for checking the practice of levying Extra Collections and of tampering with the receipts or other documents furnished to the Ryots.

3. It occurs to the Board that by communicating a more explicit Statement of the purpose which gave rise to their request the trouble of the Revenue Commissioner of the Southern Division will be greatly abridged and their own objects more fully accomplished.

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary

Read

In reference to the orders of Govt. dated 11th. January last stating that it will be sufficient for the Board's purpose if the Commissioner of the Southern Div. in the Dekhan transmit Copies of the forms of Accounts kept by the Village Accountant with the Ryots, and state the precautions employed for checking the practice of levying Extra Collections & tampering with the receipts &c. furnished to the Ryots.

Revenue Board Office Fort St. George 9 March 1848

Fort St. George 9th. March 1848.

Read letter from the Collector of Vizagapatam reporting on the Extra Sources of Revenue of his district for Fusly 1256.

(Here enter No. 61)

11th. inst. & Cons. 23d. Sept. 1847

19

Proceedings thereon

Reviewing the report of the Collector of Vizagapatam on the Management of the Extra Sources of Revenue in his District for Fusly 1256

The present report does not appear to call for any particular remarks from the Board and it will be sufficient to notice generally the results of the Collectors Management of the several items comprising the Extra Sources of Revenue in Vizagapatam during Fusly 1256.

2. The following Abstract comparative Table presents the demands on each head with the fluctuation and net result on the outturn of the year contrasted with Fusly 1255.

	Demands of Fusly 1255			Demands of Fusly 1256			Increase			Decrease		
Salts	109190	8	"	118435	13	"	9305	5	"	"	"	"
Sea Customs	29445	12	6	23796	12	3	"	"	"	5649	"	3
A. & Barry	49981	"	"	53390	8	"	3409	8	"	"	"	"
Stamps	9611	11	"	14858	"	"	5246	8	"	"	"	"
Motorpha	6403	1	5	6270	4	2	"	"	"	13	13	3
Total	204572	"	11	216751	5	5	17961	2	"	5781	13	6
				Deduct Decrease			5781	13	6			
				Net Increase			12179	4	6			

3. A reference to this Statement will shew that with the exception of the items Sea Customs

Customs and Motupha the demand of the Fusly under review exceeded in each branch that of the preceding year giving an aggregate net increase of Rupees 12,179-4-6 in favour of the period embraced in the report.

Salt Sales 1255 - 109,130-8
56 - 118,435-13
9,305-5

4- The total sales of Salt present an excess of Rupees 9,305-5 over those of 1255 The gross receipts in this department amounted to Rupees 120,285-13. and owing to the diminished disbursements of the year from reduced manufacture the Net Revenue derived from the sales of Salt stood at Rupees 15,806-5-10 in advance of the Net Revenue of Fusly 1255 as indicated in the Margin

Net Revenue
1255- 94393-7-10
56- 110199-13-8
15806-5-10

5- In the 4th para of his report the Collector solicits permission to destroy Gc 120-62-3 of inferior Salt which he represents as unfit for the Market but without assigning any explanation of the cause of so large a quantity having been rendered unsaleable, the Board however presume that the Collector has satisfied himself as to the propriety of its destruction and they therefore direct that he will take the necessary measures for that purpose. The loss sustained by Government on the prime cost of this quantity of damaged Salt being about Rupees 721-"-" The

6- The Board deem it unnecessary to dwell on the topic adverted to by Mr. Smollett in para 5 as the general question of the importation of British Salt into this Country in supercession of the existing Monopoly in the article forms no subject of consideration in this present occasion.

Sea Customs- 7- The receipts from this branch as before observed were below those of Fusly 1255 to the extent of Rupees 5,649-"-3 which is ascribed to the depressed demand in the Market for the cloth annually exported from Bimlipatam, and also to the circumstance that Sugar is now exported direct to Great Britain from that Port free of duty but which formerly paid the export due on being exported thence to Madras. The Net Revenue of the year from this item after deducting the charges incidental to the department was in consequence below the Net Revenue of 1255 by Rupees 5,670-5-10.

Net Revenue
1255- 27175-2-1
56- 21504-12-3
5670-5-10

8- The Abkarry Farms yielded an increase of Rupees 3,409-8 and owing to the more punctual realization of the demands and larger collection of arrears the Net Revenue amounted to Rupees 10,361-3-11 in excess of Fusly 1255.

Net Revenue
1255- 45492-11-10
56- 55,853-15-9
10361-3-11

9- Exclusive of a trifling balance

balance of Current Demand due at the close of the Fusly which would be shortly realized there was an arrear of Rupees 7,773-6-7 on account of Fusly 1255 outstanding at the termination of that year. Of this sum it appears that Rupees 5577-7-8 have been since collected leaving Rupees 2,195-15-2 for future adjustment. This amount Mr. Smollett gives it as his opinion should be remitted and under the circumstances mentioned in para 12 of his report the Board beg to support his recommendation for writing off the whole of that sum to profit and loss.

Stamps. 10. The transactions under this head call for no remark beyond observation that the Net Revenue was Rupees 1,359-15-11 in excess of the Stamp revenue of Fusly 1255.

Net Revenue
1255- 8846-7-8
56- 12906-6-5
4359-15-11

Moturpha. 11. In the Current Moturpha demand there was a trifling decrease but owing to the larger Collection of arrears the Net Revenue presents a small increase over Fusly 1255.

× 132-13-3
Net Increase
46+2-3.

The Collector reports the existence of an arrear of Rupees 116-6-10 due for the previous year which he states to be owing by parties deceased or insolvent and which he requests sanction to remit, as strict enquiry is stated

stated to have been instituted into the state of these arrears the Board support the request of the Collector for their final exclusion from the Accounts.

Total 12- The Gross receipts including current demand Extra Collections and arrears amounted in Fusly 1256 from all the foregoing branches of the Extra Sources of Revenue to Rupees

1255- 202357-12-11
excess in 1256- 18609-15-11 } 220967-12-10 the charges during the same period were Rupees 14473-8-11 making the Net Revenue Rupees 206494-

Net Revenue
1255- 181590-14-9

3-11 or Rupees 24903-5-2 in excess of the Net Revenue of Fusly 1255.

Ordered that a copy of the foregoing Extract from the Board's Proceedings with the annexed Comparative Statement of the Collections charges and Net Revenue be submitted to Government and a transcript of the same be forwarded to the Collector of Vizagapatam for his information and guidance.

Vizagapatam.

3583

Fort St. George 9th. March 1848.

Vizagapatam Fusly 1256.

		Fusly 1255	Fusly 1256	Increase	Decrease
		Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
Salt	Demand	109130 8 "	118435 13 "	9305 5 "	" " "
	Balance on the 11th July	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
	Current Collection	109130 8 "	118435 13 "	9305 5 "	" " "
	Extra Do.	2550 " "	1850 " "	" " "	700 " "
	Arrears	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
	Total	111680 8 "	120285 13 "	8605 5 "	" " "
	Charges	17287 " 2	10085 15 4	" " "	7201 " 10
	Net Revenue	94393 7 10	110199 13 8	15806 5 10	
Sea Customs	Demand	29445 12 6	23796 12 3	" " "	5649 " 3
	Balance on the 11th July	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
	Current Collection	29445 12 6	23796 12 3	" " "	5649 " 3
	Extra Do.	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
	Arrears	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
	Total	29445 12 6	23796 12 3	" " "	5649 " 3
	Charges	2270 10 5	2292 " "	21 5 7	" " "
	Net Revenue	27175 2 1	21504 12 3	" " "	5670 5 10
Abkarry	Demand	49981 " "	53390 8 "	3409 8 "	" " "
	Balance on the 11th July	7773 6 7	1353 13 6	" " "	6419 9 1
	Current Collection	42207 9 5	52036 10 6	9829 1 1	" " "
	Extra Do.	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
	Arrears	3285 2 5	3817 5 3	532 2 10	" " "
	Total	45492 11 10	55853 15 9	10361 3 11	" " "
	Charges	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
	Net Revenue	45492 11 10	55853 15 9	10361 3 11	" " "

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Fort St. George 9th March 1848

		Fusly 1255	Fusly 1256	Increase	Decrease
		Rs as ps	Rs as ps	Rs as ps	Rs as ps
Stamps	Demand	9611 11 "	14858 " "	5246 5 "	" " "
	Balance on the 11th July	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
	Current Collection	9611 11 "	14858 " "	5246 5 "	" " "
	Extra Do	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
	Arrears	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
	Total	9611 11 "	14858 " "	5246 5 "	" " "
	Charges	1065 3 7	1967 9 7	886 6 "	" " "
	Net Revenue	8546 7 5	12906 6 5	4359 15 "	" " "
	Demand	6403 1 8	6270 4 2	" " "	132 13 3
	Balance on the 11th July	383 9 7	374 4 9	" " "	9 4 10
	Current Collection	6019 7 10	5895 15 5	" " "	123 8 5
	Extra Do	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
Moturpha					
	Arrears	107 9 9	277 4 5	169 10 8	" " "
	Total	6127 1 7	6173 3 10	46 2 3	" " "
	Charges	144 " "	144 " "	" " "	" " "
	Net Revenue	5983 1 7	6029 3 10	46 2 3	" " "
	Demand	204572 " 11	216751 5 5	12179 4 6	" " "
	Balance on the 11th July	8157 " 2	1728 2 3	" " "	6428 13 11
	Current Collection	196415 " 9	215023 3 2	18608 2 5	" " "
	Extra Do	2550 " "	1850 " "	" " "	700 " "
Total	Arrears	33921 2 2	40949 8	701 13 6	" " "
	Total	202357 12 11	220967 12 10	18609 15 11	" " "
	Charges	20766 14 2	14473 8 11	" " "	6293 5 3
	Net Revenue	181590 12 9	206494 3 11	24903 " 2	" " "

Read.

Fort St. George 9th. March 1848.

Read the following letters.

To

T. Pycroft Esqre

Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort St. George

20

From the Collr of Vizagapatam

Sir

In reply to your requisition of the 21st Instant, desiring information and report upon a previous reference dated the 15th November 1847 "respecting the effect of trees on the climate and productiveness in a Country or district, and the results of extensive clearances of timber," I have the honor to state that no recent variations of climate can be attributed in this District to causes such as those indicated above. There are no extensive forests in Vizagapatam, and no great clearances of jungle or underwood have been undertaken in modern times.

Report on the effect of trees on the climate and productiveness and the results of extensive clearances of timber.

2. There are no restrictive rules in force here to prevent the Cutting of firewood, or of timber for sale. There may possibly be some rents of Jungles in Zemindaries, but these instances must form the exception, and not the rule of practice. This district generally is adequately embellished with Topes, and ornamental timber trees.

3. I would not wish the Board absolutely

Fort St. George 9th. March 1848.

absolutely to infer from the foregoing remarks, that there has been no change in the climate of Vizagapatam. Old people here will constantly tell of the former regularity of Seasons and rains, and talk lugubriously of the frequent failure of Monsoons and Crops in the present times. But, so far as my enquiries extend, I place little reliance on these tales. Aged "Fogies" in Great Britain will often dilate upon the alleged fact that there is nowadays no spring, and that the Sun does not even shine so bright as when they were boys, and this class of people is found in all countries. They are of all climes and Colours.

Vizagapatam District
Kurseapatam Collr Cutcheery
2nd February 1848

Signed P. B. Smollett
Collector

To T. Pycroft Esqre

Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort St. George

Sir,

Collr

1. I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of Mr. Acting Secretary White's letter dated 15th November last, calling for certain information respecting the effect of Trees on the climate and productiveness of a Country or District and the results of extensive clearances of Timber

of extensive clearances of Timber.

Timber and in reply to make the following observations from my own experience and enquiries and from a communication thro' the Thasildars with intelligent persons in the District.

2- With respect to the first point as regards forests in the plains, I beg to observe that this District does not afford a field for observation on this point, but it appears to be the general impression of the people of the District founded on experience and the Hindoo Sastras that rains fall on Mountains which are generally thickly wooded and partake of the character of forests in larger quantities than on the Plains, and that in the same way as the load stone has the power of attracting iron, the Mountains have to some extent the power of attracting the clouds, which circumstance is supported by the fact of clouds generally gathering over the Mountains when such are at hand. This remark however appears only applicable to moderate rains or such as come under the denomination of showers or thunder storms - when real Monsoon rains set in, they generally extend over mountains, forests and plains without any difference -

3- To common observation the vicinity of Trees is generally unfavorable to

to cultivation but where forests are capable of being grazed and have streams from the Hills passing through them, the mixture of manure and decayed leaves thus carried over the neighbouring cultivated land may to a certain extent prove beneficial -

4 I do not think I have myself been a witness to cleared land in this Country proving permanently so productive as the open land in the plains, the process I have generally seen adopted has been to clear a spot of Jungle ground in the first instance by cutting and afterwards by fire and in this manner it is rendered productive for two or three years - when it is necessary to allow it to remain waste for a like period. It must be borne in mind however that my service has been a good deal in the neighbourhood of Hills particularly in the Rajahmundry District to the westward of which District the Hills are generally most unhealthy and of enormous extent -

5- With regard to the present condition of such forests and extensive wooded Jungles as exist in this District and whether any restriction is placed on the cutting of firewood or of timber for sale, or economical purposes and whether any rules are in force to check the wanton or wasteful

wasteful destruction of trees for the sake of present advantage alone, and without regard to the growth of succeeding supplies for future wants, I beg to observe that in this District there are no very extensive wooded Jungles excepting in the Talooks situated close to the line of Hills bordering on the Chittoor and Cuddapah District. With respect to these Jungles the more they can be cleared the better and no restriction is placed over the cutting of firewood for economical or agricultural purposes but over the wooded tracts in the Plains a surveillance is exercised and they are not allowed to be cut without permission and the payment of a certain tax according to the rates prevailing with reference to the size of the wood.

6. As regards the past and present state of any streams issuing from woody tracts either in the mountains or on the Plains and as to whether the volume of water has been affected by the preservation or removal of the wood, I beg to observe generally that thick woody tracts not being so much exposed to the Sun and wind as the Plains are, the Ground there must naturally be moister and not so subject to evaporation. It is natural therefore that streams issuing from these woody tracts should retain their supply

supply of water for a little longer period than those in the open Country but these effects can hardly be judged of in this District.

7. With respect to the question whether any means can be taken for the restoration of Trees in any tracts not required for cultivation that have been denuded of wood where any of the results noticed in the Honorable Court's dispatch may have been observed, I beg to state that there are no forests in this District of the character here alluded to. The most useful Tree in the District is the Palmira Tree which is most carefully preserved as also the Topes of Mango and Tamarind Trees and the Jungle desirably situated for fire-wood and agricultural purposes but the supply of Common wood and Bamboos for building is for the most part floated down the Pennar River from the Hills beyond the limits of this District, the actual Hill Jungles within the District not yielding the Size of wood required.

Nellore District
Moolwomoody, Collectors
Puttchevy, 4th. March 1848.

Signed G. A. Smith
Collector

To
T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St.e George

22

From the Agent to the Govr
of Fort St.e George at Hurnool
Furnishing
the

Sir
1. Adverting to the Board's orders contained

the information called for in the Board's orders dated 18th. Feb. last respecting the effect of Trees on the climate and productiveness of the Hurmuk provinces and the results of extensive clearances of Timber-

contained in the late Officiating Secretary's letter respecting the effect of Trees on the climate and productiveness of a Country and the results of extensive clearances of Timber-

2- I beg to state that of my own knowledge I am incompetent to add any fresh facts to the information now before the Board and that which appears to have led the Honorable Court of Directors to arrive at the conclusions recorded in their Despatch that I have been unable to glean any from communications with intelligent natives such as the Board have directed should be made-

3- The only woody tract in the province where extensive clearances might eventually tend to cause a diminution in the present falls and supply of rain, is that on the chain of "Nulla Mulla" Hills which divides the District from Cuddapah and forms its boundary commencing at the River Pennar and ranging to the extreme southern point of the Shagulmowry Taluk-

4- The principal pass leading through these Hills is about 20 Miles in length but they are not thickly wooded throughout for miles in extent of the slopes towards the champaign Country on the Hurmuk side are covered although notoriously poor with

nothing but bushy low trees of small size and under wood, with here and there timber trees of moderate height.-

5- On the higher and more inaccessible elevations trees of every kind and of large growth are found thickly studded over the entire middle range of Hills, forming a Jungle difficult to be penetrated, but as yet on this side at least it cannot be said that any general clearance has taken place by which decreased attraction of Moisture may be expected.-

6. No restriction whatever is now imposed on the felling of trees either of large or small size, whether intended for economical purposes or for sale, or on the Cutting of what is used merely as firewood; but there can be no doubt that during the last few years much more Timber of every description has been felled than formerly. This may fairly be attributed to the increase of population and the generally improved condition of the Inhabitants of the province; and as under the Mogulaye rule and for a brief period after the resumption of the Country a slight tax was levied on timber brought from this range of Hills which with many other minor imposts was abolished by the first Commissioner, Mr. Blane, I think I know attention has been drawn to the subject, that it will be very advisable to review it, not so much

much as a measure of finance as for the prevention of wilfull and wanton destruction of trees and to check any undue extent of clearance. Adverting to the Geographical position of the "Nulla Mulla" range and to the belief here prevailing that large quantities of timber are transported from the Guntoor and Cuddapah side of the Hills to the Sea Coast, it will be an arrangement easily carried into effect by the Collectors of Cuddapah, Guntoor and myself, should the Board approve the suggestion and order its adoption in the three Districts.-

7. The only stream of any importance issuing from the Hills in question is the Palgrondah which takes its source in the Hilly part of the Gandalore Taluk in Cuddapah. It is not thought that there has been any diminution in the average volume of water received from it during past year.-

Kurnool District,
Agents Circuit.
Camp Nundial.
29th February 1848.

(Signed) H. D. Phillips
Agent to the Governor

To J. Pycroft Esqre.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

23

Sir,

From the Collr. of Chingleput furnishing information

Para 1. Adverting to your letters noted as per Margin, I have the honor to state that there

+ 16th Jan. 1847
21st Feb. 1848

information called for regarding the effect of Trees on the climate and productiveness and the results of extensive clearances of Timber in the District of Chingleput.-

there is nothing in the present or past state of this District, at least within the present century to which I can refer as showing the effect of Trees and forests on its climate and productiveness, nor can I gather from any quarter satisfactory information on the subject.-

2. That the clearing of Forests is likely to affect the temperature in their vicinity appears probable, but I consider that effect to arise less from a diminished supply of rain than from increased evaporation from the direct rays of the sun being able to reach the surface of the earth.-

3. That Trees and forests attract moisture and rain is I know a very prevalent opinion, and much of the excessive rains on the western Coast and other places has been attributed to this cause, but it appears more probable that the extensive forests in those parts are rather the results of the superabundant rains arising from other sources than the cause of them.-

4. On a general view of the forest tracts of India, it will be observed that they are in most cases situated on or in the vicinity of the Ghauts, and thence it may be inferred that the attraction of the clouds and

and rain arises from the height of the Hill and that the forests owe their origin to that cause, and in confiration of which I would remark that the Villages surrounding the extensive forests on the Plains of France and in parts of Germany are not, as far as I have read, visited with heavy and more continued fall of rain than those situated in the open country and it is only from an observance of lands so situated that satisfactory deductions on this subject can be obtained.-

5- There are no forests of valuable timber in this District to preserve nor is the climate appear well calculated to form them; but the extension of topes of fruit trees seems advisable, and might be forwarded by forming them at the expense of Government or by encouraging their formation by the grant of greater immunities from taxation and for a longer period than is usually given for Cowle lands.-

6. The trees and jungles already existing are preserved by a prohibition against their being cut for sale without permission or the payment of a rent to Government and at the same time the people are at liberty to cut firewood &c. for their domestic use.

Chingleput District.---
Collector's Circuit Cutcherry-
Tirooporoor 29th February 1848.

(Signed) A. Frere
Collector.

To
F. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue-
Fort St. George.-

24

From the Collectors of South Arcot 15th Nov. 1847.

Sir,

With reference to the circular letter and the correspondence which accompanied it respecting the effect of trees on the climate and productiveness of the Country and the results arising from the extensive clearance of Timber &c. I have the honor to state that there are no forests of the description alluded to in the Court's Despatch above quoted in this District. The Jungles situated on the high roads have occasionally been cleared within a few Yards of each side of the road more for security against Thieves to Travellers passing thro' the Country than for preventions of sickness.-

South Arcot -----
Collector's Cutcherry --
Cuddalore, -----
2d March 1848.-

(Signed) W. D. Davis
Collector.

To F. Pycroft Esq re
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

25

From the Collectors of Canara — Submits observations on the effects from clearing wood land upon the supply of water.-

Sir,

With reference to your letters of the 15th November last and 21st Instant, I regret to say that I am not able as yet to furnish any more particular information respecting the

effect

effect of the clearance of Woodland in this District upon the supply of water, beyond what was contained in my letter of the 31st August last.-

2. I have made the subject a point of enquiry during my present Jummabundy tour but have not been able to gain any thing definite or satisfactory from the people. There is only a general impression amongst the inhabitants that rain is less abundant now than it was formerly but they can furnish no data in support of this opinion and a ryot in Canara is as in every other part of the Country so naturally inclined to be a Landator temporis acti that very little credit is to be placed in their almost universal assertion respecting the abundance of rain and the plenty of Crops of former times. The point is one indeed which cannot be satisfactorily determined without an accurate observation and record of facts extending through a series of years which no native is able to furnish. The only fact brought to my notice was one in the Soopah taloork in which it was alleged that clearing away the Jungle in the vicinity of a newly discovered Spring had increased the quantity of water, because as they alleged the roots of the trees drank it all up before it appeared in the case that a shallow hollow had been cleared out, and more free passage been given to the water. Such instances will serve as an example of the accuracy of native observation and inference upon such a subject.-

3. The general fact that the quantity of rain and abundance of Springs is in a considerable degree dependant on the quantity of wood in a Country appears to be one now generally admitted by scientific persons, and to be so well established by observation in different parts of the world that it does not admit of being impugned by any testimony of the rude natives of India while they are unable to adduce sufficient well supported facts to add much in corroboration of it.-

Collector's Cutcherry
On Circuit, Bellikerry
29th February 1848.-

(Signed) T. L. Blane
Collector.

Order on the 6 foregoing letters.- Ordered to lie over.

20-26

Read

Read the following letters

To

D. White Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

27

Sir,

From the Subcollr in charge of Rajahmundry

Soliciting instructions as to the terms on which rents may be given in Villages where the ryots are willing to undertake the Cultivation of lands left waste

Para 1 In the 13th paragraph of the Proceedings of the Board of the 20th May last reviewing the settlement of the Government Estates for Fusly 1255 (A.D. 1845/46) the Board notice, that the rents of the Villages have been confined to one year, but gives no express instructions for the term being enlarged.-

2 In the same paragraph it is stated, that where Ryots are desirous of re-cultivating on a progressively increasing Cist, lands which from any cause may have been long left uncultivated, the Board are of opinion that their wish should be complied with. As the Ryots would probably not be willing to embark in the cultivation of land, which had long lain waste, without an assurance, that their term of rent should be sufficiently long to enable them to make the speculation a profitable one, it may be inferred that in those Villages to which the Board refer the term of rent may be enlarged, but to what extent is not definitely stated.-

3 In the 3rd Paragraph of the Minutes of Consultation on the proceedings of

Dated 27th July 1847

Fort St George 9th March 1848

of the Board above referred to the Government remark upon the term of rent being for one year only and refer to the 10th paragraph of the Minutes of Consultation of 20th April 1847 on the subject.

4 This Extract from the Consultation of Government has not been received by the Collector and in the absence of any precise instructions upon the subject I am uncertain what may be the wishes of the Board.

5 I have the honor to annex a Statement of the state of Cultivation in 17 Villages of the Cottapilly Talook in all of which a great proportion of the land at present uncultivated would be taken up by the Ryots if given on a progressively increasing Cist provided that the rent of these Villages were confirmed to them for five years, and I have reason to believe that about 3000 Rupees might thus be added to the Jummah of the present fusly from this Talook alone, increasing to 10000 Rupees at the end of the rent.

6 I have therefore the honor to request that I may receive the instructions of the Board as to the terms for which rent may be given in Villages where the Ryots are willing to undertake the cultivation of uncultivated lands on the terms sanctioned by the Board and also in those Villages in which either from there being no such lands or from unwillingness on the part of the Ryots to engage in the Cultivation of them such terms cannot be obtained and as the settlement has already commenced I have further to request that the Board's orders may reach me at the earliest convenient period.

Rajahmundry District
Rajahmundry 31st Dec 1847

(Signed) H. Forbes
Sub Collector in charge

Statement

Statement shewing Villages of

Items	Number
	1
	2
Villages in which less than one quarter of the land is cultivated	3
	4
	5
	6
	7
	8
Villages in which less than one half of the land is cultivated	1
	2
	3
	4
Villages in which less than three quarters of the land is cultivated	1
	2
	3
	4
	5

orbes

llector in charge

In

3600

Fort St. George 9th March 1818

Statement shewing the quantity of cultivated and uncultivated lands in the following Villages of Cottapilly Talook.

Items	Number	Names of the Villages	Total Extent of Jenayettee	Cultivation Land	Cultivation Ikhamcut	Gyal Land	Gyal Ikhamcut
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			P. T. Ms.	P. T. Ms. C. S. A. P.		P. T. Ms.	C. S. A. Ms.
Villages in which less than one quarter of the land is cultivated	1	Paulacoortymetta	30 5 0	0 10 0	12 0 0	29 15 0	356 2 0
	2	Soodecondah	7 9 12	0 12 8	1 8 0	6 17 4	23 8 0
	3	Gungumpollem	36 5 0	3 0 0	35 5 0	33 5 0	59 11 0
	4	Vadoorooppunkah	74 17 12	16 6 10	524 6 0	58 11 2	676 4 0
	5	Nullagondah	100 11 1	22 3 0	317 4 0	78 8 1	287 4 0
	6	Elookayalapilly	31 0 0	7 10 0	102 0 0	23 10 0	132 8 0
	7	Rajavarum	53 2 8	11 8 4	579 8 0	41 16 4	416 12 0
	8	Sreesmmaroyanapoo=num	4 5 0	1 0 0	20 0 0	3 5 0	124 0 0
Villages in which less than one half of the land is cultivated	1	Kaugumpilly	80 18 12	24 13 12	853 12 0	56 5 0	1107 0 0
	2	Bhavarum	31 17 8	12 7 8	28 0 0	19 10 0	156 0 0
	3	Moonagaulah	201 4 4	88 2 3	2793 13 0	113 2 1	2430 2 0
	4	Cottapilly	295 15 0	132 14 6	3187 11 0	163 0 10	2645 9 0
Villages in which less than three quarters of the land is cultivated	1	Kalooyollah	4 13 8	2 12 8	14 12 0	2 1 0	8 4 0
	2	Kanoopooroo	77 12 12	32 18 8	752 6 0	46 14 4	534 2 0
	3	Teroomuloyapollem	66 8 0	36 4 0	685 15 8	30 4 0	288 9 0
	4	Mollaroo	22 0 0	10 12 8	132 0 0	11 7 8	118 8 0
	5	Mchoolapoorum	75 1 4	40 6 8	1824 2 0	34 14 12	398 2 0
Total			1193 7 1	448 0 3	11867 6 8	750 6 14	9822 5 0

Signed H. Forbes
Sub Collector in charge

George 9th March 1818

...e referred to the Government ...e terms of rent being for one ...fer to the 10th paragraph of the ...ultaten of 28th April 1817 on the ...

...ct from the Consultation of ... must have received by the Collector ... of any previous instructions upon ... ascertain what may be the wishes ...

...l ... honor to annex a Statement of ...ation in 17 Villages of the Cottapilly ...hich a great proportion of the land ...ated would be taken up by the ... a progressively increasing Rent ... the rent of these Villages were ... for five years, and I have reason ... 3000 Rupees might thereby ...ah of the present Fusly from this ...asing to 19000 Rupees at the end ...

...fore the honor to request that I ...tructions of the Board, as to the ... may be given in Villages ... willing to undertake the ...ltivated lands on the terms ...nd and also in those Villages ... there being no such lands or ... on the part of the Ryots to ...tion of them, such terms ... and as the settlement has ... I have further to request that ... may reach me at the ... Period.

Signed H. Forbes
Sub Collector in charge

Statement

Proceedings 27-28

thereon. Para 1 In restricting the period of Settlement by means of Joint Village rents to one year the Board were merely reiterating the instructions so frequently issued on previous occasions and which will be found detailed at some length in their Proceedings of 18th September 1837—

2 On that occasion they stated that they would not object to an extension of the term to two or even three years if the Collector considered it absolutely necessary in particular cases altho they deprecated any prolonged engagements as a general rule It is obvious that agreements for reclaiming waste must be included amongst such exceptions The Board therefore authorized the Collector to extend the period of the rent in such cases, for the cultivation of waste as proposed by him, to five years at a progressively increasing rent, due care being taking that the extent of land which each individual undertakes to break up in the general distribution made by the ryots amongst themselves is distinctly entered in the accounts and that the Collector is satisfied that every Ryots consent has been voluntarily obtained that two gjeota is proportioned to his means, and that land now under cultivation is not relinquished for the purpose of deriving a profit from such speculations—

To

To T. B. Roupell Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St George

29

From the Sub Collr in charge of Rajahmundry—

Sir,

With reference to the latter part of the 4th para of the Board's Proceedings of the 20th May last, on the review of the Settlement of the Government Estates, for fusly 1255 A.D. 1845/46.

I now have the honor to forward a Statement in regard to the remodelling of the Talooks, as they stand at present, shewing the name of each Talooke, the number of Villages both Government and proprietary, in each, and the heriz, unsettled and permanent.

Rajahmundry, District—
Aulamoor 25th January 1848

I Signed H. Forbes
Sub Collector in charge

Statement

Mont Jr. Assoc. 9th March 1848

Statement showing the number of the Stallions, the number of Villages sold to Government and Proprietary Villages, and the amount for which they were sold in each District in the Punjab for the year 1956

No.	Name of the Stallions	Number of Villages sold to Government	Number of Villages sold to Proprietary	Amount for which they were sold
1	Allahdad	3	2	6,500
2	Bahadur	1	1	3,000
3	Chanda	2	1	4,500
4	Dilawar	1	2	3,500
5	Faiz Ali	2	1	4,000
6	Ghulam Hussain	1	1	2,500
7	Hamid	2	2	5,000
8	Imam Bakhsh	1	1	2,500
9	Jafar	2	1	4,000
10	Karim Dad	1	2	3,500
11	Lal Khan	2	2	5,000
12	Mehr Ali	1	1	2,500
13	Nasir Khan	2	1	4,000
14	Omar Hayat	1	2	3,500
15	Pir Bakhsh	2	2	5,000
16	Qasim Ali	1	1	2,500
17	Rustam Khan	2	1	4,000
18	Shahbaz Gul	1	2	3,500
	Total	24	20	70,000

Statement showing the number of Villages sold to Government and Proprietary Villages, and the amount for which they were sold in each District in the Punjab for the year 1956

No.	Name of the Stallions	Number of Villages sold to Government	Number of Villages sold to Proprietary	Amount for which they were sold
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9	Jafar	2	1	4,000
10	Karim Dad	1	2	3,500
11	Lal Khan	2	2	5,000
12	Mehr Ali	1	1	2,500
13	Nasir Khan	2	1	4,000
14	Omar Hayat	1	2	3,500
15	Pir Bakhsh	2	2	5,000
16	Qasim Ali	1	1	2,500
17	Rustam Khan	2	1	4,000
18	Shahbaz Gul	1	2	3,500
	Total	24	20	70,000

Statement showing the manner in which the Stallions were allotted to the

Order thereon

29-30

Ordered that the foregoing letter and the Statement which accompanied it be recorded for future reference

31

Proceedings Directing that the Village of Ramareddypilly be brought from Veesabaddy to Rayetwary tenure—

Read again letter from the Collector of Cuddapah dated 25th November 1847 and entered in Consultation 3d Ultimo thereon—1 From the foregoing letter it appears that the extent of Sheicul land in the Village of Ramareddypully, exclusive of Enams is Acres 623—38—23/40 Assessed at Rupees 2162—5—0 of this 623—9—8/40 have long been held in shares under the Veesabuddy System and for the remaining 50—28—10 separate Puttahs have recently been issued—The land marks fixed at the time of Survey having been removed by the ryots, it has become usual for them to cultivate the lands and make up among themselves, the total assessment by paying the proportionate share due by each according to the extent of his holding—This System being similar to that of a Veesabuddy Tax remissions are not granted for lands left uncultivated, but the full amount of assessment is invariably collected—

2. It would seem that in Fusslies 1246 and 1247, Puttahs were, with the supposed consent of the whole of the ryots, granted separately

separately in the names of 5 of the Cultivators for certain lands out of the Ayacut Bunjer assessed at Rupees 25—8—4—This infringment of the usual practice led to other parties taking up similar lands, and in Fusly 1251 the Reddy of the Village took out a separate Puttah for some Bunjer land, and associating with himself a few of the principal ryots, dug a well, and enjoyed the profits of his new well Cultivation These proceedings having caused much discontent on the part of those excluded from participating in the benefits of the new cultivation—they combined together, and in Fusly 1254 adopted the plan of leaving waste portions of the lands which they had hitherto cultivated, and refused to pay the shares of the rent due thereon by them respectively the consequence has been that the balance outstanding against this Village for Fusslies 1254 and 1255 on land left uncultivated, (exclusive of Rupees 22—6—10 due on cultivated lands) amounts to Rupees 789—6—2, which Mr. Cochrane states cannot well be collected by distraint of property under the peculiar tenure of the Village he has therefore entered the balances for Fusly 1254 on his last settlement report as desperate and those for Fusly 1255, as doubtful—

3. Under these circumstances the Collector

Collector deemed it necessary to introduce into this Village in Fusly 1256 the rules obtaining in regard to new well Cultivation - Peervajasty was accordingly entered against all those who, having cultivated their lands under new wells, had wilfully neglected the cultivation of their usual puttah lands - Under this process Rupees 394-3-10 were remitted on account of lands left waste, and Rupees 467-12-10 levied as Peervajasty - Of this latter sum Rupees 266-2-4, have not been realized, and the Collector proposes to collect the amount by distraint on the property of the ryots or by the attachment and sale of their lands if necessary -

4 Mr. Cochrane states, that the practice of Cultivating lands under the Veesabaddy system prevails only in Ramareddypully and 5 other Villages of the district, and he submits it as his opinion that the practice should be discontinued, and all the Veesabaddy Villages assimulated with the rest of the district in regard to the Revenue system of Managment -

5 On a due consideration of the circumstances connected with the Village of Ramareddypully as stated by the Collector and adverting particularly to the fact that the Veesabaddy system has practically fallen into disuse amongst the Ryots themselves and that the name alone is preserved, by the

richer Ryots as a pretext to cover their Proceedings to the prejudice of the Village in general the Board are induced to accede to the suggestion of the Collector in Para 12 of his letter, and direct that "the lands of that Village be remeasured its boundaries defined by land marks according to the original Survey and Puttahs distributed to the ryots individually according to the revenue System of the District" - The balances outstanding against Ramareddypully for Fuslees 1254-55 will be taken under consideration by the Board in their review of the report submitted by the Collector on the Jeenumahbundy of his District for the past year, and the sanction of Government requested for the remission of those arrears, with the exception perhaps of Rupees 22-6-10 due on lands ascertained to have been actually cultivated in Fusly 1255 -

6 As regards the other Villages in the Cuddapah district, which are stated by Mr. Cochrane, in Para 4 of his letter now before them, to be held under Veesabaddy, the Board are not disposed to break up the tenure so long as the ryots agree among themselves, and the system is not attended with the same disadvantages to the Circar as have been found incident to it in Ramareddypully but should similar results be hereafter experienced in these Villages the subject must be reported to the Board for their orders

Read

Fort St George 9th March 1848

Read the following letter

To

T. Pycroft Esqre

Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort St George

Sir,

(32)

From the Agent to the Governor of Fort St George at Shirvaroy.

Reporting on the Petition No 194 of 1848 presented by one G. Ramiah Vakeel to Tanoogoo Maddeegandoo Renter of Tamarind Trees in Shirvaroy Complaining of the injury sustained by making over his contract to another

No 194 of 1848. From G. Ramiah Vakeel to Tanoogoo Maddeegandoo Renter of Tamarind Trees in Shirvaroy

I beg to reply by reference to the Board's Endorsement on the Petition noted in the margin

2 Nothing is known in the records of my Office respecting the Petitioner in his alleged Capacity of Renter of the Tamarind and other Topes or in any other capacity and I cannot believe or see cause for supposing that, as asserted, the late Commissioner ever promised to give to Petitioner the Rent of the current Fusly for the sum of Rupees 15 — such a promise it was beyond the Commissioner's power to make and Mr Scotts Discretion and judgment are too well proved to justify a belief that it ever could have been made — any rate if made at all it must have been made verbally, as respecting it there is nothing on record — Further, admitting that it was made it could have availed nothing as these Rents are annually disposed of by auction, when at was open to Petitioner to take his chance with others

Fort St George 9th March 1848

3 The Petitioner has appeared before me and stated that he was not the actual Renter but the under renter of the Reddy and Gurnum who appear to have been successful competitors for the rent of Fusly 1256 and that a Cuddapah Komaty was his partner in the sub-rent. It is likely that the Reddy and Gurnum have led the Petitioner to suppose they would ensure for him a continuance of his sub rent by again taking the Rent in their own names for the current Fusly and that in this expectation he has kept people to water the trees. With any such understanding between themselves I have no concern, and it also happens that by my arrangements theirs has been upset. It would however be preposterous to suppose that the Petitioner has been put to any serious expense, as Tamarind Trees require little or no watering except for a period of about six weeks or two Months and the trees belonging to the 10 Rupees rent were not more than 153 which a Coolyat 1½ Rupee a month could easily have looked after.

4 Any how I consider that if he has sustained loss he should look for compensation to the party by whom he has been induced to reckon on again getting the Sub rent —

5 He offers for renting the Topes of Yalour and other Villages in the Sirmelle Talook which on the 18th December last were forwarded by

6

Fort St. George 9th March 181

by the Amildar for my approval, appeared
me to be much too low and I declined to sanc
them because the prospects of the fruit seas
were exstremely favorable - and I felt satisfied
higher biddings might be without difficulty be procured
6 The result proved that my view was
correct, as the aggregate amount offered for the
of the Sirnelly Taloks, after I had sent back the
Khasts, was eventually raised from Rupees 88[illegible]
to Rupees 830-5-- as shewn below -

Number of Villages	Total number of Trees -	Berij of Fasly 1256.	Amount first offered in Fasly 1257	Amount of final bidding
		Rs ap	Rs ap	
—36—	4659	491 4 -	554 " "	830

7 The proposal for the rent of the
Yalaon Village Topes which the Amildar first
up to me came from the Reddies and was
10 Rupees - It was finally knocked down
Rupees to one Pakeerah - and even this sum
a very low one for Topes of the extent & situa
I preferred accepting it to creating further
and under the authority which I shall
=self to possess I accepted it accordingly

Tarnoor District,
Agents Circuit -
Camp Gangoolpully
26th February 1848 -

(Signed) A. D. Pitchie
Agent to the Gover
Arcot

Fort St. George 9th March 1848 -

Order thereon -

(32-33)

Ordered that the following Endorse=
=ment be passed on Petition No. 194 of 1848 -

"The Board having received from the
Government Agent at Tirunal a full report
upon the subject of this Petition, find Petitioners
application for the rent of the Yalaon Tamarind
Trees to be inadmissible, and reject it accordingly".

Read the following letter -

To

J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(34)

Sir,

From the Collr of Chingleput - Offering Certain observa= =tions on the report of the Collector of Madras re= =garding the proposed re= =striction on the manufacture of salt at the pans under his charge -

Para 1 I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of Mr. Roupell's letter of the 31st Ultimo, forwarding Copy of a Communication from the Collector of Madras relative to the proposed restric= =tion on the manufacture of Salt at the pans under his charge, and to observe that Mr. Hudleston's Calculation of the probable cost of Salt when brought from the Vullon and Vegalon pans to the Madras Cotaurs is incorrect, as in lieu of being higher than the cost of Salt from the pans of Ennore and Attepat the cost would be a trifle less - Subjoined is a Comparative Statement of the cost of Salt landed at the Madras Cotars from the several pans -

Particulars

3612. Fort St George 9th March 1848.

Particulars of Charges.

	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Cost of salt
Cooliedarum to the Encampments				9			
Boat hire to Madras				1	6		
Landing hire at Do.				2			
Wharfage Do. Do.				5	8		
Carting Charges				3	2		
Clerical Charges				1	10		
Sundries				7	10		
				1			
Total				9	6	11	9 6 12 3 6

Remarks

The Collector of Chingleput has entered the charges of boat hire from Voyaloor as Rs 2-12- on 5 boat loads and Rs 2-12- on 5 boat loads above.

The charges for carting salt from Voyaloor to the platform is Rs 3-2- on 32 candies.

The rate for Cooliedarum is as applied to Vullum.

Fort St George 9th March 1848.

3613

2 The charge for conveying salt from the pans of Vullum and Voyaloor to the boats entered in Mr Pendlestons Statement at Rs 2-7-8 and 5-1-0 per Garce respectively is uncalled for, as included in the Cooliedarum and is an allowance for conveying the salt from the pans to the platform heaping it there and thatching it the first time, and as Conveying it to the boats in lieu of the above would not entail extra expense or labour the Cultivators have executed an agreement before me to put it into the boats free of charge, and with the view of facilitating these operations the Cultivators of Voyaloor propose also executing at their own cost a cut by which boats might come close to the pans.

3 In regard to the wastage in transit the cultivators of Vullum and Voyaloor are willing to deliver their salt free of wastage as is done by their neighbours of Ennore and Attepuk.

4 The Board will not have overlooked the view taken to enhance the payable cost of salt from Voyaloor and Vullore by charging as a certain expense, the monopoly price of wastage in transit. but as I have above shewn, that there would be no wastage to debit, the whole of the argument founded on

on it and the presumed Cost of Conveying the articles by Boats, is clearly fallacious. The Collector of Madras in his Calculations appears to have forgotten the difference between Salt Stored, and Salt not yet received and that in the former case, the State is the party concerned in the mastage, and in the latter the Manufacturers.

5 The only doubt I have, is, whether so large a quantity as 2000 Garce could be supplied with certainty from the pans of Vadasamanjary and Vayalaar. The Ryots say it can but I am inclined to think the limit would be 1600 Garce.

6 Should the arrangement for the supply of the Collector of Madras with the quantity he carried out the claims of the former holders there will be fully satisfied, but the distress and loss at the more extensive and important pans of Vadasemmanjary and Combay will remain to be dealt with, nor do I see any means of meeting the difficulty excepting those detailed in my former letter. Should the expense of the measures proposed by me be a bar to their being carried out, I would for the present postpone the construction of Godowns and merely cause the excavation of the Canal

7 I beg further to observe that whatever may be the causes that have led to the great and sudden decrease of Sales in the Pollams in other districts, I have no doubt that the fall

falling off in this District has arisen mainly from the sales for inland Consumption at Madras, and these sales have also been much extended by the facilities afforded to drivers of bandies in sales to them of a few Marcals in lieu of declining all demands for quantities less than 40 Marcals as fixed by the Salt Rules, but which has certainly at the same time been a great accommodation to the bandy people.

Chingleput District — Collrs Cutcherry — Pullecarney 16th February 1848

(Signed) A. Freese Collector.

Read again also letter from the Collector of Madras dated 24th and entered in Consultation 31st January last.

Ordered that the following letters be sent in Consequences —

35

To the Collector of Chingleput — To state the rate at which Conelong and Vadasamanjary Salt could be delivered at Madras and the quantity which could be annually supplied —

To The Collector of Chingleput —

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 16th ult.o on the subject of the supply of Salt from the Vellam and Vyloor pans in your District for sale at the Madras Golaurs.

2 From your letter now under acknowledgment it would appear that the Cost of delivering Salt from these pans at Madras is below that at which it is now brought there from Cumore and Chingleput. Under these Considerations the Board request that you will adopt immediate measures for the Manufacture during the present Season of 1600 Sixteen hundred Garce at Vellore and Vyloor to be delivered at the Madras Golaurs under the indent of the Collector of Madras —

I

3 I have also to request that you will furnish the Board with information as to the rates at which the Coucelong and Vadasamunjary Salt could be delivered at Madras and the quantity which could be annually supplied.

4 I have further to request that you will communicate with the Civil Engineer of the Division on the subject of the Canal referred to in Para. 3 of your letter and will report further on the scheme to the Board in the Department of Public Works.

Revenue Board office
Fort St. George
9th March 1848

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secy.

To
The Collector of
Madras

(34-36)

To the Collector of Madras

Directing him to indent on the Collr. of Chingleput for 1600 Garce of salt for sale at Madras and to make arrangements for the manufacture in his District of 2500 Garce.

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 3d January last, suggesting the expediency of conducting the manufacture of Salt at your Pans for the present season from 2000 to 4080 Garce; and setting forth the inconveniences and expense which would be caused by the supply of Salt from the Vullon and Vylore pans of the Chingleput Division for sale at the Madras Colaurs.

2 In reply the Board instruct me to inform you that your communication now under acknowledgment has been forwarded to the Collector of Chingleput for observation. A Copy of Mr. Freeze's answer

16th Feby. in Con. to 9th March 1848.

is hereunto transmitted to you. You will remark that he has disposed of the objections advanced by you to the manufacture of Salt at Vullon and Vylore for sale at Madras, on the score of expence, and has shewn that the cost at which Salt may be brought from either of those places and delivered at your Colaurs is less than that at which it could be supplied from Cumore and Attipute. It seems however that the quantity which could be furnished from the Chingleput pans would not exceed 1600 Garce.

Under these circumstances the

3 Board have directed the Collector of Chingleput to take immediate measures for the manufacture at the Vullon and Vylore pans of 1600 Garce for sale at Madras and you will be pleased to indent upon him for that quantity. There will

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

will still however remain 180 Garce wanting to Complete the whole quantity estimated in your letter of 19th November last - and you will therefore be pleased to make arrangements for the manufacture of that number of Garce in addition to the plans of your District of 2500 instead of 2000 Garce as authorized in the order (No. 48) from this Office of the 10th January last -

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George - -
9th March 1848 - -

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary

Read

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

Read the following letter.

To
T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(37)

From H. D. Davis Esqre
Collector of Chingleput

Sir,

Reporting on Petition No. 1336 of 1846 regarding the alleged adoption of a Boy Govinden by the widow of Rungapah Naik.

I have the honor to submit with reference to the Board's Endorsement on Petition No. 1336 of 1846 the result of the inquiry made into the matter of the alleged adoption therein referred to.-

2. The Petitioner states that her husband Rungapah Naik before his demise + gave her permission in presence of four witnesses to adopt a boy named Govinden 8 years of age the son of the maternal Uncle of the deceased, she offers to prove the above fact by three witnesses and further states that the funeral ceremony of her husband not having yet been performed owing to the opposition of the Defendant, no adoption has as yet been formally made.

+ 1. Venkatrama Naik.
2. Cundama Naik.
3. Dennah Naik.
4. Pedda Naik.

