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781

WH
2/70

Diary.

(1)

From W. Rodgson Esqre — }
Assistant Collector of Rajahmundry } Received letter
forwarding a Sick Certificate.—

Proceedings thereon.— The Board of Revenue

(1-2) observe that Mr Rodgson was appointed to
Assistant Collector of Rajahmundry on the 21st
March last and Rajahmundry being 369
Miles distant from Madras, should have
joined his Station within two months after his
appointment or by the 21st Instant. Ten days
after the expiration of that period he has sub-
mitted an application for permission to re-
main at the Presidency on Sick Certificate
until the 31st August next.—

ORIGINAL DESTROYED

Ordered that Mr Rodgson's let-
ter and enclosure be returned to him, and
that he be directed to forward them through
the Collector of his district according to the
usual course, and at the same time to furnish
explanation as to the reason of his having
neglected either to join his Station or to
submit an application for further leave
within the proper time.—

At

additional charge.—

3. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is of opinion that this great extent of land uncultivated and therefore deducted from the Settlement with reference to which the rent is proposed to be fixed, requires further consideration and he requests the attention of the Board again to this point.—

4. The Governor in Council is of opinion that before sanctioning a grant of this nature, the Board should ascertain what means Mr. Grover has for carrying out his plans and continuing the cultivation of the lands, and thinks that some security and some stipulations should be required from him that he will carry out the improvements he proposes and on the grounds of which he requires a favorable Lease.—

5. The Government also are not fully satisfied that Mr. Grover does actually possess all the lands given in the Board's Statement. It would seem indeed that he has not yet completed the purchase of some portions and this opinion is strengthened by the expression

used on the Tamil remark on the Sketch Map which would infer difficulties to exist in his obtaining them.—

6. The Government are aware that Mr. Grover has expended considerable Capital in improving the irrigation of the Villages wherein his lands are situated and recognize his claim on the Government who have also benefited thereby, for some indulgence, but such indulgence must be commensurate with his improvements and the Government cannot consent to grant them to him on a scale that would be deemed unreasonable to other Cultivators and in great deviation from the ordinary rules of the District for bringing waste land under tillage.—

/ A true Extract /
/ Signed / H. C. Montgomery
Secretary to Government.—

To the President & Members of the Board of Revenue.

Order thereon.—

(3-4)

Ordered that copy of the preceding Extract Minutes Consultation and of the Board's letter of 3rd April therein referred to be furnished to the Acting Collector of North Arcot who will be pleased, with reference to the observations of Government in

8492 to 94 Fort St. George 1st June 1848.

in para 4, to ascertain and report whether Mr Grover possesses sufficient means for carrying out his plans and continuing his cultivation in the event of a lease being conferred on him on the terms recommended by the Board and also what security he is prepared to offer that he will fulfil the conditions of the lease.— Mr Bourdillon will likewise be pleased to submit a form of lease containing specific stipulations binding the lessee to carry out improvements proposed to be made.— He will likewise ascertain the circumstances of the lands noticed in the 7th para and report whether they have actually come into Mr Grover's possession.—

In transmitting this information the Board of Revenue request the acting Collector to favor them with his opinion whether he considers the improvements proposed to be effected by Mr Grover will be commensurate with the amount of indulgence recommended in their communication to Government of the 3rd April last.—

8495 Fort St. George 1st. June 1848.

From the Secy to Government.

5

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation under date the 13th May 1848.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council proceeds to pass orders on the letter in this Department from the Honorable the Court of Directors Dated 15th March 1848 No. 6.

The Board of Revenue to whom a copy of this Despatch will be furnished, will be requested to communicate to Shashagerry Row the decision passed by the Honorable Court upon his Memorial.

/ Here enter the Honorable Court's letter dated 15th March 1848 No. 6. /

/ A true Extract /
/ Signed / H. B. Montgomery.
Secretary to Government.

Resolution thereon:

5-6

Resolved that a copy of the foregoing correspondence be furnished to the Collector of Madras. The Board request that he will communicate to Shashagherry Row, late Head Sheristadar of Guntoor who is supposed to be now residing in Madras, the reply of the Honorable the Court of Directors to his Memorial.

Resolved also that copy of the papers above recorded be communicated for the information of the Collector of Guntoor.

Extract

From the Secty to Government - Communicating observations & orders on the Boards Proceedings relative to the Management of the Extra Sources of Revt in the Kurnool Province in Fusly 1256.

(7)

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation under date the 22d May 1848.

Read the following Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue.

/Here enter 8th May 1848 No 325/

1.

The Demands in the different items composing the Extra Sources of Revenue in Kurnool has varied but slightly in Fusly 1256 / 1846/47. from that in the year preceding except in the one case of Abkarry in which there was a decrease of 1836 Rupees. The demand known for Fusly 1255 / A.D. 1845/46 it is explained was so excessive that it was necessary to grant remissions to the Renters for that year of no less than Rupees. The actual decrease in the Fusly under report was therefore only Rs 7436. Notwithstanding this diminished demand the current collections were Rupees 8551-10-13 in excess of those for Fusly 1255 / A.D. 1845/46 which added to arrears realized on made the net Abkarry Revenue for the year Rupees 14715-8-3- above that of Fusly 1255 / A.D. 1845/46.

2.

The Total Settlement of all items inclusive of Extra Collections was Rupees 138173-3-3 of which all but Rupees 727-11-3- was realized within the Fusly. The total receipts including arrears amounted to Rupees 154968-13-8. Deducting for this the charges of collection the net receipts

of Fusly 1256 / A.D. 1846/47. were 152734-10-4 - or 14490-3-11. in excess of those of Fusly 1255 - / A.D. 1845/46.

/A true Extract/
/Signed/ H. E. Montgomery
Secretary to Government

To The President & Members of the Board of Revenue.

Order thereon.

Ordered to be communicated for the information and guidance of the Agent to the Governor in Kurnool, in reference to the Boards Proceedings dated 8th Ultimo.

(7-8)

The Board observe that the Statements "shewing the Gross Collections charges and net Revenue of all Branches of Revenue, Land Revenue excepted," which accompanied the Agents Report of 28th October last are in manuscript. It is requested that the usual printed forms may in future be filled up and submitted with the Extra Revenue Reports. Ten of these forms were forwarded to Kurnool in 1846 and a further supply of 10 in April last.

(9)

From the Secty to Government - Commicating observations & orders on the Boards Proceedings relative to the Management of the Extra Sources of Revt in the district of Malabar in Fusly 1256.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation under date the 22d May 1848.

Read the following Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue.

/Here enter 8th May 1848 No 249/

Para 1.

The Government is well pleased to learn that the measures taken

For

Fort St. George 1st June 1848.

that it would not be advisable at present to incur the expense applied for on that account in the district of Tinnevelly, and concurs in their proposal that Mr. Thomas should be allowed to establish experimental nursery gardens for raising and distributing seedlings and young trees of the most useful kinds. He accordingly authorizes the disbursement of Rupees 31-8-- per Mensem as a contingent charge for the Establishment of 3 Nurseries, & directs that the Board will instruct the Collector to report on the success or otherwise of these gardens in 18 Months or two years, when the advisableness of continuing or increasing them will be taken into consideration.

To the President & Members of the Board of Revenue.

/A true Extract/
/Signed/ H. L. Montgomery
Secretary to Government

Order thereon.

11-12.

Ordered to be communicated, with copy of the Board's letter to Government dated 1st Ulting, for the information and guidance of the Collector of Tinnevelly with reference to his letter of 30th March

In Cons 1 May 1848.

Mr. Thomas will be allowed

Fort St. George 1st June 1848.

d in 18 Months or 2 years hence,
ish the report called for by Go.
t in the concluding part of the fore.
tract Minutes of Consultation.
t from the Minutes of Consultation
er date the 27th May 1848.

Read the following

Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Rev

re enter 15th May 1848 No 259/

As it is satisfactorily shewn by the acting Collector's explanation of the circumstances under which the payment of the Petitioners share in the Enam Village of Vailum was suspended, that it was no neglect on her part that the amount was not drawn for the past 10 years, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council resolves, as recommended by the Board, to authorize the disbursement of the proceeds of the Enam due to Fatimah Bee from Fusly 1247 to 1256, amounting to Rupees /2214-13-11/ Two Thousand two Hundred and fourteen, Annas thirteen, and Pice Eleven, of which it is observed

13

From the Secretary to Government.

Authorizing the acting Collector of North Arcot to disburse to Fatimah Bee the proceeds of her Enam from Co Fasslies 1247 to 1256 amounting to Rupees 2214-13-11- and to pay to her Vakeel in future 1/15th share of the Enam on the production annually of a Certificate of her existence, the actual proceeds of the Enam being to be carried to Account in the first instance and then disbursed.

1247. Rupees 161-5-10
1248 -- " 200-13-3

Rupees /362-3-1/ Three hundred and Sixty two, Annas three, and Pice one,

already

already carried to account, will have to be repaid from the public Treasury, the remaining same being merely held in deposit.

2. The acting Collector of North Arcot is further authorized to pay Fatimah Bee one fifth share of the Enam to her Vakeel in future on production every year of a certificate of her existence. The form of which might perhaps be furnished by the Collector to be attested by the nearest Civil or Military Officer of the Company's service.

3. As this payment however which is only a life grant does not appear to be exhibited in the accounts and brought under audit like all other money allowances the Government consider it desirable that the actual proceeds of the Enam should in the first instance be carried to account and then disbursed from the Public Treasury and it will be the duty of the Civil Auditor to admit under this authority the annual payments to Fatimah Bee, if supported by the requisite life certificate.

/ A true Extract /

/ Signed / H. B. Montgomery

Secretary to Government.

To the President & Members of the Board of Revenue.

Ordered

Order thereon.

Ordered to be communicated for the information and guidance of the acting Collector of North arcot, with reference to his letter dated 6th Ultimo.

(13-14)

In Cons 5th May 1848.

Mr. Bourdillon will be pleased to disburse to Fatimah Bee the proceeds of the Village of Vailum due to her from Fusly 1247 to 1256 and pay to her hereafter the one fifth share of the Enam on production every year of the necessary Certificate of her existence, a form of which he will furnish to Fatimah Bee or to her Vakeel.

Mr. Bourdillon's attention is also called to the orders of Government in para 3 of the foregoing Extract Minutes of Consultation and he will for the future, as therein directed, carry the actual proceeds of the Enam to account, and then disburse the amount due to the several shares from the Public Treasury.

From the Secretary to Government. Read letter transmitting copies and translations of acts of the Supreme Government.

(15)

ORIGINAL DESTROYED

Ordered to be recorded.

Order thereon.

(15-16)

Read

17

From the Dy. Secy. to Government. } Read the following resolution. Extract from the Minutes of Consultation dated 22d May 1848.

From Board 11th May.

Resolved that copies of the Certificates No. 926 and 929 be issued for delivery to the Pensioners.

(Signed) R. G. Clarke
Dy. Secy. to Government.

17-18

Order thereon. Agreed to be recorded.

Read the following letter.

To. T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

19

From the Collr. of Rajahmundry. Sir, I have the honor to submit for the consideration of the Board of Revenue, copy and translation of an arzee from my Head Sarbnevis.

Submitting Copy and translation of an Arzee from Puttry Royapah Head Sarbnevis.

Sarbnevis and requesting sanction for the allotment of a piece of waste land for the support of a Charity Choultry at Nullacherroo.

Sarbnevis Puttry Royappah Puntoolu praying for a grant of waste land for the support of a Charity Choultry at Nullacherroo for the accommodation of Travellers under the rules passed on the 9th July and sent with the Board's Circular letter dated the 20th August 1829 and to recommend that sanction be granted for the allotment of a piece of waste land in the Neighbouring Village of Rungumpettah in the Government talook of Cauparum bearing an assessment of Sixty Rupees.

2. The spot selected for the Choultry is nearly midway between the towns of Rajahnuggur and Reddapoor. The road runs through a high dry jungle country where water is sometimes very scarce and where the traveller can find no shelter from the scorching sun and the burning sand. It is a great thoroughfare being the road usually taken by pilgrims and others on their way to Vizagapatam, Juggernauth &c. The want of a Choultry has long been complained of, the site now fixed upon is well chosen. Puttry Royapah Puntoolu has sunk a well in which excellent water has been found, a tope is also to be planted and the usual arrangements

to and obtain the sanction of Government for the grant of the necessary land for the support of the Choultries agreeably to the general rules passed in the year 1829 and thus cause the continuance of the charity.

Dated Cauknada 9th May 1848.

/Signed/ Putty Royappah
Head Tahsildar.

/True Copy and translation/
/Signed/ T. Prendergast
Collector.

Proceedings thereon. On the understanding that the buildings to be erected by Putty Royappah will provide accommodation to all classes of Travellers including the lower Castes, the Board authorize the construction of the Choultries referred to in the foregoing letter. When they are completed the Collector will be so good as to submit to this Office a plan of them with an account of the cost, and the Board will then recommend to Government the grant of such a portion of waste land of a value not exceeding 50 Rupees as may appear to form a suitable endowment.

Read the following letter.

To, T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

Sir, I have the honor to acknowledge

19-20

21

From the Collr. of Pattore-S submitting his

His observations regarding the appeal made to the Board by Mr. Aroonagherry Naick the late Superintendent of Paduthy Division. Pattore

acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th instant forwarding two Petitions presented by M. Aroonagherry Naidoo, complaining of having been dismissed from the Situation of Salt Superintendent of Paudurty without sufficient cause and directing me to forward all Proceedings held in the case.

In reply I beg leave to

2. forward the Record in question and to make the following observations. I was appointed to this District at the commencement of the last year and having always taken an interest in and been actively employed in the Salt Department in the several Districts, I have been employed in, it is very natural that I should seek to make myself acquainted with the System pursued in this District. Accordingly in September and October last I proceeded on a tour of inspection thro' the Pans, examining a few heaps in each and paying the cost of the years manufacture to the Ryots. Having completed the examination of the Pans under the Eskapully Superintendent and being on my way to Paudurty it was equally natural that the Superintendent

the

the Superintendent is directly met by a counter Statement from the Tappal Peon who asserts having personally delivered that letter into the hands of the Assistant himself.

4. Without adverting further to these facts it may be observed that independently of the failure to prove the receipts of the cover there is nothing to show in the absence of that paper that it contained matter of private information as indeed that such had been sought for by the Defendants and the charge cannot therefore be considered as having been substantiated. The Board however under all the circumstances do

do not think it necessary to direct the restoration of Arcoona Cherry Naidoo to the situation from which the Collector has removed him but desire that he may be reemployed in the district on a suitable occasion occurring for his restoration to the Government service.

The Board would

5. also wish to point out to the Collector that the Defendant does not appear to have had an opportunity of entering upon his own defence as the proceedings furnished with his letter do not contain any deposition

From

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The Board would

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also wish to point out to the Collector that the Defendant does not appear to have had an opportunity of entering upon his own defence as the proceedings furnished with his letter do not contain any deposition

From

from him.

Ordered that the following Endorsement be passed on Petitions Nos. 407 and 639 of 1848.

"The Petitioner is informed that the Board of Revenue have instructed the Collector to employ him in a Suitable situation on an occasion occurring for so doing."

Read

Read the following letter

To J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(23)

From the Collr. of Bellary — Sir.

Report relative to an uniform rate of tax being levied on the Manufacture of Earth Salt in the Ceded Districts accompanied by Copy of a letter from the Collr. of Cuddapah on the Subject

Bellary 1

The Board having in their Proceedings of date the 30th September 1847, directed the Collectors of Bellary and Cuddapah to State, after communication with each other, whether an uniform rate of tax on the Manufacture of Earth Salt might not be introduced throughout the Ceded Districts, I addressed a letter to the Sub Collector, late in charge of Cuddapah on the 10th December last on the Subject [as already reported in my letter to you of the 25th Ultimo] and received a reply thereto from the Collector on the 10th Instant, a transcript of which I beg to forward for the information of the Board, and from which it will be observed that the opinion of Mr. Cochrane is at variance with theirs.—

2. The plan as Submitted by me of assessing a fixed impost on the Produce of Earth Salt does not appear from the Proceedings above cited, to have been

+ Vide Para 7.

been considered open to any material objection, except that it requires + modification in regard to the Classification of the Hillocks &c. This might be easily done. It appears to be thought that none of the Classes now existing should be Suppressed, but that a defined method of taxing the various Classes be introduced, such I understand to be the sentiments of the Board.—

3 I however think that it is necessary here to explain with reference to the Statement before Submitted, that I had suggested, that only 8 Classes of Modas be continued out of the 16 which appeared to exist on a Classification of the whole of the Hillocks worked in July 1255, under the impression that those proposed to be Suppressed as being of a trifling value, as per Margin, might be incorporated with the retained Classes of similar Capacity of value, Tax &c. and by being so treated and allowed to be manufactured would not prove detrimental to the interests of either party, the Government, or the People adopting a

No.	Buffaloes	Persons	Total	Total number of Hillocks
1	4	8	12	4
2	3	6	9	4
3	3	5	8	2
4	3	4	7	4
5	2	4	6	99
6	1	3	4	10
7	0	4	4	6
8	0	3	3	3
				123

a Fixed rate of impost to regulate the taxation of the various Classes, as pointed out by the Board, there can be no objection to any number of Classes. This data rather this defined method of taxation is still to be perceived in the Statement No. 2 which accompanied my former letter, consisting of an annual tax of one and Quarter Rupee for each Buffalo or for each Person employed upon the Modas, and it was upon this, that the Estimate Contained in that Statement was founded. The following is the result thereof

Classes.	Manual and Cattle labor employed upon Modas			Per Modah			Average per each on the total number in Col 3.					
	Buffaloes	Persons	Total	value of Produce		Tax at 10 per cent		value of Produce		Tax at 10 per cent		
	1	2	3	4		5		6		7		
		Rs	a	Rs	a	Rs	a	Rs	a	Rs	a	
1	4	4	8	100	..	10	..	12	8	1	4	
2	3	3	6	75	..	7	12	12	8	1	4	
3	2	3	5	62	8	6	12	12	8	1	4	
4	2	2	4	50	..	5	..	12	8	1	4	
5	1	2	3	37	8	3	12	12	8	1	4	
6	1	1	2	25	..	2	8	12	8	1	4	
7	..	2	2	25	..	2	8	12	8	1	4	
8	..	1	1	12	8	1	4	12	8	1	4	

According

4 According to this account the value of the Produce by the labor of each Buffaloe or Person being assumed at 6 Rs. 12-8-., the Tax to Government amounts to 6 Rs. 1-4-. at 10 per Cent, and though the Modas are worked by many cattle and Persons and various Castes, yet the tax above Specified may be imposed as simple and feasible.—

5 It occurs to me that were the value of the Salt to be regulated according to the selling Prices there would be some trouble every year, and therefore, having estimated the value at 100 Rs. on the average of a few years Prices, The same had better be allowed to continue for a fixed Period / Say 5 years / at the expiration of which period, if Circumstances render it necessary an alteration may be made the quantity of Produce estimated by me will be found to remain unchanged.—

6 Mr. Cochrane seems to be of opinion, that the rate of tax should be fixed with reference to the quantity of the Salt produced. There are besides this, other differences in detail of a similar nature

nature.—In the event of one uniform rate and System being determined upon these minor difficulties need not be taken into Consideration; but the main principles be observed, as otherwise, it will be impossible to arrive at any Conclusion.—

Bellary District Collector's office on circuit Ramandroog 22d May 1848

/Signed/ A. Mellor
Collector

To

A. Mellor Esquire
Collector of Bellary

Sir

Para 1. I have the honor to reply to your letter dated 11th December last addressed to the Sub Collector late in charge of the District on the Subject of placing the Manufacture of Earth Salt under a more defined System of Regulation and of assimilating the rates of Tax to be hereafter leviable on the quantity and value of the article produced in our Districts respectively with reference to the Proceedings from the Board of Revenue under date 30th September last.—

2 The plan of increasing the Percentage

Percentage as already proposed by you on the value of the Salt produced in each Hillock, with a view to bringing the proposed Tax to the Collection made in Bellary in Fusly $\frac{1255}{1845/46}$ is, I think, preferable to the one also suggested of taxing the Manufacturers who are engaged in other pursuits during that period of the year in which the Manufacture of Earth Salt is not carried on.—

3 In respect to the System of Taxation to be adopted, it appears a matter of little import whether a percentage or a fixed Impost on the quantity produced in each Hillock be levied in the Collection of this branch of Revenue under Moturpha, as in either case the Collections can be made to bear such a relative proportion to the value of the production as may be considered expedient as applicable to the exigencies and circumstances of our Districts respectively. I am still in favor of the Introduction of the System by which a fixed annual Impost, as the simplest method, should be levied on each Hillock in proportion to the quantity and value manufactured, which must chiefly be dependant on

on the number of Cattle and Men employed, other Circumstances as regards the peculiar and varying properties of the Earth Capable of producing Salt in different localities, the distances from which Earth of the discription required is to be Conveyed to the Hillock, which is generally raised in situations where water is readily procurable having also their due weight in the Classification of Hillocks in respect to rates to be fixed on them severally.— The proportion which the rate of Impost should bear in our Districts respectively to the quantity produced must however depend on the relative value of the same in both Districts, and be at such a percentage as to admit of the Manufacturers deriving a just profit after deducting the Costs of Production.— In Bellary, it would appear that the percentage will admit of being raised on the average from 10 to 12 per Cent on the value of the quantity produced, while in this District, the most that could Consistently be realized as an Impost would be 8 per Cent.— The Hillocks I should I am of opinion be severally Classified with reference to the labour employed according

according to a graduated Scale, exhibiting the quantity / from which the value is ascertainable / which it is estimated Can be Manufactured with reference to &c the number of Cattle and Men as &c employed on them respectively and to local Circumstances.—

4 By taxing the various Classes according to this defined method, it appears to me that the object in view in the change of System about to be effected, of rendering the Tax equal in its operation to all Classes of Manufacturers would be accomplished.—

5 In respect however to the Suggestion of the Board that the Change might be Such, that whilst it relieves &c those Modas in your District which are overassessed to a moderate extent, it would increase the Tax and others which do not at present pay a fair proportion to the System which appears from your report to have hitherto prevailed, is so unequal as to render it a matter of impossibility to ensure, under the arrangements that will be necessary to adopt towards carrying out the Board's instructions, one uniform &c System

System in both our Districts, particularly as in Consequence of the Manufacture of Earth Salt having been prohibited in this District, it would be inadvisable and injudicious to diverge from the main &c and principal feature of the proposed change, Viz., of imposing a Suitable Tax or Per centage on the Cost &c and value of the Production, and the more particularly as the Circumstances as applicable to Bellary and Cuddapah respectively are so varying both in respect to greater Quantity and the Superior &c Quality of the article comparatively &c manufactured in your District, by the same labour, manual as well as that of Cattle employed, Consequent on local &c advantages inherent in the nature and property of the Soil, as to render the adoption of a Similar rate of taxation Certainly objectionable if not impracticable.— The privilege of manufacturing Earth Salt would be a dead letter as far as this District was concerned and the result would be that the Hillocks would rarely be rented out, while the manufacture of the article being again legalized

legalized would tend to Salt being Surreptitiously manufactured to a greater extent throughout the District in Such Hillocks as are not rented - to check which clandestine proceedings the greatest Surveillance would be insufficient. -

6 However desirable as it may be that in the revision of the System now contemplated the Same rates Should be made applicable to both Districts, the plan appears to me, after having given the Subject my best Consideration unfeasible. The Same System may however be uniformly adopted, whether of levying a per centage or a fixed impost according to the number of Men and Cattle employed on the Several Hillocks respectively, from which labour employed is to be deduced and ascertained the quantity and value of the article &c produced. -

7. In my report to the Board dated 27th May 1846, the average rate of impost recommended to be levied &c on the Hillocks was Rupees 3-8-" varying from Rs. 5 to 2. and according to Calculation this amount to Rs. 7-12-6 per cent

per cent on the average value of the Salt manufactured. - Taking all things into Consideration, I am decidedly of opinion that the rate of Taxation Should not exceed 8 per Cent on the value of the article produced - the Cost of production of a Specified quantity being in their District, and the value of the article being less owing to its inferiority of quality renders it necessary that a distinction in favor of Cuddapah Should be made in the rates leviable from our Districts respectively. -

8 Adverting to the concluding part of Para 3rd of your letter under reply, I beg to offer my opinion in favor of the existing number of classes of Hillocks remaining unrestricted, as their restriction in number, and the including of Such as are Struck out as being of minor importance among the classes retained must, classified &c as they are with reference &c to circumstances necessarily &c tend

tend to inequality of Taxation.-

Cuddapah, - - -o- -
Collector's office o
5th April 1848 o

/Signed/ J. H. Cochrane
Collector

(23-24)
Order thereon

Ordered to lie over

Read the following letter

To

J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(25)

From the Collector of Cuddapah

Sir,

I have the honor to report for the information of the Board of Revenue that I have suspended the Head of Police of Chitwail pending an enquiry of a Magisterial Case connected with a very extensive Gang Robbery that has lately occurred in Cusbah Chitwail there being strong reasons for Suspecting that he was exerting his influence to screen certain Reddies of great wealth and influence who were charged with having been principally concerned in the outrage Committed.-

Cuddapah District,
Collector's Cutcherry at
Muddenpully 22d May 1848.

