
101
023

9/8/82

Vol. 2643

No.	From and to whom.	Subject.	Page.
		12th January 1858.	
4799	From Govt.	6 Copies of the C.O.D.P.W. from 1833 to 57 forwarded	1397
5156	From do.	Cases of violence or cruelty against Revenue or police Officers not to be reported to Govt except when committed under color of official authority.	"
5085.	From do.	Replies to certain orders called for	1398.
5108.	From do.	Court's despatch of 21 Oct/57 &c to comply with the requisition for English types &c applied for by the Board.	"
366.	From do.	To report on the memorial of Vencatrow state (Cumma of Ponjahully) with despatch	"
315.	Rec. Salem	To expedite the above	1399.
369.	From Govt.	Dr Heyne's list of vegetable products of the Pulney hills to be published in the Mad. Journ. of Science, 100 additl Copies of Lt. Beddome's report to be struck off and the wholesale destruction of valuable timber &c be prevented	"
318.	Rec. Madura.	above com. for early report	"
370.	From Govt.	Petn in 1854 & 57 permitted to sue for the recovery of the portion of Cranganore land resp. to	1400
317.	Rec. Tanjore	above communicated	"
371.	From Govt.	Observations & orders on the reclassification of the Abkarry & Quit rent depts of the Madras Collectorate	"
320.	Rec. Madras	To furnish the further information reqd above	1401
383.	From Govt.	Views on the attachment & sale of the Bramanachazé estate recently acquired by Govt & remission of the arrears due by the ex proprietor auth.	"
327.	Rec. Tanjore	above com.	"
384.	From Govt.	Retraction of the 'Vilmuttai' on the land belonging to the Jaghiredar of Calwaye auth.	1402.
328.	Rec. N. Arcot	above com.	"
391.	From Govt.	Further corrs: from the Govt of India on the injurious effects of artificial irrigation on cotton crops	"
332.	Circular.	above com.	"
1563.	T.C. Arcot	Occupancy fees are charged in the Tinnevelly Collectorate for bungalows & furniture & establishts reqd to be sanctd for the bungalows at Perrooty, Ammapettah & Cud above	1403.
329.	To do.	Furniture formd for the three bungalows but cannot sanction the establishts reqd	1405

No.	From and to whom.	Subject.	Page
4982	J. Masulipatam.	Report on the effects of the Godavery and Kistnah annicuts	1407.
337.	Pro. do.	above reviewed	1441.
A 179	J. Sabapathy Mr.	appln for superannuation pension	1455
A 173.	J. Surg. 4 Dist.	Medl Certificate granted to Sabapathy Mudr.	1456.
340.	To Govt.	above submitted	1457.
A 144.	J. Dir. Rev. Setts.	Further corres: re Survey instruments called for	1457
324.	Pro. do.	above sent	1459
5755.	J. Trichinoply.	Orig. Maps returned with the names of villages filled in	"
330.	Pro. Chf. Engr.	above forwarded	1460.
176.	J. Veeravumma	Speedy orders req. on his Collr's letter re his allowance	1461.
A 191.	J. Rajah of Pulicat	Change in the designation of this Farm reported	1462.
262.	J. Dir. Rev. Setts.	Maps of the S. Arcot, Masulipatam, Rajahmundry & Ganjam districts rec'd	"
263.	J. do.	Maps of Nos 75, 94 & 95 rec'd	1463.
A 324.	J. Chf. Engr.	Copies of reports on the Local funds of the districts req'd will be sent as soon as they are rec'd by Govt	1464.
308.	Pro. do.	Introduction of Act III of 57 into the districts reqd	"
377.	J. S. Arcot.	Appln for leave for 15 months to proceed to England on Medl Certificate	1466.
387.	J. Jimmeully.	Seven packages of Printing Materials received per "Trafalgar" forwarded	1467.
343.	Dm. J. Salem.	Receipt of the above acknowledged	"
309.	Dm. to do.	To despatch the Bullion Statt for Nov/57	1471.
307.	To Masulipatam.	Report on the Metamorphic rocks of the districts with Statt of those items to be retained & those to be abolished	1472.
323.	To Govt.	Miscellaneous papers recorded	1628.
367.	From Govt.	Thread manufactured in Pondicherry into Salempore to be exempted from duty on its importation into the Company's territories	1536.
316.	Pro. S. Arcot.	Forwarded for early report	"
2856.	J. Madura.	Tickaram Shobagee recommended for the appointt of manager of the Madura Dewastanum	"
2866.	J. do.	Mr. Fowler Receipt of Copies of 34 decisions reported	1534.
333.	Pro. Malabar.	That a definite period of suspension might be given as in the case of the Judgeship of Cuddapah	1538.
5066.	J. S. Arcot.	Report on petns 3452 & 3678/57 regarding a mauniel Shrine & Inam	1538.
345.	Pro. do.	Endorsement on the above, Collr's decision approved	1539.
4638.	J. Madura.	Accot particulars forwarded	1540.
4931.	J. Ganjam.	A Revenue Survey and assessment of the district regd at an early date	1542.
313.	To do.	above forwarded for his opinion, whether partial measurements would meet present requirements & also whether a Survey Class could be efficiently superintended	1547.
3189.	J. M. C. Solr.	Draft Act for the further prevention of smuggling of Salt	1548.
358.	To Govt.	above submitted	1554.
108.	J. N. Arcot.	Madras Almanac for 1858 req'd	1556.
140.	J. Jimmeully.	Decision of the Board regd on the suspended talukas of Veerogrammum	1556.
212.	J. Mint Mr.	English salt weighing machine recommended in lieu of Major Bell's	1557.
338.	To do.	Whether 300 of Major Bell's or the Engr's pattern weighing machines can be made at the Mint & at what cost	1558.
305.	Dm. J. Chf. Asst.	Pro. re the abolition of the appt of Collah peon & the increase to the salaries of the Duffadars in Ganjam dist	1559.
388.	Dm. to do.	above forwarded	1560.
1101.	J. S. Arcot.	Extent of land under Cotton Cultivation, neither poppy nor tea is grown in the district	"
397.	J. Nellore.	No Dasaye Inams exist in the district	1562.
311.	To Govt.	Mr. G. Forbes' arrival & taking charge of his office of Secy to Bd of Revenue reported	1563.
312.	To Govt.	Mr. S. D. Sim's debit charge to the above	"
321.	To do.	Mr. L. Forbes' debit new charge of Office to Mr. Sim	1564.
322.	To do.	Mr. S. D. Sim's receipt charge of the above	"
325.	Circular.	To state the number of Salt balances that may be req'd	1565.
334.	To Ins. Gen. of Ords.	Whether 300 Salt & 24 Gun balances can be made at the Arsenal or Gun Carriage Manufy within the current year	1566.
339.	To Chf. Asst.	Reply re'd to pro: re'd leave to Uncovenanted Servants	"
342.	To Chf. Collr.	Reply to Cir. 3913. 12 Nov/57 regarding Irrigation works to be executed by Private Companies required	"
		Miscellaneous papers recorded	1567.

No.	From and to whom.	Subject.	Page.
407.	From Govt.	Sub Treasr. to furnish a Khilat for presentation to the Zemr. of Vencatagherry on the birth of a Son and a Complimentary letter forwarded to his address.	1568.
336.	Pro. Nellore.	above forwarded, Khilat will be forwarded on receipt.	"
375.	Pro. Madura.	To send the record & decision in the case of Teekaram & to place the Managership of the Madura Devasthanum in other hands pending the final orders of the Board.	1569.
3483.	F. Masulipatam.	Explanation furnished regg. petns (799 & 797) dismissed.	1570.
343.	Pro. do.	Endorsn. on petn. 799/57 (Collr's decision) not interfered with.	1572.
3631.	F. Rajahmundry.	Report on petns. 3761/56 - 7, 1156, 2420, & 2444 & 797 regarding the dismissed Cummum of Cotroo.	"
344.	Pro. do.	Endorsn. on the above & 2986/57 & 308/58 to the effect that the Collr intends restoring petnr. to office no further orders are necessary.	1574.
3767.	F. S. Arcot.	Report on petn. 2389/57 regg. certain waste land.	"
346.	Pro. do.	Endorsn. passed on the above & 3384/57 Collr's decision approved of.	1576.
4629.	F. Tinnevelly.	Informn. regg. the grant of remissions as compensation for raising water from wells.	"
3738.	F. Ganjam.	On the state of the English & native records of the district.	1582.
362.	Pro. do. Govt.	above submitted.	1594.
5160.	F. Rajahy.	Statt. of smuggled Salt.	1601.
335.	Pro. do.	Confiscation of the above auth'd.	"
95.	F. Malabar.	Survey of the rice lands and enumeration of trees in the Chowgut taluk not commenced yet & not urgently req'd.	1602.
350.	Pro. Govt.	above submitted.	1606.
80.	F. Madras.	Rate & circumstances under which Ground rent is collected from parties occupying Govt. land.	1608.
392.	Pro. Govt.	above submitted.	1611.
82.	F. Nundial (Kurnl.)	Seer of 80 Maunds corrected to two lbs.	1619.
174.	F. Madras.	More extensive Division of the sectional Maps of the Mysore division recommended at an expense of 736 Rs.	1620.
351.	To Govt.	above supported.	1626.
414.	F. Canara.	Instructions regg. regg. the introduction of Act XXI of 55.	1627.
404.	F. Coimbatore.	Mr. E. B. Thomas delivg. charge of the district to Mr. J. Wathouse Esq. & his leave to commence from 19 Jan. 58.	1629.
103.	F. Cuddapah.	Mr. Wathouse recd. charge of the Dist.	1630.
338.	Pro. Govt.	Copy of the Endorsn. passed by the Collr. of Cuddapah on petn. from Soobbaputtee regd.	1634.
341.	Pro. Govt.	Orig. sent.	"

No.	From and to whom.	Subject.	Page.
410.	F. Chingleput.	On the summoning of Revenue & Govt. servants as witnesses in Police cases.	1635.
326.	To Supt. Waste Lands.	Green belts with blue edging supplied as buff cloth is not procurable at present.	1636.
		Miscellaneous Papers recorded.	1637.
2666.	F. Ganjam.	Report on petn. 1075/57 regarding the right to the Tickally Estate.	1639.
372.	Pro. do.	Endorsn. on the above & 1665/57 Collrs. pro. approved.	1641.
2685.	F. Salem.	Report on petn. 3740/56 regarding the dismissed Manegar & Curnum of Salem.	1642.
373.	Pro. do.	Endorsn. passed Collrs pro. approved.	1646.
3357.	F. N. Arcot.	Report on petn. 2186 of 57 regarding the dismissed town Cutwal of Arcot.	"
363.	Pro. do.	Endorsn. properly dismissed declining to interfere.	1649.
3425.	F. Canara.	Board's comments on former Statt. awaited, to forward the complete list of the Bramadaya Inams.	"
4939.	F. do.	——— do. ——— do.	1650.
357.	Pro. do.	Collrs pro. approved.	1651.
3562.	F. Masulipatam.	Report on petn. 2603/57 regarding a claim to certain Inam land.	1653.
389.	Pro. Govt.	above submitted.	1658.
347.	Pro. Vizag.	Discrepancy in Salt statt. for Sept. 57 noticed.	1662.
4385.	F. Tinnevelly.	Report on petn. 1011/56 claiming a share in a Manium.	1663.
370.	Pro. Govt.	above recommended.	1667.
4510.	F. S. Arcot.	Decision on petn. 2262 of 57 sent as requested.	1668.
359.	Pro. do.	Original record in the case requested.	1669.
4989.	F. Govt. Press.	Charge for cutting 4 Nos. a pamphlet given.	"
5123.	F. Cuddapah.	License for selling Spirituous Liquors recommended to be issued to Canakayaya Mooddeliar.	"
352.	Pro. do.	above granted & similar petition cases to be reported for the Board's orders.	1672.
87.	F. Tinnevelly.	Report on petn. 1020/57 regarding the Teerwah levied on petitioners lands.	1673.
364.	Pro. do.	Further explanation requested.	1675.
67.	F. Rajahmundry.	Alteration in the name of certain individuals succeeding to his father to a subsistence allowance.	1677.
360.	Pro. Govt.	above submitted.	"

No.	From and To whom.	Subject.	Page
377.	Pro. Tinnevelly	Manuf. of the minor Estates of Panjoor, Munnarcottah and Sapteor for fasl 66 reviewed also Ootcommaly & Shenkottah	1678
139.	J. Ganjam	List of villages within 30 miles of each Salt Golah.	1685
132.	P. Bellary.	Explanation furnished regarding certain lapsed Enam	1688.
355.	Pro. Govt.	above recommended to be presumed.	1689.
152.	J. Tinnevelly	Sanction requested for the repayt of a fine erroneously carried to the credit of Govt.	1691.
361.	Pro. Govt.	above recommended	1692.
172.	J. Malabar.	Decree in A.S. No 607/56 forwarded	1693.
357.	Pro. Govt.	above submitted	1698
288.	Coimbatore	Resale of the Abkhary farm of Caroor reported	"
365.	Pro. &	liability of defaulting renters for the loss by the resale of the Contract as well for the arrears due.	1702.
348.	To Madras.	Pontiff forms forwarded	"
353.	To N. Arcot.	To report what progress has been made in laying out the Railway pettah at Vellore.	1703.
356.	To Govt.	Sanction req. for disbursement of Rs 344-11-6 being charges incurred for Stationery &c distributing Regs IV. V. & IX of 16 to the Germans & Moravians	"
367.	To Cr. Coll.	above forwarded	1705.
		Miscellaneous papers received	1706.

Fort St. George 23d. January 1858

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue

Saturday the 23d. January 1858

Read the following Papers

Memorandum

914
B. No. 4799
From the Deputy Secretary to Government

Six Copies of the Circular and Standing orders of the Department of Public works from 1835 to 8th July 1857 forwarded to the President and Members of Board of Revenue.

By Order
(Signed) M. Norman
Deputy Secretary to Government

From Fort St. George
2d December 1857

914-15
Order thereon

Ordered to be recorded

B. No. 12516
From the Chief Secretary to Government

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Judicial Department under date the 16th December 1857

916
Directing that in future cases of violence or cruelty charged against Revenue or Police officers need not be reported to Government except when the offence is committed or is alleged to have been committed under color of official authority

(1 Vol. No. 1637 in Separate Volume)

Order thereon
916-17

Ordered to be recorded

Extract

B.R. No. 5085

From the Acting Secretary to Government — Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department under date the 7th December 1857

(918)

Drawing the Boards attention to certain Orders of Government quoted in this and requesting the early submission of their replies thereto

See No. 1317 in Separate Volume

(918-19)

Order thereon

B.R. No. 5108

From the Acting Secretary to Government — Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department under date the 18th December 1857

(920)

Communicating a Despatch from the Honorable Court complying with a requisition of the local Government for supply of English Type and other articles

See No. 1334 in Separate Volume

(920-921)

Order thereon

B.R. No. 366

From the Acting Secretary to Government — Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department under date the 20th January 1858

(922)

Requesting the Board to expedite the despatch of the report called for in

12 Sec No. 86 in Separate Volume

Extract Minutes Consultation 18th August 1857 on certain points of the case of the Memorialist Venkatarow late Curnum of Punjahully in the Dindigul Collectorate Salem

(922-23)

B.R. No. 315

Proceedings thereon — Forwarded to the Collector of Salem who

(924)

is requested to expedite his report on this case

B.R. No. 369

From the Acting Secretary to Government — Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department under date the 20th January 1858

Communicating the orders of Government on a letter from D.r Cleghorn relative to the state of the Forests on the Pulney Hills in Madura and directing the Board to call the Collectors attention to the orders that have been issued to prevent the further distruction of valuable Timber on these Hills

12 Sec No. 83 in Separate Volume

(924-25)

B.R. No. 318

Order thereon — Ordered to be forwarded to the Acting Collector for early report

Extract

1410. Fort St. George 23d January 1858.

B. No. 370

From the Acting Secretary to Government — Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department under date the 20th January 1858

(926)

Permitting Petitioners in No. 1554 of 1857 to sue for the recovery of the portion of an Enam land in the District of Tanjore which they represent to have been taken possession of by our Government. . . .

See No. 82 in Separate Volume

(926-27)

B. No. 347

Order thereon

Ordered to be communicated to the

(928)

Acting Collector of Tanjore

B. No. 371

From the Acting Secretary to Government — Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department under date the 20th January 1858

Communicating the observations and orders of Government on the propositions submitted by the Board for the reclassification of the Establishments of the Alienated and Dust Rent Departments of the Madras Collectorates. . . .

1 See No. 79 in Separate Volume

Order

1401. Fort St. George 23d January 1858

B. No. 320

Proceedings thereon

(928-29)

Forwarded to the Collector who will furnish the statements and information required by Government in Paras 6, 7 and 9.

(930)

B. No. 383

From the Secretary to Government — Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department under date the 21st January 1858.

Stating the views of Government on certain points relative to the attachment and sale of Bramanachee Estate in Tanjore recently acquired by Government and Authorizing the remission of the arrears due by the expropriator at the time of its purchase.

1 See No. 85 in Separate Volume

(930-31)

B. No. 327

Order thereon

Ordered to be communicated to the Collector of Tanjore.

Extract

1402 Fort St. George 23d January 1858

B. No. 384

From the Acting Secretary to Government

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department under date the 21st January 1858

932

Authorizing the reduction of the Bilmmetah on the land belonging to the Jaghiredar of Calwagy in North Arcot from Rupees 97-5-11 to Rupees 92-8-11-as recommended by the Board and Collector

1 Sec No 86 in 1 Separate Volume

932-33

B. No. 328

Proceedings thereon

Forwarded to the Collector with copy of the Boards Proceedings

934

B. No. 391

From the Acting Secretary to Government

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation Revenue Department under date the 22d January 1858

Communicating certain further correspondence from the Government of India on the subject of the injurious effects of artificial irrigation on Cotton Crops.

Circular

See No 89 in Separate Volume

934-35

B. No. 332

Order thereon

Ordered to be circulated to all Collectors and the officiating agent at Kurnool

Sd

1403 Fort St. George 23d January 1858

No 212

To J. D. Sim Esqr.
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

936

B. No. 4563

From the Acting Collector of South Arcot

Sir

I have the honor to submit the information required by the Board in their Proceedings of the 11th Instant No 3911.

2. The system of charging Travellers with fees for the occupation of such Public Bungalows as were supplied with furniture was introduced in this District on the 1st May last. It has been tried as yet only in the two Bungalows situated on the high road from Madras to Trichinopoly Vizt at Tindevanum and Colundoorpett and both from the information which I have been able to obtain from others on the subject and from my own observation I am led to conclude that it has been answered the purpose of providing good and convinient accommodation

accommodation at a reasonable price.

3 The fees received from Travellers from May to October last Amount to 156 — 10 — and the expenditure incurred during the same period on account of Establishment comes to 1146 Rupees leaving a balance of Rs 12 — 10 — 0 in favor of Government

4 I must at the same time however inform the Board that a further outlay of Rupees 61 — 13 — 5 has been incurred on account of contingent charges as per sanction of Government dated 2d. September last No 894. This Amount was laid out in small sums for providing chairs and mats and for erecting a Pandal to the Bungalow at Tindivanum and in other Miscellaneous disbursements which when once made will not be required again

5 Under these circumstances I have the honor to recommend that the 3 Bungalows mentioned in Mr. Hall's letters of the 24th March and 2d May last may also be supplied with furniture as per list No 2 which accompanied the Board's

Pournelly
Ammapettah
Cuddalore

Board's Proceedings of the 18th March 1857 No 892 and that sanction be granted for the entertainment of the Establishment of servants required

South Arcot Collector's Cutcherry
Cuddalore 18th November 1857
} (Signed) J. C. Taylor
Acting Collector

Order thereon — Ordered that the following letter be sent in reply.

(936-57)

To — The Acting Collector of South Arcot

B. No 329

To the Acting Collector of South Arcot
} Sir

With reference to your letter of the 18th November 1857 I am directed by the Board of Revenue to forward by 3 carts Boxes of Crockery Glasses Punkahs &c. (as per list enclosed No 2) for 3 public Bungalows noted in the margin in your district

In Cons 25th Jany 58

Pournelly
Ammapettah
Cuddalore

2. You are requested to make arrangements for the receipt of the articles from the cart man at each Bungalow and for the payment of the balance of his hire Rupees 2 — 0 — 0

3 As soon as the Bungalows referred to are furnished the usual charge for accommodation will be levied and a notification to that effect should be forwarded by you for insertion in the Gazette The Board cannot at present sanction an Establishment of servants

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
23d. January 1858
} (Signed) J. D. Sim
Actg. Secretary
Asst

List of Articles No. 2 for 3 Bungalows in South Arcot Ad
Set for each Bungalow

4 Table plates
4 Soup Do
4 Deserts Do
2 Curry dishes
3 Dishes of different Sizes
1 Large Bowl
4 Cups
4 Egg cups
1 Butter pot
1 Sugar pot
2 Slop water cups
1 Tea pot
1 Coffee pot
4 Tumblers.
4 Wine Glass
2 Salt cellars
2 Table Shades with burners.
4 Table Knives
4 Deserts Do
4 Table forkes.
4 Deserts Do
2 Carvers
4 large spoons
4 Desert spoons.
4 Tea Do
2 Salt Do
1 Iron kettle
1 Tin kettle
1 cruet stand with 8 Bottles
1 Iron Sauce pan
1 Tin Do
1 Set of Iron Spits
1 Frying pan
2 Small round dish covers
2 Oblong
2 Rattan commode complete
1 Rattan commode for Children complete
2 Table cloths
4 Napkins
6 Common cloths
2 Coolers
1 Wash hand stand complete
2 Cotton mattresses
2 Bolsters
1 Punkah 6 feet long and 1½ feet in breadth
1 Punkah rope

/Signed/ J. D. Sim
Acting Secy

No. 222.

To

J. D. Sim Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

438

Bd. L. No. 4982.

From the Asstt Coll. of Masulipatam

Sir,

Para 1 The Board of Revenue in para 8 in Proceedings dated 5th October 1857 No. 3333, required a speedy report on 2 points connected with the Kistna irrigation Works as

From Commissioner 1st July 1851.
F. Do. Do. 21st April 1852.
From Commissioner 20th May 1854.

however the papers noted in the Margin shew that a full report is expected including both the Godavery and the Kistna works and as these letters remain on my unanswered list, I deem it desirable to attempt to clear off the arrears at once, and in as complete a way as I can.

2. I must commence by assuring the Board that I feel the importance of the task I have undertaken, but I have spared no pains to make the epitome of this Districts history that I now submit as correct in its facts and figures as possible, and I must solicit

solicit the indulgence of the Board fo
any crude and erroneous conclusio
I may deduce from them.

The expence and benefits as expected by the proposers.

3 I will commence with refer
to the calculations made by Captain
Lake when proposing the Kistna A
ct, and the comments made on th
Officers Statements by Mr. Porter, Capt
Lake estimated that for a share of 1
lacs 5,90,000 acres or 922 square miles of
very rich land in this District wo
be benefited of which 5,50,000 acres sh
yield at 4 Rupees an acre a revenu
of 22 lacs Rupees but the Captain ha
had made some allowance for
waste land, sand-rifts, roads &c. &c.
admits that he did not expect th
these 5,50,000 acres would be entir
cultivated Captain Lake calcula
that the remaining 40,000 acres o
Deccy Talook should yield at 6 R
an acre 2,40,000 Rupees, and so he
expected

expected the revenue of 3/16 of the entire Dis
trict would rise from 5,37,000 Rs to 24,40,000. I
fear Captain Lake's expectations were too
sanguine because Captain Lake app
arently forgot that in no Country is
it found that all land capable of
cultivation, is cultivated I believe in
England, besides meadows, and pasture
land for every 10 acres cultivated, there
are 3 equally arable left waste. In
Ireland the numbers are equal, while
in Scotland for 2 cultivated, 5 equally
good are uncultivated I may also
remark Captain Lake's proposed
expenditure included 3 lacs for roads
which important item has appa
rently been forgotten.

letter to Board dated 3rd July 47.

letter to Board dated 5th Feby 1848. No. 3.

4. Mr. Porter reported on Captain
Lake's scheme, and he forwarded nu
merous figured Statements but he
gave no opinion as the actual return
in revenue the proposed works would
yield

See letter to Board of Revenue 5th Feby. 1848. No. 3

yields and in para 13 of his letter, he declares that the security these works would give against famine, and its fearful consequences, afforded in itself ample grounds for commencing works which he affirmed must also cause the District to yield a very considerable increase of revenue

5 The opinion of the Engineer who proposed the Godavery Anicut as to the benefits this District would receive from it, was never sent to the Collector of this District, and I have been unable to discover any record of it I have however no doubt whatever, but that Colonel Cotton fully foresaw that this District would profit tho' his attention was more specially drawn to Rajahmundry-

6. I will now proceed to consider first what the Engineers have done, and secondly what the revenue Officers have done from the dates the works were sanctioned upto the close of the Officials year-

The

What engineers have done.

7 The accompanying sketch map will show the works done, and I subjoin a table marked A showing the works finished, and under construction with the costs as proposed and actually incurred-

Table A.

Anicut-		Date when completed	Proportion of cost upto charged end of to this Official District Year-	Original estimate-
	Anicut itself	"	½ 386,098	383,270
	Dependant Works-			
1	Pollair Cut to Patamala	"	" 71715	68,461
2	Pollair Channel	"	" 86,723	87,852
3	Bodamair Channel	"	" 41,969	40,278
			Total 589,500	579,862
			Add repairs 49,166	
			658,666	
4	Ellore High level Channel	"	25,430 } incomplete	214,385
5	Mopedavi Channel	"	24,487 }	149,797
	Anicut itself	"	¼ 245,030	
	Dependant Works.			
1	Palacole Channel	"	1/16 33,316	
2	Kakaraparoo Channel	"	1/4 8,094	
3	Uttaly Channel	"	3/4 14,375	
4	Weyaroo Bar expenses	"	½ 34,198	
5	Wondy Channel	"	½ 12,944	
6	Calaba Channel	"	" 24,000	
7	Apparow Calwa	"	" 34,814	45,021
8	Calair drainage	"	" 71,538	
			478,360	
9	Ellore High level Channel	"	192,479 incomplete	287,644

Godavery finances.

8. Here I may be permitted to remark that however laudable in an engineering point of view, it was to combine with irrigation inland navigation the engineers have accomplished a more expensive work, than was originally intended, and while the reputation

of

of the crops has acquired an European celebrity by the difficulties surmounted and the skill exhibited the basis, which the profits of the works should be calculated when those works ceased to be specifically for irrigation, and became of a general character, has changed exactly proportions as the direct profits from irrigation differ in their character from the indirect tho' equally beneficial advantages arising from inland water communications.

9 It is impossible to say the exact date on which each Canal was opened, but in general terms the Godavery Anicut may be considered to have afforded in June 1852 and the Kistna Anicut in June 1855 such a supply of water that they may be said to have been opened from that date tho' much has been subsequently done and remains yet to be done.

10 The Godavery Anicut soon made its benefits visible in the Ralunghy and Pentapaud Talooks as the annexed table **B** shows.

Table B.

Fusties.	Ralunghy			Pentapaud	
Years.	Number of Villages dry.	Manob Wet acres	Dry into wet acres	Number of Villages	Manob web. Dry into wet
					acres acres
1852/53. 1262	2	212		8	975
1853/54. 1263	1	265	160	9	996 127
1854/55. 1264	4	224	477	11	1444 1092
1855/56. 1265	20	223	2502	11	1600 2735
1856/57. 1266	24	245	4050	11	1982 3349

The

Godavary water also proved of great advantage to the cultivation in the Colliar Lake.

11 The Kistna Water first benefited the Goodewadah Talook as the subjoined Table C shows, but it may be remarked that the benefits appear less distinctly than in the case of the Godavary waters because in Goodewadah waste wet lands were restored to fertility by water supplied thro' the anicut channels full of imperfections while in Ralunghy, and Pentapaud dry lands were converted into wet under the most advantageous circumstances.

Table C.

Fusties	Old Wet acres	New Wet acres	Total acres
1265	33290	2006	25296
1266	31471	6185	37656

12. Table **D** exhibits the extent of land deriving benefit from the waters from both Anicuts, and Table **E** the money returns to Government.

Table

1414

Fort St. George 3rd January 1858.

Table D

Items.	Number of Villages			Extents of land under cultivation in Fusly 1266.								
				Government lands in Sary Villages.			Enam lands in Sary Villages.			Sary and Enam land in Mokatsa and agraharam Villages.		
	Sary	Mokatsa and agraharam.	Total	Mannoob Wet	Dry cow: restricted into Wet.	Total	Mannoob Wet	Dry cow: restricted into Wet.	Total	Mannoob Wet.	Dry cow: restricted into Wet.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
				Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Kistna Division.												
Government Estates.	140	30	170	31,471	6,185	37,656	7,903	1,317	9,220	2,275	1,152	3427
Zemindary Estates.	20	5	25	5009	1,214	6223	617	197	814	319	160	479
Total	160	35	195	36,480	7,399	43879	8,520	1,514	10,034	2594	1312	3906
Godavary Division.												
Government Estates	73	32	105	13,115	9,992	23,107	4,408	4,325	8,733	1,665	2,454	4119
Total	233	67	300	49,595	17,391	66,986	12,928	5,839	18,767	4259	3,766	8025
Particulars. Government Estates	213	62	275	44,586	16,177	60,763	12,311	5,642	17,953	3,940	3,606	7,546
Zemindary Estates	20	5	25	5,009	1,214	6,223	617	197	814	319	160	479

Items.	Total.			
	Mannoob Wet.	Dry cow: restricted into Wet.	Total.	
1	14	15	16	
	Acres	Acres	Acres.	
Kistna Division.				
Government Estates.	41,649	8,654	50,303	
Zemindary Estates.	5945	1,571	7,516	
Total	47,594	10225	57,819	
Godavary Division.				
Government Estates	19,188	16,771	35959	
Total	66,782	26,996	93,778	
Particulars. Government Estates	60,837	25,425	86,262	
Zemindary Estates	5945	1,571	7,516	

1415

Fort St. Geo. 23d/4 January 1858.

Table E.

Particulars of Amounts.

Sary Land in Government Villages.

	Land brought under Cultivation.									Assessment.				Enam Land in Sary Villages and Land in Mokhasa & Aggraharam		Total including Sary and Enams.		
	Unwatered	Dry converted into Wet.	Addition made in Fasly 1264, 65 and 66	Fasly 1264.	Fasly 1265.	Fasly 1266.	Contingencies of Col. 2 and 4 being increase.	Contingencies of Col. 3 & 4 being increase.	Cultivated in Fasly 1265.	Cultivated newly in Fasly 1266.	Total	Total of Col. 4 & 9.	Reductions of lands formerly paying Assessment to Enams &c.	Amounts.	Contingencies.	Amounts	Contingencies.	Total of Cols. 11 and 16.	Unwatered	Dry converted into Wet.	Total	Addition of water Cess made for Fasly 1266.	Unwatered	Dry converted into Wet.	Total	Old to Fasly 1266.	On Sary Lands for Fasly 1264.	Total.
1				2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28.
				Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Kistna Division	18,819	2,290	31,471	67	35	2,006	2,179	6,185	37,656	38,560	13,147	25																		
																			13,295	22	26,442	45	85,002	10,178	2,469	12,647	2,688	41,649	8,654	50,303
Godavery Division	10,977	1,757	18,115	19	12	4,757	5,235	9,999	22,310	76,753	33,852	21																		
																			8,996	14	22,848	35	86,601	60,736	16,779	12,852	4,605	19,158	16,771	35,959
Total	29,796	4,047	49,586	49	28	6,763	7,414	16,177	59,966	115,313	46,999	22																		
																			22,291	18	49,290	48	171,603	162,514	98,248	25,499	7,293	60,837	25,425	86,262

13 I think it probable the measurements are not very accurate but our accounts from the peculiar System of the District do not afford any means of attaining a greater accuracy. It may be said in round numbers that of the 93800 Acres benefitted for every 1 Acre of land 2½ wet lands are affected and in every 100 Acres affected.

66¼ are Government Lands.
19¼ Enam lands.
7¼ belong to parties
and 7½ Mokasas, and that for the Eleven last expended Govern: ment have only received Rs. 56,500. but even this continued for 22 years would repay Government the Capital invested with interest.

14. I now proceed to describe the steps taken to gather in a pecuniary return from those works. It will be remembered that under the joint rent System the Settlement is made for the coming year so that the Collector on having settled in one Jusly. the rents for the next could not increase his demands in the next altho' in it the benefits of the Anicut appeared sufficiently developed to warrant a demand for additional revenue, and I must also remark that no defined principle was ever given to the Collector of this Div: rule upon which to act and tho' it may have been intentional leaving the revenue Officer ample discretion and trusting to his caring for the pecuniary interests of Government in levying extra revenue as a just tribute from the Country for

for the benefits these Gigantic works had afforded it was unfortunate that the revenue Officer to whom Government entrusted so much should have been embarrassed by the calculations of Engineer Officers who not content with the highly successful execution of their works desired to impose on the revenue Officer the necessity of proving their calculations of many returns correct, without the test of experience which has certainly not proved their estimated bills of Costs to have been quite correct.

15. Towards raising extra revenue because of these irrigation works nothing was done till January 1856 Fasly 1265 Unfortunately overwhelming works prevented Mr Lushington an able and experienced revenue Officer moving much in the matter and tracing out any general scheme for his juniors to follow, but in the Settlement made in January 1856 for the coming Fasly Mr Lushington made in the Bunder and Padanah

Padanah Talooks considerable addition to the rents of Villages because they had received Kistna water and Mr Fraser following the same plan in Goodewadah and Hykaloor increased the rents for fasly 1266 Rupees 18000 Mr Chase in Ralunghy and Pentapaud increased the rents slightly and entered in every lease a stipulation had an extra water rate should be paid if generally imposed by order of Government Mr Fraser reported this state of things to the Commissioner Northern Circars and the reply received contained neither instructions nor comments on the matter.

* To Commissioner N. C. from Coll. dated 12th May 1856 No. 51.

† Commissioners Pro: 20th May 1856 No. 3752.

16. The Settlement to be made for Fasly 1267 was commenced by Mr Fraser in December 1856. He commenced as a beginning that an extra water rate of 2 Rupees an acre was to be levied on all dry lands converted into wet whether or not Enam or not. Mr Fraser apparently did not find occasion to apply this rule in the Padana and Bunder Talooks and so lost its application, and then left the District for Europe.