3. The 1st witness Venkatrama Naik the father of the Petitioner deposed that the deceased Rungapah Naik did not give any authority to the widow to adopt the boy abovementioned, but the

7

the Petitioner immediately after the demise of her husband having consulted with him as to the propriety of adopting the boy, that he advised her to allow the boy to offer the funeral fire to the deceased and that after the 16th Day's ceremony should be performed, she might take him as "Abomana portha" or favorite son, and that no adoption did actually take place.-

4. The 2d and 3d Witnesses depose that they are aware of the deceased having given permission to his widow to adopt the boy in question but that no adoption did actually take place.-

5. The 4th witness states that he was present near the deceased at the time of his demise, and that he had not that given any permission for the adoption, but that he merely advised the Petitioner to take the boy as "badeyesten" or claimant to his Estate and Maniemship.-

6. The two witnesses for the Defendant Venkatasawmy Naik, who are stated to be the nearest relations of the deceased, deposed that they were present with the deceased for the last three days prior to his death and deny that permission was given to adopt the boy

Govinden.-

† 1. Sahoy Peddoo Naik
2. Rungummah

7. In addition to the contradiction in the evidence on the main points, the Petitioner in her 1st Complaint requested the Office of Maniem to be conferred on her own father without making any allusion to the alleged adoption.-

8. Under these circumstances I think the claims of the Petitioner to be inadmissible, and the decision already passed on the subject appears to be consistent with the Established practice of the District in similar cases.-

South Arcot---
Collector's Cutcherry,
Cuddalore
9th February 1848.-

/ Signed / W. D. Davis
Collector

Ordered that the following letter be sent in reply.-

To
The Collector of
South Arcot

37-38

To the Coll.r of South Arcot

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 9th Ultimo, reporting upon Petition No. 1336 of 1846 and in reply to inform you that

that as the Petitioner has failed to substantiate her allegation that she was authorized by her husband to adopt a son, and as the decision passed by the Sub Collector in favor of a Moottoo Naik, first Cousin of the deceased, is represented by you to be consistent with the established practice of the District in similar cases, the Board are of opinion that the decision should not be disturbed.—

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
9th March 1848.

} (Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary

Ordered also that the following Endorsement be passed on the above Petitions No. 1336 of 1846 and 494 and 1084 of 1847.—

"Petitioner is referred to the Collector of South Arcot to whom instructions have been sent on the subject of her Petition."

Read the following letter.

To T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

Sir,

39

From W. D. Davis Esqre
Collr of South Arcot

} In returning the Petition+ requiring a full report thereon by the Board's Endorsement

+ No. 1583 of 1847.

17th Nov. 1847. Endorsement. I have the honor to forward a slight sketch in which will be seen the spot of ground in

*A.B. dispute which the petitioners desire should be given up as a road for the Villagers and their Cattle

2. The Petitioners are ryots inhabitants of a Village called "Madagady." The Defendant is a Ryot and an inhabitant of another Village called "Adacavanuttum," altho by mutual consent the Petitioners had been allowed to pass on the land of the Defendant, yet as they had frequently and wilfully caused great injury to Defendant's Crops, he determined to block up this passage and cultivate the land since the year 1845.

+3 Annas on turawah 1-8-3. The road claimed by Petitioners is situated in the centre of the 12 Cawnies held by the Defendant on payment of the annual Assessment.

It was proved that these people had previously injured Defendant's Crops and also that

@C to D. they had a separate road formerly allotted to them by which they are now ordered to pass.—

As it appears that the Petitioners suffer no inconvenience from the abolishing of this temporary road, and further more that this Petition is made

on

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

on account of the animosity existing between the parties. I have considered their claims as inadmissable:-

South Arcot ----
Collectors Cutcherry
" Cuddalore.
16th February 1848

/ Signed / F. D. Davis
Collector.

/ Here Inter Enclosure No 1 Sketch /

Proceedings thereon.

(39-40)

Ordered that the following Endorsement be praped on Petition No 1583 of 1847.-

"Under the explanation furnished by the Collector on the subject of this Petition it does not appear to the Board that their interference is called for."-

Read the following letter

To,

The Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(41)

From J. F. Bishop Esq^re
Collector of Tanjore.-

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 17th Instant giving cover to copy of rules regarding the planting of Topes, and desiring to be informed whether the application of Goolam Mohideen Sahib

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

Sahib for land on which to plant a Tope for the support of a choultry built by him cannot be disposed of under para 2 of the rules quoted.-

I have explained to Goolam Mohideen Sahib the nature of the advantages offered which are more favorable than the proposal conveyed in my letter of the 10th January, but as under rule 2d the Tope would be liable to the Circar superintendance and interference, he is anxious that either rule 4 or the condition of my former recommendation in his behalf should be sanctioned rather than an arrangement under rule No 2.-

Goolam Mohideen has been put to a very considerable expence in erecting the Choultry and building the bowry, and in consideration of this I beg to recommend that rule No 4 may be applied in the present instance.-

Tanjore ---
Vellum ---
28th February 1848.

/ Signed / J. F. Bishop.
Collector.

The

3626 Fort St. George 9th March 18..

Proceedings thereon..

41-42

The Board see no objec..
Goolam Mahideen is to be permitted ..
plant a Tope, for the benefit of the Chu..
which he has erected on the high road fr..
Tanjore and Trichinopoly and to ..
rules for managing the planting of ..
being made applicable to the case..

Ordered that the following ..
= dorsement be passed on Petition No. 2079 of 18..
"Petitioner is referred to the ..
Collector to whom instructions have been co..
= municated on the subject of this Petition".-

To

The Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

43

From J. F. Bishop Esqre
Collector of Tanjore ----

Sir,

I have the honor to inform you that in consequence of some omissions having been found after the close of my Monthly ..
: counts the transmission of the same will be delayed till the 7th Instant.-

Tanjore Collectg
3d March 1848.

/ Signed / J. F. Bishop
Collector

Orders thereon.

Ordered to be recorded:-

43-44

Board

3627 Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

Read the following letter.

To
J. Pycroft Esqr.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

45

From R. D. Parker Esqr.
Collector of Madura ----

Sir,

As required by Mr. Secretary Pycroft's letter of the 15th January 1846, I have the honor to forward a Statement in duplicate of allowances defrayed to the Religious Institutions, Yeomiahs, and other Pensions, for Fusly 1257..

Madura,
16th February 1848.

/ Signed / R. D. Parker,
Collr.

Statement

8

1848.

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

No. 1.

Statement of allowances to the Religious Institutions, Yeomiahs, and other Pensions, paid in the District of Madura and Dindigul for Fusly 1252.

No. of the Items	Names of the Religious Institutions and Pensions Vizt	Date of authority	Amount Payable for one Year	Amount paid in Fusly 1252.	Difference Increase	Difference Decrease	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8.
	Madura and Ramnad						
	Pagoda and Mosque Allowances.						
1	Meenatchee Soondaraiswara saumy's Pagoda at Madura in the Talook of Madacolum		12,515 2 5	12,515 2 5	" "	" "	
2	Goodul Allaghersaumy's Dr at Dr in Dr		3,075 12 2	3,075 12 2	" "	" "	
3	Soobbramaneyasaumy's Dr at Sheroo sparengoondum in Dr		2,651 8 3	2,651 8 3	" "	" "	
4	Streenalanadasaumy's Dr at Shem Sturray in Dr		530 4 10	530 4 10	" "	" "	
5	Chitra Ratha Vullabaswamy's Dr at Coiroovettaray in Dr		636 5 10	636 5 10	" "	" "	
6	Yadaganaudaswamy's Dr at Sheroovaidar gom in Dr		530 4 10	530 4 10	" "	" "	
7	Sheroovapadayar or Kulakasurera saumy's Dr at Sellore in Dr		424 3 10	424 3 10	" "	" "	
8	Shenteroovaulanoya swamy's Dr at Madura in Dr		178 2 11	178 2 11	" "	" "	
			20,541 13 1	20,541 13 1	" "	" "	
9	Cholanadasaumy's Dr at Sheroomunger lom in Dr of Shiroomungalom		307 9 2	307 9 2	" "	" "	
10	Chenna Kaiswaraswamy's Dr at Mullam Lemon Dr		636 5 10	636 5 10	" "	" "	
11	Sivalaswaraswamy's Dr at Annyoor in Dr		506 12 2	506 12 2	" "	" "	
12	Kylasanadaswamy's Dr at Sedeyem in Dr		574 13 7	574 13 7	" "	" "	
13	Gopaulaswamy's Dr at Dr in Dr	8th March 1847	211 4 5	211 4 5	" "	" "	
14	Soobbramaneyaswamy's Dr at Poottoor in Dr		276 2 11	276 2 11	" "	" "	
15	Vencatachellapatyswamy's Dr at Sindoor		563 13 1	563 13 1			

11	Iravataswaraswamy's Dº at Annyoor in Dº												
12	Kylasanadaswamy's Dº at Tedeyem in Dº		574	13	7	574	13	7					
13	Gopaulaswamy's Dº at Dº in Dº	8th March 1847	211	45		211	45						
14	Soobbramaneyaswamy's Dº at Poottoor in Dº		276	2	11	276	2	11					
15	Vencatachellapatyswamy's Dº at Sindoor Putty in Dº		563	13	1	563	13	1					
16	Carra Munlalaghurswamy's Dº at alligoondum in Dº		105	10	2	105	10	2					
			3,182	74		3,182	74						
17	Soundara Rajasawmy's Dº at Alleeghur Hill in the Dº of Meylore		5,515	25		5,515	25						
18	Haulanagasawmy's Dº at Thoravombour in Dº		742	6	10	742	6	10					
19	Thiroomaranaudaswamy's Dº at Theronaudoor in Dº		1,637	92		1,637	92						
20	Kylasanadaswamy's Dº at Coulputty in Dº		615	25		600	15	11		14	2	6	These sums have been charged in the following Fusly 1253
21	Augustee swarasawmy's Dº at Therovelenay in Dº		428	79		417	12	1		10	11	8	
22	Thirovelodynaudaswamy's Dº at Surkagoody in Dº		78	79		76	3	7		2	4	2	
			9,017	44		8,990	2			27	2	4	
			32,741	8	9	32,714	6	5		27	2	4	

Parish of Glasgow

Children admitted.

23 January Children admitted at Martinmas last
Parish of Barony

32 December 23 Ann Hamilton in Barony Parish 1847 — 3,181 | 13 | 3,181 | 13 | — | — | 7 | 1 | 4

33 Wadsworth Thomas in Barony Parish — 6 82 | 44 | 382 | 44 | 4 | — | 7 | 11 | 4

34 Bennets Jr Archibald in Barony Parish — 2,46 | 1 | 246 | 1 | 4 | — | 7 | 16 | 4

35 Blackley Catherine in Barony Parish — 948 | 2 | 948 | 2 | 4 | — | 7 | 16 | 4

36 Cockburn Alexander in Barony Parish — 600 | 9 | 600 | 9 | 4 | — | 7 | 16 | 4

37 Cumberland James in Barony Parish — 458 | 2 | 458 | 2 | 4 | — | 7 | 16 | 4

38 Robinson Jr Thomas in Barony Parish — 1060 | 9 | 1060 | 99 | 6 | — | 1 | 12 | 7

Total Children — 7,077 | 10 | 7077 | 11 | 6 | — | 1 | 12 | 6

Landward.

29 Allan Alexander in Govan Parish — 901 | 8 | 3 | 901 | 83 | 4 | — | 7 | 16 | 4

30 Allan Thomas in Govan Parish — 424 | 3 | 10 | 424 | 3 | 10 | 4 | — | 7 | 16 | 4

Total Landward — 2,280 | 4 | 10 | 2280 | 4 | 10 | 4 | — | 7 | 16 | 4

Glasgow.

31 Alexander Archibald in Govan Parish — 7,033 | 6 | 8 | 6,984 | 62 | — | — | 7 | 11 | 6 — £ —

Smith Sylvia

32 Cochrane Margaret in Govan Parish — 3,181 | 13 | 3,181 | 13 | 1 | — | — | 7 | 11 | 4

Hamilton

33 Wadsworth Thomas in Govan Parish — 6 82 | 44 | 382 | 44 | 4 | — | — | 7 | 11 | 4

34 Bennets Jr Archibald in Govan Parish — 2,46 | 1 | 246 | 1 | 4 | — | — | 7 | 16 | 4

Cockburn

35 Blackley Catherine in Govan Parish — 948 | 2 | 948 | 2 | 4 | — | — | 7 | 16 | 4

Archibald

36 Cockburn Alexander in Govan Parish — 869 | 44 | 832 | 135 | 4 | — | — | 2 | 6 | 11

Allan

37 Cumberland James in Govan Parish — 2,219 | 9 | 2154 | 44 | 11 | — | — | 6 | 4 | 10 | 4

38 Robinson Jr Thomas in Govan Parish — 10772 | 87 | 1069 | 7 | 3 | — | — | 75 | 8 | 4

Total Glasgow — 43514 | 14 | 4344 | 68 | — | — | 102 | 10 | 8

Landward.

28 Cumberland Margaret in Govan Parish — 654 | 8 | 9 | 654 | 89 | — | — | — | — | —

Total Landward — 59,927 | 8 | 8 | 59753 | 137 | — | — | 1 | 173 | 11 | 2

Total Grand Total

Fort St George 9th March 1848

Madura and Ramnad

Compensation in the Revenue Department on account of Salt Refinerms Vz

Pensions and Charitable Allowances Chargeable on the Revenue } Register No

39	Meerah Lubb and Shaik Kahdool Cawder		31st Jan 1826	275	6	275	6							
40	Goolam Nabee	1	6th March 1835	193	9	193	9							
41	Ahmed Cobrey	2	24th June 1831	77	6	9	77	6	9					
42	Goolam Gouse	3	23d March 1827	77	6	9	77	6	9					
43	Coolsum Beebee	7	2d April 1817	38	11	5	25	12	5			12	15	5	Deceased by the death on the 18th July 1843
44	Coolsum Beebee	8	24th Augt 1824	38	11	5	38	11	5					
45	Meerahomed Cobrom	10	2d April 1817	77	6	9	77	6	9					
46	Fedumally	11	24th Augt 1824	38	11	5	38	11	5					
47	Lawl Cawn and Mahomed Yacob	12	Do	77	6	9	77	6	9					
48	Mamun Beebee	15	10th Jan 1827	19	5	7	19	5	7					
49	Mahomed Cawn	17	4th Do 1819	38	11	5	38	11	5					
50	Mahomed Beebee	18	19th Septr 1834	38	11	5	38	11	5					
51	Cherah Beebee	19	6th Decr 1833	38	11	5	38	11	5					
52	Sinaboosaiban and Esmal Beebee	20	22d June 1827	77	6	9	77	6	9					
53	Mausah Beebee	22	30th Septr 1846	68	8	5	9	68	8	5	9			
54	Gopaula Bhagavadur	25	17th Decr 1837	77	6	9	77	6	9					
55	Kistna charry	30	24th Augt 1824	38	11	5	38	11	5					
56	Meenatchee Ummah	33	11th Do 1817	38	11	5	38	11	5					
57	Ragoonada Charry	35	23d March 1847	77	6	9	77	6	9					
58	Streeneevasa Charry	39		77	6	9	77	6	9					
59	Munnara Charry and Vencatarama Charry	40	19th Septr 1836	38	11	5	38	11	5					
60	Moottummah	41	23d March 1847	38	11	5	38	11	5					
61	Soobbavadhaney	42		77	6	5	77	6	5					
62	Narranummah	43	4th Novr 1834	38	11	5	38	11	5					
63	Soobba Bhagavadur	51	23d March 1847	77	6	9	77	6	9					
64	Vencata Soobbah Sastry	55	24th Augt 1824	38	11	5	38	11	5					
65	Kistna Chary	57	2d July 1832	154	13	7	154	13	7					

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

66	Loobah Sastry	62	23d March 1847	77	69	77	69	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
67	Coopia Chetty	63		38	11 5	38	11 5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
68	Roshen Beebee	65	24th Augt 1824	77	69	77	69	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
69	Meer Mahomed	66	30th July 1830	154	137	154	137	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
70	Madar Saw	67	10th Octr 1830	77	69	77	69	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
71	Allawuddeen Chister	69	31st Augt 1847	154	137	154	137	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
72	Shewelshaw & Jawwallyshaw	70	23d March 1847	77	69	77	69	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
73	Mahomed Cosuff Casethulund Puich Emam Pyna Mahomed	71	6th May 1834	154	137	154	137	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
74	Abdul Rajah	72	23d March 1847	77	69	77	69	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
75	Emamally Shaw	76		77	69	77	69	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
76	Shaybuchee & Shalecah beebee	79	24th Augt 1824	154	137	154	137	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
77	Rufsool Beebee	80	Do.	77	69	77	69	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
78	Nullud Beebee	81	23d March 1847	19	5 8	19	5 8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
79	Esteyag Shaw	86	23d Do. 1847	77	69	77	69	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
80	Meerjainoolabdeen	88	23d Decr 1818	58	11	58	11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
81	Kyroonnager	89	23d March 1847	96	12 6	96	12 6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
82	Rufsool Beebee	94	2d April 1817	77	69	77	69	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
83	Beebee Saibah	96	23d June 1818	77	69	77	69	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
84	Ramasawmy Iyengar	101	18th Augt 1829	29	" 5	29	" 5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
85	Visahlatchee Ummah	103	6th July 1818	38	11 5	38	11 5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
86	Shemmundwan Malangshaw	"	16th Septr 1834	38	11 5	38	11 5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
87	Shaik Mahomed	"	24th Augt 1824	182	8 "	182	8 "	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
				4,190	6 3	4,177	7 3	"	"	"	"	"	"	12	15 "
88	William Clarke son of the late Lieutenant and Adjutant Samuel Clarke		23d March 1847	1,008	9 4	1,008	9 4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	Total			5,198	15 7	5,186	" 7	"	"	"	"	"	"	12	15 "
	Compensation in lieu of resumed Lands Offices and Privileges.														
89	Mullammal widow of Lingama Naick of Mettoor		23d March 1847	742	7 "	742	7 "	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
90	Chinnummal widow of Chokya Naick of Do.			353	8 "	353	8 "	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
				1,095	15 "	1,095	15 "	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

Fort St. George 9th March 1848

Family of the late Moottooramalinga Sathu-patty of Ramnad.

90½	Purnatavurdamy Natcheyar, widow			506	8	506	8							
91	Poorana Natchear Dº			504	1	504	1							
92	Chinnapillay attah			358	15	358	15							
93	Murdanaigum attal	Concubines		507	11	507	11							
94	Auvidayammay attah			674	12	674	12							
95	Chinnacompacka attal			306	12	306	12							
96	Mottayee attah			306	12	306	12							
97	Camatayee attal			306	12	306	12							
98	Calundasaumy Sauen Grandson			480	7	480	7							
99	Paravatums attal Daughter in law			478	13	478	13							
100	Appavoo Pillay Superintendent			152	4	152	4							
101	Namasevayen pillay Dº													
102	Ramasawmy Pillay Dº			105	"	105	"							
103	Moodoo Reistna Naikº Guardian			75	"	75	"							
104	Londarajah Dº			86	11	84	7			2	105			Died on the 1st September 1842 and his son Thiroo-natharajah appointed on the 12th dº
105	Ramasawmy rajah Dº			28	8	84	7							
106	Govindarajah Dº			28	8	28	8							
107	Boularajah Dº			28	8	28	8							
108	Jaganadarajah Dº			28	8	28	8							
109	Nauga Moottoo Naick Gate watcher			27	"	27	"							
110	Allagherrysawmy Naick Dº			39	"	39	"							
111	Chinnaramaswamy Naick Dº			24	"	24	"							
112	Dasama Naick Dº			21	"	21	"							
113	Jaganada Naick Dº			36	"	36	"							
114	Angamoottoo Wooleyagar or Servant			22	8	22	8							
115	Joymanalingom Dº			22	8	22	8							
116	Cooppa Moottoo Dº			22	8	22	8							

23rd March 1847.

Fort St George 9th March 1848

117	Vaulavendul Messenger		15	"	15	"	"	"	"	"
118	Mootteroovayen Dº		18	"	18	"	"	"	"	"
119	Curtauaulavendal Dº		15	"	15	"	"	"	"	"
120	Allagheanaigum Spy woman		9	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
121	Moonatchee Dº		9	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
122	Sundayammah Dº		9	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
123	Allaghea Meinal Dº		9	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
124	Sevatta Meenatchee Dº		9	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
125	Sevagamy Colagarchee or Servant		9	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
126	Ponnal Dº		9	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
127	Valayee Dº		9	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
128	Palaneaingee Dº		9	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
129	Ponny Dº		9	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
130	Puramee Pal Dº		9	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
131	Carootta Ponnal Dº		9	"	9	"	"	"	"	"
132	Rockayee Chunam supplier		12	"	12	"	"	"	"	"
133	Veeree Washerwoman		39	"	39	"	"	"	"	"
134	Soodecoodootah Dº		39	"	39	"	"	"	"	"
135	Woolyen Barber		30	"	29	5	4	"	10	8
136	Mangauley Dº		15	"	15	"	"	"	"	"
137	Paramootty Sweeper		15	"	15	"	"	"	"	"
138	Coleana Ramasawmy tavern son		156	"	156	"	"	"	"	"
139	Cuttabee Ramasawmy tavern son		156	"	156	"	"	"	"	"
140	Malavalaroom Cauthata Natchear Daughter		156	"	156	"	"	"	"	"
141	Lamp Oil		538	"	538	"	"	"	"	"
142	Repairing a pint roof in front of the Palace		"	"	72	7.8	72	7	8	"
			6159	13	6228	15	72	7	8	3

23 Nov 1847

Died on the 28th July 1847 Nagalingum appointed on the 4th August

Fort St. George 9th March 1848

143	Lutchmee attal Concubine			252	"	252	"			
144	Ichendramatay attal Do			252	"	252	"			
145	Pooramen attal Do			252	"	16	17		235	14 5 Died on the 24th July 1842.
146	Lexmatchee attal Do		28th August 1835.	168	"	168	"			
147	Vaelon attal Do			168	"	168	"			
148	Punnalom attal Do			168	"	168	"			
149	Soundrum attal Do			168	"	168	"			
				1428	"	1192	17		235	14 5
150	Punnumal		29th July 1835.	180	"	180	"			
151	Muttoovar Colaly Natcheyar widow of Ramasawmy Tauen		25th Sept. 1830.	480	"	480	"			
152	Vella attal Concubine			120	"	120	"			
153	Chinna Pillay Do			60	"	60	"			
				660	"	660	"			
	Total			8427	13	8261	12		72	78 239 36
154	Thungum Daughter and Atteneera Lutchmee Grand Daughter of the late Parea Murdoo Shervagar of Shevagunga		22nd May 1821	1260	"	1260	"			
155	Murdoo Shervagar son of Dhorasawmy deceased of Shevagunga		25th Do	1200	"	1200	"			
				2460	"	2460	"			
	Total Madura			11983	12	11817	2		72	78 239 36

Fort St George 9th March 1848

Dindigul

156	Sumbajee Gopiah Naick son of the late Poligar of Sundgoor	19th Augt 1839	960	"	"	960	"	"	4	"	"	4	"	"
157	Alwadee Meenummal widow of the deceased Nurrasimma Naick Poligar of Ramagherry		600	"	"	600	"	"	4	"	"	4	"	"
158	Canpummal Younger sister of Dr		120	"	"	120	"	"	4	"	"	4	"	"
159	Moottummal widow of the deceased Vyara tomby Naick		120	"	"	120	"	"	4	"	"	4	"	"
160	Paummal Dr of Vuttana Naick		120	"	"	120	"	"	4	"	"	4	"	"
161	Tchendamara Ammal Younger Sisters of Dr		120	"	"	120	"	"	4	"	"	4	"	"
162	Lutchmee Ammal widow of Soroo Naic Ken		84	"	"	84	"	"	4	"	"	4	"	"
163	Thulac Kal 2d Dr of Manomcottee sawmy Naic Ken		48	"	"	48	"	"	4	"	"	4	"	"
			1,380	"	"	1,380	"	"	"	"	"	4	"	"
166	Moottoo comara Vala Vulla Condama Naick Poligar of Yeriadoo	27th July 1832	180	"	"	180	"	"	4	"	"	4	"	"
	Total Dindigul		2,520	"	"	2,520	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	Total Compensation of Madura & Dindigul		14,503	12	"	14,337	2		72	7	8	239	3	6
	Pensions and Charitable allowances of a General nature.													
167	Chinnapa Naick Younger brother and family of the late Poligar of Virupatchee	17th Jany 1834	1,260	"	"	1,260	"	"	4	"	"	4	"	"
168	Parea Mayatavan son of the late Shadan Mayatavan a Poligar Prisoner	29th July 1828	360	"	"	360	"	"	4	"	"	4	"	"
			1,620	"	"	1,620	"	"	"	"	"	4	"	"
	Grand Total		81,525	4	9	81,171	14	10	72	7	9	425	13	8

Madura, 16th February, 1848. E. E. J. / Signed / R. D. Parker

Collr

Resolved

Fort St. George 9th March 1848

Resolution thereon.

(45-46)

Resolved that the ori-

-nal Statement received with the foregoing

letter be submitted to Government with

reference to Para 4. Extract

Minutes of Consultation

2nd January 1846 and that

Duplicate of the same be

retained for the use of the

Office

Read

Fort St. George 9th March 1848

(47)

From the Collr of Tinnevelly

To the Board 15th Sept. 1845
From Do 2 date
To Do 27th Nov
From Do 19 Jany 1846

Tinnevelly Collr Office 24th June 1848

To

Read the following letter.

T. B. Rowlell Esquire

Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

Sir

With reference to the correspondence noted in the Margin, I have the honor to forward for the information of the Board of Revenue copy and Translation of a Decree passed by the Principal Sudr Ameen of Tinnevelly in O.S. No. 25 of 1845 and to state that I see no good grounds for making an Appeal therefrom, the arguments on which the Decision is founded being strong in favour of the Plaintiffs claims

(Signed) E B Thomas
Collector

No. 1 Tamil
No. 2.

Translation of the Decree passed by the Princi-
-pal Sudr Ameen of Tinnevelly in Original
Suit No. 25 of 1845

Plaintiffs

Sathoo ramanatha Pundaram Trustee of the Ramaswaram Pagoda attached to the Madura Zilla Coomaraswamy Naicken Son of Swamy Naicken resident of Poovany in the Ottapedaram Taloork and 53 others in all 55

Defendants

Mr. Edward Thomas Collector of Tinnevelly Veelayaconadu Son

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son of Ramaswamy Canadam residing at Seva-
-goody in the Ottapidaram Talook and 4 others D.
Messrs Ahomed Ebrahim Vakeel on behalf of
1st.e Defendant

It is stated in the Plaint that the villa
Poovany and its depending hamlets Kula Poova
Letchoomy poorum and Sathooramalingapoorum
Cuttyoottai Villages belonging to Ramaswaram Pa
that the 1st.e Plaintiffs ancestors and the 1st.e Pl
were Trustees of the said Pagoda, that the 2d.e and
Plaintiffs are the persons that cultivate the land
agreeably to the order of the Trustees, that the
-ants N.os 2 to 5 and the Curnum furnished the
-missioner with an account that a portion
lands attached to the said Poovany Village be
the Seccaragoody Village, and that the Jeerwah there
fusly 1240 should also belong to the said Village
upon which the property of the 2d.e Plaintiff a
others was sold by public auction and Rupees 252-
realized from the sale proceeds, that on fusly 1245 the
other Defendants prevented the 2d.e Plaintiffs fro
proming ojying the Poonjah produce which the latter
cut during that fusly and kept in a heap consis
720 bundles that by their having sealed and
same the said produce was damaged by rain and
rain, that although they the Plaintiffs

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of it to the Revenue authorities no inquiry took place that
thos.e Plaintiffs informed the Collector of Madura of
the loss in question and of the Money that was Col-
-lected from them by selling their property by public
auction on account of balance; that the said Collector
sent a letter to the Collector of Tinnevelly who there-
-upon ordered both parties to have recourse to
arbitrators and appointed 2 Members as arbitrators
an behalf of the Plaintiffs, 2 on behalf of the Defen-
-dants and one on the part of Government; that the
said Arbitrators enquired into the Claims of both the par-
-ties and that (with the exception of the Member on the
part of Government) the remaining 4 passed an award on
the 30th. September 1838 in favor of the Plaintiffs, and sent
it to the Collector; that Veerabadra Pillay arbitrator on the
part of the Government, made his report to the
Collector that half of the 103 23/64 Chains of Poonjah
land under litigation belongs to the village of
Poovany, and the other half to that of Seccaragoody;
that thereupon the decree in question was not
carried into execution, that the 2d.e Plaintiff and
others afterwards petitioned the Board and obtain-
-ed an Endorsement from the Collector Mr. Thomp-
-son dated 8th. September 1840, to the effect that the Decree
not bearing the Signature of all the Members of the
Punchayet was inadmissible and that the

Plaintiffs

Plaintiffs should such redress on the said bond the 2.d Plaintiffs thereupon presented a petition to the Provincial Court that the said decree was contrary to Regulation, that on their referring the case to the Sudr Court an order was passed that the Decree was of no use, as it did not bear the Signatures of all the arbitrators upon this, the Plaintiffs being unable to do further have brought this suit, that as to Mr. Thompson contrary to Regulation passed the Decree which was a valid one the terms according to the Tarum on the disputed of Seccaragoody Village from Fusly 1247 to 1253 amounting to Rupees 3626–15–10 as well as the amount that would be collected up to the date Decree should be made good from the Government Treasury; and therefore that they have included 1.st Defendant also in the suit, that under the circumstances the Plaintiffs sue the Defendant for the recovery of 103 23/64 Chains of Malgoodary land under dispute since fusly 1239 yielding an annual Bariz of Rupees 619–14–– and 8 27/64 of Poorjah land under dispute since fusly 1247 yielding an annual Bariz of Rupees 7–1–– or in both Chains 111 25/32 as belonging to Ramaswaram

Ramaswarum Pagoda and for the recovery of Rupees 252–1–– rialized from them by selling their property in Satisfaction of the Circar dues for the loss or damage of 144 Cottahs of grain worth Rupees 427–10–– and for the recovery of Rupees 3626–15–10 collected from the Plaintiffs N.os 2 to 55 from Fusly 1247 to 1253 or amounting in all to Rupees 4306–10–10

In the answer filed on behalf of the 1.st Defendant it is set forth that the land in dispute belongs to the Circar in Peroomputh Village of Seccaragoody and not to that of Poovany– that in the Oloogoo account of Seccaragoody Village bearing date the 29.th Aug.t 1803 the disputed land is included and measured, that although in the subsequent measurements made on the 31.st Idem, and on the 12.th September following the said land has been entered as belonging to Poovany Village, yet preference should be given to the Oloongoo accounts of an older date; that the disputed land has been brought under cultivation since Fusly 1239, and included in the Seccaragoody Jummabundy, that the rate of Teerwah for lands in Seccaragoody Village is higher than that for lands in the Poovany Village, that the Plaintiffs and Ryots having sided with each other, did not pay the Circar dues up to Fusly 1246 that afterwards from Fusly 1247 to 1254 the

the Teerwah was paid without any objection, that
Decree of the Punchayet has been rejected by t
Collector Mr. Thompson, as being irregular, that t
Board have sent in a communication to the effe
that the Sudr Court have rejected the Decree in
Consequence of it's not bearing the Signature o
all the Members, and that the award of the
Punchayet thus rejected by the Sudr Court cou
be of no use to the Plaintiffs. The other five D
= dants not having appeared before the Court
tried exparte

The reply of the Plaintiffs, and re
on behalf of the 1.st Defendant were filed
certain questions touching this ca
were put to the Revenue Department, and th
answers received from them are Contained in

Document N.o 22 —

Points required to be proved by the Plaintiff
1.st By filing the Oloongoo accounts, and
by the evidence of Substantial Ryots and Co
= rnoodars of the neighbouring Villages, that
be proved that the 111 25/32 Chains of Poonjah land
under dispute belong to the Village of Poonga
not to Seeraragoody. —
2.d That the Commissioner on the false ac
furnished by the Curnum of Seeragoody —

in fusly 1240, Stating that a part of the teerwah of
the disputed land Should belong to that Village,
ordered the property of the 2.d Plaintiff and others to
be Sold by Public auction and realized Rupees 252
— : — —

3.d That copies of the orders dated 23.d January
1833 and 5.th May 1834 issued on the complaint of
the Plaintiffs N.o 2 &.ca, ordering the ryots of the
Village of Poovany to enjoy possession of the disputed
land according to Mamool Should be filed. —

4.th Documentary evidence is required to prove the
assertions to the effect that the loss of produce has
been Sustained in Consequence of the 2.d and other
Defendants having prevented the 2.d Plaintiff &.ca
from taking possession of the Poonjah produce of
Fusly 1254, which was cut and made into a heap
Consisting of 720 Sheaves and that the value of
the said produce amounted to Rupees 427 — 10 — — —

5.th The award of the Punchayet passed on the
30.th September 1838 in favor of the Plaintiffs Should
be filed. —

6.th The Endorsement given by the Collector —
Mr. Thompson dated 8.th September 1840 referring the
Plaintiffs to the Civil Court Should be filed. —

7.th The Statement that Since Fusly 1250 the
Teerwah on the 8 27/64 chains of the disputed Poonjah
land has been collected as a portion of the Teerwah of
the

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the Villag of Seccaragoody should be proved.

8th The assertion that the amount Teirwah of the disputed land collected as portion of the Teirwah of the lands of Seccarag from Fusly 1247 to 1253 is Rupees 3,626-15-10 should also be proved.

9th The statement that the Cloongoo Account of Seccaragoody is not supported with = rence to the actual Measurements of all the but that the extent of certain lands is entire mere guess and not upon measurement also be proved.

Points given to the 1st Defendant

1st The Documents in support of the disputed land measuring 111 25/64 Chains belonging to the Village Seccaragoody should be filed and proved.

2d That the disputed lands had lain waste for a long time previously to Fusly 1239 should also be proved.

3d The copy of the order of the Sudr Court stating that the Decree of the Punchayet is rejected in consequence of its not bearing the signature of the Arbitrators should be filed.

Documents filed on behalf of the Plaintiffs

1st No. 52. Seven Cadjan leaves being the account of Measurement of the Village of Seccaragoody from 15th to 17 Aswany of 979 Amdee, presented by

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the Witness No. 10 on the Side of the Plaintiffs 2d No. 65 Copy of an order issued to the Tahsildar of Streeny goontum on the 23d January 1833 and filed during the investiga = tion of the Punchayet.

3d No. 66. Do. of Do. issued to Do. of Do. on the 5th May 1834 and filed during Do. of Do.

4th No. 67. Copy of an Urzee addressed to the Collector by Vencataramien Hujjoor Goomastta on the 12th March 1831 and filed during Do. of Do.

5th No. 68. Copy of an account extracted by Vencta = ramanien after investigation in Fusly 1240 of the said Poovany Village with reference to the Alavoo Cloongoo Account of that Village and dispatched to the Hujjoor and filed during the investigation of the Punchayet.

6th No. 69. Do. of Do. made by Do. in Do. of the Village of Seccaragoody with reference to the Alavoo Cloongoo account of Do. Do. and Do. Do.

7th No. 70 Copy of the Decree of the Punchayet

8 No. 71 Copy of the registered account of the heaps of Poonjah produce, cultivated by the Plaintiffs from 19th to 21st February 1836

9th No. 72 23 Cadjan leaves being the account of Measurements made of the Village of Poovany on the 31st August and 12th September 1803 and produced before the Punchayet.

10th No. 78. 107 Cadjan leaves being the Original Account of Measurements of the Poonjah lands in the

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the Poovany Village from 17.th Auvany to 14.th Do
of 992 Kundoo and of the Measurements of C
=jah lands of Suttooranaling Pooram belonging t
Poovany from 29.th Auvany to 1.st Perattasy of th
Kundoo and the accounts of Cultivation and
surement of the Poonjah lands of Suttooranaling
=pooram from 6.th to 8.th Vycauey of 994 under
11.th Nº 79. 782 Cadjan leaves being the Orig
Alaiscolaagoo accounts of Poonjah lands of Sut
=ranaling Pooram and Poovany from Fusly 123
a Space of 5 years and of Fusly 1238 on all
Sent to the Collector of Tinnevelly from the
Office at Madura.—
12.th Nº 80 The Original accounts (consisting
3 Cadjan leaves dated 23.d June 1838 and which bea
Signatures of the arbitrators) in which it is
=ed that the extent of land cultivated by the
of Poovany in Fusly 1238 out of the 103 23/64 Chains
=jah land under dispute is 49 59/64 Chains—
13.th Nº 81. The Original account consisting of
Cadjan leaves dated 18.th July 1838 and filed during
investigation of the Punchayet and bearing the
Signature in which it is mentioned that of the
disputed lands, the extent cultivated in Fusly
is Chains 9 17/32. In Fusly 1232 - 31 7/64 Chains. In Fusly
23 35/64 Chains and in Fusly 1235 - 40 47/64 Chains.—
14.th Marked Nº 82. The Original account consis

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of 12 Cadjan leaves presented to the Punchayet and
bearing their Signature and dated 3.d August 1838
and Shewing the cultivation of Fusly 1228 at Chains
21 43/64 of Fusly 1230 at Chains 23 3/64 of Fusly 1231 at Chains
23 9/16 of Fusly 1232 at Chains 24 7/32 of Fusly 1233 at
Chains 24 3/8 and the cultivation of Fusly 1234 at
Chains 26 7/16. —
15 Nº 83. An Extract or Document dated June
1838 presented to the Punchayet and bearing the
Signature of the Arbitrators and Shewing the
tase on the land cultivated for 8 years from Fusly
1239 to 1246 at Rupees 2743—12—11 and of which the
remainder after deducting Rupees 252—1—" collected in
Fusly 1240 during the time of attachment at Rupees
2491—11—11—
16.th Nº 84— An original account dated 20.th July
1838 given by the Curnom the 6.th Defendant, pre=
=sented to the Punchayet and bearing the Signature
of the Arbitrators Shewing (out of the Teerwah amoun=
=ting to Rupees 2743—12—11 as per Document Nº 83) the
collections of Fusly 1240 made during the time of
attachment at Rupees 252—1—" and the amount
Viz.t 304—"—4 deducted from the Summahbundy ac=
=counts in accordance with the Naib Sheristadars
Order given Subsequent to the Settlement of Fusly
1242 or both together Rupees 556—1—4 and the remain=
=der after deducting the said Sum of Rupees 556—1—4
at

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at Rupees 2187-11-7

17th. No 85 A Plan containing a description
Acres 10 3 28/64 forming part of the land in dispu
bearing the Signature of the Arbitrators to w
was presented.

Document filed on behalf of the 1st Defend
No 20 of 1 is a Copy of a letter dated 21st June
received from the Revenue Board by the Collect

Witnesses examined on oath.

In behalf of the Plaintiffs

Deivasimpillay Number Parriatumbupillay
Curnum ---- 1 Sungaracoomarapillay
Mottoovenuppa Moodeliyar 2 Vygoontumpillay
Personal Naig --- 3 Ramasawmypillay
Ramasawmy Naig - 4 the Number Curnam
Appia Naig --- 5
Ondyveratavendon of
Davetperantavem .. } 6 and Sekumonaicken

In behalf of the 1st Defendant

Coomarasamy a pillay
the Number Curnam } 1 Chinnakelia Coundan
Pernal pillay --- 2 and
Durmacavalapernalpilly 3 Ondiveeratavendon of
Singaralingatavem ..

The Vakeels on behalf of the Plaintiffs
and the 1st Defendant gave depositions, the former
dispensing with the examination of 9 Witnesses
and the latter with that of 2 Witnesses

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The Ayacut accounts of both the C.
Villages Viz.t Poovany and Seccaragoody were sent
for by means of the Huzzoor Record keeper Ram
Row and Coommaruppa Moodeliar and have been inspected

With reference to the Diary passed on the
30th September 1847 to the effect that in order to ascer-
tain whether the land in dispute is included in
the limits of Poovany Village or Seccaragoody Vil-
lage an Ameen should be Deputed from the
Court to the Villages to inspect them and to make
an enquiry; One Mottoosawmy a pillay was appointed
as Ameen and after having the usual oath adminis-
tered to him was deputed with instructions on
the 23d. October 1847.—

The said Ameen presented on the 9th
December 1847 a Report marked No. 92 In which
it is stated that the Poovany Village is bounded on
the east by a Standing rock, Veerana Tavem's Poovany,
tank
Vellipottel, and by the boundary of Seccaragoody C.
Village, that this description of the boundary is
found correct by the ayacut Olavolagoo accounts
of Poovany Village for Fusly 1213 and that the boun-
dary of Singathacoorchey and Poovany forms the Wes-
tern boundary of Seccaragoody is correct, that the land
in dispute appears from the Ushaches taken from
the neighbouring Villagers, to belong to the
Villagers

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Villagers of Poovany, that the Ryots of Poovany stated that previous to Fusly 1239 they cultivated portion of the land and paid the kuroah to the Poovany Village; that on inspection the land under litigation fell by fields according to the Carargoobady accounts of Poovany Village it appears to have been under the plough since Fusly 1219 and that therefore land in question measuring Chains 11 1 25/32 appertains to Poovany Village and also that the 11 Villages the 2 Lenies Containing the description of boundary of the 2 Villages in question the Plan are produced.

The said Plan was filed Marked No. 9.

The usual Oath was administered upon to the said Annexn respecting the correctness of the said Report and Plan viz.

Decree

The Alavalogoo accounts Marked No. 68 & 69 of the Villages of Poovany and Cheekragoody respectively, which one Vencataramaniah a Ryot Goomasta, who instituted an enquiry into the case according to the circar order given him hereby forwarded to Huzzoor enclosed in his Letter Marked No. 67 are worthy of Credit.

To this both the parties have raised

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raised no objections whatever. The 1st Defendant States in his answer that the Measurement of Cheekaragoody Village took place first, and then followed that of Poovany Village and that the former Measurement is Correct and valid but no sound reasons are forthcoming as to the Correctness of the said first or former Measurement. Had the first Measurement been Correct and valid according to the Report made by the said Goomasta, and the accounts sent in by him the total No. of 424 Chains referred to in the Circar Alavalogoo account in favor of Cheekaragoody Village added together with the 103 23/64 Chains of land under litigation should be correct, whereas the addition shews a deficiency of 73 5/32 Chains of land. Under these circumstances the first Measurement cannot be Correct. Moreover according to the usages of Officers vested with authority, the subsequent Order is valid.

As the Measurement of Poovany Village was made subsequent to that of Cheekaragoody, the former Measurement of Poovany Village can be confirmed. It is stated in the answer of the Defendant that the land in dispute is brought under the plough from Fusly 1239 and that it lay waste

waste prior to it

The account Marked No. 7 an
in the Punchayet appears to prove the contra
the above.—

The objections urged by the 1st Defend
to the effect that the said account cannot
admitted on the ground of its being prepare
the Villagers, do not appear valid for the
accounts were filed in the Revenue Cutcher
Madura Zillah prior to the rise of the dispute
question between the parties and not at a
=quent period. Under these circumstances the
accounts are trustworthy. It appears from
answer of the 1st Defendant that the Plain
made no objections to the payment of the
dues through the Village of Checkaragoody and
answer to this is apparent from the reply
by the Plaintiffs. Moreover as the complaint
have been preferred since many years, disp
are continually arising on the subject.—

No valid causes that would lead to
conclusion that the total extent of land
dispute belongs to the Village of Checkarago
are forthcoming from the answer and Rejoin
filed by the 1st Defendant

Though the witnesses on the part of
the 1st Defendant have deposed that the

under litigation was up to Fusly 1239 lying waste
and was attached to the Sheckaragoody Village yet
from the evidence of the Witnesses for the prosecu=
=tion it appears that the said land is attached
to the Village of Poovanny and that the Teervah
thereon has been for a length of time collected
on account of the Ramaswarum Coil Pagoda, Situa=
=ated in the limits of the said Village.—

Moreover the 10th Witness on the
part of the Plaintiffs is a Pumber Curnom of
the Village of Sheckaragoody. It is not clearly
proved by the evidence of the Plaintiffs Witnesses
that such and such Defendants preventing the
threshing of the heaps of Poonjah produce the
said heaps were destroyed

From the Reports and accounts for=
=warded by the abovementioned Gomastah it appear
that originally the Survey of Sheckaragoody and
Poovanny Villages was not properly conducted.—

While so, it having been considered
that the boundaries of Sheckaragoody and Poo=
=vanny Villages should be known in order to settle
the boundary dispute in question, an Ameenah was
again deputed from this Court to institute an
enquiry into the Subject.—

The said Ameenah proceeded to the
Village and after a proper enquiry returned and
filed

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filed a Report and Plan on Oath. From the
=cuments it is proved that the land under dis
belongs to the Poovany Village and that it is
under cultivation by the Inhabidants of the said
=lage from Fus ly 1219. Moreover from the said P
the marks of the boundaries between the land
Shecaragoody and that of Poovany is known
12th Witnesses on the part of the Plaintiffs
above deposed. that so much Money was paid by the
=tiffs to the Circar on account of the Tirwah
Fus ly 1247 to 1253 and that the Money mentio
in the Plaint was fully collected after attaching
prosperty of the Plaintiff via therefore it is
=ble to pass any decision on that point.—

As it appears from the Amee
Report No 92 dated 9th December 1847 and from the
Plan thereon mentioned. that such portion of
disputed land as is situated in the bounds of
=vany Village belong to the Puttoo goottah of Pa
=swarum coil Pagoda, the 1st Defendant is ordered
to make it over to the Plaintiffs and to pay
share of the value of the 1st paper of the Plain
and of the Vakeel fees. as also the other costs of
Suit to the Plaintiffs The other Defendants
excluded from this Suit.—

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Costs

Value of the Stampt Papers used by the Plaintiffs on the amount decreed in their favor	103	— " — "
Vakeels fees paid by the Plaintiffs	34	— 8 — 10
Batta paid to the Peons who served the Process Summons &ca	8	— 4 — "
Pay of the Ameenah appointed by the Court	20	— 4 — "
Pay of the Batta Peons who went along with the Ameenah	7	— 12 — "
Total costs incurred by the Plaintiffs and adjudged to be paid by the 1st Defendant.	171	— 12 — 10
Value of Stampt Papers used by the Plaintiffs on the amount last by them.	118	— " — "
Vakeels fees.	215	— 5 — 7
Total costs incurred and last by the Plaintiffs.	333	— 5 — 7
Value of the Stampt Papers used by the 1st Defendant.	16	— " — "
Fees of the Government Vakeel	249	— 14 — 5
Total costs incurred by the 1st Defendant.	265	— 14 — 5

No Compromise entered into by the
parties without the knowledge of this Court
will be deemed valid under the Circular order No 48
passed by the Court of Sudr Udalat

The Decision was passed on the
14th December 1847

Given under my hand and
Seal of the Principal Sudr Ameens Court
this

Fort St. George 9th March 18

this 27th day of December A.D 1847.

The term of Appeal exp

on the 28th January 1848.—

(Signed) Mahomed

(Prin.l Sadr A

(True Translation)

(Signed) C. B Thomas

Collect

Ordered that the foregoing

be submitted with the following addres

To

The Hon.ble Chief Secretary to

Government

Sir

With reference to the

Margin I am directed by

Board of Revenue to sub

for the orders of the Hon

the Governor in Council

accompanying letter of the 24th January last with

enclosures from the Collector of Tinnevelly for

Copy and translation of a Decree passed by

Principal Sadr Ameen of Tinnevelly in Appeal

47-48

To the Hon.ble Chief Secy to Government

To the Hon.ble Chief Secy to Government

In forwarding letter & Enclosure from the Collr of Tinnevelly forwarding Copy & Translation of a Decree passed by the Principal Sadr Ameen of Tinnevelly in Appeal No. 25 of 1846 and stating that there appear no good grounds on which to rest an appeal. Soliciting sanction for a Dowany over to the Plaintiffs 307—6—8 of land and for the payment of the Costs adjudged against the Collector amounting to Rupees 43 8 Mr. 3x

From Tinnevelly 16. Septr in Cons 29 Septr 1846
To do 2. Octr
From do 27 Nov in cons 22. December 1846
To Govt 2. Jany 1846
G. O 12. Jany "
Inv. Cons 19 Jany "

= respondence noted in

Fort St. George 9th March 1848

of 1846 and stating that there appears to him to be no good grounds on which to rest an appeal.

