20-7-18 B.II

WP
2061

2061

No. 1-18 BII

875

Fort St. Georges 7th January 1847 —

No. 3.

To The Commissioners Cutcherry in the Zillah of Guntoor

Deposition given by Rouda Banz Banga Banz Police Duffadar of Coorpand Tanah an Inhabitant of Roodraverum on the 6th May 1845. —

estion — State what passed in truth when the Village of Roodraverum was rented out ?

nswer — Samarty Vencatratnam the late Renter stated that the Village of Roodraverum when under management of the Zemindar yielded a revenue at Rupees 401 for four years, and in the fifth year Rupees 400 minus 12 Rupees. On which my father Venentrama Ranze by name and Inggadaby Narrasee Ranze held the Village from Samarty Vencatratnum in fusly 1251 the last year of his rent at Rupees 400. They paid the demand of that fusly in full to the Circar and the Village was afterwards under amany in fusles 1252 & 53. when the Curnum named Jackaraz Chedumbram entered about 4 Kutchells of Land in the accounts as being left uncalltivated, partly for want of Ryots to Cultivate and partly for want of means to the Ryots to cultivate who inconsequence had relinguished them though in fact they were actually under cultivation at the time To this the Samatdar Ansentaramiah was

also

also privy. The Curnum when I questioned him this in Fusly 1253, reported it to the ame who cabled me and told me to let the Car and Sainatdar do any thing in the ame management that they liked and not to interfere with them I accordingly maint silence - Five or Six Months after the ame Bashecarloo told me in fusly 1254 to rent th said Village of Roodraveram and when I refused to do so on account of my being in C employment he told me to take it in the na of my father, and when I said that he was o and unable to manage, he told he would assist me every thing and that I need not fe for any thing the Village being in a profitable condition and the profits derived from the r having been divided between him and my father - On this my Nephew Saggadaby Kondara tendered a Durkast in the name of my fath which was accepted - The rent was contin for 3 years the first year on Rupees 291 Rs. second on Rupees 321 as I recollect, the thir on Rupees 350 or 351 as I recollect Half a Kutchell out of the very lands was under th orders of the Ameen given to Chedumbrum Curnum as maniam - It was solemnly agree that the surplus of the rent proceeds - aft deducting the Circar demand, should be Levie

estion

nswer -

into two equal parts between us both this covenant was made verbally by striking upon the hands of each other but no written document — passed between us because I am a subordinate servant under his Controul. —

How do you explain the fact of the account prepared by the Curnum shewing a less settle= =ment than the true one effected in the Village? —

The Curnum Chedumbrum is desirous of obtain= =ing the Village on favorable rent in his own Name and appears therefore to have entered a reduced settlement in the account with a view of appropriating a part thereof to himself hereafter - The Ameen having been a sharer in the rent by conferring it in the name of my father the Curnum was deprived of a share in the profit, but in compensation he was allow =ed half a Kutchell of land as maniam. —

stion — Who entered into competition for your rent and how did you overcome it? —

nswer - About 10 or 15 days after the confirmation of the Durkast in the name of my father Guddum Vencut Narayanah & Gunta Sashoo inhabitants of Roodraverum came forward to tender a counter Durkast but the ameen Bashecar= =loo called for the Curnum Chedumbrum and directed him to effect a reconciliation between the renters and competitors and send them away —

Fort St. George 7th January 1847 -

away of which Chedambrum informed me - The Ameen directed the Curnum Chedambrum to write and give an agreement /Kararnamah/ to the competitors - altho' Kondaranze is not the Durkastdar yet with a view to please the competitors it was written by the Curnam under the orders of the Ameen in the Name of Kindaranze and given. —

Question. — Rupees 32 on the Garden of Gaddum Vencatnarrain and Rupees 32 on that of Goobul Amaraya, in all Rupees 64 are charged in excess in the Shist Zabitah of the Current year what is the cause of its having been thus charged. ?

Answer. — A Garden /Sareb/ had been made on which they had paid the Dry /Metta/ Shist hitherto with a view to collect larger sum from them we direct the Curnum to enter in the account at the rate specified above. — They then complained on the subject at the Huzzoor Encouragement was thereupon given them and Cowles granted to Vencat Narrainadoo for 8½ Rupees as before on Metta Shist and to Amraya for 3½ Rupees but the larger sum as per Shist Zabitah was not collected from them nor were they called upon to pay at that rate. —

Question. — Why did you not explain all these circumstances

Fort St. George 7th January 1847 -

stances before at the Cutcherry. —

Answer. — This being an affair in which the Circar servant is concerned I was afraid of having all that had passed in his Name committed to writing and therefore refrained from doing so but now being personally questioned by the Commissioner I have explained what had transpired in fact and hope that this fault may be pardoned. —

/Signed/ Runga Ranze Daffadar

Examination made on the 7th May -

Question. — Have you been at any expence during the time of taking the rent. ? —

Answer. — The Ameen asked me for Rupees 15 for his own expenses either before or after the confirmation of the rent which I abstained from giving observing that he has a share in the rent proceeds, but upon his stating that he would account to me for it on the adjustment of accounts at the conclusion I personally paid to the Ameen the 15 Rupees as he said that they were required for his expenses. —

/Signed/ Runga Ranze —

Daffadar

Appendix B - No. 4. —

To

The Commissioners Cutcherry. —

in the Zillah of Guntoor. —

Kyfeat given by Gunta Sashoo his father's name -

Fort St. George 7th January 1847-

name is Parentaloo Cumma Caste aged about 30 years cultivating Ryot of Rajola Roo= =draierame in the Talook of Koorpad on the 20th April 1845 or fasly 1254 -.

Question — What is the extent of the land you have cultivated during the last year or fasly 1253 and what is the amount of sist you have paid thereon ?—

Answer — The extent of the land I have cultivated during the last year 1253 is as particularized below

	Rs. A. P.
Of the 1½ Koochaloo of field "Podoo" on the side of the Channel west of Orapocuntoo I cultivated 1⅓ Koo= =chaloo and laid waste ⅓ Koochaloo but paid on the whole	20 — " — "
I sowed the entire 1½ Koochaloo of "Chullavary goondala" field and paid the full sist	18 — " — "
There is another field called "Chullavary goondala" contiguous to the said field which consists of 2 Garroos or 8 Veesums of which I cultivated one half and laid waste the other half nevertheless I paid the full sist	5 — " — "
	43 —

Of this sist of Forty three Rupees I first paid 4 Rupees to the care of the Samatdar — Ananta= =ramiah

Fort St. George 7th January 1847-

=ramiah and of the remainder Rupees 39 I paid 2 into the hands of Curnum Chedumbrum and obtained a receipt thereto - I paid once 7 Rupees and once 4 Rupees in all 11 Rupees into the hands of Vencataramiah the younger brother of Curnum Chedumbrum and obtained a receipt for it - I paid the remaining 24 Rupees by two or three times into the hands of Rungaraz the Pettanadar of the Village but he had not granted me receipts Soobrumaneum the son in law to Cur= =num Chedumbrum saw when I once paid the money into the hands of Rungaraz, and when the other money was paid, no body was present but Rungaraz and Chedamberam —.

Question — For the Current fasly 1264 did you cultivate the whole or part of the said land ?—

Answer — Of the three fields above described Duffadar Rungaraz the son of Vencamaraiz the renter deprived me of the field of two Garroos bearing the assessment of 5 Rupees and made it over to Pimmaraz subject to an assessment of 6— Rupees — The remaining two fields of the value of Rupees 38 were in my possession of which I cultivated 1½ Koochaloo and the remainder was left waste thro' the annoyance of Runga= =raz. The ameen Basheacarloo to whom I com= =plained on the subject told me that he would tell Rungaraz to remit 3 Rupees and collect himself

himself Rupees 35 which I paid and obtained receipts as follows.—

	Rs. a. P
The amount I paid into the hands of Duffadar Rungaraz son of Vencamaraz on the 5th day of the decreasing Moon of Asweejem of the year Krody and obtained a receipt thereto	6 — —
The amount I paid into the hands of Vencamaraz on the 5th day of the increasing Moon of Karteekum of the year Krody and obtained a receipt thereto	10 — —
Ditto Ditto on the 1st day of the increasing Moon of Margaseram of the same year and obtained a receipt thereto	6 — —
Ditto Ditto on the 14th day of the decreasing Moon of Maugum of the same year and obtained a receipt thereto	8 — —
Ditto Ditto on the 30th day of Do. Do. of Palgoonem of the same year and obtained a receipt thereto	3 — 8 —
The amount I paid into the hands of Vencamaraze on the 3d day of the increasing moon of Chytrum of the year Visvavasoo and obtained a receipt thereto	— — 8 —
	34 — — —

I produce the receipts which I obtained for having paid the 34 Rupees and agree to pay the

the remaining balance of 1 Rupee in 4 or 5 days'

Question— What is the reason of your having paid Rupees 43 while the Cowle you produce which the Collector gave you for fusly 1253 specifies Rupees 33 you stated before that there are certain receipts for having thus paid, Produce them.—

Answer— A larger sum of Money has been collected from me before the grant of this Cowle Receipts have been granted for the sums paid on three instances, which alone I produced when I demanded their reason for having collected Rupees 43 from me while the Cowle given to me specifies Rupees 33 the renter told me that he would obtain the Village on a favorable rent by expending this money and then every one may enjoy it— He further advised me not to attend to the advice of the Curnam and not to go to the Shanatadar, upon the credit of this assurance I paid the money, but Rungaraz has made no reduction in my Demand tho he obtained a favorable rent— He disturbed me from cultivating my lands and caused 1½ Koochaloo of land to be laid waste— whenever I went to plough, he complained to the ameen and obtained a warrant and prevented me from ploughing—

Question— The Kyfeat you have given will be read, hear

hear and see if it is right?—

Answer— I have heard it—It is as I have given

(L.S.) The Mark of Gunta Sahoo—

Witnesses—

/Signed/ Ponnacunty Tripatty Rayadoo

/ " / Abboor Bangaroo—

Re-Examined—

Question— How many Documents you have produced in the Commissioner's Cutcherry.—

Answer— 1 Cowle granted by the Collector for fusly 1253—

3. Receipts of Fusly 1253.—

6 Do— Do— 1254—

1 Cowle granted by Rungaraz son of Venca-
=maraz from fusly 1254- to 1256.—

1 Zabetah of the Sist which was fixed on my Village in fusly 1252 and 1253.—

12 These are the documents I produced, which I hope may be returned to me after the Circar have done with them.—

/ " / The Mark of Gunta Sahoo—

Witnesses—

/Signed/ Ponnacunty Tripatty Rayadoo—

/ " / Attalore Appiah—

Examined on the 22d April.

Question— What is it you state?

Answer— In the year in which Chamurty Vencatrut-
-num held the Villages on rent he enjoyed the

the produce of the Tamarind Gardens in it-
In fusly 1252- the Tamarind Trees yielded no produce whatever. In fusly 1253 the produce did not ripen properly but was destroyed when in their immature state- In fusly 1254 the Trees bore plentifully and promised to yield produce to the weight of a Candy- I was in consequence prepared to give to the ameen for the purpose of renting them of which Rungaraz the renter of last year- having been informed frightened me by telling me that the trees are included in his rent and that he was entitled to the produce, and that I should not attempt to go to the ameen to rent them- As I knew that Rungaraz and ameen were in good terms with each other I did not go to make a representation to the ameen on the subject concluding that there would be no benefit in doing so- The trees having accordingly yielded a Candy of fruit the renter Rungaraz had it gathered and removed to his house- The value of a Candy amounts to 4 Rupees- The Circar Officers must take notice whether it was collected or not- This is all my Kyfeat-

/ " / The Mark of Gunta Sahoo-

/Witnesses/

/Signed/ Ponnacunty Tripatty Royadoo

/ " / Chamurty Vencatrutnum-

To

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Appendix B- No. 5.-

To

The Commissioners Cutcherry
in the Zillah of Guntoor.-

Ryfeat given by Guddum Venkata Narsoo, the name of his father is Buchennah Cum= =ma Caste, aged about 30 years, and culti= =vating Ryot of Rajoola Rudraveram subject to the Koorpad Tannah on the 20th April 1845 or fusly 1254.-

Question- What is the extent of the land you have cultivated during the last year Viz^t Fusly 1253, and what is the amount of sist you have paid thereon?-

Answer- My Elder Brother Venkatanarraina used to pay the sist money and hold the management, and no one else- I heard my brother say that the sist payable by him was Rupees 101- Part of his land is now the manium of Curnum Chedumbrum the sist of which is Rupees 15- My brother is gone to Moodalapad= further off the Kistana- He will return in the course of 2 years, when I shall= bring him I merely attended as a man was sent to me.-

Question- Shew if you have brought any paper= shewing your sist?-

Answer- I have four receipts ready with me of

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.-

Fusly 1253. Four receipts given by Venkama= =raz the present renter of fusly 1254 and by his son Rungaraz a Sist in which I entered the 5 Rupees which I gave to Venkamaraz on the 30th of the decreasing Moon of Polgoonum for which he refused to pass a receipt to me- The Cowle which the renter Venkamaraz passed to us from fusly 1254 to 1256- remained with him, and the Caboolcat which we= passed to him in return remained with us thro' inadvertence instead of the Cowle which he passed to us, being in our possession and the Caboolcat which we passed to him going to his hands- A Copy of the Cowle which= Rungaraz the Daffadar passed to us in Fusly 1251 a Cowle granted by the Collector in fusly 1253- An agreement passed to us by Kondaraz the son in law to Venkamaraz when we were about making a higher Durkast above that of the renter of the Village= in fusly 1254- I produce these 13 papers which I have brought with me, after the Circar has done with them they may be returned to me- This is all my Ryfeat-

/"/ The Mark of Guddum Venkatnarasoo-
/Signed/ Vellore Lutchmiah
/"/ Madala Appiah-

A

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.-

A Paper / or an agreement / passed to Guddum Vencatanaraim by Jaggadabby Kondaraz on the 25th February 1844.—

I have tendered my Durkast to the Circar for the rent of the Village Roodra= =veram for the ensuing fusly and if it was accepted and the Village put in my posession, we shall both enter into an agreement and manage the rent - I have thus passed my agreement with my own will and consent.—

/ / The Mark of Konda ranze

Appendix B—

No 6—

To The Commissioners Catcherry—
in the Zillah of Guntoor

Kyfeat given by Allor Bunigaros Inhabitant of Allor in the Tanah of Coorpaud on the 23d April 1845 or Fusly 1254.—

Question — You stood security to Damacherla Kotup= =pah the renter of the Village of Bheima= =veram in this Tanah from Fusly 1253 to 1255, and altho' there was no balances for the antecedent fusslies 1254-52-&53, yet it appears that you are in considerable arrear to the Circar on account of the Current Fusly 1254, say when you will discharge this balance.—

Answer— The said Damacherla Kotuppah accepted the rent from the Zemindar Ramnath-

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.-

Ramnath Baaboo from Fusly 1251 to 1255 got the posession of the Village and paid to the Circar Rupees 755 being the shist of Fusly 1251 on its termination, and as he was in arrear Rupees 112 out of Rupees 760 being the Shist of Fusly 1252 Ramanooja Charloo who then performed the duties of Ameen wrote to Kuzzoor and obtained orders for an attachment, but before doing so he allowed him to try and find security - The said Kottappah came and entreated me to stand security for the above Rupees 112 and for the management of the remaining lease which extends from Fusly 1253 to 1255 - As we are very near neighbors and friendship has thereby subsisted between us and the Ryots of Bheemaverum Cultivate the lands of my Village, I passed a security Bond upon his credit to the ameen Vetsah Basheacarloo and took posession of the Village and continued managing its affairs and living with credit tho' I am in poor circumstances - The said Basheacarloo with a view to subject me to loss and thereby to profit himself in fusly 1253 in which alone I stood security and commenced managing the rent instigated the Renter, Ryots and the people whom I allowed

He explains that this arose from his refusal to pay the fee exacted by the Ameen in all renting transactions.—

allowed to manage the affairs as under rent
and impede the Collection of the rent I howev
conciliated the Ryots and the under rente
and paid to the Circar Rupees 765 the shist
Fasly 1253 and the Balance Rupees 112, for
which I agreed to account, in all Rupees 87,
by borrowing myself Rupees 60 from Nundeg
=mah Aukanapully in conjunction with the
under Renters tho a part of the demand ha
not been realized from the Village to my ow
loss I since prepared to give up the rent in
the view that it would not answer to manag
it with the ennuity of the ameen - But the
renter Kottuppah who privately took a d
=cument from me to the effect that he has
share whatever in the profit or loss of the re
and that he would cultivate his own lands
and pay its assessment himself uninterruptedly
until I should be absolved from the surety-ship
neglected to Cultivate his lands himself a
persuaded the other Ryots to do the like -
being informed of this by Goorrauze Latch
Narrain and others the under renters I proce
=ed to the Village and on enquiry learned th
the said people had not cultivated and
persisted in their wilful neglect in spite
of all my endeavors - I and the under renters Viz.
Goorrauze Lutchmy Narrain Damacherla
Ramannah

Ramannah Cherkow Butchumniah took the
renter and the Ryots who refused to cultivate to
Basheacarlow the ameen of Coopaud who instead
of enquiring into the circumstances and render=
=ing me such necessary assistance as the Circar
ought to do by remedying the evil dissuaded
the renter and the Ryots from Cultivating and
encouraged them to desert the Village through
the resentment he bears towards me for not
having conciliated him in a pecuniary way dur=
=ing the last year. He did not stop here but
told me that he would collect the rent from me
only because I am held as security by the Circar
and not from the Ryots as the Circar has nothing
to do with them in regard to the balance and
thus he gave vent to his malevolent feelings
towards me The Ryots and the renter returned
to the Village without my knowledge and the
renter pretending that he had made over his
property to the Creditors in satisfaction of his
debts went and settled himself at Mogalore
subject to the Nizam on the other side of the
river, and continues coming to the Village occa=
=sionally during the night on in the day in a clan=
=destine manner while five more Ryots have
abandoned their husbandry and become Payacarios
elsewhere - Thus the Village was reduced to an
embarrassed.

embarrassed condition thro' the instigation of the Ameen - Being persuaded that the affairs of a strange Village could not be advantageously managed under the malevolence of a Circar high functionary I proceeded to the Huzzoor and explained to the Seristadar Sheshagerry Row the malicious treatment of the Ameen to me and requested him to annul my suretyship assuring him that I would continue to manage my two Inerajoy Villages of Abboor and Kalaverlapaud which I rented. I presented also Arzees to this effect to the Collector who referred them to the Seristadar and tho' I have represented my grievances to the latter in several ways he simply referred me to the Ameen Basheacarloo telling me that if I should accede to his wishes and have an arzee submitted by him he would render me the necessary assistance and as he forwarded my arzees to the Ameen and directed me to await upon him, I did so and requested the Ameen Basheacarloo to relieve me from the suretyship if not I would give up the rent of the two Villages owing to my impoverished circumstances - At first he would not attend to my request but afterwards stated that if I would give him 100 Rupees he would support my wishes. Having

no money of my own I took 100 Rupees out of the Collections of Abboor and paid out of it Rupees 80 to Basheecarloo and agreed to pay him the remainder Rupees 20 during the harvest - He then took a Statement Va. from me and told me that he would write an arzee to the Huzzoor to cancel my suretyship for the Village of Bheemaveram and advised me in the mean while to go to the Huzzoor and cause an early order to be issued on the subject by paying 20 Rupees to the Savabnevis Janake=ram Puntoolu whom I was in the habit of visiting. I accordingly proceeded to the Huzzoor and spoke to Janakeeram Puntoolu and paid him the 20 Rupees I had brought with me out of the Col=lections of Abboor and waited there in the expectation of an order - On the receipt of the arzee from the Ameen Janakeeram Puntoolu told me that Paregay Rammnah the assistant Seristadar of the Huzzoor objected to the proposal and that I should speak to him when I waited upon him to do so he refused to speak to me & Janakey Rammnah to whom I reported it told me that if I would give him 10 Rupees more he would himself speak to Paregay Rammnah and

and get the thing done I then said to him that I had already paid him largely and no order has been issued I agreed however to pay 10 Rupees accordingly if he would send an order to the Talook on the subject, and then returned to the Village but I am not hitherto aware whether an order has been sent or not to that effect On the approach of subsequent Kists a demand was made upon me for the money due upon the three Villages I immediately proceeded to the Ameen and asked him the cause of the demand having been made upon me for Bheemaverum after the receipt of a pecuniary consideration from me. He told me that no responsibility whatever would be upon me about Bheemaverum but that I should see to the other two Villages. He then took the account of the Demand of the Village from Goorauze and Lutchmy Narrain who were then present and who are the Curnums and under renters of Bheemaverum and directed them in my presence to Collect and pay the money according to the demand and thus exonerated me from the responsibility of that Village and sent another Mahasoldar to the Village. In proof of my

my having been relieved from the responsibility of the rent of Bheemaverum the Ameen granted 17 receipts in my name for the money paid by me as security after having managed the affairs & collected the demand for the expired July 1253 and for the Current July he continued granting the receipts in the names of the Curnums collecting the demand from them without my interference.

A reference to the receipts with me and with the Curnums will clearly Establish that I was excluded from all interference with the Village of Bheemaverum during the current year. The loss of this year is to be attributed to Bashecarloo the Ameen but not to any one else. I am not bound to satisfy the balance of this year but leave it to be enforced according to the pleasure of the Circar. There having been a balance to the Ameen as promised by me he withheld his orders for the Removal of the crops / Pyra Dumbalah / of Abboor and Kalaverlapand notwithstanding the payment by me of 7/8 of the assessment thereon. I then paid him about three months ago three 20 Rupees out of the collections of Abboor during the Summabundy at Kosoor and

and obtained Doombala I have thereupon & desired him to grant me a document to the effect that my suretyship for Bheemaverum has been cancelled as none of the kind had hitherto been granted. he told me in answer that I need not consider any thing about it but that he would grant me an order as soon as Sanakyram Puntoolou returned from Guntoor whither he had gone.-

2. The Kyfeat which you have given will be read. Hear it.-

A. I have heard it is according to my own statement.-

/Signed/ Abboo Bungaroo

Witnesses.-

/Signed/ Punny Cunty Tripatty Rayadoo.-

/ " -/ Mandoola Appiah.-

Examination made on the 1st May 1845.

2. What more have you to state at present.

A The Ameen Vetsah Basheacarlu promised me that he would cause my suretyship to be Cancelled in Fusly 1254 for which I gave him a sum of 100 Rupees as stated above I request you as Commissioner to relieve me from the balance of about Rupees 300 due on that account

account and that it should not be required to be paid by me, but that I should hence forward take care the Cultivation and pay from the ensuing Fusly Rupees 780 being the Beriz as per my surety Bond in an uninterrupted manner I am willing to abide by that order. I will from this day take care to carry on the agricultural pursuits of the Village for the ensuing year and pay the Sheist of Rupees 780 without delay, I will not in the least fail to conform to this condition.-

/Signed/ Abboo Bungaroo

Appendix. B, No 9.-

To. The Commissioner's Cutcherry in the Zillah of Guntoor.

Kyfeat given by Ponnagapad Acheraz and Ten Kiah List Curnum of Ponnagapad subject to the Jamah of Rayapett on the 6th June 1845. or Fusly 1254.-

2d Did you bring the whole of the accounts as per order shewing the amount of settlement Demand Collection and Balance and the rough accounts shewing the subscriptions for Village charges from Fusly 1242 to the current Fusly 1254.-

A. We have brought the whole of the accounts of Fusslies 1253 and 1254. The accounts of other Fusslies are brought by the Joint Curnum.-

Carnum Appiah who is also of our Caste the same having been in his possession

2. What is the amount of subscription collected by you in fusslies 1253 and 1254 in which you officiated for Village charges and how did you disburse it?-

A. Our Village having been rented out in fussly 1253 we disbursed the Village charges out of the collections and entered the disbursement which amounted to Rupees 87—2—6 in the Chittahs.-

The following are the particulars thereof

	Rs	A	P
To Calleanum Wanoomunta Row the Huzzoor Muddatgar who had been to the Jammabundy.-	6	"	"
" Nunjoor Verungalum Puntoloo Peishcar in the Jannah of condaved	4	"	"
" Kapullix Sooba Row Muddatgar in the Jannah of Condaved.-	1	"	"
To Sheik Emam the Revenue Peon of the Jannah for 2 months	10	"	"
" Sheik Mattoo the Deloget in the Huzzoor	4	"	"
" Huzzoor Jamadar.-	1	"	"
" Sheik Jemoo Peon under Samatadar	2	"	"
" Shroff under the Jannah Muddatgar	2	"	"
" Vijjabala Kistniah the Samatdar	9	"	"
" Maddoolow Paradasy Puntoolo the Jannah Peshcar	4	"	"
Village charges.-	43	"	"
	44	2	6
	87	2	6

The

The Village was rented also in fusly 1254 and its charges which amounted to Rupees 108—14—9 were disbursed out of its collections and entered in Chittahs. The following are the particulars thereof:-

	Rs	A	P
To Moodoomby Ramasawmy the Head Police of the Jannah of Condaved	2	"	"
Vijjabala Kistniah the Mootah Samatdar.	5	"	"
Kapully Sooba Row Maddatgar in the Jannah of Condavid	1	"	"
Sheik Emam the Peon of the Jannah of Condavid	6	"	"
Servengalum Puntoolo the Peishcar of Condavid	3	8	"
Subada Janakeram Puntoolo	3	"	"
Lutchmenarrainappah the Police Samatdar.	2	"	"
Daboolow Vencatappah.	2	"	"
Muddoolow Paradasy the Jannah Peishcar	4	"	"
Davaraz Lutchmeenarrainappah	10	"	"
Condavid Jannah Duffadar	2	"	"
	40	8	"
Village charges	67	14	9
	108	6	9

Thus we paid to the Circar Servants and disbursed the remainder in the Village charges

You

2. You have stated that you paid certain sums to the Circar servants what is the reason of your having done so?

A. The reason of our having paid the Samalsar was to prevent him from oppressing us in the Collection of the demand. That of our having paid the Peishcar was to prevent him in the same manner from harassing us for the demand and to have it suspended by the Circar. That of our having paid the head of Police of Condapilly and others was with a view to their passing a decision in our favor in the matter of the complaint preferred against us by Covattalos Sastroo Curnum Officials and that of paying the peons was to prevent them dealing harshly with us when they came to the Village for the collection of the demand.-

2. Can you prove by the accounts the sums paid to the Circar Servants as described above-

A We entered the disbursements in the Chittahs under false names these we have brought with us.-

2. The balance outstanding against your Village is as follows.-

Fusslies.

Fusslies.	Rs.	A.	P.
1243	1144	0	11
1244	617	6	11
1245	165	1	2
1247	10	1	2
1248	15	14	4
1249	110	13	2
1250	213	4	9
1251	185	6	4
1252	83	12	11
1253	317	11	2

Why has this balance remained outstanding and why should it not be collected now?

A. In Fusly 1243- 44 45 46- 47- 48- 49 and 50 the balance remained uncollected owing to the effects of famine and other misfortunes in some years, the death and desertion of the Revenue defaulters in other fuslies and the attachment of the Village which was rented out in other years. Of Rupees 185-6-4 due on account of Fusly 1251 Rupees 60 can be Collected. The remainder which originated from the relinquished lands having been made over to Ryots and those Ryots being very poor cannot be Collected. Of Rupees 83-12-11 due on account of Fusly 1252 Rupees 60 can be collected at present and the residue Rupees 23-12-11 cannot be realized as the Ryots are

are very indigent. Of Rupees 317-11-2 due on account of Fusly 1253. Rupees 160 can be collected at present and the remainder cannot be collected under the above explanation.-

2. Your Village is rented out for the Current Year. For how many years and on what terms has the rent been confirmed.-

A. The Ameen of the Tannah Ghuttoo fully Atchiah confirmed the rent in the names of Poonagapaud Achee Rauze the Curnum and Kosoor Cotappah a Ryot and the following are the particulars of the Fuslies and the amount of Beriz on which the rent was confirmed in their names.-

Fuslies.	Rs.	A.	P.
1253.	1675	"	"
1254	1975	"	"
1255	2173	"	"

Thus the Beriz of the rent has been settled.-

What is the amount you expended as Durbar Kurch Rs. in effecting the rent of your Village.-

We have expended nothing in obtaining the rent.-

Signed Poonagapaud Achee Rauze
Venkiah

No. 8.

Appendix B.

To The Commissioners Cutchery.-
in the Zellah of Guntoor.-

Kyfeat given by Poonagapaud Appiah List Curnum of Poonagapaud subject to the Tannah of Rajapett on the 27th May 1845 or Fusly 1254.-

2. Have you brought the whole of the accounts as ordered Viz. of Settlement Demand Collection and Balance and the rough accounts of the subscriptions for Village charges from Fusly 1242 to the Current Fusly 1254.-

A. As I have performed the duties of Curnum to the Village from Fusly 1242 to 1252 I brought the whole of the accounts of that period and produced them. My cousin Poonagapad Achee Raz and Cosoor Kotuppah a ryot rented the Village in Fuslies 1253 and 1254 and appropriated its Collections to themselves and therefore withheld the particulars of the accounts from me to prevent my being acquainted with the disbursements which had been made by them out of the Collections Viz. The accounts of those Fuslies showing the balance are brought by Achee Razi.-

2. State the amount appropriated by the said Acheeraz to himself and that disbursed to the

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

the Circar Servants out of the Collections of the Village

A. I presented an Arzee to the Collector declaring the frauds committed by the said Achee Raz and that Gentleman referred it with an endorsement thereon to the Head Police of Condavid Tanah for enquiry who called at the Village and after making an enquiry reported the result to the Huzoor. The records being present in the Tannah Cutcherry a reference to the same will confirm the fact.

2d. In Fuslies 1251 and 1252 in which you performed the duties of Curnum what was the amount collected by subscription on account of the Village charges and how did you disburse it?

A. The Village having been held under Amany management in Fusly 1251 a sum of Rupees 17 was collected under the head of "additional charges" and the following are the particulars of its disbursements.-

	Rs.	A.	P.
To Vujjabala Kristniah the Tannadar	4	"	"
" Muddoolow Paradesey the Tannah Peishcar	4	"	"
" Poloo Raz Ramasawmy who came for Tammabundy	3	"	"

Huzoor

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

	Rs.	A.	P.
To Huzoor Dalayet	1	"	"
" Village charges	5	"	"
	17	"	"

As

In Fusly 1252 Rupees 18 13 were collected as per list of subscription for additional charges and the following are the particulars of disbursement.-

	Rs.	A.	P.
To Muddoolow Paradesy the Tannah Peishcar	6	"	"
" Gundoomada Venkatasem Puntolu who came for Tammabundy	4	"	"
" Huzoor Dalayet	1	"	"
" Village charges	7	13	"
	18	13	"

Thus we paid part to the Circar servants and appropriated the remainder to the Village charges

2 Can you prove by the accounts the sums paid to the Circar servants above referred to.

A The sums which we collected by subscription are entered in the Rough accounts of these Fuslies respectively under fictitious names and which we have produced.-

2. The balance outstanding against your Village is as follows.-

	Rs.	A.	P.
For Fusly 1243 Rupees	1164	"	11
" 1244	677	6	11
" 1245	165	1	2
" 1247	10	1	3

1248

	Rs.	A.
For Fusly 1248	15	14
" 1249	110	13
" 1250	213	4
" 1251	185	6
" 1252	83	12
" 1253	317	11

Why has the balance remained thus outstand
and why is there any delay in collecting it?

A. In Fusly 1243 — 1244 — 1245 — 1246 — 1247 — 124
1249 and 1250 the balance remained uncollect
owing to the effects of famine in certain
Fuslies, of the death and desertion of Ryo
in others and through the attachment
the Village while under rent in other year
Of the balance due on account of Fusly 12
Rupees 60 can be collected, the remainde
due from relinquished land entered
against Ryots contrary to their wishes an
consent and those Ryots being very poo
cannot be collected. Of the balance due
account of Fusly 1252 Rupees 60 can be collected
present, and the residue cannot be realize
as the Ryots are very indigent. Of the balan
due on account of Fusly 1253 Rupees 180 c
be collected at present but the remainder cann
be collected under the above explanation

Signed Ponnagapah Appiah

Examined on the 8th June.

Question. Tell truly the Circumstances under which your Village was rented -

Answer. During the last Fusly 1253 Gattoopally Achiah the ameen rented out the Village to my fellow Curnum Achee raze and Kottaspah a Ryot who are poor and took securities from Nadars poor Ryots, instead of conferring it on Sumpany Venkatesam and Guddaly Papiah and others the substantial Ryots of the Village by calling on them personally and inviting their proposals. When this rent was conferred no competition took place, nor were any augmented proposal tendered, but upon the solitary proposal of Acheeraze the rent was immediately confirm -ed in his Name. He employed the opportu -nity so afforded him in appropriating the collections to himself and the consequence is that there remains a large balance out -standing.

Question. What is the cause of the rent having been confirmed in the name of Nadars poor cultivators instead of in the names of the substantial ryots of the Village?

Answer. If the rent should be confirmed in the names of the substantial Ryots they would not abide by the directions of the public servants but would discharge the rent amount in full.

full. On the contrary, if it was conferred upon the Nadras the renters would abide by the directions of the Circar Servants and withhold the payment of a part of the demand by paying a bribe to the Circar servants and thereby getting the collection of the balance suspended. As the Circar Servants have thus a means of profiting themselves by conferring rents upon Nadars, they conferred it accordingly upon them instead of upon the substantial Ryots.

(Signed) Poonagapad Appiah.

Appendix B. No. 9.

Deposition given by Narrasinga Row officiating Curnum in the Village of Kidumarroo in the Talook of Repully on the 22d March 1845 or Fusly 1254.

Question. Have you brought all the original accounts of Cultivation, Collection and disbursements from Fusly 1242 to 1254?

Answer. I have delivered all the accounts of the abovementioned Fusles. As our Village has always been under rent from Fusly 1242 to the present period the accounts of each year exhibit the disbursements of the Village also, for the same reason no separate contributions (Tackisam) have been raised because the dowl itself (i.e. the renters) includes

includes them and all other Village charges. As the Village had been rented at the low sum of 800 Rupees a year from Fusly 1253 to 1260 previous to the attachment of the Zemundary Mr. Stokes confirmed it only for Fusly 1253. In Fusly 1254 one Jonnalagadda Veeriah having made a proposal for renting the Village at Rupees 2503 for three years from Fusly 1254 to 1256, the Ameen yegnaswara Avadhanooloo submitted it to the Hazoor, but Beluspoody Goorooraz having brought forward objections against it the Gentleman rejected the proposal. Afterwards the said Ameen caused the aforesaid Jonnalagadda Veeriah to present a proposal of rent to Mr. Lockhart when he was at Mangalagherry on the following terms.

For Fusly 1254	Rupees	701	— " — "
" Do. 1255	— " —	901	— " — "
" Do. 1256	— " —	1012	— 8 — "
Total	Rupees	2614	— 8 — "

This proposal was admitted. In the first proposal a rent of 800 Rupees had been offered for Fusly 1254 but it was subsequently reduced to Rupees 701 and the deficiency was made up by increasing the rate for Fusly 1256. The renter has on this account paid Rupees 50 to the Ameen yegnaswara Avadhanooloo from the collections of the current year

year when the first proposal for renting the Village was presented I addressed a petition to the Collector reminding him of the Board order against renting the Magany or wet lands and an endorsement was made in reply that the dry lands only would be rented. I do not know what was represented by yegnaswara Avadhanoolo in the Mayoor but it was afterwards ordered that the Magany also should be included. In Fusly 1242, the Collections Amounted to Rupees 2,500 but the Ameen in consideration of the bribes he had received reduced the amount of the rent, as above.-

Question. At the time of presenting the proposal of rent, was any bribe given? and if so was that sum raised by a contribution/Tackisary/ or paid from the Collections?

Answer. The renters paid the amount from the Collections the Pollery stated in the Renters proposal at 60 Rupees but the amount actually collected was Rupees 130. This Pollery was included in the rent. The above mentioned sum was disbursed from this Item. They likewise gave a bribe of 25 Rupees to Peshcar Kotam raz Gopal Row

/Signed/ Mdamarty Narsinga Row

Curnum

Question. What passed in Fusly 1253 & 54?

Answer. In Fusly 1252 a sum of Rupees 1012½ was collected. In Fusly 1253 the Zemindar rented the Village to his brother in law for 8 years at 800 Rupees a year. The amount reduced was Rupees 212½ - The Talook was attached in Fusly 1252-

Question. Was the Village rented after or before the attachment of the Talook?

Answer. The Talook was attached in the Month of April, two or three days after the attachment the Zemindar rented the Village and antedated the Cowle as if it had been given in the Month of January, some person having represented this Circumstance to the Collector, he confirmed it for one year only. The Dowle for Fusly 1253. amounted to Rupees 891 and the Collections to Rupees 814.-

Question. What was the cause of the Village being rented at so low a rate?

At first a proposal was made at 800 Rupees /exclusive of magany/ for Fusly 1254 - but it was not admitted subsequently the amount was reduced to Rupees 701 and the Magany lands were also included in it because the renter Tonnalagadda Veeriah paid 50 Rupees to the Ameen yegnaswara Avadhanoolo.

Mr. Lockhart the Collector at first issued an order to the Ameen stating that the dry lands only were

were to be rented, on receiving this Book Room the Ameen who was then at Tekampadu, sent for the renter, and after speaking to him, went to the Gentleman who was then at Bapatla and got a second order issued to the effect that the Magany or wet lands also were included in the rent. Afterwards a dismissal was given at the renter.

/Signed/ Nidamurte Narrasinga Row
Curnum

Question. How many Kuchalas of land were cultivated last year and how many this year in your Village?

Answer. In Fusly 1253 fifty three Kuchalas were cultivated and this year only 27 Kuchalas. The cultivation has been reduced this year with the view to get the Village at a low rent hereafter by exhibiting a falling off in the cultivation.

/Signed/ Kedamaroo Narasing Row
Curnum.

Given before me this 27th March 1846.
/Signed/ W. Elliot
Commissioner.

Examination on the 28th day of March

Question. What is the cause of the falling off in the Collections of the Fusly 1253.

The

Answer. The Kyle was made in the Month of Nija Stravana/ or August/ of the year Krodhi and therefore the Collections of the Fusly 1253 fell short of those of Fusly 1252.

Note. The grain is all reaped between Decr. & March the produce of this Village had therefore been detained 5 months in the field, during all which time the ryots were prevented from selling or using it and it was left a prey to rats and insects and exposed to the weather for about half the Monsoon.

Q. What occasion was there for Kyling the Grain in a rented Village?

A. In Fusly 1252 the amount of rent was Rupees 1012½. The Village was rented at 800 Rupees from Fusly 1253 to Fusly 1260. Mr. Stokes suspected that some fraud had been practised in the Village because of the reduction in the rent to the amount of Rupees 212½ he issued orders to Tota Krishnamah Ameen of Chebrole to estimate the produce as the Village was within his police Juriodiction and to send him the particulars. On receipt of this Order the Ameen instead of framing an estimate of the crops, at once delayed it for four months. On the 15th day of Magha Sudha/ February/ there was a storm by which the Grain was greatly damaged. A Goomasta of the renter having communicated this circumstance to the Ameen he came to the Village. As the Grain was much injured by the flood the Collections as well as the sist fell short of those of Fusly 1253. This falling off is chiefly attributable to the delay on the part of the Ameen.

Question. Was there any difference between the extent of

of land Cultivated in Fusly 1252 and 53...

Answer. In Fusly 1252 fifty three Kuchalas were cultivated. The same extent of land was cultivated in Fusly 1253..

Question. What was the extent of Cultivation in Fusly 1254?

Answer. 27½ Kuchalas were cultivated.

Question. What was the cause of the falling off in the Cultivation for fusly 1254?

Answer. The Cultivation was reduced intentionally with a view of getting the Village at a low rent Sonnala Gudda veeriah the present renter himself has in the present year left three Kuchalas of the land which he cultivated last year. Assoon as he had secured the rent of the Village he brought the said land again under cultivation.-
28th March 1845.

Nedeemarti Narasinga Row.
Curnum.

Given before me this 28th day of March 1845.
/Signed/ W. Elliot..
Commissioner.

No. 10

Appendix B. to Commissioners Office Guntoor
Deposition given by the officiating Curnum of

of the Village of Nadendla in the Sattanee-pilly Taluk on the 4th June 1845 corresponding with Fusly 1254.

1 Annapagada Narasimmoolos 1 Annapagada Appiah
1 Dº Paradasey 1 Dº Caniah
1 Dº Madaraz 1 Royasem Buckeraz.

Question. Have you brought all the accounts of Collections Demand Collection and balances assessment Chittahs Collection and expenditure of Village charges from Fusly 1242 to 1253?

Answer. We have brought all the accounts from Fusly 1242 as above discribed with the exception of a few chittahs belonging to Fusly 1246 that have been lost..

Question. What arrears of Revenue are due from your Village? In what Fusties, and under what heads are those amounts due? and how much of them may be collected?

Answer. The items of arrears are as follows-

Fusly 1251.

	Rs	a	p
From Farms	1084	9	7
From other sources			
Enam collections			
	Rs	a	p
	64	1	1
Sale of Tamarind	1	7	9
	65	8	10
	1,150	2	5

Fusly 1253
From Village Farmers
C Narasemmoolos 9 ac.. } 2,540-3-2
10 persons

From

	Rs A P	Rs A P
Brought over		1150 7 5
From Renters of the bed of Tank C. Appiah V.ea 4 persons	149-15-3	
From Gross Arrears of rent on Farm	" " "	2690-2-5
From Enam Collections	" " "	79-10-"
From attachment expences	" " "	38-8-5
Total amount of Revenue due	" " " " "	2808-4-10

Fusly 1253.

From Village renters Curnum Narasummooloo V.ea 10 persons	4580-12-3	" " " " "
From renters of the bed of the tank C. Appiah V.ea 4 persons	241-"-"	
From arrears of rent	" " "	4921-12-3
From attached Enams	" " "	11-"-"
From Enam Quit-Rent	" " "	74-"-"
From sale of Tamarind Fruits	" " "	2-9-"
From attachment expences *	119-11-8	
Total amount of Revenue due		5279-"-11
Total amount of Revenue due for Fuslies 1251 & 1252		8087-8-2

* This is a charge made by the Zemindar for an establishment Kept by him to look after the Renters proceedings the expense of which is charged to the Village—

The proportion of these that can be collected is as follows:—

	Rs	Rs A P
Amount that can be collected from the arrears for Fusly	1251 is	250 " "
	1252 is	700 " "
	1253 is	1250 " "
Total amount that can be collected for three Fuslies		2200 " "

From the undermentioned Farmers 14 persons in Number—

1 Nullabothoo Ramachendrapah son of Adumnah
1 Nullabothoo Venecatapaty
1 D.o Pedda Sashiah
1 D.o Papiah Garee Bolliah
1 Nullabothoo Soobbiah
1 D.o Rungapa Garee Sashiah
1 D.o Vencalu Rayavdoo Sutchminarsoo's son
1 D.o Ramoomiah Garee Vencannah
1 Annapagada Appiah / Curnum /
1 D.o Paradasy / Curnum /
1 D.o Narasimmooloo —— "
1 D.o Camiah —— "
1 D.o Mudaraz —— "
1 D.o Rayanum Buchiah

Question — State the amounts of subscription collected from your Village and expended during the different fuslies from Fusly 1251 to 1254—

Answer — As our Village in Fusly 1251 was under the management of the Zemindar we in that Fusly neither collected any subscriptions nor incurred any expenses subscriptions were not collected during Fusly 1252— These sise persons Nullabothoo Raumunnah, Papiah Garee Boolliah Curnum Annapagada Narasimmoolo

Narasimmooloo Dr. Appiah Dr. Pandaty and Dr. Cunniah some time the date we cannot do not recollect in the month of Palgoony of the year Sobacrith corresponding with Fusly 1252 gave two Notes of hand for 164 Rupees each being for the sum of Rs. 82 to Nullapad Ramachendrapad and N. Pootiah and received from them 140 Rupees at 70 Rs. for each bond. These 6 persons gave Rupees 100 of this sum of 140 Rupees to Yatoor Coliah and of the Sattanelly Sannah, and 30 Rs. more to Peishcar Puttee Venkatasapa = tooloo. The remaining 10 Rupees they returned to the merchants who advanced the money which, with 24 Rupees still due on account of the bonds they desired their creditors to carry to the credit of the bonds in all 34 Rupees.

The particulars of Col. lections of subscriptions and ex. expenditure for Fusly 1253 are contained in the following three lists-

By 1st List

Puttee	Amount of Collections upon waste lands 851	
	Amount hereof carried to Circar credit	471

leaving Rupees 380

By another List.-

Puttee	Amount of subscription collected at 4 annas Pagoda	Vcs. 224

By the third List

Puttee	As stated on the top of the back side of the 4th sheet of the List account it is stated that the Villagers received a bribe from the Samaatdar.-	44

Total amount of Subscription collected 648

Disbursements

Amount, as specified above carried to the credit of the Balance of loan

Rupees ____ 10-0-0

Amount paid in addition ____ 24-0-0

Total ____ 34-0-0

This deducted from 164 Rupees the sum specified in the bonds leaves 130 Rupees and the interest thereupon is Rupees 20 Total debt Rupees - 150-0-0

to liquidate which paid Rupees ____ 150-0-0

Other Disbursements.

Paid to Head Sheristadar Nyaput Sashugery Row through P. Venkatasem ____ 100-0-0

Paid to Deputy sheristadar Somayajoo Soliah - 20-0-0

Paid

Fort St. George 7th January

Paid to Huzoor Head Goomasta &c. Mudduligar siringay Rainumnah Puntoloo ____

Paid to Head Tavabnevis Purbada-Janakirampuntoloo ____

Paid to Head Muddaligar Ganagum Venkat Row ____

" " Calyanum Hanumunt Row ____

" " Reshkar Peetri Venkatasa Puntolo.

Paid to Samadgar Gunnum Sanakee Ram Puntoloo Rupees ____ 1

Paid to Ameen Tarmul Row Sitchmi Nursoo Puntoloo given thro annavegada Narasimloo ____ 100

Total ____ 268

Net amount in hand ____ 132

this amount having been lodged in the [illegible]

Sumaddar Gunnaray Sanakee Ram Puntoloo, [illegible] answerable for the sum. Thus it is specified in [illegible] Chitta Packisums or subscriptions have no [illegible] collected from Fusly 1244 up to this. True ac[illegible] counts of the Disbursements are filed in the [illegible]

Question. For what reasons were the Circar servants [illegible] Office of the Commissioner.—

Answer. The Zemindar of our Village from Fusly 1248 [illegible] 1254 received written agreements from [illegible] for a progressively increasing rent as follows.—

Fort St. George 7th January 1817.

Fusly	Rent Rs	Fusly	Rent Rs
1248	3624	1252	5852
1249	7259	1253	8862
1250	7721	1254	8921
1251	8021.		

As the Village was formed on a progressively increasing rent, it was reduced and depressed, and as the arrears of Revenue became very large, we gave an Avzee to the Collector in Fusly 1253 to have the terms of the present rent abolished and to procure a new rent at a lower rate for Fusly 1254 and likewise to be exempted from payment of the old accumulated arrears. At the same time we bribed the late Ameen Atoor Cotiah and the Peishcar Putri Vencatasa Puntooloo, the Hoozoor Servants and the Sanah Ameen Doomala Row Sutchmenarsoo Puntooloo to assist in getting the present rent suspended and our proposals for the lower rates confirmed and the Hoozoor Goomastas and Sanah Peshcar &c. that they should not be severe in checking the accounts. For these reasons the abovementioned Circar servants were bribed by us.—

2. In the answer above given by you regarding expenditure, you have stated that a bribe of 44 Rupees was given to you and the Villagers by the Sunnuddar and that that sum was credited to the grama Khurch. What is

is the name of that Samuldar and what induced him to bribe you in this manner?

A. The name of the Samuldar is Gunnumraz Janakeeram Puntooloo. The Mahapsooldar under him named Mahomed Raja a ryot of Pasoomarroo presented a Complaint to the Hoozoor against the said Samuldar that he had taken bribes &c. The Hoozoor by an endorsement referred the case to the Ameen for enquiry who sent it to his Deputy Davarasoo Lutchmeenarrain appa to be examined, accordingly when this Deputy Ameen came to our Village for the purpose the Samuldar gave us the said 44 Rupees to prevent the ryots from giving evidence against him which sum as above stated we carried to the credit of our Village Fund.

Q. From Fusly 1245 to 1252 under the management of Zemindars were any new Enams given from the Circar land, or any old Enam exchanged for circar land? If so to whom were they given during what Fuslies, and how much land were given?

A. Rajah Manoor Vencatagopal row gave from the Circar land one Coomtah of land in Fasly 1247 to Nallaloo Lutchmanarasoo Puntooloo of the Cummawar caste the

the head of the Village still enjoys it.

Rajah Vencata Gopalrow gave

A. one Coomtah of land in Fasly 1251 to Nullapatoo Puttiah of Cummawar caste the Head of the Village. With the exception of these two no other persons received any Enams. If from your future enquiry it is proved to you that Enams were given to us contrary to what we have herein stated we shall submit to any punishment the Circar may inflict upon us.

Q. Your deposition is being read, Listen and state is it correct?

A. We have heard it, it is correct as we have given.

/Signed/	/Signed/
Rachapoody Narasingarow.	Annapagada Appiah
inhabitant of Retta Pallum	Do. Narasimmaloo
Gollapaty Cumtiah	Do. Paradasy
inhabitant of Gollapaty.	Do. Camiah
	Do. Mudevaz
	Roysum Boochiah

Again.

Q. State the amount of (Nuzzur) presents given by your ryots to the Zemindar and in what Fuslies between 1245 and 1252 were they given?

A. The following list will show the Nuzzurs given to Rajah Manoor Vencata Gopalrow.

Amount

Fuslies Rs A

Amount of Nuzzer according to the Nuzzer Chitta for } 1247 205.15

Amount paid in Fusly 1250 from the anticipated collections of that year (Annunce Balut Chitta) for } 1249. 50.

Amount of Nuzzer given from the Collections of the dry bed of Vencataroms Tank as in the said Annunce Chitta for } 1250. 194.10

Amount of Nuzzer given (as particularized in the Doule Vasool Bakee Chitta) for } 1251. 146.6

In this manner we were accustomed to pay as we were asked by the Zemindar some time for purchase of horses some times to build Bungalows, and such other purposes.

2. The following sums appear as Balances of former years how much can be recovered and for what Fuslies.

Fuslies	Rs A	Fuslies	Rs A	Fuslies	Rs A
1242	1573-14	1245	371 12 10	1248	382
1243	1413 7 4	1246	286 3	1249	355
1244	2661 14 10	1247	149 14 7	1250	213

A. A famine prevailed in Fuslies 1242 and 1243 followed by fever and ague during 1244 and 1245 which caused the death and emigration among the Ryots and during the following Fuslies the distribution of the lands was not attended to and consequently Cultivation was not carried on. By these causes arrears accumulated these arrears consequently cannot be collected.

/Signed/

Annapagada Paradesy.
Ditto Narasimmoloo
Ditto Appiah
Ditto Camiah
Ditto Madaraz
and Rayasum Boochiah

5th June.

Annavagadu Appiah was again examined.

2. During the Zemindars management were any new Enam lands given to you? If so state how much, and in what Fusly were they given?

A. We hold 1/2 Coochala of Curnum Enam land my younger brother Soobiah in sharing our property, obtained half of it or 1/4 Coochala, then the remaining 1/4 Coochala that was left for my part being insufficient for my maintenance, I applied to Rajah Manoor Venkata Gopaul Row, who in Fusly 1248 gave (3/4 Coochala of Circar land) in lieu of my 1/4 Coochala of old Enam land as it was unfit for Cultivation) and to this he added 1/4 Coochala

Coochalu of new Enam land. I now continue in t
enjoyment of both these.-

Q. If you have received the Enams
above stated why did you not mention the sam
in your yesterdays deposition?

A. Through mistake I forgot to do

Signed/ Annapagada Appiah

The 6 Curnums were again questioned.

Q. What sums did you pay to Circar Serva
and what Nuzzer to the Zemindar during Fusly 1245?

A. We collected 640-5-0 from the sale of
water or pasture land from Villege Subscriptions (Jacki
and from some other sources, which we disbursed as follows

	Rs. a. p.
Paid to the (deceased) Ameen Puttumpully Venkatarow	250-0-0
Paid to (Emigrated) Samindar Nulla Cherroo Gondurow	100-0-0
Paid to Peshcar Pulu Venkatasupuntoolo	31-0-0
Paid to Tanah Samatdar Curnum Kristniah	10-0-0
Paid to Kooroor Gumasta Yetoor Coliah	20-0-0
" Tanah Sarabrevis Kuroopilly Subarow.	20-0-0
" Tanah Gumastah Soobanathia	6-0-0
" Condavid Darogah Sundyalu Soobramanya Sastri	29-0-0
" Deceased Division Peshcar Vacala Narasimmarow	4-0-0
" Muturpha Goomastah Pangunam Lutchmmarow	4-0-0
Total	477-0-0
Nuzzer to Raja Venkata Gopalrow	25-0-0
Paid to Sundry expences of the Villege	118-0-0
Total	640-5-0

In the manner the expences were incurred
for which the following are the particulars
Of the 640-5-0 the sum debited to
the Collectors is ——— Rupees — 315-9-0
The remainder according to a separate account — 324-12-0
Total 640-5-0

Besides the above no more was given to Circar Servants.-

Witnesses /Signed/
1 Poollaseramy Ramiah
inhabitants of Havoor
gungadasen.
2. Mamillapully Baga
vatooloo inhabitant
of Mamillapully

/Signed/
A. Appiah
" Paradesy
" Camiah
" Madaraz
" Narasimmooloo
" Royeem Boochiah

Examined again.—

Q. Having cancelled the former rent of
the Village, at what sum was it allowed to be newly
rented for the Current Fusly 1254?

A. The Village was rented for two fudies
1248 and 1249, and continued during Fusly 1248 accor
ing to the Cowle or agreement and although the
farm given by the Zemindar did not end in Fusly
1249, the Zemindar took written agreements from
our hands and granted the farm for
6 years more from fusly 1249 to 1254
upon a progressively increasing rent for the
sums above Specified. The rent was
collected.

collected according to the first agreement till the
end of fusly 1249; but in fusly 1250 we fell out
among ourselves and the Cultivation was not
properly conducted. We went to our Zemindar and
told him we could no longer continue the rent, and
thereupon had the revenue for that fusly collected by
the Samaldar Mungoo Vencatarow Pantoloo, and
from the following year 1251 till the Village was at-
tached in fusly 1252. the Zemindar appointed Gur-
-unum Raj Sancharam Pantoloo as Samaldar thro
whose means the revenue was collected. After the allo
-ment till the close of fusly 1252 the revenue was collec
-ted by the Ameen Yetoor Colah as before thro the Sa
-maldar. In fusly 1253 the Ameen having stated that
as we are the renters of the Village we ought to manage
its affairs and pay the accumulated arrears of rents
we went to the Hoozoor and petitioned the Col
-lector to relieve us from the rent and from the
payment of the old arrears. The Collector
ordered the Ameen to conduct the affairs of
the Village for fusly 1253 through the same
on our responsibility as was done till the end
of fusly 1252. the Ameen according to the
Collectors orders has administered the revenue
affairs through the Samaldar under Circumstan
-ment. Afterwards during the Yamulundy Settlement
of the fusly we petitioned the Nail. Serishtadar Ruckhyah
Soobaroo

Sooba Row to consider the reduced state of the
Village and our consequent inability to pay the
assessment. The Nail. Serishtadar thereupon having
brought this to the notice of the Collector in our presence
the Collector ordered the ameen Dhoomaly Row
Luckminarasoo Pantooloo to go to the Village and ascertain
correctly by enquiry the state of the Village and
the amount of assessment it could bear for fusly 1254.
and report the same to the Hoozoor. the ameen
accordingly after inquiry into the state of the Village
took from the ryots written proposals (Durkasts) to
rent the Village at Rupees 4601 for fusly 1254 Rupees
4901 for fusly 1255. and Rupees 5,201 for fusly 1256. which
he reported to the Hoozoor. The Collector sent orders to
the ameen to accept the proposal only for the Current
fusly 1254 and as the rents for the succeeding Fusties
were too low the Hoozoor was of opinion that the
Village should be brought to a state fit to pay a higher
revenue and then rented and consequently the present
Durkast of the Villagers for fusly 1255 and 1256 was re-
-jected. The ameen took from us new Durkasts for
the two succeeding years at about 300 Rupees over
the amount for the current fusly. which Durkast
he has sent to the Hoozoor and we know not whe-
-ther it has been approved of or not.