17. Mr 2d A. Mr Chase the Head Assistant Collector had then the 2 difficult Talooks of Ralunghy and Pentapaud to settle. I cannot do

Teerva Jarty or extra Assessments for the use of Government water—

do better than quote his own words

16. "It was the intention of the late "Acting Collector to have added 2 Rupees per acre "on the assessments of the dry lands brought "under wet cultivation, and he wrote in order "to that effect to the Tahsildar of Ralunghy last "October. Taking this as a standard to go on "when I arrived from the Samabundy in the "Pentapaud Talook, I issued orders to have "accounts & prees prepared for all the vil- "lages irrigated by the Godavery. These ac- "counts shewed that in some Villages at the rate of 2 Rupees per Acre for

Villages.	Assessments without Teerwah Jarty	Assessments without Teerwa jarty at 6 Rs 2 per acre.	verted into wet, such an enor- mous increase, that it was found not only impractica- ble but perfectly useless to attempt to raise the assessments so suddenly to such an extent for it would not have been possible to collect it.
Yeppurros	4,057	5,400	
Kaveepaud	1754	2835	
Rachoor	1,604	2,400	
Nukotigapaud	545	974	

17. I therefore reduced it to one "half and put only 1 Rupee per acre "almost on all dry Lands converted into "wet in Pentapaud for this fasly and "fixed 2 Rupees per acre for the "next fasly. Sd Ralunghy

S

"I got your permission to use my discretion—"

18. "The following rules were thereupon formed "and the assessment fixed accordingly—

"1 "Lands bearing an assessment of less than 40 "Rupees per Cutty were assessed at 1 Rupee per Acre "for the present Fasly and 2 Rupees per Acre for "the next.—

"2. Lands paying from 40 Rupees and more "per Cutty were assessed at ½ Rupee for the present "Fasly and 1 Rupee per Acre for the next—

"3. Lands watered by means of Pacottahs were "assessed at 1 Rupee per Acre for this and the "ensuing Fasly.—

"4. Where only sawn paddy (not transplant- "ed) was sown nothing was charged for this Fasly "but an uniform rate of 1 Rupee per Acre was "charged for the ensuing Fasly.—

"5. No extra charge was levied on the Dalwa "or 2d crop Cultivation for the principle is to on- "make the charge when dry land was converted "into wet. when this was done the charge was made "and the cultivators allowed to grow as many crops

as

1427

Fort St. George 23rd January 1858.

"as they could without being charged any thing more
"for so doing. where crops and lands have suffered
"from excess water, no extra assessment was charged
"but the assessment on such, in the event of an
"Cultivation is fixed at 2 Rupees per Acre for as
"next fusly. On Gingly oil seed, onions and other as
"such crops this year nothing was charged as they
"are almost new in these Talooks. The Villagers as
"have however been warned that an extra assessment
"will be fixed next year for the use of the water.
"The excess lands or that which was found on
"measurement to exceed the quantity entered in as
"the Amaraeum accounts was assessed for the as
"Godavery water."

19. "The following account shews the as
"extent of extra Cultivation and the amount
"of Teerwa Jasty or extra assessment fixed
"on such Village."

Talooks

1423

Fort St. George 23rd January 1858.

Excess of Cultivation. Total. Teerwajasty. Particulars.

Villages.

| | | |

Fort St. George 23d January 1858.

"I beg to acquaint you for the information of the Board of Revenue
"that Lands, not the Property of Government, are
"entered in the Rules as Applicable to
"which the orders of Government,
"in the Revenue Letter of 29th ultimo
"inclosed might be enforced."

20.

The following Table shows
"the Villages in which Assessment
"and Excess Cultivation
"and Lands have been fixed by the
"Godavery rules."—

Collector

Fort St. George 23d January 1858.

Taloks.		Villages.	As per Amaram — Land in acres.	As per Amaram — Sist	Excess Cultivation — Land in acres.	Excess Cultivation — Sist.	Total — Land.	Total — Sist
Pentapaud.	1	Pentapaud	245	804	113	370	358	1174
	2	Yanalapully	74	225	9	24	83	249
	14	Vissurroo	436	1514	33	131	469	1645
	16	Goonapurroo	85	180	"	"	85	180
	17	Rakierlamoody	180	358	19	38	199	396
	20	Rachoor	472	665	140	208	612	873
	29	Perumerlah	48	104	7	11	55	115
	32	Aukootagapaud	30	74	9	18	39	95
	35	Moodoonoor	79	254	6	21	85	275
		Total	1649	4178	336	821	1985	4999
Ralunghy.	1	Nedelavole	118	503	"	"	118	503
	2	Singavarum	120	539	6	27	126	616
		Total	238	1092	6	27	244	1119
			1887	5270	342	848	2229	6118

Objection to the plan of raising the Teeruvysty-

21. "The chief objection to raising the assessment by so much an Acre for the use of "the Godavery water is that it is completely at "variance with all the fundamental rules of "the joint rent system and because it has "only been levied on dry lands converted into "wet by which the assessment on these "lands is now raised in many cases "above that of the Mannool wet "tho it (the land or its ca- "pability) is not to be "compared with that of "the latter or in other "words of the two kinds "of land wet and dry "which both equally profit by the use of

Villages.	Mannool wet Sist.			Dry converted into wet with Teeruvy Sist.		
	Average per Acre			Average per Acre.		
	Rs	A	P	Rs	A	P
Pentapaud	3	4	6	4	"	"
Yanalapully	3	"	1	4	10	"
Vespurroo	3	8	1	4	2	4
Rachoor	1	6	10	2	"	"
Rakerlamoody	1	15	10	3	8	"

Government

Government water. The wet pays no extra assessment "for this water while the dry pays an extra assessment "which raises its Sist higher than that which the "wet prays. It was this that made a necessity for "not putting the full extra assessment on dry lands "which paid more than 40 Rupees per cutty- With all "due deference to Mr. Fraser's opinion, I would "suggest that the best way for raising an extra "assessment for irrigation where the joint rent "system prevails, would be 1st. to raise according "to the exigencies of the case the Sist of the "dry lands converted into wet to the wet land "assessment of that Village; if there is no wet "land in the Village the assessment could be "raised to that of the wet land of some "neighbouring Villages which has lands of about "the same capabilities and 2d. to raise the wet "land irrigated by Government water according "to the benefits derived- This would, I think "meet the requirements of the case prevent the

injustice

"injustice of raising the Sist of dry lands converted into wet
"above that of the Mamool wet, put a stop to a great
"deal of unnecessary interference and bad practices so
"easy when every acre has to be measured and be more
"easily understood and appreciated by the Ryots.

Enam Fermash Jasty.

22. "The following rules, differing according to
"the necessity of the case, were made for levying the
"extra assessment on Macassa Enams."

1 "Rupee per acre was put upon Doomba-
"-lah Enams except on those which pay
"-Ghuttoo toom Shist

2. "No extra assessment was put on those
"Cuttoobady Enams which pay Poolla
"Cuttoobady or assessment according to
"the actual amount of produce-

3. "None was put on those Ghuttoo toom
"Enams which pay Mueta Ghuttoo toom
"Shist-

4. "Enams paying a regular Mueta Shist
"were assessed at 1/2 Rupee per acre-
"The Belmueta shist of the Mokassa
"agraharums in the Ralungby Talook
"Viz.t Cottapaid, Gotair Comaramarum

and

"and Soorumpully being already very high,
"no extra assessment was put on them.
"some others were assessed at 1 Rupee
"while others again at only 1/2 Rupee per
"acre- These rules are only formed for
"the year under report and will be
"varied according to the nature of the
"case at the next Summahbundy."

18. I feel I was justified in giving Mr. T. A. N. chase the discretionary power I did, for the tact and judgment he exercised have produced results which are highly creditable to him and advantageous to Government, and Mr. Frasers' order had never reached Pentapaud Talook, but I confess coming as a transfer to the District, I felt more keenly than my letter to the Board dated 3d March last indicated the necessity of some defined principle for I agreed with Mr. T. A. N. chase the strict letter of Mr. Frasers' order could not be carried out, and the Boards reply dated 9th April 1857. gave me no clearer views-

19. I found that myself, on taking charge

of

of the District to Settle 2 Talooks Rykaloor and Goodewadah, and the principle that was good for the Head assistant Collector's Talooks did not apply to these for I had to levy extra revenue on wet lands restored within the last 2 years to fertility and not for dry converted probably 4 years previously into wet and guided by local circumstances, I ordered free Enam dry land to pay 12 annas an acre water rate and Kuttoo-body Enam 4 annas and wet Enam lands 4 annas an acre Mr. M. Chase in the Subdivision levied on 1 Rupee for the 1st year and 2 Rs for the second on all lands converted from dry into wet-

Table F.

Talooks.	For Dry into wet. Water rate adopted.					
	For Dry	Free Enam Dry	Kuttoo-body Enams	Subsequent Enams	Mokasa aggra-thurum dars.	For Manual wet & Free Enams
	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
Ralumghy	1 & 2	1	1/2	1/4	1	"
Pentapaud	1 & 2	1.	1/2	1/4	1	"
Rykaloor	Tarums	3/4	1/4	1/4	Discre-tionary	1/4
Goodewadah	Tarum	3/4	"	"	Do.	1/4
Bezoarah	1 & 2	2	2	"	Stone	"

20. The annexed table F shows at a glance the difference of the Settlements of each Officer, and it is probable this difference may tempt comments but while I believe each Officer conscientiously exercised the power allowed him by Government to do what he thought best for the public welfare; I am grateful to the Board for the distinct rules given in their letter of the 5th September last which will at least secure uniformity of practice-

L.B.

J

21. I have now shown what the Engineers and the Revenue Officers have done, and I will endeavour to offer a few remarks on what remains for the latter to do- for I am not able to say what further works the Engineers intend to propose, tho I hope the necessity pointed out by Colonel Baird Smith of reservoirs for each Village may be met-

22. The Board will observe that no principle has been laid down regarding the demand to be made from Proprietors, and holders of Enams, and it seemed to me desirable that some one principle should have been laid down regarding the pecuniary returns Government expect from all losses and as stated in my letter dated 17th August 1857 there are two principles either of which being declared an equitable arrangement on the same basis as could have been made with Proprietors and Enamdars and Government ryots, subsequently to my letter the Government in its proceedings dated 20th October 1857, have declared regarding a public work that the original cost should

should be looked on as vested capital and the
return should be fixed at a sum which on an
average calculation would be sufficient, 1st. to
repay the interest for the money expended at the
average rate in the Country, and 2ndly. to meet the
annual costs of establishment and repairs. I do
not feel sure this extremely liberal principle
declared about a Canal was intended to apply
to these works, but if so, little difficulty would
arise in apportioning the share of interest, and
annual costs payable by each person enjoying the
water whether he be Government rejot or Proprietor
or Enamdar, but as I conclude from the
Board's instructions that a different principle
has been followed in arriving at 2 Rupees
as a measure of the return due Government
and as I do not see any way to make any
application of the Board's rules to Proprietors
and Enamdars, I will venture to lay before

the Board a few remarks-

23. I admit I hold strong opinions of the
importance of not increasing the rental of the District
one anna above the least sum Government can
afford to take, because among other reasons. I believe
low quality rice raised by artificial means, cannot
be sold as cheap as similar rice grown in wet
climates- I am persuaded that no balance sheet
ever will exhibit the moral and physical benefits
of these works and that our Government has a
higher sense of its responsibilities than will allow
that the increase of the material wealth of its
subjects should be attended to, solely because a
rich people is a paying people- famine and
poverty are demoralizing, and degrading and
retard a nations progress onwards and upwards
and the British Government has never yet
hesitated to spend its money when civilization
was at stake-

24. I will here however offer one
remark on the works in a financial view I am not

sufficiently

sufficiently acquainted with banking matters to say
what difference of value a merchant would make
between a deposit of which he previously knew the
amount and could draw upon on a given day and
that which varied in amount and he risked on
his credit drawing against, but I believe no
Government could even now draw against this
District for 14 lacs a year and be confident
it would be paid whereas before these, irrigation
works commenced Government never looked for so
much and could never tell how much nor how
soon the year's revenue would be collected - I
may add, I have known a years' income spent
on an Estate in Ireland solely to make alterations
by which the landlord knew the usual rent
would be paid on the day it was due and so save
the discount on his bills till his tenantry could
take them up. I mention this as I consider
that it is a fair item to place to the credit of
the ancients and it is one among many of

the

the advantages practised landlords in England
consider in investing money in land improvements -

25. Before any scheme can be sanctioned,
and carried into execution, I believe it is abso-
-lutely necessary to obtain an act of the Legisla-
-ture to legalize whatever amount Government
may decide should be taken from Proprietors
and Enamdars, and this I think is indicated in
the letter of the officiating Secretary to Government
of India to Mr. Bourdillon Revenue Secretary
Fort St. George, dated 25th July 1856 and
Mr. Bourdillon's reply dated 1st September
1856. for I believe our collections from Enamdars
are at this moment illegal -

26. The numerous acts of Parliament
on the subject of land improvements in Ireland
would afford great assistance towards the
drawing up of an Act suitable for India -
I would consider a Collector as representative
of a numerical Majority of land owners of his
District, but I would also endeavour to make

large

large Proprietors take an interest in the matter but the whole of the act of Parliament 10 Vict. Chapter 32 is also full of hints and suggestions that I beg to refer the Board to it. I would strongly advocate an improvement of land advances account and improvement of land - Repayment account being kept for each District, and the first fruits of the Tusly to be credited to the latter.-

27. The principle I propose is that the Capital invested should be divided into shares so many taken by Government, and so many assigned to Proprietors, and Enamdars who should repay their assignment with interest in 22 yearly sums and for ever in like proportion annually contribute towards the expenses of ordinary repairs, and establishment. I find that Rupees 13,000 a year would in 22 years pay off a present debt of 2 lacs of Rupees with a low rate of interest, and I have no doubt this sum could be equitably distributed upon the different proprietors and Enamdars to whom a share

Since this was written I have read that Collector Davidge & Colln Bird Smith followed this principle when constructing -

or

or shares were assigned - small Enamholders could be compounded with in proportion to the share Government might either actually or for accounts sake, assign against the Government Village their lands were situated in I would allow all parties the power and right of paying at once or when they pleased within 22 years the balance due by them - The property of course to remain vested in Government. I think this is a fair principle, and has already been partly proposed by the Noozeid Zemindar, and avoids the difficulties that must arise if Government are to estimate the advantages the lands of the proprietors and Enamdars have derived -

28. The more I look into the benefits of irrigations with a view to levy a tax on the increased produce of land the more difficult I feel it to arrive at any conclusion - We have no agricultural statistics that can be relied upon, and no observant agriculturalist though numbers are ready to compile accounts which always prove their own views correct - I have no

doubt

doubt the same anomalies as to amount of produce exist in India as in Ireland, and in latter County it was proved beyond controversy that the average produce of an Acre of wheat was 10 bushels before in 1848, than in 1847 and no reason could be assigned. Besides our ignorance in these matters, there are falling off prices from increased production, no judicious mixed husbandry and the disadvantageous peculiarity of a system of agriculture which will not, and cannot adopt itself to the production of such articles as find the readiest sale, and hence no export trade exists in this District.

29. The Official history of the Punjab shows how its progress was impeded by producing wheat which found no market. However in the approaching general Survey, these defects must be rectified.

30. I cannot advocate any distinction being made in favor of the owners of free Enam lands, I believe Enamholders are bad landlords, and

and have bad tenants but the fault is theirs, and is not to be paid for by Government. The treatment of holders of lands paying high quit rents is a difficulty to which no general rule can apply.

31. I have not made sufficient observations to be able to assert that dry lands converted into wet are more or less productive than ordinary wet lands but the approaching survey and assessment render any remarks about this class of Government lands unnecessary.

32. In conclusion I beg to lay before the Board what I intend to do at the Settlement which is now commencing. As regards Government wet lands the Boards' rule can be followed to the letter. As to dry lands converted into wet, the Boards' Rule will be followed, but as it will in many cases cause these lands to be assessed more than regular wet lands, I will in the spirit of the joint rent system allow the Villages to assess the extra water rate on

Fort St. George 23d. January 1858.

on the two sorts of wet land, this arrangement is at their own desire and is necessary - It would have been a simple arrangement to say that dry land converted into wet should be assessed like the 1st. and 2d. or 3d. Class wet lands in the same Village as regards Enamdars they will be required to contribute, tho' no rule can be laid down for lands paying quit rent but it will require an Act ere any contribution can be required from Proprietors -

33. I could have lengthened this letter already too long, with numerous agricultural & statistics which I shall reserve, and in the meantime endeavour to verify till I ascertain if the benefit to the land is to be considered in assessing a water rate -

Masulipatam,
Collector's Cutcherry,
28th. November 1857 -

/ Signed / T. J. Knox.
Acting Collector.

1.13

Fort St. George 23d. January 1858

P. No. 337

Proceedings thereon 1

(938-39)

The foregoing report contains a brief summary of the expenditure incurred to the close of the official year 1856 1857 or 30th April 1857 on account of the two anicuts and their subsidiary works and of the benefits to the Masulipatam District derived from these improvements to the close of Fasly 1266 or 30th June 1857. The entire outlay to the date mentioned amounts to Rupees 11,90,26- for works apparently completed while a further sum of Rupees 242,396 is put down for improvements stated to be incomplete. The water of the Godavery anicut seems to have been first received in June 1852 and that of the Kistnah work in June 1855. The extent of land irrigated at the close of Fasly 1266 comprizes 93,778 acres nearly three fourths of which is land usually irrigated. the irrigation of which has been improved by the works in question. The proportion of the above lands appertaining to zemindaries and

	Rs
Kistnah Anicut and works	638666
Godavery — Do —	478360
	1117026

In complete works

Ellore	
High level channel (Kistnah)	25430
Do Do (Godavery)	492 479
Masadery channel (Kistnah)	24487
	243396

The foregoing figures shew only the proportion of the estimates chargeable to Masulipatam -

land usually irrigable	land now irrigated	Total
acres	acres	acres
66782	2699	93778

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

and exams is 75-10 acres

2 The effect upon the Revenue has been an increase of Rupees 34292 to the end of Fusly 1266 But as the Joint rents are settled at the commencement of the Fusly a further sum of Rupees 22291 will be realized during the current Fusly (1267) making a total increase of Rupees 56.583 Seeing however the calculation with Fusly 1266 the return has been about 3/8 per cent on an expenditure of 11 lacs of Rupees some of this increase however would have been realized under ordinary circumstances without ancient water as the consequence of an improved state of the District The direct result of the ancients as at present experienced is thus comparatively small and unstable this fact points to the necessity of sound measures of administration and of close attention to the subject on the part of the local authorities. the Board would not overlook the fact that the irrigation is still in its infancy and that it is only two years since the water of Kistnah ancient has been received. They observe also that nearly the whole of

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

the increase brought into the comparison above obtained was in Fusly 1266 alone so that the expected returns are only now beginning to come in

3 We know no better the principles adopted in imposing the additional assessment. The correspondence that passed between the commissioner for the Northern Circars and the Collectors of Rajahmundry and Masulipatam on this point has been adverted to in former Proceedings of the Board but it was not till Fusly 1266 that decided measures were taken in Masulipatam and observed in the preceding fasle to enforce the rights of Government to water cess In his letter dated 12th May 1856 No 51 the Acting Collector Mr Fraser reported that certain deductions had been made to the joint rents in the Goodavadah and Cundeer Talooks apparently in consideration of the improved irrigation of lands usually watered and that he had intimated to the ryots that in the case of irrigated lands a water rate of Rupees 1/8 per acre measured would be imposed

Pro. Govt 19th May 1857 ¶ 14 following

In N.C. Dy in Cons: 22d May 1856

Fort St. George 23d. January 1858

as a commencement, where the water is not raised by artificial means and that where such appliances were necessary the rate would be 1 Rupee per acre. Mr. Fraser was aware that these rates were low but was of opinion that the full cess should not be imposed at once. It appears however from para 16 of Mr. Knox's letter under consideration that Mr. Fraser endeavoured to make a beginning with Rs 2 per acre for both Government land and Enam, but that this rate could not be enforced in every case.

The

Fort St. George 23d. January 1858

Para 17

The Proceedings of Mr. F. A. N. Chase, the Head Assistant Collector, who appears to have given his attention fully to the duty before him, are mentioned at length in his own words. Mr. Chase's charge consisted of the Talooks of Pentapaud and Palungly. As a sudden increase at the rate of Rupees 2 per acre was found to be more than the Ryots could pay, the additional demand was limited by Mr. Chase to half that rate for Fasly 1267, it being understood that the higher rate of Rupees 2 per acre would be imposed in the following Fasly. This applies to the newly irrigated lands of the Pentapaud Talook. In Palungly Mr. Chase was allowed to exercise his own discretion in fixing the amount of additional cess, and the following rules were accordingly adopted by him in that Talook.

I A charge of one and two Rupees respectively to be imposed for the current and ensuing Fasles, on all dry lands bearing an assessment below Rupees 40 per Cutty and half, those rate where the present assessment is Rupees 40 per Cutty* and upwards.

Lands

* The Cutty of the Masulipatam District varies from 5 to 17 acres. The Cutty of Palungy & Pentapaud is about 9 acres but the Area is more one of estimate than of actual measurement

Fort St. George 23d January 1858.

II Lands watered by Pacotahs as well as those where the seed is broad cast, were to bear an additional cess of 1 Rupee per acre.

III No extra charge was proposed for second crops.

IV Some lands with new produce as Onions and Oil seeds requiring water were left free for the current Fasly but a water charge was to be imposed in the following year.

No additional cess was imposed on land usually irrigated. Mr Chase properly notices this as an omission and adverting to the fact that an uniform cess of Rupees 2 per acre on all dry land converted to wet had the effect of raising the assessment of such lands in many cases far above the rates borne by lands which are now usually irrigated and which are some time superior in quantity, he points out that the proper mode of proceeding is to regulate the assessment of newly irrigated land according to the rates imposed on that usually irrigated and

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

and to add to the assessment of the latter with Reference to the benefits derived from a better and more permanent supply of water—

5 In the settlement of the Joint Route accuracy as to the returns of land actually Cultivated has been a point of secondary Consideration in the imposition of water and case a close scrutiny was necessary, and all actual Cultivation has been brought to account and extra cess Charged thereon.

Mr Chase is quoted by the Ld Collector in Para 17

6 It appears thus that each parcel of land or field has been brought to account under the plan pursued by Mr Chase and that it has been assessed in the manner above described the only modification recommended by Mr Chase being that instead of a fixed uniform Rate for newly irrigated lands, the assessment of such lands should be regulated with Reference to the existing Rates of assessment under the old irrigation and that the latter should be raised with Reference to the improved state of its irrigation—

7 The Board have been thus minute in tracing the proceedings of

Fort St George 23d January 1858

of Mr Chase for several reasons - They not only evince the praiseworthy attention of Mr Chase to this part of his duty but shew that the local authorities have ample means within their reach of securing the just rights of Government in Returns for the large outlay incurred pending the more accurate arrangements of a general Survey - In the Commissioners Proceedings 20th May 1856 Pr 372 it was particularly pointed out to the then acting Collector that his proposition for imposing an additional tax was good only as a beginning but that the orders of Government pointed to something of a more and permanent character and in Para 3 of those Proceedings the opinion of the Acting Collector was asked as to whether an uniform rate of water tax was applicable to all soils and he was directed to prepare and submit a Register of lands for 1 or 2 Villages according to their

In From Masulipatam 12th In N.C. Dy Comm 22nd May 58.

Fort Saint George 23d January 1858.

Statement A of the new forms of village accounts on which each parcel of land or field would be shown with the assessment, both present and that proposed to be added with reference to the improved State of the supply of water Mr Rous has altogether overlooked those orders observing simply that the Proceedings in question "contained neither instructions nor comments on the matter" The Board cannot pass over without notice this want of close attention to the subject on the part of Mr Rous The instructions issued to the local authorities from the beginning have not been departed and the practical arrangements made by the Head Assistant Mr Chase shew that the duty of the Revenue Officers was to set to work at once and carry out instructions already received -

p 15

Mr Chase's proposal to adhere to the existing system of Sarams in Sarakoles already partly irrigated is in accordance with the instructions of the Board contained in para 3 of their Proceedings dated 5th October 1857 Mr

In Cir Ord 4th Oct 1857 No 157.

No 3333 In Salem to the altogether newly irrigated the Board observed the charge for Amcut water to be levied in addition to the ordinary dry assessment was to be a fixed rate of Rs 2 a 10 per acre as a present arrangement with a like sum in addition when a second crop is raised making a total of Rupees 5 a 8 per acre for two crops but Ryots entitled to compound might be permitted to do so and in such cases the charge was to be Rupees 4 per acre whether two crops were cultivated or not. A similar arrangement had been brought into operation in the neighbouring District of Guntoor, but might be modified if necessary The Board adverted to that any peculiar circumstance existing in the District of Masulipatam.

9 The course Mr Russ intends to pursue in future has not been clearly expressed by him In para 19 he states that he had to "levy extra Revenue on wet lands restored within the last

two

two years to fortify" but from the concluding para of his letter the Board are led to infer that Mr Russ does not intend, with reference to G. O. of the Board's Proceedings 5 Oct 1837 to make any demand on this account To prevent ambiguity on this point the Board would express their expectation that with an improved irrigation the full Amount of the wet assessment will be imposed and they conclude that it is to this that Mr Russ refers when he says that the ordinary wet assessment should be raised in proportion to the benefits received from an increased supply of water in contradistinction to the rates obtaining under the former Rents according to which the sum payable by each individual is determined by an apportionment of the collections

Mr Russ also points to a

10

difficulty attending a fixed rate for land converted from dry to wet in villages in which old wet lands already exist in the orders of the Board mentioned above

the

the inconvenience of having two separate modes of assessment in the same locality carried out and for this reason it was desired that where old wet lands existed the Varam assessment or assessment with reference to the quality of the land compared with adjoining lands of similar capability should be followed in the case of the newly irrigated lands

Para 17 latter part.

11 Mr Rous will select the operation of the Rules for imposing the increased cess on Inams introduced by Mr Chase and will bring to notice any Amendments that further experience may suggest. On this point the Board would only add on this occasion that as no difficulty is experienced in fixing the Varam Assessment of Government Lands, a similar adjustment will probably be found the best mode of proceeding in the case of Inam lands.

certain portion of the decrease being fixed as the payment to Government a few cases calculated in this way may be taken to test the fixed payments adopted by Mr Chase, and if these are found to represent pretty fairly the extra assessment to which Government is entitled they may be adopted as a present arrangement.

p. 25. 12. An act for regulating the extra assessment to be imposed in all cases of public outlay of money for the improvement of the irrigation is at present before the Legislature. The Act will embrace every description of land, whether paying full Revenue or otherwise. Till this is passed Mr Knox leaves to inaction in the case of Inams and Proprietary Estates. The Board deprecate this view. In the correspondence noted in the margin, which has been already adverted to in a former part of these Proceedings, the question, as to what Proprietors should be required to pay, was partially discussed, and the Acting Collector was required to consider whether a composition might not be effected by allowing Proprietors free use of the water for a certain payment annually. Great accuracy of calculation it was observed was unattainable but for present purposes it was pointed out that a round sum might be fixed, to be revised 10 years hence on a fuller development of the results of the new supply of water. The Board request that Mr Knox will give his attention immediately to the subject and suggest some plan of the character contemplated for immediate adoption.

1. Actg Collector 12th Jan Northern Circar Diary Consultation 22d May 1856. No 51. Pro do Do 20th Oct Do. No 373.

p. 27. 13. Mr Knox is of opinion that the Capitul land

laid out on the public works under consideration should be divided into shares to be assigned proportionately to Government and to Proprietors and Inamdars respectively with reference to the advantages obtained by each. The amount is to be paid by instalments by the two last mentioned classes, with interest, and the expenses annually incurred are to be contributed in a similar manner. The question will be duly considered by the Director of settlement when the survey shall be in operation in the Districts of Rajahmundry and Masulipatam meanwhile Mr. Knox should ascertain not only in what way the respective assignments are to be valued but how the amount will be apportioned in the case of each individual Inamdar. The Board observe that some attempt is made to shew in what proportions the different classes of landholders have benefitted from the irrigation so far as it has proceeded, but the results are given as rough approximations only and it is no where stated how they were obtained. —

p. 13

p. 21.

14. The Board quite concur in the view that to render the irrigation perfect reservoirs are necessary but not to the extent, viz. one for each village, proposed by Mr. Knox. Localities convenient for storing water should be examined and brought to the notice of the officers of the Department of Public Works. —

To

J. D. Sim Esquire
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Vea Vea Vcca

(940)
Cafter
Board No. 179.
From M. Sabapathy Moodelly
Clerk Revenue Board Office —

Honored Sir,

I beg leave very respectfully to bring to your honors Kind notice that I was entertained in the Boards office on the 1st July 1837 previous to which I was employed as a Moonshee in the College of Fort St. George for the space of four years as per accompanying documents, I presume I have conducted myself with deligence and attention and rendered satisfaction to my Superiors in this Office and as I find now my health and vision greatly impaired and unable to discharge my duties efficiently, I beg to solicit your honor will be pleased to recommend me for a superannuation pension from the 1st February 1858 by so doing you will confer a great favor. —

/Signed/ M. Sabapathy

5th January 1858

Fort St. George 23d January 1858.

940A
After
Bd. No. 173.

No. 16
Certificate

From the Surgeon of
4th District Madras ---

"Sabapathy" Aged 58, of the Revenue Board Office, having applied to me for a Certificate on which to ground an application for Pension. —

I do hereby certify that I have carefully examined this individual, and find that he is suffering from general nervous tremor, wholly incapacitating him from writing, impaired vision and strength the results of advanced life which in my opinion, disqualifies him for the situation he holds, and which renders him perfectly disqualified for further Efficient Service; and I do declare that to the best of my Knowledge and belief, that his disqualification has not been occasioned by intemperance

Fort St. George 23d January 1858.

any other irregular habits. —

Madras ---
5th December 1857

/Signed/ W. W. Porteous
Surgeon 4th District. —

Ordered to be submitted with the following letter —

940A
940-41
A

Bd. No. 340.

To
The Chief Secretary to Government.
Pension Department.

To the Chief Secretary to Government Pension Department ---

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to request that you will submit for the orders of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council the accompanying application for a Superannuation pension from M. Sabapathy Moodelly 1 Class Copyist on their Establishment. —

From Sabapathy Moodelly 5th Jn. Cons. 23d January 58 A 179.

From Doctor Porteous 25th December 1857. In. Cons. 23d January 1858 A. 173.

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George ---
23d January 1858 ---

/Signed/ J. D. Sim
Acting Secretary.

Register.

January 1858.

pared under the Rules pa

er of an a

the	Number on the Est.	Average Salary authorized Official allow- ance per Mem & Ins for the five years preceding the date of application	Salary or authorized Official allowance per mensem at the time of applica- tion	Proposed amount of pension per Mensem.	Remarks by the Head of Office.
ion					
ed					
the					
of					
ther					
	Establishment.				
oor	56				
they					
elly					
of		19 10 -	20 - -		
fore					
tto-					
ney					
delly					

kell

Lt Assistant

ent under date the 15th May 1851

The applicant bears a good character and has been regular and attentive to his duties - It is recommended that he may be allowed the full amount of pension to which he is entitled by the Rules - The necessary Medical Certificate is submitted and it is requested that his pension may be made payble from - 1st February 1858.

The applicant was formerly a Mdo Moonshee in the College for 1-9-9 which has not been included in the period of Service entered in a preceding Column. —

/ Signed / J. D. - Sim
Acting Secretary.

6 8 8 Madras

Treasury at which the party if pensioned will draw his pension. — Order of Government.

Lo

1159 Fort St. George 23d January 1858.

No. 7

To

J. D. Sim Esquire
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue.

(942)

B. No. 144

From the Director of Revenue Settlement } Sir

I have the honor to request you will be good enough to favor me with such further correspondence in connection with the Board's Proceedings of 7th Ultimo and the accompanying Proceedings of Chief Engineer of 18th Ultimo as will enable me to ascertain what are the particular instruments alluded to.—

Office of the Director of Revenue Settt. Madras 6th January 1858. } /Signed/ H. Newill Director of Revenue Settlements.

B. No. 324.

Resolution thereon. Resolved that the original papers noted in the Margin be sent to Mr. Newill with a request that he will return them to this Office when no longer required.—

To Chief Engr. 18th April 1857.
From 22d April 1857.
To Guntoor 13th June 1857.—
From Guntoor 18th June 1857.
To Chief Engr. 28th July 1857.

(942-43)

1160 Fort St. George 23d January 1858

No. 175

To, J D Sim Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

(944)

B. No. 5155

From the Collr. of Tinnevelly } 1

Sir,

With reference to Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue under date the 28th October last No. 3661, I do myself the honor to return the original Maps received from the Chief Engineer having had the names of these Villages indicated filled in.— As also those of the Manapara Taluk transferred from Madura to Tinnevelly.

2 There are two Villages in the Cusbah Maganum of Sankaneddy Entered in the list which I have not inserted and they are Aheshagapooram and Sellaraputtavarthaee

these Villages comprise a portion of the two Laudgoody - There are two other Villages which I have failed to get entered and these are Alaguganullur in the Meganam of Melmuri Laudgoody Talook, and Ulaguru in the Marungapuri Zemindary of the Musiri Talook The names of these Villages are not Known in my Office.

3 Adverting to the 2d and 3d paras of Colonel Faber's letter of the 15th October last. It does not seem necessary to notice the boundaries traced in as the Chief Engineer is already in possession of the altered boundaries consequent on the transfer of Villages by the inspection of the Map transmitted by me on the 1st August 1857 with letter No 95 to your Board -

Trichinopoly Collectors Office 19th December 1857

/Signed/ J. Bird
Collector

B2 No 330
Order thereon.
(944-45)

Ordered that a Copy of the above letter and the 2 Maps which accompanied it be sent to the Chief Engineer with reference to his letter dated 15th October last -

2 The Collectors letter of the 1st August referred to at the end of para 3 forwarded to Colonel Faber on the 15th Oct 1857 -

---

No 550

To. Revenue Board
Madras.

(946)
B2 No 176
From Veeravarma Rajah of Calicut

Agreeable to the Malabar Collectors Letter Number 166 dated 29th October 1857 regarding my Annuity - I request your speedy orders on the subject -

Electric Telegraph Office
Madras 26th of Day 1857

Order thereon.
(946-47)

Ordered to be recorded the Government orders having been sent to the Acting Collector -

---

To. The Secretary Revenue Board
Fort St George.

(948)
Agent
B2 No 191
From Messrs Leost & Co
Madras

Dear Sir.

We beg to inform you that the present designation of our Firm ceases on this date and that from the 1st January 1858 we alter it to Leost & Co -

The Firm will consist of the same

Fort St George 23d January 1858

Members as heretofore; viz Messrs Edwards
Lecat, George Lecat, Henry Tolputt and
Louis Lemesle, to whose signatures at
foot, we request the favor of your attn

Madras
31st December 1857 } /Signed/ Lecat Hicks & Co

Mr Edward Lecat will sign Lecat & Co
Mr George Lecat " " Lecat & Co
Mr Henry Tolputt " " Lecat & Co
Mr Louis Lemesle " " Lecat & Co

948-49
Order thereon.