2 The circumstances under which this suit was instituted are explained at length in the letter from this Office of the 2d January Cr. 1846. It was brought by the Trustees of the Ra= maiseram Pagoda in Madura and by certain ryots of Poovany a Village in the Tinnevelly Di= strict the property of that institution. to c.= recover 111 25/32 Chains or 307—6—8 Causies of land assessed at Rupees 691—9—5. alleged Cr. by them to form part of their Cr. Devastanum Village, but claimed by the revenue authorities of Tinnevelly as being a portion of the adjoining Cr. Sircar Village of Saccaracoody. The Principal Sadr Ameen has investigated the case, and has satisfied himself not only from the parole and docu= mentary evidence adduced in it, but from the

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the report of a Sworn Ameen deputed
under S. XVIII Regulation III 1802 to inspe
the boundaries of the two Villages, that
the land under litigation is attached to
Poovarey Village and is therefore the pro
of the Pagoda, and as, under all the circum
=ces, the Board concur with the Collecto
opinion that an appeal could not be pro
=ed to the higher Court with reasonable pr
=spect of success, they beg to solicit the sanc
of Government for the transfer of the land
question to the Plaintiffs, and for the pay
of the the costs adjudged against the Colle

Portion of Plaintiffs costs to be borne by 2d Defendant Collector — 171-12-0

1st Defendant's own Cost — 265-14-0

437-14-0

amounting to Rupees 437-11-3

Revenue Board's Office,
Fort St. George,
9th March 1848.

(Signed) J. Bycroft
Secretary

To

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

Read the following letters

To,
J. Bycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue,
Fort St. George.

49.

From E. B. Thomas Esqre
Collector of Tinnevelly.

Offering remarks on the discrepancies noticed in the return furnished from this and other Offices regarding the extent cultivated with Sugar Cane &c.

Sir,

Para 1. With reference to Para 10 of the Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated the 23d December 1847 requesting me to offer remark on the discrepancies noticed on the return furnished from this and other Offices regarding the extent cultivated with Sugar Cane &c I have the honor to observe that the cultivation of Sugar Cane in this District is very limited having been only 76 1/8 Cawnies in Fusly 1256, most part of this produce is sold in Canes, and consumed raw by the Inhabitants of this District, hence the quantity of Sugar produced is little. It is only in the Talook of Bremmadasem that the manufacture of Sugar is carried on to an existent. The cultivation in that one Talook amounts to Cawnies 31 or nearly half the extent of Cultivation in the whole District.

2. On an inspection of accounts and information from all the Talooks 1,000 Canes were

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were ascertained, upon an average, to produce 12 Toolams of Sugar and the accounts were calculated with reference to that rate.

	No. of Canes	Quantity of Sugar produced Toolams
Sugar canes used for manufacturing Sugar	1159363.	13920.
Do. sold in Canes	187.684.	2244.
	1347047.	16164

The 16164 Toolams of Sugar at the rate of 17 22/25 per Toolam is equal to lbs 303580 or 17343 Maunds taking 25 lbs to a Maund. This has also been calculated upon average, but is hoped to be nearly correct. Upon this calculation, the average quantity of Sugar from one Candy of land is 160 Maunds.

3. The average consumption per head was ascertained upon the following principle. The produce of Sugar in this District being so small, and the imports of this article from other Districts considerable, reference was made to the "Sayer" Accounts of the previous year; which exhibited the imports of Sugar from other Districts at about Toolams 22169 - adding to this the produce of this District Toolams 13920. as above mentioned the total amounted to Toolams 36039 Deducting from this Toolams 1100 being the average Exports of

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of the past 2 years to Travancore and Toolams 2511 consumed in Pagodas, Chuttrums and for Maraimut works or in both Toolams 3614 the remainder amounted to Toolams 32478.—

4.— The quantity of Jaggery produced from Palmirahs being large in Tinnevelly, and the price comparatively low, the number of people that consume Sugar manufactured from Canes is very small. Some people use Cane Sugar at one time and Palmira Jaggery at another according to their means and the prices vary; and therefore to ascertain the correct quantity of Cane Sugar consumed, is difficult. Still after making every enquiry it was estimated that one man would consume in a year 1/2 a Toolam of Sugar.

The total population of the District is— 1076266.

Of which people consuming Palmirah Jaggery alone ———— 1011309.

Remainder or the Number of people expected to consume Sugar alone ———— 64957 or equal to about 1/16 of the total population of the District. at 1/2 a Toolam of Sugar per head for a year the total consumption of Sugar in the whole District amounts to Toolams 32478 and hence the rate of consumption per

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

per head was entered at half a Seelam
or 9 25/64 lbs in Mr. Elton's letter of 1st May
last. This is nearly equal to the consump-
tion of the Coimbatore District.

5. In the Boards' Proceedings
under reply, the consumption per head for
Tinnevelly is entered at lbs 28_2__ whereas
in the letter addressed from this Office dat-
ed 1st May 1847, it was stated at lbs 9 2/8
year for cane, and Palmira Jaggery at 18 21/32
lbs; the Board have probably taken the
total of both and entered it in the abstract
Statement at 28.2. as being the quantity
of sugar consumed per head in a year.

Tinnevelly,
Collector's Office
29th February 1848.

/Signed/ E. B. Thomas
Collector

To.
J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

50

From J. C. Wroughton Esqre
Principal Collector of
Coimbatore

Sir,

I have the honor to
acknowledge the receipt of Extract
from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue
bearing date the 23d December 1847 requiring
further information relative to the Cultivation of
Sugar Cane in this District.

The

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

2. The return forwarded to the Board
with my letter of the 31st May 1847 No. 35 was
deduced from the accounts received from several
Talooks, and exhibited the result of Fasly
1255/1845/46 which having been a season of adversity
the produce of Joggery was less than the average
outturn. The annexed Statement will shew the
average quantity of that article produced in a
Cawney of land consisting of an area of 57,600
square feet will not exceed 37½ Maunds (new)
of 3,200 Rupees weight each, or 125 old Maunds,
each equivalent to 960 Rupees. This is reported
ed to be the maximum, and the assessment on
lands susceptible of cane cultivation was fixed
with reference to this calculation.

3 I am not aware of the particular
causes which have led to the difference remark-
ed upon by the Board, but it appears to me
that it is owing possibly to the calculation
of Maunds referring to the old weight in
some Districts, and to the new in others.

4: The short produce of the past
year enhanced the price of Jaggery, and consequent-
ly affected the Export trade of the article
which caused an increase in the quantity
estimated for internal consumption. In
ordinary

— ordinary seasons about one half of the ag
=gate quantity finds its way into Malaba
and the other half, when divided upon
the population of the District will
bear a proportion of 6 lbs a hea
per Annum.

Coimbatore —
23d February, 1848 }

(Signed) J. C. Wroughton
Principal Collector.

Statement

Statement showing the Cost and profits in the cultivation Cane in the Coimbatore District in a Cawnie of land.—

Items.	Quantity in Maunds	Rate.	Amount.
The produce of 216. Measures of Cane juice if boiled in a day — produces 5 Maunds (old) of Jaggery at this rate for 25 Days (produces 37½ Maunds of 3200 Rs. each, or Maunds of 960 Rupees each —	125	" 14 "	109 6 "
Sowara Gram produced in the Cane land is Salagays —	½	2 " "	1 " "
Vegetables sold amount to Rupees —	"	" "	3 12 "
			114 2 "
Deduct Charges.			
Cuttings or Seed —	15,000	1 per 100	15 " "
Manuring land for 8 Days —	"	a Day	2 " "
Ploughing Do. 20 times —	"	3 at one time	3 12 "
Harrowing Do. —	"	" "	7 " "
Sowing Seed —	"	" "	1 " "
Weeding —	"	" "	1 " "
Pay of a Gardener in Grain for 12 Months —	"	" "	8 " "
Manure and Cnam —	"	" "	1 " "
Hire paid for the Cane Press, Bullocks, Boilers &c. —	"	" "	25 " "
Do. for a Person employed to boil the juice —	"	" "	1 11 "
Sundry Coolies for 25 Days (7 in number a Day) at One Anna each —	"	" "	10 15 "
			76 6 "
Government Demand on a Cawnie of land —			16 8 "
Total Expences —			92 14 "
Net Profit —			21 4 "

Coimbatore, 25th February, 1848 (Signed) J. C. Wroughton
Principal Collr.

Ordered

Order on the 2 foregoing letters.

49-51

Ordered to lie over.

Read letter from the Principal Collector of Coimbatore reporting on the Settlement for Fusly 1256 of the Polliems of Shermuttoor and Cotampully under the Management of the Court of Wards on behalf of the Minor Proprietor

11th Inclosure 23d Dec. 1847.

Proceedings Para 1.

52

It will be seen from the report that the Settlement of the Poliems for the Fusly under review amounted to Rupees 7,696-9-1 being below that of the previous Fusly in the sum of Rupees 231-8-3 a result which is ascribed to the failure in the usual rain. The lands left fallow from this cause are stated to have been charged with 1/4 of the full assessment and carried to the head of "grass" in accordance with the prevailing usage in the Estates.

2.

It is observed that there has been a decrease to this extent of 46.5/8 Rupees in the Ponjah cultivation assessed with full Teerwah and it should be remarked that there has been a gradual falling off in this description of cultivation since Fusly 1262 as shown in the Margin. The Net cultivation also of Fusly 1256 although

	Extent of Land	Assessment
	Rs A P	Rs A P
Fusly 1252	1537 15 12	6939 15 7
Fusly 1253	1520 3 4	6852 4 5
Fusly 1254	1463 15 12	6582 8 11
Fusly 1255	1407 1 4	6299 15 8
Fusly 1256	1360 11 12	6107 6 2

although the same as in the preceding Fusly, exhibits a very marked cultivation of Fusly 1254. Extent of Land Cawnies 66 Assessment Rs 7½ 472-9-4

Do of Fusly 1256 8 " 70-8-"

Decrease 58 7½ 402-1-4

decrease as compared with Fusly 1254. The attention of the Principal Collector is requested to these facts.

3.

After deducting Village Sibbendy, the aggregate demand of Fusly 1256 amounted to Rupees 7,171-9-1 of which Rupees 6,996-15-5. were recovered up to November last, leaving only Rupees 174-9-8 due on the lands held by the Poligar and under the management of his Mother and Guardian. It is presumed that the small arrear of Rupees 11-5-11 which was due on account of Fusly 1255 has been realized and brought to account.

	Rs A P
Settlement	7,696-9-1
Sibbendy	525-"-"
Rupees	7,171-9-1

Note. Para 3 Report on the settlement of the Poliems for Fusly 1255.—

4.

The total available assets of the Estates inclusive of the balance on hand on account of the preceding Fusly 1255 amounted to Rupees 27,757-4-2. as per Account Current No 3 of which, after payment of the Peishcush and other disbursements there remained Rupees 23,378-11-3. Of this surplus Rupees 20,800 have been invested in the 5 per Cent Loan and

and the remainder Rupees 2,578-11-3 now on de-
posit, is also in course of similar invest-
ment. The Court of Wards remark that
the Principal Collector has omitted to
charge the usual Commission for the ma-
nagement of these Estates, which he is
desired to do for the future.

Ordered that a Copy of the
foregoing Extract from the Courts Proce-
dings be submitted to Government and a tran-
script of the same be forwarded to the Princi-
pal Collector of Coimbatore for his infor-
mation and guidance.

Read the following letter

To T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

53

From J. C. Wroughton Esqre
Principal Collector of
Coimbatore - - - - - - - - - - &c

I have the honor to
acknowledge the receipt of Extract from
the Board's Proceedings dated 18th Novem-
ber 1847 giving cover to copy of letter
from the Honorable Court of Directors
and directing me to submit without
delay any observations which may occur

25th August 1848
J. C. W.

to me in the operation of the Salt Mono-
poly on the population of this District.

2. The position of this Dis-
trict leaves me but little to remark upon
this article for, since the abolition of the
Sayer Duties under Act No. VI of
1844, I have no means of obtaining
correct information as to the quantity of
Salt imported into the District
and any estimate obtainable
by other agency will be untrustwor-
thy and in its attainment vesca-
tions in the extreme.

3. In the import of Salt
this District has one advantage
over others - that is, the Carts which
are employed in the conveyance of
Tobacco to Ponnanee on yearly con-
tract work both ways returning
laden with Salt, and thus an
economical

commend and formula recommended in both items.

4. The Price of a Garce of Salt formerly was 105 Rupees which was raised to 180 under Section XLIII of Act No. VI of 1844. subsequently under the Orders of Government published in the Official Gazette dated 16th August of that year it was again reduced to 120 Rupees. From the absence of a single complaint on this point during the last four years I am of opinion that the price of Salt is not considered high, nor has it operated injuriously to the people of the District who are free to communicate any cause which prejudices their interests in the smallest degree.

× Page 641

5. The injunctions of the Board that this subject should be noticed in the annual Extra Revenue reports will be carried into effect.

Coimbatore,
25th February 1848

Order thereon,

53-54

/ Signed / J. C. Waughton
Revl Collr

Ordered to lie on the Table.

Read the following letter—

To, J. B. Roupell Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue,
Fort St. George

55

From Collr of Canara

Sir,

I have the honor to forward a translation of a Suit (No. 152 of 1847) which has been instituted against me as Collector by one Vasadeva aggitayah, and a draft of the answer which I propose to put in in defence, and as I beg to request that the Board will be pleased to obtain the permission of Government for it's being defended at the public Cost.

2. The nature of the suit will be sufficiently understood on a perusal of the plaint and answer. It is one of those which the want of any record of the lands attached to Estates or their boundaries is continually giving rise to, and to which the Collector lays himself open on nearly every attempt he may make to vindicate the rights of Government and prevent the appropriation of waste lands.

Collr Cutcherry on Circuit,
Dindigul 15th February 1848

/ Signed / J. L. Blane
Collr
Translation

11

No. 1.

Translation.

Original Suit No. 152 of 1847.

To, The Subordinate Court in the Zillah of Mangalore.

Plaint instituted by Aggitaya Vastewa residing at the vill Village Coombla Magany Behul Talook, dated 28th Nov

My Complaint against the Defendants - Viz.

1. T. L. Blane Esqre Collector.
2. Yedapaudy Shankra Bhutt of the aforesd Yedanaud Village.
3. Chenapandy Dhamodar Bhutt the brother in law residing at the said Vill

to the following effect.

Out of the land obtained by ancestor Naraina Aggistaya on the 5th Mah shood of Nandana of the former cycle from Domodar Shedampadittaya under a Mool Pottah which specifies the boundaries thereof, a portion there included bearing Beriz Hoons 6 1/2

been registered in the name of my another ances tor named Mahlingah Aggitaya, and is enjoyed by me as my Mool property, a ground called Kangitaya attached to which and which is boun ded on the East by the wall of my Bylefielde attached to the said Wurg and the Sapsatao Bona belonging to Venkata Bhutt, on the South by the Slope ground close to the Gooliga hill attached to my said Wurg, on the west by my arecanut garden and on the north by the large watercourse, is included within the boun daries specified in the aforementioned Mool Pottah. Twelve Cocoanut and arecanut trees about 30 years old which were planted and reared up by me and which grow on the said ground are now visible. About 10 years before the said ground was rented for about 10 years to a tenant named Coony, from whom I collect ed a rent of one Rupee per annum. and after he abandoned and quitted it I continued to hold it. On the western side of the said ground lies my garden, on the Eastern my Byle field, and on the Southern the Goolliga hill attached to my Estate. and from this it clearly appears that it stands in the middle of my wurg. such being the case, in Fusly 1754 in which I had been

to

to Cochin, the 3d. defendant on the plea that the
defendant took away Stones from the said gr
preferred a nominal Complaint before the Ba
Tahsildar and represented therein that the gr
was a property to which he had a right. T
defendant; however, defended the Complaint o
ing his own right to it. These their proce
and the filing of an Urzee thro one Vanna
ya in that case, were merely collusive, with
view to withhold from me the ground in qu
to which I have a right; they got up a dispu
it in order to get it declared to be Governm
property and in this preconcerted and collusive
which they gave rise, the 2nd. and 3d. defendants
made their own relations give a false Mahzarnam
declaring the ground to be Sircar property. Whe
Mook Pottah of the said ground was in my
-on, and I was the heir of the Mugtar, the 2d.
could have had no reason on the mere groun
the 2d. and 3d. defendants not being possess
any document regarding the ground, to come
to be Sircar property; for when the 2nd. and
defendants who had no right to it had got
case in a league with each other, how could
defendants bring forward a document re
ground? The Collector did not take into consi
whether the ground in question was entirely waste
or whether it was one that was long held by any
one. The Collector did not, while it was surround-
-ed on the East, West and South by the grounds
of my Mugr, likewise take into consideration as
whether the mere Statement recorded in the
Mahzarnamah was sufficient to come to the
conclusion that the litigated ground which is
situated as above described was Sircar property;
and then he issued an order in No. 59 of 1254
Fusly that it would be granted on Darkhast to
such individual who may desire to have it, and
gave it to the 2nd. defendant fixing an assessment
of Hoons 6-13 upon it, which act is improper and
it is therefore that I have instituted the suit.
The ground situated within the boundaries
already mentioned above and producing annually
one Rupee, with net produce thereof Rupees 4 from
1254 to 1257 Fusly, is justly due to me. I therefore
pray that the defendants may be sent for,
examined and made to make good the above demand.

/ True Translation /
/ Signed / T. L. Blane.
Collector

No. 2.

Draft of answer proposed to be filed in Suit No. 152 of 1847
on the File of the Subordinate Court at Mangalore.

The Plaintiff sues for the recovery

of

of a spot of Ground which he claims as being
to his Wurg, together with 4 Rupees being the p
of the same for the past four years. This suit
arisen from the claims set up by various neigh
landholders to a spot of Waste land which it w
clearly proved by the documents to be filed in
to this suit, did not belong to any of them, bu
Government waste, and as such was rented in
gain tenure to one of them by orders of the Co

It was first brought to notice
dispute between two parties Viz.t Shankra
and Damodar Bhutt, both of whom claimed
upon this occasion it was stated in a Mahz
by the neighbouring Wurgdars, amongst whom
Potail of the Village, that it was Governme
which these two persons had for a length of
been endeavouring respectively to appropriate
party could adduce any documentary proo
their right, and it was reported by the Tah
after full enquiry to be Government waste, and
recommended that it should be rented as
to any person willing to take it.

This was sanctioned by
from the acting Principal Coll.r dated 1st May
but previously to any thing having been
from

present Plaintiffs' relation, and Cosharer Rama aggitayah
presented a petition stating that this waste spot
of land belonged to his father's Estate, and that
having been absent in the Malabar District
he was unable to assert his claim before. The
enquiries were therefore renewed. Upon this occasion
he produced the fragments of a Cadjan which
he alleged were a Moolputtah dated 300 years
back. He distinctly deposed before the Tahsildar
that he had no other document. He has now alleg-
-ed in his plaint that he has a Mool Sadanum
dated 75 years back, and having been called
upon by the Revenue Authorities to produce
this / it being the first time it had been
heard of / he referred to one which had already
been produced in another dispute regarding a
Jungle near the same spot. It was examined
by respectable persons who in a Mahzarnamah
declared it to be a clear forgery, and its
general appearance leaves little doubt of
its being so. The 1st Defendant requests that
the particular attention of the Court may be
directed to this point.

The first Defendant has further

tos

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

to observe that Rama Aggitayah admitted by the Tahsildar in his deposition given 29th October Fasly 1254, that the land had been in possession of Shenkarah Bhatt for about years, and it does not appear that he then asserted his claim. He further admits that having mortgaged his land the spot now was not included in the mortgage deed, and it appears on an examination of his estate he still holds lands to the full extent in the Doormoote chittah, and to the full assessment which he pays on them.

The claim of Rama aggitayah coheir of the present Plaintiff was finally declared by the acting Principal Collector to be established, and the former order for the land, directed to be carried into effect is three years now since the case was disposed of by the Revenue authorities. The Plaintiff has stated in his plaint that he was absent at Cochin at the time when the abovementioned investigation took place, but it will be proved that he has never been absent from his village for

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

past 10 years, and must therefore have been fully cognizant of all that was going on.

The 1st Defendant submits that this is a more than usually vexatious suit, as which it is attempted to support by a barefaced forgery, and if the Court sees reason to concur in this opinion he trusts that such notice will be taken of it as will have the effect of protecting the Officers of Government from such suits in future, and their valuable time wasted in defending them.

(Signed) T. L. Blane
Collecton.

Ordered that the foregoing letter be submitted with the following address.

55-56

To the Chief Sect. to Govt.

To The Officiating Chief Secretary to Government.

Sir,

Para 1 I am directed by the Board of Revenue to request you will submit for the orders of the Honorable the Governor in Council the accompanying letter from the Coll. of Canara forwarding translation of a Plaint instituted against himself and others in the Subordinate Court of Mangalore by one Vasadeva aggitayah, and drafts of

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

of the answer proposed to be filed in the case.

From these papers it will appear that this suit has been brought by Plaintiff for the recovery of a spot of ground ed as being attached to his Warg as also of 4 Rupees being the produce of the same the last four years.

The Collector has advanced certain reasons in proof that the land question is not the property of the Plaintiff or any other individual, but is Government waste, and has therefore been properly granted on Kodagaree tenure to a rayet offering to take it for cultivation. These reasons which it seems unnecessary to recapitulate appear to the Board to be sufficient and to constitute a valid defence, and they therefore beg to recommend that the Collector be directed to file the proposed answer and be authorized to defend the suit at the public cost.

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
9th March, 1848.

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

Read the following letter-

To,
T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue.
Fort St. George.

57

From A. V. Conolly Esqre
Collector of Malabar.

Sir,

I have the honor to request the Board will be good enough to obtain the special sanction of Government for writing off in the accounts of this District the following quantity of Tobacco, on account of the supplies received from Coimbatore in Fusly 1256.- 1846/47.

	C.	M.	lb.
Deficiency in transit from dryage	47	18	22 1/4
Do. from the Kolbundy or sorting	"	4	4 3/4
Do. from damage and Unsale= able Tobacco	50	11	28
Total Candies	98	11	28

Annexed, is a Memorandum shewing the total quantity of Tobacco on which this wastage occurred, and the value of the same at the average cost and charges amounting to Rupees 4731-14-10.-

Tanjore,
24th February
1848.

(Signed) A. V. Conolly.
Collector.

Memorandum

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

Memorandum.

Quantity of Tobacco received in Fasly 1256.			Quantity and value of the Wastage at the average Cost and Charges.						Average loss for 100 Candies		
			Quantity.			Value.					
C	M	lbs	C	M	lbs	Rs	A	P	C	M	lbs
3044	17	6½	98	11	28	4731	14	10	3	9	32/52

(Signed) H. V. Conolly.
Collector.

Proceedings thereon.
57-58

Resolved that the foregoing M
be submitted for the orders of the Honorable
Governor in Council with the Board's recommen
-tion that the Collector may be authorized
write off the wastage of Tobacco for Fasly
amounting to Candies 98-11-28.

The total quantity of Tob
on which this wastage occurred and the
value of the same at
the average cost and
Charges are noted in
Margin.

Read the following letter

59

To
J. Pycroft Esqr.
Secretary to the Board of Reven
Fort St. Geor

From T. H. Davidson Esqr.
Register to the Court of
Sudder Udalut.

Sir,

I am directed by the Judges

Fort St. George 9th March 1848.

the Sudder Udalut to return the papers received
with your letter of the 20th December 1847, with
the acknowledgements of the Judges for the
use of them.-

Sudder Udalut,
Registers Office,
23d February, 1848.

(Signed) T. H. Davidson.
Register.

Order thereon.
59-60

Ordered to be recorded.

Read the undermentioned
Statements.-

61
From the Collr of Masulipatam.
Statement of Contingent
Charges incurred during the Quarter ending the 31st
December 1847.-

62
From the Collr of Guntoor.
Statement of Contingent
Charges incurred during the Quarter ending the
31st December 1847.-

63
From the Collr of Nellore.
Statement of Contingent
Charges incurred during the Quarter ending 31st
December 1847.-

64
From the Collr of Chingleput.
Statement of Contingent
Charges incurred in the Revenue Department of his
District during the Quarter ending the 31st De=
=cember 1847.-

65
From the Collr of Chingleput.
Statement of Contingent Charges
incurred in the Magistrial Department of his
District during the Quarter ending the 31st De=
=cember 1847.-

From

66

From the Asst. Coll.r of Coimbatore- Statement of Contingent Charges incurred in the Magisterial Department of his District during the Quarter ending 31st Decem.r 1847-

61-67

Order on the 6 abovementioned Statements- Resolved that the necessary orders be passed-

68

From the Collector of Tinnevelly- Read Comparative Statement shewing the Quantity of Salt sold for home and inland consumption during the Quarter ending 31st January last-

68-69

Order thereon- Ordered to lie over-

70

From the Coll.r of Chingleput- Read Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board during the Month of January last-

70-71

Order thereon- Ordered to be lodged in the Office-

72

The same to Bellary, Cuddapah, North Arcot, South Arcot Malabar- Resolved that the following letters be despatched-

To, The Collector of Masulipatam-

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to request that you will furnish as early as practicable a revised Index for such Copies of the Resolutions and Acts in the Native Languages as may be required for the uses of your District as called for

for in the Circular from this Office dated 29th July last-

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
9th March, 1848.

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary-

To, The Collector of Bellary-

73

To the Collector of Bellary

14th October 1847-
23d December -"-

Sir,

With reference to the letters noted in the Margin, I am directed by the Board of Revenue to request that you will have the goodness to furnish without further delay the information therein called for regarding the cultivation of Cotton in your District-

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
9th March, 1848,

(Signed) T. Pycroft.
Secretary-

To, The Collector of Chingleput-

74

To the Collector of Chingleput

Petitions 2138-2139- 1847.

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue with reference to your Endorsements of the 16th February last, to request that you will explain whether the Brick Kilns on the land rented out to the Petitioners were or raised

...rused with your permission, and if so, what amou...
remission he is entitled to on this account and what ar...
exact grounds on which remission is allowed.-

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
9th March, 1848.

(Signed) T. Sycroft.
Secretary.

To,

75

The Collector of
Madura.

To the Collector of Madura
The same to
North Arcot

Sir,

With reference to the Circular fro...
Office dated 26th August last, I am directed by...
Board of Revenue to request that you will furn...
early as possible the information therein calle...
regarding the system of obtaining Securities fro...
Public Officers in your District.-

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
9th March 1848.

(Signed) T. Sycroft
Secretary.

76

Received the undermentioned c...
Miscellaneous letters and Statements.-

From the Collector of South Arcot.

Abstract Statement of
Demand Collection and Balance for the Mon...
of January last.-

From

From the Collector of South Arcot. Statement shewing the ...

77 average Bazar wholesale prices of Grain and Salt...
for the Month of January last.-

78
From the Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George at Kurnool — Abstract of Demand ...
Collection and Balance for the Month of January ...
last.-

79
From the Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George at Kurnool — Statement shewing the ...
average Bazar wholesale prices of Grain and Salt...
for the Month of January last.-

80
From the Collector of Bellary- Stating with reference to ...
Board's letter of 10th Instant that certain of the ...
Returns therein called for have been already for=
=warded and transmitting the Lists of unanswered
letters.-

81
From the Collector of Canara- Fowards Statement of Tobacco ...
seizure for the Month of August 1847, and states that
no Tobacco was seized during the Months of July and ...
September 1847.-

82
From the Collector of Canara- Statement of Tobacco seized ...
during the Month of October 1847.-

81-83
Order on the abovementioned letters and Statements- Ordered that the confisca=
=tion and sale of the smuggled Tobacco enumerat=
=ed in the abovementioned Statements be ...
authorized.-

From

84 From the Collector of Guntoor- Return of Persons suspended and dismissed under Regulation VI of 1831 for the Month of January last-

85 From the Collr. of Masulipatam- Return of Persons suspended and dismissed under Regulation VI of 1831 from the Month of January last-

86 From the Collr. of Masulipatam- Salt Account Current for the 2d Quarter of Fasly 1257-

87 From the Collr. of Masulipatam- Reporting that certain Returns for the Months of October and November and December 1847 and January 1848 are not there being no entries to make-

88 From the Collector of Rajahmundry- Return of Persons charged with offences under Regulation IX of 1822 for the Month of January last-

89 From the Collector of Rajahmundry- Sending a Statement of smuggled Salt seized in the Month of January last, and requesting sanction for the confiscation of the same-

89-90 Order thereon-

Ordered that the confiscation and sale of the smuggled Salt enumerated in the above Statement be authorized-

From

91 From the Collector of Tinnevelly- Forwarding Copy of an application from the Sub Collector for one Months leave of absence on urgent private affairs-

92 From the Collector of Tinnevelly- Forwarding two original letters from Messrs. Elton and Child applying for one Months leave of Absence with the Collectors recommendation superscribed thereon-

93 From the Collector of Tinnevelly- Return of Persons Charged with Offences under Regulation IX of 1822 for the Month of January last-

From

From the Collector of Tinnevelly - Stating that no Person
94 were suspended or dismissed under Regulation
of 1831 during the Month of January last -

" Walter Elliot

"

" Pycroft

" Pycroft

Diary

Read Return of Fines and

17th in Mil. Cons. 24th July 1848 Stoppages from the pay of Public Servants in the Districts of South Arcot for the Quarter ending the 31st Dec. 1847

Proceedings thereon The Board observe that the Sudovanum Talook and Saniore
1 from Sabsidar of Ellavanasoor have each been fined
20 Rupees, the former for having fraudulently taken
a Razeenamah from a certain party and the
other for gross neglect in having, while head
Gomastah in Huzzoor, wrongly entered the number
of Puttahs in the Semmabundy Accounts for July 1835.

In reference to those two cases
the Collectors attention is requested to the Board's
Circular dated the 28th July 1825 communicating the
sentiments expressed by Government that "a
"Revenue Servant should seldom be fined more
"than two or three Rupees and never more than ten unless
"the Collector has obtained Sanction from the
"Board of Revenue"

At

At a Meeting Present

Walter Elliot Esqre Acting Senior Member

A. Maclean Esqre Acting Second Member

and

J. Goldingham Esqre Acting Third Member

Monday 13th March 1848.

Minutes of the last Meeting read & approved.

Read again Extract from the Minutes of Consultation dated 6th December 1847 on the subject of Mr Stokes' Letter to the Collector of Guntoor dated 11th January last

(2)

Proceedings thereon

Ordered that a Copy of the above Extract Minute of Consultation be communicated to the Collector of Guntoor

Communicating to the Collector of Guntoor the orders of Government on the Report of the Commissioner on the result of his mission to examine the irrigation and condition of Guntoor & copy of Pub. to the Department of Public Works.

Mr Stokes' attention is respectfully directed to the observations and orders of Government contained in the 23d and following paras

Para 23

3 It is observed that the improvements introduced into the formation of the Pattas by the Collector have been discussed and will be found to receive the attention of that Officer and of the Board in their proceedings connected with the same settlements. The plan for the Cowle of the Poolley is in progress.

Para 27. 4

Mr Stokes has already adopted the measures for abating the abuse of the practiced remissions or Vaidra, and the Board trust he will continue his exertions for restraining it within the limits indicated by the orders of Government

Para 28

5 The Board have noticed with great satisfaction the intention of the Collector to carry out as far as practicable the measure already effected in the Taluk of Palnaid for commuting the Collection of the Revenue in kind to money payments in those Villages where the Sharing System still prevails. The rules under which the Board and Government are desirous of introducing the mode of Settlement by means of joint Village Rents where the present mode of Settlement is defective will form the subject of a separate Communication.

Para 29

6 Propositions for the reformation of Village officers in Palnaid have been under consideration with reference to Mr Stokes' Letter of the 18th August 1847 and they have in their Proceedings on that subject

Fort St. George 13th March 184[illegible]

subject recognized the principle of conferring official remuneration according to graduated money scale adjusted by deduction from the Summah of each individual officer's pultah. The Board having thus paid reference to the mode of proceeding in this by Government in the Extract Fremuter Consn. under consideration, been enabled to adopt a general principle for the treatment of the question, will state their views on matters of detail already submitted to the Collector at greater length in their reply to the communication of the 31st July 1820

Para 38

7 The especial attention of the Collector is directed to the orders contained in Para 38. He will therefore to afford general publicity to the proclamation formerly directed to be issued in Rajahmundry and will give himself attention to the eradication of this baneful and desperate evil.

Para 39 & 42

8 The Most Noble the Governor Council has directed that the Inams of Enams and Rent free tenures shall be

Fort St. George 13th March 184[illegible]

gradually with the aid of the Survey operations and the investigations arising out of the Summabbundy settlements. Under these orders all titles which are obviously valid and free from suspicion should be registered at once and Coombalas summonds issued to the Enamdars under the signature and seal of the Collector, while those of a doubtful nature should be reserved for further investigation. The general rules which the Board are directed to prepare for the Collectors guidance in prosecuting these enquiries will be detailed with more propriety in

1st Cons 21st Feby their reply to his letter of the 1st Instant.

Para 42

9 The orders of the Honble the Court of Directors regarding the disqualification for employment conveyed by the possession of lands having been made the subject of further reference, the Collector will continue to be guided by the Rules dated 7th August 1820 heretofore in force, prohibiting the acquisition of lands in the districts in which they serve by persons in the public service of Government

Para 45

10 The Board will be prepared to

Fort St. George 13th March 1848

to receive whatever suggestions the Collector may have to offer for the better arrangement and custody of the Records.

11 Mr Stokes will be careful to ascertain that such documents and accounts as are finally approved of and arranged by him for purposes of reference, are free from the falsifications and interpolations which are shewn by the Commissioner to have been so largely employed in that Department.

Para 10 12 Ordered that Para 10 be communicated to the Department of Public Works where it will receive further attention.

Para 11 13 Mr Stokes will be pleased to state whether he considers the means at present at his disposal to be sufficient for carrying out the various measures connected with the improvement of the District to which his attention has been drawn. If he feels that further assistance is necessary he will be good enough to explain the nature and extent of that required and whether needed for general

or

Fort St. George 13th March 1848

or Special purposes

Para 14 14 With reference to the orders of Government regarding the outstanding arrears antecedent to 1253 Fusly, the Board observe that 1,73,308-3-6 of which 125752-15-2 are included in the amount recommended by the Commissioner to be recovered had been collected up to the 15 November last, and that a much larger sum would have been realized but for the unforeseen occurrence of certain legal objections, the particulars of which together with a general Statement of the whole subject of the arrears, as required by Government, will be submitted with their Proceedings on the settlement of 1257 Fusly.

15 Copies of the papers noted in the concluding Para will be furnished to the Collector as soon as Copies can be made

3

From the Offg Chief Secretary to Government

Read the following Extract

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation under date the 29th February 1848

Read the following

To J. F. Thomas Esqre
Chief Secretary to the
Government
Fort St. George.

Sir

I have been directed by the Honble. the Governor in Council to state for the information

of

of the Most Noble the Governor of Fort St. Geo
in Council that this Government has with the
concurrence of the Supreme Government established
a Department for the Conservation of the Forests
this Presidency, and Dr. Gibson was formerly
appointed Conservator on the 22d March 181

2 In discussing the subject with the
Supreme Government the question has been
raised whether the duties of the Conservator should
be exercised over the Forests of Bombay only
or should embrace some of those under the Presi
dency of Madras

3 Dr. Gibson in a letter dated
the 17th September 1816 Copy of which is appended
has suggested that the Conservation of the
Canara and Sounda Forests should be placed
under the joint authority of the Madras and Bombay
Governments. His Honor in Council has cause to
apprehend that considerable practical
inconvenience would be experienced by such
an arrangement, and is of opinion that the
transfer of the Canara and Sounda Forests
North of the Gungavalli Creek to the
superintendence of this Government would be attended
with great public advantage, as these Forests are
bounded and partly enclosed by the Collectorate
rate of Belgaum and Dharwar, while the Southern
is on this sea border and their produce

is mainly forwarded to Bombay. The conservancy
arrangements of this Presidency having been nearly
perfected His Honor in Council has directed
me to request that he may be favored with
the sentiments of the Most Noble the Governor
of Fort St. George in Council regarding the suggest
=ed transfer

4 In the mean time I have been
desired to add that the Forests in question
will receive the attentions of the Conservator
whose suggestions His Honor in Council feels as
assured will meet with every attention from the
Officers of your Government at present charged with
their conservation.

5 Dr. Gibsons Reports of the 10th February
1815 and 9th March 1816 have already been forward
=ed to your Government under date the 4th June 1815
and 27th May 1817 in the letters Numbered respectively 2787 & 32.

Bombay Castle
14th February 1818

I Signed I C. S. Erskine
Deputy Secretary to Government

To Captain J. M. Calder
Secretary Military Board.

Sir

I have had the honor to receive
your letter No. 1335 under date 12th September
requesting my opinion as to the possibility of
obtaining a cession of the Canara and Sounda
Forest Line from the Government of Madras.

In

Fort St. George 13th March 1848

1st Accordingly Mr. Conner to Mr. Secretary Thomas the honor to state
That the Superintendent of the Conservancy Establishment
Salook with its Subordinate Establishment
and Mr. Mitchell would include all the Forests
above the Ghats in that quarter in case for Northern
2d That this separation would have the
effect of bounding off the Southern end of the
Collectorate to its natural Boundary the Western
Ghats, whereas that portion at present forms a
narrow slip bounded by Madras Territory
to the East and West
3 The fitting Boundary on the
Ghat Line is that as by the Ghat Lists and Mr. Conner
4 By this arrangement the whole
Canara below the Ghats would remain as
present under Madras
5 The main objections to the proposed
arrangement consists in the Conservancy Establishment
and Salt being managed differently in the
Madras Provinces from what the case is the
of Bombay, as exists intended that this
difference is to continue as at present, the Establishment
might probably be attended with the inconvenience of having
6 It appears to me that the interests
of the Military Board could be efficiently
carried out by having a Conservator and
Subordinates, when employed in Malabar Limits
Subject to the joint control of the Governments
of Madras and of Bombay.

&c

Fort St. George 13th March 1848

This arrangement would be attended with the further advantage of making the Charges of a conservator Establishment be shared by the two Presidencies for in point of value the Canara and Soonda Forest Duties will be found to be equal to, if not superior to that of the whole Teak Forest in the Bombay Presidency, with the additional recommendation of being sufficiently healthy to be subjected to culture as regards the rearing of young Forest.

Kaira 17th September 1840

(Signed) A. Gibson
Interim Conservator

Ordered to be communicated to the Revenue Board who will be pleased in communication with the Collector of Canara to favor Government with their opinion on the proposition for the transfer of the Canara and Soonda Forests to the Bombay Presidency

(Signed) H. C. Montgomery.
Off. Chief Secretary.

3-4

Resolution thereon. Resolved that Copy of the foregoing Correspondence be communicated to the Collector of Canara who will be pleased as early as practicable to favor the Board with his sentiments regarding the proposition of the government of Bombay for the transfer of the Canara and Soonda Forests to that Presidency.

Extract

3702

5

From the Offr Chief Secretary to Government

Fort St. George 13th March 1818.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation

Under date the 7th March 1818.

Read the following Extract from the Minutes of Consultation in the Military Department.

Here enters 11th February 1818 No 2647

Resolved that the letter from the Deputy Quarter Master General of the Army be transmitted to the Board of Revenue with reference to their Acting Secretary's letter dated 20th January 1818 with a request that they will instruct the Principal Collector of Coimbatore to make such arrangements with the Burgher Inhabitants as will induce them to withdraw their objections to the Spot of Land required for the Barrack on the Neilgherries being appropriated for that purpose.

2 Should the Burghers persist in the objection they have urged with reference to the Spot said to be a place of Sepulture to receive compensation, which in the opinion of Government should be liberal, the Principal Collector will make a Special report.

3 The Honorable Governor in Council would dispense on the Principal Collector of Government.

(A true Extract)

(Signed) H. C. Montgomery
Offg Chief Secretary

To The President and Members of the Board of Revenue

To

3703

Fort St. George 13th March 1818.

To Lieutenant Colonel C. A. Browne
Secretary to Government.
Military Department

Sir

I have the honor by desire of His Excellency the Most Noble the Commander in Chief to acknowledge the receipt of the order of Government No 452 Dated 29th Ultimo, directing Extract from the Minutes of Consultation No 112 Dated 28 idem, to be communicated to His Excellency the Commander in Chief, and in reply I am directed to say that the proposed site for a Barrack on the Neilgherry Hills is the best that could possibly be selected. His Lordship having ascertained this fact from personal inspection of the location, and any change (as contemplated by the Collector of Coimbatore) would be most objectionable.

2 The loss of Revenue resulting from the Cantoning Troops on the Hills and compensation demanded by parties owning the ground about to be occupied, I am directed to observe, are contingencies that have ever occurred in the formation of a Military Cantonment either within or beyond Frontier and therefore when it is considered how much will be gained by the proposed location of

of European Troops on the Neilgherry Hills
of no importance

Fort St. George
10th February 1848

(Signed) D. H. Considine
Dy. Jr. W. Genl.
the Army.

Proceedings thereon

5-6

Mr. Wroughton will be pleased
to make such arrangements with the Burgher
Inhabitants of the Neilgherries as will induce
them to withdraw their objections to the Spot of
land required for the Barracks on those Hills
being appropriated for that purpose, and in the
event of those parties refusing to receive a liberal
compensation for the land in question, he
will be pleased to make a Special report on the
subject. Stating fully the nature of the
objections advanced by the Burghers, the extent to
which they may be well founded, and the means
which should be taken to overcome them. His
attention is called to the importance attached by
Government to the successful carrying out of their
views on the subject as expressed in the concluding
Para of Extract Minutes of Consultation now transmitted

Read the following resolution
Extract from the Minutes of Consultation under
1st March 1848

7

From the Offg Secretary to Government. The Consultation
Fort St. George 21st Feby

Governor in Council concurring with the Board
in

in regarding the annual allowance of Rupees
(70-4-10) seventy six annas fourteen and Pice
ten enjoyed by the late Appajeeyen Soothumbar
tom enjoyed by the late Appajeeyen Soothumbar
gum of the town of Pedhout as an hereditary
service grant, resolves to authorize the Collector
of Cuddapah to continue the payment to
Venkatasum Buttoo from the 24th November
1847 the date of his father's death

(Signed) J. D. Bourdillon
Offg Sec. to Government

7-8

Ordered to be communicated for
the information and guidance of the Collector of
Cuddapah with reference to Mr. Murray's
letter dated 22nd January last

Read the following resolution

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation
dated 1st March 1848.
(From Board 21st February)

9

From the Offg Secretary to Government. Under the circumstances
reported in Para 2 of the Board's Proceedings the
arrangement recommended by the Collector of
Madras appears to be unobjectionable, and the
Governor in Council resolves accordingly to
sanction it and to direct that the yearly
allowance of Rupees (88-8-0) Eighty eight and annas
Eight per annum, be continued to Ghoolam
Moortezah as Kateeb of the Mosques at
St

Fort St. George 13th March 1848

Rs. Three in arrear from the 6th January 1847 the date of Mahomed Allowdeen's death subject to the condition of his supporting the family of the deceased—

The arrears due for the period prior to the above date should be paid to the widow of the last incumbent—

(Signed) S. D. Bundillow
Off. Secy. to Govt.

9-10

Resolution thereon Resolved that a Copy of the foregoing order of Government and of the Board's Proceedings to which it is a reply be communicated for the information and guidance of the Collector of Madras with reference to his letter dated 26th January last.

Read the following letter

11

From the Collr. of Rajahmundry

To, S. D. White Esqre.
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

Sir With reference to the Extracts from the proceedings of the Board of Revenue of the 11th Instant, directing the sale of the Veranilly pollam estate on account of arrears outstanding against it, I have the honor to report that the Proprietor having paid into my treasury on the 30th Ultimo the principal balance of arrears amounting to

Fort St. George 13th March 1848

Rs. Rupees 1228-13-2 the Estate has been released from attachment and made over to its Proprietor

Pow Ramarow

Rajahmundry District
Cocanada 9th November 1847

(Signed) S. Brandorgast
Collector.

11-12

Order thereon Ordered to be recorded

13

From the Collector of Masulipatam Road letter forwarding a Statement of Extra Tent allowance drawn by himself and Assistants in Fasly 1250.

14

Proceedings thereon The Board sanction the amount of Extra Tent allowance drawn by each Officer for the number of days noted in the Margin.

Mr. R. F. Porter Collr. for 6 days
A. J. Mathison Esq. Collector for 30 days
G. Shaw Hill Esq. Asst. Collector for 19 days
E. B. Foord Asst. Collector for 6 days.

When any Officer may have occasion to remain at any Station for a longer period than one Month Explanation should be afforded in the Statement of Extra Tent allowance shewing the necessity for his protracted Stay at such Station

13-15

Order thereon Ordered that a Copy of the foregoing Proceedings be transmitted to the Civil Auditor

Read the following Statement

Statement

16

3708

Fort St. George 13th March 1818.

Statement exhibiting the quantity of Salt in Store available for exportation to Calcutta on private trade at each of the several places of Export in the District of Nellore up to 29th February 1818.

No.	Places at which Salt is Shipped.	Quantity of Salt available for Exportation in the year 1817/18.	Quantity already exported.	Quantity remaining to be exported	Quantity actually in Store and to be exported
		Lds Mds	Lds Mds	Lds Mds	Lds Mds
1	Estakapully	20,000	16,520	3,480	3,480
2	Krishnapatam	20,000	"	20,000	20,000
	Total	40,000	16,520	23,480	23,480

Nellore District
Dawaroypully
Coast Salt Farmer & Dy Collector

(Signed) J Smith
Collector

16-17

Orders thereon,

Read the Report from the Collector of Nellore, dated the 13th Instant, on the Petition of George Gayette

Read the following Letter

To The Secretary to Government
Fort St George

Board of Revenues
Fort St George

18

Sir

I have the honor to transmit to you herewith a Petition from the Agents of the Calcutta Coolie Boat Company, praying that they may be allowed to export from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, on the Coast of Coromandel, a quantity of Salt, in addition to the quantity already contracted for, on the Company's account, and I beg to submit for the consideration of the Board of Revenue, the following observations on the subject.

2d. The Petitioners state that they have already exported from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, 16,520 Candies of Salt, and that they have contracted with the Collector of Nellore for the purchase of 23,480 Candies more, which will complete the quantity of 40,000 Candies, allowed to be exported from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, during the present year.

3d. The Petitioners state that they have contracted with the Collector of Nellore for the purchase of 23,480 Candies of Salt, at the rate of 1-10-3 per Candy, and that they have paid the Collector on account of the Salt, the sum of Pagodas 1-10-3 per Candy, amounting to Pagodas 39,916-10-0.

4th. The Petitioners state that they have received only a part of the Salt, for which they have contracted, and that they have paid the Collector on account of the Salt, the sum of Pagodas 39,916-10-0, leaving a balance due to the Collector of Pagodas 1-10-3 per Candy, amounting to Pagodas 39,916-10-0.

5th. The Petitioners state that they have already exported from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, 16,520 Candies of Salt, and that they have contracted with the Collector of Nellore for the purchase of 23,480 Candies more, which will complete the quantity of 40,000 Candies, allowed to be exported from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, during the present year.

6th. The Petitioners state that they have contracted with the Collector of Nellore for the purchase of 23,480 Candies of Salt, at the rate of 1-10-3 per Candy, and that they have paid the Collector on account of the Salt, the sum of Pagodas 39,916-10-0, leaving a balance due to the Collector of Pagodas 1-10-3 per Candy, amounting to Pagodas 39,916-10-0.

7th. The Petitioners state that they have already exported from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, 16,520 Candies of Salt, and that they have contracted with the Collector of Nellore for the purchase of 23,480 Candies more, which will complete the quantity of 40,000 Candies, allowed to be exported from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, during the present year.

8th. The Petitioners state that they have contracted with the Collector of Nellore for the purchase of 23,480 Candies of Salt, at the rate of 1-10-3 per Candy, and that they have paid the Collector on account of the Salt, the sum of Pagodas 39,916-10-0, leaving a balance due to the Collector of Pagodas 1-10-3 per Candy, amounting to Pagodas 39,916-10-0.

9th. The Petitioners state that they have already exported from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, 16,520 Candies of Salt, and that they have contracted with the Collector of Nellore for the purchase of 23,480 Candies more, which will complete the quantity of 40,000 Candies, allowed to be exported from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, during the present year.

