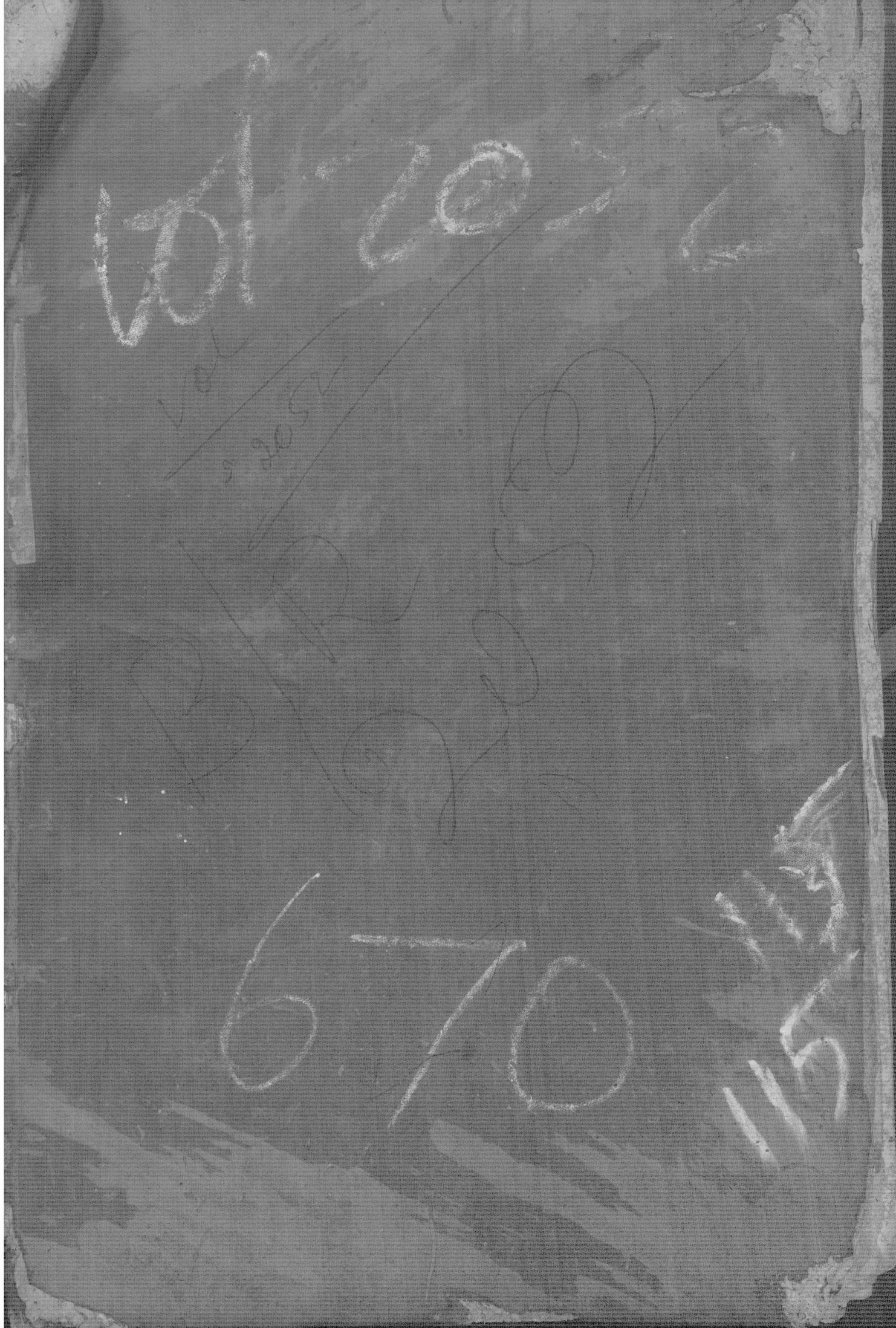


4 5

2052

Live Allotment Sheep at

Bingara

Sunday 12 54

Ballabah Settlement Creek

| | | |

15569

Fort St. George

of Coimbatore between Fuslies 1254/55.—

Punjah land paying full rent—

Fusly 1254				Fusly 1255				Increase		Decrease		Total land paying full rent— Fusly 1254 Settlement	Fusly 1255 Settlement	Increase	Decrease
Settlement		Cannies		Settlement		Cannies		Settlement	Cannies	Settlement	Cannies				
17		18		19		20		21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
"	"	"	5838	8¼	5643	10	9	5940	3¾	57877	7	"	104	11½		
"	"	"	7510	15¼	8192	4	7	7716	11½	88820	12	6	205	12¼		
35	45	3	621	3¼	4640	14	6	556	10½	4395	6	8	"	"		
328	8	"	3074	3	18645	11	3	2975	8	18135	5	7	"	"		
"	"	"	1078	9½	6876	9	5	2493	4	16383	14	7	14	10½		
"	"	"	416	15½	4518	14	5	429	9¾	45234	11	11	12	10¾		
"	"	"	708	10	6689	4	6	492	10½	48722	9	"	"			
"	"	"	5069	8¾	80400	7	6	5087	12¾	80907	15	6	18	6		
"	"	"	4259	"	50102	6	8	4258	4¼	50547	15	7	"	"		
"	"	"	202	10¼	1282	"	1	239	7½	1479	11	2	36	13¼		
"	"	"	8851	14¼	78573	8	3	7905	8	72901	27	"	"			
31	"	11	514	10	4434	1	10	551	14½	48281	39	37	4½			
"	"	"	1292	5¼	13880	15	8	1359	4	146231	5	66	14¾			
"	"	"	4260	½	39941	11	"	3710	14½	36842	38	"	"			
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	50	"	238	6	10	50	"
395	8	2	43698	13¾	452610	8	5	43765	11¼	457081	14	1	1944	3		

Net Increase 68 11½

7th December 1846

Fusly 1254 Settlement			Fusly 1255 Settlement			Increase			Decrease		
Settlement	Cannies		Settlement	Cannies		Settlement	Cannies		Settlement	Cannies	
23	24		25	26		27	28		29		
1445	12	3	"	"	"	"	199381	"	7	195304	14	6	"	"	"	4076	2	1
2628	7	11	"	"	"	"	188345	5	3	190076	7	5	1731	2	2	"	"	"
"	"	"	64	8¾	2457	10	5	49833	15	11	53096	4	"	"	"	1887	11	11
"	"	"	98	11	5105	8	7	53231	10	1	71811	9	9	"	"	3612	"	4
9844	2	2	"	"	"	"	152401	"	8	153872	5	11	1471	5	3	"	"	"
8	13	6	"	"	"	"	151041	11	7	151821	12	4	780	"	9	"	"	"
"	"	"	215	15½	1816	7	9	74460	3	9	70987	9	4	"	"	3472	10	5
507	8	"	"	"	"	"	159784	8	2	158210	13	4	"	"	"	1573	10	10
1445	8	6	"	11¾	"	"	125220	9	9	130534	8	5	5313	14	8	"	"	"
197	11	1	"	"	"	"	105283	12	5	110323	11	9	5039	13	4	"	"	"
"	"	"	916	6¾	6282	11	8	186172	14	"	186423	9	1	250	11	1	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	104466	13	8	105249	4	7	788	6	11	"	"
394	11	11	"	"	"	"	"	21114	11	5	209477	1	"	"	"	1637	10	5
742	1	9	"	"	"	"	"	309813	4	7	299864	10	182226	8	9	22603	11	"
"	"	"	549	2¾	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
238	6	10	"	"	"	"	"	6336	2	2	6797	15	3	461	13	1	"	"
16450	3	11	1875	7½	11	953	14	3	197427	6	12	3	197621	4	7	4	3097	9	2	16159	14	"
4496	5	8																				

Net Increase — 1937 11 2

15369

Fort St. George

of Coimbatore between Fuslies 1254/55.—

Nunjah land paying full rent—

Fusly 1254.				Fusly 1255				Increase				Decrease			
Settlement		Cannies		Settlement		Cannies		Settlement		Cannies		Settlement		Cannies	
17		18		19		20		21		22		23		24	
"	"	"	5838	8/16	5643	10	9	5940	3/4	57877	7	"		101	11/2
"	"	"	7510	15/4	8192	4	7	7716	11/2	88820	12	6		205	12/4
35	15	3	621	3/4	4640	14	6	5566	10/2	43955	6	8		"	"
328	8	"	3074	3	18645	11	3	2975	8	18135	5	7		"	"
"	"	"	1078	9/2	6876	9	5	2493	4	16717	11	7	14	14	10/2
"	"	"	416	15/2	4518	14	5	429	9/4	45237	11	11	12		10/4
"	"	"	708	10	6689	4	6	492	10/2	48729				"	"
"	"	"	5069	6/4	80400	7	6	5087	12/4	80907	15	6	18	6	
"	"	"	4259	"	50102	6	8	4258	4/4	50547	15	7		"	"
"	"	"	202	10/4	1282	"	1	239	7/2	1479	11	2	36	13/4	
"	"	"	8851	14/4	78573	8	3	7905	8	72901	27			"	"
31	"	11	514	10	44341	10		551	14/2	48281	39		37	4/2	
"	"	"	1292	5/4	13880	15	8	1359	4	14623	1	5	66	14/4	
"	"	"	4260	1/2	39941	11	"	34	10	14/4	36842	38		"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	50	"	238	6 10	50 "
395	8	2	43698	13/4	45261	08	5	43765	11/4	457061	4	1	944	3	

Net Increase 68 11/2

7th December 1846

Total land paying full rent—

Fusly 1254 Settlement				Fusly 1255 Settlement				Increase				Decrease			
Settlement		Cannies		Settlement		Cannies		Settlement		Cannies		Settlement		Cannies	
23		24		25		26		27		28		29			
1445	12	3	"	"	"	"	"	199381	"	7	19530	4	14	6	"
2628	7	11	"	"	"	"	"	188345	5	3	19007	6	7	5	1731
"	"	"	64	8/4	2457	10		54983	15	11	53096	4	"	"	"
"	"	"	98	11	5105	8		75323	10	1	71811	9	9	"	"
9841	2	2	"	"	"	"	"	152401	"	8	15387	2	5	11	1471
8	13	6	"	"	"	"	"	151041	11	7	15182	1	12	4	780
"	"	"	215	15/4	1816	7	9	74460	3	9	70987	9	4	"	"
507	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	159784	8	2	158210	13	4	"	"
1445	8	6	"	11/4	"	"	"	125220	9	9	130534	8	5	5313	14
197	11	1	"	"	"	"	"	105283	12	5	110323	11	9	5039	13
"	"	"	946	6/4	6282	11	8	186172	14	"	186423	9	1	250	11
394	11	11	"	"	"	"	"	104466	13	8	105249	4	7	788	6
942	1	9	"	"	"	"	"	211114	11	5	209477	1	"	"	"
"	"	"	549	2/4	3098	13	4	179966	4	10	182226	8	9	2260	3
238	6	10	"	"	"	"	"	6336	2	2	6799	15	3	461	13
16450	3	11	875	7/2	11953	14	3	1974276	12	3	1976214	7	4	18097	9
4496	5	8												16159	14

Net Increase — 1937 11 2

15570

Fort St. George

4th December 1846

Punjah bowle land

Fusly 1254					Fusly 1255				Increase			
Bullahs		Settlement			Bullahs		Settlement		Bullahs		Settlement	
30		31			32		33		34			
88	½	178	5	"	10	5	40	6	2	"	"	"
184	1¼	399	12	2	121	1¼	277	1	2	"	"	"
203	2½	487	13	9	154	8½	414	1	5	"	"	"
371	2	1,060	4	11	333	10¼	949	3	1	"	"	"
387	4½	531	"	"	102	8¼	203	2	1	"	"	"
201	9¾	431	12	1	161	7	393	6	9	"	"	"
387	3	830	6	7	136	12½	290	9	"	"	"	"
43	9¾	79	13	8	38	1	71	4	3	"	"	"
248	2½	363	12	9	230	11¾	398	1	"	"	"	"
23	13¾	37	3	5	22	14	35	8	10	"	"	"
13	11	33	6	11	13	2	29	10	5	"	"	"
156	¼	296	8	2	179	5¾	416	5	6	23	5¼	
89	7¾	151	10	2	94	14½	197	12	"	5	6¾	
163	6¾	292	8	11	797		71	8	5	"	"	"
101	14½	271	6	9	101	15	271	9	3	"	"	"
2,662	9¾	5,445	13	3	1,780	11¾	4,061	9	4	28	12¼	

Net

Garden bowle land

Decrease					Fusly 1254				Fusly 1255			
Settlement	Bullahs		Settlement		Bullahs		Settlement		Bullahs		Settlement	
35	36		37		38		39		40		41	
"	"	"	137	14 10	11	12½	69	5 4	5	10½	30	5 2
"	"	77	11½	137	14 10	11	12½	69	5 4	5	10½	30	5 2
"	"	63	"	122	11 "	26	2	177	14 2	12	4	65	3 8
"	"	48	10	73	12 4	18	12½	112	13 5	20	4½	137	" 7
"	"	37	7¾	111	1 10	1	"	4	1 10	1	"	6	2 9
"	"	284	12½	327	13 11	"	8	3	10 9	1	"	7	" 9
"	"	40	2¾	36	5 4	30	3¼	187	15 5	23	6	153	1 8
"	"	250	6½	539	13 7	11	7¾	67	10 4	8	7½	32	5 4
"	"	5	8¾	8	9 5	1	8	12	2 1	"	8	2	3 3
"	"	"	"	"	" "	10	11¾	47	3 3	33	7¼	155	9 3
34	4 3	17	6¾	"	" "	18	"	106	11 2	16	3¾	91	2 3
"	"	"	"	1	10 7								
"	"	"	15¾			1	8	9	7 7	1	8	9	4 7
"	"	"	9	3	12 6								
119	13 4	"	"	"	" "	52	12¼	300	6 4	43	7½	277	2 8
46	1 10	"	"	"	" "	27	13¼	162	4 7	41	9¼	228	9 2
"	"	83	15¾	221	" 6	24	12¼	187	10 1	30	11½	211	10 13
"	26	"	"	"	" "	2	2	15	14 11	1	14	14	" 11
200	5 11	9	10	10¾	1,584	9 10	239	1½	1,465	3 3	241	5¾	1425	14 3
Decrease		881	14	1384	3 11							

Jorb Lt. George

7/4 December 1846

Garden Coole land / Continued /

Increase Decrease Nunjahs Fusly 1254

Bullaks	Settlement	Bullaks	Settlements	Cannies	Settlements
42		43		44	
"	"	"	"	6	2
"	"	"	"	13	14
1	8¼	24	3	2	"
"	"	2	"	11	"
"	8	3	6	"	"
"	"	"	"	6	13¼
"	"	"	"	3	¼
"	"	"	"	1	"
22	11½	108	6	"	"
"	"	"	"	1	12¼
"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	9	4¾
13	12	66	4	7	"
15	15	24	"	2	"
"	"	"	"	"	"
44	6¾	228	4	10	42
Net Increase 2	4¼				

Cannies	Settlement	Cannies	Settlement	Cannies	Settlement
45		46		47	
39	" 2	16	8½	132	" 9
112	10 6	29	7½	346	5 4
"	" "	188	11¼	550	6 8
"	" "	2,371	10¾	1,286	9 6
29	13 9	3	9½	13	1 6
35	5 "	5	7¼	21	11 10
9	14 10	"	"	"	" "
"	" "	"	"	"	" "
15	8 11	20	7	69	6 10
3	"	322	3¾	278	7 15 4
23	3 8	2	3½	16	1 4
"	" "	11	5¼	96	8 11
"	" "	7	10	28	5 7
1	14 "	50	"	59	9 9
228	4 10	42	2½	267	9 10
Net Decrease				39	5 "

Coole land

Fusly 1255 Increase Decrease

Cannies	Settlement	Cannies	Settlement	Cannies	Settlement
48		49		50	
6	7¼	59	5	6	" "
10	1½	137	14	10	" "
447	8	1,312	"	3	258
2	12	14	9	3	" "
3	4½	13	5	8	" "
4	7	24	2	9	" "
1	4½	3	8	"	1 4½
"	"	"	"	"	" "
5	10¼	17	10	5	" "
314	7	274	8	4	10 "
7	11¼	21	1	5	5 7¾
33	8¾	123	"	9	12 3½
27	6¼	109	9	2	19 12¼
"	"	"	"	"	" "
854	8½	4584	8	10	297 8¾
Net Decrease					2,180 11¾

Cannies	Settlement	Cannies	Settlement	Cannies	Settlement
51		52		53	
"	" "	10	1¼	72	11 3
"	" "	19	6	208	6 6
761	9 7	"	"	"	" "
"	" "	2,374	14¾	1,285	" 2
"	" "	42	"	5	" "
"	" "	2	6	11	1 ¼
"	" "	3	8	"	" "
"	" "	"	"	"	" "
"	" "	14	12½	51	12 5
"	" "	7	12¾	36	10 6
5	" 1	"	"	"	" "
26	7 10	"	"	"	" "
81	3 7	"	"	"	" "
"	" "	50	"	59	9 9
880	8 2	2,478	4½	1,328	7 7
				1,240	6 10 5

15542

Jorb Lt. George

7th December 1816

Total Cowle land

Bagajet turn

Pusly 1254—

Settlement of Fusly 1254		Settlement of Fusly 1255		Increase		Decrease		Bullahs	Settlement		
54		55		56		57		58		59	
379	11 1	130	10	"	"	249	10 3	403	15 3/4	2348	13 6
923	15 8	480	3 8	"	"	443	12 "	180	8 1/4	1070	10 1
1151	1 10	1863	2 3	712	" 5	"	"	80	6 3/4	416	8 10
1064	6 9	955	5 10	"	"	109	" 11	5	3 3/4	24	3 4
13404	4 2	224	12 1	"	"	13179	8 1	212	15 1/2	1452	11 10
632	13 "	566	14 1	"	"	65	14 11	406	4 1/2	2569	15 10
919	12 9	347	1 1	"	"	572	11 8	38	7	350	5 8
91	15 9	76	15 6	"	"	15	" 3	191	3/4	1221	6 3
411	" "	553	10 3	142	10 3	"	"	317	7 1/2	1899	9 10
213	5 5	144	5 6	"	"	68	15 11	624	12 3/4	2728	" 9
2830	13 10	2787	3 10	"	"	43	10 "	412	11	1955	5 1
612	15 10	714	9 7	101	9 9	"	"	276	9	1649	12 1
410	7 8	549	5 11	138	14 3	"	"	1268	8	7180	13 1
508	8 7	392	11 10	"	"	115	12 9	566	15	2770	" 11
346	15 5	285	10 2	"	"	61	5 3	"	"	"	" "
23902	3 9	10072	" 5	1095	2 8	14925	6 "	5013	13 1/2	27636	5 4

Net Decrease — 13830 3 4

Punjab

Fusly 1255				Increase				Decrease			
Bullahs	Settlement			Bullahs	Settlement			Bullahs	Settlement		
60		61		62		63		64		65	
388	15 1/2	1864	15 10	"	"	"	"	"	15 1/4	483	13 8
172	11	846	14 7	"	"	"	"	"	7 13/4	223	11 6
78	"	348	4 2	"	"	"	"	"	2 6 3/4	68	4 8
97	4 1/4	389	13 3	92	1/2	365	9 8	"	"	"	" "
198	6 3/4	982	4 "	"	"	"	"	"	14 8 3/4	470	7 10
422	12 3/4	2143	4 3	16	8 1/4	"	"	"	"	426	11 7
61	3 3/4	289	12 7	2	12 3/4	"	"	"	"	60	9 1
198	4 1/4	1067	15 5	7	3 1/2	"	"	"	"	153	6 10
270	3	969	11 5	"	"	"	"	"	47 4 1/2	929	14 5
545	15 1/4	1851	3 7	"	"	"	"	"	48 13 1/4	876	13 2
347	12 1/2	1209	4 9	"	"	"	"	"	64 14 1/2	746	" 4
318	3 1/4	1507	4 2	31	10 1/4	"	"	"	"	140	7 11
1311	14 1/2	5074	7 1	43	7 1/2	"	"	"	"	2106	6 "
533	9 3/4	2352	3 3	"	"	"	"	"	33 5 1/4	417	13 8
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	" "
4975	4 3/4	20894	6 4	193	9 3/4	365	9 8	234	2 1/2	7104	8 8

Net Decrease — 40 8 3/4 6738 15 "

15573 Fort St. George 7th December 1846

Punjab Increase

Punjab Decrease

Punjab lands upon which remission

Fusly 1254				Fusly 1255				Increase				Decrease				Fusly 1254				Fusly 1255			
Cawnies		Settlement		Cawnies		Settlement		Cawnies		Settlement		Cawnies		Settlement		Ballahs		Settlement		Ballahs		Settlement	
66		67		68		69		70				72		73		74		75		76		77	
124	6½	292	12 2	111	6¼	272	1 5	"	"	"	"	13	¼	20	10 9	"	"	"	"	1,697	8¾	1,909	3 "
123	1¾	357	13 2	123	3¼	360	9 7	"	1½	2	12 6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	336	6¾	327	4 2
27	4½	74	2 3	30	9¾	80	14 "	3	3¼	"	6 11 9	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	353	15½	304	13 "
73	12	150	" 6	76	13	155	10 5	3	1	"	5 9 11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	813	5½	723	2 4
197	4¼	457	7 "	148	5	363	10 3	"	"	"	" " "	48	15¼	93	12 9	"	"	"	"	2,403	15¾	3,814	13 1
140	9½	364	14 4	181	14¾	460	5 9	41	5¼	95	7 5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	302	3½	299	6 5
227	10¾	540	9 8	230	"	560	8 4	2	5¼	19	14 8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	318	13	236	2 "
11	1	39	6 2	11	4¾	40	6 8	"	3¾	1	" 6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	662	6¼	607	11 10
192	5	368	10 4	191	3½	406	8 5	"	"	37	14 1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	" "
51	6¾	105	7 2	40	8	82	15 8	"	"	"	" "	1	1½	"	" "	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	" "
86	14¾	155	15 7	112	11¼	190	" 10	25	12½	34	1 3	10	14¾	22	9 6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	" "
213	14¼	724	5 11	216	11¾	717	8 2	2	13½	"	" "	"	"	"	" "	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	" "
420	9¼	996	8 10	411	14¾	964	2 1	"	"	"	" "	"	"	6	13 9	"	"	"	"	111	12½	107	12 3
144	15	173	12 2	165	14¼	195	6 5	10	15¼	21	10 3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2,446	7¼	2,798	9 10
"	"	"	" "	"	"	"	" "	"	"	"	" "	8	10¾	32	6 9	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	" "
"	"	"	" "	"	"	"	" "	"	"	"	" "	"	"	"	" "	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	" "
"	"	"	" "	"	"	"	" "	"	"	"	" "	"	"	"	" "	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	" "
2,035	3½	5,001	13 3	2,042	8¼	5,050	12 "	89	15¼	225	2 3	82	10½	176	3 6	"	"	"	"	9,446	14¾	11,128	13 11
						Net Increase		7	4¾	48	14 9												

1557/4 York Dt. George 7th December 1816.

was allowed — upon which remission was allowed —

Garden land

Increase		Decrease		Rusly 1254		Rusly 1255 - Increase		Decrease	
Bullahs	Settlement	Bullahs	Settlement	Bullahs	Settlement	Bullahs	Settlement	Bullahs	Settlement
78		79		80		81		82	83
1,697	8¾	1,909	3	"	"	"	"	"	"
336	6¾	327	4 2	"	"	"	"	"	"
353	15½	304	13 "	"	"	"	"	"	"
813	5½	723	2 4	"	"	"	"	"	"
2,403	15¾	3,814	13 1	"	"	"	"	"	"
302	3½	299	6 5	"	"	"	"	"	"
318	13	236	2 "	"	"	"	"	"	"
662	6¼	607	11 10	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
111	12½	107	12 3	"	"	"	"	"	"
2,446	7½	2,798	9 10	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
9,446	14¾	11,128	13 11	"	"	"	"	"	"

84		85		86		87		88	89
"	2¼	"	"	"	"	2¼	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"

15575 Sorb Lts George

7th December 1846:—

Nunjah land upon which remission was allowed—

Fusly 1254			Fusly 1255			Increase			Decrease			Total land upon which remission was allowed—					
Cannies	Settlement		Cannies	Settlement		Cannies	Settlement		Cannies	Settlement		Settlement of Fusly 1254			Settlement of Fusly 1255		
90	91		92	93		94	95		96	97		98			99		
"	"	"	36	4¾	8	8 7	36	4¾	8	8 7		1917	11	7	1917	11	7
"	"	"	280	6¾	476	1 11	280	6¾	476	1 11		803	6	1	803	6	1
"	"	"	39	12	"	" "	39	12	"	" "		304	13	"	304	13	"
"	"	"	82	2¼	"	" "	82	2¼	"	" "		723	2	4	723	2	4
"	"	"	824	3	86	15 4	827	3	86	15 4		3901	12	5	3901	12	5
"	"	"	54	9	"	" "	54	9	"	" "		299	6	5	299	6	5
"	"	"	265	5½	"	" "	265	5½	"	" "		236	2	"	236	2	"
"	"	"	37	11½	"	" "	37	11½	"	" "		607	11	10	607	11	10
"	"	"	"	"	"	" "	"	"	"	" "		"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	" "	"	"	"	" "		"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	635	13¼	593	13 8	635	13¼	593	13 8		593	13	8	593	13	8
"	"	"	31	9	13	3 7	31	9	13	13 7		121	9	10	121	9	10
"	"	"	26	5¼	21	7 9	26	5¼	21	7 9		2820	1	7	2820	1	7
"	"	"	140	7¼	208	5 9	140	7¼	208	5 9		208	5	9	208	5	9
"	"	"	"	"	"	" "	"	"	"	" "		"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	2457	9½	1409	2 7	2457	9½	1409	2 7		12538	"	6	12538	"	6

135-16.

Fort St. George

7th December 1846

Punjah grass land—

Fusly 1254—				Fusly 1255—				Increase			
Bullahs		Settlement		Bullahs		Settlement		Bullahs		Settlement	
102			103		104		105		106		107
1,774	5½	1,455	8 7	1,749	4	1,429	5 3	"	"	"	"
2,664	13¼	2,491	" 11	2,574	10¾	2,386	3 5	"	"	"	"
1,365	10	1,147	6 1	1,303	5¾	1,097	10 10	"	"	"	"
1,646	13½	903	12 6	1,630	8¾	884	3 3	"	"	"	"
2,545	10½	2,372	" 1	2,445	9	2,269	10 5	"	"	"	"
3,306	8¾	3,385	3 9	3,248	14¾	3,320	" 10	"	"	"	"
797	5	605	12 11	779	6¼	589	14 2	"	"	"	"
2,835	2¼	2,544	" 11	2,736	13½	2,443	8 8	"	"	"	"
6,087	5½	4,465	5 3	5,864	3¼	4,313	12 1	"	"	"	"
8,934	12½	3,491	1 11	7,633	8	4,799	1 1	"	"	"	"
8,713	13	6,319	" 8	8,235	2¾	5,990	5 8	"	"	"	"
2,280	13¼	2,353	11 11	2,199	9¾	2,274	2 2	"	"	"	"
7,254	15	5,449	5 9	6,970	1	5,208	4 7	"	"	"	"
3,013	10¼	2,214	5 1	2,987	10	2,212	3 4	"	"	"	"
1,188	1¼	439	10 9	1,192	¾	436	2 9	3	12	"	"
54,212	14½	41,637	7 1	51,352	11¼	39,654	8 6	3	12	"	"

Net Decrease

Garden grass land—

Decrease				Fusly 1254				Fusly 1255—			
Bullahs		Settlement		Bullahs		Settlement		Bullahs		Settlement	
108			109		110		111		112		113
28	1½	26	3 4	61	12¾	209	8 8	57	½	193	11 3
90	2½	104	13 6	99	10	328	" 5	91	9¼	300	6 1
62	4¼	49	11 3	36	2¾	100	4 7	35	11¾	99	10 7
16	4¾	16	9 3	4	14¼	11	11 2	5	2¼	12	9 10
100	1½	102	5 8	27	10¾	102	10 9	25	7½	94	8 6
57	10	65	2 11	125	11¾	405	8 2	120	13	389	5 5
17	14¾	15	14 9	39	7¾	124	15 1	36	11¾	116	3 2
98	1¾	100	8 3	99	2½	336	10 11	84	5¼	292	" 5
223	2¼	151	9 2	126	9¼	477	5 4	119	2¼	448	10 4
1097	4½	692	" 10	75	13¾	307	5 3	52	10¼	216	15 6
498	10¼	328	11 4	79	4¾	298	8 8	63	13¾	236	11 2
81	4	79	9 9	105	5¾	331	" 8	102	11¼	320	3 1
284	14	241	1 2	244	3¼	973	13 2	213	4½	852	11 2
26	¼	2	1 9	94	9½	381	4 8	82	15¼	327	14 8
"	"	3	8 4	1	10½	2	14 7	1	10½	2	14 7
2,661	15¼	1,979	14 7	1,222	4½	4,391	12 9	1,098	4	3,904	7 5
2,658	3¼	1,979	14 7								

Increase— Bullahs	Increase— Settlement	Decrease— Bullahs	Decrease— Settlement	Total Settlement of Fusly 1254	Total Settlement Fusly 1255—
114	115	116	117	118	119
" "	" "	1	12 1/4	15 13 5	1,665 1 3	1,623 " 6
" "	" "	8	3/4	29 10 4	2,819 1 4	2,686 9 6
" "	" "	"	4	" 10 "	1,247 10 8	1,197 5 5
" 4	" 11	8	"	" "	915 10 8	899 13 4
" "	" "	2	3/4	8 2 3	2,474 10 10	2,364 2 11
" "	" "	5	1 3/4	16 2 9	3,790 11 11	3,709 6 3
" "	" "	2	12	8 11 11	730 12 "	706 1 4
" "	" "	11	13 1/4	44 10 6	2,880 11 10	2,735 9 1
" "	" "	7	7	28 11 "	4,942 10 3	1,762 6 1
" "	" "	21	13 1/4	90 5 9	5,998 7 2	5,016 " 7
" "	" "	15	7	61 13 6	6,617 9 4	6,227 " 10
" "	" "	2	10 1/2	10 13 7	2,684 12 7	2,694 5 3
" "	" "	30	14 3/4	121 2 "	6,423 2 11	6,060 15 9
" "	" "	11	10 1/4	53 6 "	2,595 9 9	2,540 2 "
" "	" "	"	"	" " "	442 9 4	439 1 4
" 4	" 11	8	12 4 1/4	488 1 "	46,029 3 10	43,561 15 11
Net Decrease—		124	1/4	487 5 4		Net

Grass land Increase	Grass land Decrease	Total Punjah and including Fusly 1254 Bullahs	Total Punjah and including Fusly 1254 Settlement	Total Punjah and including Fusly 1255 Bullahs	Total Punjah and including Fusly 1255 Settlement
120	121	122	123	124	125
" "	42 " 9	28,228	6 1/4 10,130	1 11 28,005	13 3/4 97,256 13 11
" "	132 4 10	20,876	8 1/4 7,531	9 13 3 20,486	10 1/2 74,261 14 6
" "	50 5 3	11,466	9 3/4 3,843	1 9 11 11,266	1/4 37,006 10 6
" "	15 13 7	14,764	5 3/4 5,091	4 7 8 14,620	6 1/4 48,839 12 3
" "	110 4 11	36,595 "	12,318	3 1 4 36,778	3/4 111,823 13 5
" "	81 3 8	25,555	3 1/2 9,215	6 8 3 25,644	4 91,892 11 2
" "	24 10 8	14,731	13 1/2 5,861	9 1 3 14,101	6 1/2 56,214 10 1
" "	145 2 9	17,012	1/2 5,503	8 5 8 14,087	4 53,345 4 4
" "	180 4 2	23,278	10 1/4 5,371	4 11 4 24,138	9 56,833 6 8
" "	782 6 4	35,312	2 1/2 7,103	2 1 11 35,414	13 1/4 73,243 4 8
" "	390 8 6	39,523	3 1/2 9,043	6 " 2 40,457	12 3/4 91,243 5 3
" "	90 4 4	15,365	4 3,453	9 11 2 15,163	14 1/2 35,112 6 11
" "	362 3 2	42,251	13 1/4 12,198	6 " 9 42,759	1 1/4 92,602 22 14
" "	35 4 9	28,902	7 3/4 9,233	9 11 11 29,706	10 1/2 95,203 13 2
" "	3 8 "	4,551	2 1/4 671	8 9 2 4,700	33 1/2 6,935 12 2
" "	2467 3 11	36,124	10 1/2 10,857	2 15 11 36,633	2 10,788 3 1
Decrease	2467 3 11				

13578

Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

full rent bowle, remission and Grass-

Increase			Decrease			Total Fusly 1254	
Bullahs	Settlement		Bullahs	Settlement		Bullahs	Settlement
126	127		128	129		130	131
" "	" "		222 8½	3,873 4	u	3,699 11	46,080 13 u
" "	" "		189 13¾	1,057 14	9	2,690 ¾	31,300 9 2
" "	" "		200 9½	1,424 15	5	1,360 13¾	14,146 6 2
" "	" "		143 15½	2,077 11	5	821 12¾	7,964 12 2
" "	" "		816 15¼	5,359 4	2	1,913 u	26,803 7 1
86 3½	" "		" "	" "		263 10 1	5,032 1¾	61,346 12 2
" "	" "		630 7	2,401 7	2	961 23½	11,101 u 7
75 3½	" "		" "	" "		1,692 14 7	2,345 ¼	28,539 12 10
859 14¾	3,173	10 9	" "	" "		" "	2,150 10¾	28,656 11 10
75 11	2,241	2 9	" "	" "		" "	3,094 14½	41,640 u 11
934 9½	3,837	5 1	" "	" "		" "	2,044 ¾	25,779 2 6
100 10½	372	11 9	" "	" "		" "	4,133 5	50,416 7 10
507 4	" "		" "	" "		1,483 13 10	6,154 3½	89,165 9 9
804 2¾	2,868	1 3	" "	" "		" "	3,781 11¼	53,530 11 4
146 1½	214	3 u	" "	" "		" "	50 3½	314 8 u
3589 13	12,910	2 7	2,201 4	5½ 19,634	15 5	40,513 ¾	516,649 13 7

Net Increase 1,385 7½ — Net Decrease — 6,724 12 10

Garden land including full rent bowle remission and grass-

Fusly 1255			Increase			Decrease	
Bullahs	Settlement		Bullahs	Settlement		Bullahs	Settlement
132	133		134	135		136	137
3,677 5½	45,638	8 3	" "	" "		22 8½	442 4 9
2,661 3½	31,196	13 6	" "	" "		8 13¼	103 11 8
1354 4¾	14,095	11 5	" "	" "		6 9	80 10 9
881 8¼	7,804	10 5	59 11½	39 4 3		" "	" " "
1925 12½	26,702	3 9	12 12½	" "		" "	101 3 4
5133 13½	62,106	11 9	101 12¼	759 15 5		" "	" " "
995 4½	11,422	" 9	34 1¾	321 " 2		" "	" " "
2346 5	28,462	2 7	1 4¾	" "		" "	97 10 3
2222 3½	29,383	14 11	41 8¾	727 3 1		" "	" " "
3143 13½	42,564	11 2	48 15	924 10 3		" "	" " "
2120 4½	27,334	11 10	76 3¾	1555 9 4		" "	" " "
4151 1¼	50,210	13 9	17 12¼	" "		" "	205 10 1
6583 13	88,712	2 6	129 9½	" "		" "	1,537 3
3885 3¾	55,351	3 10	103 5½	1820 10 3		" "	" " "
50 7	348	7 9	" 3½	" 15 9		" "	" " "
41132 8	521,315	2 "	657 5	6119 14 6		37 14¾	1,181 10 1

Net Increase — 619 6¼ 4,663 4 5

15579

Fort St. George 7th December 1846—

Total Nunjah land including full rent Cowle remission and Grass—

Fusly 1254			Fusly 1255			Increase			Decrease		
Bullahs		Settlement	Bullahs		Settlement	Bullahs		Settlement	Bullahs		Settlement
138			139			140			141		
5,989	7¼	56,856 7 8	6,094	6	58,217 6 6	114	11¾	1,360 11 10			
7,663	8½	86,896 7 1	8,130	7	89,795 6 10	466	11½	2,898 15 9			
837	3	5,265 7 5	1,074	8¼	5,788 4 11	237	5¼	522 13 6			
3,147	15	18,795 11 9	3,134	7¼	18,291 " "	"	"	" "	"	"	" "
3,653	8½	20,203 9 10	3,491	8	17,182 14 5	"	"	" "	"	"	" "
561	2½	5,096 14 3	669	6	5,201 7 4	108	3½	104 9 1			
941	12	7,251 10 "	992	7	5,457 7 10	50	11	" " "			
3,080	7¾	89,439 13 8	5,138	1½	80,951 14 2	57	9¾	512 " 6			
4,457	5	50,471 "	4,449	7¾	50,954 7 7	"	"	483 6 7			
274	8	1,456 14 1	285	10	1,580 5 3	11	2	123 7 2			
9,261	¾	81,513 7 2	8,968	7½	75,822 15 11	"	"	" "	"	"	" "
730	11¾	5,174 9 1	807	14½	5,581 4 11	77	2¾	406 11 10			
1,724	4	14,974 1 5	1,821	¾	15,731 12 "	96	12¾	757 10 7			
4,412	9½	40,143 12 9	4,034	10	37,356 3 "	"	"	" "	"	"	" "
50	"	599	50	"	238 6 10	"	"	178 13 1			
48,769	7½	476,643 8 11	49,122	5½	468,151 5 6	1,220	12¼	9,349 6 11			
					Net Increase	352	14	Net			

Total Punjah Garden and Nunjah lands.—

Bullahs		Settlement	Settlement of Fusly 1254	Settlement of Fusly 1255—	Increase	Decrease
144		145	146	147	148	149
"	"	" "	20,406 7 7	20,111 12 8	" "	2,954 9 11
"	"	" "	1,935 16 13 6	1,982 54 2 10	1,737 5 4	" " "
"	"	" "	57,873 7 6	56,890 10 10	" "	982 12 8
"	"	" "	77,477 15 7	74,935 6 8	" "	2,542 8 11
13	7¾	5 04 11 9	77,477 15 7	74,935 6 8	" "	2,542 8 11
182	½	30 20 4 5	1,70,190 2 6	1,61,708 15 7	" "	8,481 2 11
"	"	" "	15,860 2 8	15,920 14 1	600 14 5	" " "
"	"	" "	77,001 11 10	73,127 2 8	" "	3,874 9 2
"	"	17,942 2	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "
"	"	" "	16,018 " 2	16,273 9 10	" "	1,278 8 4
"	"	" "	132,828 2	137,226 12 7	4,384 4 5	" " "
1	13¼	" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "
"	"	" "	114,129 "	111,741 8 5 1	3,289 4 2	" " "
292	9¼	5,694 7 3	197,329 10	197,431 1	" "	301 8 10
"	"	" "	110,130 12 1	110,904 9 7	773 13 6	" " "
"	"	" "	2,26,125 11 11	2,24,946 1 5	" "	1,179 10 6
"	"	" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "
377	15½	2,487 9 9	18,601 4 3	18,791 5 6	190 1 9	" " "
"	"	" "	7,125 10 11	7,522 10 9	396 15 10	" " "
867	14¼	13,801 10 4	2,07,848 6 5	2,06,823 4 10 7	13,083 11 5	21,593 7 3
				Net Decrease		8,511 11 10

Decrease — 6,452 3 5

15580

Fort St. George 7th December 1846-

Deduct 1/5 and 1/8 Remission to Brahmins and Mahomedans-				Ready money paid to Village Monegar in Neelgherry Talook-		Total Deduction-				Remainder Settlement of Land Revenue-	
Fusly 1254	Fusly 1255	Increase	Decrease	Fusly 1254	Fusly 1255-	Fusly 1254	Fusly 1255	Increase	Decrease	Fusly 1254	Fusly 1255-
150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161
										204055 8 5	201100 14 6
11 14 2	11 14 2					11 14 2	11 14 2				
1592 15 8	1452 11 5		140 4 3			1592 15 8	1452 11 5		140 4 3	191923 13 10	193801 7 5
8 3 "	8 3 "					8 3 "	8 3 "			57865 4 6	56882 7 10
72 9 1	72 9 1					72 9 1	72 9 1			77405 6 6	74862 13 7
										170190 2 6	161708 15 7
61 7 10	61 7 10					61 7 10	61 7 10			158538 10 10	159139 9 3
1 9 5	1 9 5					1 9 5	1 9 5			77000 2 5	73125 9 3
331 10 2	284 9 "		47 1 2			331 10 2	284 9 "		47 1 2	163686 6 "	162454 14 10
293 12 11	293 12 11					293 12 11	293 12 11			132548 11 3	136932 15 8
										114129 " 11	117418 5 1
										197732 9 10	197431 1 "
										110119 1 5	110892 14 11
11 10 8	11 10 8					11 10 8	11 10 8				
										226125 11 11	224946 1 5
										186014 4 3	187915 6 "
										7113 14 11	7510 14 9
" " "	" " "		11 12 "		11 12 "	11 12 "	11 12 "				
2385 12 11	2198 7 6	" "	187 5 5	11 12 "	11 12 "	2397 8 11	2210 3 6	" "	187 5 5	2074414 8 13 6	2066124 7 1

15581

Fort St. George

7th December 1846.

Fixed Sournadayem.—

Total Land Revenue including Sournadayem

Increase	Decrease	Fusly 1254	Fusly 1255	Increase	Decrease	Settlement Fusly 1254	Settlement Fusly 1255.	Increase	Decrease.
162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171.
" " "	2,954 9 11	7,380 9 1	8,394 12 2	1,014 3 1	" " "	211,436 1 6	209,495 10 8	" " "	1,940 6 10
1,877 9 7	" " "	14,837 13 3	15,411 12 11	573 15 8	" " "	206,761 11 1	209,213 4 4	2,451 9 3	" " "
" " "	982 12 8	2,949 15 5	2,885 5 9	" " "	" " "	60,815 3 11	59,767 13 7	" " "	1,047 6 4
" " "	2,542 8 11	6,664 13 7	7,067 10 3	402 12 8	64 9 8	84,070 4 1	81,930 7 10	" " "	2,139 12 3
" " "	8,481 2 11	4,980 7 9	5,398 15 8	418 7 11	" " "	175,170 10 3	167,107 15 3	" " "	8,062 11 "
600 14 5	" " "	17,850 4 "	19,104 13 10	1,254 9 10	" " "	176,388 14 10	178,244 7 1	1,855 8 3	" " "
" " "	3,874 9 2	4,894 8 11	5,329 5 1	434 12 2	" " "	81,894 11 4	78,454 14 4	" " "	3,439 13 "
" " "	1231 7 2	8,877 6 5	8,961 12 7	84 6 2	" " "	172,563 12 5	171,416 11 5	" " "	1,147 1 "
4381 4 5	" " "	6,274 10 1	7,875 5 2	1,600 11 1	" " "	138,823 5 4	144,805 4 10	5,984 15 6	" " "
3,289 4 2	" " "	10,636 1 2	11,399 4 11	763 3 9	" " "	124,065 2 1	128,817 10 "	4,052 7 11	" " "
" " "	301 8 10	6,130 9 1	7,310 5 2	1,179 12 1	" " "	203,803 2 11	204,741 6 2	878 3 3	" " "
773 13 6	" " "	9,159 5 10	9,360 2 2	200 12 4	" " "	119,278 3 3	120,253 1 1	974 9 10	" " "
" " "	1179 10 6	7,822 4 1	7,761 1 7	" " "	61 2 6	233,948 " "	232,707 3 "	" " "	1,240 13 "
1901 1 9	" " "	4,996 13 8	5,811 3 10	814 6 2	" " "	191,011 1 11	193,725 9 10	2,715 11	" " "
396 15 10	" " "	4,136 3 7	3,906 10 4	" " "	229 9 3	11,250 2 6	11,417 9 1	167 6 7	" " "
13,223 15 8	2,154 8 6	117,591 13 11	125,978 9 3	8,742 " 11	365 5 5	2,192,040 11 5	2,192,103 " 6	19,080 4 6	19,017 15 "

Net Decrease 8,324 6 8 — Net Increase 8,386 11 6

Net Increase 62 5 1

Coimbatore 11th July 1846.