Ordered to be recorded.

950
B2 N 262
From the Director of
Revenue Settlement }

N 17

Official Memorandum

The Director of Revenue
Settlement has the honor to return the fo
accompanying Maps of the South Arcot
Masulipatam, Rajahmundry and
Ganjam Districts.

Director of Revenue
Settlements Office
Madras 13th January
1858 } /Signed/ H. Newill
Director of Revue Settlement

Order thereon.

950-51
Ordered to be recorded

Official

Fort St George 23d January 1858

952
B N 263
From the Director of
Revenue Settlement }

N 19

Official Memorandum

In continuation of yesterdays
Memorandum the Director of Revenue
Settlement has the honor to return the
following Maps.

N 75 Portions of Hyderabad Guntoor
and Masulipatam.

N 94 Southern portion of Vizagapatam
Rajahmundry and portions of
Masulipatam and Guntoor

N 95 Portions of Masulipatam
and Guntoor

Director of Revenue
Settlement Office
Madras 12th January 1858 } /Signed/ H Newill
Director of Revue Settlement

952-53
Order thereon.

Ordered to be recorded

N 6726

954
After
B N 324
From the Chief
Engineer Fort St George
Revue Depart

To The Secretary to the
Board of Revenue

Sir.

In the Contract Minutes consid-
ration

dated the 6th Instant No 9 a Copy
which was furnished to this Office. It
appears that the Annual Report of
the Board of Revenue on the manage-
of the Local funds was submitted to
Government 30th October last Agreea
to the Rules the several Local Offic
are required to furnish this Office wi
Copies of their Reports furnished to G
in order to their incorporation in the
Journals of the P. W. D. but up to
this date there has been no report re
in the Central Office with the excep
of those from the Collectors of Madura
Salem and as considerable time will
saved in obtaining these Returns from
you, instead of from the Officers the
selves, I beg the favor of your furnis
ing them, to me including the one
forwarded with these Reports
comprising also your own Gener
Report and Statement furnished

to

to the Government and I shall return
them immediately after their incorp
tion in the Books of the P. W. D.

Central Office P.W.
Fort St George
19th January 1851

/Signed/ C. E. Faber. Colonel
Chief Engineer

B2 No 308
Proceedings thereon.

(954-55)

The Board will forward
the reports referred to as soon as they
are returned from the Government
Office They would suggest for the
Chief Engineers consideration whether
he could not dispense with the copies
he has required from the Collectors
of the original reports to the Board
were forwarded for his perusal as
received.

No 6

To J. D. Sim Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St George.

(956.)

B2 No 377
From the Actg Collr
of South Arcot

Sir.

In reference to your letter
of the 16th Instant and to the 2d Para

Fort St George 23d January 1858

of Extract from the Minutes of Co-
-sultation dated 1st July last I ha
the honor to state that the
are 17 Villages in this Distric
which were settled on Zemendary
-nure, 13 of which are held by the
of Vettavalum in Tinnevelly a
the remaining 4 by three perso
in Cuddalore.

2 On examining the an
upon which the Peishcush was ori
fixed on these Villages it does not
appear that the Zemendars were
thorized to levy fines on trespa
Cattle for their own benefit n
has the practice prevailed i
this District There is therefore
necessity for granting them a
compensation.

3 I see no ground to
recommend the exemption
any Estate from the operation

of

Fort St George 23d January 1858

of Act III of 1857

South Arcot
Collectors Cutchery
Cuddalore
19th January 1858

/Signed/ G. T. Taylor
Acting Collector

Ordered to lie over.

N. 26

To. J. D. Sim Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St George.

958

B2 N. 387

From the Coll.
of Tinnevelly

Sir.

I have the honor to for-
ward copy of a Medical Certificate
from the Gullah Surgeon of Tinnevelly
the original have been forwarded
through the proper medical
authorities, and I request that
the Board will be pleased to
submit to Government, my applica
tion for permission to proceed to England
for

for Fifteen months on Medical
Certificate under sections IXV & VI
the Civil absentee Rules and
embark from Tuticorin with
three days special leave to pro
to that Port.

Tinnevelly
19th January 1858 } /Signed/ J. Silver
Collector

Enc: 1

J. Frederick Lewis
Clementson Bellah Surgeon of
Tinnevelly do hereby certify that
James Silver Esquire of the Civil
Service is in a bad state of health
and I solemnly and sincerely de
that according to the best of my
Judgement a change of air is
essentially necessary to his rec
and do therefore recommend
that he may be permitted
to proceed to Europe fifteen
months and to embark from
Tuticorin or other convenient
port

port upon the Eastern Coast.

Palamcottah
18th January 1858 } /Signed/ J. F. L. Clementson
Bellah Surgeon.

Endorsement thereon. Submitted through the
(958-59) Civil Auditor for the favorable
consideration of Government.

(960)

Bd No 343

From the Collector } Official Memorandum
of Sea Customs }

The Collector of Sea Customs has the honor to forward to the acting Secretary Board of Revenue the 7 Packages Printing Materials referred to in his Memorandum of the 23d December last, which have been just landed under the charge of a Preventive Officer.

Sea Custom House
Madras 20th January 1858 } /Signed/ W.E. Underwood
Collector

Bd No 309

Proceedings thereon. The Acting Secretary
(960-61) to the Board of Revenue has the honor
to inform the Collector of Sea Customs
that

1471 Fort St George 23d January 1858

that the 7 Packages Printing Materials f
warded with his letter of the 20th Januar
1858 have been duly received.

Resolved that the follo
letter be dispatched

To The Collector of
Masulipatam

962
B2 N-307
To the Acting Collr
of Masulipatam

Sir.

I am directed by the
Board of Revenue to inform you
that the undermentioned are due b
not yet been received in this Off
and to request that you will
immediately cause their despat

Revenue Board Office
Fort St George
23d January 1858

/ Signed / J.D. Sim
Acting Secr

Statements of Bull
and Specie Imported and Exported
for the Month of November 1857

1472 Fort St George 23d January 1858
B N 323.

Proceedings thereon

963

E. In C. 7 mi for
18 June 1858
P. 657 R D 8
E. In E. 19 Sept
mi for 26 October
1858
P. 1110 R D.

The Board have had
under their consideration three distinct
references from Government regarding
the Moturpha Revenue. These are.

I Whether any tax similar to
that levied in Nellore for the privilege of
sifting the dust of Goldsmiths Furnaces
obtains in other Districts.

II Whether there are any petty
items of Moturpha pressing on the poor &
which it would be desirable to abolish
in anticipation of the entire abandonment
of that Source of Revenue.

III Whether there are any items
of Moturpa which might be regarded
as Quit Rent and be retained for local
Municipal purposes when the Moturpa
as such may be abolished.

2 The Board regret that
from a press of other business these
subjects have remained undisposed
of for so long a time.

3 They have now carefully
inspected

Fort St George 23d January 1838.

impeded the returns of Motur fa
for Fasly 1265 (the latest in their Po
and have prepared the accompany
statement showing the items they pro
retaining for the present and those
would abolish in every District.
Statement includes taxes of the two
classes above referred to and the
arrangement if agreed to will
involve the remission of about Rupe
50,486½ on the Motur fa revenue of Fa
1265 (Rupees 1,97,486) or 4 9/10 per Cen
4 In their proposal
the Board have duly weig
the recommendations of the
Collectors whose suggestion
are briefly noted in Subs
quent Paras of these Proceedi
They have however include
in their list various pet
items (not mentioned by
Collectors) which they pro
to forego same as falling

Fort St George 23d January 1838.

classes Known to be generally
in straitened circumstances and
others as making so small an
addition to the revenue that
they may well be abandoned,
particularly when it is
recollected how vexatious and
open to abuse the Collection of the
Motur fa undoubtedly is. The
Board would have been glad
if in their recommendations they
could have been guided by some
leading principle such as the
universal exemption of certain
notoriously poor classes, as the
Chucklers Fishermen &c but the
present state of the Finances has
deterred them from following this
course where the loss of revenue
would be of considerable
amount. The character of the
Tax also renders it impossible
to deal with it in such a
manner.

Fort St George 23rd January 1838.

manner. Thus the remission of any impost pressing on the poor or on mere labourers seems first sight a clear rule but in reality every item of the Mohturfa from the Loom Tax downwards falls on numbers coming within description. In some cases it is possible that they may have recommended remissions which the local Gov may consider it advisable to The only remedy for this is to leave it discretional with Collectors such instances (which the Board apprehend will not be many) to withhold the relief pending further instruction.

5 As regards the retention of a part of the Mohturfa for Municipal purposes the Board apprehends some difficulty will be experienced in carrying out this part of the proposition

if

Fort St George 23d January 1838.

if the intention be to commute such taxes into an impost of the nature of a Quit Rent.

6 From the correspondence herewith submitted it will be seen that even where "House" and "Shop" Taxes prevail they are essentially taxes on Professions not on houses or shops only. The same principle regulates the demand in every branch of the Mohturfa Viz. that the amount of each individuals contribution bears some proportion to his supposed income. It is not the extent of land occupied nor the value of the house or shop rent the profits of the business carried on by the owner which governs the Tax. To commute such an impost into a Quit Rent it would be necessary to set aside consideration of the comparative resources of individuals in great degree and to charge according

according to the extent of t
occupied by each person an
the result would be a co
-siderable reduction in the sum
for the assistance of natives of
Country occupy lent a limit
space

7. Another and greater
-ficulty however is caused by
fact that the Mothunpa is no
levied in a few large towns o
lent in Villages and hamlets If
whole revenue could be return
for the conservancy of the larg
towns there would be ample
Funds for the prosecution of
valuable projects but this could
not be done without great
to those residing in small
villages who would get
no return for their payme
Further the Board question
whether as a general rule
those who are not now liv

to Mothunpa would the more
readily consent to tax themselves
for Municipal improvements because
the present receipts from that sou-
-rce would be available for
local purposes On the supposition
that taxation for such objects
will still be left dependent on
the consent of the Majority of the
inhabitants of each town the Board
think that the most hopeful plan
would be to allow the Mothunpa
Collections to be steadily applied
to the improvement of the Police
and conservancy of each place
for some time in order that the
people may have some knowledge
and experience of the advantages
of a Fund for local purposes
When these are apparent
the people may be induced
to take the matter into

their

Fort St George 25th January 1838

Their own hands Government relinquishing its tax on one of the inhabitants voluntarily raising a fixed sum and agreeing to the operation of Municipal act at present so the people are averse to taxes of any Kind and are ignorant of the benefits which the scheme as that of raising funds for Municipal improvements scheme then the Board desire whether their consent and co operation could be obtained

In their present position the Board have generally abstained from making any alteration in those taxes which seem most easily converted into Municipal Taxes there are being those instances in which the receipts were trifling. However it should not be found practicable to apply

Fort St George 23rd January 1838.

Inhabitants to strictly municipal uses the question still remains whether there are not purposes of general public utility to which this revenue divested of all objectionable items might not be devoted in preference to being abandoned. The Inhabitants revenue of a province might for example be applied to improvements of its Police or roads and the Board are led to suggest this subject for the consideration of Government as because the Government of India have just announced the necessity of raising funds for the maintenance of the roads constructed by the State and it seems questionable policy to give up taxation which has been long known and acquiesced in, at a time when it is necessary to think of new taxes which from their novelty alone would be distasteful to the people.

The

Fort St. George 23rd January 1858.

Ganjam
From Ganjam
2nd Mil Con 3rd Aug 53
P. 2291.

9. The Board will now proceed to note briefly the few suggestions of the Collector.

10 In this District there is no Tax on goldsmiths but only petty item which the Acting Collector recommends for abolition is that levied on Vegetables etc amounting in Fasly 1262 to Rupees. Mr Knox explains that it is chiefly levied at Cascade and falls on poorer class of ryots who have already paid Cist for their land on a still poorer class of women who gain a precarious living by hawking Vegetables about.

11 The entire amount of Mohturpha levied in the Ganjam District according to the accounts of Fasly 1265 was Rupees 9135. This however is exclusive of the sums collected in the Zemindaries where great anomalies and abuses prevail. An inspection of the list of trades &c. taxed

Fort St. George 23rd January 1858.

From Ganjam
31st July 1857 Con.
10th Augusta 1858
P. 2270.

taxed will show that in many cases a whole class pays but a few Rupees. The Acting Collector does not urge remission in any of these instances but proposes if a Municipal Fund is determined on that the non agricultural community should be divided into classes according to their wealth and the known profits of their business that a certain sum per cent should be fixed as the Just Rent on the house ground of each class and that each individual should pay accordingly for the land actually in his occupation the lowest rate being little more than nominal In Villages Mr Knox proposes lower rates than those fixed for Towns. He also contemplates the imposition of Town dues similar to those levied in the Punjab in order that parties living beyond the limits of a Town and so exempt from taxation may still contribute their quota

to

Fort St. George 23d January 1858.

gosta to its Municipal Fund
when sensing their produce for
sale in its Markets or carrying
their livelihood by labor e
within it. This tax Mr Knox
suggests should be levied by
means of Licenses.

12. The Board propose t
remission of a number of trifl
items which produce in the
aggregate only Rupees 1282.

13 In the Vizagapatam Di
the Inshtunfa levied in the Jeyp
ment Talook produces little
more than 3000 Rupees annu
The items are 30 in number
according to the Collectors state
ment and of these Mr Smollet
proposes to retain 10 and abolis
20.

14 In the former dep
are included Inshtunfa on
sheep and goats in towns
leviable and a small be
(Rupees 6—12-) levied on Cle
Dealer

From Vizag.m
26 April in Cor.
15th July 1850
No. 1163.

4572. 24th Nov.
2nd Con. 21 Dec. 54.

Fort St. George 23d January 1858.

Dealers - The items to be abolished are
all petty with the exceptions noted in
the Margin the 3 last of which the
Board propose retaining for the
present merely from financial considerations
The reductions they propose amount to
Rupees 1266.

Fishermen	36.
Washermen	200.
Town Town rent	21.
Lamp Oil Mongers	9.

Rajahmundry 15. The practice of renting out
the privilege of sifting the ashes from
the furnaces of Goldsmiths was abolished
in the Rajahmundry District from the
beginning of Fusly 1258/1848-49 - The Collector now
mentions 11 other items the abandonment of
which he recommends, at a sacrifice of
less than 500 Rupees annually - The entire
Inatarpha Revenue of Rajahmundry
in Fusly 1265 amounted to Rupees 6976
and the Board propose abolishing 35
items which brought in only Rupees 1086-

From Rajahmundry
30th July in Cons
8th August 1855
No. 2217.
116-64 in Cons 11th
January 1855.

in

in Fusly 1265.

Masulipatam 16 In Masulipatam the Moturpha

2071- 29th in Cons: 15th June 1855
766- 12th March in Cons: 28th May 1855

on the Dust on Goldsmiths Furnaces was abolished so far back as 1816. The Acting Collector proposes the abolition of a number of Taxes producing about 600 Rupees and also the Maktaffa on "Bramins" under which term itenerant venders of petty articles pounders of rice &c are classed. The whole of the items mentioned by the Acting Collector are included in the Board's list with the exception of the one last mentioned which the Board have omitted because the aggregate sum is large. The four classes entered as Banians may however be exempted on the Acting Collector's specifying them and mentioning the amount payable by each. The tax on Indigo Vats producing 1700 Rupees is also retained for the present on the same grounds.

Conatties 3686

The Board's proposal will involve the abandonment of only about 809 Rupees.

17 In a later communication

2323- Fr Coll'r 11th June in Cons: 20th January 1858

the present Acting Collector recommends another petty sum the Ghee Tax on very strong grounds, and the Board concur in his view.

Guntoor 18. A small sum (Rupees 8-8)

From Guntoor 22d Decr 1855 in Cons: 16th Feby 1856

is levied in Guntoor on Goldsmith dust. The Acting Collector mentions

No. 31 8 items specially for abolition and

1405 24th in Cons: 31st May 1855

also recommends that a number of others should be remitted. The former produce about 250 Rupees and the latter 5,128. The Board have included such of these in their Statement as are of petty amount and the relief they propose amounts to about 2131 Rupees annually.

Nellore 19 The Moturpha in Nellore

From Nellore 3d in Cons: 9th July 1855

in Fusly 1265 amounted to Rupees

22d Decr 1854 in Cons: 8th Jany 1855 No. 1845

16,363 the great bulk of which was levied on Shops and Looms. The Acting Collector

Mr

in Fusly 1265.

Masulipatam 16 In Masulipatam the Moturpha
2071 - 29th in Cons: 18th June 1856 on the Dust on Goldsmiths Furnaces was
766 - 12th March in Cons: 28th May 1858 abolished so far back as 1816. The
Acting Collector proposes the abolition
of a number of Taxes producing about
600 Rupees and also the Moturpha
Comaties 3686 on "Bramins" under which term
itenerant venders of petty articles
pounders of rice &c are classed.
The whole of the items mentioned
by the Acting Collector are included
in the Board's list with the exception
of the one last mentioned which
the Board have omitted because
the aggregate sum is large. The petty
classes entered as Banians may how-
ever be exempted on the Acting
Collector's specifying them and men-
tioning the amount payable by each.
The tax on Indigo Vats producing
1700 Rupees is also retained for
the present on the same grounds.

The Board's proposal will involve
the abandonment of only about 809
Rupees.

17 In a later communication
2323 - A. Collr 11th June in Cons: 20th January 1858 the present Acting Collector recommends
another petty sum the Ghee Tax on
very strong grounds, and the Board
concur in his view.

Guntoor 18. A small sum (Rupees 8-8)
From Guntoor 22d Decr 1855 in Cons: 16th Feby 1856 is levied in Guntoor on Goldsmith
dust. The Acting Collector mentions
No. 31 8 items specially for abolition and
1405 24th in Cons: 31st May 1855 also recommends that a number of
others should be remitted. The
former produce about 250 Rupees
and the latter 5,128. The Board have
included such of these in their
Statement as are of petty amount and
the relief they propose amounts to
about 2131 Rupees annually.

Nellore 19 The Moturpha in Nellore
From Nellore 3 in Cons: 9th July 1855 in Fusly 1265 amounted to Rupees
22d Decr 1854 in Cons: 8th Jany 1855 No. 1845 16,363 the great bulk of which was levied
on Shops and Looms. The Acting Collector

Mr

In Cons: 8th Jany 1855

Mr. Ratliff in a communication dated 22d. December 1854 proposed that fixed rates should be established for each Town and Village and that the payer should be left to settle the amount of each individuals contribution - The other items 26 in number are proposed for abolition in Mr. Ratliff's second communication. The reductions proposed by the Board amount to Rupees 239½.

Cuddapah

2573 5th in Cons: 11th Septr 1855
662 22d in Cons: 27th Feby 56

20 The amount realized in Cuddapah in Fusly 1265 amounted to Rupees 126600 under the two general heads Veesahady and Rayheer Veesahady - The Collector recommends the exemption of nine of the poorer classes of the community now subject to those taxes under the latter head, at a sacrifice of Revenue of about 500 Rupees - The Board have added a few other petty items making the remissions Rupees 1170.

Bellary

2839 17th Septr in Cons: 5th Octr/55
2443 28th in Cons: 27th Augt 1856

22 The largest receipts from Motaly oc-

cur in Bellary where the proceeds of this tax in Fusly 1265 amounted to Rupees 233694 - In a recent communication the Board submitted a proposition from the Collector modifying the present system of an annual settlement and affording relief to the contributions to the Tax - Government however declined to sanction the arrangement on financial considerations and on the ground that it virtually involved the absolute relinquishment of the Tax on the gradual demise of the present payers.

Bds Pro: 22d Jany/57 No 2136
E. M. C 22d July/57
In Cons: 8th Jany 732 R.D.

22 The letter now submitted refers only to such items as press heavily on the poor or are objectionable in themselves - Of the latter description are seven items classed under the general term "Munnasaub". They are levied in a few Villages of 11 Talooks and are payable for marriages, deaths, remarriages of widows - immorality &c. - In some Villages the collection of these

these items is rented out - in others it is managed by the Government Officers through the agency of the Heads of Castes. The Collector also recommends the exemption of certain classes now taxed under the Heads of Sundry professions and "Houses" and the whole of the "Venders of Sundries" there is also a small item for Gold: Smiths dust. The amount of relief proposed by the Board will be about Rupees 10278.

Kurnool 23

From Kurnool 20th in Cons: 28th Sepbr 1855 No 2765
From Do 10th in Cons: 20th Augt 1855 No 2369

The Moturpha in Kurnool amounts to about 35,000 Rupees exclusive of Sheep Tax. The late Agent proposed the discontinuance of a number of items producing about 1300 Rupees. The Board is contemplate the remission altogether of about Rupees 1655 and the abolition of 58 items.

Chingleput 24

2d in Cons 5th July 1855

The Moturpha in Chingleput produced about 31,000 Rupees in Fusly 1265 about 20,000 of which was

866 29th March in Cons: 2d April 1855

levied in the shape of Loom Tax. The Board propose abolishing all the taxes (except that on Goldsmiths) mentioned by the Collector and also the Moturpha on Temporary shops opened at Festivals. The relief will be about Rupees 2,044.

North Arcot 25

29th May in Cons: 4th June 1856
33 - 29th Decr 1855 in Cons: 3d January 1856

The Collector states that in one Taluk a tax of 4 : 14 : 9 is levied from 4 persons for the privilege of sifting Goldsmiths dust and proposes also to exempt certain of the poorer classes from house tax. The Board recommend in addition the abandonment of certain other petty items making the relief in this district altogether Rupees 551.-

South Arcot 26

1982 13th in Cons: 17th July 1855

In South Arcot the Board propose the abolition of 4 items producing Rupees 33.-

Tanjore 27

1890 4th in Cons: 10th July 1855
4290 7th in Cons: 13th Novr 1854

In Tanjore the only items of Moturpha, are the House and Loom Tax which produced only 42514 Rupees in Fusly 1265. The Board

Board propose no alteration in this District.

Trichinopoly 28 In Trichinopoly the Board propose retaining only the Bazaar and Loom Taxes abolishing the other 14 items which brought in only 78 Rupees in Fusly 1265. They retain the Bazaar Tax because though partial in its operation it may be easily converted if deemed desirable into a Quit Rent.

1840 From 3d. in Cons: 5th July 1855
4309 9th in Cons: 13th Nov: 1854

Madura Madras 29 The Collectorates of Madura and Madras are wholly exempt from the impost.

1827 30th June in Cons: 5th July 1855
1742 27th in Cons: 28th June 55

Tinnevelly 30 In Tinnevelly the Board propose the remission of items amounting to about 975 Rupees. The Collector recommends the exemption of different classes from particular demands as these are mostly taxes commutable into Quit Rent the Board have not included such remissions in their Statement.

3096 22d in Cons: 29th Octr 55
125 5th in Cons: 15th January 1855

The

31 The total remissions recommended by the Board amount as already remarked to about Rupees 50,480½ or 4 9/16 per cent on the revenue of Fusly 1265.

Coimbatore 32 In Coimbatore the Moturfa in Fusly 1265 amounted to Rupees 59,480 in the first of the letters marginally noted the Collector discusses the practicability of retaining some portion of the Moturpha for municipal purposes. He first refers to the house Tax which in Fasly 1263 produced Rupees 11,923. This impost he states is levied only from certain classes chiefly those of small means for the rich evade it by collusion with the Village Officers. It is moreover only levied when the party liable marries, and the rates vary so greatly, that it

8th in Cons: 14th Augt 1855
1978 6th in Cons: 16th July 1855

it is extremely difficult to check the Village Officers in the application of them. Mr. Thomas thinks it would be better to abolish it wholly but suggests if it be retained that one uniform rate or a few fixed rates should be adopted and applied to all dwelling & houses except the smaller tenements occupied only by the poorer classes.

33 Mr. Thomas next deals with the "Shop tax" which consists of 6 items. One of these falls chiefly on poor women vending betel &c. in markets by the road side and is recommended for remission. The other 4 items Mr. Thomas thinks less objectionable, but he would give up all other items substituting, if necessary a Veesabaddy or income Tax under Regulation IV of 1818 as in Bellary

(and)

and Cuddapah.

34 Mr. Thomas's 2d. letter refers to petty taxes pressing on the very poor and in it he recommends the abolition of 4 items.

35 These and the Coodanarray the Board propose for remission along with some other petty items - leaving the House tax as it is for the present. Some of the items mentioned by the Sub Collector are also included in these remissions the rest are not limited to the Sub Division. The amount proposed for abolition is Rupees 5388.

Salem 879 3½ in Cons: 9th July 1855 819 23d March in Cons: 16th Apl 1855

36 In Salem the Moturpha amounts to about 76,400 Rupees.

37 The Collector recommends several items for abolition.

38 The first and the largest of these is the Pogahvary or House tax on Agricultural laborers, not paying land tax. It bears heavily on a poor class and induces the payers to take

up

up land which they have not capital to cultivate.

39 The next item is the gatevary tax which is levied from Heads of Castes who are supposed to deal with cases of adultery and infringements of caste rules.

40. The Collector also proposes the abolition of the tax on Bullocks let out for hire as it presses on petty traders and is a source of oppression towards agriculturalists whose cattle are liable if used for such purposes. The other items recommended and entered in the Board's Statement are of trifling amount and do not require separate notice.

Canara 41 The Moturfa in Canara amounted in Fusly 1265 to Rupees 17278, and consists only of 24 items. The Collector mentions 14 which he thinks may properly be remitted. The Board have inserted most of these in their list from which however those noted in the margin are excluded on financial grounds. The total relief proposed is Rs. 291.

13th in Cons: 20th Sept. 1855 2675

Barbers 326
Washermen 349
Musicians 290

Malabar 42 The Moturfa Demand in Malabar amounted in Fusly 1265 to 111577.

1918 8th in Cons: 12th July 1855 4572 20th in Cons: 14th Dec. 1854

The Board recommend the abolition of 11 petty items bringing about Rupees 823.—

No. 1 Statement shewing items of Moturpha Tax proposed to be retained for the present and those to be abolished.

Dindigul

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Paddy Godowns	1952	"
Rice and Dhall Shops		
Cloth Do.	76	"
Shops for selling Tamarind, Turmeric &c articles	109	"
Do. for confections	418	"
Do. of Shroffs	"	"
Trade of Timbers bamboos &c.	61	"
Shops of Betel Sellers	42	"
Do. of Tobacco	70	"
Do. of Cocoanut Sellers	29	"
Do. of Fish Sellers	539	"
Do. of Chalichs or Sellers of China ware &c.	5	"
Bulgies or Bangle makers	"	68
Incense maker	24	"
Butchers	41	"
Fishermen	400	"
Vegetable Sellers	"	134
Goudoos or Cowkeepers	553	"
Putras or Silk thread tassel makers	"	30
Barbers	"	46
Moochies	"	2

Chingleput

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

District	Castes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Ganjam (Continued)	Chucklers	"	11
	Workers in pith called Sola or Longlindoo	"	3
	Poltmakers	"	81
	Tailors	"	13
	Black Smiths	"	43
	Oil mongers	826	"
	Raw thread dyers	"	12
	Beaten rice Sellers	293	"
	Beaten rice Sellers	255	"
	Carpenters	45	"
	Bullock traffic	84	"
	Cotton Cleaners	15	"
	Sawyers	16	"
	Mat makers	"	7
	Bondalies	"	1
	Joharas	"	1
	Bricklayers	"	17
	Buttoovaloo or Bards	"	1
	Bannoories	282	"
	Aravalos	"	35
	Gockas	"	9
	Pariahs	"	3
	Tolagaloo or Gentoo people	"	33
	Dolomaloo or Cultivators	"	96
	Balasies	"	4

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

District	Castes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Ganjam (Continued)	Pullacouthooloo	"	3
	Magadaloo	"	4
	Calingoolos	102	"
	Coodoomaloo	"	43
	Mateeloo or Flowers	"	8
	Vodiahs	213	"
	Reddekas	507	"
	Rosunties	"	2
	Balamas	"	8
	Lathaloo	"	1
	Vonayettaloo	"	8
	Souras	"	8
	Pulleualoo	"	87
	Banoodealoo	"	3
	Alecaloo	"	97
	Samanticaloo	"	1
	Mahanteeloo	"	28
	Lascars	"	8
	Sagadercaloo	"	90
	Soondealoo or Arrack Sellers	"	85
	Gomullaualoo or Do	"	3
	Dasaries	"	22
	Dancing Girls	"	3
	Looms for weaving fine cloth	1427	"
	Do for Do coarse Do	448	"
	Total	8833	1282

Vizagapatam District

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Bauiens	1163	"
Weavers	832	"
Cotton Beaters	416	"
Gold Smiths	293	"
Bulgies	"	6
Oilmongers	468	"
Gunny Bullocks	"	72
Sweetmeat Sellers	"	1
Dyers Coarse	"	2
Mat makers	"	2
Tamarind dealers	"	1
Masons	"	1
Nayala people	"	3
Dyers fine	"	1
Chucklers	"	163
Fishermen	"	736
Do. Tenaries	"	10
Petty merchants	"	26
Lamp Oil mangers	97	"
Vegetable Sellers	"	15
Gunny weavers	"	69
Braziers	"	2
Chuchadies	"	3
Washer people	200	"
Perfumery Sellers	"	"
Betel Sellers	"	"

Vizagapatam (Contd.) District

Rajahmundry

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Butchers	6	"
Tom Tom rent	211	"
Gold dust tax	"	9
Jungle and Bangle tax	"	138
Firewood tax	"	6
Total	3,685	1,266
Looms	18,211	"
Shops and Bazars	9730	"
Sweet meat Sellers	105	"
Sellers of Perfumery	86	"
Shroffs who keep exchange Shops	"	3
Druggists	"	1
Sellers of Tobacco	686	"
Fruit and Vegetable Sellers	445	"
Traders on red thread & Painters	372	"
Cotton & Cotton thread Sellers	418	"
Timber Merchants	237	"
Chillies Sellers	239	"
Firewood Do.	125	"
Betel Do.	93	"
Cloths Do.	100	"
Rice & Paddy Do.	121	"
Opium Do.	107	"
Jaggery Do.	42	"
Sellers of Plantain leaves and leaves used for dishes	"	70

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

Tasses	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Malwa Merchants	31	"
Butchers Shops	159	"
Coir Rope makers	"	26
Ghee Sellers	"	25
Buffalos horn Sellers	"	4
Milk and Curd Do.	"	"
Turmeric Do.	"	1
Hemp Do.	"	1
Sellers of Sundry articles	407	"
Cotton Beaters	3,467	"
Syrangs Lascars employed on Ships and Dhonies	284	"
Oil mills	2,334	"
Gold Smiths	1,547	"
Dhonies	1,020	"
Keeper of Horses Bandies and Bullocks for hire	1015	"
Braziers	191	"
Measurers of Grain	141	"
Black Smiths	105	"
Hawkers	72	"
Coolies employed on Rafts	"	77
Brick Layers	"	57
Basket makers	"	140
Sawyers	"	98
Stone Cutters	"	77

(Continued)

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

Tasses	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Coolies	"	51
Shoe makers	"	42
Washermen	"	42
Wood and Bamboo Sellers	"	98
Chucklers	"	29
Firework makers	"	23
Bangle Do.	"	42
Fishermen	"	17
Dubber makers	"	17
Sienie Do.	"	17
Brick and Tile makers	"	7
Workers in Silk	"	3
Ship Carpenters Caulkers & Borers	523	"
Lime Kilns	126	"
Boatmen	"	41
Granaries	129	"
Gunny weavers	"	29
Curtain makers	"	3
Persons renting Gardens	"	33
Paper makers	"	2
Toddy Drawers	"	1
Bead Sellers	"	1
Tailors	"	1
Farriers	"	1
Loom makers	"	1
Oil Sellers	13	"
Total	45198	1080

(Continued)

	Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
District			
	Shops - Comatties	3,686	"
	Gold Smiths	265	"
	Waddies a caste of fishermen	264	"
	Butchers	257	"
	Lingabuljees (like Comatties)	133	"
	Betel leaf & nut Sellers	"	26
	Retail Cloth merchants	13	"
	Vegetable Venders	9	12
	Sundries Shops	"	10
	Druggist Shops	"	"
	Tobacco Sellers	4	"
	Rice Retailers	"	3
	Opium Sellers	2	"
	Sweet meat Shops	2	"
	Sellers of odds and ends	"	1
	Gunjai Shops	"	1 (2 annas)
	Looms Weavers (Caste)	5342	"
	Do — Pariah	3,584	"
	Do — Cumblies	297	"
	Do — Musselmen	44	"
	Do — Dyes Thread	36	"
	Do — Gunny Bags	22	"
	Do Tape	1	"

Miscellaneous

	Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
	Vats Indigo Vats	1715	
	Shepherds Tax on houses	2831	
	Tax on number of Sheep &c	1704	
Miscellaneous	Pullacarees a class of fishermen	1295	
	Cotton cleaners	521	
	Oil manufacturers	256	
	Swamp fisheries	"	145
	Iron furnaces	138	"
	Dyers of Cloths	97	"
	Sellers of dyed thread &c	71	"
	Ghee Sellers	"	69
	Tax on Grass Cutters	"	64
	Dealers in Spices	"	"
	Basket makers	"	57
	Brick and Tile Kilns	"	48
	Soap makers	"	39
	Bestaboyes a class of fishermen	"	32
	Dyers of thread	"	30
	Tailors	"	29
	Braziers	"	28
	Washermen	"	27
	Tanners	"	24
	Fuel merchants	"	23

Miscellaneous (Continued)

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

Madras (Continued)

District	Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
	Shoe makers	"	21
	Timber merchants	"	19
	Cattle tending boys	"	13
	Salt petre makers	"	12
	Dubber makers	"	12
	Moottrachoolos a caste of fishermen	"	11
	Sellers of Gingely Oil	"	10
	Pumbacarees, or Country musicians	"	9
	Sellers of Scented Substances	"	8
	Grain dealers	"	6
	Measurers (grain	"	4
	Tax on itinerant traders	"	3
	Glass armlets	"	3
	Silver Smiths (Brinjarries	"	3
	Coosoomba dyers	"	1
	Beaters of Lamp Oil seed	"	1
	Sellers of Cumblies	"	1
	Dyers of leather	"	1
	Dealers in Madura Cloths	"	1 (4 annas)
	Sellers of flint stones	"	1 (8 ")
	Sellers of milk	1	1 (8 ")
	Total	22,875	809

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

Madras (Continued)