/Signed/ J. H. Cochrane
Collector

J.P.B.

Resolution thereon. The Board of Revenue sanction the suspension of the Sahildar of the Chitwail Taluk under the circumstances reported in the foregoing letter and will await the receipt of a further communication from the Collector on the result of the enquiry now pending in this case.-

Read the following letter.

To

J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(27)

From the Sjr. Colr. of North Arcot

Reports upon certain lands proposed to be granted as remuneration to the Monigars and Curnums of certain Villages and submits a statement in the form prescribed by the Board of Revenue.

30th March 1848
Paras 4.

1st June 1848

Sir,

Para 1. I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter regarding certain lands proposed to be granted as remuneration to the Monigars and Curnums of certain Villages and to submit a Statement in the form prescribed by the Board of Revenue of all other Money allowances paid to Village Servants of this District.-

2. The reasons were explained in a former letter why these latter servants were not included in the proposal to assign lands in commutation of the Money allowances, namely either that their duties were unconnected with

with the cultivation of land or that the lands were those of the Hill Villages which has not been surveyed the tier= =wah being levied on the ploughs.-

3- I have been unwilling to trouble the Board again on the subject of the proposed measure from an im= =pression of its inadequacy to the wants of the District- I had hoped that after acquiring some further information on the subject I might have availed my= =self of some favorable opportunity of bringing under the Board's notice the state of the Village Establishments generally with a view to its being considered whe= =ther means might not be found of placing those in which the arrangements are defec= =tive on a more satisfactory footing.-

4- I would also suggest whether in regard at least to some of the cases in which it is proposed to increase the Enams or grant fresh ones it might not be better to con= =solidate the Villages with some neigh= =bouring Monza already possessing a suf= =ficient Establishment.

5- The sum of revenue which has been set apart for the remuneration of the Village establishments taken alto= =gether seems sufficient for the purpose but is unequally distributed- Separate es= =tablishment have been allowed to small hamlets which had better have been con= =solidated together or united to form a Monza with some larger Village and in some there are Monigars and Curnums where there are no ryots- The whole of these latter as well of those in which the number of Cultivators has become extremely small, it seems very desirable for the interest of the revenue and still more so of the Police, should be absorbed and consolidated with other Monzas.-

6- From the disorder and anarchy which prevailed previous to the assumption of the Country by the British Government it is difficult to ascertain in most of these cases whence the Officers originally derived their pre= =tensions, probably many of them merely from

from the circumstances of their having at no very distant period previous rented the land and constructed a few mud huts to lodge perhaps in some cases no more than 5 or 6 ryots for the greater convenience of carrying on their cultivation. In this manner it seems to be considered that most of these smaller Establishment had their origin.-

Cuddapah = mullum } 324.
Toncata = gherry Cottah } 161
485

7- The small talook of Cuddapah mullum which yields a revenue of no more than about Rupees 70,000 per Annum is divided into no less than 485 Villages with separate Establishment. The average revenue of each Village amounting to no more than about Rupees 144 per Annum. The talook of Penmurry which yields under Rupees 60,000 per annum has no less than 359 separate Establishments and the rate of remuneration is therefore in the majority of cases too low to afford subsistence to the Officers or to induce them to pay due attention to the duties of their offices. and to qualify themselves for the proper discharge of them - Each Village is occupied in labouring for their subsistence as other ryots.-

8- I would also beg to observe that although the land that it is proposed to grant pay now bear a low assessment or be uncultivated it does not therefore follow that the grant will be less costly to Government. On such land passing into the possession of the Moniagars and Curnums their aim would naturally be to increase its value. It would be their interest to divert the sources for productiveness from those lands which are assessed at the full value to their Enams. The rate of assessment of Nunjah land depends chiefly on the right of water attached to it. and that bearing the lowest assessment may be made equal to the best by increasing the supply and thus waste and lightly assessed lands apparently of little value when granted as Enam may occasion a loss to Government of the revenue on a corresponding quantity of the most highly rated.-

9- Under these circumstances I would beg to suggest for the Board's consideration whether it would not be advisable to postpone applying to Government again until a more perfect measure shall have been prepared. In the mean time the present money payments would be continued and in those cases in which none or inadequate remuneration has been granted I would suggest that it should first be ascertained whether the Villages might not with advantage be incorporated with neighbouring Mouzas for which an Establishment has been already provided.-

North Arcot — — —
Coll.r's Circuit Cutcherry
Pulicat 15th March 1848.-

/ Signed / C. C. Lovell
Ag Coll.r

Statement

8532

Fort St. George 1st June 1848.-

Statemant Shewing the Amount of Ready Money payment No 1 payable to the Village Sibbendy in certain Talooks of North Arcot.

Particular of Village Sibbendy.-

Name of Talook	Name of Villages	Name of Village	Monigars Curnums Sundrigars				Pooknies		Sank Sibbendy		Total		Remarks
			Persons	Amount	Persons	Amount	Persons	Amount	Persons	Amount	Persons	Amount	
1	V	3	4	5	6	7	10	11	12	12	13	15	16
			No.	Rs. a. p.	No.	Rs. a. p.	No.	Rs. a. p.	No.	Rs. a. p.	No.	Rs. a. p.	
		Amount of Ready Money payment for Fusly 1251	"	102052	4	54385	"	9634	"	9871	"	348	" " " 21068
		Deduct the sum inserted in the Statements No 16 and 17 sent to the Board of Revenue in Letter of 28th March 1847	"	69235	"	11425	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	" " " 80651 0
		Remaining to be paid	"	32819	"	42960	"	9634	"	9871	"	348	" " " 130022

Particular.-

		Carried forward	2	72114	2	72110	1	21	"	" "	"	" "	"	" " "
35	Hunnullepet		1	2136	1	2140	"	" "	"	" "	"	" "	2	5 116
148	Wallajapett		1	69 1310	1	69 1310	1	21	"	" "	"	" "	3	160 118
1	Cauvery pauk		"	" " "	"	" " "	"	" "	"	" "	8	348	8	348 " "
			2	72114	2	72110	1	21	"	" "	8	348	13	514 72

These are Pullaputtadah Villages having no Cultivation. The ready Money allowance must therefore be continued.-

This must be continued for maintaining an Establishment at the large Cavery pauk Jauk.-

8533

Fort St. George 1st June 1848.

Particulars Village Sibbendy.

Name of Talook	No. of Villages	Name of Villages	Monigars Curnums Tundelcars				Toakries Lank Sibbendy				Total				Remarks.
			Persons	Amount			Persons	Amount			Persons	Amount			
1	2	3	4	5			6	7			8	9			16
			No.	Rs.	As.	Ps.	No.	Rs.	As.	Ps.	No.	Rs.	As.	Ps.	
		" Daramumpetah	1	8	2	7	1	8	2	7	"	"	"	"	
		" Naveepetah	1	9	14	9	1	9	14	9	"	"	"	"	
		" Caumanchepetah	2	9	5	9	1	9	5	9	"	"	"	"	
		" Buckal Street	2	4	15	4	1	4	15	4	"	"	"	"	
		" Sabee Street	1	5	6	"	1	5	6	"	"	"	"	"	
		" Janapavar Street	1	1	14	9	1	1	14	9	"	"	"	"	
		" Imbaupoarum	1	1	3	10	1	1	3	10	"	"	"	"	
Santgum	15	Body Condasamoo = Arum	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	3	"	3	The Tatiey of these Villages enjoy no land the ready Money allowance must be continued.-
	20	Sadoos Karay	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	9	3	1	
	"	Nellore Pulputta = dah	1	15	9	11	1	15	9	11	"	"	"	"	These are Pullaputtadah Villages having no Cultivation The ready Money allow = ance must therefore be continued.-
	81	Naveepet Pulputta = dah Cauvanoor	1	"	5	"	1	"	5	"	"	"	"	"	
	165	Kylausageree Pul = petta dah	1	5	5	7	1	5	5	7	"	"	"	"	This is a Pullaputtadah Village having no Cultivation The ready Money allowance must be continued.-
			12	62	3	6	10	62	3	6	2	12	3	4	
			No.	Rs.	As.	Ps.	No.	Rs.	As.	Ps.	No.	Rs.	As.	Ps.	
			"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	16	5	2	These are Pulaputtadah Villages having no Culti = vation - The ready Money allowance must therefore be continued.-
			"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	19	13	6	
			"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3	18	11	6	
			"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	3	9	14	8	
			"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	10	12	"	
			"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	3	13	6	
			"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	2	7	8	
			"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	24	136	10	4	

8534

Fort St. George 1st June 1818.

Particulars of Villages Libbendy.—

Coddoopanum Taluq

Name of Villages	No. of Villages	Monigars Pagodas	Monigars Amount	Curnums Pagodas	Curnums Amount	Tindelcars Pagodas	Tindelcars Amount	Tookries Pagodas	Tookries Amount	Tank Sibbendy Pagodas	Tank Sibbendy Amount	Total Pagodas	Total Amount	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
			No.	Ps. a. p.	No.	Ps. a. p.	No.	Ps. a. p.	No.	Ps. a. p.	No.	Ps. a. p.	No.	Ps. a. p.	
350	Beeramancoola Pully	1	" 27	1	" 27	"	" " "	"	" " " "	"	" " "	2	" 52		This Village was desolated in fasly 1232 and therefore not included in the Statement sent by Mr. Nisbet in 1827 — 28 March 26th. The allowance is payable only when any Cultivation is made in the Village which is not always the case.—
38	Malayanulum	1	18 11 9	1	33 9 6	"	" " "	"	" " " "	"	" " "	2	52 53		The assessment in these Villages is calculated on the No. of ploughs. The ready money allowance must therefore be continued.
85	Sackenyaree	1	4 9 6	1	8 15 9	"	" " "	"	" " " "	"	" " "	2	13 93		
"	Cavarapettah	2	61 12 5	1	85 9 "	1	42 " "	1	32 15 3	"	" " "	5	222 48		These are Pullaputtadah Villages having no Cultivation. The ready Money allowance must therefore be continued.
"	Barrepettah	1	20 10 "	1	37 " "	1	14 " "	1	19 11 "	"	" " "	4	91 5 "		
"	Tolapanliam pettah	1	10 9 "	1	19 12 6	1	7 " "	"	" " " "	"	" " "	3	37 5 6		
		6	116 4 8	5	184 11 9	3	63 " "	2	52 103	"	" " "	16	416 138		

Tellore

8535

Fort St. George 1st June 1818

Particulars Village Sibbendy.

Name of Villages	No. of Villages	Mongars Persons	Mongars Amount	Curnums Persons	Curnums Amount	Tundelears Persons	Tundelears Amount	Sookreis Lank Sibbendy Persons	Sookreis Lank Sibbendy Amount	Totah Persons	Totah Amount	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
			No.	Rs. a. p.	No.	Rs. a. p.	No.	Rs. a. p.	No.	Rs. a. p.	No.	Rs. a. p.		
Irruttoor	19	Irruttoor	3	11 13 6	1	22 3 2	"	" " "	1	15 5 3	"	" " "	5	49 5 11	These are Pullapuddah Villages having no Cultivation. The ready Money allowance must therefore be continued.
	20	Pareed poorum	1	8 " 3	1	15 " 4	"	" " "	1	7 " "	"	" " "	3	30 " 7	
	21	Caswara poorum	1	4 13 1	1	7 15 6	"	" " "	1	2 4 8	"	" " "	3	14 5 7	
	22	Geredara pettah	1	4 5 10	1	8 8 6	"	" " "	1	1 2 8	"	" " "	3	14 1 "	
	23	Santaumeyah pettah	1	2 17 1	1	4 4 6	"	" " "	1	4 9 "	"	" " "	3	10 15 1	
	24	Vencutroya pettah	1	" 8 6	1	1 15	"	" " "					2	1 9 11	This is a small Village with 2 pes the ready Money allowance must be continued.
	25b	Saugasamood Arum	1	" 3 1	"	" " "	"	" " "	"	" " "	"	" " "	1	" 3 1	This was a deserted Village in fusly 1232 and consequently not inserted in the Statement sent in 1827 Ready Money allowance is paid when there is any Cultivation.
	73	Thenummah pettah	1	17 11 2	4	31 11 7	"	" " "	1	15 3 9	"	" " "	6	64 10 6	This is a Pullapuddah Village having no Cultivation. The Money allowance must be continued.
	89	Thummunda pettah	2	2 11 1	"	" " "	"	" " "	"	" " "	"	" " "	2	2 11 1	D° D° D°
	259	Conarroy pettah	2	" 7 4	1	" 14 11	"	" " "	1	" 3 6	"	" " "	4	1 9 9	
	174	Pettah	1	" 15 2	1	1 15 "	"	" " "	"	" " "	"	" " "	2	2 4 2	
			15	53 1 9	12	93 11 1	"	" " "	7	45 12 10	"	" " "	34	192 9 8	
Pergunna Attiore		Maleyanlum	1	23 7 4	1	15 10 3	"	" " "	"	" " "	"	" " "	2	39 1 7	The Assessment in the Village is on each plough. The ready Money allowance must be continued.
	204	Pullarlapully	1	" 2 7	"	" " "	"	" " "	"	" " "	"	" " "	1	" 2 7	This was a deserted Village in fusly 1232 and not inserted in the Statement sent to Board in 1827 Ready Money allowance is paid when there is any Cultivation.
		Grand Total	38	328 1 9	31	429 6 "	6	96 3 4	9	98 7 1	8	348 " "	92	1300 22	

North Arcot Collectors Circuit Cutcherry

E. E. Jr. (Signed) E. C. Lovell
Ag. Coll.r

Proceedings thereon.

Observations on the report of the Acting Collector of North Arcot regarding the lands proposed to be granted as remuneration to certain Village Officers.

27-28

In para 5 of the above letter Mr. Lovell states that "the sum of revenue which has been set apart for the remuneration of the Village Establishments taken altogether seems sufficient for the purpose, but is unequally distributed, separate Establishment has been allowed to small hamlets which had better have been consolidated together or united to form a Mouza with some larger Village, and in some there are Monigars and Curnums where there are no rayets. The whole of these latter as well as those in which the number of Cultivators has become extremely small, it seems very desirable for the interest of the Revenue and still more so of the Police, should be absorbed and consolidated with other Mouzas." He therefore suggests for the Board's consideration whether it would not be advisable to postpone applying to Government again until a more perfect measure shall have been prepared. In the meantime the present money payments would be continued, and in those cases in which none or inadequate remuneration hab been granted it should

first be ascertained whether the Villages might not with advantage be incorporated with neighbouring Mouzas for which an Establishment has been already provided.

2. The Board of Revenue do not quite understand whether the observations of the Acting Collector upon the unequal distribution of the service emoluments and the remedies to be adopted are intended to apply to the Village Establishments throughout the whole of the Districts or to those only which have formed the subject of the recent correspondence between the Board and his Office, Viz: those in which it has been proposed to allot land in lieu of the present money payments. They are not now prepared to enter upon the question of the revision of the Village service allowances generally throughout North Arcot but as regards the Villages more immediately in question it appears to them that in substituting land for money Mr. Lovell's proposition might be adopted with advantage. The present Acting Collector is therefore requested, as recommended by his predecessor

Fort St. George 1st June 1848.

predecessor, to revise the list submitted in Mr. Acting Collector Babington's letter
In Govt. 27th April 1843. of 22d April 1843, and by the consolidation of the Mouzas with the Cusbah Village or combination of two or more small Villages as far as may be effected without infringement of Ireeraji rights, endeavour to submit such an Arrangement as may render the Establishments more efficient. In the mean time the present money payments will be continued.-

3. It is observed that the aggregate amount of remuneration proposed for the Village establishments was considered by the late Acting Collector to be sufficient- but if it should in any case prove to be inadequate the Board will be prepared to recommend the grant of such additional quantity of Nanjem land as may be required.-

4. No change seems

Fort St. George 1st June 1848.-

called for in respect to the ready money allowances shewn in the Statement No. 1 which accompanied Mr. Lowell's letter of 15th March last.-

Read the following Return.-

Return

8540 (29.)

Return of Tahsildars in the Collectora[te] of Salem as they Stood on the 30th April 1848.-

Fort St. Georg[e] 1st June 1848.-

Names and place of Birth.	Caste	Age	Taloo[k]	Amount of Collections of Fusly 1256.	Pay	Period of Service as Tah[sildar] of the present Taloo[k]	Period of Service as Tahsildar in other Talooks of this Collectorate	Employment previous to the appointment as Tahsildar and period of Service on such employment.	Total period of Service	Remarks
				Rupees A. P.	Rupees A. P.	Years M. d.	Years M. d.		Years M. d.	
Ramakristniah of Mahara=gady in the Salem Zillah	Bramin.	48	Ahtoor	114.9.10	46	100 " "	2 6 11	Peishcar in the Cusbah Coimbatoor Taloo[k] in the Zillah of Coimbatore 1 11 4 Muddeyestam Goo= 11 96 =mastah in the Huzzoor Davastanum in the Zillah of Tinnevelly 3 " " 4 11 14	19 3 10	
Kistna Row of Bonagherry in the Zillah of Virdachellum	Do.	53	Namcul	206.7.7	6 10.	100 " "	1 5 14	Sayer Ameen in Cusbah Tindevanum in the Zillah of Virdachellum 3 7 " 325 Magistrate Savob= 14 =nevis in the Hoozoor Cutcherry in the Zillah of Salem 12 1 15 15 8 15	31 6 1	

ORIGINAL DESTROYED

8541

Fort St. George 1st June 1848.