2. 2. What former Revenue had the
Ameen

Ameen in view in letting your Village for fusly 1254 for a rent of 461 Rs. as above stated.

A. The amount was fixed for the current fusly 1254 by the Ameen according to the state of the ryots which was ascertained upon enquiry.-

Q. Who are the farmers for the current fusly 1254. and who are their Sureties, Name them?

A. The farmers for fusly 1254 are six in Number and their Sureties four, as is exhibited in the following list.-

Farmers 6 in number.

1 Head of the Village Nullabothoo Ramachendragoff
2 Ditto Ditto Pattiah
3 Ditto Ditto Pedda Brolliah
4 Ditto Ditto Chinna Brolliah
5 Ditto Ditto Rungapagara Sashiah
6 Ditto Ditto Venkannah (Ramanahs son)

Sureties six number.

1 Curnum Annavajuda Narasimmooloo
2 Ditto Ditto Appiah
3 Ditto Ditto Paradesy
4 Ditto Ditto Camiah

Q. Of the 851 Rupees collected from the rent of waste lands during the past Fusly 1255 it appears that 471 Rupees has been credited in the Ryotwar Demand, Collection and Balance account, and that the remaining 380 Rs. have been in deposit: state by whose orders you prepared your accounts

accounts in this manner?-

A. At the time when the collections were made for fusly 1253 Peshcar Puttree Venkatasa Puntoolo and Sunatadar Gunnumraz Sunkeeram Puntoolo together told us the Curnums that as some expenses were to be incurred for paying the Hoozoor Servants only 471 Rupees out of the 851 Rs. Collected from the sale of waste and uncultivated lands were to be paid to the demand of the ryots, and that the remaining 380 Rupees were to be kept separately in deposit, and it was according to their orders that we prepared our accounts.-

This is all that we have to say.

Witnesses (Signed)
1 Rachapoody Narasinga Row
inhabitant of Rettapollum
2. Sonnalagudda Papiah
inhabitant of Irlapad

(Signed)
Annavegada appiah
Ditto Narasimmoolo
Ditto Parudesy
Ditto Camiah
Roysum Boochiah
Annavagada Maduraz.

Again Examined.

Q. From what Fusly was the dry bed of the tank rented by your Villager Venkatarow? and what was the amount of rent or Beriz?

A. The tank farm was rented distinctly from the Village farm from fusly 1249 to 1257. The Fuslewar Beriz is exhibited in the following list Fuslies.-

Fuslies	Beriz Rs	Fuslies	Beriz Rs	Fuslies	Beriz Rs
1249	151	1252	231	1255	241
1250	211	1253	241	1256	241
1251	221	1254	241	1257	241

In this manner the Zemindar let the farm on a progressively increasing assessment and gave the (Cowle) or agreement in the names of the 4 persons Nullamoottoo Ramunnah Nullamoottoo Sutchmi narsoo, annavegada asspiah and Annavegada Paradesy.-

2. Was the amount derived from the said Tank farm added — in each Fusly to the Demand of the Village or not?

A. From the commencement of the farm in Fusly 1249 to Fusly 1251 the said tank revenue was not carried to the Beriz of the Village but was collected and kept separately and paid to the Zemindar as Nuzzur till Fusly 1251.- But after the Village was attached in Fusly 1252 this farm rent was carried to the Doule Beriz.-

2. What sums were collected and given as Nuzzurs to the Zemindars in the said Tank farm and during what fuslies were they collected?

A. For fusly 1249 the tank farm rent amounted to Rs. 50-0

1250 " 88-0-5

1251 " 94-4-11

These amounts went to the Rayahgas Nuzzer

For fusly 1252 Rupees 81-11-9 were collected and went to the Circar credit. No collections were made during Fusly 1253.- Till the present date of the Current Fusly 1254 Rupees 160-15-8 have been collected and remitted to the Circar Treasury.-

2. You have stated that no collections whatever were made during Fusly 1253.- Why were no collections made?-

A. Because there was no cultivation therefore there were no collections.-

Witnesses /Signed/ /Signed/

1 Rachapoody Narsingarow inhabitant of Rettapollam — Asspiah Narrasimmooloo Paradesy.

2. Sonnalagadda Pichiah inhabitant of Irlapad

Deposition in the Presence of the Commissioner

5th July 1254 F.

2. The deposition given before Moospicdoo Kistnarow is read Listen to it, and state is it correct?-

A. We have heard the reading of the Kyfeyet- This is the true Statement given by us in the examination before Moospoodu Kistnarow.-

/Signed/

Annavegada asspiah

Ditto Narasemmooloo

" Paradesy

" Camiah

" Roysom Boochiah

Given before me this 5th day of July 1815

/Signed/ W. Elliot

Commissioner.

Deposition.

Deposition given on the 8th July 1845

Q. It appears that in your Village over and above the Enam lands that existed till the endy fusly 1243.12 more Coontahs of new Enam lan were alienated and that from that fasly to the Current one you the Villagers have continued in the enjoyment of them, state is it true?

A In our Village we enjoy at this time the same maniems that we have done from time in memorial up to Fusly 1243. With the exception of these we have neither acquired nor enjoyed from fusly 1244 any new Enams. If it is prov to you that we have created and enjoyed any new or unusual Enams, we shall submit to any punishment the Circar may inflict.-

Cummums (Signed)
Annavegana apsiah
Ditto Paradasy
" Narasemmoolo
" Cannah
Royrem Boochiah.

Q. The arrears of Revenue for fusly 1249 are Rupees 355 A -- P 10 and for Fusly 1250 Rupees 213-15-8 A P. These arrears being truly due ought not to be withheld from the Zemindars by the farmers What therefore prevents the whole of these arrears being collected.

A. There is no hindrance whatever in having the whole of the arrears due for the two Fushes 1249

and 1250 collected. The following are the arrears due from fusly 1249 to 1253.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
The amount of rent due in whole for fusly 1249	" " "	355. 1. 10
D° D° D° D° for fusly 1250	" " "	213. 15. 8
Amount expended in honoring the Zemindars Drafts on the Village (Summudwary expence) by us who were in partnership with the farmers for Fusly 1251		333. 15. 6
Amount due by the ryots for fusly 1251	25. 2. "	
Total Amount of farm settlement due for fusly 1251		359. 1. 6
Amount due by the ryots and consequently collectable by us during Fusly 1252		260. 4. 4
Total amount according to the rented Beriz for fusly 1252	" " "	700. " "
During Fusly 1253 the Village being under Circar management, there have been no Summudwar Expences whatever and therefore the whole amount due by the ryots which is in the course of Collection and remittance for fusly 1253 is	" " "	571 13 "
Total amount due for the five fusles from 1249 to 1253 is	" " "	2280. " "

In this manner for the arrears of fusly 1249 due by us for the arrears from fusly 1250 to 1253 due by us and

and by the ryots, separate Statements (Jabitas) are prepared and annexed therewith, according to which we shall collect the arrears from the ryots and remit them to the Circar Treasury.-

Cirnmms (Signed)
Annavegada Apsiah
Ditto Parvadasy
" Narasimmodoo
" Cunniah

Statement showing the arrears of Revenue due from Fusly 1249 to 1258 that may be recovered from the Village of Kadendla of Sattenapilly Talook in the District of Guntoor prepared on the 9th July 1254 Fusly.-

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Demand of Fusly 1249	" " "	7,297-2-
Collections	" " "	6942--
Balance	" " "	355-2
The amount being due by us (the farmers) will be collected and paid to the Circar	" " "	8"
Demand of Rent of Fusly 1250	" " "	7703-8-
Collections	" " "	7579-8-

Arrears

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Of which charges on account of Tasildars and Mahasoldars not remitted by the Zemindar will be discharged by us		74-3-1
Due by the ryots to be recovered		139-12-7
		213-15-8
Demand of Rent for Fusly 1251	" " "	8097--3
Collections	" " "	6946-13-10
Arrears	" " "	1,150-2-5
Of which according to the actual Cultivation (Coderica)	" " "	95-2-5
Of which recoverable		
On account of Summudavi and other charges not paid by the Zemindar to be discharged by us is	" " "	333-15-6
Amount due by the Ryots	" " "	25-2--
		359-1-6
Demands of rent of Fusly 1252	" " "	8823-8-5
Collections	" " "	6015-3-7
arrears	" " "	2808-4-10
Of which according to the Cultivation (Coderika)	" " "	863-14-3

Summudavi

and by the ryots separate Statements (Sahitas) are prepared and annexed herewith, according to which we shall collect the arrears from the ryots and remit them to the Circar Treasury.-

Cirnums /Signed/
Annangada Appiah
Ditto Parcadasy
" Narasimmadoo
" Cunniah

Statement shewing the arrears of Revenue due from fusly 1249 to 1258 that may be recovered from the Village of Kadendla of Sattenapilly Talook in the Distt of Guntoor prepared on the 9th July 1254 Fusly.-

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Demand of Fusly 1249	" " "	7,297-2-
Collections	" " "	6982-"
Balance	" " "	315-1-6
The Amount being due by us (the farmers) will be collected and paid to the Circar	" " "	315-1-6
Demand of Rent of Fusly 1250	" " "	7793-8-"
Collections	" " "	7579-8-1
Arrears		

Arrears

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Of which charges on account of Tasildars and Mahasoolders not remitted by the Zemindar will be discharged by us		74-3-1
Due by the ryots to be recovered		139-12-7
		213-15-8
Demand of rent for Fusly 1251	" " "	8097-"-3
Collections	" " "	6,946-13-10
Arrears	" " "	1,150-2-5
Of which according to the actual Cultivation (Coderica)	" " "	95-2-5
Of which recoverable		
On account of Summudum and other charges not paid by the Zemindar to be discharged by us is	" " "	333-15-6
Amount due by the Ryots	" " "	25-2-"
		354-1-6
Demands of rent of Fusly 1252	" " "	88 23-8-5
Collections	" " "	6015-3-7
arrears	" " "	2808-4-10
Of which according to the Cultivation of (Coderika)	" " "	863-14-3

Summudaram

Fort St. George 7th January 184

Rs. A. P. Rs. A.

Recoverable

Sunnudwari and other charges not paid by the Zamindary to be discharged by us — 439-11-8

To be collected from the ryots — 260-4-4

Total Recoverable — " " " 700-"

Demand of rent of fusly 1253 — " " " 9194-3-

Collections — " " " 4165-2

Arrears — " " " 5029-"

Of which according to the cultivation or Coderika — " " " 2189-9

Recoverable from the ryots — " " 571-13-

Total sum collected from the ryots — " " " 2200-"

We agree to remit these two thousand and two hundred Rupees to Circar.-

/Signed/ Curnum Annavegada Appiah

Ditto Ditto Paradesy

" " Turasimmoolo

" " Camiah

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Vide Appendix B

No. 11.

To

The Commissioners Cutcherry in the Zillah of Guntoor

Deposition given on the 11th June 1845 Corresponding with fusly 1254 by the Sumaldar of Nadendla in the Sattanopilly Tanah, Named Gunnum Raj Sunakaram puntulu, Son of Kodunda Ramana inhabitant of Rajapett, Cast Brahmin, Sect Vishnoo aged 30 and living by service.

1. How long have you performed the duty of the Sumaldar of the said Mootah of Nadendla

A. From fusly 1251 (The Month I do not recollect.)

2. Do you superintend the management of the Villages of this Mootah.?

A. Yes I do.

2. State truly what sums were collected in the Village for the Grama Khurch or its common expenditure from fusly 1252 to 1254? During what fusly's were they collected and how were they disbursed?

A. No collections have been made exclusively for the expenses - The collections were made under the heads of Mukhta Assessment, rent of waste lands,

Circar

Fort St. George 7th January 184

Circar share of produce sale of Tamarind fruit

2. Were Subscriptions (Tuckisom) raised fro
the Village during the three fusties 1252 1253 &
If so what subscriptions were collected and d
what fusties?

A. I have never collected any Tuckisom
have heard that the Villagers during fusties 1253
Collections under this head at 4 Annas per Pag
the Amount of which I do not Know and none
were raised during the Other fusties 1252 and 12

2. In the collections you made for fusly
1253 what did these under the head of waste
Amount to?

A A little less than 400 Rupees, the mo
of it has not been brought here but remains
my house at Nadendla.

2. With the exception of it have you de
all the other accounts?

A. No accounts of collections for fusly 1
are with me, they are all left in my house.

2. Have you remitted to the Circar the co
tions made under the head of waste land, a
ing to a little less than Rupees 400?

A Yes I have.

2. Do you Know how the Tuckisom collec
for fusly 1253 were defrayed by the Villagers

A. I Know not how they disposed of the

941

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

2. From inspecting the accounts delivered by the Villagers, it appears that Rupees 851 — 5 were collected under the head "Waste land," while you state that the collections under the said head amounted to a little less than 400 Rupees. How is it that these differ?

A. Rupees 851 — 5 have not been collected on account of waste land, but as I stated above, a little less than 400 Rupees.

2. It appears from what the Villagers state, that the total collections under the said head for fusly 1253 amounted to Rupees 851 — 1, and that over this, Rupees 180 are due from you. Now what have you to say to this?

A. Rupees 180 are not due from me.

2. What did these Villagers pay you in fusly 1253?

A. They have not paid me any thing.

(Signed) Gummuru Raj Ramakreeranamah, Puntoolee.

Samatdar of the Mootah of Nadendla.

Witnesses.

(Signed) Rachapoody Narasinga Row
inhabitant of Rettipollem.

Woomarad Bagavanooloo
inhabitant of Woomarad.

again

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Again deposed.

2 You must produce the original accounts of Demand, Collections and Balance under the Head of sale of waste lands for three fusslies 1251 1252 and 1253?

A As the said accounts for the three fusslies are left in my house at Nadendla, I shall send a person and get them tomorrow morning.

(Signed) Somatdar Sanakeramanah.

Witnesses.

(Signed) Rachapoody Narsinga Row inhabitant of Rettipallem.

" Woomava Bagavanoolo

" Ditto of Woomava.

Again Questioned.

2. You have stated above, that the Chitahs and other accounts of the collections under the head of waste lands for the three fusslies 1251 — 1252 — 1253 are in your house, and that you will send for them. Now you say that you can explain the particulars fully and at once state the true circumstances of the case?

A I stated that the accounts are in my house thro' mistake and forgetfulness, now to tell you the truth, I beg to state that according to the Yubitah of

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

of the sale of waste lands delivered by the Curnums, it is true that, I with the Villagers collected Rupees 851 in fusly 1253, but out of this sum only Rupees 471 were carried to the Circar credit, and of the remainder, Rupees 380, Rupees 200 were expended by the Villagers, and Rupees 180 which I had by me I gave to the Ameen Yatoor Coliah and Peshear Patro Vencatasa Puntoolo, 100 to the former and 80 to the latter.

2 Instead of remitting to the Circar the whole amount of Rupees 851 made under the head of sale of waste Lands, you say only 471 Rupees went to Circars credit, and of the remainder 200 Rupees were spent by the Villagers, and 180 Rupees by you. Now for what reasons were such expenses made?

A The Ameen Yatoor Coliah and Peshear Patro Vencatasa Puntoolo told the Curnums Apaiah Paradasy &c and myself to enter Rupees 471 out of the list of the waste, as the demand upon the Ryots to remit the same to the Circar, and to keep the remainder separately. We therefore in accordance

accordance with their orders entered 9 Rupees 471 out of 9 Rupees 851 in the Demand Collections and 9 Balance Accounts and remitted them to Circar- and out of the remainder I spent 9 Rupees 180 that remained in my house as above stated- as regards the expenses the Villagers made from their 200 9 Rupees I know nothing

2 9 Being a Circar Servant how was it that you have not brought these circumstances to the notice of the Collector-

A I am an inferior Servant and fearing that if I without obeying the orders of my superiors were to inform the Collector of the matter, I should incur their displeasure and risk my welfare and situation- I did not bring it to his notice-

2 Your Deposition is being read, listen and state is it correct-

A I have heard it it is correct and as I have deposed.

(Signed) Gunnamaraz Sanakeramanah
Samattan of Nadendla Mootah

Witnesses
(Signed) Rachapoody Narasinga Row inhabitant of Kettapollem
" " Woomava Bagavanoolo, inhabitant of Woomavad

2 You must produce the account of the sale of waste Land which you have prepared for fasly 1253?

A. I have not prepared any accounts of the waste for fasly 1253- As the Curnums themselves have written them the accounts they have now produced are correct- It is according to them that the affairs were carried on and I have no other Account in my possession-

2. Your deposition is being read. Is it correct-?

A. Yes-

(Signed) Gunnamaraz Sanakeramanah.

Witnesses
(Signed) Rachapoody Narasinga Row
inhabitant of Kettapollem-
" Woomava Bagavanoolo
inhabitant of Woomavad-
Again Questioned-

2. You have stated above that of the 180 Rupees you kept in your possession you paid 100 Rupees to the Amen Yatoor Cotiah, and 80 Rupees to the Peshcar Patre Vencatasada Pantooloo- Now show what proof you have in support of your assertion?-

I have

accordance with their orders entered 2 Rupees 471 out of 2 Rupees 851 in the Demand Collections and Balance Accounts and remitted them to Circar – and out of the remainder I spent 2 Rupees 180 that remained in my house as above stated – as regards the expenses the Villagers made from their 200 2 Rupees I know nothing

2 2 Being a Circar Servant how was it that you have not brought these circumstances to the notice of the Collector.

A I saw an inferior Servant and fearing that if I without obeying the orders of my superiors were to inform the Collector of the matter, I should incur their displeasure and risk my welfare and situation I did not bring it to his notice –

2 Your Deposition is being read, Listen and state is it correct?

A I have heard it, it is correct, and as I have deposed.

(Signed) Gunnemaraz Sanakeramanah
Sanattan of Nadendla Mootah

Witnesses
(Signed) Rachapoody Naradingah Row inhabitant of Rettapollem
" Woomava Bagavanoolo, inhabitant of Woomavah

you

2 You must produce the account of the sale of waste Land which you have prepared for July 1253?

A. I have not prepared any accounts of the waste for July 1253 – As the Curnums themselves have written them, the accounts they have now produced are correct – It is according to them that the affairs were carried on and I have no other Account in my possession –

2. Your deposition is being read. Is it correct?

A. Yes –

(Signed) Gunnemaraz Sanakeramanah.

Witnesses
(Signed) Rachapoody Naradingah Row
inhabitant of Rettapollem –

" Woomava Bagavanoolo
inhabitant of Woomavah –

Again Questioned –

2. You have stated above that of the 180 Rupees you kept in your possession you paid 100 Rupees to the Amen Yatoor Coliah, and 80 Rupees to the Peshcar Patre Venca=tada Pantoolo – Now show what proof you have in support of your assertion? –

I have

A. I have no other proof except what I say-

(Signed) Samatdar Jumeem Raz
Janakeramanah.

Witnesses

(Signed) Rachapoody Narasinga Row
inhabitant of Retiapallem.

" Woomava Bagavancoloo
inhabitant of Woomavar

2- The deposition you gave in your enquiry before Surrut Kistnarow is being read. Listen and state is it true?

A. The whole of this is true.

/Signed/ Samatdar Jummemaraz
Janakeramanah.

Given before me this 5th July 1845-

/Signed/ W. Elliot
Commissioner.

Again deposed

2d It has been stated that Rupees 498- inclusive of Rupees 380 out of the collections for fusly 1253 made by the sale of waste lands and from the proceeds of the Sachipeem were paid to the Hoozoor and Saloor servants- In addition to this you have stated that you paid 180 Rupees to the Ameen and Peshcar- For what purpose were

such large sums spent in this manner?-

A. As the amount of beriz for which the Zemindar let the farm for fusly 1249 till 1254 was very large, these expences were incurred for the purpose of suspending the old rent and to have the Village rented anew- accordingly the old rent for fusly 1254 amounting to Rupees 8921/ was suspended and a proposal for a new rent of Rupees 4601 was admitted by Circar- The Village was also proposed to be rented for the two succeeding fusties 1255 and 1256 for Rupees 4901 and 5201 respectively but the proposal for these two fusties was refused and that for the current fusly alone admitted-

(Signed) Samatdar Jumeemraz
Janakeramanah.

Given before me this 5th July 1845.

/Signed/ W. Elliot.
Commissioner.

No. 12.

Appendix B. Deposition given by Achootama Rammasamy and Ragavacoloo Officiating Curnums of Santa Rayeer in the Talook of Rajapatta on the 26th May 1845 in fusly 1254 to Lutchmma Row Goomastah of the Board of Revenue attached to the Commissioner's Cutchery.

2 At what rate did you raise a contribution for the Village disbursement in fusly 1251? What was the amount of contribution? to what purpose was it applied?

A In fusly 1251 I went to the Koyzar for the purpose of settling the Samabundy, all the other Curnums who were in the Village raised a contribution for defraying the charges - They are therefore in possession of the accounts thereof - As they sent to me thirty Rupees for my maintenance, I paid twelve Rupees out of that money to Pooloo Roy Ramasamy a Madadgar in the Koyzar -

In fusly 1252 Kambhumpaty Venkata Kistnamah the Samatdar received one hundred Rupees from the Ryots at one or two Rupees from each of them for allowing the balances against them to remain uncollected.

Gooroo Row the Head Madadgar of the Sanah who came to the Village at the end of the fusly for the purpose of collecting the Balances and for taking the accounts, received about 25 Rupees from the Ryots and left the balances uncollected - We likewise paid four Rupees to Goondoomadal Venkatasem the Madadgar in the Koyzar who came

for the settlement of the Samabundy -

We paid four Rupees to Moodaliar Pardesi the Peshcar who came for the purpose of taking the accounts of the year. As the Samatdars and others have received money in the manner above stated the arrears have accumulated - There are no just grounds for the accumulation of these balances -

In fusly 1253 about 1000 Rupees were collected. Afterwards Gooroo Row the head Madadgar came to the Village for the purpose of collecting the balances and recovered 2000 Rupees. They promising that he would leave the remainder of the balances uncollected, he received one hundred Rupees at one or two Rupees from each ryot. just at that time the Amein Ghatospully Achiah came to the Village for the purpose of collecting the money and remained there for a day. but after conferring with Gooroo Row and Kambhumpaty Venkata Kistnamah the Samatdar, he left the Village the day after, without collecting the money. Afterwards Kistnamah the Samatdar collected some money and receiving a bribe of one hundred Rupees from the Ryots allowed the balances to remain against them

them assuring them that he would not collect them. In this manner, Goorva Row and Venkata Kistnamah the Samadaar, did not collect they money in consideration of the bribes they had received.

We likewise paid six Rupees from these collections to Kalleyanaw Hanoomanta Row who came from the Hoozoor for settling the Jamabundy and also six Rupees to Paradesi the Peshkar of the Samadaar who came to the Village to take the account of the years

In fusly 1254, when the Jamabundy was settled at Kartoor a Month ago, we paid six Rupees both to Koroovopilly Venkatakistnamah and Gingam Venkatarow the Maddadgars in the Hoozoor. This year has not yet ended. The Samadaar Venkatakistnamah had collected from the Ryots 30 Rupees and appropriated them to himself in the Month of November this year. I and some of the Curnums came to the Jamah and said to the Ameen that there was a large balance remaining uncollected for fusly 1253, that all the just demands might be collected with ease from the Ryots that owing to the fraudulent practices of Goorva Row and other persons balances had accumulated in fusly 1250

and

and that as he remained quiet without collecting the money we would present petitions to the Hoozoor. The Ameen sent to the Village Gollamoody Vencataramiah without the Samadaar, but they collected no money whatever.

Thus I have given an account of the circumstances with which I am acquainted in each fusly. I do not know what my fellow Curnums collected and disbursed. In the Month of December in fusly 1253 Achutanah the Chinna Venkiah a Curnum of our Village having presented a petition to the Collector, complaining that the Samadaar Venkata Kistnamah received bribes and allowed balances to remain against the substantial Ryots, it was referred to the Ameen for enquiry, but the Ameen laid it aside and did nothing till the Month of December in fusly 1254 when he began to make some enquiries.

What was the result of the enquiry &c

2. into the circumstances of this petition?

The Samadaar and other persons uniting &c

4. together bullied the complainant Venkiah and compelled him to give a deposition declaring that he could not prove the complaint.

You

them assuring them that he would not collect them. In this manner, Goovo Row and Venkatal Kistnamah the Samadaar did not collect they money in consideration of the bribes they had received.

We likewise paid six Rupees from these collections to Kalleyanam Hanoomantu Row who came from the Hoozoor for settling the Samabundy and also six Rupees to Parades the Peshkar of the Samah who came to the Village to take the account of the years

In fusly 1254, when the Samabundy was settled at Martoor a Month ago, we paid six Rupees both to Aroodoopilly Vencatakistnamah and Goojam Vencatarow the Madadgars in the Hoozoor. This year has not yet ended. The Samadaar Vencatakistnamah had collected from the Ryots 30 Rupees and appropriated them to himself in the Month of November this year, and some of the Curnums came to the Samah and said to the Ameen that there was a large balance remaining uncollected for fusly 1253, that all the just demands might be collected with ease from the Ryots that owing to the fraudulent practices of Goovo Row and other persons balances had accumulated in fusly 1253

and that as he remained quiet without collecting the money we would present petitions to the Hoozoor. The Ameen sent to the Village Gollamoody Vencatarawiah with the Samadaar, but they collected no money whatever.

Thus I have given an account of the circumstances with which I am acquainted in each fusly. I do not know what my fellow Curnums collected and disbursed. In the Month of December in fusly 1253 Achutanah the Chinna Venkiah a Curnum of our Village having presented a petition to the Collector, complaining that the Samadaar Vencata Kistnamah received bribes and allowed balances to remain against the substantial Ryots, it was referred to the Ameen for enquiry, but the Ameen laid it aside and did nothing till the Months of December in fusly 1254 when he began to make some enquiries.

What was the result of the enquiry or

2.

into the circumstances of this petition?

The Samadaar and other persons uniting to

4.

together bullied the complainant Venkiah and compelled him to give a deposition declaring that he could not prove the complaint.

Your

2 You stated that the Ameen Butchiah came to the Village for the purpose of collecting the money and that after speaking to the Sumatdar and others he went away without collecting any thing. What did he say to them?—

A We do not know what the Ameen said to them in secret but he went away without collecting the moneys.

2 You stated that the Sumatdar and Peraa Row received one hundred Rupees each from the Ryots, did they appropriate the amount to themselves or paid any part of it to their Superiors.?

A I do not know what arrangements the Sumatdar and other persons made with their Superiors but they used to bring forward the demand against (both) substantial and indigent Ryots tho' they never insisted on the payment of any part of it in consideration of the money they received from the Ryots on their own account.— These having Arrears have therefore accumulated.—

2 You stated that in fusles 1252–1253 arrears accumulated owing to the Causes specified above. Why did a balance of Rupees 995 Accrue in fusly 1251?

A In fusly 1251 the Seenga a kind of reeds growing in marshy ground was rooted after the expiration of the Season and the amount of 9 Rupees 501 was added to the dowle. This is a balance to be disposed of after investigation of the remainder to some was allowed to remain against the substantial Ryots through the negligence of the Sumatdar and others, but some stood against insolvent Ryots.

2. Who was the Sumatdar?

A. Kambhampati Venkatakistnamah.

2. The levy of your Village in fusly 1252 appears to have fallen short of that of former years and in fusly 1253 it was much less than that of the preceding it. What are the true causes of this falling off in the two fusles 1252 and 1253?

A At the time when the money ought to have been collected the Sumatdars and others used to receive bribes and neglected the collection of the balances. After a fall of rain and during the season of cultivation orders having been issued from the Cutcherry for the collection of the money which had been before neglected, the Ameen, Sumatdar and others placed the Ryots under Moladul (restraint) and troubled them very much to evade which many absconded. On the return of

of the Ryots some time afterwards they found their lands had lost the moisture and that the season of cultivation was past and therefore left them fallow in consiquence of which the dowle had greatly decreased. The falling off of sist is attributable to the conduct of the public Servants as stated aboud.

/Signed/ Achoolanna Ramasawmy
/ " / Kesavoolo

Cummins.

2. Produce the accounts shewing the amount collected by the Samatdar &c. from each individual Ryot in order to leave the balances uncollected?

A. As the accounts are in the Village we shall bring and produce them

2. Have you brought all the original accounts of cultivation collection balances contributions for Village disbursements &c. commencing from fusly 1242 to fusly 1252.?

A We have brought all the amounts of cultivation, collection and balances &c. commencing from fusly 1242 to 1252 but as there are in the Village some other Accounts of contributions and disbursements if you permit us one one of us will go to the Village and bring them tomorrow the 28th

28th May.

2 You stated that you have Accounts of disbursements of certain fusles. What fusly Accounts are they?

A We have delivered the Accounts of disbursement commencing from fusly 1246. to 1250 we are not in posession of Accounts of disbursements of any other fusles neither did we raise contributions nor make disbursements in these years.

2 You stated that you have in your Village certain Accounts of disbursements of some of fusles and that you would deliver them why do you say that you made no disbursements nor had any Accounts?

A We meant to say that we would bring certain Accounts shewing the payment of Nazzeranah from fusly 1246 to 1250. under the management of the Zemandar. As disbursements have taken place under the Circar management.

You being Cummins how is it that you deny

2. being in posession of Accounts of disbursements?

A As the Village is under the Amony management the Samatdar superintends the affairs thereof we neither collect the money nor disburse them.

Has the Village Shroff got any accounts

2. of disbursements?

A The Shroff has got no Accounts.

Cummins

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Cummums—

2. You only wrote "Cummum" why dont you sign your names?

A By some mistake we stated that we would produce the accounts of the money collected by the Samatdar and others from each ryot. If you permit we will now make enquiries among the ryots and prepare an Account shewing the payments made by them—

Cummums

/Signed/ Achootamma Ramadawmy

" Kesevooloo—

What has been stated above by Ramasawmy and Kesevooloo our Joint Cummum is Correct— As we are well acquainted with those circumstances we /Achootama Venkama and others/ Concur with them and affix our signatures to this

/Signed/

Achootamma Venkamma

Appiah

Ramiah

Pooly Venkatanarasoo

Ramiah

Sameroo Narasimaloo

Examination on the 30th May by Lutchmiah Row

Gomastah

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Gomastah of the Board of Revenue attached to the Commissioner's Cutcherry—

What have you to say more?—

2 A In the deposition which we gave on the 25th instant, we stated that we neither raised contributions nor made any disbursements from fusly 1251 and that we had no Accounts to shew the Amount collected from the Ryots by the Samatdar Venkatachisheamah and the Maadgar Goorroo Row This we stated from oversights and through fear of certain public Servants at this place. As you have prepared a petition to the address of the Commissioner and told us that you would send us to him with it, we fear we shall be punished if we dont deliver the original Accounts. We therefore state that we raised contributions, and that part of the proceeds were given to the public Servants from fusly 1251 to this period and that we are likewise in possession of the original Accounts of such contributions and also of the sums

sums collected from each
ryot by the Samatdar and Gora
Kow the head Gomasta. If
you permit we shall deliver
the same.

[Signed] Achootamah Venkummah

" Appiah

" Ramiah

" Kesavoolow

" Ramaswamy

" Venkatanarsoo

" Komiah

" Narasimaloo

Examinations

Examination on the 2d Inst.

2 Now have you delivered all the original accounts of Dowle, Collection Balance, Dasta Chittas and of the amount of contributions raised for the disbursements of the Village-2

A. We have delivered all the accounts we have none to bring from the Village

Examination on the 2d Inst.

2 You stated that you would deliver a detailed and true original account of the sums collected by the Samatdar and other persons and also of the disbursements of the Village now deliver those accounts-2

A We have delivered all those accounts--

2. State the rate and the amount of contributions as well as the items of disbursements entered in those accounts from July 1251. to this period-2

A. In July 1251 a Sum of Rupees 81. was collected at 1 Rupee 7½ Hoochela of Sery land and disbursed as follows-

	Rs. A. P.
To Sri Hoodarida Ramoodoo the Samatdar	25 -- --
To Potoo raz Ramaswamy who came to settle the Jummabundy	25 -- --
To Maddooloory Paradesy the Peshcar	12 -- --
To Rambhampati Venkatakrisnamma	4 -- --
Total Rupees	66 -- --

In

In Jusly 1252 a sum of Rupees 245-2½ was collected Viz. Rupees 119 2½ by Subscription at 1½ Fs. Koochala and paid to the Samatdar Gooroo Row and Rupees 136 at a discretionary rate Fs. plough expended as follows.

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
To the head Kadadgar Gooroo Row	25	—	—
To the Samatdar Kumbhumpate Ven= kata Krishnamma	69	—	—
To Goondoomeda Venkatesamy who came to settle the Jummabundy	4	—	—
To Maddalery Paradesy the Peshcar	4	—	—
	102	—	—
Amount paid to the Samatdar Fs. from the contributions raised second time	—	—	—
To Gooroo Row the head Kadadgar	25	—	—
To Kambhampate Venkatakrishnam= ma Samatdar	110	—	—
	135		
Total	245	2½	

Paid to the Public Servants as stated above In Jusly 1253 a sum of Rupees 363 Annas 12 was raised namely Rupees 177 in the first instance at 3 Rupees Fs. Koochala and Rupees 186 Annas 12 at a discretionary rate Fs. plough by the Samatdar Viz. The amount disbursed out of the contributions raised in the first instance is as follows.

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
To Gooroo Row the head Kadadgar	30	—	—

To

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
To Venkata Krishnamma the Samatdar for the head Serishtadar	100	—	—
To Sarboda Sankeram Puntoolu deputy Moonshee in the Koozoor	30	—	—
To Kalyanam Sanoomantarow Ma= dadgar in the Koozoor	6	—	—
To the Peshcar Paradesy	6	—	—
Total	172	—	—
Amount paid to the public servants from the contributions raised the second time	—	—	—
To Gooroo Row the head Kadadgar	100	—	—
To Kumbhumpate Venkata Krishnamma the Samatdar	86	12	—
Total	186	12	—

After having thus paid to the Public Servants, the remainder was applied to the Sundry expenses. In Jusly 1254 a sum of Rupees 57-12-9 was raised at a Rupee Fs. Koochala and paid to the public Servants viz.

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
To Maddalery Paradesi the Peshcar	12	—	—
To Moovvaloo pally Venkata Krishnamma & and to Chungam Venkatarow	6	—	—
To Kambhampate Venkata Krishnamma the Samatdar	25	—	—
	43	—	—

After

the management of the Zemmindar also Rupees 91-2-8 were disbursed under the head of Sannadooswary (ie paid to order) and Rupees 14-1-2 were paid to his public servants at the same time. The collection of both these sums now is therefore likewise objected to by the Ryots

The remaining amount was left uncollected by the public servants in consideration of the bribes they have received as stated above and the Ryots by whom it is due are now reduced to poverty and in consequence the amount is irrecovarable Rupees 12-1-7 can be collected As to the Balance of Fasly 1252 the tank having burst a balance of Rupees 172-14- accumulated against the renter who objects to pay it and there also remains a balance of 100 Rupees payable on wast lands This item is likewise under dispute As the Samaldar and other Servants left the remaining amount of balances uncollected at the time and received money for doing so and as some of the Ryots are now reduced to poverty about one hundred Rupees only can be collected

With regard to the balance

of Fasly 1253 about 800 Rupees having been added to the dowl of Padoopolam (as waste land) the payment is therefore objected to The tank having burst no cultivation was made under it and in consequence a sum of Rupees 350 is under dispute As to the remainder of the balances the Samaldar and others left them uncollected for the same reason The cultivation of the present year having been commenced out of season Rupees 655 can be collected but the remainder is irrecoverable

Curnums

(Signed) Achootanna
Venkamma
Appiah
Ramiah
Kesavooloo
Ramaswamy
Venkatanarasoo
Ramiah
Narsimmooloo

Deposition given by the Curnums of Santa Rayoor in the Tanah of Rayapet

What is the cause of large extent of land relinquished and of the falling off in the dowl of Fasties 1252 and 1253-2

In Fasly 1252 the Samaldar and

A.

Fort St. George 7th January 1847

and other persons having Received bribes from the Ryots left the balances against them uncollected at a time when they could be recovered. At the season of cultivation and when the rains have fallen orders were issued by the Collector for collecting the money. Then the Ameen Samatdar and other persons placed the Ryots under guard and troubled them for the payment of the money. But some of the ryots having absconded the money was not recovered.

A few days afterwards the ryots returning to the Village found that their lands had lost the moisture and that the season of cultivation was past.

In July 1253 the Jenavar Ryots and several others desirous of relinquishing their lands spoke about it to Rambhampate Venkatakrishnamma the Samatdar who told them to cultivate as much land as they pleased, and that he would have such lands as they might leave waste, omitted from the cultivation accounts. The Ryots therefore relinquished lands bearing assessment to the amount of Rupees 3000 and cultivated only such lands as they pleased. At the time when the

Fort St. George 7th January 1847

the Ryots and ourselves were going to the Tanah for the purpose of getting the Statement of cultivation prepared the Samatdar assembled all the Ryots and told them to give him some money and that Nayapate Sashagiri Row* who he said was his friend would not pass the accounts of the relinquished lands when sent to the Moozoor, unless money was given to him. The Ryots having agreed to pay a douceur to the Head Sheristadar in the Moozoor the Samatdar went to the Tanah with the Ryots accompanied by us. Then the Samatdar said to the Ameen that the Ryots had relinquished lands bearing assessment to the amount of Rupees 3000. The Ameen told him that it was not proper that the Ryots should throw up such large extent of cultivation. Afterwards the Ameen sanctioned the relinquishment of lands bearing assessment to the amount of Rupees A. P. Viz. 2079-10-2 by 20 Ryots who have totally relinquished their holdings Rupees 1008-3-11 by Ryots who have only relinquished a part Rupees 1011-6-3. There was likewise an extent of uncultivated land bearing assessment to the amount of Rupees 780-15-8. As the Ameen declined to enter so much under the head of relinquished lands the Samatdar

Caused

* The Head Sheristadar

Fort St. George 7th January 1847

caused a petition to be presented by the Ryots to the Aaazoor and at the same time presented 30 Rupees to Sarboda Sana Eee Ram Pantoolo the Collectors Moonchee. The petition was referred to the Ameen with a favorable endorsement on it. The Ameen enquired into the circumstances of the petition and took a Statement of the waste. When the Collector came to Kartoor for the Settlement of the Jamabundy the Ryots complained that they were required to pay assessment for such lands which they did not cultivate. The Collector took the said Statement from the Ameen and directed him to suspend the collection of Rupees 78-15-8 and sanctioned the full Relinquishment of Rupees 2019-10-2 because they were abandoned at the season of cultivation. After the Jammabundy was over all the Ryots except those who relinquished the whole extent of their lands raised a contribution and paid the Samatdar Venkata krishnamma as they had promised together with 100 Rupees to be given to the Head Sheristadar Sadhageery Vow 10th July 1846.

Cumums Signed
Schoolanna Appannah
Ramaswamy

Fort St. George 7th January 1847

No. 13

Appendix B

To.

The Commissioners Cutcherry
in the Gillah of Guntoor

Ryots given by Namalikullo Venkiah and Banpiah Cumums of Namalikullo and Goondavarum subject to the Talook of Coorpand on the 2d April 1845 or Fasly 1254.

2. Have you brought the whole of the accounts shewing the amount of Settlement, Collection, Village Charges &c.

A. We have brought the whole and there is nothing more to come from the Village

The balance of the Villages to which you are Cumums appears as follows

Namalikullo- Goondaveram.

For Fasly 1252 Rupees 68-8-8 A.P.T. For Fasly 1251 Rs 10-10-0

do 1253 do 60-3-0 do. 1252 - 39-12-0

128-11-8 do. 1253 - 15-0-0

65-6-0

Why have these balances against these two Villages remained uncollected.?

A. We were not in arrear to the Circar in Fasly 1251 on account of ½ Namalikullo, but Rupees 65 and upwards are due for Fasly 1249 besides a trifling balance of Rupees 10 and upwards in Fasly 1251 against Goondaveram

The

The Ameen Singreva Row having urged the prompt Settlement of this balance We paid him Rupees 25 and Rupees 4 to the Peishcar Ramachariar, and got it Suspended

On account of the balance against the two Villages for Fusly 1252 we paid Rupees to Ameen Vetsah Lutchmiah, Rupees 8 to Peishcar Ramanooja Charloo and Rupees 4 to his son Appala Charloo — With a view to effect a reduction in the rent of the two Villages in the Commencement of Fusly 1253 we paid Rupees 15 to Vetsah Lutchmiah Bashcarloo on his appointment having pressed us for the payment of the balance we paid him Rupees 50 and Rupees 10 to Peishcar Rama Charloo and Rupees 10 to Sarbada Janaky Row Puntoloo the Hoozoor Javabneves — The Circar Servants having thus been benefitted by us in these three years suspended the Collection of the balance and for these reasons alone the balance remained uncollected —

2 Are You prepared to prove the payment of these Sums by means of the Rough Accounts —

The

A The names of certain inferior Servants and not those of higher Servants and entered in the Rough accounts but the sums paid to the higher Servants are entered under fictitious names, and which accounts we will produce —

Q. Did you not pay any thing to any others besides the Sums stated above — 2

A Ramnand Banboo the Zemindar rented the Village for four years from Fusly 1249 to Fusly 1252 for which he took two Bonds from me Viz. One Bond for Rupees 200 for the first year and the other for Rupees 150 for the Subsequent 3 years at Rupees 50 per year after having settled with us to this effect — with the exception of Rupees 50 he collected the remaining Rupees 300 and he now demands the payment of the 50 Rupees due on account of Fusly 1252. He took these Bonds in the name of Koondiah the Father of Ponnacanty Teriputty Row This excepted we paid no sums to the Circar Servants

(Signed) Kamalakulloo Venkiah
Banjiah

Examined on the 10th April —

2 After the attachment of your Villages

Villages by the Cuscar a balance of rent of Rupees 128–11–8 was exhibited against Namalikulloo and Rupees 65–6– against Coondaveram How much of this can be collected

A These sums are outstanding owing to the depression of selling prices but there will be no difficulty in realizing sums the current fusly as the Rentors are ready

(Signed) Namalikulloo Banjiah

No. 14

Appendix B

Guntoor Zillah Commissioner's Office

Deposition given by 4 individuals namely Surraz Verrah Lutchmiah and Nursiah Last Curnums of the Village of Tobo in the Tannah of Chilkloorpaud dated 23d March 1845 or Fusly 1254.

2 Have you got the accounts of Settlement Collection Village expenses &c. of the Village from Fusly 1242 to 1253?

A We have brought the accounts of Demand Collection and other accounts for the said Fusslies but they all relate to Cuscar affairs and do not include Village expenses but as we used to raise subscriptions Jackrsons to defray the Village expenses we have brought with us a distinct

distinct accounts relative to such transactions

2 After the Village was taken under amanee from Fusly 1250 to 1253 have there been any Village expenses? and if so state them in detail—

A In Fusly 1250 Rupees 9 were paid to C. Canakaraz the Peshcar To C. Soobiah the Samatdar Rupees 10–12–. In Fusly 1251 Rupees 25 were given to C. Canakaraz the Peshcar Rupees 16 Poorooshottum Puntoolu the Serishta Settlement Rupees 14 to Soobiah the Samutdar and Rupees 5–7–. to their Servant.

In Fusly 1252 Rupees 25 were given to Soobiah the then assistant Serishtadar who came for the Jammabundy Settlement and who is at present Ameen of Polore Rupees 4 to his Sonnulaw Rupees 5 to Soobiah the Samatdar and Rupees 10 to Canakaraz the Peshcar.

In Fusly 1253 Rupees 8 were given to Calyana Ranoomuntrow the Madadgar and deputed for the Jammabundy Settlement Rupees 4 to Lutchmee Naraniappah the Madadgar and Rupees 11 to Canakaraz the Peshcar.

The head men of the Village namely

Fort St. George 7th January 1847

namely Tumala Gopaliah, Mudapa pa Verra Poovadoo Pedda Bopiah and Commanari Ramarogedoo told me that the above expenditures were made and got me to take them down in the accounts, the expenses incurred for Fusly 1254 have not as yet been detailed to me for entry in the accounts

2 It would seem that the sums given to Pothear &c alone in the said Fusliees have been entered, what is the reason that accounts have not been kept of the disbursements made to the ameen and for other purposes?

A. Ackiraz Boochiah the ameen of the Talook never attended to revenue affairs and was not a man of business we therefore looked upon the Pothear as the Ameen and so we gave no presents to that individual. It is through his negligence that such heavy balances accumulated of which the following is a list—

		Rs	As	Ps
Balance due for Fusly 1250 is		188	4	8
"	1251	798	5	0
"	1252	1205	10	0
"	1253	2753	"	9
Total Rupees		4945	8	5

and with regard to the present Fusly 1254 only

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

only a trifling portion of the dowle has been collected, such large balances have been allowed to remain undischarged from the mismanagement of the Circar Officers.

(Signed) Cumnums Surraz.
" Veeriah
" Lutchmiah
" Narasiah

Q. Are these balances recoverable or otherwise?

A. If competent persons be deputed for the purpose the whole might be realized the parties by whom they are due or such as can afford to discharge them there are but few that are unable to do so. Moreover the four headmen of the Village Viz. Chundapate Veeriah Poovandy Pedda popiah Tummala Gopiah and Pommanari Boochiah had paid to Ackiraz Boochiah the Ameen 50 Rupees for each of the Fusliees 1252 and 1253 Consequently that officer remained indifferent with regard to the collections. At the cultivation season of last year we spoke to Seshagerry Row the head Seristadar regarding the enormous balance outstanding against the Village and suggested that active measures should be taken for its realization.

realization that Officer accordingly de-
puted the Ameen for the purpose with
instructions to expedite the Collection
but nothing was done.-

/Signed/ Sooloor Surraz
"——— Veeriah
"——— Lutchmiah
"——— Nursiah.

Given before me this 25th day of March 1845.
/Signed/ H. Elliot.
Commissioner.

Further Examination on 1st May.-
Q. For Fusly 1251 there is a balance of- Pr. A. P.
1085-5-11
— "— "— 1252 — 2,140-8-5
— "— "— 1253 — 2,996-11-9
Total Rupees- 6,522-10-1.

how much of this large Amount of arrears
is recoverable?

A. Leaving out of consideration
the arrears due by insolvent defaulters the
following portions can be realized.-

	Pr.	A.	P.
Balance due for Fusly 1251	160	7	1
— "— "— 1252	1130	1	6
— "— "— 1253	1849	5	3
Total Rupees	3139	13	10

This sum is recoverable, and I have pre-
pared and delivered a Statement showing
the

the individuals by whom they are due.

/Signed/ Curnum Sooloor Surraz
Mr. 15.

Deposition given by Manellapully Ca-
nniah and managedda Unkeraz Goo-
mastah of V. Sooryanarainah Curnum of
Repully in the talook of Repully on the 7th June
1845- or Fusly 1255.-

Q. Have you brought all the
original Accounts of Cultivation, Collection
and disbursements commencing from Fusly
1242 to Fusly 1254?-

A. I have brought all the
Accounts from Fusly 1242.-

Q. There is a balance against
your Village Viz.-

Fusly	Pr.	A.	P.
1245	7	12	5
1246	93	—	3
1248	26	4	3
1249	84	—	—
1250	79	6	—
1251	182	11	—
1252	133	3	7
1253	555	4	3
Total	1161	9	9

How much of this amount can be recovered.-?

The

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

A. The undermentioned amounts can be recovered.

Fuslies	Rs	a	p	Rs	a
1245	7	12	5		
1247	45	2	3		
1248		9	2		
1249	29	5	10		
1250	34	14	10		
1251	111	8	4		
1252	73	9	7		
1253	494	3	6		
				800	11

The remainder cannot be recovered because dead insolvent (Nadur) Ryots.

Q. How much was paid to the Circar Servants out of the Amount of contributions Packisam for Collections from Fusly 1251 to 54?

A. Nothing was paid in Fusly 1251. In Fusly 1252 four Rupees were paid to Gopal Row the Circar Peshcar according to the Custom observed in the days of the Zemindar we likewise paid two Rs for his sons Marriage. Thus he received Six Rs. The Contributions were raised at Annas. Pice 5. for a Rupee. The above mentioned sum was paid out of the said Contributions and the remainder was disbursed on account of the Village charges.

The

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

We likewise paid in Fusly 1253 as follows.

	Rs	a	p
To Gopal Row Peshcar	6	"	"
To Pangaianada Lakshmie Narayanappah Hoozoor Madadgar	2	"	"
To Gopal Row Peshcar to be disbursed in the Hoozoor for preparing the Accounts of the year but we do not know whether he paid the money or not	2	"	"
To Hoorpad Venkatadry Samudar	4	"	"
Total	14	"	"

These contributions were raised at Annas. Pice 8 for each Rupee. The above mentioned sum was paid out of these contributions.

In Fusly 1254 we paid to Peshcar Gopal Row out of the amount raised by contributions 5 Rupees and no more.

Q. Did you pay to the Zemindar Sunguvana Row or to his Dewan any thing over and above the Sist 2.

A. Yes we paid to the Zamindar as hereunder specified.

Fuslies	Rs	a	p	
1245	124	15	9	As Pattabhishakam Nazar.
1246	21	"	"	on the occasion of the birth of his daughter.
1247	25	"	"	for buying a horse.
1248	105	"	"	As Nazarana.
1249	12	"	"	On the occasion of boring the ears of his daughter.
1250	79	"	"	As Nazarana.
1251	20	"	"	On the occasion of his daughter's commencing to read.
Total	386	15	9	

This

Fort St. George 7th January 1847

This amount was raised by Contributions To-
tal Amount paid to the Zemindar is Rupees 38-
15. 9. Amount paid to his Dewan Mungayachary

Fuslies	Rs. a. p.	
1246	25 - -	On the occasions of his daughters Marriage
1250	8 - -	For his daughters Marriage
1252	8 - -	For his Son's Marriage
Total	41 - -	

This amount was raised by Contributions and
paid to him as Kutnam or gift.
Amount paid to his Sirsladar Gopal Row

Fuslies		
1245	4 - -	
1246	4 - -	
1247	4 - -	
1248	4 - -	
1249	4 - -	
1250	4 - -	
1251	4 - -	
Total	28 - -	

This amount also was raised by Contributions

2. Was any Manyam or field in Bilmakhta tenure granted to Mungayachary after the Zamindar got possession of his district. 2.

A. The Manyams newly granted in our Village by the Zemindar Jungumma Row

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Row From Fusly 1247 to 1252 are as follows.-

To Jandala Brammanna Sastry.- Kuchala Vas Pera.

In Fusly 1252 Magany land as Manyam - " 8 "
Sery land encroached upon by him — " 4 "
" 12 "

In Fusly 1250.-

To Chittala Appavadhanooloo Magany with Sery as Sarwa Doombala — " 11 4

To Manicka Row Chellamma.

Magany	1	1½
Metta	"	4 "
Total	1	5½

In Fusly 1249.

To Ramadoogoo Soobhavadhanie and others Metta — " 12 "

To Ramadoogoo Ramaswamy Dekshita " 12 "

To Kedambi Mungayachary the Head Manager or Dewan.

In Fusly 1250.
Sarwa Doombala.-

Magany	"	8 "
Metta	"	3½
Bilmakta at 4 Rs. Coochela	4	8 " 1 3½

In Fusly 1251.
For feeding Brahmins on the 12th day of the Moon Magany land as Sarwa Doombala — 2 4 "

Being

Fort St. George 17th January 184

Being told us that he had granted the Mag
=ny land as Surva Doombala we entered it
in the Accounts as such. The land is now held
by the Zamindar himself but was not ap
=propriated for feeding Bramins. They have
however lately commenced to feed 12 Bra
=mins giving them food in the Chatram since
2 or 3 Dwosasees.—

	C.	V.	P.
Total Magany	5.	12.	11½
D:— Matta	1.	15.	½
Total	7.	11.	12.

These lands are granted we have stated the
truth. If it is proved that we have conce
=ed any thing from the circar, we shall not
only incur the punishment prescribed in
Regulation IX of 1822 but also forfeit our Mera

/ Signed / Manellapully Anniah
" Kamagadda Nekaranz Gaud.
of Vadlamoody Soorya Narayana

Witnesses.
Nandi Raz Ramunya
Mookamala Mallaya.

No. 16.

Appendix B. Deposition given by Potasa Visanagari Ramiah Venkiah Mootangari Ramaya Mackapati Pedda Anandam and Lingna officiating Curnums of Pedda Condoor who

Fort St. George 7th January 184

which was formerly attached to the Tana of Tennaly and now to Chebrole on the 23d March 1845. or Fusly 1254.

Q. Have you brought all the original Accounts of Cultivation, Collection and disbursements of the Village commencing from Fusly 1242 to 1253.—

A. We have brought all the original accounts of the aforesaid Fus-lies and we are not in possession of any other Accounts than above.—

Q. State the Amount of Contributions raised in your Village from Fusly 1251 to 53 for disbursements under the Amani management to what purposes they were applied.

A.

	Rs	a	P
We paid in Fusly 1251 to the Ameen Muntry Vencatachalum	80	"	"
D: D: to the Peshcar Patri Rayappa	25	"	"
D: D: to the Zuft Goomasta Lac-=ka Raz Banpiah	12	"	"
besides which the Amount embezzled by him is	4.	10	"
We paid in Fusly 1252 to the Zuft Goo: =masta Nandal Ranga Row for estimating the Crops of the Ryots	105	"	"
Add amount embezzled by him	7	10	"
	Paid		

Paid to the Peshcar Royapa on ac-
count of the Jamabundy Accounts — } 31-0-0
Paid to Curnum Krishniah the Sanmatdar — 10-0-0

In Fusly 1253.

Paid to the Peshcar Vennalagunti Amiah 25-0-0
Paid to the Madadgar Sambaraz-
Jeroomal Row — } 8-0-0
Paid to the Sanmatdar Curnum Krishniah — 75-0-0
Amount embezzled — 5-12-0

In this manner large sums of money were
expended and we shall deliver a separate
account specifying the details of sundry
expences of other Fuslies — In Fusly 1254 the
Village was rented by the inhabitants —
themselves and the Ameen Sotak Krishnama
having obstructed the Ryots grazing their
Cattle in the fields of which the Crops were
cut we paid to him 250 Rupees. —

/ Signed / Pootsa Visanagari Ramiah
" Pootsa Ramayagari Venkiah
" Pootsa Mottaramagari Ramiah
" Mackapati Pedda Anandum
" Mackapati Vengamma.

Q. What was the reason for
paying such a large sum of money to the Zuffly
Goomasta. ?

In

A. In Fusly 1252 the Aprais-
ments / anchanas / of the crops of the indigent
Ryots were very heavy. The Ameen issued or-
ders that settlement should be made for the
Makta lands in accordance with this esta-
mate and the amount collected accordingly.
Hew the Zuffly Goomasta came to the Village
and having summoned the Ryots deducted
a sum of one thousand Rupees from the Makh
tee Beriz and allowed the same to stand as a
balance against the Ryots and in consequence
the aforesaid sum of Rupees 105 was paid to him.

Q. Why was such a large sum
paid to the Ameen Sotak Krishnama. ?

A. At first we are not on good
terms with him. He therefore formed the
Anchand / ie the estimate for the Rent / for
Rupees 7,400 and sent the Accounts / to the
Hoozoor / and also prevented us from grazing
our cattle in the fields. we therefore paid
him 250 Rupees afterwards he prepared
another estimate viz.t.