10th. The Petitioners state that they have contracted with the Collector of Nellore for the purchase of 23,480 Candies of Salt, at the rate of 1-10-3 per Candy, and that they have paid the Collector on account of the Salt, the sum of Pagodas 39,916-10-0, leaving a balance due to the Collector of Pagodas 1-10-3 per Candy, amounting to Pagodas 39,916-10-0.

11th. The Petitioners state that they have already exported from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, 16,520 Candies of Salt, and that they have contracted with the Collector of Nellore for the purchase of 23,480 Candies more, which will complete the quantity of 40,000 Candies, allowed to be exported from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, during the present year.

12th. The Petitioners state that they have contracted with the Collector of Nellore for the purchase of 23,480 Candies of Salt, at the rate of 1-10-3 per Candy, and that they have paid the Collector on account of the Salt, the sum of Pagodas 39,916-10-0, leaving a balance due to the Collector of Pagodas 1-10-3 per Candy, amounting to Pagodas 39,916-10-0.

13th. The Petitioners state that they have already exported from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, 16,520 Candies of Salt, and that they have contracted with the Collector of Nellore for the purchase of 23,480 Candies more, which will complete the quantity of 40,000 Candies, allowed to be exported from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, during the present year.

14th. The Petitioners state that they have contracted with the Collector of Nellore for the purchase of 23,480 Candies of Salt, at the rate of 1-10-3 per Candy, and that they have paid the Collector on account of the Salt, the sum of Pagodas 39,916-10-0, leaving a balance due to the Collector of Pagodas 1-10-3 per Candy, amounting to Pagodas 39,916-10-0.

15th. The Petitioners state that they have already exported from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, 16,520 Candies of Salt, and that they have contracted with the Collector of Nellore for the purchase of 23,480 Candies more, which will complete the quantity of 40,000 Candies, allowed to be exported from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, during the present year.

16th. The Petitioners state that they have contracted with the Collector of Nellore for the purchase of 23,480 Candies of Salt, at the rate of 1-10-3 per Candy, and that they have paid the Collector on account of the Salt, the sum of Pagodas 39,916-10-0, leaving a balance due to the Collector of Pagodas 1-10-3 per Candy, amounting to Pagodas 39,916-10-0.

17th. The Petitioners state that they have already exported from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, 16,520 Candies of Salt, and that they have contracted with the Collector of Nellore for the purchase of 23,480 Candies more, which will complete the quantity of 40,000 Candies, allowed to be exported from the Salt Farms at Pennadam and Krishnapatam, during the present year.

18th. The Petitioners state that they have contracted with the Collector of Nellore for the purchase of 23,480 Candies of Salt, at the rate of 1-10-3 per Candy, and that they have paid the Collector on account of the Salt, the sum of Pagodas 39,916-10-0, leaving a balance due to the Collector of Pagodas 1-10-3 per Candy, amounting to Pagodas 39,916-10-0.

Fort St. George 13th. March 1848.

4th. It is estimated that the Cost of conveying Cotton to the nearest Sea Coast Port that is in Nellore District, would be Rupees 5-2 per Candy.

5th. The average produce of Cotton per Acre on good and bad soils, I believe to be about 4 Maunds.

6th. It is calculated that 19581 acres are now under cultivation with Cotton and that it might be extended to 75481 acres without inconveniences, if a sufficient demand were created.

2- The Maund referred to in this communication is that of twenty five lbs the lb English avoirdupois and the Rupee the present Company's Rupees.

I have &c.

(Signed) H. D. Phillips
Agent to the Govr

Kurnool District
Camp Cauleamudgoo
4th March 1848.

Ordered to lie on the table.

18-19
Order thereon,

From the Acting Collr of North Arcot
20
Order thereon -

Read Statement of Contingent charges incurred during the year

Ordered to lie over

20-21

Read the following letter

To

T. B. Rowsell Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

22

From the Collr Sth. of Salem } Para 1.

With reference to your letter under date the 2nd December last transmitting

Nos. 2013 } of 1847.
" 2043 }
" 2044 }

Fort St. George 13th. March 1848.

Petitions from Sashiem son of the late Amuntar Narrain Ayen appealing against the decision passed by me under Regulation XI of 1831 regarding the Monegar Curnumship held by his late father, and requiring me to forward the Original Proceedings in the Case with a Report on the evidence materially bearing on the points in dispute. I have the honor to observe that the Appeal Petitioner Sashiem States in his Petition No. 2014 that the adoption of Kistnien (who is of another family or Gotram) took place when his brother Eswra Ayen was lying in a state of insensibility, and that under these circumstances the adoption was contrary to Hindoo Laws, but in the Depositions given by himself and others, as also in the Documents hereunder mentioned it is fully shewn that Eswra Ayen was in sound health when he adopted Kistnien as his Son in the regular and usual manner, in the Month of May 1846, that he (Eswra Ayen) died subsequently on the 24th December of the same year, when the performance of the funeral rites devolved on Kistnien his adopted son.

The documentary evidences

2- bearing on the points are -

1, Complaint No 2 presented to the Sub Collector by

Fort St. George 13th. March 1848.

by Sashien the Appeal Petetioner.

1 Deposition No. 6 given before the Tahsildar of Trichengode by the said Individuals.

1. Mangurnamah No. 5 given before the said Tahsildar by Mahajanums on the subject.

1 Deposition No. 7 given by Soondaresoora Avadany.

1 Do. No. 8 given by the Son-in-law of the deceased Esoora Syen.

1 Do. No. 9 given by the Village Pomeygar Soolieen.

1 Tahseed No. 10 sent to the Tahsildar by the Sub Collector.

1 Urzee No. 11 submitted by the Tahsildar to the Sub Collector.

1 Endorsement No. 12 granted by the Sub Collector to the adopted Son Kistnien.

3. From the above documents and other proceedings herewith submitted the Board will be able to decide whether the decision passed by me is correct, and the appeal Plaint groundless and frivolous.

4. The appeal Petitioner Sashien and Vengutturamanien the in law of the deceased Esoora Syen were by the request of Esoora Syen appointed as Goomastahs by the late Sub Collector in Fusly 1218 and are still conducting the duties

Fort St. George 13th. March 1848.

but Sashien is not entitled to the Meerasy Curnumship. Besides a division between Esoora Syen and the Petitioner Sashien having taken place some time ago, they lived as seperate families. The adopted son Kistnien is now under the protection of Vengattaramanien and not under the Petitioner.

5. The practice of the District is that only one at a time of the several sons of a deceased Curnum should succeed, and after him it descends to the next heir. When the names of more than one heir to the Meerasy Curnum, the registered Circar duties are invariably neglected on account of the dissentions among them In the present case the adopted son in my opinion has a stronger claim and title to the Meerasy than the brothers of the deceased. According to existing usage when Anunta Narain Syen died the Meerasy descended to one of his Sons / the deceased Esoora Syen / although there were more than one heir. The adoption made is another tribe or Gotrum being in many instances fully recognized the Meerasy has been conferred on Kistnien. I am therefore of opinion that the appellant has no

legitimate

legitimate complaint.

Salem Zillah
Sub Collectors
Cutcherry, 18th
January 1848.

Signed W. E. Lockhart
Collector

Proceedings thereon, Para 1. The question raised
in this instance is the right of succession
to the Meerassy Curnumship consequent
upon the demise of the late Incumbent
without issue but leaving an adopted
2. It appears that on the occurrence
of the death of the late Curnum a decision
was passed by the Sub Collector to the effect
that the Office should be registered in the
name of the appellant Soobiah, as the Brother
of the deceased, to the exclusion of a lad of
years of age named Kistnayen, who had been
adopted previous to that individuals
death. On an appeal being preferred
on behalf of the Minor to the Collector
the above decision was set aside and
the claim advanced on the part of the
Minor to succeed to the Office in right of
his adoption was recognized as valid, and
orders to that effect were issued, and
for the efficient discharge of the duties of the
Office by the nomination of the duly qualified grandfather
3. Irrespective of the alleged validity
of the adoption of the claimant Kistnayen with

DESTROYED

which it is not necessary at present to enter the
Board observe, that it appears sufficient to
secure the incumbency in the Office of Curnum
of a competent person. should the next heir
be disqualified for the performance of the
duties, for the discharge of which the grant
was originally conferred, the right of se-
lection clearly exists and is vested in the
Government Authorities.
4. In the present case the interests
of the village and Government require that
Sashiah the Brother of the deceased, a man
of mature years, and long acquainted with
the duty, should be preferred to his opponent,
a child of 7 years of age, and the Board
therefore concur in the correctness of
the view taken by the Sub Collector as
regards the nomination of the appellant
Soobiah, and direct that he be placed
in the Office and his name registered as
the Curnum of Mamoondy.

Ordered that the follow-
-ing Endorsement be passed on
Petitions Nos. 2014, 2015, 2044, of 1847 & 291, 322,
384, & 403 of 1848.

"The Petitioner is referred to
the Collector to whom the orders of
the Board on the subject of his address
have

Fort St. George 13th. March 1848.

have been communicated"

To,

T. Pycroft Esqre.

Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort St. Geo.

(24)

From the Collr. of Salem — } Sir

I have the honor to

submit a Statement shewing the

Moota's requestered for arrears

of Revenue up to 11th. February

Fuse Fliot of Fusly 1257 in the

District with the Establishment

appointed for their management

and

Fort St. George 13th. March 1848.

and to request that the Sanction of

the Board may be given for the Estab-

blishment in question.

Salem Collr. Cutcherry } Signed W. E. Lockhart

8th. March 1848. } Collector.

Statement.

3718

Fort St. Geo.

Statement shewing the Mootahs Sequestered for Fusly 1257 in the Tillah of Salem with the Estimate Sanction of the Board of Revenue

Names of the Zemindaries or Estates	Names of the Zemindars or Proprietors	Number of Villages included in the Zemindary or Estate	Permanent Summah of the entire Zemindary or Estate	Amount of Kist due for Current Fusly	Amount Collected Balance.	Number of Villages proposed to be attached	Actual or Estimated value of the portion proposed to be attached	Establishment proposed to be employed in the attachment		Percentage of the Establishment to the Estimated annual value of the portion of the Estates attached	Date of the attachment	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Modelapully Soobbanoya gaun in the Talook-dah and Tillapa of Kamut-pagoudah	6	5,445 12 10	2,722 " "	1639 "	1053 " "	6	5,445 12 10	Ameen 1	10 8 "	" 6 2	21st February 1848	
								Peons 3	10 8 "			
								4	21 " "			
Talore in Dº Cairoopa Odeian dead and Ramalingar Odeian dead	4	3556 5 8	1776 " "	1067 "	709 " "	4	3556 5 8	Ameen 1	10 8 "	" 7 10	21st Dº	
								Peons 2	7 " "			
								3	17 8 "			
Sandameun-galum in Dº	Dº	1	4331 3 7	2162 " "	1324 "	838 " "	1	4331 3 7	Ameen 1	10 8 "	" 7 9	21st Dº
								Peons 3	10 8 "			
								4	21 " "			
Poadoocottah in Dº	Upsereddy Polamareddy and Moodooreddy dead	10	4719 12 9	2360 " "	1421 "	939 " "	10	4719 12 9	Ameen 1	10 8 "	" 5 11	21st Dº
								Peons 2	7 " "			
								3	17 8 "			
Total		21	18053 2 10	9020 " "	5451 "	3569 " "	21	18053 2 10	"	14	77 " "	" " " " " "

Salem Collector's Cutcherry, 8th March 1848.

13th March 1848.

arrears of Revenue to 11th February or Fye First of ment appointed to their charge requiring the

E. E. 7th / Signed W. E. Lockhart
Collector

The

Fort St.te George 13th. March 1848.

(24-25)

Resolution thereon. The Board of Revenue sanction the employment of the Establishment, at a charge of 17. Rupees per Mensem for the Management of the Mootahs under attachment for arrears of Revenue, as exhibited in the Statement which accompanies the foregoing letter.

To,
T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St.te George

(26)

From the Collr. Sir,
of Salem

With reference to Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated 3d. January last requesting to be informed whether Acres 2-5-1 of the whole extent of waste land, Viz.t Acres 5-8-3. applied for by Mr. Braddock for a Coffee Plantation on the Malegerry Hills, came under cultivation subsequently to his application for it, if before in what year, and by whom the trees were planted, and whether they are in bearing

Fort St.te George 13th. March 1848.

bearing, with reference to the whole being granted free of Assessment for 5 years, I have the honor to inform you that the portion above alluded to came under cultivation subsequently to Mr. Broddock's application for the waste lands Acres 5-8-3. when he cleared the Jungle on acres 2-5-1 and planted it with Coffee a few Months ago consequently the plants are not in bearing.

I also beg to state that I consider the Malegherry Hills possessing equal advantages with those of the Shevaroy for the Cultivation of Coffee as regards soil and climate.

With respect to the Jungle Stream alluded to in the Column of remarks appended to the Statement which accompanied my letter of the 1st. November last, I have to inform you that it

Fort St. George 13th. March 1848.

it cannot be made available for purposes of cultivation, as it is day except in the rainy Season, a even then would have to be carr by Coolies which would be bo expensive and laborious.

Salem — —

Collector's Cutcherry
9th. March 1848.

Collect

Resolution thereon.

(26-27)

Under the explanat afforded in the foregoing letter, the Board authorize the grant o the land on the Maligherry Hills, applied for by Mr. Braddock on the conditions re -commended by the Collector.

Res

E.G.B.

Fort St. George 13th March 1848.

Read the following letter

To

J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St George

Sir,

(28)

From the Collr. of South Arcot

Reporting upon the Claims of Shantee Khantoo and Sheriffa Khanum for Succession to the Vapery Village which was given on Shotteem tenure to the late Subadar Burrah Khan.

Para 1. In returning the Petition — which accompanied the Board's proceedings* on — addressed to Government by Shantee Khantoo and Sheriffa Khantoo, claiming the right — given on Shotteem tenure to the late Subadar Burrah Khan, I have the honor to submit the result of the enquiry made by me on the — subject for the consideration of the Board and Government

2 It is true that the late Subadar Burrah Khan died in the year 1809 and the grant of Shotteem being of a perpetual tenure Ally Khan as his representative in right of adoption, has enjoyed it ever since. In the year 1814 when a general Register of Shotteems was prepared, Ally Khan as adopted son of the late Subadar appeared by Vakeel in this — Cutcherry and stated that he was then in the enjoy- -ment of the said Village, the Shotteem was accordingly entered in the Register in his name and forwarded

* Item No. 7.

17th Febry 1815
6th Oct. 1834

forwarded to the Board of Revenue.

3. Subsequently on a letter being received from the Board requiring a Register of the Inams granted by the British Government, my predecessor Mr. Dent found that this village had not been formally renewed in the name of Ally Khan, called upon him to appear and substantiate his Claims; during the investigation it was proved by several witnesses that the late Subadar, some time previous to his death, adopted Ally Khan and in consequence he has since enjoyed the Inam, the renewal of the grant in Ally Khan's name was accordingly recommended

13th July 1833

by that Gentlemen and sanctioned by the Board of Revenue — The fact of the Petitioners not having preferred their Claim at that time induces me to believe that the whole family were then living on good terms and is a tacit approval of the proceedings.—

Shandee Khanto

4. The two petitioners appeared before me and the 1st Petitioner on being asked why she neglected to prefer her Claims at the time; stated she was a

minor, being now about 40 and a widow with no Family; that Ally Khan was employed as Goomastah and fraudulently got the Village registered in his name

Sheriff a Khanto

5. The 2nd Petitioner also stated that she was a minor at the period of her father's death, and was not aware that it was necessary to prefer her Claims until after the death of Ally Khan — This woman is nearly 40 years of age and has I believe a Son and Daughter.

6. Both Petitioners stated that they were ignorant of the fact of the Subadar having adopted Ally Khan.

7. The Vakeel of Nunneah the widow of Ally Khan deposed that the mother of the 2 petitioners was a Mahratta woman and only the Concubine of the late Subadar who had a married wife by name Moral Khanto and that the name of the Petitioners Mother was Seendry Bee, that on the death of the Subadar Government granted a monthly pension of Rupees 35 to Moral Khanto till her death which occurred in December 1823, that the fact of the exclusion of the

Petitioners

Fort St. George 13th March 1848

Petitioner's Mother to the Pension is suffi
to prove that she was merely a Concubin

8 The 2 Petitioners admit that t
Mother was a Maratta woman, but state
she was a Nikka wife of the Subadar wh
she joined at Seringapatam about 60 years
ago, and declare that they are the law
Daughters of the late Subadar

9 It is impossible now to
ascertain whether this woman was a
wife or Concubine of the Subadar or wh
the Statements of the opponents Vakeel th
the 1st Petitioner is not the Daughter
Subadar are true or not, I beg leave to fo
Copies and Translations of the deposition
given for inspection

10 On consideration of the fac
there appears some Suspicions Circum
how the pension was given in the nam
the married wife Moorat Khanto al
Made the Mother of the petitioners bei
Subadars Nikka wife, her name, as well
Ally Khans, had he been the adopted so
would have been mentioned. With the
of gaining further information I submit
to the Superintendant of Family Pen
mis

Ans 1-2 & 3

This appears
Subnah Khanto
by the letter of
the Supt. of
Pensions—

Fort St. George 13th March 1848

and the Adjutant General of the Army Copies
of the Correspondence are herewith enclosed from
which it will be seen that on the death of
the late Subadar a petition was presented
to the Commander in Chief at the time by
the widow and Son of Barrah Khan without
mentioning their names. This petition
appears to be in the Military Secretary
to Governments office. If this petition
was for the coming and the names were
mentioned therein, the truth of these
facts might easily be ascertained.

It would perhaps be proper
to state that on a previous occasion
the validity of adoption among those of the
Moosulmon faith was Certified and admitted
by the Board and Government.

See letter from Military Secretary to C.C. to Govt 6th June 1809.

To Bd 4th Sept 1846 Para 2

From Bd 3rd Dec 1846.

South West
Collectors Cutcherry
Cuddalore
17th February 1848

I Signed I W. D. Davis
Collector

Translation of a deposition given by Shantee
Khanto residing at Vapery a Shotrium village
in the Tindewanum Talook dated 6th December
1847.

What relation was Burrah
Khan Subadar to You

He was my Father

2

A

Fort St. George 13th March 1848

2 What is your Mother's name?

A Secunderbee

2 Had your Father Burrah Khan another wife?

A He had one named Moorath Khanto

2 Were Secundry bee and Moorath Khanto married wives?

A Moorath Khanto was legally married one and Secundry bee my Mother was a niece a wife.

2 Unsuncawn Stated in his Declaration that your Mother Secundry bee was first Married to Maratta Coste - Is it true?

A It is true.

2 Unsuncawn deposed that Shariffa Khanto was born for Burrah Khan the Subadar and that you were born before your Mother Secundry bee came to the Subadar. Is it true?

A No, I was born to the said Subadar

2 You say that your Mother Secundary was niece married by the Subadar, how many years ago did it occur?

A It is now 60 years - the Ceremony was performed at Seringapatam

2 How long is it since the Subadar Burrah Khan died?

Fort St. George 13th March 1848

About 40 years ago

A Why did not you apply for the Vapery Shotrium Village immediately after your father the said Subadar died?

We did not do so as we were too young

2 What is your age now?

A About 40 years.

2 If you were young at the time of your fathers death, why did not you claim the Village after you had attained your age?

A It being said ally Khan was a Gomastah and got the Village entered in his name after twenty years after my father died I did not claim for it.

2 It is known that Moorath Khanto enjoyed a Pension of ten Pagodas per month during her life time. Is it true?

A It is true.

2 You say that ally Khan was your Gomastah. Have you any document to that effect?

A No He told me so verbally.

2 Why did not you claim the Shotrium village even after the death of ally Khan?

A Unsuncawn told me not to claim and therefore did not.

2 Is it true that Subadar Burrah Kha had brought up Ally Khan as his Son?

A I do not know

/ Marked/ Shantee Kha

/ True translation

/ Signed/ W. D. Davis

Collector

No 2

Translation of a deposition given by Shan Khantoo residing at Vapery a Shetteium village the Tinderannum Taluk dated 9th December

2 How old are you?

A About 44 years

2 What relation is Burrah Kha Subadar to you? & what is your moth

A Burrah Khan is my Father and my Mothers name is Secundry bee

2 Was there another wife to your fath

A There was one named Moorath Kha

2 Were Moorath Khantoo and Secundry bee married wives?

A Moorath Khantoo was a legall married wife, and Seandry bee was a nicca wife.-

2 Where and when the Subadar Burrah Khan married your Mother Secundry bee by nicca?

Hence about 60 years ago, when

A at Seringapatam

Hussan Khan Stated in his

2 deposition, that Shantee Khantoo was born before your Mother Secundry bee had Come to Burrah Khan Subadar Is it Correct?

A She was born to the Subadar after my Mother had Come to him

Hussun Khan says your Mother was a Mahratta woman Is it right?

2 Yes it is true

A How long is it since your Mother Secundry bee died?

About 20 years ago my Mo-

A ther was aged about 40 or 50 years which I do not known exactly-

Why did not you Claim

2 the Shotrium village immediately after your father the Said Subadar Burrah Khan died?

We were young, and there-

A fore did not know

If that be the Case

2 why did not you Claim it after you become of age?

3731. Fort St George 13th March 1848

A We did not know, that we ought to have claimed it and got it registered in our names. It was known to us only after the death of Ally Khan

2 Why did not you claim even after the death of ally Khan?

A I Submitted by Kappal through my husbands an application under my Signature regarding my inheritance.—

2 Was Moorath Khantoo enjoyed during her life time a Pension of Ten Pagodas per month after the death of your Father?

A Yes

2 Is it true, that your father Burrah Khan Subadar brought up ally Khan as his Child?

A He was in his house but I do not know any thing of his having brought him up like a Child.—

/ marked / Sheriffa Khan

/ True translation /

/ Signed / W. D Davis

Collector

Translator

3732 Fort St George 13th March 1848

No 3.

Translation of a deposition given by Hyeencaun Vakeel to Kunnemabee widow of Allycaun Soorothunndar of Vapoory in the Tindivanum Talook dated 9th December 1847

2 What relation are you to Burrah Khan the original Soorothunndar?

A I am his Nephew, and my Father's name is Vayeecaun.—

2 How many wives had the said Subadar Burrah Khan and what are their Names?

A Moorath Khantoo was a Married wife and at the time of the Subadars returning from the Camp, he brought with him one named Secundaybee who was of the Marattee caste and his Kept woman.—

2 Was there any issue to Moorath-Khatoo?

A None but my brother Allekhan was brought up by her as a child.—

2 Tell the truth, whether the Secundaybee was a married woman or not?

A She was a kept woman and not legally married.—

2 Was there any issue to the said

said. Secundrybee?

A. She had a girl named Shanteekhatoo before she came to the Subadar Burrakhan and afterwards another named Sheriffa Khatoo born at Vapery Shrotriem Village, after the Village was purchased by the Subadar Burrakhan This is all, and she had no more

2 What proof is there, that Secundrybee was not a Married woman?

A. The Subadar Burrakhan was drawing 20 Pagodas as full pension, and at his death, ten was granted to his married wife Moorath Khatoo for her maintenance This is a particular proof that Secundrybee was not a Married wife —

(Signed) Hufsuncawn

(True translation)

(Signed) W. D. Davis

Coll.r

No. 1.

To

Major R. Thorpe

Superintendent of Pensions

Fort St. George

Sir,

In consideration of meritorious service rendered to Government at the battle

of Ajsaye by Burrakhan Subedar, the Village of Vepery in this District was Conferred on him as Shrotriem by Government in perpetuity in the year 1805, in addition to which it being Now represented that a Pension of Twenty Pagodas per Mensem was also granted to the said Subadar, & that on his demise in 1809, a Moiety of that Pension was also continued to his widow Moorathkhatoo for several years until her death I shall feel obliged by your informing me whether any Pension was enjoyed by the late Subadar and his widow as above stated, & if so, to furnish me with the Copies of any correspondence which have transpired on the occasion of granting and renewing the Pension, to enable the parties to settle the Pretensions to certain claimants of the family to the Shrotriem Village —

South Arcot Coll.rs Cutcherry, Cuddalore, 2d December 1847

(Signed) W. D. Davis

Collector

To W. D. Davis Esqre

Coll.r of South Arcot

Sir,

I have the honor in reply to your letter No. 613 dated 2d Instant to acquaint you, that agreeably to G.O. 22nd March

Copy sent to the Adjutant Genl. of the army 30th Dec.r 1847.

Fort St. George 13th March 1818

March 1805, Soobadar Burra Khan was allowed a Pension equal to the amount of his full pay and appears to have died in the year 1809 as his widow named Fatmah Katoo was Pensioned from the 9th June 1809 on Rupees 35 per Mensem which lapsed on her death, which took place at Madras on the 15th December 1[illegible]

No correspondence of any description can be found in this Office in regard to the Pension granted to the Subadar or his widow, both having been Pensioned prior to the formation of this Office in the year 1816, and the name of the widow appears to have been extracted from an old Register then kept in the Town Majors Office, and entered in the General Register of this Office, compiled in that year—

Fort St George — Pension Office 21st December 1817 } (Signed) J. K. Thorpe Supt. of Pensions

To The Adjutant General of the Army Fort St George

Sir,

In forwarding for your information Copies of Letters to and from the

Fort St. George 13th March 1818.

the Superintendent of Military Pensions, I have the honor to request that you will be so good as to furnish me with Copies of any correspondence that may have transpired on the occasion of the Pension granted to Subadar Burrah Khan, and (after his death to his widow) as also Copies of any Petition that may have been presented by the Subedar, applying for the Pension in question—

South Arcot Coll.rs Cutcherry Cuddalore, 30th Decr 1817 } (Signed) H. Wood Acg Sub Coll.r in Charge

To H. Wood Esqre

Acting Sub Collector

South Arcot

Sir,

In acknowleding the receipt of your letter No. 668 of the 30th Ultimo, I have the honor to inform you, that the annexed Extract of a letter from the Military Secretary to the Commander in Chief dated 6th June 1809, to the Secretary to Government, is the only Communication to be traced in the Records of this Office regarding the late Subadar Burry Khan—

I would suggest your applying to—

2

Fort St George 13th March 1848

to the Military Secretary to Government for further information on the subject—

Adjt Genls Office
Fort St George
17th January 1818.

/ Signed / C. Cooke
Asst Dy Apsts Genl Adjt Genl of the Army

Extract from a letter from the Military Secretary to the Commander in Chief dated 6th June 1809—

"A Petition handed to Major General Gowdie by the Widow and Son of Burry Khan late Subadar in the 1st Battalion 8th Native Regiment. The Petition and Certificate is transmitted for the consideration of the Honorable the Governor in Council, as it appears so evident that Subadar Burry Khan died from the effects of the wound in his Shoulder that his Family may be allowed with such an have met the indulgence of the Honble Govt 3d September 1804"—

/ True Extract /
/ Signed / C. Cooke
Asst Dy Apsts Genl of the Army

/ True Copies /
/ Signed / W. D. Davis
Coll

Fort St George 13th March 1848

Ordered that the foregoing letter be submitted with the following address—

To The Chief Secretary to Government

Sir,

28-29

To the Chief Secy to Government

Replying to the requisition contained in Minutes of Consultation 23d October last respecting the Shrotriem Village of Vepery in the South Arcot district Submitting letter from the Collr reporting the death of the Minor Shrotriemdar and recommending the continuance of the Grant in the name of his Younger Son—

In Cons 4th Nov 1847

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to acknowledge the receipt of Extract from Minutes of Consultation dated 23rd October 1847, forwarding a petition from Shaudee Khauthoo and sheriffa Khauthoo, who claim to succeed to the Shrotriem Village of Vepery in South Arcot as daughters of the late Subadar Burrah Khan, the original grantee and requesting them to state whether any report had been received from the Collector of South Arcot of the death of Abdoolahkhan the party to whom the grant of the Shrotriem was continued under the orders of Government dated 16th March 1846. The Board were at the same time directed to submit, with their own opinion on the case, a concise report of the circumstances under which the Shrotriem was registered, in July 1835, by their orders, in the name of Allykhan, the Nephew of the

Fort St George 13th March 184

the late Subadar, to the prejudice of the
right of succession of his two surviving
daughters who, in default of Male issue, be
his legal heirs, and whose claims have also
been set aside in favor of an adopted son
adoption is not recognized by the Maho
law—

2 The Government further obse
that it now becomes a question for con
=sideration, whether, under the circumstan
of the case, the daughters of the late Suba
should still be deprived of their legal
rights, and the Government of the reve
of the property on the death of these fe
without issue, and on this point they
especially requested the opinion of the Bo

3 In reply the Board direc
me to state that they had received a letter
the Collector of South Arcot, dated 7th Octo
last which is forwarded herewith, report
the death on the 24th June preceding of
Abdoollah Khan, the Minor Shrotriender of
and recommending the Continuance of the gr
in the name of his Younger brothers. That Mah
Khan, and on the point of submitting it
orders of Government, when the Extract fr
Minutes of Consultation, now under acknowledg
received

Inclosure 4th Nov. 1847.

J. G. B.

Fort St George 13th March 1848.

From Pt Collector 28th Novr 1833 & Encs 4th Decr 1834.
From Dpy Secy in Govt 13th July 1835 & Board's Proceedings 18th July 1835

reached their Office

4 The circumstances under which the
Board authorized the registry of the Village of Vepery
in the name of the late Ally Khan in July 1838 are
fully explained in the correspondence noted in
the Margin. From Mr Principal Collectors Dents
Letters of 25th November 1834 and 2d July 1835 it
will be seen that the Soubadar Burrauk Khan
died in the year 1809 and that his Nephew and
adopted Son, Ally Khan, had since that time
been in possession of the Shrotrium, although it
still continued in the name of the original grantee.
Under what authority he assumed possession was
not apparent, but Mr Dent stated that as the
Soubadar had no male issue, he had, during his
life time, adopted his Nephew, Ally Khan, who, in
virtue of his adoption, had, since the Soubadar's
death, enjoyed the proceeds of the Village. Mr Dent
further stated that the fact of the adoption had
been fully substantiated by enquiries made in
Vepery and the neighbouring Villages, and as
the grant was in perpetuity, he recommended
that it should be continued to Ally Khan. The
Board accordingly authorized the Principal
Collector to register the Village in the name
of that individual—

19th Feby 1846

5 On the death of Ally Khan in 1845
these circumstances were brought to the notice
of Government, who, under date 16th March 1846

Inform 30th March 1846.

authorized

Fort St. George 13th. March 1848.

authorized the continuance of the grant in the name of Abdullah Khan, son of Ally Khan, and the party whose death is now reported.

Board's Proc. 4th November 1847 From Collr. 17th Feby. in Do. 13th March 1848.

6. Since the receipt of the Minutes of Consultation under reference the Board have also been in correspondence with the Collector of Tanjore relative to the claims now brought forward by the Petitioners Shaudee Khan two and Sheriff a Fakir two. From Mr. Davis's communications of 17th February 1848 it will be observed that these persons have not been able to establish the fact of their being the legitimate offspring of the late Burrah Khan, but that on the contrary the depositions taken before the Collector and the facts elicited on enquiry go to prove that they are his natural daughters. Among these facts it should perhaps be brought to notice one not the least important is the admission by the Petitioners that their mother was a Maratta Woman and if she were so, she could not be even the Reputed wife of a Mussulman.

7. From the above it will, the Board think, be apparent that the Petitioners Shaudee Khan two and Sheriff a Khan two are not the legitimate issue of the original grantee Soubadar Burrah Khan, and they have consequently sustained a wrong by having been set aside in favour of the adopted son Ally Khan. How far the claims of this last in modern individual founded upon adoption, should have been legally recognized on the death of his adoptive father, the Board will leave for the determination of Government. They may however remark that as the adoption of Ally though intimated to Government in the Board's letter of 19th February was not considered to form a bar to the succession to the Sheristadarship of his son, the late Abdoollah Khan so it will not perhaps be held to operate to the prejudice of the present claimants, those Mahomedan Khan brothers of the last, and sons of the preceding holder.

8. In conclusion the Board would observe that the case referred to in the last para. of Mr. Davis' letter in which the adoption of a Mahomedan adoption was admitted by the Board and Government, cannot be said to be parallel with the one under consideration. The former case was that of a Service Vacancy which continued to a party not on account of his alleged adoption but his being the nearest connection of the deceased Peon and being qualified to perform the service for which the grant was originally made.

Revenue Board Office, Fort St. George, 13th March 1848.

/ Signed T. Pycroft
Secretary.

Read

Fort St. George 13th. March 1848.

Read the following letter.

To,
The Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

30

From J. F. Bishop Esqr. Collector of Tanjore

Sir,

I have the honor to forward for the information of the Most Noble the Governor in Council the annual statements of the disbursements on account of Negapatam and Combaconum Lungerkhanahs for the year 1847 and request that sanction may be procured for the disbursed amount,

Negapatam Rs. a. p. 593-4-4
Combaconum 262-5-2
Total 855-9-6

Viz. Rupees 855-9-6.

Tanjore Vellum 22nd February 1848.

/ Signed J. F. Bishop
Collector

Report

ORIGINAL DESTROYED

3743.

Fort St. Geo. 13th March 1848.

Report of the Inmates in the Lazar House at Cuddalore for the year 1847.

		Deduct					Remainder			Expenditure					
	No. of Persons during the last Month admitted in the Lazar House	No. of Persons discharged cured according to orders	No. of persons who left the Lazar House: Perished not Sick	Sick	Removed from Sick Ward	No. of Deaths	Total	Perished not Sick	Removed from Sick Ward	Sick	Total	For Food	Salaries of the Servants	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
												Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
January	23	16	"	"	4	1	17	"	"	6	6	12 11 5	5 8 "	18 3 5
February	26	17	"	"	4	1	18	"	"	8	8	10 15 1	5 8 "	16 7 1
March	28	17	"	"	4	1	18	"	"	10	10	11 7 4½	5 8 "	16 15 4½
April	34	22	"	"	4	1	23	"	"	11	11	14 2 2½	5 8 "	19 10 2½
May	40	27	"	"	4	2	29	"	"	11	11	14 1 4	5 8 "	19 9 4
June	26	17	"	"	4	"	17	"	"	9	9	12 2 11	5 8 "	17 10 11
July	27	17	"	"	4	"	17	"	"	10	10	14 15 11	5 8 "	20 7 11
August	29	16	"	"	4	2	18	"	"	11	11	16 5 4	5 8 "	21 13 4
September	40	22	"	"	4	3	25	"	"	15	15	21 12 10	5 8 "	27 4 10
October	41	25	"	"	4	"	25	"	"	16	16	25 5 11	5 8 "	30 13 11
November	39	20	"	"	4	3	23	"	"	16	16	20 11	5 8 "	25 9 1
December	37	18	"	"	4	3	21	"	"	16	16	17 14 2	5 8 "	23 6 2
Totals	390	234	"	"	"	17	251	"	"	139	139	191 15 7	66 " "	257 15 7
													Charges for Medicines &c.	4 8 7
													Grand Total	262 8 2

Tanjore 24th February 1848.

I signed J. F. Bishop
Collector.

Report

3744-

13th March 1848-

Fort St. Georg

Report of the Inmates and Expenditure of the Kegapatam Lazar House for 1847-

Months	No. of Persons each Month	No. Dismissed as ordered	No. of Deaths	Remain Sick
January	23	10	"	13
February	28	8	1	19
March	35	16	"	19
April	25	8	1	16
May	35	18	"	17
June	30	13	"	17
July	26	1	4	21
August	31	4	1	26
September	34	6	2	26
October	30	3	"	27
November	34	4	1	29
December	32	7	1	24
	363	98	11	254

Expenditure

Bazar			Servants wages			Total		
32	4	8	8	8	"	40	12	8
38	10	4	8	8	"	47	2	4
39	3	11	8	8	"	47	11	11
39	1	3	8	8	"	47	9	3
39	6	11	8	8	"	47	14	11
34	13	3	8	8	"	43	5	3
35	7	3	12	"	"	47	7	3
36	7	6	12	"	"	47	7	6
3	2	11	12	"	"	48	2	11
40	4	5	12	"	"	52	4	5
35	10	11	12	"	"	47	10	11
37	7	6	12	"	"	49	7	"
444	"	4	123	"	"	367	"	4

Charges for Medicines		19	8
Lazar House Repairs		6	12
Total Rupees		393	4

Kegapatam, January 10th 1848

I Signed J. F. Bishop
Collector

Proceedings-

30-31

Fort St. George 13th March 1848.

Proceedings thereon,— Resolved that the papers above recorded be submitted for the orders of the Honorable the Governor in Council, with reference to the order of Government No 37 dated the 19th January last.

In Cons 27th January 1848

The Board beg to recommend the further charges actually incurred in the year 1847 on account of the Lunger Khanahs established at Negapatam and Combaconum amounting in the aggregate to Rupees 1855-9-6 Eight hundred and fifty five, annas nine and pice six, may be defrayed from the Surplus Pagoda funds of the District of Tanjore.

Negapatam Rs a p
Lunger Khanah 393-4-4
Combaconum 262-5-2
855-9-6

Read the following letter

To,

T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

32

From the Acting Collector of Trichinopoly

Sir,

I have the honor to report to you the death of Arogiam Pillay the Tahsildar of Ayavaram which took place at Ayavaram in Tanjore District on the 3d Instant which place he has gone a few days previous for advice. I take the opportunity of suggesting the

RECEIVED 25 MAR 1848 DEST TO

Fort St. George 13th March 1848.

transfer of Bujinga Row late Tahsildar of Lalgoody at present Tahsildar of Conand to that Talook.

True Extract
Collectors Cutcherry
17th February 1848.

Signed W. Elliot
Acting Collector.

32-33

Resolution thereon,— With reference to the instructions communicated to the Acting Collector through the Department of Public works under date the 21st Ultimo, the Board will await the result of the Proceedings connected with the Case of Bujinga Row Tahsildar of Lalgoody, before sanctioning his removal to the Talook of Arnealore, as recommended by Mr. Elliot in the foregoing letter.

To T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Madras.

34

From the Acting Collector of Trichinopoly

Sir,

With reference to the Extract from the Board's Proceedings dated the 2d Instant, I beg to inform you that six Witnesses were examined in the Case alluded to by me in my letter of the 19th Ultimo, their evidence not being particular but their evidence not being particularly conclusive I issued on the 3d Instant orders to the Tahsildar of Volicondapuram to send to the Trichinopoly Cutcherry the

RECEIVED 25 MAR 1848 DEST TO

we have

3747 Fort St. George 13th. March 1848.

Widow of late Dawood Khan on subject of pen-
sion the result of my enquiry will be submitted
for the information of the Board

Trichinopoly
Collectors Office
6th. March 1848.

/ Signed W Elliot
Acting Collector

Order thereon, Ordered to be disposed of on re-
ceipt of the further communication from
the Acting Collector

(34-35)

Read the following letter

To T. Pycroft Esqre.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

From the Coll.r of Madura

Sir,

With reference to the Board's Proceed-
ings under date the 23d. December last, I have
the honor to state that further consideration does not
enable me to make any alteration in my estimate of
the production of Sugar Canes in this District. The
quantity raised is small, and the soil of a moderate
good quality only I observe that the average per acre is
the same as in Rajahmundry and nearly the same as
in South Arcot. In Tinnevelly where the Rep is put
down as much higher, Sugar Cane is grown to more profit
the Tamarind Talook where both soil and means of
irrigation are superior to what is found in this District.

The estimate of the Consumption of a District
which imports by land and has no Custom house to regu-
late the extent of Import, must necessarily be very vague
The Calculation for Madura was made at so much a
head, for Rich, Poor, and Children respectively

There is no Exports from this District

Madurea, 4th. March 1848.

/ Signed R. D. Parker
Collector

Order thereon,

Ordered to lie over

(36)

(31-37)

3748 Fort St. George 13th March 1848

To

T. Pycroft Esquire
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(38)

From the Collector
of Madura

Sir.

In reply to your letter of the 28th. ult.mo I have the honor to state that the reports you mention will not answer the purpose required. From a circular order issued by Mr Kinloch I imagined that he might have made a general report of the heirs of all the Zemindars under his control and forwarded their answers to his questions on the subject

Madura
4th. March 1848.

(Signed) R. D. Parker
Collector

Order thereon-

ordered to be recorded

(38-39)

Read the following letter

To

T. Pycroft Esquire
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(40)

From the Bremr Collr of Coimbatore

Affording explanations called for by the Board regarding a claim set up by Major Monahin of the Madras Army for the recovery from Government of

Sir

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 7th Instant giving cover to copy of communication from Major Monahin relative to a refund of Rupees 267-7- stated to have been over collected from that Gentleman on certain lands at Coonoor together with interest at 12 per Cent, and, adverting

of certain reversions said to be overpaid by him for lands in his occupation—

adverting to the delay represented to have occurred on the reimbursement requesting me to report upon the several points brought to notice in the above Correspondence.—

II In reply I beg leave to assure the Board that no unusual or extraordinary delay has taken place in this case, than necessarily occurs in matters of office routine.—

III The Property which gave rise to this correspondence was first acquired by Captain T. Needham of the Madras Army in 1841, and subsequently transferred to Captain Vallancey, again to Captain Reynolds of the Bombay Establishment, and finally to Major Minchin—the circumstances connected with the acquisition having been already laid before the Board of Revenue in my letter of the 22.d August 1843, a review of the previous proceeding would be unnecessary— and I therefore consider it expedient to enter upon the immediate and most prominent facts of the case.—

IV The quit rent due on the Estate which as ascertained by measurement, and admitted by Captain Needham to consist of 169 bawnies of grounds and 900 square feet, amounting to Rupees 432—9—7 not having been paid for three years, Viz.t from 12.th July 1841 to 11.th July 1844. Major Minchin was called upon to adjust the same when he remarked that from information obtained

obtained from Captain Auchterlony, as he did not think that the land consisted of more than 80 bawnies he did not consider himself bound to pay the amount demanded— In a further Communication, he again stated that it was not intended in his former letter to say "that the land in his occupation was "only 80 bawnies, but that only 80 bawnies of the "land in his occupation was cultivated; it having "been always understood that for cultivation land "only quit rent was payable."— Major Minchin further added that he was "well aware that "more than 80 bawnies or even than 169 bawnies "is in his occupation, but much of it is yet un= "= cleared;, and can be taken under cultivate= "=on only by degrees."

Letter to the Board dated August 1845 No 63

V These circumstances were communicated to the Board of Revenue and in Extract from their Proceedings bearing date the 30.th October 1845, the Board observed that "they consider it incumbent "on Major Minchin to pay the rent demandable "for the land which he has enclosed to the "exclusion of other occupants, and, pending the "receipt of the Orders of Government on the Subject, "they are of opinion that the demand should "be made according to the Survey assessment, and "to the General Rules under which it is ap= applicable

"applicable in the District" &c &c &c This was communicated to Major Monchen, and the arrear rent was paid up by that Gentleman in the early part of 1846 under protest that the Tahsildars measurement, Viz.t the extent occupied by Captains Nidham, Vellacy, and Reynolds was nearly by one third in excess of the real quantity of land under cultivation thereby clearly exhibiting that the extent under cultivation was 80 Cawnies or nearly so without reference to the entire area enclosed

For 120 Cawnies and 3 Grounds as at 18.1.8 per Annum. No further extents of 49. 3. 36 having been stated by Major Monchen to have been relinquished.

VII

In December 1846, Major Monchin Communicated that the land was admeasured by Captain Ouchterlony, and the extent ascertained not to exceed 43½ Cawnies - This information being of a private character (Vide Marginal Extract of Major Monchins letter) I was unable to act upon it. —

In June 1847 I shall now only bear in mind that the information received from Capt Ouchterlony was not binding upon Govt & I have to request that no reference may be made to me in any difficulty for having neglected it.

VII

An authenticated plan of the Property was received only on the 5th October last, which is herewith Submitted. for the inspection of the Board, the Tahsildar of Ootacamund was called upon subsequently to explain the correct amount leviable on the portion entered

entered in the plan, which was responded to by him on the 10th November 1847 to the effect that this information can only be correctly obtained upon an inspection of the different parcels of ground Composing the Estate, the rate of taxation not being uniform. The only delay therefore which would seem to have taken place, has been in this instance for, the requisition to allow the Officials of Ootacamund to inspect the land was forwarded to Major Monchin on the 15th Ultimo or nearly two Months after the receipt of the Tahsildar's report which, with reference to the heavy press of business prevailing at this period of the year added to other causes, cannot, I trust, be considered extraordinary.

VIII

Under these circumstances I feel confident, the Board will readily perceive that there has been no want of attention on the part of my Department to meet Major Monchins wishes and that the submission of his claim for the refund of the over payment was delayed entirely from the absence of a correct survey of the Estate. Vide Boards Proceedings Department of Public Works noted in the Margin.

5th October 1846 No 46

IX

Major Monchins claim is Still involved in Considerable doubt. The ground enclosed

Fort St. George 13th March 1848

enclosed and occupied was ascertained by my Co
Officials and admitted by Major Minchin to consist
of 120 cawnies and 3 grounds, according to Captain
Ouchterlony's Survey it now measures 43½ cawnies
and how this extraordinary deficiency has occurred
I am at a loss to account for, the more particularly
as I have received no intimation from Major Minchin
to the effect of his having given up two thirds of
the land originally held by him. The boundaries
of the Estate as at present measured seem to have been
pointed out by Major Minchin himself without
reference to, and in the absence of the Officials of
Ootacamund, and I therefore deem a further reference
to Captain Ouchterlony, to be necessary with a view to
ascertain whether his mensuration refers exclusively
to the plantation or to the whole land enclosed
the limits of which I should be pointed out by
the Tahsildar of Ootacamund — if the Board how
=ever consider it expedient to authorize the repay
=ment claimed, I request Major Minchin may be
desired to allow the authorities to inspect the plan
=tation to enable them to arrive at a correct know
=ledge as to the precise amount to be refunded.—

X It would appear that the aggregate
quantity of land transferred to Major
Minchin amount to 169 cawnies 6 Grounds and 90
Square

Fort St. George 13th March 1848

Square feet; but on consequence of that Gentleman's
Statement the separate piece measuring 49 — 3
90 bearing an assessment of Rupees 30 — 12 — 7
has never been occupied by him, the rent due thereon was
not inforced. —

XI With advertence to the Major's claim for
interest at 12 per Cent for the amount alledged to have
been over paid, I would observe that this is without
precedent — The amount over collected from one Rama=
=nathsing under similar circumstances was repaid
to that Individual as directed by Government. but
a similar claim was not put forward by him,
In fact it would appear that great discretion and
forbearance have been excercised in Major Minchin's
Case for the amount due from Fus ly 1251 / 1841/42 was not
adjusted until after the expiration of five years — for
which period no interest was charged, although
such a demand was perfectly fair under Section VIII
Regulation XXVII of 1802. —

XII The annual settlement of the Hills
is about to commence, and as it will be conducted
on person, I have no doubt that I shall be enabled
to clear up all the doubts connected with Major
Minchin's Property. —

(Signed) J. C. Stroughton
Princ. Collector
ordered

Coimbatore
15th February 1848

3755 Fort St.e George 13th March 1848

Ordered that the following letter be sent in reply.