Names and place of Birth	Caste	Age	Talook	Amount of Collections of Fusly 1256	Pay	Period of Service as Tahsildar in the present Talook	Period of Service as Tahsildar in this Collectorate	Employment previous to the Appointment as Tahsildar and period of Service on such employment.	Total period of Service	Remarks
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Years M. D	Years M. D		Years M. D	
Venkatasiah of Ganapaty Aggraharum in the Zillah of Coimbatoor	Bramin	48	Paramutty	12,648	8 4 10	100	1 7	Pymash business on the Neilgherry Hills &c. in the Zillah of Coimbatore — 2		
								Do. of Bungalows on the Neilgherry Hills &c. in Do. — 1		
								Royasem in the Maramut Superintendants Cutcherry in the Zillah of Coimbatore — 2		
								Deputy Superintendant in the Zillah of Coimbatore — 4		
								1st Class Peishcar in the Paroondoray Talook in the Zillah of Coimbatoor — 1 11 26		
								Do. of Peishcar of Pullachee Talook in the Zillah of Do. — 2 6 25		
						4 9 3		Do. in Pulladum Talook in Do. — 1		
								Tahsildar in the Talook of Paroondoray in the Zillah of Do. — 1 6		
								1st Class Peishcar in the Pulladum Talook in Do. — 7 3		
								Do. in the Talook of Danayakencottah in Do. — 5 24		
								2d Peishcar in the Talook of Sutteyamungalum in Do. — 4 4		
								1st Class Peishcar in the Talook of Paroondoray in Do. — 1 15		
								1st Class Peishcar in the Talook of Danayakencottah in the Zillah of Coimbatoor — 6 25		
								Do. in the Talook of Sutteyamungalum in Do. — 3 15		
									11 6 23	17 11 11

8542

Fort St. Geo.e 1st June 1848.-

Names and place of Birth	Caste	Age	Taloke	amount of Collections of Fusly 1256	Pay	Period of Revenue Service of the Tahsil. as Sazr. in which the Taloke is in the Collectorate	Employment previous to the Appointment as Tahsildar and period of Service on such Employment.-	Total period of Service	Remarks
				Rs. A P	Rs. A P	Years	Years M D	Years M D	
Kistna Row of Poolloor in the Zillah of Virdachellum	Brahmen	53	Salem.-	178543	6 6 120	" " "	Malabar Record Keeper in the Zillah of Salem—	" " 18	
							Sayer Goomastah in Do.—	3 7 "	
							Hoozzoor Treasury Goomastah in Do.—	" 11 "	
							Hoozzoor Javabneviss in Do.	4 5 "	
							Peishkar in the Raizepoor Taloke in Do.—	" 5 12	
							Additional Goomastah in the Sub Collector's Cutcherry in Do.—	" 4 13	
							Javabneviss in the Huzzoor Cutcherry in Do.—	8 1 25	
							Huzzoor Javabneviss in the Zillah of Trichinopoly—	" 6 18	
							Sayer Tahsildar in Do.—	" 7 26	
								19 1 22	27 2 12
Kistna Row of Poolloor in the Zillah of Virdachellum	Brahmen	53	Salem.-	178543	6 6 120	" " "	Huzzoor Javabneviss in the Zillah of Salem	10 10 26	28 2 12
Kistna Row of Tripatoor in the Zillah of Salem	Do.	48	Shenkerry droog	129133	7 11 100	" " "			

8543

Fort St. George 1st June 1848.-

Names and place of Birth	Caste	Age	Taloote	Amount of Collections of Fusly 1256	Pay	Period of Service as Tahsildar in the present Taloote	Period of Services Tahsildar in other Talootes of this Collectorate	Employment previous to the appointment as Tahsildar and period of Service on such employment.-	Total period of Service	Remarks
				Rupees a/c	Rupees a/c	Years Md	Years Md		Years Md	Years Md
Ram Row of Cullooor in the Zillah of Cuddapah	Bramin	38	Raizepoor	1,32,249 2 3	100 " "	3 "	7 3 17	Head Goomastah in the Taloote of Cottah in the Zillah of Nellore — 3 1 " Seristadar in the Taloote of Paramutty in the Zillah of Salem — 2 9 1 Do in the Taloote of Namcul in Do — " 9 11 Do in the Taloote of Tripatore in Do — 1 1 " Huzzoor Javabneviss in Do — " 3 14	7 11 26	18 3 13	
Saun Row of Canjeevaram in the Zillah of Chingleput	Do	63	Womaloor	1,17,730 12 1	100 " " " "	5	21 5 25	Huzzoor Goomastah in the Zillah of Madura — 2 " Huzzoor Javabneviss in the Zillah of Chittoor — 8 4 " Tahsildar in the Taloote of Mogaral in Do — " 8 " Tahsildar in Vellore Taloote in Do — 3 9 " Tahsildar in the Taloote of Sathgady in Do — 3 " "	17 9 "	39 3 "	

8544

Fort St. George

1st June 1848.-

Names and place of Birth	Caste	Age	Talook	Amount of Collections of Fusly 1256	Pay	Period of Service as Tahsildar in the present Talook	Period of Service as Tahsildar in other Talooks of this Collectorate.	Employment previous to the Appointment as Tahsildar and period of Service on such employment.-	Total period of Service	Remarks
				Rupees A P	Rupees A P	Years M D	Years M D		Years M D	
Ragavendra Row of Streerungapatam in the District of Mysore	Bramin	37	Trichengode	1,52,632	145	100 " "	1 52 " "	26 Huzzoor Goomastah in the Zillah of Salem——— " 5 12 Goomastah in the Moonsiff's Court at Bowaney——— " 9 24 Magistrate Royasem in the Sub Collector's Cutcherry in the Zillah of Salem——— " 11 " Huzzoor Goomastah in the Sub Collector's Cutcherry in Do——— 2 7 8 Do Head Goomastah in Do Do——— 5 11 17 Huzzoor Sayer Tahsildar in the Zillah of Trichinopoly——— " 7 5 Acting Naib Sheristadar in Do——— 1 2 18 Huzzoor Sayer Tahsildar in Do——— " 3 10 Police Ameen in the Talook of Valeconda upooram in Do——— " " 10 Head Goomastah in the Huzzoor Cutcherry in the Zillah of Salem——— 2 " 13	14 10 27	16 5 14	

8545

Fort St. George 1st June 1848.

Names and place of Birth	Caste	Age	Talook	Amount of Collections of Fusly 1256.	Pay	Period of Service as Tahsildar in the present Talook	Period of Service as Tahsildar in other Talooks of this Collectorate	Employment previous to the appointment as Tahsildar and period of Service on such employment.-	Total period of Service	Remarks.
				Rupees a ℘	Rupees a ℘	Years M d	Years M d		Years M d	
Vencut Row of Peyoor in the Zillah of Virdachelum	36	Darumpoory	132752	131 100 " "	1 6 "		4 7 4	Assistant to the Sawbneviss in the Huzzoor Cutcherry in the Zillah of Salem — 1 " "		
								Magistrate Sawbneviss in Do Do — 6 " 19		
								Huzzoor Sawbneviss in Do Do — 3 6 3		
								Huzzoor Head Sawbneviss in Do Do — 6 1 25		
									16 8 17	22 9 21
Woopputladadi: = cum Sashagher: = ry Row of Cusbah Trichinopoly in the Zillah of Trichi: = nopoly	Do	42	Tengercottah	103709	11 4 100 " "	1 6 "	1 1 13	Huzzoor Goomastah in the Zillah of Madura — 4 " 3		
								Huzzoor Head Sawbneviss in the Zillah of Salem — 1 " 13		
									5 " 16	7 7 29
Timmapeah of Cusbah Salem in the Zillah of Salem	Do	49	Kistnagherry	189851	03 100 " "	1 6 "	18 1 20	Goomastah in the Talooks of Salem and Shenkerry: droog in the Zillah of Salem — 2 5 20		
								Seristadar in the Talooks of Trichengode and Shenkerrydroog in Do — 3 11 20		
									6 5 10	26 1 "

8546

Fort St. George 1th June 1848.-

Names and place of Birth	Caste	Age	Talook	Amount of Collections of Fusly 1256	Pay	Period of Service as Tahsildar in the present Talook	Period of Service as Tahsildar in other Taloks of this Collectorate	Employment previous to the appointment as Tahsildar and period of Service on such employment.-	Total period of Services	Remarks
				Rupees A P	Rupees A P	Years M D	Years M D		Years M D	
Ramachendra Row of Seerooka: -kecondrum in the Zillah of Chingleput	Bramin	37	Tripatore	133514 11 5	100 " " " " 5	1 " 25		Huzzoor Goomastah in the Zillah of Salem 11 8 19 Huzzoor Savabnevis in. Do " " 4 19 Huzzoor Goomastah in - Do " " 5 21 Huzzoor Goomastah in the Taluk of Seristadar in the Taluk of Womaloor in- Do " 3 7 Do " in the Taluk of Ahtoor in Do 3 5 28 16 4 4	17 5 4	
Vencut Row of Seroovuttoor in the Zillah of Chittoor	Do	51	Donkencottah	92011 3 5	100 " " " " 9 "	" 428		Sayer Moodra in the Choukey of Goodaloor in the Zillah of Virdachellum 4 11 16 Huzzoor Goomastah in Huzzoor Goomastah in the Zillah of Salem 16 4 14 Seristadar in the Taluk of Ahtoor in- Do 6 1 " Do " in the Taluk of Salem in- Do 3 5 3 30 10 3	32 " "	
Hanoomanta Row of Badanahatty in the Bellary Zillah	Do	45	Ofsoor	60935 1 3	100 " " " " 3 7 "	" " "		Sub division Huzzoor Goomastah in the Zillah of Darwar 10 5 13 Huzzoor Goomastah in the Zillah of Salem 1 10 " Huzzoor Goomastah in the Zillah of Salem 9 4 " 21 7 13	25 2 13	

Salem Collector's Cutcherry 22d May 1848.- E. E. Fs. (Signed) W. E. Lockhart Collector.-

Ordered

(29-30) Order thereon.- Ordered to be recorded.-

From the Collector of Canara.- Read letter transmitting

(31) for sanction a plan and Estimate for the erection of a Civil Hospital and Dispensary at co Mangalore Amounting to Rupees 1811- 6- 0-

Order thereon, Ordered that the abovementioned

(31-32) letter be transferred for disposal to the Department of Public Works.-

Read the following letter-

To,

T. Pycroft Esqre

Secretary to the

(33) Board of Revenue,

From the Collr of Malabar.- } Sir, Fort St. George 1st.

Para 1. I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication under date the 28th February last, on the subject of the price of Tobacco supplied from Coimbatore for the use of the Travancore and Cochin Territories.-

Submitting with reference to the Board's Communication of the 28th Feby last his opinion on the subject of the reduction suggested by the Resident of Travancore and Cochin, in the price of Tobacco supplied from Coimbatore for the use of those Territories.-

2. There is nothing in my records to shew the reasons which actuated the Government in fixing the price of Coimbatore Tobacco when furnished to those states at the rates which now prevail, and which are more than 50 per Cent in excess of the prime Cost. The reduction of those rates, as now suggested by the Resident, would of Course be a clear gain to Cochin and

Travancore

4

Travancore to the Amount, as stated by the Board, of 23,000 Rupees per Annum-

Whether this gain to them and loss to us, should be allowed, under any circumstances, is a question hardly in my province to advise- But it is clear, that it never would answer to allow it unless under a promise that the liberality be turned into their general Coffers, and no part employed in making a reduction of the retail price of their Tobacco beyond that at which ours Tobacco is retailed- Otherwise we should clearly be acting Suicidally-

Vide Para 6 of my Extra Revenue Report for Fasly 1255-

3 I took the liberty in December 1846 of expressing an opinion, that the Cochin Government should be required to assimilate its monopoly prices of Salt and Tobacco to those which obtained in our Districts- I explained that I saw no other way of checking Smuggling. The Government have however humanely resolved to incur the Annoyance and loss of Smuggling in Salt, rather than place a heavy burthen on the heads of the Cochin people, the price at which they receive Salt from their Government being considerably less than what our people do from ours- But in Tobacco the case is different- The Cochin monopoly price is not less than ours, and certainly cannot be allowed

to

to fall lower without great damage to our Revenue, unless a corresponding fall takes place on our side. It seems to me that this would be by no means a bad time to take into consideration my proposal as explained at length in my report of the 6th October 1841 to put a stop to the plan of furnishing any Tobacco direct to Cochin and Travancore and Reserve the prime of the supply now given to them for Malabar - thus effecting an amelioration in what has been acknowledged by Government to be one of the greatest evils in the Government Tobacco Monopoly as at present conducted - the provision and sale to the people of an indifferent article - I recommended this in 1841 and again in 1845 and beg to recommend it a third time in 1848. I mention these dates solely to shew that my opinion is not a new one -

Calicut, 8th April 1848 } (Signed) H. V. Conolly Collector

Since writing this I have ascertained that the Cochin Government have lately lowered their retail price of Tobacco below what ours is - we shall of course suffer from smuggling according to the proportion of their reduction - But as the fact does not initiate the Argument of my letter, I allow it to stand as it is.

The Cochin Fiscal reports this loss to have already commenced

Read

Read again also letter from the Principal Collector of Coimbatore dated 16th November 1847 and entered in Consultation 31st January 1848 -

Proceedings thereon - Resolved that the foregoing letters be submitted for the Consideration of Govern=ment in advertence to the Requisition contained in para 2 of the Extract Minutes Consultation dated the 27th of September last - In laying these reports from the local Authorities before the Right Honorable the Governor in Council the Board desire to observe in reference to the recent orders contained in the Extract Minutes Consultation dated 4th April 1848 that the subject of the Tobacco Monopoly is now engaging their attention and it is hoped that their views upon the general question will be submitted to Government at an early date - They do not therefore under present Circumstances deem it expedient to propose any modification in the existing system under which Tobacco continues to be supplied for the Consumption of the Territories of Travancore and Cochin -

33-34

In Cons. 7 Oct. 47

In Cons. 12 June 1848

Read the undermentioned Statements -

From the Coll. of Tanjore - Statement shewing the quantity of Salt sold for Home and Inland Consumption for the quarter ending 30th April last -

35

From

Fort St. George 1st June 1848-

From the Collector of Tinnevelly- Statement shewing the quantity
36 of Salt sold for Home and Inland Consumption
for the quarter ending 30th April last-

Order on the two abovementioned Statements- Ordered to lie over
35-37

Read the undermentioned Registers-

From the Agent at Burmah- Transmitting the Registers
38 of Petitions referred by the Board of Revenue
for disposal from [illegible] to 1846-

From the Adjt. Collr. of Trichinopoly- Register of Endorsements
39 passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board
during the month of April last-

Order on the two abovementioned Registers- Ordered to be
38-40 lodged in the Office-

Resolved that the following letter be
dispatched with reference to the Endorsement
therein referred to.-

41

To The Chief Secretary to
Government-

To the Chief Secy. to Government - - - Sir, With reference to the orders of Government
No. 93 of 1848- under date 11th July 1848 on the application of Fatima
Beebee for permission to institute a suit for
the recovery of a sum of money being the sale
proceeds of certain trees on the Manium land
of which she claims a portion, I am directed by the
Board of Revenue in reply to state for the infor-
mation of Government that from the report of the
Collector of Chingleput it appears the land
referred to is entered in the old Village
accounts as Muzzeed Manium and was

Endorsement 19th May 1848-

Fort St. George 1st June 1848-

was made over under the orders of the late
Acting Collector to the individual by whose
forefathers the Muzzeed had been originally
maintained, but that on his decease the Manium
and other Emoluments attached to the Insti-
tution were placed under attachment, owing
to the dilapidated condition of the Mosque
itself and the disagreement of the parties
interested in its management-

2 Under these circumstances Mr. Freese
is of opinion that the case of the Petitioners does
not fall under the provisions of Regulation IV
of 1831, but comes within the scope of Regulation
VII of 1817, and the Board concur in the view of
the case adopted by the Collector-

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George - -
1st June 1848 - - -

(Signed) J. Pycroft
Secretary

Resolved that the following
letters be dispatched-

42

To The Collector of
North Arcot

To the Collr. of North Arcot - - - Sir, With reference to my letter of
the 26th Ultimo I am directed by the Board of Revenue
to observe that the annual
Statements of Charges
incurred in your District
for Fasly 1256 noted in the
margin have not as
yet

The same to Malabar & Canara-

+ Charges in the Revenue Department
incurred under Estimate
Do. in Do. Do. without Do.
Do. in the Magisterial Department
incurred under Estimate
Do. in Do. Do. without Do.

yet been received-

The period prescribed in the Board's standing orders of the 13th July 1826 for the despatch of such Statements is the 15th September, you will therefore be pleased to expedite the transmission of those now due- and Explain the Cause of their having been so long delayed.

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George -
1st June 1848 - -

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary

43

To The Collector of Salem.

To the Collr. of Salem - -

The same to Tanjore and Sent to Arcot-

Sir,

With reference to the letter from this Office dated 22d Ultimo, I am directed by the Board of Revenue to remind you that the Statement of Demand Collection and Balance for the Months of April last has not yet been received, and to request that you will transmit the

the same for the ninth-

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George - -
1st June 1848 - - -

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary

Received the undermentioned Miscellaneous letters and Statements-

From the Pr. Collr. of Coimbatore- Abstract of Demand Collection and Balance for the Months of April last-

44

From the Pr. Collr. of Coimbatore- Statement shewing the average Bazar wholesale prices of Grain and Salt for the Months of April last-

45

From the Collr. of Malabar- Abstract of Demand Collection and Balance for the Months of April last-

46

From the Collr. of Malabar- Statement shewing the average Bazar wholesale prices of Grain and Salt for the Months of April last-

47

From the Collr. of Trichinopoly- Returns of persons suspended and dismissed under &c. Regulation VII of 1831 for the Months of April last-

48

From the Collector of Trichinopoly- Stating that the Returns of persons tried and of persons in

49

8555 Fort St. George 1st June 1848.

in Confinement under Regulation IX of 1822 for the Month of April last are not sent there being no entry to make.—

From the Collector of Tinnevelly. Return of persons charged with Offences under Regulation IX of 1822 for the Month of April last.

50

From the Collector of Tinnevelly. Stating that no persons were suspended or dismissed under Regulation VII of 1831 for the Month of April last.

51

" F. D. Drury

"

"

Comp.d Thompson

8556 Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

Diary

1.

3d June. Received the following Extract.

From the Secy. to Government. } Extract from the Minutes of Consultation under date the 2d June 1848.

Read the following letter from the Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

Here enter 22d May 1848. No. 265.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council wishes to be informed of the causes of the large falling off in the Collections of Land and Salt Revenue up to 31st March last in South Arcot, the former appearing by the Statements accompanying the Board's letter to Amount to 2,15,311—15a— the latter to 1,47,147—5—3 Rs. A. P.

To the President and Members of the Board of Revenue.

(A true Extract)
(Signed) H. C. Montgomery.
Secretary to Government

Order thereon;

Ordered that the foregoing Extract Minutes of Consultation be communicated to the Collector of South Arcot with a request that he will within three days after its receipt, furnish the explanation called for by Government regarding the falling off in the Land and — Salt Revenue of his District to 31st March last.

1–2

A.C.

At a Meeting Present.

Monday 5th. June 1848 — G. D. Drury Esqre. Senior Member.
Walter Elliot Esqre. Second Member.
and
A. Maclean Esqre. Third Member.

Minutes of the last Meeting read and approved

Read the following Extracts.

3.

From the Sect. to Government Communicating an address from Rateejabee of Nellore submitting her Petition to the Honorable Court of Directors praying that under the circumstances set forth regarding certain land held by her late Father-in-law the Town Cauzy of Nellore orders be issued for the land being granted to her. Requesting the Bd. to obtain from the present Collector a concise report on the case.

Extracts from the Minutes of Consultation dated 13th. May 1848.

Read the following

To,

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council Fort St. George

The humble representation of Rateejabee, Widow of Hashmud an inhabitant of Nellore.

Humbly Sheweth,

Your poor deplorable and aggrieved Petitioner most humbly begs leave to inform your Lordship that she addressed three Petitions to Government as per Margin representing all her painful circumstances and requesting that she may be relieved from the greatest unforeseen injustice that she suffered both from the Collector and the Board of Revenue If

18th. November 1847.
25th. Do. —"—
14th. December "

2. If the subjects of the British Government meet with any injustice from the Collector it is absolutely necessary that they should appeal to the next superior authority, the Board of Revenue, and if they also decide against the Appellants they are then obliged to appeal to your Honorable Government where also if no justice is meted out to them they have then no alternative but to suffer all the rigours of this miserable world and depart this life lamenting that there is nothing like justice for the poor in this part of the Globe.

3. If the Government had taken a little trouble and perused the whole of her Appeal Petitions dated 18th. November last as well as another of her address dated 25th. of the same Month your Petitioner is confident that the Government would not have, as the Board have done, directed the property to be made over to the present Cauzy; and Your Petitioner is therefore led to believe that the Honorable Government passed their orders merely

merely on the perusal of the Abstract on the Petition on and of the letter on the subject from the Collector which latter your Petitioner begs to state does not treat the subject fairly.

4. Your Petitioner will not how: ever presume to truble your Lordship with a repetition of her grievances but begs that your Lordship will be pleased to forward her appeal Petition+ enclosed herein to the Honorable the Court of Directors as she considers herself aggrieved in having been deprived of the property which had been in her family during the last three generations or from the period of her late Father in law Barakatoollah Saib. By doing this Act of justice she as in duty bound.

Shall Ever Pray.

Nellore
2d May 1818

\+ The Mark of Cateejabee

+ In Triplicate.

To,

(Triplicate)

To, The Honorable Court of Directors of East India Company.

The humble representation of Kateejabee Widow of Hoshmund an inhabitant of Nellore.

Humbly Sheweth,

That as your honors Petitioner is totally injured and aggrieved by the severe unforeseen injustice into which she had been thrown by Mr. Bishop the late Collector of this District who having used to give ear to what the Principal Sudr Ameen said to him and to be overcome by his misadvice, your Lordships Petitioner most humbly begs leave to lay her humble lamentable and serious consideration, trusting that the justice rendered to several aggrieved persons of your honors Petitioner's description will not be denied to her, and that she shall be speedily relieved from the horrid sea of injustice and distress, thereby setting an example to the whole world that justice can overcome all the intrigues and partialities. It is with great reluctance that your Lordships' Petitioner is compelled to truble your honor's Court in her case to which she deems herself aggrieved and redress due

to

to her. Had she not been conninced that there is no other alternative left whereby she could obtain the redress which is justly entitled in this case.

2. During the Nabobs time, when Abdul Huck alias Sayaroolla Khan Saib an inhabitant of Hindoostan was appointed as Cauzy of this place, he begged of the Nabob for a piece of ground to build a house as he had no suitable house to dwell in, and the Nabob was pleased to favor him with a tiled house and some open ground in the same manner as lands were granted before that to individuals, i.e, without any documents &c. At the time of his returning to his Native Country [Hindoostan] he caused the Nephew Barakatoolla Saib who was living with him to be placed in his room and made over to him his house &c and ground and some other property to be enjoyed by him as his own property.

3. Barakatoolla Saib being unmarried he adopted your Coasts Petitioners husband Hashmund and his brother Darishmund; your Petitioners Father in law Barakatoolla Saib planted a tope for his own use, obtaining the consent of

of Mr. Fraser the then Collector of Nellore on a piece of Metta land received from the Collector in exchange of the Magaury that was in his possession. He also dug wells and improved the fruit Trees by spending his salary which he received by Government and continued to enjoy the fruits &c. produced in that Garden.

4. When your Lordships Petitioners Father in law Cauzee Barakatoolla Saib was on his death bed, Noorally Saib the Cauzy of the Northern Provincial Court who happened to be then on Circuit at Nellore was appointed by him to be Vasie to administer his Estate on his death.

5. Noorully Saib in the execution of his authority and according to your Petitioners Father in laws wishes, gave your Lordships Petitioners husband and his brother the garden, house, Brass Utensils, Gold and Silver Jewels together with some Bandies &c other property.