District	Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
	Looms	20,374	"
	Shops	11,113	"
	Chunam Kilns	42	"
	Oil mills	168	"
	Iron foundaries	183	"
	Cotton Cleaners	1495	"
	Potters	623	"
	Mat Sellers	"	1 (4 annas)
	Druggists	219	"
	Chucklers	"	1,315
	Basket makers & Erookoola people	"	62
	Gold Smiths	65	"
	Dyers	29	"
	Washers of ashes from Gold Smiths furnaces	"	8
	Indigo Vats	101	"
	Tailors	"	1 (2 annas)
	Catamaram people	"	99
	Trading Rafts on the Kistna	"	31
	Fishermen	"	513
	Painters	48	"
	Lumbadies Jewellers	10	"
	Shoe makers	14	"
	Total	34484	2131

District

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Banians	4389	"
Petty Shops	18	"
Tobacco Do.	1	"
Paree Caste people	8	"
Balja Do Do.	137	"
Looms of Sauka Caste	2704	"
Do. Jaundra Do.	1265	"
Do. Kykala Do.	243	"
Do. Togata Do.	269	"
Do. Sautos Do.	175	"
Do. Mutton Do.	28	"
Do. Pariah Do.	5168	"
Do. Mungala Do.	15	"
Do. Pannasa Do.	2	"
Do. Doodacoola Do.	12	"
Do. for weaving Sunchy puttalo or cloth used for purdahs	6	"
Do. for Weaving broad Tape	1	"
Do. of musselmen	1	"
Do. of Sungum Caste people	1	"
Do. for Cumbolies	34	"
Tax on Cotton Cleaners	888	"
Do. Gold Smiths	386	"
Do. Dyers	52	"
Do. Chintz Printers	"	6

Sellers

Taxes		
Tax on Gingely Oil Mongers	134	"
Do. Indigo Dyers	43	"
Do. Chucklers	"	1/4
Do. Collectors of Earth for Bangles	"	30
Do. Sawyers	"	1
Do. Braziers	"	3 1/2
Do. Tat makers	"	1/4
Do. Mat makers	"	2
Do. Ironore trenches	"	92
Do. Iron Furnaces	158	"
Do. Betel Sellers	"	1
Do. Bangle makers	"	17 1/2
Do. Oil mongers who do not use Presses	"	11 1/2
Do. Butchers	"	1
Do. Sailors	"	16
Do. Tile makers	"	8 1/2
Do. Potters	"	1
Do. Moorish slipper makers	"	1 1/2
Do. Shepherds	"	32
Do. Bead Sellers	"	1 1/2
Do. Persons hiring out carriage Bullocks	"	"
Total	16,125	239 1/2

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

District

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Tax on Mundies or Store Rooms	8,978	"
Do on Merchants trading in Gold Silver, Pearls Cloths Indigo Sugar &c	15,012	"
Do on Retail Shop Keepers	33,632	"
Do on Betel nut &c Sellers	9,750	"
Do on Traders of Colored thread	1,299	"
Do on Oil Mills	2,916	"
Bagur Veesalady		
Do on Looms	33,953	"
Do on Bows for cleaning Cotton	5,086	"
Do on Smiths of various Classes	2,098	"
Do on Iron Furnaces	393	"
Do on Rungarazees or persons dying Cloths &c	254	"
Do on Butchers	466	"
Do on Sweet meat Sellers	91	"
Do on Flower and Otter &c Sellers	83	"
Do on Bangle Sellers	"	177
Do on Paper Manufactory	40	"
Do on Painters &c	"	15
Do on Chunam Kilns and Bearers	289	"
Do on Bamboo Works	"	118
Do on Pot makers	"	162

Cuddapah

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

Cuddapah (Cuntry) District

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Tax on Washermen	"	469
Do on Barbers	"	120
Do on Chucklers	"	603
Do on Sundry Coolies	10,125	"
House Tax on classes named by Collector about	"	9,500
Total	124,939	11,170
Grain mercals	12,652	"
Cloth Merchants	9472	"
Cloth and other articles do	9,667	"
General Merchants inclusive of cloth Merchandize	42,465	"
Sheroffs	1,154	"
Confectioners	491	"
Cotton Merchants	4,718	"
Betel nut and dry Cocoanut	1,582	"
Jaggery and Sugar	1,350	"
Betel leaves and Tobacco	2,814	"
Oil Merchants	3,763	"
Dealers in Sundries	6,403	"
Carpenters	181	"
Iron Smiths	135	"
Gold Smiths and Braziers	3,729	"
Iron Foundaries	2,812	"

Bellary

Fort St. George 23d January 185

District

Taxes	To be returned at present	To be abolished
Manufacturers of Earth Salt	11,062	"
Dyers	6,141	"
Chintz makers	1,255	"
Butchers	2,761	"
Cotton Cleaners	10,203	"
Bangle Manufacturers	1,695	"
Hirees &c.	1,568	"
Shepherds	12,406	"
Sundry other professions	4127	"
Houses	5077	"
Cotton Cloth Looms	57,140	"
Carpet — Do	17	"
Cumbly — Do	12226	"
Gunny Cloth Do	276	"
Mannabaub of Heads of Castes	"	2956
Earth used for making Bangles	1274	"
State Quarries	"	6
Venders of Sundries	"	116
Item in Sundry Professions Sellacadoogoo and House tax noted by Collector about	"	7200
Total	230674	10278

Bellary (Continued)

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

District

Taxes	To be returned at present	To be abolished
Granary	2702	"
Shops for retailing Grain, Salt and Sundries	7326	"
Cloth Shops	368	"
Sweet meat Shops	230	"
Shroff Shops	623	"
Manyar Shops	79	"
Betel Shops	203	"
Vegetable Sellers	"	5
Flower Sellers	100	"
Fruit Shops	"	7
Oil mongers	311	"
Sellers of Timber &c.	29	"
String Sellers	"	1
Lace Sellers	60	"
Hooka Makers	7	"
Nugdagurs	"	13
Bangle Sellers	"	145
Gold Smiths	410	"
Carpenters	"	29
Iron Smiths	"	63
Tinners	"	48
Bruziers	"	29
Cotton Beaters	2122	"

Bellary (Continued)

Fort St. George 28th January 185

District

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abo- lished
Cloth Dyers	220	"
Blue Ditto	133	"
Read Ditto	670	"
Indigo Vats	762	"
Shoe Makers	"	107
Basket Makers	"	37
Tailors	"	97
Iron Manufacturers	198	"
Stone Cutters		
Saddlers	"	16
Paper Manufacturers	"	4
Pot makers	"	66
Painters	"	48
Salagadoogoomars	"	72
Chayroot diggers	"	58
Loom makers	"	18
Persons Keeping Bullocks	460	"
Do Do Bandies	52	"
do do Horses	35	"
do do Bullocks for hire	38	"
Silk thread makers	23	"
Chucklers	"	151
Gowley or Cow and Buffaloe Keepers	288	"
Burnishers	"	10

(Continued)

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

District

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolish ed
Furriers	"	31
Nariwalay or Tunners	108	"
Woopars or Sundry professors	175	"
Do or Earth Salt makers	383	"
Chunam makers	42	"
Sheep Butchers	2080	"
Cow Do	125	"
Khabab Sellers	104	"
Gunpowder Sellers	6	"
Measurers	"	54
Broilers	"	11
Washermen	122	"
Baskets Boatmen	"	26
Balapalgoatta	"	9
Date mat Sellers	"	1
Washermen	9	"
Waddawars or Tank diggers	"	22
Firewood Sellers	"	59
Oil mongers	9	"
Brick layers	140	"
Cowkeepers	116	"
Coonbies or farmers	559	"
Shepherds	720	"
Coorroibawday	248	"

(Continued)

District

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Musselmen	"	7
Rajapoots	"	7
Adany Buckals	174	"
Hamaly or Porters	"	22
Cummamars	37	"
Jungums	23	"
Lingabuljars	239	"
Tota Baljars	324	"
Bainders	296	"
Lumbady Weavers	"	23
Dancers	"	13
Marattahs	"	7
Mundooloomalay	15	"
Erkalamalay	"	4
Togatamalay	"	7
Cichagoontamalay	"	10
Tumbalamalay	"	1
Velummalay	"	2
Adany Bunjar	"	3
Bhattoorajoo	"	37
Gold Smiths	"	2
Carpenters	6	"
Brazjars	"	1

(Continued)

District

(Continued)

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolish ed
Cotton beaters	"	49
Chucklers	"	42
Pariahs	"	29
Barbers	"	5
Toddy drawers	224	"
Wuntacooly	"	7
Coorremalay	"	2
Bury Buckal	"	1
Iron Smith	"	4
Dasary	"	1
Washers	38	"
Potters	"	6
Bearers	"	86
Butchers	"	"
Weavers	"	"
Dommers	"	"
Bangle Sellers	"	1
Anaculwars	"	"
Silk looms	18	"
Thin cloth looms	2934	"
Coarse cloth looms	6847	"
Cuniyputtah looms	39	"
Mat looms	21	"
Carpet looms	243	"

	Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished	
Ellore (Contd)	Cumbly looms	412	"	
	Cancha looms	8	"	
	Total	33507	1655	
Chingleput	Houses &c	1453	734	Estimated
	Looms	19981	"	
	Granaries of different Talooks	85	"	
	Large and Sundry Shops	4188	464	Estimated
	Paper Manufactory	15	"	
	Oil Mills	113	"	
	Baggage Bullocks	"	106	
	Gold Smiths melting Pots	287	"	
	Tolls on Stone Cutters	"	101	
	Ladders used by Toddy drawers	1586	"	
	Nets of Fishermen	"	6	
	Chintz Manufactory	111	"	
	Indigo Dyers do	34	"	
	Ornamental stone do	24	"	
	On temporary Shops Established at festivals	"	603	
	Total	27877	2044	
North Arcot	Houses	9274	450	
	Maligahs	920	"	
	Mundies	584	"	
	Cotahs	57	"	
	Shops	10571	"	

	Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
North Arcot (Continued)	Cloth Looms	11944	
	Gunny do	205	
	Cumblies do	260	
	Mats do	200	
	Oil Mills	591	
	Sugar Cane do	"	29
	Gollacurums	343	"
	Bullocks	"	3
	Iron Founderies	214	"
	Paper Mills	60	"
	Dying instruments	"	26
	Bandies	"	1
	Brick Kilns	85	"
	Indigo Factory	13	"
	Salt Petre do	248	"
	Chunam Kilns	28	"
	Washermen	"	28
	Barbers Instruments	"	10
	Potters Wheels	"	4
	Sundry professions	489	"
	Total	36060	551

South Arcot District

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Tax on Looms	26024	"
Do on Bazars	9369	"
Do on Houses	2968	"
Do on Talient Cattle &c	3379	"
Do on Oil mills	1378	"
Do on Iron Smiths furnace	409	"
Do on Indigo dying place	352	"
Do on Paper manufactories	30	"
Do on Arroppoocaren or Earth washers	"	1
Do on Basket	"	3
Do on thread dying place	"	19
Do on frame for weaving cloth	"	4
Do on Cotton Spinners	237	"
Do on Furnace for melting Iron	247	"
Total	44393	33

Tinnevelly District

Bazars	711	"
Loom	5395	"
Back Bullocks	"	23
Godowns of Aunt	"	"
Goldsmiths Shop	"	8
Carpenters Shop	"	3
Iron Smiths Do	"	4
Traders	"	"
Sannars Climbers	"	2

Tinnevelly District (Contd)

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Chunam	"	1
Retail dealers	"	2
Bleaching places	"	9
Barbers	"	5
Basket makers	"	1
Dait Rent on dwelling houses	"	2
Cavilgars	"	14
Chucklers	"	1
Oil presses	"	3
Total	6101	78
Houses	14878	"
Looms	48615	"
Shops and Bazars	12483	"
Granaries	"	"
Poll Tax	13275	"
Stalls	101	"
Ploughs	"	15
Oil press	775	"
Gold Smiths Vases	570	"
Washermans Stones	1807	"
Lime Kilns	38	"
Monthy porroapoo	41	"
Iron Forge	505	"
Cotton Godowns	1941	"

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

Tinnevelly (Contd)

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolish :ed
Fishermans Boat	469	"
Dyers yards	"	49
Pariahs &c. for the privilege of taking for their use dead Cattle	"	194
Chillara Cutgoattah	"	657
Houses of Pullers	"	1
Pack Bullocks	"	53
Total	99638	975

Coimbatore

Houses	2913	"
Looms	20625	"
Shops and Bazars	8,000	1200 Estimated roughly
Carpenters	1,372	"
Furnaces	1,351	"
Golds miths	1,360	"
Paper Manufactory	19	"
Dying do	59	"
Chucklers	"	4131
Barbers	2229	"
Washermen	3046	"
Oil Press	776	"
Bullocks	3076	"
Salt pan	1947	"
Furnaces	149	"
Indigo Manufactory	25	"

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

Coimbatore (Contd)

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolish :ed
Palmyra trees yielding Toddy	111	"
Grubbers	"	23
Traders of beaten rice	"	26
Instrument Whetters	"	1
Dyeing roots	"	1
Total	54,056	5,388

Salem

Tax on Gold Smiths work places		1150	"
Do on Iron Smiths	Do	1761	"
Do on Carpenters	Do	793	"
Do Stone Cutters	Do	"	10
Do Chucklers	Do	"	1839
Do Paper manufacturers	Do	57	"
Do Iron Beaters places		"	23
Do Country Saddle Makers	Do	"	2
Do Cart Makers	do	"	18
Do Red dye makers	do	"	7
Do Lace manufacturers	do	"	2
Samaya charavony or tax levied on Head men of certain castes who are supposed to decide charges of adultery and infringement of the caste rules		"	308
Tax levied on Head men of the Valungy or right hand class		"	542

Salem (Continued)

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Tax on do. of Yadengy or left hand do.	"	46
do. on do. of Coorumba caste	"	1
do. on do. of Coonchega caste	"	12
do. on Gotaconakayer tax levied on a particular class of persons who climb up the areca nut trees to cut the nuts	"	3
do. on the Barbers Bazars	1721	"
do. on Washermens fire places	3,115	"
do. on Pot makers Wheels	"	164
do. on fire places where Iron is melted	159	"
do. on Indigo dying pots	388	"
Talaghum Pottinary or Tax on Wooden pans used by persons washing mud and sand for bits of Gold	"	164
Tax on dyers	17	"
do. on Bullocks for trading or let out for hire	"	970
do. on Indigo boilers	229	"
do. on Lime Kilns	165	"
do. on Red Colour dyeing Pots	108	"
do. on Fishermens Nets	"	28
do. on Salt Petre boilers	317	"
do. on Iron Beaters	"	22
do. on Cotton Carders' bows	"	18
do. on Toddy drawers Knives	"	3
do. on Brick Layers	"	49
do. on Basket makers	"	7

Salem (Continued)

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Tax for collecting bets of Ironmen Smithery	"	9
do. on Calicoe printer	"	3
do. on Sellers and manufacturers of Combs	"	4
Talayaryaary or fee originally levied by the Heads of Professions for collecting the Moturpha but subsequently collected by Government and carried to public account	37	"
Do. on persons trading in Sundry articles of manufacture	605	"
Poganarg also called "Chillarayaraayary" or tax on the houses of persons who having no puttahs of their own employ themselves in cultivating the lands of others or do not so cultivate notwithstanding they have the means of doing so	"	3534
Tax on Oil mills	892	"
Vegaparagaraayary or tax levied on the houses of persons engaged in lending money on interest and in private trade without keeping open shops	2,626	"
Tax on Shops and Bazars	10772	"
do. on Looms	43662	"
Total	69989	7777

Canara

Tax on Warehouses	1188	"
do. Houses	5056	"
do. Shops	3644	"

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

District

Canara Collectorate (continued)

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Tax on Shroffs	110	"
do Fishing Boats and men	"	1418
do Pot makers	"	424
do Gold Smiths	868	"
do Brass and Copper Smiths	60	"
do Rice beating mills	"	175
do Oil mongers	626	"
do Umbrella makers	"	145
do Toddy drawers in Pootoor Talook	470	"
do Barbers	326	"
do Washermen	349	"
do Chuckleers	"	227
do Musicians	290	"
do Palmyra Jaggery Manufacturers	"	"
do Turners	74	"
do Sandalwood & Cinnamon Stills	1155	"
do Boats	"	394
do Mat and Basket makers	"	95
do Butchers	"	17
do Brokers	162	"
do Stone Vase makers	"	1
do Confectioners	"	5
Total	14378	2901

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

District

Malabar

Taxes	To be retained at present	To be abolished
Tax on Houses	81832	"
do Shops Warehouses Cocoanut Topes &c	11,067	"
do Oil mongers	4,076	"
do Gold Smiths	567	"
do Carpenters	1,553	"
do Black Smiths	620	"
do Braziers	120	"
do Potters	251	"
do Looms	3,504	"
do Grinders	"	27
do Iron Founders	"	116
do Cotton cleaners	"	33
do Boat Owners	1877	"
do Fishing net do	2764	"
do Barbers	"	71
do Washermen	"	159
do Papadom makers	"	200
do Bakers	"	7
do Copper Smiths	"	7
do Sawyer	584	"
do Laterite Stone cutters	"	122
do Brick layers	"	80
do Granite Stone Cutters	"	1
do Bullock Owners	1704	"
do Cart Drivers	1509	"
do Buffalo Owners	55	"
Total	113082	823

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

No 2

Statement shewing the Motarpha Revenue of each district for fusly 1265, and the amount proposed to be abolished.

	Motarpha Revenue of Fusly 1265	Proposed for abolition
	Rupees	Rupees
Ganjam	9835	1282
Vizagapatam	5317	1266
Rajahmandry	6076	1086
Masulipatam	23491	809
Guntoor	40538	2131
Nellore	16363	239½
Cuddapah	146639	11170
Bellary	35293	10278
Kurnool	45333	1655
Chingleput	31164	2044
North Arcot	35748	551
South Arcot	41236	33
Tanjore	42514	"
Trichinopoly	6162	78
Madura	"	"
Tinnevelly	94870	975
Coimbatore	59480	5388
Salem	76489	7777
Canara	17278	2901
Malabar	111577	823
Madras	"	"
Total	1097486	50486½

Received

Fort St. George 23d January 1858

Received the undermentioned miscellaneous letters and Statements.

964 MS No 189 From the Collector of Coimbatore Return of Persons charged Vca under Regulation IX of 1822 for December 1857.

965 MS No 190 From the Collector of Salem Return of Persons charged Vca under Regulation IX of 1822 for December 1857.

966 MS No 184 From the Collector of Cuddapah Return of Fines imposed Vca for quarter ending 30th September 1857.

967 MS No 170 From the Collector of Canara Return of Public Servants dismissed Vca for quarter ending 30th September 1857

968 MS No 183 From the Collector of Cuddapah Return of Public Servants suspended Vca for quarter ending 31st December 1857.

969 MS No 182 From the Collector of North Arcot Return of Public Servants suspended Vca for quarter ending 30th June 1857.

970 MS No 191 From the Collector of Coimbatore Return of Persons in confinement under Regulation IX of 1822 in December 1857

From

Mg Bs 192

From the Collector of Coimbatore Return of Village
971 Officers &c. under Regulation VII of 1831
for December 1857

972
Ms No 193
From the Collector of Salem Return of Village
Officers &c. under Regulation VII of 1831
973 for December 1857.
Ms No 194
From the Collector of Coimbatore Return of Public
Servants Suspended &c. for quarter ending
974 31st. December 1857.
Ms No 185
From the Collector of Chingleput Rain Report
975 for December 1857.
From the Collector of Ganjam Statement of De-
=mand Collection and Balance of Revenue
976 for December 1857.
Ms No 186
From the Collector of Malabar Salt account
977 current for December 1857.
Ms No 188
From the Collector of Cuddapah Average Bazar
978 Prices of Grain for December 1857.
Ms No 187
From the Collector of Canara Average Bazar
979 Prices of Grain for December 1857.
Ms No 181
From the Collector of South Arcot Register of Petitions
980 for December 1857
Ms No 195
From the Collector of Coimbatore Register of Petitions
for December 1857.

Proceedings

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue

Monday the 25th January 1858.

Read the following papers.

981
Bd No 367
From the Ag. Secy. to Govt. } Extract from the Minutes
of Consultation in the Revenue Depart=
=ment under date the 20th January 1858.

Referring to the Board
for report a letter from the
Governor of the French Establish=
=ment in India requesting that
the Thread produced at the
two Thread Manufactory in
Pondichery & whence the Cloth
Brown in Sallampore is produced
may be exempted from the duty
to which it is at present liable on
its importation into the Company's
Territories.

981-82
Bd No 316
Order thereon. Ordered to be forwarded to the Ag. Collector of South Arcot for early report.
No 153

To J. D. Sim Esq.
Ag. Secy. to the Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

983
Bd No 2856
From the Colr. of Madura. } Sir.
Reports the steps taken

I have the honor to acknowledge

Extract

Letters in the case of Seshayya Manager of the Inundar Devastanums with reference to a letter from Mr Fischer to the Board of Revenue dated 10th June forwarded for Report by the Collr in Extract of the Board's Proceedings dated 8th July 1857.

Extract from the Board's Proceedings dated 8th July 1857 requiring me to Report on a Letter addressed by Mr Fischer to the Board Copy of which Letter is sent

2 I must refer the Board to my Letter of 25th Novr 1856 in which I duly reported the steps I had taken in the case of Seshayya Mahajen Manager of the Inundar Devastanums—

3 Since that the matter by order of the Board Contained in their letter of the 9th February 1857 Para 2 has been simplified and all occurrences which took place

4 In accordance with orders Contained in that letter I took up each of the cases against the manager and having enquired into them in conformity with the Rules laid down in Regulation VII of 1822 Recorded a sentence of acquittal in each and all the cases—

† From Bd 9th Feby 1857

5 As the cases were 31, in No and Required a great deal of Scrutiny and as it was in the midst of the Summabundy I devoted such time as I could spare and made Notes Occasionally taking advantage of a Comparative rest in my work on the 30th April last I drew up sentences to each Case which on account

account for the same date being affixed to each sentence—

Vol 1C Page 195 of the 31st Decr 1835

6 I beg most Respectfully to Remark that the usual Course of Procedure would have been for Mr Fisher to apply to me for Copies of my sentences and if dissatisfied with all or any of them have appealed to the Board who would have called upon me for explanations.

7 Instead of this Mr Fischer writes to the Board of Revenue forwarding two letters received from his clients dated 13th April & 11th May 1857 Mr Fischer in his letter to the Board of the 13th April states "I cannot believe that the Collector will venture to act in the manner indicated in this letter but if he does I trust the Board will not let Mr Fischer trusts the Board will not accord their sanction to a proceeding so bear faced and Shameful" this letter was sent me for my information with an Extract from the Proceedings of the Board In which the Board Remarks "It would not be proper in the Boards opinion to call for a Report from

Fort St. George 25th January 1858

from the Acting Collector on Petitions of this nature but they think that it will Conduce to bring this matter to a final and satisfactory Conclusion and avoid possible inconvenience if they defer passing orders on Mr. Sullivans letter until the objections to Tekka Rams Restoration, or Mr. Fischer on their behalf, shall have had time to see the opinions recorded by the Acting Collector and to present if they are so disposed a Circumstantial appeal in any of the Cases.

In the period of a month.

"It must be understood that a Petition of appeal from Mr. Fischer Cannot be attended to unless it is accompanied by a Vakalut-namah."

8 The Extract Proceedings is dated 2d June 1857 Mr. Fischer's Client on the 4th July applied for Copies which were given as I was of opinion that I had no option altho the Month had expired.

9 On the 13th July 1857 another Extract from the Proceedings of the Board arrived forwarding another letter from Mr. Fischer and Calling on me to report on a subject which was laid before the Board on the 25th November last

I

Fort St. George 25th January 1858

10 I beg to request that Tekka Rams Pleader be appointed Manager of the Madura Pagoda as he has been acquitted after due investigation of all the Charges brought against him and as he is I believe the most fit man in Madura to hold the appointment.

11 I am Convinced and from my position I have the best means of acquiring information that the inhabitants of Madura are very averse to any foreign European influence getting the Management of the Pagoda whether in the guise of a Vakeel or otherwise.

(Signed) R. I. Sullivan
Ag. Coll.r

Madura
13th July 1857

To I. D. Sewell Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

Sir

I hasten to inform the Board that late

984
13 2a 2866.
From
H. Fischer Esqre

Fort St George 25th January 1858

late last night I received Copies of 34 decisions passed by the present acting Collector & as he would have us suppose active Collector of Madura on the 34 Charges that I made so many years ago against Seshiraz and Thologa the sole & Reinstated Manager of the great Devastanam of Madura - The following are the endorsements on those Charges.

"Copies of Decisions on Charges of the 1st Complaint against Seshiraz Thologa Manager of the Meenatchee Devastanam passed under Regulation IX of 1822 & VIII of 1817 furnished on application of Ramasawmier Esqr Fischer's Client on the 8th July 1857."

(Signed) R. J. Sullivan
Acting Collr

"Copies of decisions on Charges of the 2nd Complaint against Seshiraz Thologie Manager of the Meenatchee Devastanam passed under Regulation IX of 1822 & VIII of 1817 furnished on application of Ramasawmy Iyer Esqr Fischer's Client on the 8th July 1857."

(Signed) R. J. Sullivan
Ag Collector

and

Fort St George 25th January 1858

And two or three days ago were returned to me the several letters that I had written to the Collector & the Board at the end of the last & beginning of this year protesting & appealing against the arbitrary & illegal Restoration of Seshiraz without the Charges I had made against him being enquired into with & the following endorsement on each of them severally

Endorsement to Board's petition

No. 382 of 1857-

"The Charges 34 in number brought against Seshiraz Thologie have been gone into under Regulation IX of 1822 and VIII of 1817 & he has been acquitted of all the Charges"

Madura
Ramnad
30th April 1857

(Signed) R. J. Sullivan
Ag Collr

That these decisions & endorsements astonished me the Board may imagine when I state that no other enquiry has been made into the Charges than what I reported was being done in my letter of the 13th April last viz by the Head Sheristadar & Head Canabnais in Conjunction with Seshiraz & his Creatures & in Secret -

I will only remark the extraordinary fact that

Fort St George 25th January 1858

that the day these 34 decisions on 34 grave and complicated charges are said to have been passed in Madura the Collector was in the Terroomungalum Taloob doing Jamabundy & issuing pattahs the Collector was enquiring whatever that the decisions were all manufactured by the party in the name I have stated above & that the Collector affixed his signatures to them - I am prepared to prove - I will only make the above Remarks - and as I am exceedingly busy & have to get papers from Madura &c &c reasonable time to the Board for making the appeal they have accorded me -

(Signed) H. Sinclair

Salem
15th July 1857

Order thereon - Ordered to lie accordingly -

983-85

Fort St George 25th January 1858

MA No 2458-
From the Collr of Malabar. Read again Return from the Collector of Malabar dated 13th and entered in M. Con. 19th November 1857.-

BR No 333-
Proceedings thereon - With reference to the last case entered in this Return the Board observe that a definite period of suspension should always be given --

986.

No 235

To J. D. Sim Esqr
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St George

Sir

987

BR No 5066-
From the Asst Collector of South Arcot - - - - } In returning Board Petitions No 3452 & 3678 of 1857 - I have the honor to state that it is beyond dispute that Venkatachellam is a natural son of his father, the fact being also admitted by himself - The Petitioner Ramachurry is the registered Smith of the Village, but not being a resident he has allowed his illegitimate brother to hold the Office, perform the duties and enjoy the emoluments for the last 30 years. -

On

Fort St George 25th January 1858

On Consideration of these circum-
-stances Mr Hall decided that the Offices
should continue to be registered in the name
of Petitioner, but the duties performed and the
emoluments enjoyed, in turn by the two brothers
in accordance with local usage in similar
cases.-

South Arcot Collectors Cutcherry
Cuddalore 16th December 1857.
} (Signed) G. N. Taylor
Actg Collector

B3 No 3445
Proceedings thereon - 1
(987-88)

Under the explanation now
given the Board will not disturb the
decision. The following Endorsement is therefore
passed upon Petition No 3452 and 3678 of 1857.

"Venkatachellum has performed the
duties and enjoyed the emoluments of the
Meerassy for upwards of 30 years.-

Under these circumstances the
Board consider the Collectors decision
that he and Petitioner should hold it
by turns to be fair and equitable."-

To

Fort St George 25th January 1858.

No 254

To J. D. Sims Esqr
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St George

Sir

(989)
B2 No 4608
From the Collector of
Madura - - - -
} I have the honor to for-
-ward herewith the Accounts Particular
called for in the Boards Circular of
the 22nd April 1857 No 1258 and in
your letter of the 7th Instant No 3822.-

Madura - - - -
19th November 1857 -
} (Signed) A. Hathaway
Acting Collector

Accounts Particular shewing the various
items charged under the heads of Salary
Establishments and extra and Saderward
Charges

Fort St George 25th January 1858

Charges on account of Salt in the District of Madura for Fasly 1264.-

	Items		Amount of Charge	
Establishment	Salary of permanent Sibbendies both in the Hoozoor and outer Stations		Rs a p - - - 12247	Rs a p 12247
Extra Charges	Cost of erection of Sundals for watching Peons	14 6 -		
	D- of making brass Measures	344 4 -		
	Value of a leather Box	11 4 -		
			369 14 -	
Sundry-ward Charges	Value of paper	303 6 7		
	D- of lamp oil	15 5 5		
	D- of Country Ink	8 10 -		
	D- of thread	5 8 -		
	D- of Gum	2 1 -		
	Cost of cloth bags prepared for remitting treasury	1 14 1		
			366 4 3	
		Total	12983 14 1	

Madura, - - -
19th November 1857 -

(Signed) A Hathaway
A Collector

Order thereon
(189-90)

Ordered to be recorded

To

Fort St George 25th January 1858

No 174

To. J. D. Sim Esqr
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St George

(191)

Sir

Bd No 4931
From the Actg Collector of Ganjam - - - - - } Para 1

Requesting that the Survey and assessment of the District be made at an early date -

May I request that you will bring to the notice of the Board the great want of this District that of a revenue Survey and assessment on liberal principles is required in justice to the ryots as well as to Government -

The Board are aware that the
2
Guree and Butnam the standard measures of the District are in reality not measures of surface but capacity and a moments thought will show what a door to fraud this opens and how difficult it is to prevent new lands being taken up surreptitiously by the more powerful ryots or portions of the poorer ryots lands being incorporated with theirs.

The assessments too are very
3
unequal all over the District some men will be found to hold much more inferior land than

than they get credit for others much less good land so that the low cist shewn in the accounts is not so in reality this will render great care necessary when the assessments made- In some Talooks such as Tooba conda and Goomsur there might probably be a slight increase in the cist or at all events a low water tax without injuring the Ryots but I would deprecate most strongly any attempt to raise the Cist generally- The Board are well aware how difficult it is to get a cist once established raised if found too high and this is not a district to be experimented on any feeling of dissatisfaction caused by too heavy cists would be at once taken advantage of and the Goomsur people rendered as unsettled as in other times the prosperity of the District and the ease with which the cists are paid is owing to the export trade of seeds and rice were that to fail it would be impossible to raise the Cist in most parts of the District.

4 I feel confident however that once

once the land is regularly surveyed and assessed there will be a large increase of revenue from land now concealed and incorporated with Enams and from land lately recovered from the Jungles- There would also be a large demand for waste land on cowles persons now hang back as they cannot reckon what the rent will be at the end of 20 years let them be assured that they will have it say for 99 years on the assessors valuation and they will be able to calculate the advantage of the undertaking-

5- The Revenue Survey is also most urgently demanded by the Engineer Department I need hardly say how this District was for years left without scientific Superintendence and now very much still remains to be done in Goomsur every where in fact except in Wadadah it is impossible to bring forward any large project as the returns

Fort St George 25th January 1858

returns never come up to those of other districts partly I allow because our cists are low but chiefly because there is no way of accurately testing how much fresh land will be brought under the plough or how much dry will be converted into wet.-

6. Under the new rules the returns call for much exactness but how can this be when there is no Survey no fixed boundaries nothing in fact to guide the Revenue Officer who has not time to measure the land nor indeed could his measurements be trusted implicitly if he did make them.-

7 I look on this as a subject of very great importance and if it is not in the power of the Board to instruct Mr Newill to attend to our wants at a very early date. I hope the Board will agree with me in the necessity of bringing it to the notice of Government.-

Ganjam District. - - -
Coll[rs] Circuit Office. - - -
Berhampore 30th Nov[r] 1857.-

(Signed) W Knox
Act[g] Collector

ordered

Fort St George 25th January 1858

Ordered that the following letters be sent sent in reply.-

To

The Collector of
Ganjam

Sir

9[th]-792
B[d] No 313
To the Collector of Ganjam - -

I am directed to forward the accompanying letter to you and to request that you will favor the Board of Revenue at your early convenience with your opinion on Mr Knox's recommendation for a Survey of the Ganjam District.-

2 The Board wish to known whether you consider a general resurvey and assessment necessary or whether partial measurements of a less accurate and scientific character than these conducted by

Fort St George 25th January 1858

by Captain Priestly would sufficiently meet present requirements

3 They also desire to be informed whether you or your assistants could efficiently superintend a sur-vey class if one should be esta-blished for the instruction of Cutcums and others.-

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St George. - - -
25th January 1858 - - -

(Signed) J. D. Sim
Sr Secretary

Fort St George, 25th January 1858.-

No. 756

To, The Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

993

B. No. 5189.

From the Honorable Company's Solicitor.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge your letter of the 10th instant No. 4425 and its enclosure.-

The Advocate General having returned to Madras I considered it advisable to confer with him on the proposed legislation for the further prevention of smuggling within the Territories subject to the Government of Fort Saint George.-

I now send you a copy of his opinion thereon and a Draft act for attaining the desired object which he has prepared.-

I also return the paper noted at as post. and-

December 23d 1857.

(Signed) J. R. Boyson
Hon. Comp's Solr

Note

Original letter from Collector of Canara to Secretary to the Board of Revenue Fort St. George. No. 65 and dated Mangalore 11th June 1856.-

Original letter from Government Pleader to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue Fort Saint George No. 4 and dated Madras 30th August 1856. Extract from minutes of Consultation dated 30th September 1856.- No. 1041 Revenue Department.-

Copy, Opinion

Assuming the two objects mentioned in the accompanying correspondence, viz.t the subjecting smugglers to fine and imprisonment, and their Vessels, horses, and Carriages to confiscation to be all that is required I recommend the subjoined Draft instead of that forwarded by the Board of Revenue.-

Section III is merely an interpretation clause but is calculated to facilitate the working of this act, and give it a wider scope-Section IV is to prevent the working of the act from being impeded by technical errors-Sections V and VI are merely the earlier parts of Sections 63 and 68 of act VI of 1844 applied to this act.-

December 21/57. (Signed) Thos Sydney Smyth
Advt Genl

(True Copy)

(Signed) I. R. Boyd
Hon Compy Solicitor

No. 2.