E. E. pro (Signed) J. C. Wroughton
Principal Collr.

Statement

15582. — St. George — 7th December 1846.

Statement shewing Wet and Fixed Dry Assessment in the Division of Coimbatore for Fasly 1255.

		Wet						Dry						Garden					
		Grass						Total						Full rent					
		Settlement		Bullocks		Survey Assessment		Settlement		Bullocks		Survey Assessment & Settlement		Bullocks		Survey Assessment & Settlement	
		12		13		14		15		16		17							
From Waste	From Waste	115	1 3	59	9 8	18,723	5 1	10,831	8	278	11½	3804	14 5						
	Exchange of L.	48	9 8	7,605	7	25,530	14 2	24,365	2 6	145	4¾	2,082	11 11						
		183	10 11	13,574	15	44,250	4 3	41,110	4 4	424	¼	5,807	10 4						
From Poromboke		7	4 10	219	2¾	730	13 8	895	2 5	47		580	2 8						
Increase above the		27	8 5	502	14¼	2,204	2 8	2,117	5 9	17	10½	270	1 8						
Enam lands to C		"	" "	32	3¾	90	1 3	90	1 3	1	12	28	7 10						
Insul Sandy		"	" "	"	"	"	" "	"	" "	"	"	"	" "						
Increase of assess.		"	" "	"	"	"	" "	851	14 11	"	"	"	" "						
Cowle lands increas		"	" "	957	8½	2,983	2 "	2,983	2 "	78	15	1,087	3 4						
Increase of Rent	From Cowle to full,	"	" "	"	"	"	" "	"	" "	851	15¾	9,787	13 3						
	From Bayayet tu	"	" "	"	"	"	" "	"	" "	"	"	"	" "						
	& Nunjeturum Punjah to	"	" "	3101	10	9,191	10 4	9,191	10 4	46	1¼	699	7 9						
	Grass to full rent	1,204	14 7	4,059	2½	12,174	12 4	12,174	12 4	777	"	11,505	8 4						
Transfer of Items.	From full rent	"	" "	9,941	3¾	30,734	9 4	11,203	12 3	"	"	"	" "						
	From Cowle	"	" "	257	½	103	14 11	21	13 11	"	"	"	" "						
	From Bayayet to	"	" "	"	"	"	" "	"	" "	"	"	"	" "						
	Punjah and Nunje	"	" "	"	"	"	" "	"	" "	"	"	"	" "						
	Punjah	"	" "	130	8¾	389	12 11	146	15 11	"	"	"	" "						
	From Grass	1,204	14 7	10,098	2	31,228	5 2	11,432	10 1	"	"	"	" "						
Punjah converted in		"	" "	"	"	"	" "	"	" "	310	7	4,103	3 11						
= Land and Nunja		"	" "	"	"	"	" "	"	" "	"	"	"	" "						
Garden converted in		"	" "	"	"	"	" "	"	" "	310	7	4,103	3 11						
Grand		1,403	0 9	28,560	8½	99,088	7 4	68,472	2 9	1,583	13½	22,621	2 9						

15583. Fort St. George 14 December 1840.

Gowts — Gardens / Cont.d — Remission allowed for failure of crops — Grass —

Bullahs	Survey assessment	Settlement	Bullahs	Survey assessment	Settlement	Bullahs	Survey assessment	Settlement	Bullahs	Survey assessment	Settlement
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
61 11½	938 8 3	297 13 4	230 6¾	3,481 7 4	979 11 9				1 9½	24 10	8 " 3
" "	" " "	" " "	75 14¾	1,093 6 9	313 13 1				1 15	21 9 6	5 6 4
61 11½	938 8 3	297 13 4	306 5½	4,574 13 9	1,293 5 10				3 8½	45 20 4	11 6 7
" "	" " "	" " "	6 1¼	91 12 3	25 12 1				" 7¾	7 13 2	1 15 4
" "	" " "	" " "	1 11½	30 7 6	8 11 3				1¼	1 4 2	" 5 "
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "				" "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	20 10 5				" "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	284 2 3	" "	" " "	" " "				" "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "				" "	" " "	40 4 7
" "	" " "	382 12	4801 15 5	2,750 11 11	" " "				2¼ 1 5 1	10 7¾	159 6 8 " " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "				" "	" " "	22 12 4
" "	" " "	" " "	80 8¼	988 6 1	249 9 8				" "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	443 4¾	5850 5 6	2000 5 7				" "	" " "	" " "
19 11¼	279 13 11	79 " 2	4 6	" 6 "	11 1	10 4			" "	" " "	" " "
19 11¼	279 13 11	79 " 2	" "	6 " 6	" 11 1	10 4			" "	" " "	" " "
81 7¼	1218 6 2	660 15 9	7,557 13 10	553 7 11	3351 10 2				" "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "

Fort St. George 14 December 1840

Gardens Cont.d

Bullocks	Total Survey Assessment	Settlement	Cawnies	Total rent Survey Assessment	Settlement
30	31	32	33	34	35
5 2 7/4	8 24 8 14 10	5 088 7 9	14 9 2	13 3/4 13 988 1 2	13 987 11 4
223 2 1/2	3 177 11 10	2 381 15 4	199 2 1/2	1 985 7 0	1 985 7 0
795 9 3/4	11 426 10 8	7 470 7 1	1 092 1/4	15 973 8 8	15 973 2 10
53 9	085 12 1	014 14 1	34 14 1/4	20 7 15 5	268 8 3
19 7 1/4	301 13 4	279 1 11	11 "	103 1 1	103 1 1
1 12	28 7 10	28 7 10	" 11	0 12 7	0 12 7
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	2 222 11 5	3 107 11 11
" "	" " "	20 10 5	" "	" "	" "
" "	" " "	284 2 3	" "	" "	" "
8 15	1 078 3 4	1 078 3 4	1 593 13 3/4	11 010 0 11	11 010 0 11
051 15 3/4	9 7 813 3	9 7 813 3	7 4 0 3/4	458 10 4	458 10 4
20 1/4	" 099 7 9	099 7 9	" "	" "	" "
77	14 585 8 4	11 565 8 4	1 008 4 1/2	11 475 1 3	11 475 1 3
393 0	5 022 11 2	1 790 12 0	" "	" "	" "
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" "	" "
" 0 9 1/2	" 90 8 8	" 22 12 4	" "	" "	" "
" 00 8 3/4	" 988 8 1	" 249 " 8	" "	" "	" "
480 8 1/4	6 101 9 11	2 005 2 0	" "	" "	" "
330 8 3/4	4 389 2 9	4 183 14 5	22 5 1/4	150 11 4	150 11 4
" " "	" " "	" " "	25 15 1/4	190 13 0	190 13 0
330 8 3/4	4 389 2 9	4 183 14 5	49 4 1/2	341 8 10	341 8 10
2446 7	34 499 " 11	20 510 4 10	3 450 9 1/2	30 390 11 3	31 350 14 9

Nunjah Lands

Cawnies	Survey Assessment	Settlement	Cawnies	Punjeetum Punjah owned Gardens Survey Assessment	Settlement
36	37	38	39	40	41
317 10 3/4	2 801 10 5	952 4 3	125 14	1 039 4 11	238 10 0
" "	" "	" "	3 5 1/2	19 0 0	5 11 4
317 10 3/4	2 801 10 5	952 4 3	129 3 1/2	1 058 11 5	244 5 10
1 4 1/2	13 15 11	3 8 "	5 1/2	4 15 4	" 15 11
" "	" "	" "	3 8 1/2	23 11 4	4 9 5
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	4 15 1	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	0 9 4 4
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	55 12 2	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	" "

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Fort St. George 14 December 1846.

Nuniyals (Contd)

Remission allowed for failure of Crops

Cawnies	Survey assessment	Settlement	Cawnies	Total. Survey assessment	Settlement
42	43	44	45	46	47
121 3¾	1140 2 11	209 13 11	2057 10¼	18969 3 6	15448 8
2 6¾	15 11 8	" " "	204 14¾	2020 9 8	1991 2 10
123 10½	1155 14 7	209 13 11	2202 9	20989 13 1	17439 10 10
" 15½	6 13 7	" " "	3 7 7¾	293 12 3	273 " 2
" 10¼	5 10 4	" " "	15 9¾	132 6 9	107 10 6
" "	" " "	" " "	" 11	6 12 7	6 12 7
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	2222 11 5	3181 11
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" "	60 4 4
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" "	7 6 5 8
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" "	55 12 2
" "	" " "	" " "	1593 13¾	11016 6 11	11016 6 11
" "	" " "	" " "	7 4 6¾	458 10 4	458 10 4
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" "	" "
" "	" " "	" " "	1608 4½	11475 1 3	11475 1 3
1592 15	11843 10 0	1049 " 8	1602 4¼	11898 2	1086 0
7 31 10½	4 7 20 13 10	85 15 4	7 32 12½	4 7 28 4 10	87 14 "
7 ¼	62 6 7	3 4 8	7 ¼	62 6 7	3 4 8
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" "	" "
2331 9¾	18520 14 11	1139 4 8	2342 1	15588 13 5	11758 8
" 11½	10 9 10	" " "	23 ¾	167 5 2	150 11 4
" "	" " "	" " "	30 8½	225 14 1	217 1 11
" 11½	10 9 10	" " "	53 9¼	393 3 3	373 13 3
2457 9½	17805 15 3	1409 2 7	6380 4¼	52272158	34158 4 9

Full rent. Survey assessment	Settlement	Total Cowles Survey assessment	Settlement	Bagayet turn Poonjahs and Nunjeer turn Poonjahs - Survey assessment	Settlement
48	49	50	51	52	53
33740 32 33739 13 4		4750 12 6	1579 4 5	4520 12 3	1218 6 3
2739 9 1	2739 9 1	603 6 5	422 5 9	1112 12 11	319 8 5
6 13 7 12 3 6 13 7 6 5		5360 2 11	2001 10 2	5633 9 2	1537 14 8
1535 4	1535 12 10	17 3 8	5 14 10	9 6 11 7	2 7 12
2401 8 7	2401 8 7	" "	" "	54 2 10	13 4 8
125 5 8	125 5 8	" "	" "	" "	" "
2222 11 5	3176 11 11	" "	4 15 1	" "	" "
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	89 14 9
" "	" "	" "	" "	1191 13 4	" "
15077 12 3	15077 12 3	" "	" "	" "	" "
10240 7 7	10240 7 7	" "	" "	" "	" "
9891 2 1	9891 2 1	" "	" "	" "	" "
35215 5 11	35215 5 11	" "	" "	4916 6 11	1780 1 3
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	14 8
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "

15586

Fort St. George 1st December 1840.

Remissions allowed on waste lands		Total Cost of Grass		Total		Deduct 5/8 and 3/8 Remission to Government	Remainder Settlement of Land Revenue
Survey Assessment	Settlement	Survey Assessment	Settlement	Survey Assessment	Settlement		
54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61
2,431 13 6	643 9	461 14 11	121 1 6	45,941 8 4	3,302 1 3		
1,405 9 8	624 13 5	215 13 9	54	30,935 3 8	28,918 4 8		
3,837 2	1,268 5 2	907 12 6	175 1 6	76,876 12	60,020 5 11		
24 3	4 4 10	37 2 6	9 4 2	1,710 6	1,583 8		
11 8 4	1 9 6	111 3	27 13 5	2,038 6 9	2,504 2 2		
" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	125 5 8	125 5 8		
" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	2,222 11 5	3,181 11 4		
" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	89 14 9		
				70 5 8	" " "		
				" " "	1,191 13 4		
" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	15,079 12 3	15,079 12 3		
" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	10,240 9,891 1/2	10,240 9,891 1/2		
" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	35,215 5 11	35,215 5 11		
" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	4,855 6 6	16,138 14 9		
37,856 " 11	1,110 14 4	497 14 8	1,244 15 2	4,832 3 9	109 11 11		
6,824 12 9	108 13 3	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "		
82 6	3 4 8	90 8 8	22 12 4	152 15 3	201 4		
381 14 9	163 14 9	" " "	" " "	1,378 3 "	398 9		
43,030 3	11,363 15	5,002 4,120	11 6	54,018 12 6	14,651 5 3		
10 9 10	" " "	" " "	" " "	4,550	11 4,340 9 9		
" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	225 14 1	21 1 11		
10 9 10	" " "	" " "	" " "	4,782 6	455 11 8		
45,919 12	12,538 " 6	5,918 9 4	1,479 14	1,400	11 129,140 12 4	11 3 11	129,129 8 5

Sixes

Coimbatore 11th July 1840. E. E. [illegible]

Seeravedayem 15,402 6 11
Total 145,589 15 4

(Signed) J. G. Wrought Esqr
Principal Collector

Statement

15587 George

7th December 1846.

Statement [illegible] Fixed Summadayam in the District of Coimbatore for Fasly 1255.-

			Total Survey assessment	Garden Full rent. Settlement	Garden Full rent. Ballahs	Garden Full rent. Survey assessment and Settlement	Garden Cumbu Ballahs	Garden Cumbu Survey assessment	Garden Cumbu Settlement
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	Of Dec		2,751 15 8	1857 7 4	22 7	258 4 2	" "	" "	" "
	Of Dec	5/12	8,026 7 6	5635 9	34 5¾	682 8 11	" "	" "	" "
To Wastes	Of Jan	5/4	8,059 7 11	1811 3 5	127 5	1730 8 7	" 4	2 7 11	1 14
	Exchan		24,151 5 3	22,302 13	177 2½	2317 14 4	" "	" "	" "
	On acct		" " "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
	Fasly								
		03/4	41,609 4 4						
To Forum		2/4	172 " 9						
To Enam		1/4	31 1 2						
From Zc. Cro		"	" " "						
Seerwah		"	" " "						
To Tulk		2½	12,174 12 4	37,405 10 5	351 6¼	4,759 4	" 4	2 7 11	1 14
To Cow		1¾	7 14 2	1481 5	1 15	111 10 5	" "	" "	" "
Transfer of Items.	Garde			12 9 1	33 9¾	512 1 7	" "	" "	" "
	turn D	"	" " "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
	to Minja			" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
	To Rey	43/4	20,407 15	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
	To Gr	11½	4,812 8	78 15	1078 3 4	69 8 9			
			2 31,228 5 2	4470 10 3					
				1 15 9					
Item Tab.	Punjab	83/4	1,298 14 8	" "	382 12	4861 15 5			
dul or alter	Gardens			2509 5 12 2	2/4	1 5 1			
ation of	Punjab	3/4	28 " 2	4812 8	10 7¾	159 5 8			
Survey Value	Conv ate			39,910 3 11	393 5	5022 11 2			
		9½	1,324 14 8	12225 11 7					
				22 3 2	5 2	74 9 10			
		3/4	80,540 6 3	1214 14 9	5 2	74 9 10			
				35195 13 7	802.5	1949 5	79 3	1080 11 3	700 4 9

15,588.

Fort St. George

7th December 1846.

Garden & Cont.g of Bagayetthum Punjah.

Bullahs	Survey Assessment	Settlement	Bullahs	Grass Survey Assessment	Settlement
18	19.	20	21	22	23.
8 "	103 13 9	49 7 8	" "	" " "	" " "
8 6¾	113 2 3	56 9 2	7	13⅓ 108 " 8	28 15 8
53 2¾	720 3 10	327 8 5	15	8¾ 244 9 3	61 4 11
86 9¾	930 8 5	358 12 1	14	14½ 201 9 9	52 12 9
" "	" "	" "	"	" " "	" " "
134 2½	1,807 123	792 5 5	38	5 554 3 8	141 1 4
1 3½	20 6 9	9 12 2	"	" " "	" " "
" "	" "	" "	"	" " "	" " "
" "	" "	" "	"	" " "	" " "
" "	" "	" "	"	" " "	" " "
" "	" "	4,062 10 7	"	" " "	" " "
651 11¾	9,787 133	4,459 15 6	45	1¼ 599 7 9	174 13 2
" "	" "	" "	"	" " "	" " "
" "	" "	" "	60	8¾ 988 6 1	247 3 6
" "	" "	" "	"	" " "	" " "
6 9½	90 8 8	45 2 6	"	" " "	" " "
6 9½	90 8 8	45 2 6	60	8¾ 988 6 1	247 3 6
" "	" "	" "	"	" " "	" " "
4 6¼	48 10 7	20 11 4	"	4 2 12 8	" 11 2
4 6¼	48 10 7	20 11 4	"	4 2 12 8	" 11 2
798 5¼	11,815 3 5	10,090 9 6	145	3 2,244 14 2	503 13 2

Total Bullahs	Survey Assessment	Settlement	Nunjah Cawnies	Survey Assessment	Settlement
24.	25.	26	27	28	29.
30 7	362 1 11	307 11 10	11 8	87 6 "	87 6 "
50 10¼	683 11 10	546 1 9	20 12¼	161 6 5	161 6 5
196 4½	2,697 13 7	2,121 4 "	1,308 3¼	8,650 " 5	8,650 8 11
256 10¼	3,450 " 6	2,729 7 2	204 1	1,596 6 5	1,596 6 5
" "	" " "	" " "	209 13½	2,060 6 10	2,060 6 10
534 "	7,193 11 10	5,704 8 9	1,754 6	12,555 10 1	12,556 2 7
9 2½	132 1 2	121 6 7	1 9	20 8 3	19 15 6
33 9¾	512 1 7	512 1 7	29 10¾	249 10 10	249 10 10
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	1,502 11 11	2,130 10 2
" "	" " "	4,062 10 7	" "	" "	" "
777 "	11,565 8 4	5,333 3 5	" "	" "	" "
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" "	" "
443 4¾	5,850 5 6	5,109 2 11	9 5¼	54 7 6	54 7 6
" 2¼	1 51	1 51	1,592 15	11,843 10 6	11,843 10 6
17 1½	249 15 4	204 9 2	" "	" "	" "
460 8¼	6,101 9 11	5,315 1 2	1,602 4¼	11,898 2 "	11,898 2 "
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" "	" "
10 12¾	126 1 1	96 " 4	" "	" "	" "
10 12¾	126 1 1	96 " 4	" "	" "	" "
1825 ¾	25,631 1 11	21,845 " 5	3,387 14	26,226 11 1	26,854 9 1

Fort St. George

7th December 1846.

Bagayetheru Punjah-

Garden Cent.s of Grass

Bullocks	Survey Assessment	Settlement	Bullocks	Survey Assessment	Settlement
18	19	20	21	22	23.
8 "	103 13 9	49 7 8	" "	" " "	" " "
8 8¾	113 2 3	56 9 2	7 13¼	108 " 8	26 15 8
53 2¾	720 3 10	327 8 0	15 8¾	244 9 3	81 4 11
84 9¾	930 8 5	358 12 1	14 14½	201 9 9	52 12 9
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "
134 2¾	1807 123	792 5 5	38 5	554 3 8	141 1 4
1 3½	20 6 9	9 12 2	" "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	4 602 10 7	" "	" " "	" " "
851 11¾	9787 133	4459 15 5	46 1¼	599 7 9	174 13 2
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	80 8¾	988 6 1	247 3 6
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "
8 9½	90 8 8	45 2 6	" "	" " "	" " "
8 9½	90 8 8	45 2 6	80 8¾	988 6 1	247 3 6
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "
4 6¼	48 10 7	20 11 4	" 4	2 12 8	" 11 2
4 6¼	48 10 7	20 11 4	" 4	2 12 8	" 11 2
998 5¾	11816 3 6	10090 9 6	145 3	2244 16 2	503 13 2

Total Bullocks	Survey Assessment	Settlement	Nunjah Full cent Cannies	Survey Assessment	Settlement
24	25	26	27	28	29
30 7	362 1 11	307 11 10	11 8	87 6 "	87 6 "
50 10¼	683 11 10	546 1 9	20 12¼	161 6 5	161 6 5
196 4½	2697 13 7	2121 4 "	1308 3¼	8650 " 5	8660 8 11
256 10¼	3450 " 6	2729 7 2	204 1	1596 6 5	1596 6 5
" "	" " "	" " "	209 13½	2060 6 10	2060 6 10
534 "	7193 11 10	5704 8 9	1754 6	12555 10 1	12556 2 7
9 2½	132 1 2	121 6 7	1 9	20 8 3	19 15 6
33 9¾	512 1 7	512 1 7	29 10¾	249 10 10	249 10 10
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	1502 11 11	2130 10 2
" "	" " "	4762 10 7	" "	" " "	" " "
777 "	11565 8 4	5333 3 5	" "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "
443 4¾	5550 5 6	5109 2 11	9 5¼	54 7 6	54 7 6
" 2¼	1 5 1	1 5 1	1592 15	11843 10 6	11843 10 6
17 1¼	249 15 4	204 9 2	" "	" " "	" " "
460 8¾	6101 9 11	5315 1 2	1602 4¼	11898 2 "	11898 2 "
" "	" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "
10 12¾	126 1 1	96 " 4	" "	" " "	" " "
10 12¾	126 1 1	96 " 4	" "	" " "	" " "
1825 3¼	25631 1 11	21845 " 5	3387 14	26226 11 1	26851 9 1

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Fort St George

7th December 1846.

Nunjah (continued)

Cawnies		Cowle Survey Assessment			Settlement			Nunjee tarum Punjah Cawnies		Survey Assessment			Settlement		
30		31			32			33		34			35		
7	1¾	52	1	7	41	5	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
29	½	204	7	3	140	14	3	1	½	7	4	11	"	11	10
139	12½	967	4	10	769	9	8	42	8	370	6	1	105	6	4
"	2¾	1	2	1	"	14	6	10	8	97	12	1	23	11	4
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
176	10	1224	15	9	952	11	8	54	1½	475	7	1	129	13	6
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	11½	5	4	3	"	12	11
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	17	109	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
1593	13¾	11016	6	11	8654	12	1	74	6¾	458	10	4	162	11	9
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
1	2	7	7	"	5	15	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
731	10½	4720	13	10	3818	4	4	7	¼	62	6	7	13	2	7
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
732	12½	4728	4	10	3824	3	10	7	¼	62	6	7	13	2	7
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
2503	4½	16969	11	6	13449	6	4	136	4	1001	12	3	306	8	9

Total. Cawnies		Survey Assessment			Settlement			Total Punjah Garden and Nunjah. Full rent. Survey Assessment			Settlement.		
36		37			38			39			40.		
19	2¼	139	7	7	128	11	3	2946	10	11	2946	10	11
50	14¼	373	2	7	303	"	6	5835	10	9	5835	10	9
1490	7¾	9987	11	4	9525	8	11	17806	15	9	17807	8	3
214	11¾	1695	4	7	1621	"	3	25394	6	2	25394	6	2
209	13½	2060	6	10	2060	6	10	2060	6	10	2060	6	10
1985	½	14256	"	11	13638	11	9	54044	2	5	54044	10	11
2	4½	25	12	6	20	12	8	273	6	3	272	13	6
29	10¾	249	10	10	249	10	10	768	1	9	768	1	9
"	"	1502	11	11	2148	4	11	1502	11	11	2130	10	2
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
1668	4½	11475	1	3	8817	7	10	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
10	7¼	61	14	6	60	7	"	4916	6	11	4916	6	11
2331	9¾	16626	14	11	15675	1	5	37767	"	11	37767	"	11
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	4971	14	8	4971	14	8
2342	1	16688	13	5	15735	8	5	47655	6	6	47655	6	6
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1198	1	8	1198	1	6
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	95	8	7	95	8	7
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1293	10	1	1293	10	1
6027	6¼	44195	2	10	40610	8	2	105537	6	11	106165	4	4

15590 Fort St George 7th December 1846.

Total Punjah Garden and Punjah /Contd/

Coule.			Burgayet turn Punjah and Punjeturum Punjah.		Grofs.		Deduct 1/5 and 1/8.	Remainder decrease in the Settlement of Land Revenue.			Total					
Survey Aſſeſſment	Settlement		Survey Aſſeſſment	Settlement	Survey Aſſeſſment	Settlement	Remiſſion to Brahmens and Mahomedans.				Survey Aſſeſſment	Settlement				
41	42		43	44	45	46	49	50			47	48				
98 4 11	72 2 4		103 13 9	49 7 8	104 11 7	25 11 6					3253 9 2	3094 - 5				
756 15 9	499 4 2		120 7 2	57 5 -	370 4 3	91 15 1					7083 5 11	6484 3 -				
1205 9 4	900 13 5		1090 9 11	432 14 10	1251 13 10	316 11 10					21355 - 10	19458 - 4				
286 13 1	221 1 5		1028 4 6	382 7 5	2597 2 7	655 5 5					29306 10 4	26653 4 5				
- - -	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -					2060 6 10	2060 6 10				
2347 11 1	1693 5 4		2343 3 4	922 2 11	4324 - 3	1089 11 10					63059 1 1	57749 15 -				
- - -	- - -		25 11 -	10 9 1	30 13 2	7 4 6					32945	29121				
- - -	- - -		17 10 9	- - -	24 11 10	6 3 9					7923 7	7745 6				
- - -	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -					15021 11 11	21484 11				
- - -	- - -		- - -	4762 10 7	- - -	- - -					- - -	47621 07				
15077 12 3	11525 9 8		10246 9 7	4622 11 3	9891 21	2473 - 7					35215 5 11	18621 5 6				
- - -	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -					7142	1159				
7 7 -	5 15 6		- - -	- - -	985 61	247 36					59124 -	51699 11				
4824 12 9	3896 8 8		62 6 7	13 2 7	3811 4 9	956 6					43036 3 -	41772 8				
- - -	- - -		90 8	45 2 6	- - -	- - -					50627 4	50171 2				
4832 3 9	3902 8 2		152 15 3	58 5 1	1378 3 -	344 9 9					540181 26	519601 36				
5 13 3	3 12 7		- - -	- - -	94 15 9	23 13 6					12981 4 6	12251 7				
- - -	- - -		48 10 7	20 11 4	7 14 1	1 15 7					1521 3	1183 6				
5 13 3	3 12 7		48 10 7	20 11 4	102 13 10	25 13 1					14501 5 9	13431 5 1				
22263 8 4	17142 14 6		12816 5 9	10397 2 3	15751 12 2	3947 2 6					1563691 12	1376528		19894	1374531	4 10

Encloſed Journal dayem. 8273 11 5
Total 1,48,627 10 3

Coimbatore 4th July 1846.

E.E. Jk.

/Signed/ J.C. Wroughton
Pt Collr.

Statement

15591.

No 7 Statement of the District of Coimbatore for Fusly 1255..

7th December 1846.

			Deduct Decrease for fusly 1255. Lands converted into Garden.			Remainder Settlement	Lands charged full rent		
			Bullahs and Cawnies	Assessment after deducting reduction	Deduct cowle reyayet		Bullahs and Cawnies	Assessment after deducting reduction	Deduct cowle reyayet
			12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Punjah	Sircar								
	1/4 Rent								
	1/2 Rent			8	9 4				
	3/4 Rent			6	8 8	2 8			
				6 8	1 8 2	2 8			
Garden	New Garden Wells	1/4 Rent							
		1/2 Rent							
		3/4 Rent							
		Fusly							
	Old Wells	Fusly							
Punjah	Orchard	1/4 Rent							
		1/2 Rent							
		3/4 Rent		8	10 3 3 11				
		Fusly							
				8	10 3 3 11				
Total				4	2 8 5 6 4				
							32	2 1/4	4 4 1 2 8
							46	12/4	6 3 7 0 8
							4		
							78	15	1 0 7 8 3 4
							50	12 1/2	2 4 3 9 5
							50	10 1/2	4 2 1 2 3
							2	8 1/2	2 7 1 3 10
							1	9 1/2	4 4 3 4
							4	2	7 2 1 2
							105	9	7 3 6 12 10
			5	13 3	2 8	3 12 7			4 7 9 8 2 2

Deduct Decrease for fusly 1255 [Continued]

Sums carried to the Head of Increase

Remainder			Fusul Jausty			Total Settlement			Bullahs and Cawnies		Assessment after deducting reduction			Deduct Cowle reyayet		
19			20			21			22		23			24		
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	17	5/4	72	10	11	72	10	11
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	391	6/2	1505	14	7	1129	7	7
129	43	"	"	"	129	43			523	12	1827	8	4	913	10	9
2043	27	"	"	"	2043	27			"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
2172	6	10	"	"	"	2172	6	10	932	7/4	3406	1	10	2115	13	3
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	20	4/2	308	14	10	231	11	1
220	9	1	"	"	"	220	9	1	34	5/4	471	9	2	235	12	4
477	13	8	"	"	"	477	13	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	29	10	376	2	11	257	"	1
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	29	10	376	2	11	257	"	1
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	7	5	107	"	1	73	8	10
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	7	5	107	"	1	73	8	10
678	6	9	"	"	"	698	6	9	91	9/4	1263	11	"	798	"	4
60	14	4	"	"	"	60	14	4	6	9	42	15	4	32	3	6
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	20	8/4	180	1	5	90	1	"
315	14	"	"	"	"	315	14	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
18	1	1	"	"	"	18	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
29	7	4	"	"	"	29	7	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
47	8	5	"	"	"	47	8	5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
4244	7	"	"	"	"	4244	9		27	1/4	223	"	9	122	4	6
32952	4	"	"	"	"	32952	4		"	"	4892	13	7	3036	2	1

Some increased rent according to the terms of Cowle granted

Total Decrease

Remainder			Fusul Jausty			Total Settlement			Bullahs and Cawnies		Assessment after deducting reduction			Deduct Cowle reyayet		
25			26			27			28		29			30		
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	17	5/4	72	10	11	72	10	11
"	"	"	"	"	"	376	7	"	391	10/2	1507	1	5	1130	5	9
376	7	"	"	"	"	913	13	7	713	12	2274	1	11	1137	"	1
913	13	7	"	"	"	"	"	"	898	8	2846	11	11	711	15	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
1290	4	7	"	"	"	1290	4	7	2021	3/4	6700	10	2	3051	15	9
77	3	9	"	"	"	77	3	9	20	4/2	308	14	10	231	11	1
235	12	10	"	"	"	235	12	10	66	8/2	912	11	10	456	5	11
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	46	12/4	637	"	8	159	3	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
119	2	10	"	"	"	119	2	10	29	10	376	2	11	257	"	1
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
33	7	3	"	"	"	33	7	3	7	5	107	"	1	73	8	10
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
33	7	3	"	"	"	33	7	3	7	5	107	"	1	73	8	10
465	10	8	"	"	"	465	10	8	170	8/4	2341	14	4	1177	12	11
10	11	10	"	"	"	10	11	10	57	5/2	286	8	9	214	14	7
90	"	5	"	"	"	90	"	5	20	8/4	180	1	5	90	1	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	62	7	558	12	10	139	10	11
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	8/2	27	13	10	9	12	9
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	9/2	44	3	4	14	12	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	4	2	72	1	2	24	8	9
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
100	12	3	"	"	"	100	12	3	114	7/4	1097	8	2	469	3	3
1856	11	6	"	"	"	1856	11	6	"	"	10140	"	8	4698	15	11

15593 Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

Remainder	Fusul Jaudy	Total Settlement	Remainder Settlement	Waste lands have not increased their being fallow & according to the Settlement of July 1858 Bullahs and Cawnies	Add. Increase brought into Cultivation. Assessment after deducting reduction	Deduct Cowle reyayet	Remainder Settlement
31	32	33	37	38	39	40	41
					763 8 10	572 10 u	190 14 10
				223 4/4	201 13 11	150 15 3	100 14 8
				53 10	11 3 8	2 12 11	8 6 9
				2 6/4	976 10 5	676 6 2	300 4 3
				279 4/4	612 6 8	459 4 1	153 2 7
				40 11/4	245 13 3	122 14 8	122 14 7
				15 u			
				132 7 6			
				80 13 11	62 2 6	39 9 6	12 9 u
				213 5 5	52 2 6	39 9 6	12 9 u
				23 15 5			
				2 2/4	28 1 10	18 14 8	9 3 2
				23 15 5	28 1 10	18 14 8	9 3 2
				237 4 10	9383	640 10 11	297 13 4
				28 7/32	252 8 5	189 6 6	63 1 11
				20 6/32	186 3 2	93 1 5	93 1 9
				35 14 u			
				59 u 10			
				130 12 4			
				3 15 8			
				10 2 11			
				239 13 9			
				239 13 9	48 14 438 11 7	282 7 11	156 3 8
				477 2 7	2353 14 3	1599 9 u	754 5 3

Remainder of lands the rents of which according to the terms of Cowle granted from other causes which were therefore entered

Bullahs and Cawnies	Assessment after deducting reduction	Deduct Cowle reyayet
34	35	36
34 4/4	452 4 1	319 12 7
21 14/4	292 6 2	211 8 3
56 3	744 10 3	531 4 10
4 12	67 11 5	43 12 u
4 12	67 11 5	43 12 u
60 15	812 5 8	575 u 10
3 14	53 2 3	17 4 3
6 1/2	88 4 4	29 3 6
7 2	196 2 6	65 6 2
11 3/4	5 15 6	1 15 10
1 3	15 4 3	5 1 4
18 15/4	358 12 10	118 15 1
18 15/4	358 12 10	118 15 1
1171 2 6	693 15 11	

Add Increase /Continued/.

Punjah Lands brought under cultivation. Bullahs and Cawnies 42	Assessment after deducting reduction 43	Deduct Cowle reyayet 44	Remainder Settlement 45	Gross Lands brought under cultivation. Bullahs and Cawnies 46	Assessment after deducting reduction 47	Deduct Cowle reyayet 48	Remainder Settlement 49	Poonmpoke lands brought under cultivation. Bullahs and Cawnies 50	Assessment after deducting reduction 51	Deduct Cowle reyayet 52	Remainder Settlement. 53.
				1 8	3 8 4						
				1 9 3/4	4 5 10	2 10 1	14 3				
						2 2 11	2 2 11				
				3 1 3/4	7 14 2	4 13	3 1 2				
19 3/4	2 7 3	11 3	1 9 6	14 4	7 6 12	11					
8	6 2 8		3 1 5 5		2 3 3						
19 1 3/4	2 7 9	13 11	2 0 0	13 9	7 9 2			1 1/2	13 15 11	10 7 11	3 8
	2 7 9	13 11	2 0 0	13 9	7 9 2		3 1 2	1 1/2	13 15 11	10 7 11	3 8

Fort St George

7th December 1846.

Add Increase /Continued/.

Garden land brought into Nunjah Cultivation Cowle lands the rents of which have increased according to the terms of Cowlenamah

Bullahs and Cawnies 54	Assessment after deducting reduction 55	Deduct Cowle reyayet 56	Remainder Settlement 57	Bullahs and Cawnies 58	Assessment after deducting reduction 59	Fusul Justy 60	Total 61	Deduct Cowle reyayet 62	Remainder 63	Fusul Jaisty 64	Total Settlement 65
				17 5/4	72 10 11						
				391 6/2	1505 14 7		72 10 11	54 8 2	18 2 9		18 2 9
				523 12	1827 8 4		1505 14 7	752 9 3	753 5 4		753 5 4
				932 7 3/4	3406 1 10		1827 8 4	456 12 11	1370 11 5		1370 11 5
							3406 1 10	1263 14 4	2142 3 6		2142 3 6
				57 3/2	792 1 10						
				34 5 3/4	471 9 2		792 1 10	396 0 6	396 1 4		396 1 4
							471 9 2	117 13 7	353 11 7		353 11 7
				91 9/4	1263 11						
							1263 11	513 14 1	749 12 11		749 12 11
				6 9	42 15 4						
3 9/4	35 7	8 12 2	26 4 5	20 8/4	180 1 5						
							42 15 4	21 7 8	21 7 8		21 7 8
							180 1 5	45 0 8	135 0 9		135 0 9
3 9/4	35 7	8 12 2	26 4 5	27 1/4	223 0 9						
	35 7	8 12 2	26 4 5		4892 13 7		223 0 9	66 8 4	156 8 5		156 8 5
							4892 13 7	1844 4 9	3048 8 10		3048 8 10

1839

Fort St George

7th December 1846.

Total increase.

Bullahs and Cawnies 66	Assessment after deducting reduction 67	Deduct Cowle Royayet 68	Remainder 69	Fusal Jamaby 70	Total Settlement 71
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
242 1/2	839 12 1	629 12 3	209 15 10	" " "	209 15 10
446 10/4	1712 2 4	855 11 5	856 6 11	" " "	856 6 11
526 2/4	1838 12 "	459 9 10	1379 2 2	" " "	1379 2 2
1214 14	4390 10 5	1945 1 6	2445 8 11	" " "	2445 8 11
40 11/4	612 6 8	459 4 1	153 2 7	" " "	153 2 7
72 3/2	1037 15 1	518 15 2	518 15 11	" " "	518 15 11
34 5/4	471 9 2	117 13 7	353 11 7	" " "	353 11 7
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
23 3/4	325 13 9	236 7 10	89 5 11	" " "	89 5 11
23 3/4	325 13 9	236 7 10	89 5 11	" " "	89 5 11
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
2 8/4	34 4 6	22 14 1	11 6 5	" " "	11 6 5
2 8/4	34 4 6	22 14 1	11 6 5	" " "	11 6 5
173 2/2	2482 1 2	1355 6 9	1126 10 5	" " "	1126 10 5
29 12	266 8 4	199 14 5	66 9 11	" " "	66 9 11
26 15/2	229 2 6	114 9 1	114 9 5	" " "	114 9 5
24 2	215 2 "	53 12 10	161 5 2	" " "	161 5 2
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
80 13/2	710 12 10	368 4 4	342 8 6	" " "	342 8 6
" "	7583 8 5	3668 12 7	3914 10 10	" " "	3914 14 10

Coimbatore 11th July 1846.

Total Settlement of Fasly 1255.

Bullahs and Cawnies 72	Assessment after deducting reduction 73	Deduct Cowle Royayet 74	Remainder 75	Fusal Jamaby 76	Total Settlement 77
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
242 1/2	839 12 1	629 12 3	209 15 10	" " "	209 15 10
446 10/4	1712 2 4	855 11 5	856 6 11	" " "	856 6 11
526 2/4	1838 12 "	459 9 10	1379 2 2	" " "	1379 2 2
1214 14	4390 10 5	1945 1 6	2445 8 11	" " "	2445 8 11
40 11/4	612 6 8	459 4 1	153 2 7	" " "	153 2 7
72 3/2	1037 15 1	518 15 2	518 15 11	" " "	518 15 11
34 5/4	471 9 2	117 13 7	353 11 7	" " "	353 11 7
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
34 1/4	452 4 1	319 12 7	132 7 6	" " "	132 7 6
21 13/4	292 6 2	211 8 3	80 13 11	" " "	80 13 11
23 3/4	325 13 9	236 7 10	89 5 11	" " "	89 5 11
79 5/4	1070 8 "	767 12 8	302 11 4	" " "	302 11 4
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
4 12	69 11 5	43 12 "	23 15 5	" " "	23 15 5
2 8/4	34 4 6	22 14 1	11 6 5	" " "	11 6 5
7 4/4	101 15 11	66 10 1	35 5 10	" " "	35 5 10
233 15/2	3204 6 10	1930 7 7	1363 15 3	" " "	1363 15 3
29 12	266 8 4	199 14 5	66 9 11	" " "	66 9 11
26 15/2	229 2 6	114 9 1	114 9 5	" " "	114 9 5
24 2	215 2 "	53 12 10	161 5 2	" " "	161 5 2
" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
3 14	53 2 3	17 4 3	35 14 "	" " "	35 14 "
6 1/2	88 4 4	29 3 6	59 " 10	" " "	59 " 10
7 2	196 2 6	65 6 2	130 12 4	" " "	130 12 4
" 13/4	5 15 6	1 15 10	3 15 8	" " "	3 15 8
1 3	15 4 3	5 1 4	10 2 11	" " "	10 2 11
18 15/4	358 12 10	118 15 1	239 13 9	" " "	239 13 9
99 12/4	1069 9 8	487 3 5	582 6 3	" " "	582 6 3
" "	8764 10 11	4302 12 8	4391 14 5	" " "	4391 14 5

E. E. Jr. (Signed) J. C. Wrong Esqre
1st Asstt
Statemt.

15397 Fort St George

No. 8.— Statement shewing the Particulars of Punjah Cowles in the District of Coimbatore as per

Cause for which Cowle or Remission was granted		Ballahs and Cawnies
1	2	3
At Half Assessment	Lands covered with Jungle situated at the foot of the Hills and subject to the Ravages of wild Animals cleared and cultivated	59 2
At ⅓ of the Assessment	Land subject to the Ravages of wild Animals	182 1½
Bilmohtah		

Dupd

7th December 1846.

Garden and Punjah lands held in Main and Discretionary Settlement of Fusly 1255.

Assessment	Deduct Cowle Rejected	Remainder Settlement	Fusal Sauvty.	Total Settlement
5	6	7	8	9
225 3 8	112 7 10	112 11 10	" "	112 11 10
705 2 8	176 5 2	528 13 6	" "	528 13 6
1380 13 10	335 6 9	974 7 1	" "	974 7 1

15598 — St George

A.

7th December 1876.

Decreage of Fasly 1255.
left waste — Remission made for the failure of Crops 1282

	Deduct Lands Rahs Cawnies	Assessment after deducting reduction		Deduct Cowle Rayyet-	Remainder Settlement	Ballahs and Cawnies	Assessment after deducting reduction	Deduct Cowle Rayyet-	Remainder Settlement
	8	9		10	11	12	13	14	15
Half Of	15½	261	15 10	130 14 8	131 1 2	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "
Pooyah Three qua	6¾	37	3 5	9 4 6	27 14 11	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "
Bilnock	14	375	7 1	117 13 11	397 9 2	26 7½	103 14 11	25 10 7	78 4 4
	14¾	813	10 4	258 1 1	555 9 3	26 7½	103 14 11	25 10 7	78 4 4
Garden ¾ Rent	4	2	7 11	" 9 11	1 14 "	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "
Nunjah ¾ Rent	"	"	" "	3 11 9	13 11 5	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "
Bilnock	2	17	7 2	3 11 9	13 11 5	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "
	2	17	7 2	262 6 9	572 2 8	" "	103 14 11	25 10 7	78 4 4
Total Ja	"	834	9 4	38 " 3	49 " 1	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "
Moonasa	13¾	87	" 4						
Third of th				196 1 5	816 12 3	731 10½	4720 13 10	902 9 6	3818 4 4
Moonasa	13¾	1012	13 8	234 1 8	835 12 4	731 10½	4720 13 10	902 9 6	3818 4 4
	11½	1069	14 "						
Total inc	"	1904	7 5	496 8 5	1407 15 "	" "	4824 12 9	928 4 1	3896 8 8

15599

Fort St George

7th December 1816.

Nunjah charged to Punjah and Garden Rent

Ballahs and Cawnies	Assessment after deducting reduction	Deduct Cowle Peyajet	Remainder Settlement	Lands charged with Ballahs and Cawnies	Assessment after deducting reduction
16	17	18	19	20	21

15600

Fort St George 7th December 1816.

Deduct Decrease for Fasly 1255 (Cont.)

Total Decrease (Cont.)