6. Ever since that period your Petitioners husband and his brother maintained themselves from the profits of the garden and with

with the assistance of the proceeds of the sale of Jewels &c.a.- Subsequently your Honors poor Petitioners husband and his brother having found it difficult to earn their livelihood they endeavoured to sell the house which was granted to them by their adoptive father Barakatoolla Saib, but having found none at that time to buy house, they sold the roof of the house and the Bandies &c.a. Sundry things and so maintained themselves for sometime by that means. With the exception of the Fruit Trees of the said garden and the open ground of the house, the whole of the property was sold for their maintenance. The income derived from the Fruit Trees which was the only means of their livelihood having been quite insufficient, they proposed to the then Cauzy Syed Mahomed Bajela Ally Saib who succeeded your Petitioner's Fatherinlaw that as the land in question was attached to the Office of Cauzy and the Trees and the stone Wells on it belonged to your Petitioners Fatherinlaw, that he should protect them and enjoy the produce of the Trees, on to pay them Annually something for the Trees, or as the land was attached to the Office of Cauzy to take from them a portion of their

of the land and the then Cauzy Syed Mahomed Bajela Ally Saib, who is the present Sudder Ameen Moofty of this Nellore Zillah Court, on due consideration undertook to maintain them and their family according to the above proposal Viz.t to enjoy the Fruit Trees and maintain them.- The husband of your Petitioner and his brother having subsequently died, your Petitioner also made the same request as her husband and his brother did to Syed Mahomed Bajela Ally Saib, who complied with the proposal.

7. Your Petitioners Fatherinlaw Cauzy Barakatoolla Saib died on the 23d. July 1827- after his demise the Salary due to him for the broken period of the Month in which he died, was given in the Month of March 1831. by the then Collector Mr. Thompson to your Petitioners husband and his brother, who on enquiry were clearly proved and established by depositions to be the proper heirs of your Lordship's Petitioners Father in law Barakatoolla Saib.

8. As the ground of the house was not purchased by any one at that time and as it was of no use to your Petitioner, she resolved to use for charitable purposes and accordingly formed it into a burial ground for

for the Mussulmen. No burials in that ground took place without first obtaining the permission of your Honor's poor Petitioner.

9. Such being the case, owing to your Petitioners misfortune, Moulvey Fasseeroodeen Saib came to Nellore as Principal Sudder Ameen and his Nephew Nazir Mohuddeen Saib, who lives with him and who is the husband of the daughter of the said Principal Sudder Ameen, was also appointed as Cauzy of this Nellore Town - as they both are powerful and influential at this place, they have entertained the desire of usurping your Petitioner's House, ground and the Fruit Trees of the garden which was the sole means of your Petitioner's livelihood, and accordingly though your Petitioner was long in the enjoyment of the said ground and garden, taken forcible possession of them under the pretence that these are attached to the Office of Cauzy, and rented out the garden, thereby depriving your Lordship's Petitioner of the only means of livelihood she had and casting her on the wide world a destitute beggar.

10. Your Petitioner presented a Petition to Mr. Bishop the then Collector representing the

the whole of her poor case and that Gentleman referred it to the Tahsildar of Nellore Taluk directing him to enquire into the subject - The Tahsildar examined and took depositions from the Villagers and the Witnesses of your Lordship's Petitioner's. From the evidence and from the Villagers depositions it is clearly proved that the garden was planted by your Petitioner's Fatherinlaw Barakatoollah Saib and that the Wells were sunk by him on the expence of his own money, but only 3 of your Petitioners witnesses being under the influence of both the Principal Sudder Ameen and his Son in law the present Cauzy and, being persuaded by them, endeavoured to give false evidence but being unable to deny the points that are fully established by the Public Records, supported your Petitioner's allegations in every respect, but only denied Knowing that the Petitioner is proper heir to succeed to the garden, tho' they knew this better than any other but did not contradict the other witnesses (who fully established the Petitioner's claim with regard to every point.

11. On the close of the enquiry

Tahsildar

Tahsildar wrote a Public letter to Syed Mohm. Bejala Ally Sait the present Sudder Ameen Mag. of this Court, who was the late Cauzy of the Wellore Town, and who in reply plainly ad mitted Petitioners right to the Fruit Trees of the garden and to the house ground and further stated that the said garden was under his supervision under the understanding that he was to maintain your Petitioner.

12. The Tahsildar of Wellore Taluq when the record of trial closed, forwarded with a Petition No. 25 dated 28th. August 1846 the then Collector Mr. Bishop, stating that it is proved to his satisfaction that the Petitioner is entitled to inherit the garden The Principal Sudder Ameen being Uncle and Fatherinlaw of the present Cauzy having pleaded Mr. Bishop relative to this case recommended his Son in law, the present Cauzy, that Government was pleased to decide setting aside petitioners claim to the fruit Trees planted by Fatherinlaw and made it over to the Cauzy decision the Board of Revenue confirmed Petitioner begs to represent that in the latter part of Petition No. 25 the said Tahsildar stated

opinion as follows with reference to the usual custom of the District.-

"On seeing the record of the case it appears that the Metta or dry land in which the Petitioners Fatherinlaw planted fruit Trees and sunk Wells was on the land which he received from Collector in exchange for some Maganny or Wet land attached to the Office of Cauzy. The right to the said land belongs to the person who holds the Office of Cauzy but by the depositions given by the Villagers, it appears that the late Cauzy Syed Mohomed Bajela ally Sait rented out the Fruit Trees for the sum of Rupees 26 per annum and the present Cauzy for 40 Rupees per annum. The turrum shist of the garden land is Rupees 54-13-6 and consequently the turrum shist of which is high than the Mustah shist as the benefit derived from the fruit Trees is not much, consequently it is for your honor to decide either that the Petitioner may be directed to pay to the present Cauzy the turrum shist of the land and retain possession of the fruit Trees or otherwise that the Cauzy should be required to pay to the Petitioner an adequate amount which a few arbitrators may limit in remuneration for the expenses incurred in planting the Trees and for digging Wells and take possession of the Trees

Rupees 54-13-6

But-

13- But to the reverse of your Petitioners fortune, the Collector placed no confidence on the evidence of the Witnesses who are Merchants and respectable and who supported your Petitioners claim and allegations.- Neither did the Collector (Mr. Bishop) place any little confidence on the explanation submitted by the Sudder Ameen Moosfy who was appointed by Government as Law Officer but decided unjustly that the fruit Trees should be put in the possession of the present Lauzy without making any mention about your Honor's Petitioners house ground whether your Petitioner or the Lauzy was to have it.- If your Honor's Court be pleased to see the enclosed Endorse of Mr. Bishop marked A it will be manifested to your Honors kind Court- but the Lauzy took this opportunity and took forcible possession of the house ground also which your Petitioner has appropriated for a burial ground.-

14- In the conclusion of his decision order, the Collector was also pleased to say that if any one who may resist to his orders will be punished severely. The Collector passes orders of this kind every day but he has never written in any one of them in such a strict manner

manner but the Principal Sudder Ameen being influential man and having interest with Gentlemen, the decision in the case of your Petitioner has been poised in such a manner.-

15- Your Petitioner humbly begs to inform your charitable Court that the Principal Sudder Ameen on his arrival at Nellore, having requested the then Principal Collector Mr. Stonehouse to favor him with a piece of ground to build a house for his dwelling that Gentleman favoured him with a large piece of Circar ground upon a portion of which the Principal Sudder Ameen erected a house and has been living in it occupying the remaining portion as open ground attached to the house.- Your Petitioner is at a loss to know whether this house and open ground should be transferred to the person coming to fill the Office of the Principal Sudder Ameen next to the present one and whether he would allow to be so transfered.-

16- Your charitable Court may see how it is to see with the Principal Sudder Ameen who has in possession of such a gift as the ground claimed by his Son in law from your Petitioner, to take every measure thro' Gentlemen and Cutcherry Servants on behalf of his Son in law

to

to recover the ground from your Petitioner whilst it has been granted to Cauzy Sayavoollah Khan Sahb by the Nabob and inherited by your Petitioner successively.-

17- In addition to this your Petitioner begs to bring to your Courts consideration another circumstance of Ameenoodeen / who was formerly previous to Sayavoollah Khan Sahb / Cauzy of this Town and who was dismissed from the Office in consequence of some irregularities and who is the brother of the Principal Suddr Ameen of this District is yet in the enjoyment of a portion of the Enaam lands that were granted for the Office of Cauzy. The fruit Trees now claimed by your Petitioner was planted by her Fatherinlaw Cauzy Barakatoollah Sahb with the permission of the then Collector by digging Wells at his own expense and your Court will perceive that it is very strange that the Collector should be of opinion that the Trees of the garden should be enjoyed by the present Cauzy.-

† Mr. Fraser

18- The Suddr Ameen Moofty who held the Office of Cauzy for a long time

admitted the Petitioners right to the garden and the Taksildar of Nellore also concurred with him in opinion on the subject, but these opinions also are set aside. What necessity or reason had your Petitioners Father-in-law to plant the fruit trees and dig Wells at his own expense instead of his heirs after him the persons appointed to the Office of Cauzy after him were to enjoy the garden.-

19- Your Petitioner further begs to represent that from the time that your Petitioners Father-in-law Cauzy Barakatoollah Sahb commenced to plant this garden up to the period of his death he maintained himself by the income he derived from the Maniums and other emoluments and spent the whole of the salary / he received from Government / on this Garden, consequently if this Garden to which your Petitioner has the rightful claim is taken from her and granted the fruit-trees to the present Cauzy, considering that as he is the Nephew and Son-in-law of the Principal Suddr Ameen it would virtually appear as if Government have

have again retaken from your Petitioners Father-in-law the payments they had made him and as if he had served the Honorable Company without any payment.-

20 Your Honor will very easily perceive that the Trees of the garden and the open ground of the house which she had from her deceased Father in law are not emoluments attached to the Office of Cauzy as other Emoluments.

21- If the ground of the house and the fruit trees were by right the property of the individual holding the Office of Cauzy why would Syed Mahomed Bajela ally Saib who served in that situation for about 20 years have remained quiet when your Petitioners husband was selling the roof of the house which was granted by the Nabob to your Petitioners Father-in-laws Uncle Cauzy Sayanoollah Khan/ and he was enjoying the produce of the fruit trees.-

22.- It is for your honor to consider in what manner the Collector and Government both has meted out justice in granting to the Cauzy in compliance to the wishes of the Cauzy and

and the Principal Sudder Ameen in addition to the emoluments appertaining to his Office the fruit trees that your Honor's Petitioner has for her maintenance as if the emoluments already possessed by him were not sufficient for him.-

23- During the Charitable management of your Lordship's no injustice was hitherto done to any body in this manner excepting to your Petitioner and she and every body think that this is the first instance in which so terrible injustice has been done

24. Your unfortunate and helpless Petitioner addressed to the Board of Revenue regarding the injustice which she had this the Collector and represented all of her circumstances.- Upon that the Board endorsed calling upon the Collector to report on the subject of that Petition. your Petitioner presented that Endorsement to Mr. Smith who issued a notice to your Petitioner calling upon her to produce the documents granted by the Nabob for the open ground of the house and the Purwanahs which Sayavoollah khan (who is the Predecessor of your Petitioners Fatherinlaw) had for the Enam lands as also the document relative

4-

to the planting of the Tope on the dry land by permission of the then Collector Mr. Fraser

25. Your Petitioner then presented an answer stating that the tiled house and some open ground were granted without any documents in the same manner as lands for houses were granted before that to individuals that your Petitioner did not posses any Purwanaks for the Enam lands and that these must be either with the Circar or with the Cauzees who enjoyed the Mannums - and that your Petitioner had no documents with her to prove that the Fruit Trees were planted on dry land by permission of the Collector, but that the orders issued on the subject must be in the records of the Collectors Cutcherry - your Petitioner is not aware what Mr. Smith had written to the Board of Revenue on the subject but the Board were pleased to endorse on your Petitioners Petition as follows

"Having had consideration the decision of the "late Collector upon the subject of this Petition "the Board see no reason for interference "on their part"

26. After this I presented a Petition

to Government, who also endorsed as follows without considering the matter:-

No. 1686 of 1847.-

"From the Collector's report it appears that the "land in question is Inamiem attached to the appointment "of Cauzy and as such Petitioner can have no claim "whatever to it - The Government therefore decline "to interfere"

By Order

15th December 1847.- (Signed) R. G. Clarke

Dy. Secy. to Govt.

27. The Government also did not pass any decision about your Petitioners house ground, they also consented to the forcible possession of your Petitioners ground by the present Cauzy.-

28.- There are in this Town many houses the owners of which have no documents whatever ever since the Nabob's time, and if any powerful individual should deprive any of these individuals of his house and take forcible possession of it in the same manner as the present Cauzy had done towards your Petitioner and if the Government should call upon the aggrieved party to produce a Summud or Deed of sale for the said house in the same manner as Mr. Smith has done in your Petitioners case, without taking into consideration the circumstance of his having possessed

the

the house from a long time, he will in the same manner as your Petitioner be obliged to give up his house and it is therefore for your honors Court to take into consideration the justice of such a rule which appears plainly to have been now formed merely for the benefit of the present Cauzy who is the Nephew and Son-in-law of the Principal Sudder Ameen and to the injury of others.

29. Your Honor may see that thereof of trial will shew the uninterrupted and long enjoyment of your Petitioner. During the reign of the Honorable Company the enjoyment is the main cause for establishing the right of a man than any other thing as contemplated in the Regulations and orders, but your Petitioner being unfortunate, it happened that she should lose the Trees of the Garden and house ground which she had long in her possession and enjoyment.

30. If the present Cauzy should recover the Petitioners property as attached to the Cauzy's Office, your Petitioner does not the reason why the house in which Ameeboo Saib the dismissed Cauzy had not been transfer-

to

to Jayavoollah Khan his successor to whom the ground claimed was granted by the Nabob.

31. Syed Mahomed Bajela ally Saib who is the successor of your Petitioners Father-in-law Barakatoollah Saib, purchased a house but did not demand the house and open ground attached to it which the present Cauzee unreasonably claims from your Petitioner. If the house and ground belonging to one Cauzy should be inherited by the succeeding Cauzy your Petitioner is at a loss to know why the present Cauzy should claim the house &c. property of your Petitioner who inherited them from a former Cauzy instead of claiming the house &c. of the Cauzy Moulvee Syed Mahomed Bajela ally Saib who was his immediate Predecessor.

32. Your Petitioner begs to represent that it is not stated in any Law or Regulations or Orders by persons holding it successively as attached to that Office. Such being the case your honor may see how it can be reasonable with Nazur Mohuddeen Saib the present Cauzy to claim the Garden which was planted at the expense of your Petitioners Father-in-law Barakatoollah Saib the former Cauzy. your

Petitioner

Petitioner has no any other means of livelihood but the profit derived from the fruit Trees.-

33. The present Cauzy is a powerful man in the Town and is the Nephew and Son in law to the Principal Sudds Ameen of the place who has so much influence as to get whatever order he wishes passed to his liking, but your Petitioner is a poor Widow and next to Almighty God, your honor is the protector to her.-

34. Should your charitable honor with making a full enquiry into the matter think it proper to deprive your Petitioner of her right and deliver the fruit trees and her house ground to the present Cauzy what can your Petitioner who is a poor Widow do, while the authorities do resolve to pass such injustice and there will be no body who can advise them unless they conceive and take pity to render justice to the poor of your Petitioners description.-

35. If your honor be pleased to see the enclosed Paper your honor will thoroughly and perfectly be convinced of the true nature of the case and to the lawful, just and reasonable claim of your Petitioners.

36. If the Cauzy think that he

has right for the fruit trees merely as the land is attached to the Office of Cauzy, your Petitioner begs to request that Private individuals at Madras have spent large sums and erected extensive buildings on Government lands that are assessed and it often happens when an occasion rises they the Government collects the assessment but they do not avail themselves of such opportunity to deprive the Original Owner of the house because the ground belongs to Government.-

37. Had your Petitioner trusted the Nellore Collectors Cutchery the then Deputy Moonshee Hoogahlly Kistnaroos words and promised him that your Petitioner would pay the bribe as was demanded by him who has charge of this case, she would have already got the house ground and the right of the fruit trees by the same Government who now rejected her claim. Your Petitioner begs to shew an example for your honor's greater satisfaction for her having stated that she has entirely involved by the tricks played by the said the then Deputy Revenue Moonshee Abdul Careem one of the Yeomiahdars having got enmity with a Head Servant of

of this Collector's Cutcherry he misrepresented to Messrs. Smalley Bruce and Thompson and caused to be written to the Board &c. that he / Abdal Careem / has not the least right whatever and that he is not entitled to the Yeomiah which was claimed by him. By the above 3 Collectors mem. of the Board of Revenue Councillors of the Government, rejected several times the Yeomiah in question and confirmed the sentiments of the Collectors who recommended badly about him. He said Abdul Careem had not redressed for a period of 12 years - while he was in such an unforseen and distressed condition owing to his good luck the present Accountant General of this Presidency was then appointed as Member in the Board of Revenue who being well acquainted with the conduct of the people of this District, took little trouble about him perused the whole record of the case found justice and recommended to the Governme that he / Abdul Careem / is the real legal heir and entitled to the Yeomiah and caused by the same Government who rejected this claim several times to be continued to the

Yeomiah together with the arrears If your honor take all this into your favorable consideration it will be manifested to your Court in what manner how many times and by what cause it was rejected so often and at last how it was continued to the same man. If a Gentleman of that description Sir. Mr. Stonehouse was either in the Board or in the Government your Petitioner would not suffer such injustice

In conclusion your Petitioner

38.

respectfully begs to represent that your honor will be pleased to take into your honors candid consideration the whole of the circumstances above mentioned regarding her rights and cause the ground, the site of her house which was in her possession from a very remote period to be given up to her and will also be pleased to direct the Collector to receive from your Petitioner the thist of the land and make over the Garden to your Petitioner giving another land in lieu thereof to the Town Cauzy or otherwise to induce the Cauzy to fix a Muctah thist for the fruit trees and receive the amount from your

Petitioner

8583 Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

Petitioner or otherwise to direct the Cauzy to pay your Petitioner such a reasonable cost of the fruit trees that may be fixed by arbitrators If any of these proposals also is not approved by your honor, your honor's Petitioner begs that your Court will be pleased to allow her to cut and remove the trees of the garden which were planted by her Father-in-law as also the Stones of Wells, which your poor Petitioner will sell and maintain herself by the proceeds thereof By doing this act of charity your Petitioner as in duty bound.-

Nellore — 2nd May 1848.

Shall ever Pray
The Mark Kateejabee
of

On enquiry it appearing that Petitioner Kateejabee has no right whatever to the Garden claimed by her which is belonging to the appointment of Nellore Cauzy and her petition as therefore rejected. The request that Copies of all the proceedings may be given is irregular and will not be granted except by Extract from the Court.-

23rd October 1848.
Nellore —

(Signed) I. F. Bishop
Collector

8584 Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

No. 511.

Ordered that the Memorial received with the foregoing address do lie on the table for the prescribed period of 20 days and that in the mean while the Board of Revenue be requested to obtain from the present Collector of Nellore a concise report of the facts of the case with his opinion as to whether any arrangement of the kind solicited in the last para of the Memorial can be effected without prejudice to the rights of other parties and submit the same for the consideration of Government.-

(Signed) H. C. Montgomery
Secretary to Government

Resolved that copy of the foregoing Order of Government with the Resolution thereon.

3-4

8585. Fort St. George 5th June 1848

the Original Memorial which accom:
:panied it be forwarded to the Collector
of Nellore with reference to his letter dated
17th June last

Mr. Smith will at an early
date submit as required by Govern:
:ment a concise report of the
facts of the case with his
opinion as to whether any ar:
:rangement of the kind solicited
in the last para of the
Memorial can be effect:
:ed without prejudice to the
right of other parties.

8586 Fort St. George 5th June 1848

5
From the Secy. to Government

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation
dated 19th May 1848
Read the following

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation
dated 9th May 1848

Read the following letter
from the Venerable the Archdeacon of Madras.
(Recorded under 28th April 1848 No. 133)

Resolved that the Burial Grounds,
at the solicitations of the different Chaplaincies, un-
der this Presidency be placed in future under the
charge of, and maintained in decent order by
the European Civil Authorities, and that the Convicts
under their control be employed in the work. The
Government not concurring in the objection urged
by the Venerable the Archdeacon to this measure.

(Signed) J. F. Thomas
Chief Secretary

Ordered to be Communicated to the
Court of Sudr Adalut and Board of Revenue.
(Signed) H. C. Montgomery
Secy. to Government

Ordered to be transferred for dis-
posal in the Department of Public Works.

Extract

Fort St George 5th June 1848

1

From the Secy to Govt

Communicating observations and orders on the Bd's Proceedings relative to the settlement of Land Revenue in the District of Malabar for Fus. 1256.

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation under date the 23rd May 1848.

Read the following Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Revenue Letter 8th May 1848 No 257)

The Rains, the Collector of Malabar reports were seasonable and abundant and the crops, both first and second, plentiful. A storm and inundation of the Sea in April injured various tracts, the effects of which will be felt in the current year. In one Talook an extensive Punjah Crop was much destroyed by the bursting of a dam. Notwithstanding produce was abundant prices ranged high both for grain and all kinds of Garden products and rendered easy the realization of the Revenue.

2

Of the Total demand amounting to Rs 16,50,400 - 8 - 0 and exceeding by Rs 15,212 - 12 - 4 that of Fusly 1255 / 1845-46, Rupees 16,41,131 - 14 - 6 were collected within the Fusly, leaving at its termination a balance of Rupees 9,268 - 9 - 10 subsequently reduced to Rupees 3,195 - 8 - 1. - Rupees 13,973 - 9 - 11 arrears of former years were also made good during the Fusly, making the total Collections current and arrears Rs 16,55,105 - 8 - 5.

	Fusly 1255	Fusly 1256
Current	16,20,631 - 2 - 8	16,41,131 - 14 - 6
Arrears	18,156 - 12 - 11	13,973 - 9 - 11
	16,38,793 - 15 - 7	16,55,105 - 8 - 5
Increase		16,311 - 8 - 10

the current Collections for Fusly 1256

Fort St George 5th June 1848

were 20,494 - 11 - 10 in excess of the year preceding, and the whole amount realized including arrears exceeded the amount realized in Fusly 1255 / 1845-46 by Rupees 16,311 - 8 - 10. -

3. It is highly satisfactory to the Right Honorable the Governor in Council to observe that "with the Exception of 27 Rupees Contumaciously withheld" This large Revenue "was collected without the necessity of any coercive measures."

4. The remissions given on price and Garden Lands amounting to Rupees 6,706 - 1 - 7 are carefully detailed in the 8th and 11th Paras of the Collector's Report - with reference to the particular item Explained in the 9th Para and to the observations of the Board thereon in the 6th para of their Proceedings, the Governor in Council would merely remark that the discontinuance of a demand ascertained to have been irregularly imposed on Surva Manium land can scarcely be considered in the light of a remission.