An act for the further prevention of smuggling within the Territories subject to the Government of Fort St. George.-

---

Whereas the provisions of act VI of 1844 have been found insufficient to prevent smuggling and breaches of the Customs Laws and to reach all persons concerned in offences against the same.-

It is hereby enacted that any person who shall smuggle or endeavour to smuggle any goods, the duties for which have not been paid or secured, into any place within the Territories subject to the Government of the Presidency of Fort St. George or shall instigate or employ any person to smuggle any such goods into any such place or shall aid or abet or connive at the smuggling of any such goods into any such place or shall receive purchase or secrete any goods liable to duty, knowing or having reasonable cause to suspect the same to have been smuggled into any such place shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and being convicted thereof before any magistrate or Justice of the Peace shall be liable for the first offence to a fine

fine not exceeding Rupees 100 and in default of payment to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term not exceeding three calender months or to both such fine and imprisonment as aforesaid and for every second and subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding Rupees and in default of payment to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term not exceeding calender months or to both such fine and imprisonment as last aforesaid.

II And it is hereby enacted that in all cases in which under act VI of 1844 (or any other enactment concerning the customs) goods are now or shall hereafter be liable to seizure and confiscation every case, vessel package or covering in which any such goods are found and every ship vessel or boat engaged in smuggling the same, together with every horse bullock or other animal and every cart carriage or other thing employed in the smuggling or removal of such goods shall be liable to seizure and confiscation by any Collector of

of customs.

III The word magistrate in this act shall include a Joint magistrate and any person lawfully exercising the office of a magistrate and also any Deputy or Assistant Magistrate to the extent of the powers of such Deputy or Assistant Magistrate.

IV No conviction, order or Judgment of any Magistrate or Justice of the Peace under this act shall be quashed for error of form or procedure but on the merits only and it shall not be necessary to state on the face of the conviction order or judgment, the evidence on which it proceeds but the depositions taken or a copy of them shall be returned with the conviction order or judgment in obedience to any writ of certiorari, and if no jurisdiction appears on the face of the conviction, order or judgment but the depositions taken supply that defect, the conviction, order, or judgment shall be aided by what so appears in such depositions.

V And it is hereby enacted that all Officers of customs shall as heretofore be amenable to the Civil Courts of the Presidency

of

Fort St. George, 25th. January 1858.

of Fort St. George by action for damages on account of any executive acts done in their official capacity at the suit of the parties injured by such acts.-

VI And it is hereby enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Governor in council of Fort Saint George by an order in council to transfer any of the powers given to a Collector of Customs by this act to any other functionary and to make any rules consistent with law for the carrying of this act into effect.-

VII This act shall commence and take effect from and after the day of.—

(True Copy)
(Signed) J. R. Boyston
Honorable Company's Solicitor

Fort St. George 25th January 1858

To The Acting Secretary to
Government
Revenue Department

993-94
13 Jan. 358.
To the Advocate Genl. to Government

Sir,

In reference to Extract Minutes Consultation under date 30th
Law 26 Jan. 55 September 1856 No. 1041 Revenue Department and your Memorandum
of 22d April last I am directed
by the Board of Revenue to forward
a Copy of a Draft act for the more
effectual prevention of Smuggling
which has been drawn out by the Advocate General-

2 Government inclined to the opinion that legislation may only be necessary as respects Salt on account of the small intrinsic value of that article compared to the heavy duty placed upon it- The Board were accordingly instructed to Consult with the Honorable Company's Solicitor on

Encl. 2 in No. 1 in Para 4 Company's solicitor 23 Dec. 57 Recd. 25th Jany 58 5789-

Law Act 31 of 1850 for the repealing in force in the Bombay Presidency-

Fort St. George 25th January 1858

on this point and they found from the
† From W. Company's Solicitor dated 19th Decr. 1856 Del'd 17th April 57
reply a Copy of which is enclosed that he advocated the extension to India of the penalties awarded generally to all acts of smuggling by the Laws of England - He thus Concurred in the views expressed in my Predecessor's letter of 23d September 1856 and the Board Continue of opinion that for the protection of the Revenue and the interests of the fair trader the proposed act is necessary as respects all articles and not salt alone -

3 The Draft act prepared by the Advocate General proceeds therefore upon principles in which the Board fully Concur, and seems well adapted to attain the end in view. It will properly be for the Legislature to Consider whether it is to be Confined to this Presidency or extended to all India -

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
25th January 1858

(Signed) I. D. Sim
Sy. Secretary

No.

Fort St. George 25th January 1858.

No. 335

To I. D. Sim Esqr
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

995
Bd No. 108
From the Collr of North Arcot

Sir, With reference to the Board's Circular dated 23d April last No. 1283, I have the honor to request you will be so good as to obtain the sanction of the Board for supplying for the use of my Office a copy of the Madras Almanac for 1858 -

North Arcot Collrs Cutcherry } I have &c
Chittoor 30th December 1857 } C. Whittingham
Collector.

Order thereon - Ordered to be recorded -
No. 5

995-96

To I. D. Sim Esqr
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

997
Bd No. 1140
From the Collr of Tinnevelly

Sir, I have the honor again to solicit the decision of the Board, on the case of Soobaroo Lobbay & Vedoogramam Lobbay, reported on in my letter to the Board

of 25th October and referred to in my subsequent letter of 9th December. The Labourer has appeared before me, begging for some decision in his case, as he has now been more than two months under suspension.-

Trimmelly
2nd January 1858

(Signed) I. Silver.-
Collector.

Order thereon. Ordered to be recorded with reference to Board's Proceedings dated 6th instant.-

997-98

No 277

To

S. D. Sinn Esqr
Acting Secretary
Board of Revenue
Fort St George

997
Rd No 212
from the Mint Master

Sir

With reference to Extract from the Proceedings of Your Board dated 4th December 1857, I beg to say that I recommend the use of two Hand balances of the English pattern. Major Bell's balance has the advantage of extreme accuracy, but if such accuracy is attempted in weighing Salt, much time will be wasted. The machine sent out from England

would be used therefor any material as coarse as salt, but as the cost of Salt is so much less to the Government here than to the consumer, when used for the sale of the Article, care should be taken that the error is in favour of the purchaser.

A register might be kept of Bell's balance, and if it was, I think it possible that it would not be better liked by those who use it, than the English balance. On my visit to the Stores, a most palpable error was detected by the Coolies to whom the English balance is disadvantageous.

2. With regard to the weight of the Counterbalances I can safely say, that they were carefully tried, and correctly reported upon at the Mint, as the trial was made by Mr Maddox, who is thoroughly acquainted with such instruments, and is in the habit of examining balances & fractions of grains. I, he found the two balances alike, each weighing 3193¾ Solas or 82,253 lbs.-

Fort St George
Mint 11th January 1858

(Signed) I. C. Cotton Lieut & Coll
Acting Mint Master

998-1000

Rd No 338
To the Mint Master

To

Sir

Mint Master

I am directed by the Board

of Revenue to request that you will furnish them at your earliest convenience of the probable cost of Salt Balances on Major Bell's principle to weight 1 and 2 tolas and also of the practicability of a sufficient number (say 300) being made against the Indent within a year.

2. The Board would also wish to know whether a test table deal could be attached to Major Bell's balance and what would be its cost if it were thus proved and made easily moveable like the English Beam on which you have lately reported. They would also wish to be informed whether you could make up balances of the kind at what cost.

Revenue Board Office
Fort St George
25th January 1858

(Signed) J. D. Sim
Sub Secretary

Sub Master
11th to 25th Jany 58
212.-

1001
Dy No 385
From Civil Auditor

No 1051.

Official Memorandum

The Civil Auditor has the honor to request that the Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue will forward for reference the Extract of the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue under date the 18th February 1857 No 535 relative to the petition of the Establishment of Golah Peons on an increase to the salary of the Duffadars of the Salt Department of the Ganjam District.

Fort St George Civil Auditor's Office, 16th January 1858

(Signed) T. Luskington
Civil Auditor
Officiating

1001-1002
Dy No 388
To the Civil Auditor

Official Memo

The Sub Secretary to the Board of Revenue has the honor to forward to the Civil Auditor with reference to his Official Memorandum of the 16th instant a Copy of Paras 1 — 2 and 3 of the Board's Proceedings dated 18th February 1857 No 535 relating to the Ganjam Salt Peons Establishment.

Revenue Board Office
Fort St George
25th January 1858.

(Signed) J. D. Sim
Sub Secretary

No 10

To
J. D. Sim Esqr
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St George

1003
Dy No 401
From the Collr
North Arcot

Sir,

I have the honor to submit the information called for in Extract Proceedings of the Board of Revenue No 3428 dated 12th October 1857.

Neither Poppy nor Tea is cultivated in this District, and the cultivation of Cotton is very limited. The extent of land assigned in Pattas, and the cultivation of the same, and Mottahs, are shown separately. Remindarees and Mottahs are entered. The assessment of the land is also entered.

North Arcot Collector's Office
Cuddalore 20 January 1858

(Signed) C. Whittingham
Collector

Enclosures

Return shewing Tea, Sugar, Indigo, Cutch Mulberry in the C

Sterm	Acre	Tea	Acre	Sugar	Acre	Indigo	Acre	Cutch
		12		13		14		15
1	2							
Circar								
Poonjah	"	1 103	431	7 10	54	178	91	
Nunjah	"	5 23	204	12 10	38	323	54	
Totaeal	"	6 1	4	9 0	4	60	15	
	"	" 187	640	4 2	90	502	14	
	"							
Zemindars & Polliems								
Poonjah	"	10 27	70	11 0	1	2	13	
Nunjah	"	11 3	18	10 3	1	7	12	
Totaeal	"	" 14	97	1 "	"	"	"	
	"	2 44	180	0 9	2	9	13	
	"	9 231	827	4 11	98	572	11	

W Cottingham
Collector

2

Fort St George 25th January 1838.

No 9.

To

J. D. Sim Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St George.

1504
B. No 397.
From the Collector of Tellicherry

Sir,

With reference to Para 6 of Extract from the Minutes of Consultn. ~~Letter~~ under date the 11th May last communicated with the Board's Proceedings of the 18th June. I have the honor to inform the Board that from further detailed enquiries made on the subject it has been ascertained that there are no Savage Customs existing in this District.

2 The information on which my letter of the 7th April 1836 was based was given me in writing by an Officer in the Sheristah's Department, who has left the District, there is therefore no opportunity of calling for an explanation on the point, but it is supposed to have arisen from some Savage Proposals resumed in the time

J

of the Nabobs Government being brought to account among many money collections..

Nellore District,
Collectors Office
Moolaumoody.
21st January 1858.

/Signed/ F.B. Elton
Collector

Order thereon

(1004-5)

Ordered to lie over.

Resolved that the following letters be dispatched..

(1006)
Bd No. 311.
To the Chief Secy to Govt & Civil Auditor

To
The Chief Secretary to
Government
Sir,

I have the honor to report that I arrived at the Presidency yesterday (Sunday) by the Steamer Nabob and have this day resumed charge of my Office of Secretary to the Board of Revenue..

Revenue Board office
Fort St George.
25th January 1858.

/Signed/ G.S. Forbes
Secretary

(1007)
Bd No. 312.
To the Chief Secy to Govt. & Civil Auditor

To
The Chief Secretary to
Government
Sir,

I have the honor to report that I have this day delivered over charge of

of the office of Secretary to the Board of Revenue to G.S. Forbes Esqre the Secretary..

Revenue Board Office
Fort St George
25th January 1858.

/Signed/ I.B. Sim
Acting Secretary

(1008)
Bd No. 321.
To the Chief Secy to Govt & Civil Auditor.

To
The Chief Secretary to
Government
Sir,

I have the honor to report that I have this day delivered over charge of the Office of Sub Secretary to the Board of Revenue to I.B. Sim Esqre the Sub Secretary..

Revenue Bd Office
Fort St George.
25th January 1858.

/Signed/ L. Forbes
Acting Sub Secretary

(1009)
Bd No. 322.
To the Chief Secy to Government

To
The Chief Secretary to
Government
Sir,

I have the honor to report that I have this day received charge of the Office of Sub Secretary to the Board of Revenue from L. Forbes Esqre the Acting Sub Secretary.

Revenue Board office
Fort St George.
25th January 1858.

/Signed/ L. Forbes
Sub Secretary.

1010
Bd's P. 325.
Circular to all Collectors

Circular.

Sir,

I am directed to request that you will inform the Board at your earliest convenience what number of Salt Balance will be required in your District, if weighing is substituted for measuring in all Salt transactions.

It is proposed to have balances to weigh 1 and 2 Indian Maunds and you will be good enough to state the number you will require of each for each Collectorate or Depot. The larger Balances will probably be necessary only at places where Salt is sold for exportation by Sea.

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
25th January 1838.

/Signed/ J. D. Sim
Acting Secretary

1011
Bd's P. 334.
To the Inspector General

To
The Inspector General
of Ordnance.

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to request that you will inform

inform them at your earliest convenience whether there is any probability of a sufficient number of the balances approved by Government for weighing Salt and Coin respectively being made up at the Arsenal or Gun Carriage manufactory so within the current years.

The Numbers required would probably be 300 Salt and 24 Coin Balances.

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
25th January 1838.

/Signed/ J. D. Sim
Sub Secretary

1012
Bd's P. 334.
To The Civil Auditor

To
The Civil Auditor.

Sir

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to request that you will favor them with a reply to their reference dated 19th August last regarding commutation leave to Uncovenanted Servants.

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
25 January 1838.

/Signed/ J. D. Sim
Sub Secretary.

1013
Bd's P. 342.
To the Collectors of Ganjam — Vizagapatam — Rajahmundry — Guntoor — Nellore — Bellary — Cuddapah — Salem — Tinnevelly — Madura — Tinnevelly — Canara and Malabar.

Circular.

Sir

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to request that you will reply as soon as possible to their Circular dated 12th November 1837 No. 3913.

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
25th January 1838.

/Signed/ J. D. Sim
Sy Secretary

Fort St. George 25th January 1858.

Received the undermentioned Miscellaneous Letters and Statements.

1014
By Mr. No. 196. From Collector of Coimbatore. Reports the absence of a Return for December 1857.

1015
By Mr. No. 197. From the Collector of Coimbatore. Reports the absence of a Return for Quarter ending 31st December 1857.

1016
By Mr. No. 198. From the Collector of Coimbatore. Returns of pass for Quarter ending 31st December 1857.

1017
By Mr. No. 200. From the Collector of Salem. No persons in confinement under Regulation IX of 1822 for December 1857.

1018
By Mr. No. 199. From the Collector of Vizagapatam. No pass returns for Quarter ending 31 December 1857 :- (Bullion) :-

1019
By Mr. No. 172. From the Collector of Madras. Statement of Salt available for exportation on 15th ult. per 1857.

1020
By Mr. No. 203. From the Collector of Madura. Salt account (current) for December 1857.

1021
By Mr. No. 202. From the Collector of Rajahmundry. Statement of Salt for exportation on 16th January 1858.

1022
By Mr. No. 201. From the Collector of Nellore. Rain Report for December 1857.

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue.

Tuesday 26th January 1858.

Read the following Papers.

1023
By. No. 407. From the Sec. to Govt. } Extract from the Minutes of Consultation in the Revenue Department under date the 22d January 1858.—

Directing the Sub Treasurer to furnish certain articles comprising a Khilaat for presentation to the Zemindar of Vencatagherry on the occasion of the birth of a Son in his family and transmitting a complimentary Telegoo letter to be forwarded to him likewise.——————————

(See No. 90 in Separate Volume)

By. No. 336 Order thereon.

1023-24 Ordered to be forwarded to the Collector of Nellore with the original letter from Government and a copy of the translation.—

The Khilaat will also be forwarded on receipt

Read again letters from the Collector of Madura dated 13th July 1857 and from W. Fischer Esqre dated 15th July 1857 and entered in Consultation 25th January 1858.

Read also appeal presented by Mr. Fischer Vakeel for Vengooviengar and

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

and others appealing against the decision passed by the Acting Collector under Regulations VII of 1817 and IX of 1822 on the charges preferred against Teeke Ram Thobajee Manager of the Meenatchy Pagoda at Madura.

(1025)
Bd. No. 345.

Resolution thereon. Resolved that the present Acting Collector be instructed to send the record and decisions in these cases to the Board and to retain the Managership of the Pagoda from Teeka Ram Thobajee and place it pending the Board's final orders in the hands to which it was temporarily confided by the Collector Mr. Parker on the suspension of Teeka ram Thobajee. The Board must observe that in so important and unusual a matter the Acting Collector Mr. Sullivan should not have restored Teekaram Thobajee to office without first reporting the circumstances of the case and obtaining their orders. To

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

No. 161

To

J. D. Sim Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(1026)
Bd. No. 3483.
From the Actg Collr of Masulipatam — Herewith returned.

Sir,

Para 1. I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of Petition No. 799 of 1857 and its endorsement dated 3d April 1857 calling for a fuller explanation than the Collector's endorsement dated 12th January 1857 affords. —

I beg to enclose translation of Mr. Lushington's order dated 24th October 1855. which fully explains Mr. Lushington's reasons for dismissing Petitioner against which dismissal the present appeal is made.

Masulipatam,
Collector's Cutcherry,
26th August 1857. —

/Signed/ T. J. Knox.
Acting Collector.

No. 61

To

The Kykalore Tahasildar.
The Villagers of Commaree
attached to Baharzally Purgunah in the
Talook under you have attended before me
during the settlement for fasly 1264 and
presented

Fort St. George 26th January 1858

presented that Needamurty Venkata=
=narasimloo son of Ramanah, the Curnum
of the Village has been doing the duty of his
father, and that he set up a party of ryots
has been conspiring with them - and foster
dissensions such as attempting to exchange
lands &c. which cause them much annoyance,
and requested that they might be protected
from all trouble from the said Narsimloo. They
had also previously to this, presented some
arzees on the subject - On my making enquiry
also it became evident that the said Statements
were true and that the said Narsimloo did
not attend at the Jummabundy having been
engaged in Enam cultivation - I therefore
ordered you personally, that Venkata
=narsimloo who is of such a bad
conduct should not be allowed
to have any concern with the Curnum
duties, and that should he (his father)
be unable to do the duty, another in=
=dividual qualified to perform the
duty should be selected, and the same reported
to me - You shall therefore inform the same to
Ramanah

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

Ramanah and to Venkatanarsimloo and
enforce the order accordingly - -.

24th October 1855 -

/Signed/ T. D. Lushington
Collector.

/True translation/
/Signed/ T. J. Knox.
Acting Collector.

1026-27
Bd. No. 343.

Order thereon.

Ordered that the following
Endorsement be passed upon Petition No. 799 of 1857.

"The Board see no ground for
questioning the propriety of the late Collector's
decision. Petitioner was not the Curnum
but merely acting for that Officer, and his
conduct rendered it undesirable to allow his
further interference in the duties of the office".

No. 116.

To J. D. Sim Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue.
Fort St. George.

1028
Bd. No. 3631.
From the Collector of Rajahmundry - Reporting on Petition Nos. 3751 of 1856-7, 1156-2420- and 2444 of 1857.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue under date the 27th January last calling for further information as to the reasons for the dismissal of Racherla Soobarayadoo Curnum.

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

curnum of the Village of Covoor in the Rajahmundry Talook.—

2. The party in question made two different Statements in regard to the matter of the alleged embezzlement—First accusing the Moonsiff and Pettendar and afterwards retracting his charge—By his own account he neglected to keep his Chitta regularly, but there was Some reason to think that the entries in the one he ultimate produced for a few months of the year, had been altered, and that the original Chitta had been made away with.—

3. Upon further consideration of the case however I am inclined to think that the offence proved is not such as to call for the permanent exclusion of the party from Office and should the Board not object I propose restoring him to office from the 28th November next when he will have been eighteen months out of employ.

4 The Petitions noted in the margin are returned herewith.—

No. 3751 of 1856
" —7— of 1856
" 1156 of "
" 2440 of "
" 2444 of "

Rajahmundry Collr's Office 4th September 1857 — Collectorate, Cocanada District

/Signed/ A Purvis
Collector

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

Bd's No. 344
Proceedings thereon.

(1028-29)

The Board are quite satisfied with the above explanation—18 months suspension will they think be punishment sufficient and they approve of the Collector's proposal to restore Petitioner to the office from which he has been dismissed.—

Ordered that the following Endorsement be passed upon Petitions Nos 3751 of 1856-7-1156-2440-2444-2986- of 1857 and 308 of 1858.

"The Collector having expressed his intention of reinstating the Petitioner there is no occasion for further order—

No. 171.

To J. D. Sim Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

(1030)

Bd's No. 3767.

From the Collr of South Arcot —

Sir. In reference to the Board's endorsement on petition No. 2389 of 1857 from Kistna Reddy of Keelalingepatt in the Cuddalore Talook

Reports on Petition No. 2389 of 1857 presented to Board by Kistnah Reddy of Keelalingepatt in Cuddalore Talook.—

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

Talook, requesting to be informed whether the Petitioners application for the land in question was prior or subsequent to that of the other parties referred to, I have the honor to state that the land measuring 1 – 7¼ as in extent, had been waste for a long time in the Village, when the Petitioner in Fasly 1264 without making any application or obtaining permission from the authorities planted banian trees over 5 annas of it. –

After the whole field had been applied for by his opponents he came forward and requested the Talook authorities to make over to him the full extent of the land either with or without teerwah, alleging that he had planted the trees in question in a portion of it for the public use.

As the Petitioners request was not till after the Durkast of his opponents and as it was not proper to break up the field and give it to different individuals, I ordered the whole to be made over to the first Durkastier.

I informed the Petitioner at the same time that he must remove the trees from the land, as they could be of no use for shade &c.

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

for a long time to come. –

Under these circumstances it does not seem desirable to comply with the request of the Petitioner. –

South Arcot
Collectors Cutcherry
Cuddalore 22d Sept 1857
Bd No 346.

/ Signed / A. Hall.
Collector.

Order thereon.

Ordered that the following Endorsement be passed on Petitions No 2389 and 3334.

"The Board learn from a report received from the Collector that Petitioner had no authority to occupy the land that he paid no Teerwah for it and that it was not until after others had offered to take up a certain field which included that planted out by him that he put in his Durkhast –

"Under these circumstances

2.

Petitioner was not the first applicant and the Collector properly gave the land to the other parties."

No 356.

1030-31

To

J. D. Sim Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

1032

Bd No 1529.
From the Collector of Tinnevelly

Sir.

With reference to Para 4 of the Extract

1577

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated the 18th May last, requesting information regarding the practice of granting remissions as compensation for the expense of raising water from Wells in certain Villages of the Vallyoor Talook in this District, I have the honor to state that there are 14 Villages in the Vallyoor Talook, deriving their irrigation partly from Wells, and partly from rain fed Tanks and to forward a Statement shewing how the holders of lands in the above Villages are compensated for the expense of raising water from Wells—

2— On a reference to the above Statement it will be seen that out of the 14 Villages therein referred to the first 13 Villages are for Carr, assessed with Patton or favorable assessment in grain at so many grain Cottahs per Seed Cottah as shewn in Column 5, and for Peshanum, with one third warem of the gross produce, as exhibited in Column 7 of the Statement— The Village No. 14 is assessed with one third of the gross produce, both for Carr and Peshanum— In

1578

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

3 In exemplication of the Division of Warem between Government and the Ryots during Peshanum and of the practice of remission being granted to the ryots as compensation for the expense of raising water from Wells a Memo, shewing all the particulars as regards one of the 14 Villages is herewith forwarded for the information of the Board—

+ No. 8 in the Statement—

4. In conclusion I beg to inform the Board that the tanks and Wells in question are private property being kept in repair at the sole expense of the Ryots, and no remission is allowed for entire or partial failure of Crops which may occur on the lands under them, even in Seasons of failure of rain and scarcity—

Tinnevelly 13th November 1857

/Signed/ J. Silver
Collector.

Statement.

1579

Fort St. George

26th January 1858.

No. 1. Statement shewing the number and names of the Villages in the Vellyoor Talook in the District of Tinnevelly which derive their irrigation partly from Wells and partly from Tanks dependant on local rains with the particulars of assessment thereon.

Number and Names of Villages	Extent of Ayacut Land	Source of irrigation No. of Poonsolum Tanks	Source of irrigation No. of Wells	Assessment in grain. For Carr. Bottom or a fixed favorable assessment in grain per seed Cottah.	Assessment in grain. For Peshcaram. Full mail warem per Seed Cottah leviable on the land if entirely irrigated by Government Sources.	Assessment in grain. For Peshcaram. One third warem per Seed Cottah now levied in consideration of the land being irrigated both by Wells and Tanks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	S. C. m. m.			G. C. m. m.	G. C. m. m.	G. C. m. m.
1 Cullicolum	8 11 3¼	8	2	3 10 4	6 13 5⅛	4 14 1
2 Samookarungapoorum	64 20 ¾	5	15	3 10 4	8 6 4¾	5 18 2
3 Cattay Karungolum	100 10 2⅞	5	14	3 10 4	8 14 7½	6 2 5¼
4 Erookunthooray	102 2 1½	13	15	3 10 4 2 13 1	8 14 4¼	6 2 3
5 Aduvaarcolum	45 20 4⅛	5	9	1 15 6		5 6 1¼
6 Koaliencolum	29 17 7	3	4	3 10 4 1 15 6	7 10 5¾	5 13 1½
7 Maidaparavencolum	26 19 2½	3	3	3 10 4	7 20 7	6 17 ¼
8 Poolimancolum	15 19 4	2	2	3 10 4	9 19 3½	6 17 ¼
9 Carospelancolum	17 6 7	1	3	3 10 4	5 7 3¼	3 16 4½
10 Thanakurcolum	100 3 13¼	2	4	3 10 4	5 9 7⅛	3 18 2⅜
11 Coromancolum	94 6 7½	9	14	3 10 4 1 15 6	8 11 4⅛	6 2 ⅛
12 Vejiapathy	121 7 6⅜	11	15	3 10 4	9 4 7	6 9 6¾
13 Rathakpoorum	208 - ⅜	26	30	3 10 4	8 19 2⅛	6 5 5⅜
14 Carooyolum	11 15 1¼	4	4	2 " "	6 20 3	4 19 4
	977 14 6	90	140			

× The lands in the Village No. 14 are assessed for Carr also with one third warem Viz. 4-19-4 per Seed Cottah as per Peshcaram shown in Column 7.—

Tinnevelly
13th November 1857

Signed J. Silver
Collector.

1580

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

No. 2. Memo. Shewing the modes observed in making Division of Warem between the Government and the Ryots in the Villagе of Poolemancolum in the Vellyoor Talook—.

	Grain Cattah M. M.		
Gross produce according to Cundoomodul Sarasary on 1 Seed Cottah of Peshanum Cultivation or 2 Pores or heaps	20	14	0
Deduct Samobikhurch			
Ryots share of the produce for watering and Cutting Crops called Pairoo and Cotta	2	7	2½
Government share of Do. for Cunganum and Mairah Do.	17	2½	
Canal fees	2	1	4
		3	5 1
Net gross produce		17	8 7
Of which Two thirds go to the Ryots thus—			
The usual Shevvaram or just half of the net gross produce	8	14	7½
Additional warem or remission granted as Compensation for the expense of raising water from Wells	2	18	7 3/4
		11	12 7¼
Remainder or one third Share going to Government		5	16 7 3/4

1582 Fort Saint George 26th January 1858.

No. 178

To

J. B. Sim Esqr

Acting Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort Saint George

Sir

1034

B. No. 5138

From the Dy. Collector of Ganjam

Reporting on the State of the English & Native Records

Para 1 In obedience to the instructions contained in the Extract Proceedings Board of Revenue under date 29th October 1856 No. 3560 I have the honor to submit the following report on the state of public records in the Ganjam Collectorate.

2 The English correspondence extends back as far as the year 1768 but not consecutively since 1802 the correspondence has been regularly and consecutively preserved a portion only of the records before 1802 is copied. There are several reports and letters belonging to the Circuit Committe and the administration of Messrs Cherry and Brown These are very voluminous and contain the political history of Ganjam I annexe a list of these uncopied reports which should I think be

1581 Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

Add.

Government Share of the produce under Ryotwary or Grain Rents from the Revenue Year 1857-58 to make good Remittances per Grain Cottah of Bandivaram Rs. 3 2

the Loss on Remeasuring Government Fasly Lands Fotally collected at 2 measures per Cottah of Bandivaram Rs. 4

Fust Crop of the Reasing Ryotwary Ryots in good repair

Total Government Shares Rs. 6 14 1/4

Tinnevelly 13th November 1857

Signed J. Silver Collector.

Order thereon

Ordered To be recorded.

(1032-33)

be fair copied and kept on record the ink is growing very pale and the worms have attacked the paper. From 1802 to 1829 the correspondence has been regularly copied out and bound in books. The correspondence of the next 23 years from 1830 to 1853 is contained in 176 volumes. Of these 130 volumes have been copied out and bound but of these 95 volumes only have been compared.

3— The correspondence from 1830 to 1853 was copied out by volunteer writers. Of this 35 volumes have been copied and bound but not compared and the rest Viz^t 28 Volumes remains to be copied.—

4 From 1840 to 1849 the period during which Mr Bamerman was collector the correspondence which is comprised in 7 Vols has been Copied out at a Cost of Rs. 855-9-8 and Compared at a further cost of Rs. 662. The

† 25th September 1850

The impossibility of deciphering Mr Bamerman's hand writing induced Mr Ouseley to apply † for sanction for the correspondence of the period 1840 to 1849 being copied out. On my assuming charge I found that the copied correspondence contained many errors and applied for* and received sanction for having it compared with originals, that part of the correspondence which extends from 1830 to 1853 is contained in 39 volumes of which 21 volumes have been copied out at a cost of Rs. 236-8-0. The Copied correspondence of the years 1850. 1851. 1852 and 1853 has been compared by the record Keeper. The remaining 18 volumes are now being copied out by section writers when obtainable and are compared before being paid for. The remuneration paid for the copying has been calculated at 2400 words for a Rupee. The work of comparison for which Rs. 663-0-0 were paid was done by a writer

* 23d May 1854
28th December 52 No 219
25th June 1855 No 132
& C. P. of the Commr N. C. dated 8th September 1855 No 179 para 8

Fort Saint George 26th January 1858

writer on Rs. 35 per mensem was the only person that could properly decypher Mr. Bannerman's hand writing and the record Keeper.—

5 It will thus be perceived that Rupees 1092—1—8 have been spent for copying and Rupees 663—— for comparing the English correspondence It will also be seen that there are 46 volumes yet to be copied and 91 volumes to be compared. The latter task may perhaps be done without any cost to the state but there is no means of getting thro' the former work I therefore propose that I may be allowed to keep on as many extra writers as I can arrange for until all the correspondence including that noticed in para 2 has been completely copied out this will entail

Fort Saint George 26th January 1858

entail a cost of about 600 Rupees but it is impossible to estimate it correctly where the writing is in so many hands and varies in style and size Early in 1855 I was allowed a Writer on the Paramut Establishment, this enabled me to en the correspondence of 1854 and a part of the succeeding year Copied out. On the transfer of the Paramut duties to the District Engineer this writer was discontinued but as the existing writers of the permanent Establishment are fully employed in getting thro' the Current business

23 December 1856 † I applied for an additional writer. This man has since been employed in recording fair all letters as they leave the Office, I hoped to make him a permanent writer on the Establishment in the revised Organization but as

as

as this revision cannot be effected until a more favorable opportunity I request that sanction maybe accorded for employing him continuously until such time as he can be Added to the permanent Establishment you will not fail to observe how the English correspondence is increasing From 1849 there were 7 3/5 Volumes per annum now from 1850 to 1855 9½ from 1856 10½ there are few good writers to be had here and an Extra hand is unavoidably necessary if the records are to be kept up free from arrears.—

6 The native records were tied up in 2030 Bustles from these 600 were taken out as containing papers of an ephemeral nature For assorting and

and classifying the remaining 1430 a sum of Rs. 1496 27th April 1854 —a— has been sanctioned. Upto the end of the October last the number of Bustles assorted and classified is 734 which has been tied up in 667 The Cost for this work has been Rs. 141-3-8 cn

1 Goomastah from 26th August to 30th September 1854 at 12 Rs 7½ Mensem 5 Goomastahs from Rs 16 Rs at 10 Rs each 7½ Rs.	11-5-2	soon after the receipt of sanction for assorting and classifying the native records cn
1 Goomastah from 25th May to 12th August 1855 at Rs 6½ Rs 1 Rs from Rs 16 26th August and from 18th September to 31st October Rs at Rs 7½ Rs	59-10-7 73-15-9 26-2-0 141-15-7	Goomastahs on different rates of pay per Mensem were employed as per margin. The cost was Rs 154-13-6 but owing to the want of strict supervision on the part of the native record Keeper they did their work so carelessly
2 Goomastahs from 18th Septr to 31st October Rs at Rs each 7½ Rs Deduct the amount of stoppage made from the above pay for their negligence	104-8-2 175-9-9 92-12-0 Total 80-13-9 154-13-6	

that all the work which had been done had to be done again The native record Keeper was immediately dismissed and a better and more energetic man has been employed as Rs 154-13-6 had been last and as the whole work

Fort Saint George 26th January 1858

work was to be done with the remaining Rs. 341-2-6 I have apportioned this sum to the 1430 duftors which gives 3 annas and 10 pice per dufter. Payment has been made accordingly. I hope and believe that the remaining 696 duftors will have been assorted and classified by the end of February next at a cost of Rs. 166-12-0 within the original Estimate

7 I have made a contract for selling the refuse paper to a paper maker at Madras the first batch will be sent to him as soon as possible and a separate report will be addressed on the paper sold and the proceeds thereof.

Ganjam District
Collectors Circuit
Office Berhampore
11th December 1857

Signed W Knox
Acting Collector

Memorandum

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

No. 1

Memorandum

To the Board of Revenue 25th April 1788	Circuit Committees letter reporting on the general features of the Ganjam District.
From Govt. of Fort St. George 9th Nov. 1794	Notifies the abolition of the Councils and Residencies and the appointment of Collectors.
To the Board of Revenue 31st October 1798	Affords Explanation on the State of religious & charitable institutions of this District.
Extract Board's Proceedings 1st February 1799	Regarding the Balances due from Vizagapatam Zemindaries of this District.
To the Board of Revenue 6th July 1799	Transmits Statement of the Settlement concluded with the several Zemindars &c. for Fasly 1208 and Reports generally on the formation of the same.
From the Board of Revenue 3rd October 1799	Sends Proclamations offering a reward of 10000 Rupees for the seizure of Gayapatty deo of Kennedy for rebellion.
To the Board of Revenue 13th March 1800	Transmitting the Lists of Sub divisions and Maniams &c. &c.
Do. of Do. 31st March 1800	Sends Jummabundy Statements for Fasly 1209 accompanied by Moochelkas &c. of the Zemindars.
Do. of Do. 1st July 1800	General Report of Mr. Braun on this District.
Do. of Do. 5th October 1800	Reports of the progress made on the Settlement of the affairs of this District.
Do. of Do. 17th October 1800	Respecting his proceedings with the Zemindar of Goomsur.
Do. of Do. 12th November 1800	Reports the first conference with the Zemindar of Goomsur.
Do. of Do. 9th December 1800	Reports fully on the Balances and accounts of the Goomsur Zemindary
Do. of Do. 19th December 1800	Forwards some documents or accounts referred in the above letter.
Do. of Do. 12th January 1801	Regarding the differences in accounts furnished by the Rajahs Vakil or manager.