40-41

To the Principal Collector of Coimbatore

To

The Principal Collector of
Coimbatore

Sir

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 15th Ultimo reporting upon the Claim advanced by Major Minchin of the Madras army to the refund of certain quit rent alleged to have been paid by him on land in his occupation at Coonoor in excess of the amount properly chargeable.—

2 From this letter and from the previous Correspondence on the same Subject it appears that the extent of land at Coonoor bought by Captain Vallancy by Captain Reynolds of the Bombay Army and Sold by this latter officer to Major Minchin was 169-6-37 6 5/7 900 inclusive of a piece of 49 Cawnies which is still uncleared.— In his letter to your address of 17th February 1845, copy of which was transmitted in your communication of the 19th August of the same year, Major Minchin represented "that Captain Ouchterlany who had commenced the Survey of the land had told him that altogether he did not think that there was more than 80 Cawnies

To the Principal Collector of Coimbatore

Requesting him to call a meeting of Captain Ouchterlony and the Revenue authorities for the purpose of defining certain lands on the Neilgherry Hills in the occupation of Major Minchin and to report further on the same.—

In Cons.s 29th Sept.r 1845

3750 Fort St.e George 13th March 1848

under cultivation" while on a Subsequent letter to you he "admitted that "he was well aware that much more "than 80 Cawnies or even than 169 Cawnies was in "his occupation, but much of it was yet uncleared and "could be taken into cultivation only by degrees.— Again in Para 9 of your letter now under reply it is Stated that "the ground enclosed and occupied was ascertained by "your Officials and admitted by Major Minchin to consist "of Cawnies 120-9-3"—

3 In their Proceedings of the 30th October 1845 the "Board declared that it was incumbent on Major Minchin "to pay the rent demandable for the land which he has "enclosed to the exclusion of other occupants" and referring to the various Statements quoted in the preceding Para, they quite agree with you that it is important to ascertain whether or not the extent (43-6-10 9) included in Captain Ouchterlony's Survey comprises not only all the land cultivated by Major Minchin but also the entire area inclosed by that Gentleman— I have therefore to beg that you will request Captain Ouchterlony to meet Major Minchin and the revenue authorities on the Spot, at Such time as may be most convenient to all parties, when the limits of the whole land occupied by Major Minchin Should be inspected, and it Should be determined whether the whole of Such land be actually entered in Captain Ouchterlony's plan— If it is not, a fresh plan Should be prepared Shewing the entire extent

of

of land in Major Minchins occupation, &c. by which is to be understood all that he may have either cultivated, cleared, or enclosed to the exclusion of other occupants, and the amount of quit rent to be refunded, (if any) calculated on this extent up to the close of fasly 1256.— at the same time Major Minchin should be distinctly informed that tho' he is now required to pay rent on the full quantity which he may have occupied, he will be at liberty for the future to give up any portion which he may wish to relinquish contracting his boundaries accordingly, and with the clear understanding that he forfeits all right both to any portion for which he may not now be charged, and to any for which he may henceforth cease to pay rent.— The Board trust that you will be enabled to be present at Captain Ouchterlony's inspection of the localities, but under any circumstances they presume that you will be able to depute one of your European assistants.—

In your letter to Major Minchin of 24th February 1846 you state that 169-6-900 were entered on the name of Captain Vallancy subsequently transferred to Captain Reynolds and ultimately

ultimately to Major Minchin. The Board wish to know on what accounts the said quantity was entered in Captain Vallancey's name, and whether the subsequent transfers are registered in your Office— also adverting to Mr Acting Secretary Lovell's letter to you of the 1st June 1843, whether either Captain Vallancey or Reynolds ever made any formal and regular application to you for permission to hold this land or any part of it.—

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
13th March 1848

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary

Read the following letter

(42)

From the Collector of Malabar

To
T. Pycroft Esqure
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

Sir

In reference to Mr Whites

Reporting with reference to Mr. White's communication of the 15th ult. that the peculiar formation of the District of Malabar renders it highly improbable that it should be thought necessary to check any disposition of the inhabitants to reduce the Jungles for the purposes of cultivation on the score of its causing a scarcity of rain—

communication of the 15th November last, I have the honor to observe that I hardly think any risque of a paucity of rain is to be apprehended from any possible amount of clearing in the Malabar Forests— The mountains which encircle the country on the land side, are of so great an elevation as to ensure the attraction and breaking of the clouds, while the most declivities, many of which extend in precipitous ridges far into the low country are clothed with the mass of vegetation which it would be neither the interest nor in the power

I allude especially to the Southern portion.

power of man to destroy.— A large portion of the interior of the more level country is, and always must be from the nature of the soil— a hard laterite— somewhat deficient in trees either wild or cultivated— but a broad belt of the Sea coast is amply provided with the latter and considering their value is sure to be always so.—

2 By the accompanying Memorandum A it will be seen that the fall of rain has by no means lessened of late years, tho' the clearance of jungle land (such jungle lands as can be reclaimed) has been great.—

3 I have not succeeded in getting any satisfactory report as to the depth of water at the bar of the river at Cochin at present as compared with former years, no observations having been kept till of late— at Bonany the mouth of the river itself has changed— at Beypoor the depth is the same as is given by Horsburgh— Captain Williams informs me however, that the bar is without doubt less deep than it was five years ago— He could then bring in timber boats of a size which cannot be brought in now— This may arise not so much from a deficiency of rain as from an opening of floods and it seems to me that the rain of late has fallen more equally than it is frequently said to have done— Science might afford some other solution.—

4 None who has at any time had his attention attracted to the subject can for a moment doubt the fact that as a general rule the loss of trees leads to a loss of moisture. Spain I believe is a clear instance of this truth— But I merely wish to assure the Government, and it will be no doubt a pleasure to them to be so assured, that the peculiar formation of the Malabar District, a Strip of land with a boundary of high mountains with wild wooded and very steep declivities, renders it highly improbable to my poor judgment that it should ever be thought necessary to check any dispostation of its inhabitants to reduce the Jungles for the purposes of cultivation.—

5 I have written so much in former + reports about the state of the woods of Malabar that I need hardly recapitulate here— Steps are being taken, as the Board are aware, to make new Teak plantations in that part of the District which lies along the Beypoor river and I do not think any thing more is required at present

+ To B.d dated 12.th June 1841
" " 15.th July "
" " 30.th Nov.r 1843
" " 14.th Octo.r 1844
" " 30.th Sept.r 1846

(Signed) H. V. Conolly
Collector

6 Calicut
4.th March 1848

Comparative

3749

of certain r
mee Sara
be overpai
by him f
Lands in
occupation

3761.

Fort St. George 13th March 1848

Comparative abstract of Rain fallen at Anjarakandy from the year 1810

Months	1810		1811		1812		1813		1814		1815		1816		1817		1818		1819		1820		1821	
Monsoon Commenced	20th May		31st May		31st May		27th May		15th June		27th May		18th June		27th May		5th June		19th May		26th May		16th June	
	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts
January	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
February	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	10	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	12	"	"
March	"	"	"	"	"	"	9	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	30	"	13	"	14
April	"	"	"	15	"	"	"	27	"	90	2	5	"	95	"	10	"	49	1	76	3	66	"	91
May	"	37	3	22	"	45	"	56	"	3	80	2	"	5	85	1	7	3	45	7	94	10	7	
June	20	82	5	70	4	85	10	30	23	40	31	50	26	95	27	70	43	17	34	94	45	29	19	77
July	27	"	"	36	75	39	5	18	43	20	47	70	37	15	53	"	53	98	41	58	29	53	36	29
August	36	85	23	35	18	45	21	70	25	55	18	90	22	80	13	90	49	97	23	81	29	22	24	80
September	15	70	18	50	20	20	25	60	15	90	18	40	7	90	14	90	11	73	20	31	16	49	4	15
October	13	65	2	70	13	55	7	55	3	65	10	25	3	55	12	75	6	27	2	66	2	40	1	61
November	3	47	13	67	3	5	9	85	1	40	8	15	"	80	6	80	2	57	6	66	"	92	"	70
December	1	60	"	85	"	10	"	"	"	"	"	65	"	"	1	7	"	24	"	"	2	63	"	"
Total Inches	125	93	104	89	102	70	93	85	145	10	133	40	102	10	136	7	169	19	135	47	138	18	94	44
Greatest fall of Rain in 24 hours	15th July		1st June		25th June		15th Octo		17th July		11th June		23d July		21st Septr		16th Augt		9th July		29th June		5th August	
	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts
	4	80	4	50	4	85	4	60	3	90	5	40	3	75	4	55	6	63	7	6	5	38	4	66
															4th Nov									
Extraordinary fall of rain in 45 Minutes	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	5	72	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

1822		1823		1824		1825		1826		1827		1828		1829	
2d June		6th June		12th June		30th May		26th May		2d June		1st June		23d May	
In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts
"	43	"	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	4	9	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	3	55	"	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	3	61	1	07
"	86	"	96	1	63	"	1	3	60	1	53	7	3	3	85
9	20	2	35	4	28	3	45	6	47	4	98	5	5	16	47
32	64	32	97	17	98	37	37	39	44	53	66	4	41	44	37
41	99	60	2	35	60	44	51	52	90	58	1	51	64	31	29
24	85	19	22	25	2	19	82	16	50	21	59	23	46	17	98
16	91	8	74	2	91	5	1	8	67	9	11	11	46	2	32
12	45	1	94	9	68	9	37	3	83	3	49	10	35	8	7
4	61	"	83	2	63	6	16	2	99	1	40	3	70	"	99
1	66	"	"	1	50	"	85	"	40	"	15	"	"	2	80
145	60	130	67	101	26	126	55	134	80	158	1	161	71	129	21

8th July		16th July		6th July		2d June		7th July		10th June		8th June		28th June	
In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts	In	Cts
4	89	6	46	5	56	5	68	6	84	11	64	6	25	7	70
"		"		"		"		"		"		"		"	

3762

Fort St. John 13th March 1848.

1830	1831	1832	1833	1834	1835	1836	1837	1838	1839	1840	1841	1842	1843	1844	1845	1846	1847
11th May	2nd May	9th May	16th May	18th June	27th June	3rd June	26th May	31st	19th May	7th June	26th May	27th May	21st May	23rd May	30th May	24th May	20th May
In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	"	" "	" "	" "	1 — 1	7 — 18	" "	" "	77	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" 1	" "	" "	"	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" "	1 — 27	" — 1	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	"	" "	" "	" "	2 "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	87
3 — 2	" — 12	" 20	7 — 64	" 3	3 — 26	1 — 60	" 4	2	" 7	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	1 83	1 48	" 11	
12 — 65	3 — 92	" 76	13 — 45	1 — 31	8 — 89	4 — 5	9 "	4	5 — 63	7 22	" 42	2 — 45	7 — 46	2 — 85	1 — 12	" 97	8 — 87		
38 — 40	53 — 18	47 29	23 — 59	34 — 44	47 — 83	46 — 38	28 — 60	30	21 — 25	3 — 48	9 — 81	27 20	26 — 58	10 — 71	5 11	12 43	75 — 74		
31 — 22	24 — 52	66 — 76	41 — 97	28 — 31	23 — 89	22 — 49	33 — 12	21	40 — 44	37 72	56 14	29 9	48 — 9	78 — 17	47 — 3	63 — 10	62 26		
9 — 81	27 — 65	23 — 11	12 — 64	17 — 6	18 — 66	30 — 64	14 — 61	8	52 — 89	38 58	46 50	40 — 76	49 — 37	38 — 75	38 — 21	32 53	41 — 14		
8 — 57	18 — 43	4 — 54	25 — 62	9 — 5	16 — 19	10 — 18	11 — 32	6	22 — 7	12 64	23 — 10	24 33	15 — 23	75 89	20 57	34 71	25 — 13		
5 — 26	10 — 6	3 — 91	7 — 62	6 — 11	8 — 84	" 39	15 — 15	5	4 — 20	14 92	3 — 35	14 2	10 — 94	8 — 43	6 — 19	5 — 83	8 — 12		
2 — 91	6 — 7	" "	2 — 55	2 — 16	4 — 1	2 — 50	8 — 36	6	1 50	1 71	9 — 83	2 24	7 — 48	13 — 68	13 — 65	11 — 69	10 — 57		
" 37	" "	" "	" "	4 "	" "	" "	" "	2	3 11	4 — 77	8 — 43	3 94	" 3	" 29	" 66	1 47	10 — 8		
									" 4	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	3 — 10	1 62	3 — 23	" "	" — 6
112 — 21	145 22	136 58	135 — 12	98 — 47	131 — 4	118 — 13	120 — 22	93	151 20	116 4	157 — 60	114 4	170 — 46	130 — 39	137 — 57	164 — 21	192 95		

11th June	26th June	10th June	6th June	27th June	26th June	20th June	4th June	19th	27th June	12th June	5th June	14th June	24th June	21st June	23rd June	2nd August	23rd June
In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts
4 — 76	5 — 52	6 — 94	6 — 70	3 — 59	7 — 84	4 — 49	5 — "	4	6 — 23	8 — 45	8 — 55	4 — 38	4 — 84	4 — 5	5 — 60	5 — 4	9 — 41		
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	"	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "		

42-43

Order thereon — Ordered to lie over — (Signed) H. V. Connolly Coll.r — Read the following Statement: — Register.

3763

Register of persons through whose agency Illicit practices in the Abkarry Department have been brought to light and who are in consequence entitled to reward as under the Orders of the Board of Revenue dated 14th October 1847.

Fort St. George 13th March 1848.

Date of seizure	Names of Informers	Names of seizers	Names of Smugglers	Where seized	Description of liquor	Quantity	Prime Cost of liquor	Value inclusive of duty	How the case has been disposed of	Collector's opinion as to the amount of reward to be given.	Rewards already paid in the present Month and amount now recommended: Amount already paid	Amount now recommended	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1848						Gls.	Rs. A P.	Rs. A P.			Rs. A P.	Rs. A P.	Rs. A P.
January 17th	Poreen	Abkarry Peons Shaik Moopen and Nanjee	Cane Coloapan known	Near Mudrapankum in the vicinity of St. Thomé	Arrack	5	9	11	Sentenced by the Mounbi authorities to be imprisoned for 10 days	In both cases the smugglers are old Offenders. Allagapen was punished three or four times within the last 15 Months. The difficulty of taking up such parties is always great. The Collector submits that the informer should get a reward of 4 Rupees and the four Peons 2 annas each		8 " "	8 " "
" 29th	Ditto	Abkarry Peons Kistnasawmy and Rungapen	Allagapen	Near Garden chattrum Garden in D° D°	Ditto	23	37	127	Ditto Ditto to receive 50 lashes and to work on the roads for 1 Month.				
30th	Ramasawmy	Abkarry Peons Venkatarainen Nanyappen and Venkatasawmy	Bamboo and Nallavelly	Near a Tank bank at Palavaram	Ditto	78	44	1 a 1	Ditto Ditto to work on the roads for 1 Month.	It appears that the smugglers in this case are known to be concerned in illicit sales carried on at the Periheny in the Cantonment. Their apprehension was therefore very desirable. The Collector submits that the informer should get a reward of 2 Rupees and the three Peons 8 annas each.		4 8 "	4 8 "
												12 8 "	12 8 "

Madras 29th February 1848.

(Signed) S. A. Huddleston
Collector

Proceedings thereon.

44-45

. . Under the explanation of the Collector the Board sanction the rewards proposed to be granted to the parties concerned in the seizure of arrack reported in the foregoing Statement amounting in the aggregate to Rupees 17-8—

Read the following letter

To

J. Pycroft Esqre.

Secretary to the Board of Revenue

Fort St. George

Sir,

With reference to your letter of the 24th Ultimo, I have the honor by direction of the Marine Board to report for the information of the Revenue Board that the ship Veteran has been engaged on the subject freight to Europe to take on board two Cases of Timber &c. thereunto forming part of the Cargo at the rate of £(60) Sixty Rupees per ton for Madras.

The Bill of Lading for the Timber will be hereafter forwarded to Government.

Marine Board Office
4th March 1848.

(Signed) J. J. Framble
Secy

46

From the Secy to the Marine Board

46-47

Resolution thereon. Resolved that the foregoing letter be submitted for the information of the Honorable the Governor in Council with reference to the Board's letter to Government dated 24th Ultimo.

48

From the Collr. of Masulipatam. Read the undermentioned Statement. Statement of Contingent Charges not exceeding 20 Rupees each incurred during the Quarter ending 31st December last.

49

From the Collr. of Salem. Statement of Contingent Charges not exceeding 20 Rupees each incurred during the Quarter ending 31st December last.

50

From the Collr. of South Arcot. Statement of Contingent charges not exceeding 20 Rupees each incurred during the Quarter ending 31st December last.

51

From the Sub Treasurer Statement of Contingent charges incurred during the Month of November last.

48 52

Order on the 4 abovementioned Statements. Resolved that the necessary orders be passed

Read

53

Read the undermentioned Registers

From the Collector of Guntoor. Register of Endorsements pa
by him on petitions referred by the Board dur

54 the Month of February last.

From the Commissioner of Kurnool Register of Endorsem
passed by him on Petitions referred by the

53-55 Board during the Month of February last.

Order on the 3 abovementioned Registers ---- } Ordered to be lodged
the Office.

Resolved that the follo
letters
dispatched.

To

The Officiating Chief Secretary to
Government

56

To the Offg Chief Secy to Govt ---

Sir,

I am directed by the Boar
Revenue to submit for the information of
Honorable the Governor in Council the accompa
A. General Statements prepared in the usual for
the Monthly accounts, shewing the Collectio
Ordinary Revenue from 12th July to 30th Nove
1847 of Fusly 1257 compared with the Collecti
in the same period of Fusly 1256.-

Abstract B. shews a net
Increase in the aggregate of Rupees 4,30,3[illegible]
net

Increase in the Collections of arrears. } 438,546 - 4 - 1½ resulting from a net Increase of

Ditto in the Collections of Current .. } 21,666 - 2 - 1

460,212 - 6 - 2½ Rupees 460212 - 6 - 2½ in the Collections of Land Revenue, and a net Decrease of Rupees 20,817 - 2 - 6½ in the Collections of Extra Sources of Revenue.-

Abstract C shews the Increase and Decrease in the Collections of Land Revenue and the Revenue from Extra Sources in the several Districts.-

Revenue Board's Office,
Fort St. George, ---
13th March 1848 ---

/Signed/ T. Pycroft
Secretary.

General

Fort St. Geo[rge] 1st March 1848.

lement shewing the Collections of Ordinary Revenue in the several Districts under the Madras Presidency from 12th July to 30th November 18[47]

Collec[tion] Current and arrears.

Land Revenue

Comparison.

	Fasly 1256.						Fasly 1257.						Increase.			Decrease.			Net.		
	Arrears.			Current			Total.			Arrears.			Current.			Total.			Arrears			Current.		
	2			3			4			5			6			7			8			9		
	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p
	48306	13	11	183725	7	6	232032	5	5	19066	1	7	157708	9	11	176774	11	6	"	"	"	"		
am	80221	"	4	86486	12	2	166687	12	6	88631	5	10	157631	12	"	246263	1	10	8410	5	6	74464		
ry	65961	2	3	234720	1	8	300681	3	11	226321	10	10	327725	1	8	554046	12	3	160360	8	7	93004		
am	119877	11	6	51217	13	5	171095	5	11	453551	1	"	362589	4	1	509840	5	1	333673	5	6	50715		
(Palnaud)	45677	9		128031	1	"	173710	9	9	54298	14	11	41932	5	2	96222	4	1	8619	14	2	"		
	98321	14	8	51343	8	"	149665	6	8	110345	1	6	28073	9	8	138418	11	2	12023	2	10	"		
g(Palaghaut)	167898	3	7	58665	13	1	226567	"	8	102047	8	7	71951	6	9	174028	15	4	"	"	"	13312		
	29536	2	6	61627	12	6	91163	3	"	61213	9	7	66318	15	10	127532	9	5	31677	7	1	4691		
	116193	7	4	442202	7	8	563345	15	"	138600	16	10	404879	4	5	543480	4	3	"	"	"	"		
	76155	9	7	252326	3	11	328481	13	6	52241	14	10	225836	2	"	278078	"	10	"	"	"	"		
	82029	4	4	149590	12	3	231620	"	7	99907	11	6	149758	13	4	249696	8	10	17878	7	2	1740		
	18663	4	6	198094	12	10	216758	11	4	15419	1	"	207173	1	9	222592	2	9	"	"	"	"		
	350	6	7	28131	"	1	28481	6	8	1051	8	5	292338	10	10	293390	3	3	701	1	10	11250		
	16993	11	6	227115	13	9	244112	9	3	304384	9	11	243178	1	11	273617	9	10	13445	12	8	16055		
	19238	1	7	"	"	"	19238	1	7	15483	5	3	"	"	"	15483	5	3	"	"	"	"		
	43002	1	"	"	"	"	43002	1	"	83753	9	8	"	"	"	83753	9	8	40751	8	8	"		
	9176	"	10	91356	2	10	100532	13	8	20153	4	11	91524	1	"	111677	5	11	10976	9	1	1697		
	18800	7	1	335	"	"	19135	7	1	21902	15	10	712	"	"	22614	15	10	3102	8	9	27713		
	12326	12	10	227806	3	10	240133	"	8	8002	11	1	230120	2	"	238122	13	1	"	"	"	"		
chenes fund	1689	7	8	17692	13	4	19382	5	7	1492	5	8	16919	11	5	18412	1	1	"	"	"	"		
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		
	16486	"	6½	"	"	"	16486	"	6½	8089	13	"	"	"	"	8089	13	"	"	"	"	"		
Total	1086908	1	10½	2748458	15	8	3836364	1	3½	1582014	2	9	2770122	1	6	4352136	4	3	641620	11	7	22447		
							113824	7	11							57264	11	2						
Total							3949189	9	2½							4409400	15	5						
nt of Acts							2004002	1	6½							2256051	"	5						
ber							1945186	7	8															

Total.			Arrears.			Current.			Total.			Increase			Decrease		
10			11			12			13			14			15		
Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p
"	"	"	29240	12	4	26016	13	7	55257	9	11	"	"	"	55257	9	11
79575	5	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	79575	5	4	"	"	"
253365	8	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	253365	8	4	"	"	"
338744	15	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	338744	15	2	"	"	"
86119	14	2	"	"	"	86108	3	10	86108	3	10	"	"	"	77488	5	6
12023	2	10	"	"	"	23269	14	4	23269	14	4	"	"	"	11246	11	6
13312	9	8	65850	11	"	"	"	"	65850	11	"	"	"	"	52538	1	8
36368	12	5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	36368	12	5	"	"	"
"	"	"	7502	7	6	42323	3	3	49915	10	9	"	"	"	49915	10	9
"	"	"	23913	10	9	26490	1	11	50403	12	8	"	"	"	50403	12	8
18076	8	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	18076	8	3	"	"	"
9078	4	11	3244	13	6	"	"	"	3244	13	6	5833	7	5	"	"	"
11908	12	7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	11908	12	7	"	"	"
29505	"	7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	29505	"	7	"	"	"
"	"	"	3754	12	4	"	"	"	3754	12	4	"	"	"	3754	12	4
40751	8	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	40751	8	8	"	"	"
11144	7	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	11144	7	3	"	"	"
3479	8	9	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3479	8	9	"	"	"
2313	14	2	4324	1	9	"	"	"	4324	1	9	"	"	"	2010	3	7
"	"	"	197	2	"	773	2	6	970	4	6	"	"	"	970	4	6
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	8396	3	6½	"	"	"	8396	3	6½	"	"	"	8396	3	6½
868268	5	1	146514	10	8½	204981	7	8	351496	2	1½	82875	14	9	311981	11	9½
												15917	"	10	72476	13	7
												844670	15	7	384458	7	4½ Dt. Decrease
												384458	9	4½	Dt. Decrease		
												46212	6	2½	Net Increase		

Fort St. Geor.e March 1848.

of Fusly 1257 Compared with the Collections in the Period of Fusly 1256.

Salt.

	Fusly 1256.			Fusly 1257.			Increase.			Decrease.			Fusly 1256.			Fusly		
	16.			17.			18.			19.			20.			21.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	31,375	"	11	23,627	1	"	"	"	"	7,748	"	11	"	"	"	"	"	"
2	48,490	11	"	49,833	"	"	1,342	5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
3	67,192	13	10	58,482	11	1	"	"	"	8,710	2	9	1,039	1	2	738		
4	56,949	15	4	49,696	7	6	"	"	"	7,249	7	10	14,599	10	7	11,835		
5	63,073	2	5	1,08,977	5	9	45,804	3	4	"	"	"	2,250	9	8	512		
6	1,75,782	"	"	73,866	"	"	"	"	"	1,01,916	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
8	1,26,901	4	11	1,07,301	"	"	"	"	"	18,600	4	11	226	1	8	226		
9	1,54,103	3	6	1,50,107	11	11	"	"	"	3,995	7	7	"	"	"	"	"	"
10	5,179	8	"	3,182	"	"	"	"	"	2,017	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
11	1,14,618	12	11	1,26,331	9	1	11,712	12	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
12	1,88,781	14	9	1,90,317	"	"	1,535	1	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
13	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
14	1,27,325	2	4	1,04,240	8	10	"	"	"	23,084	9	6	21,751	11	2	1,446		
15	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	9,556	1	2	636		
16	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
17	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
18	58,309	9	9	75,126	12	5	"	"	"	"	"	"	22,854	7	3	2,034		
19	86,887	7	3	97,170	14	"	16,817	2	8	"	"	"	1,765	3	11	117		
20	41,860	15	"	1,38,876	"	"	10,283	6	9	"	"	"	1,638	15	"	94		
	"	"	"	"	"	"	97,016	1	"	"	"	"	704	7	"	47		
21	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	575	9	8	38		
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	18	12	3	1		
	13,45,827	10	11	13,57,016	1	7	1,84,510	"	2	17,321	9	6	78,703	3	5	6,297		
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1,669	15	7	111		
	13,45,827	10	11	13,57,016	1	7	1,84,510	"	2	17,321	9	6	78,703	3	5	6,297		
										17,321	9	6	Dt. Decrease.					
										1,188	6	8	Nt. Increase.					
	9,98,979	14	1	10,64,589	5	10												
	3,46,847	12	10	2,92,426	11	9												
													6,235	1	1	529		
													1,615	14	7	137		
													7,851	15	8	666		
													1,615	14	7	137		
													6,235	1	1	529		

Sayer.

Akbary.

	Fusly 1256			Fusly 1257.			Increase.			Decrease.			Fusly 1256			Fusly 1257.			Increase			Decrease		
	22.			23.			24.			25.			26.			27.								
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.						
	"	"	"	"	"	"	16,675	7	6	14,724	7	5	"	"	"	1,851	"	1						
	"	"	"	"	"	"	17,522	10	8	17,255	"	3	"	"	"	267	10	5						
	"	"	"	300	2	6	5,567	15	"	5,803	12	2	235	13	2	"	"	"						
	"	"	"	2,761	1	1	9,524	11	5	9,283	4	7	"	"	"	241	6	10						
	"	"	"	768	2	4	2,056	8	6	1,350	5	7	"	"	"	406	2	11						
	"	"	"	"	"	"	25,175	11	9	24,777	"	9	"	"	"	398	11	"						
	"	"	"	"	"	"	25,891	12	4	24,902	7	10	"	"	"	989	4	6						
	"	"	"	"	"	"	21,557	5	"	16,852	5	6	"	"	"	4,704	15	6						
	"	"	"	"	"	"	10,102	13	6	9,490	2	5	"	"	"	612	11	1						
	"	"	"	"	"	"	27,729	4	"	11,209	13	4	"	"	"	16,519	6	8						
	"	"	"	7,116	3	7	20,580	14	3	34,441	10	10	13,860	12	7	"	"	"						
	"	"	"	3,874	12	6	26,335	15	2	30,874	"	"	4,538	"	10	"	"	"						
	"	"	"	"	"	"	7,120	"	"	6,857	"	"	"	"	"	263	"	"						
	"	"	"	94	10	5	6,840	"	"	7,167	"	"	327	"	"	"	"	"						
	738	10	8	"	"	"	102,785	15	"	100,661	3	"	"	"	"	2,124	12	"						
	"	"	"	"	"	"	27,358	14	2	33,202	2	2	5,843	4	"	"	"	"						
	"	"	"	730	14	10	23,339	2	"	21,870	"	"	"	"	"	1,469	2	"						
	6	2	4	"	"	"	19,405	10	5	19,710	1	6	304	7	1	"	"	"						
	"	"	"	493	5	7	20,361	10	1	17,590	7	9	"	"	"	2,771	2	4						
	29	14	"	"	"	"	19,245	8	12	"	"	"	19,424	9	4	1,790	8	9						
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"						
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"						
	454	12	5	"	"	"	29,529	4	8	20,813	4	8	"	"	"	8,716	"	"						
	1,229	7	5	16,139	4	10	6,37,820	5	5	6,23,084	14	6	26,899	14	5	41,635	5	4						
	"	"	"	"	"	"	1,052	12	11½	3,181	9	8	2,730	10	10	601	14	11½						
	1,229	7	5	16,139	4	10	6,38,873	2	4½	6,26,266	8	2	29,630	9	3	42,237	3	5½						
Dt. Increase.		1,229	7	5									Deduct Increase			29,630	9	3						
Nt. Decrease.		14,909	13	8									Nt. Decrease —			12,606	10	2½						
							4,79,578	7	5	4,71,814	6	8												
							1,59,294	10	11½	1,54,452	1	6												

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Sundry small farms and Licenses.

	Fusly 1256			Fusly 1257			Increase.			Decrease			Fusly 1256			Fusly		
	28.			29.			30.			31.			32.			33.		
	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p
1	1,053	7	9	864	9	"	"	"	"									
2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	188.	14	9	3,722	1	9	3,108		
3	3,153	8	"	3,796	2	"	642	10	"	"	"	"	3,514	9	7	2,917		
4	28	4	"	15	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	18,102	7	8	19,833		
5	2,481	6	3	413	5	6	"	"	"	9	14	"	920	9	10	1,223		
6	6,642	"	5	5,918	13	10	"	"	"	2,068	"	9	21,409	15	6	14,723		
7	2,776	11	8	2,887	5	5	"	"	"	723	2	7	7,237	15	9	5,283		
8	899	14	2	3,946	13	7	110	9	9	"	"	"	20,760	14	5	17,303		
9	212	12	"	182	3	6	3,046	15	5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
10	1,556	15	11	240	14	3	"	"	"	30	8	6	18779	15	2	15,490		
11	2,429	2	2	2,175	9	1	"	"	"	1316	1	8	2,698	13	1	1,966		
12	10,909	1	5	11,471	14	10	"	"	"	253	9	1	10553	4	6	10,710		
13	305	2	9	1,043	3	6	562	13	5	"	"	"	23537	3	11	2,6010		
14	12,934	2	11	33,982	1	8	738	"	9	"	"	"	4505	6	2	4,057		
15	639	6	11	172	"	"	21,047	14	9	"	"	"	28,408	6	8	23,537		
16	867	12	7	1,759	10	11	"	"	"	467	6	11	2,647	8	8	3365		
17	16	"	"	31	"	"	891	14	4	"	"	"	1079	15	"	3218		
18	10,563	10	10	2,138	6	9	15	"	"	"	"	"	4481	11	4	4,449		
19	14,728	15	11	13,504	4	3	"	"	"	8,425	4	1	1,274	14	5	687		
20	4,372	8	10	4,212	7	"	"	"	"	1,224	11	8	23387	3	4	23430		
	10,446	3	5	10,560	"	6	"	"	"	159	15	10	"	"	"	"		
	"	"	"	"	"	"	113	13	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		
21	551	2	4	349	13	7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"		
	87,568	4	3	99,669	1	2	27,169	11	6	15,068	14	7	198,474	1	5	182,421		
	5,136	2	9	495	6	8	485	4	4	5,126	"	5	538	4	11	706		
	92,704	7	"	100,164	7	10	27,654	15	10	20,194	15	"	199,012	6	4	183,127		
							20,194	15	"	Dc. Decrease.								
							7,460	"	10	Net Increase.								
	54,023	12	5	73,271	7	7							79,530	11	10	69,666		
	38,680	10	7	26,893	"	3							119,481	10	6	113,460		

Moturpha.

	Increase.			Decrease.			Fusly 1256			Fusly 1257.			Increase.			Decrease		
	34.			35.			36.			37.			38.			39.		
	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p
	"	"	"	613	6	11	4,519	2	4	3,009	14	5	"	"	"	1,509	3	11
	"	"	"	596	11	2	5,310	15	6	16,248	"	10	10937	1	4	"	"	"
	1531	4	5	"	"	"	19,972	6	"	16,368	15	8	"	"	"	3,603	6	4
	312	15	5	"	"	"	509	"	7	798	10	4	289	9	9	"	"	"
	"	"	"	6,686	"	1	905	6	4	1,349	1	5	443	11	1	"	"	"
	"	"	"	1,954	6	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	3,457	11	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"	"	7,496	13	1	7,533	"	1	36	3	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	32,288	15	4	65,546	12	9	87,393	3	3	2,192	6	6	"	"	"
	"	"	"	733	8	4	5513	5		716	2		15	8	9	"	"	"
	156	15	2	"	"	"	28,636	11	3	18,398	8	1	"	"	"	10,234	3	2
	2,473	9	5	"	"	"	72,163	10	11	81,246	"	1	9,082	5	2	"	"	"
	"	"	"	447	10	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	4,871	2	1	57,576	2	3	55,594	13	"	"	"	"	1,981	5	3
	717	8	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	2,138	12	5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	32	1	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	587	"	6	6,946	2	9	8,869	11	9	1,923	9	"	"	"	"
	43	5	1	"	"	"	39,543	6	3	29,203	7	10	"	"	"	10,339	14	5
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"	"	1,99,013	"	4	1,73,079	1	7	"	"	"	25,933	14	9
	"	"	"	158	6	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	7,374	6	2	23,426	15	7	4,49,191	7	9	4,20,509	14	6	24,920	6	7	53,601	15	10
	404	13	5	236	10	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	7,779	3	7	23,663	10	1	4,49,191	7	9	4,20,509	14	6	24,920	6	7	53,601	15	10
Deduct Increase				7,779	3	7												
Net Decrease.				15,884	6	6												
							3,69,691	7	"	3,60,184	9	2						
							79,500	"	9	60,325	5	4						

Deduct Increase 24,920 6 7

Net Decrease 28,681 9 3

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Tobacco.

Stamps.

	Fusly 1256			Fusly 1257			Increase			Decrease			Fusly 1256			Fusly 1257			Increase			Decrease		
	40			41			42			43			44			45			46					
	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p
1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"												
2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2,402	"	"	3,633	"	6	1,231	"	6			
3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3,693	4	"	5,430	8	"	1,737	4	"			
4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2,352	12	"	4,645	4	"	2,292	8	"			
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2,366	8	"	3,060	8	"	694	"	"			
6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	932	8	"	1,287	8	6	355	"	6			
7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2,699	15	6	3,671	4	"	971	14	6			
8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3,039	4	"	3,560	"	"	520	12	"			
9	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3,725	15	6	5,047	8	"	1,321	5	6			
10	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	5,764	4	"	3,945	8	"	"	"	"			
11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3,595	7	6	7,040	2	"	3,444	10	6			
12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1,945	13	6	3,167	8	"	1,221	10	6			
13	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	12,188	4	"	15,692	4	"	3,504	"	"			
14	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	4,640	6	6	5,860	8	"	1,220	1	6			
15	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	6,274	"	"	6,459	8	"	185	8	"			
16	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1,065	"	"	1,526	12	"	461	12	"			
17	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2,939	"	"	5,183	8	"	2,244	8	"			
18	86,731	10	9	89,363	15	11	2,632	5	2				2,185	"	"	4,056	4	"	1,871	4	"			
19	1,95,697	8	8	1,95,976	10	10	279	2	2				8,257	7	6	14,078	3	6	5,790	12	"			
20	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	12,809	1	"	14,824	7	"	2,015	6	"			
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2,933	8	6	3,305	13	"	372	4	"			
21	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"			
	2,82,429	3	5	2,85,340	10	9	2,911	7	4				368	4	"	435	12	"	67	8	"			
	2,82,429	3	5	2,85,340	10	9	2,911	7	4				86,207	11	6	1,15,913	1	6	31,523	2	"			
													"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"			
													86,207	11	6	1,15,913	1	6	31,523	2	"			
																			1,817	12	"			
																			29,705	6	"			
	2,05,675	15	9	2,10,904	8	7																		
	4,67,53	3	8	74,436	2	2							66,837	3	"	99,746	8	6						
													1,937	8	6	2,546	11	"						

Total of the Extra Branches of Revenue.

	Fusly 1256			Fusly 1257			Increase			Decrease			Net. Increase			Net. Decrease		
	48			49			50			51			52			53		
	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p
	59,647	5	3	48,967	11	2	1,231	"	6	11,910	10	7	"	"	"	10,679	10	1
	78,532	2	9	91,684	7	6	14,016	10	4	864	5	7	13,152	4	9	"	"	"
	1,17,380	15	8	1,09,469	7	8	4,702	3	7	12,613	11	7	"	"	"	7,911	8	"
	84,894	11	9	75,929	7	2	1,296	9	2	10,261	13	9	"	"	"	8,965	4	7
	93,139	8	8	1,29,514	1	6	46,602	14	11	10,228	6	1	36,374	8	10	"	"	"
	2,17,537	11	5	1,13,517	6	2	971	14	6	1,04,992	3	9	"	"	"	1,04,020	5	3
	52,468	10	5	48,653	"	6	631	5	9	4,446	15	8	"	"	"	3,815	9	11
	1,59,807	6	4	14,090	9	10	4,404	7	11	23,305	4	5	"	"	"	18,900	12	6
	1,95,509	12	11	1,87,950	12	11	2,192	6	6	9,745	6	6	"	"	"	7,553	"	"
	40,815	13	11	23,689	8	6	3,460	3	3	20,586	8	8	"	"	"	17,126	5	5
	2,00,512	5	9	2,09,860	8	4	26,952	2	5	17,603	15	10	9,348	2	7	"	"	"
	3,43,472	3	4	3,61,293	4	11	21,695	14	1	3,874	12	6	17,821	1	7	"	"	"
	16,570	15	5	17,818	7	8	1,958	2	3	710	10	"	1,247	8	3	"	"	"
	2,62,232	5	5	2,53,761	"	11	21,560	6	9	30,031	11	3	"	"	"	8,471	4	6
	1,08,903	2	6	1,08,228	14	6	1,917	14	11	2,592	2	11	"	"	"	674	4	"
	32,245	9	9	43,364	"	6	11,118	6	9	"	"	"	11,118	6	9	"	"	"
	31,660	12	4	31,314	13	10	1,886	4	"	2,232	2	6	"	"	"	345	14	6
	1,92,223	3	"	2,10,685	4	8	27,474	6	3	9,012	4	7	18,462	1	8	"	"	"
	3,93,993	13	11	3,91,785	15	11	12,621	4	"	14,829	2	"	"	"	"	2,207	14	"
	2,41,644	6	7	3,40,692	3	"	99,207	12	3	159	15	10	99,047	12	5	"	"	"
	10,446	3	5	10,560	"	6	113	13	1	"	"	"	113	13	1	"	"	"
	1,99,013	"	4	1,73,079	1	7	"	"	"	25,993	14	9	"	"	"	25,933	14	9
	33,869	11	3	25,016	4	9	522	4	5	9,075	10	11	"	"	"	8,553	6	6
	31,66,222	"	1	31,47,748	10	"	30,6538	7	7	32,5011	13	8	2,06,685	11	11	22,5159	2	"
													"	"	"	2,343	12	5½
	6727	4	½	4,383	8	2												
	3,72,949	4	8½	31,52,132	2	2							2,06,685	11	11	22,7502	14	5½
													Deduct Increase			2,06,685	11	11
													Net Decrease			20,817	2	6½
	2,31,7,668	9	5	2,93,033	11	8												
	8,55,280	11	3½	7,59,098	6	6												

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Total including Extra Branches of Revenues.

Net.

	Fusly 1256		Fusly 1257.		Increase		Decrease		Increase.		D[ecrease]	
	54		55		56		57.		58			
	Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a p		
1	2,91,679	10 8	2,25,742	6 8	1231	" 6	67,168	4 6	"	" "		
2	2,45,219	15 3	3,37,947	9 4	92,691	15 8	864	5 7	92,727	10 1		
3	4,18,062	3 7	6,63,516	3 11	2,58,067	11 4	12,613	11 7	2,45,454	" 4		
4	2,55,990	1 8	5,85,769	12 3	3,40,041	8 4	10,261	13 9	3,29,779	10 7		
5	2,66,850	2 5	2,25,736	5 7	46,862	14 4	87,716	11 9	"	" "		
6	3,67,203	2 1	2,56,936	1 4	971	14 6	631	5 9	"	" "		
7	2,79,035	11 1	2,22,681	15 10	40773	4 4	56985	" "	"	" "		
8	2,50,971	3 4	2,68,439	3 3	2192	6 6	23306	4 5	17467	15 0		
9	7,58,905	11 11	7,01,437	1 2	3460	3 3	59,661	1 3	"	" "		
10	3,69,297	11 5	3,17,67	9 4	45028	10 8	70990	8 4	"	" "		
11	4,32,132	6 4	4,59,557	1 2	27529	6 6	17,603	15 10	27424	10 10		
12	6,60,230	14 8	5,83,885	7 8	13866	14 10	3,874	12 6	23,654	9 "		
13	2,98,052	6 1	3,11,208	10 11	51,065	7 4	710	10 "	13,564	4 10		
14	50,6344	14 8	52,7378	10 9	1,917	14 11	30031	11 3	21,033	12 1		
15	128,141	4 1	1,23,712	3 9	51,869	16 5	6346	15 3	"	" "		
16	75,247	10 9	1,21,117	10 2	13,030	11 3	"	" "	51,869	16 5		
17	132,193	11 "	1,42,992	3 9	30,953	15 "	2,232	2 6	12,798	8 9		
18	2,11,358	10 1	2,33,300	4 6	12,621	4 "	9012	4 7	21,941	10 6		
19	6,34,126	14 7	6,29,908	13 "	99,207	12 3	16839	5 7	"	" "		
20	2,61,026	12 2	3,59,104	4 1	113	13 1	1130	4 4	98077	7 8		
	10445	3 5	10,586	" 6	"	" "	"	" "	113	13 1		
	1,99,013	" 4	1,79,079	1 7	"	" "	25933	4 9	"	" "		
21	50,056	11 9½	33,106	1 9	522	4 6	17,471	14 5½	"	" "		
	7,00,1586	1 4½	7,99,884	14 3	1135292	6 4	6,36,993	9 5½	963590	1 3		
	1,20,551	12 8½	6,648	3 4					14,108	10 2		
	7,22,137	13 11	75,6533	1 7					977698	11 5		
									633213	7 2		
	43,21,670	10 11½	4,79,084	12 1					4,39,395	3 8		
	28,00,467	2 4½	28,82,448	5 6								

Collections of old Balances.

	Land Revenue.								Sayer.							
	Fusly 1256		Fusly 1257.		Increase		Decrease		Fusly 1256		Fusly 1257.		Increase		Decrease.	
	60		61		62		63		64		65		66		67.	
	Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a p
1	7404	9 10	23791	3 "	"	" "	23613	6 10	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
2	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
3	1217	10 9	533	9 9	"	" "	10684	1 "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
4	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
5	2732	13 5	9785	9 3	"	" "	2947	4 2	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
6	228	3 1	108	6 7	"	" "	119	12 6	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
7	3288	8 7	3349	9 9	3021	1 2	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
8	138	1 5	"	" "	"	" "	138	1 5	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
9	1427	13 9	959	5 4	"	" "	468	8 5	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
10	4922	9 5	58	6 "	"	" "	4917	" 11	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
11	8576	9 1	370	14 10	"	" "	8205	10 3	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
12	2050	2 4	14744	5 7	12694	3 3	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
13	19978	2 "	834	2 5	"	" "	19143	15 7	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
14	111	5 10	62	" 8	"	" "	49	5 2	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
15	864	" 6	759	6 11	"	" "	104	9 7	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
16	669	1 7	672	1 7	3	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
17	268	" 5	401	9 1	133	8 8	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
18	791	14 5	115	5 3	"	" "	676	9 2	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
19	44	1 2	109	4 11	65	3 9	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
20	474	" 2	263	6 11	"	" "	210	9 3	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
21	1596	12 2	398	12 10	"	" "	1197	15 4	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	113874	7 11	57264	11 2	15919	" 10	72476	13 7	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "

Fort St. George 31st March 1848.

Abkarry. Sundry small farms. Licenses. Motarpha

	Fusly 1256			Fusly 1257			Increase			Decrease			Fusly 1256			Fusly			Increase			Decrease			Fusly 1256			Fusly 1257			Increase			Decrease		
	68			69			70			71			72			73			74			75			76			77			78			79		
	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p
1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	22	5	2	7	"	10	5	10	"	"	"	"	1	6	10
2	239	13	10	2,000	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	23	13	2				"	"	"	"	"	"	1	5	6	10	12	3	9	6	9	"	"	"
3	190	7	"	289	6	2	1760	2	2	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	25	7	5	306	6	2	148	11	1	"	"	"	157	11	1
4	20	10	"	52	3	6	98	15	2	"	"	"	44	1	9				"	"	"	"	"	"	18	6	7	27	12	7	9	6	"	"	"	"
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	31	9	6	"	"	"	"	"	"				3	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	19	5	"	19	5	"	"	"	"
6	"	"	"	840	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	96	12	"	"	"	"	21	14	"	21	14	"	"	"	"
7	"	"	"	"	"	"	840	"	"	"	"	"	96	12	"				5	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	274	12	7	249	1	3	"	"	"
8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	"	"	"	25	11	4									
9	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	15	2	3	26	"	6	14	5	9	"	"	"	11	10	9
10	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	15	2	3				"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	6	1	10
12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	43	1	7	6	1	10	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
13	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	43	1	7				"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
14	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
15	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
16	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	4912	"	"	"	"	2	12	7	8	12	7	6	"	"	"
17	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	4912	"	"				"	"	"	"	"	"	12	4	"	28	15	7	16	11	7	"	"	"
18	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	4	"				"	"	"	1	4	"	32	8	4	95	1	1	62	10	9	"	"	"
19	158	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				1	2	"	"	"	"	43	7	1	42	5	8	"	"	"	1	1	5
20	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	5	11	2	5	4	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	158	8	"	"	"	"				"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	8	8	1	8	8	"	"	"
21	443	6	1½	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"				474	8	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	1,052	12	1½	3,181	9	8	2,730	10	10	601	14	5½	5,136	2	9				485	4	4	5126	"	5	538	4	11	706	7	10	404	13	5	236	10	6

Fort St. Geo[illegible]

March 1848.

Tobacco.

	Fusly 1256			Fusly 1257			Increase			Decrease			Fusly 1256			Fusly 1257			Increase			Decrease		
	80			81			82			83			84			85			86			87		
	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p
1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	23637	2	10	33,9115	2	6
3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	47435	7	10	23[illegible]			1769	8	11	"	"	"	2,45461	2	7
4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	241	3	4	2[illegible]			"	"	"	10778	4	4	4,29820	13	3
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	11758	4	8	[illegible]			44	13	6	"	"	"	2,56029	2	3
6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	39	"	7	[illegible]			"	"	"	3024	11	2	279679	11	10
7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	12829	9	5	9[illegible]			747	13	6	"	"	"	3,67431	5	2
8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	[illegible]			[illegible]			3270	2	5	"	"	"	2,79389	15	"
9	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	228	3	1	[illegible]			"	"	"	153	3	8	2,51124	7	"
10	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	354	3	11	3[illegible]			"	"	"	480	3	2	7,60359	10	2
11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	153	3	8	[illegible]			"	"	"	4917	"	11	374220	4	10
12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1453	14	3	[illegible]			"	"	"	8254	13	8	4,40758	2	10
13	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	4922	9	5	5[illegible]			12694	3	3	"	"	"	562281	1	"
14	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	8628	12	6	4[illegible]			"	"	"	19143	15	7	3,18030	8	4
15	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2050	2	4	8[illegible]			"	"	"	4948	13	8	5,13168	4	8
16	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	19978	2	"	7[illegible]			"	"	"	89	2	"	1,29018	12	7
17	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	5023	6	"	[illegible]			"	"	"	"	"	"	75949	2	8
18	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	877	8	6	[illegible]			66	12	9	"	"	"	1,32505	2	6
19	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	701	7	11	[illegible]			132	7	3	"	"	"	2,12150	8	6
20	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	311	7	6	[illegible]			"	"	"	674	3	3	6,34329	7	9
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	791	14	8	5[illegible]			382	12	9	"	"	"	2,61500	12	4
21	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	202	9	2	2[illegible]			"	"	"	210	9	3	10446	3	5
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	474	"	2	[illegible]			"	"	"	"	"	"	199013	"	4
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	[illegible]			"	"	"	"	"	"	52155	"	8
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2099	4	1/2	3[illegible]			19108	10	4	78012	3	1/2	7,12237	13	11
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	12,0551	12	1/2	61,0[illegible]											

Grand Total of Collections.