Fuslies	Rs.	A.	P.
1254	6,049-	0	0
1255	6,849-	0	0
1256	7,649-	0	0

and

and sent Arzee to the Hoozoor in support of it he then obtained a Dimmat (agreement) of Rent for 3 years. Besides this we sent to him a sum of Rupees 193-10-- which had been collected from the arrears of Fusly 1250. He neither sent it to the Circar nor gave us a receipt for it but appropriated the money for his own use. Previously during the management of the Zemindar Setaputty Krishnama desired us to raise a contribution and make up the amount but we told him that we could not do it. He therefore taking dislike to us found means to get the Village attached to his Jaida from the Talluk of Jennaly and is now harassing us in different ways.-

Q. Why do such heavy arrears remain against your Village as hereunder specified?

Fuslies	Rupees	A.	P.
1253	1898-	3-	"
1252	2402-	11-	3
1251	1082-	15-	5

A. In Fusly 1251 the Jaida Ameen Muntri Venkatachalum Puntoolo having received bribes as stated above allowed the balance to remain. It therefore still remains uncollected. In Fusly 1252 the aforesaid Fusty

Fusty Goomasta Nandal Runga Row having received a bribe of Rupees 105 allowed the balance of Rupees 1000 and odd to remain. This amount also remains still uncollected. In July 1253 when the Ameen Sayer Khan was removed from our Jaida to Bapetla he received from us Rupees 50 the Samaldar and Peshcar also received bribes as stated above so the said balance remains uncollected. The said Fusty Goomasta formed an estimate of the crops to the amount of 50 pootties while the produce was to the extent of 100 Pootties. We therefore got such a large sum and nothing more.-

This is all

(Signed) Pootsa Vedamagari Ramiah
" Pootsa Venkiah.
" Pootsa Moollanna
" MacKapaty Pedda Anandam
" MacKapaty Vengamma

Q. State if you had given any thing to other persons besides what had been specified above?

A. In Fusly 1252 when Goomasta Venkatesam Puntoolu came to the Hoozoor Goomasta came to the Jamabandy Accounts we gave him 6 Rupees. In

Fusly

Fusly 1253 we paid 8 Rupees to Marsoo Pooli Venkatakrishnama Madadgar 8 Rupees.—

/Signed/ Pootsa Visanagarri Ramiah

Ycs Ycs

Given before me this 27th day of March 1845

/Signed/ W. Elliot

Commissioner

No. 17.

Appendix B.

Deposition given by Vulloor Sunjeeva Row Vulloor Soobbiah Venkatachellum Sankarappah and Kotiah Officiating Curnums of Vulloor in the Talook of Re: = pully on the 25th March 1845.—

Q. Have you brought all the original Accounts of cultivation, collection balances and disbursements of the Village commencing from Fusly 1242 to 1253.?

A. We delivered all the aforesaid accounts and have no occasion to go back to our Village to bring any more accounts there are Doubts from Fusly 1245 to 1249.

Q. How much did you collect on account of the Village expences from Fusly 1251 to 1254 while under the Circar management and to what purposes did you apply the amount?

A. As the Village was under the

management of the Zemindar in Fusly 1251. and 1252, he disbursed the money himself— In Fusly 1253 under the management of the Circar, we paid to

		Rs.	A.	P.
	Cowta Gegneswara Avadhanoolo the Ameen	100	"	"
"	to Kotamraz Gopalrow Peshcar	35	"	"
"	to Patri Soobba Row Madadgar	10	"	"
"	to Modkoor Soobba Row Jamabnevis	18	"	"
"	to Condapatoor Bapiah Zafty Gomasta—	20	"	"
"	to Pottore Ramiah who was in that Fusly Peshcar of Partee = pad & now Peshcar of Guntoor Zilla	16	"	"
"	Paid to him on another occasion	6	"	"
	Total	205	"	"

In Fusly 1254.

"	Paid to Cowta Gegneswara Avadhanoolo the Ameen of Repullay Jana to get the Village at low rent	50	"	"
"	Paid to Kotamraz Gopal Row Peshcar	25	"	"
"	Paid to Pottare Ramiah Madadgar	10	"	"
"	Paid to Patri Soobba Row Madadgar	5	"	"
"	Paid to Dolla Boschiah the Police Madadgar of Partipati Jana	5	"	"
"	Paid to Loonigoondla Appiah & Addy Pully Ramaswamy the Shroffs	5	"	"
	Total Rupees	100	"	"

Q. What was the rate of contribution raised

raised in these two fusles to meet the afore=
=said disbursements.

A. In fusly 1253 the contribu=
=tion was raised at 13 pr. Varadi Coochelu
and in Fusly 1254 at 8 Rupees, but the Cur=
=nums and Pykary Ryots were exempted
from the aforesaid contribution. The Cadeem
Ryots are only subjected to such contributio=

Q. For what purpose did you
pay the money in Fusly 1253.

A. We paid to the public Ser=
=vants in order to get the balances against
the Ryots allowed to remain uncollected
we neither disbursed any other sums than
the above nor raised heavier contribu=
=tions than what was stated before nor
have we got any other accounts, should
it prove hereafter that we disbursed more
sums than the above or raised heavier
contributions or that we are in pos=
=session of any other Accounts we
shall not only incur the punish=
=ments prescribed by Regulation
but also forfeit our Merasie.

(Signed) Vullore Sangeeva Row
" Vullore Soobbiah
" Vullore Venkatachelum
" " Sankarappa
" " Hotiah

Given before me this 25th day of March 1847

(Signed) W. Elliot
Commissioner

No. 18.

Commissioners Cutcherry
Guntoor.

Deposition given by the Officiating Curnums
named Bendapoody Narahary and Ditto Ristnah
of the Village of Aputtoor in the Talook of Sultana
pully of the Guntoor District on the 28th June 1846
corresponding with Fusly 1254.

Q. Have you brought with you all
the accounts such as demand Collection and
Balance Chitta &c. the Collections and
disbursements of the Grama Khurch and
the Subscriptions raised from the Ryots
from Fusly 1242 to 1253.

A. The Accounts for Fusly
1242 having been consumed by fire those
for the other Fusles are produced.

Q. What Subscriptions were raised
and expended from Fusly 1251.

A. From the Subscriptions for
Fusly 1251 we paid to Dachira Mungapuly Row
Head of Police for the Putty paid on
Jannah ---- 40 ---
To Somayajoolu Soobiah late } ---- 27 ---
Head of Police for Do. Do. }
Total Rupees for Fusly 1251. 67 ---

From the Subscriptions for Fusly 1252 Collect=
=ed Price 8/ or 2 Dubbs per Rupee of the
Circar ---- }

Dast

Sist and 4 Annas for each putty of Grain we paid - - - - - -

To Somayajee Goobiah Assistant Sheristadar - - — 50 " — 4

To Yatoor Cotiah Ameen - - - - - 200 — " —

To Perishear Suttya Veeratasum - 40 — " —

To Assistant Savobmenjs Sirbada Janakee Ram Puntoolo - - - — 10 — " —

To Deputy Ameen Devarasa Lutchmeearaiappah - - - — 20 — " —

Total for Fusly 1252 — 320 — " —

Besides these Villages esepenses were also incurred in this Fusly to a considerable amount as per account particulars - From the Subscriptions Fusly 1253 raised from some of the Villages at Pice 16 per Pagoda of the Circar List and annas 8 per poolty of Grain we paid -

To the Head Seristadar Sashagery Row — Rs 200 — " —

To the Nair Seristadar Nuckanpully Sooba Row — 120 — " —

To the Moonshee Surbada Janake ramputtoolo — — 80 — " —

To the Summutdar himself - - - - 102 — 10

To the Sheristar Muddutgar or Gomastah ambarkhana Trimula Row Puntoolo that Carne on Summabundy — — 10 — " —

Total

Total Rupees for Fusly 1253. 512 10 6

From Money borrowed for incidental charges &c for Fusly 1254 we paid to Head Sheristadar Sashagherry Row through the Summutdar Rama Row — Rs 250 " "

To Nair Seristadar Nuckunpully Sooba Row — 80 " "

To Moonshee Surbada Janakee Ram Puntoolo — 70 " "

To Runga Row himself — 109 11 1

Total Rupees for Fusly 1254 — 509 11 1

In this manner the subscriptions &c were collected and disbursed -

Q. For what reasons did you thus pay the Circar Servants -

A. That we should not be required to pay for lands left in waste during the Summabundy that the accumulated Arrears &c may not be demanded of us and that our proposals to rent the Villages may be accepted -

Q. Are the names of the said individuals entered in the accounts -

A. Some are Entered others are conventionally marked as Guntoor esepence, Sanatdar esepence Fee &c -

Q. What prevents you from collecting the arrears of revenue due from Fusly

Fusly 1251 to 1253 as is exhibited in the follow

Fuslies	Rs. A. P.
1251	1994- 9- 6-
1252	2578- 10- 1-
1253	5545- 13- 7-
Total	10119- 1- 2-

A. With the exception of the Summd
=ward expences of the Zemindar, and the arrear
due from those that have died or emigrated ward
too poor to pay their dues, the remainder co
without any hindrance whatever be collected as
=lows.-

Fuslies	
1251	350- "- "-
1252	350- "- "-
1253	300- "- "-
Total arrears Collectable	1000- "- "-

Q. What hindrance is felt for the
recovery of the large arrears left uncollecte
from Fusly 1242 to 1250.-

A. Of the said arrears that for
Fusly 1250 amounting to Rs. 235- 6- 7 being
Collected the remainder being of old standing
and due by dead emigrated and indigent
individuals cannot be collected.-

Q. Why are not the Rupees 1235-
"- which you have admitted to be
recoverable

recoverable as yet collected.-

A. Because the Ameens have not
demanded the items strictly therefore they
have not been collected and for no other
reason.-

Q. State what Nuzzers have been
paid to the Zemindar.-

A.

	Rs. A. P.
Amount of subscriptions Collections from the Village	1802 9 9
Amount collected from Sarvekar in = cau Zemin. But not entered by the Zemindar under the head of Zemindar From Sevaram Collections	5062 14 5
Amount paid for Sundry Sumudwary Expences	203. 4 "-
Total amount of Nuzzur to the Zemindar	8968 12 2

This amount was collected from Fusly 1243
till the Zemin was attached in Fusly 1252.-

Q. Why are the arrears of Sucarie
advances for cultivation from Fusly 1246
Amounting to Rupees 504- 11- 3 entered under
the head of Sucarar "disputed Arrears."-

A. Of the said arrears those
due from persons who are dead are
Rupees 36- 8- "- and from those that have
emigrated are Rupees 46- "- "- Co.
Making together Rupees 82- 8- "- With
the exception of this Amount

the

the arrears.-

Fuslies	Rs	a	p
1244	317	12	-
1248	58	6	1
1249	14	4	2
1250	8	11	9
1251	8	-	-
1252	156	1	3

are being under Collection-

Signed/ Curnum Pendapoody Kistniah
" Do Do Narahary

Again on the 11th July-

Do. It appears from the account that in Fusly 1253 a great deal of land was left waste so much so that the Beriz for that Fusly suffered a decrease of 4000 Rupees below the preceding Fuslies 1251 and 1252- The fact of so great a quantity of land being thrown up in a single Fusly requires explanation- was it with a view to rent the Village for a smaller sum that you have persuaded the Ryots to leave so much waste.?

A. We have not allowed so much land to be waste with a view to rent the Village for a smaller Amount- But a storm taking place about the close of Fusly 1252 the inundation broke the

the anicuts/ dams across the Channels of the Sank and River/ and overflowed the dry lands over some of which the water stood from a Cubit to a span deep- In this manner the fields being rendered unfit for cultivation and at the same time the Ryots becoming poor and unable to carry on cultivation these lands were left waste- If the Anicuts are not repaired now, in addition to the lands that at present lie waste more will be rendered so by the inundations of succeeding years.-

Do. Have you made a proposition to rent the Village for Fusly 1254. or not.?

A. We proposed to rent it in part for Rupees 7,000 in Fusly 1254; but the proposal not being approved of the Village is now under Amance.-

Signed/ Curnum Bendapoody Narahary-
" Do. Do. Kistniah-

Appx B.

No. 19.

Commissioners Cutcherry
Guntoor

Deposition given by the Officiating Curnums named Soobaraujoo and Veeriah of the Village of Nundigam of the Chilakaloorpaud Salook in the Zillah of Guntoor.

Guntoor on the 5th May 1845 corresponding with Fusly 1254.-

Q. Have you delivered all the Accounts of demand Collections and Balance, as well as of the subscriptions raised for the Village expenses.?

A. All the circar Accounts from Fusly 1242 to 1250, are delivered, the subscriptions Jackiesem Accounts for Fusly 1250 are entered in the above Accounts but the subscription expenses from Fusly 1251 to 1253 are entered in Separate Accounts which are also produced.-

Q. What expenses did you defray during Fusly 1250 and what from Fusly 1251 to 1253 from subscriptions raised for the purpose.?

A. Out of the money borrowed at the time of Summabundy for Fusly 1250 we paid to Peishkar.-

	Rs. A. P.
To Tolate Canakarazoo	16 " "
To Deputy Ameen Muntra Sookiah	30 " "
To Serishtadars Madatgar Patura Ramasamy that came on Summabundy	20 " "
Total Rupees per Fusly 1250	66 " "

Out of the subscriptions raised for Fusly 1251 at anna 1/16 Rupees of the Circar's list and amounting to Rupees 13-3-2- we paid

To Peishkar Tolate Canakarazoo-	16 " "
To Huzzoor Madatgar Ambar Kanah Poroosholtum Puntooloo	25 " "
To liquidate the loan borrowed during the past Fusly	66 " "
To Village expenses paid the remaining	26 2 "
Total expense for Fusly 1251	133 2 "

Out of the subscriptions Collected for Fusly 1252 at anna 1/16 Rupee at the list or Assessment Amounting to Rupees 124-4-" we paid- Rs. A. P.

To Peishkar Tolate Canacarazoo	20 " "
To Huzzoor Madatgar Somayajee Soobbiah	20 " "
To the expenses of the Village the remainder	84-4 "
Total expense for Fusly 1252	124 4 "

Out of the subscriptions for Fusly 1253 Collected at the rate of 1 anna 1/16 Rupee of the circar list and amounting to Rupees 112-1-6 we paid-

To Tolate Canacaray the Peishkar	30 " "
To Huzzoor Madatgar Ramalingum Pavoomunta Row	16 " "
To Village expences the remaining	66 1 6
Total expenditure for Fusly 1253	112 1 6

For

For Fusly 1254 we paid to Peishkar Gotate Hanacarazoo Rupees ------- 16-0-0

The said Servants names are all entered in the Accounts now filed in your Office - In this manner we continued to pay to each Servants that Samabundy Accounts may be filed without any disputes / Tagarar / and that the Assessment may not be demanded of in severe terms -

Q. How much has been collected from the large Arrears of Revenue due as follows from Fusly 1250 to 1253 in addition to those for the Current Fusly -

Fusly	Arrears Rupees	Fusly	Arrears Rs. A. P.
1250	350 " "	1252	353 1 10
1251	334 " "	1253	834 1 4

A. With the exception of unmeditated and waste land and lands left waste in consequence of the inability of the ryots -

The sums recoverable are -

	Rs. A. P.
For Fusly 1250	" " "
" " 1251	18 15 7
" " 1252	29 12 11
" " 1253	250 " "
Total	298 12 5

There is no hindrance whatever for collecting this amount -

Q. How much has been till now collected from the large arrears due from Fusly 1242 to 1249 -?

A. As the arrears were incurred from Famine in Fusly 1242 from fever in Fusly 1243 and from death and emigration during succeeding Fusles, Cultivation was impeded lands were allowed to lie waste, and arrears accumulated which consequently cannot now be collected -

Signed / Muttunum Nundigum Soobaraz -

Q. You have stated above that of the outstanding arrears due from Fusly 1250 to 1253 Rupees 298-12-5. are recoverable Shew why has this amount never been collected -

A. At the end of every Fusly the Ameen's Devarasoo Lutchminarana ppah, Akeraz Boochiah and Dasanpah sent Peishkar Hanakaraz to demand the arrears who receiving a consideration from the Ryots went away without collecting them! What answers Gotate Canakaraz gave to the Ameens we do not

not know; but the Amuns also have not demanded the arrears which consequently accumulate.-

(Signed) Nundegam Soobaraz.
" " Lingiah.
Commissioner's Cutcherry.
Guntoor.

Deposition of the Officiating Curnums Soobaraz and Lingiah of the Village of Nundegam in the Talook of Chilkaloor of the Guntoor District taken on the 18th day of May 1845 or Fusly 1254.

2. It is understood that in Fusly 1250 the Zemindar took written agreements from the Ryots to rent the Village for 3500 Rupees on their joint-responsibility and lodged them in his records, and that after his death these were given back to the Ryots by his Servants upon receipts of bribes State truly what really passed in this affair.-

A. The three Nadimpully Alla-
=marappah N. Cottuppah and Bapa-
=niah rented the Village from Fusly 1246
to 1250 and continued to manage its affairs
till Fusly 1249 when the Ryots unable to
bear their oppressions in demanding more
than

than the usual sist complained to Sumbara-
=yo Ramiah Dewan of the Zemindar who
thereupon sent for the renters and the Ryots
and taking written Agreements from the lat-
=ter let the Village to them for Rupees 3500.
=- on their joint-responsibility. A few
days after this the Zemindar and the De-
=wan both died and the Estate was
taken into the hands of Government upon
which thinking it would occasion trouble
to let these agreements remain with the
Circar after the attachment of the Estate
one of the Farmers Alvarappah and
of us Curnum Lingiah went to Munjoo Venca-
=taroya puntoloo a Servant of the Zemindar
and begged him with various entreaties to de-
=stroy the said documents upon which he asked
them what they would give him for so doing
They agreed to pay 400 Rupees and returned
to the Village - Five days after they went to the
said Munjoo Venkataraya Puntoo loo with
Rupees 400 on the receipt of which he destroyed
some of the agreements which he had brought to
his house in the interim and promised to destroy
the rest as soon as he found them - Relying

upon

upon his word these two persons e
came away.-

Q. Those agreements were t
then destroyed.-

A. The agreements of the fol
lowing persons Viz.
1- Renter Alla Amarapah-
2- Nadimpully Kotiah-
3- Alla Samboodoo and
4- Muckina Parumesa.-

Those of the rest were promis
to be destroyed.-

Q. You must-
Ryotwar distribution of the cultivation
among your accounts Produce it.

A. The account alluded to m
remain either in house of the renter
Alla- Amarapah or of Nadimpully
Cotapah- If you wish it can be
produced.-

Q. When can you produce it

A. We can deliver it the day af
tomorrow, that is on the 20th May at the
opening of the Cutcherry.-

Witnesses (Signed) Curumma Nundigam Vasu
(Signed) Madecandoo " " Soobaruzoo
Amariah.
" Jankee Ramiah " " Lingiah-

Depos

Deposed on the 23d May.-

Q. You have stated on the 18th
Instant that you will produce on the 20th
the demand account of Fusly 1250 have you
produced it.-

A. We have delivered it.-

Q. According to that account
what is the demand arranged with the ryots for Fusly 1250.

A. The total demand inclusive of Sary
and Enams is as follows.-

	Rs	A	P
Sary Collections	2,918	15	3
Enam Collections	87	4	-
Do	30	-	-
Cutbody	30	6	3
Total Demand	3066	3	3

Q. You have stated above that
the total demand amounted to Rupees 3500-- -
How is that you give now a decreased Amount-

A. Not recollecting the contents
of the account we have stated a larger sum
but still the account is correct.-

Q. Was the sum of Rupees 3066-
entered as the Circar demand for Fusly 1250,
made was it accordingly collected or not.

A. The Circar (Cooderickal) or
demand for Fusly 1250 inclusive of Sery and
Enam amounted to Rupees 2379- 4- 4-
and the Collections from the Ryots to Rupees
2332- 14- 3-

While

2. While Rupees 3066 have been distributed Among the ryots according to their Agreements and according to the account of the Zemindar how is it that a Smaller amount of Rupees 2379 has been entered in Circar accounts.—2

A. The renters and ourselves with a view to have the Sist or Assessment decreased spoke to Munjoo Venkatarow Puntolu the Zemindar's Goomastah, had the old Agreements removed the Mamool Assessment decreased and fresh accounts prepared.—

Q. Being Circar Servants how could you behave in this manner? Have you brought this circumstance to the notice of the Ameen &c. 2

A. We informed the deputy Ameen Muntree Soobiah and the Peishkar Canacaraz of this circumstance, when they told us that the account furnished by the Zemindar contained the Rent Demand Dowl and not the cultivation demand, and that we should therefore enter what had happened in the Village and not mind about any thing else. We thereupon entered in the reduced Sist on that which was afterwards lowered by the Zemindar.

Q. What was the total amount distributed

distributed Settlement for Fusly 1250 and how much thereof has been collected.—

A. The total demand of Village distribution Settlement for Fusly 1250 is ——— Rs 3422 — " — "

Amount collected under heads of Jackesies and Tuckavie for the present Fusly ——— 3329 — 10 — 1

Amount collected for the arrears of Fusly 1249 ——— 266 — " — "

Amount borrowed ——— 66 — " — "

Total amount collected ——— 3595 — 10 — 1.

Out of this paid to Circar ——— 3094 — " — "

To Munjoo Venkatarow Puntolu as above specified ——— 3

To Bribe Circar servants ——— 66 — " — "

To Sundry Village expenses ——— 35 — 10 — 1

Total amount expended 3595 - 10 — 1.

Thus were the collections and expenditure made.—

(Signed) Curnum Nundigam Soobaraz.

" — Do — Do Veeriah

" — Do — Do Lingiah

Deposed again on the 28th May.—

2. You have stated above that the Peishcar Canacaraz receiving money from the Ryots left the arrears uncollected.— Then how was it that the Ameen did not make any objections to his Proceedings.— ?

A It is reported that the Ameens by not collecting arrears that were recoverable were actuated by a desire of reflecting discredit on the Collector in the eyes of the superior authorities. People talk generally to this effect.—

(Signed) Curnum Nandegam Soobaraz.

" " " Lingiah

Deposed again on the 26th May.—

2 On inspecting the demand collection and balance account for Fusly 1250 which you have produced, it appears that the original Mamool assessment established by the Zemindar according to the Village distribution settlement, amounted to Rupees 2948—15—3, that afterwards a discretionary decrease was made therein in behalf of every ryot both in the Sist and land amounting to Rupees 696-6-8. and consequently that the net amount of assessment remaining due by the Ryots was Rupees 2252-2-7. It is further seen that to compensate for this decrease an increase of Rupees 794—3-2 was subsequently collected. Now what reason can be alleged for first decreasing the assessment imposed by the Zemindar according to Mamool and then again increasing

Because

A Because the Village was under the Management of the Zemindar for a few days only in Fusly 1250, and then was attached by Government, on which thinking that if the agreements given to the Zemindar remained, we should have to pay the assessment entered therein, we as above stated took away the accounts from Mungro Vencata Rau, and decreased the Mamool Sist. From Fusly 1250 the Village was rented, and lest the renters should incur a loss to reimburse them we levied a contribution from the ryots as abovementioned, and collected a separate Sist. Thence forward from Fusly 1251 we delivered our accounts to the Sircar with reference to the decreased Sist.

(Signed) Curnum Soobaraz

Do Veeriah.

" Do Lingiah.

" Ps 320

Appx. B Deposition taken from Karattama Dofs Sowkar now living at Guntoor on the 31st March 1845.—

2 State what are the circumstances relative to the rent of Gonnalagadda in the Talook of Settanapully.—

We

A We held the Villages in rent for a period of 14 years. At the expiration of the last rent, we desired the Zemindar Venkata Gopaul Row to give it again in rent to us. and he rented it to us at the following assessment.

Fusleis	
1252	1200
1253	1225
1254	1250
1255	1275
1256	1300

2. Was this Village rented to you before or after the attachment of the Zemindary?

A. We made our offer and received the lease or Cowle after the attachment of the Zemindary. we used to lend Money to the Zemindar and therefore he rented the Village to us on such easy terms as matter of favor.

2 What other Villages have been rented in this manner?

A Kovatapoud, Todikonda, Pate Kavuntoo, Gondameda, and Caza in the Talook of Sattanapully were rented in our presence on similar terms. The Cowle granted to me bears a date previous to the gift of the Zemindary.

Zemindary. The Cowles granted to other persons were antedated in like manner after the attachment of the Talook.

2 Why do the arrears of rent on account of the Villages rented by your Elder brother Set Keswa Dofs remain unpaid?

A There is no balance whatever against him. we delivered to Satoor Kotiah the Ameen employed by the Collector, the receipts which the Zemindar granted us in acknowledgment of the payments made by us, and also the accounts regarding them.

Dofs
Signed Narottama

No 21.

Appee B Deposition given by Kollepara Lukshmiaroo inhabitant of Kazampatam in the Talook of Bapatla on the 17th June 1845 or Fusly 1254.

2 It has come to notice that when you obtained the rent of the Pate Pollam or Chayroot fields from Ramanath Baboo the Zemindar, a certain sum was given to him as Kazarana. In what year for how many years and for what sum did you take the rent? What was the amount of Kazarana paid by you?

S

Fort St George 7th January 1827 -

A I rented the farm for three years from the Hasta Harte of Tusly 1250 to the Hasta Harte of Tusly 1253 - I offered 4500 Rupees of which Rupees 925 were taken as Nazarana and the remainder 3575 Rupees was fixed as the Rent and a Coole granted to that effect. —

2. Did you pay the amount of Nazarana at the time that the rent was concluded or afterwards? —

A At the time of the rent I paid 200 Rupees and ten days afterwards I sent Rupees 225 by the person who accompanied me. For the remaining 500 Rupees I executed a bond in the name of Cheroomanilla Ramiah to be adjusted by instalments after paying the money I recovered the bond.

2 What are the instalments in the said bond? —

A. I do not recollect the instalments the bond is in my Village. If you permit I shall bring it and the accounts connected with it. —

2 You stated that you executed a bond in the name of Cheroomanilla Ramiah - what relation is he to the Zemindar? why should the Bond be executed

Fort St George 7th January 1827.

executed to him? —

A I heard that Ramiah was a relation of the Zemindar, as it is not usual to execute bonds in the name of the Zemindar. For such matters he caused it to be executed in his name. I sent the money to the Zemindar.

2 When will you produce the bond and the accounts. —

A. I will produce on the 21st of this Month. —

(Signed) Kollepara Lukshmeroo

Atto.

The deponent having sent the bond by a person on the 21st June Tusly 1252, it is filed with the depositions. Bond executed by Kollepara Lukshmeroo to Cheroomanilla Ramiah on the 19th December 1820. Through necessity I have borrowed of you a sum of Rupees 500/ five hundred Rupees/ at interest one per cent per Mensem and promise to pay the principal with the interest accruing thereon. On the 30th Day of Phalgoona Bahoola of Sarvari year and then recover my bond.

This loan bond I executed with my

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Rupees 1357-8-0 and for Fusly 1251 Rupees 1421-8-0 The actual settlement for 1250 was about Rupees 1500-0-0 as the harvest was not plentiful / I shall tell the exact sum on reference to the accounts / and the real rent for Fusly 1257 was about Rupees 2600-0-0 As the renter had profited so much by the rent he agreed with the Zemindar to pay secretly to him Rupees 150 annually got the old lease for 5 years cancelled and a new agreement granted for a lease of 11 years. I heard the renter relate the circumstance to his younger brother Bapy Razu.——

2. For what reasons was the Village rented out for a decreased sum from Fusly 1250 while it yielded so large an income.——

A I learnt that in Fusly 1250 when the Village was rented out for 5 years the renter paid a Nuzzeranah of 300 Rupees to the Zemindar and had it let up on favorable terms.——

2 What did the Rookdick demands for Fusles 1252 and 1253 amount to.——

A. I shall tell on referring to the accounts

Signed Curreum Yabalady Lutchmeah

No.

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Appx "B"

No. 23.

The Commissioner's Cutcherry in the Zillah of Guntoor.

Deposition of Casavaloo Officiating Curreum of Boorddam of the Rapally Talook given on the 28th June 1845 or Fusly 1254.——

2 For how many years since Fusly 1250 was your Village rented to Muntana Pedda Lutchmeapaty Rajooly by the Zemindar Jungunnah Row.?——

A. The Village was rented to Muntana Pedda Lutchmeapaty Rajoo by the Zemindar at the close of Fusly 1249 for five Fusles from 1250 to 1254. He therefore came to our Village and without showing me the dimmut or order to put him in possession, began to transact the affairs of the Village when I forbade him went to the Zemindar and Complained about it, who thereupon ordered me to write the accounts according to the directions of Pedda Lutchmeapaty Razu as the Village was rented to him for a space of five years As regards my complaint that the renter did not show me the dimmut the Zemindar promised to make him show it at the Jamabundy time, upon which I returned to my

my Village - accordingly during the Summabundy Settlement at Rapully upon requesting him once more the Zemindar sent for the Dimmit and Cowl and shewed them to me - During the Settlement for Fusly 1251 the Curnums were not called in but the renter himself settled the revenue. Before complaining to the Zemindar regarding this I had spoken to Kedamby Sashah Chator the Head of Police who directed me to go to the Zemindar himself with the complaint, which I accordingly did. afterwards in Fusly 1252 after the attachment of the Village the Ameen Cowta Jeagneswara Avadanoolo sent for us / the Curnums / and the renter and during the enquiry regarding the number of years the Village was rented for the renter produced a Cowlnama specifying the numbers of years to be 11.

2 Having seen the dimmit and Cowlnamah declaring the period of lease to be 5 years when a new Cowlenamah was produced afterwards stating the period to be 11 years did you then bring this difference to the notice of the Ameen or not.?

A I did not inform the ameen of this, because I was afraid of doing so

the and the renter [illegible] seated together but were on friendly terms with each other.

2 What led the Zemindar to give after attachment of the Talooka a Cowlnamah extending the rent for eleven years while he had previously rented it only for five? - what was the amount of rent for Fusles 1250 and 1251 of the Village during the Management of the Zemindar? What did the renter obtain from the Podiseka or distribution of the Village?

It is only when the renter profits by the lease that he would agree to extend the period to 11 years, and the Zemindar on the other hand would extend the lease to 11 years after he had originally granted it for 5 years only when he gains by the transaction state therefore according to truth what has passed in this affair. ?

A. The rent agreed upon for Fusly 1250 amounted to Rupees 1357- 8- - and for 1251 to Rupees 1421- 8- - The renter obtained in Fusly 1250 Rupees 1568 - - - and in Fusly 1251 about Rupees 3000 - - - / the actual sum shall be stated on referring to accounts / In this manner the renter encouraged by

Fort St. George 7th January 1827.

by the large profit that accrued to him went to the Zemindar after the sequestration of the Salook by the Circar and agreeing to pay in private a Nuzzeranah of 150 Rupees per annum had the old lease of 5 years cancelled and a Cowlnamah granted anew renting the Village for 11 years. I have heard the Curnums and others belonging to the Village of Chundapoloo state that the Nuzzeranah alluded to has been agreed upon.—

2d While the Village yielded a large sist or assessment, why did the Zemindar let it for so small a rent without inquiring well into the matter when he rented it for a period of 5 years.—

A. I knew not from what motive whether of friendship or any other, he did so, but I have heard the ryots of my Village say that the Zemindar rented it on easy terms because he received a Nuzzeranah of 300 Rupees from the renter.—

/Signed/ Casavooloo Curnum of Boodam

2d Have you now produced accounts of a Village / Hoodeika or / Demand for Fusly 1252?—

Fort St. George 7th January 1827.

A. We have produced the Accounts as entered to the Circar, the Accounts relating to Hoodeika and other separate Heads are in our Houses, and shall be produced tomorrow the 29th June at 3 O'clock P. M. if you give us permission so to do.—

2d While the amount of the Village / Hoodeika / was actually augmented, why was it entered in the Accounts as having undergone a diminution?—

A. The renter being a man of influence and interest with the Circar I prepared my Accounts in the same manner as those of the Gomastahs of the renter Cavy Appiah which he prepared and filed in the Cutcherry of the Raypully Tanah. The same accounts are now delivered to the Commissioners Cutcherry at Raypully. The true Accounts of Hoodeika are, as I told you before, lodged in my House and shall be produced as above stated.—

/Signed/ Curnum Casavoolo

Do. Lutchmiah

No. 24.

The Commissioners Cutcherry in the Zillah of Guntoor.—

Deposition given by Venata Row and others officiating

Appx. B

Fort St George 7th January 1847.

Officiating Curnums of Panoroorka in the Talook of Chebrole on the 18th April 1845 corresponding with Fusly 1254 ——

Q. Have you raised Sackejeem contributions for the Common expenditure of the Village from Fusly 1251 to 1253 and expended them? If so produce the accounts relative to this head ——

A. The said accounts are not here with me and therefore I shall go to the Village and bring them ——

Q. Have you made collection by me of Sackejeem in any years after Fusly 1242 ——

A. The Sackejeem accounts for some years have been produced and those for the other Fuslies shall be given as soon as they are brought from the Village ——

Q. Is Sobanadry your fellow Officiating Curnum aware of the collections under the heads of Sackejeem and the disbursements therefrom made in your Village? ——

A. Sobanadry Achiah, Ramiah, and myself are aware of those circumstances Sackejeem affairs are not carried on in the Village without being known to all ——

Q. What sums did you pay to Circar servants out of the Sackejeem contributions for

Fort St George 7th January 1847.

for the last three Fuslies? State also to which of the servants did you pay ——

		Rt. A. P.
A.	In Fusly 1253 to the Ameen Totah Kistnanah —— Rt a. p.	100 — " — "
1252	To the Ameen Totah Kistnanah ——	60 — " — "
	To the Samatdar Mundapatoo Nagiah ——	8 — " — "
	To the Peishcar Patri Rayapah Puntoolo ——	2 — " — "
		70 — " — "
1253	To Ameen Totah Kistnanah paid by me ——	40 — " — "
	Do Do by Sobanadry ——	20 — " — "
		60 — " — "
	To Samatdar Mundapatoo Nagiah ——	10 — " — "
	To Peishcar Patri Rayapah Puntoolo ——	12 — " — "
		82 — " — "
	Total Rupees ——	252 — " — "

This sum of Rupees 252 was thereby

Expended

Fort St. George 9th October 1846.—

expended as above— Besides this in Fusly 1238 when the Village was under Circar Amaney I gave to Ameen Sata Pistnam 5 Pottahs of Jonna which he took Sabanaday can tell who gave the bandy hire to carry the Jonna to Pon[illegible]kottah-patnam.—

2 Why did you give the Ameen this sums in Fusslies 1251 1252 and 1253 and this quantity of Jonna in Fusly 1238?—

A— The Revenue settlement is always made according to the fixed money rates, the true state of the case is reported to the Circar, and much expence has to be incurred— but if it is determined by an Estimate or valuation of the crop the expenses are decreased. Sabanadary therefore begged the Ameen to have the settlement concluded according to the latter method, brought him to the Village and settled the revenue payable. For this purpose we paid him as above stated Rupees 100 in Fusly 1251 In Fusly 1252

Fort St. George 4th January 1847.—

1252 he paid that he would settle the Assessment as in the last Fusly by valuation of the crop. for which we paid only 60 Rupees stating that we could not as in the previous year pay 100 Rupees. In Fusly 1253 we paid him 60 Rupees in 1252 to free ourselves from the oppression which he practised towards us through illwill towards Chella Condareddy who had complained to the Collector that he took Jonna straw from the Ryots.—

2. Upon what did you levy the Contributions during the three Fusslies?—

A— Upon the number of Ploughs employed in the cultivation and of Pottahs of Grain produced. The accounts relating to this head shall be produced.—

Signed & Executed as above.

" Cumum Sobanadry—

" Timma Achiah

" Do. Ramiah

Again Examined

2 How did you raise the Contribution for Fusly 1254 What expences

A— Chargd

Fort St Georg 6/7th January 1857.-

thereof did you make and to what person did you pay.?-

A.- We fixed Rupees 13 annas 4 and Pies 9 at the rate of 5 Annas per Pootta of the estimated crop and out of the collections made therefrom we paid 8 Rupees to Sarvaikar Mundapatty Nuggian and the remainder we expended for our batta &c.-

2.- Have you produced the Accounts of demand, collections and balance, the particulars of Receipts and disbursements the expenditure of Grama Kurch or Disbursement of the Sackiseem Collections from Fusly 1242 to 1253.-

A.- Yes I have produced all these Accounts

2.- Rupees 33-6-6, are due for Fusly 1251-

Rupees 17-11-6- Do- for Do- 1252-

and Rupees 164-11-10- Do- for Do- 1253

Total Rupees 215-3-1.-

What Reasons can you adduce for these balances being outstanding and how much thereof can be collected.-?

A.- In Fusly 1251 before the operation of the Zemindary we paid to the Zemin-

Fort St. George 7th January 1857.-

Zemindar Rupees 30-11-3 with the exception of this Amount the Remainder due by the Ryots can be recovered. In Fusly 1246 Kullacondaa reddy and others planted a grove or Garden of Tamarind Trees &c. and from that Fusly to 1250 as the Village was under Zemindars Management no Assessment was fixed upon them. in Fusly 1251 the Amin Sota Kistnamah did not fix any assessment while in 1252 he imposed a tax of Rupees 9-13-2- which the Ryot refused to pay. with the exception of this balance the Remainder Rupees 7-14-1 can be recovered from the Ryots. In Fusly 1253 Moopaladen Adena a Poycarel Ryot being an inhabitant of Bundarpilly in the Rayputty Talook went away thither without paying Rupees 20- due by him under this head because the produce of his cultivation for this year, when heaped was eaten up by White Ants, besides this the sum of Rupees 18-12-2- is due for Fusly 1252 under the head of Sarvaikar or disputed items- With the exception of these two amounting together to Rupees 38-12-2, the Remainder Rupees 126-4-10 may be

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.-

be collected. Of this last sum that due by the Ryots holding small farms is under dispute; but it is fairly due as Poolleay or grazing tax and should be paid up: consequently this sum of Rupees 126-4-10 is to be recover=ed.- It remains with the Circar to collect it or not. These circumstances have truly taken place.-

2.- How much can be re=covered out of the balances due for Fusly 1243 and 1244.-

A.- Rupees 16-11-9 as p. and recover=able for these two Fusles the re=mainder being due by those that have died and fled cannot be collected.-

/Signed/ Cumnum Penoomaka Sobanadry
/-"-/ Do. Achiah
/-"-/ Do. Ramiah
24th April 1845 /" Venata Row=
(by permission of Holidas)

Questioned after reading the deposition.-

2.- Is this deposition correct and as you have stated

A.- We have given this deposition & it is correct

/Signed/ Sobanadry.-
" Venata Rajiah.-

Given before me on the 24th April 1845.

/Signed/ Walter Elliot
Commissioner

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.-

No. 25.-

App.a B

To The Commissioners Cutcherry in the Zillah of Guntoor.-

Deposition of Venatamaranappah Officiat=ing Curnum of Peraly in the Baputla Tanah given on the 9th June 1845 corresponding with Fusly 1254.-

Question.- Have you produced all the Village Ac=counts relating to the true Kooderika, Demand Collections and Balance, and Jackisem (Contri=butions) raised for the common expenditure of the Village from Fusly 1242 to 1253.-

Answer.- The accounts for Fuslies from 1842 to 1252. have been destroyed by the Storm that raged in Fusly 1253 and inundated our Village which is on the banks of a river. Immediately upon permission I made Copies of the Accounts lodged in the tanah, which Copies together with the Accounts for Fusly 1253 are produced.-

2.- what expenses were incurred from Fusly 1251 and in what Fuslies?

A.- In Fusly 1251 we paid Somaya=jooloo Soobiah the Hoozoor Mudutgar that came on Summabundy, Rupees 5-"-" and to Poshcar Haryd of Venkanah Puntooloo Rupees 4-"-" total Rupees 9- In Fusly 1252 - we paid to Puneggy Ramanah - - Puntooloo who came at Summabundy } Rs. a. P. 4-"-", and in 1253 to Ambarkanah Seroomalarow Puntooloo Rs. 3- In this manner we paid

paid them out of the Collections of rent.-

2.- What obstacle is there to the Collection of Rupees 32-8-0 the balance of rent due for Fusly 1251.-

A.- There is no hinderance whatever to collect it.-

2.- What prevents the large balances of Revenue due for Fusslies 1243. 1244 and 1245 from being now collected.-2

A.- The Arrears of rent due for Fusslies 1243 and 1244 amount to Rupees 1492-2-10. As the old arrears were not paid by the renter Ithanum Ramiah an inhabitant of Bapatla, the farm was attached, the Village was managed under Amanee and the balance outstanding after deducting the Collections were exhausted on the accounts. The Ryots of the Village owes nothing and as the renters have become poor and their Sureties are dead no part of the arrear can be recovered. Rupees 21-3-5 are due for Fusly 1245 and of these with the exception of what is due by persons that have emigrated or died Rupees 13-1-7- are recoverable.-

2.- Has your Village been rented for the present Fusly.2

A.- I have rented the Village for the 3 fusslies 1254, 1255 and 1256. thus-

For Fusly 1254. Rupees. 825
" — " — 1255 — " 1001
" — " 1256 — " 1201-

2.- while a rent of about Rupees 1200 1300 was collected from Fusly 1251 to 1253 and

was the Village rented for the Current Fusly for the small sum of Rupees 825-2

A.- up to last Fusly it was usual with Pedda Lutchmeepatie Razoo and others of Cazee Pollem the Hamlet of Allooreither to under rent the Village in the name of some one else or to stand security to the renter in order that they might graze their own cattle and those of Noteewar polem amounting in all to 3000 head and in the event of arrears outstanding against the Village, they raised a subscription at a rate per head of cattle and covered the balance taking care not to exhibit the amount of Poollery payable upon their own herds. This practice having been resorted to, there was no falling off in the rent of the Village during past years, but this year, as they have made a proposal for a reduced amount of Rent, the Ameen (Shaik Khan) would not receive it, but told them to offer the usual rent, I represented to the Ameen that the amount derived from Soapnuts and chay root and that in the event of the said Razoos grazing their Cattle in the fields of the Village there would be a loss in the proceeds of the chay root and that they should therefore be prohibited from grazing their cattle in your Village: in which case I proposed to rent the Village as the Beriz of last Fusly if they were to graze their cattle they should be made to pay the amount of Pullary at a certain rate for Cattle. Ithanum Lutchmiah having

having likewise represented the same to the ameen, the Ameen twice or thrice wrote to the Hoozoor setting forth all the above particulars and prevented the Razoo's from grazing their cattle. These Razoo's went to the Hoozoor and I know not what arrangements they made in the Cutcherry; certain it is that they brought a Hookum from the Hoozoor to the effect that they should be allowed to graze their cattle as usual and that no Pullery should be taken from them until further orders. Estimated (dowl) demand of our Village having amounted to Rupees 450, the Village was rented for the amount above stated notwithstanding my representations to the Ameen, that I would not rent the Village, because I should sustain a loss if they be allowed to graze there cattle in our fields. he still persisted in renting it to me for Rupees 825 under promise that he would write to the Hoozoor and get orders to prohibit the Razoos from grazing their cattle in the Village. The amount of loss I have sustained this year is Rupees 400-- and if orders be issued forbidding them to graze their Cattle the (dowl) will rise for the two next years to the Amount of 2000 Rupees which of course will cover the loss which I sustained this year to the amount of 400 Rs as they allowed their Cattle to graze in our fields, this loss has accrued to me and I am obliged to make good by means of loans

your

2 You have stated that the Razoos went to the Hoozoor and made certain arrangements. What were those arrangements?

A. The said Pedda Lutchmeepully Razu & Chinna Lutchmeepully Razu went to Guntoor and I hear, paid 200 Rupees to the Hoozoor Servants to have the Pullary tax not demanded of them. But I do not know what sums they paid and to what persons; this will be known if they are examined.

(Signed) Curnum P. Venkaiah
Tamaranapiah

Deposed on the 2d July.

2 You have stated in the preceding answer that you have told the ameen that in case the Razoo's of Cazeepollem are prohibited from grazing their Cattle in your Village, you will rent the Village as in the past fusly, have you communicated this proposal to the ameen in writing or verbally?

A. I have not made this proposal in writing I have told him in person that I would rent the Village for 1300 Rupees in case the Razoo's are prohibited from grazing their Cattle on our fields, and so wasting the proceeds of the chay root &c which would otherwise accrue to me

2. Sthanum Lutchmiah wrote a letter to the Ameen proposing to rent the Village for Rupees 1300---- what is the amount of Pullary Collections for the Current fusly?

A. No Pullary has been collected.

(Signed) Curnum Peraly Venkata Ramanappah.

Given before me this 2d July 1845.

(Signed) W. Elliot
Commissioner

To

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Appx. B

No. 26.

To The Commissioners Cutcherry in the Zillah of Guntoor

Deposition of Palapurty Ramachendroodoo and Cora Veeranna Dushkut Curnums of Chertoor in the Chilkaloorpad Tanah dated 8th May 1846 or Fusly 1245.-

2. Have you produced all the accounts your Village from Fusly 1242 to 1253 relating to Kham Kunderica, demand Collections and Balance, as well as Tackiseem contributions raised & expended, for the common purposes of the Village?

A All the Circar accounts from Fusly to 1253 have been produced- all the expences till Fusly 1249. under the Zemindar's Managers are exhibited in the Dust Chittas, and all the accounts of Tackiseem collections and expenditures from Fusly 1250 to 1253 have been produced

2 From Fusly 1250 what subscriptions were raised and what expenses incurred and in what Fuslies?

A- From Rupees 213-13-9. paid according to the discretion of the Ryots in Fusly 1250, we paid to Ameen Davarasoo Lutchmee Narrainapoor

Rupees. 126-- -- to Peshcar Gotah Cana Kiraz

Rupees 8-- -- to Dep.y Ameen & Muntri Soobiah

Rupees 30-- -- to the Hoozoor Goomasta Polaraz Ramamy

Rupees 31-- -- to the Tamaldar Vydeyum Soobiah

Rupees-10-- -- to Tanah Goomasta Polaraz Soobiah

Rupees-6-- --

Total Rup.s 211-- -- The remainder we paid for

Fort St. George 7th January 1846.-

for Village expenses.-

From Rupees 48-- -- collected for Fusly 1251 we paid to Peshcar Cana Kiraz Rs. 12-- --

To Ambar Khana Poorooshottum Puntoolo Hoozoor Goomasta 20-- --

To late Head of Police for the Pretty pad Tanah Somayajoolo Soobiah 16-- --

Total Rs. 48-- --

From Rupees 174-12-4. Collected according to discretion in Fusly 1252 we paid during Jummabundy.-

To Somayajoolo Soobiah Hoozoor Deputy Seristadar Rupees 35-- --

To Peishcar Cana Kiraz 35-- --

To Ameen & Kiraz Boochiah 80-- --

To Javabnavees Golamoody Venkatasamy 8-- --

To Deputy Ameen Manoor Kistniah Puntoolo 16-12-4

From Rupees 126-5-4 Collected as above in Fusly 1253 we paid-

To Ameen & Kiraz Boochiah 64-- --

To Javabnavees Golamoody Venkatasamy 4-- --

To Peshcar Canacaraz 36-5-4

To Hoozoor Goomasta Calyanum Manoomunt Row 22-- --

Total Rupees 126-5-4

In Fusly 1254 we paid to Peshcar Gotaty Cana Kiraz Rs. 27-- --

As they are circar Servants their names are not exhibited in the true accounts that remain with us; they are therein entered as Village expenses, Batta expenses &c.

we

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

we have now stated the true circumstances of the case. we have paid to Circar Servants as above exhibited in order that they may pass our Summabundy accounts without any objections, and that they may use no severity in collecting the old balances.—

2. How much of the undermentioned heavy balances due from Fusly 1250 to 1253 is recoverable to Circar?

For Fusly 1250 ——— Rupees 1597-2-9½
" ——— " ——— 1251 ——— " 2976-12-3½
" ——— " ——— 1252 ——— " 3873-3-11
" ——— " ——— 1253 ——— " 9913-1-8

Total Rupees — 18361-4

A. With the exception of balances upon waste lands and those duely persons that have fled died and become impoverished the remainder may be recovered as follows.—

Fusly 1250 ——— Rupees 869-11-5.
" ——— 1251 ——— " 1980-13-4
" ——— 1252 ——— " 2076-5-1
" ——— 1253 ——— " 1619-10-2.

Total Rupees 6546-8-"-

2. What portion of Rupees out of 32729-3-11 due from Fusly 1242 to 1249 is now recoverable?

A. As these heavy balances are of very long standing they cannot be recovered now.

(Signed) Palaparty Ramachundrah
Cona Veerannah.

Examined on the 15th May.

2. It appears from the accounts that Rs. 8033 are due under the head of waste lands for

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Fusly 1253. why was so much left waste in a single year and through whose persuasion have you allowed so much land to lie uncultivated. state the true circumstances of the case.—

A. In the commencement of Fusly 1253 the Ryots represented to the Ameen Acfiraz Bochiah that as large arrears of Revenue were entered against them these balances should be reduced. The Ameen told us that he would write an arzee to the Hoozoor and directed us to present a petition to the Collector in the Hoozoor. As no Hukum has been received upon the subject the ryots again went to the Ameen Bochiah and asked him the reason of this when he told us that as no Hukum has been received from the Hoozoor we should cultivate as much land or as little as we liked. Accordingly the ryots cultivate as much as they thought proper and threw up the remainder.—

2. In Fusly 1253 did the ryots cultivate the good and bad lands in equal proportions?

A. The ryots according to the Ameen Acfiraz's observation cultivated only such lands as were favorable to them from the lowness of assessment and from their comparative nearness, and left the lands bearing a heavy assessment waste.—

2. Why did you enter those lands in the Summabundy account which you left waste through

through the Ameen's permission.2

A- So much land having been left waste Mr. Newill assessed it during the Jumahundy Settlement so that the usual sist may not appear to have suffered decrease.-

2 why was not the amount thus assessed Collected from the Ryots as it should be.2 Moreover have any orders been issued by the Circar that no sist should be levied upon waste lands.2

A. No orders have been issued to the effect that the Collection would not be made upon waste lands. The Ameen, Peshcar, Samutdar, and other Talook authorities did not demand the said Amount and consequently it has not been collected.-

2- The Waste land excepted, why was not the proper Demand Collected.2

A- The Ryots stated to the ameen Ackiraz Boochiah that as they sowed some fields out of the proper season, they had not a good harvest, he has accordingly left the balance uncollected.-

2- Why have you left uncollected the following large Amounts that should have been Collected for the three Fusles 1250, 1251 and 1252.2

For Fusly. 1250. Rupees 869.
" — " — 1251 — " — 1980
" — " — 1252 — " — 2076

A In each of these Fusles the ryots stated to the ameen that they

they could pay these Amounts; the Ameen listened to such excuses and left them uncollected. Had he strictly demanded them, they would have been collected.-

2. while the large Amounts of Rs. 10891. for Fusly 1250, [illegible] Rupees 9717 for Fusly 1251 and Rupees 8,520 for Fusly 1252, have been collected why was the Village rented for Rupees 6196 in Fusly 1254 Rupees 7,300 in Fusly 1255, and Rupees 8350 in Fusly 1256, Amounts so much less than those specified for the three former Fusles above alluded to.2

A We paid to Peshcar Gotaly Canacaraz Rupees 27. that he may not object to renting the Village at favorable terms- We paid no one else.-

(Signed) Curnum Palapurty Ramachendroodoo
Adoocoor Baviah
Cona Veeranna

2 How much land was cultivated from Fusly 1252 to 1254.2

A- In Fusly 1252 Coochalas 221 Visi 15
" — 1253 — " — 61 — " — 1¼ and
" Fusly 1254 about Coochalas in the Current 120 — " — Besides which the sist for Fusly 1254 upon the lands taken up for Fusly 1253 has been paid by a division of the produce-

2 It appears that a small quantity of land has been cultivated in Fusly 1253 and that after renting the Village in Fusly 1254

a

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

a large quantity of land has been brought into cultivation - It appears clearly from this that the Ryots in order to have the rent decreased left much land waste in Fusly 1253 - Is it true.?

A. When the ryots asked for a diminution of the sist it was not allowed them. They therefore with a view to have the assessment reduced on the Village rented on of a favorable rent (in which case the renters will reduce the Sist) threw the land out of cultivation. -

(Signed) Palaparty Ramachendroodoo
Adoor Boor Baneah
Cona Veerannah

2 You have stated in a preceding Answer that you paid Rupees 27. to the Peshcar in order to have the Village rented at a low rate - By thus Bribing the Peshcar how was the Ameen his Superior to get you a rent without enquiring into the matter.? Did the Ameen examine into the true state of the case or not.?

A At the close of Fusly 1253 when we proposed to rent we paid Rupees 50 - - - to the ameen Ackiraz Boochiah that he might admit our proposal - After the transfer of Boochiah from the place and the appointment of Dasa = pah the present Ameen in his stead we paid him Rs 100 through Peshcar Cona Karaz that he might admit a new proposal to rent without making any objections and recommend the same to the Hoozoor - We paid to the Peshcar Rs. 27 - - -
when he admitted our proposal & afterwards Rs 23 - - -
Total Rupees - 50 - - -

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

We paid in Fusly 1254 Rupees 200 - - - to the Head Seristadar Sheshegerry Row through the Peshcar, of which Rupees 100 were paid for admitting our proposal without any objections in the Hoozoor and the other 100 Rupees regarding the balance for Fusly 1253 outstanding against the Village (as was usually the case at every Summabundy Settlement) - Besides this we paid him through the same Cona Karaz 100 Rupees in Fusly 1251 and 100 Rupees in Fusly 1252 - -

2 You have stated above that it was (Mamool) usual to pay 100 Rupees to the Head Seristadar yearly - why did you pay him so.?

A That he might not trouble us regarding former accumulated arrears and that he might set right whatever might happen wrong in the Village we have as above stated continued to pay him. -

2 when you paid the said Sums did you accompany Cona Karaz to the Seristadar or did you pay them to Cona Karaz himself. -

A. when we paid these sums we did not go in person but delivered them into the hands of Cona Karaz - when any thing happened that required the interference of Hoozoor Servants to be settled, the Peshcar used to carry us to the Head Seristadar, and settle our business favorably to us; we therefore continued to pay it

it through the Peshcar.-

(Signed) Curnum P. Ramachendrodo
" —— " A. Baviah
" —— " C. Veerannah

Deposed on the 20th May-

2 Rupees 6,546-8-0 are exhibited as the Amount that should be collected from Fusly 1250 to 1253- Did you then inform the Ameen and others, that this Amount which is confessedly due should be collected?

A. We did inform them from time to time.- But from their leaving the Amount uncollected, it appears that they did so with a view to bring the Collection under the unfavorable opinion of the higher Authorities- People talk to this effect, and it is our opinion also.-

2. You have stated above the circumstances of the cultivation from Fusly 1252 to 1254. State truly how much land you intend to bring into Cultivation for Fusly 1255.-

A we intend to cultivate for Fusly 1255- 40 Coochalas over and above what we cultivated in Fusly 1254.-

2. From what you have stated above, it is impossible to believe that the ryots complained the Ameen that the Assessment was too heavy- State therefore the true circumstances of the case

A It is not true that the ryots complained of the heavy Assessment- The Ryots left the land waste with no other view than to have the rent on favorable terms and to benefit by it.-

2 State truly how they intended to benefit?

A- If the rent should be low, the renter to bring the whole of the lands of the Village into cultivation, would fix the Assessment low, and the ryots thought they should benefit by this- They abandoned all the highly Assessed lands in Fusly 1253 and cultivated the favorably assessed ones that they might profit to the extent of their cultivation, and they left the rest waste to escape the payment of the heavy sist on it.-

(Signed) Curnum P. Ramachendrodoo-
A. Baviah
C. Veevannah.

Given at Pretty pad before me
this 20th May 1845-
(Signed) Walter Elliot
Commissioner

No 27.

To The Commissioners Cutchery
in the Zillah of Guntoor

Deposition given by Chercoory Reddy ryot of Lackapaud on the 19th June 1845 or Fusly 1254.-

2 When Mungiahcharloo came to your Village to investigate the arrears of revenue

App 7
B

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

revenue that had accumulated during Fuslies 1252 and 1253 under Amanee and during Fusly 1254 under Rent have you stated before him the true circumstances of your payments and arrears to Government.[2]

A- I have without mistake stated before him the true circumstances of the payments made by me and of the arrears due by me. But the three Renters of the Village Charuga puty Papiah Papiah and Mopurte Naidoo told the Ryots that as we had related the true circumstances of the payments to Mongiahcharloo they would not let us escape in case those Sums are required of them by circar and so frightened us.