Remainder Settlement	Fasal Cowmee	Total Settlement	Ballahs and Cowries	Rain or Discretionary Assessment after deducting remainder	Deduct Cowle Royayet
28	29	30	31	32	33
131 1 2	" " "	131 1 2	28 13½	85 " 7	42 6 7
27 14 11	" " "	27 14 11	170 11½	685 3 3	185 4 4
475 13 6	" " "	475 13 6	193 14½	843 6 9	223 10 5
634 13 7	" " "	634 13 7	393 10½	1593 10 7	431 5 4
1 14 "	" " "	1 14 "	7 6¼	82 8 10	29 9 10
" " "	" " "	" " "	22 9¼	239 1 4	58 11 6
25 4 11	17 10 9	42 15 8	282 8¼	3510 11 7	1021 5 1
25 4 11	17 10 9	42 15 8	305 1½	3749 12 11	1080 " 7
662 " 6	17 10 9	679 11 3	" "	5426 " 4	1531 15 9
19 " 1	" " "	19 " 1	180 13½	1593 " 6	1061 9 11
12859 13 11	" " "	12859 13 11	" "	" "	" "
12878 14 "	" " "	12878 14 "	180 13½	1593 " 6	1061 9 11
13540 14 6	17 10 9	13558 9 3	" "	7019 " 10	2593 9 8

Add Increase for Fasly 1255

Waste land brought into Cultivation

Cowle Remainder Settlement	Ballahs and Cowries	Assessment	Deduct Cowle Royayet	Remainder Settlement.
34	35	36	37	38.
42 10 "	30 4½	140 3 1	70 1 3	70 1 10
499 12 11	11 13¼	39 15 5	11 " 10	28 14 7
619 12 4	129 6¾	463 3 4	110 15 5	352 3 11
1162 5 3	171 8½	643 5 10	192 1 6	451 4 4
61 15 "	" "	" "	" "	" "
180 5 10	" "	" "	" "	" "
2489 6 6.	2 2¾	20 2 11	4 12 "	15 6 11
2669 12 4	2 2¼	20 2 11	4 12 "	15 6 11
3894 " 7	" "	663 8 9	196 13 6	466 11 3
531 6 7	266 10½	2342 11 11	1562 2 3	780 9 3
" " "	" "	" "	" "	" "
531 6 7	266 10½	2342 11 11	1562 2 3	780 9 8
4425 7 2	" "	3006 4 8	1758 15 9	1247 4 11

1561 Fort St George

Sarnabundy and Ristbundy of the

Peermapoke lands brought in Cultivation Ballahs and Cawnies 39	Assessment 40	Deduct Cowle Peyapet 41	Remainder Settlement 42	Add Increase for Fasul Jausty 43	Ballahs and Cawnies 44
" " " " " " " " " " " "					30 1/2
" " " " " " " " " " " "					11 1/4
" 11	3	3 9	" 12 11	2 6 10	" " 130 1/4
" 11	3	3 9	" 12 11	2 6 10	" " 172 3/4
" " " " " " " " " " " "					
" " " " " " " " " " " "					
" " " " " " " " " " " "					4 15 1 2 2/2
" " " " " " " " " " " "					4 15 1 2 2/2
	3	3 9	" 12 11	2 6 10	4 15 1 " "
" " " " " " " " " " " "					266 10/2
" " " " " " " " " " " "					
" " " " " " " " " " " "					266 10/2
" "	3	3 9	" 12 11	2 6 10	4 15 1 " "

Fasl Assessment 4	of the Talooks	Land Revenue 2	Motupha 3	Sarnabundy Fasl Licen
	1			
1 11 10	tore	209,485 10 8	13,231 9 9	288
3 13 6	ngalam	209,213 4 4	6,365 " 10	55
44 7 1	cencottah	59,767 13 7	3,342 1 9	"
62 " 5	"	80,989 7 1	6,136 8 4	12
" 15 "	"	167,107 15 3	7,432 6 5	"
" 3 10	ay	178,244 7 1	6,986 9 11	6
2 12 6	"	78,454 14 4	3,928 1 5	2
" " "	"	174,161 15 5	5,083 11 7	"
20 2 4	poorum	144,808 4 10	4,117 9 5	"
60 1 9	"	128,817 10 "	4,025 4 8	"
" " "	"	204,741 6 2	5,636 11 6	"
23 " 3	"	120,253 1 1	5,117 9 4	"
" " "	"	232,709 3 "	9,084 11 4	"
" " "	lam	193,726 9 10	7,341 1 5	"
23 " 3	ragherry	11,417 9 1	769 14 6	"
	herry			
	Total	219,115 1 5 9	8,599 5 2	1
300 2 "		2,801 9 10	" " "	"
	Peishcush			
	Grand Total	221,917 1 9	8,599 5 2	1

hundy-

Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

Coïmbatore District for Fusly 1255.—

dry all inoand ences	Shotrem Sodega Vca	Total Land Revenue	Sayer	Abkarry	Total Land Revenue including	Land Revenue	Motuspha	Total Land Revenue	Sayer	Abkarry	Total
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15.
	3 6	10 " "	2,23,015 7 11	" " "	14,190 " "	2,37,205 7 11				1183 " "	1183 " "
	8 3	" " "	2,15,633 13 5	" " "	4,120 " "	219,753 13 5				344 " "	344 " "
	" "	" " "	63,109 15 4	" " "	4060 " "	67,169 15 4				339 " "	339 " "
1	14 9	941 " 9	88,187 14 11	" " "	6,450 " "	94,637 14 11				538 " "	538 " "
	" "	" " "	1,74,540 4 8	1093 11 4	3,640 " "	179,274 " "			33 11 7	304 " "	337 11 7
	13 "	" " "	1,84,237 14 "	" " "	2235 " "	186,472 14 "				187 " "	187 " "
15	13 1	" " "	82,698 12 10	" " "	2,245 " "	84,843 12 10				187 " "	187 " "
4	13 "	" " "	1,76,507 4 "	" " "	2,840 " "	179,347 4 "				237 " "	237 " "
	" "	" " "	1,48,925 14 3	" " "	1,850 " "	150,775 14 3				154 " "	154 " "
	" "	" " "	1,32,812 14 8	" " "	1210 " "	134,082 14 8				104 " "	104 " "
	" "	" " "	2,10,378 1 8	" " "	4,300 " "	214,678 1 8				359 " "	359 " "
	" "	" " "	1,25,370 10 5	" " "	2500 " "	127,870 10 5				209 " "	209 " "
23	10 6	" " "	2,41,814 14 10	" " "	2,805 " "	244,619 14 10				234 " "	234 " "
15	" "	" " "	2,01,082 11 3	" " "	4,055 " "	205,137 11 3				338 " "	338 " "
4	6 6	" " "	12,191 14 1	" " "	16,300 " "	28491 14 1				1359 " "	1359 " "
138	2 7	951 " "	2,80,438 8 3	1093 11 4	7,2830 " "	2,354,362 3 7			33 11 7	6,076 " "	6,109 11 7
	" "	" " "	28019 9 10	" " "	" " "	28019 9 10					
138	2 7	951 " 9	2,308,458 2 1	1093 11 4	7,2830 " "	2,382,381 13 5			33 11 7	6,076 " "	6,109 11 7

Fort St George

1st December 1846

September 1845.

Land Revenue	Moturpha	Total Land Revenue	Sayer	Abkarry	Total
16	17	18	19	20	21
				1183	1183
				344	344
				339	339
				538	538
			45 11	304	349 11
				183	183
				187	187
				237	237
				154	154
				104	104
				359	359
				209	209
				234	234
				338	338
				1359	1359
			45 11	6076	6121 11
			45 11	6076	6121 11

October 1845

Land Revenue	Moturpha	Total Land Revenue	Sayer	Abkarry	Total
22	23	24	25	26	27
				1183	1183
				343	343
				339	339
				538	538
				304	304
				186	186
				183	183
				237	237
				154	154
				103	103
				359	359
				208	208
				234	234
				338	338
				1358	1358
				6071	6071
				6071	6071

Fort St. George

November 1845.

Land Revenue		Mohurpha		Sundry Small Farms.		Shotriem Sodegam &c.		Total Land Revenue		Sayer.		
28		29		30		31		32		33.		
7,693	10	900		10	8	1		8,605	2			
5859	10	200						6059	10			
3049	3	115	14					3165	1			
4213	4	297		6		47		4563	4			
7848	8	353	7					8201	15	51	12	11
8787	12	290						9047	12			
3621	2	170						3791	2			
4651	1	240	4					4891	5			
4730	8	210						4940	8			
6250	3	200						6450	3			
6526	12	260						6786	12			
5890	2	300	8					6190	10			
11036	4	521	3					11557	7			
7805	1	466	2					8271	3			
1394	8							1394	8			
89327	8	4524	6	16	8	48		93915	12	8	51	12 11
1396	8							1396	8			
90723	8	4524	6	16	8	48		95312	6	8	51	12 11

7th December 1845.

December 1845.

Abkary		Total		Land Revenue.		Mohurpha		Sundry Small Farms.		Shotriem Sodegam &c.	
34		35		36		37		38		39.	
1182	4	9787	2	15764	4	1325	4	25	4	1	4
343	4	8402	10	11658	4	400	4		4		4
338	4	3503	1	5994	9	275	8		4		4
538	4	5101	4	8423	10	594	4	12	4	94	4
303	4	8550	11	15823	12	759	9		4		4
186	4	9233	12	17320	4	591	4		4		4
187	4	3978	2	7258	14	340	4		4		4
237	4	5128	5	9350	8	470	8		4		4
154	4	5094	8	9501	9	420	4		4		4
103	4	6553	3	12455	8	400	4		4		4
358	4	7144	12	13071	11	500	4		4		4
208	4	6398	10	11428	1	970	13		4		4
234	4	11791	7	22078	2	920	10	1	4		4
338	4	8509	3	15470	10	779	15		4		4
1358	4	2752	8	1258	4	160	4		4		4
5067	4	100034	11	179893	9	8912	15	38	4	95	4
	4	1398	8	2800			4		4		4
5067	4	101431	3	179893	9	8912	15	38	4	95	4

December 1845 / Contd

Total Land Revenue	Sayer	Abkarry	Total	Land Revenue	Shotriem
40	41	42	43	44	45
17,115 " "	" " "	1,182 " "	18,297 " "	30,096 14 1	1,500 " "
12,068 10 "	" " "	343 " "	12,411 10 "	17,183 7 "	600 " "
6,269 8 9	" " "	338 " "	6,607 8 9	8,757 4 "	490 " "
9,123 10 "	" " "	538 " "	9,661 10 "	12,545 3 "	891 " "
16,583 5 "	7 2 7 9	303 " "	16,958 12 9	26,518 10 "	1,027 " "
17,911 4 "	" " "	185 " "	18,097 4 "	25,045 12 "	901 7 "
7,608 14 "	" " "	187 " "	7,795 14 "	10,859 14 "	520 " "
9,827 " "	" " "	237 " "	10,064 " "	32,760 "	643 4 "
9,921 9 "	" " "	154 " "	10,075 "	14,254 4 "	630 " "
12,855 8 "	" " "	103 " "	12,958 8 "	19,062 5 "	600 " "
13,571 11 "	" " "	358 " "	13,929 11 "	31,150 " "	700 " "
12,398 14 "	" " "	208 " "	12,606 14 "	17,355 10 "	693 7 "
23,000 " "	" " "	234 " "	23,234 " "	36,359 15 "	1,081 " "
18,250 9 "	" " "	338 " "	18,588 9 "	29,394 "	1,000 12 "
1,434 4 "	" " "	1,358 " "	2,792 4 "	1,728 11 5	165 " "
185,939 199	7 2 7 9	6,005 " "	192,079 2	6 314,016 1	6 11,402 14 "
2,800 " "	" " "	" " "	2,800 " "	4,196 8 "	" " "
188,739 10 9	7 2 7 9	6,005 " "	194,879 2	6 318,211 9	6 11,402 14 "

January 1846

Sundry Small Farms	Shotriem Jodeya &c	Total Land Revenue	Sayer	Abkarry	Total
46	47	48	49	50	51
40 " "	1 " "	31,637 14 1	" " "	1,182 " "	32,819 14 1
" " "	" " "	17,783 7 "	" " "	343 " "	18,126 7 "
" " "	" " "	9,247 4 "	" " "	338 " "	9,585 4 "
18 " "	141 " "	13,595 3 "	" " "	537 " "	14,132 3 "
" " "	" " "	27,545 10 "	87 5 3	303 " "	27,935 15 3
" " "	" " "	26,548 3 "	" " "	186 " "	26,734 3 "
" " "	" " "	11,379 14 "	" " "	187 " "	11,566 14 "
" " "	" " "	33,389 10 "	" " "	237 " "	33,626 10 "
" " "	" " "	14,884 4 "	" " "	154 " "	15,038 4 "
" " "	" " "	19,552 5 "	" " "	103 " "	19,655 5 "
" " "	" " "	31,860 " "	" " "	358 " "	32,218 " "
" " "	" " "	18,049 1 "	" " "	208 " "	18,257 1 "
1 " "	" " "	37,421 15 "	" " "	233 " "	37,654 15 "
" " "	" " "	30,740 10 "	" " "	338 " "	31,078 10 "
" " "	" " "	18,73 11 5	" " "	1,358 " "	32,231 11 5
59 " "	142 " "	325,018 15 6	8 53 6	6,005 " "	331,777 14 9
" " "	" " "	4,196 8 "	" " "	" " "	4,196 8 "
59 " "	142 " "	329,815 7 6	8 53 6	6,005 " "	335,973 12 9

Fort St. George

7th December 1846.

February 1846.

Land Revenue	Moturpha	Sundry Small Farms	Shotriem Sodeya ffee	Total Land Revenue	Sayer
52	53	54	55	56	57.
59,720 7 11	2050 4 4	68 4 4	2 4 4	61,840 7 11	4 4 4
34,734 8 4	800 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4	35,534 8 4	4 4 4
11,920 13 4	525 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4	12,445 13 4	4 4 4
16,268 3 4	1190 4 4	25 4 4	189 4 4	17,672 3 4	4 4 4
34,098 4 4	1188 11 4	4 4 4	4 4 4	35,285 3 4	104 15 8
33,189 4 4	885 8 4	4 4 4	4 4 4	34,074 12 4	4 4 4
14,152 11 8	700 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4	14,852 11 8	4 4 4
25,331 4 4	806 8 4	4 4 4	4 4 4	26,137 12 4	4 4 4
34,319 13 4	840 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4	35,159 13 4	4 4 4
25,028 8 4	780 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4	25,808 8 4	4 4 4
37,574 3 4	1100 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4	38,674 3 4	4 4 4
21,322 15 4	963 13 4	4 4 4	4 4 4	22,286 12 4	4 4 4
40,980 10 4	1452 9 4	1 8 4	4 4 4	42,434 11 4	4 4 4
37,098 8 4	1190 1 4	4 4 4	4 4 4	38,288 9 4	4 4 4
1,702 9 5	145 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4	1,847 9 5	4 4 4
434,642 9 1	14,087 4 4	94 8 4	191 4 4	449,546 1 1	104 15 8
5,598 8 4	4 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4	5,598 8 4	4 4 4
440,239 1 1	14,087 4 4	94 8 4	191 4 4	455,141 9 1	104 15 8

March 1846.

Abkarry	Total	Land Revenue	Moturpha	Sundry Small Farms	Shotriem Sodeya ffee
58	59	60	61	62	63.
1,182 4 4	63,028 7 4	24,810 13 5	2,000 4 4	40 4 4	2 4 4
343 4 4	35,877 8 4	43,588 14 4	800 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4
338 4 4	12,783 13 4	11,825 8 4	832 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4
537 4 4	18,209 3 4	16,344 11 4	1,188 4 4	24 4 4	188 4 4
303 4 4	35,693 2 8	34,693 8 4	1,078 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4
185 4 4	34,260 12 4	35,983 8 4	1,518 10 4	4 4 4	4 4 4
187 4 4	15,039 11 8	15,302 1 5	810 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4
237 4 4	26,374 10 4	30,642 2 4	794 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4
154 4 4	35,313 13 4	34,009 2 4	784 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4
103 4 4	26,509 8 4	26,332 3 4	800 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4
358 4 4	39,032 3 4	40,487 14 4	1,100 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4
208 4 4	22,494 12 4	20,163 13 4	790 14 4	4 4 4	4 4 4
233 4 4	48,087 11 4	49,941 15 4	1,250 9 4	1 8 4	4 4 4
338 4 4	39,224 7 4	40,327 6 4	1,059 14 4	4 4 4	4 4 4
1,358 4 4	3,205 9 5	1,267 15 11	135 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4
6,055 4 4	455,715 4 9	431,581 6 1	14,853 15 4	69 8 4	190 4 4
4 4 4	5,598 8 4	5,598 8 4	4 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4
6,055 4 4	461,311 8 9	437,279 14 1	14,853 15 4	69 8 4	190 4 4

Fort St. George

March 1846 (Cont.d)

Total Land Revenue	Sayer	Abkarry	Total	Land Revenue	Motuspha
64	65	66	67	68	69
20,852 13 5	" " 4	1,182 " "	28,034 13 5	32,770 6 3	1,500 " 4
44,368 14 4	" " 4	343 " 4	44,711 14 4	40,536 12 4	1,000 " 4
12,457 6 "	" " 4	338 " 4	12,795 6 4	8,614 11 4	536 " 4
17,744 11 "	" " 4	537 " 4	18,281 11 4	8,352 1 2	800 " 4
35,751 8 4	110 10 10	303 " "	36,165 2 10	25,661 5 4	946 15 4
37,802 2 "	" " 4	186 " 4	37,988 2 4	20,426 12 4	693 8 4
15,912 1 5	" " 4	187 " 4	16,099 1 5	12,254 3 3	620 " 4
31,436 2 "	" " 4	236 " "	31,672 2 4	21,093 10 4	594 " 4
34,793 2 "	" " 4	154 " 4	34,947 2 4	29,045 5 4	816 " 4
2,132 3 "	" " 4	103 " 4	2,235 3 4	19,783 " 4	800 " 4
41,758 14 "	" " 4	358 " 4	41,945 14 4	29,120 " 4	600 " 4
20,950 11 4	" " 4	208 " "	21,158 11 4	16,938 4 4	633 6 "
51,200 " "	" " 4	233 " 4	51,433 " 4	35,848 14 4	1120 2 4
41,387 4 "	" " 4	338 " "	41,725 4 4	33,214 11 "	8,533 3
140,151 11 "	" " 4	1358 " "	2,651 11 "	" " 4	" " 4
445,941 2 1	110 10 10	8,084 " 4	452,596 11	339,701 10 4	11135 2 3
5590 8 "	" " 4	" " 4	5590 8 "	4190 8 4	" " 4
451,191 4 1	110 10 10	8,084 " 4	458,386 14 11	343,892 2 "	11135 2 3

14 December 1846

April 1846.

Sundry Small Farms	Shotrium Jodeigu &c.	Total Land Revenue	Sayer	Abkarry	Total
70	71	72	73	74	75
50 " "	1 " 4	34,321 6 3	" " 4	1,182 " 4	35,503 6 3
" " "	" " 4	41,536 12 4	" " 4	343 " 4	41,879 12 4
" " "	" " 4	9,150 11 4	" " 4	338 " "	9,488 11 4
17 " "	141 " "	9,310 1 2	" " 4	537 " "	9,847 1 2
" " 4	" " 4	20,608 4 4	109 3 10	303 " 4	27,020 3 10
" " "	" " 4	27,120 4 4	" " 4	186 " 4	27,306 4 4
55 " "	" " 4	12,939 3 3	" " 4	187 " 4	13,126 3 3
" " "	" " 4	21,687 10 4	" " 4	236 " "	21,923 10 4
" " "	" " 4	29,662 5 4	" " 4	154 " 4	29,816 5 4
" " "	" " 4	20,383 " 4	" " 4	103 " 4	20,486 " 4
" " "	" " 4	29,720 " 4	" " 4	358 " "	30,078 "
" " "	" " 4	17,571 10 4	" " 4	208 " 4	17,779 10 4
1 " "	" " 4	37,000 " 4	" " 4	234 " "	37,234 " "
" " "	" " 4	34,089 14 3	" " 4	338 " 4	34,427 14 3
" " "	" " 4	" " 4	" " 4	1358 " "	1358 " 4
123 " 4	142 " "	351,101 12 3	109 3 10	8,085 " "	359,270 " 1
" " "	" " 4	4190 8 4	" " 4	" " 4	4190 8 4
123 " "	142 " 4	355,298 4 3	109 3 10	8,085 " "	363,460 8 1

Fort St. George

May 1846.

Land Revenue	Moturpha	Sundry Small Farms	Shotriem Jodega &c.	Total Land Revenue	Sayer
76	77	78	79	80	81
27,434 13 "	500 " "	" " "	1	27,935 13	" " "
30,560 63	1,200 " "	" " "	" " "	31,760 63	" " "
5,713 10 1	520 " "	" " "	" " "	6,233 10 1	" " "
" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
13,646 13 11	921 4 "	" " "	" " "	14,568 1 11	116 8 3
20,121 } 6	765 8 "	" " "	" " "	20,886 15 6	" " "
7,987 10 10	600 " "	60 " "	" " "	8,647 10 10	" " "
24,289 } "	632 " "	" " "	" " "	24,901 }	" " "
14,179 4 6	412 " "	" " "	" " "	14,591 4 6	" " "
13,041 10 "	320 " "	" " "	" " "	13,361 10	" " "
" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
12,946 3	510 " "	" " "	" " "	13,456 3	" " "
24,103 " }	836 9 5	" 6 "	" " "	25,000 " "	" " "
20,348 4 1	906 3 11	" " "	" " "	21,254 8 "	" " "
2 4 8	" " "	" " "	" " "	2 4 8	" " "
214,414 15 6	8,123 9 4	60 6	1 " "	222,599 14 9	116 6 3
2800 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	2800 " "	" " "
217,214 15 6	8,123 9 4	60 6	1 " "	225,399 14 9	116 6 3

14 December 1846.

June 1846.

Abkarry	Total	Land Revenue	Moturpha	Sundry Small Farms	Shotriems Jodegas &c.
82	83	84	85	86	87.
1183 " "	29,118 13	10,566 8 1	3,416 3	54 11 6	1 " "
343 " "	32,103 6 3	24,739 2 6	1,363 8 10	55 8 3	" " "
338 " "	6,571 10 1	3,842 2 6	247 11 9	" " "	" " "
537 " "	537 " "	5,748 14 "	480 "	11 " "	94 " "
303 " "	14,987 55	6,654 } 6	826 13 8	" " "	" " "
186 " "	21,073 15 6	9,098 14 1	241 " 11	6 13 "	" " "
185 " "	8,832 10 10	5,545 12 "	358 1 5	100 13 1	" " "
238 " "	25,137 } "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
154 " "	14,545 4,667 } 4	205 9 5	" " "	" " "	" " "
103 " "	13,464 10 "	6,285 "	325 4 8	" " "	" " "
358 " "	358 " "	22,059 12 5	600 " "	" " "	" " "
203 " "	13,664 3 "	5,545 1 10	248 12 4	" " "	" " "
234 " "	25,234 " "	22,599 13 9	253 8 9	" " "	" " "
337 " "	21,591 8 "	9,124 5 9	1,052 14 4	15 " "	" " "
1358 " "	1,360 4 8	1,983 14 10	177 14 6	" 6 6	" " "
6054 " "	228,380 23	118,002 9 }	9,817 } 6	244 4 4	95 " "
4 " "	2,800 " "	1,437 } 10	" " "	" " "	" " "
6054 " "	231,580 23	119,439 11 5	9,817 } 6	244 4 4	95 " "

1809 Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

June 1846 / Country [illegible] July 1846.

Total Land Revenue	Sayer	Abkarry	Total	Land Revenue	Inoculation	Sundry Small Farms	Shotrium Sodeya &c.	Total Land Revenue	Sayer	Abkarry	Total
88.	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
14038 6 7	" " "	1183 " "	15240 5 10	622 2 10	40 6 9	" " " " "	" " " " "	862 9 7	" " "	1183 " "	1845 9 7
26158 3 7	" " "	344 " "	26502 3 7	351 15 11	1 8 "	" " " " "	" " " " "	353 7 11	" " "	344 " "	707 7 11
4089 14 3	" " "	338 " "	4427 14 3	50 11 3	" "	" " " " "	" " " " "	50 11 3	" " "	339 " "	389 11 3
6333 14 "	" " "	537 " "	6870 14 "	4093 8 11	695 8 4	8 14 9	47 " 9	9845 " 9	" " "	538 " "	10383 " 9
7281 5 2	115 14 3	303 " "	7701 3 5	2384 6 10	330 9 9	" " " " "	" " " " "	2715 " 7	245 4 8	304 " "	3264 5 8
9346 12 "	" " "	186 " "	9532 12 "	1099 13 6	" " "	" " " " "	" " " " "	1099 13 6	" " "	187 " "	1886 13 6
6014 10 6	" " "	188 " "	6202 10 6	1452 5 2	" " "	" " " " "	" " " " "	1452 5 2	" " "	188 " "	1640 5 2
" " "	" " "	230 " "	230 " "	23325 5 5	903 6 7	" " "	" " "	24238 " "	" " "	237 " "	24473 8 "
4973 9 "	" " "	155 " "	5128 " 9	" " "	" " "	" " " " "	" " " " "	" " "	" " "	155 " "	155 " "
6591 9 8	" " "	104 " "	6695 9 8	" " "	" " "	" " " " "	" " " " "	" " "	" " "	104 " "	104 " "
22659 12 5	" " "	358 " "	23017 12 5	247 4 10 9	77 6 11 6	" " " " "	" " " " "	25517 6 3	" " "	359 " "	25876 6 3
5793 14 2	" " "	209 " "	6002 14 2	206 2 15 3	" " "	" " " " "	" " " " "	2602 15 3	" " "	209 " "	2871 15 3
2513 6 6	" " "	234 " "	2747 6 6	4008 8 8	186 1 14 2	" " " " "	" " " " "	5687 7 4	" " "	234 " "	5921 7 4
10202 4 "	" " "	338 " "	10540 4 "	" " "	" " "	17 " 6 "	" " "	" " "	" " "	338 " "	338 " "
2182 3 10	" " "	1359 " "	3502 4 7	2069 12 2	" " "	" " " " "	" " " " "	2069 12 2	" " "	1359 " "	3428 12 2
128159 5 5	116 14 3	6072 " "	134348 3 8	24734 8 4410 " 1		32 12 3	47 " 9	76963 1 9	245 4 8	6073 " "	83285 6 5
1437 1 10	" " "	" " "	1437 1 10	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
129596 7 3	116 14 3	6072	135785 5 6	24734 8 4410 " 1		32 12 3	47 " 9	76963 1 9	245 4 8	6073 " "	83285 6 5

Coimbatore 11th July 1846.

E. E. Fox (Signed) J. B. Broughton
Principal Collector

Statement

Fort St. George 7th December 1845.

the District of Coimbatore for Fusly 1255.—

Paddy. 1st Sort Pagodas Fanams Cash	Paddy. 2d Sort Pagodas Fanams Cash	Paddy. Coumbo Pagodas Fanams Cash	Cholum Pagodas Fanams Cash	Raghee Pagodas Fanams Cash	Ear. Jarray Pagodas Fanams Cash	Shamay Pagodas Fanams Cash	Wheat Pagodas Fanams Cash
02 2 2	95 8 11	84 12 10	100 4 2	85 14 10	89 9 9	89 9 9	231 1 9
10½ 5 5	99 " 9	93 5 4	103 12 5	90 12 "	89 9 9	89 9 9	23½ 8½
10½ 15 2	103 11 4	95 5 8	110 12 4	90 11 5	91 6 10	91 6 10	268 10 11
11½ 8 8	108 3 4	10½ 11 1	118 10 11	101 8 3	114 4½	114 4½	289 11 11
126 1½	108 1 10	108 3 3	131 3 9	109 11½	101 9 5	10½ 2 3	29½ 5 4
126 " 2	108 6 4	101 " 11	125 1 10	108 3 2	80 " "	80 " "	292 3 4
121 5 1	11½ 3 6	104 3 4	138 12 2	122½ 8	106 10 8	106 10 8	313 6 1
122 4 10	11½ 3 6	108 " 9	143 1 9	122½ 9	103 3 1	103 3 1	335 9½
120 1 8	114 11 3	10½ 11	141 2 11	116 4 3	91 6 10	91 6 10	328 14 11
126 13 2	123 " "	128 13 5	164 6 3	13½ 11 2	119 14½	119 14½	310 14½
135 12 5	133 4 10	14½ " ½	183½ 5	152 11 4	152 9 10	151 1 11	318 10½
142 9 5	135 11 5	151 1 3	197 1½	158 9 6	150 " "	150 " "	330 2½
1355 15 9	1355 3 "	1352 2 4	1655 12 6	139½ " 11	1280 5 4	1264 6 3	3554 4 2
121 5 4	113 12 3	112 10 10	137 16 8	116 6 9	105 " 5	105 5 10	296 3 "

15011 Fort St. George 7th December 1846

Puchapire Pr Garce	Oolundoo Pr Garce.	Tuttapire Pr Garce.	Lamp Oil Seed Pr Garce.	Pulse Mocha Pr Garce.	Javarum Pr Garce	Bengal Gram Pr Garce	Horse Gram Pr Garce.	Gingily Oil Seed Pr Garce.	Salt Pr Garce.
195 1 2	247 2 2	175 1 2	130 15	157 7 5.	229 5 7	256 5 10	91 9 3	198 3 2	226 11 8
236 12 7	280 15 8	180 . .	144 12 2	153 7 5	252 . 3	253 . 8	104 1 4	206 4 7	253 11 7
232 7 1	285 15 10	194 1 10	145 15 1	167 . 11	256 5 7	252 10 11	107 14 5	212 11 2	258 1 10
262 7 5	310 10 8	214 4 7	182 12 5	171 5 10	251 8 7	280 14 11	111 5 10	215 10 4	223 13 11
251 8 10	334 8 .	201 . 11	174 14 1	189 . 9	272 9 2	295 2 5	127 . 8	217 9 11	242 13 4
215 7 .	265 11 5	181 13 1	157 2 3.	164 12 5	254 4 3	251 9 4	105 12 .	229 2 5	240 14 11
230 10 8	285 1 .	231 1 9	157 12 8	198 10 4	270 . 11	247 9 11	112 14 5	239 13 2	238 10 11
231 8 8	280 15 1	225 10 8	170 10 5	205 12 7	274 14 9	247 9 11	113 15 .	250 15 3	234 13 11
228 2 11	260 14 7	225 10 8	155 14 3	173 4 8	271 11 .	243 12 11	114 7 11	284 12 1	231 1 11
238 1 5	285 1 .	230 5 9	171 4 3	211 11 5	285 . 7	250 10 3	134 15 8	284 12 1	237 1 5
244 7 11	284 2 10	245 11 4	185 4 4	255 2 11	310 1 8	272 12 11	152 1 9	299 1 9	249 8 2
250 2 2	279 2 5	251 5 4	195 7 1	229 11 10	317 9 7	283 5 5	163 12 5	318 . 3	282 . 10
2822 13 11	3,404 4 9	2,558 4 1	1990 12 .	2,248 9 9	3,255 8 11	3,171 11 5	1,439 15 10	2,942 15 5	2,919 8 5
235 3 10	283 11 1	214 . 4	165 14 4	187 5 2	271 4 9	264 4 11	120 . .	245 3 11	243 4 8

Coimbatore 11th July 1846.

E. E. Pr (Signed) J. C. Wroughton
Asst Coll.
Register

15612 ... t Ste George

No. 11. Regist ... District of

Names of the ...

Revenue Depart...				
Mylarespolliam—				
Palatoray—				
Nacheapolliam—	...a Row ...ted Sow—	5,840	1	8
Curesamy gounde...				
Jumbagoundemp...				
Vellemalay patta...				
Nackempolliam—				
Political Depa...				
Moolloor—	...achella			
Oogana—	...lly Grandson			
	...amasawmy	4,175	7	11
	...delly.			
	...am	11,015	9	7
	...achella			
Public Depart...	...elly Grand			
Island of Sevanas...	Ramasaw...	1,818	11	8
and the Tract ...	...oodelly.			
				11
Suttigal—				
	...o—	6,152	10	4
				11
	...thing—	7,971	6	
	Total—	15,985	15	7

...y 1840

7th December 1846

Coimbatore for Fusly 1255-

Assessment	Reduced to	Government	Revenue	Cash	Cowries	Grantee.	Remarks.
							No Sunnud was given the original grantee had possession of the Villages from the 12th July 1826 until the death on the 14th February 1832 when his adopted Son
		10	"	"	6,830	1 8	was put in possession under orders from Government dated 18th conveyed in the Boards letter of the 24th May 1832-
		941	"	9	3,234	7 2	Ramasawmy Moodelly the originab grantee died on the 5th June 1840 his Son
		957	"	9	10,064	8 10	Vadanarayana Moodelly died previous to his father the Shotrums is now in the enjoyment of Sashachella Moodelly the grand Son of the original grantee-
		"	"	"	1,818	11 8	
		"	"	"	6,152	10 4	
		"	"	"	7,971	6	
		951	"	9	18,035	14 10	

E. E. Pte / Signed / J. O. Wroughton Pte Collr

Statement

15613. Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

No. 12. Statement shewing the Demand Collection and Balance of land Revenue in the District of Coimbatore for Fusly 1255.

No.	Names of the Talooks	Settlement of Land Revenue of Fusly 1255.			Collections from 12th July 1845 to 11th July 1846			Balance		
1	Coimbatore	2,09,495	10	8	2,09,268	12	6	226	14	2
2	Sattimungalem	2,09,213	4	4	2,09,213	4	4	"	"	"
3	Danaikinco Ah	59,767	13	7	59,751	6	5	16	7	2
4	Colligaud	81,930	7	10	81,564	14	7	365	9	3
5	Palachey	1,67,107	15	3	1,66,941	1	3	166	14	"
6	Parindoray	1,78,244	7	1	1,78,244	7	1	"	"	"
7	Indicor	78,1,54	11	4	78,2,66	13	2	188	1	2
8	Errodo	1,71,1,16	11	5	1,70,861	7	2	555	4	3
9	Dharapooram	1,44,808	4	10	1,44,808	4	10	"	"	"
10	Hongayem	1,28,817	10	"	1,28,817	10	"	"	"	"
11	Caroor	2,01,741	6	2	1,97,851	9	6	6,889	12	8
12	Cheypoor	1,20,253	1	1	1,20,084	8	10	168	8	3
13	Pulladom	2,32,707	3	"	2,32,646	15	5	60	3	7
14	Cheekkaghery	1,93,726	9	10	1,93,726	9	10	"	"	"
15	Seelgherry	11,417	9	1	9,524	15	4	1,893	9	9
	Pollegaurs Peishcush	28,019	9	10	28,019	9	10	"	"	"
	Totals	22,20,122	10	4	2,20,592	6	1	10530	4	3

Balance . . . 10,530-4-3

Subsequent Collections to the end of Oct. 1846 } 9176-11-10

Balance — 1353-8-5

Coimbatore 11th July 1846. } E. E. J. C. / Signed / J. C. Stroughton
Pr. Collector

Statement

Fort St. George

7th December 1846

Land Revenue Outstanding in the District of Coimbatore upto Fusly 1255.

Deduct Collections			within the Fusly 1255.					
Collections on account of Fusly 1248.	Collections on account of Fusly 1249	Collections on account of Fusly 1250	Collections on account of Fusly 1251.	On account of Fusly 1252. Collections	Remission	Total.	Collections on account of Fusly 1253.	Collections on account of Fusly 1254
5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
35 14 1	1 10 10	6 4	" 11 "	" 15 "	" " "	" 15 "	" 9 3	266 11 3
14 4 "	" " "	" "	38 12 11	220 9 7	963 5 "	1183 14 7	651 4 7	1,999 4 7
" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	90 13 11	" " "	90 13 11	97 3 10	" " "
" " "	" " "	" "	25 " "	8 4 4	" " "	8 4 4	" " "	100 2 10
" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	309 2 11
" " "	" " "	" "	11 15 16	11 9 7	" " "	11 9 7	26 6 6	127 7 4
" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	38 3 9	70 9 3
" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	32 3 9	333 1 4
" " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	335 10 2
50 13 2	" " "	" "	" " "	589 9 8	589 9 8	" " "	" " "	75 8 6
100 9 5	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	519 15 8
" " "	7 12 "	" "	" " "	7 12 "	" " "	7 12 "	257 11 4	965 12 10
1 " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
4 " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
2 " "	" " "	" "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
9 " "	1 1 2	11 7 4	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
5 50 2 1	2 12 "	11 13 8	227 14 "	340 " 5	1552 14 8	1892 15 1	1103 11 "	5103 6 8

13616. Sr. George

No. 14. Sources in the District of Coimbatore for Fusly 1255.

1st December 1846

Number.	Names	Revenue Settlement of Fusly 1254			Ryotwar Settlement of Fusly 1255			Increase			Decrease		
12					13			14			15		
					1,940	6	10	10	"	"	10	"	"
1	Coimbatore	2,457	9	3									
2	Sultipur				1,047	6	4						
3	Danaigan				2,139	12	3	941	"	9	941	"	9
4	Coligal				8,062	11	"						
5	Pullagal	1,855	8	3									
6	Perindoray				3,439	13	"						
7	Andiour				1,147	1	"						
8	Erroad	5,984	15	6									
9	Dharapur	4,052	7	11									
10	Rangien	878	3	3									
11	Caroor	974	9	10									
12	Chegoor				1,240	13	"						
13	Pallada	2,715	9	11									
14	Chuckier	167	6	7									
15	Aulgh												
		19,080	4	6	19,017	15	5	951	"	9	951	"	9
		89	10	8	21,911	51	15						

62 5 1

Increase

Fort S.t George 7.th December 1846.

Land Revenue (Cont.d)

Extra Sources Sayer.

Totals from Columns 10 to 17.				Totals Land Revenue.		Extra Sources Sayer.			
Settlement of Fusly 1254	Settlement of Fusly 1255	Increase	Decrease	Settlement of Fusly 1254	Settlement of Fusly 1255	Increase	Decrease	Settlement of Fusly 1254	Settlement of Fusly 1255	Increase	Decrease
18	19	20		21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
2,11,436 1 6	2,09,495 10 8	" " "	1,940 6 10	2,11,436 1 6	2,09,495 10 8		" " "	1,940 6 10	20 5 3	" " "	" " "	20 5 2
2,06,761 11 1	2,09,213 4 4	2,451 9 3	" " "	2,06,761 11 1	2,09,213 4 4		2,451 9 3	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
60,815 3 11	59,767 13 7	" " "	1,047 6 4	60,815 3 11	59,767 13 7		" " "	1,047 6 4	1,832 1 1	" " "	" " "	1,832 1 1
84,070 4 1	81,930 7 10	" " "	2,139 12 3	84,070 4 1	81,930 7 10		" " "	2,139 12 3	5,320 6 7	" " "	" " "	5,320 6 7
1,75,170 10 3	1,67,107 15 2	" " "	8,062 11 "	1,94,029 15 2	1,85,967 4 2		" " "	8,062 11 "	967 14 11	1,093 11 4	125 12 5	" " "
1,76,388 14 10	1,78,244 7 1	1,855 8 3	" " "	1,76,388 14 10	1,78,244 7 1		1,855 8 3	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
81,894 11 4	78,454 14 4	" " "	3,439 13 "	81,894 11 4	78,454 14 4		" " "	3,439 13 "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
1,72,563 12 5	1,71,416 11 5	" " "	1,147 1 "	1,72,563 12 5	1,71,416 11 5		" " "	1,147 1 "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
1,38,823 5 4	1,44,808 4 10	5,984 15 6	" " "	1,38,823 5 4	1,44,808 4 10		5,984 15 6	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
1,24,765 2 1	1,28,817 10 "	4,052 7 11	" " "	1,24,765 2 1	1,28,817 10 "		4,052 7 11	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
2,03,863 2 11	2,04,741 6 2	878 3 3	" " "	2,09,113 2 11	2,09,991 6 2		878 3 3	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	12 3
1,19,278 7 3	1,20,253 1 1	974 9 10	" " "	1,19,278 7 3	1,20,253 1 1		974 9 10	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
2,33,948 " "	2,32,707 3 "	" " "	1,240 13 "	2,33,948 " "	2,32,707 3 "		" " "	1,240 13 "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
1,91,011 1 11	1,93,726 9 10	2,715 7 11	" " "	1,94,921 6 10	1,97,636 14 9		2,715 7 11	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
11,250 2 6	11,417 9 1	167 6 7	" " "	11,230 2 6	11,417 9 1		167 6 7	" " "	183 2 2	" " "	" " "	183 2 2
" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "		" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
21,92,040 11 5	21,92,103 " 6	19,080 4 6	19,017 15 5	22,20,060 5 3	22,20,122 10 11		19,080 4 6	19,017 15 5	8,321 10 2	1,093 11 4	125 12 5	7,356 11 3
Net Increase - - -	62 5 1			Net Increase			62 5 1		Net Decrease -			7,230 14 10

15618

Fort St. George 7th December 1864.

Abkarry

Settlement of Fusly 1254			Settlement of Fusly 1255			Increase			Decrease		
30			31			32			33		
13,045	"	"	14,190	"	"	145	"	"	"	"	"
3,985	"	"	4,120	"	"	135	"	"	"	"	"
3,710	"	"	4,060	"	"	350	"	"	"	"	"
5,100	"	"	6,450	"	"	1,350	"	"	"	"	"
2,990	"	"	3,640	"	"	650	"	"	"	"	"
2,030	"	"	2,235	"	"	205	"	"	"	"	"
2,405	"	"	2,245	"	"	"	"	"	160	"	"
2,701	"	"	2,840	"	"	139	"	"	"	"	"
1,685	"	"	1,850	"	"	165	"	"	"	"	"
1,110	"	"	1,240	"	"	130	"	"	"	"	"
4,105	"	"	4,300	"	"	195	"	"	"	"	"
2,090	"	"	2,500	"	"	410	"	"	"	"	"
2,575	"	"	2,805	"	"	230	"	"	"	"	"
3,320	"	"	4,055	"	"	735	"	"	"	"	"
21,300	"	"	16,300	"	"	"	"	"	5,000	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
7,2151	"	"	7,2830	"	"	5,839	"	"	5,160	"	"
Net Increase						679	"	"			

Extra Sources / Cont.d

Sundry small Farms and Licenses.

Settlement of Fusly 1254			Settlement of Fusly 1255			Increase			Decrease		
34			35			36			37		
288	3	6	288	3	6	"	"	"	"	"	"
55	8	3	55	8	3	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
121	14	9	121	14	9	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
8	13	"	6	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
192	15	1	215	13	1	"	"	"	"	"	"
6	13	"	6	13	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
23	10	6	23	10	6	"	"	"	"	"	"
30	"	"	15	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
4	6	6	4	6	6	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
732	4	1	738	2	7						
Net Increase						5	14	"			

Motupha

Settlement of Fusly 1254			Settlement of Fusly 1255			Increase			Decrease		
38			39			40			41		
13,150	7	1	13,231	9	9	81	2	2	"	"	"
6,211	7	5	6,365	"	10	153	9	5	"	"	"
3,546	"	6	3,342	1	9	"	"	"	203	14	9
5,945	11	10	6,135	8	4	189	12	6	"	"	"
7,436	12	9	7,432	5	5	"	"	"	4	7	4
5,982	8	7	5,986	9	11	4	1	4	"	"	"
3,707	14	10	3,928	1	5	220	2	7	"	"	"
5,007	12	3	5,083	11	7	75	15	4	"	"	"
4,187	9	2	4,117	9	5	"	"	"	69	15	9
3,958	13	11	4,025	4	8	66	6	9	"	"	"
6,124	12	9	5,636	11	6	"	"	"	488	1	3
5,299	14	11	5,117	9	4	"	"	"	182	5	7
9,347	13	8	9,084	1	4	"	"	"	263	12	4
7,372	12	9	7,341	1	5	"	"	"	31	11	4
760	15	10	769	14	6	8	14	8	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
88,041	8	9	87,597	5	2	800	"	9	1,344	4	4
Net Decrease						144	3	7			

15619. Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

Duty on Tobacco				Extra Sources (Contd.) Profits on Tobacco		Supplied to Cochin & Travancore States.		Stamp Revenue			
Settlement of Fusly 1254	Settlement of Fusly 1255	Increase	Decrease	Settlement of Fusly 1254	Settlement of Fusly 1255	Increase	Decrease	Settlement of Fusly 1254	Settlement of Fusly 1255	Increase	Decrease
42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53
								624 6 "	519 8 "	" " "	104 14 "
								76 12 "	173 8 "	96 12 "	" " "
								311 5 "	140 " "	" " "	171 5 "
								735 11 "	115 4 "	" " "	620 7 "
								197 10 "	301 12 "	107 2 "	" " "
								173 8 "	196 12 "	21 4 "	" " "
								180 8 "	130 " "	" " "	50 8 "
								178 4 "	205 12 "	27 8 "	" " "
								204 8 "	209 8 "	5 " "	" " "
								164 4 "	90 " "	" " "	74 4 "
								286 4 "	369 4 "	83 " "	" " "
								167 8 "	205 " "	37 8 "	" " "
								404 12 "	500 " "	95 4 "	" " "
								311 4 "	298 12 "	" " "	12 8 "
								903 14 "	66 " "	" " "	29 14 "
6,961 6 7	6,356 1 "	" " "	605 5 7	36,674 5 3	25,428 1 4	" " "	11,246 3 11	8,931 12 "	4,658 12 "	" " "	4,276 " "
6,961 6 7	6,356 1 "	" " "	605 5 7	36,674 5 3	25,428 1 4	" " "	11,246 3 11	13,069 2 "	8,182 12 "	453 6 "	5,339 12 "
Net Decrease			605 5 7		N.I.	Decrease		11,246 3 11		Net Decrease	4,886 6 "

15619 — Fort St. George

7th December 1816

Extra Sources (Contd.)