Increase			Decrease			Fusly 1256			Fusly 1257			Increase			Decrease		
86			87			88			89			90			91		
Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p
"	"	"	23637	2	10	339115	2	6	249540	11	8	"	"	"	89574	6	10
1769	8	11	"	"	"	245461	2	7	339958	5	7	94497	3	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	10778	4	4	429820	13	3	664496	9	3	234675	12	"	"	"	"
44	13	6	"	"	"	256029	2	3	585853	10	4	329824	8	1	"	"	"
"	"	"	3024	11	2	279679	11	10	235541	3	10	"	"	"	44138	8	"
747	13	6	"	"	"	367431	5	2	252912	1	11	"	"	"	114519	3	3
3270	2	5	"	"	"	279389	15	"	226306	6	2	"	"	"	53083	8	10
"	"	"	153	3	8	251124	7	"	268429	3	3	17314	12	3	"	"	"
"	"	"	480	3	2	760359	10	2	702410	12	3	"	"	"	57948	13	11
"	"	"	4917	"	11	374220	4	10	301773	1	10	"	"	"	72447	3	"
"	"	"	8254	13	8	440758	2	10	459928	"	"	19169	13	2	"	"	"
12694	3	3	"	"	"	562281	1	"	598629	13	3	36348	12	3	"	"	"
"	"	"	19143	15	7	318030	8	4	312042	13	4	"	"	"	5987	10	9
"	"	"	4948	13	8	511368	4	8	527453	3	1	16084	14	5	"	"	"
"	"	"	89	2	"	129018	12	7	124500	10	3	"	"	"	4518	2	4
"	"	"	"	"	"	75949	2	8	127885	14	10	51936	12	2	"	"	"
66	12	9	"	"	"	132505	2	6	143436	2	6	10931	"	"	"	"	"
132	7	3	"	"	"	212150	8	6	233417	15	8	21267	7	2	"	"	"
"	"	"	674	3	3	634329	7	9	630494	2	11	"	"	"	3836	4	10
382	12	9	"	"	"	261500	12	4	359367	11	"	97866	14	8	"	"	"
"	"	"	210	9	3	10446	3	5	19560	"	6	113	13	1	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	199013	"	4	173079	1	7	"	"	"	25933	14	9
"	"	"	"	"	"	52155	"	8	33505	6	7	"	"	"	18649	10	1
"	"	"	1700	"	1/2												
19108	10	4	78012	3	1/2	7,12237	13	11	756533	1	7	930031	10	3	490636	6	7

490636 6 7 Dr. Decrease.

439395 3 8 Net Increase.

Forth. 13th March 1848.

Balances.

Balances of prior date in train of liquidation.

Old Balance or Balance of more than 15 years standing.

Balance under 15 Years standing.

Total.

Salary Receivable.

Miscellaneous Balances of prior date permanently settled.

Fasli arrears of Fasly 1250 Land Revenue not permanently settled

	92 £ Rs	a	p	93 £ Rs	a	p	94 £ Rs	a	p	95 £ Rs	a	p	96 £ Rs
1	"	"	"	72,4898	6	7	72,4898	6	7	2,623	"	11	"
2	"	"	"	2,312	6	"	2,312	6	"	30,826	5	9	19,400
3	11,779	14	1	88,158	7	11	99,938	6	"	76,587	13	3	"
4	"	"	"	3,101	10	9	3,101	10	9	11,33,880	5	8	11,214
5	3,676	15	7	154,810	1	10	158,487	1	5	"	"	"	"
6	"	"	"	27,323	9	6	27,323	9	6	2,968	3	4	2,648
7	"	"	"	23,079	2	6	23,079	2	6	4,887	1	6	"
8	"	"	"	430	9	10	430	9	10	16,404	6	11	"
9	"	"	"	54,511	3	10	54,511	3	10	873	6	11	"
10	"	"	"	4,648	3	6	4,648	3	6	3,423	13	6	"
11	1,149	5	2	23,493	9	7	24,642	14	9	"	"	"	"
12	7,189	7	11	113,688	4	11	121,877	12	10	"	"	"	"
13	"	"	"	49,230	8	2	49,230	8	2	"	"	"	"
14	15,044	"	9	65,316	2	3	80,360	3	"	13,695	13	5	"
15	"	"	"	6,935	9	3	6,935	9	3	"	"	"	"
16	"	"	"	4,489	12	6	4,489	12	6	"	"	"	"
17	"	"	"	15,373	12	3	15,373	12	3	"	"	"	"
18	"	"	"	2,428	8	2	2,428	8	2	"	"	"	"
19	"	"	"	1,973	1	6	1,973	1	6	"	"	"	"
20	"	"	"	21,551	14	10	21,551	14	10	"	"	"	"
21	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	4,374	6	11¼	4,374	6	11¼	"	"	"	"
	38,839	11	6	139,2129	8	7¼	14,33,964	4	11¼	12,87,472	7	2	15,65,5[illegible]

	Requestered £ Rs	a	p	Total £ Rs	a	p	Rented £ Rs	a	p	Aumany £ Rs	a	p	Total Land Revenue £ Rs	a	p
	97			98			99			100			101		
1	"	"	"	2,623	"	11	"	"	"	42,092	10	10	44,715	11	9
2	15,504	7	2	66,291	11	2	"	"	"	27,596	14	1	93,888	9	3
3	"	"	"	75,889	13	3	"	"	"	15,902	4	11	91,792	2	2
4	877,919	6	1	2,12,1946	14	1	341	"	9	127,770	10	6	225,058	9	4
5	74,33,881	8	"	74,33,881	8	"	3,253	15	6	42,272	10	5	74,79,408	1	11
6	"	"	"	29,433	1	7	187	11	7	5,269	13	1	34,890	10	3
7	394	"	3	7,281	1	9	"	"	"	23,479	15	8	30,761	1	5
8	17,109	11	2	33,511	2	1	"	"	"	474	3	11	33,988	6	"
9	"	"	"	873	6	11	"	"	"	154,571	12	"	155,445	2	11
10	"	"	"	3,423	13	6	575	"	"	5,224	1	11	9,222	15	5
11	"	"	"	"	"	"	287	15	10	6,674	11	4	6,962	11	2
12	"	"	"	"	"	"	4,936	9	3	287	"	"	4,939	1	10
13	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
14	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3,427	10	3	17,123	7	8
15	"	"	"	13,695	13	5	"	"	"	4,734	7	10	4,734	7	10
16	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3,086	7	5	3,086	7	5
17	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1,516	12	3	1,516	12	3
18	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3,088	14	9	3,088	14	9
19	"	"	"	"	"	"	353	11	6	912	3	3	1,265	14	9
20	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	6,375	8	3	6,375	8	3
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	4,204	4	3½	4,204	4	3½
	8,344,809	"	8	97,88,854	6	8	9,936	"	5	47867	8	9½	10277,469	"	7½

Fort St. Lyt. 13th March 1848.

	Salt		Sayer		Sundry small farms and Licences		Extra Melumpha Sale		Balance of Current Demand of Tasky 1237.										Total
					A. Barry				Tobacco		Stamps		Grand Total of Columns 101 to 109.		Land Revenue		Extra Revenue		
	102		103		104		105		106		108		109		110		111		112		113	
	£	s	£	s	£	s	£	s	£	s	£	s	£	s	£	s	£	s	£	s	£	s
1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	45,728	5 7	4,747	14 7	6,768	3 "	11,516	1 7
2	"	"	"	"	594	6 10	32	10 "	385	9 "	"	"	"	"	94,804	12 11	19,013	12 1	3,327	5 3	22,341	1 4
3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	116	3 8	"	"	"	"	91,963	2 "	6,117	9 3	4,005	8 10	10,123	2 1
4	"	"	"	"	"	"	9	"	161	15 10	"	"	"	"	22,302,11	15 7	33,538	11 10	5,306	11 7	38,845	7 5
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	28	2 "	125	4 3	"	"	"	"	74,79,713	" 2	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	304	14 3	"	"	"	"	35,681	15 1	"	" "	12,715	9 1	12,715	9 1
7	"	"	"	"	"	"	432	2 4	359	2 6	"	"	"	"	33,567	11 3	3,028	1 8	1,476	" 2	4,504	1 10
8	"	"	"	"	"	"	494	1 "	297	16 2	"	"	"	"	35,830	8 3	"	" "	2,258	" "	2,258	" "
9	"	"	"	"	2,205	7 8	"	" "	549	13 5	"	"	"	"	155,995	" 4	6,085	8 1	299	10 10	6,385	2 "
10	676	"	"	"	"	"	3	"	31	8 "	"	"	"	"	11,460	2 1	"	" "	30,419	2 8	30,419	2 8
11	"	"	"	"	"	"	50	" "	3	4 1	"	"	"	"	7,015	15 3	"	" "	7,220	8 10	7,220	8 10
12	"	"	"	"	"	"	351	1 10	"	" "	"	"	"	"	5,966	3 8	3,763	7 7	7,279	" "	11,042	7 7
13	"	"	"	"	"	"	558	14 10	"	" "	"	"	"	"	558	14 10	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
14	"	"	"	"	"	"	6	1 "	22	6	"	"	"	"	17,151	9 2	"	" "	788	" "	788	" "
15	"	"	"	"	200	" "	15	2 "	333	12 4	"	"	"	"	5,083	6 2	"	" "	49	" "	49	" "
16	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	49	137	3 1	"	"	"	"	3,426	3 3	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
17	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	88	15 8	"	"	"	"	4,605	11 11	"	" "	2,361	" "	2,361	" "
18	"	"	"	"	13	11 6	"	" "	36	15 4	"	"	"	"	3,123	14 1	"	" "	10,449	10 1	10,449	10 1
19	"	"	"	"	2,875	1 10	8	9 2	8	4 7	"	"	"	"	1,296	8 "	1,527	9 1	645	12 "	2,173	5 1
20	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	" "	"	" "	"	"	"	"	9,250	10 1	20,310	1 11	5,916	15 5	26,227	1 4
21	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	" "	"	" "	"	"	"	"	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	" "	"	" "	"	"	"	"	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	" "	"	" "	"	"	"	"	4,344	1 11½	"	" "	7,670	7 4	7,670	7 4
	676	"	"	"	7,236	13 1	2,100	4 1	5,499	5 10	"	"	"	4 "	1,029,298	11 7½	98,132	12 1	108,912	2 1	207,044	14 2

3777

For St. George 13th March 1848.

	Total Columns 110 and 113.			Total Balance Columns 94 and 114.			Remission. Of rent Arrears			Of old Balances		
	114			115			116			117		
1	57,244	7	2	7,82,142	13	9						
2	1,16,345	14	3	1,18,658	4	3						
3	1,02,086	4	1	2,02,024	10	1						
4	22,89,057	7	"	22,92,159	1	9	3,61,460	8	2	3,76,823	3	3
5	74,797	13	" 2	76,38,200	1	7						
6	48,397	8	2	75,721	1	8						
7	38,071	13	1	61,150	15	7						
8	38,088	8	3	38,519	2	1						
9	1,62,380	3	3	2,16,891	7	1						
10	41,879	4	9	46,527	8	3						
11	14,236	8	1	38,879	6	10						
12	17,008	11	3	1,37,886	8	1						
13	558	14	10	49,789	7	"				105	1	4
14	17,939	9	2	98,299	12	2						
15	5,087	15	2	12,023	8	5						
16	3,426	3	3	7,913	15	9				93	3	3
17	3,966	11	11	19,340	8	2				201	3	6
18	13,575	8	2	16,004	"	4						
19	3,469	13	1	5,442	14	7				238	6	10
20	35,477	11	5	57,029	10	3				2,222	3	10
	"	"	"	"	"	"				402	9	6
21	42,014	9	3½	16,389	"	2¾				7,165	12	"
	10,500,026	99½		119,30,995	13	10¾	3,61,460	8	2	3,87,251	11	6

Signed J. Dyerson
Secy
Comptroller

3778

Ld St George 13th March 1848.

B Compara tive Abstract of the Collections of the Land Sales 1256 and 1257 for 30th November 1847.

	Land Revenue	Sayer	Stamps	Salt	Spirits	Tobacco	Sundry items of Revenue	Auctioneers	Customs	Total of the Cutch Branches of Revenue	Grand Total of Lands and Cutch Branches of Revenue	Collections to the end of October	Collections in November
	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
Sales	3,40,188	13,45,827	78,703	6,38,873	92,904	1,98,012	6,4	4,49,191	7,9	2,83,429	3,5	86,207	11,6
Increase	2 2½	10 11	3 5	2 4½	7 "	6 4	183,127	4,24,509	14,6	2,85,340	10,9	1,15,913	1,6
Decrease	449400	13,57,016	63,793	626,266	1,90,164	7,10	15,10	14,6	8,2	2,2	2,2	3,15,232	2,2
	15,5	1,7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	3,49,188	13,45,827	78,703	6,38,873	92,904	1,98,012	6,4	4,49,191	7,9	2,83,429	3,5	86,207	11,6
	2½	10 11	3 5	2 4½	7 "	6 4	183,127	4,24,509	14,6	2,85,340	10,9	1,15,913	1,6
	449400	13,57,016	63,793	626,266	1,90,164	7,10	15,10	14,6	8,2	2,2	2,2	3,15,232	2,2
	15,5	1,7	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
										3,17,949	4,8½		

Remarks in the Collectors Name of Increase 43,854 4 4½
Ex: of Decrease 21,666 2 1
+ 4,60,312 6 2½

Signed J. Dyerson Secy
Attested

3777

Fort St. George 13th March 1848.

	Total Columns 110 and 113. 114	Total Balance Columns 94 and 114. 115	Remissions Of rent Arrears 116	Remissions Of old Balances 117
1	57,244 7 2	7,82,142 13 9		
2	1,16,345 14 3	1,18,658 4 3		
3	1,02,086 4 1	2,02,024 10 1		
4	2,28,057 7 "	2,92,159 1 9	361460	8 2 376,823 3 3
5	74,797 13 "	2, 76,38,200 1 7		
6	48,397 8 2,	75,721 1 8		
7	38,071 13 1	61,150 15 7		
8	38,088 8 3	2,16,891 7 1		
9	1,62,380 3 3	46,527 8 3		
10	41,879 4 9	38,879 6 10		
11	14,236 8 1	1,37,886 8 1		
12	17,008 11 3	49,789 7 "		
13	558 14 10	98,299 12 2		
14	17,939 9 2	12,023 8 5		
15	5,087 15 2	7,915 15 9		
16	3,426 3 3	19,340 8 2		
17	3,966 11 11	16,004 " 4		
18	13,575 8 2	5,442 14 7		
19	3,469 13 1	57,029 10 3		
20	35,477 11 5	" " "		
21	" " "	" " "		
	12,014 9 3½	16,389 " 2⅞		
	10,50,026 9 9½	119,30,995 13 10¾	361460	8 2 3,87,251 11 6

[Signed] T. Pycroft
Secy
Committee

3778

Ft St George 13th March 1848.

B. Comparative Abstract of the Collections for Fasly 1257 with those of Fasly 1256 and 1255 for 6 Months ended 30th November 1847.

	Fasly 1257	Fasly 1256	Fasly 1255	Net Increase Decrease.
Land Revenue	39,49,188 9 2½	44,94,400 15 5	Do as per Abstract	Decrease 4,60,212 6 2½
Salt	1345827 10 11	1357016 1 7	Do as per Abstract	" 11188 6 8
Sayer	78,703 3 5	63,793 6 "	Do as per Abstract	Increase 14,909 13 5
Abkarry	6,38,873 2 4½	626,266 8 2	Do as per Abstract	" 12,606 10 2½
Sundry small farms and Licences	92,764 7 "	100164 7 10	Do as per Abstract	" 7,400 " "
Stamps	1,90,072 6 4	183,127 15 10	Do as per Abstract	" 15884 6 6
Sea Customs	449191 7 9	420509 14 6	Do as per Abstract	" 28,681 9 3
Tobacco	2,84,429 3 5	285,340 10 9	Do as per Abstract	" 911 7 4
Assessed Taxes	86,207 11 6	115,913 16 "	Do as per Abstract	" 29,705 6 "
Total of the Excise Branches of Revenue	3,72,949 4 8½	3,15,2,132 2 2	Do as per Abstract	Increase 57,265 4 10
Stamps Total of Lands and Excise Branches of Revenue	7,12,2,13,7 13 11	7,50,533 1 7	Do as per Abstract	" 72,082 7 4½
Particulars				
Collections to the end of October	4,32,1,6,10	10,11½	4,79,084 12 1	" 4,30,305 3 8
Collections in November	2,80,46,7	2, 11½	2,82,448 5 6	" 357,414 1 11½
				" 81,981 2 6½

Remarks in the Collections of Various 4,38,546 4 11½

Ex. of Increase 11,666 2 1

4,60,212 6 2½

[Signed] T. Pycroft
Secy
Abstract

Fort St. George 13th March 1848.

C Abstract shewing the Increase and Decrease in the Collec
of Land Revenue and Revenue from Extra Sources up to 30th November 18

	Land Revenue				Extra Sources of Rev			
	Increase		Decrease		Increase		Decrease	
	Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a
Ganjam	"	"	78,871	9	"	"	10,703	
Vizagapatam	79,575	54	"	"	14,921	13 8	"	
Rajahmundry	242,681	74	"	"	"	"	8,005	
Masulipatam	338,744	152	"	"	"	"	8,920	
Guntoor	"	"	80,435	9 10	36,297	1 10	"	
Chingleput	"	"	11,366	8 "	"	"	103,152	
Salem	"	"	49,517	2 "	"	"	3566	
Madura	36,230	11 "	"	"	"	"	18,915	
Nellore	"	"	50,384	2 "	"	"	7,500	
Nn Ds of Arcot	"	"	55,320	13 7	"	"	17,120	
Sn Ds of Arcot	9,870	14 "	"	"	"	"	"	
Trichinopoly	18,527	108	"	"	9,298	15 2	"	
Tinnevelly	"	"	7,235	3 "	17,821	1 7	"	
Bellary	29,455	11 5	"	"	1,247	8 3	"	
Cuddapah	"	"	3,859	5 11	"	"	13,370	
Coimbatore	407	54 8 8	"	"	"	"	658	
Canara	11,277	13 11	"	"	111,82	3 6	"	
Malabar	2,802	15 7	"	"	"	"	346	
Madras — Land Customs	"	"	1,944	15 10	18,464	7 7	"	
Madras — Toll Collected on Cochrane's Canal	"	"	1,180	13 9	"	"	1,890	
Madras — Sea Customs	"	"	"	"	99,047	12 5	"	
Kurnool	"	"	"	"	113	13 1	"	
	"	"	"	"	"	"	25,933	
Total	809,922	3 1	349,709	12 10½	208,394	13 1	229,211	
			349,709	12 10½	Ds Decrease	Ds Increase	208,394	13
			461,212	6 2½	Nett Increase	Nett Decrease	20,817	

(Signed) J Lycroft
Secretary

Fort St. George 13th March 1848.

57

To the Offg Chief Sect. to Govt.

To

The Officiating Chief Secretary to
Government.

Sir,

I am forwarding for the purpose of their being laid before Government the accompanying copies of letters addressed by the Board of Revenue to the Collector and Government Agent of Ganjam, I am directed to bring to notice that notwithstanding repeated requisitions from this Office Mr Bannerman has hitherto failed to submit his reports on the settlement of the Land and Extra Revenue of his District for fusly 1255. Those for fusly 1256 have also not been furnished and the settlement reports of Ganjam are consequently in arrear for no less than two years.

The Board regret to add that similar delay on the part of the Collector has occurred in the disposal

Forwarding copies of letters addressed by the Board to the Collector and Government Agent at Ganjam and noticing that after repeated requisitions Mr Bannerman has failed to submit his reports on the land and Extra sources of Revenue in his District for fusly 1255 and that similar delay has occurred or his part in disposing of other Matters and requesting the interference of Government

Settlement Report

To Collr	of Ganjam	25th	January 1847
To Do	Do	8th	March Do
To Do	Do	22d	April "
To Do	Do	14th	June "
To Do	Do	25th	August "
To Do	Do	11th	October "
To Do	Do	23rd	December "

Polanky

To Collr		18th	January 1847
To Do		4th	March "
To Do		7th	June "
From Do	17th June	in Cons	1st July "
To Do		15th	July "
To Do	14	th	October "

Surlah

To Collr		18th	January 1847
To Do		28th	April "
To Do		18th	October "
To Do		17th	Feby 1848

To Govt 8th Augt 1844
From Govt 6th in Cons 9th Sept
To Govt 13th February 1845
From Govt 31st March in Cons 14th April "
To Govt 16th June
From Govt 19th in Cons 24th July
From Govt 2d in Cons 11th Dec
To Govt 5th August 1846.

of Revenue and Revenue from Extra Sources up to 30th November 18

Land Revenue — Increase Rs 809,922 3 1 — Decrease Rs 349,709 12 10½ — Nett Increase Rs 461,212 6 2½

Extra Sources of Rev — Increase Rs 208,394 13 1 — Decrease Rs 229,211 — Decrease Rs 208,394 13 — Nett Decrease Rs 20,817

(Signed) J Lycroft
Secretary

Fort St. George 13th March 1848.

To

The Officiating Chief Secretary to
Government.

Sir,

I am forwarding for the purpose of their being laid before Government the accompanying copies of letters addressed by the Board of Revenue to the Collector and Government Agent of Ganjam, I am directed to bring to notice that notwithstanding repeated requisitions from this Office Mr Bannerman has hitherto failed to submit his reports on the settlement of the Land and Extra Revenue of his District for fusly 1255. Those for fusly 1256 have also not been furnished and the settlement reports of Ganjam are consequently in arrear for no less than two years.

The Board regret to add that similar delay on the part of the Collector has occurred in the disposal

Fort St. George 13th March 1848

To Govt. 14th August 1846.
From Govt. 31st Augt. inclos.
3 September 1846.
Boards Proceedings 12th October.
From Govt. 30th October inclos
12th Novr. "

of other matters of business, of which they s
instance that of the Polanky Zemindary wh
has already formed the subject of the corre
ence between this Office and Government noted
the Margin. The last communication fro

Mr. Bannerman on this question bears date
June 1847 and the calls since made upon him
the Board have failed to elicit any further informatio

As this delay on the part
Collector is productive of much inconvenience and
in regard to the Settlement reports it has prevented
Board from closing their Proceedings on the
financial results of Fusly 1255 they feel constr
however reluctantly to solicit the interpositio
Government.

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
13th March 1848.

/ Signed / T. Pycroft
Secy.

Resolved that the follow
letters be dispatched.

59

To
The Collector of
Guntoor.

To the Collr. of Guntoor
No. 418 of 1848.

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of
Revenue to transmit to you the accompanying Petition
from Savoondarummah with [illegible] Pitchiapah
Moodely of your District, complaining of your refusal to
grant

ORIGINAL DESTROYED

grant any further time for the liquidation of the
balance that is due on account of her Shrotriem Village
now under attachment; and to request, with reference
to your endorsement of the 31st December last, that
you report on the circumstances connected with the
case of the Petitioner in somewhat greater detail.

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
13th March 1848.

/ Signed / T. Pycroft
Secretary.

59

To the Collectors of Guntoor.

3538 / 1848
3558

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue
to transmit the accompanying petition from Ryots
in your District complaining of being charged with a
larger extent of land than was actually in their
occupation, and to call your attention to them with
reference to the standing orders on the subject of
freedom of cultivation. The statement of Petitioners
that they objected to retain the fields in question
at the season of cultivation and that the land
was in consequence omitted from the Sagovaby
returns be correct, the Board are of opinion that
they should not afterwards have been saddled
with the same amount of assessment because they were
unwilling to take other land in exchange, particularly
in

ORIGINAL DESTROYED

Fort St. George 13th March 1848.

in the case of Chinna Venkut Reddy for Rs. 353 stated his objection at two succeeding Settums 1256 and 1257.

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
13th March 1848.

/Signed/ T. Pycroft
Secretary

To

The Collector of
Chingleput.

60

To the Collector of Chingleput
No. 452 of 1848

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to transmit to you the accompanying Petition from the widow and daughter in law of the Shrotriemdar of the Serovoy Ram 8th Village in the District complaining that the resources of the Pagoda in question have been much wasted by the fraud and mismanagement of the Executors appointed by the deceased incumbent to administer the property on behalf of his Minor Son, and to request that with reference to the allegations of the Petitioners you will be pleased to submit a full report and case for the information of the Board.

ORIGINAL DESTROYED

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
13th March 1848.

/Signed/ T. Pycroft
Secy.

Received

Fort St. George 13th March 1848.

Received the undermentioned

61 Miscellaneous letters and Statements.

From the Deputy Accountant General. Forwarding an Indent on the Commissary General for certain articles required

61-62 for the Months of March last.

Order thereon. Ordered that the original

63 Indent be passed and returned.

From the Collector of Canara. Return of persons suspended and dismissed under Regulation VII of 1831 for the Months

64 of December last.

From the Collector of Canara. Forwarding an Indent for printed forms of Bills of Exchange and Letters of

64-65 Advice.

Order thereon Ordered to be supplied

66 accordingly.

From the Collector of Masulipatam Abstract of Demand Collection

67 and Balance for the Month of January last.

From the Collector of Masulipatam. Statement shewing the Average Bazar wholesale prices of Grain and Salt

68 for the Month of January last.

From the Collector of Nellore. Statement of Salt for exportation to Chittagong on account of the Indent for 1847/48

69 upto 29th February 1848.

From the Collector of Nellore. Register of Certificates issued for the exportation of Salt to Chittagong on account of the Indent for 1847/48 during the Month of February last.

Forwarding

3785

Fort St. George 13th March 1848

From the Collector of Rajahmundry — Forwarding duplicate of a letter reporting the release of the Tuna Estate from attachment.

7°

Compd Compert

3786

Fort St George — March 1848

Diary.

Received the following Resolution —

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, dated 13th March 1848.

(From Board 2nd March)

1

From the Officiating Secy to Govt. — The Honorable the Governor in Council grants authority for the defence in the first instance at the public expense of the suit No 135 of 1847 brought by Coolla Goundem — against the Collector of Salem and others in the Subordinate Court that Action, that will determine when a copy of the Decree is submitted, whether the Costs, if any be adjudged against the Collector, shall be borne by that Officer, or by the Government —

(Signed) J. D. Baudillon
Offg Secy to Govt

1-2

Order thereon. — Ordered to be communicated for the information and guidance of the Collector of Salem with reference to his letter dated 11th Ultimo —

In Letter 2 March 1848.

ORIGINAL DESTROYED

2 2

Fort St. George 16th March 1848

In Compliance with the request of Dr. Wight Superintendent of Cotton Farms The Governor in Council directs that 70 Copies of his proposed Circular be struck off at the Government Printing Press and forwarded to him, and all Authorities to whom he may address it are to understand that it is the wish of Government that the experiment suggested be tried and full information respecting it be supplied by them to Dr. Wight.

Ordered that a Copy of the above Resolution be furnished to the Board of Revenue for Communication to the Collectors.

(Signed) A. D. Montgomery
Off. Chief Secy.

Circular

Sir,

A subject of much importance in connexion with the successful prosecution of the experiment now in progress for the Introduction of the Mexicom Cotton Plant in India, and the proper sowing season, has recently engaged much attention and has in the Course of its discussion led to the promulgation of three

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

distinct sets of opinions more or less differing from each others. Two of these being easily submitted to the test of Experiment claims being subjected to that ordeal on a widely extended scale, though not an expensive one, the more so as the results obtained, in the course of their investigation, must, almost unavoidably, decide the correctness or otherwise of the third. I now therefore address you for the purpose of soliciting your attention to a very simple experiment which, I anticipate, will go far towards, if it does not quite suffice to solve the problem now under discussion. But to place the matter before you in as clear and intelligible point of view it seems necessary before stating my plans to glance, very briefly, at the circumstances which have given rise to this application.

The experiment it is generally known was commenced under the guidance of professional American Cotton Planters from the state of Mississippi, an extra-tropical province

province lying between the 30th and 35th parallels of North Latitude. These persons on their arrival in India were very naturally struck with the greatest difference of temperature existing between India and the region in which they had hitherto cultivated the Mexican Cotton Plant, and perhaps, from previous successes in the Cooler Country, believing it to be a native of the high and cool table land of Mexico once concluded that the Indian climate was much too hot for its successful cultivation except, and even then but imperfectly, during the Coolest Season of the year. This opinion which many circumstances, which have occurred in the course of the experiments has tendered more or less to invalidate, they all still retain. No latter than July last Mr. Mercer, an Excellent Planter and very intelligent man, stated to the Manchester Commercial Association as his belief that the growth of Cotton in India, from the seed, must necessarily be limited, as it could only be grown in peculiar climates; that in the District of Dharwar it has found a

congenial soil and succeeded, but that that was owing to the region of Dharwar having a mild climate, that in some portions of Candish and Coimbatore having similarly mild climates it equally succeeded in both places, but concluded that, as the extent of Country so favored was upon the whole limited, Great Britain could only expect to derive a small proportion of her Cotton of that description from India.

About the time he was making these Statements in England I was engaged in drafting a letter to the Secretary to the agricultural Society in India, which was read at the September meeting of the Society and immediately published in the Indian Newspapers.* In that letter I stated in effect, that it appeared to me, that what we had principally to attend to in the Cultivation of the Mexican Cotton Plant in India was not so much the heat of the Seasons as the adaptation of the Sowing to the Monsoons so as to secure for the plant during the rains a growing season of from 12 to 16 weeks immediately preceding the period of bright Sunshine which usually succeeds

on

* See Calcutta Mail & Madras Spectator 27th September 1847

on their discontinuance, for harvesting the Crop which would then be attaining maturity.

According to these views the preliminary showers of May and latter end of September, which respectively usher in the S. W and N E Monsoons give under their influences were indicated as the proper Sowing Seasons

Since that time I have been in correspondence with Mr James Lees of Manchester, a Member of the Commercial association of that City, who has examined the subject in all its bearings with the utmost elaborate care and attention.

His first object was to establish the fact that the plant is truly of tropical Origin by shewing that it is a native of those Cabentes or hot districts of Mexico, lying under nearly the same parallels of latitude as the Indian Peninsula and in many respects corresponding in climate, secondly that in its native country where it naturally sown in it begins to vegitate with the commencement of May and for its crop in September, and that the Cotton grown in these hot districts is considered better than

grown from Mexican Seed in the United States however carefully cultivated; and lastly he examined the practical results obtained in this and other Countries where its cultivation has been attempted.

The conclusions at which he arrives from this extended examination are, that the American Planters have taken an erroneous view of the Constitution and habits of the plant in supposing that it required a cool or mild a climate as they say it does, and that the views I promulgated are correct only in so far as they relate to the Countries under the influence of the S. W Monsoon, but are erroneous as applied to those under the N. E, because the natural growing season of the plant being during the Summer Months (May, June and July) he affirms we ought, in bringing it to India, enjoying Seasons similar to those of its native Country, to conform to its native habits and by Sowing in May became for it in India as in Mexico its natural growing season, and urges that it is only by following such a course that we need hope for success. In a word he insists that the proper Season for

Sowing

sowing Mexican Cotton in India is at the time that our ryots sow their spring Crops of Cholum and Cumboo: which he enforces by adducing the fact that in Egypt where all crops are cultivated by irrigation, the Egyptian wheel can raise water enough to irrigate 3 acres Cotton, but only two of Cholum, thence deducing the inference that Cotton requires less than Cholum to perfect its crop and consequently that the amount of rain that in India is found sufficient for the latter (which I may say ought to suffice for the former.

By sowing at the natural time he observes "there would not only be more certainty of crop but the most important results would be obtained. The crop would at all times be much greater and the staple of the Cotton much superior. These results would follow from a more perfect development of the plant. The observance of the natural sowing time will produce the most perfect development of which the plant is capable. It will then be sown at that period of the growing season when the soil and the climate

are in the most heated state and when this heat combines with those gentle showers, which at that time occur to promote to the almost the rapidity and vigour of the germination of the seed, and when also after germination has taken place the subsequent growing season will be more prolonged and propitious than at any other period of the year."

Without in the present state of our knowledge, venturing to go so far as to subscribe to those views to their full extent, I believe I am perfectly justified in urging as the least two can do in return for the pains bestowed by the writer of those very able and elaborate letters (of which I have only been able to give a brief summary), furnishing a very imperfect idea of the conclusiveness as a whole, of the arguments adduced, is to institute over a wide range of Country numerous comparative experiments. This I conceive may be done without trouble or expense, all that is required being to ask a few Ryots in each District when sowing their Cholum to sow a few handsful of Mexican Cotton seed in any convenient spot in the same fields and watch the result. In this

way

way the correctness or otherwise of the Notion
regarding the relative quantities of moisture
required for perfecting Crops of Cotton and Cob
will be established on a wide and satisfact
basis and if found Correct may prove the mea
of at once introducing the culture of the sea
Cotton into many parts of this Country where
has not yet been heard of. But whether
these first trials fail or succeed in establis
under the influence of the N. E. Monsoon (
experiment should be repeated during
October for the purpose of ascertaining
whether it is as certain and productive during the
hot as the cool season, bearing the double object
in view of confirming or refuting the opinions
the American Planters regarding the necessity
of a mild Climate for its successful Culture

In confirmation of Mr Lee's
it seems but fair to state that a large p
tion of our crops has usually been gather
during the hottest months, March and
that at these times the cotton seem
to bear the heat better than the Native
and that as regards the present season there
fail

fields where have as yet made a satisfactory return
were sown in May or the very beginning of
June. The crops of all those sown after the middle of
June, though equally promising on the 10th October,
when the unusually abundant and protracted
rains of this season commenced have been nearly
ruined. The plants however apparently true to
their natural habit of bearing during bright warm
weather have latterly greatly recovered their
health and are again in full bloom promising
as usual a respectable crop. The season continuing
clear and dry in March and April. Samples
of the May Sown Cotton picked during very
warm weather in September have moreover been
pronounced in England the best yet grown in
India, another important fact in support of the same views

In conclusion, I beg again to state
that I think it the least we can do in return
for the labour bestowed by our Manchester friends
is to set on foot over a widely extended
tract of Country the very simple experiment here
suggested, lest, by failing to do so, we expose
ourselves to obloquy on the ground of improper
prejudice or obstinacy in neglecting to adopt

Measures

Fort St. George 10th March 1818

measures fitted to decide a matter of the high importance to the welfare of India. Whether to engage in these experiments can be supplied with seed from the Farms and at what quantities will suffice in the first instance for Trial of such experiments, even the most distant Stations might be supplied by means of Baughy Packets in sufficient time for the approaching season.

Reports recording the result of these Experiments are requested and will thereafter be examined, and a general Summary embodying the evidence furnished by the whole will be published as soon as it can be completed.

(Signed) P. Wyse
Surgeon
Supt. Ct. Plantations

3-4

Order thereon

Ordered to be communicated for the information and guidance of the Revenue and Government Agents under this Presidency

From the Offg. Chief Secretary to Government

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation under date 9th March 1818

5

To D. Mayne Esqre.

Read the following letter

Sir

With reference to your appointment to the Zillah of Bellary under date to act as subordinate to the Collector of Canara I am directed to intimate to you that it is the intention of Government that you should remain at the Presidency until the arrival of Mr. Harris pertaining from leave and resuming charge of the Collectorship of Canara

(Signed) H. C. Montgomery
Offg. Chief Secretary

PERMANENT ORIGINAL DESTROYED

To
The President and Members
of the Board of Revenue

Order thereon

7-8

3800

Fort St. George 10th March 1818

5-6

Order thereon

Ordered to be recorded.

From the Offg. Chief Secretary to Government

Extract from the Minutes of Consultations under date the 10th March 1818.

7

Read the following letter.

To
E. C. Lovell Esqre.
Acting Collector and Magistrate
of North Arcot

Sir

With reference to my letter of the 27th Ultimo, I am directed by the Honorable the Governor in Council to desire that on Mr. Lewis availing himself of the leave granted to him you will deliver charge of the District to Mr. Binning the Acting 1st Collector, and proceed to take up your appointment to act as Civil and Sessions Judge of the Zillah of Chittoor

(Signed) H. C. Montgomery
Offg. Chief Secretary

PERMANENT ORIGINAL DESTROYED

To
The President & Members
of the Board of Revenue

Ordered to be recorded

Read the following Extract

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation,
under date the 13th March 1818

Read again Extracts from the

Fort St. George 15th March 1848

9

the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated 29th June and 29th July and recorded in consultations 6th July and 17th August 1847.

Read also the following letters from the Chief Magistrate and Superintendent of Police

Forwarded 31st January Nos 5 and 7th February 1848 Nos 7 /

Para 1 The circumstances brought to light in the course of the investigation held by the Chief Magistrate respecting the preparation and transcription of the Memorial of the Mylaveram Zemindar and the abstraction of the public documents referred to in it, represent in the opinion of Government a very disreputable state of things in the Office of the Collector of Madras and reflect most unfavorably on the whole Department.

2 Though the Chief Magistrate seems to think that the result of his investigation has not proved conclusive, the Honorable the Governor in Council is satisfied that sufficient has been elicited on some points of enquiry to show the existence of great laxity in the management and supervision of the English Correspondence Department, if not direct connivance

ORIGINAL DESTROYED

Fort St. George 15th March 1848

connivance on the part of Mr De Vaz in the irregularities practised by the under clerks and Volunteers in that Department. It is indeed difficult to imagine how Mr. De Vaz could have been ignorant of what was going on in the Office and especially of the manner in which Mr. De Monte's time was occupied while employed in copying public papers for the Zemindar of Mylaveram

3 His Honor in Council cannot therefore conceive the Statement made in the recent letters of the Collector to the Board of Revenue regarding the very laborious duties" devolving on his Head Clerk Mr. De Vaz, with the fact of that individual having acted as Agent for certain Zemindars and conducted the business of such Agency while in Office with the occasional aid of the writers of the Cutcherry, in copying papers connected with these private pursuits. The transaction of private business in an Office where it must necessarily interfere with public duties and occupy the time which should be devoted to the interest of the Service, is highly objectionable

and

and calls for severe censure.

4 The Governor in Council con-
ders the proceedings adopted against
Burghall which terminated in his
-missal from Office to be harsh and un-
-justifiable, and he resolves therefore to
instruct the Board of Revenue to direct
the Collector to restore Mr. Burghall
to the situation he lately held in the
cutcherry immediately on the receipt of
this Order.

5. It was clearly the duty
the Head Servant of the Collectors Office
to aid to his utmost in bringing to light
the party who had prepared the
Memorial, his exertions on the contrary
were evidently applied to concealment.
The Government notice especially the
course pursued during the mock inves-
tigation in the Collectors Office as related
by the Chief Magistrate in the 20th Para
of his letter, which if not planned
by Mr. De Vaz could not have escaped
his knowledge, and they cannot but
perceive that their own Servants from whom

they

they had every right to require cooperation in
carrying out their orders were the very persons
who combined to defeat their object

6 The Governor in Council is of
opinion that Mr. De Vaz has by his conduct for-
feited all claim to the special allowance lately
accorded to him. He hopes the object of an example
will be sufficiently met by directing that this
addition of 90 Rupees to the salary of Mr. De Vaz
sanctioned by the Government of India on
the 1st of May 1844 be withdrawn from the 1st
of this month. Mr. De Vaz at the same
time must be warned that further
instances of irregularities like those now brought
under the notice of Government, and especially
the part he appears to have taken in endeavouring
to stifle enquiry, will call for a stronger
mark of the displeasure of Government.

7 As regards Mr. De Monte De Vaz's
cousin, who was not only actively employed
in transcribing the Zemindars Memorial
himself during official hours but in arrang-
-ing and distributing the documents connected
with it to be copied by the Volunteers in
the Office, his Honor in Council conceives there
can be little doubt that he had assisted the
Vakeel

Vakeel of the Zemindar in obtaining copies of
documents in direct contravention of the orders both of
this and the Supreme Government of which he was fully
Cognizant, and had fraudulently supplied
Stationery from the Office stores for this transaction
and his conduct viewed in these respects proving
as it does gross and deliberate breach of official
demands a greater measure of punishment than
has been meted out to Mr Day. He is also commanded
that unless an example be made which would
strongly mark the displeasure of Government at
such reprehensible
servants, the evil now so prevalent will not
be put down, and he therefore resolves that
Dismissed from the Public Service on
the receipt of this order and that he be debarred
from again serving in it without the previous
permission of Government.

8

His Honor in Council fully agrees
with the Chief Magistrate in the opinion
expressed in the concluding Para of his letter
and considers the employment of such
Native agents as Volunteer writers in the Public
Offices to be open to serious objections. As
regards the Office of the Collector of
Madras where a small number of persons

their employment and where an ample public
Establishment is maintained, the Government
have no hesitation in directing the immediate
dismissal of the Volunteers and their exclusion
for the future from that Office, and they desire
that the Board will see that these orders
are carried out and strictly attended
to in future.

9

The Government also consider it
desirable to apply the spirit of the foregoing
prohibitory orders to the public Offices generally
at the Presidency, and they accordingly resolve
to forward a copy of Para 23 of the Chief Magistrates
letter to the several Heads of Offices and to direct
that the Employments of Volunteers on
their Establishment be restricted within the
narrowest possible limits and confined to
the near relatives of old and faithful servants
in the Office who would be responsible for their
good Conduct.

A true Extract

(Signed) H. Montgomery
Off. Chief Secy.

To The President and Members
of the
Board of Revenue.

A

Extract from the letter from the Chief
Magistrate and Superintendent of Police to
the

Fort St. George 15th March 1815

the Officiating Chief Secretary to Govt.

Dated 31st January 1815. No. 5

Para 73 In conclusion it may not be irrelevant for me to bring to the notice of Govt. that the system of admitting Volunteer writers into Public Offices appears to me to be seriously objectionable, and it is apprehended that the system is carried to a most mischievous extent in the several Public Offices at the Presidency. By the employment of such irresponsible persons who have nothing to apprehend whatever be their improper conduct than being merely debarred from attending that particular Office, they are easily converted into convenient tools by designing and intriguing public Servants, and are thus often rendered subservient to the commission of acts which occasion much public inconvenience. It will not have escaped the notice of Government that these observations are peculiarly applicable in the present instance to the Office of the Collector of Madras.

A true Extract

(Signed) H. Montgomery

Offg Chief Secretary

Fort St. George 16th March 1815

Proceedings thereon Resolved that a Copy

9-10

of the foregoing Extract from Minutes of Consultation be communicated for the information and guidance of the Collector of Madras with reference to his Letters dated 28th June and 23d July last.

Under the Orders now

2 conveyed Mr. Sudleston will be pleased to appoint his Head writer and Record Keeper Mr. D'Cay of the opinion expressed by Government respecting his conduct and will furnish him with Copies of Paras 2 — 3 — 5 and 6 of the Extract now transmitted placing him on his former allowance from the 1st Instant.

ORIGINAL DESTROYED

Mr.

Fort St. George 10th March 184

3 Mr. Sudlestone is further instructed on receipt of these orders to restore Mr. Bunghall to the situation which he lately held in the Madras Cutcherry and dismiss Mr. D'Montejuis to the latter individual that the Government have debarred him from again serving in their Cutcherry without their previous permission

The Collector will likewise discharge the Volunteers employed in the Madras Cutcherry and exclude them for the future from his office, and he will report for the information of the Board his having given effect to the several orders above communicated.

Rec

Fort St. George 16th March 1848

Read the following

From the Offg. Chief Secy. to Govt. } Extract from the Minutes of Consultation dated 7th March 1848.-

(From Board 7th Feby.)

11

The Governor in Council will not at present pass any orders on the subject of the Assessment of the wet lands in the Paulnaud, as it is observed a revision of the temporary rates now admitted by the Board is contemplated. This revision should take the opinion of Govern= =ment be made without delay as inconveni= =ence may arise from acting season after season upon rates not permanently sanctioned.-

(Signed) H. C. Montgomery
Offg. Chief Secy.

11-12

Resolved that copy of the foregoing Order of Government be communicated for the information of the Collector of Guntoor, with reference to the Boards Proceedings dated 7th Ultimo.-

Resolution thereon.-

Read the following

From the Secy. to Government. } Extract from the Minutes of Consultation dated 22d February 1848.-

13

To
Sir H. C. Montgomery Bt.
Secretary to Government
Fort St. George

Sir,

I am directed to acknowledge the

24

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

the receipt of your letter No. 13 dated the 4th Instant, and in reply to state that in compliance with the recommendation of the Most Noble the Governor in Council the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the abolition of the Sundry petty taxes therein Specified under the Madras Presidency involving an Annual remission of Revenue to the Amount of Rupees 7881-15-

Fort William, ----}
The 29th January 1848.-}

(Signed) G. A. Bushby.
Sec.y to the Govt. of India.

Ordered that the foregoing letter with the correspondence noted in the Margin be transmitted for the information and guidance of the Board of Revenue with reference to their Secretary's letter dated 1st March 1847. No. 125.

(Signed) H. C. Montgomery
Sec.y to Govt.

To
Sir H. C. Montgomery Bt.
Sec.y to Govt.
Fort St. George.

Sir,

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 1115 dated 8th Ultimo and its Enclosures recommending the abolition of certain petty farms

+Extt. Mins. Cons. 8th October 1847 No. 1114.
From Govt. of India 1st Novr. -- 1042
To Do. 4th Jany./48 -- 13
+ already furnished

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.-

of Extra Sources of Revenue under the Madras Presidency yielding Rupees 14,777-- 5½ per annum.

2. Some of the items of revenue which it is proposed by the Government of Fort St. George to relinquish appear to the President in Council objectionable, such as the Kollaganam and the Talagoodoogoo. But His Honor in Council cannot see any objection to any of those items which fall within the general designation of land revenue or revenue derived from land whether cultivated or uncultivated.-

3. The products of unreclaimed and unappropriated plains and forests are as fairly subject to a Government Tax or a contribution to the State funds as the cultivated fields on which the capital and labor of the Subject are expended and however trifling the income derived from such sources may be, the President in Council would not be disposed to renounce the right of Government to a portion of the profits derived from their natural productions if its enforcement can be prevented from being oppressive and therefore injurious to the general prosperity. For instance, grass lands the exclusive property of the State may legitimately yield a revenue for the benefit of grazing them, and the Forests which produce timber,

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

timber, wax, honey, &c. being the property
State, the state may be fairly entitled to
rent for the liberty to collect their produ
4. With respect to items of the
sort all that seems requisite is to pro
Monopoly and to farm out the use of sta
grazing lands and forests to individua
residing in their neighbourhood, and not
to grant exclusive rights to any perso
over large districts or tracts of Coun
in the shape of a Monopoly. Where
tracts border on large Zemindaries the
President in Council would suggest
the expediency of granting leases to the
Zemindars, and where the Settlements
Ryotwaree they may be leased to indiv
=duals without adding inconveniently
the number of petty rent payers.
5. The President in Council
of opinion that on the principle above
explained a separation may easily be
made between those items in the
Statements included in
your dispatch which are
objectionable as taxes on industry
and those which are levied
the use of Government land in
to derive a profit from its natura
productions; and on the receipt of a

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

report the Government of India will be pre=
=pared to sanction the abolition of all items
of the former Class.
6. The Original Enclosures of
your letter are returned.

(Signed) G. A. Bushby
Sec.y to the Govt. of India.

Fort William, ---
The 6th November 1847.

To

G. A. Bushby Esq.re
Secretary to the Government
of India.

Sir,

I am directed by the Most
Noble the Governor in Council to
acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated
6th November 1847. No. 1042, communicating
the views of the Government of India on
the proposition of this Government to abolish
certain petty Farms of Extra Sources of
revenue under the Madras Presidency.

2. In conformity with the principles
therein explained, His Lordship in Council
would now recommend the abolition of the
following items included in Statement
No. 1. Submitted by the Board of Revenue with
their letter of the 1st March 1847.