2- Have receipts been given to you for your payments during the three Fuslies 1252 1253. and 1254 or not.[2]

A- When I asked for a receipt it was refused me under pretence that it had not been Mamool hitherto and that they the Renters do not take receipts from the Circar.[2]

2 Who collected the Assessment of your Village from Fusly 1252.[2]

A- During Fusly 1252 Papiah and Papiah Collected the Circar demands and the accounts were kept by the Curnumsor Mopurtee Naidoo Charugoopaty Papiah Son of Cullee and Chercoory Veerannah when the Curnum are absent. During Fuslies 1253 and 1254 the same course was pursued.—

what

App.a B

Fort St. George 7th January 1846-

2 what is the Amount of your Puttah List for Fuslies 1253 and 1254 how much thereof have you paid and how much is still due.[2]

A Of Rupees 28-14-6 due for Fusly 1253 I have paid Rupees 25-10-0 of which 25-4-0 for Circar demand and 0-6-0 for Village expenses, the remainder is still due and for Fusly 1254 I paid Rupees 39 for the two villages of Tackalapad and Vyama-varampad after making deductions from the Lists of both (of the latter being 21 Rupees) at the rate of Annas 12 per pagoda.-

2- Do you prefer having the Village rented or kept under Amanee.[2]

A- The renters demand increased rent and extra Sums for expenses &c. &c. if we do not pay them they bring idle and groundless disputes against us, employ reproachful and abusive language towards us and make use of various sorts of vexatious oppressions we therefore cannot prosper under this System, but if under Amanee we shall be comfortable and independent after paying the regular demands. For these reasons we infinitely prefer the Amanee System.-

(the mark of Chercoor Reddy
No. 28.

To
The Commissioners Cutcherry
in the Zillah of Guntoor.-

Deposition of Cherugapaty Chinnagamiah
ryot

ryot of Tuckellapaud in the Guntoor Tanah-
Given on the 19th June 1845 or Fusly 1254-

2 During Mungiahcharloo's examination into the Collection and balances of your Village you filed a receipt which you asked to be given back what induces you to ask for the receipt now.2

A Four days back when Mungiahcharloo came to our Village for examining into the Collection of public revenue he sent for the three Renters (Mootadars) Mopurroo Soobiah Cheragapaty Paupiah and Bapaniah and asked them whether they have given receipts to the ryots for the sums collected from them during Fuslies 1252 and 1253. to which they answered that the Village having been under Amanee they had not made any collections nor given receipts. I was standing by at the time and asked them how it was that while I had paid 13 Rupees for Fusly 1252 and 12 for 1253 they stated in the present inquiry that I had paid only 10 Rupees each Fusly, and also demanded whether indeed they had not given receipts for the payment made by the Ryots.2 in reply to which they maintained that I had paid only 10 Rs. afterwards when the Ameen Chucka-rapany Row came to our Village to collect the revenue for Fusly 1253 the Mootadars asked me to pay up the revenue due by me for which I answered (as I could not rely on their words that

that I shall pay the sist if they me re-
=ceipts for the Assessment I paid at the 1st
Jonna Crop and for the present payment-
The Mootahdars stated that as the former
payment was made at the tanah they would
not give receipt for it but only for the
present one- Accordingly I paid up the
Amount and received with the Signatures
of Bapiah and others the receipt there for
which I gave into the hands of Mungiahchar-
=loo requesting him that as the Mootahdars re-
=ceived more than what they now say to
take notice of their conduct, who thereupon
took the receipt away with him- after-
=wards the said Mootahdars calling for
me observed that it is not right in me
to deliver the receipt to Mungiahcharloo
as soon as they through mistake or
forgetfulness told that only 10 Rupees
were paid I in reply said as you intended
to ruin many ryots by disowning their
payments I have delivered the receipt-
They replied with grief thus; as the receipts
have been given over, let the many ryots bene-
=fit by the Act and let not a few persons be
ruined, I therefore asked Mungiahcharloo
to return the receipt which being refused
I have begged of you to give it me. This is
all my Report-

2 You have stated that the Moolahdars
gave some words to the ryots regarding arrears
of revenue due by them- Pray what ex-
=

did

Fort St. George 7th January 1846.

ryot of Puckellapaud in the Guntoor Tanah-
Given on the 19th June 1845 or Fusly 1254-

2 During Mungiahcharloo's examination into the Collection and balances of your Village you filed a receipt which you ask to begive back what induces you to ask for the receipt now?

A Four days back when Mungiahcharloo came to our Village for examining into the Collection of public revenue he sent for the three Renters (Mootadars) Mopurroo Soobiah Cheragapaty Paupiah and Bapaniah and asked them whether they have given receipts to the ryots for the sums collected from them during Fuslies 1252 and 1253. to which they answered that the Village having been under Amanee they had neither made any collections nor given receipts. I was standing by at the time and asked them how it was that while I had paid 13 Rupees for Fusly 1252 and 12 for 1253 they stated in the present inquiry that I had paid only 10 Rupees each Fusly, and also demanded whether indeed they had not given receipts for payment made by the Ryots.? in reply to which they maintained that I had paid only 10 Rs. afterwards when the Ameen Chuckrapany Row came to our Village to collect the revenue for Fusly 1253 the Mootadars asked me to pay up the revenue due by me for which I answered (as I could not rely on their assu-

that

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

that I shall pay the sist of thy income re-
=ceipts for the Assessment I paid at the 1st
Jonna Crop and for the present payment.
The Mootahdars stated that as the former
payment was made at the tanah they would
not give receipt for it but only for the
present one. Accordingly I paid up the
Amount and received with the signatures
of Bapiah and others the receipt there for
which I gave into the hands of Mungiahchar-
=loo requesting him that as the Mootahdars a-
=received more than what they now say to
take notice of their conduct: who thereupon
took the receipt away with him. after-
=wards the said Mootahdars calling for
me observed that it is not right in me
to deliver the receipt to Mungiahcharloo
as soon as they through mistake or
forgetfulness told that only 10 Rupees
were paid I in reply said as you intended
to ruin many ryots by disowning their
payments I have delivered the receipt-
They replied with grief thus; as the receipts
have been given over let the many ryots bene-
=fit by the Act and let not a few persons be
ruined, I therefore asked Mungiahcharloo
to return the receipt which being refused
I have begged of you to give it me. This is
all my Kifeat.-

2 You have stated that the Mootahdars
spoke some words to the ryots regarding arrears
of revenue due by them. Pray what is

did

did they say?

A. They said you all declare you have paid the arrears and you have no receipts for the payment, neither could you prove you have paid the Money- Therefore when we receive orders hereafter to make Collections according to our own accounts we shall beat you and force from you the arrears, in which case it is you alone that will be liars.-

2 Besides giving receipts to you for the payments of revenue to whom else did the Mootahdars give receipts.?

A. I know that besides myself Nundi-=pauty Chendery had receipts given him- as regards others I know nothing.-

2 During Mungeapchurlo's inquiry in your Village some other ryots, besides you stated that they have paid to Circar their dues.- State is it true or not.?

A. These ryots during his inquiry have stated the truth and nothing else as regards their payments and arrears- The Mootah-=dars moreover state that as the Circar have discontinued the farm let us all (Mootahdars and ryots) suspend our cultiva-=tion till the farm is granted again on the same terms as before.-

2 State is it advantageous to you to have the Village rented or kept under Amanee-?

If

A. If the Village is under Amanee we have only to pay to Circar as much sist as each owes.- But if rented out the farmers collect in part the sist due from their near Kindred and dear friends, and in whole that due from others, then they in their Accounts give a credit to their said friends and relatives for the payments actually made by other ryots, and after the lapse of two or three years demand the same from us under pretence of its being an old balance and in this manner are a Source of Misfortune to the ryots- We would therefore prefer the Amanee to the renting System.-

the Mark made of Chinnagamiah

Given before me. this 19th day of June 1845.-

(Signed) W. Elliot

Commissioner

No. 29.

To The Commissioner's Cutcherry-

in the Zillah of Guntoor.-

appx. B

Deposition given by Gurram Venkata Narrana a ryot of Chinna Kakany on the 29th April 1845 or Fusly 1254.-

2 What is the extent of Cultivation (estimated) by the Amount of Assessment you pay in this Village.? are you now residing in the Village or have you left it.?

A. I am carrying on cultivation for a long time past- In Fusly 1253 I cultivated Lands paying

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

paying a sist of 11 Rupees and paid Packesum contribution at the rate of Rupee 1-5-- per pagoda (of 4 Rupees) In fusly 1253 for cultivating land payeng 13 Rupees I was asked by the Renters and Ameens, when they were in the Village of Cnamadala, Packesum at the rate of 3 Rupees per Pagoda of the sist, as I was unable to pay this I presented an arjee to the Collector who ordered that as soon as the true sist is paid the Corn may be reaped, I accordingly did pay my sist and reaped the produce. The renters upon this desired me to leave the Village as I am of no use whatever to them, I left my family in the Village on account of having lived there for a long time and with my younger brother I have gone to the Village of Kistnapolium where we agreeing to share the produce equally, are cultivating a few Spots. If hereafter Government are favorably disposed to put an end to these troubles I shall for fusly 1255 carry on cultivation to the extent of Rupees 13-- as in the preceding one.

The Mark of Amarappah.

+ A Pagoda in the Northern Circars is always calculated at 4 Rupees.

2 When you proceeded to Kistnapolium did you take with you your bullocks or did you leave them in your own Village?

A. I left my bullocks in the Village. But after a time as the renters fixed a fee of Annas 2 per day on each of my bullocks that was allowed to graze on the Village plains, I took them away from the Village

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Village to Kistnapolium.-

This is the Mark of Amarappah

Given before me this 29th April 1845.

(Signed) W. Elliot

Commissioner

To

The Commissioner's Cutcherry

in the Zillah of Guntoor.-

Deposition given by Ponnacutty Amarappah a ryot of Chinna Kateany of the Rapully talook, on the 29th April 1845 or fusly 1254.-

2 How long are you carrying on Cultivation what is the extent of it and are you now living in your Village or have you left?

A. I cannot specify the cultivation but it has been carried on by my progenitors in this Village for a long time past. From two years back I am cultivating the land myself. In fusly 1252 I cultivated lands that paid a sist of Rupees 20-- and as Packesum was imposed at the rate of Rupees 1-5-- per pagoda of the sist I paid my party by selling my Cattle &c. In fusly 1253 my cultivation extended only to 14 Rupees and as the renters and ameens imposed Packesum at Rs. 3 per Pagoda I being unable to pay it complained to the Collector, who ordered that permission should be given to remove the produce as soon as the true Sist was paid which I accordingly did. The renters upon this observed that they lost instead of gaining by the Ryots remaining in the Village but that if they left it the rent would be decreased and would benefit

benefit accordingly consequently as required by the renters and Curnums I threw up my cultivation and ran away to Kistnia polium where I am cultivating lands to a small extent.-

2 Have you left your Village with your family or not.? How much land would you cultivate if Packesum Vs. are put a stop to.?

A. Being unwilling to quit my native place where I and my family had lived for so long a time I alone left it pursuant to the direction of the Renters - If the trobble alluded to are put a Stop to I shall for Fusly 1255 cultivating lands paying a sist of 14 Rupees as in the past fusly.-

- This is the Mark + of Amarapper Given before me this 29th April 1845.-

(Signed) W. Elliot
Commissioner

No. 30

App.a B

Deposition given by Veeriah the officiating Curnum of Soorepully in the Talook of Repully on the 7th June 1845 or Fusly 1254.-

2 Have ysw brought all the Original Accounts of Cultivation Collection and disbursements of the Village commencing from Fasly 1242 to 1254.?

A. I have not got the Accounts of Fuslies 1242 and 1243. I delivered all the Account commencing from Fusly 1244 to 1254.-

2 There is a balance against your Village Viz.t

Fusly	Rs.	a.	P.
1246	12	5	4
1248	25	10	10
1249	73	15	-
1250	20	9	8
1251	38	5	10
1252	45	5	11
1253	31	4	-
Total	247	4	11

Not

How much of this can be recovered.?

A. The following Sums can be recovered Viz.t-

Fusly	Rs.	a.	P.
1250	20	9	8
1251	38	5	10
1252	23	5	11
1253	31	4	-
Total	113	5	9

The above Specified amount of arrears can be recovered, the remainder cannot because it consists of Sums expended by the Zemindar and also of balances against insolvent Ryots.-

2 Was any thing paid to the Circar Servants out of the contributions raised from Fusly 1251 to 1254.?

A- Contributions were neither raised in our Village nor was any Sum paid to the public Servants.-

2 Did you pay any thing to the Zemindar Jaggana Row or to his Dewan Mungiah chary over and above the Sist.?

A We did not pay any thing to the Zemindars Nazarana nor to Mungiah chary.-

2 We any Manegam or fields on hire or Maketa tenure granted to Mungiah chary after the Zemindar got possession of his district.-

A- In Fusly 1244, Panapaty Seshiah the Ameen and Golla Moody Venkiah employed by the Circar, granted a Kuchala of land as Serva Doombala to Palodreti Venkatadry inhabitant of Poolivaki - and desired me to enter the same in the accounts. as I refused to enter it in the

Narasemmooloo, one Kuchala of Mettah or dry land as Enam. Theis Narasimooloo had in his occupation 1½ Kuchala of land as Mannyam - on his demise his widow Lakshmi succeeded to the said land. In Fusly 1244. or in the year Jaya one Paribhatoo inhabitant of Anantapoor sued her in the Civil Court for recovery of a certain sum alleged to be due to him from the late Narasimmooloo and obtained a decree in his favor Lakshmi was not able to pay the amount of the decree and the Court in consequence attached one Kuchala of land and sold it in public Auction - At that time Sashagerry Row the head seristadar bought it at Guntoor - but we do not know what sum he paid for it the widow of the said Narasimmooloo had under her occupation, Sashagerry Row Puntoloo purchased one Kuchala who has got possession of the other half Kuchala of land which they held for a long time.

A. The head seristadar has got possession of it too. -

2 How came he to get this half Kuchala in addition.?

A. At the time when the widow of Narasimooloo was cultivating the said one and half Kuchala of land, these two pieces of land Viz. the half a Kuchala which she originally had and one Kuchala which the Zemindar granted were simply separated by a Narrow ridge. Sashagherry Row's tenant Kollur sahoo ploughed up the ridge and made them appear like the same piece of land. being informed of it we went to the spot and wanted to measure the land and leave the ridge

again

again - The said sahoo quarrelling with us went to Sashagerry Row and complained of it - Two days afterwards, Kambampata Venkata Krishnama, zmah, Sayer Goomasta of Nundepettee came to our Village and told us that Sashagerry Row was angry when he heard we wanted to restore the ridges to the land which he had purchased that we need not trouble ourselves about it that he would show us the Chekinamah for the land which he bought - and that if we raised any objections about it we should look out for the consequences - As he was a great man, we remained quiet considering that it must be done according to his pleasure - In Fusly 1246 the Zemindar had the Paloke - As they used to pay 14 Rupees as Bedega for the half Kuchala of land (which was the mamiem for the well) the Zemindar Venkata Row and his Devan Sami Raz Ramiah came to the Village demanded the said Amount of Bediga of Krishna reddy nephew of the late Narasimmooloo He stated that Sashagerry Row had taken possession of his Mamiem and he would not pay the Bediga The Zemindar then gave him half a Kuchala of sery land which by adjoining to it on the western side and which Krishna Reddy's father used to cultivate. - Thus Krishna reddy now holds half a Kuchala of land paying 14 Rupees Bediga - The Zemindar at first thought of measuring the said land but did not do so for some reason or other that we do not know. -

2 Describe the Boundaries of the land given by the Zemindar formerly and the land now given to Krishna Reddy. -

Ditto Ditto Ditto

A. You stated that the Zemindar gave to

2 Krishna reddy half a Kuchala of land in lieu of the

the land taken by sashagerry Row- did the Zemindar issue a Takeed to you to that effect.-

A- He issued no Takeed- but the Samadar Gannam Ratz Janaki Ramiah told us so.-

(Signed) B. Soobbarayadoo
" Shasheah

No. 32.

Deposition given by Mania Silaman Moonsiff of Godavarroo and Sheik Imam the Motad in the Talook of Repilly in the Zillah of Guntoor on the 21st May 1845 or Fusly 1254.-

Q What extent of Enam land has Nyapaty Seshgerry Row the head seristadar got in your Village.?

A- About 13 years ago when there was a famine, Goondavera poo Papiah an officer of Curnum offered to us for sale 6 Coontas of Enam land but we declined to buy it. He afterwards went to Guntoor and got from Sashagerry Row Puntoolooshis six Coontahs of Enam land for six Rupees- we heard it from him.-

Q What land did Papiah give to Sashagerry Row? state the Particulars.-

A- The Enam land which the said Papiah held being situated at a distance from the Village among the Regar lands, he gave him a dery field which he used to cultivate near the Village.-

Q How long has Sashagerry Row held the land.-

A- we heard of it when Papiah told us that he had given him the land. He neither came to the Village nor cultivated the land it has been lying waste since he gave it to him- we do not know who receives the pastarai tax on the land.-

(Signed) Mamma Silaman
Moonsiff of Godavarroo
" Shaik Imam Motad

Given before me this 21st May 1845.-
(Signed) Walter Elliot.
Commissioner.

Appendix.

C

Extracts from the former Correspondence regarding the Public Servants of Guntoor.

To William Petrie Esqre
President and Members of the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

Dated Guntoor 13th October 1800

× × ×

Para 5. Achanapilly Ramaniah the Dewan of Mucca row, Seetana Row, having by his own conduct involved himself deeply in guilt, must be doomed to infamy by every thinking man. He at first gave testimony and swore to the truth of it, that the late Seetana Row had actually nominated Ramaniah Setanah to be his heir, but after Bavanarain Row had obtained the management of the Zemindary and Venkatachalum had delivered Ramaniah to him, the said Ramaniah changed his note, and has now voluntarily sworn that Seetana Row did not name Chinniah Seetanah to be his successor- It is true that he even has affirmed to Mr. Gordon and myself, that the first oath was not properly taken, because he evaded it by a subterfuge- He did therefore if his last declaration be true go to the Pagoda with the deceitful intention of imposing a falsehood upon Mr. Ram and as far as rested with himself of leading Government

Government into error. The Bramin however who administered the Oath to Ramaniah the first time, assures me that he was properly sworn and that no such subterfuge as he alleges was made use of. so that I must conclude that he has both incurred the guilt and penalty of perjury, and that his evidence ought to be totally rejected. It is lamentable to reflect that if this man, suspected by his Priest had tasted a drop of pure water from an unhallowed Vessel he would have become an outcast from Society, whereas this most evident perjury would perhaps be passed over by his acquaintances and obtain him favor and reward from his Master.

To

Mr. Andrew Scott Collr. at Guntoor

Dated Fort St. George 3d November

No. 2.

× × ×

Para 4. It is the Board's intention to recommend to Government that Akkaravally Ramaniah who has been guilty of direct and wilful perjury shall in the first place suffer corporal punishment and that the words "Sappen Satiya Padu" or such other words as in the Current local language of Guntoor may concisely express the nature

of the crime shall be marked on his forehead by the process by which the Hindoowomen ornament their faces and which leaves a blue mark that cannot be effaced without tearing off the skin.

From

Mr. A Scott Collector

To

The Board. Dated 20th April 1801.

× × ×

I never was before in any situation where the Native public Servants seem in General to have acted with so little fidelity though there may have been some exceptions.

From

Mr. Hudson

Acting Collector 17th July 1807.

On the death of Mr. Smith.

Reported the existence of frauds in the Investment and Sale which were examined by Mr. Jarrett and attributed to the intrigues of the Athoor Venkatachalum some of whose relatives were employed in the Salt Department who were discharged. After this many Petitions were presented to the Board accusing the present Establishment of the Collectorate of having caused all those changes they themselves being at the time speculating on

on their own account - The Board agreed with Mr. Jarett, but remarked on more than one occasion on the warmth with which he defended his servants one of whom was accasamanate Nursiah -

Extract from a letter to the Collector in the Zillah of Guntoor, Dated 10th May 1810 -

× × ×

Under this impression and be=cause the Board are satisfied that con=siderable abuses actually exist in the Salt Department in almost every District - they deem it right to recommend and the en=closed representation to your serious attention although coming from persons who are under the imputation of being engaged in an in=trigues to serve their own purposes -

× × ×

30 -

We have no reason to believe that the revenue administration of Guntoor was ever more exempt from abuse than at the present period, if there be any circumstance which might tend to weaken that belief it is the singular warmth with which on two different occasions the conduct of the public servants has been defended by Mr. Jarett, for it

it manifests, at the least, also unreserved confidence where mistrust ought never to be excluded -

At last, when Mr. Jarett left the District and Mr. Robertson came to Act= soon after his arrival an embezzlement of pub=lic money by the Treasury shroff was discovered brought to notice by Tandumby Seetaramoodoo Cash Keeper and Tandumby Sutchmeenar=rain Head of the Collector's Office - These men however appearing to know more of the transaction than they chose to tell, were sus=pended -

From Coll. 9th February 1811.
From Coll. 17th February 1811.
From Coll. 21st Feby. in Cons. 29th February 1811.

Shortly after Mr. Robertson & seized the papers of some of the Head ser=vants reporting as follows -

"I have the honor to acquaint you that on monday last, I deemed it neces=sary to seize all the papers which could be found in the houses of the following individu=als being public servants of this Cutcherry Viz.t S. Lutchmeenarrain Accountant, Kistnadoss Narrain Row Diary writer, and Condamoody Kistniah Superintending Darogah of the Arrack Farm. I shall only say here that the result satisfies me of the expediency of the measure altho' I can have no doubt that the first named persons were prepared for the

the measure, as on a cursory examination of the papers (especially S. Lutchmeenarrain there do not appear to be one scrap relating to his own private affairs, but of what there is abundance to shew the very improper influence Lutchmeenarrain had obtained in corroboration of these two people being prepared, I must state that last night a Duftrum of papers was found in a large Tank close to Narrain Row's house, Lutchmeenarrain's is also very near) and were immediately brought to me - most of the papers are entirely illegible, but there are more than sufficient to satisfy me that they were papers belonging to this man and others of the Hoozoor Cutchery. I enclose a bit of one of the papers to shew your Board the state they are in -

It would appear that this man Narrain Row must have concealed these papers some time back (for he knew there were complaints against him and that I very much suspected his conduct (and on the night of the day that I had seized those that were found in his house; he took them from their concealment and put them in the Tank; it may be proper that I inform your Board that

8 Enclosures No. 3 in a letter from the Acting Collector 21st in Cont. 28th February 1811.

that this man Narrain Row is the nephew of Ko. Davarow the Salt Sarradar at Chinna Ganjam (but who is at present Acting Record Keeper) and Condamoody Vencatadry is acting in his situation at the Cotaurs - This man again is the brother of the person I have suspended, Viz: the Superintending Darogah of the arrack Farm who has also two nephews as Darogahs in the Motursha Department - In fact most of the responsible situations are filled by relations of Lutchmeenarrain - Christniah, Narrain Row and some others of the Hoozoor Cutcherry - A list shewing this should be furnished hereafter - What I have now stated will however I hope be sufficient to satisfy your Board of the necessity of an immediate reform in this particular -

I have already found matter sufficient to induce me to think that most of the Hoozoor Cutchery Servants are implicated I shall not however take any immediate steps against most of these persons as I can easily believe they were the mere tools of two or three of the Head Servants -

One of the Enclosures being the evidence of one Body Vencanah stated as follows regarding the draft of a paper accusing

Mr.

Fort St. George 7th January 1817.

Mr. Robertson found in S. Lutchmeenarain's house. "I now beg leave to inform you that I came from my Country having been reduced to a very deplorable condition for want of Employ at any place and being in want of food and Raiment. I laboured under great hardships and was attending upon Tandunky Lutchmeenarrainappah. Some time ago he privately called me, made me, to take many oaths and then informed me that from the time he came to this place matters were conducted according to his wish in all respects. that Mr. Robertson is now acting Collector there a man by name Subbiniss Casava Row came and entered under him and does not let him properly hearken to his (Lutchmeenarain's) words that measures must be taken to make both of them go off from this place that to this end, they would frame and &c. make out a Muffaseda or Rough writing and that I should draw it out in my own hand writing accordingly. he would grant me great employment and so after making his promise for that purpose It is customary that when a man is in want of food and Raiment the Head obliges

Fort St. George 7th January 1817.

obliges him to commit even Roguery as he has promised to maintain me for my doing so above and as in the event of my not attending to it he having acted as sole manager. like Collector might on my account have taken away the Bread of my Brothers who are in some employment of inferior nature under the Company. I therefore acted according to his desire.

Sincere Collector 25th July 1811.

A few days afterwards Mr. Robertson sent in the following Charges &c. against S. Lutchmeenarain-

1st For being connected with other persons, public Servants of the Collection in Embezzling large sums of Money from the sale of the Salt at Chinna Ganjam and in other ways.

2d For receiving sums of money from Zemindars on different occasions for corrupt purposes.

3d For receiving sums of money from the Inoterpha Department.

4th For receiving sums of money from the Town duty Department.

5 For receiving sums of Money from the Abkary Revenue Department in the same manner as stated in the 3d Charge.

6th 1/2 For swindling by receiving Money

Fort St. George 7th January 181[illegible]

Fort St. George 7th January 1811.

money from several persons promising them certain situations and after receiving the money failing in his engagements.

7th For compelling the Hoozoor Cutcherry Servants and others of the Establishment to pay out of their allowance small sums for what he denominated charitable purposes threatening them with dismissal from the service if they objected."

"From the private letters from the persons implicated, appear to have guessed at my intention so far back as a Year ago for they mention as much and report their being prepared for such enquiry by concealing and making away with the papers."

From Colr 2d in Cons. 7th March 1811.

10. On the 2d March Mr Robertson farther reports the progress of his enquiries.

"There has been such a general destruction of papers that it will take up much time to ascertain with tolerable correctness the actual extent of the peculations and abuses that have existed throughout the whole District. for I am every day more and more confirmed in my opinion that there is a complete combination of the Principal Servants in every Department in the zillah. They own that they have destroyed their principal papers, having learnt from the Hoozoor Cutcherry of my intended enquiry."

To these several communications the Board replied on the 7th March.

(Extracts) "The frauds and embezzlements
2. of the practice of which your letter of the 2d Inst. stant removes all doubt, requires much laborious and vigilant care to develope so completely as to form the grounds of a lucid report.

For this purpose it is indispensible that you should be armed with full authority over the public servants and the Board accordingly authorize your suspending or removing any of them and entertaining others in their room whenever you may consider the measure calculated to assist your investigation and therby promote the public Service."

x x x

"The correspondence of Mr Garrett with the Board on the subject of the proposed prosecution of Attoory Vencalachalum and also on the alleged abuses in the Salt Department, will make you acquainted with the existence of much malevolence and party Spirit

spirit among the Natives, who were formerly in the Collector's employ and those subsequently entertained to their exclusion. A knowledge of this circumstance will of course put you on your guard against too easy a belief of whatever may be urged by one party against those of the other at the same time there can be no objection to your taking advantage of this disposition in order to discover abuses. Indeed it is proper that you should do so, because it is the one most likely to succeed and facts once well established cannot be altered by the motive that may have led to their detection."

From Sec.t Govt. 11th March 1811.

11. A demand was issued against the Head of the Office T. Lutchmeenarain for Rupees 11000 and on his failing to satisfy it he was committed to Bunder Jail. "Finding material obstruction" Mr. Robertson proceeds "to the successful prosecution of the enquiry from the boasts of this man, amongst others that his retaining his influence with the Master Attendants & your Board will not be surprised that credit should be given to the assertions on recollecting what has formerly occurred in this Circar Genl."

12. Soon after Mr. Robertson reports the attempts made to counteract his proceedings

proceeding, stating with reference to Ackalamanah Nursiah that he "Advises the servants to deny the truth of the Accounts delivered to me, by asserting that they were prepared in consequence of the most offensive conduct on my part, were entirely false &c." and that two of them (Coolee Nursiah and Vellaty Kistnamah) should proceed to the presence of Mr. Garrett who had directed the same in order to lay their deplorable case before him and get redress."

From Coll.r of 7th in Lr. No. 20 of 2nd May 1811.

13. On the 9th. May he continues his report. "The complete combination of the whole of the public Servants in a variety of speculations in every branch of the Revenues in the Zillah (a charge which I assure you Board I do not make on light grounds demonstrates that nothing but a casualty (not to be foreseen) could possibly bring them to light, and to circumstances attending the discovery of the Hoozoor Shroffs delinquency alone do I attribute this lucky disclosure which has rescued the Honorable Company's Revenues in the Zillah from a course of depredations that might have continued for an indefinite period. for although the succession of a new authority

authority might have led to such a consequence yet the circumstance of the same public servant remaining and retaining their situations with doubtless a strong recommendation in their favor for their supposed honesty and ability renders the probability of such happening very problematical."

× × × × × ×

"2ndly" "If the genuineness of the accounts (Letter **B**) can be established the point at issue is gained. After premising therefore that I have discovered an infamous intrigue the authors of which are I believe the two suspended Servants S. Lutchmeenarain and Akoolamanaly Nursiah) to induce those individuals on whose evidence on this point much depends to swerve from the declarations which they have presented to me" Vide.

× × ×

"Nursiah is said to be a man of large property the produce of his speculations (principally in the Paulrad where he is the Chief actor) As I understand he had been guilty of malpractices when in the Collectors Cutcherry at Masulipatam

Masulipatam. I applied and obtained copy of a letter from Mr. Oakes when Collector at Masulipatam to the then Board of Revenue which fully confirms the fact Enclosure **M** in transcript of the same and this circumstance leads me to remark upon the misfortune of no book containing the names of Revenue delinquents being kept in the several Cutcherries to mark these people (and if I do not mistake your Board some time back directed its being done) as it is the facility with which these delinquents get into employ again that encourages them in their criminal conduct. Were it once understood that such a book was regularly kept (or rather excluded from employ) might have a most salutary effect."

Enclosure **M** above referred to From Mr. Oakes Collector Masulipatam to the Board dated 9th June 1798.

14.

I was duly honored by the receipt of your letter directing that if the servants of the late Cutcherry who had been convicted of

of having receiving various sums from the inhab=
=ants of Purgunnahs in this Division. had no
already been removed they were immediately to
be dismissed from Office, their persons put in
confinement, their names reported, and the a=
monthly salary they received together with my
opinion as to the other punishment that may
be best calculated to check a proceeding
from which the Public Revenue has in
spite of the many examples that have been
made so long and materially suffered.

On the receipt of the foregoing
orders I confined in the Cutwalls Cutchery
the persons of Baljapilly Ramiah Munsiah
the Translator in the Cutchery at 25
Pagodas per Month Yes.

"An active control and
indiscriminate punishment are the most
effectual means to prevent such mal=
=practices but the nature of the punish=
=ment must be determined from their
general character. A breach of trust
among the natives excites no self re=
=proach. They submit to personal
Restraint

Restraint with a composure truly philosophic
and while property is untouched their patience
is not easily exhausted - Suffering under confine=
=ment and the Indignity that accompanies
it they place to the account not of guilt
but of ill fortune and are resigned to wait
the lucky day which is to restore their liberty.
In the absence therefore of all moral check
punishment should be directed against the
prevailing passion an intemperate thirst
of gain which leads astray from recti=
=tude and ought to extend beyond mere
restitution - With these ideas and being
well persuaded that the persons above
mentioned would not remove from the
reach of your authority - I required as
a condition of their releasement, that they
should pay to the Treasury besides the
full amount of their improper receipts
from the Purgannahs a sum of money
as a security for their appearance to
meet your ultimate decision and as some
small recompence to the Company in Case
it were determined to commute their
punishment

punishment. In the full belief that the fine I proposed would ultimately be le= =vied, they acquiesced and after paying the amount I had proved against them, and which they confessed to have recieved as likewise the sum eventually to be consider= as a forfeit, they were severally liberated."

From Coll.r 15th June 1811. inclos. 21st —

15.

A further report regarding abus= in the Treasury contains the following-

"And here I cannot avoid the remark of the general con fusion* which exists throughout the whole Depa= =ment of Native Servants in the Zillah and purposely intended. I have no doubt as by that means speculation is less easily detected."

16.

From Mr. Robertson's letter to the Board Dated 20th August 1811.

Mr. Robertson's account for the little success of his enquiries into the mal= =versation of his servants-

From the interest he retained in the District through his numerous relations

* The Head Native servant Sutchmeesar= =naiah assisted.

no less than 26 in number distributed in every department, from a fellow feeling in the old servants towards him most of them being sharers in his speculations, from an extraordinary com= =bination of other circumstances in his favor, and lastly from my temporary appoint= =ment and an expectation hereafter - I have found myself grossly deceived in the pro= =fessions of the Servants of this Cutcherry (for I removed but a very few of them) who dis= =playing outwardly a wish to assist the in= =vestigation have actually endeavoured to thwart and impede it, as will appear by a notice to them of which enclosure No 1 is a Copy, and which is sufficiently explanatory as to render unnecessary my enlarging more upon this subject. I have found that unless I held some documentary evidence that every thing is boldly denied by the parties, and from the general destruction of papers the obtaining of such is rendered very difficult."

P 4:

All the situations in the district are filled by his relations and those of his friends A. Nursiah, Ke Narrain Row, Ke. Nursiah (the assistant Accountant) Koonda= =moody Kistniah and Soolor Sutchmiah (a list of these forms Enclosure No 2)."

Mr.

Mr. Robertson mentions the discovery of a letter to one of the Town Daro= =gahs on his obtaining the situation on the sub= =ject of his making a present to Lutchmee= =narain, and in which he enumerates several other Darogahs who on their appointment had paid him two months pay as an ear= =nest - I find that shortly after his appoint= =ment in this Cutcherry, he established a Fund for the ostensible purpose of assist= =ing the performance of the usual ceremonies in a Pagada (Gopaulasawmy) at Nasuli= =patam situated in Nizampatak, with which his elder brother Vencata Soorsa was connected and to which he compelled the different native Servants, with the exception of the Peons, and a few others to subscribe monthly and also laid them under yearly contributions for the larger feasts and other charitable purposes. The exact amount that he collected under the different heads of Davadasellos (or 12th day of the increasing and decreasing of the Moon) Soorvaram (or Friday Feast) Chindah) or subscription for yearly Feasts) - Presents &c. I have not been

been able to ascertain, as many servants have denied having paid any thing, several of whom I have since found by the late Sheriffs (Nama= =sevoys) accounts actually did pay the amount being charged from their wages on that ac= =count, and this furnishes another instance of the determination of the Native Servants to deny what they think may not otherwise be detected -

Enclosure No 1 in the above letter.

Notice.

The Acting Collector has reason to be= =lieve, that there is a combination of certain of the servants of this Cutcherry with those Public Servants who have been suspended by him for great delinquency and by which means the enquiry he is now proceeding upon is thwarted and impeded -

× × × ×

He had then reason to suppose, and is now perfectly satisfied that a system= =tic combination of the whole of the Hoozoor Ser= =vants of any rank in the Cutcherry with those in the Mofussal obtained which was attended with the most pernicious consequences to the Circar's revenue. Several months have passed since

since the professions above alluded to were made and to this amount the acting Collector cannot call to his mind that any of the Servants have confirmed them by one single disclosure on the contrary he has reason to believe that information from other quarters has been held back, and that on any of the Junior Servants shewing a disposition to come forward, that Senior ones have prevented them by improper means - in addition to this it is in the knowledge of the Acting Collector that every occurrence in his Cutcherry and even Extracts of his Correspondence are conveyed instantly to the persons whom he has repeatedly cautioned the Servants to have no communication."

17. From a letter of Mr Robertson to the Board dated 20th September 1811.

Regarding the forgery of a will and the fraudulent succession to the Chittoor Zemindary in the death of Rajah Narasanah Row.

× × × × × ×

P.S. × × in the course of this conference Venkata Kistna Row stated to me that at the suggestion Lutchmeenarain and

and A. Nursiah he had been induced to pay into their hands for my disposal, the sum of 11 Pagodas 2000 at the period when I paid my visit on the occasion of his succession of the Zemindary and that at the same time he paid in Pagodas 1000 to be distributed among the Cutcherry Servants, that subsequently on Mr Garretts return from Pondicherry and when he visited him he was desirous to present a Jewel to that Gentleman's son who accompanied him, but as he had none himself that he thought fit, he had paid in Pagodas 1000 to the hands of Lutchmeenarrain to purchase one for the child, and he concluded with saying that he had paid nothing more whatsoever - On my desiring to know his reasons for not stating these particulars in the first instance, he represented that as the money paid in my name had been returned by Lutchmeenarrain with a declaration that I had never received it, he felt reluctant to be instrumental in that man's disgrace, that his family had never before disclosed transactions of this nature, but that on the present occasion he had

-since the professions above alluded to were made and to this amount the acting Collector cannot call to his mind that any of the Servants have confirmed them by one single disclosure on the contrary he has reason to believe that information from other quarters has been held back, and that on any of the Junior Servants shewing a disposition to come forward, that Senior ones have prevented them by improper means - in addition to this it is in the knowledge of the Acting Collector that every occurrence in his Cutcherry and even Extracts of his Correspondence are conveyed instantly to the persons whom he has repeatedly cautioned the Servants to have no communication."

17- From a letter of Mr. Robertson to the Board dated 20th September 1811-

Regarding the forgery of a will and the fraudulent succession to the Chittoor Zemindary in the death of Rajah Narasanah Row-

× × × × × ×

P. 5. × × in the course of this conference Venkatakistna Row stated to me that at the suggestion Lutchmeenarrain and

and A. Nursiah he had been induced to pay into their hands for my disposal, the sum of 11 Pagodas 2000 at the period when I paid my visit on the occasion of his succession of the Zemindary, and that at the same time he paid Rs Pagodas 1000 to be distributed among the Cutcherry Servants, that subsequently on Mr. Garretts return from Poonamallee and when he visited him he was desirous to present a Jewel to that Gentleman's son who accompanied him, but as he had none himself that he thought fit he had paid a sum of 11. Pagodas 1000 to the hands of Lutchmeenarrain to purchase one for the child. and he concluded with saying that he had paid nothing more whatsoever - On my desiring to know his reasons for not stating these particulars in the first instance, he represented that as the money paid in my name had been returned by Lutchmeenarrain with a declaration that I had never received it he felt reluctant to be instrumental in that man's disgrace, that his family had never before disclosed transactions of this nature, but that on the present occasion he had

had found no means of evading it and in the course of conversation he informed me that he had expected much obloquy from his present confession adding that he had already received hints from some of the Zemindary that it would be improper his owning any thing."

18- From Enclosure No. 1 in the above being a letter from Sadunkee Lutchmeenarrain to Mannoor Venkata Krishna Row the then Zemindar of Chilkloorpad-

"You will destroy both my old and new letters. Give instructions to the Chowky dars to intercept my letters, you will be very cautious in sending yours to me hereafter - Direct them to Narain Row - My letters will be written by other people, but as I shall give my name to the bearers of those letters upon a piece of paper, you will destroy the same when perused - You will adopt the same mode with regard to your own letters, as it will provide against all future troubles though they may happen to drop elsewhere"

19- From Acting Collector 21st July 1811. announces the release of Lutchmeenarrain apah by the Zillah Court gives an account of his history, his power over

over the public Servants, the number of his relatives in employ &c.

Meantime the Board in their proceedings of the 30th May and 27th June disapproved of the mode in which Mr. Robertson had carried on the enquiry and having occasion to censure also the conduct of Mr. Garrett, they recommended a change in the administration of the District. Mr. Oakes was therefore appointed and among the Board's instructions to him occurs the following-

"Of the general fact of the Para. 6- correspondence of the principal Servants against whom Mr. Robertson has proceeded there is perhaps little question, but under the doubts which attach to the authenticity of the accounts, added to the subsequent recantation of the persons from whom they were received, it has been considered to be very questionable whether any legal proceedings with a view to the recovery of the alleged peculations could be successfully maintained."

From Colr. 10th Sept. 1811. From Colr. 22d January in Cons. 8 Feby. 1813.

20- Mr. Oakes transmitted a full report on Mr. Robertson's proceedings the result.

Fort St. George 27th January 1814.

result of which was, that he considered certain of the accounts to be genuine and to substantiate the guilt of the principal Servants.

× × ×

Para 34. "If under the circumstances already stated, you are of opinion that reliance may be placed on the above account I have only now to suggest that demands

	Rs.	a.	p.
Saudumkel Lutchmeenarrain	2000	0	0
Achalamanualy Nursiah	200	0	0
Canepooraboo Nursiah	250	0	0
Woopsala Soobbiah	225	0	0
K. Varadapa Chetty	600	0	0
L. Bapiah	300	0	0
S. Kistniah	25	0	0
Shroff	25	0	0
Sanadar & Peishcar	898	2	0
2 Newesendas	3051	15	0
Measurer	3051	14	0
Total	201	7	9
	10828	6	9

as noted in the margin be immediately made and that in the event of the parties objecting to pay the amount they be committed to Jail to take their trial. it will also be necessary to dismiss from the service Coeporapoo Nursiah my present Accountant - Vardapah Chetty his assistant and Woopsala Soobbiah assistant to the Shenistadar in which case, for the sake of example, I would recommend

Fort St. George 7th January 1814.

recommend that their names be published in the Government Gazette with those of Lutchmanarrain accalamminaty Nursiah, Sauringoo Kistniah and Narrain Row, and that they be rendered incapable of ever again serving the Honorable Company.

Para 36. Should I not have succeeded in establishing the correctness of these papers, still it appears obvious from the correspondence of the Cotar Servants with those of the Hoozoor transmitted in Mr. Robertson's letters, that speculation to a very considerable extent did actually exist and of consequence rendered necessary an entire change of the Establishment.

In reviewing this Paper the Board gave a sketch of the proceedings from the commencement showed how Mr. Robertson had been led away by over zeal to press too far, for individual proofs of guilt and had in the end become the dupe of his own Servants.

Bd's Proceedings 15th Octr. 1813.

"The Board are willing to believe that the proceedings alluded to above originated entirely in a too ardent zeal on the part of Mr. Robertson to obtain correct information respecting abuses which

which there is great reason to believe do exist but which they apprehend that even to attain this end the adoption of such means are not to be justified, they observe with regret that the measures authorized by Mr. Robertson were perverted by his servants Cashava Row Baupiah Chinnah Row to the basest purposes."

Sungay Vencata Row whose seems to have been dependent of Mr. Robertson's head public servants declares, that 4 or 5 days after Mr. Robertson's arrival one of them named Baupiah sent a Circular message to each of the suspected servants that the whole of the servants will be flogged and put in irons, that if he paid any bribe he will not have them flogged but otherwise he would have them flogged then follows a statement of his money paid to Kasava Row and Baupiah to the extent of Rupees 721- of which Kasava Row acknowledged to have received 421 Rupees from Valawatty Kristniah the shroff Venkata Row, the Peon, who delivered the accounts on the 5th of March to Venkaya and others-

21- She Board then observe that

that it has been established by Mr. Oakes enquiries that certain of the accounts obtained by Mr. Robertson were genuine documents-

It may be added that they are not written in a precise and perspicuous manner but in a free easy style and evidently with a view to concealment, the proper names of the Hoozoor Servants are written at full length but the names of the Cottar servants are sometimes not specified at all- Sometimes represented by abbreviated signs composed of initial or other letters of the Telugoo words denoting their official rank and only on one occasion alluded to under the full designations of their situations

+ + + it may be concluded that they were not fabricated like the others at the instigation of his servants-

"She Board adverting to these presumptive proofs and to the strong suspicions that abuses were practised about the period in question, at the Chinna Ganjam Pass, are of opinion that there exist sufficient grounds for a legal proceeding; but they do not consider the proof to be such as would justify the summary process authorized in Regulation

Regulation XXXIII 1802. The obscurity of the papers in question will perhaps render it difficult to establish individual guilt."

22. The Board then authorized Mr. Oakes to recover such portions of the Peculations as have been proved on good evidence and to dismiss the Parties recommended by Mr. Oakes.

23d The further abuses in Palnaud discovered by Mr. Oakes.

From Mr. Oakes dated 20th June 1812.

Mr. Oakes commenced an investigation of the Amuees's Peshcars and Shroffs Account in Palnaud "for every description of Servants" he goes on "evinced a backwardness to furnish me with information. I discovered that the whole of the servants had been in league to defraud the Circar. A few of the inferior Servants less hardened than the rest and less able to bear the scrutiny acknowledged their delinquency urging in excuse that these irregularities were committed to answer the various demands on them. Before detailing the information I obtained from the examination of the accounts I must remark that measures had been taken to conceal them. Some Village accounts were discovered in the houses of

of Inhabitants residing in distant Villages, some were concealed in pots of grain and bags, Nets of Cotton and others were buried. "He then details instances of the frauds and continues in Para 24 similar irregularities to those already stated have occurred in nearly every village in Palnaud 4 Tds" and refers for further details to Enclosures C of his report. From this it is seen that the amount of peculations in 4 years 1216 Rs. 1220 was star Pagodas 4785. 31. 53. At the head of the malversations is accalamanate Punnet the translator, and from the translated papers following the enclosure C he appears to have granted and levied contributions ad libitum.

24. From Mr. Oakes 11th July 1813 (reply to Board's Proceedings on his report of the triennial Settlement of Palnaud) Part of Para 16.

"From the 10th Para to the 24th inclusive of the report I have endeavoured to point out the measures which had been taken to deceive and the success they met with is exemplified by the additional assessment now fixed on those lands which corruption had formerly excluded from the said Book. It will be observed that from all the Villages which I particularized had been collected in addition to the assessment

on

on account of present to the Hoozor and Salook ser-
vants while the expences of the inhabitants under
the head of Grama Kharch were far from in-
considerable, the whole of those exactions being
abolished the renters can now either appropriate
to the improvement of their lands or to the discharge
of their agreements which under the former system
was accumulated to foster speculation. I trust that
the inhabitants now feel confident that no more
will be collected from them than is expressed in
their Cowles and that they have at last discovered
that after having paid the demands of Corruption
the surplus is an inadequate recompence for the
risk they encounter of discovery; for wherever I sa-
tisfy myself that new lands have been brought
under cultivation or old nefariously excluded
from the Circar accounts I have with the utmost
rigour insisted on the full Jeroyetty Tax being
paid, and though this measure may in some few
instances be distressing to the parties concerned in this
culpable transaction, in as much as the Spirit of
corruption is irrecoverable, still do I most conciencitously
believe that the adoption of this mode of Punishment
has rescued many from oppression.

Further intrigues of a similar character will
be found in Mr. Oakes's correspondence noted below.

From Collector 22d January 1813.
From Collector 15th March 1814.
Para 21, 25 and Enclosure C.
Do. Do. 20th March 1814 Enclosure C.
Do. Do. 21st August 1818.
From Mr. Whish 2d June 1823.

(True Extract)
(Signed) Walter Elliot
3d Member of the Bd of Revn

D.

From the Committee appointed to enquire
into the falling off in the Revenue-Basel
Cochrane, Scott and Jones- 21st in Con. 31st
August 1790.

Appendix D.
Extracts from the former
Correspondence regarding
the Village Curnums of Guntoor.

We have also obtained a
more particular information by which it ap-
pears that the actual Collections in some Ze-
mindaries and we believe in all have greatly
exceeded the Revenue which the Company has
received.-

The Committee are also in
Knowledge, that in Consequence of the double
Summabundy the Village Curnums have
kept two Sets of accounts and it has been
represented, the Curnums have been sent for,
and had most of their accounts taken from
them by Zemindaries.-

All Curnums are there-
fore hereby informed that they are to produce
the whole and true accounts of Collections
from the Inhabitants under whatever pre-
tence or denomination such money may
have

have been received, and that the withholding of any part of such accounts will be follo: lowed with dismission from their offi: fices and other punishment.-

To,

The Board 5th August 1794.

Mr. Ram says "the partial enquiry which took place soon after my ar: rival here was sufficient to shew the de desterity of those people in fabricating accounts and how little dependence could be placed on their Statements where in the de account of 18 Villages only there ap: peared a difference of Madras Pagodas 19850. in the account of three years of Fusles 1201. 1202. 1203. between their Statements and accounts obtained from the Curnums of the Villages."

To,

The Board 24th November 1794.

"The inhabitants having "so long laboured under oppression, have "acquired a proportional skill in every "mode of evasion to which I apprehend "the means of detection in the hands "of the Collector are by no means "adequate."-

Letter

No. 105.

Letter from Board of Revenue dated 9th received 17th November 1795.

To

Mr. George Andrew Ram
Collector of Guntoor

× × × × × × × × ×

But you ought at the same time to take into your consideration whether if it had been carried to the expected ex: tent the people could have existed under it.-

We rather apprehend that the practice at the expense of the Circar which enable the Inhabitants to Balance these exactions have gained ground in proportion, as they found the hand of power pelase over them.-

To,

The Collector (Mr. W. Mainwaring)

7th March 1803 Para 5.

The Board desire me to remark that the Curnums being an de Office of the Sircar appointed for the purpose of keeping a faithful record of the lands and produce of each Village it is not Com: patible with the office he holds that he should be permitted to engage in the rent. the Board accordingly desire

desire that the Curnums be excluded from all participation in the rent of the Villages of Palnaud.

From Acting Collector dated 12th October 1816.

× × ×
× ×
× × ×

9. "I regret there are at present no accounts that enable me to ascertain what proportion of the whole balance is due from each part of the Estate and owing to the extreme knavery of the Zemindary Curnums it will I fear take at least 2 or 3 Months to prepare separate account Vcas."

From Collector Mr. Oakes 26th May 1817.

× × ×
× ×
× × ×

States difficulty of getting Village subdivision account from Jagannatha Baboo of his 121 Villages in Guntoor, some difficulty exists with Curnums who are ordered to withhold them and adds. "I must apologize for having in one instance Corporally punished the 4 Curnums of a Village who insisted on their

accounts

accounts having been destroyed by fire. A dozen rattans to each of these men produced the accounts which the Curnums were ready to swear were not in existence."

Concerning the further establishment of Vacated Villages.

From Collector / T. Oakes / 26th May in Cons 5th June 1817. P. 3.

Considering that it was supposed the Court would come to a speedy decision on the claims of the two Baboos it could not but be expected that Natives holding such precarious employment would take every possible opportunity of enriching themselves, while in general Combination to plunder having been entered into will exculpate me from blame in not early discovering the irregularities."

"I have procured from the Curnums the accounts of 73 Villages but not without the greatest trouble, and after repeated threats of punishment, some Curnums declare their accounts to be destroyed by fire, others say they are lost, the Pindarries are charged with taking some, while many Curnums take

Credit.

desire that the Cummums be excluded from all participation in the rent of the Villages of Palnaud..

From Acting Collector dated 12th October 1816.

× × ×
× ×
× × ×

9. "I regret there are at present no accounts that enable me to ascertain what proportion of the whole balance is due from each part of the Estate and owing to the extreme knavery of the Zemindary Cummums it will I fear take at least 2 or 3 Months to prepare separate account &c."

From Collector Mr. Oakes 26th May 1817.

× × ×
× ×
× × ×

States difficulty of getting Village subdivision account from Jagannatha Baboo of his 121 Villages in Guntoor/ some difficulty exists with Cummums who are ordered to withhold them and adds "I must apologize for having in one instance corporally punished the 4 Cummums of a Village who insisted on their accounts

accounts having been destroyed by fire. A dozen rattans to each of these men produced the accounts which the Cummums were ready to swear were not in existence."

From Collector / T. Oakes / 26th May in Cons 5th June 1817. P. 3.

Concerning the Zuftee Establishment of Vacant Villages..

Considering that it was supposed the Court would come to a speedy decision on the claims of the two Baboos it could not but be expected that Native holding such precarious employments would take every possible opportunity of enriching themselves, while there is trust that the circumstance of a general Combination to plunder having been entered into will exculpate me from blame in not early discovering the irregularities".

"I have procured from the 6 Cummums the accounts of 73 Villages but not without the greatest trouble, and after repeated threats of punishment, some Cummums declare their accounts to be destroyed by fire, others say they are lost, the Pindarries, are charged with taking some, while many Cummums take

Credit

credit to themselves, for producing the accounts of a single Fusly.— I must apologize for having in one instance corporally punished the four Curnums of a Village who insisted on their accounts having been destroyed by fire a Dozen Rattans to each of them men produced the accounts which the Curnums are ready to swear were not in existence."—

From Collector 27th March 1821.

Report on Settlement of Paulnaud for 1230 Fusly.—

Para 21. Misappropriation of remissions by Curnums.—

From Collector 10th March 1821.—

Part of Para 21— Notwithstanding I have an account made of the balances due by the Ryots in Fusly 1229 and again desired the Amuneens to be scrupulously particular in ascertaining whether the Ryots were indinidually suffering the distress which was represented I grieve to say that I have discovered that many of the Curnums converted the liberality of Government to their own accounts while others

others inserted the names of their friends as fit objects for remission rather than those whose actual distress rendered it improper to enforce the payment of arrears some Curnums I found had also the audacity to insert sums due on account of Ryots who were reported dead or as emigrated from the country— but who I found on my arrival in Palnaud clamorous to obtain fresh bowles— From those whom I convicted of such unworthy conduct I have collected double the amount they had peculated and have suspended them from their Offices nominating as their successors the late Curnums I also directed the immediate recovery of Rupees 1365- 14- 3. which I ascertained to have been remitted to renters and Ryots on very insufficient grounds, this discovery sufficiently evinces the necessity of the Collectors making frequent visits to different Purgunahs in his district— The recovery of these arrears will put the actual collections nearly on a par with those of last year.—

+ Fusly Rs a-
1228- 1197- " "
1229- 188- 14- 3.
1365- 14- 3.

By.

credit to themselves, for producing the accounts of a single Fusly- I must apologize for having in one instance corporally punished the four Curnums of a Village who insisted on their accounts having been destroyed by fire a Dozen Rattans to each of the men produced the accounts which the Curnums are ready to swear were not in existance."

From Collector 27th March 1821.

Report on Settlement of Paulnaud for 1230 Fusly.-

Para 21. Misappropriation of remissions by Curnums.-

From Collector 10th March 1821.-

Part of Para 21- Notwithstanding I have an account made of the balances due by the Ryots in Fusly 1229 and again desired the Ameens to be scrupulously particular in ascertaining whether the Ryots were individually suffering the distress which was represented I grieve to say that I have discovered that many of the Curnums converted the liberality of Government to their own accounts while others

others inserted the names of their friends as fit objects for remission rather than those whose actual distress rendered it improper to enforce the payment of arrears some Curnums I found had also the audacity to insert sums due on account of Ryots who were reported dead or as emigrated from the country- but who I found on my arrival in Palnaud clamorous to obtain fresh bowles- From those whom I convicted of such unworthy conduct I have collected double the amount they had peculated and have suspended them from their Offices nominating as their successors the late Curnums I also directed the immediate recovery of Rupees 1365- 14- 3. which I ascertained to have been remitted to renters and Ryots on very insufficient grounds, this discovery sufficiently evinces the necessity of the Collectors making frequent visits to different Purgunahs in his district- The recovery of these arrears will put the actual collections nearly on a par with those of last year.-

+ Fusly 1228- 1197- " - "
1229- 168- 14- 3.
1365- 14- 3.

By.

Fort St. George 7th January 1817.

Para 23. By a reference to the accounts of Palmand it appears that nearly one half and in some cases a greater proportion of each Village is inserted as belonging to Mauniums: hars it is also to be remarked that although the extent of each Mauniem is inserted still that the boundary is scarcely in any case laid down, the consequence of which has been the opening of a wide field for peculation on the part of the Curnums. During the expired lease for instance ryots have frequently taken waste lands as belonging to the Circar and after the jungle had been cut and fields brought into a proper state of Cultivation they have been claimed by Manieumdars and their rights supported by the Curnums In many cases I find that a Manieumdars name appears who had never been in the Country and that the Curnums appropriate to themselves the profits arising from the Cultivation. I find also that lands which have not been enjoyed for the last 40 or fifty years have

Fort St. George 7th January 1817.

have been delivered over without any reference to me to claimants who have appeared during the late lease. Unless the Curnums were paid for this derelic: tion of duty it is difficult to account for it. Nothing can however more strongly establish the roguery which has prevailed relative to the distri: bution of Mauneums by the Curnums than that all the Jareeb lands lately brought under Cultivation are inserted un: der this head. It is notorious that these lands are scarcely ever given as Mani: umy but are retained by the Circar as a source which will support the ry: ryots even in a season of general calami: ty. I have accordingly desired the whole of them to be sequestered issuing at the same time instructions to the Au: meens and publishing a proclamation to the like effect that any holder of Jareeb lands is at liberty to come forward and prove his claims (by Summuds or other documents he may be possessed of) to which otherwise it is incredible to believe he is entitled

to

to I have also directed the Curnums to measure all the Manniums and have resolved provided you approve of the measure to fix a tax on all lands whether Cultivated or otherwise this will check further encroachment.