Extra Revenue Fusly 1254	Extra Revenue Fusly 1255	Increase	Decrease	Total Extra Fusly 1254	Total Extra Fusly 1255
54	55	56	57	58	59
347 10 1	390 12 2	43 2 1	" " "	27476 - 4	28620 1 5
132 13 3	358 2 2	225 4 11	" " "	10461 8 11	11072 3 3
103 - -	150 11 2	47 11 2	" " "	9502 6 7	7692 12 11
59 14 4	41 4 3	" " "	18 10 1	17283 10 6	12863 15 4
145 2 1	121 14 -	" " "	23 4 1	11737 7 9	12592 10 9
150 5 9	121 8 8	" " "	28 13 1	8347 3 4	8546 11 7
419 6 6	368 7 8	" " "	50 14 10	6905 12 5	6887 6 2
102 7 9	111 3 3	8 11 6	" " "	7996 5 -	8247 7 10
168 4 7	252 3 3	83 14 8	" " "	6245 5 9	6429 4 8
47 2 3	92 5 11	45 3 8	" " "	5280 4 2	5447 10 7
212 2 2	151 2 7	" " "	60 15 7	10728 15 2	10457 3 1
63 14 6	52 13 9	" " "	11 - 9	7641 5 5	7875 7 1
99 14 4	54 5 9	" " "	45 8 7	12451 2 6	12467 1 7
313 5 10	684 - 2	370 10 4	" " "	11347 6 7	12393 13 7
653 11 -	404 13 8	" " "	248 13 4	22998 1 6	17545 2 8
47 11 2 -	18509 - 10	13799 14 10	" " "	57281 9 10	54951 15 2
7730 4 5	21864 13 3	14622 9 2	488 - 1	333684 9 9	321090 14 8

Net Increase ---- 14131 8 10 — Net Decrease

Coimbatore 11th July 1846

E.

Total Land and Extra Sources

Increase	Decrease	Settlement of Fusly 1254	Settlement of Fusly 1255	Increase	Decrease
60	61	62	63	64	65
1114 1 1	" "	238912 1 10	238115 12 1	" "	796 5 9
610 10 1	" "	217223 1 -	220285 7 1	3062 3 7	" "
" "	1809 9 8	70317 10 6	67160 10 6	" "	2857 " "
" "	1419 11 2	101353 11 7	94791 7 2	" "	6559 7 5
855 3 "	" "	205767 6 11	198559 11 11	" "	7207 8 -
199 8 3	" "	181736 2 2	186791 2 8	2055 - 6	" "
" "	18 6 3	88800 7 9	85342 4 6	" "	3458 3 3
281 2 10	" "	180560 1 5	179664 3 3	" "	895 11 2
183 11 11	" "	145068 11 1	151237 9 6	6198 11 5	" "
167 6 5	" "	130056 3	131265 1 7	1219 11 1	" "
" "	271 13 1	219812 2 1	220148 3	606 2	" "
234 1 8	" "	126919 12 8	128128 2	1208 11 6	" "
15 15 1	" "	21639 2 6	21517 4 7	" "	122 13 11
101 6 7	" "	206268 13 5	210030 12 4	3761 11 11	" "
" "	54 11 10	31218 4 -	28962 11 9	" "	5285 3 3
" "	2329 10 8	57281 9 10	54951 15 2	" "	2329 10 8
1708 6 7	11302 1 8	2453744 15 -	2144213 9 -	21083 1 5	30614 7 5

---------- 9593 11 1 — Net Decrease ---------- 9531 6 -

E. E. — /Signed/ J. C. Brayshaw. Dist. Collector. Comparative

Sales	9,919qs	3	21,1360	9	8	14,757	12	2,212	6 7
Advances on Leases	952	11	5	102	13	3	"	"	150 1 2
Land Taxes									3,191 2 7
Sea Risques									14,26 15 11

Statement of Receipts & Payments of Public Charities

In the Year 1845

Cash

To Balance	14,00	15	11	5,456	6	1055	7	"	"
Rents and Profits	3190	11	6	3316	11	11	196	3	7
Annuities	9505	7	1	9,492	1	9	"	"	11 9 1
Miscellaneous Receipts	871	15	1	118	3	6	"	"	753 11 9
Sales	9781	11	3	7393	7	6	9980	10	2 76 11 1 10 1 9
Mayor Brewer and Partners	1879	11	6	9,037	9	"	"	935	19 " " "
Pensioners	158	12	11	30	1	"	"	128	12 7 " " "
Stock	7038	1	5	9,723	8	1	"	"	1064 9 1 13 5 1
Balance of Receipts over Payments	1879	10	1	1898	15	"	"	"	981125 " " "

Land	9978	9	1	2916	22	11	"	"	1130 12
Stock	1528	6	9	714	19	1	"	"	1836 1 5
Mayor									
Aldermen	7379	11	"	7109	16	"	"	"	2989 5 "
Assistants	8192	5	8	8,714	5	7	533	2	3 " " "
Sundry Annuitants and Pensioners	729	1	7	738	2	7	5	11	" " "
Clerk	1306	9	9	8182	12	"	"	"	1886 6 "
Treasurer	7130	1	5	9186	13	3	11	134	8 10 " " "
Executed Accounts	31	11	5	96	1	8	64	3	3 " " "
Fees and Instead of Land	11	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	11 " " "

Received the Contents of this Account from the Treasurer

Examined and Allowed

Examined and Allowed

Examined and Allowed

15620 Fort St. George 14th December 1816

| | | |

1662

Fol. 65 Queen 1ª December 1846

Allowance of Salary — 39742 12 8 3318 90 " 8 7198 1. " " " "

Expenses of Collecting Rents — 881 18 1 90 7 11 " " " 1891 12 " " " "

Repairing Offices — 15976 3 9 6460 " " " " " 9461 3 9 " " " "

Government of Lucan — 228 " 2 83 133 " " " " 114 2 9 " " " "

Medicines and Drugs — 15 5 " 5 156 " " " " 9 156 " " " "

Office Furniture and Maintenance — 15076 5 1369 61. 6 2133 15 2 " " " "

Office Rent (Leinster) — 930 1. 7 1795 12 " 865 7 5 " " " "

Establishment of Clanmoy Estate — 31 5 1. 8 196 11 11 " " " 148 8 9 " " " "

Advances on account of Pensions — 1. 507 11 192 11. 5 " " " 327 9 6 " " " "

Pensions on Civil List — 473151 11 10739561 7 " " " 19195 3 3 " " " "

Widows Pensions (Minister's Stipends) — 2675 7 5 1822 68 " " " 853 . 9 " " " "

Extra Pensions (Clergy) — 20 9 5 " " " " " 20 9 5 " " " "

Police Force (Leinster) — 10919011. 9 1.1070 13 2301539 11. 5 " " " "

Commissioners for the Encumbered Estates — 150000 " " " " " 150000 " " " "

Commissioners of the Royal Hybernian — 35 6 2 27 5 6 " " " 8 " 8 " " " "

Civil Pensions — " " 6205 11 620 5 11 " " " " " " " "

Royal Irish Constabulary — " " " 1000 " 1000 " " " " " " " "

Public Buildings, Repairs, &c. — 28929061 10 7711.252 3 3 36 0 55 7 5 1. 539111 11 11 " " " "

Public Buildings, Repairs, &c. — 3315511 5 10 311 6 6 913 11 37 0 9 9 2 9 1. 5 5 2 3 10 8 " " " "

Public Buildings, Repairs, &c. — 37 0 9 9 2 2 9 " " " " " " " "

Public Buildings, Repairs, &c. — 1. 1. 2 Received — 1. 1. 4 8 3 1 7 11 " " " " " " " "

Carried to Account 1846 — Public Buildings, Repairs, &c. — Received

Extra Charges for Constabulary Police

Public Buildings, Repairs, &c.

15623

Fort St. George 7th December 1816.

No. 17. Account Particulars shewing the Remissions made for the failure of Produce on Nunjah Lands in the District of Coimbatore for Fasly 1225.—

No. 19.

Below 60 p.Ct.	Failure in plant	1,37 1 7	1,37 1 7	50 6 5	38 6 11 2	30 5 9	8 1 2	79 4
	D° in the Ear							
	Total	1,37 1 7	1,37 1 7	50 6 5	38 6 11 2	30 5 9	8 1 2	79 4
Below 70 p.Ct.	Failure in plant	181 9 7	181 9 7	. . .	181 9 7	136 13 8	44 11 11	7 5 9
	D° in the Ear	262 6 6	262 6 6	69 2 4	193 4 2	125 1 10	68 2 4	61 11 10
	Total	1,44 - 1	1,44 - 1	69 2 4	371 13 9	261 15 6	112 11 3	69 12 2
Below 80 p.Ct.	Failure in plant	99 2 11	99 2 11	" " "	99 2 11	79 6 4	19 12 7	80 - 10
	D° in the Ear	191 8 11	191 8 11	" " "	191 8 11	111 6 11	80 2 -	58 2 9
	Total	290 11 10	290 11 10	" " "	290 11 10	190 13 3	99 14 7	65 10 2
Below 90 p.Ct.	Failure in plant	171 6 10	171 6 10	" " "	171 6 10	11 9 7 2	21 15 8	85 10 10
	D° in the Ear	234 9 8	234 9 8	" " "	234 9 8	117 1 10	117 1 10	50 - -
	Total	1,09 - 6	1,09 - 6	" " "	1,09 - 6	26 6 11 -	11 2 1 6	65 3 5
Below 100 p.Ct.	Failure in plant	798 5 7	798 5 7	" " "	798 5 7	760 10 1	37 11 6	95 1 5
	D° in the Ear	595 3 7	595 3 7	" " "	595 3 7	320 10 3	274 9 4	53 13 11
	Total	1393 9 2	1393 9 2	" " "	1393 9 2	1081 4 4	312 1 10	77 9 5
Total	Failure in plant	3128 15 11	3128 15 11	7 2 2	3121 13 9	2737 11 7	383 15 2	87 11 3
	D° in the Ear	4,085 2 4	4,085 2 4	1198 9 3	2965 9 7	2940 6 2	1025 3 5	71 2 4
	Total	7211 2 3	7211 2 3	1261 11 10	7087 1 4	5678 1 9	1409 2 7	80 1 10

Coimbatore 11th July 1816. } E. E. Jr. Signed J. C. Stroughton

Prin.l Coll.r Statement

15624

Port of Spain Jany 7th December 1846

No 20

No 17 Matthias Atkinson Esqr Collector of Customs Port of Spain

Gentlemen I have drawn on Messrs Baring Brothers & Co London at 60 days sight in favor of Messrs Thomas Hankey & Co or order for the sum of Sterling Pounds Seventeen Hundred & Twenty Eight 13/100 Sterling value received which please to place to account as advised per Ship Ellen

Sterling	1728	13/	652	10	1076	00
Currency	9456	13/	3570	10	5887	10

Sterling 1728 13/ 652 10 1076 00

Currency 9456 13/ 3570 10 5887 10

Drawn on Messrs Baring Brothers & Co London

Sixty days sight

Sterling Pounds Seventeen Hundred & Twenty Eight 13/100

Value received as advised per Ship Ellen

To Matthias Atkinson Esqr Collector of Customs Port of Spain

Amount	Drawn on	Payable at	Endorsed by
£1728 13/	Messrs Baring Brothers & Co	60 days sight	Thomas Hankey & Co
	London	London	

Paid

Port of Spain Jany 18th 1847

Thomas Hankey & Co

Matthias

1825 ...6 Geo. 4th

...Field of Coimbatore

...tal

...ent Settlement

10

Settlement 5 26 0 7 4 15 4

To Ha... 2 22 3 1

6 82 7 5

3 27 4 13 10

3 181 10 8

To Peri... 2 11 1 11 3

To End... 8 5 " 11

To the S... 2 11 15 2

To the P... 1 1 15 7

11 6 206 11 9

Cultivable 7 2 " " "

6 4 82 6 11

9 " 297 8 3

6 2 94 7 5 8

Exchang... 11 2 16 2 11

" 11 84 11 1

2 3 1048 3 8

Odd 1/2 Cawdies

7th December 1826.

and the Mode in which they have been disposed of in Fusly 1235.

Sub Collector's Division

Doonjah						Garden					
Bullahs	Assessment		Settlement			Bullahs	Assessment		Settlement		
11			12			13			14		
26	51	9 9½	73	9	36	10 6	18	4	89	12 11	
1	8¼		11	1	7		3	8	5	" "	
13	3¼		37	15	1		9	7	8	" "	
52	13½		14	3	5	7	35	10	10	1 6¾	
64	9	¾	1	7	58	13 9	1	39	5	- 8 7¾	
7	19	12½	105	4	-		4	87	15	11 9 11½	
4	9¼		12	"	3		3	"	3	" "	
2	"		4	11	2		1	2	10	" "	
10	4¾		34	10	7		8	11	4	" "	
"	"		"	"	"		"	"	"	" "	
631	15¾		1661	9	3		1	15	4	1 10 4½	
3	1¾		7	11	2		1	15	9	" "	
"	"		"	"	"		"	"	"	12 12¼	
"	"		"	"	"		"	"	"	" "	
635	1½		1669	7	5		417	3	10	23¾	
984	15½		2588	"	2		646	11	1	11 13¼	
"	"		"	"	"		"	"	"	19 4¾	
"	"		"	"	"		"	"	"	" "	
984	15½		2588	"	2		646	11	1	31 2	

Bullahs	Assessment		Settlement			Bullahs	Assessment		Settlement		
15			16								
376	5¼		5869	8	L.		11	64	7	7	
"	"		"	"	"		"	"	"	"	"
"	"		"	"	"		"	"	"	"	"
1	6¾		24	12	9		6	32			
8	7¾		136	L.	7		34	59			
9	11½		161	1	L.		40	8	11		
"	"		"	"	"		"	"	"	"	"
"	"		"	"	"		"	"	"	"	"
"	"		"	"	"		"	"	"	"	"
"	"		"	"	"		"	"	"	"	"
10	4½		171	11	8		42	15	1		
"	"		"	"	"		"	"	"	"	"
12	12¼		222	7	2		55	10	1		
"	"		"	"	"		"	"	"	"	"
23	¾		394	5	10		98	9	2		
11	13¼		180	3	3		45	"	10		
19	4¾		321	11	11		80	8	2		
"	"		"	"	"		"	"	"	"	"
31	2		502	2	2		125	9	"		

15626

For 6 St George 7th December 1816

Sub Collectors Division (Continued)

Total				Poonjah				Total				Garden				Total			
Bullahs	Assessment	Settlement		Bullahs	Assessment	Settlement		Bullahs	Assessment	Settlement		Bullahs	Assessment	Settlement		Bullahs	Assessment	Settlement	
17		18		19		20		21		22		23		24		25		26	
26	9 25	11 1/2	79 8 06	2	10	19	9 5 4	4	6	54	212 11 1/2	166	4 98	15	5	1	1 6 37	7	1
4	8 1/4	11	1 7	3	8 5		33 1/4	104	11 7		25 11 6								
13	3 3/4	37	15 1	9	7 8		62 7	262	3 7		64 15 5								
54	4 1/2	168	2 4	4	1 11	"	259 5/2	1007	1 7		255 8 11								
657	11	1895	2 4	47	3 10	9	836 12 1/4	2395	8 10		602 8 8								
729	11 1/4	2115	5 4	528	8 10	1191	9	3769	12 7		948 10 6								
4	9 1/4	12	" 3	3	" 3	8	10 1/2	30	13 2		7 11 6								
2	"	4	11 2	1	2 10	10	10 3/4	24	11 10		6 3 9								
10	1 3/4	34	10 7	8	11 4	24	3 3/4	94	15 9		23 13 6								
"	"	"	" "	"	" "	1	13	5	1 5		1 4 5								
612	4 1/4	1833	7 11	458	3 2	833	8 3/4	2387	2 "		597 3 3								
3	1 3/4	7	11 2	1	15 9	3	1 3/4	7	11 2		1 15 9								
12	12 1/4	222	7 2	55	10 1	"	"	"	"		" "								
"	"	"	" "	"	" "	10	14	33	6 4		8 5 7								
658	2 1/4	2063	13 3	515	13 "	847	8 1/2	2428	6 6		807 8 7								
996	12 3/4	2768	3 5	691	11 11	2045	11	6133	9 9		1533 4 8								
19	4 3/4	321	11 11	80	8 2	"	"	"	"		" "								
"	"	"	" "	"	" "	114	3	339	" 11		84 11 1								
1016	1/2	3090	2 4	772	7 1	2159	14	6472	10 8		1617 15 9								
1222	1/2	17595	6 10	4391	12 9	55135	2 3/4	181094	6 3		16029 3 10								
"	"	"	" "	"	" "	"	"	"	"		" "								
7	13 3/4	108	" 8	26	15 8	70	4 3/4	370	4 3		91 15 1								
15	8 3/4	244	9 3	61	1 11	274	14 1/4	1751	13 10		316 11 10								
11	11 1/2	201	9 9	52	12 9	851	10 3/4	2597	2 1		655 5 5								
38	5	554	3 8	141	1 4	1229	14	1324	" 3		1089 11 10								
"	"	"	" "	"	" "	8	10 1/2	30	13 2		7 11 6								
"	"	"	" "	"	" "	10	10 3/4	24	11 10		6 3 9								
"	"	"	" "	"	" "	24	3 3/4	94	15 9		23 13 6								
"	"	"	" "	"	" "	"	11 2	2	1 7		1 15 7								
"	4	2	12 8	"															
17	12 3/4	271	1 5	67	11 8	851	5/2	2658	3 5		664 11 11								
"	"	"	" "	"	" "	3	1 3/4	7	11 2		1 15 9								
34	6	551	11 4	138	1 "	34	6	551	11 4		138 1 "								
"	"	"	" "	"	" "	10	14	33	6 4		8 5 7								
52	2 3/4	822	15 9	205	12 8	899	11 1/4	3251	6 3		813 5 3								
28	1/2	123	15 10	105	15 11	2073	11 1/2	6557	9 7		1639 4 7								
23	5	386	10 1	96	11 1	23	5	386	10 1		96 11 1								
"	"	"	" "	"	" "	114	3	339	" 11		84 11 1								
51	5/2	810	9 11	202	11 "	2211	3/2	7283	4 7		1820 10 9								

1562

Fort St. George

Taluk

Taluks	Assessment	Settlement					
	8	9			10		
Grass Land then in excess of the Pulcut Farms given for Cultivation	5¼	11	15	11	11	3	10
	13¾	1 9	13	8	12	7	5
	1	9	7	6	2	5	10
	7	104	5	1	26	1	1
Total of 3 Items	5¼	1659	1	7	1165	5	3
	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Items	7¾	114	"	"	111	1	3
	5	381	11	9	95	6	6
	2	5485	"	4	1371	13	"
	3¾	7800	12	1	1959	10	11
Remainder	3½	9618	7	4	2411	15	5
From Vasl	13¼	115	5	4	36	5	10
	11½	291	10	8	72	7	"
From Perum	11¾	137	"	"	108	12	10
Increase in the	8¾	7	10	8	1	15	3
	3½	1	2	6	"	4	7
From fa Arnt	1¼	3131	12	8	783	11	"
	1	25	4	"	6	6	4
	2¼	3157	"	8	790	1	4
Grand Total	10½	3602	13	10	901	2	"
	13¾	100090	5	2	25016	6	5
	6½	4197	11	3	1058	8	11

Deduct Inundated

Add Increase &c

9th December 1846.

Sub Collection Division —

Poonjah —

Gardens

Bullahs	Assessment	Settlement	Bullahs	Assessment	Settlement
11	12	13	14	15	16
210 5	630 5 2	157 9 3	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
210 5	630 5 2	157 9 3	" "	" "	" "
1827 4¼	4879 14 7	1219 11 5	22 1¾	352 1 11	87 15 11
3 1¾	7 14 2	1 15 9	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	" "	32 1	544 6 1	136 2 3
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
1830 6	4887 12 9	1221 11 2	54 2¾	896 8 "	224 2 2
2567 ¾	6593 6 9	1722 12 6	64 1¼	1057 9 4	264 11 1
23982 8½	67043 3 9	16767 " 5	312 4	4811 15 "	1199 12 6
17 11¼	70 8 3	17 10 2	" "	" "	" "
61 11½	192 14 9	46 12 10	" 8	9 5 6	1 13 8
79 6¾	263 7 "	64 7 "	" 8	7 5 6	1 13 8
5 14	21 10 8	5 5 7	" 7¾	1 13 2	1 15 4
28 4¾	104 12 4	27 3 10	" 1¼	1 4 2	" 5 "
628 6	1800 6 9	451 5 4	2 12	39 11 3	9 14 10
" "	" "	" "	4 8½	65 4 8	16 6 "
628 6	1800 6 9	451 5 4	7 4½	104 15 11	26 4 10
741 15½	2194 4 9	548 5 9	8 5½	121 6 9	30 6 10
24724 8	69237 8 6	17315 6 2	320 9½	4933 5 9	1230 3 4
1825 1¼	4699 2 "	1174 6 9	55 11¾	936 2 7	234 4 3

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Fort St. George

Totals						Poonjah						Garden						Totals					
Bullahs		Assessment		Settlement		Bullahs		Assessment		Settlement		Bullahs		Assessment		Settlement		Bullahs		Assessment		Settlement	
17		18		19		20		21		22		23		24		25		26		27		28	
210	5	630	5	2	157	9	3	222	6¾	670	14	1		167	11	6							
"		"		"		"		"		"		"		"		"		"		"		"	
"		"		"		"		2	1¼	9	7	6		2	5	10							
210	5	630	5	2	157	9	3	224	10¼	680	6	1		170	1	4							
1849	6	5,232	"	6	1,307	11	4	3,101	10	9,191	10	4		2,298	3	5							
3	1¾	7	14	2		1	15	9	3	1¾	7	14	2		1	15	9						
32	1	544	6	1	136	2	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"						
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	127	5	381	14	9		95	6	6							
1,884	8¾	5,784	4	9	1,445	13	4	3,232	¾	9,581	7	3		2395	9	8							
2,631	2	7,951	"	1	1,987	7	7	4,468	15¾	13,506	14	"		3,353	5	4							
24,294	12½	71,855	2	9	17,966	12	11	49,743	14¾	152,992	1	5		38,254	1	9							
17	10¼	70	8	3	17	10	2	56	9½	194	4	1		48	9	8							
62	3½	280	4	3	48	10	6	174	8½	467	14	1		115	1	3							
79	14¾	270	12	6	66	4	8	231	2	662	2	2		163	10	11							
6	8¾	29	7	10	9	4	11	8	6¾	29	5	4		7	4	10							
28	6	110	"	6	27	8	10	28	8¼	109	14	10		27	8	5							
631	2	1,810	2	"	461	4	2	1,542	11½	4,812	8	"		1,204	14	7							
4	8½	65	4	8	16	6	"	"	"	"	"	"		"	"	"							
635	10½	1,905	6	8	477	10	2	1,542	11½	4,812	8	"		1,204	14	7							
750	5	2,313	11	6	578	12	7	1,810	12½	5,613	14	4		1,403	6	9							
25,045	1½	74,170	14	3	18,545	9	6	51,554	11¼	158,605	15	9		39,657	8	6							
1,808	13	5,635	4	7	1,405	11	"	2,658	3¾	7,892	15	8		1,979	14	7							

Coimbatore 1st July 1846. — — —

1859

Book of Survey No. 2 Records 1846.—

Page 19 Allotment of Dower The result of the measurement of wood Lands in the Settlement of Ellenvale in the Township of Beaumaris on the 2 Lots of Concession 4 from Bluff

| | | |

1930

Bonds Due and Coupons Payable in December 1926.

| | | |

15631

Fort St. Georg[e] 7th Dec[r] 1846.—

№ 20 Statement shewing the result of the Measurement of waste land in the Poodoor Village in the Talook of Coimbatore for Fusly 1255.—

№	Names of the Fields	Description of the lands.—	Rate of Assessment per Bullah	Extent of land according to the Survey Accounts				Extent of Lands as per measurement subsequently made in Fusly 1255.—				Difference between the original survey and that subsequently made.— Increase				Decrease				Remarks.—
				Bullahs		Assessment		Bullahs		Assessment		Bullahs		Assessment		Bullahs		Assessment		
70	Korchienbanay Ponjah Curzel	3d sort	6 7 5	16	11/4	107	15 4	10	2	65	7 1	"	"	"	"	6	9/4	42	8 3	
71	Vinnantaray saray	Do Do 3d sort	6 7 5	24	10/2	159	5 11	19	14/2	128	10 9	"	"	"	"	4	12	30	11 2	
72	Lingataray saray	Do Do Do	6 7 5	11	8	74	5 4	9	8	61	6 6	"	"	"	"	2	"	12	14 10	
76	Maurapien	Do Sandy 3d Do	2 5 7	6	4	14	11 1	10	10	24	15 7	4	6	10 4	6	"	"	"	"	
77	Calavoy Coudoor	Do Do 3d Do	2 5 7	4	"	9	6 5	4	8	10	9 3	"	8	1 2	10	"	"	"	"	
78	Valuppen Punjah	saraday 3d Do	1 12 3	3	15	6	15 1	3	15	6	15 1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
79	Vadiagoundem	Do Do 3d Do	1 14 3	2	"	5	4 8	1	14	3	3 "	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	
80	Tareneely Caudoor Aroo gandy Pittoor	Sandy 2d Do	2 5 7	2	"	4	11 2	1	12	4	1 9	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	" 9	5
83	Marroodamaday	Do Do 3d Do	2 5 7	1	14	4	6 6	2	14	4	6 6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
85	Poolianarum	Do Do 3d Do	2 5 7	1	8	3	8 5	1	8	3	8 5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
86	Marrotandy	Do Do 3d Do	2 5 7	3	1	7	3 2	3	1	7	3 2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
92	Annay Coopatoor saray	Do 3d Do	2 5 7	42	4	99	7 5	53	4	125	5 "	11	"	25	13 7	"	"	"	"	
	Total			120	11/4	497	4 6	121	14/2	445	14 1	15	14	37	4 11	14	11/4	88	11 4	
	Lands Cultivated in Fusly 1251 in the measurement of which decrease was found			65	13/4	251	7 11	48	3/4	186	11 2	"	"	"	"	17	11/2	64	12 9	
	Lands which admit of non difference between the Survey Accounts & subsequent measurements			100	5	623	1 5	200	5	623	1 5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	Total			266	2/4	874	9 4	248	6/4	809	12 7	"	"	"	"	17	11/2	64	12 9	
	Grand Total			386	14	1,371	13 10	370	5/4	1255	10 8	15	14	37	4 11	32	6/4	153	8 1	
																Deduct Increase		13	14	37	4 11
																Net Decrease		16	8 3/4	115	3 2

Coimbatore 11th July 1846. E[rro]r E[rro]r E[rro]r

E[rro]r [signed] Ja[s] Broughton
Principal Collector

Statement

15632

Form 11 Sys

No 21 Statement shewing the Charges incurred for Cultivating the Neelgherry Hills in the

Cultivation of Potatoes

Garden land cultivated at a distance of more than 3 miles from the Cantonment

Price of 800 Maunds of Potatoes, at half Rupee per Maund — 400 0 0 — 400 0 0

Charges of Cultivation Viz for one year.

Charges for Manuring the land twice in the year — 30 0 0 — 30 0 0

Charges for Digging, ploughing and preparing the land for sowing — 40 0 0 — 40 0 0

Amount Value of 120 Maunds of Seed at Half Rupee per Maund — 60 0 0 — 60 0 0

Sundries — 10 0 0 — 10 0 0

Pay of 2 Servants employed on a Salary of 5 Rupees each for 8 Months to water the land Viz — 80 0 0 — 80 0 0

220 0 0 — 220 0 0

Circar rent — 3 8 5 — 7 0 10

Total Charges including Circar rent — 223 8 5 — 227 0 10

Remainder Profit — 176 7 7 — 172 15 2

Coimbatore 11th July 1846 — E.E.

7th December 1846.

Coffee and Potatoes, and the Profits derived therefrom on the Coffee and Potatoes, in the Districts of Coimbatore for Fusly 1255.

Cultivation of Coffee in a Pallah of Punjah Land.

Price of 400 Maunds of Coffee at 5 Rupees per Maund — 2,000 0 0

Charges for clearing and Manuring the lands — 50 0 0

Do for Digging the Ground to an extent of 4,000 yards at 1 Anna per yard — 250 0 0

Amount Value of one Maund of Seed Coffee — 5 0 0

Pay of 2 Servants employed on a Salary of 5 Rupees each for 3 Months to water the Coffee Plants — 30 0 0

Do of 10 Do employed on a Salary of 5 Rupees per Month for transplanting and watering daily for a period of one Month — 50 0 0

Do of 2 Do employed on the Do for 3 years for taking care of the Plants and Watering — 360 0 0

745 0 0

Circar rent for four years, at the rate of 3-8-5 a year — 14 1 8

Charges including the rent for 4 years — 759 1 8

Average Charges Viz per year — 189 12 5

Remainder Profit per year — 1,810 3 7

per — J. C. Stroughton
Principal Collector

Statement

15633

Fort St. Geo.e 7th. December 1846.

No. 22. Statement shewing the proportion which the Cultivation of Cotton bears to Ordinary produce in the District of Coimbatore for Fusly 1255. 1845/46.

Items.	Land Cultivated with Ordinary dry Produce. Extent in Bullas and Cawnies	Assessment	Settlement	Land Cultivated with Cotton. Extent in Bullas and Cawnies	Assessment	Settlement	Proportion which the amount in Column 6 bears to the amount in Column 3.	Remarks.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Punjah	273,981	11/2	9,14,196	15 6	9,11,708	10 11	2/649 12 1/2	11,6454 2 5 11,6373 1 9 12 11 10
Garden	39,171	2 1/2	5,58,765	2 2	5,05,440	10 1	863 1/2	13,425 3 9 11,970 " 6 2 6 5
Kunjah	46,486	15/4	4,89,462	3 8	4,66,210	" 8	177 12 3/4	1,456 1 11 532 2 3 " 4 10
"	"	"	19,53,424	5 4	18,83,359	8 5	" "	13,1335 8 1 12,8875 4 6 6 11 7

Coimbatore 11th. July 1846.

(Signed) Jno. Wroughton.

Principal Collector.

Statement.

1634 Fort St. George 7th December 1846.-

No. 23 in the District of Coimbatore for Fusly 1255.-

| No. | | |

15635

Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

Garden (Cont.)

Baj Punjah			Total			Fullerent		Punjah			Punjah & Bagayet turns Punjah		
Bullahs	Assessment	Settlement	Bullahs	Assessment	Settlement	Cawnies	Assessment	Settlement	Cawnies	Assessment	Settlement
17	18		19		20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
25 4½	390 8 1		118 3 5		188 3¼	2,604 6 "	2,332 1 4	" " "	" " "	" " "	27 7	311 7 11	45 5 10
1 12½	19 14 3		8 6 "		5 11	67 1 4	55 9 1	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" " "	" " "		" " "		2 4¾	22 14 10	22 14 10	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" " "	" " "		" " "		" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" 5½	6 1 "		2 11 7		6 13½	106 9 1	103 3 8	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
52 3½	669 13 1		265 2 "		71 4	897 " 2	475 8 8	9 8	64 14 4	64 14 4	19 14	174 9 7	43 9 5
" " "	" " "		" " "		" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" 8	5 4 9		1 12 2		27 12½	360 14 7	357 1 6	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" " "	" " "		" " "		18 11	300 10 2	300 10 2	8 10¾	67 14 4	66 5 9	30 13¼	288 5 7	55 10 2
" 8¼	8 5 4		1 8 2		2 10¼	42 9 3	35 12 1	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
" " "	" " "		" " "		" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
34 8	446 8 9		163 11 5		79 9	969 4 5	678 3 7	" " "	" " "	" " "	3 3¼	23 8 2	5 3 4
26 10¾	431 3 5		111 8 9		249 14¼	4,257 8 9	3,937 14 1	" " "	" " "	" " "	34 13½	391 1 "	57 10 7
10 4	179 9 7		54 6 "		210 4	3796 5 2	3,671 1 7	" " "	" " "	" " "	11 14¾	52 8 8	9 10 6
152 1	2,157 8 10		727 5 6		863 1½	13425 3 9	11,970 " 6	31 8¼	181 12 4	181 12 4			
								49 11	314 9 "	315 " 5	128 1¾	1,141 8 11	217 1 10

Fort St. George

Cawnies	Total Assessment	Total Settlement	Total Punjah Garden and Punjah. Assessment	Total Punjah Garden and Punjah. Settlement
29	30	31	32	33
27 7	311 7 11	45 5 10	14,446 1 8	13,907 10 11
u u	u u u	u u u	2,481 10 1	2,467 9 6
u u	u u u	u u u	690 14 6	690 14 6
u u	u u u	u u u	2,240 u 2	2,240 u 2
29 6	239 7 11	108 7 9	10,269 9 2	10,131 1 1
u u	u u u	u u u	15,587 2 4	15,127 3 8
u u	u u u	u u u	301 14 4	301 14 4
u u	u u u	u u u	6,147 7 3	6,143 10 1
39 8	356 3 11	123 15 11	3,950 14 3	3,518 10 3
u u	u u u	u u u	9,575 11 3	9,568 14 1
u u	u u u	u u u	140 3 4	140 3 4
3 3 1/4	23 8 2	5 3 4	5,797 9 9	5,454 7 u
34 13 1/2	291 1 u	57 10 7	36,354 13 1	35,799 10 5
40 7	234 5 u	191 6 10	23,551 8 11	23,383 7 2
177 12 3/4	1456 1 11	532 2 3	131,335 8 1	128,875 4 6

Coimbatore 11th July 1846 — Errors Excepted — Signed J. C. Wroughton Princl Collr

Fort St. George 7th December 1846

To

J. C. Wroughton Esqre

Principal Collector of

Coimbatore

Sir,

I have the honor to submit the usual Statements and Accounts in English and Hindivee connected with the Annual Settlement of the Land Revenue in the Four Talooks under my charge for Fusly 1255 i.e. A.D. 1845/46

Season

2. The early part of the Season was favorable and the cultivation of April, May and June was in general successful But rain failed in July and August which caused the latter grains not to be sown at the usual time and consequence, although there was no want of water in September, October, and November, the subsequent absence of rain produced in some instances, a total or partial failure of the crops.

No. 1

Cawnies	Months in which the rain was received	Dharapooram 41	Coiliem 42	Caroor 83	Chuckrapherry 89
Crops	April	41	42	u	89
	May	u	u	83	89
	June	6	u	17	89
Pursuits or cessation of crops	July	u	u	u	u
	August	20	18	u	u
	September	41	42	83	89
	October	12	5	83	89
	November	41	42	80	89

The Marginal Statement No 1 contains the number of Tallooks stages of each Talook on which rain fell during the months there set down. The

Health

3. The Public health was several times during the year interrupted, particularly in the towns, by outbreaks of Cholera, from which however, although their continuance was considerable, the mortality was not so great as might have been feared. Cattle suffered much when the rains failed and many were lost.

(No 2) Poonjah including Eyen Cowle and Garden Poonjah.

Fusly	Poonjah Cultivation Ballahs		Settlement		
1245	83820	½	245389	15	11
1246	83111	15/16	194774	8	4
1247	70489	8/16	210620	13	5
1248	76024	3/16	225877	1	5
1249	78881	9/16	232809	9	7
1250	84425	6/16	247292	6	6
1251	89771	7	261517	1	5
1252	95033	2/16	279259	13	11
1253	98388	13/16	287011	7	8
1254	102418	12/16	298385	13	11
1255	106723	11/16	308709	11	11
Net Increase	4305	13/16	9324	1	11

(No 3)

Fusles	Garden Cultivation Ballahs		Settlement		
1245	8625	2/16	135870	7	8
1246	6054	11/16	117050	7	7
1247	7227	5/16	115064	1	10
1248	7402	1/16	118045	2	9
1249	7492	3/16	119327	8	9
1250	7817	1/2	124338	1	11
1251	8152	13/16	129424	4	9
1252	8340	13	132030	1	10
1253	8583	2/16	135758	15	4
1254	8773	1/16	138789	2	8
1255	9323	7	147022	1	5
Net Increase	550	2/16	8223	4	9

Dubash Poonjah Land

4. Statement No 2 shews the Cultivation of Poonjah and Garden waste lands in which it will be observed there was an increase over the preceding year of Ballahs 1,305 1/16 yielding a Rupees 9,324 - 1 - 11.

5. In Statement No 3 is shewn the extent of Garden land watered from wells which is greater than in Fusly 1254 by Ballahs 550 2/16 yielding an increased Revenue of Rs 8223 14 9.

(No 4)

	Nunjah Cultivation Cawnies		Settlement		
1245	18781	9	163951	14	2
46	14079	1¾	133138	0	3
47	15698	13/16	156240	3	1
48	15797	1/16	155728	13	1
49	16328	14/16	159606	1	3
50	17234	7¼	166982	14	6
51	17809	7	170710	6	5
52	18019	4	171581	15	10
53	17940	1	170771	6	6
54	18399	7¼	173589	3	11
55	17738	3/4	165713	15	9
Net Decrease	661	4	7875	3	3

Cauvery Irrigation

(No 5)

Fusles	Irrigation from Cauvery Cawnies		Settlement		
1254	2735	5¾	28393	6	4
1255	2740	7¼	2863	12	10
Irrigation	5	1¼	60	6	6

Ambraudy

(No 6)

Fusles	Irrigation from the Ambraudy Cawnies		Settlement		
1254	13054	11	130437	13	5
1255	13274	15/16	127774	10	8
Increase	220	1¾	"	"	"
Decrease	"	"	1083	9	9

6. The total Nr of Cawnies of wet cultivation, see Marginal Statement No 4, was less in this fusly by than last, by 661 4 and the Revenue demandable from it by Rupees 7875 - 3 - 3 This was occasioned by failure of water at the head of the Ambraudy and in the principal Tanks in the Division. The wet Cultivation under Channels taken from the Cauvery, as will be seen in Marginal Statement No 5 was extended by 5 1/16 Cawnies, yielding Rupees - 60 - 6 - 6. In the Ambraudy Channels, also, the deficiency as will be drawn by, Comparing Marginal Statements No 6 & No 7, together, was only in those taken off within the last few miles of its course - There were altogether

altogether Cawnies 220 - 4¾ more of land plough-
ed paying however, less revenue although on the
eleven lower most Villages, there was a deficit of

(No 7) Decrease in Villages under the lower most chan-
nels taken from the Ambravatty.

Villages	Cawnies		Settlement		
Balumbapooram	5	18¼	57	7	7
Panchamadavy	23	6¼	158	1	7
Poolycoor	25	9½	175	10	4
Mailpolliem	12	1¼	113	11	3
Aundancoil	25	14	202	4	10
Sutchinnarayana Samoodrum	145	8½	1147	12	4
Sanoor	2	12¾	15	13	10
Acharapooram	12	2¾	60	15	1
Sevaperetty	24	4	277	1	6
Seroomaccodal	1	14	15	3	10
Seroomanellore	4	14½	9	12	2
Total 11	280	6¾	2233	13	10

Cawnies 280 - 6¾
The Total decrease
in money is
Rupees 1063 - 2 - 9
notwithstanding
that the decrease
in the eleven
Villages is Rs
2223 - 13 - 10 Bal
Besides the loss
of revenue occa-
sioned by un-
cultivated land,
there was a
further diminu-
tion by remissions
and that entirely in the before mentioned eleven
Villages and one other in the same locality,
the abstract of which is contained in Marginal
Statement No 8 and amounts to Rupees 3502 - 3 - 10
Further explanation of this will be given when
the subject of remissions comes under notice.

Villages

No 8

Villages	Shares occurred: Cawnies		Settlement			Remitted: Settlement			Unremitted: Settlement		
Bantumbapooram	22	11½	157	14	9	131	10	6	26	4	1
Panchamadavy	22	8¼	184	4	4	167	13	4	16	7	4
Coyembilley	23	7½	200	12	6	183	3	2	17	9	4
Poolycoor	9	¼	88	15	7	81	7	10	7	7	9
Mailpolliem	21	14¼	202	11	8	178	8	10	24	2	10
Aundancoil	239	5½	1413	10	2	1249	15	3	136	10	11
Sutchinnarayana Samoodrum	214	10¼	1199	5	7	966	8	9	232	12	10
Sanoor	20	7½	221	5	7	181	3		40	14	11
Seroomaccodal	9	6½	77	10	2	51	5	9	26	5	6
Seroomanellore	4	5¼	31	14	5	27	14	3	3	6	2
Sevaperetty	23	14¼	194	3	10	176	2	10	18	1	4
Santhoney	24	1¼	183	14	11	166	9	3	17	5	8
Total 12	635	13¼	4,156	1	6	3,502	3	10	593	13	8

Tank Irrigation

The three largest tanks in this Division those of Boodumettum and Columbam in Chuckra-
ghery Talook and Vellianveeri in Carcoor Talook,
almost entirely failed this year and there is
consequently, Vide

(No 9) Irrigated by Tank

Fusilies	Cawnies		Settlement		
1254	2609	4½	15,557	15	3
1235	1722	12¼	9,285	8	3
Decrease	886	10¼	6,272	7	0

Marginal Statement No 9 a Net decrease on
this description of irri-
gated land of Cawnies 886 10¼
and

Fort St George 7th December 1810

and of revenue Rupees 6272 7 . The actual de-
crease in each of the above named Villages

№ 10 Decrease occurred than preceding year

Villages	Cawnies		Amount of Revenue		
Vellanuree	112	12/2	700	3	1
Boodenutlum	738	4 3/4	5,428	6	6
Calumbum	40	11/4	299	8	9
Total 3	891	12/4	6,428	2	4

is exhibited in State-
ment № 10 and as will
be seen the same exceeds
by a trifling amount
the net decrease on
all the Sunk lands
of the Division.

7 Before quitting
this part of the subject
I take occasion to re-
mark that a portion
of the increase found in the dry and Garden cul-
tivation is due to discoveries of excess in the
extent of fields above what is set down in the
Survey Accounts. The excess found by measure-
ment being always applied to the advantage
of Government, while the Ryot in never or ex-
very rare cases, allowed the benefit of any as-
certained error favorable to him. This system
seeming to me neither very just nor politic
I intend with reference to the correspondence
noted in the Margin, to submit a few remarks
upon it in a separate communication.

Letter to Pt Coll.
Dated 28th Feby
1810
Ditto do Do.
Dated 12th March 1810

Prices

8. Prices rose, in the year under
review, as well be perceived on examining the

Fort St George 7th December 1810

the annexed Table № 11 higher than for many
years, not so much from deficiency of produce
in this division as from the great demand
for grain from the surrounding Countries es-
pecially from Salem.

№ 11.

Names of the Articles	Fusly 1240 Per Garce		Fusly 1251 Per Garce		Fusly 1252 Per Garce		Fusly 1253 Per Garce		Fusly 1254 Per Garce		Fusly 1255 Per Garce		Comparison Increase			Decrease		
Paddy	112	14 6	77	14 u	66	14 4	67	14 3	81	2 8	16	13 8	35	11 u		u	u u	
Cholum	135	12 5	78	4 6	61	3 8	62	10 u	72	14 10	129	2 5	66	3 3		u	u u	
Cumbco	114	2 10	70	7 9	58	3 6	59	3 u	66	7 8	107	5 3	40	13 7		u	u u	
Raghee	120	10 1	69	2 9	53	11 6	50	14 8	61	5 1	109	1 3	47	12 2		u	u u	
Gram	146	7 5	88	11 2	79	10 11	85	6 3	88	11 7	122	a 6	33	4 11		u	u u	
Samp Oil seed	112	6 2	105	13 5	89	10 2	95	2 u	113	11 11	174	5 10	66	g 1		u	u u	
Gingely Oil Seed	230	3 3	171	g 1	233	12 5	212	8 u	194	g 6	220	12 6	26	2 9		u	u u	

9. The annexed Abstract № 12
exhibits the Settlement of the Land Revenue
compared with that of Fusly 1234 under the dif-
ferent technical denominations in use in the
District including, besides the sources already
above noticed, the fixed Sourmadayem and
Polegars Peishcush, and shews an increase
altogether of Rs 13,631-2-7. The Peishcush
does not fluctuate and needs no remark.