No. 1	Kollagannum or Weighing and Measuring tax	2439-5-9
2	Gold Dust rent in Rajahmundry	1143-2-8
	Cuddapah	1266-11-5
3	Farm of Dyeing Betel Nut in Malabar	1627-0-0
9 @ 16	Sundry petty objectionable taxes and contractors in North Arcot affecting the poorest inhabitants	289-14-5
		6766-2-3

Referring

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

Refering to Statement No. 2 received with same letter, His Lordship in Council considers the taxes on Washerman's Earth in Chinglepet and South Arcot, and the Yeddoopukudday in the latter Districts as partaking* and pressing on the poorer and hard working Classes, and recommends their being given up, together with the Tax on Toddy Drawers confined to one taluk Ein Canara on sealing wax in Salem, the taxes in Trichinopoly on Salt petre, manufactured for Mr. Fischer which is unauthorized, and the Poll tax which is insignificant and harassing. and further the Taxes peculiar to the District of Bellary, Viz. on parties burning Charcoal and on Cultivators for wood cut for agricultural implements, and for leaves gathered for manuring wet land, as being additional impositions on land already paying high tax to the state. The amount of all these items is as follows, Viz.

Chinglepet	Washerman's Earth	11-
South Arcot	Do.	221-
	Yeddoopukudday	11-
Canara	Tax on Toddy Drawers	35-
Trichinopoly	Manufacture of Saltpetre	12-
	Poll Tax	2-
Salem	Sealing wax	31-
Bellary	Burning Charcoal	42-
	Wood for Agricultural implements	59-
	Leaves for Manuring land	203-
	Rupees	629-11-

There

* A Moveable Shop held only at the time of harvest near the threshing floor for the convenience of laborers who barter small quantities of Grain for Betel &c.

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

4. There are besides a few other items which, as being products of unappropriated Government tracts do not strictly come under the letter of the instructions communicated in your letter, but which the Government would still prefer the relinquishment of as being oppressive. These are the Thatching grass and Cosungar used in Chinglepet in Covering Huts and Cattle Sheds; the Rattan and Long rush used in Chinglepet and South Arcot by the poorest of the community in the manufacture of Baskets from which they earn their livelihood; the tax for the Collection of Vapaulay leaves for dyeing cloth peculiar to Salem, the tax on parties cutting wood for sale and gathering Soapnuts and oil Seeds in Bellary, all which are drawn from the poorest classes earning their livelihood by their daily labor.

The Amount is small as shewn

5. below-

Chinglepet	Thatching grass	39-7-9
	Rattan	3-7-0
	Casungoo	5-8-0
	Long rush	25-5-7
South Arcot	Rattans	50-9-2
	Dyeing leaves	20-10-0
Salem		182-0-0
Bellary	Tax on parties cutting wood	46-0-0
	Collecting Cheekoy and Soapnut	113-0-0
	Do. Oil Seeds	485-15-6

The

6. . . . The amount for the remis-
of which the Sanction of the Government of
India is now solicited is Rupees 7881-12-
For items entered in Statement No. 1. 6766-2-
——— Do. ——— Do. ——— 629-11-
7395-13-
Items referred to in para 4. 485-15-
Rupees 7881-12-

It will be observed that the chief por-
tion of this Amount Viz. Rupees 6476-3-
belongs to the three items-
Kollegamien ——— 2439-5-
Talagoodoogoo ——— 2409-14-
and Farm of Betel nut dyeing
in Malabar ——— 1627-[illegible]
Rupees 6476-3-[illegible]

The two first of which His Honor the
President in Council agrees with this Govern-
-ment in considering objectionable and
the third appears of a like character.

Fort St. George
4th January 1848 } (Signed) H. C. Montgomery
Secretary to Govt.

-14

Ordered that the following
letters be sent in consequence.-

To the Collrs. of Rajahmundry
Bellary Cuddapah
Chingleput Salem
North Arcot South Arcot
Trichinopoly Canara
and Malabar
Communicating
the

Circular
Sir,
With reference to your letter
Noted in the Margin in reply to the three
Circulars

the orders of Government abolishing certain petty taxes in their Districts

Rajahmundry	5th in Cons. 14th Augt. 43 - 2d in Cons. 9th Novr. 1843 and 10th in Cons. 18th Septr. 45.	Circulars from this Office dated
Bellary -	28th Augt. in Cons. 7th Septr. 1843. 9th in Cons. 18th Jany. 1844 and 12th in Cons. 18th Septr. 1845 -	respectively the 27th July and 2d October 1843. and
Cuddapah	12th in Cons. 17th Augt. 1843 - 26th Octr. in Cons. 2d Novr. 1843 and 19th in Cons. 25th Septr. 45.	25th August 1845 relating to cer- -tain Farms of
Chingleput	8th in Cons. 14th Augt. 43 30th Novr. in Cons. 7th Decr. 1843 and 4th in Cons. 6th November 1845 -	Jungle produce and petty taxe in
Salem - - -	11th in Cons. 17th Augt. 1843 - 21st in Cons. 26th Octr. 1843 and 6th in Cons. 13th October 1845.	your District which in your
North Arcot	31st July in Cons. 3d Augt. 1843. 12th in Cons. 16th Octr. 1843 and 4th in Cons. 8th December 1845.	opinion & might with propriety be
South Arcot	21st in Cons. 28th Augt. 1843 19th in Cons. 26th Octr. 43 and 13th in Cons. 18th Septr. 45	discontinued, & I am directed
Trichinopoly	28th Augt. in Cons. 4th Septr. 1843. 13th in Cons. 18th Decr. 1843 & 12th in Cons. 18th Septr. 45 -	by the Board of Revenue to inform & you that of the items re- -commended
Canara - -	31st Augt. in Cons. 7th Septr. 1843 - 30th Novr. in Cons. 14th December 1843 & 6th in Cons. 15th September 1845 -	by you for aboli- -tion of Govern- -ment have & with the permis- -sion of the Government of
Malabar	6th in Cons. 14th Septr. 1843. 22d Novr. 43 in Cons. 8th Febry. 1844. 2d in Cons. 11th Septr. 45 -	India,

India resolved to relinquish the fol-
lowing involving an average annual
remission in your District to the extent specified

		Rs. a.
Rajahmundry	Kollaganam or weighing and measuring Tax	2439-5-
	Jalagadoogoo or Gold Dust rent	1143-2-
	Tax on parties cutting Firewood for Sale	182--
	Do. on those who gather Chetty Soapnut &c.	46--
	Do. on those who collect Ranagu Oil Seeds	113--
Bellary	Do. on parties burning Charcoal.	42--
	Do. on Cultivators for the wood cut for their agricultural implements	59--
	Do. on Do. for leaves gathered for manuring wet lands	203--
Cuddapah	Gold Dust rent	1266-11-
Chingleput	Vezzhal or Thatching grass	39-7-
	Rattan	3-7-
	Casungoo	5-8-
	Coray or long rush	25-5-
	Savootnum or Washerman's earth	11-1-

		Rs. a. P.
Salem	Vapauly or dying leaves	20-10--
	Sealing Wax	31-3-5
North Arcot	Tax on venders of Vegetables Betel Chittoor farmed to the Monigar	3-8--
	Exctra Collections on Bazar Men of Tripatty Tirumalay and Trichanoor farmed to the Monigars	33-9-3
	Tax paid by Weavers from profits derived for accommodating Pilgrims	52-8--

Daily

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

North Arcot. Contd.

	Rs. a p
Daily Tax on Venders of Betel Vegetables 1st at Wallajapett	15-12-
Daily Petty Tax at Ranepet	140-9-
Wild Fowl tax or previlege of catching Wild Fowl at Cavery pauk & Paloor.	2-4-
Compensation on account of fines levied at Cast Assemblies	8--
Daily tax on Venders of Vegetables &c. Arcot	24-10-
Washermans earth	221-3-
South Arcot. Rattans	50-9-
Yeddoopuk Eddaj	11-4-

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

		Rs. a p
Trichinopoly Land Revenue	Manufacture of Saltpetre for Mr. Fischer	12-15-11
	Shavioor Poll tax	2-7-3
Canara	Kurree Terrigay Farm of Tax on Toddy Drawers	35-2-10
Malabar	Farm of Dyeing Betel Nuts	1627-11-11

2- In giving effect to the resolution of Government now communicated it is desired that wherever the collection of these items of Revenue is now enforced under a manie the Tax maybe abolished at once- but in cases where the Revenue arising from such im=posts has been formed for the year the Tax should be discontinued from the end of the present Fusly 1257. Where it has been rented out for a longer period arraingements should be made with the Renters to induce them

Fort St. George 16th March 18..

them to give up their Rent
at the close of the Curren
year, reference being mad
to the Board in any case
of difficulty.-

3. The other petty Far
and Taxes mentioned in yo
letters not appearing to th
Government to be objection
should be realized and
brought to account by you a
heretofore.-

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
16th March 1848.

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary

Fort St. George 16th March 1848

13-15

To the Collrs. of Vizagapatam, Nellore, Nurnool, Madura, and Tinnevelly - - - -

14th in Cons. 24th Augt. 1843 -
18th in Cons. 26th October 1843 -
& 27th September 1845 - -
in Cons. 5th January 1846.-

Circular.

Sir,

With reference to the letters from your office noted in the margin in reply to the three Circulars from this Office dated respectively the 27th July and 2d October 1843 and 25th August 1845, relating to certain Farms of Jungle produce and Petty taxes in your districts which it was proposed to discontinue,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to inform you that the Government of India, to whom the subject has been referred, have not seen reason to authorize the relinquishment of those sources of Revenue.

You will therefore be pleased to continue the levy of those taxes as usual.-

Revenue Board Office -
Fort St. George 16th March 1848

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary

The same to

Nellore 3d in Cons. 15th Augt. 1843
17th in Cons. 23d Octr. 1843
& 17th in Cons. 22d September 1845
Nurnool 25th in Cons. 31st Augt. 1843
18th in Cons. 26th Octr. 1843 and 11th in Cons. 25th September 1845
Madura 7th in Cons. 14th Augt. 1843
30th Decr. 1843 in Cons. 8th Jany. 1844.
10th in Cons. 13th Septr. - 1845
Tinnevelly 7th in Cons. 17th Augt. 1843
18th in Cons. 26th Octr. 1843 22d Novr.
in Cons. 1st Decr. 1845 - -

H

From the Offg. Secry to Govt. &c. Communicating Observations, Remarks and orders on the Board's Proceedings relative to the Management of the Exctra. Sources of Revenue in the District of

Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue
Relative to the Management of the Exctra. Sources of Revenue in the District of Masulipatam for Fasly 1256 -
Para 1

Read the following Extracts from the Minutes of Consultation Under date the 7th March 1848.-

Read the following Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue.-

(Here enter 17th Fasly 1848 No 5)

There was a large falling off

Fort St. George 16th. March 1848

Masulipatam for Fusly 1256-

off in the Coctra Revenue of Masulipatam District in Fusly 1256 as Compared with the previous year. Amounting to no less than 12,14,61-11-6

Fusly 1255 — 5,14,553 - 13 - 4
Fusly 1256 — 3,92,092 - 1 - 10
Decrease — 1,21,461 - 11 - 6

This deficit is owing to a decrease in the Salt Revenue which

Fusly 1255 — 4,02,547 - 8 - 6
Fusly 1256 — 2,77,769 - 2 - 9
Decrease 1,24,778 - 5 - 9

is less by 1,24,778 - 5 - 9 than that of the previous year, the sales for transport inland being lower by 107127 - 12 - 9 and for Home Consumption by 17,650 - 8 - a This large decrease in the sales attracted the notice of the Board of Revenue during the progress of the year, and they called on the late Acting Collr to account for it - The Honorable the Governor in Council agrees with the Board in thinking that the causes assigned by the Collr Mathison, and Concurred in by Mr. Porter are not the true ones - The Board themselves appear to be nearer the truth in their surmise that the cause may be found in the unusually large sales of Fusly 1255 - But the cause which stimulated to this extension of the Salt Trade in that year deserves enquiry, especially as it took place simultaneously in the Nellore District also

Para 5 & 6

To B. of May 22nd 1847

Fort St. George 16th. March 1848

2

The falling off in Fusly 1256 occurred in Guntoor in common with the Masulipatam and Nellore, and the Honorable the Governor in Council has noticed the subject in reviewing the Coctra Revenue Reports of the first named District - He will here only further observe that the statements in the margin of Mr. Porters Report, / Para 4 / shews that the Salt Trade of his District though increasing regularly on the whole during the last thirty two years, has yet been liable to great fluctuation from year to year, and though the sales in Fusly 1256 are so much below those of the preceding year, yet the sales of the two years are considerably more than double those of Fusly 1254 -

3

There is a net increase of 4731 - 1 - 11 in the Frontier duties - chiefly arising from the increased import of Cloths and Tobacco, the latter for re-exportation - It appears that the import of Opium from the Nizams territory which has hitherto yielded a small revenue is likely to cease, as the dealers of Juggiahpettah the importing Town, have Commenced to manufacture the article

article themselves from passing juice pro-
duced in the Mysore Country. The estab-
-ment of this branch of industry in the
Town has been rendered practicable by the
abolition of the Frontier duties between the
British Territories and Mysore. The Coll.
has omitted to explain how it is that the
import of Opium during the Six months from
July to January Fusly 1256 exceeded that
during the whole of Fusly 1255 by more than one
4 The remaining items need no
Remarks. Of the total demand 39.389-2-1
3506-7-2 was outstanding at the
of the Fusly which arrear was subsequent
-ly reduced to 176-10-8. The Jist Re-
-venue excluding Charges Amounted to
37.174-14-11 being 11.816-2-4 below the
of Fusly 1255.
5 The Honorable the Governor
in Council is glad to observe that the
Collector prospects to be shortly able to co
-plete the Tariff of his District on a
uniform scale with those of Guntoor
and Rajahmundry, and he trusts that
no unavoidable delay will occur in
effecting this end in view.

The

6 The Collectors report contains an ac-
account of the old Motarpha Balances prior to
Fusly 1249 as desired by Government last year.
The total amount outstanding on the 31st October
1847 was 11.93-11-15, of which the Collector states that
129-11-9-3 is capable of Collection, and 1064-5-4
irrecoverable, from the death, emigration, or poverty
of the defaulters, the absence of detailed accounts,
or Special Remission. The Honorable the Governor
in Council approves of the Board's recommendation
that this sum should be written off.
Of other old arrears the Amount
7 at the date of the Collector's report was 3139
balance accruing subsequently to Fusly 1249
inclusive, 113-14 of this is stated to be re-
-coverable, 301-4-8 is Represented as past
Recovery from various Causes, and the Ho-
-norable the Governor in Council sanctions
its being struck out of the accounts.
The expects an account of the Remaining
224-7-4 in the Collectors report on Fusly 1257.
The Sayer old balance Amounts
8 ing to 2139-11-8-5 is due by the Renters
for Fusly 1248. It is stated that measures
are in progress for Settling the Meerassee
lands

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

lands of the defaulter and his Sureties. But the Honorable the Governor in Council would request the attention of the Board to this subject, with reference to the propriety of proceeding to that extreme measure at this remote period.

(A true Extract.)

(Signed) Jn. D. Bourdillon

Offg. Secy. to Govt.

16-17

Order thereon. Ordered to be Communicated for the information and guidance of the Collector of Masulipatam with reference to the Board's Proceedings dated 17th ult.

With reference to the observations of Government in the Concluding para of the foregoing Extract Porter is requested before proceeding to the attachment of the property of the defaulting Sayer renter for Fusly 1243, and his Sureties, to bring the circumstances of the Case before the Board in a special report.

18

From the Offg. Secy. to Govt. Communicating Observations on the Proceedings relative to the Settlement of Land Revenue in the District of Bellary for Fusly 1256.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation under date the 7th March 1848.

Read the following Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue.

Relative to the Settlement of Land Revenue in the District of Bellary for Fusly 1256.

(Here enter 7th Feby. 1848 No. 1.)

Para 1. The season of Fusly 1255 was

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

was an extremely disastrous one, both as regarded deficiency of rain and unhealthiness, no fewer than 18364 persons having died in that year of Cholera.

The Governor in Council is happy to observe that the year under Review contrasts strongly with it in both respects. With a trifling exception the rains were seasonable and abundant, and perhaps as a consequence, Cholera totally disappeared a Month or two after the Commencement of the year.

Firstly. The full supply of water caused an increase in every branch of Cultivation amounting on the whole

Collrs Report para 7. to acres 134574 and Rupees 286872, and as the prices of grain were nearly equal to those of Fusly 1255 and higher than those of the preceding five years, it was a prosperous year for the Ryots.

Do. para 6

Secondly. The amount of the net Settlement after making the usual deductions, exceeded that of Fusly 1255 by Rupees 282753.

Fusly 1255. 1970543
Fusly 1256. 2253296
Increase 282753

Thirdly. Of the total net Settlement, Rupees 2253296 Rupees 20218 remained outstanding at the close of the Fusly and 6490 at the end of September, of which 4500 Rupees is stated by the Collector to

Collectors Report para 27

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

to be irrecoverable - Excl[usive] of Rupees 200 above authorized by Government to be written off, the balance of Fusly 1256 at the close of September 1847 was 6916 of which 6547 is reported to be irrecoverable - The Board of Revenue will be pleased to lay before Government as soon as received the report on this latter promised by Mr. Miller, and will also obtain from him in due time a similar report on the arrears of [illegible]

(A true Extract)

(Signed) J. D. Bourdillon

Off[g] Sec[y] to Gov[t]

18-19

Order thereon - Ordered to be communicated for the information and guidance of the Collector of Salt[ery] with reference to the Board's Proceedings dated 7th Oct[obe]r

The Board observe that the Sanction of Government for writing off the irrecoverable balances for Fusly 1255 amounting to Rupees 6547-12-3 has already been communicated to the Collector with their Proceedings of 17th January last, Mr. Mellon will be pleased to furnish his report on the arrears for Fusly 1256 in due course.

20

From the Off[g] Sec[y] to Gov[t]

Read the following Resolution

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation dated 6th [illegible]

(From Board's 24th Feb[y])

The Honorable the Governor

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

the Governor in Council grants authority for writing off the wastage of Salt in Fusly 1256 amounting to Rupees 213-28-7-1/8 and sanctions the charge of Rupees 121-2-1 Twenty one and a[illegible] two incurred in Nellore for Carriage Hire -

(Signed) J. D. Bourdillon

Off[g] Sec[y] to Gov[t]

ORIGINAL DESTROYED

Ordered that the following Circulars and letters be sent in Consequence -

21

Circulars -

To The Collector of Ganjam -

Circular to all Salt Manufacturing Districts

With reference to your letter of the 28th September last, I am directed by the Board of Revenue to inform you that the Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to grant authority for writing off the wastage of Salt which occurred in your District in Fusly 1256 Amounting to

The same to the the Collectors of the undermentioned Districts -

	Date	Amount Gross	Amount Nett	Rs	A	P
Vizagapatam	20th Sept[embe]r 1847	30	351	5	-	-
Rajahmundry	30th July "	60	246	5	1/2	-
Masulipatam	21st & 9th Nov[embe]r "	134	60	-	-	-
Guntoor	13th Oct[obe]r "	250	199	-	-	-
Chingleput	15th Sept[embe]r "	46	351	-	-	-
Madura	24th July "	1	211	-	-	-
N. Arcot	22nd Jan[uar]y 1848	107	22	-	-	-
S. Arcot	14th Oct[obe]r 1847	17	233	-	-	-
		125	228	-	-	-
		39	61	-	-	-
Tanjore	11th July "	27	311	-	-	-
Tinnevelly	5th Oct[obe]r "	278	154	4	5	3/4
Canara	7th Jan[uar]y 1848	133	65	4	-	-
		411	70	1	3/4	-
Malabar	8th Nov[embe]r 1847	3	93	2	1	-
Madras	24th Sept[embe]r "	600	113	-	-	-

In
to Garee 1-285-"-"-

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
16th March 1848

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary

20-22

To the Collector of Nellore.

To the Collr. of
Nellore

Sir,

With reference to your letter of 17th November last I am directed by the Board of Revenue to acquaint you that the Honble the Governor in Council has been pleased to grant authority for writing off the wastage of Salt which occurred in the Nellore district to Garee 235-300-1-3/8 sanction has also been granted by Government for the sum of Rupees 21-2-" being the cost of the quantity of the Salt lost by wastage to the Board's

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
16th March 1848

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary

23

From the offg. Secry to Govt.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation dated 7th March 1848.

(True Extract) 21st Feby.

Read the following Resolution

The Honorable the Governor in Council grants authority for remitting the Tecreuals amounting to 26l-5s-0d-3/4

of land required for building houses for Ryots in the Rajahmundry District.

(True Copy) J. D. Bourdillon
Offg. Secy. to Govt.

23-24

Order thereon. Ordered to be communicated, with a Copy of the Board's letter to Government dated 21st Ultimo, for the information and guidance of the Collector of Rajahmundry with reference to Mr. Forbes letter dated 28th January last.

25

From the offg. Secy to Govt.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation dated 7th March 1848.

(True Extract) 21st Feby.

The Honorable the Government having ascertained that Government Promissary notes deposited by the Government Agents are kept in the General Treasury sanctions the change of arrangements recommended by the Board.

(Signed) J. D. Bourdillon
Offg. Secy. to Govt.

Ordered that the following letter be sent in consequence.

To the Sub Treasurer.

25-26

To the Sub Treasurer
In Consn. 16th March

Sir,

With reference to the orders of Government dated 7th Instant, I am directed by the Court of Wards to request that you will be pleased to favour them with

3835 Fort St. George 16th March 1848

with the Government Promissory Notes
deposited by them in the General
Treasury on behalf of Rumora, on the
dates noted in the Margin.

12th Febry 1846
20th May 1847
29th July 1847

Revenue Board's Office
Fort St. George
16th March 1848

(Signed) J. Pycroft
Secretary

27

From the Offg Secry to Govt

Read the following Resolution
Extract from the Minutes of Consn
dated 9th March 1848
Para 28th Febry

The Honorable the Governor
in Council sanctions the refund as
recommended in the foregoing Proceedings
amounting to Rupees 181 Fifteen

(Signed) J. D. Boudillon
Offg Secy to Govt

27-28

Order thereon. Ordered to be communicated
with Copy of the Board's Proceedings
of 28th Ultimo for the information of the
Collector of Tanjore, with reference to
his letter dated 22nd idem.

From the Offg Secry to Govt

Extract from the Minutes of Consn
dated 9th March 1848
Para 29th Febry

29

Resolved in Council that the Government
direct the Collector of Madura to
make up the remaining 13½ Fasly
Bajeh

3830 Fort St. George 16th March 1848

P. Brass Mercals required for the Salt Pans
in that District.

(Signed) J. D. Boudillon
Offg Secy to Govt

29-30

Order thereon. Ordered to be communicated for
the information and guidance of the Collector of Madura, with reference to his
letter dated 22nd Ultimo.

Read the following letter.

To J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

31

From the Collr of Vizagapatam 8 Paras.

Sir

I have the honor to transmit Translation of a Plaint filed against me by Godavy Janeviah in my capacity as Collector of Vizagapatam for twenty five thousand Rupees.

Jowar's Plaint filed against the Collector of Vizagapatam by G. Janeviah for the Surplus proceeds of the Conda Kirla Estates which Estates had been sequestered by decree of Court previous to sale. Requests draft of answer to be filed & begs that Govt sanction will be obtained for the Expence.

The cause of action arises from the acts of the late Collector in carrying under orders to the credit of Government, the surplus proceeds of the Conda Kirla Estate, after the recovery of the Balance of Peishcush thereon, in satisfaction of the arrears due on two other Estates held by the owner of Conda Kirla beyond the price which

26.

which they separately fetched at auction instead of paying such surplus price to the credit of the Court by which it, Condasirla, had been first sequestered for Plaintiffs benefit and security.

3. My opinion on the legality of this transaction was explicitly stated in the letters from this Office of the 6th October 1846 and 11th June 1847. It was intimated that, in my judgement the surplus in question should have been paid into the Court at whose instance the process of sequestration issued, and should not have been carried to Govt. account.

4. But the Board of Revenue thought differently, and agreeably with an Extract from their Proceedings, dated the 23d August last, Goday Sanne Riah was referred to Court to establish her claims at law, & hence the present suit.

5. I should feel much obliged if the Board of Revenue will favor me with a draft of the answer they would wish to place on record in this cause, both because in my judgement

judgment there is no legal or equitable defence, and because I have no knowledge of the case in which the Sudr Court is said "to have given an opinion under "circumstances somewhat analogous, which "seemed to make in favor of the claims of Government." My judicial reading and recollection establish a directly contrary rule of law.

Boards Proceedgs 12th July 147 Para 4.

6. I trust also that the Board of Revenue will do me the favor to obtain the sanction of Government for the defence of this action at the public expense.

7. I shall move the Court of Chicacole to grant time till the 1st April next, to file the Answer to the Plaint.

Vizagapatam District Kurnsepatam, ... / Signed / P.B. Smollett Collr
Collectors Office 21st Feby 1848

No 1

To Maharaujustry
The Civil Court at
Chicacole,

Bill of Plaint presented by stree Goday Saune Riah an inhabitant of Vizagapatam and Proprietress of

of Ankapilly &c. Estates, against P. B. Smollett Esquire, Collector in the District of Vizagapatam, on behalf of the Right Honorable the Government of Fort St. George

Para 1. The late Northern Provincial Court was pleased to issue a Precept, to the then Vizagapatam Auxiliary Court, ordering it to take security from Saugly Pudmanabharauze, Defendant in causes Nos. 41 and 44 of 1837 of its file, for Rupees 14,645-2-8, being the amount (inclusive of Costs) of the Decree passed on the 18th January 1839 in the first, and Rupees 25,141-8-0 being the award (inclusive of Costs) of the one passed on the 8th February of that year in the second cause, in favor of the late Godday Sooria Pracarrow Plaintiff, and husband of the present Plaintiff - On his default to carry the said judgments into execution, and on failure by the Defendant to procure the security the Zillah Court at Vizagapatam had caused the Estates of Condakerla, Velchoor Codoor, and Cottoor, situated in the District of Vizagapatam, to be attached in satisfaction of these Decrees, they

the then Collector and Agent to the Govern: or by a letter dated 26th March 1840.

2. Subsequently, the said Provincial Court was, under orders of the Court of Sudr Udalut, directed to review the judgments passed in the above two Causes, but in the mean time that Court having been abolished, the Special Commissioner at Masulipatam conducted the review, and passed Decrees denovo for Rupees 8,508-7-0 and Rupees 25,165-8-0 in Causes Nos. 41 and 44 inclusive of Costs under dates the 22d. and 20th. March 1844 respectively.-

3. The said Estates of Condakerla, Velchoor Codoor, and Cottoor were separately settled and assessed with Peishcush, the latter two Estates were purchased by Pudmanabbaranze in a public auction.-

4. The said three Moondahs were, up to the time when they were attached by the Provincial Court, in the possession of Pudmanabaranze but not one of them had been attached by the Collector either for arrears due to Government or on any other account.-

5. Mr. Arbuthnot the late Collector was

was, under orders of higher authorities, pleased to publish proclamations, dated 5th January 1844, notifying that unless the sum of arrears of Rupees 11,871–1–6. outstanding against Velchoor Codoor and Rupees 22,510–4–11 against Cottoor Hoondahs, was paid, the said Hoondahs would each by each, be put up for sale.

6.– And Padmanabharauze having failed to pay the said sum to Government the Estates alluded to were in accordance to the terms of the Proclamation separately put up for sale, and knocked down, Vizt. Condakerla for Rupees 30,550. Velchoor Codoor for Rupees 50, and Cottoor for Rupees 50. Mr. Arbuthnot has, on behalf of Government, purchased the said three Estates on the 18th March 1844.

7.– As the said three Hoondahs were unconnected one with the other, and they were under the attachment of the late Northern Provincial Court in satisfaction of the amount of the Decrees due to the Plaintiff Mr. Arbuthnot was, in his letter to the Board of Revenue dated 3d January 1844, pleased to

observe that the surplus / should there be any / sale proceeds of each Hoondah above the amount of arrears due thereon to Government must be remitted to the Court under whose orders the attachment was placed, nevertheless, that functionary, without taking the matter into consideration, subsequently ordered that the sum of Rupees 18,628.–14–6. being the sale proceeds of Condakerla Hoondah, minus the arrears due thereon at the date of sale, should be credited in the accounts of Government, on account of the balance outstanding against Velchoor Codoor and Cottoor Estates.–

8.– In answer to the Petitions presented by the Plaintiff to your Court, in Extra Nos. 216 and 217 of 1846, soliciting that the surplus sale proceeds of Condakerla Vizt. Rupees 18,628–14–6 may be paid on account of the amount of the Decrees above adverted to, the Defendant has stated that the amount in question was, under the provisions of VI and VII Regulation XXVII of 1802, credited in the accounts of Government on account of the balance due from Velchoor Codoor and

and Cottora Hoondahs. This will appear to your Court to be quite useless and unreasonable. The argument cannot be held to be valid.

9. The Regulation XXVII of 1802 has been enacted to secure the realization of the land rents due to Government. It Ordains that lands permanently assessed shall, in the first instance, be answerable for the demand thereon. This Provision is essentially necessary for securing the realization of the Government Revenue. But it no where states that the Government can sell Estates, not burdened by arrears of public Peishcush, in satisfaction of balances outstanding against other Hoondahs, or that it can carry the sale proceeds of such Estates in liquidation of arrears due on other Talooks to the prejudice of the Mortgagees who have established their right by getting the Estate attached by a Court Process; such a provision would not be a just or reasonable one nor is such an Enactment requisite for securing the realization of the Peishcush due to Government, for, if any part of a Zemindary falls in arrears, the Collector

are vested with authority to attach such portion thereof as may be sufficient to make good the same. There can be no occasion for allowing demands against an Estate to accrue beyond the sale value thereof. Therefore, your Court will be convinced that if the Government allowing the arrears to accumulate against an Estate in the above manner it cannot help incurring the responsibility of any loss resulting thereby. But it is not reasonable that the Government should deprive Parties of the right they possess to Estates which are not indebted to it. Nor does any Regulation provide that Government can do so. If your Court will be pleased to peruse the Civilian's Vade Mecum from the last part of the Page 71 to the beginning of the Page 76, the justice of the foregoing statements will be sufficiently plain.

10. On the Plaintiffs presenting Motions in Extra Nos. 216 and 217 of 1846, praying the Court to send for, from the Treasury of the Collector of Vizagapatam, Rupees 18,626-14-6 being the surplus sale proceeds of Condaberla Hoondah, and to give her the same

on

in liquidation of the amount of the Decrees passed by the late Northern Provincial Court in Causes Nos. 41 and 44 of 1837, Your Court was pleased to hold proceedings under date the 16th February 1847, stating among other circumstances that the Plaintiff should obtain redress by instituting a regular suit. The Plaintiff has obtained an attested extract therefrom and forwarded it the Defendant with a letter in a respectful style, praying that the sum of Rupees 18,628—14—6 in question may be paid to her from the Company's Treasury and intimating that, on failure, she would be obliged to institute a suit against the Government for the same, and that unless compelled she would not, in the least wish to adopt such a measure, on that Gentlemen, instead of paying the money to the Plaintiff sent her an answer dated 9th September 1847 stating that the Board of Revenue has held proceedings under date the 12th July of that year directing him to inform her that it was under its

and the Governments' order that the amount in question was credited to Government on account of the arrears due from Velchoor codoor, an Cottoor Estates—

11. As it is not just for the Government to take the surplus sale proceeds of Condakerla Moondahs which was first attached by the late Northern Provincial Court in satisfaction of the amount of the Decrees due to the Plaintiff, in liquidation of the arrears due to it from Velchoor codoor and Cottoor Moondahs, which were not at all connected with it, and as it is plain from the letter addressed by the Defendant to the Plaintiff that the sum of Rupees 18,628—14—6 in question was carried to account as above under orders of Government, the Plaintiff files this suit against the Defendant who as its Officer, is its representative.

12. It will be apparent to your Court, that although the surplus sale proceed in question of Condakerla Moondah which was attached to secure the realization of the amount of the Decrees due to the Plaintiff, should go to her through the Court, yet as it was

was obstructed, it is just that interest should be chargeable thereon from the date of the sale of that Hoondah, in the same manner as on the amount of a Decree.

13. The Plaintiff therefore prays that after examining her documents the following sum, together with subsequent interest on the Principal, and Costs of the Suit, may be recovered for her from the Defendant Viz.t

The sale proceeds of Conda Seerlah Hoondah	30500	
Deduct arrears due to Government from that Estate	11,871	1 6.
Surplus	18,628	14 6
Interest on the said sum from 18th. March 1844. the date on which the Estate in question was sold upto 8th. December 1847 being 4 Months and 20 Days at one per Cent per Mensem	8320	14 6
Deduct amount relinquished by the Plaintiff	1949	13
	6,371	1 0
Total Company's Rupees	25,000	

7th. January 1848.

/Signed/ M. Narsimhacharloo

Pleader.

Filed in Court this 19th. January 1848.

/Signed/ E. B. Glass.

Civil Judge.

/True Translation/

/Signed/ P. B. Smollett.

Collector.

Ordered that the following letter be sent in reply.

To. The Collector of Vizagapatam.

31-32

To the Coll.r of Vizagapatam

Sir, With reference to

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

to your letter dated 21st Ultimo, I am directed by the Board of Revenue to request that you will move the Civil Court of Chicacole to grant an extension, till the 1st May next of the time allowed for filing an answer to the Suit instituted by Godavy Janeekiah.

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
16th March, 1848.

/ Signed / I. Pycroft
Sect.

Read

Fort St George 16th March 1848

33

Proceedings thereon.

Requesting the Collector of Masulipatam to report further on the Durbary Collections usual in the Mootah of Coroocolloo

Read again letter from the Collector of Masulipatam dated 24th December 1847 and entered in consultation 20th January last.—

The item termed Durbary charges or Butchery charges seems to have been included in the Sist and collected from the ryots of the Coroocolloo Mootah, and to have been consequently entered in the accounts of that estate taken by the Circuit Committee.— The collection of this item of revenue was discontinued by the Collector Mr. J. Russell in Coroocolloo then under management for minority, as in some other Durgunnahs in Fusly 1239 and the order for its discontinuance remained in force during the time that the estate was under the administration of the Government Officers or till Fusly 1246 (1836), being 16 years. In Fusly 1247 the Mootah was made over to Rajah Lutchmeenursummah widow of the late Zemindar by whom the demand on account of Durbary charges was revived and enforced to some extent.— From the time the estate has again fallen under Government these charges, which have been constantly protested against by the ryots, tho' retained in the demand, have not been realized but have been reserved for final adjustment under orders of the Board.— The demand collection and Balance of this item and of others apparently of a similar character

Fort St. George 16th March 1848

Character termed Dasarah Nazur Nazurdatayee Lutchmeedawy Puttu in Coroocotloo for ten Fusles or from 1247 to 1256 inclusive is shown in Para 7 the Collectors report- the Total is

Demand	Collection	Balance
7995-12-7	1316-7-4	6679-4-10
Average 799-"-"	131-"-"	667-"-"

In this seems to be included Rupees 126-11-3 due upon Seetanapully a Belmuela Aggraharum Village of Coroocotloo, which Sum with Rupees 26-1-6 for other small items was detained from the Sale proceeds of the Village when Sold by order of Court and is now in deposit.-

2 The Gilladar Tuffreek, or Batta Charges and Shroffs Rufsooms are certain allowances levied upon the ryots on account of the Sircar Servants, the former receiving a certain Sum per month, the latter a given per centage on the amount of the cast collections. In some of the estates the realization of those emoluments by the Gilladar and Shroffs themselves was discontinued by a late Collector Mr Throughton who having increased the Salaries of the Gilladars and assigned monthly wages to the Shroffs on the Tuffreek and Rufsooms to be separately collected from the Ryots and entered in the Circar accounts. These items it is stated prevail not only

Fort St. George 16th March 1848

only in Padeepaud in which Mootah their existence was noticed by the Board in their Proceedings 22d April and by the Government Extract Minutes in Consultation 3d June 1847 but under different denominations in nearly all the estates now under management- The total Sum realized under these heads in Fusly 1255 and 6 was as undersHown.-

In Con.s 14th June 1847

	1255	1256
Gilladars Tuffreek	1684-7-3	1979-9-5
Shroffs Rofsooms	138-13-7	480-7-4

3 Mr Porter- Para- 8- recommends that as the renewal of the demand for Durbary charges upon the ryots of Coroocotloo is a great grievance to them and likely to discourage them from exerting themselves for the extension of cultivation and the amelioration of the country, and as the collection of this item in Padapaud was discontinued under the Sanction of Government

In Con.s 11th June 1847

3d June 1847, the same indulgence may be extended to Coroocotloo and the Balances outstanding Viz: 6679-4-10 may be written off.- He advises the adoption of the same course in respect to the Gilladar Tuffreek and Shroffs Rufsooms of Padapaud on the ground that there appears to him to be no reason why the ryots should be taxed for the payment of the Gilladar and Shroff any

more

more than for the payment of any other Servants who have heretofore drawn their Salaries direct from the State.—

4. Althó the collection of these various items separately and distinct from the actual land assessment, may be open to objection, the Board as at present advised are not altogether prepared to recommend their total abandonment. It does not clearly appear whether these several cesses prevailed prior to the permanent Settlement and the revenue yielded by them entered into the assets on which the Peishcush of the estate was determined, or whether they were of subsequent origin and imposed by the Zemindar. As regards the Varacadloo Bunsay charges at least the former would seem to be the case again it is not explained whether the ain demand on the lands of the ryots charged with these extra payments is proportionably lower that that of the others on whom they are not levied and whether these items could not be incorporated with the land assessment so as to form one consolidated Teerwah, to be in force until such time as the demand upon the land shall have been finally determined by a regular Survey and assessment. The Collector is requested to give the subject his further consideration and report whether such an arrangement as above indicated could not

be carried out without bearing hardly on the ryots. He will likewise be pleased to submit a Statement in the accompanying form showing all the items of the description now referred to under their various denominations the Mootahs in which they have obtained the demand on each estate on account of them distinguishing in every case those items which were in existence prior to the permanent settlement from those subsequently introduced.

Statement

3855

Statement Shewing

Names of the Estates

1

Those estates in which the Abolished / Still in force

Total

Those in which it is

Total

Total

Particulars.
Brought to the Circar accounts
Disbursed in Talooks
Do in Villages

Total

Proceedings of the Board

1st George

16th March 1848

Not included in the Permanent Settlement accounts	Not included in the Permanent Settlement accounts	Total	Brought to the Circar accounts	Disbursed in Talooks	Disbursed in the Villages
12	13		17	18	19
Rs	Rs		Rs	Rs	Rs

Total

Particulars

"Village charges-Vizt" "Dhur Nazur" "Zilladars Dutta" "Sanderwared" heads of Disbursement that may exist in the several Estates should also be entered with specification under "not included in the permanent Settlement accounts" as required in this form. With ands of the year that preceded the abolition may be entered, and for those which are tional Columns which may be called for should be added. Independent of these the above charges collected in each Estate should be furnished.—

Read

Fort St.e George 16.th March 184

To

Daniel White Esq.re

Acting Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort St.e George

34

From the Coll.r of
Guntoor - - -

Sir

I forwarding the statem
which ought to have accompanied my Jum
-bundy report, I have the honor to request that
you will have the goodness to cause the wor
"not" to be erased in the note at the foot of t
statement given at Para 4.3. of my report
the Demand and Collection of Peishcush of the Bus
-ed Estates. It was my intention that in this
abstract credit should not be allowed for
purchase money of the Estate but I subse
-quently found that it was included in
Collections in the account for 1255. I now beg
to solicit attention to the remark and adjust
-ment at the foot of the account of Demand
and Collection of Peishcush now sent. —

Guntoor
Collector's Cutcherry
18.th November 1847

/Signed/ H. Stokes
Collector

Order thereon

Ordered to be recorded. —

34-35

To

Fort St.e George 16.th March 1848

To

T. Pycroft Esquire
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St.e George

36

From the Coll.r of
Guntoor

Sir.

In their Proceedings dated
2.d December 1847 upon my letter requesting
sanction to resume the two permanently
rented Villages of Coornoo talah and Cooragal
the Board directed that in carrying out the
measure I should be careful to adhere to the
usual course prescribed by the Regulations -
accordingly notices were served on the Defaulters
under Section II Regulation XXVIII of 1802. - The
arrears not having been liquidated I conclude
that it is the intention of the Board that the
Villages should be advertised for sale and bought
in on account of Government and I accordingly
enclose an advertisement mentioning the 15.th of
April as the day of Sale and have the honor
to request that if this course be in accordance
with the view of the Board they will cause
the advertisements to be fixed upon your
Office. —

Guntoor Zillah
Collector's Cutcherry
Dommoor 1.st March 1848

/Signed/ H. Stokes
Collector

Ordered

Fort St. George 16th March 184

Order thereon

36-37

Ordered that the Advertisements which accompanied the foregoing letter with the =lations be published on this office Monday the first day of May next being fixed for the day of sale Stokes will be pleased to make a correspondg. ch of date on the sale Notifications published on his off The farms should be bought in on account of Gov =ment at prices within the amount of arrears due upon them respectively- leaving balances still outs =ding against the renters to be written off hereafter on their resigning all claims upon their former Subtenants.—

In transmitting all future Sale advertisements the Collector will be so good as to furnish translations

To T. Bycroft Esquire

Secretary to the Board of Revenue

Fort St. George

38

From the Coll.r of Guntoor — —

Sir

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the Extract from the Board's Proceedings dated 3d. Instant with the Memoir of the Survey of the Guntoor circar therein mentioned

2 As the Book appears to be an authentic record of information highly valuable both for the determination of disputed boundaries & to check the results of future measurements in those Villages which are separately described I propose to retain a copy of it with the exception of such parts as are purely technical and thereupon to return it as directed.

Guntoor Zillah Collr.s Cutcherry
Bauputlah 8th March 1848

/ Signed / H. Stokes
Collector.

Order thereon

38-39

Ordered to be recorded

Read

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.—

Read the following letters—

To T. Bycroft Esqre

Secretary to the

Board of Revenue.

Fort St. George.

Sir,

40

From the Collr of Bellary — — — —

Submitting with reference to the Board's letter of the 15th November 1847 the result of enquiries relative to the effect of Forests or Woody Jungles on the climate and productiveness of the Country accompanied by a statement in general terms that the enquiry under reference does not apply to the Bellary Province.—

1. I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of Mr. Acting Secretary White's letter of the 15th ult.o November last with its enclosures, and to state the result of my enquiries relative to the effect of Forests or Woody Jungles on the climate and productiveness of the Country.—

2. The Board having requested that the opinion of intelligent persons may be given, the Cutcherry have made the following Statement as the opinion of the most intelligent "that Hindoo Writers and Professors in Geography and Astronomy believe, that out of the whole quantity of rain that falls on the world, one half or fourtenths is on the Sea, three tenths on Forests and Mountains, and two tenths on the bare earths not covered either by Jungle, mountains or the Sea, and that the reason of the rain falling in so abundant a proportion on the two former / than on the waste tracts of lands / they state is, that the clouds supplying the rain, rest long on them— Entertaining these opinions the Inhabitants of the Country believe, that rain never.

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

never falls abundantly where Forests and Mountains do not exist. The Board will be aware that in this District there is no room for any enquiry. There are no Forests and it does not appear that there ever have been any Trees, to a certain extent may and probably have been destroyed by the Plunderers who infested the Provinces, but mountains there are none, and the aridity of the Country and climate is beyond any thing I have ever met with.—

3. We have as above stated, neither Mountains nor Forests (yielding large timber) or Hills of any size. The only considerable high land is the range surrounding Soondoor Jahageer, which also extends partly over the Taluk of Hoodleghy with two ranges of hilly forests between this and the Cuddapah District. One of these is called Terra Malah (Red Mountain) and is bounded in its West extremities by the three Talooks of Punchapollem Yadakee and Tadputry, whilst the other is situated between Cuddapah and the Eastern Vicinity of our two Talooks of Pengondah and Hodecondah. There are a few smaller which from their insignificant extent, I do not consider worth mentioning further than to notice that the trees they supply

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

supply are chiefly used for tools and implements of agriculture, and partly for the flat roofs of Inhabitants' houses. The large houses of Persons of Property are built of better materials brought from the western provinces of Mysore (Malanaad or Hilly Country) and (Nullamalah or black Mountain).—

4. From all the information before me the Trees in this District appear never to have been numerous. such as existed have been gradually removed the lands being converted into cultivated tracts, but I do not hear that the removal of the trees which were never of great size or height has diminished the rain to any remarkable extent.—

5. The Aridity of the Plains is so excessive that it is not unusual to see the Ryots go out to plough with water Bags similar to those used in the deserts of Egypt. In fact, many fine tracts of land are no doubt left unsown from their great distance from any water rendering it impossible to keep the Cattle required. Wells require to be sunk to a great depth, and the water when found is frequently brackish, springs are very seldom found in this District.—

6. A Hill lately discovered by me when on a visit to the Rajah of Soondoor may perhaps

perhaps be considered as bearing upon the point now under discussion — It has been described perhaps too favorably but still tolerably correctly in the following manner. —

The Ramasamudrum Hills belonging to an Independent Rajah, are situated 25 or 30 miles West of Bellary, but by the route usually travelled the distance is about 40 miles — They consist of a long narrow range of 7 or 8 miles covered both on the sides and summits with thick and some what lofty Jungle, amongst which is to be found an abundance of Bamboo that might be turned to good account for building &c. The portion on which it is proposed to build a Sanatorium for European Soldiers is situated nearly at the N. E. termination of the range, and is called "Ramundroog" from having been formerly fortified. The remains of the wall are still visible, extending 2 or 3 miles skirting and enclosing the whole of the Table Land. "The Plateau" is not by any means level, but has an elevated undulating ridge running nearly the whole length, and on portions of this ridge 4 or 5 houses have been built by Civil and Military Officers and where a site for the Hospital has been duly reserved. The height of Ramandroog

Ramandroog above the Sea is about 3100 feet, rising somewhat abruptly 1000 feet from the plain below. The extreme length of the Table land, from the Soondoor to the Hospett gateways the only approaches, is 2000 yards whilst the breadth varies from 600 yards to 350 yards. It runs nearly straight N. E. S. W. on the E. S. E. — A portion of the Soondoor valley intervenes and separates a range of Hills of nearly the same height about 2 miles off. On the N. W. the Eye sweeps over a vast extent of Cultivated plain studded with Tanks. The River Toombadra winding its mazy course separating the Nizams from the Company's Territory, whilst on the West, the Kurponhally range of Hills, 40 miles off bounds in a Landscape, which would be considered beautiful in any part of the world, but must be felt as peculiarly lovely and refreshing by those who have witnessed the glare and experienced the heat reflected from off the Bellary rock during the hot months. The temperature is about 10 degrees less than at Bellary but to the sensation appears much lower. The air feels bracing and exhilirating peculiarly to old anglo Indians. The Hill is frequently enveloped during the

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.—

the morning in a moist dense mist, which is not dissipated for some hours after sunrise but this does not appear in the smallest degree prejudicial to health. Water is here found in great purity and abundance gushing out in springs by the side of the Hill and reminding of "earlier days and happier hours." The aborigines amount to about 130 the greater portion of the Badur Caste, who prefer their cool and will retreat to the hot plains beneath. A large portion of the Droog is cultivated by them with dry grains. Its soil is formed of the detribes of Horn blende commonly called Greenstone of which the entire range is Chiefly composed.—

7. There can be no doubt that the wood such as it is on this Hill attracts the clouds and that it enjoys at least for a part of the year a more salubrious climate than the Plains. I am afraid that the wood already cleared away has affected the climate as the visitors on the Table land complain this year a great heat. Whatever advantage it does possess over the plains may certainly be attributed to the height of the Hill combined with its being partially wooded, and as such I have thought it right to mention

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.—

mention it in detail as a strong proof on the midst of a burning hot District of the advantage of Trees.—

8. The Town of Bellary is supplied with Firewood as well as wood for common purposes from the Jaghire of Soondoor, The Rajah being independent there are no rules by which this trade is conducted, the Government never interfering. I am afraid that no attempt whatever is made to preserve the Trees and that the waste and destruction will in the course of no very extended period clear the Hills altogether. Government have with great liberality planted Topes of Fruits Trees throughout the Province, regarding which detailed

Fort St. George 16th March 184

detailed reports are already bef
the Board. They are of co
too insignificant to affect
the climate. —

9 I can find no trace
any springs or streams in wh
the volume of Water has
been affected. —

10 In fact, in genera
terms it may be stated, that th
enquiry now under reference does n
apply to this Province. —

Bellary District. —
Collector's Office, on Circuit,
Ramendroog. — — — —
9th March 1848. — — —

/Signed/ A. Keller
Collector

J. G. B.

To

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

To

J. Rycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

41

Sir,

From the Actg Collr of Trichinopoly — Para 1. I have the honor to acknowledge the

Reporting upon the effects of Trees on the Climate and productiveness of the Country.

receipt of the Circulars from the Board of Revenue dated 15th November last, enclosing copies of Extract from the Minutes of Consultation of the 8th October with Extracts from the reports of Dr. Gibson and Mr. Blane on the subject of the effect produced by Forests on the Climate and productiveness of a Country, and in reply beg to inform you that there are no extensive forest lands in the plains of Trichinopoly and no streams or springs of Note respecting the change in which information could be obtained; nor has any one been able to afford the desired information with the exception of a few cultivators of Torriore and Volcondapoorum who state they have observed that so much rain has not fallen in the Talook since the Jungle between the Cusbah Village and the adjacent hills was removed. That the heat and wind were much greater, which profited neither the ryot nor his Crop. That their wells and tanks

also

also had not yielded the supply they did formerly that the place was not more healthy but that the Dry cultivation was much increased. The Ryots Podiarpolliam and Arrealore seemed to think the removal of their small jungle had been productive of no evil as far as the supply of water was concerned.