No 21

Paras 13 & 14 Board's Proc.

5. The Board have rightly called for Explanation of the circumstances under which Considerable extent of land has been allotted rent free to one individual on Cowle and to another for Cocoanut planting for lengthened periods. These Explanations should be -

supplied

supplied immediately and not deferred to find a place in the report of the current year's settlement.

6. The Government notice with much satisfaction the progressive increase of agricultural pursuits which the Statement annexed to the 19th Para of the Collector's report exhibits. The large quantity of land newly taken up in Fusly 1256/1846-47 is a gratifying proof of the continuance of that spirit of improvement in Malabar which attracted the attention of Government in reviewing the settlement of the District for Fusly 1253/1845-46.

7. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council sanctions the writing off in the Collector's accounts the sum of (208—15—4) two hundred and Eight Rupees, fifteen annas and four pice, balances of Fusles from 1251/1841-42 to 1253/1845-46 reported in the 17th Para of the Collector's report to be irrecoverable, and has much pleasure in recording his approbation of Mr. Conolly's successful exertions in the management of the important District under his charge.

8. The Board will be so good as to make the Government acquainted with the reasons assigned for the non receipt

receipt of the usual annual report of the Sub Collector.—

(A true Extract)
(Signed) H. C. Montgomery
Secy: to Government.

From the Secy to Government

To
The President and Members
of the Board of Revenue.

Order thereon—

7-8

Ordered to be communicated for the information and guidance of the Collector of Malabar, with reference to the Board's Proceedings dated 8th ultimo—

Mr Conolly's attention is called to Para 5 of the Minutes of Consultation under transmission, and he will be pleased to Explain why the usual annual Report upon the Settlement of his Division was not furnished by the Sub Collector.

Read the following Resolution—

From the Secy to Government

Extract from the Minutes of Consultation.
dated 25th May 1848
(From Board 11th May)

9

For the same reasons as are urged by the Board in support of their recommendation, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council would not be inexpedient to retrench the slender resource on which the family of the late Emaundar is dependent; he resolves therefore to authorize the Acting Collector of Trichinopoly to continue the 12 Cawnies

of

of land held by the late Davood Khan in the name of his widow Banolee, but with a distinct intimation to her that the whole Enam will be resumed at her death.

Signed H. G. Montgomery
Secy. to Government

Order thereon

(9-10)

Ordered to be communicated with Copy of the Board's letter to Government dated 11th ultimo, for the information and guidance of the Acting Collector of Vizichinopoly, with reference to his letter dated 30th March last.

Mr. Elliot will be pleased to make over to the widow of the late Davood Khan the Enam Shares held by him, and intimate to her that they will be resumed at her death.

Read the following letter

To J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

(11)

From the Collector Rajahmundry

Sir,

1. I have the honor to submit for the approval of the Board of Revenue a Statement of the Sale by public auction on the 20th, 22nd, and 23rd instant of the Abkary rents for the ensuing fusly.

2. There were 18 Farms offered

for the present fusly 1257 A.D. 1847-48 for the aggregate sum of Rupees 75.095. The total amount bid for the same number of farms for fusly 1258 A.D. 1848-49

Fusly
1258 —— 88245
1257 —— 75695
Increase 12,550

amounts to Rupees 88.245 which gives an increase of Rupees 12,550.—

Rented being for fusly 1257 Rs 118
offered for 1258 150
Increase 32

3. For the taluk of Juddunghy which has recently been annexed Rupees 150 were bid being Rupees 32 above the rent of fusly 1257 A.D. 1847-48 —

4. Three per cent has been deposited in each case and nine per cent will be deposited within eight days. The full security or deposit required will be taken before the parties are placed in possession of the farms.—

(Signed) J. Prendergast
Collector

Rajahmundry District
Cocanada, 27th May 1848

Statement

8593 George

No. 1 Statement for

1257 Fusly

Number | Names of Zamindars and Dependants

5th June 1848

Fusly 1258

Number	Names of Zamindars and Dependants	Offered for Fusly 1258	Names of the persons offering for the rent for Fusly 1258.	Names of the Securities &c.	amount of three per cent Deposite received.
		12	13	14	15
		CRA. a.p.			CRA. a.p.
1	Rajahmundry Venkatareddy	14,850	Potoola Venkatareddy	Bezunum Durma = roydoo.	446 .. ..
2	Amlapoor Venkatareddy	5,600	Potoola Venkatareddy	Mootiala Paupiah	168 .. ..
3	Nagareda Narsimloo	2,760	Boogga Narsimloo	Cheerlah Venkat = ramdoss.	83
4	Pauly chala Narsiah	4,675	Potoola Venkatareddy	Goomedala Veera = raghavarow and c., Addabaula Venkata = ramiah.	141
5	Caupavarry Venkatsawmy	3,650	Nimmala Venkatachellum and matta Pantiah	One third deposit	110
6	Cottapilly Ramaswamy	1,600	Chellumcoory amalyah	Ditto	48
7	Cota Ramula Venkatareddy Anday Venkatasamy	6,500	Mundalikka Deekshatoo = loo and Potoola Venkatareddy	Boorychinia Venka = tareddy.	195

8594

Fort St. Geo[rge]

5th June 184[3]

amanie Bariz

Number	Names of Talooks and Divisions	Number of Villages in the Talook and Divisions	For fusly 1243	For fusly 1244	For fusly 1245	average of the 3 years	amount of three per cent Deposite received.	amanie Bariz 1243	For fusly 1244	For fusly 1245	ave
1		2	3	4	5	6	15		4	5	
			CRA. a P	CRA. a P	CRA. a P	CRA. a P	CRA. a P				Co.
								87 ..	3,741 8 ..	3,762 8	
8	Peddapoor Talook	79	2,619	2,340 8 ..	2,403 4 ..	2,454 4 ..	109				
								10 ..	1,297 14 ..	1,269 9	1.
9	Bickavole — Dr.	40	1,455 4 ..	1,541 12 ..	1,542	1,513	75				
								84 ..	2,203 12 ..	2,172 12	2.
10	Juddinghy — Dr.	87	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	5				
								8 ..	1,558 12 ..	1,455 12	1.
11	Cocanada Division —	65	5,925 4 ..	4,952 12 ..	6,305 4 ..	5,714 5 5	384				
								3 ..	1,023	989 10	1.
12	Pittapoor — Dr. —	80	3,223	2,875 8 ..	2,868 12 ..	2989 1 4	177	6 ..	43,130 8 ..	45,177 10	4.
13	Coringa — Dr. —	13	4401	5,326	5,326	5,017 10 8	224				
14	Toony — Dr. —	87	259	2428 ..	2684 ..	2569 4	20				

Talooks promised hereafter.

Deposite

Pirapah

has name hereafter.

Venkatamy Boohry

Sundry District — Cocanada

Talooks

Dr.

Fort St. George

5th June 1848

rage	Settlement of the Renters in fusly 1249 as per reports sent by the amildars &c.a	Collection. For fusly 1255	For fusly 1256	For fusly 1257 Rented Bariz	Names of the Renters
6	7	8	9	10	11
Rs. a ps	CRs. a ps	CRs. a ps	CRs. a ps	CRs. a ps	
3,639 10 8	4,165 1 ..	4,021 10 7	4,350	4,620	Tota Venkanah
289 5 8	1,450 12 ..	1,696 8 3	2,050	2,110	Pemmaraug Rama = Chendroodoo and Achenta Ramiah
154 14 8	3,089 7 ..	2,988 13 7	3,530	3,755	Redmum Rama = chendroodoo and Vadagaum Chendra
342 5 4	1,373	1,480	1,800	1,900	Mutta Sautiah and Nimmala Venka = tachellum —
008 9 4	974 10 ..	1,450	1,520	1,050	Chaybole Rama = swamy and Nimmala Venkata = chellum —
934 13 4	49,906 10 ..	58,117 8 ..	64,475	75,813	
Collection within the fusly		58,117 8 ..	64,127 9 ..		Offered for 18 Talooks —
Subsequently made in fusly 1357 —			347 7 ..		Do for Suddungly newly reverted to Government —
		58,117 8 ..	64,475 ..		

amount of rented Bariz of fusly 1257 for 18 Talooks as per Statement dated the 24th May 1847 — 75,695 .. ..

add amount of rented Bariz of Suddungly Talooks newly reverted to Government — 118 .. ..

75,813 .. ..

dated 27th May 1848

E. E. per

Offered for fusly 1258	Names of the persons offering for the rent for fusly 1258	Names of the Securities &c.a	amount of three per Cent Deposite received
12	13	14	15
CRs. a ps			CRs. a ps
5,400 ..	Boogga Nursimloo and Bannada Nursimloo	Custoory Nursaraug	162 .. ..
2,275	Pemmaraug Ramachendroodoo.	The renter has promised to name his Security to the amildar —	69 ..
4000	Tota Vencunnah ———	Mungara Naugara and Holy Subanadry	120 .. ..
2,100	Nimmala Venkatachellum and Chaybole Ramaswamy. —	One third deposite	63 .. ..
1,925	Nimmala Venkatachellum and Chaybole Ramamadswamy —	Ditto ———	58 .. ..
88,395			2,057 .. ..
88245			
150			
88395 .. .			

(Signed) F. Prendergast
Collector

The

Fort St. George 5th June 1848

Resolution thereon— The Board of Revenue

(11-12.) sanction the acceptance of the offers

for the Sbharry Farms of the Distric

of Rajahmundry for Fusly 1258, reported

in the foregoing letter, amounting

in the aggregate to Rupees 88,395,

and authorize the Renters being

placed in possession of their

Several Farms on their

depositing one Months Kists

in ready money, and furnish

-ing good Collateral Security

to the extent of three Kists

more. or on their depositing

in cash two Kists without

Security.—

Read

Fort St George 5th June 1848

Read the following letter—

To

J. Pycroft Esqre

Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort St. George.

(13.)

From the Collector of Guntoor

Sir,

Manoor Vencata Gopaulrow Ry-zemindar of Suttanapully having requested to be allowed to draw his pay in advance for 2 months or at least one, on the plea that he has lately been subjected to extra Expense on the occasion of the birth of a Son, I have the honor to Communicate the same for the orders of the Board and with reference to the indulgence of a similar nature already allowed to other Zemindars to recommend that the pay of June and July next may be advanced to him—

Guntoor Zillah Collectors Cutcherry Dindy, 29th May 1848

(Signed) A. Stokes Collector

Resolution thereon.— Resolved that the foregoing letter be submitted for the orders of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council with the Boards recommendation that the request of the applicant for an advance of two Months pension, may be complied with.—

(13-14)

Read the following letter

To

Fort St George 5th June 1848

To

J. Pycroft Esqre

Secretary to the

Board of Revenue

Fort St George

(15)

Sir,

From the Collector of Bellary submitting the further information called for by Government on the 5th July 1847 in regard to the transfer of certain Items of allowances from the Head of Yomiah to Pagoda and Mosque allowances and also about the allowance continued to a Ganesha Pagoda at Bellary.—

1. With reference to Paras 2 and 3 of the minutes of Consultation dated 5th July 1847 No 766 respecting certain items of allowances transferred since 1842 from the Head of Yomiah to that of Pagoda and Mosque allowances and the endowment of the Gunesha Pagoda at Bellary, I have the honor to submit the information called for by Government as follows.

2. The items of transfer consist actually of allowances to institutions, such as Mutts, Mosques, Durgas, Tuckeyahs, and Athoor Khanas, and not to Individuals like Yeomiahdars, and consequently, do not properly fall within the scope nor form the disbursements to admit of Check by the Civil Auditor, as particularly, no lapses could be anticipated in these institutions.- Such appears to have been the opinion of the late Mr Robertson, he pointed out at first the propriety of the transfer. From the nature of the allowances I also considered them legitimately appertaining to "Pagoda and Mosque allowances", and it was under the impression

* Vide Boards Proceedings dated 24th March 1842

Under translating and will be forwarded hereafter.

× Vide enclosed List marked A

⊗ Vide Enclosure marked B.

Fort St George 5th June 1848.

impression that the Board sanctioned the arrangement. From that time forward, the items continued to be exhibited under the last mentioned Head. As, however, the Government have now called for the Summuds for the Grants, I beg leave to forward them (40 in number originals) with translations- also a Statement showing the particulars and remarks on each item. The Board will see from the Statement for what purpose these allowances were granted, and by how many Collectors they were continued accordingly.

3 Respecting the temple of "Gunasha" built by Pavada Thaistry in the Bruce pett at Bellary which enjoys an allowance of 168 Rupees per annum, the application referred to by Mr Disbett in the remark Column of his Statement marked B, does not appear to have been made. Probably in consequence of his being transferred immediately afterwards to the Darwar District. In the first para of the Takeed issued to the Tahsildar of Bellary by Mr Annesley a former Head Assistant Collector on the 7th February of Fusly 1229, it is stated, that an order for a fixed sum to the said Pagoda would be given. In a subsequent Takeed issued by Mr Campbell the Collector to the Tahsildar of the said Taluk, mention is made of 4 Hon Pagodas having been granted

× Vide letter to the Board dated 31st October 1838.—

⊗ D. 5th March 1842

* Vide Enclosure marked C.

Under translation, and will be forwarded hereafter.

⊗ Vide Enclosure marked D.

granted per mensem for the daily expenses of the Pagoda commencing from the 13th July of Fasly 1229. These two original Takeeds are herewith forwarded with Translations. The Board will see with reference to the allusion by Government to the allowance in question as "Endowed without authority by an officer of the British Government," that the same met the approval of 3 Officers of Government viz^t^ — Mr. Hibbett, Mr Annesley and Mr Campbell.—

4. In reply to the question contained in the 3rd para of the Minutes of Consultation, I have the honor to explain, that the Endowment of the Pagoda was made a Condition with the Inhabitants for the relinquishment of their property in the Fort. The Moyenzabitahs for the years antecedent to 1818 were Examined, as directed, but no grant would therein appear to have been allowed for the support of a "Ganastha" Pagoda in the Fort, in which however there were and are still other Pagodas under different names. When the Fort was made over to the Military Authorities, the Inhabitants not consenting to remove their houses outside of the Fort, made their Complaints to the then Civil Authorities — and

and it was under their permission that Pavada Maistry built at his own expense, the Ganasha Pagoda, also dug Wells and established several institutions in the Bruce Pett &c^a^ such as Choultries &c^a^, all of which have proved of much utility to the Public. To illustrate these, I beg to enclose two Plans* with a Mahazurnamah from the Inhabitants of Bellary, and a Petition from the surviving principal member of Pavada Maistry's family, of which two Plans, the one marked E^a^ represents those established in Bruce-pett, and the other marked F^a^ shows the Wells, Choultries, Garden &c^a^ within 3 miles of Bellary on the road leading to Gooty. The amount of cost of these institutions are as follows.—

*Vide Enclosure marked E & F
Do. G
Do. H

In Bruce pett.—

For two large Choultries Rupees	6.000	
For two Wells	3.000	
For Ganasha Pagoda &c^a^	7.000	
For other Petty Charitable Institutions	4000	20.000
In the Road to Gooty		
For a Choultry	2.500	
For a Well	2.000	4500
Total Company's Rupees		24.500

5. I need scarcely add, that in establishing these Institutions at so heavy a cost the founder Pavada Maistry set a good Example and offered an inducement to the Inhabitants to commence building their houses in the Petta in lieu of those in the Fort. Hence I conclude, that the Civil authorities at the time admitting the necessity of a Ganasha Pagoda in the Petta and willing to encourage Pavada Maistry for his benevolent acts (as the means of populating and improving the Petta) have probably complied with his request and sanctioned a fixed allowance for the Pagoda consistently with the conditions hereinbefore alluded to, and there can be no doubt that the amount would have received the sanction of Government, had the circumstances been reported to them at the time. As however the aggregate amount of Mr Nisbett's Inspection Zabitah for July 1228 which included the Endowment under reference was ⊗ sanctioned by the Government without any objection, his Successor in my opinion might have thought a Separate report upon the subject unnecessary.

6. The family of the said Pavada Maistry consisting of Widows and 2 or 3 boys yet in their minority, is now in very reduced circumstances, scarcely able to maintain themselves, I

* Vide Paras 3 to 5 of the Collector Mr Campbell's letter to Government dated 20th June 1842.

⊗ 3rd July 1819 Cl. Bd. 17,447-48

apprehend under all the circumstances above detailed, that the refusal on the part of Government to pass an allowance so long continued (28 years) would lead to general discontent among the People (20,000 in number) zealously interested in the institution — The Inhabitants of Bruce Pett consisting chiefly of Merchants and Tradesmen contribute about 7,000 Company's Rupees per Annum to Government, and their convenience and request in respect of the allowance to this "Ganasha" Pagoda, should I think be consulted and complied with —

Bellary District,
Collector's Office,
on Circuit Ramandroog —
6th April, 1848.

(Signed) A. Mellor.
Collector.

List

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Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

No. 1.

List of Summuds forwarded to the Board in support of the transfer made of certain Items under the Head of Yeomiah to that of Pagoda and Mosque allowances in the Bellary District.

		Summud in Canarese and Persian No. (1) granted by Meer Munakhan on the 9th of Rubbesawny in the Hizree 1207 granting a Monthly allowance of 1 Pagoda out of the Sayer Collections to Madur Shauba		1	"	"	"	"
2- Ashrookhanah of Enam Shaw	35.	"	Do. in Canarese and Persian Characters No. (2) granted by Gahbubkhan on the 14th Zilkauz in the Hizree 1207 - Do. - Do. - Do.		1	"	"	"
			Do. in Canarese and Persian Characters No. (3) granted by Mahomed Alikhan on the 1st Jamadelawul in the Hizree 1213 - Do. - Do. - Do.		1	"	"	"
			Do. in Persian and Mahratta No. (4) granted by Takoordoss on the 6th of Jamadesany in the Hizree 1214 transferring to Enam Shaw the usual allowance made to Madur Shaw -		1	"	"	"
			Do. in Persian and Mahratta No. (5) granted by Prama Narrain on the 19th Shawal in the Hizree 1214 - Do. - Do. - Do. - Do.		1	"	"	"
			Do. No. (6) issued by Chendoolaul on the 1st Rubbesany in the Hizree 1215 granting a Monthly allowance of 1 Pagoda to Madarshaw and Enamshaw.		1	"	"	"
			Do. No. (7) issued by Mr. Cochrane in the Name of Ram Row the then Tahsildar of Bellary on the 16th June of Fusly 1211		"	1	"	"
				6	1	"	"	7

	Rs.	as	p					
				Summud in Persian and Mahratta No. (1) issued by Nazar Alikhan on the 1st Ramjan in the Hijree 1213 granting a Monthly allowance of 1 Mahomud Sayee Pagoda to Shaik Abdool Nabee on account of the escpense incurred for the Ceremonies and lighting up of the Mosque of Khameshaha	1	"	"	"	"
3. Ashoorkhana of Nabee Shaw	17	8	"	Do. in Persian and Maharatta No. (2) issued by Jakoordos on the 6th Jamadesany in the Hijree 1214 — Do. — Do. — Do. — Do.	1	"	"	"	"
				Summud in Mahratta No. (3) issued by Prama Narrain on the 18th Shawal in the Hijree 1214 granting a Monthly allowance of 1 Mahomud Shayee Pagoda to Shaik Abdool Nabee on account of the expense incurred for the Ceremonies and lighting up of the Mosque of Khameshaha	1	"	"	"	"
				Do. No. (4) issued by Rajah Shendoolaul on the 1st Rubbes any in the Hijree 1215 — Do. — Do. — Do. — Do.	1	"	"	"	"
					4	"	"	"	4
				Summud No. (1) issued in the name of Hafeez Goolam Mohadeen by Sadoolla Khan on the 17th Zilheiz in the Hijree 1162 granting a daily allowance of 1 Rupee out of the Sayer Collections of Adonie	1	"	"	"	"
4. The reader of the Rooran in Jumma Mahuzeed in the Town of Adonie	262	8	"	Do. No. (2) issued by Hussun Mahodeen on the 1st Rajeb in the Hijree 1163 — Do. — Do. — Do. — Do.	1	"	"	"	"
				Do. No. (3) issued by Tahoojung on the 14th Rumzan in the Hijree 1167 — Do. — Do. — Do. — Do.	1	"	"	"	"
				Do. No. (4) issued by Basalut Jung on the 14th Rubbelawul in the Hijree 1170 — Do. — Do. — Do. — Do.	1	"	"	"	"
				Do. No. (5) issued by Shaik Mahomed Alikhan on the 19th Jamadesawny in the Hijree 1216 — Do. — Do. — Do.	1	"	"	"	"
					5	"	"	"	5
				Sumud No. (1) issued by Himmatyarkhan in the 7th Jamadesany in the Hijree 1153 granting a daily allowance of 2 annas 6 Pice out of the Sayer Collections to Hafeez Shaik Selaman attached to Summah Mahajid	1	"	"	"	"
5. Mosque of Shaik Hussun and Shaik Hummud	24	2	"	Do. No. (2) issued by Heedayet Mohadeen Khan on the 20th Shawal in the Hijree 1158 — Do. — Do. — Do.	1	"	"	"	"
				Do. No. (3) issued by Tahoojung on the 24th Safur in the Hijree 1168 — Do. — Do. — Do. — Do.	1	"	"	"	"
				Do. No. (4) issued by Basalut Jung on the 14th Rubbelawul in the Hijree 1170 — Do. — Do. — Do. — Do.	1	"	"	"	"
					4	"	"	"	4

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Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