Polegars Peishcush

Settlement

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Fort St. George

/No. 12/

7th December 1846.

	Settlement of Fusly 1254						Settlement of Fusly 1255						Comparison Increase				Comparison Decrease			
	No. of Bullocks and Cawnies		Amount of Revenue				No. of Bullocks and Cawnies		Amount of Revenue				No. of Bullocks and Cawnies		Amount of Revenue		No. of Bullocks and Cawnies		Amount of Revenue	
Lands paying full rent — Pooryah	100047	12¼	288305	12	5		104650	2¾	301792	10	1		4602	6½	13480	13	11			
Garden	8718	4½	13814 38	2	7		9241	8½	14856	4	1		523	4	8116	4	6			
Nunjah	17573	9	16983	9	10		16114	2	16116	4	7							1459	7	8738 5
Total			319113	4	10				332765	2	9				21603	2	5			8738 5
Cowle Lands — Pooryah	149	2	727				346	2¾	531	12	8							102	15¼	192 3 4
Garden	55	¼	351		1		81	11¾	407	10	4		26	11¼	110	10	3			
Nunjah	330	1¾	2885		11	9	347	7¾	2875	8	5							2	13	10 3 4
Total			3963		11	10			3814	7	6				110	10	3			202 6 8
Baghayet turnu Pooryah	1921	14¼	9353		4	7	1727	8¾	8382	7	4							194	5½	2970 9 7
Nunjah turnu Pooryah	175	9½	803		13	3	500	5	874	15	4		94	11½	71	2	1			
Nunjah Lands upon which remission was allowed							776	4½	802	3	5		776	4½	802	3	5			
Grass Lands — Pooryah	26549	9¼	18489		12	11	2424	8	17315	6	2							1825	1¼	1174 6 9
Garden	376	5¼	1464		7	7	320	9½	1230	3	4							55	11¾	231 4 3
Total			19954		4	6			18545	9	6									1408 11 0
Total — Pooryah	127046	7½	307522	9	4		129720	13½	319642	13	2		2674	6	12120	3	16			
Garden	11071	8¼	14960 6		10	10	11371	5¾	15463 4	11	9		299	13½	3028	0	11			
Nunjah	18399	7¼	17358 9		3	4	17738	3¼	16371 3	15	9							661	4	7875 3 3
Total			630718		7	2			632991	8	8				17148	4	9			7875 3 3
Deduct on account of customary remission in Dharapooram Taluk			293	12	11				293	12	11									
Remainder			630424	10	3				639697	11	9				9273	1	0			
Sewed Sowmadayam			28038	2	4				32396	3	1				4358	1	1			
Total			658462	12	3				672093	14	10				13631	2	7			
Poligars Peishcush			9166	4	11				9166	4	11									
Grand Total			667623	1	2				681257	3	9				13631	2	7			

Sic

Fixed Journadayem.

The particulars of the fixed Journadayem are set down in the Marginal Statement No 13 and the explanation of differences from the Settlement of the preceding Fasly given in the Column of Remarks. Statement No 14 is annexed to show the effect of carrying out the Board of Revenue's orders contained in their Proceedings dated 26th May 1845, respecting the system heretofore in force of levying half taxes on Garden Lands cultivated with Poorjah produce. The result it will be observed has been an increase of Rupees 670-3-0 the information called for by Para 18 of the Boards Proceedings above quoted respecting grass lands is given in Statement No 15 a detailed explanation of this subject would take up too much space for

(No 13)

Items	Fasly 1254	Comparison Fasly 1255	Increase	Decrease
From Trees	7334 13 1/2	7211 11 1/2		123 2 0
Do Pyrampoke	11222 6 1/2	12147 6 1/2	924 0 0	
Do Lodgepoor Land rent	6795 2 0	3925 0 0		2870 2 0
Do Hill rent	2047 0 0	2115 0 0	68 0 0	
Do Village Allowances	83 11 7	539 10 10	455 15 3	
Do Waste Land	22 2 1/2	13 3 3		8 0 11
Total	28038 2 0	32396 3 1	4067 14 0	309 12 11
Net Increase			4358 1 1	

for this occasion but it will be seen that although many ryots enjoy more than one fifth of their Patent in grass land yet that, in the aggregate, the proportion falls below it and, if required, I believe I shall be able to show that the intention of the rule is adhered to as nearly as practicable without creating much confusion and imposing a great deal of hardship on the people.

No 14

Items	Buttahs	Assessment	Settlement
Total Decrease in the Settlement of Fasly 1254	358 1 1/2	8470 13 10	4235 9 2
Half garden rent entered in the Settlement of Fasly 1254			
Decrease occasioned by charging with Poorjah Teerwah Lands depending on Wells which are out of order and never likely to be fit for the purposes of Cultivation	300 3/4	4748 7 7	1302 7 0
Decrease on lands rendered unfit for cultivation by Inundation and other causes and disposed of in the following ways			
Descriptions: To Pyrumboke	12	14 5 2	7 2 7
To waste	10	224 1 2	116 14 0
To Grass	8 1/2	88 4 8	32 8 10
Total	19 1 1/2	313 11 1	156 9 5
Total Decrease	320 1 1/2	5057 2 8	1484 0 5
Remainder	218 14	3411 11 2	2778 8 9
Increase obtained by charging with full rent lands watered from Wells which were in repair & sufficiently supplied with water	218 14	3411 11 2	1705 1 8
Do by exchange of Land	0 0	0 0 0	124 1 9
Total increase	0 0	0 0 0	2129 3 5
Total Berij including increase	0 0	0 0 4	4905 12 2
Net Increase	0 0	0 0 0	670 3 0

Statement

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No 15. Statement respecting grass Lands

Items	No of Ryots	Cultivated land Assessment	Settlement
Grass lands occupied according to rule	17	189 6 0	185 14 14
Grass lands in excess of one fifth	4840	80378 13 "	84085 14 10
Do less than one fifth	6318	223726 13 1	210427 2 9
Cultivators having no grass land	18898	314051 13 1	320747 2 3
Persons occupying only Grass Land	889	" " "	" " "
Total	30962	639216 12 8	631445 15 2
Paranapullo for one year enjoyed by ryots who have no Pattahs for cultivation of permanent grass land	792	" " "	" " "
Grand Total	31759	639216 12 8	631445 15 2

1st December 1866.

Grass land. Assessment	Settlement	Proper amount of assessment of Grass land to be one fifth.	Increase	Decrease	Comparison Assessment	Settlement	Paranapullo enjoyable for one year. Assessment	Settlement
47 6 8	11 13 7	47 6 8	" " "	" " "	18 11 10	4 10 11		
36501	10 3 9	7130 8 9	21569	11 3	14931 15 "	" " "	10981 10 2	2504 3 10
31097	2 4 8	5254 14 6	55931	11 3	" " "	21834 8 11	17093 8 "	3897 2 7
" " "	" " "	87262 16 3	" " "		87262 16 3	17707 12 3	3923 8 3	
3524 11 "	877 4 8	" " "			3524 11 "	" " "	5268 15 4	1176 8 3
74170	14 3 18	5 9	6 16	4 11	12 5 18	5 10 "	109097 8 2	51070 9 7
" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "		" " "	" " "	20879 5 1	3611 4 9
74170	14 3 18	5 9	6 16	4 11	12 5 18	5 10 "	109097 8 2	71949 4 8

Net Decrease 6014 2

15 15 147 4 7

Moturpha

10. Statement No. 16 compares the revenue arising from Moturpha during Fuslies 1254 and 1255 shewing a decrease in the latter of Rupees 538-5-7. The total demand in the two Fuslies on account of Land Revenue and Moturpha is exhibited in Statement No. 17 amounting in the latter to Rupees 69,322-9-10 and being in excess of that of the preceding year by Rupees 13,092-13-0.

(No. 16)

Moturpha Jaloks.

Items	Jaloks.	Beriz of Fusly 1254			Beriz of Fusly 1255			Increase			Decrease		
	Dharapooram	1,187	9	2	1,117	9	5	"	"	"	69	15	9
	Coughiem	3958	13	11	1,025	4	8	66	6	9	"	"	"
	Caroor	6124	12	9	5636	11	6	"	"	"	488	1	3
	Chuckragherry	7402	12	9	7356	1	5	"	"	"	46	11	4
	Total	21674	"	7	21135	11	"	66	6	9	604	12	4
								Net Decrease			538	5	7

(No. 17)

Items	Fusly 1254				Fusly 1255			
Land Revenue	68,136	12	3	69,293	14	10		
Moturpha	21674	"	7	21135	11	"		
	68,136	12	10	69,322	9	10		
Increase	13092	13	"					

11- The Board of Revenue were pleased under date 15th January last to sanction extra ordinary remissions to be made in the Settlement

Remissions

of

Letter to Pt. Coll.r dated 23d May 1846. D.o from D.o D.o dated 30th May 1846.-

of the Fusly under review. But as I had no intimation from whatever accident of this till after I had completed the Summabundy of all my four Jaloks towards the end of May, and when most of the money had been collected in Dharapooram, Coughiem, and Chuckragherry Jaloks, I was able only to revise (vide correspondence noted in the Margin) and that but partially the Settlement of the Jalook of Caroor. I consider, therefore, that the demand has been in this Division higher than in strict equity it ought to have been. Remissions were granted solely upon Munjah land, and only in Chuckragherry and Caroor Jaloks. They were calculated in Chuckragherry and, in the first instance, also in Caroor, according to the rules prescribed in the Board's Circular dated 13th June 1831, and para 28 of the Proceedings Roonamah, but further remissions were afterwards given in the 12 unfortunate Villages in Caroor Jalook, which and above specified in Para 6 of this report as situated under the few lowermost channels taken from the Amburavatty. The Ryots were clamorous for still greater remissions but the cultivation

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cultivation which they asserted to have failed not remaining upon the ground at the late period when I was put in possession of the Board's Order of 15th January, there were no certain means of ascertaining the correctness of the claims, and I therefore felt myself obliged to disallow them. According to the usual custom of the district one anna in every rupee was levied in all remissions given for grain which withered after the ear had formed, and 2 annas for such as dried up without the ear forming at all. The marginal Statements Nos. 18 & 19 contain the abstract of the account of remissions granted which amounted altogether to Rupees 1,390-4-9 and were in addition to Rs. 8,234-11-8 for land undertaken at the Dittum but never cultivated from want of water. A clause was entered according to the Board's Orders in the Puttah of each ryot to whom remission was made at the revised Settlement of Fasoor Fasloke stating that the indulgence was a special one and not to be considered a precedent for future years.

(No. 18)

Items	No.	Revenue		
Shavee occurred } Villages 13. ------ }	1756	1,157	11	2
Produce reaped ----	1390	184	3	1
Remainder --	366	231	10	8

Detailed

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No. 19.

Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

Detailed Statement of the Shavee or remitted allowed. Remissions not allowed. Remissions allowed.

Per Cultivation of Produce. No. of Ryots of the Sangh

Amount	No. of Ryots	Amount	
8,758	70	1,157	11 2
5,028	14	184	3 1
2866	41	231	10 8
2,137	31	282	9 2
724	20	95	14 1
1,152	20	152	10 3
346	9	46	3 6
204	9	27	12 6
201	8	26	3 8
780	75	103	7 6
29,110	306	3,844	8 1

10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100

Fol.

Collections 12.

The total settlement of land and Mohturpha revenue in the Division as above shewn in Para 10 and its annexed Table No. 17, Amounted in Fusly 1255 A.D. 1845/46 to Rupees 69,229-9-10 of which vide Table No. 20 Rs. 186,133-1-8 were realized within the Fusly. The balance of Rupees 7096-8-2 was principally in the Carnam Talook the Settlement of which was retarded and gave much dissatisfaction to the Ryots particularly those of the 12 lowermost Imbravatty Villages. Subsequently however this balance has been reduced to Rupees 238-13-5 all or almost all of which I believe will shortly be recovered. The whole of the Succany advanced for Fusly 1255 has been recovered and the most part before its termination.

13. Prices are so high at present

occasioned as I have already said more by the wants of neighbouring Districts than by scarcity here that excepting in the cases of the holders of land under the Ambravatty Channels and the three Tanks before specified which have failed I think the ryots of this division in general have had a fairly prosperous season and I principally lament the accident which withheld from me so long the Board's Orders of 15th January last any individuals in the Talooks under my Management should seem to have an excuse for feeling themselves aggrieved.

Statement

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Fort St. George 1st December 1846.

No. 20.

Fusly	Peiz on Land Revenue	Collected before the end of the same Fusly	Balance at the close of Fusly	Recovered Subsequently	Remitted	Balance still out standing Land Revenue	Moturpha	Recommended for Sale	Recommended by collectors for sale if not recovered	Irrecoverable Due by Ryots Died	Irrecoverable Due by Ryots deserted &c.	Irrecoverable Due by Ryots reduced Circumstances	Total	In abeyance
1245	6,314 68	114 1	6,102 28 1 2	21 240	12 11	170 62	5 11	4,178 7	"					
1246	5,030 01	2 2	36,509 18 1	137 909	10 1	10,681	12 "	31,227	14 1					
1247	538 228	10 3	1,85,827	12 3	52,400	14 "	18,526	14 11	38 73	15 1				
1248	55,134 7	3 1	54,111 9	9 4	10,227	9 9	8,955	14 10	1271	10 11				
1249	5,62,831	5 1	55,283 4	10 6	9,996	10 7	9,036	15 9	959	10 10				
1250	587 944	1 2	58,426 2	9 4	3,681	10 10	3,280	15 2	400	11 8				
1251	6,11,839	1 "	60,632	9 10 10	5,509	6 2	4,472	7 11	"	"				
1252	622 763	15 8	61,813	1 3 10	4,632	11 10	3,857	15 3	"	"				
1253	63,275	8 9	63,109	1 1	4,666	7 8	3,940	7 3	"	"				
1254	65,846	2 12 3	65,747	4 10 9	9,881	6	8,701	13 3	"	"				
1255	672 093	14 10	66,520	4 2 2	6,889	12 8	6,650	15 3	"	"				
Do including Moturpha	69,322	9 10	68,613	3 1 8	7,096	8 2	6,857	10 9	"	"				
						1036	14 3	"	"	"	"	647 7 9	114 15	164 28 925 11 10	111 25
						774	12 7	"	"	"	"	15 13 3	52 5 "	343 11 11 362 14 5	758 15 4 " "
						726	" 5	"	"	"	"	100 10 7	" "	147 4 6 450 6 4	597 10 10 27 11 "
						117	6 3	120	"	"	"	88 7 3	5 9 1	14 138 36 14 10	57 57 91 9 5
						238	13 5	"	"	238	13 5	"	"	"	"
						238	13 5	"	"	238	13 5	"	"	"	"
						2893	14 11	120	"	238	13 5	204 15	470 5 5	10 619 15 6	10,14 6 3 23,391	7 230 6 10

She

Arrears 14-

The arrears outstanding at the close of Fusly 1254 / A.D. 1844/45 including Moturpha balances as shewn in Statement No. 21, amount=ed to Rupees 3827-4-2. They have been reduced by subsequent Collections and remissions to Rupees 2775-1-6. Of this the defaulters to the amount of 204-15-1 have property from the attachment and sale of which it may be recovered- but of the remainder of Rupees 2570-2-5 Rupees 230-6-10 are in a abey=ance as explained in the Column of remarks, and the rest- I fear is irrecovera=

15636 Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

ble, and I accordingly beg to suggest the application for Sanction for writing off the whole of the sum of Rs. 2570-2-5. An abstract of Demand Collection and Balance in this Division to from Fusly 1245 is contained in State=ment No. 20 & affords a very satisfactory view of its steady improvement for the last ten years.

Statement continued.

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Trust St. George

No. 21.

1st December 1846.

Fasslies	Talooks	Arrears upto end of July 1254.	Subsequent collections including remission	Remainder	Recoverable by attachment and sale of property	Irrecoverable: Due by Ryots died	Irrecoverable: Due by Ryots deserted	Irrecoverable: Due by ryots in reduced circumstances	Total	Establishment	Remarks
1254	Caroor	141 4 10	" "	141 4 10	" "	8 23	123 8	9 12 4	30 25	+ 111 25	Under instructions contained in a Hindiveyaddasht from the Principal Collectors office dated 6th October 1842.
	Chuckragherry	996 2 10	100 9 5	895 9 5	" "	639 5 4	101 13 9	154 6 4	895 9 5	" "	
	Total	1137 7 8	100 9 5	1036 11 3	" "	647 7 9	111 4 15	164 2 8	925 11 10	111 25	
1252 Chuckragherry & Karoor	Caroor	22 15 6	" "	22 15 6	15 13 3	4 5 11	" "	2 12 4	7 23	" "	
	Land Revenue	751 13 1	" "	751 13 1	" "	147 15 1	343 11 11	360 21	751 13 1	" "	
	Moturpha	18 8 4	18 8 4	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	
	Total	793 4 11	18 8 4	774 12 7	15 13 3	52 5 "	343 11 11	362 14 5	758 15 4	" "	
1253	Dharapooram	285 1 9	" "	285 1 9	" "	" "	" "	" "	285 1 9	" "	
	Caroor	231 11 7	32 5 8	199 5 11	100 10 7	" "	9 11 "	61 24	71 " 4	+ 27 11 "	Shaving been ascertained that the land upon which this demand was made is occupied as the high road leading to Trichinopoly an order has issued by the late Sub Collr to forbear collecting the demand till further orders and it is now recommended for remission.
	Chuckragherry	241 8 9	" "	241 8 9	" "	" "	137 6 6	104 2 3	241 8 9	" "	
	Total	758 6 1	32 5 8	726 " 5	100 10 7	" "	147 4 6	450 6 4	597 10 10	27 11 "	
1254 Caroor	Land Revenue	468 1 10	350 11 7	117 6 3	88 7 3	" "	" "	" "	28 15 "	28 15 "	
	Moturpha	150 " "	30 " "	120 " "	" "	5 9 1 4	138 7 15	10 28 6 7	91 9 5	+ 91 9 5	Under instructions contained in a letter from the Principal Collector dated 28th October 1845.
	Chuckragherry	519 15 8	519 15 8	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	
	Total	1138 1 6	900 11 3	237 6 3	88 7 3	5 9 1 4	138 3 6	14 10 5 7	57 91 9 5		
Grand Total		3827 4 2	1052 2 8	2775 1 6	204 15 1	705 5 10	619 15 6	1014 6 3	2339 11 7	230 6 10	

The

Puttahs. 15. The Number of Ayen Puttahs prepared for this Summabundy was 52,943. being 1520 more than in the preceding year and the distribution was made before myself at the Cutcherry Town of each Talook. The dissatisfied ryots of Bordimuttum in Chuckragherry Talook and of eleven of the Villages in Caroor Talook in which was a failure peremptorily refused to take theirs the rest were all disposed of.—

Caroor
Sub Coll.rs Office
15th October 1846

Signed C. S. Bird
Sub Coll.r

List

List of Samabundy Accounts accompanying the Settlement Report of Fusly 1255.

1 Ayacut Account.
2 Detailed Statement shewing the Land Revenue Settlement of Fusly 1255 with Enclosure A.
3. Comparative Statement of Settlement between Fusles 1254 and 1255.
4. Talookwar Comparative Statement between Fusles 1254 and 1255.
5 Statement of Gross Increase.
6 Statement of Gross Decrease
7 Statement of Lands held on Progressive Cowle.
8 Statement of Lands held on Naim & discretionary Cowle with enclosure A.
9 Samabundy and Kisthundy.
10 Statement of the Prices of Grain
11 Register of Shotriem and Jaghier Lands.
12 Statement of Demand Collection and Balance of Fusly 1255.
13. Statement of the Arrears of Land Revenue outstanding on 1st to Fusly 1255.
14 Comparative Statement shewing the Revenue derived from

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from the Land and Extra Sources.—

15. Comparative Statement of Gross Receipts of Land Revenue &c.
Items between Juslies 1254 and 1255.—

16 Dº of Charges between Dº Dº

17 Account Particulars of Remissions made for Jusly 1254
with enclosure A.—

18 Statement shewing the Quantity assessment and
Settlement of Gross Lands.—

19. Statement shewing the result of the Measurement of
waste Lands in the yettimaday Village—

20 Statement shewing the result of the Measurement of
waste lands in the Poodoor Village

21. Statement shewing the charges incurred for Cultivating
the Coffee and Potatoes and the Profits as
derived therefrom on the Neilgherries.—

22 Statement shewing the proportion which the Cultiv-
vation of Cotton bears to Ordinary Produce
in Jusly 1255 with Enclosure A.—

23. List of the Packet.—

Coimbatore
Pt. Coll.rs Office
11th July 1846.—

Signed J. C. Draughton
Pt. Collector.

Ordered to be sent by the
Overland con
(34–35)

Ordered to be sent again in circulation

15638 — Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

To

J. Sycroft Esqr.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

(36)

Sir,

From the Pt. Collr. of Coimbatore — Para 7.

Forwards the Statements Connected with the Extra Sources of Revenue for Jusly 1255 amounting to Ps. 21,9870. — Shews the Increase & Decrease under the various Heads together with the Demand Collection and Balance up to the end of October 1846 amounting to Ps. 20-14-6.

The result of the Land Revenue Settlement of the district for the Jusly 1255 / 1845/46 Revenue having been communicated to the Board of Revenue, I also no time in forwarding the Extra Revenue Statements for the same period exhibiting a decrease of Rupees 7691-7-10. below the Settlement of 1254 / 1844/45 under the head of Sayer.

Comparison

Items	Collections in Jusly 1257 / 1846/47	Collections in Jusly 1255 / 1845/46	Increase	Decrease
Sayer under Amanie	8324 10 2	1093 11 4	— — —	7230 14 10
Dº on Tobacco supplied to Travancore and Cochin	6961 6 7	6356 1 —	— — —	605 5 7
Sayer Smuggled goods	8 9 —	153 5 7	144 12 7	— — —
Total	15294 9 9	7613 1 11	144 12 7	7836 4 5
Deduct Increase			144 12 7	
Net Decrease				7691 7 10

Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

2. This decrease of Rupees 7691-7-11 has been occasioned by the discontinuance of Custom Stations on the Mysore Frontier under the Sanction of the Government of India dated 15th February 1845, and by a diminution in the account of duty on Tobacco supplied to Cochin. From the removal of the Custom Stations on the Mysore Frontier, and by the repairs of Sayer Buildings to a less extent, there is a decrease of Rupees 1064-9-4 under the head of Sayer charges.

	Supplied in 1254.	Supplied in 1255.	Comparison Increase	Comparison Decrease
	C Mds	C Mds	C Mds	C Mds
Cochin	700	500		200
Travancore	450	550	100	
	1150	1050	100	200

Same cause / Vizt.

4. The Abkarry demand for the year under review amounts to Rupees 72830. being in advance of the preceding one by Rupees 679. and this has been realized in full within the past Month.

The

Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

5. The demand of Revenue from Sundry Small Farms and Licenses was Rupees 738—2. 7. a Rupees 5—14— a above that of 1254/1844/45. which was also recovered within the Fusly-

6. The Sales of Sandalwood, Teak and Blackwood exhibit a net increase of Rupees 13010—11—a as shewn in the following Memorandum.—

Items	Fusly 1254 / 1844/45	Fusly 1255 / 1845/46	Comparison Increase	Comparison Decrease
	C Mds Rs a	C Mds Rs a	Rs a	Rs a
Sales of Sandalwood	281 4 7	16780 6 7	16499 2	
Do. of Teak & Blackwood	648 11	844 14	196 3	
Do. of Elephants	2759			2759 4
Do. of Ivory	944 7	18 13		925 10
	4633 6 7	17644 1 7	16695 5	3684 10
Deduct decrease				3684 10
Net Increase				13010 11

7. There is an increase of Rupees 2370-10-11 under the Head of charges for felling Sandalwood &c. caused partly

Fort St George 7th December 1846.

+ Vide sanction of Government dated the 3d March 1845.

Vide Ltr. from the Board dated 12th December 1846.

partly by the payment of the Establishment employed for felling Timber in the Wallair Forests, and the hire of the Carts for the conveyance of Sandalwood to the Presidency, for the purpose of being disposed of by the Collector of Sea Customs at Madras, the subjoined Memorandum will afford still clearer information on this point.

Items	Fusly 1254 1844/45			Fusly 1255 1845/46.			Increase		
Charges for Cutting and Conveyance of Sandalwood	700	8	3	1595	5	2	894	12	11
Pay of Teakwood Establishment	1456	14	6	2599	6	5	1142	7	11
Charges for making Jules & Chains for the use of the Elephants to be employed in the Wallair Forests	-	-	-	133	10	-	133	10	11
Posting Charges of the Principal Collr from Combatore to Ponnaney and vice versa	-	-	-	199	12	1	199	12	1
	2157	6	9	4528	1	8	2370	10	11

The

Fort St George 7th December 1846.

8. The withdrawal of the Custom Stations on the Mysore Frontier which affected the sales of Stamp Rowannahs and the operations of Act IX of 1844 restricting the institution of Suits below 1000 Rupees in the District Moonsiffs Court has occasioned a decrease of Rupees 4783-5-0 under the head of Revenue.

Item	Demand 1256 1845/46	Demand 1257 1846/47	Decrease	Increase
Land Tax	16608 4 5	17402 11 10		794 7 5
Sayer Tax	30341 15 10	29927 12 4	413 3 6	
Professional Tax	5725 9 1	5792 5 2		66 12 1
Toddy Farm	32128 13 8	32364 15 6		236 1 10
	3295 10 2	3253 11 11	41 14 3	
Total	89597 5 2	88641 9 10	455 17 9	1097 1 4
Deduct Decrease			455 17 9	
Net Increase				641 3 7

9. The Motur jha demand for the current year is Rupees 87599-5-2 vide Margin. Collections within the Fusly were Rupees 87313-11-4. leaving a balance of Rupees 284-4-10 which was reduced by subsequent recoveries in all October 1846 to Rupees 20-14-6.

The

15643 Fort St George 7th December 1846

10. The Profits on Tobacco exhibit a decrease of Rupees 11246- 3—11 caused chiefly by the average rates authorized by the Accountant General having been greater than in the preceding Fusly which proportionately affected the Amount of profits and by diminished supply of the article to Cochin ——

11. There is a decrease of Rupees 12434- 9—10 in the Collections of all sources of Extra Revenue produced by the removal of the Custom stations on the Mysore Frontier the institution of Suits below 1000 Rupees in the Moonsiffs Courts which also has affected the Stamps Revenue & by diminished profits on Tobacco-

Items	Fusly 1254 1844/45	Fusly 1255 1845/46	Increase	Decrease
Land Customs	15294 9 9	7603 1 11	. . .	7691 7 10
Abkarry	73391 15 2	71110 7 0	. . .	2281 8 2
Sundry Small Farms & Licenses	732 4 7	738 2 7	6 14 0	. . .
Sales of Sandalwood	4633 6 7	17644 1 7	13010 11 0	. . .
Stamps	13625 6 0	8842 1 0	. . .	4783 5 0
Moturpha	87194 1 10	92774 5 7	11 5 6	1 . .
Profits on Tobacco	36674 5 3	25428 1 4	. . .	11246 3 11
Total	231526 1 2	219111 7 4	13567 15 7	26082 8 11
Deduct increase				13567 15 7
Net Decrease				12434 9 10

15644 Fort St George 21st December 1846

12. The demand Collection and Balance of the several branches of Extra Revenue are shewn in the subjoined Statement in Comparison with the demand of the preceding year.

Items	Demand of Fusly 1254 1844/45	Demand of Fusly 1255 1845/46	Increase	Decrease
Land Customs	15286 9 9	7449 12 4	7449 12 4	. . .
Abkarry	72151 . .	72830 . .	70998 14 .	1831 2 .
Sundry Small Farms and Licenses	782 4 7	738 2 7	738 2 7	. . .
Sales of Sandalwood &c	4633 6 7	17644 1 7	17644 1 7	. . .
Stamp Revenue	13069 2 .	8182 12 .	8182 12 .	. . .
Moturpha &c	88041 8 9	87597 5 2	87313 . 4	284 4 10
Profits on Tobacco	36674 5 3	25428 1 4	25428 1 4	. . .
Total	230587 11 11	219870 3 .	217754 12 2	2115 6 10

+Rs 0 6
20- 14 — 6.

13. The Abkarry balance amounting to Rupees 1831. 2- - and Rupees 263- 6. 4 in the demand in arrears of Moturpha were recovered during the months of October and the residue is in the Course of liquidation —

14 The following statement exhibits the arrears at the close of Fusly 1254, the amount recovered in the years under review and that struck off the accounts under the sanction of Government dated the 5th May 1846 as well as the outstanding arrears requiring adjustment —

Statement

15643 & 49. Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

Taulies	Arrears at the close of Fusly 1254 / 1844/45	Deduct Recoveries in 1255. / 1845/46.	Remissions under the sanction of Government dated 5th May 1846.	Total	Remainder
Motursha					
1249	58 4 7	6 1 4	52 3 3	58 4 7	. . .
1250	112 11 4	5 15 2	94 3 10	100 3 .	12 8 4
1251	254 8 8	. . .	169 5 10	169 5 10	85 2 10
1252	64 7 2	. . .	64 7 2	64 7 2	. . .
1253	27 11 8	. . .	27 11 8	27 11 8	. . .
1254	1039 3 10	420 7 1	. . .	420 7 1	618 12 9
	1536 15 3	432 7 7	407 15 9	840 7 4	716 7 11
Sundry small Farms and Licensies 1254	26 15 4	. . .	9 2 10	9 2 10	17 12 6
Abkarry 1254	98 8 .	98 8 .	. . .	98 8 .	. . .
Total	1682 6 7	530 15 7	417 2 7	948 2 2	734 4 5

15650 Fort St. George 7th December 1846

To

Of this balance Rupees 43 7 1 on account of the Motursha Revenue of Fusly 1254 were recovered during the Month of October last the remainder 690 13 4 will be realized in due Course its adjustment however during this adverse Season being likely to press heavily upon the Contributors, the exercise of forbearance is expedient

Coimbatore
23 November 1846.

Signed J. S. Wroughton
Principal Collector

Statement

1851

A. Statement Shewing the Demand Collection

Fusly 1254.

	Settlement of Fusly 1254	Collection on Account of Fusly 1254 to 11th July 1845	Extra Collection in Fusly 1254
Sayer including duty on Tobacco	15,286 " 9	15,286 " 9	8 9 "
Abkarry	72,151 " "	72,052 8 "	12 4 2
Sundry Small Farms and Licences	732 4 7	732 4 7	" " "
Sandalwood	281 4 7	281 4 7	" " "
Teakwood	648 11 "	648 11 "	" " "
Elephants	2,759 " "	2,759 " "	" " "
Dº Teeth	944 7 "	944 7 "	" " "
Stamps	13,069 2 "	13,069 2 "	536 4 "
Moturpha	88,041 8 9	87,002 4 11	1 12 2
Profits on Tobacco	36,674 5 3	36,674 5 3	" " "
Total	230,587 11 11	229,450 " 1	578 13 4

Coimbatoor Pt Collrs Office
11th July 1846

E. E. Pt

and 1254 & 1255 — the Demand Collection

Total collections on account of Fusly 1254	Excess of Total Collections of Fusly 1254 over that of Fusly 1253	Decrease	Arrears due on account of Fusly 1246	Collection	Amount written off as Pt Order of Government dated 5th May 1846
			3	4	5
15,286 9 9	"	7836 4 5			
72,052 12 2	"	1053 10 "			
732 4 7	"	"			
281 4 7	"	"			
648 11 "	"	"			
2,759 " "	"	2759 " "			
944 7 "	"	925 10 "			
13,625 6 "	"	4,886 6 "			
87,004 11	5 "	" "	58 4 7	6 14	5233 " 11 8
36,674 5 3	"	11246 3 11			
230,028 13 5	5 "	28709 2 4			
			7 58 4 7	6 14	5233 " 11 8

Statement

1851

A.

Fort St. George 7th December 1846

and Balance of Arrears of Extra Revenue on account of former Fusilies for Fusly 1255—

Balance	Arrears due on account of Fusly 1250	Collection	Amount written off as per order of Government dated 5th May 1846	Balance	Arrears due on account of Fusly 1251.	Amount written off as per order of Government dated 5th May 1846	Balance	Arrears due on account of Fusly 1252	Amount written off as per Order of Government dated 5th May 1846	Balance	Arrears due on account of Fusly 1253
1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
Sayer on L. Ab. Sund and											
Tea					26 15 4			9 2 10	17 12 6		
Elap											
	112 14 4	3 15 2	94 3 10	12 8 4	254 8 8			169 5 10	85 2 10	64 7 2	64 7 2 27 14 8
Pro											
	112 14 4	3 15 2	94 3 10	12 8 4	281 8			178 8 8	102 15 4	64 7 2	64 7 2 27 14 8

15653 — Fort St George

y/e December 1846.

Amount written off as ffs Order of Govern=ment dated 5th May 1846	Balance	Arrears due on account of Fusly 1254	Collection	Balance	Total Collection of old arrears in Fusly 1255	Total amount written off as ffs Order of Government dated 5th May 1846	Total Balance of Columns 10 — 13 and 22.
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
		98 8	98 8		98 8		
						£ 2 10	17 12 6
27 11 8		1039 3 10	420 7 1	618 12 9	432 7 7	£07 15 9	716 7 11
27 11 8		1137 11 10	518 15 1	618 12 9	530 15 7	£17 2 7	734 4 5

Coimbatoor Pt. Coll.rs Office 11th July 1846.

E.E. Pt. / Signed / J.C. Wroughton
Pt. Collector

Statement

STATEMENT *shewing the Gross Collections, Charges and Net Revenue of all Branches of Revenue, Land Revenue excepted, for Fusties 1253, 1254 and 1255 in the Cumbabara Division.*

	For the last three Fusles.			Comparison of the last two Fusles.		REMARKS.
	Fusly 1253	*Fusly 1254*	*Fusly 1255*	*Increase.*	*Decrease.*	
	Rups. A. P.	Rups. A. P.	Rups. A. P.	Rups. A. P.	Rups. A. P.	
SALT.						
Gross Collections	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	
Charges for Purchase or Manufacture	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	
Do. Superintendence and Sale, &c.	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	
TOTAL CHARGES	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	
Net Revenue	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	
Per Centage of the Charges	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	
TOBACCO MONOPOLY.						
Gross Collections	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	
Charges for Purchase	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	
Do. Superintendence and Sale, &c.	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	
TOTAL CHARGES	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	
Net Revenue	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	
Per Centage of the Charges	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	
LAND CUSTOMS.						
Gross Collections	4313711 2 9	4529499	4603 1 11		4691 4 10 1	*Customs of Fusly 1253 Amini Cutcherry and Boundy*
Charges { of Collection	4002 9 6	2038 1 5	973 8 1	" " "	1064 9 4 2	*to account in Fusly 1254 and*
" Commission	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	*Fusly from the Mark of Sums of*
" Drawback	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	*Collections received within*
TOTAL	4002 9 6	2038 1 5	973 8 1	" " "	1064 9 4	*the Fusly Accounts from which*
Net Revenue	4313711 3 9	4529499	4603 1 11		4691 4 10 1	*deducted.*
Per Centage of the Charges	4 10 "	13 3 2	12 12 10	" " "	6626 11 6	
SEA CUSTOMS.						
Gross Collections						
Charges { of Collection						
" Commission						
" Drawback						
TOTAL						
Net Revenue						
Per Centage of the Charges						

No. 1. — *Abstract of the Statement of Gross Collections, Charges and Net Revenue of all Branches of Revenue, Land Revenue excepted, for Fusties 1253, 1254 and 1255 in the Cumbabara Division.*

No. 2. — *Abstract of the Statement of Salt Collections, Charges and Net Revenue for Fusties 1253, 1254 and 1255 in the Cumbabara Division.*

No. 3. — *Abstract of the Statement of Tobacco Collections, Charges and Net Revenue for Fusties 1253, 1254 and 1255 in the Cumbabara Division.*

No. 4. — *Abstract of the Statement of Land Customs Collections, Charges and Net Revenue for Fusties 1253, 1254 and 1255 in the Cumbabara Division.*

No. 5. — *Abstract of the Statement of Sea Customs Collections, Charges and Net Revenue for Fusties 1253, 1254 and 1255 in the Cumbabara Division.*

1838

Form J. Year ended 31st December 1838

D. Account of Arrears of Duties in Collectorate for Tuadh 1838.

Amount of Arrears uncollected on 31st December 1837 as per last Account rendered

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1 to 4 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 5 to 8 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 9 to 12 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 13 to 16 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 17 to 20 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 21 to 24 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 25 to 28 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 29 to 32 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 33 to 36 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 37 to 40 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 41 to 44 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 45 to 48 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 49 to 52 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 53 to 56 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 57 to 60 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 61 to 64 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 65 to 68 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 69 to 72 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 73 to 76 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 77 to 80 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 81 to 84 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 85 to 88 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 89 to 92 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 93 to 96 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 97 to 100 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 101 to 104 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 105 to 108 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 109 to 112 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 113 to 116 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 117 to 120 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 121 to 124 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 125 to 128 inclusive

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Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 137 to 140 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 141 to 144 inclusive

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Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 181 to 184 inclusive

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Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 245 to 248 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 249 to 252 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 253 to 256 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 257 to 260 inclusive

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Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 289 to 292 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 293 to 296 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 297 to 300 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 301 to 304 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 305 to 308 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 309 to 312 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 313 to 316 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 317 to 320 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 321 to 324 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 325 to 328 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 329 to 332 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 333 to 336 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 337 to 340 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 341 to 344 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 345 to 348 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 349 to 352 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 353 to 356 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 357 to 360 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 361 to 364 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 365 to 368 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 369 to 372 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 373 to 376 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 377 to 380 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 381 to 384 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 385 to 388 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 389 to 392 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 393 to 396 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 397 to 400 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 401 to 404 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 405 to 408 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 409 to 412 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 413 to 416 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 417 to 420 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 421 to 424 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 425 to 428 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 429 to 432 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 433 to 436 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 437 to 440 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 441 to 444 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 445 to 448 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 449 to 452 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 453 to 456 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 457 to 460 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 461 to 464 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 465 to 468 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 469 to 472 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 473 to 476 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 477 to 480 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 481 to 484 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 485 to 488 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 489 to 492 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 493 to 496 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 497 to 500 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 501 to 504 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 505 to 508 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 509 to 512 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 513 to 516 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 517 to 520 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 521 to 524 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 525 to 528 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 529 to 532 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 533 to 536 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 537 to 540 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 541 to 544 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 545 to 548 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 549 to 552 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 553 to 556 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 557 to 560 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 561 to 564 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 565 to 568 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 569 to 572 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 573 to 576 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 577 to 580 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 581 to 584 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 585 to 588 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 589 to 592 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 593 to 596 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 597 to 600 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 601 to 604 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 605 to 608 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 609 to 612 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 613 to 616 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 617 to 620 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 621 to 624 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 625 to 628 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 629 to 632 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 633 to 636 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 637 to 640 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 641 to 644 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 645 to 648 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 649 to 652 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 653 to 656 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 657 to 660 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 661 to 664 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 665 to 668 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 669 to 672 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 673 to 676 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 677 to 680 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 681 to 684 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 685 to 688 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 689 to 692 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 693 to 696 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 697 to 700 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 701 to 704 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 705 to 708 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 709 to 712 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 713 to 716 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 717 to 720 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 721 to 724 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 725 to 728 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 729 to 732 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 733 to 736 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 737 to 740 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 741 to 744 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 745 to 748 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 749 to 752 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 753 to 756 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 757 to 760 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 761 to 764 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 765 to 768 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 769 to 772 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 773 to 776 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 777 to 780 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 781 to 784 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 785 to 788 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 789 to 792 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 793 to 796 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 797 to 800 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 801 to 804 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 805 to 808 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 809 to 812 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 813 to 816 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 817 to 820 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 821 to 824 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 825 to 828 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 829 to 832 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 833 to 836 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 837 to 840 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 841 to 844 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 845 to 848 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 849 to 852 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 853 to 856 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 857 to 860 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 861 to 864 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 865 to 868 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 869 to 872 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 873 to 876 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 877 to 880 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 881 to 884 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 885 to 888 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 889 to 892 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 893 to 896 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 897 to 900 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 901 to 904 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 905 to 908 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 909 to 912 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 913 to 916 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 917 to 920 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 921 to 924 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 925 to 928 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 929 to 932 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 933 to 936 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 937 to 940 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 941 to 944 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 945 to 948 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 949 to 952 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 953 to 956 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 957 to 960 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 961 to 964 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 965 to 968 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 969 to 972 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 973 to 976 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 977 to 980 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 981 to 984 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 985 to 988 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 989 to 992 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 993 to 996 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 997 to 1000 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1001 to 1004 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1005 to 1008 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1009 to 1012 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1013 to 1016 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1017 to 1020 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1021 to 1024 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1025 to 1028 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1029 to 1032 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1033 to 1036 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1037 to 1040 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1041 to 1044 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1045 to 1048 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1049 to 1052 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1053 to 1056 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1057 to 1060 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1061 to 1064 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1065 to 1068 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1069 to 1072 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1073 to 1076 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1077 to 1080 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1081 to 1084 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1085 to 1088 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1089 to 1092 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1093 to 1096 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1097 to 1100 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1101 to 1104 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1105 to 1108 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1109 to 1112 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1113 to 1116 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1117 to 1120 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1121 to 1124 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1125 to 1128 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1129 to 1132 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1133 to 1136 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1137 to 1140 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1141 to 1144 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1145 to 1148 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1149 to 1152 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1153 to 1156 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1157 to 1160 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1161 to 1164 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1165 to 1168 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1169 to 1172 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1173 to 1176 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1177 to 1180 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1181 to 1184 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1185 to 1188 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1189 to 1192 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1193 to 1196 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1197 to 1200 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1201 to 1204 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1205 to 1208 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1209 to 1212 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1213 to 1216 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1217 to 1220 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1221 to 1224 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1225 to 1228 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1229 to 1232 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1233 to 1236 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1237 to 1240 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1241 to 1244 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1245 to 1248 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1249 to 1252 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1253 to 1256 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1257 to 1260 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1261 to 1264 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1265 to 1268 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1269 to 1272 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1273 to 1276 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1277 to 1280 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1281 to 1284 inclusive

Deduct Amount of Arrears remitted or written off during the year 1838 as per Collector's Certificate No. 1285 to 1288 inclus

1565 Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

Read the following report from

J. Tycroft Esqr.

Secretary to the

Board of Revenue.

Fort St. George

38

From the Coll.r } Sir,
of Canara } I have the honor to transmit

Forwards Mr Assistant Collector Robinson's Report on the general condition and resources of the Amendeve Islands attached to the Canara district and submits his own observations how such of the suggestions traced in the Report as appear more immediately to require attention.

a Copy of a Report drawn up by my Assistant Mr Robinson on the general condition and resources of the Amendeve Islands attached to this district. They were visited by him in early part of 1845, and it was upon that occasion that he was so successful in saving the Cargo of the Ship Ceylon which had been wrecked and abandoned on one of the reefs. Mr Robinson is the first European authority in this district who has visited these Islands since they have come under the protection of the British Government and the manner in which he has availed himself of this opportunity for gathering information upon every subject of importance connected with this interesting group, cannot I think fail to be viewed with the high approbation of the Board. His report contains the fullest statistical account of each Island with respect to its population and resources, the state of

Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

Memorandum

Total Produce of Extra Revenue	Fanams	1358 12 11	1730 4 5	218 6 13 5
Deduct Items of Sandalwood, Teakwood &c.	Fanams	1253	1632 6 7	205 1 7
Net Islands Revenue transferred to the Board	Fanams	105 12 11	97 31 2 10	13 5 5 8
Statement		2564 10 1	3096 1310	1220 n 8
Remainder of Various Miscellaneous				
Receipts				

Collr Canara 11th July 1846. Ex.