To the Board of Revenue 21st January 1801	Reports on the Goomsur Zemindar nominating Chow-putnaik to full Authority in the Country, which induced his natural son to quit the fathers house and retire to the Marahtah Country.
To Do. of Do. 2d February 1801	Regarding the conduct of the Zemindar of Goomsur and the reinforcement of Troops to this District.
To Do. of Do. 8th February 1801.	Reports the Zemindar of Goomsur in a State of disobedience and the person in possession of that Country as wholly unworthy of the trust and incapable to conduct himself in that Office.
To the Board of Revenue 14th February 1801	Informs the arrival of Dummijah Bunge Son of the refractory Zemindar of Goomsur at Ganjam and had an interview the same evening.
To the Board of Revenue 17th February 1801	Reports of the retreat of Purlah Jaggunnad Deo after his departure from Goomsur and the measures taken for his pursuit.
From Bd. of Revenue 11th March 1801	States the Government are satisfied with the mode adopted for reconciling the Goomsur Zemindar to a just sense of his duty
To Do. of Do. 19th March 1801	States the want of Sufficient force in this district Ummul Deo indulging his inveterate Spirit for intrigue and compelling all the Zemindars in his neighbourhood to join in his Standard. the Zemindar of Chegully has at last constrained to him and the Mundasah Surgiah & 4 smaller Zemindars have also resigned themselves to the same fate.
From Board of Revenue 17th June 1801	States the Board are satisfied to learn the operations of the detachment in reducing the power of the rebellious Zemindar and thereby to effect the apprehension of his person and are desirous to know the present situation of Ummul Deo and Ratabagerry Jugganath Deo and the measures taken in regard to them.

To the Board of Revenue 2d July 1801	Reports on the Balances of Vaughur and that of the Havally Jamlook for Fusly 1209.
To Do. of Do. 18th August Do.	Reports on the Revenues and local interest of this Province. The outrage committed on the family of the Rahin of Mohurry, the murder of Hurree Dwarf Nanandra Deo by his brothers. Moya Deo and Sunna Deo and the balances and management of Mohurry Zemindary.
To Do. of Do. 1st Do. Do.	Reports generally upon the capabilities and productions of the Aska Purganah.
To Do. of Do. 23d Do. Do.	Reports on the description and capabilities of Barwah Purganah.
To Do. of Do. 23d Do.	Ditto Ditto Ditto of Boobulcundah Ditto.
From Do. of Do. 24th Do. Do.	Regarding the apprehension of the deposed Zemindar of Goomsur every precautionary measures to be taken for securing the Crops being destroyed and to raise an efficient Force for the protection of the Zemindary.
To Do. of Do. 15th Do. Do.	Reports on the General products and capabilities of Itchapoor Purganah.
To Do. of Do. 28th Do. Do.	Do. on the Do. Do. of Mumbreddy Ditto.
To Do. of Do. 4th September Do.	Do. on the Do. Do. of Terustanum and Veeravasoan cottah Do.
To Do. of Do. 7th September Do.	Report on the Farms Rented to the Superintendent of the Stud.
From the Chief Secretary to Government 18th October Do.	Asks the Governments opinion in the Secret department on the Suggestion mooted by the Vakeel of the Mahrada Government at Cuttack to secure the person of the Rebel Zemindar and deliver him up to the Circar on condition not to deprive him of life and the prisoner not to be confined at Madras and to

to allow the reward offered for his apprehension and delivery.—

To the Board of Revenue 28th October 1801 — Report on the reduction of the Military force at present employed in this Province.—

To Do. of Do. 14th November Do. — Reports on the conduct of Juggunath Deo of Chatabagerry and recommends to invest his son as Zemindar.—

From Do. of Do. To Do. Do. Do. — (Secret Deptt.) Sanctions the propositions recommended in his letter of the 18th Ultimo. regarding the apprehension of the Rebel Zemindar of Goomsur.

To Do. of Do. 29th Decr. Do. — Regarding the mode practised in the Collection of Revenue in this district.

To Board of Revenue 14th February 1802 — Forwards a Statement shewing the divisions of the Estates in the Havelly.

To Do. of Do. 15th March Do. — Report on the Revenues for Fasly 1211.—

To Do. of Do. 5th July Do. — Sends detailed accounts being the Pr. allotment of Lands selected from the Villages of the Poobatoondah Purgunah to be appropriated for the use of Mad. Jail.

To Do. of Do. 1st July Do. — Mr. Browns report on the Bellaspuddah of the Itchapore Purgunah.

To Do. of Do. 21st June Do. — Relative to the Report of Itchapore Purgunah.

To the Do. of Do. 1st April Do. — Solicits Government to appoint two additional assistants to this District to assist in the preparation of the permanent assessment of lands.

From the Board of Revenue 21st December 1802 — Directs to disband the Corps of Sebundies for their irregular and Mutinous Conduct.

To Do. of Do. 19th March Do. — Informs that the Jummabundy and Kistbundy and the Report on the District are now being copied fair & will be immediately transmitted.

To Do. of Do. 18th March Do. — States of being aware of the appointment of the Commission for fixing the permanent settlement and that he has commenced investigation of the Village Accounts &c.

To Do. of Do. 5th July Do. — Forwards explanation of the Atheir allotment of the Poobatkundah Purgunah.—

/Signed/ W. Knox.—
Acting Collector.—

N.B.
There are a number of English letters & proceedings not entered in this Memo. as being either of a personal nature or on subjects of no importance after this lapse of years.—

/Signed/ W. Knox.—
Acting Collector.—

1034-35
B. Vo. 362.

A.G.B.

Proceedings thereon,

In the above letter the Acting Collector furnishes the report on the records of his Office, called for by Government in Extract Minutes Consultation 21st October 1856 Revenue Department No. 1118.—

2. The English correspondence of

Submitting with the Board's recommendation and suggestions thereon the Report of the Acting Collector of Ganjam on the State of the Records of his Office.—

Dy. Sec. 29th Oct. 1856

Eng. Corl. Records.

of the Collectorate extends back as far as 1708 but is not complete to that date. From 1802 however it has been regularly preserved.

3. A portion only of the records previous to 1802 have been copied out and Mr. Knox encloses a list of various papers which he recommends should be transcribed.

4. The correspondence from 1802 to 1824 has been regularly copied out and bound up in books.—

5. The correspondence from 1830 to 1839 comprises 63 vols. of which 35 have been copied, chiefly by volunteers, and bound but not compared. 28 vols remain still to be copied.—

6. From 1840 to 1849 the records (Vols 74) have been copied and compared while of the correspondence from 1850 to 1853 comprising 39 Vols. 21 have been copied and compared by the record keeper, and the remaining 18 are being copied by Section writers (when procurable) and are examined before being paid for.—

7. Hence it appears that Commencing from

	To be Copied Vols	To be Compared Vols
30/39	28	35
50/52	18	"
	46	35

		Rs.
1st Section: 18		
5th Section: 50		855 — 9 — 8
2nd Section: 18		
27th April: 54		236 — 8 — "
3rd Section: 11th May:		
		1092 — 1 — 8.
24th 2nd Section 29th Oct. 1856		663 — " — "
		1755 — 1 — 8.

from 1802. there remain 46 Vols. to be copied and compared and 35 to be compared only.—

8. The expense incurred has been Rupees 1092 — 1 — 8 for Copying and Rupees 663 for comparing or altogether Rupees 1755 — 1 — 8 under the Sanctions — noted in the Margin.—

9. As regards the work remaining to be done the Acting Collector thinks the task of Comparison may be effected without Extra charge. but the Copying must be done by additional servants. He estimates this expense roughly at Rupees 600.

10 Mr. Knox also requests permission to retain for the present the Writer he was allowed to engage when the "Maramut" writer attached to his Office in 1855 was transferred to the department Public Works. This person is employed in "recording fair" all letters which leave the Office and the increase in the English correspondence of late years is the ground assigned for his continued employment.—

From Collr. 23rd Sept. 1856
2nd Cons. 22nd April 1857

11 Mr. Knox does not state how the work completed has been executed.— and

and whether the portion which has been compared can be relied on.

12 The Board recommend that he may be authorised to have the remainder of the correspondence copied out as he proposes by Section writers at a Cost of Rupees 600, reports of the progress of the work being periodically submitted. The payment allowed is 1 Rupee for 2400 words, but if good writers cannot be procured on these terms in Ganjam it would be better to increase the remuneration and have work done speedily and well.

13. As regards comparison the Board would advocate the employment of a competent person specially on this duty. The Acting Collector speaks doubtfully of the ability of his Establishment to perform this work, the most important of all, for as Government justly remark unless the Sections are carefully compared they will "tend to mislead rather than assist in reference" The Board think this extra expense well worth incurring and if Government approve will ascertain from

from Mr. Knox what it will probably amount to. The correspondence from 1840 to 1849 was examined by a writer on Rupees 35 per Month at a cost of Rupees 663 for 74 vol: or about Rupees 9 per vol: The time continuously occupied must have been about 19 months which would allow only a week for each vol:

14. The Board have looked through the list of correspondence previous to 1802 which Mr. Knox thinks should be copied. Some of the papers do not seem to them to be of much importance now and as with one exception they are all correspondence between the Board and the Collector the best plan will probably be for the Board to arrange for their transcription and examination from the Copies and originals in their own Office. Submitting bills of the expense from time to time.

Native Records.

15 The Acting Collector's report on the State of the Native records is by no means satisfactory.

16. 1130 Duftors were considered deserving of preservation and Rupees 496 was sanctioned for their Classification and assortment in

in 1854. Up to October last 734 Duffers have been thus disposed of, leaving 696 on hand. The work done cost Rupees 114-3-8 but owing to want of proper supervision on the part of the Native record keeper (who was dismissed in consequence) the Goomastahs engaged did their work so carelessly that all had to be done over again. Thus Rupees +154-13-6 were lost and the Sanctioned amount reduced from Rupees 496 to Rupees 341-2-6. The Acting Collector has apportioned this reduced amount to the 430 Duffers originally intended to be sorted and expects to complete the 696 which remained in October last for Rupees 166.12 in about 30 Rupees within the estimate.—

+ Note. This sum is obtained after deducting Stoppages to the extent of Rupees 94 3/4.

17. The Sanctioned amount allowed on an average 5 1/2 As. per Duffer, and the Board cannot but apprehend that the reduction of the rate to 3 a. 10 p. will lead to the work being finished in an unsatisfactory manner if, as they must assume, the original rate was a fair one.—

18. The classification however is expected to be finished in February next and the Board can only recommend that the

the Acting Collector be then instructed to report fully on the manner in which the work has been performed.—

19. The Acting Collector should have reported the misconduct of the Record Keeper at the time in order that the Board might have determined whether it was advisable to apply to Government for a further grant to adapt the Acting Collector's expedient for making the original grant suffice.—

20. The Acting Collector will report separately as he proposes on the Sale proceeds of the waste paper.—

21. The Acting Collector should have explained why his report was not submitted by the close of July 1766 as required by Government.—

22. Ordered that a Copy of these Proceedings be laid before Government with reference to Extract Minutes Consultation dated 21st October 1856.—

Sent Govt. 29th Octr. 1856

From

1601 Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

1036

B. W. 5160

From the Collector of Rajahmundry dated 16th December 1857. Rend

Statement shewing the Smuggled Salt Seized &c.

B. W. 335.

Proceedings thereon, The Board of Revenue

1036-37

authorize the confiscation of the

Smuggled Salt entered in the

foregoing Statement, and the

disbursement to the Seizers of

their Shares of the Sale

proceeds, the remainder being

credited in the public

accounts.

C. G. B.

1602 Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

N° 205
1857

To. J. D. Sim Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

1038

B. N° 95 Sir.

From the Acting Coll. of Malabar } With reference to Extract

Proceedings Board of Revenue dated

11th Ultimo, N° 3895 and in continuation

N° 182 of my letter of the 23d Idem, I

have the honor to state that

nothing has been done with re-

gard to the Survey of the rice

Lands, and enumeration of

trees in the gardens of the 7 Ur

Umshoms of the Mamparam Desham

of the Chowghat Taluk.

In para 5 of his letter

2 to the Board dated 15th November 1857

Mr Conolly stated, I do not propose

to commence "this Chowghaut

Survey until the enquiry connected

with the escheated Estates of the

Betutnad

Fort St George 26th January 1858

Betutwaad Rajah is completed This latter work proves to be more arduous than was anticipated and requires the undivided attention of the best part of my Establishment. The Board is aware that this settlement is incomplete, and that even now my 2d Sheristadar and a large number of my Office establishment is engaged in this Eschat adjustment and most probably so.

3 Under these circumstances and with a Sub Collector (the Salem in the Sub Division) who is quite next to the district. I see no possibility of undertaking the business this year.

4 In the mean time I do not see any urgent necessity for commencing it. The garden rates were enforced in 1836, and the new garden Survey proposed is a mere re-enumeration of trees. No particular loss is now

Fort St George 26th January 1858

now experienced from the remissions in these Amshums on this account as will appear from the marginal

Fushes	Gross Increase	Gross Decrease	Net Increase	Net Decrease
1257	82 9 10	5 12 8	76 13 2	" "
1258	29 2 8	34 9 5	" "	5 6 9
1259	64 10 4	370 9 1	" "	305 14 9
1260	329 11 6	120 4 9	272 6 9	" "
1261	122 10 3	21 7 4	101 2 11	" "
1262	69 4 5	48 13 8	20 6 9	" "
1263	57 12 7	96 5 8	" "	41 9 1
1264	103 11 9	450 1 1	" "	346 6 4
1265	491 5 9	79 3 3	412 2 6	" "
1266	90 8 11	63 4 5	26 10 6	" "
Total	1501 7 "	1291 14 9	909 10 7	699 4 11
Average	150 2 3½	129 1 9	90 15 6	69 4 1

Statement showing for a Series of 20 years the Garden Revenues of the 7 Amshums with their mean fluctuations

As

5 As regards Rice Land Survey that of one Unshown Survey in 1836 occupied 26 days and 2 Shanstadars, and a large body of servants were engaged in it to complete that of 7 Unshowns would take 2 or 3 Seasons at least, and would require a Separate establishment The rice land rates were not acted upon, and the Survey account could not now be used even for this one Unshown, without a thorough revision on this subject. I beg to refer to my letter dated 23d November last.

Malabar
Collectors Office
On Circuit
Mannuttoddy
24th December 1857

/Signed/ W. Robinson
Acting Collector

Resolution

Bd No 350
Resolution
1838-39

Read Cons 14th Decr 1857

thereon. Resolved that the foregoing communication be forwarded to Government with reference to para 5 of the Acting Collectors letter dated 23d November 1857 submitted to Government with the Boards Proceedings No 4523 dated 14th December 1857.

The Board observe that in para 2 of Extract Minutes Consultation Revenue Department No 1361 dated 15th December 1855 Read Cons 22d Decr 1855 Government requested to be informed whether the Survey of the Munnaporum Sub Division of the Chowghaut Taluck had been commenced, and directed that it should not be undertaken if not already begun as a General Survey

A

of the whole Presidency was in
contemplation.

3 In his present letter Mr
Robinson explains that the
survey of Munnapooram was to
follow the settlement of the escheat-
-ed Estates of the Betutnaad
Rajah which is still unfinish-
-ed and that therefore nothing
has been done in regard
to the former. He is also
of opinion that there is no
urgent necessity for the Work
in question.

To.

No 208.

To J. D. Sim Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St George.

1040

Bd No 80
From the Collr
of Madras

Reporting on the rates & the circumstances under which Ground Rent is collected from parties occupying Government land.

Sir,

I have the honor to reply to
your letter of the 7th Instant No 4393.

2 The Board are right in
their supposition that the 17½ Rupees
sanctioned as Ground Rent in the Board's
letter of the 15th June 1829 had reference
to land within and not without Towns.

3 Para 6 of my letter of the 31st
August 1858 was incorrect, and also su-
-perfluous as the Ground Rent outside the
walls had been all along levied at the rate
entered in the List in Mr Ellis's letter of 17th Au-
-gust 1812 viz: 17½ Rupees my letter was pre-
-pared in the Office about the time
that I first took charge and I confess
that I dispatched it without examining the
reference made.

4 With regard to the query in

in Para 3 I have to state that all Government land occupied by shops, bazars &c within the Collectorate and outside the Town walls is charged 17½ Rupees per Ground, as Ground Rent according to the last entry but one in Mr Ellis' List just noticed.

Para 4

5 The rate is 7 Rupees per Kiln occupying 2 Grounds 1862 Square feet which is sufficient for the Kiln and the ordinary stock of material if more ground is occupied by Shells, it is charged at Seven Rupees the ground according to Mr Ellis's rate.

Para 5

6 There are no other petty Licenses of the nature referred to the sum of Rupees 626-2-3 will be made up, if the Rent of Kilns (126 Rupees) is added to the items in Para 3 of Mr Cochrane's letter 29th May 1857 The amount of 27-2-/ at the rate of 35 Rupees per ground/is spread over 45 Bills for Shops situated in the 4 Lines of Beach The Sum of Rupees 9-4-5- at the rate of 14 Rupees per ground is paid by Mr Franck for the site occupied by land near the Beach and north wall of Town

Para 6

7 The terms "Quit Rent" Rent" and Ground

"Ground Rent" as used in this Department are apt to confuse, and have probably been on several occasions incorrectly applied Ground Rent is the rate charged for Government land occupied by private parties and is collected Monthly "Quit Rent" is the charge upon land held as private property and is collected annually Mr Hudleston in Para 1 of his letter 29th July 1850, added to the fact of Rupees 5-2- per Cawney being the ordinary rate of Quit Rent imposed on lands possessed by private parties as Gardens cultivated fields &c throughout Madras.

Para 7

8 The last instance of land being newly assessed with Ground Rent was on the 17th October 1857 for a Butchers Shop at Royapooram at the rate of Rupees 17-8- per Ground.

Madras 21st December 1857

/Signed/ B. Cunliffe Collector

Read

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

Read again letter from the Collector
In Cons. 27th March 1857 of Madras dated 1st July 1856 on the subject
of the rates of Ground Rent in Madras
Read again letter from Acting Collector
Jd 7th Decr 1857 of Madras dated 29th May 1857 furnishing
information regarding Ground Rent

1041
Bd. No. 392

Proceedings thereon. The Government in Extract
Minutes Consultation dated 11th February
1856 No. 11, 9 Revenue Department in dis-
-cussing the subject of Lime procured
with reference to the difficulty experi-
-enced by the Department Public Works
in obtaining supplies of Chunam adverted
to the Quit Rent† levied on Lime Kilns in
Madras. They observed that the practice of levying
Quit Rent according to the purpose for which
ground is to be used was open to serious ob-
-jection and they considered it desirable that
the Board should discuss with the Collector
whether this mode of rating could not be
entirely abolished and rates be established
according to situation only.

2 To ascertain on what date the present
varying rates of Ground rent are levied in
Madras it has been necessary to refer back
to Records of a very early date; and there may be

Reporting on the subject of the levy of Ground Rent in the Collectorate of Madras and submitting letters from the Collector relating thereto

† It is strictly speaking a Ground Rent

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

* From Coll. 31st Augt. 1855.
in Cons 13th Sept.
From Coll. Oct. 24. 1857
J Cons. 26 Jan. 1858

be necessary to explain the difference between "Quit
Rent" and "Ground Rent,"* terms which are often used
indiscriminately, causing thereby some confusion. "Quit
Rent" is a tax levied at so much per annum on
land which is private property. Within the walls of
Black Town at 10 fanams per 100 Pagodas of
valuation (12 as. 5 P per 350 Rupees) and outside
the walls the usual Quit Rent on cultivated fields
and Gardens is 5¼ Rupees per Cawny, but if the
land is built upon, it varies from 1 to 12½ Rupees
per "Ground"* Ground Rent" (which alone is referred
to in these Proceedings) is a tax levied at so much

* A Ground or Mummel is 1/24th of a Cawny, or 2,400 Square feet.

per mensem on land which is the property of
Government within the walls of Black Town it
varies according to a Table submitted by
Mr. Ellis in 1812, and which will be referred to pre-
-sently. Outside the walls the rate fixed is 5 Pagodas
* per Ground (monthly)

3 The first reference to the rates of Ground
Rent on the Board's Records is in a letter from
the Collector of Madras in 1803,* in which he
states that 10 Pagodas (35 Rs.) per Ground is levied
monthly on places on the North Beach where goods
are deposited. He adds that he can trace no
orders to that effect in his Records, except in
a letter (apparently from the Board of Revenue)
to

* 17½ Rupees

* From Coll. 10th June 1803 to 13th June.

* This officer was the Bd's Secretary (From Colln 18 Nov 1840 para 2) The Collections of Land Rent devolved on the Collector of Madras in 1810 (From Colln 8th Aug 1855 Jud. 11th September — In Cons 19th March 1810

to the "Superintendent" * in which he is required to collect the proposed rent from persons occupying land on the South Beach for storing Wood &c. in like manner, as it is levied on the North Beach.

4. On the same year, the Board approved of the Collector's suggestion that Wood &c. stored outside the North Wall of Black Town should pay 2 Pagodas (7 Rs.) per "Ground" Monthly.

* From Collr 19th Feby 1811 in Cons 21st Feby 2nd to Govt 22 2nd Dy
* From Govt 2 Shard 1811 in Cons 7th March Dy
◇ From Collr 7th Augt 1812 in Cons 20th Augt

5. In consequence of a reference to the Collector of Madras in 1811 * as to rates of Ground Rent to be levied on Grain deposited on the North Beach, the Collector Mr. Ellis, submitted the following schedule ◇

Situation.		Rate per "Ground" per mensem.
I. IV. and 18 Beach of the Town of Madras.	Grain Huts	10 Pags / 35 Rs.
	Firewood Timber	4 Pags / 14 Rs.
	Salt	5 Pags / 17½ Rs.
II. Black Town near * Cimdasamy Pagoda	Fruit bazars	½ Pags / 1¾ Rs. each Bazar
III. On the North side of Black Town wall, on the beach, and on other places in the neighbouring Villages	Grain Huts Bazars	5 Pags / 17½ Rs.
	Firewood Timber Shells Charcoal	2 Pags / 7 Rs.
IV. Wherever situated	Lime kilns	3 Pags / 10½ Rs.

* Near the Theiving Bazar.

6. In June 1829 in consequence of another reference to the Collector * the Board authorized the levy of Ground Rent on lands within the Walls of Black Town (not being on the Beach) at the rate of 5 Pagodas (17½ Rs.) per "Ground" monthly.

* From Collr 27 Augt In Cons 2 July 1829
* Bd to Collr 26 Sept 1829
* Bd to Govt 15 June 1829
From Collr 1st In Cons 4th June 1829
From Collr 19 June 1829 in Cons 22

7. The Subject was not mooted again till 1850 * when it was proposed to introduce an act for securing the land Revenue of Madras. The Government wished to specify a maximum of not an uniform rate, as in Calcutta. The Collector proposed that the Ground Rent outside the Walls should be 1 [illegible] per "Ground" and inside 12½ annas on 350 Rs. of valuation. The Government however abandoned the plan owing to the varying circumstances by which the rate of lands in Madras was determined" and Section 1 of act XII of 1851 enacts that all assessable lands not hitherto assessed, shall be assessed "at the rates customarily charged upon lands "of a similar description in the neighbourhood, "according as they may be situated within or "without the Walls of Black Town."

* 16 M.C. 18th Jan Cons 25th July 1850 para 5 No. 676 R.D.
2 From Collr 29 July 1850 In Cons 8 Augt
3 Bond to Govt 9th Sept 1850
4 para 2 in Cons 12th Sept 1851 R.D.

8. Here the matter rested till 1855, when in consequence of a general difficulty in obtaining

Chunam

Chunam for the Department Public Works, the Ground Rent on Lime kilns was reduced. The Collector reported* that a License fee of 4 annas per kiln was charged as also a rent of 10½ Rs. for each kiln per month for 10 months in the year and that the number of kilns, all on the bank of Cochrane's Canal, was 24. By order of Government the License fee was abolished, and it was desired that the rent might be not on the kiln but on the space of ground occupied by the kiln and its appurtenances such as heaps of firewood &c. The Board then fixed the rent at 7 Rs. per "Ground"*

9. The Board in subsequently reporting to Government* on the Chunam Quarry rents in all the Districts referred to the relief given to the Madras Kilns and calculated that the 10½ Rupees was levied per mensem for 10 months, on an area of 3 Grounds. so that the Total yearly payment was but 7 × 10 or 70 Rupees per annum, whilst according to Mr. Ellis's Schedule 3 "Grounds" of land outside the Walls, on which firewood is deposited, pays 21 Rs. per mensem and inside the Walls 42 Rs. per mensem. If

* From Collr. 7th July 1855 in Cons 26th July — From Collr. 1st Inst. 28th August 1855 — From Collr. 31st Augt 1855 In Cons 14th July. — By Mr. Ellis's schedule it was 10½ Rs. per Ground why it was construed to mean 10½ Rs. per kiln is not shewn — C. to Cons 7th May 1855 in Cons 24th August No. 9299 Rg.

* Board's Proc. 28th August 1855.

* To Govt. 30th Nov. 1855 paras 15–16.

10. It was with reference to these observations that the Government proposed* to have a uniform rate

11. It will have been observed that the Board made a mistake* in fixing 7 Rs. per "Ground," the reduced tax (10½ to 7 Rs.) was intended by Government to be on the Ground occupied by the kiln and its materials. The error was rectified in practice, as the Collector reports* that the "ground occupied" has been fixed at 2 Grounds. 1862 square feet (2775 Grounds) and land occupied more than that pays at the rate of 7 Rupees per Ground.—

12. In accordance with the directions of Government, the Board placed themselves in communication with the Collector, who submitted a list of the Rates as already specified in these Proceedings and a Statement of the Ground Rent Bills actually paid in 1856.—

* Vide para 4 of this Rec.

* Collr. 2nd August 1855.

* 24th Dec. 1857 In Cons 26th January 11

Monthly rate per Ground	35 Rs	14 Rs.	17½ Rs.	7 Rs	Total
1 Triplicane	"	"	53–2–"	3–4–6	56–6–6
2. F. Thome	"	"	11–11–10	0–5–10	12–1–8
3 Pursewauk	"	"	28–0–5	0–7–0	28–7–5
4 Vepery	"	"	10–1–5	0–10–6	10–11–11
5 Tendiarpett	"	"	36–0–10	0–1–2	36–2–1
6 Cochrane's Canal	"	"	2–5–4	75–9–7	77–14–11
7 Peddonaik Petta	"	"	180–14–11	2–8–5	183–7–4
8 Mootial Petta	1 Beach	1 Beach	22–11–5	32–11–6	55–6–11
9 Beach	27–2–0	9–4–5	"	"	36–6–5
10 Royapooram	"	"	"	3–1–0	3–1–"
11 Chunam Kilns	"	"	"	126–"–"	126–"–"
	27–2–0	9–4–5	313–0–3	244–11–6	626–2–2

The

13 The Collector notes that no bazar rent has been levied near Cundasawmy's Pagoda for some time. He proposes that the Rates for the future should be 7 Rupees per Ground for land near Cochane's Canal and 17½ Rupees elsewhere. He also reports that besides the 24 kilns noticed by Government, there are 3 constructed on private property in Triplicane and Royapooram on which no tax is levied.—

14 The Board objected* to the plan on the ground that it would be increasing the Ground rent on a considerable portion of the land now paying 7 Rupees per "Ground" per Mensem upwards of 2000 Rupees per Cawnie per annum which they they believed was not the intention of Government.—

15 The Acting Collector addressed the Board* and supported the Collector's former recommendation on the ground that the tax would not press heavily because in each individual case it amounts to a trifling sum as shewn below from the number of Bills issued.—

Rates		No. of Bills	Amount
	Rs. a. p.		
From 7 Pice	to 0 0 2	282	20 9 0
From 0 2 4	to 1 0 0	1462	363 10 8
From 1 0 0	to 2 0 0	32	41 4 5
From 2 0 0	to 3 0 0	10	24 3 0
From 4 0 0	to 5 0 0	2	8 13 9
From 9 0 0	to 10 0 0	1	9 5 4
From 30 0 0	to 35 0 0	1	32 4 0
		1790	500 2 2
Chunam Kilns			126 0 0
		Total	626 2 2

* Pro: 27th March 1857.

* From Collector 29th May 1857 In Cons 7th Dec.

16 He also reported that the only land available, for the purposes above referred to, is in all within 4 Cawnies, and that the present rates have been enforced for many years without giving rise to complaint.—

To Collr 7 Dec. 1857. From Collr 24th Dec. 1857 In Cons 28 January 1858.

17 The Board having called for and obtained some further detailed explanation from the Collector, have come to the following conclusion, that the amount of Ground Rent levied in Madras being only about 630 Rupees per Annum and the number of different rates being only 4, and paid many years without complaint, there exists no sufficient reason to alter them simply to procure uniformity. The fact of there being 4 different rates can cause no perceptible inconvenience in the preparation of the accounts, and it is doubtful if under Section 1 Act XII of 1851, the rates could be altered without a Legislative Enactment

It will also be perceived that the variation

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

variation in rate is already more with reference to the situation than to the purpose for which the land is required.

Resolved that the above Proceedings be submitted for the information of Government.—

To

J. D. Sim Esqre

Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(1042)

Bd. No. 82

From Coomah Chitty

Sir,

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 1st December, and in reply to state that the "Seer of 80 Maunds" is an error as the Board have rightly surmised I wrote "two tt" in my draft, and this my writer converted into the figure above noted. a mistake which in the hurry of business quite escaped me when reading the fair.—

Madras - - - - } Signed C. Coomiah Chitty
31st December 1857 }

Order thereon.

Ordered to be recorded— the necessary alteration will be made.— Jo

(1042-43)

C. B

Fort St. George 26th January 1858

No. 5

To

J. D. Sim Esqre

Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(1044)

Bd. No. 174

From the Collector of Madras - - - -

Requesting an authority for a more extensive edition of the Sectional Maps of the Mycapore Division under the circumstances therein stated.—

Sir

I have the honor to seek further instructions relative to the sanction conveyed in Para 17 of Extract Minutes of consultation 6th August 1857 No. 788 to print 200 Copies of the Sectional Maps of the Mylapore Division at a cost of 50 Rupees.—

2 On taking steps to carry out this sanction, and in considering what number of copies would be required of each section it appeared that the calculation of expense made in the Chief Engineers Office and given marginally to Para 35 of my report of the 6th November 1856, had reference to an edition of 200 Copies of one Sectional Map only.—

3 Now there are 56 of these Maps and to strike off but 200 Copies of these, would give

Fort St George 26th January 1858.

give not 4 of each, and altogether inadequate to meet the probable demand.-

4 I must therefore request authority for a more extensive edition, and have drawn up the enclosed statement shewing the number of plans, holdings comprised in each, number of Copies proposed, and the cost per Map.-

5. To transfer the 56 sheets one to stone so as to get one Copy of each would cost at 3 Rupees the sheet 168 Rupees and it would be as well the chief cost being incurred to strike off as many as would meet the probable demand, as the extra Sheets would include only the price of the paper and printing.-

6. I have supposed that according to the number of holdings shown in the Map. So will be the demand- The entire cost of an edition of 4622 Maps would be from information gained in the printing Office, about 736 Rupees and at an average cost per Map of 2½ annas I would price the

Fort St George 26th January 1858

the Map however according to its actual cost with a small addition which the Chief Engineer would fix to make it up to a round sum.-

7 The Maps exhibiting fewer and therefore larger properties might be charged comparatively higher than those containing numerous holdings which being street dwellings &c might be issued at a very cheap rate.-

8 I have proposed more Copies than holdings exhibited, as some Maps will be absorbed in course of time for office purposes.-

9 As the matter is now in the hands of the Lithographer, I would request the Board's early orders on this reference.-

Madras - - - -
7th January 1858 -

(Signed) B. Cunliffe
Collector

Statement

1623

Fort St George 26th January 1858

Statement shewing the number of Plans holdings comprised in each number of Copies proposed and the cost per Map.

Number of Plan	Number of holdings on each Plan -	Number of Copies of each Plan recommended	Cost of Printing &c — Whole Number			One Copy		
			Rs	a	p	Rs	a	p
1	12	40	7	14	8	-	3	2
2	69	100	15	4	8	"	2	5 9/25
3	14	30	6	11	"	"	3	7 2/15
4	9	20	5	7	4	"	4	4 2/5
5	15	30	6	11	"	"	3	7 2/15
6	33	60	10	6	"	"	2	9 1/5
7	7	15	4	13	6	"	5	2
8	13	25	6	1	2	"	3	10 16/25
9	23	40	7	14	8	"	3	2
10	7	20	5	7	4	-	4	4 2/5
11	13	30	6	11	"	"	3	7 2/15
12	84	80	12	13	4	"	2	6 4/5
13	78	170	11	9	8	-	2	7 29/35
14	110	160	22	10	8	-	2	3 1/5
15	203	150	21	7	-	"	2	3 11/25
16	236	200	27	9	4	"	2	2 12/25
17	58	100	15	4	8	"	2	5 9/25
18	64	100	15	4	8	"	2	5 9/25
19	18	50	9	2	4	"	2	11 3/25
20	33	60	10	6	"	"	2	9 1/5
21	11	22	5	11	3 1/5	"	4	1 19/25
22	28	40	7	14	8	"	3	2
23	180	225	30	10	6	"	2	2 4/25
24	350	250	33	11	8	"	2	1 113/125
25	64	100	15	4	8	"	2	5 9/25
26	13	25	6	1	2	-	3	10 16/25

Fort St George 26th January 1858

27	23	40	7	14	8	3	2
28	174	200	27	9	4	2	2 12/25
29	92	100	15	4	8	2	5 9/25
30	7	20	5	7	4	4	4 2/5
31	34	40	7	14	8	3	2
32	25	30	6	11	10	3	7 2/25
33	80	80	12	13	4	2	6 4/5
34	468	300	39	14	-	2	1 1/2
35	99	100	15	4	8	2	5 9/25
36	7	20	5	7	4	4	4 2/5
37	15	40	7	14	8	3	2
38	11	30	6	11	10	3	7 1/15
39	8	24	5	10	6 2/5	3	9 4/15
40	57	80	12	13	4	2	6 4/5
41	47	80	12	13	4	2	6 4/5
42	97	100	15	4	8	2	5 9/15
43	73	100	15	4	8	2	5 9/25
44	62	100	15	4	8	2	5 2/25
45	102	150	21	7	-	2	3 11/25
46	46	70	11	9	8	2	7 29/35
47	18	36	7	6	9 3/4	3	3 21/35
48	48	60	10	6	-	2	9 1/8
49	60	100	15	4	8	2	5 9/25
50	8	20	5	7	4	4	4 2/5
51	9	20	5	7	4	4	4 2/5
52	19	20	6	11	10	3	7 2/15
53	517	300	39	14	-	2	1 1/2

1625

Fort St George 26th January 1858

54	148	21	7	2 3 11/25
55	52	10	6	2 9 1/5
56	86	15	4 8	2 5 9/25
	4,237			735 15 9 1/20

Average cost of 1 Sheet about 2 Annas 6 Pies

9 Reams 12 Quires 12 Sheets @ 35 Rupees per Ream — 336 14 -

Printing 4622 @ 5 Rupees per 100 — 231 1 9

Transferring each Sheet @ 3 Rs each — 168 - -

735 15 9

Madras, 7th January 1858

(Signed) C Cunliffe
Collector

1626

Fort St George 26th January 1858

Ordered to be submitted with the following letter.