From Collector 2nd December 1822.

Para 4- To bring the Estate into any good order there is a great deal to be done and among the chief as regulating the Office of Kurnum and the attached Enams in some proper way at present the Office in a Village is filled by the whole of the family and the Enam shared by all - The difficulties and delays this is calculated to produce need not be detailed - It will suffice to say that if they find it convenient they put the duty off on each other, in a way to defeat or delay any thing required and some time will not do anything unless the whole amounting in some cases to twenty are present - Thus much depends on the temper and inclination of the Kurnums -

The

5- The accounts again are kept in a most shameful way and are next to useless and in some cases worse, being calculated to mislead. The Curnums intellects have been said, are by no means men of accounts or of the correct clear and fixed ideas of persons of that character and their views of things are in the same degree loose and not to be depended upon - The system is attended with another very serious evil the Enam divided among so many becomes nothing and this makes it necessary to get a livelihood in other ways and those not unfrequently, to the distress of the ryots -

6- It is out of the question to suppose that in granting the Enams originally they were other than service Enams. The division of them has brought about a number of bad practices, roosoums, batta expenses &c &c which would never otherwise have been carried so far as they have been here, Were one or two Kurnums according to the size of the Village to be appointed and they only to have the Enams and the

Office

office descend regularly in the family the improvement on the present practice would be inconmonly great, the accounts would become the business of those appointed as their sole occupation and time and care would bring about regularity and system in them.

7- The next point is that there are no persons here answering to the Monigar or Head man of the Village of the Southward, the Curnums as the renter comes near the character than any other persons but the appointment of [illegible] da Canpoo to the duties required with an Enam and gradually bringing them up to the regular Monegar would be of very great service & more especially as the Curnums have been hitherto all in all, having had no check to their collections of Village expences &c. can hardly be expected to lend their hand with a good will to a system which, by putting them in their own proper station reduces them so much from what they at present are.

/True Extracts/
/Signed/ Walter Elliot
3d Member of the Board of Revenue

E.

E.

From the Committee appointed to enquire into the falling off in the revenue Messrs. Basel Cochrane, Scott and Jones 21st in Consultation 31st August 1790.-

Appendix E.
Extracts from the former Correspondence regarding the Collections of Grama Kurch in the Zillah of Guntoor.-

× × × ×
× × × ×
× × × ×

We cannot trouble you with a detail of every kind of oppression Complained of it being sufficient for us to explain in general terms the grounds upon which our own measures are founded, for which reason we shall only in addition to what has been said mention that universal Complaint has been made of excessive exactions from the Inhabitants of the different Villages, under the name of Grama kurch which seemed to require immediate redress - For us to have attempted to regulate this might have proved only loss of time and labor, for which reason we have abolished it altogether.-

"Complaints having been made of excessive exactions from the Inhabitants under the denomination of Grama kurch

Notice published on the same occasion.-

notice

notice is hereby given that no exaction of the kind is to be paid in future, but that all necessary expenses will be paid by the Committee and the Inhabitants are hereby authorized to refuse and resist every demand of this kind, by whomsoever such demand may be made.

From Chief and Council 30th April 1791.

In the Enclosure A. of his letter the Grama Curch of a number of Villages included in the rents is given. The charges are often heavy.

From Collectors Report on Palnad Settlement dated 18th July 1804.

Para 12. I shall proceed Gentlemen to notice the Village charges a source of great and lamentable injury to the poor and ignorant Ryots and the most material obstacle to the improvement of the Country. I have enclosed a list No 1 of those which it is necessary to continue as well as of those which should in my opinion be abolished. If the former were paid each month by the Circar after being examined and checked by the Collector and the Inhabitants assessed in the succeeding year for the amount in the just proportions of the value of their

produce

produce it would be an inexpressible relief to the lower orders who are at present exposed to the most unwarrantable exactions and to the most unwarrantable extortions under the pretext of the Village charges which it is almost impossible effectually to counteract unless they come under my immediate Superintendence and Management. I know nothing that would so much conduce to the prosperity and happiness of the Majority of the population nothing that would so immediately augment it by bringing back emigrants and so decidedly crush the baneful influence which the Head Inhabitants exercise over the poor and inoffensive Villagers as a reform in these charges, I shall not here go minutely into every item, because your Board will be able to Judge of the expediency of their continuance, or abolition without my occupying your time on this Head, by the enclosure which contains a list of those existing under the present system of management, I hope and trust that my recommendation may meet your sanction and support — to It is to this subject I alluded when I

I said that I should speak in their pre-
=sence place of the practices oppressive to
the people to which I feared the Curnums
were driven by the inadequacy of their pre-
=sent Maumiums to their proper and
independent support. That the Curnums
the Head Inhabitants - the Despondiahs
and most probably the Samuldars who
with great temptation and responsibility
have had but 5 Madras Pagodas a
Month have combined, I have but too much
reason to believe in appropriating to them-
=selves a great part of the profits of the
poorer Ryots under the pretence of
the common expenses. -

+ +

13- I gave when in Palnad the
most positive directions that no money
should be paid by any person on these
or any other account without having a
receipt granted them for every particular
sum mentioning on what account it
was paid, and I also gave instructions
to every Curnum to make a return of
each Ryots produce, and its value ac-
=cording to a form with which I furnish-
=ed them - This I did with a view to
prevent

prevent any oppressions and over exactions -
It was in some measure calculated to -
answer the desired end, and was therefore ob-
=jected to at the time as impracticable,
and notwithstanding my repeated injunctions
has never been complied with - The only
register of receipts which have been trans-
=mitted to me have been those from -
Sunadar to the Samuldars and from the lat-
=ter to the Head Inhabitants for the total
amount of the Kists of their Villages - I
shall therefore have no means of correct-
=ly ascertaining whether the returns of the
Quantity and value of each mans produce
is correct - I have consequently dismissed
the Sunadar and all the Samuldars which
I hope will be a salutary lesson to those who
have succeeded them, when I shall immediately
direct to deliver to each cultivator two
papers bearing my seal and signature of
which Nos. 2 and 3 are forms, and shall
positively enjoin every Ryot to insist that
each payment be regularly entered at the
time of its being made by the Curnum
of the Village in the papers appropriated
to that purpose, and also that the quantity
value, and assessment on his produce

be

be registered in the other papers which will enable every Ryot to see himself at the moment whether justice is done him, and consequently to prefer his Complaint with incontestable proof of its truth, whenever he shall consider himself to be injured and I shall warn every Curnum that those who neglect their duty in these particulars will subject themselves to fine and dismissal from their Office.-

Statement No. 1.-

Particulars of Gramah Khurch or Village Charges.

Items to be continued.-

1. To the Sassildar or Peons employed in collecting the Revenue this charge being induced by the irregularity of the Ryots in paying their Revenue shall be continued.

2. Travelling charges of the Canpoos and Curnums whenever they are absent from their Villages for the purpose of settling the Summabundy &c. this should be continued as it is for the joint Benefit and on the joint account of the Village.-

3. Pay to the Pyguaty peons employed as overseers of the Mayaudaks to be

be continued as the Circar pays the Mayaudaks it is but just that the Village Cavaldary should bear this expense as the safe custody of the Crops is for the mutual advantage of the Inhabitants and the Circar.-

4. Celebration of Jataras or Ceremonies of Village Goddesses and rewards to Jugglers to be continued being a religious institution in which the whole inhabitants are concerned.-

5. Charitable expences these are trifling yet necessary for the relief of distressed travellers and other fit objects of Beneficence and should therefore be continued.-

6. Rufeeums to the Village shroff this being a necessary officer to every person in the Village the Rufeeums should be continued in remuneration of his trouble.-

7. Expences incurred on account of the Bearers of Treasure and letters to the Tuneens or others engaged in the collection of the public revenues. This being a joint and necessary concern of the whole Village should be continued.

So

To be discontinued.

1. Expences incurred on account of different Travellers - This expense is frequently and scandalously incurred by European Travellers and Natives in power not paying for their necessary supplies being abolished as a Village charge the abuse would no longer continue as no one would afford supplies without being paid.-

2. Interest and premium incurred for loans of money contracted for the payment of the Kists, this should be discontinued, as every person wishing to keep up his grain, or other Motives desiring to contract these loans should themselves bear the charge.-

3. Batta charges to the peons bringing summonses to the Inhabitants to attend the Ameens on public affairs this should be abolished as the Ameens have peons on public pay for this and other purposes connected with the revenue.-

4. Allowances to the Motands or Village Soliars when sent on Messages or with letters or parcels to other Villages should be discontinued, as the poor Ryots who now

now bear a part of the expenses can never enjoy any advantage from the services of these people. the persons employing them ought to pay them for their labour.-

5. Nazers and fees to public Servants and others - It is unnecessary to assign any reason for the abolition of this charge, it speaks for itself.-

6. Expences incurred on different accounts whenever any troops halt at the Village - This is also fit to be discontinued as the Officers in charge of Troops should see that every supply is paid for.

7. Discount on the exchange of bad Pagodas rejected out of the Village Revenue - This should be discontinued, the Village shroff enjoys Rusoums and should be responsible for the money he shroffs; at present he has an opportunity of passing bad Money on the Village under the pretence of its being a part of their Kists rejected by the Huzzoor Shroff, and of appropriating the Batta to his own use it is moreover an encouragement to him to introduce bad money into the Country.-

8. It has been customary for the Village to pay the Anchanadars this

should

should at least be a joint expence between the Inhabitants and the Circar as they are employed for their mutual satisfaction and convenience in forming a settlement, and it should in the first instance in my opinion be paid entirely by the Circar and the remuneration in part withheld till the fidelity of their conduct is ascertained by the actual measurement of some heaps indiscriminately taken.

Guntoor
17th July 1805.

/Signed/ D. Crawford
Collector.

From Mr. Oakes reply dated 31st September 1818 the Board's Proceedings on his report of the Settlement of the Minor Estates of Chilkaloorpad and Sathanapully for Fasly 1227.

× × ×
× × ×
× × ×

15. I must now proceed to explain the nature of the Granah Kharch in the Guntoor District the original intention of the collection was I have no doubt to defray the necessary expences of the Village to reimburse the Curnums & and Inhabitants, the expences incurred in either

either attendance on the Collector or at Court, as also in paying batta to extra Manshaldars and Kyledars when disputes arose relative to produce. The collections have always been made by the head Inhabitants and Canpos and distributed by them. I do not however know that at any time there was a sufficient check on these people to prevent their plundering the lower ryots or in fact occasioning balances on the Country by their exorbitant demands. It is perhaps of little importance what may have been the original intention of this collection, it is my duty only to state the purposes to which it is now applied.

From this fund are paid bribes
16. sometimes to the servants of the Collector, but more frequently to the Court while causes are under examination. Manshaldars (land measurers or surveyors) and Kyledars (Grain measurers) are paid to under rate the produce. It also supplies money for inducing Coolies to proceed with troops & when marching who frequently do not receive their hire. Banians have their losses made up to them arising from the same

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

same cause as in every Village there are three sets of accounts one only correct & which is generally kept in some conceal=ed place, the other two false. One is made to deceive the Collector and the Court and the other to impose on the Zemindar the chances are that the Col=lector generally stumbles on the wrong account in this he will find the Gramah Khurch very exorbitant and entered in large sums. When bribes are paid the names of the persons who received them are rarely mentioned. The name of some God similar to that of the person paid is inserted, at other times contractions are entered, and frequently the Curnums and head inhabitants declare their expences to have been greater than was really the case & should any large Amount be required it is at once taken out of the Village Collections and it is in a great degree left to change to recover the Amount. The poor inhabitants are never consulted. They are only told that the money has been paid on their joint account and that they

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

they were consequently to contri=bute their proportion in making good the Circar demands. I cannot more clearly explain the extent of the collections and payments made on account of Gramah Khurch than by furnishing Statement No. 2 which I have now the honor to enclose. It shews the demand on the Village the actual collections realized, the sum paid the Zemindar the balance, and an account particulars of the Gramah Khurch.

Statement

Statement of Rents received
on account of the Duke
for Michaelmas Quarter
Mary at Elm Grove Cottage
Two Months - - - 65 - -
Rt. Hon. The Earl of
Glenmore
Rent to Michs - - - 65 - -
Amount of Property Tax - 18 -
Repairs to Thatch
Roof over the Stable
Sundries 19 12 7½
Carried forward 84 18 -

Brought forward 84 18 -
Glenmore Castle
Estate Receipts
Account of Rents
received by Messrs
Fairbairn & Co
Solicitors
Edinburgh
Rent of Home Farm
Rent of Mill
Rent of Cottages
Rent of Shooting
Rent of Fishing
Rent of Grazing
Rent of Arable Land
Rent of Pasture
Rent of Meadow
Rent of Orchard
Rent of Garden
Rent of Paddock
Rent of Yard
Rent of Barn
Rent of Stable
Rent of Coach House
Rent of Harness Room
Rent of Saddle Room
Rent of Tack Room
Rent of Feed Room
Rent of Corn Loft
Rent of Hay Loft
Rent of Straw Loft
Rent of Chaff House
Rent of Root House
Rent of Potato Pit
Rent of Turnip Pit
Rent of Mangel Pit
Rent of Cabbage Pit
Rent of Kale Pit
Rent of Carrot Pit
Rent of Parsnip Pit
Rent of Beet Pit
Rent of Onion Pit
Rent of Leek Pit
Rent of Shallot Pit
Rent of Garlic Pit
Rent of Chive Pit
Rent of Tarragon Pit
Rent of Basil Pit
Rent of Thyme Pit
Rent of Sage Pit
Rent of Rosemary Pit
Rent of Lavender Pit
Rent of Hyssop Pit
Rent of Marjoram Pit
Rent of Oregano Pit
Rent of Savory Pit
Rent of Tarragon Pit
Rent of Chervil Pit
Rent of Burnet Pit
Rent of Borage Pit
Rent of Comfrey Pit
Rent of Foxglove Pit
Rent of Belladonna Pit
Rent of Hemlock Pit
Rent of Henbane Pit
Rent of Mandrake Pit
Rent of Deadly Nightshade Pit
Rent of Thorn Apple Pit
Rent of Black Nightshade Pit
Rent of Bittersweet Pit
Rent of Woody Nightshade Pit
Rent of Climbing Nightshade Pit
Rent of Trailing Nightshade Pit
Rent of Creeping Nightshade Pit
Rent of Spreading Nightshade Pit
Rent of Upright Nightshade Pit
Rent of Erect Nightshade Pit
Rent of Prostrate Nightshade Pit
Rent of Decumbent Nightshade Pit
Rent of Procumbent Nightshade Pit
Rent of Repent Nightshade Pit
Rent of Reclining Nightshade Pit
Rent of Leaning Nightshade Pit
Rent of Sloping Nightshade Pit
Rent of Inclined Nightshade Pit
Rent of Declining Nightshade Pit
Rent of Descending Nightshade Pit
Rent of Falling Nightshade Pit
Rent of Drooping Nightshade Pit
Rent of Hanging Nightshade Pit
Rent of Suspended Nightshade Pit
Rent of Pendent Nightshade Pit
Rent of Dependent Nightshade Pit
Rent of Contingent Nightshade Pit
Rent of Incidental Nightshade Pit
Rent of Casual Nightshade Pit
Rent of Fortuitous Nightshade Pit
Rent of Accidental Nightshade Pit
Rent of Adventitious Nightshade Pit
Rent of Extraneous Nightshade Pit
Rent of Foreign Nightshade Pit
Rent of Alien Nightshade Pit
Rent of Strange Nightshade Pit
Rent of Unfamiliar Nightshade Pit
Rent of Unknown Nightshade Pit
Rent of Mysterious Nightshade Pit
Rent of Enigmatic Nightshade Pit
Rent of Puzzling Nightshade Pit
Rent of Perplexing Nightshade Pit
Rent of Confusing Nightshade Pit
Rent of Bewildering Nightshade Pit
Rent of Astonishing Nightshade Pit
Rent of Amazing Nightshade Pit
Rent of Astounding Nightshade Pit
Rent of Staggering Nightshade Pit
Rent of Overwhelming Nightshade Pit
Rent of Crushing Nightshade Pit
Rent of Devastating Nightshade Pit
Rent of Ruinous Nightshade Pit
Rent of Disastrous Nightshade Pit
Rent of Calamitous Nightshade Pit
Rent of Catastrophic Nightshade Pit
Rent of Tragic Nightshade Pit
Rent of Sorrowful Nightshade Pit
Rent of Mournful Nightshade Pit
Rent of Lamentable Nightshade Pit
Rent of Deplorable Nightshade Pit
Rent of Wretched Nightshade Pit
Rent of Miserable Nightshade Pit
Rent of Pitiful Nightshade Pit
Rent of Pathetic Nightshade Pit
Rent of Tragic Nightshade Pit
Rent of Sorrowful Nightshade Pit
Rent of Mournful Nightshade Pit
Rent of Lamentable Nightshade Pit
Rent of Deplorable Nightshade Pit
Rent of Wretched Nightshade Pit
Rent of Miserable Nightshade Pit
Rent of Pitiful Nightshade Pit
Rent of Pathetic Nightshade Pit

Sundry Stock
on account of
the Estate
late Thomas Allen
Valuation
Sundry Debts
due to the Estate
Cash in Bank
Cash in hand
Household Furniture
Implements & Tools
Wearing Apparel
Jewellery
Sundry Articles
Total Assets

Debts from Estate
Funeral Expenses
Doctors Accounts
Law Costs
Sundry Debts
Total Liabilities

Net Assets

Stock & Sheep
Valuation
by the Deceased
Cash Account
Sundry Debts
Cash in hand
Household Furniture
Implements & Tools
Wearing Apparel
Jewellery
Sundry Articles
Total Assets

Debts from Estate
Funeral Expenses
Doctors Accounts
Law Costs
Sundry Debts
Total Liabilities

Net Assets

Stock & Sheep
Valuation
by the Executors
Cash Account
Sundry Debts
Cash in hand
Household Furniture
Implements & Tools
Wearing Apparel
Jewellery
Sundry Articles
Total Assets

Debts from Estate
Funeral Expenses
Doctors Accounts
Law Costs
Sundry Debts
Total Liabilities

Net Assets

Stock & Sheep
Valuation
by the Executors
Cash Account
Sundry Debts
Cash in hand
Household Furniture
Implements & Tools
Wearing Apparel
Jewellery
Sundry Articles
Total Assets

Debts from Estate
Funeral Expenses
Doctors Accounts
Law Costs
Sundry Debts
Total Liabilities

Net Assets

Cadwallader Changer
Adam 2 17 6d
Bond " 5 10
Bowling Green " 2 9
Arrested for laying up
the Eastern Association
Clearinghouse " 34
Lewis Lane.
Bolton " 19 5 1537
Exchange: an account
of proceedings to
a Charter for Com-
mercial Law:
= establishment
Exchange: an account of
proceedings on
the Petition
for Amending
the Charter
Bank Note
Engraving
= ing the Notes:
Paid Bills
Bank Notes
Engraving
= ing the Notes:
Paid Bills
Bank Notes
Engraving
= ing the Notes:
Paid Bills
Bank Notes

1119.

Fort St. George 7th January 1819.

Paid batta on account of expences incurred to the Curnums when they have attended at Anjore for settling Jamabundy and for delivering accounts &c.a ... 54 178

Do. on account of expenses for performing the Ceremony of the Goddess ... 1 2466

Do. Charity to the Byragies and Sunnyasses ... 2 1955

Do. Do. for God ... 1 46

Do. Do. for Calender Brasmins ... 1032

By bash paid Carpenters on account of Annual Maumool ... 1 ...

By Do. Village Shroff ... 1 ...

By Do. paid Comsetty boochunah on account of batta or Vuttum of last year ... 1 ...

By Do. on account of expenses incurred for cutting down the Crops of the poor ryots ... 26 35

370 6 12

230 1 28 52

Balance remaining on account of actual Collections ... 181 1826

Guntoor 11th July 1818.

Losses incurred in supplying price &c.a Sundry articles in consequence of their not having been paid proper price 20 1032

Batta paid to the Peons sent by the Darogas to collect provisions Cowd & bullocks &c.a 11 653

43 3153

Paid to the Shaikbad. da Tahsildar ... 3 58

438 16 11

7203 7 67

Balance remaining on account of the Actual Collections ... 57 3053

Do. to Mauroocondul row as per order of the late Zemindar ... 5 ...

314 1679

378 514

Balance remaining on account of actual Collections 1 55

Notes the inaccuracy of the Accounts rendered

(Signed) T. A. Oakes
Collector

(True Contract)
(Signed) Walter Elliot
3d November of the Bd of Rev.

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

To

Walter Elliot Esqr.

Commissioner to Guntoor

APPX F

Translation of a Petition presented by Kotamraz Vencataroydo late record Keeper of the Collectors Cutcherry at Guntoor regarding the state of the Records.-

Petition of Kotamraz Venkata Royadoo late record Keeper in the Collectors Cutcherry at Guntoor.-

I served 35 years in the Collectors Cutcherry After passing through different gradations of Service I was appointed by Mr. Oakes to the Office of record Keeper in October 1816 on the salary of Rupees 35 per mensem.- Two record Keepers were jointly employed in this Cutcherry. A Peon Shekhebuktum was Dufterbund I had a Volunteer under me by name Sirisparapee Narasiah and my Joint records Keeper had Chidella Ramiah under him.-

As the petitioners and other persons constantly courted the favours of the Dufterbunds and the said Chedella Ramiah I entertained suspicions against them and kept a vigilant watch over their conduct of submiss Krishna Row a great favorite of Mr. Goldingham.-

The usual practice observed in

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.-

in this Cutcherry was that whenever applications were made for the attested copies of accounts & other documents they were referred to us (the record keepers) and we furnished the Collector with the Copies of the required documents which being attested by him were delivered to the parties.

Venkata Krishna Row finding that so long as this practice existed, he could not bring his purposes about misrepresented something or other to Mr. Goldingham who whenever applications were made for documents sent orders to furnish him with the accounts &c. and they themselves gave the copies therefore to the parties. With a view to get the records to his house and alter them according to his pleasure he got orders issued to the effect that no Volunteer should enter the record room. Sirisparapee Narasiah a Volunteer & under me proceeded in consequence to Nellore and got a situation under the Sub Collector of the Zillah as the Dufter bounds were entrusted with the keys of the record room, the records were removed to their houses and such alterations as they deemed necessary to effect the purposes of the parties and then they were replaced in the record room. The records were removed from the Office during our absences viz. before

+ Krishna Row & other persons.

tea

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

ten Oclock in the morning and after our return to our houses in the evening.-

These removals and replacings occasioned great confusion in the Records & and the documents were frequently found misplaced. I thought of bringing this circumstance to the notice of Mr. Goldingham but dared not to do so because Venkata Krishna Row and several other persons were concerned in this affair and the former in particular used to misrepresent matters to the Gentleman & whenever complaints were brought before him and tried his best to disprove the charges One day I happening to see Sekhmakkhtoor son of the said Dufter bound in close conversation with two Vaishnava Bramins near the Cutcherry I suspected that they were forming some intrigues and watched over their conduct unperceived. They thinking that I went home opened the Dufteram and took certain papers out of it. I immediately entered the room and asked him why he opened the Dufteram and who were those Bramins. As he did not give me any answer I told him that I would report his conduct to Gentleman The next day a petition was presented by the said Vaishnava Bramins

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Bramins claiming 4 kuchelas of land in Narikelapalli in the Rachoor Talook Upon examining the Documents in the petitioners * Accounts was not able to discover their names in some of them just at that time one Namboory Krishniah a favorite of Venkata Krishna Row sent me word to dispatch the documents & with as little delay as possible. At last I pointed out to the Collector the inconsistencies which existed in the accounts In consequence of my having done this a reduction of 8 Rupees from my Salary and 6 Rupees from that of my colleague was made and another person was appointed to be our Assistant on the Salary of 16 Rupees on the 6th April 1840 I pointed out to the Collector & certain frauds in the Accounts and he in consequence ordered the keys to be taken from the Dufter bounds and placed under Custody.-

For about 8 months after this, no papers were removed from the records. Afterwards at the instigation of Namboory Krishniah a favorite of Venkata Krishna Row my joint Record Keeper practiced all kinds of frauds in respect to the papers on the record.-

Hearing that Mr. Goldingham was-

was to be removed to some other district and fearing that I would report all their frauds to his successor they got me dismissed from my situation and appointed one Moongamoory Chenchoo ramoodoo to my place I presented a petition to the Board which was referred to the Collector but no enquiry was made about it although it is now three years. The Undermentioned persons were concerned in the frauds practised in respect to the records.

Chidella Ramiah.
late Duftar bound Sheikh Adam.
Sheik Baketsoom
Subbiah Venkata krishna Rows
Namboory kristniah.
Abdul Kadar Sahab.
Sheikh Mahammad
Moongamoory chenchoo ramiah.
Bhoga razoo Rama krishnamah
Simma Raz Prakasa Rows
Navoosheroan
Goorala Narasoo
Pota raz Ramaswami.
Zamindars.
Their Vakeels.
Servants both in the Hazoor & Mofussil
Subbiah sadasiva Row Cash Keeper
Vemoganti

Vemoganti Ramadasoo late Moonshee
Vinnakota Venkanna present Moonshee
Bollapraggada annamaraz Deputy to Cash Keeper.
Devarasoo Lakshmi narayana.-
Moongamoori Lakshmi Narsoo & several others named.-

Accounts.-

They likewise removed from the records several accounts kept under the administration of the Zemindars and those under the management of Government after the sequestration of their estates viz. Chittas of every year of every Zana and Village.-

Accounts of sist
Diaries containing the Copies Dumbalas
Some of them were written afresh and others altered.-
Some were destroyed.

Certain frauds were also practised in respect to Agraharams.

With a view to convert several Villages into Agraharams and to set up claims in the Courts for the same they forged Summuds and Dumbalas on old papers. Some of the Court Servants are also concerned in these fraudulent practises.-

They likewise forged deposition in

Fort St. George 4th January 1847

in the name of the absent Curnums as if they had been taken from them by some Ameen and entered them in the diaries containing copies of Doombalas. They forged also Doombalas and accounts.

The Accounts of all the Jamas were altered and Written afresh on the death of Raja Manoor Venkama Row Zemindar of Chilkalooripad the estates of Poolloor and Palaparro were attached and the accounts showing the whole extent of land in all Villages and others were also again written afresh Petaraz Ramaswamy formerly a mud dubgar to the Serishtadar and also favorite of Submais Venkata Krishna Row having been deputed to the Jamas to form the Settlement of Fusly 1250 he in leagues with Devarsoo Lakshmi Narayana made the Curnums to take a copy of the accounts alluded to and formed a fraudulent Jama-bandy The Karnams of every village attached to each Jama are in profession of old accounts which they keep concealed. If you take them by surprize and examine them the frauds alluded to will come to your knowledge

Goodikattee seekee

In the Month of January 1841. It having been rumoured that a committee would be appointed

Fort St. George 4th January 1847.

appointed for this district Sashagherry Row was ordered to proceed to Venoconda Jama to form the Settlement of it contrary to the express orders of Mr. Walsh against giving out documents from the Record Office without Memorandums from heads of the departments Parige Rammunah Assistant to the Sirishtadar and a favourite of Venkata Krishna Row, and also Yetoory Kotiah and Potaraz Ramaswamy obtained many Dufturums containing the Jamabundy accounts and practiced frauds regarding them The Moonshee also got hold of the diaries of the Ameens and Collies of orders and played all kinds of tricks with them.

They were likewise in the habit of altering and writing afresh the Arzis and the depositions &c. which accompanied them These are the circumstances which transpired ever since the Arrival of Venkata Krishna Row in this district. If his friends who hold the situations of Ameens be removed from their Offices and some proper persons be employed in their places, You will be acquainted with the whole affair. Certain arrangements are made with the Curnums not to produce the real and old accounts. If you take them by surprize, You will come to know

know the whole truth. If you send for the Copies of the petitions addressed by the Ameens as well as the depositions and other enclosures and also the Original orders issued to the Ameens, and compare them with the Copies in the Huzoor, you will perceive the tricks they played with them.

As the Zamindars and other influential persons were concerned in these forgeries. It is much feared that the informers of such fraudulent practises will suffer from them. As the frauds of this kind are practised to great excent and as I am an old Servant I bring these circumstances to your notice. Although these facts are unsupported by evidences, yet I hope that you will be convinced of the truth of my Assertions in the Course of investigations.

Alterations are made in the lists of Cumams on the records of the Huzoor.

The Courts are furnished with documents forged in the Collector's Cutcherry.

Parties in the Courts always have recourse to the present record keeper and other persons and get forged documents from them.

Chidella Ramiah and the late Joint

Joint record keeper Nowsherwan are in possession of false seals and are also capable of forgoing Writings. If you send for the said false seals, and place the forgers in close custody the abovementioned Corrupt practices will be at a stand.

In consequence of the forgeries alluded to the original records are not forthcoming. The depositions taken by the Collectors remained with the head Moonshee who in league with Venkata Krishna Row got them altered by Chedella Ramiah whenever they found them contrary to their wishes.

Mahazarnamas &c. taken in the settlements of disputes regarding the boundaries are likewise altered & placed on the records.

As it is known that Government have it in contemplation to introduce survey settlement in this district Coongamooty Chenchoo Ramiah the late record keeper and the present Ameen of Tenali Tana and Tinna Rajoo Prakasa Row the present record keeper Bhoga Raz Ramakrishnama Assistant to the Record Keeper and Nowsherwan formerly record keeper having leagued with the Zamindars made alterations and wrote afresh all the accounts. They likewise got the Cabooleats of the

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.-

the permanent Settlement formerly executed by the Zamindars and altered the accounts of the Deshpondyas upon which the permanent Settlement was formed. They likewise got smoked old papers and wrote the said accounts upon them substituting Savaram lands for dery. If you get old accounts of the Curnums you will find out this trick.-

Frauds are likewise practised in Regard to the Inamyam Accounts. See decree passed by Mr. Beauchamp late Judge in the auxiliary Court in the Month of September 1840 in a Suit No. 50 between Raja Inamon-Ven Kate Hanoomayanah and Ville Ven Kate Sungadhanda People in league with Curnams substituted Inamyams for dery lands. Lands under the irrigation of the Tanks at Bapatla Albeit yielded good crops of paddy but the Curnums Vernacular alterations in the Nirudu accounts to the loss of the Circar Beriz. If you get hold of the original accounts in the possession of the Karnams You will come to know the truth.-

Magistrate records also were forged.-
Sall Accounts of Chunagunjam Cutcherry were also altered
Complains of Krishna Rows Conduct.-
Alterations were made in several accounts.
Several tricks are played with the Accounts
Vernacular in the Rapalley Talook.
Concludes with a representation of his own grievances

(Signed) Walter Elliot.
Esqr. Member of the Board of Revenue

Fort St. George 7th January 1847

Appendix-
G.
Extracts from the former Correspondence regarding the Character and Conduct of the Zemindars in the Villah of Guntoor.-

From Mr. A. Sadlier Chief & Senr. Council
at Masulipatam
To,
The Honorable Major General
Sir Archibald Campbell K.B.
Governor in Council
Fort St. George
Dated 18th January 1789.

+ + +

So far as I can judge from the accounts I have seen of the families of different Zemindars in the Circars I am led to conclude it to have been a Maxim during the Moorish Govern=ment so long as its power preserved any regularity vigour or integrity that a Zemindary once granted by Sunnud could neither be bequeathed by will or divided by the Possessor at least without the approbation of Government.-

+ + +

Equal division of family property does not appear to have been till very lately extended to Zemindaries when the Hindoos might find themselves enabled under a feeble Government and under the imme=diate superintendence of Corrupt and venial Phouzdars or Amildars to set the ordinances of the Government aside and to divide those Districts in which they were

no

no more originally than Collectors of Revenue amongst their Posterity in like manner as they were accustomed to divide personal property - The division of Zemindaries considered in a political point of view will I think be found productive of many instances to shew that the animosity it has generally occasioned amongst the different Members of the families -

x x x

Tho' the limits of the different Zemindaries and the offices annexed to each cannot be exactly ascertained by the Sunnuds above referred to because the same thing appears to have been granted to more than one, they serve I think sufficiently to shew, that a Zemindar is only to be considered as a Collector of the Revenue of a particular District for which a Specific Roosfoom or Commission with Certain Villages or Lands are assigned for his use, and that they can in no instances be said to have been vested with such a Property in their Zemindaries as to authorize them to bequeath, divide, alienate, or alter the original limits of the possession thus entrusted but not granted to them, according to our sense of landed Property a circumstance that I have dwelt the more upon because I believe the contrary had often

often been supposed -

From the Committee appointed to enquire into the falling off in the Revenue - Messrs. Bazett Cochrane Scott and Jones 21st Inst. In Consultation 31st August 1790 -

We published a Takeed of which we now forward a Translation of which having been publicly read in the Cutcherries before the Despondas and a numerous body of Curnums and Inhabitants seemed to give very great satisfaction and induced them to speak more openly than they had done before of the oppression they have suffered from the Zemindars who in an underhand manner both impede the Cultivation and deter the inhabitants from giving us the true accounts of Collections of the two last years of which we may hereafter have occasion to furnish you with more convincing proofs -

While we were engaged a few days ago in the Cutcherries in enquiring into the Complaint of an inhabitant, against a certain person whom he called a renter, and as we could not find that any part of the Circar land had been let at rent by Mr. Hughes one of

the

the Despondies cleared up the difficulty by coming forward and informing us that two Summahlandies had been settled with the Inhabitants Viz.th one for revenue to be paid to the Company and the other for Money to be paid to the Zemindars exclusive of their regular Rufsooms and Savarums- This he publicly declared was known to every person and that it had been the case all over the Circar.-

We were also publicly informed by a Village Curnum that he had been sent for by another Zemindar (Mannoor Nursumma) who took part of his accounts from him & it was his intention to have brought them to this place and by another Curnum that although the issue by Mr. Sadlier providing them protection had been attended to while he remained in the Circar- yet that some who had furnished Mr. Sadlier with information had since been punished by the Zemindars- Under the abovementioned circumstances we lay our account with every kind of Counteraction from the Zemindars in the Course of our investigation of the two last years Collections.-

Minute

Minute by the Honorable Basil Cochrane on the settlement of Guntoor 6th March 1791.-

× × ×

The Zemindars have hitherto been kept in constant apprehensions in Consequence of Mr. Sadlier and Mr. Hughes representing that they thought the Savarums and Roofsooms were enough for their support when they ought to have known that they ever were in receipt of near double of that sum. I wished therefore to put an end to all such source of intrigue by telling the Zemindars that provided that they did not obstruct the present operations of the Despondes they might rest satisfied that Government would place them upon the same footing with the Zemindars of the Masulipatam Circar- The intrigues carrying on to impede the Collections and throw the Country into Confusion rendered such a declaration necessary.-

× × ×
× × ×
× × ×

That the Company were willing to allow the Zemindars and the Inhabitants ample advantages so as to admit of their living Comfortably and happy that Government therefore only wanted to ascertain the Medium real value of the Country so as to enable them to settle a Summahbundy and that so long as difficulties were thrown in the way of the Committee for ascertaining it so long would they be kept out

Crop and being obliged to collect it for themselves from the Ryots might be a great incitement to them to exert themselves in obtaining accurate accounts of the produce and might be expected to make them attend more closely to the settlement of Jummah with the Ryots than either allowing them a Meerasdy in land or a fixed Salary from the Treasury.— x x x

Annual Report for Fusly 1204 and 1205 from Mr. Ram dated 25th November 1794.—

Desmookhs (Zemindars) are to rent their respective Talooks if the Circar chose to let them out to them and pay the Circar as much as as they collected. In case of deficiencies having arisen and that the Circar have on that account taken the Zemindary under amanie then they are only to receive their Russoonis and Sama=runs, and not to interfere in the Zemindary in any manner but as the Circar may direct them.—

There are one or two Despondeahs for each Talook who are to receive accounts of the Village from the Curnum and deliver them into the Circar they ought also to attend on the Cut=cherry and keep Copies of the accounts of the Serista of the Circar and furnish the Circar with every account they may require for which they are to have

have Roosdooms according to Mamool.—

Mazoomdars are to keep accounts of the Jummah (Receipt) from the Talook and furnish the Circar with such accounts as they may require and receive their Rusdooms and Sama=runs according to Mamool.—

x x x

x x x

There is reason to suppose that the Zemindars have accounts of the List fixed on each Village in order to keep which secret from the Circar they shew an account stating it as may be about two thirds lower than real.—

When they have the Collection in their own hands they act as follows— If the Crops come on well they collect according to their private account. If the Crops come on indifferently they receive two thirds or sometimes only one third of their concealed account. If the whole of the Crops be damaged they make an abatement of one third and receive the remainder. If the Inhabitants of the Village are men of property they oppress them by receiving in full when the time of Cultiva=tion approaches they make presents of Clothes &c. to the Inhabitants advancing them Tuccavy and they give them discharges such as they re=quire not to make Demand of the balances from them after the Cultivation has been carried on

of

if the Crops come on very well they set aside the discharges which they had given and Collect the whole from the Inhabitants oppressing them even for the balances.-

If any Sub renter obtains a good produce they receive more than according to their agreement if the produce falls short they tell the renter that no failure shall be allowed in the List and oppress him to pay it. If he be a man of property he pays it. If he be poor they Convert to their own use the money he advanced to the Village and dismiss him from the farm tooking the whole Crop by which the Ryots & Zemindars who rent under the Zemindars suffer greatly. The relations of the Zemindar and people who have attended on them from a long time take Villages on Izzara and Collect out of them as much as they possibly can paying the Zemindars what they demand by way of fortune and thus the Zemindars and their professed servants Continue using direct towards each other. Strangers will scarcely come to be renters under the Zemindars for fear of these difficulties there is scarcely a proper renter in this Circar. There are some persons to accommodate to whom the Zemmndars have given Villages abating part of the List. The Inhabitants of such Villages are

in good Condition.-

From Mr. Andrew Scott Collector.

To Board dated Chercoor 20th September 1800.

× × ×

Para 4 The Ordinary life of a Zemin=
=dar leads too often to diseases both of the body and mind for though there are no doubt ex=
=ceptions few of them are accustomed to any the smallest natural bodily exercise or able at the age of 30 or 40 years to walk a mile while they gratify every sensual appetite from their earliest Youth. When age and bodily infirmities come upon them and they have no longer the same pra[illegible] =quently indulge themselves with the too free use of opium and fall into a gloomy superstition. This superstition which they mistake for re=
=ligion does not make them more just and upright in their Conduct it only induces them to squander away the revenue on those whom they believe to be Interpreters of the will of the Deity and to attach themselves to useless external Ceremonies.-

From the Collector Scott dated 13th November 1801.

to Board × × ×

+ + +

+ 1 2. The Zemindar of Repilly.- Part of Para 6. My opinion of himself as a Manager I am sorry to say is not improved. some recent circumstances having come to my knowledge

knowledge wherein he has shewn himself devoid of all sense of Justice and more likely to oppress and impoverish the Inhabitants than improve his Country if the management were to be given up to him. As he offers Venkatadry Naidoo as Security however his proposal from that Circumstance deserves consideration as I do not know where better security could be obtained I accordingly spoke with Vassereddy Venkatadry Naidoo.-

From Collector 6th September 1803-

Reports Completion of sub division account and the separation of sequestrated portions into small mootahs to ensure a readier sale keeping in view the selection of good and bad lands for each as far as practicable with reference "to the Villages of the Zemindars being so chequered "with each other without foregoing the due Connection "of position." He further advocates the sale being made in lots from the experience that extensive possessions in the hands of the natives of India in particular but too generally cause the ruin of the possessor and the misery of the people. It is indeed fully demonstrated by what is now passing here that the natives of this Country proprietors of large domains and in affluent circumstances committing the charge of their affairs

affairs to Dewans spend their lives in wasting ostentation and slothful ease. Till roused from their unfortunate supineness by the fatal discovery of the destitution to which they are reduced by their agents who with a treachery equal to their capacity betray the master they are bound to secure and oppress the people. Nor is it difficult to trace the origin of this Venality. Holding their places by the unsafe tenure of caprice. subject to all the fluctuations of precarious favor they are prompted to provide for the future by eagerly embracing the present opportunity of merciless extortion." He then enters on a Contrast of the management of small properties derived from his imagination Notices vigorous administration of Vasseredy. which he adds will be altered when he declines in years.-

From Collector 26th May in Cons. 5th June 1817-

4. Before closing this letter I conceive it proper to make you acquainted with the circumstance of Pedda Bamboo's total inability to manage his own Country. In conversing with him relative to the District he evinced a total want of knowledge of revenue affairs when I spoke to him regarding his cause

in

in the Court he was as ignorant on the subject as if he had no concern in the issue of the Courts proceedings.-

+ + + Alluding to his Mother She has made over the entire management of the Estate property &c. &c. to one Subnevis Autunnah who if he is not very unlike his brethren will make her and her son severely suffer for their credulity. I am credibly informed that my letters to the Zemindar are frequently sent to this man unopened that he may dictate a reply.-

It cannot but be regretted that the period has arrived in which a large proportion of this once flourishing Zemindary is to be ruined, for this must be the natural consequence of the Country being in possession of a weak man.-

Letter from Mr. T. A. Oakes.

Dated 12th November 1818.-

Para 10. It is frequently the case that natives born to affluence devote their juvenile days rather to the pursuit of pleasure than to the acquirement of knowledge which would on their becoming of age preclude the necessity of their dependence on interested managers such has been the unhappy fate of Pedda Bamboo whose

whose ignorance of his own affairs is truly lamentable. He is now at the mercy of one of Subnevis Autannah who has removed from the dwelling of the late Vajeeravelly the silver and gold pillars which once ornamented that mansion nearly the whole of the Jewels both of Pedda Bamboo and of those which he plundered from his Mother Veerammah are now in the Custody of Authannah at Masulipatam together with the late Vajeeravelly's Crown which was superbly decorated with precious stones."

From what follows I am inclined to believe you will agree in opinion with me that Autanah to carry into execution his designs would not hesitate at the commission of any crime.-

This relates to a forgery of the Baboo's signature by Autana which Mr. Oakes discovered.-

From Mr. Oakes 11th July 1819.

Report on Mulrauze Estate.

29 The blind policy pursued by the Zemindar in the formation of his settlements is truly astonishing he would for instance encourage dissensions in a Village that one party might outbid the other, he would also rent out the land

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

land on short leases to strangers who would harass the Ryots to such a degree as to make many quit their homes. It was a constant practice to insert in the agreement the quantity of land made over in rent so that if the Crop proved good nothing was more easy than for the Zemindar to increase the tax on the plea that there was an excess quantity of land which was shortly established to be the Case by the Zemindar sending his own Mafsha tdars with his own Puggum to decide the question.—

30. In years when the Crop is proved equal to the Zemindars demand the unfortunate ryot was by no means permitted to enjoy the fruits of his labour for during a prosperous season nearly the whole Crop was taken on account of arrears and the Ryot left only sufficient to keep himself and family from starvation.—

31. My information is still very limited as to the actual State of prosperity formerly enjoyed by the inhabitants and the misery which has been gradually increasing on them ever since the introduction of the permanent settlement. I however observe that many poor Ryots who have a single plough only and but a brace of bullocks have been burthened with a tax which in more affluent

circumstances.

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

circumstances they paid, and though over assessment had been the cause of their means being reduced this circumstance never weighed with the zemindar for he annually added to his demand the arrears due on the cultivated ground. The wretched inhabitants thus overwhelmed with arrears they could never discharge, lost all energy and loathed their employment under the knowledge that no exertions they were capable of could ameliorate their conditions, they ploughed because their forefathers did so and because their habits and Customs had rendered them unfit for any other occupation.——

32. In refutation of the opinion which I have expressed relative to the distresses to which the Ryots are subject to under a Zemindary it may be said that there are Courts of Justice to protect them, this may appear plausible enough in theory but in practice it is absurd. No poor man can afford to prosecute a rich one and subject himself by delay alone incapable of carrying the prosecution to a close, besides perjury is so common, witnesses so easily attainable that it would be madness to seek redress by a Judicial process this is so well known to the Ryots that they submit patiently to oppressions

From Collector 14th June 1826 / Mr Whish /
Para 15. It is hardly credible the little confidence that exist between the Zemindars and his Managers / not that I confine my remark to those classes / to these parts and in my opinion the visible difference under the operation of the regulations has been in the increase of that want of confidence and it appears — time further that it will continue to increase for a time at least / True Extract /

/ Signed / Walter Elliot
Secy. to Govt. of Fort St. George

1148 — Fort George

11th January 1847.

Number.	Names of Zemindaries Talooks	Rooftrees or Names of Manekas Row	Rooftrees or Names of Manekas Sayer	Money allowed Zemindar. Peishcush	Total Charges	Village arrears in Villages	Total Gross receeipts	Average of 7 years Average of Column 18	Average of Sayer	Total
		11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
		Pags.	Pags.									
1	Bhavannah Row	2	3,327	967	4295	6305	39183	42	406449	5806 4	524	58608
2	Seetannah row Do.	20	3031	539	3570	2472	30788	23	329369	47052	524	47597
3	Nursunnah row Do.	25	12164	723	12887	13040	46405	54	490975	70139	524	70683
4	Veneatasem row Do.	7	11693	653	11747	7273	41814	104	39799	56457	524	57001
		54	28,258	2883	32570	29092	158192	223	1621993	231713	2178	233891
5	Vajea reddy Veneat of Chentalapur	28	8169	1211	9575	12168	94928	"	992868	141838	3322	145160
6	Goondah row	6	"	699	954	9256	28253	"	277447	39635	2003	41639
7	Veneata Goonda	29	"	1034	1294	8404	33815	"	289734	41390	2003	43394
8	Kollur Village	8	1352	40	2291	1071	3446	"	38396	5485	"	5485
		82	32730	5840	46558	59994	318635	223	3220441	460063	9508	469571
9	Cranavole Jog	26	62	"	"	"	66	"	678	96	"	96
10	Nababsary		22	"	77	"	77	"	690	98	"	98
11	Guntoor Sayer			6	22	"	77	"	6300	900	"	900
		108	32865	5840	46659	59994	318778	223	3228109	461168	9508	470666
	Sayer											
1	Rapully	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	3812	524	"	"
2	Rachoor	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	3812	524	"	"
3	Chilkalorpaud	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	3812	524	"	"
4	Satanapully	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	3812	524	"	"
		50	"	"	"	"	"	"	15250	2178	"	"
5	Chentapilly	74	"	"	"	"	"	"	23254	3322	"	"
6	Goondah row	71	"	87	647	"	"	"	14026	2003	"	"
7	Veneata Goondu	"	"	306	306	"	"	"	14026	2003	"	"
8	Kollur Village	67	"	306	306	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
		345	32865	"	"	"	"	"	66556	9508	"	"
				560	700	1260	"	"			"	"
				6520	47919	59994	318778	223	3294666	470666	"	"

Granted in Revenue Office April 1846

E. E. for 1. (Signed) Walter Elliot 3d Member of the Bd of Revenue

Statement

1149

Fort St. George

7th January 1847.

No. 2 Statement shewing the annual Beriz and Collections from Fusly 1219 to 1253 of the Vaspreddy Estate in the Zillah of Guntoor.

Item	Number	Fuslies	226 Villages of Chintapelly Talook Double	226 Villages of Chintapelly Talook Collections with arrears	38 Villages of Nuzampatam Circar Double	38 Villages of Nuzampatam Circar Collections with arrears	22 Villages of Vungepoorum Guntoor Double	22 Villages of Vungepoorum Guntoor Collections with arrears	6 Villages of Gallore Double	6 Villages of Gallore Collections with arrears	Remarks
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	
Previous to the Permanent settlement.	1	Average of 7 years from Fusly 1191 to 1197	572,631	572,631	"	"	60,732	60,732	21,941	21,941	534	534	
	1	Ds. of 6 years from Fusly 1203 to 1208 as per Despondes accounts	397,948	397,948	68,132	68,132	30,410	30,292	23,475	22,896	106	106	
Of broken periods for which accounts are forthcoming not exceeding 8 years	1	1219	671,336	611,913	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	2	1220	759,610	757,822	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	3	1221	801,957	799,196	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	4	1222	841,866	837,389	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	5	1223	816,233	819,691	99,586	92,781	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	6	1224	702,227	656,905	84,350	82,227	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	7	1225	611,793	559,793	748,99	84,164	"	"	"	"	"	"	
	8	1226	"	"	51,656	32,308	"	"	27,971	19,511	"	"	
	9	1227	"	"	77,398	78,544	"	"	27,880	9,554	"	"	
	10	1230	"	"	72,375	71,208	"	"	17,605	17,854	"	"	
	11	1231	529,909	513,718	70,260	36,426	"	"	19,611	20,539	715	848	
		Average	716,866	693,428	75,789	71,094	36,345	44,385	23,267	16,864	715	848	
Of 10 years account.	1	1232	534,105	474,924	85,395	75,307	36,345	44,385	23,267	16,864	715	848	
	2	1233	573,927	582,395	81,829	76,003	39,541	27,881	19,311	7,348	820	804	
	3	1234	648,706	646,053	75,676	69,442	40,840	40,563	29,791	30,807	820	804	
	4	1235	633,498	588,642	104,678	83,331	38,527	45,827	28,830	28,275	897	664	
	5	1236	639,107	611,942	96,610	105,976	47,142	39,520	17,714	17,776	833	837	
	6	1237	617,447	585,745	83,672	95,622	47,224	43,964	23,903	21,691	770	936	
	7	1238	537,911	456,812	74,789	86,113	41,387	43,832	21,684	22,285	650	675	
	8	1239	548,720	539,292	74,081	74,977	34,621	33,090	12,479	13,860	653	653	
	9	1240	530,139	422,832	88,729	79,004	34,412	36,779	19,978	20,353	695	605	
	10	1241	486,699	392,616	82,327	94,291	38,778	24,588	20,821	16,831	736	536	
		Average	575,026	530,125	84,479	83,707	30,818	30,409	21,587	14,958	751	751	
		Average of 21 years	638,066	602,704	80,900	78,513	39,329	36,645	24,610	19,418	762	736	
Of 12 years accounts.	1	1242	415,547	262,527	54,994	31,989	39,058	37,349	22,083	18,689	758	746	
	2	1243	387,187	277,439	53,913	29,256	32,452	16,665	5,965	4,533	761	574	
	3	1244	299,492	149,733	67,955	45,960	28,459	20,029	11,717	10,403	779	33	
	4	1245	266,299	230,352	49,824	43,467	23,791	10,703	6,445	5,160	810	62	
	5	1246	256,388	248,619	30,841	28,420	20,628	14,479	10,650	9,817	801	26	
	6	1247	249,810	262,329	36,183	34,463	22,225	18,598	15,963	11,554	61	65	
	7	1248	324,345	305,840	42,470	44,996	18,627	24,612	10,585	13,563	174	97	
	8	1249	298,532	331,231	75,799	50,275	24,177	24,832	34,748	13,133	147	207	
	9	1250	299,650	317,084	42,567	69,270	23,836	22,374	10,726	13,327	180	135	
	10	1251	289,140	274,775	58,427	52,775	22,276	25,042	13,955	15,257	161	237	
	11	1252	296,993	268,258	42,162	58,238	24,690	18,845	7,636	9,210	335	351	
	12	1253	263,136	235,564	44,519	52,434	22,267	19,344	10,819	9,722	361	373	
		Average	303,877	263,646	49,971	45,629	20,769	24,086	5,709	6,046	385	399	
		Average of 33 years.	504,390	467,081	68,102	64,906	23,433	19,217	14,801	10,560	410	213	
							30,906	27,889	17,338	14,937	577	468	

Commissioner's Office 14th April 1846.

E. E. &c.

(Signed) Walter Elliot
3d Member of the B. of Rev.

Items

1150

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Of 12 Years Account under the Management of the Collector.

Items	No	Fasslies	Vincondah & Bellum-condah 231 Villages		Rachoor 88 Villages		Ganekapand 4 Villages		Remarks
			Double	Collections with	Double	Collections with	Double	Collections with	
		1254							
	Average		278,701	246,487	171,509	137,002	977	947	
1		1242	259,925	127,492	166,767	84,204	1138	643	
2		1243	158,655	90,331	123,957	66,055	463	195	
3		1244	139,554	85,825	102,531	31,484	408	124	
4		1245	113,851	90,911	89,986	68,752	432	178	
5		1246	103,813	97,458	92,295	84,429	482	218	
6		1247	123,951	115,519	86,377	74,240	332	325	
7		1248	135,041	132,593	88,541	83,990	488	396	
8		1249	176,217	163,474	112,662	101,613	717	735	
9		1250	176,263	167,974	112,489	103,485	873	837	
10		1251	178,999	170,996	120,769	95,176	947	942	
11		1252	161,875	150,730	113,102	99,727	1,042	1,030	
12		1253	156,419	140,659	108,051	67,556	958	940	
	Average		157,047	127,830	109,794	80,059	690	547	
	Average for 42 years		301,330	266,652	156,780	128,473	967	882	

Commissioner's Office
14th April 1846

E. E. J.t

Signed / Walter Elliot
3d Member of the Board of Revenue

Statement

1151 [illegible] Feb. 22 George 4th January 1824.

Statement showing the annual Collection from Tithes from 1812 to 1823 of the Glebelands stated in the Schedule of Lands.

Acreage 79.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	1242	15-35-21	5-9221
	1244	17442	49776
	1245	10936o	76661
	1246	9o'16'	79,853
	1247	9672	9,'56o
	1248	10'849s	10'6124
	1249	12,4goo	12'6729
	1250	12,422	13'836o
	1251	12,9062	10,9518
	1252	12,0347	9'8047
	1253	12,2207	74,434
	Acreage	11'8338	9'1028
	Acreage for 37 years	17,9,552	15-8728

Common Seal of the Collector.

Examined and Passed by the Board of Revenue

Common Seal of the Collector of Tithes

Examined and Passed by the Board of Revenue

1 2 3 4 5 6	1238	12'1-9	2'6677
	1237	5'12'79	2'17'907
	1238	2,9,'16	1'93'17'
	1239	2,065-87	2,19035
	1240	2'17'0'83	1'8'15-
	1241	2,'67'9s-	17'728s-
	Acreage	2,'11s-66	19'79'1
	Acreage for 25 years.	19,9,'86	1'8'5-16

Examined and Passed by the Board of Revenue

7 8 9 10 11 12	1230	19'4-5-26	1'89'186
	1231	19,'432	19'0440
	1232	2097'02	19'469'4
	1233	19'708	2'07'89
	1234	19'2'893	19'2233
	1235	19,'9'9'4	1'87'132
	Acreage	19,'6'471	1'86'628

Examined and Passed by the Board of Revenue

Common Seal of the Collector of Tithes

Examined and Passed by the Board of Revenue

1 2 3 4 5 6	1236	12'81-9	2'6677
	1237	5'12'79	2'17'907
	1238	2,9,'16	1'93'17'
	1239	2,065-87	2,19035
	1240	2'17'0'83	1'8'15-
	1241	2,'67'9s-	17'728s-
	Acreage	2,'11s-66	19'79'1
	Acreage for 25 years.	19,9,'86	1'8'5-16

Examined and Passed by the Board of Revenue

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	1242	15-35-21	5-9221
	1244	17442	49776
	1245	10936o	76661
	1246	9o'16'	79,853
	1247	9672	9,'56o
	1248	10'849s	10'6124
	1249	12,4goo	12'6729
	1250	12,422	13'836o
	1251	12,9062	10,9518
	1252	12,0347	9'8047
	1253	12,2207	74,434
	Acreage	11'8338	9'1028
	Acreage for 37 years	17,9,552	15-8728

Common Seal of the Collector of Tithes

Examined and Passed by the Board of Revenue

Examined and Passed by the Board of Revenue

Fort St. George 7th January 1847

No. 5 Statement shewing the Annual Peiz and Collections from Fusly 1214 to 1253 of the Sathanipully Estate in the Zillah of Guntoor.—

Villages. 80.