36-37

Order thereon.

Ordered that the Islands be brought forward at a future meeting

Ex. Sgd. / Signed / J. H. Co. Stronghton

Sgd. Col Collector

of their cultivation and trade, and the comparative prosperity of each, as well as the general character of the people, the state of crime and the modes of administering justice, and he has added a very full and complete account of the former and present state of the Coin Monopoly shewing the Amount of revenue derived from that source since the commencement of the Company's Government. The information furnished by Mr. Robinson is in short so complete that it appears unnecessary for me to do more in submitting it for the Board's perusal than to add a few observations upon such of the topics embraced in his report as appear more immediately to require attention.

2. The most important of these, appears to be the plan which he has discussed in the latter part of his report of substituting a land assessment for the present means of collecting a small revenue from the Monopoly of Coin. but to any such arrangement I think there exist strong objections. It appears from Benchall's passages of

Mr.

Mr. Robinson's report that any measure remotely tending towards this such as the marking off uncultivated spots as the most extremely distasteful to the inhabitants, and an attempt to introduce a general system of Land assessment might possibly lead to discontent if not to resistance. Although the affairs of these little Islands do happen from their contiguity to be administered by the same public authority as one of the Honorable Company's maritime districts yet a system of land revenue appears to be as unknown and strange to them, as in any country in the world, and we should not I think be misled by Indian Analogies to attempt to impose a system on them to which they appear to entertain so strong an objection. It is difficult to foresee what effect any such experiment might have upon these rude but at present well-affected Islanders, but it has been seen that they were capable of rebelling under the Cannanore rulers against what they considered

11041. Fort St. George 25th August 1847

Diary

(1) 25th August. Received the following Extract
from the Sect.
Government } Extract from the Minutes of Consultation &c.
Under date the 21st August 1847.

Read the following Extract from
the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue.

[Here enter 12th August 1847 N° 378]

The Most Noble the governor in
Council fully approves of the propositions of the
Board of Revenue communicated in the foregoing pro-
: ceedings, and is pleased agreeably to their recom-
: mendation to authorize the Collector of Canara to draw
such an amount of public money as upon enquiry
may be found necessary for the relief of the in-
: habitants of the Amineendevie Islands who have
suffered from the effects of the late Hurricane.

His Lordship in Council resolves also
to place temporarily at the disposal of the Collector
of Canara for the purpose of carrying out the
measures of relief contemplated towards the sufferers in the
Ameendevie Islands the services of Mr. Robinson Offi-
: ciating Head Assistant in Malabar. The Board will
be pleased to issue the necessary instructions to this
Officer and inform him that the arrangement will not affect
his present allowances.

(Signed) H. C. Montgomery

15661 Fort St. George 7th December 1846

formation covered with a thin layer of
sand and producing little but Cocoanuts.
But it is of importance to retain the good
will and obedience of the inhabitants, and
it may I think be considered fortunate
that this has been hitherto effectually
done, and our influence over them main-
: tained on a satisfactory and secure
footing, without any expense beyond
what is supplied from their own
resources.-

With the above senti-
: ments I must confess that I should
not be inclined to recommend that
the plan referred by Mr. Robinson in
paras 12-36-4th for asserting the right
of Government to waste spots, should
be carried out or that any restriction
should be placed upon their occupation
by the inhabitants according to the Custom
which has hitherto prevailed. And for the
same reason I think that the arrangement
for an equal division of the produce
of certain Gardens referred to in
Para 59 which Mr. Robinson no-
: tices as bearing so hard upon the
owners and which appears to
have been inconsiderately ordered

by

by one of the assistant Collectors in four
=teen days and without the authority of
the Collector, should at once be put a
stop to, and the owners allowed to oc=
=cupy them on the same terms as are
enjoyed by the other inhabitants.

5.

The island of Kadamat
appears to be in much the least pros=
=perous condition of any of the group=
and I think that the suggestion con=
=tained in Mr. Robinson's 36th paragraph
for making them a small advance
to enable them to build a couple
of the larger class of boats by which
they might hold independent com=
=munication with the main land,
is worthy of attention. He states
that about Rupees 500 or 250 for each
boat would be sufficient for this purpose.

6.

From the 68th to the
70th Paragraphs he makes mention of
the Tobacco and Salt Monopolies which
the situation and circumstances of these
Islands render it impossible to enforce.
The Salt Monopoly has never been in
operation and the Tobacco Monopoly
appears

appears to be almost nominal and to
produce little or no revenue, but they
have never been declared by authority to
be abolished and whilst this state of
uncertainty continues they cannot
fail to be more or less vexations to
the inhabitants, particularly in re=
=spect to Tobacco, and on this ground I
would venture to recommend that their
abolition should be publicly declared. It
occurs to me at the same time to ob=
=serve that I think it very probable
that it was never the intention that
these Monopolies should be extended
to the Amendevie Islands, and that
it might perhaps as a general rule be
well not to consider all rules and re=
=gulations affecting this province as
necessarily extending to those islands,
unless specially so directed by Go=
=vernment.

7.

This last observation
seems to me to be more particularly
applicable to the administration
of Justice and of Police. Mr. Ro=
=binson has made some sensible
remarks upon this subject to
which I would refer the Board.

Paras 72 & 74.

Fortunately crime appears to
be

be very rare in these Islands, and what there is is confined almost entirely to petty acts of robbery - but as the Regulations are considered to extend to these Islands, it appears to be extremely difficult to prepare any case which under the law in force on the Continent of India it is necessary to commit to the Criminal Court, so much so that the people either refuse to come forward at all or withhold their evidence, and the crime goes unpunished. This indeed is nothing more than was to be expected, for the communication with the mainland is wholly cut off during many Months in the year, and even in the best season the winds which favorable for a voyage either to or from the Islands, render the return passage tedious and difficult, extending as it frequently does from ten days to three weeks or a Month, and the inhabitants are naturally averse to undertaking a long and often dangerous voyage with a lengthened absence from their homes, and a residence of some time in a country entirely strange to them - The assembly of Head

men

men or Elders in each of the Islands appears to be an excellent means of investigating and deciding Complaints of a Criminal as well as of a Civil nature, and I am inclined to think that they might advantageously be entrusted with the settlement of all cases except crimes of an heinous nature, and that their authority and influence which appears to have in a great measure fallen into a state of abeyance, should be encouraged and upheld.

8. The Karanie noticed in Para 71 appears to be most useful and valuable local officer, but as stated by Mr. Robinson he is very inadequately remunerated - It seems desirable that this defect should be remedied, and the Office made more respectable, and an object of greater ambition. With this view and for the purpose of placing him more in the position of a Gumum in an Indian Village, I can see no better means of increasing his emoluments than making over to the Karanie in each Island some of the Gardens which are stated to have been forfeited to Government in former days -

Para 53 & 54

They

They are quite unimportant in themselves, and of small value, but they would no doubt be a desirable acquisition to a native of these Islands, and would tend to raise his consequence and increase his means, at the same time that they would probably be better managed than they are now are.-

Collectors Cutcherry
Mangalore
2nd August 1846

Signed T. L. Blane
Collector

No. 1.

To T. L. Blane Esqre
Collector of Canara.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit for your perusal a description of the islands of the Laccadive group attached to the district of Canara and visited by me in 1844 and 45. Though unable to visit the islands under the Beeby of Cannanore I made such enquiries into their condition as appeared necessary to enable me to compare the two divisions of this group.-

2. The Laccadive group occupies a space extending from 8°-30' to 12° North Latitude and from 71° to 73° 40 degrees East

East Longitude.-

Names of the Islands.-

attached to the District of Canara:
- Chetlat
- Kiltan
- Betra } uninhabited islands
- Kadamat
- Amendevy
- Bellyapalay } open reefs.
- Cheryapany }
- Perumalla

attached to the Beeby of Cannanore:
- Ikaty
- Kouraty
- Andrott
- Kaffiny
- Suheli } uninhabited
- Meenkat.

It consists of 8 or 10 more or less inhabited and cultivated, and one or two uninhabited islands, besides a few isolated rocks. Beyond the group to the North West stretch the extensive reefs of Cheryapanny and Bellyapanny.-

The group runs nearly parallel to the line of the coast at a distance of 170 to 200 Miles and is nearly equally divided between the Beeby of Cannanore and the District of Canara.-

3. Unlike Coral formations of this description the islands and reefs on which they stand lie 15 or 20 Miles distant from each other and are all separated by channels of great breadth and perfectly free from shoals and rocks. With one exception they are out of sight of each other.-

Each of the islands is situated on an extensive Coral shoal and contains from 2 to 3 Square Miles superficial area. Their surface is flat and no part of any of these formations is more

Three

than 10 or 15 feet above the level of the Sea—
All round a more or less extensive fringe of
coral reef extends broader and more shelving on
the West where the island naturally most
requires protection, and narrow and abrupt
on the East—

The outer edges are higher
than the body of these shoals and extend-
ing in a semicircle at a distance of
500 yards to 3/4 of a Mile round the
West inclose a regularly formed lagoon
in which the water is so still that in
the worst weather coir may be soaked
within the low water mark without
danger of being washed away. The body
of the island is the more perfect de-
velopement of the Eastern and protect-
ed side of the coral formation— The same
feature characterizes all these shoals
and leads to the conjecture that they
rose to the surface in the form of cir-
cular or oval shallow basins and
that under the protection of the shoal
the East rim gradually developed it-
itself towards the Centre and formed
an island— This conjecture is strength-
ened by the fact that in some of the islands
this gradual increase towards the lagoon
is still going on—

The

The receding tide leaves
the outer edge of the reef nearly dry and
the water gets out of the lagoon by two or
three breaches in the outer rim suffici-
ently large to admit the light native
craft into the natural harbour, several
feet deep even at low tide, which the
lagoon forms—

Soil. The foundation of the
soil in all these islands is a stratum
of coral or limestone which, varying
from one foot to one and a half foot
in thickness, is seemingly above the
highest level of the water, and of a
formation which is above water. Within
this crust contains loose wet sand and by
removing a few spadefuls to allow the
water to accumulate, a pool of fresh water
may be obtained in any part— All the wells
tanks and pits for soaking coir, where
soaked in fresh water are made by break-
ing thro' this crust and taking out the
sand— The sand gradually presses to-
wards this excavation, and from the
constant removal of it, some of the wells
and tanks are very extensive under
this vault of Coral— The water in these

wells

wells is quite fresh but is affected by the tide, rising and falling several inches the effect probably of the increasing and decreasing external pressure on the porous cistern in which it is contained. Water is abundant and never fails but is said not to be very wholesome.

5. Above this crust the soil lies to a depth varying from two to six feet and is generally composed of light coral sand finer but quite as dry as common Sea Sand. In some parts the soil is entirely composed of small loose pieces of coral without any other soil and this is said to be particularly well adapted to the Cocoanut.

The surface of the soil is naturally so barren that there is little or no spontaneous vegetation in most of the islands, and though during the monsoon some small crops of Coarse dry Grains are produced, their scantiness shows that the prosperity of the islands must ever depend on the Cocoanut.

Inhabitants 6. The Inhabitants are now Mooslemans but are probably of pure Hindoo origin from Mallyalam. The tradition preserved among them

them is that their fore fathers formed a part of an expedition from Mallyalam which set out for Mecca in search of their apostate King Cheraman Perumal, and was wrecked on these islands. They certainly were Hindoos for long after their first settlement, and were probably converted not more than 250 or 300 years back.

They retain some of the general distinctions of caste, as well as the law of allya Santan, but with some local modifications. This law is still adhered to strictly on the island of Ameen, where distinctions of Caste and a numerous population have been obstacles to the gradual change by which the Custom of regular filial descent is supplanting it on the islands of Kadamat, Kiltan and Chetlat.

In Ameen dewy there are four Castes said to correspond with castes in Malabar. The Tarway and Tanaka: pirandewy correspond with Bamboories and Nairs, of these there are but a few families of the Chief inhabitants; the two lower and more numerous Castes are the Kadgasher and the Melacherry pirandewy correspond

correspond with the Fishermen and Tiers of Malabar. The higher and lower castes at least, do not intermarry. These distinctions are confined to the island of Ameen-divi all the inhabitants of the others being of the Melacherry caste.

8. The people are quiet and inoffensive, many read and write, and some find employment on the Coast as Teachers and Mockries. They also make good Pilots and several have been so entertained on Arab ships. Their language is a dialect of Mallyalum, which they write in Arabic character.

9. The group was discovered by Vasco de Gama on his return from his first voyage in the end of the 15th century and has probably been visited from time to time by ships on the Goa Trade. It is even said that there were once European settlers on Ameendevy one of the islands, the tradition probably arose from the detention of some ship wrecked crew, on the island where it is said they were murdered, there could be no inducement to European Adventurers to settle there of

their

their subsequent history the islanders seem to know nothing; but for some centuries they have been subject to the small Kingdom of Cannanore the circumstances which first placed them under that rule, are preserved among the islanders only in improbable and vague legend. Under the Cannanore rule the system still obtaining in the islands which remain to the Beeby, extended over the whole group. The local management was entrusted to an Officer on a nominal salary in kind, who lived on contributions. Their powers were frequently abused and it was the oppressive conduct of one of these Kavilgars as they are called towards the inhabitants of Ameendevy which produced the revolt of that island and the 3 others to the North of it in 1786 or 89. The islanders then brought their coir to Mangalore and proffered their allegiance to Tipu's officers here. The supply of good coir was probably found at the time convenient although it is said that several unsuccessful attempts were made to induce the islanders to return

to

to their allegiance, at length an equivalent from the Cherical Rajah's Territory was found for the Cannanore house by the Sultaun, and Ameeny, Kadamut, Killan and Chetlat with Bitra and the other sheals North of Ameeny remained in the hands of the Sultaun. When the Cherical Rajah's territories were ceded to the British in 1792. the Rajah was allowed to resume this equivalent the islands still remaining under Mysore and attached to Canara. In the bond executed to the Honorable East India Company by the House of Cannanore in October 1798 these islands are specifically excluded and no mention of an equivalent is made.

"The Laccadivies being thus "attached to Cannara, came along with that "province under the dominion of the "British, but as they had constituted "a part of the Mysore possessions at "the close of the war in which Tippoo "fell, and the Beeby had not previously the slightest prospect of recovering them, her claim in 1803 to "the Northernmost, not being ruled by the laws of "nations, stood in need of indulgent consideration, the result was, that the claims were

"were declared inadmissible on the ground "that she had no right to be placed by the "conquest of Mysore in any other situation than that in which she would "have stood had no such event taken "place. In addition to which it was "thought inexpedient to vest the Beebee "with authority over the Laccadivies, "under the declared aversion of the islanders to her Government." Hamilton's Gazetteers.

Notwithstanding this determination the claim must have been persisted in for a remission of revenue of [illegible] Pagodas 52250 Rupees) was believe sanctioned by the Court of Directors in compensation under date 27th June 1822 and is now remitted by the Beeby to Government in Malabar. The correspondence connected with this will probably be found on record in that district.

The salary of the Havildar of the Beeby's island is Sunderoolundar a nominal one still of 17 to 18 Measures of Rice per Annum and the appointment is conferred for a Nuzzer of 50 to 70 Rupees. His household and other expenses are probably found by the islanders

islanders and he is allowed to execute a consiederable per centage on all that is introduced into the islands, and on the small surplus produce which they export besides appropriating all the tortoise shell and Ambergries got by the islanders, with various other little perquisites given up by us on assuming the Management of the Northern islands in 1805.

11. The condition of the islanders attached to Cananore is perhaps as good as it could be; where the soil is so poor, and the advantages of their condition is the more felt by our islanders from the Contrast being so near. Entirely exempted from direct burdens on the land and all official interference, they have a ready and never failing market for their principal surplus produce at fair and unchanging prices. Communication being open during 8 or 9 Months of the year only, were their whole surplus raw produce on their own hands they might find difficulty in reaching the market and the same cause would render it easy to cheat and oppress them. In practice at least they are quite unaffected by the Salt Monopoly, and the

the Tobacco Monopoly only reaches them indirectly by enabling the Smugglers of Bengal Tobacco to demand higher prices, than a more remunerative.

In the islands subject to Cananore all surplus produce of Cocoanuts as well as of Coir is monopolized by the rulers, for the former the islanders are paid 1/4 Rupee per 1000 probably 50 per cent below the Market value, for the latter 11/4 Rupees per Candy are allowed. A good deal of land also, I understand, is cultivated on account of the Beeby by her Havildgar probably mainly by means of prefsed labour. Intercourse between the islands is a good deal discouraged as our islanders belong to the Beeby's subjects. The population of the Beeby's island is stated to be about 3000.

Rights to the Soil, Grants, Nazzers &c.

17. The proprietory right in the soil seems never to have been a question of much importance on these islands. Liable at first to pay any assessment the Monopoly of the surplus produce became original. ly the fund from which a revenue was derived, and soon proved more productive than any equitable assessment. An increased production only could augment this fund. every facility for the occupation of waste land seems to have been

been afforded Nazzers were never demanded and no traces of grants exists, or were ever heard of. No enclosures or land marks exist throughout the islands except in the Tot of Ameendevi nor does it appear that there ever was any system for the occupation of waste land. Each ryot planted as he was able, and claimed no other right than that of replanting where his tree had formerly stood. The properties in Trees are consequently detached, and intermixed in the most extraordinary manner; often a single trees at great distances from each other and known only to the proprietor. The custom prevails of marking the trees with certain house marks, as we do sheep in large droves belonging to different owners. In Ameendevy where the whole soil has been long fully occupied, immemorial enjoyment has given certain persons a prescriptive right to plots of ground, but on the other islands no proprietory right in certain parts of the soil as against each other is contended for though strenuously and most unreasonably sought to be substantiated as against our right to mark off certain spots of waste land with a view to introducing a regular system of granting it for Cultivation. In the Tot of Ameendevy which will be described afterwards it was probably otherwise. it was kept for other than

Cocoanut.

cocoanut cultivation. The crust of coral could only be removed with great labour, and a regular system of land marks here too exists. Still, no grants of this land exists and I have not been able to discover how the families now enjoying it came first into possession. immemorial enjoyment seems the only claim. This is the more extraordinary, as its produce under the Cocoa monopoly system, could yield nothing towards the support of the Government. Small Nazzers of 4 to 8 Poons were required on the death of each of the land inhabitants (Karonavar Moopan) for the continuance to their families of small local rights such as sitting at the Roots or Panchayets, wearing certain ornaments carrying Umbrellas, &c. but no grants of land ever accompanied privileges.

Sales Mortgages, Leases Rents &c.

13. No proprietory right to land existing, perpetual alienation is quite unknown as yet, notices Mortgages are secured, at the rate of one Rupee per Acre of good quality, the Mortgagee entering on possession. Bonds or documents of these transactions have never been preserved the recollection

recollection of the principal inhabitants and oral tradition is the only guarantee for these rights. The sale of the tree is equivalent to the redemption of the Mortgage.

The principal inhabitants varying in different islands from 10 to 20 individuals own generally considerable numbers of trees the greater part of which they prefer keeping in their own hands. Most of the inhabitants however have small independent properties in trees for where no proprietary right was acknowledged or claimed on the soil each individual became an owner for the trouble of planting. The larger tree owners let trees to those who have none on moderate rents only stipulating that the tenant carry on his Masters day cultivation viewe on his boat, and though he has the enjoyment of the whole produce of the trees and receives also the price of the toddy produced on them, he is obliged to export all his toddy on his Masters boat. A cocoa Demand (meerah is the local name for the unfermented juice of the cocoa palm used by the islanders as a drink or boiled down into sugar) the supplies his masters family with one third of the nuts produce

produce, boiling the rest down into Jaggery which he sells entirely on his own account. This is the only species of produce rent existing on the island. Money rents are as yet quite unknown and generally rents may be said to be confined to labour rent.

The facilities of becoming owners or establishing themselves in less thickly occupied islands are so great, that these tenants enjoy of course favorable terms and the allowance is generally from 30 to 35 trees per man. Quarrels between these tenants and their Masters are there the principal source of dispute.

It seems to have been customary for the poorer families in former days to put themselves under the protection of the richer engaging to send their toddy to the coast in their boats and to work as Bailiffs on these occasions. In many cases also these good-will services were Mortgaged. The former was probably necessary under the Native Government but these are claims which the dependants are now often unwilling to acknowledge and give rise to frequent disagreements.

The

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Dry grain

14

The Cocoanut may be said generally to be the only production which can be taken into account for with the exception of small quantity of plantain and dry grains produced in the Tot of Annesley, any other agricultural production is very insignificant-on some spots not yet occupied by trees a little coarse grain is sown during the Monsoon but the quantity is very limited and its value certainly not greater than that of the Artificial cultivated in this district-

The Cocoanut

15.

Like all fishing communities, the generality of the inhabitants are very poor and prefer that agreeable employment-or pastime to the labours of agriculture. The soil is however so well adapted by nature to the Cocoanut, that the life of the tree and at least a certain degree of productive power seem to be quite independent of agricultural attention artificial manuring or frequent watering. In the most of the islands, it is necessary to rear the plants with some attention for the 1st year and after transplanting to water them for a few weeks till they strike root the tree is then left entirely to itself and come into bearing at periods

varying

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varying according to the situation and soil as well as in different islands from 10 to 20 years it will then continue in full bearing for 70 or 80 years- some were pointed out to me which were confidently asserted to be upwards of a century old. The full grown trees are never watered-

16

The tree is not so large and strong as that of the coast, and the nut about 2/3ds of the size only, and rounder in shape- The husk is smaller and woody, and the fibre finer and more delicate, but stronger than that of the coast nut- The nut also is said to be more compact and oily and to keep better than the coast nut although for the sake of the Coir, the nut is cut before being quite ripe- It seems doubtful whether more manuring and watering would make the tree more powerful and the fruit larger, but a very little more attention would make the tree much more productive- The Palmyra and date palms are unknown in these islands-

17

The productiveness of trees depends on the soil and situation- Trees in the dryer parts of the islands, with a westerly or south westerly exposure are of little value while in the beds of old banks and where the coral has

has been removed or with an Eastern exposure
trees are highly productive. In the different
islands, the average produce varies that of
Kadamat and Kiltan stand fifth or on the
higher than that of Amendevy or chetlat-
-tabbe average formed by the islanders them-
-selves whom I questioned on this subject
will be mentioned.

Produce. 18. The Natives state that the Cocoanut
palm should throw out one leaf and a
branch once a Month but this is an exception
of rare occurrence and the best tree will only
produce 9 or 10 flowering branches a year,
bearing on an average 15 to 20 nuts, while the
annual produce of other trees will not exceed
30 or 35 nuts a general average of 60 or 70 nuts
per tree per annum would probably be pretty
fair one for the islands taken together.

The value 19. The principal food being the cocoanut
by far the greater portion of the produce is consumed
at home but for the small quantity they are en-
abled to export prices ranging from 6 to 8 Rupees
per thousand are obtained if after making the
necessary deduction for the expense of transport

to the Coast we take 5 Rupees per thousand as the
value of nuts on the island, it will be a fair
average, and give the value of the Cocoanut pro-
-duce of a tree from 4⅓ annas to 5⅓ and that
of 100 Trees about 30 Rupees.

Coir and methods of soaking. 20. As the husk gets hard and woody
if the fruit is allowed to become quite ripe the
proper time for cutting it is about the 10th Month
if cut before the Coir will be weak if later it
will be coarse and hard, and require to be
longer in the soaking pit. It will be difficult
to rid it of the woody particles, and it will be
darker in colour and more difficult to twist
when cut the husk is sorted from the nut and
thrown into soaking pits to loosen the woody
parts. In all the islands except Amendevy
the coral reefs beyond the lagoon are well formed
-ed and protect the shores of the island from
the surf then soaking pits are therefore holes
in the sand just within the influence of
the astringent salt water. In these the husks
are buried and lie for a year, and are kept
down by heaps of stones thrown over them
to protect them from the ripple. The island
of Amendevy occupies nearly the whole

of

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of the shoal on which it stands, and its shores are but imperfectly protected, the soaking pits are consequently all fresh water tanks under the crust of Coral in these the water never changes, and the decay of a quantity of vegetable matter makes it foul and dark coloured this large is unfavorable to the Coir, and is the cause of frequent complaint by the buyers of the Coir, but one over which the islanders have no controul a further effect of the fresh water is to weaken the Coir in some degree when thoroughly soaked the fibrous parts are easily separated from the wood by beating, if taken out of the pits too early the Coir is difficult to rid of impurities if neglected to long the fibre will be weakened.

Use of Coir in petty traffic & its effect.

In these islands Coir is one of the chief commodities of barter for the necessaries of life, rice, Salt, tobacco &c. and the temptation is naturally great to take from the pit the Coir before the wood is perfectly rotted, and twist it hastily up to meet more immediate necessities. As the Government receives it by weight and at certain fixed rates, the quality, colour and care in twisting are scarcely considerations among the basterers. The Coir is made up for their petty traffic in short Hats of a fixed length and weight, and at the end of the year these are collected and made up into lengths of 70 to 75 fathoms as received by the Government. The making up the Government remittance at a certain time every year is another temptation to anticipate the proper periods of cutting the fruit and soaking the husks. To these causes, I mainly attribute the dirty and ill twisted state of American Coir which

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which is so frequently complained of. Where the population is greater and consequently the use of Coir in this way most general.

Quantity of Coir produced and its value

The difference in the quantity of Coir manufactured from a Coast nut and an island nut is very considerable. Three large Coarse Coast nuts will yield one ℔ of Coir measuring 22 fathoms whereas 10 small fine island nuts yield one ℔ of Coir measuring 35 fathoms. 2 ℔ of such yarn measuring from 70 to 75 fathoms are made up into Hoodies of which there are fourteen to a bundle averaging about a maund of 28 ℔. a Mangalore candy of 560 ℔ will therefore be the produce of 5600 nuts and should contain about 20,000 fathoms of yarn. Thus if the annual produce of a tree be about 60 or 70 nuts or an average maund would be the produce of 4 or 5 trees and the candy that of 80 to 100 trees. The actual price of Coir received by the islanders is about 12 Rupees per Candy the produce of 5,600 nuts the value of the Coir produce of a tree would therefore be from 2½ to 3 maunds, and that of the produce of 80 trees from 14 to 15 Rupees. The average value of the total raw produce of a tree bearing fruit would thus be passed to 1 Rupee and that of a plot of 100 trees

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of trees contributes nothing towards the revenue of Government under the present system. The general effect of cutting is to weaken the trees but it is often beneficial where from over exuberance they shed their fruit as soon as the flowering branch bursts.

The Island of Amendevy

24. Amendevy the principal and most populous island of the group is attached to Cauara and is now the residence of the Monigar in local charge of the islands. The length of the island may be 2 Miles by ¾ in breadth. It is low and the surface very even but unlike the other island is so imperfectly protected by the reefs in which it stands that the making of Tiri around the sea coast is impossible.

25. The island is divided into four gauins Pulla-=kerry, Vedaut Porakerry and Kodacherry, divisions originat-=ing probably in the local privileges of certain principal families but the people live scattered throughout the island. The principal inhabitants of this island have an acknowledged superiority, and exercise considerable influence over the inhabitants of the other islands. They appear pretty comfortable. Their houses, built of slabs of lime stone and thatched with cocoanut leaves contain several rooms and have out houses attached. They have generally some Cows sheep and chickens. Still the greater part of the population is poor.

Population	Males	Females	Total
Jan 1831	944	994	1938
1839	1081	1161	2242
1844	1142	1193	2335

26. The Statement in the Margin, the last entries of which I believe to be pretty correct, shows an increase of nearly 20 Per Cent since 1831 in the population of this island. It is now nearly double that of all the other islands put together.

The

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The soil of Amendevy is poorer naturally than that of Pillaw or Kadamut, and the consumption in various ways of the fallen leaves by its dense population robs it of the advantage of a natural manure which the others possess in some degree. Some of the trees in Amendevy are most advantageously situated but the Punchayet of islanders examined by me set the average gross produce of a tree at 60 nuts per annum; an average somewhat larger than I could arrive at by making actual experiments. The Statement in the Margin would lead us to conclude that the plantation had been perfectly Stationary for 20 years but these Statements cannot be implicitly relied on. In Amendevy there is very little to be done now in the way of

Cocoa plantation.

Amendevy	Total Trees	Check or unproductive Trees	Young Trees and plants	Total productive
For 1827	67534	2745	20716	44073
" 1831	71616	1589	23358	46669
" 1839	65243	7660	20942	36341
" 1844	64172	4052	15891	44229

N.B. The Check Trees are excluded in this Statement.

plantation the greater part of the island is a perfect thicket of Cocoapalms, but quite clear of underwood, and that which remains unoccupied is of little or no value and in exposed situations.

The Pt or Kt

27. In the middle of this island, over about 50 acres, the crust of coral already mentioned has been removed and the whole centre of the island presents a fine low damp soil probably hardly above the level of

of

of the sea- The whole bears marks of a well laid and ably executed design on which an enormous amount of labour must have been expended, but tradition has preserved no account of the circumstance under which this vast and beneficial work was executed- all that is known is that it was completed while the inhabitants were still Hindoos- The soil of this Tot or Hat is light sandy and poor, but water lying within a foot or so of the surface it is fertile- The Cocoanut trees planted on or about its edges are exceedingly fine, but it has been hitherto reserved chiefly for the cultivation of dry grains as Lobia Jowa Badag and Ragkee, with some kind of vegetables as the sweet potatoe and a kind of yam- Considerable numbers of plantain trees too are reared within it- This land is strictly private property and though none of the gardens are enclosed the boundaries are well defined by stone land marks- It is by far the most profitable land in the Island and produces probably a 1/5th of the food used there, but it contributes nothing and probably never did to the revenue of Government under the Monopoly System- while the profits of the Monopoly of the other produce were great this land was left unburdened as a compensation- but it might now

be

be well to take its condition into consideration- Round the edges of the Tot the Bread fruit Tree grows most luxuriantly and the number of trees is increasing as shewn in the Margin.-

+ In 1831	438
" 1839-834	
" 1844-853	

28. I observed a considerable number of Soopary Trees interspersed among the Cocoanut trees round the Edges of the Tot- they seemed fine, and I think much more numerous than shown in the native returns- but the Islanders manifested great unwillingness to give any information about them- I learnt however that the tree was introduced lately and thrives well- I think the whole Tot might with great ease and profitably be converted into Areca nut gardens-

+ In 1240/1831	389
" 1250/1839	440
" 1253/1844	322

Soopary Trees

other Trees

29. The Undel and Potang bushes are cultivated, the one for its oil, and the other for its dye and several Cwts of the fruit are exported yearly to Malabar- The lime of Amendavy is remarkably fine and the trees numerous.-

Unoccupied Land-

30. The Tot corresponds with the oblong shape of the Island and occupies the new Pole or centre of the Island- On all sides it is surrounded by dense Cocoanut plantation- round from the East to the North of this Island (the least exposed sides of the Island) this plantation runs down to the sea side but along the west lies a strip of waste land about 200 yards in breadth between the plantation and the shore- and round to the South

West

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West and south east of the island many acres are still waste, the exposure is too much for young trees and the dry sand is deeper than elsewhere. This space was at one time walled off for the Cattle, which are very destructive to the young trees and were not allowed to graze among the trees. The wall has fallen but may yet be traced and till within 20 years no plantation existed within this enclosure, but all the eligible spots such as the beds of old tanks and holes have now been planted and are claimed by the owners of the trees.-

I examined the principal and dis-interested inhabitants, who declared this an encroachment, if all land unoccupied when the islands came under the British rule, was to be recovered as Circar waste, and to be given on Mofagamy terms, but that such has not been the usage of the islands. These trees may either now be assessed or the encroachment be overlooked, and better care of this land be taken in future. I do not think it probable, that this land will ever be much in demand for it is of the poorest description, and would not remunerate the cultivator unless given on the lowest terms, and years must probably elapse before the increase of population will force it into cultivation.

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The Monigar has been ordered to mark off all these spots with stones and carefully to prevent encroachment in future. The whole may amount to 50 acres.-

There are so called Circar gardens in this island, which will be introduced afterwards.-

Island of Kadamat.

31. Kadamat lies due north from & within sight of Ameendevy at a distance of 6 or 8 Miles.-

The Coral formation on which this island stands is the most extensive of those I visited and the lagoon enclosed by the reefs is very large, well stocked with fish, and much frequented by the people of Ameendevy on that account.-

Soil.

32 The island is long and narrow probably 3 to 3½ Miles long by 3/5th of a mile broad. The body of the island appears generally lower than that of any of the others, and has an excellent natural protection against the weather in a ridge of low sand drift which runs down the west side. The superficial area of this island must be considerably greater than that of any of the others and the natural fertility of its soil exceeds all except that of Kiltan which it quite equals. It is however in a wretchedly backward state, with hardly 1/8th part of the soil which might be most advantageously taken in cultivation. The return of the population

Population.-

		Male	Female	Total
Statement	For 1831	38	38	76
"	1839	60	54	114
"	1844	71	62	133

Population for 1844 1253 shows an increase nearly 75 per Cent on that of 1831 1240.- The inhabitants are very poor shy and spiritless and are somewhat domineered overby their neighbours of Ameendevy who exact certain services from them and plunder their trees when on fishing expeditions about the neighbouring shoal.- Many of them are affected with blindness, and the worst description of Leprosy and other gangrenous diseases prevalent throughout this group, and to be attributed possibly to the limitted scope for seeking change of blood in their marriages, as well as to the unwholesomeness of their provisions, principally salt fish. Probably the island was once in a more flourishing State than it now is, and it is said that 70 or 80 years ago the island was visited by an epidemic which thinned their numbers, and entirely extirpated several families. The sites of several ruined houses are still pointed out in testimony. They certainly had then two shore-going boats, and exported their own Coir, for the export of which they are now entirely dependent on Ameendevy as they possess only small fishing boats themselves.-

Condition of Inhabitants.-

State of the Plantation.- 33.- The Cocoanut cultivation is

limitted to a strip across the middle of the island leaving by far the greater portion of the island divided in about equal portions on both sides unoccupied. The southern portion of the island is covered with a thick jungle of underwood which might be removed with the greatest ease. The western portion is open plain, covered with weeds and low bushes. The soil is light and sandy but naturally damper and firmer than that of Ameendevy and the productiveness of trees where the island has been planted, proves that were the whole under cultivation, it might support a population at least equal to that of Ameendevy.-

34.- The average produce of trees in this Island may safely be set at 80 Nuts per annum, and Coming rapidly into bearing they require no attention while growing. The statement in the Margin shows a small advance in the plantation but a perfect trifle when compared with the capabilities of this Island. The Coir produced on this Island is of the very best description, and

Cocoa plantation.-

		Total Trees	Chouk or unproductive	Young trees and plants	Total productive
For	1827	2,936	66	1126	1744
"	1831	4,729	237	2731	1731
"	1839	2,401	138	915	1348
"	1844	3,319	153	804	2,362

N.B. The Chouk are excluded in this Statement.-

is all seasoaked, but the yearly produce cannot be ascertained as it comes to the Coast mixed indiscriminately with that of Ameendevy and is entered in the accounts as Ameendevy Coir.-

Dry Cultivation 35 There is no Tot or Kat in this Island where the substratum of lime stone has been broken up, but its natural soil is the most favorable to dry cultivation to be found on the group, and a considerable portion of the dry grain raised is grown in this Island. The people from Ameendevy go there and cultivate during the Monsoon, Raghee, Towaree and Laba under the present system this species of Cultivation escapes the contribution of its quota to the revenue, while it no doubt retards the advance of the Cocoanut plantation in this Island, which does contribute.-

Condition- 36. The Island is still in a most backward state, and of all most claims attention with a view to raising the condition of its inhabitants as also securing the interests of Government- It is capable of becoming the most valuable of the group as well from the nature of the soil, as the extent of land- at least by nature 20 per Cent more productive than Ameendevi and fully equal to Kiltan, scarcely one eighth part of the Island has been planted, it lies near the former over peopled Island, whose inhabitants are already

dependent on it for part of their dry grain, and is at no great distance from the fully planted Island of Kiltan whose inhabitants will perhaps extend their enterprize here in course of time- With this view it might be of great advantage to allow the Islanders a small Puccavy to enable them to build a couple of shore going boats- this would make them at once independent of the people of Ameendevy save to them a large amount of freight which is exacted for taking their nuts and coir to the Coast, and much improve their spirits and stimulate their energy such an advance would be most gratefully received and easily and regularly recovered- The bounds of the cultivation as it now stands have been carefully but I hope liberally laid down during the last year, with a view to placing the occupation of waste land under some system- The extent of the dry cultivation should now be accurately ascertained and the claims of the people of the Island of Ameendevy to proprietary right in some spots of land now claimed by them examined- However the whole dry cultivation of the Island is probably not above 10 or 12 Moodas of seed extent of land, and its value will not exceed that of Kathkal lands on the Coast- so that any assessment on it would be so trifling as to be scarcely worth weighing against the discontent which its

its novelty would create, unless it were expedient as a restrictive measure to force the Cocoa plantations.—

37. If it be expedient to continue the present Monopoly System, occupation of the Island might be encouraged by inviting people from the Beebys and other Islands to settle there. But should an assessment system be substituted, it must be a liberal one, for, from the enquiries made on the subject, I have no doubt that the system which has been pursued on these Islands for the last 15 years with reference to progressive occupation of waste land, has had the most material effect in retarding it at the time when a spring might have been looked for.— In this island particularly where increase of the population is not likely soon to render occupation imperative. the present system if pursued will be ruinous.—

Island of Kiltan.

38. Kiltan lies about 20 Miles from Amendevy in a North easterly direction, and though the least, is at present the most thriving and active Island in the group. When the ship Byramgore was lost a large quantity of Treasure found its way into this Island, and the greatest activity in planting has since been evinced, and the generality of the inhabitants seem well off.—

39 The superficial area of Kiltan may be about 1¼ Square mile and the reef on which it

Stands is extensive. The lagoon is large but shallow and is rapidly filling up and even now there is not sufficient water within it at low tide to float one of the native Thoondrasi laden. Within the last 50 years many feet of land have been gained towards the lagoon. The reefs are sufficiently extensive to protect the shore effectually all the coir is soaked in the sea sand and trees are planted to the water's edge on every side.—

40.

Population

		Male	Female	Total
For	1831	224	241	465
"	1839	263	268	531
"	1844	316	323	639

The population of the Island as shown by the Marginal Statement has increased within the last 15 years from 35 to 40 per Cent but it is still far below what the Island could support, and does not afford hands to make up the coir now grown. The whole population as that of Kadamut and Chettat is of the Melachery the lowest Caste. they have the appearance of considerable comfort, and few really poor are to be found in this Island. Its inhabitants are by far the most cunning and difficult to manage and evince considerable dislike to any enquiry being made into their condition.—

41.

Cocoa plantation.

		Total Trees	Trunk or mature dwelling	Young Trees or Plants	Total productive
For	1827	29975	2102	19851	8022
"	1831	34428	1207	23439	9788
"	1839	27100	3630	11823	11647
"	1844	[illegible]	2525	11855	14917

The Statement in the Margin shows the State of the Cocoanut cultivation on this Island. The Column "total productive trees" shows their number to have nearly doubled since 1827 and the Column "young trees" to [illegible]

testifies to the actively with which the planting goes on -
The exactness of these native returns however I fear can-
-not be relied on - The counting of trees on these Islands
is a business of great difficulty for they are
perfect thickets, without land-marks of any
description, besides which a good deal of care
and attention is requisite in classifying the
trees. Our Sibbendy is so weak that the Monigar
is unable to conduct this computation in all the
Islands, and it is deputed to a Peon and
eventually to the Islanders themselves who
probably (and especially the cunning fellows
of Kiltan) understate the numbers. The establish-
-ment is perfectly large enough to perform all
its duties, this only excepted, and a small
Hanganny Establishment sent over once every
5 years would be quite sufficient to keep up
a very accurate knowledge of the state of these
Islands - for no material changes can take
place in Cocoanut plantations in less than
5 years - These remarks apply more or less to
all the Islands. -

Cocoanut plantation

42. The whole Island is given up to
Cocoanut plantation - The Bread-fruit Tree
Soopary and Lime tree do not thrive, and there
is no Rat where the stone has been broken
up - Dry cultivation has gradually given way

before

before Cocoanut cultivation and may be said
now hardly to exist on this Island but under
cocoanut plantation the soil is remarkably pro-
-ductive - The limitted population cannot e-
consume the leaves and the ground in some part is
covered with decaying vegetable matter most
beneficial to the trees - In other Islands it is
necessary to rear plants for one year with care
and then transplant them in this a nut
buried with a knife will grow, requires no
attention and comes into bearing early - The
average annual produce may be taken at 80
to 85 nuts per tree and in many parts I observed
trees where it had been necessary to support
the luxuriant growth of fruit artificially -

Coir probable waste.

The hands in this Island are
43 unequal to making up into yarn all the coir
produced, and with a large surplus produce of
nuts to look to and exchange for rice the labo-
-rious manufacture of coir is somewhat neglected
and a vast number of husks are wasted - The average
number of bearing trees in this Island during
the last seven years was upwards of 13000 the
produce of which taken at an average of 80
nuts per tree per annum (a low average) should
yield at the rate of 5600 nuts to a Mangalore Candy
of 560 lbs fully 195 Candies. The average yearly import
from

from this island of coir, for the same time has been 146 Candies to which add 5 per Cent for home consumption and the quantity produced would appear not to exceed 155 Candies, or 45 Candies below what it should be When examined, the Islanders averaged the daily consumption of nuts at 5 per Man (for in this island there is no coarse grain) The average population during the last 7 years was 585 for the support of which 10 Lacks and a half of nuts would be requisite The exports of nuts may be taken at 2 Lacks per Annum, and the calculation will give within half a lack of nuts of the result of that on the produce of the trees and show that about 20 per Cent of the Coir grown remains unmanufactured - This might be urged as an argument against a system, in which the Government interests are left so unprotected - The coir which is imported from this island is of the finest description -

44. Little unoccupied land now remains on this island and such as is so, is the least promising there - Some years ago one spot was marked off by the Moorgar and plantations within

within it already swells the amount of Moorgany cultivation, had the plan been more vigorously carried out, a good deal would doubtlessly have been under Government management which the islanders now enjoy as their own - What now remains has been in part carefully marked off, but against the will of the islanders -

Island of Chetlat

45. Chetlat the most northerly of the group lies about 15 Miles distant from Kiltan and 25 to 30 from Ameendevy - The Shoal on which this island stands is extensive, the lagoon is large and very perfect and the Shores well protected -

46, The island is from 2 to 2½ Miles in length and about ¾ of a Mile broad - The surface is not so even in the other islands and a ridge of low sand drift running up the Middle prevents or at least retards the plantation in this island - Though not in nearly so backward a state as Kadamat it is naturally the least promising of the islands - The soil is very poor, the trees very slow of growth and not productive - Low Mounds of sand occupy a great part of the Centre, and best protected parts of the island, on which nothing grows, except scanty crops of a plant called Tearny on the roots of which a small ball about the size of a pea grows after the plant

plant has withered these are gathered from among the loose sand, and used by the islanders. Dry cultivation on this island, is very insignificant.

47 The native returns of population show a considerable increase since 1831 but I am not inclined to place much confidence in them. The inhabitants are all poor, but quiet and well behaved and devote most of their time to fishing, as the returns from plantation are not sufficiently large to induce them to take much pains with it.

Population	Male	Female	Total
For 1831	140	213	353
" 1839	234	237	471
" 1844	263	259	522

48. The returns of plantation in this island are very inaccurate, as must be seen on comparing the returns of 1831. with those of the other 3 years. In 1839 and 44 the young and still unproductive trees are entered as upwards of double the number of the productive. Eight thousand is certainly far short of the number of the latter, of plantation is not nearly

Cocoa plantation	Total of un-productive Trees	Chouk Trees and new trees	Young Trees planted	Total productive trees
For 1827	21,336	483	14465	6388
" 1831	24899	541	4246	20112
" 1839	27501	1695	18523	7283
" 1844	25665	1399	16520	1746

N.B. The chouk trees are included in this statement and the progress

active in this island as the former would indicate. I think that at least 2/3rds or 1/2 of these "young trees" should have been brought under the class "productive" which should show from 13,000 to 14,000. This conjecture may be verified by calculations of the probable number of Nuts necessary for the support of the population, and the number of trees that would be required to produce the coir annually exported. Trees in Chettat are very poor and their average annual produce should not be taken higher than 50 Nuts per tree at which rate the produce of 14,000 trees would be required to support a population of 500 persons consuming four nuts per diem. Can average below that stated by the islanders. The exports at the average of 7 years have been upwards of 80 Candies which with 10 Candies added for home consumption would be the produce of 10,000 trees if the rate assumed for other islands of 5,600 nuts per Candy of Coir be retained. As in Kittan a considerable quantity of the husks are wasted, to which must further be added the number of trees which are cut for the juice. All things considered it is probable that the return of productive trees should be double what now appears.