2. In the Province of Trichinopoly there are two Jungles annually rented to the highest bidder and it is an understanding fully acknowledged with the Muchilka of the Torriore renter that he is not to cut the large timber trees or those affording Sandalwood; but it is much to be suspected that no consideration or attention is paid to the said clause, as it is not to be expected that on the summit of distant hills a tree would be spared because it was of fine or large girth; nothing will prevent the felling of such timber but the want of a market or impracticability of removal, and the vicinity of Trichinopoly will always prevent the depreciation of the price or failure of remuneration. The timber found on the hills known as the Packa Mallies are Ebony, rosewood, Chittagong, mountain or bastard cinnamon the bark of which is used for Oils and perfumes Sandal

Sandal, jack Tandy Chumpuc Venghay, Vaghay — Margosa, teak, rose apple, Gallut and others, and the amount of the rent for the last years is as follows.

Fusly	Bareez of the Torriore hills.	Bareez of the Volondapuram hills
	Rupees.	Rupees.
1252	1180	367
1253	1285	404
1254	1002	375
1255	1265	465
1256	1320	482
1257	1390	595

By this it would appear that the revenue has greatly increased. which although certainly no proof of the forest having decreased in valuable timber, is still no evidence that it has not; It is doubtful whether the call for timber is greater than it was formerly. It may be higher priced or of a superior description.

3. These hills however have always been considered very unhealthy and whatever diminution of the forest a Number of trees has taken place — there is no reason to believe the salubrity has increased. Some trees are doubtless more injurious than others. On the Shervaroya Gounders Mally known as the Shevaroy hills in Salem the fevers were said to be attributed chiefly to the fleshy —

sickly

sickly- perfumed flower of the large Champac (Michelia Champaca) so called probably from the Vernacular name Sampangi. These were cut down about 15 years back and fever has greatly decreased there, at present it is scarcely known to the Europe and other residents. It would probably be attended with similar results if such trees were generally removed. The water being hard or impregnated with varrious Salts, iron and decayed Vegitation, might have tended to derange the system, and hence doubtless a great portion of the sickness invariable during the Months of March, April and May just after the rains and fall of the leaf.

4. The almost invarriable result of cutting down dense forests or clearing of large tracts of jungle land is pretty generally known. Viz. a decrease in the frequency and Virulence of Malarious fevers. Stagnant water and Air with decaying Vegetable and perhaps animal matter could not fail to emit noxious exhalations. This species of discussion however appears to belong more immediately to the Faculty and the Chemist, but in their opinion would be ranged on the side of health, salubrity or atmospheric purity and therefore generally favorable to the removal of forests

or

or dence vegetation. it would be advisable to deliberate whether some compromise between apparently conflicting interests or some arrangement productive of good without continuing the evil might not be effected, whereby the health and wealth of the population, the safety of themselves and fertility of their soil might meet with equal protection and consideration. Without venturing upon this point however I will offer a few remarks which occur to me on the important subject under consideration, leaving it for others whose practice or leisure may enable them to give the subject more deliberation and clothe my observations in a more scientific garb.

5. It is I believe generally admitted that fevers are far more prevalent at the base of a hill than on its summit, whilst the jungle trees are finer in higher than in lower positions. If these points be allowed, it would appear, that the finest timber will be found in the more salubrious portion of the hill - and it is probable that the atmosphere in the vicinity of large trees is not so injurious as that surrounding low jungles and brushwood, where the air is more confined. Indeed I believe it to be a fact that under lofty trees there is invariably a circulation

whilst

whilst there is a comparative lull elsewhere, where however the two species of Jungle are found together and circulation greatly hindered if not prevented, the effect on the human constitution must be very great, and if it be true that solids also posses an atmosphere the exhalation or effluvia, emanating from a mass of decaying animal, vegetable and mineral matter, which is to be found at the base of every mountain, can easily be imagined to be of the most deleterious and deadly description. The air though much rarer on the tops of hills being generally much freer from phlogistic vapours than in lower or damper positions is so much the more wholesome. The cutting of low jungle or underwood for culinary and other purposes (where large timber is not requisite) on the score of salubrity, appears desirable.

6. On the other hand the fattening effect of decayed vegetation is known to all. but this alluvion will generally be in the greatest quantity and perfection where the atmosphere is the most unsalubrious, and if the cultivator obtains a better crop he also obtains or runs the risk of obtaining a worse fever. Rivers which are impregnated with this rich manure carry the same to a great distance; where it may be enjoyed without any of the dangers incurred in the hilly forests

forests from whence the stream may issue; thus, for every one liable to suffer, hundreds are enjoying the benefit. It sometimes happens that the water of certain jungle streams proves very destructive of life. During the first attempts to build a bridge, about 7 Miles from Dindigul, I believe 700 people employed thereon fell victims to fever in the space of about 2 Months and the work necessarily postponed. But it is far otherwise with the Cavery, which is a thick yellow stream, a regular mountain soup, possessing most fertilizing qualities and where frequent evaporation of its waters takes place, a rich alluvium is formed. the formation of this rich impregnation or compost is brought about by the annual, perhaps biennial fall of the leaf, the decay of old timber through age or vermin, and the falling of large trees from the casual effects of storms and natural effect of gravity. The whole brought down the mountain by the rains and torrents.

7. In the matter of timber cutting generally, there is a vast difference between the effects of felling Wood for sale and when cleared for purposes of Agriculture. I do not consider there is any prospect of lands being permanently denuded under the former system where the hatchet alone is in use, because the roots are uninjured whereby in

in 20 or 30 years the tree is replaced by one of equal magnitude and strength. The occasional removal of a large tree too is productive of increased strength and vigour to those around it, and whatever be the value of the trunk, the branches and bark are left to decay, whilst many trees are not worth cutting, the wood not being of a description that is saleable for any domestic purpose, save firewood, which can be had cheaper and better in other localities and of a very different girt. All this is not the case with clearances made purposely for, or in advance of cultivation. In this case fire is added to the other destructives and the roots mostly grubbed up: but even where they are, from the inconvenience of removal permitted to remain and spring out afresh the agriculturist will be ready to thwart it. The stump therefore having no further call for moisture, the functions of the roots cease or diminish, and what remains, decays or dries up and the late forest is for ever lost: as I have witnessed this I feel at liberty to mention it, to explain that whatever may be the disadvantages from an indiscriminate felling of timber for economical purposes, I do not anticipate any

serious effect on the climate or productiveness of a country by cutting trees for their own value for sale or other purposes, whilst I hold every acre of Jungle brought under cultivation, to be at least an acre of forest with all its advantages lost.

8. The Timber growing in the hilly parts of this District is not very large, certainly not so fine as that growing in the Dindigul and perhaps Salem Districts, but I know of no rule in force to check the wasteful preparation of timber for the market, or wanton destruction of trees for the sake of present advantage. The cultivator in sowing Ragi (kep. or Kewar) Cynosurs Coreanus - which is the grain mostly used on the slopes and sides of the hills in these parts, not only cuts and burns down every tree, his hatchet or the fire can reach, but will with his family carefully watch and dig out about once a week, every green shoot which appears, as mentioned in the last paragraph, and this only for a single crop. This sacrifice of jungle is for the benefit of one years virgin soil, to be abandoned for a fresh locality during the coming season. These woody tracts are generally assessed much lower than lands on the plain and yield a much

finer

finer crop; caster Oil seed and some beans being usually sown with it which makes the speculation remunerative, and destruction a valuable return.

9. The trees not being of extensive growth there is not that wasteful preparation for cultivation in this District which I have observed elsewhere in the forests, at the end of the Dindigul valley for instance, at Cumbum where the timber is particularly fine, and where no saw is used, the tree is split by wedges into slabs, by which savage process it frequently happens that even a one inch plank of country rosewood 18co. cannot be obtained from a Slab measuring 3 inches. This wasteful process causes 3 trees to be felled where one would suffice, and adds enormously to the price by the useless extra weight of material. Those forests are not rented, except perhaps by the rich or influential ryots on their own account to the wood cutters, the Jungle is disappearing fast and cultivation has increased there about tenfold, whilst I believe water is getting more scarce, and the Vigbay represented as not having the abundant flow or freshes it used to enjoy.

10. Although the mode in which the presence or absence of trees influences the climate

of a country is not so clear as the fact itself I trust it will not be considered presumptions in me to offer a few suggestions on the subject. It being granted that the supply of water in the share of rivulets lakes and rains is diminished on the removal of forests, the first question is, in what manner the presence of trees can possibly influence that of water, and for answer I would offer Capillary attraction and electricity. If every region were studded with forests I do not believe there would be more rain, but it would be shared more particularly by these forests; on the other hand I do not imagine if every tree were removed from the face of Earth there would be less rain than at present but rather more from increased evaporation, though more severe and sudden in its burst through a dry atmosphere and would probably be more confined to the ocean. The mountains however although denuded would still continue to attract both on the principles of gravity and electricity, but the clouds would be more likely to pass on, affording more fire than water, carrying destruction on all sides where its power could be felt. The presence of gigantic vegetation would certainly have a constant tendency to increase around it moisture of every description, and that Agency or attraction which causes the sap to rise in the highest or most distant part of the largest tree, through the roots (and which attraction will

will be found powerful even in hard dry or baked blocks of wood) may without any difficulty raise water through the more subtle medium of the Earth by the roots either to remain stagnant, or if not on level ground to run off as a rivulet. With the removal of the forest, and therefore the action of its roots, there is less tendency for the earth or ground to perform that Office, and that which does approach the surface is carried off in the shape of vapour, and then should the accustomed rain even fall, it is no longer on a smooth cold surface with a dense impervious carpeting of vegetable matter, with surfeited soil refusing absorption but on a well ploughed and thirsty field, on which the drying influence of the sun and wind is constant and will speedily cause all moisture to disappear. In this manner it appears to me that springs and rivulets cease on the removal of a forest and therefore return on its renewal.

11.

No one will disallow that clouds are the result of evaporation, but as the causes of that process are somewhat to the point, there may be no objection to allude to them. Heat we know rarefies air, but where the connection between that allowed point and evaporation might not be generally considered. May we not too extend, that process of rarefaction to water. If heat can exercise such influence over one fluid why

why not over another. and may not water be held in solution in air at least as easily as solid Salts or Sugars &c. are in liquids. Air may be considered the most elastic and subtle of all fluids and although not discernible to the eye as water is, it does not follow that the particles of water are not smaller than those of Air, just as those of Salt and Sugar, Colors, spirits &c. are readily believed to be smaller than those of water. much less need it be doubted that heat is held in Air and the credited rarefaction in reality no more than the space in air being temporarily occupied by heat, which on its absence will again be air or some collection of that heterogeneous mass called the atmosphere. This heat then to insinuate itself causes a repulsive force amongst the particles of air keeps the same in constant agitation; acting in a similar way on the surface of water there becomes a sympathy between the two fluids and this momentary cohesion, electric attraction, or affinity, produces exhalation which is assisted rather than impeded by the force of gravitation. Heat and gravitation in conjunction with capillary attraction, assisted by solar influence are perpetually disengaging the vapour, displacing the lower lamina of the atmosphere to be succeeded by fresh supplies (assisted in its turn by the attrition of the air, or wind) and causing the exhalation to rise to a height where capillary attraction ceases, and other attractions commence; clouds are then formed at very different heights probably, but continuing to float in their respective strata, till acted on by gravitation and other influences, when a general reaction takes place. In the mean time the process

of

of evaporation continues and vapours daily rise in succession as long as the heat and agitation of the air or wind endure, when the process slackens for a time, the effluvia by the absence of heat becomes too dense to rise and the heavy vapour returns to the surface from which it proceeded, in the shape of fog mist or dew which is speedily recalled or dispersed by the rising sun and consequent return of heat. The vapours rising during the heat of the day from any newly cut fields of grain or other vegetation are perfectly visible.

12. The above process may be said to be known where there are forests, for there is comparatively no evaporation, as there is little wind and no dry heat: the effects of capillary attraction beneath the surface of the Earth are undisturbed, the surrounding atmosphere will therefore be dense or moist and the progress of any cloud, will be arrested by electric attraction, and the affinity or sympathy existing between their two atmospheres: Gravity and capillary attraction will still act together, but in an opposite direction for as gravitation causes a light body such as exhalation effluvia or vapour to ascend, it will cause a heavy body such as rain to fall. Again moist air or vapour is the best, as dry air is the worst medium of electricity. The heavy cloud therefore readily discharges itself, in greater quantity too, and for a much longer period, than it would do on dry open, denuded land: whilst the further increase of lakes, and rivulets with increased

increased vegetation are amongst the natural results. Beyond a doubt then the removal of forests must greatly influence the climate or atmosphere of that region where it takes place, and therefore diminishing the fertility of the surrounding Soil, and if carried out to a great extent would probably cause great changes and irregularities in the climate and Season itself.

13. The supposition that the presence of forests is attended with frequency and virulence of Thunder storms, I am not able to account for. I should have imagined that the reverse had been the fact, for tall forest trees are amongst the best conductors of the electric fluid, and I should think likely to draw off the same constantly, and in a great degree noiselessly, but even if it were otherwise there appears in the fact a preservative to animal life. It is more to be supposed that a forest would act as a barrier and defence against at least the virulence of storms.

14. To recur to the subject of health it may be observed that a cool moist air is not necessarily more injurious than a hot dry atmosphere. sudden or extensive changes of any kind may be bad. Those who have been accustomed to a cool damp climate more frequently fall off on removal to one that is hot and dry, than from a dry climate to one that is moist. and Dr. Gibson quotes a case and gives his opinion that Malaria does not always depend on jungle vegetation.

With

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

15.

With reference to the advisability of restoring forest lands seeds of the most valuable trees might be planted in the proper season by or under the inspection of the Cuicar Officers of each Village. The Sistem respecting which such expectations were held does not appear to have succeeded to the extent anticipated. The protection of forest lands would probably prove advantageous to the growth of cotton, wheat, Coffee and flax, in their vicinity the grazier looks to the jungles for feeding his Cattle, sheep and goats whilst the Ryots look to the low jungles for the Euphorbia and asclepias with other shrubs for manure. In the province of Salem a plan is adopted which might be extended to all forest lands securing thereby the Country against the possibility of any permanent injury by the felling timber for sale. When any ryot or others required old or fruitless Cocoa-nut or palmira trees for economical purposes, he was allowed to remove them on planting 3 Seeds for each of the former and 5 for each of the latter, if this was adopted in forest lands there would be no prospect of the hills or plains being denuded.

16.

I have thus offered such remarks as have occurred to me and shall pay further attention to the subject and be prepared to carry out any instructions on the subject with which I may be favored.

Trichinopoly
Collectors Cutcherry
17th March 1848.

(Signed) W. Elliot
Acting Collector.

H.

Ordered.

END
3882
13X

3883

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

40-42

Orders on the 2 foregoing letters. Ordered to lie over.

From the Collector of Bellary. Read abstract Statement of Persons charged with Offences under Regulation IX of 1822 during second half of the year 1847.

43

Order thereon. Ordered to lie over until the receipt of the Returns from other Districts when an abstract of the whole will be prepared and submitted for the orders of Government.

43-44

Read the following letter.

To

T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

45

From the Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George at Kurnool

Sir,

In reply to the Boards order of the date noted marginally, requiring a report as to how far certain measures for a more equal distribution of the assessment on Salt Modahs may be applicable to Kurnool, I have the honor to state that the item of Revenue derived from Salt Modahs in this District is a very unimportant one, the sum realized in Fasly 1256 being for 60 Modahs only Rupees 347. The Salt manufactured at these Modahs is moreover, as I am informed of a quality far inferior to that made in the Bellary and Cuddapah Collectorates.

Reporting on the applicability to Kurnool of a more equal distribution of assessment on Salt Modahs.

2.

I have found it impossible to ascertain on what data the present rates of assessments which are those of the late Nawabi Government, were originally fixed, none can be traced and I believe that none ever existed, as all matters of revenue of a miscellaneous nature under the late rule, were determined by reference to what was "moanasib" or proper. I however, beg to subjoin a Statement similar to that introduced into the Boards Proceedings (para 4) which shows that although 13 Modahs of the first class are in this District worked by 6 Men and 6 head of Cattle each, those of the same Class in Bellary being worked by only 8 Men and 4 head of Cattle, yet that in Kurnool the highest rate levied is but 17 Rupees per Modah, whilst the highest fixed in Bellary is 28 Rupees.

Statement

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

The earth Salt manufactured in Kurnool occupies the cultivators of it for three months of the year. During the remaining nine they are engaged in the cultivation of land, thus contributing to the general revenue of the country, which as would appear not to be the case in the Bellary District as Mr. Mellor suggests the assessing of the Salt ryots with Moturpha if engaged in other pursuits. I therefore hope that this difference of circumstances will be regarded by the Board as a sufficient reason for non interference with the rates levied in this province unless it be to reduce them by applying the principle proposed by Mr. Mellor for levying 10 or 12 per Cent on the value of the articles manufactured, under which arrangement the aggregate number of Salt Cultivators will be benefitted to the extent of Rupees 132½ or Rupees 89½.

	Rs.
Present assessment	347.
at 10 per Cent	214½
Difference	132½
Present assessment	347
at 12 per Cent	257½
Difference	89½

3. The profit now derived by them is very limitted as will be observed by reference to the annexed Statement which shows that after the deduction of assessment and cost production, the Salt Ryots do not realize more

Statement A.

Amount of Applications. Extent of cultivation. Amount of Rent &c. Deduct for Poor Law. Value of Property.

Names of Occupiers.	Townlands.	Number of Acres.	Quality of Land.	Amount of Rent.	Deduct for Poor Law.	Value of Property.
Thomas Hackett	Gortnaskeha	12	Arable & Pasture	£ 12	£ 1	£ 15
Patrick Hackett	Gortnaskeha	8	Arable & Pasture	£ 8	£ 1	£ 10
Michael Hackett	Gortnaskeha	10	Arable & Pasture	£ 10	£ 1	£ 12
Patrick Hackett	Gortnaskeha	6	Arable & Pasture	£ 6	£ 1	£ 8
Michael Hackett	Gortnaskeha	4	Arable & Pasture	£ 4	£ 1	£ 5
Thomas Hackett	Gortnaskeha	2	Arable & Pasture	£ 2	£ 1	£ 3
Total		42		£ 42	£ 6	£ 53

Signed: T. D. Hackett

Agent for the property

Gortnaskeha

Statement B.

Deduct for Poor Law Valuation

Signed: T. D. Hackett

Agent for the property

Gortnaskeha

Statement C.

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Statement NNNN

Read the following letter

To
T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

47

From the Acting Coll.r of North Arcot.

Sir,

I have the honor to inform you that the Petition No. 178 of 1848 mentioned as having been sent with the Secretary's letter of the 17th ultimo has been received.

North Arcot,
Collector's Circuit Cutchery,
Pulicat 11th March 1848.

/ Signed / E. C. Lovell
Acting Collector

47-48

The Board observe that Petition No. 178 of 1848 was forwarded to the District of South Arcot, and that the No. of the Petition was erroneously entered in the list furnished to Mr. Lovell under date 17th Ultimo.

To
T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

49

From the Acting Coll.r of North Arcot.

Para 1. I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the Board's Proceedings under date 20th September last and to submit a Statement shewing the quantity of wheat grown in the

this District with other particulars of which the Board required to be informed.

2. The quantity grown in this District is so extremely small, being intended merely for the supply at a high price of the small demand for local consumption, and there appears so little probably of its being produced for export that I consider it unnecessary to trouble the Board with any remarks on the subject.

North Arcot.
Collector's Circuit Cutchery
Pulicat 14th March 1848.

/ Signed / E. C. Lovell
Acting Collector.

Statement

3890

Fort St. Geo.

16th March 1848.

Statement of Jow Gobeemay the only piece of

Cultivable in North Arcot in Fusly 1256 A.D. 1846/47

Talook	Cultivation Item	Land		Assessment		Estimated produce per Cawny	Total produce	No. of Seers per Rupee	Cost of conveyance to Madras per Candy
1	2	3		4		5	6	7	8
		Cs	As	Rs	As	Seers	Seers	Seers	Rs As P
Chittoor	Poonjah	3	13¾	4	7				
	Nunjah	1	6¾	2	0				
		5	4	6	7	200	1050	8¾	" 2 3
Cuddapah	Poonjah	"	9	"	5				
	Nunjah	2	2	4	12				
		2	11	4	17				
Vellicutgerry Colla	Poonjah	"	13½	"	5				
	Nunjah	1	13¾	4	14½				
		1	13½	4	19½	225	1019½	8½	" 2 10
Total	Poonjah	4	8½	9	13¾				
	Nunjah	4	8	4	19½				
	Grand Total	5	4½	12	7½		2069½		
North arcot Collectorate Circuit Cutcherry		9	12¾	16	1 07¾				

Publicat 14th March 1848. E.E. ft./ Signed/ Ewb. Lovell

Acting Collector.

Ordered

49-50 Order thereon

Ordered to lie over

51 Statements.

From the Acting Collector of North Arcot

Statement of Collections for Fasly 12.56

From the Acting Collector of North Arcot

51-53 for Fasly 12.56

Statement of Charges

Order on the 2 abovenamed Statements

Ordered to be recorded.

Read the following letter

To D. White Esqre

Acting Secretary to

Board of Revenue

Fort St. George

Sir

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of proceedings of the Board dated 6th December 1847 with Extract from Minutes of Consultation under date 15th November 1847 requiring that I should state my opinion with reference to my predecessor's letter of the 1st June 1831 whether the introduction of half bred Merino rams at present available at the Sheep farm in Mysore might not

54 From the Collector of Salem

States his opinion relative to the introduction of half bred Merino rams into the Salem District with reference to the Proceedings of the Board dated 6th December 1847.

not be attended with successful results.

Although as stated by Mr. Lyeg in his letter referred to that Report is not a sheep grazing Taluk with the people still I am inclined to think that he must have latterly changed his opinion as to rearing Merino Sheep in it, as when he left the District he had a considerable flock of half breds from Merino rams and some of the ryots amongst whom he distributed them continue to rear them successfully; Major Hill also about two years ago got some ewes and rams from the farm, and they are healthy and the lambs thrive well, so that I have no doubt of the introduction of the breed proving successful particularly in the Taluks specified in the Margin.

Denkencottah
Tripatore
Tengecottah
Darapoory
Truckengode
Namcul.

The superiority of the wool is so obvious that I entertain no doubt the people would be readily persuaded to substitute the rams which it is proposed to distribute in place of their country breds, and to make wethers of all the male produce by which their marketable value for table

consumption

consumption will be increased.

I hope the Board will recommend that a good portion of the rams should be distributed in this District as also some cases of available I should propose when they are received to keep them under my charge and publish in the Talooks a notification that they will be allotted to respectable persons who make application for them, and are likely to take care of them and to pursue to the experiment.

Salem Zillah.....
Collr's Cutcherry
7th. January 1848.....

Collector

Order thereon.

(54-55)

Ordered to lie over.

To

T. Ogcroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

From the Collr. of Salem.

(56)

I have the honor to submit a Statement shewing the extent and particulars of land applied for by individuals for cultivating Coffee on the Shevaroy Hills agreeably to the orders of the Board dated 1st. December 1842. In conformity to the Notice published

START 3893

published, the Native Inhabitants of the Hills were made acquainted with the offers made and have signified their consent for its being given to the applicants.

The lands applied for and included in the Statement have been left waste beyond 20 years, are to be given free of assessment for five years. This in being in accordance with the instructions of the Board under date the 8th. September 1842, I solicit the early sanction.

Salem Zillah.....
Collr's Cutcherry
23d. February 1848.....

Signed W. E. Lockhart
Collector

Statement.

3895

Fort St. George

16th March 1848.

Statement shewing the Extent of Land applied for by Individuals for Cultivating Coffee on the Shevaroy Hills in the Salem Taluk for Fasly 1257 in the Zillah of Salem.

Names of the Applicants.	Names of the Village.	Limits of the land.	Extent.	Assessment.	Rate per acre the land is assessed.	Extent.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
No. 1. Mr. W. Coleman	Kinnadoo	Immemorial waste land got attached called Curtoopoonjee is situated East to the fields of Mohonad, West to the Trees growing on the North of the River bank to the Garden of Mr Gray and North to the River.	Immemorial waste land.	5 " "	Free for 5 years to land left waste upwards of 20 years as per Board's letter dated 8th Sept. 1842	15 " "	15 " "	15 " "	These Individuals are new Settlers on the Hills from Madras and have granted a Moochelkah that they will retain the lands for Coffee Cultivation for 21 years and agree to pay any Assessment which the Government may hereafter fix on them and the Malayalies have also granted Moochelkahs signifying their consent to the lands being given to the Applicants.
No. 2. Mr. J. Gun in Do.	Do.	Immemorial waste called Curtarpoonjee is situated East to the fields now applied for by Mr. W. Coleman - West to the Tree called Palamarum South to the Furrow and North to the River.	Do.	15 " "		15 " "	15 " "	15 " "	
No. 3. Mr. R. Rozario in Do.	Do.	Immemorial waste land called Curtarpoonjee is situated East to the Individual Plantation West to the Carabou South to the Garden of Mr. Ball and North to the Garden of this Individual.	Do.	2 " "		2 " "	2 " "	2 " "	Has granted a Moochelkah that he will retain the land for Coffee cultivation for 21 years and agrees to pay any Assessment which the Government may hereafter fix on it. He holds another spot of land on the Hills cultivated with Coffee consisting of acres 7-26-4 being tearwah Rupees 7-10-7.
No. 4. Mr. Clarke in Do.	Do.	Immemorial waste called Curtarpoonjee is situated East to the Carabou West to the field now applied for by Mr. Gun, South to the Palamarum and North to the River.	Do.	30 " "		30 " "	30 " "	30 " "	Vide Remark to No. 1 & 2.
		Total		62 " "		62 " "	62 " "	62 " "	

Salem Zillah, Rayapoor Collectors Office 23rd February 1848. E. E. ff. Signed W. E. Lockhart Collector.

The

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

Resolution thereon

56-57

The Board authorize the grant of the several spots of land referred to in the Statement which accompanies the foregoing Letter to the parties who have applied for them on the conditions recommended by the Collector.

To T. B. Rowlett Esqre

Acting Secretary
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

58

From the Collector of South Arcot
24th January 1848.

Sir

With reference to your Letter No. 4-5 and 6. entered in the Estimate of Charges to be incurred in Fasly 1257.

No. 4. Sketches for securing Stamp Papers for which no Supplies, but are required for the Treasury Remittances issued to be used for the purpose, which being absolutely required for which sanction is solicited.

No. 5. Two Writing Tables were ordered for the use of the Sea Customs Officer at Cuddalore Porto Novo as per Boards sanction dated 29th October 1824, and subsequently six chairs for the use of the Cuddalore Sea Customs were sanctioned by the Board on 17th June 1844 but no claim on this having been provided for by Government for the use of the writers at Porto Novo they are required.

No. 6. The Tobolands of the Government sanction dated 9th January 1845 are for the use of the Shroffs and Sircars Peons Cutcherries but those now estimated for are required for the use of the Treasury Officers and Sayer Peons on Cutchery the last supply of which having been entirely worn out by having been placed previous to the year 1847.

South Arcot Collector's Cutchery, Cuddalore, 31st January 1848.

Signed W. D. Drew
Collector

Order thereon.

58-59

Ordered to be recorded

Rec

ORIGINAL DESTROYED

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

Read the following letter.

To T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

60

From the Collr of Tanjore

Sir

Reporting on Petitions Nos. 1256 & 690 of 1848 & 1847 and stating that by neglect in cultivating his lands and a collusive sale of them Petitioner had endeavoured to defraud the Sircar of its revenues.

In 1832 Translation enclosed.

I have the honor to report on Petition No. 690 of 1847, connected with 1256 of 1845.

Petitioner complains that Perumbokke lands in his Meerasy were let to others without his consent, and without a Pageenamah being previously obtained from him, and prays for their restoration.

Up to Fusly 1238, the Meerasy of Edoomboovanum was in the name of one Nanoonaiah and transferred by deed of sale to the name of Soobiah (Petitioner) in 1239 after a year or two, Soobiah absconded, without taking any measures regarding the future cultivation of the lands; and on enquiry being made for the Meerasdar, Soobiah appeared, and gave a declaration to the effect that he had never purchased the Meerasy, and that he had nothing whatever to do with the Village. In consequence of the declaration above alluded to, a notification was published inviting the

Fort St. George 16th. March 1848.

the former Meerasidar Namoowiah to take up the lands, and on his refusal the Dittum lands were rented for 3 years from 1242 to 1249: and on the termination of the lease they came under Cumany in 1250. In 1251 Petitioner appeared, and stated that he had been induced to make his former denial of Meerasy right in consequence of failure of crops, and the worthlessness of the lands which being now improved he would willingly take up. His request was consequently complied with, and security taken for the fulfilment of his agreement to cultivate the property.

During the absence of Petitioner, and after his throwing up all claim to the Village in question, a portion of the wastes 22 Valies, was given on Dyabast, and brought under cultivation at the cost of the holders. The land Petitioner now claims on the score of his Meerasy right and in consequence of their having been given without his consent, claiming at the same time Meerasy warums in arrears from the date of the Dyabast to the present time. To this arrangement the holders naturally object, as they have been put to all the expence

Fort St. George 16th. March 1848.

expence of bringing the waste under cultivation which they would not have undertaken on other terms than those granted; and it appears to me that the Petitioner can have no just claim to these lands, after distinctly stating that he had no concern in the Village whatever, this - there is no doubt he had - but his denial left the Circar free for its own interests to secure cultivators for the deserted lands.

The real facts of the case are, that Namoowiah the original Meerasdar finding the Edoomberanum Village of little or no profit in consequence of its imperfect irrigation and drainage, made it over, under cover of a deed of sale, to Petitioner Sooliah his Agent - thus taking the responsibility off himself and putting it on a party who possessed no other means as security to the Circar, which was not the case as regarded Namoowiah himself, a large land holder in Titrapoondy and Manargoody. The Village is situated in the lower part of Titrapoondy and has been very much improved in consequence of Nararamuts in that Taluk, and the

Original

Fort St. George 16th. March 1848.

Original Meerasdar Kanoowiah (or the Petitioner Soobiah) is now anxious to recover lands, which at the time of his collusive transaction with his agent were worthless. In their Secretary's letter of the 11th. November 1841. para 5. the Board acknowledge the right of the Circar to over lands left waste by the neglect of the Meerasdar when there are other parties ready to cultivate, and in the present case the Meerasdar not only neglected to cultivate, but attempted a fraud on the Circar by a collusive sale, and I am of opinion that the Petitioners prayer for ousting of the present holders should not be complied with.

Tanjore Vuddum 28th. Feby. 1848.

Signed J. F. Bishop
Collector

No. 1.
Translation.

Deposition given before the Tahsildar of Tirupoondy by Soobiah of Pullivanty in the Talook of Manargoody on the 15th. September 1832.

Q. For what reason you neglected the cultivation of the Village of Edimbavanum sold to you by Kanoowiah in fusly 1239 and deserted it afterwards

Fort St. George 16th. March 1848.

afterwards and absconded until found by the Pureum and Peons and brought here?

A. The Village was not sold to me by Kanoowiah, nor have I purchased it from any body else. Neither did I ever cultivate the Village, nor have I any concern whatever in it.

Q. Was not the Meerasdary of the Village transferred to your name and did you not sign the Summut Putrum and Astachy on the occasion?

A. I did not sign the Summut Putrum or Astachy or any other writing whatever.

Q. Did not you ever enjoy the Village, or employ agents to cultivate the same for you?

A. No. Neither did I enjoy the Village personally, nor employ my Agents in it.

Q. Did you not even so much as reside in the Village?

A. I was residing in it — while about 5 years ago my brother Amundarcumy en had been employed in it for 15 years as agent of Kanoowiah.

J.S.

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

Q. Is the Village now in the possession of Sanoosiah and the Meerasi in his name or is it sold to any body else?

A. I know not whether it is at this time in the possession of Sanoosiah or sold to any other individual.

Q. When did you leave Edoombanum for Pullimurty?

A. Four years ago.

Q. What is your usual place of residence, and what your father's name?

A. I usually reside at Pullimurty and my father's name Vydenadyen

Q. Are you not employed as Agent to manage the affairs of Meerasdars held by Sanoosiah in the Taluk of Manargoody?

A. I have never, and no where been employed as Agent of Sanoosiah, but am cultivating the lands under Periamyen as a Porakoody in the Village of Pullimurty.

Q. What relationship do you bear to Sanoosiah

A. He

Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

A. He is a distant relations of mine his uncle having married my Sister.

(Signed) Soobyen

Attested by

Narrayanen of Odyalore

Jyacotty Moodely of Poppracaw

Sworn before me

(Signed) Shashaya

Tahseldar

(True translation)

(Signed) J. F. Bishop

Collector.

60-61

Resolution thereon.

Following Endorsement be passed on Petitions Nos. 1256 of 1845 and 690 of 1847.

"From the report received from the Collector of Tanjore on the subject of these Petitions it appears that the Petitioner sixteen years ago denied that he had any interest in the Village of Edoombanum, and that in default of any Meerasdar, being forthcoming, the Village was first rented out by the Circar, and subsequently held under Sumany. A portion of waste lands was also given on Dixcast. Petitioner now seeks to revive the Meerasi claims which he formerly

formerly relinquished and to assert his title to the waste land. His pretensions are inadmissible, and the Board reject them.

Read the following letters

To T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(62)

From the Collr of Madura Reporting on Petitions Nos 1408 and 1979 of 1847 against the Tahsildar of Meyloor

Sir

In returning to the Board the accompanying Petitions referred to me for such notice as I might deem proper, I have the honor to state, that I have enquired into the complaints against the Meyloor Tahsildar contained therein and find that with two or three exceptions they are entirely groundless.

Among the exceptions are the Statements, that in granting remissions for withered Crops the cultivation of the Ryots in other Villages was not taken into consideration, and that the Rules denying remission for a portion of a Field wherein the crop had withered if another portion had yielded produce had not been observed.

On a very close investigation it appears, that several instances of the nature occurred, but the several items were so very small that taking into consideration the great extent of withered crops in the Meyloor Talook in 1846, and the consequent heavy labour of the Tahsildar, I do not attach much blame to his conduct.

In another case he neglected to point out an objection to the appointment of a Zilladar to a particular Division. This occurred in 1845.

In a complaint against a Curnom for fraud in his Villages he has allowed the investigation to drag on for two years, and there is a Mastery regarding the loss of some accounts prepared by one of two persons sent to make a survey. But I see no grounds for attributing to the Tahsildar himself any greater fault than that of negligence for which I have fined him 10 Rupees.

The Tahsildar is accused of purchasing lands. He denies the fact, but I am not satisfied that in one Village he has not done so, and shall make further enquiry into this case.

In all the other matters as mentioned

mentioned in the Petitions nothing blameable ap-
pears against the Tahsildar. Many of the cases have
been matter of regular enquiry and decision by
my Predecessor and myself.

The petitions do not originate from
any persons of the names attached. The number
of cases brought forward shew it to be the pro-
duction of some one in the Taluk Cutcherry as
no others could have become acquainted with the
circumstances of so many cases. One morning two
Ryots calling themselves the Petitioners met me
in my morning ride, but tho directed to come to
the Cutcherry they did not attend and could not
be found when sent for, I have been con-
sequently unable therefore to enquire what proof
the authors of the Petition could or
produce.

Madura ——— }
29th February 1848 } / Signed / R. D. Parker
Collector.

Resolution thereon.

62-63

Resolved that the following
Endorsement be passed on Petition No. 1108 of 1847.

"The Board of Revenue having
received a report from the Collector on the subject of

of this Petition find that the charges preferred in it
against the Tahsildar of Meylore are without foun-
dation. It is therefore rejected."

Resolved also that the following
Endorsement be passed on Petition No. 1979 of
1847.

"Petitioners are referred to the
Endorsement passed on their previous Petition
No. 1108 of 1847."

To
J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue.
Fort St. George

64

Sir,

From the Collector of }
Madura ——— }

With reference to the Boards'
Circular of the 29th April and their sub-
sequent calls of the 11th October 1847 and
17th Ultimo, I have the honor to submit Lists Nos.
1, and 3 as per Forms given in the above Circular
with explanatory remarks.

Madura, ——— }
Sheroopattore ——— }
8th March 1848 } / Signed / R. D. Parker
Collector.

No. 1

3908 Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

No. 1

Date of Boards letter or Proceedings transmitting Honorable Courts letter calling for information.	Points on each letter from the Honorable Courts upon which information was called for but not furnished by Collectors.	Remarks.
	None.	

Madura
Tinnevelly
8th March 1848

/ Signed / R. D. Parker
Collector.

No. 2.

3909 Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

No. 2.

Dates of Boards letter or Proceedings transmitting orders of Government calling for information.	Points in each order of Government upon which information was called for but not furnished by Collectors.	Remarks.
Boards Proceedings 27th January 1848.	Min. Cons. 24th Dec. 1847. Para 2. Calling for detailed account in the Settlement report of Fusly 1256 of the Course the Collector has pursued in the reduction of assessment in certain overrated lands and restoration of low classed to the higher rates.	The report will be submitted at an early period.
D°	Para 3 Calling attention to the 8th 9th & 10th Paras of the Boards Proceedings on the subject of certain anomalies which the accounts exhibit of the results of the Settlement in the 55 Villages where the reimposition of Mr. Peters remissions had been directed.	Information being collected.

Madura
Tinnevelly 8th March 1848

/ Signed / R. D. Parker
Collr.

No. 3

3910

Fort St. George 18th March 1848

No 3

Date of Boards letter or Proceedings calling for information.	Points in each letter or Proceedings of the Board upon which information was called for but not furnished by Collectors.	Remarks.
Do. Do. Para 11.	Shoganalay and Comaraswady Pallians as before authorized and if so to include lands on such tenure in the Settlement calling for a specific report as to what lands cultivated with Sugar Cane belong to the 2 Crop class to enable the Board to carry out the wishes of the Honorable Court of Directors.	Considerable information on the subject was afforded in the Summary Report for July 1846 and a further Report will be furnished when information is obtained
Do. Do. Para 20 Renewed in Para 13 of their Proceedings of the 4th November 1847.	Requiring further information regarding the service and Devastanum Enams and the Sornadayem tax on trees Vca. of the Palany hill Villages the	Report will be furnished as soon as information can be gained Vide Sub Collector's report for July 1250

Madura ——————
Theroopattoor, ——————
8th March 1848 ——
64-65

/ Signed / R. D. Parker
Collector

Order thereon.

Ordered to lie over.

Read.

3911 Fort St. George 18th March 1848.

Read the following letter

To J. Pycroft Esqre

Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort St. George

(66)

From the Collr of Madras

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of an Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated 3d Instant, and to report that on the 26th August 1844. I appointed a Committee consisting of

Head Accountant
xTranslator
Amildar and
Head Sirishtadar
Mr Pretty

some of the Head of the Office to enquire into and ascertain the validity of the various claims for payment of the subscriptions to the late Native Pension Fund. It was their duty to take such evidence of right and title as was available and to enter in a Register an abstract of each case, whereupon an order to the Treasury was prepared on their joint responsibility to make the necessary disbursement. I now submit copies and translations of the Documents on which the sum of Rupees 36-12-2 was paid to Coolsum Bee and Syed Yacoob.

Copy of a Tamil Mahazurnamah No 1
Do to Kararnamah 2
Translations of Nos 1 & 2
with Extract from the
Committee's Register No 3.

Madras 15th February 1848.

(Signed) J. A Hudleston
Collector

No 1

3912. Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

No 1

Translation of a Mohazurnamah given to J. A. Hudleston Esqre Collector of Madras by the undersigned inhabitants residing in Sookoo's Garden at Triplicane.

That is to say.

Formerly Syed Jafferdeen was employed as Mettor Peon in your Cutcheary and is now dead. Coolsam Bee his widow and Syed Yacob his son presented a Petition to you claiming payment of the Amount of Subscriptions to the late Native Pension Fund. He had no other heirs than Coolsam Bee his widow and Syed Yacob his son the parties above mentioned. This we know and execute this Mahazurnamah accordingly.

7 June 1845.

(Signed) Ibraheim Saib
by a mark.
— Mahomed Ayat

No 2.

Translation of a Kararnamah given to J. A. Hudleston Esqre Collector of Madras by Cafsum Saib dated 20th July 1845.

That is to say.

Syed Jafferdeen was formerly employed as a Peon, to whom the sum of Rupees 36-12-2 (Thirty-six Annas twelve and Pice two is due from the late Native Pension Fund as per Gazette No 59 Coolsom now his widow and Syed Yacob his son are his only heirs. If any other person should establish a right thereto I shall be answerable for the payment of the sum referred to above.

(Mark) Cafsum Saib.

No 3

No. 3.

Extract from the Register of claims on the late Native Pension Fund disposed of on the enquiry of a Committee consisting of P. Augustees Swara Modelly Head Accountant E. Cauliby Pillay Translator & Ragunadum Pauk Amildar and Veerasawmy Iyer Head Sumpretty.

No. in the Register	Names of the original Subscribers	Names of the parties who now claim as Heirs or representatives	Amount	Remarks
			Rupees a. P.	
591.	Syed Jafferdeen	Khoolsom shaw widow and Syed Yacob Son of the late Syed Jafferdeen	36 12 2.	Cassim Saib a yeomiah of Nº 98 of Nellore receives a yeomiah from the Collector of Madras declares that by a Persian writing that he knew the late Syed Jafferdeen when at service at this Cutchery and also knows the applicants to be respectively widow & son to the deceased and he is answerable for there being no other heirs than the applicants and that if any other claimants as heir come forward he will repay the amount from his yeomiah

True Translations and Extract
(Signed) J. A. Kindleston
Collector

Ordered

Ordered that the following letter be sent in reply.

(66-67)

To the Collr of Madras.

To The Collector of Madras.

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 15th February 1848, and to transmit to you the papers connected with the case for further enquiry and report From the documents that have been laid before the Board it appears that the request of the Petitioners Cowder Bee and others for the refund of the sums alleged to have been paid by the late Peon Sherfeddeen

Submitting Copies and translations of the documents on which the sum of Rupees 36-12-2 was paid to Coolsum Bee & Syed Yacob on account of the late Syed Jafferdeen's Subscription to the late Native Pensions Fund.

× Petition Nº 193 of 1847 Enclosures A & B

Nº 591. to the late Native Pension Fund turns on the question as to who are the proper legal representatives of this individual. The sum subscribed by the deceased it is observed has been made over to Khoolsom Bee and others as the representatives of the Peon in question, on the joint responsibility of the Committee appointed by you to investigate all claims of a similar nature, and that of a yeomiah dar of Nellore receiving his Pension at your Office, while on the other hand the Petitioners before the Board urge their claims are the real representatives of Sherfeddin and declare that the opposite party who received the money did

did so on false pretences.

2. Under these circumstances I am instructed to request you will be so good as to institute a fresh and careful enquiry and ascertain and report who are actually the representatives of the late Sherfedeen.

Revenue Board Office, Fort St. George, 16th March 1848. / Signed T. Pycroft / Secretary

68 From the Superintendent of Stamps. Read Statement of Contingent charges incurred during the month of February last.

DESTROYED ORIGINAL

68-69 Order thereon. Resolved that the necessary orders be passed.

70 From the Collr. of Bellary. Read the undermentioned Lists

71 From the Collr. of Bellary. Lists of letters addressed to the Board and remaining unanswered to the 31st August 1847.

72 From the Collector of Bellary. Lists of letters received from the Board and remaining unanswered to the 31st August 1847.

73 From the Collector of Bellary. List of letters addressed to the Board and remaining unanswered to the 30th November 1847.

From the Collector of Bellary. Lists of letters received from the Board and remaining unanswered to the 30th November 1847.

Ordered

Order on the 4 abovementioned Statements } Ordered to be lodged in the Office.

Read the undermentioned

75 Register

From the Collector of Nellore. Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board during the Month of February last.

76

From the Collector of Madura. Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board during the Month of February last.

75-77 Order on the 2 abovementioned Registers } Ordered to be lodged in the Office.

Resolved that the following letter be despatched.

78 To. The Officiating Chief Secretary to Government

To the Offg. Chief Secretary to Government } Sir,

In conformity with the orders of Government conveyed in the Extract from the Minutes of Consultation of the 18th October 1836, I am directed by the Board of Revenue to submit the Broken Set of their Proceedings for the Month of November last for transmission to the Honorable Court of Directors.

Revenue Board Office, Fort St. George, 16th March 1848. / Signed T. Pycroft / Secretary

Received

Received the undermentioned Miscellaneous letters and Statements.

79

From the Accountant General — Indent on the Commissary General for certain Articles required for the use of the General Department of his Office.

ORIGINAL DESTROYED

79-80

Order thereon.

Ordered that the original Indent be passed and returned.

81

From the Acting Collr. of North Arcot — Indent for Stationery and Sundries required for the use of his Office for the year 1848.

81-82

Order thereon.

Ordered that the original Indent be passed and transmitted to the Secretary to the Military Board.

83

From the Collr. of Bellary. — Acquainting that no persons were charged with offences under Regulation IX of 1822 during the Months of December 1847 and January 1848.

84

From the Collr. of Bellary. — Reporting that no persons have been confined in or released from Jail during the 4th Quarter ending 31st December 1847.

85

From the Collr. of Canara. — Forwards Statements of Smuggled Tobacco seized during the Month of November 1847.

Statement.

86

From the Collr. of Malabar. — Statement of smuggled Tobacco seized during the Month of January last.

85-87

Order on the 2 abovementioned Statements — Ordered that the confiscation and sale of the smuggled Tobacco enumerated in the 2 abovementioned Statements be authorized.

88

From the Collr. of Canara. — Informs that no Tobacco was seized during the Month of December 1847.

89

From the Collr. of Chingleput. — Acknowledging the receipt of 10,000 Salt Rowannahs.

90

From the Collr. of Malabar. — Explaining the discrepancy between the notes entered at the foot of the Indents for Stationery for 1847 — 1848 respectively.

91

From the Collr. of Tanjore. — Abstract Statement of Demand Collection and Balance for the Month of January last.

92

From the Collr. of Tanjore. — Statement shewing the average Bazar wholesale prices of Grain and Salt for the Month of January last.

Registar.

3919 Fort St. George 16th March 1848.

From the Collector of Tanjore. Register of the State of the river Cauvery at the annicut for the Month of January last.

(93)

" Walter Elliot

"

" Ezekiel Isaac

Compd Thompson