Items.	Number	Fuslies	Dowle	Collections with arrears	Remarks.
		1	2	3	4
			Rs.	Rs.	
Previous to the Permanent Settlement	1	Average of 7 years from Fusly 1191 to 1197	2,20,017	2,20,107	
	1	½ of 6 years from 1203 to 1208 from Despondas accounts	1,29,080	1,26,715	
Current Accounts	1	1214	1,27,136	1,27,136	
	2	1215	1,70,016	1,70,016	
	3	1216	2,15,835	2,10,715	
Broken but Current Accounts	4	1217	2,14,873	2,14,720	
	5	1218	2,16,332	2,07,662	
	6	1222	2,31,534	2,31,534	
	7	1223	2,55,880	2,55,880	
	8	1224	2,49,751	2,49,751	

Commissioner's Office
14th April 1846

C. C. Fk. (Signed) Walter Elliot
3d Member of the Board of Rs.

Items.	Number	Fuslies	2 Dowle	3	4 Collections with arrears	5	6
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Previous to the Permanent Settlement	1	Average of 7 years from Fusly 1191 to 1197	1,64,716	1,64,716	6,808	6,808	
	1	½ of 6 ½ 1203 to 1208 from Despondas accounts	77,923	76,808	3,422	3422	
Current Accounts	1	1226	139,319	132,928	6,846	6,846	
	2	1227	1,45,721	1,08,847	5,711	5,711	
	3	1228	1,44,983	1,25,612	5,322	5,322	

14th April 1846

3d Member of the Board of Revenue

Statement

	Damage for 1844 cont.	12169	10709	4959	4257	
1	1244	95238	32995	1922	257	
2	1245	—	—	1903	1916	
3	1246	85169	77854	2135	1968	
4	1247	87683	67680	2120	1744	
5	1248	95150	91183	2017	1436	
6	1249	103846	92632	2365	1474	
7	1250	97056	99157	2172	1430	
8	1251	94471	72865	2340	1024	
9	1252	95390	89183	2307	1320	
10	1253	93818	52131	2321	873	
	Damage	94202	76198	2149	1334	
	Damage for 28 Years	121173	102038	4337	3603	

Copy of Clear account under the Management of the Commissioners of Sewers for the Tottenham Division for the year ended 1846

1	1237	133027	117516	5295	5142	
2	1238	133571	90153	5246	4199	
3	1239	129736	114297	4702	4859	
4	1240	127364	104435	3372	2301	
5	1241	125987	104219	4351	2605	
6	1242	122615	64584	4789	225	
7	1243	120197	76693	5356	367	
	Damage	128928	95925	4744	2828	

Copy of Clear account under the Management of the Commissioners of Sewers for the Tottenham Division for the year ended 1846

4	1229	131673	133575	7198	7198	
5	1230	128345	128163	5195	5195	
6	1231	129167	135176	6320	6320	
7	1232	132908	129315	5196	5196	
8	1233	134557	144648	7110	7110	
9	1234	130715	123970	5920	6254	
10	1235	129643	131159	5673	5834	
11	1236	126318	102056	5663	6181	
	Damage	138205	127032	6067	6159	

Copy of Clear account under the Management of the Commissioners of Sewers for the Tottenham Division for the year ended 1846

115-2		Report for George 7th January 1847				

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

ch the Zemindary Estates under attachment in the Zillah of Guntoor.

Zemindary 333 Villages			Mut
Partly under attachment & partly under Release in the same Fasly	attached for whole Fasly	Cause of attach=ment	Released for whole Fasly
4	5	6	7
Villages	Villages		Villages
22	"	Arrears	323
7	"	Do.	323
293	"	Do. & Minor	172
121	212	Do.	323
293	40	Do.	"
85	40	Arrears	"
248	85	Do.	"
"	333	Do. and Courts	"
"	333	Receipt	"
121	212	Courts	"
121	212	Receipt	"
"	333		"
"	333		323
"	333		323
"	333		323
"	333	Court	323
"	333	Receipt	323
"	333		"
"	333		"
"	333		"
"	333		"
333	"	Under the Manage=ment of the Zemin=dar as per orders from Government & S. C.	"
"	"		"
"	"		"
"	"		"
333	"		"
"	333	arrears and Courts	"
"	333	Receipts	"

Zemindary 323 Villages.			Relly Zemindary 67 Villages			
Partly under attachment and partly under release in the same Fasly	attached for whole Fasly	Cause of attachment	Released for whole Fasly	Partly under attachment & partly under Release in the same Fasly	attached for whole Fasly	Cause of attach=ment
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Villages	Villages		Villages	Villages	Villages	
"	"	"	67	"	"	
"	"	"	67	1	"	
"	"	arrears	67	"	"	arrears
151	"	"	67	"	"	
"	"		67	"	"	
323	"		67	"	"	
"	323		67	"	"	
"	323	Relinquished by the Zemindar himself to the Manage=ment of the Collectors	67	"	"	
"	323		67	"	"	
"	323		67	"	"	
"	323		67	"	"	
"	323		"	"	67	
"	"		"	"	67	
"	"		"	"	67	
"	"		"	"	67	
"	"		"	"	67	
"	"		"	"	67	
323	"		"	"	67	Do. & Arrear
"	323		"	"	"	
"	323		67	"	"	
"	323		67	"	"	
"	323	Arrears.	67	"	"	Under the Management of Zemindar on the part of Govern=ment.
"	323		67	"	"	
"	323		67	"	"	
"	323		"	"	67	
"	323		"	"	"	
"	323		"	"	"	
"	323		"	"	"	

Fort St. George

7th January 1847.

Chilkaloorpad Zemindary 79 Villages

Released for whole Fasly	Partly under attachment and partly under release in the same Fasly	Attached for whole Fasly	Cause of attachment	Released for whole Fasly	Partly under attachment and partly under release in the same Fasly
15	16	17	18	19	20
Villages	Villages	Villages		Villages	Villages
"	79	"		80	"
"	"	79		"	"
"	"	79		"	"
"	"	79		"	"
"	"	79		"	"
"	"	79		"	"
"	"	79		80	"
"	"	79		80	"
"	"	79		80

Fort St. George 7th January 1847

No. 8. Statement exhibiting the results of the Proprietors administration of their Estates as managers on the part of Government prepared from their own accounts rendered to the Collector.

Particulars	Vasreddy Zemindary from 12th August Fasly 1246 to 7th January 1251 about 5 years and 5 Months	Chilkaloorpad Satanapelly Zemindary from October 1246 to January 1250 4 years and 3 Months	Satanapelly Zemindary from Fasly 1246 to January 1252 6 years and 6 Months	Repilly Zemindary from Fasly 1246 to 17th April 1252 - 6 years and 9 Months	Total
	1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
Receipts. 1 Remaining to the Credit of the Estate from the preceding years revenue on the appointment of the Proprietors as Managers	"	"	552	695	1247
2 Collections	1873012	436247	627030	533137	3469426
3 Debts contracted by the Zemindars	#2722	5788	15681	"	50191
Total Receipts	1901734	442035	643263	533832	3520864
Charges. 1 Amount remitted to Circar on account of Peshcush	1639161	312138	424156	413568	2789023
2 Charges of Management as fixed by the Collector	113750	22185	32760	28350	197045
3 Subsistence of Zemindars as fixed by the Collector	45500	20910	35880	28350	130640
4 Charges fixed by the Collector for the celebration of religious ceremonies and for Darasta=num Khurch	"	2125	3250	20125	7400
5 Allowances fixed by the Collector for the relatives of the Zemindars	25410	7875	19099	6074	58459
6 Additional charges incurred by the Zemindars in excess of the sanctioned amount	46756	49120	94036	49525	239435
7 For repairing Tanks and Tukkavee	31157	16578	8776	5464	61973
Total charges	262573	118793	193797	119789	694952
Payment of Debts	"	5674	15681	"	21355
Grand Total of Charges	1901734	436605	633634	533357	3505330
Nett Remaining with the Zemindars	"	5430	9629	475	15534

+ This item was proved to have been a fictitious transaction with a view of recovering the amount on the attachment of the Estate in 1842 - The sum which was alleged to have been borrowed for the payment of peshcush was actually collected from the lands. -

Commissioner's Office
14th April 1846

C. C.

W. Elliot
/ Signed /
Walter Elliot
3d Member of the Board of Revenue -

Statement

1157.

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

No. 9. Statement shewing the actual collections including Tak kavee of the Zemindars of Guntoor ascertained during the time of the Commissioners investigation in Fusly 1254.-

Fuslies	Vadreddy Zemindary: Actual Collections or Kham Vasool	Vadreddy Zemindary: Paid to Circar on account of Reskeush	Chilkloorpad Zemindary: Actual Collections or Kham Vasool	Chilkloorpad Zemindary: Paid to Circar on account of Reskeush	Sattanepilly Zemindary: Actual Collections or Kham vasool	Repilly Zemindary: Paid to Circar on account of Reskeush	Repilly Zemindary: Actual Collections or Kham Vasool	Repilly Zemindary: Paid to Circar on account of Reskeush	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	
1 1242	3,24,250	3,11,179	50,691	43,575	"	"	"	"	With the exception of Sattanepilly, there remaining 3 Zemindaries were under Circar management.
2 1243	3,57,301	3,42,287	"	"	"	"	66,502	61,596	
3 1244	2,37,058	2,26,730	50,025	47,177	57,293	"	82,092	74,466	With the exception of Chilkloorpad and Sattanepilly the remaining 2 were under Circar management.
4 1245	3,08,874	2,97,861	78,079	76,161	84,297	51,797	36,852	32,785	The whole of the Zemindaries were under Circar management.
5 1246	3,09,095	2,90,010	80,149	74,725	93,169	8,189	"	"	With the exception of Repilly the remaining 3 Zemindaries were under Circar management.
6 1247	3,35,290	3,12,435	84,057	79,775	94,354	88,761	79,850	70,291	
7 1248	3,95,849	3,58,315	107,251	95,775	107,646	96,093	92,767	79,956	The whole of the Zemindaries were under the management of their respective Zemindars.-
8 1249	4,29,770	3,86,015	130,621	117,484	103,747	90,282	94,405	83,678	Chilkloorpad was under Circar and the remaining were under the management of their respective Zemindars.-
9 1250	4,30,234	3,90,684	142,943	133,791	124,249	110,727	101,721	87,389	Sattanepilly and Repilly were under their respective Zemindars, the remaining 2 under Circar Management.-
10 1251	3,56,478	3,23,381	111,219	106,655	113,125	105,635	83,963	76,381	
11 1252	3,56,340	3,31,976	98,599	93,455	94,085	82,357	90,515	82,525	The whole of the Zemindaries were under Circar Management.-
12 1253	3,15,648	3,89,811	74,943	70,521	76,482	68,986	53,140	47,985	
Total	41,56,187	38,60,684	10,16,436	9,43,376	9,49,427	8,65,679	8,50,734	7,59,367	
1 1242	"	"	"	"	32,708	39,383	"	"	Collections of certain Villages for years in which the accounts of all the Villages are not forthcoming.
2 1243	"	"	"	"	41,123	38,072	"	50,807	
3 1245	"	"	63,329	61,208	"	"	55,890	50,807	
Total	"	"	"	"	73,831	68,455	55,890	50,807	
Grand Total	41,56,187	38,60,684	10,79,765	10,04,584	10,23,258	9,34,134	9,06,624	8,10,174	Amount of Nuzzers received by the Zemindars for their own accounts which are not included in those rendered by Village Curnums.-
From 1246 to 1250	4,904	"	4,102	"	"	"	"	"	
Grand Total	41,61,091	38,60,684	10,83,867	10,04,584	10,23,258	9,34,134	9,06,624	8,10,174	

Commissioner's office
14th April 1846

C. C.

/ Signed / Walter Elliot
3d Member of the Board of Revenue

Statement

Fort St. George

7th January 1847

No. 10 Statement shewing the Rents of Villages given under the Collector's Management from Fusly 1250 to 1252 in the permanently settled Estates in the Gullah of Guntoor.

Names of Talooks	From Fusly 1251 to 1255		From Fusly 1252 to 1254		For 1253	Particulars of rent. For Fusly 1254		From Fusly 1253 to 1255		For Fusly 1254		For Fusles 1254 and 1255		From 1254	
	No. of Villages	Beriz	No. of Villages	Beriz	No. of Villages	Beriz	No. of Villages	Beriz	No. of Villages	Beriz	No. of Villages	Beriz	No. of Villages	Beriz	No. of Villages
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
			Rs		Rs		Rs		Rs		Rs		Rs		
Zemindary of Vadlapilly															
1 Guntoor	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	
2 Coorpad	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
3 Chebrole	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	252	3	1282	17	
4 Bapetta	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	30	53321	3	"	"	"	"	
5 Rajahpett	"	"	"	"	"	"	4626	10	31381	1	973	2	2557	14	
6 Penally	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	13	56573	1	849	2	5133	1	
Total	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	25	71181	1	6001	4	"	1	
							1148	1	2375	4	8019	"	"	3	
							2574	79	214831	10	16096	7	8994	44	
Zemindary of Nellore															
1 Vinconda	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
2 Bellum Conda	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	23	26364	"	"	"	"	"	
3 Poloor	1	618	"	"	"	"	"	19	20721	2	1331	3	2267	26	
4 Rachoor	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	8	38078	"	"	"	"	"	
5 Eddlapilly	"	"	1	9151	"	"	"	1	6353	"	"	"	"	1	
Total	1	618	1	9151	"	"	"	8	13056	1	276	1	6298	5	
							"	59	104570	3	1607	4	8565	32	
Zemindary of Venkatagherry							"	3	8647	4	2721	3	7547	29	
1 Chilkloorpad	2	25245	"	"	"	"	"	2	13011	2	4802	"	"	23	
1 Suttanepilly	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	5225	"	"	4	
Zemindary of Kanigherry							"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
1 Repilly	"	"	"	"	"	"	2574	143	341059	20	30451	14	25106	132	
Grand Total	3	25863	1	9151	2		1287	"	113686	"	30451	"	12553	"	
Average of 1 year	"	5173	"	3050	"										

Fort St. George

7th January 1847

No. 10

1252

Average of Beriz Rent from Fusly 1245 to 1251 -

No.	Name of Zemindar	Fusly to 1256 Beriz	No. of Villages	For Fusly 1255 & 1256 Beriz	No. of Villages	Total Beriz	Average Beriz of Rent for 1 Year	Beriz Collections as per Circar Account	Actual Collections ascertained by the Commissioner	Increase between Columns 22 and 23	Per Centage of the Increased Sum on the amount in Col. 22
		15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
		Rs		Rs		Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	
1	G	7,900	"	"	2	7,900	2,633	3,108	3,214	3,827	613	19
2	K	20,569	"	"	53	75,424	25,523	18,657	17,724	18,989	1,265	7
3	C	62,425	"	"	28	98,764	34,235	35,337	31,711	34,973	3,262	10
4	C	24,306	"	"	23	86,883	30,386	28,450	25,781	28,769	2,988	12
5	C	8,613	"	"	27	85,795	32,599	32,096	29,674	31,675	2,001	7
6	C	10,470	"	"	9	22,012	12,875	14,264	12,558	13,323	765	6
		1,34,283	"	"	142	3,76,778	1,38,251	1,30,912	1,20,662	1,31,556	10,894	9
1	Z	"	"	"	23	26,364	8,788	6,624	6,193	6,193	"	"
2	C	40,176	1	2,300	51	66,795	23,914	17,561	16,985	16,985	"	"
3	C	"	"	"	9	38,696	12,816	10,079	9,177	9,177	"	"
4	C	1,518	"	"	2	7,871	2,624	2,083	2,009	2,009	"	"
5	E	19,239	"	"	16	48,018	17,239	16,488	15,002	15,002	"	"
		60,933	1	2,300	101	1,87,744	65,381	52,835	49,366	49,366	"	"
1	C	1,03,689	"	"	41	1,47,849	48,989	50,570	50,550	55,304	4,754	9
1	C	69,623	"	"	27	87,436	32,347	33,085	30,367	32,691	2,324	8
1	C	15,075	"	"	5	29,300	10,250	14,629	9,730	10,699	769	8
		3,83,603	1	2,300	816	8,29,107	2,95,218	2,92,031	2,60,675	2,79,416	18,741	7
		1,27,863	"	1,150	"	2,95,218	"	"	"	"	"	"

Commissioner's Office
14th April 1846

C. C.

True Copy / Signed / Walter Elliot
3d Member of the Board of Revenue

Statement

1160. Fort St. George

1st January 1847.

No. 11 Statement shewing the amount of Bribes received by the Public Servants from Fusly 1250 upto the Commencement of the Commission in the Zillah Guntoor.—

Name of Zemindar

Names of Talooks	Amount of the Bribes received by the Public Servants from Fusly 1242 to Fusly 1253 as per Original Khan account	Deduct the amount of the years antecedent to the attachment in Fusly 1250	1250	1251	1252	1253	Total	Amount received in Fusly 1254	Muddat years.	Total.
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	21	22.
	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
1 Guntoor	1929	1461	"	124	161	183	468	"	41	386
2 Koorpad	5872	1003	"	373	1550	2946	4869	1444	605	6164
3 Chebrole	7870	4263	"	801	1229	1577	3607	447	728	3884.
4 Tenally	9769	5801	"	1065	1730	1173	3968	957	582	4529
5 Rajah Pett	6700	2017	"	5804	2205	1661	9677	216	292	2794
				1211	1606	1866	4683	1485	1221	4667
Total	42760	15488	"	9378	8481	9413	27272	4549	3469	22424
7 Chilkaloorpad	9733	215	3394	745	2386	1993	9518	1626	454	8102
8 Sattanapilly	6403	1442	"	35	2598	2328	4961	875	71	4286
9 Repelly	3160	990	"	"	356	1814	2170	687	562	2554
Total	62056	18135	3394	11158	13821	15548	43921	7537	4556	37366
Received by Dusseeas from the Talook Servants.—										
1 Koorpad	366	"	24	"	"	273	366	235	"	601
2 Repelly	166	"	"	"	69	166	166	156	"	322
Total	532	"	24	"	"	439	532	391	"	923
Grand Total	62588	18135	3418	"	69	15987	44453	7928	556	38289.
				11158	13890					

Revenue Statement.

No. 11 C

Particulars
By the Hoozoor Servants

Name of Zemindar		Total of Columns 9 and 10	Head Serishtadar	Nair Sherish=tadar	Assistant Sherish=tadar	Moonshee	Gomas=tahs
		11	12	13	14	15	16
		Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
Zemindary	1 C	468	"	"	"	39	43
	2 C	6,313	"	"	"	30	119
	3 C	4,054	"	"	"	20	150
	4 C	4925	"	"	45	95	230
	5 C	9,893	2,207	1,441	1,172	404	1,875
	6 C	6168	100	70	166	167	998
		31,821	2307	1,511	1,383	755	9,441
Number of Inamdars	7 Ch	11,144	1,433	50	30	"	1,529
	8 C	5,836	550	200	362	188	250
	9 C	2657	"	37	"	"	66
		51,458	4,290	1,798	1,775	943	5,286
Re							
th							
1 Fe		601	"	"	"	"	"
2 C		322	"	"	"	"	"
		923	"	"	"	"	"
		52381	4,290	1,798	1,775	943	5,286

Commissioner's Office
14th April 1846

7th January 1847.

By the Talook Servants.

Total.	Aumeens.	Peshcars	Sumat=dars.	Muddat=gars.	Total.
17	18	19	20	21	22.
Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
82	80	26	239	41	386
149	4,117	1,114	328	605	6,164
170	2,329	182	645	728	3,884
396	2,455	647	845	582	4529
7,099	1,473	435	594	292	2,794
1,501	894	994	1,558	1,221	4,667
9,397	11,348	3,398	4,209	3,469	22,424
3,042	3,140	3,436	1,072	454	8,102
1,550	2,317	996	902	71	4,286
103	1,292	439	261	562	2,554
14,092	18,097	8,269	6,444	4,556	37,366
"	601	"	"	"	601
"	322	"	"	"	322
"	923	"	"	"	923
14,092.	19,020.	8,269	6,444	4,556	38,289.

E. E. 7th (Signed) Walter Elliot
3. Member of the Board of Revenue
Statement.

1164. Fort St. George 7th January 1847

Coockpoody in the Talook of Tenally in the Vasereddy Zemindary.

Serial No.	Fuslies	Demand. Under Rent.	Demand. Under Amanie	Demand. Total.	Collections with arrears as entered in the accounts. Under Rent.	Collections with arrears as entered in the accounts. Under Amanie	Collections with arrears as entered in the accounts. Total.	Actual Collections Current and Arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Under Rent.	Actual Collections Current and Arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Under Amanie	Actual Collections Current and Arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Total.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	1242	750	"	750	594	"	594	594	"	594
2	1243	1,042	"	1,042	968	"	968	998	"	998
3	1244	695	"	695	554	"	554	554	"	554
4	1245	951	"	951	824	"	824	842	"	842
5	1246	1,430	"	1,430	1,089	"	1,089	1,143	"	1,143
6	1247	984	"	984	1,259	"	1,259	1,267	"	1,267
7	1248	3,921	"	3,921	2,494	"	2,494	2,514	"	2,514
8	1249	1,100	"	1,100	1,788	"	1,788	1,797	"	1,797
9	1250	1,351	"	1,351	905	"	905	988	"	988
10	1251	432	"	432	688	"	688	729	"	729
11	1252	1,182	"	1,187	1,135	"	1,135	1,159	"	1,159
12	1253	546	"	546	556	"	556	580	"	580
	Total	14,389	"	14,389	12,854	"	12,854	13,165	"	13,165
	Average	1,199	"	1,199	1,071	"	1,071	1,097	"	1,097

Proposal of rent accepted by the Collector.

Fusly 1254. 625 Rs.

1165. Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Pullapalla in the Talook of Bopatla in the Vasereddy Zemindary.

Serial No.	Fuslies.	Demand. Under Rent.	Demand. Under Amanie	Demand. Total.	Collections with arrears as entered in the accounts. Under Rent.	Collections with arrears as entered in the accounts. Under amanie	Collections with arrears as entered in the accounts. Total.	Actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Under Rent.	Actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Under Amanie.	Actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Total.
	1	2	3.	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	1242	826	"	826	477	"	477	477	"	477
2	1243	827	"	827	906	"	906	906	"	906
3	1244	828	"	828	717	"	717	717	"	717
4	1245	474	"	474	563	"	563	563	"	563
5	1246	558	"	558	680	"	680	693	"	693
6	1247	375	"	375	430	"	430	432	"	432
7	1248	657	"	657	633	"	633	647	"	647
8	1249	552	"	552	617	"	617	662	"	662
9	1250	467	"	467	457	"	457	467	"	467
10	1251	440	"	440	369	"	369	425	"	425
11	1252	352	"	352	246	"	246	260	"	260
12	1253	316	"	316	393	"	393	402	"	402
	Total	6,672	"	6,672	6,488	"	6,488	6651	"	6,651
	Average	556	"	556	541	"	541	554	"	554

Proposal of Rent accepted by the Collector.

Fuslies 1254	315 Rs
" 1255	330 "
Total.	645
Average	322

1166. For Ft St George 7th January 1847.

Sulupuroo in the Talook of Boputla in the Vasireddy Zemindary

Number.	Fuslies.	Demand. Under Rent.	Demand. Under amanie	Demand. Total.	Collections with arrears as entered in the accounts. Under Rent.	Collections with arrears as entered in the accounts. Under amanie.	Collections with arrears as entered in the accounts. Total.	Actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Under Rent.	Actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Under amanie.	Actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	1242	3035	"	3035	2056	"	2056	2056	"	2056
2	1243	3038	"	3038	2782	"	2782	2782	"	2782
3	1244	3039	"	3039	3411	"	3411	3411	"	3411
4	1245	2448	"	2448	2424	"	2424	2424	"	2424
5	1246	1841	"	1841	1486	"	1486	1594	"	1594
6	1247	2201	"	2201	2725	"	2725	2746	"	2746
7	1248	2401	"	2401	1714	"	1714	1831	"	1831
8	1249	2601	"	2601	3334	"	3334	3412	"	3412
9	1250	2181	"	2181	2329	"	2329	2454	"	2454
10	1251	2405	"	2405	1368	"	1368	1423	"	1423
11	1252	2152	"	2152	3191	"	3191	3256	"	3256
12	1253.	1583.	"	1583.	960	"	960	960	"	960
Total		28925	"	28925	27780	"	27780	28349	"	28349
Average		2410	"	2410	2315	"	2315	2362	"	2362

Proposal of Rent accepted by the Collector.

Fuslies. 1254 - 1225 Rs.
1255 - 2000 "
1256 - 2100 "
Total 5325 "
Average 1775 "

1167. For Ft St George 7th January 1847.

Statement shewing the Bariz 8 Cas of the Village of Vanegandlah in the Chilkaloor, Jaud Zemindary in the Zillah of Guntoor.

Number.	Fuslies	Demand. Under Rent	Demand. Under amanie	Demand. Total	Collections with arrears as entered in the accounts. Under Rent.	Collections with arrears as entered in the accounts. Under amanie	Collections with arrears as entered in the accounts. Total	Actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Under Rent	Actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Under amanie.	Actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Total
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	1242	1696	"	1696	1701	"	1701	1701	"	1701
2	1243	1687	"	1687	1313	"	1313	1313	"	1313
3	1244	1612	"	1612	800	"	800	1065	"	1065
4	1245	1614	"	1614	1500	"	1500	1365	"	1365
5	1246	1601	"	1601	1588	"	1588	1904	"	1904
6	1247	1620	"	1620	1509	"	1509	1694	"	1694
7	1248	1661	"	1661	1565	"	1565	1706	"	1706
8	1249	1700	"	1700	1720	"	1720	1912	"	1912
9	1250	1774	"	1774	1621	"	1621	1803	"	1803
10	1251	1825	"	1825	1624	"	1624	1637	"	1637
11	1252	1542	"	1542	1073	"	1073	1236	"	1236
12	1253.	1656	"	1656	701	"	701	807	"	807
Total		19898	"	19898	16715	"	16715	18643	"	18643
Average		1658	"	1658	1393.	"	1393	1554	"	1554.

Proposal of rent accepted by the Collector.

Fuslies 1254 - 759 Rs
1225 - 1081 - "
1256 - 1301 - " 3111.

Average 1037 Rs

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Takellapaud in the Taluk of Guntoor in the Vasireddy Zemindary.

Number.	Fuslies	Demand			Collections with arrears as entered in the accounts.			Actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner.		
		Under Rent.	Under Amanie	Total.	Under Rent.	Under Amanie	Total.	Under Rent	Under Amanie	Total.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	1252	2,642	"	2,642	2,352	"	2,352	4,070	"	4,070
2	1253	3,132	"	3,132	3,014	"	3,014	3,060	"	3,060
3	1254	3,043	"	3,043	1,085	"	1,085	1,335	"	1,335
4	1255	2,902	"	2,902	2,374	"	2,374	2,374	"	2,374
5	1256	3,054	"	3,054	3,563	"	3,563	3,563	"	3,563
6	1257	2,751	"	2,751	2,764	"	2,764	4,545	"	4,545
7	1258	2,951	"	2,951	3,661	"	3,661	3,942	"	3,942
8	1259	2,751	"	2,751	1,772	"	1,772	2,995	"	2,995
9	1260	2,751	"	2,751	3,840	"	3,340	3,933	"	3,933
10	1261	2,751	"	2,751	3,054	"	3,054	3,472	"	3,472
11	1262	3,028	"	3,028	1,910	"	1,910	1,910	"	1,910
12	1263	2,995	"	2,995	2,225	"	2,225	2,309	"	2,309
	Total	34,781	"	34,781	31,114	"	31,114	37,498	"	37,498
	Average.	2,898.	"	2,898.	2,593.	"	2,593.	3,125.	"	3,125.

Proposal of Rent accepted by the Collector.

Fuslies 1254. 2,260 Rs.
1255. 2,350 "
1256. 2540 "
7,150 Rs.
Average 2,383 Rs.

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Chercoor in the Chilkaloorpaud Zemindary.

Number.	Fuslies	Demand			Collections with arrears as entered in the accounts.			Actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner.		
		Under Rent	Under Amanie	Total.	Under Rent.	Under Amanie	Total.	Under Rent.	Under Amanie	Total.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	1252	14,707	"	14,707	1,286	"	1,286	14,695	"	14,695
2	1253	14,620	"	14,620	8,398	"	8,398	8,399	"	8,399
3	1254	10,695	2037	12,732	2,246	1,798	4044	2,246	1,798	4044
4	1255	7,957	"	7,957	6,323	238	6,561	6,323	238	6,561
5	1256	7,754	"	7,754	7,244	"	7,244	7,256	"	7,256
6	1257	8,794	17	8,811	7,369	"	7,369	7,377	"	7,377
7	1258	11,310	"	11,310	9,371	17	9,388	10,624	17	10,641
8	1259	10,194	2,420	12,614	10,925	"	10,925	11,118	"	11,118
9	1260	11,168	652	11,820	10,502	2,918	13,420	10,899	2,918	13,817
10	1261	11,330	7	11,337	8,071	19	8,090	8,226	19	8,245
11	1262	11,603	432	12,035	7,711	344	8,055	7,987	344	8,331
12	1263	11,229	"	11,229	1,579	"	1,579	1,770	"	1,770
	Total	131,361	5,565	136,926	81,025	5,334	86,359	86,720	5334	92,054
	Average	10,947.	464.	11,411.	6,752	444	7,196	7,227.	444.	7,671

Proposal of rent accepted by the Collector.

Fuslies 1254. 6,196 Rs.
1255. 7,300 "
1256. 8350 "
21,846.
Average — 7,282

1170

Fort St. George 7th January 1847

Statement Shewing the Bariz &c. of the Village of Naudendala in the Sattanapilly Zemindary in the Zillah of Guntoor.

Sum ber.	Fuslies.	Demand. Under Rent.	Demand. Under Amanie.	Demand. Total.	Collections with arrears as entered in the Accounts. Under Rent.	Collections with arrears as entered in the Accounts. Under Amanie	Collections with arrears as entered in the Accounts. Total.	Actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Under Rent.	Actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Under Amanie	Actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Total
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	1242	11,004	"	11004	9337	"	9337	10467	"	10,467
2	1243	11,004	"	11004	9,590	"	9,590	9,888	"	9,888
3	1244	11,226	"	11226	5465	"	5465	5803	"	5803
4	1245	7,789	"	7789	7354	"	7354	8625	"	8625
5	1246	7,040	"	7040	6951	"	6951	6951	"	6951
6	1247	6989	"	6989	6902	"	6902	7108	"	7108
7	1248	7025	"	7025	6560	"	6560	6936	"	6936
8	1249	7297	"	7297	6946	"	6946	7617	"	7617
9	1250	7794	"	7794	7447	"	7447	8356	"	8356
10	1251	8097	"	8097	7111	"	7111	7658	"	7658
11	1252	8824	"	8824	5914	"	5914	6598	"	6598
12	1253	9194	"	9194	4271	"	4271	4769	"	4769
	Total	103283	"	103283	83848	"	83848	90776	"	90776
	Average	8607	"	8607	6987	"	6987	7565	"	7565

Proposal of rent accepted by the Collector.

Fuslies 1254 - 4601 Rs.

1171

Fort St. George 7th January 1847

Statement Shewing the Bariz &c. of the Village of Vallore in the Repilly Zemindary in the Zillah of Guntoor.

Sum ber.	Fuslies.	Demand. Under Rent.	Demand. under amanie	Demand. Total.	Collections with arrears entered in the accounts. Under Rent	Collections with arrears entered in the accounts. under amanie	Collections with arrears entered in the accounts. Total	actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Under Rent	actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. under amanie	actual Collections Current and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner. Total
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	1242	8894	"	8894	1608	"	1608	1608	"	1608
2	1243	8894	"	8894	6669	"	6669	6669	"	6669
3	1244	7784	"	7784	1529	"	1529	1529	"	1529
4	1245	7338	"	7338	4824	"	4824	4824	"	4824
5	1246	7338	"	7338	5619	"	5619	5619	"	5619
6	1247	7338	"	7338	4944	"	4944	5401	"	5401
7	1248	7338	"	7338	4898	"	4898	5470	"	5470
8	1249	8138	"	8138	5428	"	5428	5698	"	5698
9	1250	7910	"	7910	6677	"	6677	6706	"	6706
10	1251	7927	"	7927	6669	"	6667	6669	"	6669
11	1252	7968	"	7968	7263	"	7253	7265	"	7265
12	1253	7900	"	7900	4878	"	4878	5246	"	5246
	Total	94767	"	94767	60996	"	60996	62704	"	62,704
	Average	7897	"	7897	5083	"	5083	5225	"	5225

Proposal of Rent accepted by the Collector.

Fusly 1254. 5225 Rs.

petition, yet the Collector immediately issued orders for the attachment of the whole of Ramanadah Baboo's personal property.

The same reasons by which the Collector was hindered from interfering with property attached by the Court and thereby prevented having a lien thereto for sums due to the sirkar can be equally applicable to the property at present held under attachment by the Collector.

Ordered therefore that the prayer of the petitions in Dr. 131 and 149 to the effect that the property attached by the Collector should be caused to be released and sold in satisfaction of the claims against the Defendant be rejected.

If the above petitioners can point out any other personal property not under attachment by the Collector such property may be attached by the Court in satisfaction of the Decrees against the Defendant.

16th September 1846. (Signed) J. Horsley
Civil Judge

(True translation)
(Signed) H. Stokes
Collector

No 3 in Dr. 1.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Zillah Court of Guntoor Dated 27th November 1846.

Read again Miscellaneous Petition No.

In a fraud in the Kalahasti Zemindary.

Demand.

Sicca Rs.

Number	Under Rent.	Under Amanie	Total	Under Rent	Under Amanie	Total	Under Rent	Under Amanie	Total
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	1243	1573	"	1573	392	"	392	392	"
2	1243	1142	"	1142	1608	"	1608	1608	"
3	1244	1149	"	1149	681	"	681	681	"
4	1245	609	"	609	536	"	536	536	"
5	1246	585	"	585	535	"	535	535	"
6	1247	561	"	561	512	"	512	512	"
7	1248	609	23	632	501	23	524	544	23
8	1249	575	149	724	578	149	727	839	149
9	1250	635	85	720	650	85	735	842	85
10	1251	336	116	452	308	116	424	933	116
11	1252	761	60	821	733	60	793	966	60
12	1253	819	230	1049	811	225	1036	910	225
		Total	9934	10343	8299	659	8958	9384	659
		Average	811	862	691	55	746	782	55

Rs. 1257 H. 2 Rs. 1256 F. 582. 2 Rs. 709. 1950. Average 583.

Actual Collection (extent and arrears ascertained by the Commissioner.)

Rs. 10043 8641 1135 10043

Collections with arrears ascertained by the Accounts.

Rs. 10343 8641 1135 10343

Collected by the Collector.

on the 12th of May it is stated in the return that Rupees 1021-13- had been realized by the sale of Globes Glasses &c belonging to the Defendant Ramanadha Baboo, that the Defendant at first said that he had other property which could also be attached and afterwards objected to its being sequestered that subsequently the Head of Police of Chabrole came and attached the said property according to the Collectors order.

The Civil Judge requested of the Collector on the 22d of august to inform him of the dates on which the property in question was attached. The Collector stated in his reply of the 24th of august, that the property alluded to had been attached on the 7th May and 24th of June 1846. The Court find that there is nothing mentioned in the Kararnamah of the 19th of June 1843 relative to the sale of Ramanadha Baboo's Salooks or the attachment of his property as quoted by the Defendant Ramanadha Baboo in his Counter petition No 141 of 1846.

On the 20th March 1846 the Government Vakeel filed a petition on behalf of the Collector in the Civil Court, stating that either

either the property belonging to the Defendant Ramanadha Baboo attached by the Principal Sudder ameen as stated in the return dated 12th May to the warrant in question or the sale proceeds of such should be made over to the Collector towards the arrears of Revenue due to Government and that this request is made according to the instructions conveyed in a letter dated 5th March 1846 from the Board of Revenue

The Civil Judge finds on perusing an Extract from this letter that the Board of Revenue has said nothing about the personal property of Ramanadha Baboo being made answerable for Government dues, but that the drift of the letter alluded to is that if the Collector thinks necessary he could merely attach his personal property with the view that it should not be usurped by private parties.—

The Civil Judge then held proceedings on the 8th april that the prayer of the petition filed by the Collector could not be complied with and directed that the aforesaid sum of Rupees 1021-13-. be disbursed under Costs of the suit in Original No 1 of 1843 and Pleaders fees.—

It is also apparent that although the Civil Judge declined compliance with this petition.

No 145 of 1846 presented by the Defendant Ramanadah Baboo in the original suit No 1 of 1843 on the file of the Civil Court of Guntoor.—

He states in his petition that he did not prevent execution of the warrant Executed for the recovery of the amount due to the Pauper Plaintiff that as the Collector issued an order to the Head of Police of Chabrole to attach the whole of his property, the said Head of Police at such a time in which he acted in compliance with the order, obtained a Kararnamah to the effect that Petitioner should make over his property accordingly, and that on the 19th June 1843 the Collector obtained a Kararnamah from him to the effect that the balance of Revenue due by him to Government would be recovered by the sale of his Talooks and by the attachment of the whole of his personal property.—

Read again Miscellaneous petition No 149 of 1846 presented by Takdapully Kristnah Respondent in the appeal suit No 114 of 1838 on the file of the late Zillah Court of Nellore.—

He states in his petition that on the 1st of April 1845 a warrant was issued against

against the Defendant for the recovery of the amount of the decree in the said suit in his favor that as no property belonging to the Defendant was forthcoming it was returned with a doubt, as to its enforcement because the Collector had attached the Defendants property that he understood that Pootoor Cooshaubram Puntooloo the Respondent in the appeal suit No 180 of 1844 on the file of the Court of Sudder Udalut and Soom Kristnamah Pauper Plaintiff in No 1 of 1843 on the file of the Civil Court of Guntoor, made requests relative to the Defendants property being made liable for their debts and that as his Claim has priority of right to the suits of the parties mentioned above, he requests that the Principal Sudder Ameen may be directed to sell such part of the property attached by the Collector as may be sufficient to leguidate the amount of his decree.

On perusing the records submitted by the Principal Sudder Ameen it is apparent that a Warrant was issued on the 9th of February 1846 for the recovery of the Decree in original suit No 1 of 1843 and returned

on

Fort St George 7th January 1847

object the Zemindars appear to have surrendered their Sunnuds for the Collector to act accordingly that as the Talooks are under the Collector's management whereby the Zemindars are placed in the circumstances of insolvents the Court are not able to arrest their persons and place them in confinement for sums due by them - In cases where poverty is proved to exist, as is the case with these debtors also, the Course to be pursued is that each creditor should receive dividends It would not be legal to allow one Creditor to receive his debt to the exclusion and detriment of others and no warrants against their person can be issued, situated as they are in poor circumstances -

Ordered therefore that the petitioner be furnished with a Copy of this petition and the order passed thereon -

The Court declines furnishing the petitioner with Copies of the other documents alluded to by him -

/Signed/ J. Horsley
Civil Judge

(Seal of the Court)

/True translation/
/Signed/ H Stokes
Collector

№ 2 in № 1.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Zillah Court of Guntoor.

Read again Miscellaneous petition

Fort St George 7th January 1847

petition № 131 of 1846 presented by Thoomoo kristniah Pauper Plaintiff in original suit № 1 of 1843 on the file of the Zillah Court of Guntoor.

She States in her petition that the personal property belonging to Vaparaddy Ramanadah Baboo was illegally attached under the orders of the Collector for the arrears of Revenue due to Government; that this was done in the presence of the Peons who were sent to enforce execution of the Decree passed in the original suit № 1 of 1843 that the arrears of revenue due to Government was for Fusly 1241 1242 and other Fuslies that as the Collector cannot have greater right to the Defendants personal property than the Petitioner the Collector's act in having it attached is objectionable; and that therefore orders may be issued directing that as the property attached by the Collector at such an interval as when execution was being done for the recovery of the amount of the decree in her favor the property was liable to be brought and sold in satisfaction of her claims -

Read again Counter petition
№

45 and 45 which elapsed while this suit (which had been instituted for the recovery of 1 Cootchell of Cham land) was pending decision - the Collector of Guntoor requested by letter that orders should be given to stay proces in compliance with which this Court held proceedings on the 26th Ultimo sanctioning the same. However the said authority might have legally caused the Government Vakeel to file on his behalf a petition on proper Stamp paper for staying execution of the said warrant, and that the Collector's request to that effect by letter to the Court was most objectionable that the warrant was issued for the value of the produce of land excluded from the permanent Settlement under Section IV Regulation XXV of 1802 and which produce the Collector included in the Jalook Collections without first obtaining the sanction of the higher authorities for the purpose that the suits specially quoted by the Collector comprise debts on bonds executed for sums lent to the Zemindars for their own private use that as the warrant issued in his suit as particularized above, was for value of produce included in

in the Jalook Collections there is great disparity between the nature of the suit and the warrant consequently, legally considering the warrant was not such as should have been stopped -

The petitioner further requests that under the reasons stated, the lower Court should be authorized to enforce execution of the warrant that if the Court see any objection to accede to his request the petitioner trusts that this petition, together with all the Document connected with this suit may be submitted for the orders of the Sudder Court and that the Court will be pleased to furnish him on stamp paper (which will be produced) with Copies of this petition the proceedings of the Court thereon the letter addressed by the Collector and the Courts proceedings on it with the Courts Official seal and signature -

The Court remark that orders appear to have been received from Government by the Collector, to enquire into the Zemindars debts, and to liquidate the same from funds recoverable from their Estates - that in furtherance of this

object

Government or the Board of Revenue, so that the Sudr Udalut may be requested to cancel the said proceedings by which alone and by no other source, I can overcome the effects esetending to the loss of my life by such disgrace. For unless this is done, I will not be able to uphold my dignity with that respect and observance usually paid to me and I have no other alternative left to sustain myself on earth. I further implore that your honor who have befriended me in various ways, will with your usual generosity take into mature deliberation the requests made above, as also the circumstances which will be made known to you by my Vakeel Golamoo by Lutchmenursoo, who I now send to your presence and adopt steps whereby the proceedings of the Civil Judge dated 2nd November 1846 may be cancelled without delay

Further I beg to add that on perusing the proceedings formerly held by the Civil Judge, it will be evident that the strain of the present proceedings of the 2nd November 1846 is contrary to the former ones and inadvertently passed. I enclose Copies of the proceedings

proceedings of the 11th December 1844 and 16th September 1846 and pray that you will be pleased to adopt means whereby I may overcome the calamity pending. Please to peruse this.

16th November 1846 corresponding with Monday the 13th Bohalum of the Month Carthekum year Parabhava.

(Signed) Rajah Ramanada
Baub Bahadar Mimya
Sultan

(True translation)
(Signed) H. Stokes.
Collector

2 Stamps Value 2-8 annas

No. 1. in No. 1.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Zillah Court of Guntoor.

Dated 11th December 1844

Miscellaneous Petition No. 158 of 1844

The Serishtadar having reported that the value of the stamps of Petition presented by Tahdapully Kristinah was correct and as the Petitioner attended in person, ordered that the petition be filed on record and read.

Value of 4 papers Comprising the petition 1 Rupee

The Petitioner stated in his petition that in reference to the warrant issued by the Principal Sudder Ameen for the recovery from Rajah Vaseereddy Ramanada Baboo of Rs 1431-1-3, value of produce for Fuslies 1238, 39, 40, 41, 44-

then issued to me requesting that I should state any grounds I may have to adduce, so that the warrant may not be enforced against me: and when I represented by Motion certain reasons as to why the warrant should not be enforced, the Sudr adalut sent the whole of that record to the Civil Judge of Guntoor with a Precept wherein he was requested to investigate into the matter and make a return to the Precept. The Civil Judge also issued a notice to me calling upon me to render any explanation I may have to give as to why execution of warrant should not be carried out, and although I made known all the particulars I had to state, yet the Civil Judge did not take into consideration the reasons adduced, nor did he peruse ~~xx xx xx~~ the proceeding of the 11th December 1846 or the Proceedings of the 16th September 1846, but the Civil Judge of Guntoor held a most dangerous, and to my dignity a detrimental proceeding on the 2d of November 1846: that if Cooshalramiah could point out any property not under attachment by the Collector, a warrant would be issued for the attachment of such property or for the arrest of my person on an application being

Court to the effect, that as the whole of my real and personal property was liable for the

being made to the Civil Court to this effect by Cooshalramiah- The Civil Judge then returned the records with such proceeding to the Sudr Adawlut I enclose for your information a Copy in English of the proceedings alluded to, and the perusal of which will convince your honor that the Civil Judge had held a proceeding most infavorable towards me- you must be well aware that I have subjected myself to accede to all suggestions made to me by yourself, the Board of Revenue, and Government therefore I have now to represent to your honor who has heretofore upheld the dignity of my Samusta = = nums by preventing such calamities befalling me:- that:

Pootoor Cooshalramiah has been from the beginning my mortal enemy, and will without doubt take steps to intrigue against me in reference to the proceedings of the Civil Judge dated 2d November 1846: therefore I solicit that you, who have all along been disposed to support me, may at the present time retain still greater attention to me so that your honor may be induced by the great influence you have, to be pleased to write favorably on my behalf either to Government

Port St. George 7th January 1847

decision of the Government as to the course to be pursued with respect to the Zemindars debts generally and the case of these petitions in particular.

Guntoor Zillah,
Collector's Cutcherry,
Goorjalah &c.
26th November 1846

Signed H. Stokes
Collector

No. 1.

To
H Stokes Esqre
Collector in the Zillah of
Guntoor.

Petition addressed by Rajah Vasereddy Ramanatha Baboo Bahadar munna soottan Desamook Zuminavar Circar moorthoojahunagga va Moostoofanugger va Bunder or Masulipatam va Nizampatam Circar va Cumbummet &c with due respect and greeting.

I beg to state that when I represented by a petition to your honor the circumstances of Toomookristmah and others having recently presented motions to the Civil Court of Guntoor for the enforcement of warrants in satisfaction of decrees in their favor, you caused petitions to be filed by the Government Vakeel in the Civil Court to the effect, that as the whole of my real and personal property was liable for the

Port St. George 7th January 1847

the amount of arrears of Revenue due by me to the Circar, no warrant should be enforced against me, these petitions the Civil Judge accepted and having satisfied himself by sufficient evidence that I was not possessed of property held proceedings on the 16th September 1846 staying the process of Toomookristamah's warrant. Even previous to that, on the 11th December 1846 Proceedings was held to the effect, that situated as the Zemindars were no warrant could be enforced against their person to place them in Confinement; in satisfaction of private debts to different individuals, and that as the Zemindars were insolvents the Court declined Compliance with the claimants Taudepully Kristniahs request for the enforcement of a warrant for the recovery of the amount of his suit and then further process was stopped while the case was this, Pootoor Cooshalramiah having caused a motion to be presented for the enforcement of a warrant for the recovery of Rupees 107,268.4... the amount of the Decree passed in favor of the Respondent Pootoor Cooshalramiah by the Court of Sudr Adalut in the appeal suit No 15 of 1841 made by me in that Court; a notice was then

Fort St George 7th January 1817

out of the conditions on which they have surrendered their Estates, can be overcome -

Para 105 - An Estimate according to seve-
ral scales of what may be considered
a fitting provision for them in case
they should not be restored, the
Medium sum being about a lakh
of Rupees per Annum -

Para 106 - The attention of Government
requested to the unfavorable positio
of a Member of the Board of
Revenue on Deputation for prose-
cuting inquiries in a District labouring
under such evils as Guntoor -

Para 107 - A solicitation of the favorable not
of Government to the services of Appoos Ro
the late Board of the Commissioners. Establishm

(11 - 11a)

Order thereon. Ordered to be brought forwar
at a future Meeting -

Read

Fort St George 7th January 1817

12

(12)

From the Collector of Guntoor - Forwarding Copies of two Petitions from Ramanada Baboo Ex Zemindar of Vaspereddy Estate & Mulrauze Lutchmiah respecting with their Enclosures and translations and soliciting the decision of the Government as to the course to be pursued with respect to the Zemindars debts generally and the case of the above Petitioners in particular.

See page 1221 for page 1313

Read the following letter

To

T. Pycroft Esqre

Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort St George

Sir

Para 1. I have the honor to forward the accompanying Copy and Translation of a Petition from Ramanada Baboo the ex Zemindar of the Vaspereddy Estate with its accompaniments praying the interference of the Government to stay the proceedings of the Courts which are about to issue in a warrant for his incarceration for debt, the Zillah Court at Guntoor under date 2d Instant having ruled that "the appellants (Petitioner's) claims for exemption for himself from arrest and his property from seizure are quite groundless."

2. I also forward Copy and translation of a petition of a similar nature from Mulrauze Lutchmiah.

3 As the question involved in these petitions has now for some time been fully brought before the Board and Government in the correspondence with this Office and in the reports of the Commissioner, it only remains for me to solicit the ultimate decision

Fort St. George, 7th January 1847.

with additional European Agency, and the co-
adoption of means to secure as far as may
be the continuance of the same persons
in the Office of Collector.

Balances.

Para 97. II. The Examination of the Zemindary-
balances amounting to Rupees 1,66,200 of
which Rupees 17,1923 are outstanding against
the people with the result of the Commis-
sioner's enquiry shewing Rupees 200553 to be
recoverable and the rest desperate, accom-
panied by a recommendation not to press
the Collection of any portion of the recover-
able Sumanie or Pyotwar arrears (120341)
that may remain outstanding at the close
of July 1845.

III. Provision for the Zemindars.

Paras 98 & 104. Examination into the original position
and claims of the Zemindars of Guntoor,
shewing them to have been hereditary
district revenue and Police Officers of
the latest Moosulman Government
with regular fixed payments in land and
fees, as specified in the sunnuds of each
family. The Offices held by each and the
dates when conferred.

Para 101. Collateral proofs of their recent origin
derived

Fort St. George, 7th January, 1847.

derived from the dates of grants of
land bestowed by them and from
the sequered distribution of their
Villages.

Para. 102. Consideration of the plan of
restoring them to their former position
as proprietors and opinion expressed
unfavorable to the proposition both
with reference to past experience
to the character and dispositions of
the present Zemindars which are
described seriatim.

Para 103. There is no ground for the
belief that their deprivation would be
unpopular in the Country.

Para 104. But there is reason to fear
that they themselves did not willingly
acquiesce in such an arrangement,
supposing that the obstacles arising
out

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

to the state of Society and to the defective institutions of that part of the Country.

Para 82. Summary of the Commissioner's reasons for considering his views to afford a correct explanation of the decay of the revenue.

Para 83. Total amount of Extra Collections proposed during the whole period of Summanie management since F. 1242 872801 Rupees. 1832/33.

Paras 84 & 85. Effects of such a state of things evidenced in the general decay of the prosperity of the Carnatic not only in Revenue but in cultivation and population, proving it to be in a worse condition after 50 years subjection to the British Rule than it was when ceded to us by the Nizam.

Paras 86 & 97. Measures recommended for its restoration.

1st. The formation of a correct Register of the lands.

(88) 2. A revision of the Assessment and improved mode of Settlement with reference

(89)——i. To the taking and relinquishing of land.

(90)——ii. To the practice of bringing to account large tracts of waste which the ryots never meant to cultivate.

(91)——iii. To the remissions granted to privileged Casts (Nandna or Seyaggari).

(92)——iv. To the tax on pasture lands.

(93)——v. To the conditions of the Cowlenamah.

To

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

(94)——vi. To the mode of forming the annual Settlement.

(95)——vii. To the practices of estimating and measuring the produce.

(96)——viii. To the discontinuance of Village Rents as now given.

(97)——ix. To the suspension of the Collection of arrears along with the current Revenue.

(98) 3. The Regulation of the Cummanis Office and the improvement of the Village institutions generally with Estimates of the cost of putting them into a state of efficiency.

(99) 4th. The restruction of the Grama Kherch Village Fund Collections.

(100) 5th. An Examination of Rent free Tenures and the formation of an Enam Register, with an examination and description of all the information extant on the subject, and observations on the recent acquisition of Enams by the public servants.

(101) 6th. An amended distribution of the Zemindary Villages into convenient Revenue and Police divisions without reference to the Estates to which they belong.

(102) 7th. The arrangement and Registry of the Public records, now in great confusion.

(103) 8th. A better paid and more efficient establishment, with

i into the management of the Proprietors as Agents on the part of Government after the attachment of their Estates: which (30 & 36) shew them to have made large extra Collections under the name of Nuzzeranah and to have otherwise misappropriated the revenues - Reasons of the failure of the expectations formed by the Government and Court of Directors, of their more provident administrations from a consideration of the identity of their own interests with the welfare of their Estates -

(36) Results of the Commissioner's investigations,

ii. into the management of the Collector — after the proprietors were finally set aside -

(37) Rapid progress of the decay, after the change attributed by Mr. Stokes to seasons, by Mr. Lockhart to the measures of Mr. Stokes, but proved by the Commissioner to have resulted from the combination above mentioned, which was directed to renting Villages below their value and to impeding the Collection of the outstanding balances in consideration of sums raised by subscription from the ryots -

(38 & 42) General outline of these fraudulent proceedings -

(43) Description of the mode of raising Village subscriptions to supply the Grama Khurch or Village Fund for purposes of bribery and corruption -

(44) Description of the secret accounts of this Fund

Fund kept by the Curnums -

(46) Amount proved against the public servants (51458 Rupees from July 1251 to 1254) not commensurate with the known defalcation of Revenue; and reasons why more was not established -

(47) Illustrations of the above described practices in the Beriz of certain rented Villages and more particularly in that of Naidoo fully selected as an example, the facts of which are related in detail -

Para 50. The causes of the combination of the Public Servants by which these frauds were effected are traced -

i To the General circumstances of the District -

ii. To the particular circumstances attending a feud between two parties in the Collector's Office, contending for the Office of Head Serishtadar -

Para 52 & 55. Sketch of the origin and proceedings of these two parties ending in the discomfiture of one of them; and explanation of the inducements which led the successful faction to enter on the corrupt course that has been described -

Para 56. Tendency to the formation of such combinations in district like Guntoor with allusions to some that had formerly been detected there -

Para 57. Which however not attributable to any peculiarity in the character of the people, but to

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

No. 26

Analysis of the Report

Paras 1 & 3. The subjects to be considered with reference to the instructions of Government are,

I. The decay of the Revenue

II. The Zemindary Balances

III. The future provision for the Zemindars

Paras 4. I. Contains the causes alledged in explanation of the first head.-

1- The pressure of the Permanent Settlement

2. Natural Calamities as famine Seasons &c.

3. The Mal. administration of the Zemindars

4. The Mal. administration of the Officers of Government

Paras 5 & 9. Examination of the first alledged cause- Its insufficiency proved from the past actual Collections (which for many years were from half as much again to double the amount of the Peishcush) and from the actual Condition of the Proprietors up to 1810-

Paras 9 & 12. Examination of the second alledged cause- Ryotwar proved to be peculiarly liable to vicissitudes of Season and to recover speedily from their effects. Parallel between disasters of the 12 years from 1791 to 1803 and 1832 to 1844-

Examination-

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Paras 12 and 23. Examination of the 3rd Cause-

(12 to 15) Nature of the relation of the Zemindars to the Revenue administration under the Nizam- Moral effects of that administration- Their position under the Company (15.) Sketch of the system pursued by the Proprietors after the Permanent settlement when their management was most efficient. It is shown to have been ungracious but not calculated to promote the permanent prosperity of the Country-

(16 and 17) The decay of the Zemindars traced to family dissensions, litigation and to an extravagant assumption of rank and pretensions to which they had no claim-

(18 to 23) Illustrated by rapid Sketches of the circumstances attending the successions in each family since the permanent settlement-

Paras 23 & 50- Examination of the 4th Cause or the administration of the Officers of Government-

(23) Which comprises the period from Fusly 1212 A.D. 1802/33 to the present time-

(23 and 24) First measures adopted by the Commissioner for the investigation of this period by a scrutiny of the Village Accounts-

(25 to 29) Effect of these in developing a combination among the Collectors servants to defraud the Revenue-

(29 and 30) Results of the Commissioners investigations,

into

1192

Fort St. George

No. 25

Statement Shewing the Amount of allowance to be granted to the Zemindars of Guntoor in lieu of their Estates calculated on the permanently settled and other Berizes.—

		Vafsreddy Estate	Mulraz Estate	Chilkaloor = pand Estate	Suttanan = pully Estate	Rapully Estate	Total
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Permanent Outturn	11,105	508188	190050	190050	138792	1838185
	Ditto Beriz	540737	338792	126700	126700	92528	1225458
Beriz	Average of 10 years Beriz from Fusly 1242 to 1251	"	"	"	"	"	1034595
	Ditto Ditto Collections Ditto	"	"	"	"	"	847023
	Estimated Survey Assessment	8,1110	50818	"	"	"	1430000
	Assets of the Permanent Settlement	54073	33879	19005	19005	13879	183818
	Permanent Beriz	"	"	12670	12670	9252	122545
	Average of 10 years Beriz from 1242 to 1251	"	"	"	"	"	103459
At 10 per Cent for	Ditto Ditto Collections Ditto	"	"	"	"	"	84702
	Estimated Survey Assessment	10608	9768	9,632	4,687	9770	48465
	Sawaram	"	"	"	"	"	27370
Received in former years	Roofsoom including Despondays	24400	12000	5400	2000	"	75835
	By the Zemindar	4620	"	"	"	2000	45800
Now received according to Settle=	Ditto Mother	"	"	"	"	400	5020
=ment of Fusly 1254	Ditto Relations	29020	12000	"	2640	"	2640
		37,8547	263246	103563	96284	89156	534460
	Demand	38,1347	25211	97128	90107	65139	930800
	Collections including arrears and Tuccavie Ycoo	374817	244790	95839	87873	63397	885830
	Disbursements						864018
	Viz.	207179	198241	80690	74684	52938	713715
Settlement of Fusly	Credited to Peishcush	29020	12000	5400	4640	2400	53460
1254 A.D. 1844/45	Subsistence to the Zemindar as above Stated	Total 336199	210241	86090	79324	55338	767175
		38618	34549	9769	8549	8359	99843
	Remain as amount of Net Charges	34272	21756	87354	81558	56780	785987
	Which leaves the Net Revenue	68545	43512	8735	8155	5678	78598
	At 10 per Cent for the above			17470	16311	11356	157195
	One fifth at 20 per Cent Do.						