Unoccupied Land

49 There is still a good deal of unoccupied land in Chettat perhaps 1/4th or 1/5th of the whole

whole but it is generally the most worthless. This will be carefully marked off this year.

The coir exported from the island is of the first description.

Island of Bitra

50. The island of Bitra alone remains to be mentioned, I was unable to visit it myself but endeavoured to learn all the particulars relative to it. The island itself is not half the size of the others described, but the shoal on which it is situated is very extensive and abounds with fish and is on that account much frequented by the islanders, chiefly those of Chettat. The island is sacred to a Peer whose Tomb stands in the middle of it - and there are from 150 to 200 Trees planted round it as votive offerings to his name: the fruit of these is used by any of the fishermen who happen to land there. The greater part of the island is covered with a thick low brushwood among which, till within the last 10 years, extraordinary flocks of Sea Birds laid their eggs and bred. The islanders told me that they have gathered from 30 to 50,000 eggs in a day. While these birds continued here their eggs were a great support to the whole group, but not one remains, all having, without any appariant cause, migrated,

it is supposed to the Maldives. The soil is said to be excellent and the Cocoanut tree grows rank and luxuriant and would doubtless prove a most productive tree were its exuberance kept down by the regular and proper exercise of its powers.

Want of fresh water

51. The want of fresh water has impeded the occupation of this island, when told so, I was incredulous and had the stone cut through this year where it was 5 or 6 feet thick, but the water within, which in all the other lands is quite fresh, was found, as the islanders assured me before, quite salt. I was unable to see it myself, but repeat and experiment go to confirm a fact which must render this island unproductive for ever, for at a distance of 40 miles from the nearest island and the passage impracticable for 5 months in the year, a population could never be supplied elsewhere. When the fishermen run short of water they dig a hole in the sand near the sea, and use the brackish percolations from the sea, in preference to the well water. This fact the islanders attribute to the effect of the roots of the brushwood, and various other insufficient causes.

Sea Slug and Shark

52. The tortoise is frequently taken while laying its eggs on this lonely island and amongst

amongst its extensive shoals great quantities of the Holothuria or sea slug of a better description than that found on the other islands, is found. During the fishing season, a good many of the islanders are employed by Coast Moplah Merchants in the Manufacture of what the islanders call coke of this Sea worm. Found on all coral formations which rise near the surface, it is here collected in great quantities, and half boiled in the water which it has imbibed, it is then laid out and dried in the sun and in this state it is in good demand for the Chinese Market at Bombay. The shark also abounds about these shoals, and several Candies of fins are yearly exported from these islands chiefly taken in the neighbourhood of Bitra.

Circar Gardens 53. In each of the Islands there are so called Circar Gardens which consist of lots of trees held by islanders on a Durkast to supply certain quantities of Coir yearly to Government. These have been circar or gardens since the time of the Canarese rule, when it was usual to confiscate property in place of penal punishments, for instance that entered 3rd in the list of Ameendevy was

was confiscated for a murder committed by its owner. The history of them all seems to be well known to the principal inhabitants and were in future any system adopted under what it would be advisable to return these, properly assessed to the descendants of the original proprietors their heirs might easily be traced.

54 The statement in the margin shows the names and condition of 7 lots of trees called circar gardens in Ameendevy. It appears that for several years after being confiscated, they were managed by the Beebys manager, but subsequently given on a Durkhast of 4 Maunds of Coir. This was soon afterwards raised to 6 Maunds, which the former Durkhastdar consented to pay. In 1225 1816 Cody Iriwa bid 16 Maunds, which he paid till 1232/1823 when he offered only 12 Maunds, the same year 18 Maunds were offered and accepted for

No.	Name of the place	Pullal Pally Putlam / Dunkastdar Name	Plantation Total Trees	Plantation Bearing trees	Rate of Durkast dar	Amount of 1838 & Coir for ensuing
1	Badakaud		45	39		
2	Kandanamettal		100	63		
3	Bachanapully		111	65		
4	Kullymale kunna		34	30		
5	Kunhwardekal		5	4		
6	Choudry		53	47		
7	Tekantalle		43	43		
	Total		391	291		

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for the whole at which they now stand. They have been always let together - I examined the spots and with the exception of the 7th Sekantaddy, they are well situated and thriving, that of the 7th is exposed and the trees indifferent. Eighteen Maunds of Coir, the amount bid will not be less than 1/3d of the Coir & produce of the whole, and its value to Government about 20 Rupees. If we assume the value of the gross produce of trees to the islanders at about 6 or 7 annas each, the total average value of 300 productive trees will be about 115 to 120 Rupees. Government is therefore in enjoyment of about one fifth or sixth of the produce. As an assessment, this might be well enough but it is low as a bid; larger offers might be got, but the present occupant has been for 20 years in undisturbed possession, and paying as he does probably a full third of what he is able to export in exchange for rice, / for the greater part of the Nuts will be consumed at home / the case might be looked on with some leniency.

55.

One garden in Amweandevy pays a tax under peculiar circumstances. The condition of this garden is shewn in the Margin and its history is that about the

Name of Garden	Name of the present possessor	Condition Total Trees	Bearing trees	Coir Trees	Bread fruit trees	Situation
Tailat	Sinnatty Barge	410	299	16	9	18m. 23d. Por.

N.B. There are 120 Young plants which will soon be in bearing in this garden

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the middle of last Century its owner Seerchowan being without direct heirs and on bad terms with his connexions, sunk his interest in the garden with the pulers for an annuity, and for several years after his death it was under the Kaulgars Management. His family subsequently took the garden on a rent of 3 Hoons, which was paid till the islanders submitted themselves to Tipsoo, when in the confusion, this Seerwa was forgotten and fell several years in arrear. The arrear was afterwards collected, and the money rent commuted to 12 Maunds of Coir which has been paid regularly ever since. The Cocoanut trees are very excellent and numerous and interspersed with a few Bread fruit and other trees. The garden would doubtless bear a rent treble the amount but its peculiar circumstances should be considered before interfering with it.

Of Kultan.

56.

Of the same description as those alluded to in para 53. are the gardens of Kultan shown in the Margin of the present. They contain 380 trees of which 228 are now in bearing and 148 young trees that will soon be productive, for coir only

Name of the garden	Name of Chief Pudiri Kultan and 4 others	Plantation Total trees	Bearing trees	Young trees and plants	6 Bundles of Coir laid
1 Ramalyoodle Buddake		41	31	9	
2 Poker Malim		54	46	8	
3 Baramkind Mal		58	18	40	
4 Peddyaliar		57	11	46	
5 Palanchetty addam		12	6	6	
6 Jamutfylly Arrigue		34	32	4	
7 Badle Kantate		24	19	4	
8 Arkelarigue		100	65	35	
Total		380	228	148	

N.B. The chank trees are excluded in this Statement

only of the whole number are Chowk or barren. For the whole 6 Bandies of Coir worth about 6 Rupees only are paid. In the island of Kittan the average produce of trees is 80 nuts per annum, at the rate of 13 Rupees per Candy of Coir and 5 Rupees per 1000 nuts the value of the gross produce of the whole would be upwards of 130 Rupees, and the quantity of Coir produced should be about 3¾ Candies. The bid as it now stands is below 1½ per Cent of the estimated gross produce, and only 1/11th of the Coir which might be manufactured. The rate at which under similar circumstances coir is paid in the Ameendewy gardens above shown, is about a Maund to 16 trees. In Chettat the number of trees paying one Maund rent is still lower, while in this island 38 finer trees than are to be found in either and especially in Chettat, only pay one Maund. the rate is therefore from 130 to 150 per Cent less in this island than elsewhere. The cause of this is to be found in the fraudulent combination of most of the lessees of the island. Five in number they have always bid in a body, and have had power to keep down competition, several unsuccessful attempts have been made to raise this bid, and a fresh offer should be taken immediately if it can be

be got, particularly as the number of young trees which will soon be in bearing, will enhance the value of the gardens greatly. Offers generally from this island should be accepted with care, for they have felt for long the benefit of collusive bidding.

Of Kadamut 57.

The Circar gardens in Kadamut consist of small lots of trees planted in 11 different spots as shown in the margin. The present tenants' ancestors obtained the lease of these when they were first confiscated and paid till 1228 (1819) eight Maunds of Coir competition then raised it to 9 M.ds 9 G.s at which it has since stood. The value of the annual gross produce of 148 trees bearing on an average 75 or 80 nuts per annum, must be about 50 Rupees of which about 1/5 is paid

Kadamut Ballad — 9 Maunds of Coir

Names of places	Name of present holder	Plantation Total trees	Bearing trees	Rent paid
Bunnipully		88	8	
Soapy Mupa		4	4	
Hunnanodebul		"	2	
Moideenpully Caidade		29	27	
Moossoma Kaddebul		8	8	
Kalpire		37	35	
Berejomade Narigud		20	20	
Ballyelly		22	22	
Aryilimadakeh		6	6	
Berejetimadeh		13	13	
Birankurka		152	148	
Total				

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paid in rent for the gardens and the quantity of Coir produced should be at least one Mangalore Candy and a half one fourth of the Coir really produced is probably paid in rent and the value of Government of the 9 Maunds bid, will be about 1/15th of the gross produce. This bid is as high as would be got in this island, and the condition of the inhabitants claims indulgence.

Of Chettat

58. In Chettat there are 8 lots of Amany Trees held on a rent of 9½ Maunds of Coir. The number of bearing trees amounts to about 150 which at the rate taken for this island would produce about one Candy and 6 Maunds of Coir and 1500 nuts worth in all about 45 Rupees of which 9½ are paid to Government. These gardens, like the generality of

Number	Names of Gardens	Names of Proprietors	Plantation: Total trees	Young trees and plants	Trees in Bearing	Amount to be paid to Circar
1	Mackamina Cadaka	Amood Rice	90	47	42	9 Maunds 4½ Viss of Coir
2	Mackaminatike		26	"	26	
3	Birapally Melaka		45	1	43	
4	Chutakad		11	6	5	
5	Papadatamittam		19	3	15	
6	Brigelakadadivele		4	1	3	
7	Poratpally		4	2	2	
8	Ashikatelicle		7	1	6	
	Total		206	61	142	

N.B. Chouk Trees are excluded in this Statement.

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of trees in the island are different - No better offer would probably be got as the tenant has frequently wished to reduce the quantity on the plea of deficient crops. Several trees have certainly been blown down since he took the gardens, but as there appears to be a good number of young trees to come into bearing no indulgence has been allowed him.

Hofsagamy Cultivation

59. A small amount of Coir has been collected from Hofsagamy for the last few years, some trees having been planted on land till then unoccupied.

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Statement Shewing the particulars of Hofsaga- my Trees planted in Ameendevy and the offers in 1844.

Inthmeendevy

Island	Place of Population	By whom planted	Total Cocoanut trees planted: Bearing Fruit	Past Bearing	Young Trees	Small Plants	Planters share: Bearing Fruit	Past Bearing	Government share: Bearing Fruit	Past Bearing	Name of Durkastdar for Government share.	Amount of bid Mds	Fs
Ameendevy	Islandé	Pariye Moilar	80	6	"	"	40	3	40	3	Pariye Moilar	3	14
		Pariye	28	4	"	"	14	2	14	2	Kulapin Hoycutty	1	7
		Addiyan	26	2	"	"	13	1	13	1	Pandambelly Do.	1	17½
		Pariyshy	6	"	"	"	3	"	3	"	Addiyan	"	7
		Pariye Moilar	46	2	24	32	23	1	23	1	Coonkally	2	3½
		Coonkiyy Malum	60	2	6	21	30	1	30	1	Coonkiyy Malum	2	21
		Mootch	44	8	1	3	22	4	22	4	Mootch	2	7
		Amooty Karany	22	4	8	2	11	2	11	2	Savakul	"	21
		Savakul	16	"	4	6	8	"	8	"	Savakul	"	21
	Yedandé Savakul	Addiyan Mooky	30	2	"	4	15	1	15	1	Porkat Koy Kooty	1	14
		Pariye Kooty	10	"	"	4	5	"	5	"	Ahmood Moilar	"	17½
		Shaban	6	"	4	4	3	"	3	"	Shaban	"	7
		Kooty Sarve	2	"	"	4	1	"	1	"	Kassim	"	3¼
		Ramzan	26	"	"	"	13	"	13	"	Ramzan	1	7
											Total	19	"

Fee

circumstances. Some change is very necessary now hitherto a good deal of planting really Hofsagamy has been taken no notice of but the limits of plantation as it now stands have been carefully marked off and all progress in future must be affected by whatever system is introduced. No Hofsagamy has been reported in any of the Islands except Amendeevy where the Monegar resides. In Pilliam there are a few such trees coming into bearing, neither a small part marked off as Circar waste by a former Monegar, but the islanders refused to bid on these terms, and begged that they might be allowed to bid as in the case of the Circar gardens above described & that the trees fairly assessed might be left to the planters &c. In Kiltan there is little unoccupied land. In Chetlat and Amendeevy such as is so, being very inferior will not be taken in till the general progress of the island forces its occupation, but in Kadamut the greater portion of the island must be cultivated under some System more conducive to the prosperity of the islands than that at present obtaining. The islands by nature

are fitted for Cocoanut cultivation only, and by the advance this makes, there internal prosperity must always be measured. The System introduced should be such as to encourage this.

Other Exports from the Islands

61. The Staple Export from the islands, and the chief source of the income is coir, but they have a few others sources which may be worth to mention here before describing the Coir mangement on the Coasts.

Nuts

Of these, the export of the surplus nuts is the chief. No accounts of this have been kept, and we must rely on the statements of the people who seemed ready enough to tell the probable exports of their neighbours though willing to understate their own. From 7 to 10 Rupees per thousand are obtained on the Coast, but these nuts are small and the averages prices may be taken at 8 Rupees. The people of Amendeevy assert that their surplus is decreasing this they attribute to the increase of population in an island in which the good soil is all occupied and consequently progressive cultivation does not yield proportionate returns. The exports from

From Amendeevy

this

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this island may be taken at any [illegible] to
12,000 nuts per annum which at 7 Rupees
[illegible] per 1000 for 10 per Cent is always allowed for
cloff in these sales would be worth between
4 and 5 hundred Rupees - For this rice is
always brought home and exchanged at
3 to 4 Maunds of Coir per Moodah of rice -
making the profits nearly cent per Cent to
a man who exporting his own nuts imports rice
This traffic is limitted by the home con-
sumption but is for the most part a free
from the islands and in Pattan
the home consumption is not so great the
profits are so large and distributed among
so few, that the islanders do not feel
the absolute necessity of applying them-
selves industriously to the manufacture of
coir - The nut exports of this island (Pattan)
average from 15 lack to 2 lacks per annum,
valued from 1000 to 1300 Rupees - The Exports
from this island are increasing rapidly -
From Chettat - The exports are within 50,000 nuts
from Hadarmaut very trifling as yet and not
to be distinguished from those of Amcondeiv
The principal market is in Malabar - In the
Keelys islands the Ryots are deprived of this

by

From Pattan

From Chettat

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by a monopoly under which only 4 Rupees
per 1000 is paid for nuts delivered on the Coast

Mats. 62 - About hundred Mats are yearly
exported and prized on the Coast, their texture
being fine - They are made of the Cocoanut
leaf cut out of the heart of the tree just before
it unfolds - This involves the loss of the
bunch of fruit which comes out with each
leaf and the value of the fruit and coir in our
island checks the manufacture of Mats -
Probably the leaves of Chunk Trees are
chiefly used - The sails of smaller Boats
are of these fine mats, and hence a considera-
-ble home consumption -

Chank's &c 63 - Shells and Chanks are hardly worth
cutting an article of export from these islands
From one to two hundred Rupees worth of Tortoise
shell may be exported from year to year, of
late years, there has been little taken - 18 Pears
Candies of Shark fins are accumulated -
during the season, and exported to the Coast -
Isinglass is occasionally picked up and is
valuable - This with tortoise shell were formerly
perquisites of the rulers, and in the Keelys islands
still the finders are always deprived of them -

61 - These islanders do not

manufacture

manufacture cake of the dried Holothuria or Sea slug of their own record - - Keep Lahs from the Coast go to the islands, and employ them at the usual rate of wages, one seer of rice per diem to manufacture it for them - So that the profits of this are lost to the islanders - I have no doubt that considerable Traffic in Chunam, which is very fine and white, might be carried on, and that the islanders might supply chunam considerably below the Bazar price on the coast, but they do not appear to have attempted to export it -

65 - Our islands import Jaggary for their own consumption from [illegible] to that if the 100 or 200 Seers which yearly come to the coast in their Boats be the produce of our islands its place is supplied by imports from elsewhere -

Boats 66 - The marginal Statement shows the number of Boats in each of the islands in the years 1839 & 1844 no earlier record of these numbers can be found - The first class are large Shore-going boats for every big coir 9 to 12 Tons burthen - they will be met with each and belong

		Boats belonging to Amindivi Chief Boats 16 to 20 Tons burthen	Boats belonging to Kiltan Chief Boats 16 to 20 Tons burthen	Small Boats 1½ to 3 Tons	Total
Amindivy	For 1839	17	14	77	108
"	" 1844	18	18	97	133
Kadamut	" 1839	"	2	10	12
"	" 1844	"	2	9	11
Kiltan	" 1839	8	12	59	79
"	" 1844	12	11	73	96
Chellat	" 1839	3	20	66	94
"	" 1844	8	19	79	97

4 or 5 hundred Rupees

to the chief families - The increase of 4 of these expensive boats in Kiltan is a sure sign of its prosperity - In Kadamut there are none, and they are dependent on Amindivy - The 2d class are fishing boats of 1 ton to 1½ ton burthen, which are manned by 8 or 10 men, but seldom leave the group - the last column shows the number of small boats for pursuing fish, as the islanders use the harpoon almost exclusively in taking fish - The boats are all light clair sewed craft, built on the islands of wood brought from the Coast Cocoa nut wood is never used as sometimes asserted - The rate of Cooly hire in the islands is one seer of rice per diem for seers to a Moodahf with the other little necessaries as Betelnuts, Tobacco &c altogether probably within one anna - Freight to and from the Coast is charged at 1 m p Candy on bulky articles as Nuts, Coir, &c and levied on the return Cargo of rice - This is limited by certain rates between boat owner and the Kolasies

Cooly hire Freight &c

Illicit Traffic in Coir

67 - I am not inclined to believe that there is much clandestine traffic in coir from the islands - The imports to Mangalore will always be found to fall short

of any calculation made of the probable produce of the "return" number of bearing trees, but 5 to 7½ per Cent must be allowed for home consumption; A considerable number of trees are cut for Neera and many nuts are used for drinking before the husk is formed, besides which, no doubt a large quantity of husks are wasted and not made up into yarn, particularly in Jaffna. The islanders probably make up some coir into cables for their own use, which they may subsequently be induced to dispose of elsewhere but the strictest enquiries I could make, lead me to believe that though I have heard some hints against the inhabitants of Jaffna, there is no extensive and systematic smuggling now in Since the value of coir has fallen it has been the interest of the islanders to keep up this produce has a ready and steady market. If the prices paid are not quite equal to what they might obtain elsewhere, they are paid with the greatest regularity and the inhabitants are perfectly sensible that this difference does not pay so handsomely, on them as would a regular

enjoyment on the land or trees, I believe from these considerations they are jealous of any irregularity among themselves which might endanger the continuance of the system. Pattamars never visit the islands and ships avoid them if possible, a few only, from the Southern harbours of India going direct to Arabia, sight them but probably not more than 5 or 6 a year and whenever a boat returns from a ship, she is drawn out of the water and before being launched again it is necessary to obtain the Monegars permission and a Peon searches her before she returns. This may not be a slight check though it may be evaded with the greatest ease, were it not their interest to avoid raising the least suspicion.

Salt & Tobacco. 65 The question of Salt and Tobacco is one of considerable importance on these islands as practically neither Monopoly now reaches them. The whole of the Salt consumed in these islands is imported from Jaffna, whether two or three boats are sent every season for the annual supply. It is there bought for 3/4 a rupee per Bushel and sold in the islands at 7 annas per Bushel

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a price very much below what it could be got for in the Government Godowns. The Beehyé islands are supplied chiefly from ours. The islanders of Anjengo state their annual consumption to be about 800 to 1000 Moorahs per annum that of all the islands attached to Cannanore may amount to fifteen to eighteen hundred. The islanders who made no secret of this said that they had always been in the habit of getting their Salt from Goa, and quoted as a direct prohibitory Order of 1820 directing the Manigar had stopped and reported for orders and permitted to import Salt in the way they had hitherto been accustomed to. This smuggling have been winked at all along from a feeling that the enforcement of the Monopoly would be attended with the greatest difficulty and probably with most unsatisfactory results and that prohibition would be contrary to the consumption of Salt among the ports

for the

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who would use Sea Water in their Cooking instead as they now do when the supply is deficient, but possibly without forcing the body of the islanders to seek their supply from the Government Godowns. Every encouragement facility for smuggling exists in such islands. There is no convenient spot to look out from, and perfect knowledge of them as they are, they may be approached by boats almost unperceived by a person on the shore and even by a person out from the low shore about which they are not seen above a few miles distant and the islanders are on the habits whom they wish to avoid the Government Officers of first sighting the islands from the mast head, and then trying to hit after that head, and during the night and dark they run during the night and are safe before the morning as those the Sirkeedy doubtless whose the interests of the whole population are so perfectly at one as on this subject throughout would scarcely permit the first introduction while themselves personally interested in this introduction of so on this quantity and beyond the ex- pense of effect of suppression does not in probable

that

that these Peons might be remiss in their duties - The islanders would be burthened with an increased and otherwise unnecessary establishment while the advantage to Government would probably hardly pay the expences -

70 The Tobacco question is now of less consequence, but this is mark in the same predicament - The islanders generally take a few Maunds from the Government Godowns for home sake, but the principal consumption on the islands is of Bengal Tobacco - On this point the islanders were more reserved, and although I could not thoroughly trace its introduction it seems to be through the Body of Cammanoes - She probably has some traffic with Bengal, and supplies her own islands, and from them it is introduced into ours - The prices are about 3/4ths of the Government prices and sufficiently low to induce consumers to prefer it - This also has been frequently reported by the local officers, and Bengal Tobacco stopped but it has been tolerated under the same considerations as influenced the

the directions with reference to Salt, and the tobacco returned to the islanders with a warning not to smuggle in future - It would be still more difficult to put a stop to this, less bulky than Salt it is introduced in small quantities from the neighbouring islands, and often about the person -

Sibbendy - 71 The management of the islands is entrusted to a Brinegar with the powers of an Amen of Police whose station through out the greater part of the year is Amcendary of six or seven with him in Amcendary and the rest distributed, one in each of the other islands - The Brinegar see that there is no clandestine traffic in Coir from the islands but he has nothing to do with the accounts weighing &c of the Coir and his duties are exclusively police - He has the assistance of one of the islanders as a Havany to take down depositions, and to vouch them for the character most in the Archie - In addition to these duties the Havany has those of the Thangoguy, he keeps the accounts of the trees and the coir in the islands, and makes out and delivers the accounts of coir brought

to

to the coast, in short he is the working man of the islands. His remuneration is Pedderas of Rice per Annum worth about 24 Rupees or little more than 2 Rupees per mensem, and less than half of a Peons pay. It has always been an ill paid office, but under the Beeby's rule the Paramy besides this nominal remuneration, had several perquisites which of course he does not now enjoy. The only addition to the Sibbandy expences of these islands which I would recommend, would be to raise this mans pay to that of a Peons for he is next the Monegar, the most important person on the islands and has considerable influence. Were this office more valuable he would prove a useful servant of Government. Should any change be made in this system, this will be absolutely necessary. The expences of the Sibbandy are entered in the Margin. Shew an average for 10 years of 635 Rupees per Annum. The Paramy's allowance is included which being paid in Rice and varying according to the Market value of the article causes its

in part the slight irregularity observable. For extraordinary occasions such as the protection, which the happily of rare occurrence, the Sibbandy is quite inadequate and to meet such emergencies a large addition would be requisite 2 or 3 Peons among 1000 men as there are, would be disregarded, and on the occasion of the march of the Byramgorees the Sibbandy were robbers to a large amount. The only hope is to engage the body of the islanders in the work of their Salvage, and for this end to the strictest letter of the law in case of a recurrence of those barbarous practices. The former I have attempted to do by pointing out to them and fully explaining the nature of salvage transactions, and how fully warned them of the severity of the English law in such cases, but with what success remains to be seen. If this I am convinced that under the similar circumstances a small Extra Sibbandy would be of little if any value. At present I do not think that an extra Establishment is necessary.

necessary and that the Mokkesseers should be made more use of. Should any change in the revenue system be made, its increase will be requisite.—

Head inhabitants 72— In those small islands— there are no Potails or heads of Villages, but their places are supplied in each of the islands by the body of Karavmars the hereditary heads of families that formerly paid— Nazzers regularly for their local honors and priviledges to the house of Cannanore. Many of their priviledges have fallen into disuse, but that of sitting at Koote is one still jealously guarded. In Ameendevy these are 21 in number and divided into two classes, in the first are the heads of the 4 principal families of Pandamelly Pooruett Porart & Beamady, the seventeen others, sit at the Koots and decide the petty disputes of the islands, but have not so much influence. The Karavmars of Ameendevy have considerable influence in the others islands but they too have their Karavmars though less numerous. These with the permission of the Moneegars or Peons assemble

Koots

Koots for the various purposes of internal economy of the islands, as when thefts of fruits are very frequent, to enquire into them and discover the thieves, who before the Koots will generally confess. At certain periods they assemble to settle a day or week for killing rats, or the Cocoanut beetle which are so destructive to the Trees in all the islands except Kiltan. To them is referred every case of the nature of a civil dispute and though not always impartial, and generally dilatory in their work they are a valuable body of judges where Custom and hearsay rule almost every question for until very lately the use of documents was unknown in these islands. So much business as is possible of this nature should be referred to them for decision and will be decided more to the satisfaction of the parties generally than could be done by officers holding local Civil jurisdiction. Previous to the Collector has taken cognizance of all cases on which rights were

cases concerned, and referred them to their Karonars for decision - As long as this body exist to appoint Moonsiffs or any civil authority would be to entail expense if — nothing worse - It has been the custom of these assemblies or Five to as they are — called to impose small fines paid in Coir to Government on Members who absent themselves without sufficient cause, as well as on those who do not appear before them when called and this excellent custom has always been recognized by the Magistrate and such fines confirmed -

73- Every encouragement should be given to the participation of this body in all questions of public interest. They are inclined to avoid the trouble, but the Monegar has been directed to make some of them always assemble when examinations are going on in the Cutcherry and to give due weight to their opinions in cases reported to the Magistrate, or such as he decides himself - The Cazy of Tmeendery has considerable influence and is appointed by the Collector at the recommendation of the islanders, as there is no Civil Officer, a good deal of petty business is done by him and his efficiency and impartiality are of importance to the well being of the inhabitants - The conduct of the present one is much complained of - The Karonars stand bail for all persons charged with crimes, for which it will be necessary to bring them to the Coast, and undertake to deliver them before the Magistrate and in cases of fines, some one of them undertakes to

Cazy

the amount of Coir and deliver it on the Coast according to the Monegars list. No Coir is ever collected by the Police so these Karonars with the Karany is left the whole Coir management, and it may be said that the generality of the islanders are the dependants of some one or other of them. By immemorial custom they are required to furnish boats and rowers gratis to take the monegar, the tour of the island once in the beginning of every season, to make enquiries into what has happened during the monsoon and examine any cases that may have accumulated.

74. The state of crime in these islands for the last 8 years is shewn by the marginal statement to be on the whole increasing, but I attribute this to greater vigilance in bringing offenders for ward. The most frequent crimes are petty assaults and theft of nuts from the trees but there is from time to time a case of stealing from houses and slight

Police

Year	Total Punished	Imprisonment in Cutcherry	Imprisonment in Gaol	Fine	Amount of Coir. Candy	Viss	Lbs
1837	79	7	72	-	16	"	
1838	76	7	69	-	19	17½	
1839	34	-	34	-	8	17½	
1840	167	29	138	2	17	7	
1841	165	45	120	2	8	21	
1842	105	19	86	2	11	7	
1843	118	31	87	2	11	"	
1844	93	18	75	1	13	"	

slight house breaking. Great difficulty is experienced in making out a case which islanders see will require to go before the court from the fear of being obliged to attend as witnesses. This is especially the case when the witnesses are chiefly females, for they will not leave the islands, the matter is therefore immediately compromised and justice frequently defeated. The Monegar has no proper place of confinement, and the punishment of imprisonment for theft is quite a farce and ineffectual, the principal Inhabitants generally recommend flogging. For petty assaults fines are levied in Coir at 1 Rupee per Maund. The price actually paid by Government is only about 11 annas per Maund, and the local value must be always below that, and probably not above 10 annas per Maund, the commutation rate there is greatly in favor of the fined, but even this calculation will not measure its value to a man in so far as the raw material about him and has merely to direct the women of his house to make up a little more Coir. The fines are never paid at once, for the Monegar has no room to keep Coir, and its weight always varies, but are undertaken by one of the Karonars so that all things considered the commutation rate should at least be doubled. But I should strongly

strongly recommend that Police fines be levied in Coir in future.

75. The Monegar makes the tour of the Islands only once a year generally, though as situated near each other, this is not sufficient for effectual supervision, and he should be authorized to engage a boat for that purpose at least once a month while communication is open.

Coir Monopoly on the Coast.

76. The management of the Coir in the Government Monopoly, and the sources whence we look for a small revenue alone remain to be described. The months of January and February are very busy ones on the islands, the accumulations of Coir for the season are gathered and made up into yarns of 70 to 75 fathoms long and brought by each family to the boat owner whom they are bound to employ; he receives their Coir by weight but without reference to the quality, and undertakes to pay to each on his return their due proportion of the price received from Government for the boat load, and this too is done without reference to the classification on the Coast. The Coir is then unrolled, and packed tightly into boats which will carry from 50 to 60 candies. The boats are generally so top heavy from the article being bulky that should they meet squalls, they are obliged to

to throw a large quantity over board, the loss of Coir in this way is frequently very considerable. In March and April the Coir is brought to the Coast. It is dried for 8 days weighed and delivered into the godowns by the islanders, and no expense is incurred. No separation of the Coir into different Classes or particular examination into its quality now takes place at the time of receiving the Coir, it is only in payment of the prices that any classification is made. and since 1837, the quantities to be received in each class have been fixed at a certain rate per cent, according to the general character of the Coir supplied from each of the islands. Of Amcendevy and Kodarmut Coir for imported together they are received indiscriminately, though the latter is of the best quality. 70 per Cent is paid for as 1st Class Coir at 21 Rupees 11 annas per Mangalore Candy of 560 lbs, equal to 25 Rupees per Calicut Candy of 640 lbs. 20 per Cent is paid for as 2d Class at the rate of 17 Rupees 8 annas per Mangalore Candy (or 20 Rupees per Calicut Candy) and 10 per Cent is entered as 3d Class Coir and paid for at the rate of 13 4 6 per Mangalore Candy (equal to 15 Rupees per Calicut Candy) this will give the average price paid for a Mangalore Candy of Amcendevy Coir Rupees 20 and 2 annas, or 23 Rupees per Calicut

Classification of Coir.

Candy of 640 lbs. Kittan and Chettat Coir is finer and softer and is received on a somewhat better footing. Of this 80 per cent is paid for as 1st Class, 15 per cent as 2d Class and 5 per cent only is taken as 3d Class, at which rate the Value of a Mangalore Candy is Rupees 20 12 7, or Rupees 23 12 annas per Calicut Candy and the difference between the prices paid for Amcendevi Coir and Kittan and Chettat Coir amounts to about 2/3ds per Cent. In some of the Amcendevi Reports I find the average price paid for Coir stated as Rupees 17-8 annas per Candy, which, from the above, is shown to be erroneous. Probably 2/3ds of the Coir being entered as Amcendevy Coir is paid for at the lower average rate, but even then the average rate would be Rupees 20-5-6 per Mangalore Candy or Rupees 23-4 annas per Calicut Candy.

77. Until the year 1820 all Coir was paid for at the rate of Rupees 21-14 annas per Mangalore Candy or 25 Rupees per Calicut Candy of 640 lbs. It appears from the Records that in that year the Head English Writer reduced the price of some considered as inferior to Rupees 17-8 as per Mangalore Candy an arrangement which was confirmed by Principal Collector Harris under date the 8th April 1820. The Native servants

soon

soon introduced a 3d. class, and made still further reduction and the classification of the Coir became a cause of yearly complaint on the part of the islanders against the partiality and injustice of the public servants, who, they alleged, were inexperienced and unfit to judge the qualities of the Coir Mr. Dewin referred the matter in 1837 to a Punchayet of experienced Merchants, who decided that 90 per Cent of Chettat and Hittan Coir should be paid for as 1st. Class Coir, and 10 per Cent should be received as 2d. Class Coir, but that none of the Coir supplied from these two Islands was sufficiently superior as to justify its being placed in a 3d. Class they recommended that 75 per Cent of Ameeny and Kadamat Coir should be paid for as 1st. Class 19 per Cent as 2d. Class, and 6 per Cent as 3d. Class. From a comparative statement of the classification made by the servants during the five preceding years it appeared that, on an average 66 per cent only, of Ameeny and Kadamat Coir had been paid for as 1st. Class 22½ per Cent as 2d. and 11½ per cent as 3d. Class that of Chettat Coir 77½ per Cent had been taken in the 1st. Class, 15 per Cent as the 2d. and 7½ per Cent as the

3d., while the average classification of Hittan Coir had been 75 per Cent as the 1st. Class, 15½ per cent as the 2nd, and 9¾ per Cent as the 3d. It appeared from this that the classification by the native Servants had been to the disadvantage of the islanders, but the recommendation of the Merchants was considered too favorable. The islanders and Karany were then examined and after some discussion the rates were fixed as they now stand. By this arrangement an end was put to the Constant, and in part just Complaints of the islanders and to a great deal of trouble and loss of time in classifying the Coir, a classification of which no notice was taken in selling it. The islanders were fully warned that if advantage were taken of the arrangement, and Coir found to deteriorate, it would be given up. I do not think that this had had the effect that was feared; the most material differences in the quality of Coir arise from causes over which the islanders have no control and they manifest a most wholesome dread of the old state of things being reverted to.—

We

Price

7s.

Up to fusly 1235 the Bombay and Bengal Government took almost the whole of the Coir brought from these islands, and credited this collectorate with 65 Rupees per Candy - The price has since fallen very much the Bengal Government now seldom require more than ½ or ⅔ds of what we have, and the rest which is in general of a 2d rate quality after selecting for the Bengal Government is sold here by public auction. A marginal statement shows the amount sent to Bengal yearly since 1247. and the Amount credited per candy at the Bazar rate in Mangalore the loss of the Huzoor records precludes me from making this statement more perfect. Another statement shows the average prices per Candy obtained at auction here for 10 Fusles 1243/52 but

Fusles	Quantity of Coir	Rate per Candy	Value
	Candies Mds lbs	Rs a p	Rs a p
1247	739 " "	20 " "	14780 " "
1248	90 18 14	20 " "	1818 8 "
	200 13 17	25 " "	5017 " 2
	291 12 3	" " "	6835 8 2
1249	401 5 9	25 " "	10031 10 6
1250	393 16 2	25 " "	9845 " "
1251	253 8 11	25 " "	6335 7 10
1252	275 " 15	25 " "	14133 4 10
1253	565 6 18	25 " "	14133 4 10
1254	265 9 24	25 " "	6637 5 2

but a Column in Appendix A will show the exact prices realized per Candy since the islands have been under Company. The prices realized have fluctuated greatly during the last 20 years; they have frequently below the price paid to the islanders, and at best have never yielded above 12 to 20 per cent profit.

Sources of surplus revenue.

79. During the first five fusles of the British rule in Canara, the islands were rented to Packy Beary by whom probably very large profits were made. In 1214 their management was assumed by the Government; and from that year till fusly 1236 a considerable surplus revenue was derived from these islands, principally from the difference between the purchase and sale prices of the article. The average surplus profits of the Monopoly for 5 years from 1224 to 1228. was as shown in statement appendix A Rupees 23424 per annum and of 5 years from 1229 to 1233 both years inclusive was Rupees 25105 per annum. The value of coir having fallen, the Bengal Government

Government declined crediting the district with more than the Mangalore market price for the article supplied to them and it will be found on examining Column 4 of appendix A that the average price realized by the sale of Coir since 1937 has been Rupees 21-8-8 per Candy and as the purchase price was about 20-5-" per Candy scarcely more than 5 per cent was derived from the proper source of a monopoly revenue. Some excess of receipts over disbursements however has been maintained in the following manner. The price of Coir paid to the islanders has from time immemorial been paid one fourth in Coir and 3/4ths in rice, the rate at which this latter was to be paid was early fixed at 84 Rupees per Corge of 42 Mooras at the time Canara first came under the British rule the price of rice was very unsteady and the arrangement when made was in favor of the islanders, but the price of rice has steadily and permanently fallen, and now stands about 25 per Cent below

below the Commutation rate as then fixed. Bought at 61 Rupees it is delivered to the islanders at 84 Rupees per Corge hence a loss to the Coir growers of 25 per Cent. in 3/4 of their receipts, and a saving to Government of 18 3/4 per Cent of the whole price paid. But there is a further very anomalous impost on the export of the rice paid to the islanders by the Government. Under the name of sea customs, half a Maund of Coir per Moora of the rice so supplied to the islanders in exchange for Coir is placed in arrear against the boat owner exporting, and levied the next year before any of the rest of his Coir is paid for. This has the appearance of a contrivance to reduce as far as possible the prices to be paid, the rice is exported on "Free" Certificates, and no part of exaction is accounted for under sea Customs, but is brought to account among the Coir receipts. The value of half a Maund of Coir at 20 Rupees per Candy is 1/2 a Rupee so that a second reduction of 25 per Cent in that portion of

of the value of produce, paid in Kind at 2 Rupees per Imoorah is made in the growers receipts, with a consequent saving to Government of 18¾ per cent of the whole price. Thirty seven and a half per cent is thus saved from the price of Coir guaranteed to be paid to the islanders by the Government, and on this patchwork fund liable as it is to all sorts of fluctuations from changes in the market value of the rice, and quantity of Coir imported, do we now without any reasonable prospect of material improvement, depend for a revenue to meet the Charges on these islands.-

Value of Coir

80. This reduction of 37½ per Cent as above described makes the actual Value of a Candy of Coir to the producer only Rupees 12 3/4 though nominally it stands fixed at upwards of 20 Rupees.-

State of the Revenues of late years.

81. The accounts of 14 years (see Appendix A) since the important change in the prices obtained for Coir, shew that as far as concerns this district there has been a balance of receipts over disbursements in 15 years averaging for the 15 years Rupees 3741-12-9 per annum. In 1242 43 there was a net deficiency. As an offset against this balance, the Revenue allowance of

of 1500 Pagodas / 5250 Rupees / enjoyed by the house of Cannanore as compensation since about 1232 should be reckoned, but as the district records do not show the nature of this transaction, this sum is not included among the charges against the revenues of the Islands shown in appendix A. should such an allowance exist it is clear that during 12 years from 1237 to 1248 there was, with two exceptions 1245 and 1247 an annual net deficiency in the revenues of the Island as compared with the charges. However since 1249 the prices realized have been steadier and better, during the 5 years 1249 to 1253 there has been an excess of receipts over disbursements averaging annually Rupees 7857-8-4 and leaving even if necessary to charge the whole allowance above alluded against these islands, as net surplus revenue averaging about 2,600 Rupees per annum.-

Of the System generally.

82. The unproductiveness of the Coir monopoly and the position of Government receiving as it does large quantities of raw produce, fortunately not of a very perishable nature, which frequently lies on its hands upwards of a year after the purchase money has been paid, and for which, were not

not a distant market provided probably
scarcely higher prices than those prescrip-
tively fixed as payable to the producers
would be obtained, these considerations,
and irregularity and uncertainty of the
fund from which the present occasional
surplus is obtained as shown in practice,
seem to have suggested to the Officers in
charge of the district for several years
back, the idea that some change of
system might be advisable. The growth
of Coir on the coast has increased so
much that though the quality of Lac-
cadive Coir will always enable it to
command better prices than the coast
grown article the former prices will never
again be obtained and even a still further
fall may occur.

83. The following paras are from
Mr. Collector Cotton's annual Report
of 1835, and the same sentiments
seem to have been adopted by several
officers since.

Para 31. "I see no reason why the Is-
landers should now be dispersed in so
peculiar a manner, the Inhabitants
should

"should I think be allowed to trade in
"Coir as well as any other produce, and
"whatever revenue they may be con-
"sidered liable to pay for the protection
"they enjoy, should be levied on their
"land or in export duties. I do not
"mean however to recommend the
"immediate adoption of any measure
"which may cause distress to the islanders.

(32) "The present price of Coir in
"the market of Mangalore is about 18
"Rupees per Candy, which is nearly the
"average amount of the 3 sorts as they are
"paid for by Government, but the islanders
"would not be able to find an immedi-
"ate market for the whole of their Coir
"even at a lower price if the Government
"discontinued to purchase it, and would
"no doubt suffer considerable diffi-
"culty. The Government having enjoyed
"all the advantages of high prices for
"many years, cannot now fairly call upon
"the islanders to share in the loss of low
"prices, but I think a better system of
"assessment may be substituted for
"the Coir Monopoly when Circumstances
"render a change regretable to both
parties

"parties".

84. The nature of the proposed change is not specified, but before these paras were written, Mr. Collector Cotton was aware of the declared aversion of the islanders to a change which would substitute an assessment for the present system of monopoly. The sentiments of the principal inhabitants were taken by a deposition from them in 1834, which was lost with the Vizagr records in 1839, and I cannot now cite their special reasons, but from conversation which I had with them, there can be no doubt that they still prefer the present system. Their reasons are probably a general dislike to a change in an immemorial practice. For good or for evil, so radical a change as must take place, if the present monopoly is abandoned cannot fail to excite at first sight dissatisfaction amongst the conservative spirits of a small and exclusive nature community throughout which the influence of such a change must be extensively felt. The weightiest objection however on their minds is no

no doubt the fear of a heavy direct land assessment with its official interference and its calculations and rules unbending to individual circumstances, in exchange for their present light contribution to the public revenue, for it must be borne in mind that the Coir produce of a tree is not more than 1/3rd. of the gross produce, and if under the circumstances above detailed 15 per cent of the market value of this coir falls to Government, it is less than one sixth of the gross produce. This contribution is paid in the most indirect way by the sale of surplus produce, and payment in food, and so that Government participates fully in any loss from deficiency of crops or even from the idleness of the islanders in manufacturing the Coir, while it bears exclusively any loss from enhanced prices of rice.