(1044-45)

B. No. 351
To the Actg Secretary to Government

No.

From the Acting Revenue Secretary to Government

Sir,

In their Proceedings of 2d July 1857 No. 2271 para 19 the Board of Revenue proposed in accordance with the Collectors recommendation, that 200 Copies of the sectional Maps of the Madras Collectorate on the scale of 100 feet to one inch* should be lithographed, at an estimated cost of 4 annas per Map, in terms* that he was in error as to the Estimate, and that it was 50 Rupees or 4 annas per Map; if 200 Copies of the same map were struck off. With reference to Extract Minutes Consultation 6th August 1857 No. 1788 Revenue Department sanctioning the above sum of 50 Rupees for the Sectional Maps, I am now directed by the Board to request the sanction of Government for the sum of 736 Rupees which according to the revised estimate is required for the lithographing 56 different sectional Maps and the number of Copies of each Map varying from

15

* Scale 100 feet to one inch

* From Collr of Ga in Cons. 26th Jany 1858

In Cons. 9th Sept. 1857 para 17

Fort St. George 26th January 1858

15 to 300 the total number of copies being 4622 The Collector points out that Maps containing few holdings will require less Copies, and more Copies will be required of Maps containing several holdings and the estimated number has been calculated accordingly The cost price of the most expensive single Copy (expensive because only 15 Copies) is 5/6 annas and the cheapest 2/8 annas the average of the whole 4622 Copies being 2/7/2 annas or $\frac{736+16}{4622}$

2. The Board are of opinion that it will be desirable to strike off the above number of Maps, and they propose to sell them at cost price as from 3/2 to 2/2 annas.

3. No change is required as to the estimate sanctioned for the Key Maps 200 of these (at 1 Rupee each) will be sufficient.

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
26th January 1858

Signed J. D. Sim
Sub Secretary

1046

Ba. No. 414
From the Collr. of Canara

No.

The Secretary to the Court of Wards.

Sir,

In acknowledging receipt of Extract from

Fort St. George 26th January 1858

from the Proceedings of the Court of Wards dated 5th October 1857, I have the honor to state that I have not yet had occasion to apply act XXI of 1855, no cases having occurred in which the Minors were of an age or in a position in life which would warrant the exercise of the powers vested in the Collector by the act in question.

2. Two cases were referred to the Court under Section XX Regulation V of 1804. the one in July 1853 the other in December 1855 the Minor in the former case is about 10 years old, * much older, and I request the favor of instructions from the Court of Wards if I am to exercise the powers vested in me as Collector the youth in question having been placed under guardians appointed by the Civil Court of Malabar, according to instructions received from the Court of Wards dated 7th July 1853.

* about 10 years

1046-47

Collectors Cutcheery
Om. Circuit Kalakiel
14th January 1858
Order thereon

Signed W. Fisher
Collector

Ordered to lie over

1629 Fort St. George 26th January 1858

No. 19

To.

J. D. Sim Esqre

Acting Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

(1048)

Fort St. George

Sir

Bo. No. 404

From the Coll.r of Coimbatore.

With reference to the Official Gazette of the 12th Instant granting me leave of absence for one Months under Section XII of the absentee Rules I have the honor to report, that I have this evening delivered over charge of this Collectorate to Mr. I. Walhouse Esqr. Sub Collector and obtained that Gentlemans receipt for the balance of Cash Rs. remaining in the Treasury.-

2. I was prevented, by illness from going on the 15th as before communicated and request that my leave may be gazetted as commencing from 19th January 1858

Coimbatore 18th January 1858.

(Signed) E. B. Thomas

Collector

1630 Fort St. George 20th January 1858.

No. 20.

To. J. D. Sim Esquire.

Acting Secretary to the

Board of Revenue.

Fort St. George.

(1049)

Bo. No. 403.

From the Sub Collr of Coimbatore

at 4-P.M.

Sir, I have the honor to report that I have this day received charge of this Collectorate together with the Treasury and Stamps Rs. from E. B. Thomas Esquire Collector, and beg to forward herewith the duplicates of the receipts granted by me to that Gentleman.

Coimbatore 18th January 1858.

(Signed) I. Walhouse

Sub Collector.

Receipt.

1631 Fort St. George 26th January 185

Encls: No. 1.

Received from E. B. Thomas Esquire Collector of Coimbatore Company's Rupees (3766-7-2) three thousand Seven hundred and Sixty Six Annas Seven and pice two being the amount deposited by the Civil Judge and Principal Sudder Ameen of Coimbatore in the following Coins.

Company's Rupees of 1835/40		3611 " "
422 Do. Quarter Do.		1058 "
397 Do. double Annas		4910.
5 Single Annas		" 5 "
2 Single pice pieces		" " 2
Total Company's Rupees		376672

Coimbatore 18th January 1858 } Signed/M. J. Walhouse Sub. Collector

Received.

1632

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

Encls: 2.

Received from E. B. Thomas Esqre Collector of Coimbatore the undermentioned Coins of the Mint of Coimbatore Company's Rupees (3087-12-5) Three thousand Eight hundred and Seventy two Rupees Twelve annas and five pice.

No. of Coins	Rate of Conversion per 100 pieces of Coins	Amount Total
429	1 " 8	3 0 7 12 5
	Rupees	3087-12-5

Signed/M. J. Walhouse
Sub Collector.

Received.

Description of Coins

Moories

Two " Do. "

Do. Do. "

Do. Company's Rupees

Coimbatore — }
18th January 1858. }

1633

Fort St. George 26th January 1858.

Encls: No. 3. Duplicate.

Received from C. B. Thomas Esquire Collector of Coimbatoor the undermentioned Stamps of the value of Company's Rupees Thirty Nine thousand one hundred and thirty five. —

Size and No.	Description of Papers and Cadjans.			Amount Rolls	Amount Company's Rupees	
	4	Annas Country Paper		3447	861	12
	8.	Do	Do	2257	1128	8
	1	Rupee	Do	4074	4074	"
	2	Rupees	Do	833	1666	"
	4.	Do	Do	678	2712	"
	8	Do	Do	280	2240	"
	16	Do	Do	224	3584	"
2.	32	Do	Do	302	9664	"
	50	Do	Do	22	1100	"
	100	Do	Do	2	200	"
	150	Do	Do	1	150	"
	250	Do	Do	2	500	"
	350	Do	Do	1	350	"
	500	Do	Do	1	500	"
	750	Do	Do	1	750	"
				12125	29480	4
	8.	Annas Europe decree Paper		421	210	8
	1.	Rupee	Do	142	142	"
2	2.	Rupees	Do	276	552	"
	4.	Do	Do	69	276	"
			Total	908	1180	8
	4.	Annas Cadjans		303	75	12
	8	Do	Do	203	101	8
	1	Rupee	Do	645	645	"
1	2	Rupees	Do	94	188	"
	4	Do	Do	442	1768	"
	8	Do	Do	274	2192	"
	16	Do	Do	179	2864	"
	32	Do	Do	20	640	"
			Total	2160	8474	4
			Grand Total	15193	39135	"

Coimbatore, 18th January 1858.

(Signed) M. J. Walhouse
Sub Collector.

I. G. B.

Fort St. George 26th January 1858

Order thereon: Ordered to be submitted for the information of Government

1048-50

1051

Bd No 338

From the Actg Dy Secy to Government

Official Memo

The Acting Deputy Secretary to Government Revenue Department has the honor to request that the Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue will be good enough to forward to this Office for reference a copy of the endorsement of the Collector of Strichinopoly adverted to in the Boards endorsement dated 3d April 1857 from Scobbapatton

Fort St. George 19th January 1858

Signed W. Huddleston Actg Dy Secy to Govt

Ordered that the following Official Memo be sent in reply-

1051-52

Bd No 341

To the Revenue Secy to Government

Official Memo

The Sub Secretary to the Board of Revenue has the honor to forward the Original Endorsement of the Collector of Strichinopoly dated 19th March 1857 as requested in Official Memo from the Acting Deputy Secretary to Government Revn Department under date 19th Instant-

To

Fort St. George 26th January 1858

No 20

1053

Bd No 410

From the Collr of Chingleput

To J. D. Sim Esqre Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue Fort St. George

Sir,

Referring to Extract from the Boards Circular Proceedings No 176 of the 15th instant relative to any inconvenience through the direct summoning of Revenue and Judicial Servants as Witnesses in Police cases I have the honor to report that while no such cases have occurred in this District since the Rule was in force, I see no objection in its having been framed or any inconvenience possible to arise from it, inasmuch as no penalty attaching to inattention to the summons of a Police Officer the Public servant summoned has it always in his power to attend when it will not inconvenience him or his own proper duties- Though inattention to a Magistrate's summons is punishable by fine any reasonable excuse for the inattention would of course be admitted and the directed serving of his summons could not therefore

I

Fort St. George 26th January 1858

I should think be the cause of inconvenience to any Public servant whether the servant summoned or the Head of his Office

Chingleput District
Collectors Cutcherry
Sydapet 23d January 1858

/ Signed / C. S. Shubrick
Collector

Order thereon

(1053-54)

Ordered to lie over

Resolved that the following letter be despatched.-

To

(1055)

The Register of Sudr Udalut

Sir

Bo. No. 326

To the Register of Sudr Udalut.

With reference to your Indent In. My Cons. 12th Feby. 1857 dated 10th February 1857, I am directed by the Board of Revenue to forward to you

† 1 Jemadar
1 Duffadar
32 Peons
34

† 34 Peons Belts and to inform you that the pattern sanctioned by Government for future use throughout the Judicial Departments

Fort St. George 26th January 1858

Departments is buff cloth with red edging

In consequence however of there being at present no more cloth procurable of buff Color, belts have been prepared of green with dark blue edging which will be issued by the Board until the approved description can be supplied.-

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
26th January 1858

/ Signed / J. D. Sim
Sub Secretary

Received the undermentioned

(1056)

My No. 205
From the Collector of Tanjore.

Miscellaneous letters and Statements.-

Return of fines &c. for Quarter ending 31st December 1857

(1057)

My No. 206
From the Collector of Ganjam.

Rain report for December

Fort St. George 26th January 1858

December 1857

1058
My. No. 207

From the Coll.r of Rajahmundry Rain report for

December 1857.

1059
My. No. 204

From the Coll.r of Canara - Import Bullion &

Statement for December 1857

1060
My. No. 209

From the Ag. Coll.r of Tanjore. Salt account

Current for December 1857.

1061
My. No. 208

From the Ag. Coll.r of Tanjore. Abstract or

account of the Salary to Peons.

under classification for Fasly 1267

for December 1857.

C/2

Fort Saint George 27th January 1858.

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue

Wednesday the 27th January 1858.

Read the following Papers.

No. 92.

J.C.

J. D. Sim Esquire

Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort Saint George.

1062
Bd. No. 2666.

From the Acting Collector of Ganjam -

Sir,

In obedience to the instructions in the Endorsement on Petition No. 1075 1857 from certain ryots of Jeckally an Estate under attachment by order of the Civil Court I have the honor to report that as I was on my way to Kennedy in November last I passed thro' Jeckally I heard on all sides that there was no reliance to be put on the Veet for the current year, it was the result of a private agreement between the late Rajah and the Ryots, connived at by the then Zuffy Ameen, whom I shall not again employ as such being unable at that time to defer my visit to Kennedy I deputed the Nazir Sheristadar to inquire and

Fort Saint George 27th January 1858

and report, he obtained from the late zemin-
dar accounts which fully bore out the inform-
ation I had received, as it was clearly a fraud-
ulent transaction I acting on behalf of the
Minors and Creditors cancelled the former
Veel and ordered that a fair share Viz 15/30 ths
poolties the produce calculated at Rupees 20
per Garce=30 poolties, which was under the
market rates should be collected the crops
were good and the upturns better than usu-
al and the ryots of their own accord agreed
to these terms as there were a number of
renters present who made much higher offers.

I myself made the Veel for the next fusly
with the ryots in February and March and
the surest proof I can offer that the original
Veel in 1266 fusly was a fraudulent one is the
fact that the ryots came forward and took up
the land running the risk of an unfavorable
season at an increase of Rupees 10,000 — over the
beriz of fusly 1265.—

I do not think therefore that Petitioners
deserve any consideration at the hands of the Board.

Ganjam District
Collector's Office
Chetterpore
23d June 1857

(Signed) W. Knox
Acting Collector

Proceedings

Fort Saint George 27th January 1858.

Bd. No. 372.
Proceedings thereon.
1062-63

In the foregoing letter the Acting
Collector reports that in consequence of the dis-
covery that the "Veel" for Fusly 1266 had been un-
fairly and conclusively arranged it was
thought necessary in order to secure the inte-
rests of the Minor and Creditors that a new
one should be made. This was accordingly ef-
fected by the Naib Sheristadar and an ar-
rangement entered into, by which one half of
the produce commuted at a rate rather
more favorable than that prevailing in the
market was fixed as the demand.

2. The Board approve of this measure and resolve to pass the following Endorse-
ment upon the above petition and upon No. 1065 1857.

"The Board learn that by collusion with the
late Rajah and the Fusly Ameen the Veel for
fusly 1266 was unfairly regulated, that new
distribution was accordingly ordered and
that the terms proposed were agreed to by
the Ryots themselves. It is thus clear /1/ that
good grounds existed for the fresh settlement,
and /2/ as higher offers still were tendered and
rejected that the demand has not been raised
above

Fort St. Saint George 27th January 1858

above what the land can easily bear but may be considered a fair average assessment the Board do not see that Petitioner have any grievance to complain of."

To, —— No. 96. ——

J. D. Sim Esquire
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort Saint George

(1064
B. of R. 2686)

From the Collector of Salem Reporting upon Boards Petition No. 3740 of 1856.

Sir,

Referring to the Boards Endorsement on petition No. 3740 of 1856, calling for explanation on the subject of the above petition; I have the honor to submit the following report.—

2. The petitioner Kistna modely states that he was unjustly fined in a sum of Rupees 100, and dismissed from his office of monegar and moonsiff in the town of Salem by the Collector on a false charge of having embezzled a sum of Rupees 62 from the Cart tax collected in the town of Salem for the year 1854. He also states in his defence that he merely collected the above sum of Rupees

Fort St. Saint George 27th January 1858.

Rupees 62 according to the order of the Village curnum and made it over to one appavoo modely the Goomastah of the Village curnum, who gave him receipts; that he produced these receipts before the Tahsildar at the time the case was investigated; and that no notice was taken of them.—

3. He further argues that if he were guilty of the offence laid to his charge, the two fold punishment inflicted upon him is far greater than what the nature of the offence demanded. He therefore prays that the records connected with the case may be sent for and that he may be reinstated in the offices from which he had been removed.—

4. The alleged embezzlement came to the notice of the Tahsildar on a comparison of the Jumdel or collection accounts, with the remittance actually sent to the Salook Cutcherry by the petitioner. The preliminary enquiry was made by the Tahsildar of Salem, and the records were then forwarded to the Collector for a personal enquiry.—

The

5. The petitioner states in his deposition before the Collector that he Collected Rupees 62. on account of the cart tax for the year 1854 in the town of Salem; that he paid this sum into the hands of one Apparoo Moodely, the private Goomastah of the Village Curnum, and obtained that persons receipt.—

6. Apparoo Moodelly denied having received any money from the petitioner in the shape of Cart tax to be paid into the taluk Cutcherry, he alleged that the receipt produced by the petitioner bearing his / Apparoo Moodely's / signature related to a private money transaction that he had with the petitioner.

7. It was evident from the statement of the petitioner and the Jundel of collection accounts, that the Petitioner Collected the amount in question, and that he did not pay it into the Taluk Cutcherry as he ought to have done, while none of the circumstances indicate that the petitioner acted in good faith, even if he really paid the Collections

Collections to Apparoo Moodely. There is no reason to believe that the money was paid to him that he might pay it into the Cutcherry.—

8. The fine imposed on the petitioner was not a heavy one, considering the sum embezzled. He was removed from office as unworthy of future confidence.—

9. The office of monigar for the town of Salem was created in Fusly 1232. The duty of the monegar is to collect the Inoturpha Revenue in the town. The petitioner was appointed to the office in the year 1846, and held the appointment until the 10th April 1856, when he was convicted of the offence for which he has been dismissed from office. He did not succeed to the office from any hereditary right, but was appointed in the place of a person who was dismissed on a similar charge of embezzlement.—

Salem
Collector's Office
Salem
30th June 1857

/ Signed / H. A. Brett
Collector

Proceedings

1846

Bd. Rs. 373.

Proceedings thereon.

(1064-65)

Fort Saint George 27th January 1858

The Board are satisfied with the explanation afforded in the foregoing &c letter and resolve to pass the following &c endorsement. "Petitioner was dismissed from his post of Moonsiff Monegar for embezzlement of Government money, and the Board see no ground for questioning the propriety of the &c Collector's decision."

To ——. No. 209. ——

J. D. Sim Esquire

Acting Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort Saint George

(1066)

Bd. No. 3357.

From the Collector of North Arcot &c

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of Petition No. 2186 of 1857, bearing the endorsement of the Board to the effect, that "the Collector will be pleased to report the circumstances under which the &c Petitioner was dismissed."

The Petitioner was the Town Cutwall of Arcot and was in 1849 dismissed from that situation by Mr. Binning, who was then Acting Joint Magistrate of this District. The grounds of the

1847

Fort Saint George 27th January 1858.

the dismissal are set forth in the accompanying translation of Mr. Binning's order dated 20th &c &c December 1849.

North Arcot &c &c &c
Collectors Cutcherry
Chittoor &c &c &c &c
18th August 1857 &c

Signed C. Whittingham
Collector.

——. Enclosure No. 1. ——

Taked issued by R. M. Binning Esquire
Acting Joint Magistrate of North Arcot
to Manoojee Row, Cutwal of the
Town of Arcot on the 20th
——. December 1849. ——

In the case of the robbery committed in the houses of Jeromul Row, the Jahildar of Arcot and Ganapatty Moodely, at about 11 &c o'clock on the night of the 14th November last by a band of about 50 or 60 robbers who with &c torches and armed with clubs and pistols &c &c jumped over the walls and plundered the Jah: sildars' house of ready money and other proper. ty to the amount of Rs. 17,806 as 6 &c and Gana. patty Moodely's of cash and property valued at 2797 Rupees and odd, by beating and wounding the inmates it is understood that although you were at the outset informed of the progress of the

Fort St. Saint George 27th January 1858.

the plunder still, instead of gathering your Duffadars, peons &c. and proceeding at once to the spot, you allowed delay to occur in doing so, and that although it was but a quarter of an hour only since the robbers gained the river to effect their escape yet you took no immediate steps to follow and over take them nor have you apprehended any of them as yet although you were strictly ordered to do so. In dependent of all these negligences on your part you have hitherto detected none of the perpetrators, who have committed extensive robberies in the town before this; you are therefore this day dismissed from your office; and as I have appointed Hoozoor Deloyet Kymal hoolah in your stead; you will make over to him the unclaimed property &c. in your charge.—

The 18 English Testimonials &c. submitted with your report of the 19th Instant No. 356 are herewith returned to you.—

/Signed/ R. M. Binning
Acting Joint Magistrate

/True Translation/
/Signed/ C. Whittinghame
Collector

Order

Ord. No. 363
Order thereon
Letter Copy to Petitioner
1066-67

Fort Saint George 27th January 1858.

Ordered that the following Endorsement be passed upon petition 2186 of 1857. "Petitioner was dismissed upwards of 8 years ago by the Joint Magistrate for remissness and delay in a case of Torchlight Robbery which occurred in the Town of Arcot where he was Cutwal. The Board are satisfied that Petitioner was properly dismissed and decline to interfere in his behalf".—

No. 82.

To,
J. D. Sim Esquire
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort Saint George.—

1068
Ord. No. 3425.
From the Acting Collector of Canara

Sir,

With reference to an Extract from the Proceedings of the Board dated 26th May 1857, I have the honor to observe that the submission of a complete list of the Bramadaya Enams held in this district has been deferred pending receipt of the Board's comments and orders upon a specimen Statement forwarded by Mr. Fisher for the Taluk of Bekul.—

2. In the letter submitting this statement Mr. Fisher lays down certain principles upon

1850

Fort Saint George 27th January 1858.

upon which he proposes to determine the ques-
tion of the continuation or discontinuation
of such grants, and proceeds to apply them
under the Column of remarks and recom-
mendations.

3 As the Board have on the return
above alluded to, the case represented under
all its ordinary aspects, it would, it appears to
me, facilitate the further completion of the
Statement as well as prevent much possible
misapprehension and delay, were I favored
in the first instance with such comments
and instructions as its perusal might suggest.

4. With these, as my guide, I could then
confidently proceed with the preparation of the
accounts of the remaining talooks and might
if the Board approved forward each singly
as prepared for their consideration and in-
structions.—

Collectors Cutcherry
Mangalore
18th August 1857

/Signed/ J. D. Robinson
Acting Collector.

To

No 121.

J. D. Binn Esquire
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort Saint George

Sir,

In reply to your letter of the

1869

Br. No 4939
From the Collector
of Canara

1851

Fort Saint George 27th January 1858.

the 26th Ultimo, I have the honor to state for the informa-
tion of the Board that as reported by Mr Robinson in his
No 82. letter of the 18th August last, the submission of a com-
plete list of the Bramadaya Enams therein called for
has been delayed pending receipt of the orders of the
Board upon the Statement of the Bekul Talook, sub-
Letter No 26. mitted to them under date the 21st March 1856, which
it was supposed would be speedily received.—

2. It does not appear whether the Board approve
or disapprove of the plan on which I have proposed to
act in reviewing the claims of the Enamdars, and as I feel
certain, that the work can be more speedily and satisfac-
torily completed, if I have the benefit of the Board's obser-
vations on the principles laid down in dealing with the
Bekul Talook, I must, that I may be favored with their
instructions on this point at an early date.—

/Signed/ W. Fisher
Collector.

Collectors Cutcherry
Mangalore
3d December 1857

Br. No 354.
Proceedings thereon.

1868-70

The Board approve the details given
of the Enams in the Bekul Talook as respect the his-
tory of the grants, the conditions attached to their enjoy-
ment, and the parties by whom they are held. They are
also disposed to view favorably the principles on which
Mr Fisher proposes to act with regarding the agrahar-
ums. In some instances parties who were bound to re-
side in them have ceased to do so, in other instances
it would appear that the Agraharums themselves have
ceased to exist, the only trace of them being their
Pagoda in which religious worship continues to be
performed

1652

Fort Saint George 27th January 1853

performed. In these instances it is proposed to continue the allowances of those parties who ought to have resided in the agraharam; as life grants resuming them altogether on their decease. This course is recommended by the Collector on the grounds that no scrutiny has been hitherto held to enforce the condition of residence and that the grants have thus come to be regarded as of a personal and charitable nature. With the information now before them the Board are inclined to acquiesce in this reasoning.—

2. It is however observed that the Collector has omitted in preparing his Statement

15 Nov 1852 to pay attention to Para 3 of their Circular Order, and propose arrangements for disconnecting the State as desired by Government, from native religious observances. This subject must be attended

In Cons 9 Mar 53 to, and the Collector's letter of 21st January 1853 re Para 2. leads the Board to hope that in the North of the District, at all events it will not cause any difficulty.—

———

613 Jo

1653

Fort St. George 27th January 1853

No. 185

From

L. D. Line Esqre

Acting Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort St. George.

1071

B No. 3552.

From the Sr Coll.r

of Masulipatam

Cons. Nos. 11 Jan/53

& Proc.s 31. July/52

No. 85

Appeal Cons.l endorsement on Petitioners Memo.l of 1851.

Do. do. on Petr.s Memo.l 1085 of 1853

Subsidiary endorsement and Ret.d Papers 813 of 1857

Sir

With reference to the papers noted in the margin I have the honor to submit for the Boards consideration a brief account of Sumbarauze Rama Rauze case and my opinion on it. I may as here remark that I regret Mr. Luchington had not settled this for his knowledge of the man and experience in this District politics would have rendered his opinion more weighty than mine can ever be.

Petitioner lays claim to

2 certain enam land and before considering this claim it is desirable to ascertain if the tenure of the land as enam is valid.

There is no doubt in my

3 mind that under the grant translation of which as attested by Mr. Bird is annexed the produce of certain 12. Cuthes of land was granted to Boochemma Pendrs for personal services in the shape

shape of constant prayers for the donors welfare and on Boochanna Pundits death as his prayers ceased to the grant becomes worthless and the produce of the land should have then reverted to the giver whom Government now represent.-

4 It is for the Board to decide if under the terms of this grant Boochanna Pundits sons had availed title to the land and if they had not as in my opinion the matter ends for present petitioners claim to 3 cutties and the right of those enjoying the remaining 9 are equally bad.-

5 However I will continue a small sketch of the case.

Boochenna Pundit had 2 wives who bore him 3 sons 1st Boorchattum who died and his daughter in law got 6 cutties of the land described in this grant 2nd Goondappa who left one son Ristnah and 3d Gopalrow whose childless widow having sold half made a will giving the other ½ her husbands share of this exam 3 cutties to her younger brothers son the present petitioner

petitioner and died in February 1844. It may be remarked that Boochenna Pundits son devided 40 cutties in all among them and as Ristnah happened to get more of the land in dispute this Ristnah in May 1844 claimed to be her heir and eventually the matter was settled in a way which satisfied both parties and received the sanction of the Collector who in September 1845 ordered present petitioner to enjoy the land bequeathed to him because he had purchased Ristnahs consent by paying him 3000 Rupees.-

6 Thus the terms of the land being left an open question the only two parties interested in it came to terms which pleased themselves and received the sanction of the Collector and I confess I cannot see how the bonafide nature of the transaction is affected by the character of the mediators they employed and therefore much of Mr. Birds reasoning is lost upon me. The late Head Sheristadar was in Mr. Birds opinion so bad that every thing he touched became

Pollute

1858 Fort St George 27th January 1858.

polleted Lent. Ristniah did not object to recieve the 3000 Rupees awarded him and this admitted receipt constitutes a legal Contract.

I think Petitioners is a very hard case he has paid a large sum for a recognized title to land which Mr. Bird had no right to question unless he decides. On the grounds that the grant under which this land or other was held became involed on the death of the 1st grantee and considering the matter had been decided by the Collector in 1845 an Assistant Collector in 1852 knowing that his immediate Superior had already decided the matter should have acted with caution.

8

My own opinion is that the grant became worthless at Boochinna Pundits death but in consideration of the length of subsequent enjoyment I hope the Board will be pleased to order Petitioner and others to continue in possession and enjoyment of the 12 Cutties each till his death when the land should revert to Government and that Petitioner be allowed the profits of the land accumulated

Since

1857 Fort St George 27 January 1858.

since it was attached by Mr. Bird.-

Masulipatam Collr. Cutcherry 24 August 1857

(Signed) T. J. Knox
Acting Collector

Seal of Roostum Alley Khan.

Mohalent Invoodut Kaw Ajeegul Kabur Rajah Appa Row Zemindar of Ellore Circar and Moostfamgur.

It is to be understood that as the extent of 12 cutties of land was determined to Boochenna Punditunder the tirmse of "Khargjama" enam isolated from the villages here under stated the said 12 cutties of land should be surveyed defined and made over to the enjoyment of Boochenna Pundit who should continue to enjoy the produce yielded annually in the said land and to pray day and night for our everlasting posterity and prosperity.

Beburgully Burgunah	
In Pandeena —	3
In Gunna pavaknum —	3
Acorpos Purgannah	6
Pacoonnuros —	3
Capelaswarapoosum	3 — 6 — 12

(Ime translation)

(Signed) E. W. Bird
Special Asst Collr.

(Ime Copy)

(Signed) T. J. Knox
Acting Collector

15th Rubeeul and
1175 Fejeeree

1858
B. No. 384.
Proceedings thereon /

(1071-72)

Fort St. George 27th January 1858

Sambaravauze Ram Row was a Goomastah on the establishment of the Collector of Masulipatam and the Enam the subject of report was attached in 1851 by the special Assistant Collector on the ground of fraudulent enjoyment

2 The Enam in question was granted in the year 1701 or before the Permanent Settlement to one Boochanna Pundit and it appears from the translation of the pymaundah under which it was held to have been a personal grant to the individual named for the purpose of securing the efficacy of his prayers strictly speaking the land should have reverted to Government on the death of Boochenna Pundit. It has however continued in the Family ever since Boochennah Pundit had 2 Wives who bore him three sons Viz. Poorshottum Govindrow and Gopal Row These persons who are no longer living divided the family lands embracing 40 Cuttes among themselves but no portion of the Enam

under

1859

Fort St. George 27th January 1858.

under consideration seems to have fallen to Govindarow at the period of attachment the Enam was enjoyed as follows Six Cuttes remained with the daughter in law of Poorshottum and three cuttes with the Petitioner Sambaravauze Ramrow which came to him after the death of the childless Widow of Gopalrow, ~~x~~ ~~x~~ ~~x~~ ~~x~~ the widow having previously sold 3 cuttes to another individual.-

3 The history of the Enam and the circumstances attending its attachment were fully reported by the special Assistant Collector in his letter to the Commissioner for the Northern circars dated 19th February 1852. From this it appears that the exception to the 3 cuttes the subject of present claim, was contested between Ristinah the son of Govindrow as heir of the widow of Gopalrow and Sambaravauze Ramrow who is the son of the younger brother of Gopalrows widow. The claims of the two parties were settled by a mediation Ramrow paying Rupees 3000 to Ristinah, on the renunciation by

In A. C.
27 Cancellation
26 February
1852.

by the latter of all claim to the
lands and other real property which
had been at first attached to him as
his rightful share of the property
of the deceased For reasons stated,
the chief of which appear to have
been the invalidity of the claim
under the terms of the grant and
the suspicion of the local authorities
apparently through the collusion
of the then Head Shanistadar Ramaw
jaroo to report the lapse on the
death of the widow of Gopalroo,
the special Assistant was of opinion
that S. Ramaroos enjoyment of the
3 Cutties in question had been ob-
fraudulently obtained The Commissioner
in reviewing the report of the
Special Assistant was of opinion
that there was no reason for
doubting that the lands in
Gonapoorum had been improperly
obtained by S. Ramroo through corrupt
official influence and he expressed
his readiness to recommend its re-
resumption if the Collector Mr Lushing-
ton concurred in the view taken by
the Special Assistant.

4 The case does not appear
to have been taken up by Mr Lushing-
ton and is now finally reported
on

F Special Assistants Colr. p 11.

2d Jn No 6 of Consultation 26 Feby 1852. No 83.

on by Mr Knox in the letter recorded
above whose opinion is adverse
to the continuance of the Enam as a
matter of right.

5 Looking to the amicable
adjustment effected between Kistnaiah
and the Ramaroo the Board concur
in the view taken by Mr Knox that
the acquiescence of the former must be taken
as binding him to the terms of the arrange-
ment supposing the claim of the latter is
otherwise good But the claim itself as
Mr Knox observes is inadmissible as the
land ought to have escheated to Government
on the death of the original Grantee re-
adverting however to the long period
the family have had possession and
chiefly to the part of S. Ramaroo
having paid so large a sum as Rupees
3000 to Kistniah for the surrender of
all claim to the portion of the land
under consideration with other re-
property the Board resolve to sup-
port Mr Knox's recommendation that
the enjoyment of the 12 Cutties reserved
to be left undisturbed during the
lives of the present holders respectively
On the death of each his portion will
revert to Government.

6 Should Government be
pleased to concur in this view S.
Ramaroo will be put in possession
of the 3 Cutties, to which he refers for
life The profits that may have accrued
since the date of attachment will also be
made

Fort St George 27 January 1838

made over to him These the Board gather from the papers before them are held in deposit.-

7 In para 6 of his letter Mr Rose observes that the late Head Shenistadar was in Mr Bird's opinion so bad that every thing he touched became polluted" The Board regret that this remark should have been made as its tendency in their opinion is to cast an undeserved imputation on the character of Mr Bird's proceedings.-

Read again letter from the Collector of Vizagapatam dated 2d and entered in Miscellaneous Consultation 8th October 1857.

Order thereon — Ordered that the following letter be sent in reply.-

(1073)

Bd No 347.

To The Collector of Vizagapatam

To the Collector of Vizagapatam

Sir,

On referring to your account current of Salt for the month of September 1837 the Board observe that the quantity actually remaining in store 92403 Md Lbs at the end of that month appears to be very small They wish to be informed why none is entered as under the head of "Tyen Salt" while 47191 Indian Maunds as shewn as having been manufactured up to the end of the corresponding period of the previous Fasly.-

Revenue Board Office
Fort St George
27 January 1838.

/Signed/ I. D. Sim
Sub Secretary.

Fort St George 27 January 1838.

No 337.

To
I. D. Sim Esqr
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St George.

(1074)

Bd No 4385.

From the Collr of Tinnevelly Reporting upon Petition No 107 of 1856.

Sir,

With reference to the Board's Endorsement on Petition No 107 of 1856 herewith returned I have the honor to report as follows.

2 The Petitioner who is a share holder of certain Inamens in Kelatty calum Village in the Streenelly pottoo Talook states that his brother & Veeraganatha Thachariar another share holder having died without issue his share of the Inamem should after the death of his widow Chinna Janaky Ammungar, descend to the Petitioner as the legal heir of the deceased.