		Rs.	A.	P.						
6	Moollah Muszeed of Moolla Hussun Mahomed Situated in the Bazar of Gooty	59	2	"	Summud No. (1) issued by Zulfuckhar Khan on the 12th Shawbon in the 38th Zooloof granting a daily allowance of 2 Moontahs of Corn and 2 Dubs and also land bearing an assessment of 10 Canteray Pagodas for the maintenance of Hussun and for the lighting up and Ceremonies of the Gooty Mahajeed	1	"	"	"	"
					Do. in Persian and Mahratta No. (2) issued by Ausud Khan on the 1st Rajub in the Hizree 1214 granting a Monthly allowance of 5 Rupees to a servant of the Mahajeed	1	"	"	"	"
						2	"	"	"	2
7	Khateeb Syed Abraham	44	4	"	Summud No. 11 (not known from the Seal by whom issued) dated 12th Rubbilakhair in the 2d Zooloos granting a daily allowance of 2 Annas and land requiring 1 Poonoo of Seed to syed Abdoola on account of his service as Khateeb at the Gooty Mahajed	1	"	"	"	"
						1	"	"	"	1
8	Makan of Meer Mucktoom Allie Shaw and Syed Boorhan Durvesh	42	"	"	Summud No. (1) issued by Sadut Khan on the 28th Shaval in the 48th Zooloos granting a Monthly allowance of 1 C Rs. to Syed Meera Durvesh	1	"	"	"	"
					Do. No. (2) issued by Major Munro in the name of Beemarow Tahsildar of Yadakee Talook on the 27th July of 1214 Fusly granting a Monthly allowance of 1 C and 2 Fanams to a female Takeedar named Fakeer Ashaw at Yadakee	"	1	"	"	"
						1	1	"	"	2
9	Tuckeyah Yaseem Shaw	38	11	"	Summud No. (1) issued by Moorar Row Ghorpaday on the 1st Jamadilakair in the Arabee Sal 1159 granting a daily allowance of 2 Annas in the Name of Abdool Hakeem for giving Alms	"	1	"	"	"
					Do. No. (2) issued by Meer Abdool Futhakhan Bhadur on the 28th Rajub in the Hizree 1205 granting an allowance for the support of Do. Do. Do.	1	"	"	"	"
					Do. No. (3) in Arabee issued by Mahomed Ameenkhan on the 16th Rajul in the Hizree Do. Do. Do.	1	"	"	"	"
					Do. No. (4) issued by Mahomed Hussain on the 21st Rubbesany in the Hizree 1212 Do. Do. Do.	"	1	"	"	"
					Do. No. (5) issued by Rajah Chendoolal on the 19th Rubbelawul in the Hizree 1214 Do. Do. Do.	1	"	"	"	"
						3	2	"	"	5
10	The Mosque of Sha yaseem	27	1	"	Summud No. (1) issued by Futta Allikhan on the 1st Rubbelawul of 1155 Fusly granting a daily allowance of 1 Tukka for giving Alms and 1/4 Seer of Oil to Moozawur Abdoolkareem in the Mosque of Shaik Abdool Hakeem	1	"	"	"	"
					Do. No. (2) issued by Rajah Chendoolal on the 19th Rubbelawul in the Hizree 1214 granting an allowance of 1 anna and 1/4 Seer of Oil to the Mosque of Shaka yaseem	1	"	"	"	"
						2	"	"	"	2

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		Rs.	as.	p.						
11	Takeyah Peer Allisha	25.	6	"	Summd No. (1) issued by Balavuntarom on the 10th Jamadesany in the Hijree 1214 granting a Monthly allowance 2½ Rupees to Peer Allishaw for his maintenance	1	"	"	"	"
					Do. No. (2) issued according to the takeed No. (15) of the late Principal Collector Mr. Robertson on the 10th June 1835 in the name of Sooba Row the then Tahsildar of Anuntapoor to continue the said allowance to Allishaw Son of Peer Allishaw after his death	"	"	1	"	"
						1	"	1	"	2
12	Sheriff Shaw Akhunda Shaw, Ebram shaw Yatheme Shaw altogether (4) in number	7	7	"	Summd No. (1) in Arabee issued by Ameen Khan on the 1st Jamadelawul in the Hijree 1210 granting a daily allowance of 1 Seer of Corn and 2 dubs from the Chetty Merchants to each of the four Fuckeahs	"	1	"	"	"
					Do. No. (2) issued by Mahomed Hussain Khan on the 25th Jamadesany in the Hijree 1212 in the name of the four Makaudars Akundashaw yathemsaha and others granting them a daily allowance of 6 annas	"	1	"	"	"
					Do. No. (3) issued by Rajah Chendoolal on the 15th Rubbesany in the 1214 Hijree for — Do. — Do. — Do.	1	"	"	"	"
					Do. No. (4) issued by Balaumtha Royee on Do. — for — Do. — Do. — Do.	1	"	"	"	"
						2	2	"	"	4
13	The Takeya of Nizam Shaw in Pamdoortee	29	1	"	Summd No. (1) issued by the late Principal Collector Mr. Robertson on the 27th November 1835 in the name of the Tahsildar of Pengondah Talook authorizing the continuance of the allowance that was paid to Ghoodoo Shaw to another Person of the same name on the death of the former for the support of the Takeya	"	"	1	"	"
						"	"	1	"	"
		752	2	"		34	7	2	1	44

Bellary District Collectors,
Office Circuit, Ramandroog,
6th April 1848.

E. E. Fs. (Signed) A. Mellor
Collector.

Statement.

8608

Fort St. George

No. 2.

Statement of allowances of Mosques &c.a transferred from the under the orders of the Board of Revenue dated 24th March 1842.

5th June 1848.

yeomiah list to the Head of Pagoda and Mosque allowances

No.	As per list Sanctioned by Government under date the 5th July 1847. Names.	Annual amount of allowance Rs.	As.	Parties drawing the allowances. Names.	Age	Particulars of Summuds granted by the Government. By whom granted. Name	No.	To whom granted.	Date of Summuds	former Purport and terms of the Summud.	How the original grantee was related to the present incumbent.	References for the same in the Collectors records.	Remarks.
1	Raghavendra Swamy Mut	70	"	Soognanan=dra Swamy Priest		Meerzah Uffozzel=beg	1	Raghavendra=Swamy Mut	20th Jama=di Sany 1195 Fizeree	To Continue payment of Monthly allowance at the rate of 20 Mahomed Shayee Pagodas per Annum from the Collections of Sayer Revenue to Raghavendraswamy Mut as heretofore continued.		A Takeed No. 5 dated 7th August of Fusly 1211 A.D. 1801 issued by Mr. Cochrane the former Collector to Ramarow Tahsildar of Bellary Taluk informing him of having sent orders to the Treasury to continue to pay 2 Canteroy Pagodas per Mensem from 13th July 1801 for the purpose of keeping a Lamp in Raghavendraswamy Mut.	This allowances being actually disbursed for keeping lamps in the Broondavana=num or Tomb erected at Munchala Village in the Adwanie Taluk in memory of Raghavendra Swamy a Venerable Bishop of the Branins of Vistnava Sect was therefore proposed to be exhibited under the "Head of "Pagoda and Mosques allow=ances."
	Rajah Chendoolal	2	"	Do.					11th Jamadis=Sany 1214 Fizee	Do. 2 Canteroy Pagodas per Month from the Sayer Revenue to meet the expenses of Poojah in the Raghavendra=Swamy mut which was continued for several years.	Disciple.	Mr. Chaplin a former Collector stated in Col: 15 of the Statement No. 2 which accompanied his letter to the Board of Revenue dated 22d March 1813 that the allowance was granted for "Oil for the "lamps of the Mut or shrine "reported by Mr. Gahagan on the "4th August 1808."	
	Takoordas	3	"	Do.					14th Jamadis=Sany 1214 Fizeree	Do. Do.		In the Register of Charitable allowances marked Z which accompanied Mr. Chaplin's letter to the Board of Revenue dated 20th September 1814 he stated "for keeping a lamp in Raghavendraswamy Pagoda".	
	Prana Naraniah	4	"	Do.					2d Shaval 1214 Fizeree	Do. Do.			

8609 — Fort St. George — 5th June 1848.

No.	Names.	Annual Amount of allowance.	Parties drawing the allowances. Names.	Age	Particulars of Summuds granted by the Govt. By whom granted. Name.	No.	To whom granted	Date of Summuds.	Government Purport and terms of the Summud	How the Original grantee was related to the present incumbent	References forthcoming in the Collectors Records.	Remarks.
	As per list sanctioned by Government under date the 5th July 1847.											
2	Enaum Shaw Ashoor Khanah	35 "	Enaum Shaw	75	Meeramany Khan	1	Madar Shaw	9th Rubbe= =sany 1207 Hijaree	To continue payment of the allowance of one Canteroy Pagoda per mensem (from Sayer Revenue) there to be enjoyed by Malung Shaw Taker		A Takeed No. 7 dated 16th June 1802 signed by Mr. Cochrane a former Sub Collector to Ramarow Tahsildar of Bellary Talook authorizing the continuance of the allowance to the two Takeers according to Inamol— One of the Two Takeers was named Malung Shaw alias Madar Shaw Mr. Chaplin in Col. 16 of the Statement No. 2 which accompanied his letter to the Board of Revenue dated 22d March 1813 stated that "this allowance is continued to the Takeers Takeah"— and in the Register of charitable allowances marked Z sent by Mr. Chaplin to the Board of Revenue on the 20th September 1814 he specified that the allowance was granted "for keeping up a lamp and for giving victuals to Takeers."	The identical Party named in the Summud granted by the officers of the former Government is now alive and draws the allowance. There is not any specification in the Summud as to why or for what purpose it was granted— But in the Returns submitted by Mr. Chaplin to the Board of Revenue it was stated that the allowance was granted for lighting up the Take=ah at Bellary and for giving victuals to the Takeers, the fact of this is satisfactorily proved in an investigation instituted under these Circumstances it was deemed expedient to exhibit this item under the Head of "Pagoda and Mosque allowance."—
					Galuff Khan	2	Do.	11th Zilhad 1207 Do.	Do.	3d. Disciple to the Original grantee Malung Shaw—		
					Mahamud Ally Khan	3	Do.	1st Jamadelawul 1213 Hijaree	Do.			
					Takoor dos	4	Enaum Shaw	6th Jamadi Sany 1214 Hijaree	To continue the allowance of one Canteroy Pagoda per mensem enjoyed by Madar Shaw—			
					Prama Narain	5	Do.	19th Shaval 1214 Do.	Do.			
					Chendoolal	6	Durvishes Madar Shaw and Enaum Shaw	1st Rubbesany 1215 Do.	To continue the allowance of one Mahomud Shayee Pagoda as heretofore continued to Madar Shaw Durvish and Enaum Shaw Durvish who are to enjoy it praying for the prosperity of the state.			

Fort St. George

5th June 1848

No.	Names	Annual Amount of allowances. CRs.	As.	As per list sanctioned by Government under date the 5th July 1847. Names	Age	Particulars of Summuds granted by the former Government. By whom granted. Name	Rs.	To whom granted	Date of Summuds	Purport and terms of the Summuds.	How the Original grantee was related to the present incumbent.	References forthcoming in the Collectors records.	Remarks.
3	Nabee Shaw Ashoor Khanah	17	8	Nabee Shaw	80	Nazarully Khan	1	Shaik Abdool Nabeem	1st Rumzaun 1213 Fizlee	To continue paying one Mohommd Shygee Payadapar Mosem for Oil and for performing Osroos in the Tomb of Cowkee Shaw	Original grantee Cowkee Shaw's disciple	This man is the other Fakeer mentioned in the Fakeed No. 7 referred to in item No. 2 of this list.— In Col 16 of his Statement No. 2 above quoted Mr. Chaplin states that this allowance is continued "to the Fakeers Tuckeah."— In the Register of the Charitable allowances marked Z he observed that the allowance was granted for keeping up a lamp and for giving victuals to Fakeers.—	Shak Abdool Nabee referred to in the Summud granted by the officers of the former Government, is now alive; but in the accounts his name is entered as Nabee Shaw: This allowance appears to have been granted for Oil and for the performance of Osroos in the Tuckeyah at Bolarum consequently it was proposed to be transferred to Payadar Mosque allowance.
						Fakeerdoss	2	Do.	6th Ramadesan 1214 Do.	Do. Do.	Do. Do.		
						Pramahavaran	3	Do.	18th Shaval 1214 Do.	Do. Do.	Do. Do.		
						Rajah Chandra Lal	4	Do.	1st Rubbeeoos Sany 1215 Do.	Do. Do.	Do. Do.		
4	Joommah Mahazeed at Pettah Badanagur	262	8	Sahib Modeen Haffiz	25	Satolla Khan	1	Haffiz Goolam Modeen	17th Jilhudge 1182 Fizlee	To continue to pray and Rupees per diem from the Sayer Revenue of Adonie for subsistence & for praying for the prosperity of the state.	Grand Son of the Original Grantee	From the 4th Para of the late Principal Collector Mr. Robertson's letter to the Board of Revenue dated 20th August 1834 applying for sanction for the continuance of this Pension to Mahommd Bazant Son of the deceased Goolam Mahommd it would be observed that this Pension was originally granted for performing the additional duty of Hafiz or reading Kooran in a Mosque at Adonie.—	Subsequent to the date of the Princ. Collector's letter here quoted Mahomed Bazarut died since which period payment of the allowance in question has been continued to his Son Sahib Modeen who was nominated to the office of his late Father by the Musselman community of the Town of Adonie From the nature of the allowance it appears such as appertaining to the Head of Payada and Mosque allowance.
						Hasanee Modeen	2	Do.	1st Rugeab Fizlee	Do. Do.	Do. Do.		
						Tahoozung	3	Do.	14th Rumzaun 1167 Do.	Do. Do.	Do. Do.		
						Basalut Yung	4	Do.	11th Rubbeeoos sany 1170 Do.	Do. Do.	Do. Do.		
						Syed ahamud Ally	5	Do.	19th Rumzaun 1215 Do.	Do. Do.	Do. Do.		

Fort St. George

5th June 1848.

No.	Names	As per list sanctioned by Government under Date the 5th July 1817 — Annual Amount of allowance	Parties drawing the allowances — Names	Age	Particulars of Summuds granted by the forms — By whom granted — Name	Rs	To whom granted	Date of Summuds	Purport and terms of the Summuds	How the original grantee was related to the present incumbent	References forthcoming in the Collectors' records	Remarks
		1850 as										
5	Sheikh Hasan Sheeck Ahamed Durgah	24 2	Sheikh Hasenn	50	Edayet Modeen Khan	2	Hafiz Shaik of Joomana seed.	20th Shaval 1158 Hijra	To continue to pay 2 Annas and 6 Pice from the Sayer Revenue per diem	Daughters Son of the original grantee	No. 27 in the Register marked Z of charitable allowance submitted by Mr. Chaplin to the Board of Revenue dated 20th September 1814 shews the object for which the allowance was granted Viz. that of reading Khooran in the Joommah Mahazeed.	This is a Mosque in the Town of Adoni the allowance being granted for the service of reading Khooran, it was proposed to be exhibited under the Head of Pagoda and Mosque allowances. The remark written in the Persian Language on the back of the Summud granted by Himmatyar Khan is as follows. The allowance was granted for flowers, Perfume and oil for lamps. Shaik Hussain to whom the allowance has been continued under the sanction of Govt. dated 27th August 1813, is now alive.
					Do		Do		Do — Do			
					Jahoor Jung	3	Shaik Imamtoom Sahib son of the late Hafiz Shaik Selaman	24th Saffer 1168 Do	Do — Do			
					Basalut Jung	4	Do	14th Rubbelawul Do	Do — Do			
6	Moolla Hussainsarmahomed Moolla Hussainsaheb at Gooty Pett	59 2	Moollah Sultan Hussain	30	Joolbf Khan	1	Hussain Dursish	12th Shaban 38th Jooloos	To pay 2 Dubs and 2 Mohtahs of Grain per diem for Oil and for spreading Carpets in the Mosque at Gooty and also to continue Enam lands of 30 Pagodas	Great Grandson of the original grantee and Son of the last incumbent	In Column 15 of the Statement No. 2 which accompanied Mr. Chaplins letter to the Board of Revenue dated 22d March 1813, it was stated that this is an allowance granted for service. In the Register of charitable allowance marked Z Mr. Chaplin stated that this was granted to provide for the keeping of a lamp in the Mosque.	From the remarks of Mr. Chaplin & from the tenure of the Summuds joined by the Officers of the former Govt. this allowance appears to have been granted for Oil & for service in the Mosque. Further, it was ascertained from the investigation lately made that the amount disbursed is actually appropriated for the said purpose. Consequently the disbursement was transferred to the Head of Pagoda and Mosque allowances.
					Hasseed Khan	2.		1st Rujub 1214 Hijra	To continue to Pay 5 Rupees per mensem from the Sayer Revenue for the abovementioned service.			

For 1st George.

5th June 1848

No.	Names	As per list sanctioned by Government under date the 5th July 1847. Annual Amount of allowance	Parties drawing the allowances. Names	Age	Particulars of Summuds granted by the former Government. By whom granted. Name	Rs	To whom granted	Date of Summuds	Purport and terms of the Summuds.	How the original grantee was related to the present incumbent.	References forthcoming in the Collector's Records	Remarks.
		Rs a										
7	Syed Ibrayem Khateeb	44 4	Syed Fakhr-deen Khateeb	50	The Character in the Seal are invisible	1	Syed Abdoollah	12th Rubbeeulakyer 2d Loolos	To continue a money allowance of 2 Annas per diem from the Sayer Revenue and also a tract of land capable of receiving 2 seeds of one Toomoo for the service of Khateel in the Mosque in perpetuity or to use the words of the Summud as long as the world exists	Sixth generation to the original Grantee	In Column 15 of the Statement No. 2. which accompanied Mr. Chaplin's letter to the Board of Revenue dated 22d March 1813, it was stated that this is an allowance granted for service.— In the Register of Charitable allowances marked by Mr. Chaplin stated that this was granted to provide for the keeping of a Lamp in the Mosque.—	From the remarks of Mr. Chaplin and from the tenure of the Summuds issued by the Officers of the former Government this Mosque was originally situated in the Citadel at Goty and since it was shut up by the Military authority to prevent its interference with the Jail of the State Prisoners, another Mosque in lieu thereof was erected in which they perform the office of Khatil.—
8	Meer Inneetoomully Shaw Syed Booran Durvish Makan	42 "	Meer Inneetoomally Shaw	60.	Sadutkhan	1.	Syed Meerah Durvish	28th Shawl 48 Loolos	To pay one Pagoda per month from the Sayer Revenue for subsistence according to annexed.	Grandson	A Takeed No. (21) issued on a complaint preferred by a female named Fakeer Asheeb Takeydar by Major Munro Principal Collector to Beemarow Tahsildar of Yadakee Taluk dated 27th July of Fusly 1214 ordering to continue to pay 12 Canterey fanams to her. This allowance appears to have been granted for service vide Column 15 of the Statement sent by Mr. Chaplin with his letter to the Board of Revenue dated 22d March 1813.—	It was ascertained after due investigation that the allowance now continued in the name of Meermeetoomully Shaw as per sanction of Government dated 1st August 1813 is wholly appropriated for Oil and for the service in the Makan. The present incumbent is the Son of Fakeer as has referred to in the Takeed of Major Munro Principal Collector.—

Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

No.	Names	As per list sanctioned by Government under date the 5th July 1847 — Annual Amount of allowance	Names of Parties drawing the allowances	Age	By whom granted — Name	By whom granted — Rs.	To whom granted	Date of Sunnuds	Purport and terms of the Sunnud	How the original grantee was related to the present incumbent.	References forthcoming in the Collectors' records.	Remarks.
		Rs as										
9	Tuckeyah of Yasin Saib	38 11	Yasin Saib Tuckeyah Dar	45	Moorarao Row Ghorpadah	1.	Abdool Kareem	1st January Delawul 1159 of the Fusly year	To continue a Charity of 2 Annas per diem according to Mamool To Do. — for Subsistence	Grand Son	This was originally continued in the name of Mahomed Tuckeydar who died in Fusly 1238 and Mr. Robertson the late Principal Collector recommended its renewal to his son Yasin Saib vide Rc. 76 in the Statement of lapsed Pension submitted to the Board of Revenue with his letter dated 9th January 1831. The remarks of the Board thereon in the proper Column of the Statement in question were as follows. "As this Pension was granted originally merely for Subsisted the Board require to be informed what other means of support the family at present enjoy and whether as objects of charity they absolutely require the assistance of this Pension of their support." With reference to the above remarks the late Principal Collr. Mr. Robertson held further enquiries and informed the Board that the Pension was not granted merely for subsistence but for the support of a Tuckeyah in the Town of Tadpatry consisting of Considerable number of Mussulman population and as the said Tuckeyah is still maintained by the family though possessing very slight means I venture to report my recommendation that the Pension be continued to them" vide Para 3 of his letter dated 28th August 1834. The allowance consequently received the sanction of Government vide Minutes of Consultation dated 7th November 1834.	From the observation of Mr. Robertson and from the investigation lately made by the Collector, it appears, that this allowance is applied to the expenses of the Tukeyah Yasin Saib, to whom it has been renewed under the sanction of Government dated 7th November 1834 — he is now alive and continues to draw it.
			Meer Abdul Fatah Khan	2	Do.	—	Do.	28th Rujub 1205 Fuzlee				
			Mahomed Ameen Khan Arab	3	Do.	—	Tukeydars	16th Rujub 1210 Fuzlee	—	Do.	—	Do.
			Mahomed Hussain	4	Do.	—	Do.	21st Rubbee-ul-awul 1212 Do.	—	Do.	—	Do.
			Rajah Chendoo Lah	5	Do.	—	Do.	19th Rubbee-ul-awul 1214 Do.	—	Do.	—	Do.

Fort St. George

5th June 1848.

No.	Names	Annual Amount of allowance	Names	Age	By whom granted: Name	By whom granted: No.	To whom granted	Date of Summud	Purport and terms of the Summud	How the original grantee was related to the present incumbent	References forthcoming in the Collector's records	Remarks
	As per list Sanctioned by Government under date the 5th July 1847		Parties drawing the allowances		Particulars of Summuds granted by the Sirkar				Government			
10	Shaw Yasum Durgah	27 1	Hoozavur Goolam Nabee	33	Sutta Ally Khan	1	Moozavur Abdool Kareem	1st Rubbelawl 1155 Fusly	To continue to Shaick Abdool Kareem Durgah Poojaree 1/4 seer Oil and 1 Tumkum Dubs per diem as an offering to the institution	Grand Son of Abdool Kareem	In the 11th Column of the Statement which accompanied Mr. Chaplin's letter dated 22d March 1818. the name is given as Shaw yasin Dhurgamoozavur (or Poojaree) Mahammd Seib. In the Register of Charitable allowances marked Z herein before referred to it was stated that the allowance was granted for clearing the Shayasin for Durgha.	As this allowance appears from the tenne of the Summd granted by the Officers of the former Government and from the remarks of Mr. Chaplin, to have been granted for the support of the Durghaw, it should of course be exhibited under the head of Pagoda and Mosque allowances. This Durgah is situated at Tadpurtry.
			Rajah Chendoolal	2	Name is not specified			19th Rubbelawl 1214 Hijree	To continue to shaw yasin Durgah 1/4 Seer Oil for lamps and 1 Anna per diem			
11	Peer Ally Shaw Takeyah	25 6	Goolamulle Shaw	114	Balaumta Row	1	Perally Shaw Takeer	10th Jamadi sany 1214 Hezree	To continue to pay Rupees 2 1/2 per mensem for subsistence and for offering prayers for the prosperity of the state	Legitimate Son	From the remarks in Column 15 of the Statement which accompanied Mr. Chaplin's letter dated 22d March 1813. it appears that this allowance was granted for the service of the Mosque.	The Original grantee Perally Shaw having died his son succeeded to the service of his late father by an order dated 10th June 1835 of Mr. Robertson the late Pmd. Collr. who evidently appears to have been under the impression that this was a service allowance. The Tackyah is situated in the Village Cheyaderoy in the Arnmtapoor Talook.

For Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

No.	Names	As per list sanctioned by Government under date the 6th July 1847. Annual Amount of allowance	Parties drawing the allowances Names	Age	Particulars of Summuds granted by the former Government. By whom granted Name	Rs.	To whom granted	Date of Summuds	Purport and terms of the Summud	How the Original grantee was related to the present incumbent	References forthcoming in the Collectors' records	Remarks.
12	Sharee shaw & Kundashaw Ebrum shaw & Steem shaw Takeyahs 4 in Number	77	1 Jafaul shaw — Fakroodeen — Goolgilly shaw — Mustun — Emambee —	44 12 45 40.	Ameen Khan Arab —	1	To the four Takeyadars	1st Ramadelawul 1210 Fizree	It having been represented usual to allow to each of the Tuckeyahs 1 seer of grain from Banians and 2 Dubs from Circar per diem the same is ordered to be continued —	Disciples	In the remark Column of his Statement No. 12 dated 22d March 1813. Mr. Chaplin states that these are service allowances, and in the Register of charitable allowance marked Z — which accompanied Mr. Chaplins letter to the Board of Revenue dated 20th Sept. 1814 — he entered Fazuls hows name only and stated in the Remarks Column of the same return, that three others partake —	As from the tenure of the Summuds as granted by the Officers of the former Government & from the remarks of Mr. Chaplin the allowance has been ascertained to have been granted for the Takeyahs the propriety of its being exhibited under the head of Pagoda and Mosque allowances admits of no question.
			The above four individuals participated the allowance in equal shares at 1-9-10 each per mensem.		Mahomed Roofsain Khan — Rajah Chendoolal — Balasumtaraw 4 —	2 3	Athunda Shaw & Tamshaw & Co. Tackyahs 4 in number — Atmo shaw & Kundashaw & Co. Tuckeyahs 4 in number	25th Ramadelawul 1212 Fizree — 15th Rubbeeoolawul 1214 — Do.	To continue the payment of 6 annas per diem from the Collections.	Do.	Do.	
13	Nezam Shaw Takeyah	29	1 Ghoodoo Shaw	42	No. Summud						The remark of Mr. Chaplin in the Statement No. 2. submitted to the Board on the 22d March 1813. applies to this case also —	This allowance was originally continued to Goodoo shaw who having died on the 24th Sept. 1835. his son succeeded to it vide Takeed dated 27th Nov. 1835. issued by Mr. Robertson the late Principal Collr. to the Amildar of Pengondah. It would appear from the Summud that the allowance was granted for Oil and for the support of the Tuckeyah situated in Pandoarty viz. that Talook.

Bellary District Collectors' Office 6th

Ramandroog 6th April

Circuit 1848.

E. E. W. [Signed] A. Mellor Collector

Plan

Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

No. 3.

Plan of the Gamasha Pagoda at Bellary.

No. 4.

Plan of a Choultry and Well situated by the late Pavada maistry at Bellary.

No. 5.

Translation of a Salongoo Mahazurnamah presented by the Inhabitants of Bellary to A Mellor Esqre Collector of Bellary.

We the undersigned Native community of Bellary Bruce Pett most earnestly beg your honor will be so kind as to take this our humble Petition into favorable consider-

Although it may be known to your honor that this Bruce Pett is composed originally of the houses removed from the Fort of Bellary which were cleared merely for the purpose of making room for the European Garrison, and that it (the said Pett has been raised by a generous and charitable person named Pavada maistry of Villi- and by the support of Mr Bruce that it is called "Bruce Pett," yet we must explain the circumstances more particularly.

3.

At that time our community was called in by the Judge and

Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

the Collector of this District and required to settle our houses without the Fort, we then explained to them four distinct impossibilities, Viz.th

1st The danger we should be exposed to by residing in an open place not secured by any compound enclosure around.—

2nd The want of water at the site pointed out for raising the Pett.—

3rd Our religious prejudice which required Pagodas at least two, Viz.th one Ganapaty alias Ganasha and the other Vishnoo within the habitable portion.—

4th Or last the necessity of having some Choultries for the accommodation of Native Travellers of all Kind.—

4. Out of these the first impossibility was promised by Mr. Bruce to overcome by trenching a Ditch and surrounding it with bushes, also establishing Cutwall and Duendiahs. Our community was desired by these Joint Civil Authorities to construct one of the two Pagodas; and above us all, they called in the Charitable Pervon Pavada Maistry and advised him to divert his charitable act into erecting a Ganapaty Pagoda with as many charity Places and Wells as he can, promising to keep them by Circar support.— Therefore Mr. Bruce was so good as his word.

As

Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

As for the community, we have laid out some fu
with which the Putchemy Narrain Swamy's Pag
da was nearly finished, and the completion of it
made with Public outlay.— For keeping up the Pag
da a permanent Sudeck has been endowed by fa
of the Collector and as for the rest, the said Pavad
Maistry fully engaged himself in them for 4 years
and mostly employed his Capital in these durabl
costly works Viz.t.—

1. A Ganapaty Pagoda complete.
2. A line of Stone permanent building wit
the compound Wall of the said Pagoda f
the abode of Priests and high class
Pilgrims &c.—
3. Two extensive Choultries next to the
other for all Travellers &c.—
4. A further Line of compact stone Mante
pums for Moosulmen Travellers &c.—
5. Two lines of Uggraharums for Brami
constant residence.—
6. A Petty Choultry for distinguished famil
7. Two large Wells dug in difficult rocky
soil for Water for the use of the Inhabi
tants and Travellers.—
8. A Tope of Trees for shade and flowers.
9. A Choultry on the Gooty Road.
10. A very large deep / costly / well revetted a
with Stones near the said Choultry.—

A

Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

11 A Tope contiguously to the same for Cattle
to refresh.—

5. All these commendable and very useful institutions were completed at the expense of Twenty or Thirty thousand Rupees, the work progressing until the beginning of the year 1818. When the said Pavada Maistry having reported that what he could do was done, and that it was then with the Circar to fulfil their promise. The local authority wanted to know what was the public Gift he wished for them.— He then fearing to ask much, just requested for a trivial sum as permanent ready money allowance for the attendants &c. of the Ganapaty Pagoda as a token of Circar acknowledgement of so many charitable acts, which was readily granted, the amount not being more than four Star Pagodas, and he then recommended that this too should be discharged by Talook authority for better security.— It is now more than twenty nine years since the said allowance was granted and it is continued unquestionable.—

6. It is proper for us to observe, that the family of so noble a person as Pavada Maistry is now almost extinct in its male line, there are but few young boys, the eldest of whom is not yet favored with any service. The family is composed of two Widows and a few children, as for their pecuniary circumstances we are sorry to state that they are reduced to such

a

a poverty as to be unable to maintain themselves and much more do to conduct the Monthly and yearly feasts of the Pagoda which they thus long many with much ado: nay have they any means to repair the aforesaid useful Charity Places and Wells We are informed by the Talook Servants that the Government have now called for information regarding the necessity of continuing the Monthly allowance of 4 Pagodas to the said Pagoda.

7. The usefulness of Pavada Maistry Charitable institutions and Wells is so well known to your honor that it is needless for us to particularize further than pray you to bring to the favorable consideration of Government the present lamentable condition of his family and to recommend the continuance of the small allowance of four Pagodas made by the former local Officers on account of so many things which should otherwise have gained a greater scale of Gift in land and money allowance.—

Bellary - October 1847. /Signed/ by the Inhabitants of Bellary

/Signed/ A. Mellor.
Collector.—

No. 6. Telugoo Mahazurnamah presented by the Inhabitants of Bellary.—

No. 7.

To,

A Mellor Esq.re
Collector of Bellary

Honored Sir,

I your humble Petitioner

V. Kanacavabapaty Moodely the Grandson of late Pavada Maistry of Vellore most submissively take the liberty to address the following Petition for your kind notice and should it go so far to that of the higher Authority at the Presidency.—

1. That same time after the Country has been ceded to our Honorable Company it was ordered that all the Natives however at the Fort of Bellary should be removed to the east of the said Fort to form with them a New Pettah in that direction and then the community of the City requested the Local Authority to use their interest in order to avail means of water for inhabitants and accommodations for Travellers together with two Pagodas namely of Gunapetty and Vishnoo for their worshiping as they could not do a new habiting place without these most essential and requisite means.—

2. At that time my Grandfather the before said Pavada Maistry, who, it was well known possessed riches entailed touching his forefathers, could effectually accomplish so projects for so desirable Acts of Charity, was induced to make his propositions that in case of some permanent Circar support could be held out, he shall employ his Capital to have the said Public utilities available for the purposes in question and the so

Local

Local Officers having yielded to do what may be in their power this Pavada Maistry, at first dug two large and deep step Wells, the arduous nature and costliness of them is still visible by their soil which proved mostly of Stony; and then construc-ed a Gunapetty Pagoda enfringed with a strong and better selected stone building called Muntapums for the abode of highest class of Travellers and at last completed the whole fa-lities, as intended, with the erection of two joint Choultries for the use of all classes of Travellers and Pilgrims and a line of durable stone Mun-tapums for the abode of Muſsulmen race with trees behind for Shadow, and with all a few a houses for the residence of Poore Bramins of better talent.—

3. All these having tolerably well suited to a Capital City like this Bellary, not only for the use of Travellers but also to parties resorting to this Capital on public duty or for complaints to Court and Collector as well as those Details of Peons in escort of Talook remittances to the Treasury every month of the whole seventeen Talooks. It then pleased the Local Authority in as much to see that what should be done by public outlay to a newly raised City, has thus been secured with economy of a single private individual

of the quality of this Pavada Maistry, whose grand son am I your humble Petitioner.—

4. To elucidate these several Buildings I beg to submit the accompanying Plan No 1.

5. Notwithstanding the above my Grand father finding the sad scarcity of water and shade, between this and Asoondah the first stage of high road of Gootty, Cuddapah, or Hydrabad situated at a distance of ten miles traversing all along on Cotton soil, has selected a better site, and there sunk and erected a very large deep stone well with stairs and adjoined it with a Demy Choultry for people and Cattle to halt for a time and a Tope to afford shade; this additional act, elucidated in the accompanying plan No 2 cannot be looked by any one as less desirable than of the ones at Bellary.—

6. The Cost of all these was amounted to more than Twenty four thousand Rupees, but during that time no provision for Choultries &c., raised by private individuals, was generally held out by our Government as is subsequently contemplated in the shape of alienation of Enam land, were it then and should these costly and most useful works have been calculated at the recent rate a very great tracts of land would have been given for their support, but my grand father even after establishing them

continued

continues to disburse for watchers, repairs &c. to
keep them all up and in addition for conducting
daily, half Monthly, Monthly and yearly rites of the said
Gunaputty Pagodah, the payment of the at-
tendants of this endowment was also a matter
of much consequence, wherefore he then explain-
ed to the Local Officers that although the ex-
pence all these Charity buildings and Wells
in good state, would cost a yearly layout, yet
he and his heirs shall as long as they may be well
circumstanced, take the costs thereof upon them-
selves and that afterwards they shall look to
the charitable act of our Honorable Government,
but in the meantime that he is anxious if the
public Authority would fulfil the promise by
allotting a ready money allowance for the
more usual rites to the said Gunaputty,
and for the payment of its attendants alone.
This very lowest term of proposal was accordingly
by allowed by fixing so reduced a scale as
at four Pagodas per Month.— This allowance
always was disbursed by Talook Authority
since the last 30 years— and independent of the
just said more daily rites, there are periodical
rites as first said and they are always
managed by this family, Viz.t some years
by my Grand father and his brothers,
some years by his and their sons— and
they all having died, the burden
is

is now fell upon a single boy as myself who
have neither Public service nor Cash; for the
last Cash was gone with my father, and the fami-
ly is now left under much distress which your honor is
well aware of.—

7. Being thus poorly circumstanced I was
about to petition your honor to ask the clemen-
-cy of Government as to provide means to keep
these Charity Buildings and Well in good
repair infuturance.— But Honored Sir,
the present tiding that the Government have
now questioned as to the necessity of continuing the
said scanty allowance of four Pagodas per month
to the aforesaid Gunaputty Pagodah puts
me and the numerous females and children
of the family into a great consterlation— and in

a

Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

a juncture such as this I have no more than to state the foregoing particulars with a request that as you are the eye Witness of so many useful buildings available for the public purposes, you will have the goodness to support them with your recommendation in order that the present allowance may be continued, along with such additional provision as contemplated by our Honorable Government to Buildings simultaneously accommodated by some private individuals, more particularly as you can readily approve that none of those as yet established in this District could preside in utility and usefulness than the ones which my Grand father has established at the expense of his Capital.—

Bellary — 3 / Signed / Vellore Kanacavabah Sulty Sunder.
20th October 1847 3 Grandson of late Pavada Naidoo

Ordered that the following letter be sent in reply.— To

Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

Ordered that the following letter be sent in reply.—

15-16

To the Collector of Bellary

To the Collector of Bellary — Sir,

In Cons 5th June 1848. The 40 Original Summuds and two Takeeds marked B. and D. together with translations thereof promised in paras 2 and 3 of your letter of the 6th April last not having yet been received I am directed by the Board of Revenue to request that they may be furnished at your earliest convenience.

Revenue Board Office, Fort St. George, 5th June 1848. — / Signed / T. Pycroft Secretary

Read the following letter

To. T. Pycroft Esqre Secretary to the Board of Revenue Fort St. George

17

From the Agent to the Governor in Kurnool

Sir

I have the honor to transmit a Talookwary Statement of the offers for the Abkarry rent for Fusly 1258 the acceptance of which I request to have the Boards' sanction.—

Kurnool — Agents' Office, 26th May 1848. / Signed / H. D. Phillips Agent to the Governor

Statement

8628

Fort St. George

5th June 1848.

No. 1. Statement shewing the Offers made for the rent of Ab Karry Revenue for Fusly 1258 in Kurnool and Bunganpilly.

Number of Offers	Name of the persons offering for rent	Talooks offered for	Number of Villages	Amount of Fusly 1254	Amount of Fusly 1255	Collection Fusly 1256.	Rent of Fusly 1257	Offers for Fusly 1258	Remarks.
				Rupees A P	Rs a P	Rs a P	Rs a P	Rs A P	
1	Ishila Vencat Ramdo	Chagulmurry	54	1,500 " "	1725 " "	1,520 " "	1,640 " "	1,900 " "	Accepted
2	Copperla Ramaswamy	Serevell	48	1,750 " "	2,200 " "	2,100 " "	2,140 " "	2,140 " "	Do.
3	Muddoor Nadeepee	Nundial	47	4,850 " "	5,125 " "	4,400 " "	4,780 " "	5,320 " "	Do.
4	Shapoor Sarabhiah	Panium	46	10,400 " "	9,500 " "	8,940 " "	7,980 " "	9,040 " "	Do.
5	Buswen Gonde	Dhone	93	19,100 " "	19,680 " "	18,002 " "	18,820 " "	17,720 " "	The Renter of this Talook for Fusly 1257 having sustained a loss no one has offered an amount equal to that of last year.
6	Do.	Goodoor	47	14,500 " "	12,040 " "	14,020 " "	14,440 " "	14,400 " "	Needs no remark
7	Do.	Nundicotcoor	68	10,350 " "	11,284 " 10	10,292 " "	10,400 " "	10820 " "	Do.
8	Yella Gonde	Atmacoor	81	4,600 " "	5450 " "	5,500 " "	6,780 " "	6,960 " "	Do.
9	Buswen Gonde	Kurnool	1	22,000 " "	21296 2 8	16,020 " "	18,000 " "	18,420 " "	Do.
		Total	485	89,050 " "	88,250 2 8	80794 " "	84980 " "	86720 " "	
1	Masoom Shariff	Bunganpilly	65	6,700 " "	7950 " "	6,920 " "	7,000 " "	7,300 " "	Do.

Kurnool
Agents' Office
26th May 1848.

[Signed] H. D. Phillips
Agent to the Governor

The

Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

Resolution thereon. The Board of Revenue sanction the acceptance of the offers for the Abkarry Farms of the District of Kurnool and Bungana pilly, for Fusly 1258, reported in the foregoing letter, Amounting in the aggregate to Rupees 94,028, and authorize the Renters being placed in possession of their respective Farms on their depositing one Months' Kist in ready money and furnishing good Collateral Security to the extent of three Kists more or on their depositing in Cash two Kists without Security.—

17-18

Read the following letters

To T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

19

From the Collector of Chingleput — Sir,

I Agreeably to the Boards' orders of the 15th Febry 1847, I have the honor to annex a Statement of the extent of land under Indigo cultivation in this District during the current year.

	Extent of Land			Amount Assessed		
	Cs		as	Rs	as	p.
Government Villages —	2,544	14	—	6,728	5	—
Shrotriems and Zemindary Villages assumed cultivation	1,200	—	—	2925	—	—
Total —	3,744	14	—	9,153	5	—

Fort St. George 5th June 1848.—

2. The cultivation has greatly decreased during the last two years, though the extent of land sown with Indigo Seed is greater in the current than in the preceding season, from the depreciated price at which that product has been selling many native factories has been altogether closed.—

Chingleput District,
Collectors' Cutcherry,
Pullecanny, 25th May 1848

(Signed) A. Freese
Collector

Order thereon.— Ordered to be communicated to the Chairman of the Chamber of Commerce with reference to Extract from Minutes of Consultation dated 28th January 1847.—

19-20

In Con. 15th Feby 1847.

To T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

21

From the Collr of Chingleput — Sir,

In reply to your letter of the 18th Instant forwarding for my report a Petition from one Loobaroy Moodely of Poonamallee offering to bring to light a long string of malpractices on the part of the Abkarry Renters of this District, I have the honor to state, for the information of the Board, that having sent for the Petitioner, he acknowledged that he could neither state when, or where, any irregularity

† Rec'd 19th Inst. Recommitted

irregularity had occurred, except that he had once about six weeks since purchased during a festival at Ponnary 3 drams of arrack at a rate below that fixed by the Cowle; but that if I would give him Peons and authority to go about the District, he might probably be able to detect irregularities.-

2. The Petitioner according to his statement was formerly an under renter, and a cultivator, but allows that he has now no land or employment,- under these circumstances I refused to comply with his suggestion, as it appeared to me that his object was to extort money from the spirit sellers, thro' the influence of the Peons, or under the fear of having charges brought against them.-

Chinglepet District -
Collectors Cutcherry, -
Pullecarney 25th May 1848 } / Signed / A. Freese
Collector.-

Resolution thereon.-

(21-22)

The Board of Revenue approve the proceedings of the Collector as reported in Para 2 of his letter, in reference to the complainant in Petition No. 765 of 1848 and resolve to pass the following Endorsement on that Petition.-

"From the report furnished by the Collector it appears that Petitioner has been unable to make good his charges against the Arkary Renters.- The Petition is therefore rejected."

Read

Read the following letter.-

(23)

To, J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.-

From the Acting Collr of North Arcot.-

Sir,

With reference to your Circular letter of the 25th Instant, I have the honor to inform you that the Estimate on account of advances for cultivation of new required therein, has not been furnished, nor any advances made, since 1845; as such advances were considered unnecessary by the late Acting Collector.

North Arcot - - - -
Collrs Cutcherry - -
Chittoor, 29th May 1848. } / Signed / J. D. Bourdillon
Acting Collector

Order thereon.

(23-24)

Ordered to be recorded

Read the following letter

To J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.-

From the Collr of South Arcot } Para 1.

Sir

(25)

In reference to your letter of the 13th Ultimo, I have the honor to state for the Boards' information, that the best way to prevent undue advantage being taken of the indulgence to be granted to Mr. Bullard will be, his being required to deposit, in a Godown near his distillery - - - - - at Cuddalore, all the Alcohol distilled by him, and the Keys to remain with the Collector

Collector for the time being when any quantity is exported; a Certificate may be granted to protect its safe transit, which measure, will I trust, prove, not only effectual, but also satisfactory to all parties.—

2d— As regards the injury that such concession may have on the Abkarry revenue, I do not anticipate any, since the Alcohol in question being equal to that exported from Europe, its use will naturally be the same.—

South Arcot, ——————
Collector's Circuit Cutcherry
Vindavoor, 4th May 1848.

(Signed) W. D. Davis
Collector.—

Ordered that the following address be submitted in consequence.—

(25-26)

To the Chief Sec.y to Government

To the Chief Secretary to Government

Sir,

1. I am directed by the Board of Revenue to acknowledge the receipt of Extract Minutes Consultation of the 29th November last referring to them for their opinion an application forwarded by the Collector of South Arcot, from Mr. Bullard a resident at Cuddalore, for permission to dispose of the Alcohal manufactured by him, in the Company's territories. In the same Extract it is observed that the

In reply to Minutes of Consultation 29th November relative to Mr. Bullard's application for permission to sell Alcohal manufactured by him in India. Submitting letter from the Commissary General in reply to a Communication from this office on

No. Cons. 10 Dec.r 1847

on the subject conveying the opinion of the Board that it would be better to leave the general supply of that spirit open to private enterprize, but under stated circumstances advising that the present restrictions on the sale of Spirits should not be removed until better means be devised for the security of Revenue.