85. Another objection would be the difficulty of paying a money assessment the total absence of money rents would indicate that the islanders are not ready to pay a money assessment. The ready and steady market for

tend to reproduce the objections on the score of the moral effect on the people to Monopolies - The body of the people certainly are impressed with the idea of the laxity of the present rates - Twenty five Rupees for Calicut Candy was paid by former Governments and has been the basis of the rates paid by us for nearly half a century during the greater part of which period we have been gainers -

87 - Circumstances have more elevated the maintenance of the present System on the part of the Government of many of the objectionable features inseparable from Monopolies - On the part of the people is an earnest desire for its continuance, and the considerations of the antiquity of the Custom, the total absence of the demoralizing effects through not of the cramping influence of Monopolies in general, the limited extent and natural sterility of these islands, the generals steadiness of their inhabitants and the insignificance of any revenue which could possibly be derived from them seem to claim for these declared wishes as far as reasonable a hearing -

88 - I may mention some of the difficulties which it strikes me would be encountered in introducing any system such as prevails on the Coast Export & Import duties axes out of the question, the illicit traffic in Tobacco and Salt

Export & Import duties

Salt are examples of the ease with which such could be evaded - Their supplies from the Coast and — Exports to the Coast paying export & import duty on the main land, a further charge would bear heavily, if it could be enforced -

Assessment Cochwar - 89 The state of property would probably render it necessary to assess the trees - The properties are many of them very small and often consist of single trees detached at distances from each other - Cochwar assessment would therefore be different and complicated and however accurate at first — must soon differ widely from the true state of property which experience frequent revision - To complicated accounts intelligent servants on high salaries must be provided & they increased with the frequent deputation of temporary establishments - Besides — entailing on the poor islanders their exactions, it would doubtless give rise to oppression and collusion, the first is now impossible and for the — latter there is no object, which the distances from market would greatly facilitate -

Decr 1846 - 90 The state of society in these islands is such as might make it possible to assess an island as a whole collecting the revenue directly from the Proprietors and leaving its distribution to themselves - Influential Natives could be severally be entrusted -

tend to reproduce the objections on the score of the moral effect on the people to Monopolies. The body of the people certainly are impressed with the idea of the fixity of the present rates. Twenty five Rupees for Cutcherry Candy was paid by former Governments and has been the basis of the rates paid by us for nearly half a century during the greater part of which period we have been gainers.

87. Circumstances have now occasioned the maintenance of the present system on the part of the Government of many of the objectionable features inseparable from Monopolies. On the part of the people is an earnest desire for its continuance, and the considerations of the antiquity of the Custom, the total absence of the demoralizing effects through not of the cramping influence of Monopolies in general, the limited extent and natural sterility of these islands, the generals steadiness of their inhabitants and the insignificance of any revenue which could possibly be derived from them seem to claim for these declared wishes as far as reasonable, a hearing.

88. I may mention some of the difficulties which it strikes me would be encountered in introducing any system such as prevails on the Coast. Export or Import duties are out of the question, the illicit traffic in Tobacco and

Salt

Export Duties.

Salt are examples of the ease with which such could be evaded. Their supplies from the Coast and Exports to the Coast paying export or import duty on the main land, a further charge would bear heavily, if it could be enforced.

Assessment Cowlwar.

89. The state of property would probably render it necessary to assess the trees. The properties are many of them very small, and often consist of single trees detached at distances from each other. A Cowlwar assessment would therefore be difficult and complicated and however accurate at first would soon differ widely from the true state of property and require frequent revision. For complicated accounts intelligent servants on high salaries must be provided & the[n]dy increased with the frequent deputation of temporary establishments. Besides entailing on the poor islanders their exactions, it would doubtless give rise to oppression and collusion, the first is now impossible and for the latter there is no object, which the distances from market would greatly facilitate.

Decrease

90. The state of society in these islands is such as might make it possible to assess an island as a whole collecting the revenue directly from the Ryot assessed and leaving its distribution to themselves. Influential Ryots would generally be interested

15761

Fort St. George

7th December 1846.

Appendix A. General Statement shewing the quantity of Coir received, the amount of Receipts and Disbursements and the surplus revenue derived from the Laccadive Islands since coming under the Honorable Company's Rule-

Fusilies	Receipts			Disbursements				Net Profits of the Monopoly	Deficiency	Remarks
	Total amount of Coir	Amount realized on the Sales of Coir	Average price per Candy	Amount paid to the Islanders on account of Coir	Miscellaneous Expences Sibundy	Sea Customs	Total			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Candies Mds Lbs Rds	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	
1209	" " " "	6,300 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	6,800 " "	" " "	
1210	" " " "	7,200 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	7,200 " "	" " "	
1211	" " " "	9,100 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	9,100 " "	" " "	
1212	" " " "	9,500 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	9,500 " "	" " "	
Total	" " " "	42,100 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	42,100 " "	" " "	
Average of 5 years	" " " "	8,420 " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	8,420 " "	" " "	
1214	313 " 17 30	18,375 4 9	58 10 5	6,546 9 7	289 " "	7,135 9 7	11,239 11 2	" " "		
1215	395 15 13 "	21,767 8 8	55 " "	7,059 2 8	354 12 10	7,813 13 6	13,953 8 11	" " "		
1216	399 8 16 "	25,962 13 8	65 " "	7,314 4 2	296 " "	7,610 4 2	18,352 9 6	" " "		
1217	400 12 9 "	26,041 3 3	65 " 1	6,548 10 8	291 1 "	7,139 11 8	18,901 7 7	" " "		
1218	367 7 26 "	22,734 9 "	64 9 7	6,377 12 4	644 8 1	7,022 4 5	15,712 4 7	" " "		
Total	1876 5 7 30	114,881 7 1	308 4 4	34,446 7 5	1,875 5 11	36,721 13 4	78,159 9 7	" " "		
Average of 5 years	375 5 1 22	22,976 4 7/8	61 10 3/8	6,689 4 8/5	375 1 2/5	7,344 5 10/5	15,631 14 9	" " "		

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Fort St. George

Receipts

Fusilies	Total Amount of Coir	Amount charged on the Sales of Coir	Average price per Candy
1	2	3	4
	Candies Mds. lbs. Nos.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1219	338 14 27 "	19,933 1 10	59. 7 5
1220	421 13 20 "	26,753 14 "	63 7 1
1221	463 18 17 "	29,444 3 9	63 7 1
1222	400 10 3 "	25,807 6 3	64 6 11 2/8
1223	419 18 " "	27,293 8 "	65 " "
Total	2044 15 11 "	129,232 1 10	315 12 6
Average of 5 years	408 19 2 8	25,846 6 9 3/8	63 2 6
1224	508 9 15 "	33,050 12 1	65 " "
1225	402 12 8 "	26,169 4 10	64 15 11 1/4
1226	475 7 17 "	30,899 11 7	66 " "
1227	533 14 22 "	34,693 " 10	65 " "
1228	483 10 11 "	31,623 12 8	65 2 "
Total	2403 14 17 "	156,436 7 9	326 1 11 1/2
Average of 5 years	480 14 25 32	31,287 5 1 13/16	65 3 7/16

7th December 1846.

Disbursements

Amount paid to the Islanders for Coir	Miscellaneous Expenses since and Coir	Allowance this year	Total	Net Profits of the Monopoly	Deficiency	Remarks
5	6		7	8	9	10
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
5,963 15 11	799 7 9		6703 7 8	13,229 10 2	" " "	
7,358 15 5	677 15 3		8,531 14 8	18,221 15 4	" " "	
8,507 9 9	1,139 13 6		8,947 7 3	20,496 12 6	" " "	
7,665 6 5	299 5 3		7,964 11 8	15,342 10 7	" " "	
7,290 4 8	378 " "		7,668 4 8	19,626 3 4	" " "	
39,221 4 2	2,674 9 9		41,315 13 11	87,416 3 11	" " "	
7,844 4 6/16	518 14 9		8,363 2 9 6/16	17,483 3 11 4/8	" " "	
7,450 13 7	373 10 10		7,824 8 5	25,226 3 8	" " "	
5,146 9 4	369 6 11		5,516 " 3	20,653 4 7	" " "	
7,647 13 "	373 6 10		8,021 3 10	22,878 7 9	" " "	
8,804 3 4	374 2 4		9,178 5 4	25,514 11 6	" " "	
8,396 3 10	376 10 3		8,773 1 1	22,850 11 4	" " "	
37,445 10 9	1,867 5 2		39,313 2 11	117,183 6 10	" " "	
7,489 2 1 12/16	373 7 5 3/16		7,862 10 2 3/16	23,424 10 11 3/8	" " "	

15763

Fort St. George 7th December 1806.

Fusilies	Total amount of Coir	Receipts: Amount realized on the Sales of Coir	Receipts: Average price per Candy	Disbursements: Amount paid to the Islanders on account of Coir	Disbursements: Miscellaneous and Expenses Sibbendy	Disbursements: Total	Net Profits of the Monopoly	Deficiency	Remarks.
1	2.	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Candies Md. lbs.	Ps a d	Ps a d	Ps a d	Ps a d	Ps a d	Ps a d	Ps a d	
1229	477 7 19	31029 15 7	65 " "	8462 5 9	377 1 7	8839 7 4	22190 7 10	" " "	
1230	490 8 12	31877 6 1	65 " "	8519 5 1	400 1 7	9019 6 8	22857 15 6	" " "	
1231	646 12 4	42029 7 6	65 " "	8664 " "	375 7 2	9039 7 2	32990 " 4	" " "	
1232	452 4 15	29394 11 10	65 " "	5949 9 10	393 11 2	6343 5 "	23051 6 10	" " "	
1233	617 8 18	33633 1 6	66 " "	8221 12 9	976 6 3	9198 3 "	24434 14 6	" " "	
Total	2584 1 12	167964 10 1	325 " "	39917 1 5	2522 11 9	42439 13 2	126524 12 11	" " "	
Average of 5 years	516 16 8	33592 14 9 12/16	65 " "	7983 6 8 11	504 8 9	8487 15 6 9/16	25104 15 4 2/5	" " "	
1234	529 " 17	34386 15 6	65 " "	8996 6 "	663 5 10	9649 11 10	24737 3 8	" " "	
1235	524 6 26	34082 8 6	65 " "	9035 4 "	593 1 "	9628 5 "	24454 3 6	" " "	
1236	497 14 14	25926 15 8	52 1 5½	8390 3 9	860 9 6	9250 13 3	16676 2 6	" " "	
1237	527 9 15	12501 1 10	23 11 2¼	8068 10 10	1028 3 3	9096 14 1	3404 3 9	" " "	
1238	454 13 2	8929 " "	19 10 2¾	5953 15 1	797 5 2	6751 4 3	2177 11 9	" " "	
Total	2533 4 18	115326 9 6	225 7 10½	40447 8	3932 8 9	44377 " 5	71449 9 1	" " "	
Average of 5 years	506 12 26	23165 6 15	45 1 6⅘	8088 14 4	786 8 14/5	8875 6 8⅘	14239 14 73/5	" " "	
1239	379 1 7	7440 3 1	19 10 10½	4096 1 3	548 12 9	4644 14 "	2795 5 1	" " "	
1240	498 10 12	9982 3 1	20 6 3¼	6173 " 1	356 9 6	6529 9 7	3452 10 4	" " "	
1241	563 13 6	11011 7 6	19 5 9¾	7630 13 3	735 9 6	8416 2 6	2595 5 9	" " "	
1242	584 1 20	8661 8 8	14 13 1¼	8306 12 3	1231 10 10	9538 7 1	" " "	876 14 5	
1248	593 6 14	8492 14 2	14 6 ¼	5127 7 8	567 5 8	5694 13 4	" " "	201 15 2	
Total	2623 12 2	45588 5 4	88 8 1	34384 2 6	3440 " 3	37823 14 6	8843 3 2	1078 13 7	
Average of 5 years	524 14 11 21	9117 10 8	17 11 2⅘	6876 8 3/5	688 " 3/5	7564 12 6	1768 10 7/5	215 12 3 4/5	

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Fort St. George

7th December 1816.

Years	Total Amount of Coir	Amount realized on the Sales of Coir	Average price per Candy	Disbursements: Amount paid to the Islanders in rice and Coir	Disbursements: Miscellaneous Expenses Allowed you	Total	Net Proceeds of the Monopoly	Deficiency	Remarks
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Candies Mds lbs Nut	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	
1244	517 16 14 "	19,683 " "	38 11 2½	6,202 9 10	615 9 4	7,020 3 2	12,662 12 10	" " "	
1245	585 1 11 "	11,353 1 11	19 3 ¾	7,575 4 3	586 9 10	8,161 14 6	3,191 3 5	" " "	
1246	567 6 3 "	11,538 9 2	20 4 10 3/11	7,171 14 8	840 2 5	8,012 1 1	3,526 8 1	" " "	
1247	1138 12 21 "	27,642 1 10	23 11 9 3/7	9,877 2 6	642 2 10	10,539 5 4	17,012 12 6	" " "	
1248	631 6 21 20	15,350 4 2	24 5 ½	10,227 14 2	638 2 2	10,866 1 4	4,484 2 10	" " "	
Total	3,440 2 14 20	85,567 1 1	106 4 ¼	41,276 14 10	3,322 10 7	44,599 9 5	40,967 7 8	" " "	
Average of 5 years	688 " 14 4	17,113 6 7½	21 1 ½	8,255 6 2	664 8 6½	8,919 14 8½	8,193 7 11½	" " "	
1249	632 3 2 "	15,728 10 5	24 12 ¾	9,497 8 2	590 12 10	10,088 5 "	8,640 5 5	" " "	
1250	664 3 18 20	16,463 5 3	24 15 10¾	7,287 5 10	599 13 7	7,887 3 5	8,581 1 10	" " "	
1251	649 17 27 "	16,245 5 5	24 15 11½	8,071 2 1	567 12 6	8,638 14 7	7,606 6 10	" " "	
1252	764 4 7 20	17,593 5 4	24 15 7	7,049 12 6	577 9 11	7,627 6 5	9,965 14 11	" " "	
1253	622 15 4 "	15,380 4 10	25 " 2	7,533 " 3	553 7 7	8,086 7 10	7,493 13 "	" " "	
Total	3273 3 29 "	81,610 15 3	124 11 8	39,438 12 10	2889 5 5	42,323 5 3	39,287 10 "	" " "	
Average of 5 years	654 12 22 24	16,322 3 2/5	24 15 1⅗	7,887 12 2	577 14 5⅘	8464 10 7⅘	7857 8 4⅘	" " "	

Mangalore
16th July 1816

Signed W. Robinson
Assistant Collector

Abstract

15765

Fort St. George

7th December 1846.

B Abstract Statement shewing the Native Returns of Population &c. of the Laccadive Islands

		Population			Cocoa plantation														Boats		
		Male	Female	Total	Total Trees	Cocoa Trees in bearing	Young trees and Plants	Total productive	Houses	Looms	Sail Cloth	Bread fruits	Hadal Trees	Lime Trees	Cattle	Plantain Gardens	Large	Small	Dingies
Amendevy	For 1827	No Returns			67534	2745	20716	44073	198	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	" 1831	944	994	1938	71616	1589	23358	46669	296	31	389	438	"	29	100	134	371	17	14	77
	" 1839	1081	1161	2242	64943	7660	20902	36341	345	33	440	334	"	17	101	167	365	13	18	97
	" 1844	1142	1173	2315	61172	4082	18891	44229	343	38	322	858	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Kadamut	For 1827	No Returns			2936	66	1126	1744	10	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	" 1831	38	38	76	4699	237	2731	1731	15	2	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	" 1839	60	54	114	2401	138	915	1348	22	2	"	4	"	4	1	17	"	"	2	10	
	" 1844	71	62	133	3319	153	804	2362	22	2	"	8	"	3	1	26	"	"	2	9	
Keltan	For 1827	No Returns			29975	2102	19861	8022	62	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	" 1831	224	241	465	34428	1207	23433	9788	92	6	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	" 1839	263	268	531	27108	3630	11823	11647	140	13	"	17	"	2	21	86	"	8	12	59	
	" 1844	316	323	639	29297	2525	11865	14917	151	11	"	21	"	3	23	88	"	12	11	73	
Skelat	For 1827	No Returns			2336	183	14466	6365	45	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	" 1831	140	213	353	24877	561	4246	20112	75	4	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	" 1839	234	237	471	27301	1695	18523	7283	112	7	9	17	"	22	26	52	"	8	20	66	
	" 1844	263	259	522	25665	1399	16520	7746	114	8	6	24	"	13	22	52	"	8	19	70	
Total of the Islands for 1844		1792	1817	3609	122453	8129	45070	69254	630	59	328	906	"	41	147	333	365	38	53	249	

Mangalore
16th July 1846

Signed W Robinson
Assistant Collector

Sketch

1576.

Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

Sketch of the position of the islands furnished by a Native Pilot

Ordered that the foregoing letter be submitted with the following address.

To.

1576.

Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

To

The Chief Secretary to Government.

38-39

To the Chief Secty to Government

Submitting a letter from the Collector of Canara forwarding a report drawn up by his late Assistant Mr Robinson upon that portion of the Laccadive Islands which is attached to the Canara District with the Boards remarks thereon.

Rec'd Dec 14th

Sir,

Para 1. I am directed by the Board of Revenue to forward for the Orders of the Most Noble the Governor in Council the accompanying letter from the Collector of Canara, submitting a report drawn up by his late Assistant Mr Robinson upon that portion of the Laccadive Islands which is attached to the Canara District.

2. The circumstance of Mr Robinson having been deputed by the late Principal Collector of Canara to visit the Amendavy Islands has already been brought to the notice of Government in connection with his very praiseworthy exertions in saving much of the Stores and Cargo of the Ship Ceylon which had been wrecked upon there and abandoned by her Crew. Mr Robinson is the first European authority of the Canara District who has visited these Islands since they came under the protection of the British Government and he has availed himself of the opportunity to institute minute enquiries on all points connected with the State and resources of the Group and

the

the condition of their inhabitants, and has embodied the result of his researches in a very comprehensive and able report. The Board have much pleasure in bringing this report under the consideration of Government, but as the information afforded by it is in itself so full and complete, it seems to them to be only necessary to remark upon a few of the more important points of which it treats.

3. One of the more prominent questions discussed in the report, is the propriety of imposing a land or tree assessment either partially on those portions of the Islands at present waste, or but scantily planted, or generally, in substitution of the existing Coir Monopoly. The Board entirely concur with the Collector as to the inexpediency of such a measure. The remote and for a large portion of the year inaccessible situation of these Islands, the great difficulty of maintaining the degree of supervision requisite for the success of such a System, the absence of all means of payment except in kind, the distaste with which the measure would be regarded, and the opposition which it might excite

Among

among these at present contented and well affected Islanders, seem to the Board as they do to Mr. Blane, to form most powerful objections to any such scheme. In this view the Board are of opinion that no further measures of the nature referred to in Paras 30-36-44-49. of the report for marking off vacant spots on account of Government, should be taken, nor any restriction placed upon their occupation by the inhabitants, according to the Custom which has hitherto obtained among them.

The rents of the Circar Gardens mentioned in Paras 53. 58. which seem for many years to have been held by their present occupants and at the existing rates, should also for the present at least not be interfered with and the Bobagamy system, introduced without due authority, and now pursued in respect to certain Trees in Amendavy, as described in Para 59 should be discontinued, and the Trees hitherto subjected to it be left to the parties who planted them, on a moderate rent.

4. The island of Kiltan is stated

to

to be the largest and naturally one of the most fertile of the group, but it is at the same time in the most backward state, the population being scanty and in a very depressed condition, and not a tenth one eighth of the whole area of the Island having been planted. The inhabitants have no boats for communication with the Main land, and are dependent on their neighbours of Amendevy for the means of transporting their produce to the Coast. with a view to raise their condition, and in some measure to render them independent of the Natives of Amendevy, by whom they seem at present to be kept down Mr. Robinson has advised that an advance be made to enable them to construct two shore-going boats. The sum required would not exceed Rupees 500. and would it is stated be "gratefully received and easily and regularly recovered" and the Board beg to recommend that the proposal may be acceded to.

Salt and Tobacco Monopolies Para 68.

5. The Salt and Tobacco Monopolies of the Coast seem practically scarcely to affect the Islands, but as they may possibly be occasionally made the means or pretext for petty vexation,

or

oppression on the part of the Government hereafter it is desirable that they should be formally relinquished. It is observed that the Islanders of the Sircar group obtain their Salt for the most part from Goa, on account of the low price at which it is there procurable. It may deserve consideration whether Salt might not be supplied to them to such extent as may suffice for the consumption of their Islands from the Canara Depots at such price only as should cover prime cost and charges, the measure with due precautions against abuse of the indulgence would entail no loss on Government and it would be the means of increasing the intercourse between the Islands and the Company's territory, and providing the Coir boats with a return Cargo.

6. The Police management of the Islands appears at present to be vested in a Monegar resident in Amendevie, who possesses the powers of a Police Ameen, and who is assisted by the Karanie i.e. Shanabogue or Accountant. Disputes of a civil nature are referred for the decision of

the

the Karaimars or Heads of Families. The Board are of opinion that the services of these latter parties should be more exclusively employed that they should be required to aid the Monegar as Assessors in all Police investigations, and should, with him, as President in Amendevi or under a Peon in the other Islands, constitute a Court for the trial of all Offences, except those of the most Serious Character, and where it may be necessary to send the Case for disposal to the Coast. The Salary of the Karaimar the most useful function-ary in the Islands, should be raised. Mr. Robinson has recommended that in place of his present payment in Kind, averaging about 27 Rupees per Annum, he should be paid in money, and at the rate now received by the Peons, Viz. 5 Rupees per Mensem. Mr. Blane has suggested that some of the Circar Gardens be made over to him. The Board are inclined to support the former Suggestion, both because the parties who now hold those Gardens have long been in occupation, and their disposition in favor of any other person might be felt as a hardship, and

and because a money salary always in the opinion of the Board the preferable mode of remunerating Government Servants, would perhaps in the present circumstances of the Islands, where money is scarce, be more prized by the party. It is not distinctly stated whether there are Karaimars in other Islands than Amendevi, but in such case a lower rate of remuneration would be sufficient for them. The Peons are at present five in number, and receive a Monthly pay of 5 Rupees. The Board would suggest that the best opportunities occur be selected for the Office, when the Salary might probably be reduced, and a larger number, be entertained at the present cost. a measure which seems desirable. The Monegar should be required to visit the Subordinate Islands more frequently, and to make the tour of them at least once a Month, during the fair Seasons. The conduct of the present Amze is Stated to be much complained of, and if on further enquiry the representations against him should appear well founded,

he

he should be removed and another substi-
=tuted. The Officer is stated to be ap-
=pointed by the Collector his removal
might therefore, it may be presumed, be
effected by the same Authority, and it
would not be necessary as in the case of
Cazees on the Coast, to apply to the Courts
for the purpose.

7- The concluding part of Mr.
Robinson's report is devoted to the con-
=sideration of the Coir monopoly of the
Management and operation of which he
has given a full description. This mono-
=poly it appears to the Board, if not
altogether unexceptionable, is free from
all the more serious objections to which
Monopolies in general are liable.
In former years it has yielded a
considerable profit to Government,
and still continues to furnish an

Average. amount of Revenue more
Rs. 48- 8193- 7- 11/5 than sufficient to defray all
49-53-1857- 8- 4/5 charges of the Islands, inclusive
of the Compensation (Rupees 5250) paid
annually to the Beebee of Cannanore. Until
further intercourse with the Islands
has led to an improvement in the
state of their inhabetants, it seems
to the Board that the existing mode

of

of deriving a revenue from them should
be maintained, and indeed it is
doubtful whether under present
circumstances, an equal amount of
revenue could be raised from them
in any other manner. The attention
of the Canara authorities should how-
=ever be given to the gradual ameli-
=oration of the Condition of the
Islanders. The groups should if possible
be visited once in every year by one of
the Collector's Assistants, the Natives
should be stimulated to the develope-
=ment of those resources of their Islands, which
are at present neglected of which the
manufacture of Chunam may be given
as an instance and all judicious means
adopted to bring their conditions more
upon an equality with that of their
fellow subjects of the Company on the
main land.-

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
7th. December 1816.

Signed J. Bycroft
Secretary

Read the following letter-

To.

15776 Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

To,

J. Pycroft Esqre

Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort St. George

(40)

Sir,

From the Collr of Canara

I have the honor

to forward a Statement of Salt

Wastage for July 1255

to 1845/46 Fasly

exhibiting a loss of M.G. 322-119 M. P.

0

6. or 5 8/16 per cent. Of this quantity

M

M.G. 99-184 is on account of

Wastage usually allowed on Salt

transported from one Salaok

to another and the balance

amounting to M.G. 222-335 M. P.

6 or 3 13/16 per cent is the

nat

15777 Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

net Wastage on the quantity

Stored and disposed of

in Collector's Cutcherry

Mangalore

28th November 1846.

Signed J. Le. Blanc

Collector

Statement

1578.

Fort St. George
No. 1.

Statement Shewing the Quantity of Salt sold and Canara for

7th December 1846.

Talooks	Names of the Cannahs and Collars or Depots	July in which Salt stored	Quantity Stored in each July		Total		Quantity cleared out. Quantity Sold	Quantity exported from one Depot to another	Total	Wastage. Amount of Wastage		Centage	Per centage of wastage for each Collar fixed by the Coll.r as per para 18 of the Salt rules.	
			M.y	M.P	M.y	M.P	M.y	M.P	M.y M.P	M.y	M.P			
1	2		3	4		5	6	7	8	9		10	11	
Mangalore	Mangalore	Anul	1254	12	303	"								
		Duem	1255	1268	309	"								
									1281	212	"			
	Mulky	Anul	1254	"	"	"								
									122	270	"			
Bekul	Munjaiser	Anul	1254	"	"	"								
									54	376	"			
	Coomlah	Anul	1254	"	"	"								
									67	20	"			
	Caspergode	Anul	1254	"	"	"								
									36	77	"			
	Neelaishiver	Anul	1254	"	"	"								
		Duem	1254	"	"	"								
									22	362	"			
									14	120	"			
Buntwal	Buntwal	Duem	1254	209	219	5/8								
			1255	2	172	"								
		Shiem	1254	97	144	"								
			1255	212	316									
									211	391	7 5/8			
		Sharum	1254	"	"	"								
									310	60	"			
Oodiy	Oodiawer	Anul	1254	"	"	"								
		Duem	1254	"	"	"								
									82	399	"			
	Camp	Anul	1253	"	"	"								
									39	269	"			
		Duem	1253	"	"	"								
									21	"	"			
Barcoor	Mahbootul	Anul	1254	"	"	"								
									13	235	"			
		Duem	1254	"	"	"								
									11	200	"			
		Anul	1254	36	66	2/8								
		Duem	1255	33	175	6/8								
									27	23	"			
									69	242	"	6/8		

11	266	"	1255	196	"	1270	62	"	11	150	"	11 1/10				
116	340	"	"	"	"	116	340	"	5	330	"	4 2/10				
52	123	"	"	"	"	52	123	"	2	253	"	4 12/10				
64	335	"	"	"	"	64	335	"	2	88	"	3 4/10				
34	371	"	"	"	"	34	371	"	1	106	"	3 8/10				
21	324	"	"	"	"	21	324	"	1	38	"	1 12/10				
13	240	"	"	"	"	13	240	"	"	280	"	1 11/10				
210	112	"	"	"	"	210	112	"	1	249	7/8	12 1/10				
305	191	"	"	"	"	305	191	"	4	269	"	1 8/10				
80	393	"	"	"	"	80	393	"	2	6	"	2 7/10				
37	286	"	"	"	"	37	286	"	1	383	"	4 15/10				
19	186	"	"	"	"	19	186	"	1	214	"	7 5/10				
12	189	"	"	"	"	12	189	"	1	46	"	8 4/10				
10	301	"	"	"	"	10	301	"	"	299	"	6 10/10				
25	298	"	"	"	"	25	298	"	1	125	"	4 11/10				
67	347	"	"	"	"	67	347	"	1	295	1/8	2 8/10				

Each Canara Candy of Salt weighs 560 lbs.

1579

Front 5th Georgy

1st December 1846.

Talooks	Names of the Tannahs and Cottars or Depots.	Suply in which stored	Quantity Stored In each July	Total	Quantity cleared out- Quantity sold	Quantity exported from one depot to another	Total	Wastage Amount of Wastage	Centage	Per centage of wastage for each Cottar as fixed by the Collr as per para 18 of the Salt rules.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			Mds M P	Mds M P	Mds M P	Mds M P	Mds M P	Mds M P			
Cundapore	Hungally: Honenagur	1254		78 107	54 236	17 142	71 378	6 129	8 2/16		
	Cundapoor	1254		9 58	" "	8 247	8 247	" 241	6 9/16		
	Herdy Shiem	1254		77 87	69 189	1 200	70 389	6 98	8 2/16		
	Charum	1253		37 214	31 375	" "	31 375	2 239	7 1/16		
	Wadenhobly: Arabet Aund	1254		110 389 1/8	102 64	" "	102 64	8 325 1/8	7 15/16		
	Addebetoo	1253		20 37	18 69	" "	18 69	1 368	9 9/16		
	Wadenhobly	1254		27 176	25 77	" "	25 77	2 99	8 2/16		
	Devaragur	1254		52 373	49 329	" "	49 329	3 44	5 15/16		
	Hemady	1254		15 35	" "	13 92 4	13 92 4	1 342 4	12 6/16		
	Tulloor	1254		38 240	24 373	8 334	33 307	4 333	12 10/16		
	Chellumunkydurra	1254		49 146	44 361	" "	44 361	4 185	9 2/16		
	Tullady:	1253	40 69								
		1254	34 58								
				74 127	24 248	39 264 4	64 112 4	10 14 4	13 15/16		
	Ellore:	1253	54 29								
		1254	40 152								
				94 181	39 355	44 90	84 45	10 96	10 14/16		
	Byndoor: Pettah Aund	1253	30 63								
		1254	35 38								
				66 101	39 370	19 380	59 350	5 151	8 4/16		
	Pellibackel	1253		10 19	9 24		9 24	395	9 14/16		

15780

Fort St. George

7th December 1846.

Talooks	Names of the Taunahs and Cottars or Depots	Taluk in which stored	Quantity Stored in Stock July	Total	Quantity cleared out. Quantity sold	Quantity reported from one Depot to another.	Total	Wastage Amount of Wastage	Percentage of wastage for each Cottar as fixed by the Collr as per para 18 of the Salt Rules
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
			My M P	My M P	My M P	My M P	My M P	My M P	
Coontah	Gurtagur	1254	" " "	131 72 "	121 118 "			9 326 "	7 8/16
	Pullyagur	1254	" " "	9 353 "				348 "	8 4/16
	Cottar	1253	30 7 "		9 5 "				
		1254	69 196 "						
				99 203 "				11 162 "	11 7/16
	Allany	1254	" " "	44 146 "	38 41 "			5 218 "	12 8/16
	Kugal	1254	" " "	13 27 "	38 328 "			224 "	4 5/16
	Kulbag	1254	" " "	72 237 "	12 203 "			5 267 "	7 15/16
	Sherrally Butcul	Hurdankully	1254	" " "	30 283 "	65 131 "	" " 239 "	65 371 "	5 308 "
		Ranpaul	1253	67 136 "		" " "	24 375 "	24 375 "	18 12 1/16
			1254	43 226 "					
				110 362 "				11 371 "	10 12/16
		Munjanatuya	1254	" " "	143 142 "	12 289 "	86 102 "	98 391 "	14 308 "
		Beerbal	1254	" " "	30 114 "	" " "	128 234 "	128 234 "	1 352 "
		Ebalebyggadyagud	1253	47 277 "		8 46 "	20 116 "	28 162 "	6 4/16
			1254	25 388 "					
				73 265 "				8 340 "	12 2/16
		Moondually Aund	1253	24 192 "		" " "	64 325 "	64 325 "	
			1254	36 330 "					
				60 122 "				6 386 "	11 8 1/2 16
		Shiem	1254	" " "	23 259 "	23 38 "	30 98 "	53 136 "	3 158 "
Byloor		Sunnagur	1253	" " "	10 " "		20 101 "	20 101 "	1 76 "
			1254					8 324 "	11 14 1/2 16
Goursapah		Aund	1254	56 92 "		8 324 "			
			1255	184 93 "				6 182 "	2 11/16
				240 185 "		234 3 "		234 3 "	
		Duem	1254	" " "	36 280 "	34 307 "		34 307 "	1 373 " 5 8/16
Honore		Honore	1254	" " "	36 323 "	35 41 "		35 41 "	1 282 " 4 10/16

Percentage of wastage

Wastage

Stock at George

Fourth Quarter of Fusly 1255-

District of Malabar for the 4th Quarter ending 11th July 1845

	lb	Cwt	qr lb	Cwt	qr lb	1845
						July 12th
						" " "
						1846
ter	14,50,355 1/4	12949	2 11 1/4			July 11th
	7,03,408 3/4	6816	2 20 3/4			
Last Quarter	185 01 1/2	165	2 1/2	19768	1 1/4	
	12,088 3/4	113	1 2 3/4			
	"	"	" "	279	" 3 1/4	
	44,254	395	" 11	395	" 11	
Total	2289329 1/4			20440	1 2 1/4	

Tobacco Revenue in the District of Malabar for

	Cor.s	a	P	Cor.s	a	P	1845
							July 12th
Account Current above							1846
Rupees 30-10- " to last Quarter	30581	9	10				July 11th
Ditto in this Ditto	173450	3	9	57003	13	7	
bacco to last Quarter	5070	3	6				
Ditto in this Ditto	3469	"	8				
				85454	2		
ar		"	"	"			
	47745	8					
				47745	8		
t of Jangacherry farm for Fusly 1255				1840	"	"	
Total Company's Rupees				585192	1	5	

Calicut 12th July 1845-

7th December 1845-

July 1845 ——— Cr.

	lb	Cwt	qr lb	Cwt	qr lb
By Total Quantity of Tobacco sold from 12th July 1845 to 11th July 1845 Viz.t-					
Sold to last Quarter	14,50,355 1/4	12949	2 11 1/4		
Ditto in this Ditto	3,43,332 3/4	3068	2 20 1/2	18018	1 3 1/2
By Total Quantity of Confiscated Tobacco sold to last Quarter	18,502 1/2	165	3 1/2		
Ditto Ditto in this Ditto	12,088 3/4	113	1 2 1/2	279	" 3 1/4
By Profit and Loss to last Quarter		"	" " "		
Ditto Ditto in this Ditto	173390 1/2	1548	" 11 1/2	1548	" 11 1/2
Stock on hand on the 11th July 1845	C. 8098	qr 2	lb 11 1/2		
Total	2289329 1/4			20440	1 2 1/4

the 4th Quarter ending 11th July 1845 ——— Cr.

	Cwt	qr lb	Cor.s	a	P	Cor.s	a	P
By Purchase price paid for 12949-2-11 1/2 as per Account particular								
at the average rate of Rupees 5-6-8 20 1/2/100 to last Quarter			70170	12	7			
Ditto Ditto for 5208-2-6 1/4 as per Ditto of Rupees 5-9-10 5/100 in								
this Quarter Exclusive of Hafsarah ——— No 1	2955	2 4 6				9753	1 1	
By Servants Wages to last Quarter			1741	5	1			
Ditto Ditto in this Ditto ——— No 2	809	14 6				2011	3 5	
By Sundry Charges to last Quarter			19	8	10			
Ditto Ditto in this Ditto ——— No 3	11	1 4				30	10 2	
By Packing Charges to last Quarter			839	2	"			
Ditto Ditto in this Ditto ——— No 4	509	2 4				1248	2 1	
By Boat hire to last Quarter			1302	7	8			
Ditto Ditto in this Ditto ——— No 5	149	12 5				1452	3 13	
By Bullock hire for transporting Tobacco from Coimbatore to last Qr	6600	12 5						
Ditto Ditto in this Ditto No 6	4219	1 9				10819	14 2	
By Armed Boats to prevent smuggling to last Quarter	4394	7 4						
Ditto Ditto in this Ditto No 7	2206	3 1				8594	11 "	
By Share of Confiscated Tobacco to last Quarter	9411	2 9						
Ditto Ditto in this Ditto	2310	7				1886	7 1	
By Extra Charges incurred at Coimbatore to last Quarter	541	2 6						
Ditto Ditto in this Ditto	"	" "				541	2 6	
By Repairs done to the Tobacco Godowns to last Quarter	69	7 "						
Ditto Ditto in this Ditto	18	13 9				87	14 9	
By Cost and Charges of Tobacco written off under the sanction of								
Government as per Boards Letters dated 10th March and								
23d April 1846 For Fusles 1253 and 1254						13536	12 3	
						138230	4 10	
By Net Collections						446952	12 7	
Total Company's Rupees						585192	1 5	

E. E. J. S. Signed H. T. Conolly
Collector

Bandicoot

1784 Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

Order on the 2 foregoing Statements. Ordered to be lodged in the Office

(42-44)

Read the following letter

To

J. Pycroft Esqre.

Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort St. George

45

From the Collr. of Madras

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of an Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated 18th Instant, transmitting Copy of the orders of Government therein referred to, and to report that the Officers on my Establishment whom I would wish to be exempted from attendance on the Petty Jury are the two Head Assistants the Sheristadar and the Accountant

D. Vincent Esq. Collr. Chas. Rawlinson Esq. Sheristadar and W. Nelson Esq. Acctt.

Madras 23rd November 1846

Petty Chief Clerk and Record Keeper

Signed J. A. Huddleston Collector

Resolution thereon.

(45-46)

Resolved that the foregoing letter be submitted for the information of the Most Noble the Governor in Council with reference to Extract Minutes Consultation dated 9th October last.

To

Read the following letter.

(47)

The Secretary to the

From the Secretary to the Military Board

Sir,

Board of Revenue

In reference to Extract from the Minutes of Consultation of Government dated

(40-41)

1785 Fort St. George 7th December 1846.

No. 597 dated 1st Ultimo and correspondence attached. I have the honor under the orders of the Military Board to request that the Board of Revenue will do them the favor to instruct the Collector of Sea Customs to make over to the Barrack Master the portions of the Buildings formerly belonging to the Board of Trade alluded in the 2d para of Mr. Powis letter to Government No. 124 dated 30th May 1846 and with reference to the 7th para of the same letter the Military Board would feel greatly obliged if the Revenue Board would do them the favor to adopt such measures as may appear desirable with reference to the correspondence for procuring the ground and tenements immediately to the North of the Custom House to be formed into an Export Warehouse and Yard.

Military Board Office Fort St. George 6th November 1846.

Signed J. Lavie Secretary.

Order thereon.

(48)

Ordered that Copy of the above letter and of the Extract Minutes Consultation 1st October 1846 be communicated to the Acting Collector of Sea Customs and to the Collector of Madras for their information and guidance.

The

15780 Fort St. George, 7th December 1840.

The Acting Collector of Sea Customs is requested to make over to the Barrack Master the portions of the Buildings formerly belonging to the Board of Trade, and alluded to in the 2d Para of his letter to Government No. 124 dated 30th May 1840.

The Collector of Madras will be pleased in communication with the Military Board to make such arrangements as may appear desirable for procuring the ground and tenements immediately to the North of the Custom House to be formed into an Export Warehouse and yard, and will refer to this Office for instructions in the event of any difficulties being experienced.

Ordered also that the following letter be sent in consequence.

To,

The Secretary to the
Military Board.

(47-49)

Sir,

To the Secretary to the Military Board.

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 9th Ultimo, requesting them to instruct the Collector of Sea Customs to make over to the Barrack Master the

(40-41)

15787 Fort St. George, 7th December 1840.

the portions of the Buildings formerly belonging to the Board of Trade, and to adopt such measures as may appear desirable, for procuring the ground and tenements immediately to the North of the Custom House to be formed into an Export Warehouse and yard.

In reply I am instructed to acquaint you that the Collector of Sea Customs has been requested to make over the buildings in question to the Barrack Master, and that the Collector of Madras is directed in communication with your department to make such arrangements as may appear desirable, for procuring the ground and tenements North of the Custom House, referring to this Office for instructions in the event of any difficulties being experienced.

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
7th December 1840.

/ Signed / T. Pycroft
Secretary.

Read the undermentioned Statements.

50
From the Coll.r of Rajahmundry. Statement of Contingent Charges not exceeding 20 Rupees each incurred for the Quarter ending 30th September last.

51
From the Coll.r of Guntoor. Statement of Contingent Charges not exceeding 20 Rupees each incurred for the Quarter ending 30th September last.

From

52 From the Acting Coll.r of Cuddapah - Statement of Contingent Charges not exceeding 20 Rupees each incurred for the Quarter ending 30th September last -

53 From the Acting Coll.r of Chingleput - Statement of Contingent Charges not exceeding 20 Rupees each incurred in the Revenue Department for the Quarter ending 30th September last -

54 From the Acting Coll.r of Chingleput - Statement of Contingent Charges not exceeding 20 Rupees each incurred in the Magistrates Department for the Quarter ending 30th September last -

55 From the Coll.r of North Arcot - Statement of Contingent Charges not exceeding 20 Rupees each incurred for the Quarter ending 30th September last -

56 From the Coll.r of South Arcot - Statement of Contingent Charges not exceeding 20 Rupees each incurred for the Quarter ending 30th September last -

57 From the Coll.r of Trichinopoly - Statement of Contingent Charges not exceeding 20 Rupees each incurred for the Quarter ending 30th September last -

58 From the Coll.r of Tinnevelly - Statement of Contingent Charges not exceeding 20 Rupees each incurred for the Quarter ending 30th September last -

50-59 Order on the 9 abovementioned Statements - Resolved that the necessary orders be passed -

Read

40-41

Read the undermentioned Registers -

60 From the Collector of Masulipatam - Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board during the Month of March last -

61 From the Coll.r of Masulipatam - Register of Endorsements passed by him on petitions referred by the Board for the Month of April last -

62 From the Coll.r of Masulipatam - Register of Endorsements passed by him on petitions referred by the Board for the Month of May last -

63 From the Actg Coll.r of Tinnevelly - Register of Endorsements passed by him on petitions referred by the Board for the Month of October last -

64 From the Cont. Coll.r of Coimbatore - Register of Endorsements passed by him on petitions referred by the Board for the Months of September last -

60-65 Order on the 5 above Registers - Ordered to be lodged in the Office -

Resolved that the following letters be dispatched -

To The Collector of Rajahmundry -

66 To the Coll.r of Rajahmundry -

Sir. I am directed by the Board of Revenue to call your attention to my Letter of the 9th February last relating to Petition of the 9th February 1810 from A. Stevenson Esqr late Acting Collector in your District and to request you will report thereon at your earliest convenience -

Revenue Board Office Fort St. George 7th December 1810

(Signed) T. Pycroft Secretary To

No. The Collector of Salem.

(67) To the Coll.r of Salem. Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to call your attention to my letter of the 29th October last calling for information regarding Samiah appellant in Case No. 541 of 40 and to request you will be so good as to furnish the same without delay.

Revenue Board Office Fort St. George 7th December 1840. } I have &c. (Signed) I. Payroft. Secretary.

(68) From the Princ.l Coll.r of Coimbatore. Received the undermentioned Miscellaneous letters and Statements.

(69) From the Princ.l Coll.r of Coimbatore. Return of persons charged with offences under Regulation IX. of 1822 for the Month of September last.

(70) From the Princ.l Coll.r of Coimbatore. Stating that no persons were in confinement under Regulation IX. of 1822 for the Month of September last.

(71) From the Princ.l Coll.r of Coimbatore. Stating that no persons were either suspended or dismissed under Regulation VI of 1831 during the Months of September last.

(72) From the Princ.l Coll.r of Coimbatore. Stating that no smuggled tobacco was seized during the Month of September last.

(73) From the Coll.r of Salem. Abstract of Demand Collection and Balances for the Month of October last.

From

(40-41)

(74) From the Coll.r of Salem. Statement showing the average bazar wholesale prices of Grain &c. and Salt for the Month of October last.

(75) From the 4th Coll.r of North Arcot. Statement showing the average bazar wholesale prices of Grain &c. and Salt for the Month of September last.

(76) From the Princ.l Coll.r of Coimbatore. Statement shewing the average bazar wholesale prices of Grain &c. and Salt for the Months of October last.

(77) From the Coll.r of Guntoor. Return of persons charged with offences under Regulation IX of 1822 for the Month of October last.

(78) From the Coll.r of Masulipatam. Indent on the Superintendant of Stationery for Stationery and Sundries required for the year 1841.

(79) From the Coll.r of Nellore. Forwarding an Indent for Stationery and Sundries required for the year 1841.

(78-80) Order on the 2 Abovementioned Indents. Ordered that the Original Indents be passed and transmitted to the Secretary to the Military Board.

(81) From the Coll.r of Salem. Forwarding Copy of a Letter from the Sub Collector requesting Stationery &c. for

that

1792. Fort St. George 7th December 1810.

That it be sent as early as possible.

Order thereon.

(81-82) Ordered that a Copy of the Sub Collector's letter be forwarded to the Superintendant of Stationery with a request that the Articles therein mentioned may be dispatched by Bengal at the earliest convenience.

" N. Macleod

" Walter Elliot

" Josias Dupre