3 From an Urzee and its enclosures received from the Tahsildar of the Streenelly pottoo Talook it appears that Chinna Janaky Ammungar widow of the deceased abovementioned adopted one Thiruvengamany Thauthachary according to the instructions left by her late husband and while enjoying

the

the property in dispute having occurred between the said Thaivasagamony thatha-chary and another party consisting of the Petitioners relations the Mother Sisters and the Widow of the deceased, regarding the said property Thaivasaga-monythathachary preferred a Pauper Suit in No 12 of 1838 on the file of the Madura Zillah Court and that while the suit was pending a Razeena-mah was filed by the parties to the effect that 2/3 rds of the property in question should be enjoyed by the adopted Son of the deceased and 1/3 by the Children of the Sisters of the deceased and that Chinna Janaky Ammungar Widow of the deceased, should receive for her maintenance Rupees 78½ and that the property was thereupon put in possession of the parties abovementioned & under a Precept of the Court.

4 It appears also that the Petitioners relations filed a Suit No 18 of 1839 on the file of the said Court against Chinna Janaky Ammungar for the recovery of

recovery of a Sum of Rupees 900, and in the Decree passed by that Court after a Razeenamah had been filed by the parties it is stated that the property mentioned in the Razeena-mah filed in Pauper Petitioner No 12 of 1838 shall not be liable to attach-ment on account of the non performance of the conditions of the Razeenamah in appeal Suit No 18 of 1839.

5 In 1853 when the Petitioners relations moved the Zillah Court at Tinnevelly for the issue of a Precept for the realization of the Amount of the Decree abovementioned. Mr Beauch-amp the then Judge of this & District passed an Order on the 19 September of the said year & stating that he cannot interfere with the property abovementioned.

6 From what is stated above it will be seen that 1/3rd share of the property left by the deceased Veeravagavatha-thachariar is in the enjoyment of

the

1668 Fort St George 27th January 1838.

of the Children of the sister of the deceased and the remaining 2/3
2 shares in that of Thumasaya
mooly Thanthachariyar who was
adopted by Lehimma Janaky
Ammungar according to the
instructions of her deceased
husband. and that the widow
received for her Maintenance
Rupees 784.—

7 under the foregoing
circumstances the Statement of
the Petitioner that the whole property
of the deceased Veeraragava-
tha Thachariar is in the possession
of his widow Lehimma Janaky
Ammungar and that he the
Petitioner should inherit the
same after her death is inconsist-
ent with truth.

Tinnevelly
31st October
1837.

Signed J. Silver
Collector

1667 Fort St George 27th January 1838

3d No 370
Order thereon
(1074-75)

Ordered that the foregoing letter
be laid before Government with reference
to the Endorsement dated 2d December
1838 upon Petition No 2621 of 1836.

2 Petitioner seeks by the institution
of a suit to obtain a recognition of
his title to the property of his late
brother upon the death of his widow

3 From the Collector's report
it would appear that after the death
of the brother alone alluded to a suit
was brought in consequence of family
disputes which resulted in a Razeenamah
being filed. Making over 1/3 of the property
to the children of his sister and the
remaining 2/3 do to the adopted son the widow
having a sum allowed her for her mainte-
nance. This Razeenamah was duly en-
forced Petitioner's assertion therefore that
the widow has been in possession is
untrue and as her claim upon the
property was decided nearly 20 years ago
to be confined to maintenance Petitioner
can clearly devise no right from her

and

and it does not seem advisable to reopen the question and allow of further litigation.

4. The Collector it is observed should have stated the nature of the Mamiem and should have given his opinion in regard to the propriety of acceding to Petitioner's request.

No. 209.

To

J. B. Simson Esqre.
Actg Secretary to the Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

Sir,

(1076)
Bd No. 4510
From the Actg. Collr of South Arcot

I have the honor to submit copy of the decision of the Head Assistant Collector as requested in the Board's Endorsement dated 29th September last on Petition No. 2262 of 1857 which is herewith returned.

South Arcot Collr's Cutcherry Cuddalore 13th November 1857.

/Signed/ G. N. Taylor
Acting Collector

Proceedings

Bd No. 359.
Proceedings thereon.

(1076-77)

The Collector is requested to forward to the Board's office the original record of Proceedings held in the case of the Petitioner, Sandavaroya Pillay.

(1078)
Bd No. 4989
From the Supt. Government Press.

Memorandum

In reply to the Acting Secretary to the Revenue Board's communication of the 12th instant the Superintendent Government Press begs to state that he considers one Fanam per dozen copies would be a fair charge for cutting arranging and stitching a Pamphlet of the kind forwarded therewith.

Fort St. George Govt Gazette Press Office 14th December 1857.

/Signed/ H. Smith
Supt. Govt Press.

Ordered to be recorded.

Order thereon

(1078-79)

(1080)
Bd No. 5123
From the Collr of Cuddalore.

No. 130

To

J. B. Simson Esqre
Actg Secretary to the Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

Sir,

In the Extract from the

the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue under date the 2nd of February 1856 No 325 permission was allowed to grant a license to one J G Moore samy Naidoo to open a shop in Cuddapah for the sale of Foreign spirits wine and Beer and a Form of license was forwarded for the purpose. This individual I understand has obtained a situation the Railway Company and has not appeared to receive the license for which he had asked. I have now the honor of reporting to the Board that another individual named P. Canaka raya Moodeliar an inhabitant of Madras who has established a bullock transit between Cudolapa and the Railway station at Pellore for carrying Packages and merchandize and also supplying Travellers with carriage has applied for a license

license to open a shop for the sale of European spirits and other articles in Cuddapah. The respectability of this individual I am unable to ascertain as he is not a resident in this province but this could easily be obtained by the Board thro the Collector of Madras or the superintendent of Police. That he is an enterprizing man is shewn by his establishing a transit which has been opened for the last 3 Months and enterprize of all descriptions ought to be encouraged. The opening of a shop in Cuddapah will be of great convenience to many as there is none in which European supplies are for sale. all must be got from the Presidency. I therefore recommend that the Board authorize me to grant him a licence as requested after having ascertained his respectability.

I would beg to be informed whether

2

whether on any other application for a license, I must apply to the Board direct or whether it is left to my discretion to grant or refuse it.

Cuddapah Collrs Office on Circuit Tummulmudoogoo 16th December 1837 Bd No 352

/Signed/ M Murray Collector

Proceedings thereon The Board of Revenue have no objection to the issue of a license as proposed to P Canakarayar Moodely but they must leave it to the Collectors to ascertain his respectability.—

2 The Collector will apply to the Board for instructions in cases of this kind.—

To

(1080-81)

No 405

To

J. B. Sim Esqre
Ag Secretary to the Board of Revenue
Fort St George

(1082)

Bd No 89
From the Collr of Tinnevelly

Sir,

With reference to the Boards Endorsement under date the 12th October 1837 on Petition No 1020 of 1837 forwarded returned I have the honor to report as follows

The Petitioner represents that the Teenwah usually levied on two crop lands is being collected on the additional crop raised on one crop land and solicits that half of the Teenwah usually levied on one crop land may be fixed on the additional crop.

2 Under the existing practice the Teenwah is demanded on the regular or Peshanum crop and half Teenwah on the additional or Carr crops raised on a Peshanum Ayacut land. The difference between this rate and that desired by the Petitioner is only half a grain Cottah per Seed Cottah and no

no alteration can be made in compliance with the Petitioners requestuntil a general survey of the District takes place.

3 The Petitioner further assents that on a Petition presented by him on a former occasion on this subject he was informed that a reference was made to the Revenue Board and that their orders when received will be carried out but that he has received no intimation of the result as yet. He appears to allude to a letter addressed by Mr. Bird on the 5th September 1835 explaining that formerly the practice was to fix the demand at half the rate of whichever of the two crops Cavr or Peshanum was highest in the Village without reference to the time of year when the additional crop was cultivated on one crop land and recommending that the demand be reduced to 50 per Cent of the Village rate of assessment on the crop of the season in which

which it is raised and which recommendation has met with the approval and sanction of Government as conveyed in para 5 of Extract from the Minutes of Consultation — under date the 24th April 1837.

Summary ..... 21st December 1837

/Signed/ J Silver
Collector

Bd No 364
Proceedings thereon

1082-83

In para 3 of the letter above recorded Mr Silver quotes the order of Government regulating the assessment of a second crop upon one crop land and in para 2 he states the existing practise to be to collect full Teerwah on the regular Peshanum crop and half Teerwah on the additional 2d or Cavr crop raised on Peshanum land. This half Teerwah according to the principle laid down by Government should be calculated upon the assessment of the first crop while Petitioner assents that in his case a

Ex. M. Cons. 24th April 1837 No. 374 RC para 5 — in Cons 6th May

a different principle has been follo-
ed and his additional crop has been
charged not one half the first crop
assessment but one half the
two crops Teeruah. If as would
appear from the Tenor of
Para 2 the Petitioners state
ment of his case is correct
the Board are unable to
conceile it with the Collectors
explanation. They accordingly
request that he will afford
further explanation on the
subject illustrating his mean
ing by figures.

C.R.

No. 157.

To
J. D. Sim Esquire
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort Saint George.

1084
Bd. No. 57.
From the Collector
of Rajahmundry

Sir,

With reference to a Copy of the order of Government dated 5th Ultimo No. 1129 received with the Boards proceedings of the 9th Idem No. 3826 I have the honor to point out that the individual recommended in my Statement of the 4th November 1856 to succeed his late father Meer Mohamed Ameen Collah is named Meer Mohamed Suffer Sahib and not Meer Saffee Sahib as entered in the Order of Government.

Rajahmundry District
Collectors Office
Cocanada
26th December 1857

/Signed/ A. Purvis
Collector.

Bd. No. 360.
Resolution thereon.

1084-85

Resolved that the foregoing letter be laid before Government, with reference to Extract Minutes Consultation, dated 5th November 1857, No. 1129 Revenue Department.—

In Cons. 9th Nov. 57.
Remarks to Govt. 10th October 1857.

2. The Collector points out that the individual

Fort Saint George 27th January 1858.

individual recommend to succeed his late father Meer Mahomed Ameen Oollah is named Meef Mahomed Suffee Sahib and not Meer Saffee Sahib. The Board therefore request that the necessary alteration be made in the Extract Minutes Consultation alluded to above.—

Read again letter from the Collector of Tinnevelly dated 9th December and entered in Consultation 19th December 1857.

There were 3 estates in Tinnevelly under the Courts management in Fusly 1267 Viz. Paryoor, Mummarcottah and Sauptoor.—

2. A want of seasonable rains is ascribed as the cause of a falling off in the Revenue of these Estates in the past year.—

Paryoor.—

3. The demand on account of "Current" and "arrears" in Paryoor was Rupees 28,467 of which Rupees 17,508 were collected within the year and Rupees 3,306 subsequently leaving an arrear of Rupees 7,546 outstanding on the 1st November last. This sum includes Rupees 2,811—15—2 arrears of previous years and has been

1086
Bd. No. 377.
Proceedings thereon

Fort Saint George 27th January 1858

been further reduced by collections made subsequent to the date up to which the accounts are closed. The whole arrear seems to be considered recoverable.—

4. The charges of the year including Peishcush Rupees 12,925—11—3 amounting to Rupees 16,461.—

5. The balance at the Minors credit amounted to Rupees 35,491 of which Rupees 11,600 are already invested and Rupees 20,000 have been received for the same purpose and invested by the Court.—

6. The Minor will attain his majority in February 1859.

7. The demand of the Mummarcottah Estates was Rupees 13,741 of which Rupees 10,029 were collected within the Fusly and Rupees 3,140 subsequently. The balance on the 1st November was consequently Rupees 572 of which Rupees 343 appertains to previous years. A sum of Rupees 249—5—10 is recommend for remission, being the difference between the estimated value of the Mailwarum grain and the actual proceeds from its sale.—

The

Fort Saint George 27th January 1858

8. The charges (including Peishcush) Rupees 5071-10-) were Rupees 8362.—

9. The balance at the Minors credit with subsequent Collections was Rupees *25643 of which Rupees 24,000 have been invested by the Court.—

10 The Minor attains his majority in the April 1864.—

Sauptoor. 11. The demand in Fusly 1266 was Rupees 35051 the collections were Rupees 25490 subsequent receipts reduced the balance to Rupees 7857 of which Rupees 4505 accrued in previous years.—

12. The charges (inclusive of Peishcush Rupees 8313—7—4) were Rupees 14448. of which Rupees 2500 were disbursed in payment of debts.

13. The Minor has Rupees 38733 at his credit with subsequent Collections of which the Court have invested Rupees 33000.—

14 The Minority expires in October 1867.

15. The Court remark that the Collector has omitted all notice of the education of the Minors, especially of those whose estates are under

* Balance at the Minors credit 22498
Subsequent Collections 1857 3145
Total 25643

Balance at the Minors Credit 32310-8
Subsequent Collections 6410-8
Total 38733

Fort Saint George 27th January 1858

under the charge of their own relatives—Notwithstanding the recent correspondence regarding the education of the Minors of Pargoor and Mummarcottah the subject should have been noticed in this report.—

16. Referring to the accounts the Court perceive from a comparison of Statements No. 2 and 3 × that the Collections from Sundry sources have been included in No. 2. which should show Land Revenue only.—

17. The Court wish to know on what tenure the 5 Villages in Column 6 of Statement are held one in Sauptoor pays Quit Rent and they infer the other are Surva manium.—

18. The Quit Rent on the Jody Village of Sauptoor should not be entered in Statement No. 2

19. It would be a convenience to have the "subsequent" collections shown for arrears and current separately for each estate—a Note below Column 13 of Statement No. 4 may contain these details.—

20. The discount of Rupees 103-3-3 in Column 22 Statement 5 should have been included in Column 7. The Government Commission should be separately noted below the Column.—

A

21. A slight discrepancy of Rupees 16-15-10 is apparent in the charge of management &c. of Manarcottah as entered in Statements 5th & 6.—

22. A difference of Rupees 4-6-. between Column 7 Statement No. 4 and Column 18 Statement No. 6 in the Collections of Saptoor requires explanation.—

23. There is a difference of Rupees 10.67 in the Peishcush of Pareyoor as shown in Column 12 of Statements and in para 18 of the Report.

24. The Court also paid a difference of Rupees 117-10-2 between the subsequent Collections as entered in para 19 of the Report and Column 13 of Statement No. 4. The Collector will explain this discrepancy.—

25. There were in Fusly 1266 two estates of Minors under the care of the relatives. One of these Minors, the Cotamalay Zemindar has attained his majority.—

26 The other Minor who is the proprietor of Sheiolputty will be of age in April 1867.

27. The Court presume that the Collector has urged the investment of some of the

the balance in favor of the latter Minor.—

28. The Court remark that the value of the 280 Grain Cottah, of Melwarum grain in Statement No. 7 of the Woottoomalay accounts should have been Rupees 864-12-8 and not Rupees 1091-9-6. The error will be rectified.—

No. 194.

IV.

J. D. Sim Esquire
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. David.

Sir,

(1087)
Bd. No. 139.

From the Acting Collector of Ganjam — Para 1.

In regard to the Circular of the Board of Revenue under date the 30th March last No. 962 I have the honor to Enclose a list of the Villages within 30 miles of each Cutcherry in this District. I confess I am not at all sanguine as to the success of this plan; the salt will be carried in Corvadys &c. outside the limits and there sold largely to the Ryots and others mixed or not with Government salt.—

2. You will observe that there are two large towns near two ports; Berhampore near Ganjam

Ganjam and Chicacole near Woonerrilly; it would be false policy to limit the sale at these Cotars as proposed in para 6 and still worse to open a depot. this would be an increasing source of fraud and loss to Government. I would propose that Merchants who took their salt to Berhampore or Chicacole and stored it there either in expectation of a rise in price or of an opportunity of conveying it to the Hills or elsewhere be furnished with a permit and that the salt be secured in their godown and sealed up & a sample sent to and kept by the Collector or his Assistant with which it should be compared when the time came to release it from bond.

Ganjam District
Collector's Circuit
Office Berhampore
29th December 1857.

(Signed) W. Knox
Acting Collector

—. Enclosure No. 1. —

List of Villages within 30 miles from the salt Cotars in Ganjam District.

—. The Ganjam salt pans. —

Collecottah Talook
1. Saulagam.
2. Sondomoroo.
3. Ungaraagam.

Sasanum

Kautghur Talook
4. Sasanum
5. Incapadah
6. Poolasarah
7. Dhoneapadah
8. Bodoco

Aska Hoondah. 9. Aska

Dharacottah Talook
10. Dharacottah
11. Mondemoraye

Cheekaty Talook. 12. Patiah

Bobacondah Talook
13. Boroosholtapooram.
14. Conshoor
15. Bratapooram
16. Chetterpoor
17. Munsoorcottah
18. Gopalpooram

Inoherry Talook
19. Berhampore
20. Goosany Nowgam

Paloor Talook. 21. Paloor

Beredy Talook. 22. Beredy

Hoomma Talook. 23. Hoomma

—. The Nowpadah salt Pans. —

1. Gopalpore
2. Kotabommaly
3. Gungaram
4. Ranepoudoo
5. Harcehendiapooram
6. Chinnabommedy
7. Peddabommedy.

Serigingy

8. Sergingy.
9. Nursunnapettah
10. Maghavarum
11. Lackenulsa
12. Collepadoo.
13. Boroobhadra.
14. Lutchmeepoorum
15. Nundegam
16. Cotta Agraharum
17. Palasa
18. Hurrepoorum
19. Ragoonadhapoorum
20. Nursingoopully.
21. Maulapatta.
22. Sellalmgapoorum
23. Murrepaudoo
24. Amara
25. Ruttindy
26. Dolimpoorum
27. Purlakemedy
28. Malapootty
29. Chinatoongam
30. Goodenada
31. Jaubooroo
32. Heramundalum
33. Suntalonnaly
34. Cooroodoo
35. Dunta
36. Cadoompoorum
37. Coonnarigoonata
38. Boddeta.

Boddapadoo

39. Boddapadoo
40. Cintapadoo
41. Mooteagraharum
42. Dubbapaudoo
43. Commanapilly
44. Nagerecatacum
45. Mokhalingum
46. Lutchmenursoopetta
47. Carakanulsa.
48. Poondy
49. Bauroona.

— The Moomaravilly salt pans. —

1. Calingapatam
2. Nursunnapetta
3. Bhyra
4. Sreecoormum
5. Chicacole
6. Phajelbagoopettah of Valagapatam Zillah
7. Woorlam
8. Nagarekatacum
9. Lutchmenursoopetta
10. Heramundalum.
11. Poondy
12. Ragoonadapoorum.

Berhampore 29th December 1857

/Signed/ W. Knox
Acting Collector

Order thereon.

Ordered to lie over. —

JC

Fort Saint George 27th January 1858

To

—. No. 155. —

J. D. Sim Esquire

Acting Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort Saint George

1088

Bd. No. 132.

From the Collector of Bellary

Sir

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the Board's Remarks on the Tabular Report on lapsed Enams forwarded by me for the Quarter ending on the 30th June last, and to state in reply for their information, that the Enam alluded to in Case No. 5 of my report is entered in the Pymash and Sarwar accounts in the name of Mool. Sah Ameensahib father of the deceased Enamdar, under the Head of "Kyrathe or Charitable grants" the party performed the duties of Moollah in the Village of Billigutta. It is customary in this District to classunder the Head of Kyrathe or Bhutwarty all Anams not stated to be given for the support of Pagodas or Mosques or for the performance of service in them. —

2. The present claimant Abeebsaheb had

Fort Saint George 27th January 1858.

had been adopted by the deceased more than forty years ago and performs the duties of Mool. lah since his demise in this Village where there are a few Mohammedan families. —

3. Under these circumstances and incon. sideration of his having no other means of subsistence, I recommended the renewal of the grant to him and am of opinion that according to the spirit of the Government orders respecting charitable grants the claimant should be permitted to succeed to the Enam. —

Bellary District

Collector's Office

Raidroog

31st December 1857

(Signed) C. Pelly

Collector

No. No. 355.

Resolution thereon.

Resolved that the above letter be laid before Government with reference to the Board's Proceedings of the 12th December last No. 2485.

1088-89

In the Tabular report which accom. panied these Proceedings, the Enam No. 5 was treated by the Collector as a service grant and its renewal recommended accordingly.

A. 2. 1. No. 4. P. 55-4-" 40-2-10

In reply to a call for information as to his authority for considering it as such,

2.

3.

No.

Fort Saint George 27th January 1858

Mr Pelly, in the letter recorded above, explains that the Enam appears in the accounts merely as a Charitable grant under which head as well as that of subsistence it is customary in the District to class all Enams not stated to be given for the support of Temples or for the performance of service in them. He suggests its continuance to the claimant on the score of his having no other means of subsistence and the service performed by him since the demise of his adoptive father and uncle.—

4. The Enam is entered in the survey account in the name of the Father of the deceased but is unsupported by other evidence. The Board do not consider that its connection with the Office of Moollah is sufficiently established and therefore recommend its resumption. The claimant is the adopted son of the last incumbent but this under the Mahomedan Law confers no right of succession.—

To

Fort Saint George 27th January 1858.

—. No 2. —

To,

J. D. Sim Esquire

Acting Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort Saint George

1090

B. No 152.

From the Collector of Tinnevelly &c.

Sir,

I have the honor to report for the information of the Board of Revenue a Sum of Rupees 15 being the amount of fine imposed by the Head Assistant Magistrate of this District on the 28th September 1854 on 3 Individuals for having allowed the distruction of Crops raised by certain Ryots in the Village of Shoolamoottoo nadan coodeyeroppoo in Vullyoor Talook, and ordered by the same Officer to be kept in deposit, until further orders for the purpose of being paid to the

1692

Fort St. George 27th January 1858

the aggrieved parties having been erroneously carried to the Credit of Government under the Head of Ajes, and as the said parties have now preferred their claims to it, I request you will be good enough to furnish me with the necessary sanction for the payment of the amount viz.t 15 Rupees.—

Tinnevelly
2d January 1858

/Signed/ J. Silver.
Collector

B.d No. 361.

Proceedings thereon.
(1090-91)

Submitted for the orders of Government with the Board's recommendation that the Collector may be authorized to pay the sum of 15 Rupees as proposed.—

C.R

J.D.

1693

Fort St. George 27th January 1858

No. 1/1157

To J.D. Sim Esqre
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George,

(1092)

B.d No. 172
From the Asst Coll.r of Malabar

Sir,

I have the honor to submit for the information of the Board of Revenue a copy of the Decree passed by the Civil Court of Calicut in O.S No. 607 of 1856, preferred against the Decision of the Sub Judge in Original Suit No. 14 of 1855 a transcript of which was with reference to Extract Minutes consultation dated 8th January 1856, forwarded to the Board with my letter dated 11th October 1856 No. 132.

+ rec.d 13th Nov.r/57

+ No. 23 conveyed in Rev.e Proc.s of Rev.e dated 10th Dec.r/56 No. 79

Calicut
1st January 1858

/Signed/ W. Robinson
Acting Collector

Enclosure No. 1.

Decree of the Civil Court Tellicherry Calicut

Original

Original Suit N° 14 of 1855 on the file of the Sub Court

Plaintiff
Illatha Vettil
Krishna Menoky

Versus

Defendants
1 T. Clarke Esqr
Collr of Malabar
2 Karipa Kouilogatha
Valia Rayah

A.S. N° 607 of 1856 on the file of the Civil Court

Appellant
Illatha Vettil
Krishna Menoky

Versus

Respondents
1 W. Robinson Esqr
Dº Collr of Malabar
2 Karipa Kouilogatha
Valia Rayah

1 The Original Suit was instituted by the Plaintiff to procure a declaration of Plaintiffs title to 17 parcels of land alleged to have been conveyed to him on Karanjeira tenure by a Bezpoor Rayah deceased

2 The 2d Defendant contended that the deceased Rayah had no authority to alienate Stanom property in manner as the Plaintiff alleges.

3 The Subordinate Judge was of opinion that no valid sale was made by the late Rayah to the Plaintiff and dismissed the suit.

4 In this decree after commenting upon the unsatisfactory nature of the evidence adduced by

by the Plaintiff the Sub Judge adds There is an aspect of fraud on the very face of the transaction. An old and infirm man lives in the Plaintiffs house connected with him in the left handed manner of Nair relationship near his own death without the cognizance or consent of those who are to succeed him sells a portion of his ancestral property to this Plaintiff such a case would alone constitute a strong ground for equitable relief but when in addition I hold the evidence both as to the pay -ment of money and the purpose to which it was applied utterly worthless I can have no hesitation as to the course to be pursued and this course was the dismissal of the suit.

5 The Plaintiff appeals. He urges that the onus probandi was upon the 2d Defendant not upon him as 2d Defendant was the objecting party to the alleged sale that his witness proved that the property was alienated to meet an exigency of the Stanom that the remarks of the Sub Judge on the evidence adduced are not borne out by the evidence that the documents

Fort St George 27th January 1858

B.C. shew that property may be alienated by the Stanom Kar.

6 Respondent was not served with a notice.

Judgment.

7 I have carefully perused the original decree and heard the evidence addduced by the Plaintiff and I have no hesitation in recording my conviction that these two witnesses depose falsely. This is evident from the depositions and the circumstances set forth by the lower Court for discrediting this testimony are convincing.

8 It was clearly the duty of the Plaintiff to prove that the lands were alienated by the late Rajah to meet the exigencies of the Tarwad this important point has not been proved consequently according to the recognized local usage as regards the constitution of the Tarwad in Malabar the transfer was illegal.

9 I consequently affirm the original decree and dismiss the appeal with costs against the

Fort St George 27th January 1858

the appellant

Costs

Stamp duty on substitution under Section XIII Regulation XIII of 1816. ——— 50-- --

Value of stamp paper filed by appellant ——— 4-- --

54-- --

Plaintiffs cost in the original suit ——— 59-- --

1st Defendant Dr ——— 56-9-8

2d Dr ——— Dr ——— 61-10-8

177-7-4

Total Costs Rupees ——— 231 7 4

Given &c this 13th day of Novr 1857

(Signed) H. D Cook

Civil Judge

True Copy

(Signed) H. D. Cook

Civil Judge

To.

The Acting Collector of Malabar.

For his information 22d December 1857

True Copy

(Signed) W. Robinson

Acting Collector

Fort St. George 27th January 1858

Bd. No. 357

Resolution thereon:

1092-93

Resolved that the above letter be submitted for the information of Government with reference to the Boards letter dated 12th December 1855 and Extract Minutes of Consultation dated 8th January 1856 No. 23 R.D.

On 6th Jan. 56.

2 The result of the appeal has been the confirmation of the original decree.

3 The Board are unable to trace on their records any previous correspondence connected with the institution of the appeal.

No. 11.

To. J. D. Sim Esqre.
Acting Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

Sir,

1094

Bd. No. 288

From the Collr. of Coimbatore

With reference to para 3 of my letter of the 9th Ultimo No. 214. I have the honor to report the result on the 6th Instant of the Ak Kurry Farm of Carur. the amount of the highest offer is Rupees 7300 — — — which falls

Fort St. George 27th January 1858

falls short of the last years rental by Rupees 931-10-4 It however exceeds the amount of rent of fasly 1265 and the average rental of the last 10 years by Rupees 4314 — — and Rs. 2183 respectively.

2 As no better offer appeared the sale was closed, I request the Boards sanction to put the new Renters in possession of the Farm on their tendering the requisite Security &c.

3 The balance against the old Renter of the above Taluk upto 31st December 1857 is Rupees 1634-7-7 as particularized in the Margin, and that due to him by the sub Renters amounts to Rupees 1192-13-6 which latter is not recoverable but with the assistance of the Tahsildar has been directed to recover as far as practicable the old Renter will wait pending the recovery of the balance in question from his sub Renters and from their property if any be forthcoming on enquiry.

Amount of Rent for fasly 1266	9200 —
Do for 6 months and 3 days in fasly 1267	4,674-3-7
	13874-3-7
Deduct amount recovered upto 31st December 1857	10707-12-
Balance	3,166-7-7
Deduct a gross the Amount of Bad Debts	1532 — —
Balance still due	1,634-7-7

I

1700

Fort St. George 27th January 1858.

I beg to enclose, as usual Account of the Sale in question for the remaining 3 years and odd Months.

Coimbatore Collectors Office 11th January 1858

/Signed/ E.B. Thomas Collector.

Statement.

1701.

Statement of Kurny Sirmoy the Sale

Division Sale No.

Rs.

Account of rent is Rupees 8265-5-8

Months and 3 days 3 January 1858 ac ent of Rupees 8265-5-8 maining 28 days per

730 = 359-2-1

8265-6-8

decrease for the present is 4 and maining 3 Fasles 00 = per year.

Coimbatore Collectors Office 11 January

1702

Fort St. George 27th January 1858

Bd No. 365

Order thereon.

1094-95

The Board request the opinion of the Collector as to how far the defaulting Renter should be held liable for the loss by the resale of the contract as well for the arrears due.

Resolved that the following letters be despatched.

To,

The Collector of

Madras.

Sir,

With reference to my letter of the 21st Instant. I am directed by the Board of Revenue to forward herewith the undermentioned printed forms. for which an Indent was submitted in your letter of the 26 September 1857.

You will be pleased to acknowledge the receipt of the same.

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George.
27th January 1858.

/Signed/ L. D. Sim
Sub Secretary

Comparative Statements of Collections and Charges &.

To,

1096

Bd No. 348.

To the Collector of Madras

Comparative Statements of Collections and Charges &.

1703

Fort St. George 27th January 1858.

To,

1097

Bd No. 353.

To the Sub Collector of North Arcot

The Sub Collector of

North Arcot.

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to request that you will report at an early date through the Collector what progress you have made in laying out the Railway Pettah at Vellore.

2 you will perceive from the Extract Minutes Consultation 12 June 1857 No. 553 R.D. that Government expect to Bd Con 25 June 1857. periodical reports on this subject.

Revenue Board Office.
Fort St. George,
27th January 1858.

/Signed/ L. D. Sim
Sub Secretary

To,

The Acting Secretary
to Government
Revenue Department.

1098

Bd No. 350.

To the Sec. to Government

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to request that you will obtain the sanction of Government for the disbursement of Rupees 344-11-6 being the charge incurred by

Moochee hire for cutting stitching the Pamphlets	263-5-11
Packing charges	30-10-11
Cooly hire to convey the Pamphlets to Collectors	51-11-7
Rupees	344-11-6

Fort St. George 27th January 1838.

1099

B. P. 367.

To The Collectors of Chingleput Tanjore Trichinopoly Madura Tinnevelly Coimbatore Salem and Malabar.

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to forward by a Cooly a Parcel containing Pamphlets of Tamil Regulations IV V and XI of 1816 for distribution to the cummums and Moonshiffs of your Districts.

The charge for each Copy containing the 3 Regulations is 3 Annas and for Regulation XI alone One anna.

	IV V & XI	XI	Total
Chingleput	2300	1000	3300
South Arcot	1400	1000	2400
Tanjore	2000	2500	4500
Trichinopoly	1000	1000	2000
Madura	2580	2500	5080
Tinnevelly	1200	900	2100
Coimbatore	1000	1087	2087
Salem	1000	500	1500
By Bangky Malabar Malayalum			457

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
27th January 1838.

(Signed) J. D. Sim
Sub Secretary

Received

Fort St. George 27th January 1838.

by them on account of 40004 Pamphlets of Tamil Telugu and Malayalum Regulations IV V and XI of 1816 transmitted to the several Collectors for distribution to the Cummums and Moonshiffs of their districts.—

The total cost of these Regulations (which were printed at the Fort St. George Gazette Press) amounts to Rupees 2472-5-5 and in accordance with the instruction contained in Consultation dated 6 September 1833 No. 833 I.D. the Board have directed that 2 annas be charged for each pamphlet containing Copies of Regulations IV V and XI and one Anna for each of those containing only Regulation XI of 1816 even at these moderate rates a sum of Rupees 1866-10-6 will ultimately be

Cost of papers purchased Rupees	1035—0—0	
Printing charges	1092-10-0	
Moochee charge for cutting & stitching the Pamphlets	262-5-11	
Pac Ring charges	30—0—0	
Cooly hire to Conbey the Parcels to Collectors	27—11—7	
Rupees	2472—5—5	

12400 Copies of Tamil at 2 As. each 1557-8-0
10487 Do. at 1 As. each 655-7-0
457 Do. Malayalum at 2 As. each 57-2-0
16500 Do. Telugu at 2 As. each 2062-8-0
100 Do. Do. at 1 Do. 6-4-0
40044. Rupees 4339-0-0

no alteration can be made in compliance with the Petitioners requestuntil a general survey of the District takes place.

3 The Petitioner further assents that on a Petition presented by him on a former occasion on this subject he was informed that a reference was made to the Revenue Board and that their orders when received will be carried out but that he has received no intimation of the result as yet. He appears to allude to a letter addressed by Mr. Bird on the 5th September 1835 explaining that formerly the practice was to fix the demand at half the rate of whichever of the two crops Cavr or Peshanum was highest in the Village without reference to the time of year when the additional crop was cultivated on one crop land and recommending that the demand be reduced to 50 per Cent of the Village rate of assessment on the crop of the season in which

which it is raised and which recommendation has met with the approval and sanction of Government as conveyed in para 5 of Extract from the Minutes of Consultation — under date the 24th April 1837.

Summary ..... 21st December 1837

/Signed/ J Silver
Collector

Bd No 364
Proceedings thereon

1082-83

In para 3 of the letter above recorded Mr Silver quotes the order of Government regulating the assessment of a second crop upon one crop land and in para 2 he states the existing practise to be to collect full Teerwah on the regular Peshanum crop and half Teerwah on the additional 2d or Cavr crop raised on Peshanum land. This half Teerwah according to the principle laid down by Government should be calculated upon the assessment of the first crop while Petitioner assents that in his case a

Ex. M. Cons. 24th April 1837 No. 374 RC para 5 — in Cons 6th May

1706 Fort St. George 27 January 1858.

1100 Received the undermentioned
My No. 213. Miscellaneous letters and Statements.
From Collector of Madura. } Return of Persons charged
1101 &c. under Regulation IX of 1822
My No. 210. for December 1857.
From Collector of Madura } No Return of Public Servants
1102 suspended &c. for the 4th Quarter
My No. 211. of 1857.
From Collector of Madura } No Return of Persons
1103 in confinement under Regulation
My No. 212. IX of 1822 for December 1857.
From Collector of Madura } Return of Village Officers
1104 &c. under Regulation VI of 1831
My No. 215 for December 1857.
From Collector of Ganjam } Annual Return of Salt
1105 from 1st January to 31 December 1857.
My No. 216.
From Collector of Tinnevelly } Account Lessment of Salt
1106 for December 1857.
My No. 214.
From the Collector of Madras. } Acknowledging the
receipt of the 4 Printed Statements