N.B. No account particulars for the above.—

No

1191

Fort St. George

No 24

Fasslies		Arrears of Peshcush up to Fasly 1253	Arrears according to the actual demand at the Commencement of the Commissioners investigation	Arrears not investigated owing to the absence of parties &c.	Balance investigated by the Commissioner	Probable amount to be Collected
	1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cuddapah Fasly Zemindary	1 1242	125,048	912	4	908	170
	2 1243	11,741 1	174004	6738	167866	818
	3 1244	3,52,507	195402	8947	186455	1558
	4 1245	250407	64519	3554	60965	265
	5 1246	254055	7285	1407	5878	599
	6 1247	264756	7361	425	6936	1717
	7 1248	197443	36200	1256	34944	10629
	8 1249	201597	20082	2417	17665	3472
	9 1250	249168	35790	5899	29891	9540
	10 1251	229036	39599	8641	30756	8819
	11 1252	242373	47416	8220	39196	19755
	12 1253	336578	57317	9398	47919	28420
	Total	2826379	686487	57106	629381	85762
Chittoor Fasly Zemindary	1 1242	27074	67030	99	66931	22
	2 1243	51487	44998	"	44998	251
	3 1244	87822	70134	57	70077	735
	4 1245	64289	35486	52	35434	344
	5 1246	64630	14317	5	14312	563
	6 1247	61575	8583	1848	6735	263
	7 1248	53828	8123	537	7586	951
	8 1249	42397	6981	1022	7959	453
	9 1250	25674	14279	942	13337	4490
	10 1251	40240	22626	5	22621	12495
	11 1252	48922	27696	94	27602	14697
	12 1253	77084	51399	579	50820	19180
	Total	645022	393652	5240	388412	54444

Commissioners Office
4th April 1840 — C. C. Jos.

4th January 1847.

Fasslies		Arrears of Peshcush up to Fasly 1253.	Arrears according to the actual Demand at the Commencement of the Commissioners investigation	Arrears not investigated owing to the absence of parties &c.	Balance investigated by the Commissioner	Probable amount to be Collected
	1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cuddapah Fasly Zemindary	1 1242	28875	"	"	"	"
	2 1243	60001	"	"	"	"
	3 1244	92886	69032	7310	61722	454
	4 1245	47792	19100	1480	14620	97
	5 1246	54341	8951	1362	7589	1501
	6 1247	76264	10001	1997	8004	636
	7 1248	64862	10967	1833	9134	451
	8 1249	56617	17738	3020	14718	1806
	9 1250	47168	19007	3812	15495	3314
	10 1251	43720	16876	3274	13602	3041
	11 1252	66094	13614	3000	20614	6723
	12 1253	73084	37363	4042	33321	10835
	Total	711704	229649	30830	198819	28858
Chittoor Fasly Zemindary	1 1242	"	73115	6196	66919	231
	2 1243	"	62176	5547	56629	242
	3 1244	69685	68433	6671	61762	288
	4 1245	37351	15972	462	15510	317
	5 1246	39065	17442	1143	16299	208
	6 1247	44574	29152	1957	27195	1094
	7 1248	29942	19404	359	19045	694
	8 1249	23094	21997	803	21194	882
	9 1250	24964	15322	327	14995	1277
	10 1251	31430	19209	640	18569	3572
	11 1252	28227	18350	220	18130	5187
	12 1253	54969	48674	1814	47060	23497
	Total	383301	409446	26139	383307	37489

Signed Walter Elliot
3d Member of the Board of Revenue.

Statement

1190

Fort St. George

No. 23

Comparative Statement of the Extent of Enam lands Guntoor Zillah Shewing the discrepancies between each Register and

Names of Taloots	As entered in the account of the Despondees Balabadroo = nee patroo = doo for Fusly 1198.			As entered in the account of Despondees for Fusly 1203			As entered in the Register Book of Mr. Ram			As entered in the account for Fusly 1253		
1	2			3			4			5		
	Koochul	₹	⅌	₹	₹	⅌	₹	₹	⅌	₹	₹	⅌
1 Chentapully	2,412	6	6	1,578	14	9	1,412	8	6	2,310	3	13
2 Colloor	98	13	"	123	3	"	143	6	"	168	10	1
3 Rapully	936	15	4	717	6	4	541	10	4	1,095	14	13
4 Chilkaloorpad	1,211	"	4	1045	6	4	450	"	"	1,402	2	9
5 Sattenapully	1004	"	6	1108	12	8	589	11	4	1,364	9	15
6 Rachoor	811	"	"	660	10	8	447	13	4	1,129	13	3
Totals	6275	"	8	5,234	7	1	3,585	1	4	7,501	6	4
7 Inconda and Bellum Condah	"	"	"	5,423	6	5	5,619	9	4	6,865	13	11
Totals	"	"	"	10,657	13	6	9,204	10	8	14,367	3	15
8 Nezampatam Circar	"	"	"	263	12	8	331	3	"	319	11	4
Grand Totals	"	"	"	10,921	9	14	9,535	13	8	11,686	15	3

N. B. This included Cuttoobadoly Inamians to a Considerable extent since lapsed.

This included only the lands entered as actually in enjoyment. There is besides a Considerable extent not enjoyed the entry of which in many Villages is left in blank and of which an abstract cannot therefore be made.

Commissioners Office 14th April 1846.

6th January 1847.

exhibited in the existing Registers of the Zemindary Estates in the the lands actually enjoyed on favorable Tenures in 1253 Fusly.

Difference between the accounts of Fusly 1198 and 1253			Per Centage	Difference between the accounts of Fusly 1203 and 1253.				Per Centage	Difference between the accounts of Ram's Register and Fusly 1253.				Per Centage
Increase		Decrease		Increase		Decrease			Increase		Decrease		
6			8	9		10		11	12		13		
₹	⅌	₹ ⅌		₹	⅌	₹	⅌		₹	⅌	₹	⅌	
"	"	102 4 11	4¼	731	5	4	"	" "	46¼	897	11	5	" " "	63½
69	13	1 "	" "	70¾	45	7	1	"	" "	37½	25	4	1 "	" "	17½
356	15	9 "	" "	43¾	376	6	9	"	" "	52¾	554	4	9 "	" "	102¼
191	2	3 "	" "	15¾	356	10	3	"	" "	34	952	2	9 "	" "	211¾
380	9	7 "	" "	38	275	13	7	"	" "	24¾	794	14	11 "	" "	135
326	10	7 102	4 11	40½	479	2	4	"	" "	32½	691	15	5 "	" "	134¼
1,328	10	7 102	4 11	19½	2,266	15	3	"	" "	43¾	3,916	5	" "	" "	109¼
"	"	" "	" "	"	1442	7	6	"	" "	26¾	1,246	4	7 "	" "	22¼
"	"	" "	" "	"	3,709	6	9	"	" "	34¾	5,162	9	7 "	" "	56
"	"	" "	" "	"	55	14	12	"	" "	21¼	"	"	" "	11 7 12	3½
"	"	" "	" "	"	3,765	5	5	"	" "	34½	5,162	9	7	11 7 12	56

Errors Excepted / Signed / Walter Elliot

3d. Member of the Board of Revenue.

1189

Fort St. George.

No. 22.

Statement shewing the Emoluments enjoyed by Village Curnums and Moonsiffs in the Pollak of Guntoor.-

		Items									Profits of all kinds to Curnums								
		Extent of Land			Produce			Sodey payable to the Circar			From Enam Lands			Ready money allowances and in Grain			Total		
		C	⅞	⅛	Rs	a	⅛	Rs	a	⅛	Rs	a	⅛	Rs	a	⅛	Rs	a	⅛
1	Metta or Dry land	1943	4	12	37,613	9	10	4,481	14	"	33,131	9	10	"	"	"	"	"	"
2	Maganey or wet land	35	5	12	3,304	"	5	214	10	10	3,089	5	7	"	"	"	"	"	"
	Total	1978	10	6	40,917	9	8	4,696	8	10	36,220	15	5	"	"	"	36,220	15	5

		Items									Profits of all kinds to Curnums & moonsiffs								
		Extent of Land			Produce			Sodey payable to the Circar			From Enam Lands			Ready money allowances and in Grain			Total		
		C	⅞	⅛	Rs	a	⅛	Rs	a	⅛	Rs	a	⅛	Rs	a	⅛	Rs	a	⅛
1	Metta or Dry land	47	13	3	1,287	14	"	204	9	4	1083	4	8	"	"	"	"	"	"
2	Maganey or wet land	4	6	4	54	12	8	4	8	"	54	4	8	"	"	"	"	"	"
	Total	48	3	7	1,346	10	8	209	1	4	1137	9	4	"	"	"	1137	9	4

Ready Money Allowances.

3	Selagu loo or grain fees (Mera) on dery Enam & Cultivated Lands	"	"	"	10436	1	6	10436	1	6	
4	Fees on Garden (Carcel) waste (Bunjer) pasture) Poollary) fees	"	"	"	3926	13	4	3926	13	4	
5	Roosoomd or money fees from Government with fees from Inolur pha Looms and Marketed	"	"	"	5452	15	6	5452	15	6	
6	Fees on Marriages	"	"	"	2918	2	10	2918	2	10	
7	Value of Cloths given at the time of Summabundy and Festivals Batta when Proceading to Durbar &c	"	"	"	3557	6	8	3557	6	8	
8	Per Centage on Maramet charged in repairing Tanks Channels wells banks or Kristna &c	"	"	"	305	4	5	305	4	5	
9	Fees on chay root	"	"	"	28	4	"	28	4	"	
10	Wandra or Remission at 1 Pagoda per Poolly	"	"	"	106	"	"	106	"	"	
11	Wandra on chay root Cultivated either by themselves or by Ryots	"	"	"	43	8	"	43	8	"	
12	Fees from Toddy drawers	"	"	"	418	5	"	418	5	"	
13	Percentage on charges of digging chay root &c	"	"	"	52	6	"	52	6	"	
14	Do on mango Tamarind Custard apples and on Vegetable exposders	"	"	"	49	"	4	49	"	4	
15	Do on Beetle &c Gardens	"	"	"	28	"	"	28	"	"	
16	Do on Goods imported by Sea	"	"	"	8	9	6	8	9	6	
17	Do on the festivals of Village Goddess the Pongal &c	"	"	"	4	"	"	4	"	"	
18	Do on a ceremony Called "Veerabha drapulloo loo	"	"	"	1	8	"	1	8	"	
19	Do on the produce of Rookoodecayaloo	"	"	"	12	"	"	12	"	"	
		"	"	"	27353	1	1	27353	1	1	

Allowances in Grain

20	Pillu delaga Redda delaga Tamarind Grain Cotton &c at ¾ Toom per Poolty	"	"	"	19380	9	1	19380	9	1	
		Poollies	T	M							
	On the above delaga	962	13	10	58/64						
	On Grain imported	"	"	11	14 ¾						
	Grand Total	36220	15	5	46733	10	2	62954	9	7	

Commissioners Office 14th April 1846. E. E. &c

1st January 1847.

Ready Money Allowances.

3	Wandra on Mokta Sist	"	"	"	81	4	6	81	4	6	
4	For Batta Charges &c	"	"	"	57	"	"	57	"	"	
5	Roosoomd paid from remittances	"	"	"	390	"	"	390	"	"	
6	Garden lands held on favorable Sists	"	"	"	42	"	"	42	"	"	
9	Value of Cloths presented by Circar and Renters	"	"	"	30	"	"	30	"	"	
8	Fees on Palmira Jaggery &c	"	"	"	20	"	"	20	"	"	
9	Do on chay root &c	"	"	"	23	4	"	23	4	"	
10	Poollary on Cattle	"	"	"	"	9	"	"	9	"	
11	Moturfa Remission	"	"	"	3	2	6	3	2	6	
	Total	"	"	"	647	4	"	647	4	"	

Allowances in Grain

		Poollies	T	M							
12	On Roospacuttaloo	12	15	11 3/4							
	On Lerayety at 1 Toom per Poolty	4	18	8							
		12	14	3 3/4	"	"	"	254	3	3	254	3	3

	Grand Total	1137	9	4	901	7	3	2039			

/Signed/ Walter Elliot
3rd Member of the Board of Revenue

Comparative.

1189

Fort St. George.

No. 22.

Statement shewing the Emoluments enjoyed by Village Curnums and Moonsiffs in the Zillah of Guntoor.-

		Items				Profits of all kinds to Curnums								
		Extent of Land	Produce	Sicca payable to the Circar		From Enam Lands			Ready money allowances and in Grain			Total		
		C	V	S	Rs a p	Rs a p			Rs a p			Rs a p		
1	Metta or Dry land	1943	4	12	37613 7 10	4481 14 "			33131 9 10			" " "		
2	Magany or wet land	35	5	12	3304 " 5	214 10 10			30869 5 7			" " "		
	Total	1978	10	8	40917 3 3	4696 8 10			36220 15 5			" " "		
	Ready Money Allowances.-													
3	Selagaloo or grain fees (Mera) on dery Enam & Cattle dry lands				" " "	10436 1 6			10436 1 6					
4	Fees on Garden (Sarees) waste (Bunjer) pasture) Poollary &c.a				" " "	3926 13 4			3926 13 4					
5	Roosoomes or money fees from Government with fees from Inolur pha Looms and Markets				" " "	5452 15 6			5452 15 6					
6	Fees on Marriages				" " "	2916 2 10			2918 2 10					
7	Value of Cloths given at the time of Summabandy at Festivals Batta when Proceeding to Durbar				" " "	3557 6 8			3557 6 8					
8	Per Centage on Maramet Charges in repairing Tanks Channels wells banks or Kristna &c.a				" " "	305 4 5			305 4 5					
9	Fees on chay root				" " "	28 4 "			28 4 "					
10	Wandra or Remission at 1 Pagoda per Poolly				" " "	108 " "			108 " "					
11	Wandra on chay root Cultivated either by themselves or by Ryots				" " "	43 8 "			43 8 "					
12	Fees from Toddy drawers				" " "	418 5 "			418 5 "					
13	Percentage on charges of digging chay root &c.a				" " "	52 8 "			52 8 "					
14	Do on mango Tamarind Custard apples and on Vegetable exposders				" " "	49 " 4			49 " 4					
15	Do on Beetle &c.a Gardens				" " "	28 " "			28 " "					
16	Do on Goods imported by Sea				" " "	8 9 6			8 9 6					
17	Do on the festivals of Village Goddess the Pongal &c.a				" " "	4 " "			4 " "					
18	Do on a ceremony called "Veerabha drapulloloo				" " "	1 8 "			1 8 "					
19	Do on the produce of Kookoodecayaloo				" " "	12 " "			12 " "					
					" " "	27353 1 1			27353 1 1					
	Allowances in Grain													
20	Pilla Selaga Pedda Selaga Tamarind Gram Cotton &c.a at 3/4 Toom per Poolly				" " "	19380 9 1			19380 9 1					
		Poollies	T	M										
	On the above Selaga	962	13	10 5/64										
	On Grain imported	"	11	14 3/4										
	Grand Total	36220	15	5	46733 10 2	82954 9 7								

Commissioners Office 14th April 1846 - E. E. &c.a

7th January 1847.

Curnums and Moonsiffs in the Zillah of Guntoor.-

		Items				Profits of all kinds to Curnums & moonsiffs								
		Extent of land	Produce	Sicca payable to the Circar		From Enam Lands			Ready money allowances and in Grain			Total		
		C	V	S	Rs a p	Rs a p			Rs a p			Rs a p		
1	Metta or Dry land	47	13	3	1287 14 "	204 9 4			1083 4 8			" " "		
2	Magany or wet land	"	6	4	54 12 8	4 8 "			54 4 8			" " "		
	Total	48	3	7	1346 10 8	209 1 4			1137 9 4			" " "	1137 9 4	
	Ready Money allowances.													
3	Wandra or Mokta Sist				" " "	81 4 6			81 4 6					
4	For Batta Charges &c.a				" " "	57 " "			57 " "					
5	Roosoomes paid from remittances				" " "	390 " "			390 " "					
6	Garden lands held on favorable Sists				" " "	42 " "			42 " "					
9	Fees on Cloths given to Circar and Renters				" " "	30 " "			30 " "					
8	Fees on Palmira Jaggery &c.a				" " "	20 " "			20 " "					
9	Do on chay root &c.a				" " "	23 4 "			23 4 "					
10	Poollary on Cattle				" " "	9 " "			9 " "					
11	Moturfa Remission				" " "	3 2 6			3 2 6					
	Total				" " "	647 4 "			647 4 "					
	Allowances in Grain													
		Poollies	T	M										
12	On Koospacuttaloo	12	15	11 3/4										
	On Serayety at 1 Toom per Poolly	4	18	8										
		12	14	3 3/4	" " "	254 3 3			254 3 3					
	Grand Total	1137	9	4	901	7	3	2039						

/signed/ Walter Elliot
3d Member of the Board of Revenue

Comparative.-

1188 ||

F. & C. St. George
No. 21

Statement Shewing the Emoluments &c. enjoyed by Village Curnums and Moonsiffs in the Zillah Guntoor.—

7th January 1847.

1188/N

Names of Zemmindaries	No. of Villages attached to each Zemindary	No. of Villages having money Emoluments on Land	Emoluments on Land Metta or Dry Land: Extent of Land	Produce	Jody payable to Circar	Remaining Profit	Nuggany on wet Land: Extent of Land	Produce	Jody payable to Circar	Remaining Profit	Total of Colls. 7 & 11	Roodoomdar Fees: In money	In Grain	Grand Total of Colls. 12-13 and 14
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
			Cocks 7 &	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	C. 7 &	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Curnums.														
1 Vasreddy	338	118	326 6 8	6,797 3 "	928 8 "	5,868 11 "	4 15 8	367 9 3	" " "	367 9 3	6,236 4 3	10,308 13 "	8,902 6 3	25,447 9 6
2 Mulraz	323	250	465 13 12	26,276 9 3	2,176 12 "	24,099 13 3	29 12 4	2,880 15 2	210 10 10	2,670 4 4	26,770 1 7	7,771 12 "	5,739 2 1	40,280 15 8
3 Chilkaloorpad	79	48	95 11 8	2,330 13 3	904 2 "	1,426 11 3	" 1 "	5 " "	2 " "	3 " "	1,429 11 3	4,063 " 10	1,353 9 "	6,846 5 1
4 Sattanapilly	80	29	43 5 "	1,190 8 "	256 " "	932 8 "	" 1 "	5 " "	2 " "	3 " "	935 8 "	2,979 7 5	1,311 9 10	5,226 9 3
5 Repilly	67	33	32 " "	1,018 6 4	214 8 "	803 14 4	1 8 "	45 8 "	" " "	45 8 "	849 6 4	2,228 7 10	2,072 12 11	5,150 11 1
Total	882	478	1,943 4 12	37,613 7 10	4,481 14 "	33,131 9 10	35 5 12	3,304 " 5	214 10 10	3,089 5 7	36,220 15 5	27,351 9 1	19,379 10 1	82,952 2 7
6 Einavolo Sageer	1	"	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	1 8 "	" 15 "	2 7 "
Total	883	478	1,943 4 12	37,613 7 10	4,481 14 "	33,131 9 10	35 5 12	3,304 " 5	214 10 10	3,089 5 7	36,220 15 5	27,353 1 1	19,380 9 1	82,954 9 7
Moonsiffs														
1 Vasreddy	333	2	" 8 "	22 " "	" " "	22 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	22 " "	81 11 6	156 12 "	260 7 6
2 Mulraz	323	29	35 15 11	895 2 "	160 9 4	734 8 8	" 64	58 12 8	4 8 "	54 4 8	788 13 4	90 12 6	1 9 "	881 2 10
3 Chilkaloorpad	79	5	3 10 "	113 " "	33 " "	80 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	80 " "	129 2 "	64 1 "	273 3 "
4 Sattanapilly	80	7	6 8 8	192 " "	" " "	192 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	192 " "	161 10 "	6 14 "	360 8 "
5 Repilly	67	3	1 3 "	65 12 "	11 " "	54 12 "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	54 12 "	184 " "	24 15 3	263 11 3
Total	882	46	47 13 3	1,287 4 "	204 9 4	1,083 4 8	" 64	58 12 8	4 8 "	54 4 8	1,137 9 4	647 4 "	254 3 3	2,039 " 7
6 Einavolo Sageer	1	"	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
Total	883	46	47 13 3	1,287 4 "	204 9 4	1,083 4 8	" 64	58 12 8	4 8 "	54 4 8	1,137 9 4	647 4 "	254 3 3	2,039 " 7
Grand Total	883	"	1,991 1 15	38,901 5 10	4,686 7 4	34,214 14 6	35 12 "	3,362 12 8	219 2 10	3,143 10 3	37,356 8 9	28,000 5 1	19,634 12 4	84,993 10 2

Commissioners Office
14th April 1846

F. C. C.

/signed/ Walter Elliot
3rd Member of the Board of Revenue.—

Statement

Fort St. George
No. 21

Statement Shewing the Emoluments &c. enjoyed by Village Curnums and Moonsiffs in the Zillah Guntoor on the 1st January 1847.

Names of Zemindaries	No. of Villages attached to each Zemindary	No. of Villages having Money-ened Land	Emoluments on Land Metta or Dry Land: Extent of Land	Produce	Jody payable to Circar	Remaining Profit	Mogany on wet Land: Extent of Land	Produce	Jody payable to Circar	Remaining Profit	Total of Colls. 7 & 11	Road-cess or Fees: In Money	In Grain	Grand Total of Colls. 12-13 and 14
			Cocks	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Cocks	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Curnums-														
1 Vastreddy	333	118	326 6 8	6,797 3 "	928 8 "	5,868 11 "	4 15 8	367 9 3	" " "	367 9 3	6,236 4 3	10,308 13 "	8,902 6 3	25,447 9 6
2 Mulraz	323	250	465 13 12	26,276 9 3	2,176 12 "	24,099 13 3	29 12 4	2,880 15 2	210 10 10	2,670 4 4	26,770 1 7	7,771 12 "	5,739 2 1	40,280 15 6
3 Chilkaloorpad	79	48	95 11 8	2,330 13 3	904 2 "	1,426 11 3	" 1 "	5 " "	2 " "	3 " "	1,429 11 3	4,063 " 10	1,353 9 "	6,846 5 1
4 Sattanapilly	80	29	43 5 "	1,190 6 "	256 " "	933 8 "	" 1 "	5 " "	2 " "	3 " "	935 8 "	2,979 7 5	1,311 9 10	5,226 9 3
5 Repilly	67	33	32 " "	1,018 6 4	214 8 "	803 14 4	1 8 "	45 8 "	" " "	45 8 "	849 6 4	2,228 7 10	2,072 12 11	5,150 11 1
Total	882	478	1,943 4 12	37,613 7 10	4,481 14 "	33,131 9 10	35 5 12	3,304 " 5	214 10 10	3,089 5 7	36,220 15 5	27,351 9 1	19,379 10 1	82,952 2 7
6 Einavolu Sageer	1	"	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	1 6 "	" 15 "	2 7 "	
Total	883	478	1,943 4 12	37,613 7 10	4,481 14 "	33,131 9 10	35 5 12	3,304 " 5	214 10 10	3,089 5 7	36,220 15 5	27,353 1 1	19,380 9 1	82,954 9 7
Moonsiffs														
1 Vastreddy	333	2	" 8 "	22 " "	" " "	22 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	22 " "	81 11 6	156 12 "	260 7 6
2 Mulraz	323	29	35 15 11	895 2 "	160 9 4	734 8 8	" 64	58 12 8	4 8 "	54 4 8	788 13 4	90 12 6	1 9 "	881 2 10
3 Chilkaloorpad	79	5	3 10 "	113 " "	33 " "	80 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	80 " "	129 2 "	64 1 "	273 3 "
4 Sattanapilly	80	7	6 8 8	192 " "	" " "	192 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	192 " "	161 10 "	6 14 "	360 8 "
5 Repilly	67	3	1 2 "	65 12 "	11 " "	54 12 "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	54 12 "	184 " "	24 15 3	263 11 3
Total	882	46	47 13 3	1,287 14 "	204 9 4	1,083 4 8	" 64	58 12 8	4 8 "	54 4 8	1,137 9 4	647 4 "	254 3 3	2,039 " 7
6 Einavolu Sageer	1	"	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
Total	883	46	47 13 3	1,287 14 "	204 9 4	1,083 4 8	" 64	58 12 8	4 8 "	54 4 8	1,137 9 4	647 4 "	254 3 3	2,039 " 7
Grand Total	883	"	1,991 1 15	38,901 5 10	4,686 7 4	34,214 14 6	35 12 "	3,362 13 1	219 2 10	3,143 10 3	37,356 8 9	28,000 5 1	19,634 12 4	84,993 10 2

Commissioners Office
14th April 1846

E. C. Jos.

/Signed/ Walter Elliot
3d Member of the Board of Revenue.

Statement

1187-

Fort St. George

No. 20

Statement Shewing the Emoluments &c. enjoyed by Settled Talooks of Guntoor District

		Emoluments on Metta or Dry land				Emoluments on Maganey or wet land								
		Extent of land	Produce	Sodey payable to Circar	Remaining Profit	Extent of land	Produce	Sodee payable to Circar	Remaining Profit	Total profit to the Enamdar	Fees in money	Fees in grain Cummuted to money	Total Emoluments
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Coochellas	Rs.	Ps.	Ps.	Coochellas	Rs.	Ps.	Ps.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Ps.
1	Curnums	1943 1/4	37,614	4482	33132	35 1/4	3,304	215	3089	36,221	27,353	19,381	82955
2	Village Moonsiffs and Head Ryots	47 3/4	1,288	205	1083	1/2	59	4	55	1,138	647	254	2,039
3	Calender Bramins	432 1/2	10584	1287	9297	5 1/2	469	39	430	9727	1523	1120	12370
4	Mohatauds	380 1/2	8763	180	8583	1 1/2	183	13	170	8753	9253	1872	19878
5	Village Kavalgars	4	66	10	56	1/4	3	"	3	61	"	21	82
6	Velleyans	368 1/2	6699	261	6438	4	521	20	501	6939	839	8700	16478
7	Carpenters	248 3/4	4965	186	4779	2 3/4	319	3	316	5095	539	8610	14244
8	Blacksmiths	200	4177	173	4004	2	264	6	258	4262	391	7577	12230
9	Washermen	170 1/4	2707	120	2584	2	252	2	250	2834	3727	8065	14626
10	Potters	68 3/4	1303	47	1310	1	113	2	111	1427	1191	5087	7705
11	Barbers and Musicians	158 1/4	3097	177	2920	1 1/4	186	9	177	3094	1284	5324	9705
12	Chucklers	54	940	14	926	1/2	51	1	50	976	117	4765	5856
13	Village Shroffs	84 3/4	1745	144	1601	1/2	73	"	73	1674	1053	1790	4,517
14	Dancing Girls	96 3/4	1814	43	1771	2 3/4	425	2	423	2194	76	72	2342
15	Bramins reading Vedas in Pagodas	2 1/4	68	"	68	"	"	"	"	68	"	75	143
16	Village Cutwals	1	12	"	12	"	"	"	"	12	"	"	12
17	Bearers of Idols	2	24	4	20	"	"	"	"	20	"	"	20
18	Cuttoobady peons	6 72	8533	2640	5893	3/4	94	80	14	5907	6	4	5917
19	Pubalavalloo Binanevalloo and Commoovalloo	3/4	40	3	37	"	"	"	"	37	"	"	37
20	Distributor of water or Neer Cattoovalloo	"	"	"	"	1/4	53	"	53	53	"	9	62
21	Trumpeter or Bhak = valloo	3/4	18	1	17	"	"	"	"	17	"	6	23
22	Boatmen	2	72	"	72	"	"	"	"	72	136	58	266
23	Toddy drawers	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	40	40
24	Nathanevalloo for bringing flowers to Pagodas	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	4	4	"	3	3
25	Agadooloo (hunters)	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3	3
26	Bhagavatooloo (singers	1/4	10	"	10	"	"	"	"	10	"	"	10
27	Police people	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	15	"	15
28	Measurers	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	17	17
29	Head Chattees (Suppliers of provisions)	1	16	"	16	"	"	"	"	16	"	"	16
30	Gollavalloo or Shepherds	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	1
	Total	4942 1/2	94,614	9977	84637	60 3/4	6,369	396	5973	90,610	48,150	72,854	2,11,614

Commissioners Office
14th April 1840

E.

E.

Jor.

1187/2

of the January 1847.

Village Officers of every denomination in the permanently

/Signed/ Walter Elliot
3d Member of the Board of Revenue

Statement

1187.

Fort St. George

No. 29

Statement Shewing the Emoluments Enjoyed by Village Officers of every denomination in the permanently Settled Talooks of Guntoor District

		Emoluments on Metta or Dry land				Emoluments on Magany or wet land							
		Extent of land	Produce	Sodey payable to Circar	Remaining Profit	Extent of land	Produce	Sodee payable to Circar	Remaining Profit	Total profit to the Enamdar	Fees in Money	Fees in grain Cummuted to Money	Total Emoluments
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Coochellas	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Coochellas	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Curnams	1943 1/4	37,614	4482	33132	35 1/4	3304	215	3089	36,221	27,353	19,381	82,955
2	Village Mooneiffs and Head Ryots	47 3/4	1,288	205	1083	1/2	59	4	55	1,138	647	254	2,039
3	Calender Bramins	432 1/2	10584	1287	9297	5 1/2	469	39	430	9727	1523	1120	12370
4	Mohatands	380 1/2	8763	180	8583	1 1/2	183	13	170	8753	9,253	1872	19878
5	Village Kavalgars	4	68	10	58	1/4	3	"	3	61	"	21	82
6	Vetteyans	368 1/2	6699	261	6438	4	521	20	501	6939	839	8700	16478
7	Carpenters	248 3/4	4965	186	4779	2 3/4	319	3	316	5095	539	8,610	14,244
8	Blacksmiths	200	4177	173	4004	2	264	6	258	4,262	391	7577	12230
9	Washermen	170 1/4	2707	120	2584	2	252	2	250	2834	3727	8,065	14626
10	Potters	88 3/4	1303	47	1310	1	113	2	111	1427	1191	5087	7705
11	Barbers and Musicians	158 1/4	3097	177	2920	1 1/4	186	9	177	3097	1284	5324	9705
12	Chucklers	54	940	14	926	1/2	51	1	50	976	117	4765	5858
13	Village Shroffs	84 3/4	1745	144	1601	1/2	73	"	73	1674	1053	1790	4,517
14	Dancing Girls	96 3/4	1814	43	1771	2 3/4	425	2	423	2194	76	72	2,342
15	Bramins reading Vadass in Pagodas	2 1/4	68	"	68	"	"	"	"	68	"	75	143
16	Village Cutnach	1	12	"	12	"	"	"	"	12	"	"	12
17	Bearers of Idols	2	24	4	20	"	"	"	"	20	"	"	20
18	Cuttoobady peons	672	8533	2640	5893	3/4	94	80	14	5907	6	4	5917
19	Pubalavalloo Binanevalloo and Commoovalloo	3/4	40	3	37	"	"	"	"	37	"	"	37
20	Distributor of water or Nee = rookattoovalloo	"	"	"	"	1/4	53	"	53	53	"	9	62
21	Trumpeter or Bhas = valloo	3/4	18	1	17	"	"	"	"	17	"	6	23
22	Boatmen	2	72	"	72	"	"	"	"	72	136	58	266
23	Toddy drawers	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	40	40
24	Kathanevalloo for bringing flowers to Pagodas	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3	3
25	Agadooloo (hunters)	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3	3
26	Bhagavatoo-loo (singers	1/4	10	"	10	"	"	"	"	10	"	"	10
27	Police people	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	15	"	15
28	Measurers	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	17	17
29	Head Chettes (Suppliers of provisions)	1	16	"	16	"	"	"	"	16	"	"	16
30	Gollavalloo or Shepherds	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	1
	Total	4942 1/2	94,614	9977	84,637	60 3/4	6,369	396	5973	90,610	48,150	92854	2,11614

Commissioners Office
14th April 1840

E.

E.

Jnr.

1187 1/2

9th January 1847.

/Signed/ Walter Elliot
3d Member of the Board of Revenue

Statement

1186

Fort St. George

No. 19

Ryotwar Statement of the Increase and Decrease Fusly 1251 to 1254 in the Village of Chinna Kakani the Settlement Concluded under the direction of the

to 1st January 1847.

1186 1/2

of Cultivation under the renting System from in the Repelly Talook of the Gillah of Guntoor with Commissioner for Fusly 1254.-

Names of the Ryots	Amount of Sist of Fusly 1251	Fusly 1252				Fusly 1253				Fusly 1254				Amount of settlement by the Commissioner for Fusly 1255	Remarks
		List of lands relinquished	List of lands newly taken up	Total Sist	Amount of Subscription Collected from each Ryot	List of lands relinquished	List of lands newly taken up	Total Sist	Amount of Subscription Collected from each Ryot	List of lands relinquished	List of lands newly taken up	Total Sist			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	
Pen Tard 1 Goorrum Seniah	68 3 2	13 6 11	14 2 7	69 5 10	24 10 8	1 6 2	70 11 "	47 10 10	1 14 7	" " "	" " "	68 12 5	76 7 "		
2 Moodoocoor Badvanah	52 5 9	18 3 "	10 15 "	45 1 9	14 " "	12 " "	46 " 9	30 2 "	19 13 9	" " "	" " "	44 3 "	52 2 9		
3 Do Singiah	59 1 9	15 2 "	16 " "	59 15 9	19 10 11	17 5 "	59 4 9	41 6 2	19 13 9	19 " "	19 2 "	59 4 9	65 1 3		
4 Lunga Veera reddy	49 " "	16 8 "	16 6 "	48 14 "	16 " 7	16 4 4	52 8 4	35 15 1	15 2 "	" " "	" " "	51 11 4	60 " 4		
5 Soonkera Ranakaloo	69 10 11	20 1 "	11 11 11	61 5 10	20 " 1	" " "	58 " "	40 7 8	" " "	" " "	" " "	58 " "	66 2 "		
6 Kokani Gungaraz	14 8 8	5 8 4	14 7 4	23 7 8	7 11 3	3 5 10	" " "	8 14 6	4 7 10	3 11 4	13 " 11	26 " 6			
7 Do Byragee	24 6 9	4 5 "	" " 6 "	20 7 9	6 11 7	4 14 2	27 9 11	18 4 2	4 13 11	3 6 9	26 2 9	39 " 6			
8 Do Ramiah	8 6 10	7 1 9	7 8 "	8 13 3	2 14 4	8 13 5	6 8 5	6 8 5	4 8 10	" " "	" " "	6 8 5	13 " 4		
Total	345 11 10	100 3 10	91 15 10	337 7 10	111 11 5	68 16 3	333 8 9	227 5 3	47 1 1	41 4 1	324 11 4	390 14 4			
9 P- Amarappah	22 " 6	" " "	" 10 "	22 10 6	7 7 "	8 8 "	" " "	14 2 6	" " "	" " "	" " "	14 2 6			
10 Ve- Venkiah	35 " 6	35 " 6	" " "	" " "	" " "	9 3 9	12 2 "	35 6 9	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "			
11 Vg- Lingiah	32 8 6	" " "	" " "	32 8 6	10 10 10	" " "	" " "	55 " 9	24 11 6	" " "	" " "	" " "	31 4 9		
12 C- Chendrappah	59 " 9	4 " "	" " "	55 " 9	18 1 "	" 20 14 2	" " "	21 7 6	38 6 8	35 6 9	" " "	" " "	55 " 9		
13 P- Pentrum & C. Cotaippa	50 1 9	8 11 9	" 15 6	42 5 8	13 9 3	9 15 "	3 " 9	43 11 9	14 7 "	" " 9	" " "	" " "			
14 Ve- Venkiah	49 3 6	9 2 6	6 9 "	46 10 "	15 15 3	" " "	" " "	9 6 1	28 9 10	36 3 9	" " 9	20 14 4	30 11 6		
15 R- Raparaz	9 6 1	" " "	" " "	9 6 1	3 1 4	" 3 9	" " "	25 1 4	6 12 10	" " "	" " "	8 1 7	30 " "		
16 V- Loobiah	29 8 1	5 15 6	" 5 2 6	28 11 1	9 6 9	5 11 3	" " "	18 3 5	17 8 1	" " "	" " "	9 6 1	9 6 1		
17 K- Baskerdoo	23 14 8	" " "	" " "	23 14 8	7 13 6	" " "	10 13 3	10 13 3	12 11 4	" " "	" " "	25 1 4	27 2 4		
18 Me- Pariah	15 6 "	15 6 "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" 3 8 "	" 2 6	4 12 9	9 6 10	" " "	" " "	18 3 5	20 1 5		
19 G- Chintiah	12 12 "	5 6 "	" 12 3	8 2 3	2 7 4	17 2 "	2 3 "	26 12 3	2 12 8	" 7 10	" " "	10 13 3	12 13 3		
20 C- Bremmiah	44 5 3	" 10 "	" " "	43 11 3	14 5 6	1 " "	1 " "	11 8 "	19 12 5	" " "	" " "	4 4 11	8 " "		
21 P- Venkiah	11 8 "	7 2 "	7 2 "	11 8 "	3 12 4	6 8 7	" " "	3 15 7	8 " 5	11 8 "	" " "	" " "	28 12 3	32 12 3	
22 Sam Mohamed Cadeen	15 11 5	6 13 6	1 10 3	10 8 2	2 14 "	2 7 1	" " "	3 11 1	4 6 "	" " "	" " "	" " "	11 8 "		
23 Chakola Basaveadoo	" " "	" " "	8 " "	8 " "	2 10 "	3 8 "	" 4 "	5 6 "	3 12 "	" 5 6	" " "	" " "	3 11 1	7 8 "	
24 L- Loobiah	15 8 3	5 8 3	1 5 3	11 5 2	3 11 6	11 5 3	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	5 6 "		
25 B- Lutchmeroodoo	10 12 9	2 9 9	" " "	8 3 "	2 11 "	" " "	2 " "	10 3 "	9 1 6	" " "	" " "	" " "	10 " "		
26 R- Janakeramdoo	12 11 "	1 8 "	" " "	11 3 "	3 10 9	" " "	" 2 "	11 3 "	9 12 10	" " "	" " "	11 3 "	10 3 "		
27 P- Venkiah	" " "	" " "	13 1 6	13 1 6	4 4 9	" " "	2 " "	15 1 6	10 6 "	15 1 6	" " "	" " "	12 3 6		
28 Do Condiah	53 14 4	12 15 4	" " "	40 15 "	13 9 "	9 12 "	3 2 9	36 5 9	24 6 4	36 5 9	" " "	" " "	15 1 6		
29 G- Basaveadoo & Paradasa	1 " "	1 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	42 9 "		
30 R- Royadoo	5 4 "	1 11 "	1 14 "	5 9 "	1 12 6	1 14 "	" " "	3 9 "	2 9 9	" " "	" " "	3 9 "	4 9 "		
31 P- Appiah & N. Sayawah	27 13 6	" " "	" " "	27 13 6	" " "	8 1 6	6 1 6	27 13 6	" " "	" " "	" " "	27 13 6	27 13 6		
32 R- Nardiah	3 10 6	2 5 6	" 15 "	2 4 "	" " 11 10	" " "	1 5 "	3 9 "	2 " 9	2 12 "	2 15 3	3 11 3	5 9 3		
33 P- Loobiah	8 1 "	" " "	" " "	8 1 "	2 10 3	6 1 "	9 " "	9 " "	6 4 6	9 " "	" " "	" " "	9 " 4		
34 V Vencatamarainah	13 8 2	2 3 "	" " "	11 5 2	3 11 6	3 12 "	5 8 "	13 1 2	9 2 "	13 1 2	" " "	" " "	13 1 2		
35 Z- Zennah	8 3 "	2 " "	2 3 "	8 6 "	2 12 "	2 4 "	4 4 6	10 6 "	9 2 2	" " "	" 8 10	10 14 10	12 6 4		
36 V- Vencataramdoo	3 12 9	" " "	1 " "	4 12 9	1 9 2	" " "	2 " "	4 14 9	3 6 11	" " "	" " "	4 14 9	8 " 3		
37 G- Govindoo	12 " "	8 " "	" " "	4 " "	1 5 "	1 12 "	1 12 "	4 " "	2 12 8	" " "	" " "	4 " "	6 " "		
38 C- Stagoolo	4 " "	4 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "		
39 C- Purtsolaleggadoo	3 12 "	3 12 "	" " "	" " "	" " "	2 " "	2 6 "	6 12 "	4 11 5	6 12 "	" " "	" " "	8 2 4		
40 M- Eggennah	4 6 "	" " "	2 " "	6 6 "	2 1 6	" " "	" " "	10 8 "	7 5 3	" " "	" " "	10 8 "	6 4 "		
41 M- Malado	9 12 "	" " "	2 12 "	10 8 "	3 7 "	8 13 6	1 14 "	1 14 "	1 5 "	1 14 "	" " "	" " "			
42 Ve- Veeriah	9 13 9	1 " 1	" " "	8 13 8	2 14 6	1 12 "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "			
43 M Veeradoo	3 4 "	1 12 "	" 4 "	1 12 "	9 3	" " "	4 " "	14 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	14 " "	14 " "		
44 C- Moocoondoogadoo	16 " "	8 " "	2 " "	10 " "	3 4 6	" " "	" " "	4 6 "	3 2 3	" " "	" " "	4 6 "	10 " 4		
45 B- Appereddy	4 6 "	" " "	" " "	4 6 "	1 2 8	" " "	1 6 "	4 14 "	3 6 5	4 14 "	" " "	" " "	3 " "		
46 J- Cotiah	4 " "	4 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	1 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "		
47 V- Veerannah	" " "	" " "	3 6 "	3 6 "	1 " "	" " "	3 " "	3 " "	" " "	" 3 "	" " "	" " "	" " "		
48 G- Ramiah	" " "	" " "	1 " "	1 " "	5 3	" " "	4 6 "	4 6 "	1 8 "	" " "	" " "	7 6 "			
49 C- Ramiah	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	2 " "	2 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	2 " "	2 " "		
50 A- Cotappah	" " "	" " "	2 " "	2 " "	" " "	" " "	6 9 "	6 9 "	" " "	" " "	" " "	6 9 "	6 9 "		
51 C- Mungalgidreo	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "		
52 G- Nardiah & N. Patiah	6 9 11	6 9 11	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "		
053 Ve- Ramakah & N. Patiah	16 9 11	16 9 11	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "		
Total	667 4 11	175 2 9	64 12 5	556 14 9	109 11 2	148 7 11	87 " 9	495 7 7	302 5 9	251 14 8	5 9 8	249 2 7	529 12 "		
Grand Total	1013 " 9	275 6 5	156 12 3	894 6 7	281 6 7	221 6 5	156 " "	829 " 2	529 11 "	298 15 9	40 13 9	573 14 2	926 10 "		

Commissioners Office 14th April 1846.

[Signed] Walter Elliot.
3d Member of the Board of Revenue.

Statement.

11 1185

Fort St. George

No. 18

A Statement of the Population and agricultural Stock of the Zemindary Villages in the Taluk of Guntoor from Fusly 1240 to 1253.-

Cultivators

Sheet	Villages	Total Number of Ploughs	Total Inhabitants	Cadeems or Resident Cultivators Puttahs	Payacaries Inhabitants	Payacaries Puttahs	Joint Cultivators Inhabitants	Joint Cultivators Puttahs
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1240	882	47794	31192	12664	6775	3834	431	150
1241	882	47043	29990	12388	8528	3864	341	104
1242	882	38599	25488	8099	4518	2523	397	223
1243	882	22698½	18352	6747	5255	2004	312	134
1244	882	23136½	18021	8092	4900	2091	300	160
1245	882	23350½	17552	9036	5242	2367	389	174
1246	882	24518½	17661	7502	5124	2454	476	198
1247	882	27487	18981	8218	5630	2532	594	243
1248	882	30733	20155	8710	6230	2935	994	615
1249	882	32716½	20926	8691	6607	2659	792	325
1250	882	33532	22838	8507	7011	2665	773	353
1251	882	36450½	26070	12179	7953	3487	915	501
1252	882	37149½	25244	10464	7660	2978	863	423
1253	882	35475	25697	9447	7702	2881	914	389

Commissioners Office
14th April 1840

C. C. J. C.

1185

1st January 1847-

Rural Stock of the Zemindary Villages in 1253-

Cattle

Cows	Bullocks	She Buffaloes	He Buffaloes	Sheep and Goats
10	11	12	13	14
112178	812 61	69618	29452	361552
108510	79843	67503	29040	377783
45735	45421	21848	8068	209977
26835	42177	16857	5833	138994
31146	39074	19008	6653	173348
37075	42782	22379	10341	210336
49191	49322	31468	10489	255208
57113	51208	33720	11665	315911
74193	118869	43042	16723	353009
68756	60363	43351	17257	399380
76732	59687	45792	20265	433000
96786	64244	51675	25097	445212
101257	62521	58489	29077	430266
176120	62955	69801	27446	369072

Population

Men	Women	Total
15	16	17
232541	204266	436807
231470	205101	436571
165669	144751	310420
115910	101990	217900
100860	86024	186884
104652	90170	194822
112877	97105	209982
117992	102412	220404
132232	115380	247612
135586	118461	254047
138765	121027	259792
138286	124127	262413
148390	138311	286701
157810	147131	304947

/Signed/ Walter Elliot
3rd Member of the Board of Revenue

Pycroft-

	Division of Crops.			Mukhta				Particulars of Land							
	4	3	2	1		3	2	1							
	I	II													
Out of their original holdings	"	3	4 3/4	144	"	"	"	18	9	"	"	18	9	125	7
Out of Fowtee on dead Ryots	"	"	11	38	15	"	"	5	14	"	"	5	14	33	1
Out of Firaree or emigrated Ryots	"	"	13/4	48	9	7	5	5	12	"	"	13	1	35	8
Out of the land relinquished by Dar and Nadar	"	4	3/2	271	1	32	13	43	2	"	"	75	15	195	2
Parts of the land relinquished by others of them	"	"	8	31	"	3	12	"	"	"	"	3	12	27	4
Land improperly held as Enam	"	"	1 3/4	3	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3	14
Totals	8	9	10 3/4	537	7	43	14	73	5	"	"	117	3	420	4
New Ryots who have taken up the following land	22														
Out of Fowtee	"	"	14 3/4	50	4	"	"	6	8	"	"	6	6	41	12
Out of Firaree	"	"	12	44	9	"	"	4	13	"	"	4	13	39	12
Out of the land relinquished by Dar and Nadar	"	1	2/4	71	8	"	"	9	4	1	11	13	15	57	9
Parts of the land relinquished by Cooleem ryots still Cultivating	"	"	13/4	46	2	"	"	6	12	10	10	17	6	24	12
Land improperly held as Enam	"	"	6	15	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	15	"
Tufted Kuttoobuddy	"	1	2/2	23	1	"	"	"	"	2	"	2	"	21	1
Totals	22	5	2 3/4	250	4	"	"	29	5	17	5	46	10	203	14
Mukhta Grand Totals of Fusly 1253	30	14	13	787	15	43	14	102	10	17	5	163	13	624	2
Poollery	"	49	"	146	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	146	3
Coloovoobuddy Jody (Service Maniam)	"	8	5 3/4	36	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	36	"
Kuttoobuddy Jody	"	1	3	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	12	"
Extra Jody	"	3	12	13	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	13	4
Excess in Enam land	"	1	8 3/4	59	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	59	0
Extra Jody	13 12	"	"	13	12	13	4	"	"	13	4	"	"	"	"
Improperly held as Enam	2 8 3/4	97	12	1	8 3/4	59	6	"	"	"	"	1	"	38	6
Survd Enams	13 "	"	"	14	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Totals	99 2/2	3292	13	99	2/2	1002	1	47	10/2	152	2	47	10/2	2440	14
Deduct Increase												47	10/2	150	2
Net Decrease of falling off in Beriz of Fusly 1253												"	"	2290	12

Commissioners Office
14th April 1846.

E. C. Jno / Signed / Walter Elliot
3d Member of the
Board of Revenue

Statement

1163

Fort St.

Statement Shewing the difference be...
Taluk of Vuncondah Bellum...

As per account of Fu...

Particulars of Lands	Items	Land	Amount of Sist of each Koochal on average	Total Sist
	1	2	3	4
		Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
Mukhta	1 Dry land	6706 13 10	36 6 "	244007 14 8
	2 Garden land	153 12 6	81 8 "	12528 6 7
	3 Wet land	" 14 1	173 11 "	152 6 2
	Total	6861 8 1	37 6 "	256688 11 ...
Division of Crops	1 Dry land	11 6 14	22 9 "	254 14
	2 Wet land	268 13 "	107 13 "	28984 10
	Total	280 3 14	104 6 "	29242 8 ...
	Total Numanee	7141 11 15	40 " "	285931 4 ...
	1 Villages under Rent	28 12 3	1 6 "	40 " "
	Total of A & B	7170 8 2	39 14 "	285971 4 ...
	1 Poollery	" " "	" " "	" " "
	2 Toped	" " "	" " "	" " "
	3 Enam Codegay	" " "	" " "	" " "
	4 Agrahurum Do	" " "	" " "	" " "
	Total	" " "	" " "	" " "
	Grand Total	" " "	" " "	" " "

Commissioners Office
14th April 1840

&c &c

1164

Fort St. ...

Statement Wanting in Taluk of Vuncondah Bellum...
No. 17
Belonging to Malraz Estate shewing the
Details of falling off in Berij and
Amount Collected.

Particulars

Particulars of Lands	Items	Land	Deduct Remission Reduced in Sist	Nett Sist
	1	2	3	4
		Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
Mukhta	1 Dry land	6706 13 10	244007 14 8	288½
	2 Garden land	153 12 6	12528 6 7	"
	3 Wet land	" 14 1	152 6 2	"
	Total	6861 8 1	256688 11 ...	288½
Division of Crops	1 Dry land	11 6 14	254 14	"
	2 Wet land	268 13 "	28984 10	"
	Total	280 3 14	29242 8 ...	"
	Total Numanee	7141 11 15	285931 4 ...	"
	1 Villages under Rent	28 12 3	40 " "	"
	Total of A & B	7170 8 2	285971 4 ...	288½
	1 Poollery	" " "	" " "	"
	2 Toped	" " "	" " "	"
	3 Enam Codegay	" " "	" " "	"
	4 Agrahurum Do	" " "	" " "	"
	Total	" " "	" " "	"
	Grand Total	" " "	" " "	"

Berij of Fasly 1235
Particulars.

Fasly Land Held by Ryots unassessed Lands

Fasly Land Held by Ryots assessed ... exempted ...
Due ... who have ... means of Cultivation ...
but not the inclination of do doing ...
Natives at Cape ... from ... Fasly ...
Remain ...

Total

Note Ryots are now in ... of the following ... Fasly

Cin...
12
...tal
17
6807
6571
0420
7900
6884
4822
9982
0404
7612
4047
9792
2413
6701
4947
...ence
...wards

Fort St. George

No. 10

1183

Statement Shewing the difference between the Exctent of Talooks of Vencondah Bellum Condah and Poloor.-

As per account of Fusly 1230

As per account of Fusly 1252 in the Talooks between the Fusly 1236 & 1252.-

Particulars of Lands	Items	Land	Amount of Sist of each Kochal on average	Total Sist	Remission	Per Centage of Remission	Net Amount of Sist	Land excluding Remission	Increased. Land	Decreased. Sist excluding Remission
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	15	16	17
		Ks V/ D	Rs A/ D	Rs A/ D	Rs A/ D	Rs A/ D	Rs A/ D	Ks V/ D	Ks V/ D	Rs A/ D
Mustahsil	1 Dry land	6706 13 10	36 6 "	24,400 7 14 8	19690 10 9	6 1 "	22,431 3 11	" " "	2432 8 "	1065 84 15 4
	2 Garden land	153 12 6	81 8 "	12,528 6 7	972 3 3	6 3 "	11,756 3 4	" " 4	77 14 8	70 66 8 4
	3 Wet land	" 14 1	173 11 "	152 6 3	2 4 5	1 6 "	150 1 10	" " "	" 8 12	102 6 7
	Total	6861 8 1	37 6 "	2,56,088 11 6	20465 2 5	6 " "	2,36,223 9 1	" " "	2510 15 4	1137 55
Division of Crops	1 Dry land	11 6 14	22 9 "			" " "	289 8 4 10 8	" " "	217 15 4	25 3 43 13 3
	2 Wet land	268 13 "	107 13 "	28964 10 8	" " "	" " "	29,242 8 9	" " "	217 15 4	25 3 54 4 10
	Total	280 3 14	104 6 "	29,242 8 9	" " "	" " "	26,546 1 10	" " "	2728 14 8	1,39,110 3 7
	Total Assessed	7141 11 15	40 " "	2,85,931 4 3	20465 2 5	" " "	40 " "	" " 3	" " "	" " "
	1 Villages under Rent	28 12 3	1 6 "	40 " "	" " "	" " "	26,506 1 10	40 " "	2728 14 11	1,39,110 3 1
	Total of A & B	7170 8 2	39 14 "	2,85,971 4 3	20465 2 5	" " "	2,14,849	" " "	" " "	2547 4 9
	1 Poollery	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	649 10	477 10 9	" " "	" " "
	2 Toped	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	11203 11	" " "	" " "	2604 9 11
	3 Enam Sodegay	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	4292 1	3286 3 8	" " "	" " "
	4 Agrahurum Do	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	37830 1	3763 14 5	" " "	5151 14 8
	Total	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	3,03336 3	3803 14 5	" " "	14262 4 9
	Grand Total	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "				27 19 6 5 14,04,583 4

Commissioners Office
14th April 1840

E.

E.

Y. P. C.

Signed

Sheekoor

Sheds & Pyals are now in the following Land & the following Land

1182

Fort St. George

No. 15.

Statement Showing the true Collections and Disburse=ed under the Commission for investigating the permanently Assessed Estates in the Zillah of Guntoor from Fusly 1242 to 1253.-

Names of Zemin=dars	Names of Talooks	Gross Collections according to the accounts produced by Curnums	Further sums discovered during the investigation of the Commissioner	Total Collections or Khanam Vadoob	Disbursements Admitted on account of Peishcush and Subsistence of proprietors &c. Charges	Concealed On account of Nuzzeranah and other appropriations by the Zemindars	Concealed On account of Bribes paid to public Servants	On account Grama Khurch &c.	Total	Per centage of Disbursements on whole Collections:- Percentage on total Collections (Column 4)	Percentage on the Collections paid to Government (Column 5.)
		1	2 Rs.	3 Rs.	4 Rs.	5 Rs	6 Rs	7 Rs	8 Rs	9 Rs	10 Rs	11 Rs.
Vadoody	1 Guntoor		185,005	11,050	196,061	130755	1,807	1,929	11,570	15,306	"	"
	2 Koorpad		570,807	20,002	590,809	546358	2,787	5,872	35,292	43,951	"	"
	3 Cherole		820,231	30,322	850,553	789019	5,323	7,870	48,341	61,534	"	"
	4 Tinally		599,866	38,513	638,379	599866	6,278	9,769	22,466	38,513	"	"
	5 Papelly		847,665	57,023	904,688	835050	9,526	10,620	48,892	69,038	"	"
	6 Raja Pett		912,990	62,707	975,697	908530	9,047	6,720	53,414	67,161	"	"
	Total		3936,564	219,623	4156,187	3861634	32,708	42,700	219,975	295,503	7.125	7.687
Manekarow	1 Chilkloorpad		1032,242	47,523	1079,765	1004584	25,291	9,733	40,157	75,181	6.937	7.375
	1 Sattanepilly		990,892	32,366	1023,258	934,133	18,354	6,403	64,368	89,125	8.687	9.562
	1 Repilly		858,022	48,002	906,624	810,174	15,242	3,100	78,048	96,450	10.625	11.937
	Total		6818,320	347,514	7165,834	6609575	91655	62056	402548	556259	7.75	8.45
Amount of Peishcush in the Zemindars Accounts which stood unsettled at the Commencement of the Investigation	Vas reddy		"	4,904	4,904	"	4904	"	"	4,904	"	"
	Chilkloorpad		"	4,102	4,102	"	4102	"	"	4,102	"	"
	Total		"	9,006	9,006	"	9,006	"	"	9,006	"	"
	Grand Total		6818320	356520	7174840	6609575	100661	62056	402548	565265	"	"

Commissioners Office
14th April 1840.

E. E. J. R.

Signed / Walter Elliot.

3d Member of the Board of Revenue.-

Statement

1131.

Fort St George

Receipts brought from the Village Chitta account being the amount of items entered therein in excess of actual charges.

Cr.

	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p
Brought over				865	5	7
Total				865	5	7

Commissioner's Office
14th April 1846

H.B.

7th January 1847.

Actual Disbursements as per Cheau account produced by Curnums.

	Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p
Brought Over				340	"	"
Coothey a Soodaha Punchemee-						
*To Head S. thro' Ramiah	500	"	"			
Batta charges to Badree raz Christ-						
-niah and others to Palnad	20	"	"			
	520	"	"			
	860	"	"			
Remaining	5	5	7			
Total	865	5	7			

* Entered in the Abstract thus "Forest S" in the column of Remarks, where an explanation of the word is required.

E. C. Fo. /Signed/ Walter Elliot
3d Member of the Board of Revenue-

Statement.

1179. For Ft St George

Receipts brought from Village chitta account being the amount of items entered therein in excess of the actual charges.—

Cr.		Rs a p	Rs a p
	Brought over		706 4 2.
Decr 21st	out of 38. 8. 1 Charged for Mahasooldars	20 " "	
	To Verrannah for Pagoda Charges	6. " "	26 " "
28th	For Hoozoor Tahsildars	15 " "	
	Tannah Peons	4 8 "	
	Mahasooldars Nuzzeramah	40 " "	
	Curnums for feasts	10 8 "	
	Shroffs Rowsoom	15 4 "	
	out of 8 Rs 4 as being Batta Charges	4 " "	
	Cazies Selagah or Curnums allowance	40 8 "	
	Pagoda charges	23 14 7	153 6 7.
	Rs a p.		
Jany 5th	out of 3. 9. 2 being Bojah Charges	2 " "	
	out of the Sum Charged for Interest	34 " "	
	For Mahasooldars	2 8 "	
	For repairs of the Coondaloo Channel	3 " 9	41 8 9
Jany 6th	Pagoda charges	2 8 "	
	Hire for Digging Chay root Charged on 28th December	65 " "	67 8 "
	Total		994 7 6
	Remaining		994 2 6

Particulars of the amount in Deposit

With Bunda Vencata Chellum	350. " "
Bidree Ratz	342. " "
Dunda Narsareddy	150. " "
Shroff	120. " "
Condapad Kristniah	32. 2. 6.
	994. 2. 6.

Carried Over 994 2 6

7th January 1817.

Actual Disbursements as per Khan account produced by Curnums.

Dr.		Rs a p	Rs a p
	Brought over		" 5 "
	Remaining		994 2 6
	Total		994 7 6
	Maga Soodha Pournamy.—		
	To Koondoorty Treveeramum Zuptee Samatdar		10 " "
Jany 20th	To avadhnloo (This not a name but only a title of a Vaidek Bramin It applies here to Yegnaswara Avadhanloo the then Bapetla ameen)		80 " "
	Mundloor Pardasee (the Peshkar of the Tanah)		20 " "
	Somayajoolo Sastrooloo (The Taloo-k Moonshee or Sarabnevis(s))		10 " "
	Carried over	110 " "	10 " "

1178. Fort St. George

7th January 1817.

Receipts brought from the Village Chitta account from the amount of items entered therein in excess of the actual charges.

Actual Disbursements as per Khan account produced by Curnums.

Cr.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	Remaining Brought over		490 " 4.
July 11th	Entered as Batta Charges	23 10 10	
	Another Item	28 8 "	
	Tahsildars expense	19 4 "	
	Horse keeper	4 8 "	
	Mahasooldar	3 8 "	
	Pagoda Charges	8 " "	87 6 10
Fusly 1251.	Adeka Asweeja sooda Thadeyah.		
	Four Horse keepers 8 days	9 9 6	
	Soodda chouty Bajah Charges	4 8 "	
	30th September For Mahasooldars	8 " "	22 1 6
	Total		599 8 8
	Remaining		599 2 4.

Dr.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	Curnums Batta charges in the Sea Port		" 6 4
	Remaining		599 2 4.
	Total		599 8 8.
	Toa Singer thro' Vencatachellum		" 3 "
	Reward to certain beggars or Guraady Vedyah		" 2 "
			" 5 "
	Carried over		" 5 "

Particulars of amount in Deposit.

With Bunda Vencatachellum	320. " "
Badre) Rauz	120. " "
Cundapak Vencatachellum	100. 2. 4
Shroff.	59. " "
	599. 2. 4

October 13th	Entered for Mahasooldars	4 2 "	
	Out of 85. 14. " being the amount entered as digging charges for chay root	42 " "	46 2 "
Novr 6th	For Tahsildars	12 12 "	
	Mahsooldars	8 3 "	20 15 "
	Item Mahsooldars	7 8 "	
	Bojah charges	2 " "	9 8 "
Kartick Soodda 4th	For Batta Charges	2 7 "	
	Mahsooldars	8 7 6	10 14 6
Decr 4th	Out of 8. 5. 4 being Villages Bojah Charges		5. 5 4
From 15th	Out of 16. 4. 6 for Mahasooldars	8 1 "	
To Decr 20th	Out of 5. 8. " for Dunda Gunga reddy	4 " "	
	Another Item for Mahasooldars	2 " "	14 1 "
	Carried over		706 " 2.

For Pt. St. George

Sums credited from the Village Chitta account being the Amount of items entered therein in excess of the actual charges.—

Cr.

		Rs. a p	Rs. a p
	Brought over		325 7 7
Jan.y 15th	Tahasildars Charges	16 " "	
	Lottery Ticket	3 4 "	
	Out of 18 Rs. 2 as. Charged for Mahasooldars	18 " "	
	From Bass Chetty who purchased Chay root	8 " "	45 " "
	Total		370 7 7
	Remaining		366 11 7
From Jany 19th	For Horses Expence	6 6 "	
To Feby 28th	Mahasooldars. Dr.	5 " "	11 6 "
From Feby 28th.	Mahasooldars Expence	8 " "	
To March 15th	Another item	3 " "	
	Ditto	3 15 "	14 15 "
Palava year Chaitra Soodda Chouty.	Horse Keepers Charge	1 " "	
	Mahoodars	" 8 "	1 8 "
	Total		394 8 7
	Remaining		391 " "

Particulars of Amount in Deposit

With Badrie Rauz	120. " "
Narsa reddy	30. 2. "
Banda Vencatacheellum	110. 11. 7
Shroff	80. " "
Vendapak Vencatachellum	50. 3. "
	391. " 7.

From 6th	To Vazeerum Dess	2 " "	
To April 15th	Mahasooldar	5 8 "	7. 8 "
From Chaitra Soodda Dasame.			
To Vysak Soodda Howary Friday.	Out of 38. 7 entered as feeding Charges of horses	30 " "	
	Another Item	14 12 "	44 12 "
June 3d	Out of 3. 9. 4.		1 8 "
Festa Babola Thusty.	Masooldars	1 8 "	
Thursday	17th June	3 8 "	5 " "
Ashada Soodda Chouty Tuesday.	Pagodas expence	20 " "	
	3 Items	8 " "	28 " "
June 28th	Batta Charges		13 11 9
	Total		491 8 4
	Remaining Carried over		490 " 4

7th January 1847.

Actual disbursements as per Rham Account produced by Curnums.

Dr.

		Rs. a p	Rs. a p
	Brought over		3 12 "
	Remaining		366 11 7
	Total		370 7 7
	To Village Mahatadees for feast	" 8 "	
	To Peons	" 6 "	
	To Curnums	2 " "	
	For Pagodas daily Charge	" 4 "	
	Charity expence	" 6 "	3 8 "
	Remaining		391 8 4
	Total		394 8 "
	Dining Charges for a Swamy or religious mendicant	1 " "	
	To Raja Lingadoo	" 4 "	
	Narasimha Charloo	" 4 "	1 8 "
	Remaining		490 " 4
	Total		491 8 4

Sums credited from the Village Chitta account being the amount of items entered therein in excess of the actual Charges.

		Rs. a p	Rs. a p
	Remaining Brought over		209 " 3.
Dr. Hartick Soodda Shraster or Dr. of Hurtik.	Two Items for Mahasooldars	14 13 "	
	For Tahsildars	10 10 "	
	Bajah or Sundry Charges	29 " 4	
	Sundry Items	3 " "	
	To Curnums being their fees from cur.	2 " "	59 7 4.
	Particulars of the balance Remaining in deposit.	Rs. a. P.	
	With Bundah Venatachellum.	100-12-"	
	Budre rauz.	60-" -"	
	Codapauk Kristniah	16-" -"	
	Nursa Reddy	91-11-7.	
		268-7-7.	
	Total		268 7 7.
	Remaining		268 1 7.
Hartick Soodda Burnamy Monday.	Batta charges	7 " "	
	Mahasooldars	5 " "	
	Purvata feast	3 " "	15 " "
	Total		283 1 7.
	Remaining		277 13 7.
Novr. 30th Decr. 16th	Out of 17-14 Rs. a being the amount entered in excess in the Chitta as paid to Mahasooldars	7 " "	
	Sundry charges	2 5 "	
	Roodrabeshacum charges of Pagoda	15 " "	
	Charity Exepence	4 7 "	
	Mahasooldars again	1 " "	29 12 "
	Total		307 9 7.
	Remaining		306 3 7.
Poostya Soodda ashtamy Sunday Pourumy.	Tahsildar's charges	5 4 "	
	Mahasooldars Dr.	2 " "	7 4 "
	Bojah or Sundry Charges	6 " "	
	Out of 12 Rs. 5 Charged for Mahasooldars	5 " "	
	Dommarah or Tumblers	1 " "	12 " "
	Carried over		325 7 7.

Actual Disbursements as per Kham account produced by Curnums.

Dr.		Rs. a p	Rs. a p
	Paid to Suncam Dos		" 6 "
	Remaining		268 1 7
	Total		268 7 7
	Paid to Curnums for Dusrah feast	4 " "	
	Sayer Peons	1 4 "	5 4 "
	Remaining		277 13 7
	Total		283 1 7
	Paid to Soobanadree at Vootharoyana poondya Calem		1 6 "
	Remaining		306 3 7
	Total		307 9 7
	Paid to Dannaloor Soobanadree for Cloths	3 " "	
	Poottiah for writing Village account	" 4 "	
	Budree rauz for batta charges to go to Motoopully	" 8 "	3 12 "
	Carried Over		3 12 "

1175.

For Ft. St. George

7th January 1847.

No. 14. Statement of the Secret account of Village Charges for 1251 Kept by the Curnums of Saidoopully in the Bapatla

translated from the original Cadjan account for Fusslies 1250 and Talook of the Guntoor Zillah.—

Sums credited from the Village Chitta account being the amount of items entered therein in excess of the actual charges.

Actual Disbursements as per Kham account produced by Curnums—

		Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p
6th	Remaining with Dundah Polereddy up to the end of 1249 Fusly				64	10	—
A. 1250 July 26th	Paid Hoozoor Tahsildar	6	—	11			
	(i.e. a person Specially deputed by the Sem.t to Collect)						
	Charges of Cloths &c.a presented to the Ryots (Tashreef)	32	9	—			
	Batta Charges	3	—	—	41	9	11
30th	For Vaura Vencatadree	2	8	—			
	(A Similar Charge to the preceding for Tashreef)						
Augt. 28th	For the Masooldar	5	—	—	7	8	—
	(or the person appointed to watch the produce)						
	For Jennaly Jungalos (Religious beggars)	10	—	—			
Septr. 15th	For Batta charges to go to Chilkaloorpad	6	4	—			
	For Batta charges to go to Chilkaloorpad	75	—	—			
	Hire of Coolies to dig Patapolum or Chay root	4	10	—			
	For Mahasooldars						
	For Danoor masam charges (or worshipping charge in December) 27th July	5	—	—			
	30th July	2	8	—	103	6	—
	For Do: Do: Total				217	1	11
	Remaining				136	1	11
Septr. 20th 21st	Rs. a. p. 43-8-2 being the amount entered in out of Chitta account as Batta Charges of —	30	—	—			
	Mosttoopully Cometys	4	12	—			
	Danoormasum charges	18	11	7			
	Worshipping charges (Davatah Kurch)						
	out of 42 Rs. 15 as entered as Sundry or Baujah Charges	10	—	—	63	7	7
		4	—	—			
26th to 30th	Sundry Items	6	4	9	10	4	9
	Batta Charges of Curnums Total				209	14	3
	Remaining Carried over				209	—	3

Dr.

		Rs.	a	p	Rs.	a	p
	Paid to Gollamoody Venkyah — These are all the dependants of the Semindar.	20	—	—			
	Pedda appiah	16	—	—			
	Haree Dos	8	—	—			
	Chinna appiah	8	—	—			
	Sickoolo	13	—	—			
	Masters private Servants & Jemun Sahebs	10	—	—			
	Batta Charges of Peons	1	—	—	81	—	—
	Remaining				136	11	11
	Total				217	1	11.
	Paid to Singers come from Eastern Country	—	8	—			
	Cundanoor Ramanoojah Charloo	—	4	—			
	Vepravenodooloo	—	2	—	—	14	—
	Remaining				209	—	3.
	Total				209	14	3.

1174. | | For Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

No. 13. Abstract of the original rough accounts produced by the Renters of Naidoopully in the Bapetla Tannah of the Guntoor Zillah Shewing the true Collections and disbursements from 1246 to 1252.

Rent given in at 1st time.	Fuslies.		Amount of Rent.	Amount of Collections or actual Demand.	Khan Cabool or Rent Collections	Particulars of Debits Column 4. Credited to Circar. Remitted to Circar on account of their respective years.	Do on account of arrears.	Total	Other disbursements. Nuggurai: and Mahs to Zemindars	Bribed to Public Servants	Grama Kurch Mirasy Cutcherry Charges and Amount of Peons employed by Renters	Total	Remarks.
	1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
	1	1246	17,601	19,330	15,683	15,128	"	15,128	"	"	555	555	
	2	1247	18,001	22,917	13,433	9,737	2,224	11,961	19	"	1,453	1,472	
	3	1248	18,501	19,596	28,298	12,150	8,261	20,411	65	"	7,822	7,887	
		Total	54,103	61,813	57,414	37,015	10,485	47,500	84	"	9,830	9,914	
	1	1249	20,001	20,601	20,436	12,763	6,351	19,114	792	"	530	1,322	
	2	1250	20,101	18,552	18,944	10,229	7,239	17,468	16	"	1,460	1,476	
	3	1251	20,201	15,932	13,810	8,383	4,619	13,002	"	800	8	808	
	4	1252	20,301	17,800	16,935	9,072	7,586	16,658	"	230	47	277	
		Total	80,604	72,885	70,125	40,447	25,795	66,242	808	1,030	2,045	3,883	
		Grand Total	134,707	134,698	127,539	77,462	36,280	113,742	892	1,030	11,875	13,797	
	Amount of Collections in Fusly 1253 and up to 15th February 1254 on account of the arrears of rent of the above years.					7,494	"	7,494	"	"	"	"	
		Total				135033	77,462	43,774	12,1236	892	1,030	11,875	13,797

It were derived in a great part from the sale of Cloyroot which was disposed of according to the State of the amount to fluctuate greatly in each year.

The Collections in Column 4 Shortfall in Rent Candies the

Collections credited to the Rent in the accounts rendered to the ameens Cutcherry in each year during both leases.

Fuslies	
1246	17,352
1247	18001
1248	18498
1249	20001
1250	14981
1251	18002
1252	16401
Total	121236

Commissioners Office
11th April 1846.

E. E. Wt. (Signed) Walter Elliot
Esq. Member of the Board of Revenue

Statement.

Fort St. George 7th January 1847

Present

No 167 of 1846 presented by the Court of Valiee Veetiapasastry on behalf of Vythianadaty Rainavadha Baboo appellant in Appl. No 15 of 1841 on the file of the Court of Sudr Adalut.

2 Read again Miscellaneous Petition No 167 of 1846 presented by the Court Vakeel Crustnadr on behalf of Coastal Ramah Respondent in the Appeal Suit No 15 of 1841, on the file of the Court of Sudr Adalut

3 The Appellant in his petition states that the Collector of Gunjam has sold his Zemindary and attached the whole of his personal property and on the representation of Mr Elliot when Commissioner at Gunjam, the respondent and other Creditors of the Appellant withdrew the warrant issued against him and that the Government in the Minutes of Consultation under date the 11th April 1845 directed the Collector to attach the whole of the Appellants property for the arrears of Revenue due to Government and declared that it should not be available for the decrees against him, that the Respondent is aware that the appellant has no property and his object in applying to the Court of Sudr Adalut to execute the decree was merely

1143.

For Fort St. George 4th January 1847.

Entry Thereon in the Rajahship Zemindary

Demand.

Number.	Feudatories.	Under Rent.	Under Cavaney	Total.	Rented.	Annamies	Total.	Actual Collections and Credits and Writers of Accretions by the Commy in the account Book the arrears.	Clear Collections entered in the account Book the arrears.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	1242	5324	4	5324	98	"	98	98	98
2	1243	5324	"	5324	532	"	532	532	532
3	1244	2391	"	2391	282	"	282	282	282
4	1245	1938	"	1938	1404	"	1404	1506	1506
5	1246	2800	"	2800	1952	"	1952	2055	2055
6	1247	3200	"	3200	1624	"	1624	1986	1986
7	1248	3600	"	3600	2384	"	2384	2911	2911
8	1249	4000	"	4000	2451	"	2451	2980	2980
9	1250	4501	"	4501	3150	"	3150	3900	3900
10	1251	3624	"	3624	3113	"	3113	3335	3335
11	1252	3412	"	3412	3343	"	3343	3534	3534
12	1253	3458	"	3458	2118	"	2118	2334	2334
	Total	43645	4	43645	22484	"	22484	24833	24833
	Average	3640	"	3640	1874	"	1874	2069	2069

Proportion of Rent given by the Collector.
Rupees 1253. 1924.
1256. 2524.
1256. 3224.
4692.
Average 2564.

Commissioners' Office
Fort St. George
April 1846

(Signed) Walter Elliot.
Esqr. Commissioner of the Board of Revenue
Attested

personal debts and that his own personal property is answerable for these debts- these orders, do not in any way prohibit the appellant from personal arrest nor his property from attachment-

9 His appellant claims for exemption of himself from arrest and his property from seizure, are quite groundless- If the Respondent can specify any property bonâ fide belonging to the Appellant himself and not under attachment by the Collector, a warrant will be issued for the attachment of such property, or for the arrest of the Appellant on an application being made to the Civil Court to this effect.

/True Extract/
/Signed/ J. Horsley
Civil Judge

/True Copy/
/Signed/ W. Stokes
Collector

No. 2.

To
W. Stokes Esqre
Collector in the Zillah of Guntoor
Moortoojanugger Sirkar of
Palnaud Taloog &c &c

Petition addressed by Rajah Mudrauje Lutchmiah Zemindar Sirdr Shanoor Maneah of Purgunnah Bellumcondah of Vinnacondah

of Rachoor Taloog of Cuddaly of Syedapoor &c. in Moostoojanugger Sirkar, Ca Moostafanugger of Rajahmundry and Nellore-

Beg to state regarding the subject of my debts with some of my Creditors, that when I understood that Vootoor Coshalramiah and the Nabob of Masulipatam intended to have Warrants enforced against me, I presented by an Arzee, dated 22nd of May, all particulars relative thereto, and you attached on account of the sum due by me to Government my real and personal property, thus preventing its being seized by Warrants from my Creditors. When Vootoor Coshalramiah presented a motion to the Sudder Court regarding the sum due to him by Ramanadha Baboo, the Civil Judge of Guntoor was requested to investigate and dispose of the subject. Motions were then obtained from these individuals and an order passed to the effect that if he (V. Ramiah) could specify any bonafide property exclusive of that attached by the Collector, it would be caused to be sold in satisfaction of the debts, or that if a Warrant motion be presented for the arrest of the individual

the

1225. Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

me and take my case into
mature consideration whereby
you may be enabled to write
favorably to the Government
thro' the medium of the Board
of Revenue, so that some
definite orders may be issued
to prevent my Creditors annoying
me in any manner. Please to
perused this.

17th November 1846 corresponding with Tuesday the 14th Bo-
khulum of the month Carthecai
year Parabava

(Seal)

/Signed/ Rajah
Mulraze Lutchmiah

/A true Translation/
/Signed/ H. Stokes
Collector

1226 Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

(12-13)

Proceedings thereon. 1. In the Petition from Ramanadha Baboo, transmitted in the above letter that individual represents that the Zillah Court of Guntoor, in their Proceedings of 2d November last have overruled his plea for exemption of himself from arrest and of his property from seizure, and have stated that a warrant will be issued for the attachment of his property or for the arrest of his person, on application being made to the Court for the purpose. Petitioner states that he is apprehensive that in consequence of this decision, a warrant will be taken out against him, and begs that measures may be adopted to stay the proceedings of the Court. Mulraze Lutchmiah in her Petition also represents that she fears that a similar process will be sued out against her and solicits the interposition of Government in her behalf.

In reference to these applications, it seems obvious to remark that the Government cannot interfere with the proceedings of the Civil Court, and that should the parties in whose favor the decrees may have been given apprehended

apprehended by the Petitioners cannot be
be prevented nor the execution of those war-
rants be stayed, otherwise than by the dis-
charge of the sums decreed against them -
The Board certainly could not re-
commend that the Government should
charge themselves with the payment of these
sums, but on this subject they think it
needless now to dwell, in as much as the
views both of themselves and of the Com-
missioner, in respect to the private lia-
bilities of the Ex-Zemindars of Guntoor
and of the condition of their Estates, have
already been fully laid before Govern-
ment - The Board therefore resolve
to forward the letter of the Collector
and its enclosures for the consideration
of the Most Noble the Governor in
Council with a view to their being
favored with his final orders in respect
to the course to be pursued regarding
the Zemindar's debts.

To

To S. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

(14)

From the Collr of Guntoor - - -

Sir.

I have the honor to request
the sanction of the Board of Revenue
for the confiscation under clause second
Section XIV Regulation I of 1820 of 1.2
seers of liquor found on the 4th Instant
in the possession of the Bura Sanyasa
and of 36 seers seized on the 5th Instant
upon Soudy Chintyah both upon transit
in the Reyapully Talook without a
valid permit -

Guntoor Collector's Cutchery on Circuit Kondaveed - - - 23d December 1846

(signed) H. Stokes
Collector

Resolution thereon -

(14-15)

The Board authorize the con-
fiscation of the liquor, the seizure of which
is reported in the foregoing letter.

Read the following letter -

To S. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the Board of Revenue.
Fort St. George

(16)

From the Collr of Nellore - - -

Sir.

I have the honor to acknowledge
the

Submitting his opinion regarding

certain Villages now attached to the Talook of Chindalore in this District to that of Guntoor immediately adjacent. I have the honor now to forward a plan of the above-mentioned Talook with the names and relative situations of each of its Villages to-gether with a few remarks on the advantages or disadvantages which are likely to follow the arrangement now contemplated. In order that you may be better able to form an accurate idea of the exact position of each of the Villages in question the dif-ference of distance between each of them and the Cutcherry Town. Uddenkee as compared with that from the near-est Cutcherry Town in the adjoining Talook of Guntoor and also their proximity or entire separation from other Villages attached to Dellore. I shall de-scribe each in their turn offering at the same time my opinion on the subject and being careful to record that of the Shanb-dar and of several of the oldest inhabi-tants in the Talook who are capable of Judging of the probable result of such a transfer -

The

2. The 1st Village mentioned is Inoikar-varajandoo - Reference to the accompanying Plan will shew the isolated position of this Village as regards others attached to the same Talook. It stands entirely sur-rounded by the Villages and hamlets of another District and strange enough as it will appear is immediately adjacent to the Cutcherry Town of another Talook at-tached to a separate jurisdiction - How such an arrangement as the present ever could have been made, I am at a loss to conceive and have inconsequence no hesi-tation in pronouncing the transfer of it to Guntoor highly advisable - Its distance from Uddenkee being little short of 20 Miles renders it a matter of difficulty for the inhabitants to proceed to the Cutcherry whenever it may be necessary for the Shanb-dar to require their presence and on the other hand were it annexed to Gun-toor this difficulty would be entirely removed as it is as I have before said closely adjoining the Village and Shanab station of Inoikar - Long attachment to the Zillah of Dellore and a wish to remain still within its jurisdiction

are

are the only reasons offered by the Ryots of this Village, why a transfer should not take place - They of course carry no weight with them when the advantages to be derived on the other hand are so palpably evident - The present Shasildar of the Chendalore Talook has also given it as his opinion that the annexation of this Village to Guntoor is decidedly a desirable arrangement.

3. Still further to the eastward and in a direct line with the last mentioned Village Nookaru pandoo lies Purchoor the 2d Village noted in the Board's letter - The nearest Villages to it of those belonging to Nellore are Audepoody and Vuncamyalapaud - They are also not in its immediate vicinity as the plan will show - Purchoor being a large and populous Village and at the same time a Rahadary station it is extremely desirable that the authorities under whose control it is should at all events be within call should any thing of importance demand their

1229 Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

their immediate presence - Under the present arrangement this cannot possibly be the case as the Village in question is removed to a distance of at least 30 miles from Uddgurkee, the Head quarters of the Shasildar - True it is that a Peishcar is attached to the Cuntoo which takes its name from this place and is generally to be found in its neighbourhood if required that many circumstances may occur which call for the presence of an Officer vested with more power than a Peishcar and for the adjustment of which much trouble and unnecessary delay must take place - Its proximity to the Gunnah station of Guntoor renders a transfer advisable on all accounts as regards the Revenue and Police matters and indeed from no reason does it appear advisable that this Village should remain any longer attached to the Zillah of Nellore - The same description of superstitious feeling regarding the transfer to Guntoor exists here, as in the last Village - They, the Villagers however have not the slightest objection apparently to the

Change

are the only reasons offered by the Ryots of this Village, why a transfer should not take place - They of course carry no weight with them when the advantages to be derived on the other hand are so palpably evident - The present Shasildar of the Chendalore Talook has also given it as his opinion that the annexation of this Village to Guntoor is decidedly a desirable arrangement.

3. Still further to the eastward and in a direct line with the last mentioned Village Nookaravandoo lies Purchoor the 2d Village noted in the Board's letter - The nearest Villages to it of those belonging to Nellore are Audeperdy and Vuncamyalapaud - They are also not in its immediate vicinity as the plan will show - Purchoor being a large and populous Village and at the same time a Rahadary station, it is extremely desirable that the authorities under whose control it is should at all events be within call should any thing of importance demand their

their immediate presence - Under the present arrangement this cannot possibly be the case as the Village in question is removed to a distance of at least 30 miles from Uddumkee, the Head quarters of the Shasildar - True it is that a Peishcar is attached to the Venteo which takes its name from this place and is generally to be found in its neighbourhood if required that many circumstances may occur which call for the presence of an Officer vested with more power than a Peishcar and for the adjustment of which much trouble and unnecessary delay must take place - Its proximity to the Tannah station of Guntoor renders a transfer advisable on all accounts as regards the Revenue and Police matters and indeed from no reason does it appear advisable that this Village should remain any longer attached to the Zillah of Nellore - The same description of superstitious feeling regarding the transfer to Guntoor exists here, as in the last Village - They, the Villagers however have not the slightest objection apparently to the

Change

change and in fact from the assistance they will now procure from surrounding Villages in the way of supplying Troops &c. they seem rather to advocate the measure than otherwise. The Shasildar has expressed himself also in favor of the Transfer in this instance.

4. The Village of Audepoody mentioned in the foregoing remark comes next in the list to be noticed. This with another trifling Village named Vankoyalapaudoo, is comparatively speaking entirely apart from the rest of the Talook of Chendaloor. The latter with some others not mentioned by the Board but deserving of equal consideration will form the subject of another part of this communication. Regarding Audepoody however, I will merely remark that I consider the transfer in this case equally advisable as in those before mentioned. Nothing was urged by the inhabitants of this Village in the way of unwillingness to becomes attached to Guntoor, but they expressed their consent to abide by whatever decision the Board might come to regarding them. The Shasildar approves

of the intended arrangement.

5. Regarding the Village of Saverpiah which belongs to the Zemindar of Vencatagherry, I have not taken on myself to make any enquiry supposing that you will communicate direct with the Zemindar himself. I would only venture to record my opinion regarding the advisability of some arrangement being made in this case as in that of the Oncar Villages.

6. Cheerala is a large and very populous Village situated in the most north east Corner of the District. To the southward and proceeding directly along the coast in the direction of the Nellore District we pass no less than five Villages attached to Guntoor before we again reach a Village attached to the Talook of which Cheerala now forms a part. On the other side of it, none but Guntoor Villages exist. Besides the fact of its being 30 miles or more from the Cusbah addunky. The Revenue of this Village amounts to upwards of Rupees 7000 — a Sum its size and numerous population, it is decidedly advisable that the authorities to whom its inhabitants

are

are amenable should reside somewhere in its vicinity. This object will be attained by the Transfer proposed as it is within reach of the Tanah station of the neighbouring Talook of Guntoor. The conversation I have had with the Ryots of this Village leads me to suppose, that far from being opposed to the contemplated transfer they are most decidedly in fa= =vor of it, and of their own accord have advanced reasons shewing the advantages which they will now gain.

7. Regarding the 6th and last Village recommended by the Board for Transfer, I humbly beg to differ and trust the reasons I shall hereafter shew will in warrant my doing so. Taken in one view as the map will shew it doubt= =less forms one of a straight line of Guntoor Villages, which extends even in many miles beyond its limits and beyond the limits of other villages in which lie parallel to it in a westerly direction. Barring this line of Villages, with one or two trifling exceptions in the interior, there is not another Village which

which belongs to Guntoor, and consequently I cannot see the necessity of a transfer in this case, and as I will hereafter shew there are good reasons for its re= =maining attached to Nellore and also that with the Village of Ramanapettah immediately north of it should terminate the bounds of the Guntoor District there= =by bringing to Nellore the three sea Coast Villages of Cadavacoodooroo, Chin= =na Ganjam and Pedda Ganjam, I will say more on this head, however, be= =fore concluding when I come to notice a few other Villages, the transfer of which to the District of Nellore I con= =sider in every respect highly desirable.

The Villagers are willing to act according to any decision which the Board may consider final, but at the same time have strongly advocated the idea of Guntoor Villages south of them form= =ing part of Nellore.

8. There is not the slight= =est doubt that the Guntoor Villages of Tamavaram with its hamlets should form

form part of the Talook of Chendalore, situated as it is on the High Road to Hydrabad, its convenience for supplying Troops &c. is great. Under the present regime the inhabitants are totally independent and take not the slightest heed for what the authorities of this District have to say knowing that they are only amenable to others and that their distance from Guntoor saves them from any interference. There is no reason in favor of its remaining as part of Guntoor and many why it should be annexed to Nellore. I therefore strongly recommend it. The remarks concerning distance &c. which apply to Nellore's Villages similarly situated in Guntoor, apply equally to this and consequently a repetition is unnecessary.

Having

9. Having now discussed the pros and cons as connected with the case of each individual Village mentioned by the Board, I would now venture to suggest that additional changes to those proposed be made. As by the intended transfer, I take it that "concentration of the Villages in each of the collectorates concerned" is the object of the Board's communication, I beg to be allowed to remark that by the arrangement now in contemplation being brought into effect, this object will only partially be attained. There yet remains the Nellore Village of Vencaya-lapaud and the Chingleput Village of Chinoo-balla pollem. Those, though most undoubtedly ought to belong to the District of Guntoor and as they lie immediately in the vicinity of larger Villages selected by the Board for transfer, I am at a loss to know how they have escaped observation.

10. In the south east corner of the accompanying plan and bordering on the Talook of Enamanamelloor which lies exactly south of Chendalore, will be found the Guntoor Village of Dattagoonla. It is quite unnecessary for me to do more than simply notice the above fact as the absurdity of such an arrangement will at once be evident.

11. To what now remains to be said on the

Subject

subject of additional changes I will solicit your most earnest attention - The transfer of Guntoor Villages on the coast and to the South of the Nellore Village of Pundellapully is what I allude to - In my Remark on the last mentioned Village it will be remembered that I am strongly averse to its being made over and that I particularly specify that place as in future to be the most northern boundary of the Nellore District - This being admitted I hope that a line be drawn from Pundellapully rather in a northwesterly direction till it reaches the most westerly Village in Chendalore named Vellapully - By doing this no more alterations need take place; and all lands to the Southward will belong to Nellore while Guntoor will embrace all to the Northward of the specified boundary -

12. Regarding the three Villages belonging to Guntoor Viz^t Pedda Ganjam Chinna Ganjam, Cadenacoodooroo and which lie along the Coast south of Pundellapully - I cannot for a moment suppose that any objections will be raised as regards their transfer to this District - Their isolated position from the Principal portion of the Guntoor District renders it necessary for the

the Lumbadies or Merchants who frequent the Salt Pans in the neighbourhood to proceed directly through a whole line of lands attached to Nellore Constant disturbances between them and the Villagers on whose lands their cattle are fed are the result as they (the Villagers) consider it unjust that their lands should be given up to persons who carry on traffic in a different District to their own. Frequent correspondence between the different authorities is the consequence of these differences which although in themselves trivial give rise to a bad feeling which might by another arrangement be avoided - The fact of the Salt pan of Canoopiarly in this jurisdiction being in the immediate vicinity of the Villages above alluded to is sufficient to show the advisability of the transfer I am now advocating as from their present situation no end of different systems in measurement are practiced, all tending to lay open a road for deceit and roguery besides causing a vast deal of unnecessary trouble to those Merchants and others who come to purchase Salt - Should the arrangements that I have now advised meet with the approval of the Board, the comparative transfers will stand thus -

From

From Nellore to Guntoor.
Noorkavarapaud
Purchoor
Chinnobattapollem
Audipoody
Vencayalapaud
Cheerala.

W. H. Thain Samuels.

From Guntoor to Nellore
Jamaverem with its hamlets
Muttagoonta
Cadevacoodooroo
Chinna Ganjam
Pedda Ganjam

and the Northern boundary line of Chendaloor Talook will run thus Pundillapully. Beemavaram Couiky, Chendaloor, China Inullavaram, Bollapully. Valapuria, Vellapully.

13. I beg to remark that the opinions I have now offered are fully borne out by those of my Sheristadar, who in former years having been the Tahsildar of the Chendaloor Talook is well able to judge of the probable results arising from the changes contemplated - The opinions of the Villagers in each instance have been taken, and by them as I have before mentioned, no opposition or unwillingness to acquiesce with the proposed arrangements has been exhibited. The present Thasildar of the Talook with whom I have also had conversation on

1229 Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

on the subject appears to be quite of my way of thinking and gives it as his decided opinion, that by the mutual exchange of the Villages above referred to both the Circar and the Ryots will reap considerable benefit.

14. In conclusion I have only to remark that should any objections to the transfer of the Guntoor Sea Coast Villages be raised on account of distances from the Cutcherry of Chendaloor they can easily be overcome by annexing them to the neighbouring Talook of Enamanamelloor which is in their immediate vicinity.

15. Since the foregoing was finished, I have been visited by a deputation from the Village of Cheerala composed principally of a set of Curnums who were dismissed some years ago, but who are still the Meerasidars of the Village - The objections raised by them to becoming attached to Guntoor carrying some weight with them I deem it but just to bring them to your notice. It appears that in Cheerala the Meerasy rights which they enjoy are derived from certain Rooseums payable

on

on account of Looms which exist in great abundance in this Village - The sum annually collected by them on account of Roofcooms amounts to Rupees 500-- this they state they will be deprived of by the proposed transfer as the system of Roofcooms is not recognized in Guntoor: and from the loss of this mode of payment (which was substituted for Inamiem lands) they must eventually become beggars - The party from this Village who first visited me and to whom I have before alluded, were I find principally the professors of those said Looms on which the Roofcooms are paid and who consequently by the change contemplated will benefit as much as the others will lose.

Sub Collr's Offices
Ramapatam
26th October 1846. } (Signed) J. R. Pringle
Asst Sub Collr

(True Copy)
(Signed) J. F. Bishop
Collector

(Here enter No 2 Plan)

Ordered that the following letter be sent in consequence.

To

To
The Collector of
Guntoor

(16-17)

To the Collr of Guntoor

Sir -

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to transmit for such observations as you may wish to offer thereon Copy of a letter from the Collector of Nellore dated 28th October 1846 together with Copies of its Enclosures from his Sub Collector relative to the proposed transfer of certain Villages between Nellore and Guntoor, as also to the transfer of the Chinna Ganjam Salt pans from the latter to the former District -

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
7th January 1847 } (Signed) J. Pycroft
Secretary

Read

Read the following letter -

To

J. Pycroft Esqr.

Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort St. George.

(18)

From the Collr. of Bellary — Sir

Para 1. I have the honor to request

Requesting the sanction of the Board of Revenue for the imposition of a fine of 20 Rupees on Ausoor Ramiah Shasildar of Cattak.

the sanction of the Board of Revenue for the imposition of a fine of 20 Rupees on Ausoor Ramiah Shasildar of Cotta who was deputed to examine and report on a Charge made against certain Caupoos of the Villages of Coroogonda in his Talok who were accused of cutting a large Number of trees for the purpose of building their houses, without any previous reference or leave from the District authorities as is customary - The Shasildar proceeded to the Village in question and reported that there were appearances of trees having been cut, but that they were principally odds and ends and many appeared to have been cut a long time since, thus intending it to be understood that the case was one of little importance and much exaggerated by the Complainant - On a

report that the Shasildar had screened the Caupoos by a false representation - the Deputy Shasildar was deputed to re-examine the Topes from which the trees were cut and he reported the number to have been half as many again as that stated by the Shasildar and of recent date - Further to satisfy myself, I deputed the Deputy Shasildar of the next Talook to inspect the spot and his report further confirmed the incorrectness of the Shasildars Statement - The Peishcar of the Division who accompanied the Shasildar in his examination stated that no trouble whatever was taken to ascertain the truth of the Charge and that the Caupoos had built Houses in the Village within the last 10 months of which circumstance the Shasildar was aware (though he makes no allusion to it) as he had come to the Village to settle some dispute among the very parties who were then building their houses -

2 - Ausoor Ramiah was suspended for 3 months on the 6th December 1845 for

Read the following letter-

To

J. Pycroft Esqr.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George-

(18)

From the Collr. of Nellore

Requesting the sanction of the Board of Revenue for the imposition of a fine of 20 Rupees on Ausoor Ramiah Shasildar of Cattak-

Sir

Para 1- I have the honor to request the sanction of the Board of Revenue for the imposition of a fine of 20 Rupees on Ausoor Ramiah Shasildar of Cotta who was deputed to examine and report on a charge made against certain Caupoos of the Villages of Coroogonda in his Talook who were accused of cutting a large number of trees for the purposes of building their houses, without any previous reference or leave from the District authorities as is customary- The Shasildar proceeded to the Village in question and reported that there were appearances of trees having been cut, but that they were principally odds and ends and many appeared to have been cut a long time since, thus intending it to be understood that the case was one of little importance and much exaggerated by the complainant- On a

report that the Shasildar had screened the Caupoos by a false representation the Deputy Shasildar was deputed to re-examine the Topes from which the trees were cut and he reported the number to have been half as many again as that stated by the Shasildar and of recent date- Further to satisfy myself, I deputed the Deputy Shasildar of the next Talook to inspect the spot and his report further confirmed the incorrectness of the Shasildars Statement- The Peishcar of the Division who accompanied the Shasildar in his examination stated that no trouble whatever was taken to ascertain the truth of the charge and that the Caupoos had built houses in the Village within the last 10 months of which circumstance the Shasildar was aware (though he makes no allusion to it) as he had come to the Village to settle some dispute among the very parties who were then building their houses-

2- Ausoor Ramiah was suspended for 3 months on the 6th December 1845.

for

for gross neglect in the examination of concealed lands and I had hoped the warning would have tended to make him more careful, but he appears to have forgotten it and the bare faced manner in which he has now misrepresented facts appears to me to call for a higher fine than I am permitted to impose without reference.

Nellore ..... } signed J. F. Bishop
Coll.rs Cutcherry 15th December 1846 } Collector

18-19

Resolution thereon. The Board observe that the parties deputed to inspect the Topes in the Case to which the above letter refers were Officers of inferior rank to the Shasildar; one of them being his own Deputy, and the other the Deputy Shasildar of the adjoining Talook. It is for obvious reasons desirable that when the conduct of any Public servant be arraigned the enquiry into his proceedings should be prosecuted by officers of at least equal grade with himself. The Collector will be pleased to cause further investigation to be made on the spot into the matter now brought to notice by means either of one of his assistants of his Head or Deputy Sheristadar or at least of some Shasildar in receipt of a salary not lower that that drawn by Ausoor Paniah, should the result of the further enquiry tend to confirm that of the investigation already held the Board will not object to the fine recommended to be imposed on the Shasildar.

19.a. From the Coll.r of Nellore. Read letter submitting an application from the Acting Sub Collector Mr. J. R. Pringle requesting leave of absence for one Month to proceed to the Presidency on private affairs under section XI (amended) of the Absentee Rules.

19.a.-19.b. Order thereon. Ordered to be submitted through the Channel of the Civil Auditor for the favorable consideration of Government.

Read

Read the following letter.

To
T. Pycroft Esquire
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

20

Sir,

From the Collector of Bellary.

I have the honor to bring to the notice of the Board that it has been laid down as a Rule at the time of fixing the Assessment in this District, that a Moiety of this original assessment called "Fusuljastee," shall be levied when the wet one crop land is cultivated for a 2d Crop. The Ryots of Serogoopah and Dasanoor of the Bellary Talook, who cultivated for the 2d Crop the Paddy Fields watered by Nalahs of the "Toombadra" in the said Village with Buller (a kind of Pulse) objected from the beginning to pay the one half assessment, on the score that the sowing of this particular species was intended solely to fertilize the land and that it should on that account be remitted.

Reporting on the subject of a Tax of half the Survey Assessment called Fusuljastee on the Cultivation of Buller a particular Pulse at Serogoopah on which the Cultivators object to pay proposing that either the Tax be remitted altogether as at Dasanoor or that an arrangement pointed out be adopted and requesting early instructions.

+ "Buller in Hindoostan
Anomooloo in Telugoo
Machaettay in Tamil

2. Shortly after the assessment of the District (or within two years) the Villages were rented out and remained under that system for

1235

1232

Fort St. George 7th January 1836

for 13 years the above complaints were not thro
heard of during that period.—

3. Since the Ryotwar system wa
introduced, one of my Predecessors Mr. A.D. Campb
took the circumstances of these complaints into he
consideration, and levied in Fusly 1238. one fourt
instead of one half of the original assessment o
that Pulse when cultivated in Vysack or the 2nd Crop.

4. In the subsequent Fusly 123[illegible] M
Viveash the then Sub Collector thought Mr. Campbe
plan contrary to the principles of the Ryotwar
system which should be uniform throughou
the District. He accordingly reimposed the remi
portion, and stated his grounds for so doing
in Paras 6 to 9 of his annual Report to th
Principal Collector.—

For Fusly 123[illegible]
dated 1st Sept.
1825

5. Mr. Robertson the Principal Colle
was satisfied with Mr. Viveash's Statemen
alluding to the same in Para 66 of his own
Report for Fusly 123[illegible] and the Board have likew
coincided in the correctness of these opinion
and passed their Proceedings accordingly un
date the 29th December 1825.—

6. Having as above stated been pre
to pay a full "Fussuljastee" in Fusly 123[illegible] the R
altogether ceased cultivating "Buller" as no
yielding them any return.— From this proceed

Mr

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

Mr. Robertson would appear to have been of opinion
that the Ryots acted in opposition to his orders,
causing a loss of Revenue, and being irritated at
their conduct (and the Ryots of Serogoopah one
of the two Villages above named at that time
being somewhat substantial) made them pay
for land thus laid waste and a sum of 500 Rupees
was actually collected from them for 5 Years suc-
cessively or from Fusly 1235 to 1239.—

7. During the last mentioned period
the Ryots of Serogoopah having frequently complained
of the hardship, Mr. Robertson relieved them, at
the Summabundy of Fusly 1240 from the imposition
in other words from paying "Fusuljastee on waste."—
but the rule of levying the Moiety of assessment
remained in force, the Ryots did not however
Cultivate Buller.—

8. The Proceedings I have above detailed
brought about their certain results, the Ryots
of Dasanoor became poorer year by year the
revenue from their Farms retrograded from
Company's Rupees 12.500 in Fusly 1232 (in which
year the Ryotwar system was begun) to
Company's Rupees 8.500 in Fusly 1241.— Consequently
Mr. Robertson proceeded to the Village and
personally visited the fields at the Summabundy
of Fusly 1242 and taking into his reconsideration
the circumstances of the Ryots, the quality of

the

the land &c. &c. relieved the Buller Cultiv
of that particular Village from the payment of the
assessment, he even gave orders to them to culti
Buller extensively. From that period, the Rev
improved ascending from Company's Rupees 85
10000 Rupees per annum.

9 I should here point out that
Dated 10th augt 1832 No. 15 order issued by Mr. Robertson to the Tahsildar
the abovementioned occasion (taking off the Fussu
on Buller) he appears to have concluded, that
Serroogoopah Ryots have other means which
+Enclosure No. 1 Villagers of Dasanoor do not possess, and that
relief was accorded to the latter only. A translati
of his order I beg to enclose, for the informat
of the Board.

10 Under the above specified order of
Robertson's the cultivation of Buller for the 2d C
is carried on by the Ryots of Dasanoor freely and
without Tax. But the demand of the half assessm
on the same cultivation at Serroogoopah remain
as already stated, on the ground that the Ryot
of the latter Village possess means of paying the
same from other profitable Cultivation. The tru
is that this inferior Culture (of Buller) does
not yield that return which could enable the
Cultivator to pay the Assessment fixed by the
Circar and the consequences of this Cultivation being
abandoned

abandoned at Serroogoopah from fusly 1234. was
that the fertility of the land was affected, its
productive power gradually decreasing there
being no other Method of restoring it. The conclusion
also Mr. Robertson arrived at that the Ryots
of Serroogoopah have other profitable means was
also fallacious (it bore reference to Droogapore
(Cocoanut &c. Gardens.) Those Gardens are worn
out, the Trees are unproductive, the Ryots actually
wish to abandon them; and the very low ex
prices of Grain affecting their prosperity at the
same time, the Ryots became reduced to
such a state of Poverty that at the commence
=ment of Fusly 1251 they threw up their wet
lands yielding a Revenue to Government of about
18,000 Rupees, without cultivating them for the
Kanteek or 1st crop, urging, that the lands
had failed, with great trouble I overcame the
difficulties of that year and having sowed Buller
for the 2nd crop, they submitted to me a
proposal of increasing the Land Revenue of
their Village (exclusive of Sodeer or Quit Rent)
from 24,000 Rupees to 25,100 thereby adding
1,100 Rupees to the former sum that being the
Bariz of Fusly 1251 and of continuing to cultivate
accordingly from Fusly 1252. if they should be
put on the same footing with the Ryots of
the adjacent Village Dasanoor, in regard to Buller

which

which they earnestly requested on the a
condition, might be remitted.- In conjunct
with the Potail and Kurnum of the Village t
executed a Moochalekah or agreement to the ab
effect.—

11. The circumstances of the Ry
assumed exactly the aspect which induced Mr. Rober
in Fusly 1242 to abandon the tax on Buller in Dav
the state of the Village was critical. 300 of the Ry
emigrated. the whole revenue was in jeopar
and the measure appearing unavoidable. I wa
compelled to relinquish the Teerva on Bull
for fusly 1251 but on the condition propos
I should have then reported the circumsta
to the Board. but the case was surrounde
with difficulties the Ryots of that Village a
the most refractory in the District, and I wa
doubtful whether they would fulfil their eng
-mental. I deferred doing so till I could give th
Ryots a fair trial. the result is that they are u
-able and have failed to perform the condition
owing entirely to the effect of the low Price
of Grain

12. In consequence of the Prices of Grai
having been in Fusly 1255 favorable to the
Ryots, I have during the settlement of that Fusly take
350 Ryots on 418 Acres of Land which they cultivat
with

with Buller for the 2nd Crop (about 2000 Rupees)
at one fourth of the assessment on the precedent
of Mr. Campbell in Fusly 1233 instead of one half
being on an average 5 Rupees per acre, but even
this they refuse to pay.— The settlement of this
(Bellary) Taluk was completed towards the
latter end of May. when the Ryots returned
to their Villages and instead of sowing seed
in the wet land for the Kharteeka season of
the present Fusly 1256 which should have been
commenced in June they all conspired and
came forward with a complaint, and request
that not only the one fourth assessment taxed
for Fusly 1255 should be remitted. but also that
orders should be issued that no demand what-
-soever shall in future be made on Buller-

13. Seroogoopah is a Village irrigated
by the Nullahs of the Toombadra - These Nullahs
convey abundant supplies of water for the
first crop, but insufficient water for the 2nd
very little water running in them only in fact
sufficient for the irrigation of the Cocoanut Topes
Plantain Yds Yds Shroopsire Plantations.
Hence, no Paddy is ever cultivated for the 2nd Crop,
there being no water, and in fact the Paddy
Cultivation for the 2d Crop is not usual.
and it is only to fertilize the fields worn

out

out by repeated sowing that they plant Bull
or Pulse universally known to be the comm
and ordinary produce of Dry land Fields.- Fr
the time of the administration of Colonel Mu
in this Province (during which the Assessme
was originally fixed) down to the present
period, the demand on Buller Produ
had continued a matter of complaint.- I
is not for profit that the Ryot cultivat
Buller, but as already stated for the fer
tility of the soil on which the crop remai
4 Months and is watered 5 or 6 times before
its termination that is once every 20 days.- M
one hundredth part of the water demande
for Paddy Cultivation is required for Buller
Each acre produces about 200 Seers of Bull
Pulse valued at 4 Rupees, of which one Ru
being deducted for the seed and labour th
remains only 3 Rupees.—

14. This particular Pulse "Buller"
consumed by the People in the Southern Dis
in their Estables but at Serosgoospah it is
inferior quality and never used by the People
Seldom or ever sold, but applied to the fee
of Cattle.- After gathering the Pulse they thro
the Stalks and leaves into the ground it
and renew the Paddy Crop thereon the follow

Kartee

Extent
res Cultivated
Buller
by 1257-295
1252-396
1253-287
1254-722

Karteeka season.- By this method of manuring
the Paddy crops yield a plentiful return.- They
do not sow the Buller every year in the same Field,
because the ground becomes over manured its con-
tinual growth tending to produce too much stalk in
the Paddy with a deficiency of Grain in the head.
The Buller ought therefore to be cultivated only
once in two years.- A ryot sows Buller only in a
portion of his holdings one year, alternately with
the rest of the Fields in the 2nd consequently it is
to be understood that the whole of the wet Lands
of the Village irrigated by the Toombadra Nullahs
amounting to more than 1150 acres and yielding
a Rs
Bariz of about 2,200 are not cultivated with
Buller for the 2nd Crop.- The portion so cultivated
in the 4 years in which the assessment was
remitted extends from 200 up to 400 acres as specified
in the Margin.- The Assessment on the Wet Lands
of this Village for the 1st Crop average } 25—8—"
per acre Rupees - - - - - - - - -
Deduct Established remission.- - 6—4—"
Net demand payable to Government } 19—4—"
for the 1st Crop - - - - - - - -
The Moiety of the assessment taxable } 9—10—"
on the 2nd Crop - - - - - - - -

It is for the Board to judge, whether it is fair
to demand Rupees 9—10—" (by a critical adherence
to

Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

to the Rule) on a Produce yielding but 3 Rupe
as pointed out at the conclusion of the preced
Para.—

15. Mr. Viveash admits in his report tha
there is no doubt that this Grain if sold will
not yield the usual Fusuljastee of ½ of the
original assessment on the land which produc
it but its growth is attended with this advant
age to the Cultivator that the roots and stems o
the Plant ploughed into the ground after the
grain has been gathered enriches the land s
much as to yield a very abundant Kartee
crop of Rice.— When we come to consider th
Prices of Grain in these Days and the assessm
of this land a rigid interpretation of any pr
of the assessment appears to me a most quest
sonable policy.— The Ryots comprise a class of pe
not regular agriculturalists Moosselmen
Beder caste, Corchers &c. &c.— It has bee
usual for many years for the Merchants o
the place to advance and pay in the kists d
to the Circar and to take charge of the produc
from the Ryots on the threshing floor: ther
is not a Ryot not in debt or in some pe
under obligation to the Merchant.— The deb
contracted at high interest augments.— The
assessment by low prices has become too high
fo

1244 Fort St. George 7th January 1847.

for them to pay.— The number of Puttah Ryots
in this Village is 566 of whom the highest
pays 950 Rupees and the lowest 3 Rupees a year
the average being Rupees 42 for each Ryot.— They
pay a Revenue of 24.000 Rupees per year of which
22.000 Rupees is from Lands watered from the
River and it is on this land that a net assess-
ment of Company's Rupees 19—4— per acre
is paid.—

Cowrie No 2

16. I also beg to transmit a Statement of
the annual Wariz of the Village of Seerogospah
for 69 years. by which it will be seen that it
yielded in Fusly $\frac{1186}{1776/7}$ a Revenue of Rupees 26250
including Moturpha. reduced two years afterwards
to Rupees 14.901 in Fusly $\frac{1189}{1779/80}$ and stood at this
rate unchanged during Eight subsequent years.—
In Fusly $\frac{1197}{1787/8}$ Tippoo Sultan having taken
away the Ryots as prisoners. there was no collection
at all in that year.— It however appears to
have risen from Rupees 2.599 in Fusly 1198 upto
16.344 Rupees in Fusly $\frac{1209-}{1799/1800}$ Having shewn
the Collections under the former Governments I
shall hereunder notice the average revenue
derived since the country came under the
Company's Government.—

Land

1245.

Fort St George 7th January 1847.

Salvan average.—

Land Revenue.—

Chingleput Nellore Cuddapah Bellary Kurnool Canara Salem Coimbatore Madura Tinnevelly Malabar Total

	Land Revenue alone	Sadr Jodee Nerungee or Fee for water Fee	Total	Deduction allowed for repairs during the time of 10 years lease	Total	Bellary	Grand Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Average Fusly Bellary of 9 years or from Fusly 1210 to 1218 when under Amanie	21438	767	22205	"	22205	1801	24006
Ditto Ditto of 13 years or from Fusly 1219 to 1231 when rented put	23799	1278	25077	1010	26087	2439	28536
Ditto Ditto of 23 years or from 1232 to 1254 when under Amanie	23532	1713	25245	"	25245	2170	27415

1231 Fort St. G.