"Commissariat distil Alcohal from Arrack for pur-
"poses connected with the Military branch of the
"Service, and that the article thus used in conse-
"derable quantities by Cabinet makers and other
"manufacturing classes, is understood to be ob-
"tained with difficulty. The Board were therefore
"requested to consider whether it would not be
"advisable to provide a sufficient supply at
"the Commissariat to meet the demands of the
"Madras Market, at such a valuation
"as would cover the cost of Distillery and
"provide a moderate advance for contingen-
"cies, it being understood that the Alcohal
"is to be 40 degrees above proof and sold in
"quantities not less than a Gallon on In-
"dents on the Commissariat signed by the
"parties requiring it" It was suggested
that "the Board might place them-
"selves in communication with the Com-
"missary General on this subject".—

To Commissary General 16th December 1847

2. In reply I am directed to state that the Board have, as directed, communicated with the Commissary General upon the question and they beg leave to submit for the information of Government, the answer

From Commissary General 22nd March in Cons.n 13th April 1848

received from that Officer.— It will be seen that Colonel Tolloch states that

at

at present the Commissariat supply about
Gallons per Annum to other Departments
at Rs. 2-1-4 per Gallon and 50 above proof
With present means this supply could be increa
ed to 1,200 Gallons per Annum.- The Cabinet
makers, from enquiries instituted by the Exe
cutive Officer, would want a yearly supply
of between 7 and 800 Gallons- probably the
Coach makers would require a small quant
ty in addition.- By enlarging the Establish
ment for the manufacture of Alcohol the Com
missariat could meet all the demands with
ease, and the price fixed upon each Gallon
would be at least Rupees 2-8-. Colonel
Tolloch adds that he "has reason to think that the
Cabinet makers with the exception of Mr. Deschamps
who says that he imports it, purchase Alcohol dis
tilled in India by private parties."-

3. Upon the general question as
to whether it would be advisable that
a sufficient quantity of Alcohol shou
be provided by the Commissariat for
the supply of the Cabinet makers and
other manufacturers- the Board are of opinio
that it would be better to leave such tra
sactions to private enterprize which
besides

besides serving to develope the resources of the
Country, would probably produce an article if
not superior in quality at least at a lower
price than it could be furnished from the
Government Stores.-

4. As regards Mr. Bulliard the
13th April 1848 Board have called upon the Collector of South
Arcot to report upon the precautions which,
in the event of that person's application being
acceded to, would be required for the pro-
tection of the Abkarry revenue- Mr. Davis
4th May in Cons. 5th June 1848 has in his reply suggested that Mr. Bulliard
"be required to deposit in a Godown near
his distillery at Cuddalore, all the Alcohol
distilled by him, and the Keys to remain with
the Collector for the time being- when any quan-
tity is exported, a certificate may be granted
to protect its safe transit."-

5. On this arrangement the Board
would remark that its efficiency must
depend upon the consideration whether or
not Mr. Bulliard can be trusted to deliver
over to the Custody of the Collector all the
Alcohol which he may distil.- They regret
that they can entertain no confidence on this
point.- In the month of September last they
were under the necessity of ordering the
confiscation of two Casks of Rum which
Mr. Bulliard had endeavoured to smuggle
into

into Madras. They have lately had occasion to sanction the confiscation of a still larger quantity attempted to be clandestinely introduced into the Presidency by another party concerned in a distillery at Cuddalore, and it has come to their knowledge that no less than 100 dozens of Spirits of wine were offered by the same person for sale to a Shop Keeper at Arcot. The proceedings of the parties holding distilleries at Cuddalore require, in the opinion of the Board, to be closely watched and they could not under all the circumstances advise that the present restriction on the sale of Spirits should be removed until some better means can be devised for the protection of the revenue.—

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St. George,
5th June 1848.

/Signed/ I. Pycroft
Secretary.—

(27)

To,
I. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

From the Collr of South Arcot
No. 1934 of 1847.

Sir,

In returning the Petition received with Mr. White's letter dated 15th November last, I have the honor to state for the information

of the Board that the case Chapavany therein complained of was fully investigated, and the cultivated lands in the Village of Vidoor measured by one of the servants of the Salook Establishment deputed for that purpose, upon which a further inquiry having been made by me, it was clearly proved that a Sum of Rupees 290–10–2. was omitted to be brought to Summah.— The Village Officers who were found guilty of this offence, were dismissed on 4th Instant, and the necessary orders given for the recovery of the said Sum from the parties.—

1255- 50-2-10
1256- 246-7-8
290-10-2

3 Monegars and 1 Curnum

South Arcot
Collr's Circuit Cutcherry
Trevandy 12th May 1848.

/Signed/ W. D. Davis.
Collector.—

Resolution thereon.— Resolved that the following Endorsement be passed on Petition No. 1934 of 1847.

"From the reports made by the Collector on this Petition, it appears that the subject to which it relates has been duly disposed of."—

(27-28)

Read the following report from the Collector of Tanjore relative to the Settlement of the Extra Sources of Revenue in that District during Fusly 1256.

30th Octr in Consn 15th Novr 1847.

(29)

(Here Enter No. 82)

Proceedings thereon.— 1. The outturn of the year is exhibited in the Abstract Comparative Statement annexed to the 2nd para of the Collector's report, on a reference to which it will be seen that the total demand of Fusly 1256 Amounted to Rupees 9,21,747. 2– 10– and exceeded the demand of the preceding year by

Rupees

Rupees 63,934-6-1. resulting from a total aggregate Increase of Rupees 68,407-5-9. from all items except Frontier Collections and Chank Rents in which two branches there was an aggregate decrease of Rupees 4,472-15-8.

Salt Sales 4,99,926-2-- 2. The Salt sales of the year under report are stated to have been unprecedentedly large amounting to nearly five lacs of Rupees which exceeded the salt transactions of Fusly 1255 by Rupees 39,043-"-4- The figured Statement in para 4 exhibits the heads under which this amount of Revenue was realized.—

Home Sales- Excess 19,509-12-4. Inland Do- Do 17,790-12-"- 3. There was an increase in both Home and Inland Sales to an almost similar extent and in Tranquebar the increase was comparatively considerable Rs 2224-8-"/ at and is highly satisfactory as evidencing the suppression of the formerly existing contraband trade in Salt.—

Balance 10,834-"-"- 4 At the close of the Fusly there was a balance of current demand uncollected which however was about met by the realization of the amount of arrear Vizt Rupees 15,444-8-"- due for Fusly 1255. The Total Collections were Rupees 4,98,890-14-1 subject to a charge for manufacture and Superintendence of Rupees 55,271-2-7 which reduced the Net Revenue derived from this branch of Extra Sources to Rupees 4,43,619-11-6 and the Net Increase to Rupees 37,224-12-1.—

Net Revenue 1255-4,06,394-15-5:

Fusly 1246	39,9100-11-10
1247	4,30,438-13-9
1248	4,28,810-14-10
1249	4,13,385-8-5
1250	3,95,546-14-1
1251	3,91,197-9-7
1252	3,81,250-13-13
1253	4,24,213-14-9
1254	4,03,113-6-2
1255	4,00,907-14-"-
Total	40,08,509-8-8
Average	4,00,850-15-3
Fusly 1256	4,99,979-5-3
Increase	79,128-6-"-

5. The marginal entry exhibits the amount of Sales of Salt in the Tanjore District for the 10 years included from 1246 to 1255, together with the excess over the average of those periods in the receipts of Fusly 1256.—

Here

Sea Customs- 6. There was an increase in the duties levied in both Exports and Imports resulting on a total excess over the previous year of Rupees 17,300-3-5- the principal items of excess were in the larger Imports of Boiled Betel Nut for the Columboo Market and in the considerable Exports of rice to the same place.—

Gross Collections 2,14,444-12-7. Charges 9,099-13-3 Net Rec 2,04,744-15-4

7. The Gross Collection were raised by bringing to account certain extra collections as well as the arrears Fusly 1255- after deducting charges the Net Revenue was Rupees 2,04,744-15-4- being in excess of the Net Revenue of 1255- by Rupees 15,820-10-11.—

Sayer— 8. The Frontier Collections as before observed were less productive of Revenue than in the preceding Fusly which appears to have been caused chiefly in the exports from the abolition of a Frontier Chowkee in Tranquebar, upon becoming an integral portion of the Tanjore District and upon the exports of Grain having been less at Karical consequent upon the high rate of duty to which that Item was subject. In the Imports the decrease is ascribed mainly to the operation of the provisions of Act IX of 1845 on the Importation of Liquors from the French Settlements owing to the excess of Extra Collections and the realization of the arrears of the last year the Net Revenue from this item shews an increase of Rupees 688-13-2.—

Net Revenue 1255- 22413-8-10 1256 23102-6-"- 688-13-2.

1 Increase 4925-12-4. 2- Do 623-"-7- 3- Do 591-2-2. 4 Decrease- 205-"-"- 5 Increase 5,889-12-"-

9. The increase and decrease in the remaining items of Extra Revenue which consisted of Abkarry, Moturpha- Fish- and Chank Rent- and Stamp Papers were dependent upon the ordinary fluctuations to which these items are annually liable and appear to require no particular notice by the Board, it may however be observed that the whole of the past balances due on these items have been either adjusted or brought to account during the year under consideration.—

Total— 10. The Gross Collections from all the foregoing Sources amounted to Rupees 9,23,089-14-8. and the charges on the same account were Rupees 70,380-6-4- thus reducing the Net Revenue to Rupees 8,52,709-8-4- which was an advance of the Net Revenue obtained from the Extra Sources of Tanjore during Fusly 1255- by Rupees 60,098-10-9-

Ordered that a copy of the foregoing Extract from the Board's Proceedings with the annexed Comparative Statement of the Collections Charges and Net Revenue be submitted to Government and a transcript of the same be forwarded to the Collector of Tanjore for his information and guidance.—

Tanjore

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Fort St. George 5th June 1848

Tanjore for July 1256.)

		July 1255	July 1256	Increase	Decrease
	Charges	9,351 10 2	9,099 13 3	348 3 1	" " "
	Net Revenue	1,58,918 4 5	2,04,744 15 4	15,820 10 11	" " "
A. McEarry	Demands	77,854 3 8	82,780 " "	4,925 12 4	" " "
	Current Collection	77,854 3 8	82,780 " "	4,925 12 4	" " "
	Extra D°	" " "	46 11 4	46 11 4	" " "
	Arrears	46 11 5	" " "	" " "	46 11 5
	Total	77,900 15 1	82,826 11 4	4,925 12 3	" " "
	Charges	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
	Net Revenue	77,900 15 1	82,826 11 4	4,925 12 3	" " "
Sundry Small farms and Licences	Demands	25,772 7 4	26,158 9 0	386 2 2	" " "
	Balance on the 12th July	1,104 15 "	427 7 10	" " "	677 7 2
	Current Collection	24,667 8 4	25,731 1 8	1,063 9 4	" " "
	Extra D°	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
	Arrears	397 13 2	328 12 "	" " "	69 1 2
	Total	25,065 5 6	26,059 13 8	994 8 2	" " "
	Charges	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
	Net Revenue	25,065 5 6	26,059 13 8	994 8 2	" " "

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		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Stamps	Demand	25,934 12 "	31,824 8 "	5,889 12 "	" " "
	Balance on the 12th July	451 4 "	474 4 "	23 " "	" " "
	Current Collection	25,483 8 "	31,350 4 "	5866 12 "	" " "
	Extra Do	" " "	334 8 "	334 8 "	" " "
	Arrears	587 5 "	451 4 "	" " "	136 1 "
	Total	26,070 13 "	32,136 " "	6,063 3 "	" " "
	Charges	1,559 14 5	1,762 10 11	202 12 6	" " "
	Net Revenue	24,510 14 7	30,373 5 1	5,860 6 6	" " "
Moturpha	Demand	41,948 2 11	42,571 3 6	623 " 7	" " "
	Balance on the 12th July	1 2 "	3 10 10	2 8 10	" " "
	Current Collection	41,947 " 11	42,567 8 8	620 7 9	" " "
	Extra Do	43 13 10	29 12 4	" " "	14 1 6
	Arrears	13 1 1	1 2 "	" " "	11 15 1
	Total	42,003 15 10	42,598 7 "	594 7 2	" " "
	Charges	597 2 1	615 13 7	18 11 6	" " "
	Net Revenue	41,400 13 9	41,982 9 5	575 11 8	" " "
Total	Demand	857,812 12 9	9,21,747 2 10	63,934 6 1	" " "
	Balance on the 12th July	28,904 8 1	27,780 14 7	" " "	1,123 9 6
	Current Collection	8,28,908 4 8	8,93,966 4 3	65,057 15 7	" " "
	Extra Do	1,185 5 7	995 5 4	" " "	190 " 3
	Arrears	24,095 8 10	28,128 5 1	4,032 12 3	" " "
	Total	8,54,189 3 1	9,23,089 14 8	68,900 11 7	" " "
	Charges	67,578 5 6	70,380 6 4	2,802 " 10	" " "
	Net Revenue	7,86,610 13 7	8,52,709 8 4	66,098 10 9	" " "

Read the following letter-

To,
J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

30

From the Collr of Tanjore

Sir,

I have the honor to report on Petitions Numbers 1450 of 1846 and 1787 of 1847- Petitioners are two of the 44 defaulters, who pertinaciously refused to cut their Crops in Fusley 1254 and 1255, claiming remission for short produce, which an enquiry was disallowed, it appearing that wilful neglect and not accident had caused the falling off in the Crops, which was also further increased by the parties themselves allowing the grain to shell on the ground.- On a representation of the circumstances connect with these and other defaulters, the Board sanctioned the sale of their lands, unless the balances should be made good, and in many instances lands were sold, but Petitioners entered into arrangements for the liquidation of their balances, which have been acted up to; and I do not see that they have any more substantial claim to indulgence, than the other parties similarly situated who as a matter of course would look to share in any favor which might be shewn to Petitioners; and thus the wholesome lesson taught to fraudulent defaulters be set aside.-

Tanjore
Kodicaray
25th May 1848

/Signed/ J. F. Bishop
Collector.

Order thereon.- Ordered that the following Endorsement be passed on Petitions Nos 1450 of 1846 and 1787 and 1913 of 1847.-

"Under the Circumstances represented by the Collector, Petitioners seem to have no claim to indulgence".-

30-31

Read

Read the following letter

To J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

32

From the Acting Collector of Trichinopoly

Sir

Reporting upon the Inam in the Village of Condraditten in the Arrialoor Talook.

With reference to the Extract from the Board's Proceedings dated the 30th March last I have the honor to state for the information of the Board that the Huckdar of the Pagoda and the Curnom and Puttadars of the Village of Condraditten were called upon to afford an explanation respecting the said Inam- Copies and translations of the depositions taken from them are herewith transmitted from which the Inam appears to have been granted by the former Collectors to the Pagoda upon a Petition presented to them by the late Puttahdar Ristna Padiachy- On referring to the records in the Cutcherry there are no entries of 13 Cawnies Manium made in the Pymash accounts of that Village, but in the Double accounts of Fusly 1227 5 Cawnies of Poonjay land are entered as being granted under the Endorsement passed by the Collector Mr. Lushington on the 13th May 1815 to the Naib Sheristadar Dubajee but no Copy or Original Endorsement

of

Fort St. George 5th June 1848

of Mr. Lushington to that effect is forthcoming in the records of this Office In the Doule accounts of Fasly 1237 the Cawnies are entered as being granted as per the present Huzzoor order this Maniem appears to have been granted under a Sakeed issued by the Collector Mr. Dickinson Dated 5th October 1827. Original and translation of the Sakeed of that Gentleman are herewith submitted for the consideration of the Board, the 13 Cawnies above alluded to are not entered in any of the Inam Registers kept in the Cutcherry

A Cadjan leaf Memorandum shewing the date, month and year in which the 8 Cawnies were granted as Maniem produced by the present Huckdar Streenevasingar is also herewith submitted besides which he possesses nothing in the shape of a document - the original Huckdar and Puttadar who presented Petition formerly to the Collector and obtained the Maniem died many years back.

Trichinopoly Collectors Office 6th May 1848

/ Signed W. Elliot
Acting Collector

Fort St. George 5th June 1848

No. 1

To Sooba Row
Sahsildar of
Arrealore Talook

Ristnapadiachy the Puttah Monigar of Randradittum Village having presented to the Huzzoor a petition stating that the 5 Cawnies of land now continued is not enough for the expence of the Permail Pagoda and that a further Maniem of 10 Cawnies should be granted for the performance of the usual ceremonies. it was referred to your predecessor for investigation and report but as you have now reported by your Arzee No. 112 that the Pagoda is very old and the income of the 5 Cawnies not sufficient for such ceremonies but that a further Maniem of 8 Cawnies is required, you are hereby directed to make over from Anadeham immemorial waste 18 Cawnies of land for cultivation from the produce of which you will allow the Poonjah and other ceremonies to be performed in the said Pagoda.

Trichinopoly 6th October 1827

/ Signed H. Dickinson
Collector
/ A True translate /
/ Signed W. Elliot
Acting Collector
Translator

Fort St. George 5th June 1848

No. 2.

Translate of a deposition taken before W. Elliot Esqr. Acting Collector of Trichinopoly from Inwardy Padiachy son of Kosthapoda Puttadar aged about 30 years and residing at Kandra Littan in the Arrealore Talook-

2 Is there any Inamiem for the permal Covil in the said Village?

A There is a Inamiem consisting 13 Cawnies of Poonjah

2 When was the said Inamiem obtained for that Covil?

A I was told by my father that a Inamiem of 5 Cawnies was obtained in fusly 1226 and 8 Cawnies in fusly 1239

2 By whom was the said Inamiem granted?

A I was told on the representation of Kistnapadiachy Puttadar by Petition 5 Cawnies of land was obtained in fusly 1226 during the time of Mr. Lushington and 8 Cawnies in fusly 1239 at the time of Mr. Dickenson.

2 Do you know of the existence of any Sunnud &c. Document for the said Inamiem?

A As the Inamiem was obtained at the time of my Ancestors I don't know whether there is any Sunnud in

Fort St. George 5th June 1848

in possession of the Curnum or the Puttadar

2 Who enjoys the said Inamiem?

A Seenevasa Iyengar the Stanikan of the said Covil gives it to the Ryots to Cultivate and with the produce thereof performs the Poojahs &c. of the said Covil.

2 Whilst there was no Inamiem originally granted for the said Covil how was it afterwards obtained?

A As the Poojahs &c. were not properly performed in the said Covil in consequence of the insufficient produce of the Villages &c. and the impoverishment of the Ryots Kistna Padiachy Puttadars and others represented the case to the said Gentleman who I was told by my Ancestors granted the said Inamiem

Signed Mardy padiachy Puttadar

Taken before me the 20th day of April 1848-

Signed W. Elliot

Acting Collector

Examination-

8649

Fort St. George 5th June 1848

No. 3

Examination of Shemba Padia Ay son of Kistna Padiachy residing in the Village of Kandreditta in the Arrialore Talook aged about 50 years before W Elliot Espre Acting Collector of Trichinopoly 20th April 1848.

2 Is there any Maniem allowed to the Permal Covil situated in the above Village?

A Yes 13 Cawnies

2 Is it Nunjah or Poonjah Land?

A It is Poonjah.

2 When was the above mentioned Maniem given to the aforesaid Covil?

A Five Cawnies were allowed to the above said Covil previous to the years 1831 and 1832 and Eight Cawnies before 1821.

2 By whom was the Maniem granted?

A As the Covil had not the means of performing the daily Ceremonies my father presented a Petition to the Gentleman and got the Maniem

2 At the time when the Covil had no Revenue of its own by what means was the land granted?

A The Maniem was granted upon Petition not by any other means.

2 By whom is the above mentioned Nunja land cultivated and who enjoys the produce?

A The Meerasy Aravakon of the Covil Seenevas Syenga lets out the land on condition to be cultivated by the inhabitants of the Village and by its proceeds the daily Ceremonies are performed.

2 Do you know that any Document that authorizes the grant of the above Maniem to the said Covil?

A A Sunnud was formerly sent from the Hoozoor to the Talook authorizing the grant of the said Maniem.

Marked Shemba Padiachy

Taken before me this 21st Day of April 1848.

(Signed) W. Elliot

4

8650

Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

No. 4

Translate of a Deposition taken before W. Elliot Esqre Acting Collector of Trichinopoly from Seenevass Syengar Stanekaar and Archagaar of the Letchmenarayana Permal Covil at Cundraditturu in the Arealore Talook.

2. Is there any Maniem for the said Permal Covil?

A. There is.

2. How many Cawnies?

A. Thirteen Cawnies.

2. Where was the said land obtained by the said Covil?

A. Two Cawnies in fusly 1226 and eight Cawnies in fusly 1237.

2. By whom was the said Maniem granted?

A. The Maniem granted in fusly 1226 was by Mr. Lushington and that in fusly 1237 by Mr. Dickinson the orders to the Peishkar regarding which is in the Talook Cutcherry.

2. Who cultivates the said Maniem and in whose enjoyment is it?

A. Let it to the Ryots and obtain the produce from them and perform the Pooja's &c. therewith.

2. What claim have you to the enjoyment of the said Maniem?

A As Saivaite Stanikaar of the said Pagoda and performing Pooja's &c. with I enjoy the Maniem on this account.

Have

Fort St. George 5th June 1848.-

2. Have you any sunnud or document for the said Maniem?

A. I have got a Cadjan for the 8 Cawnies of land given in fusly 1237 in which the date, month & year is entered- besides which I have no other document

2. What was the cause for the Maniem having been given to you in the above mentioned two fusles when they were not entered in any of the accounts of the fusles preceding them?

A As there was no income for the Poojahs Vc. to the said Covil- Puttamaniem Krishnapadiachy presented a Petition to the Hoozoor requesting that a Maniem should be granted- 8 Cawnies were therefore granted besides the 5 obtained formerly the aforesaid Puttadars upon his representation to the Hoozzoor- these circumstances were told me by my father and the said Puttadar it is now about 20 years since my father died, and about 10 years since the said Puttadar died.

2. Produce the Cadjan which you mention contains the entry of the year, and month, and for the Maniem of the 8 Cawnies of land.

A. I here produce the Cadjan aforesaid.

/ Signed / Summons prepared

Taken before me this 20th day of April 1848.

/ Signed / W. Elliot

Fort St. George 5th June 1848.-

No. 5.

Examination before W. Elliot Esqre Acting Collector of Trichinopoly of Vythenathian Curnam of Kandradittom Village in the Arrialore Talook on the 20th April 1848.-

2. Is there any Maniem allowed to the Perimaul Covil situated in the above Village?-

A. There is.-

2 How many Cawnies?-

A 13 Cawnies of Poojah land.

2. When was the above mentioned Maniems given to the aforesaid Covil?-

A. In fusly 1226, 5 Cawnies, and fusly 1237- 8 Cawnies of land were given as maniem.-

2. By whom was the Maniem granted?-

A. I was not in employ when the Maniem was given I have heard from the Puttadars that the above said 5 Cawnies of land was given in fusly 1226 by Mr. Lushington and the 8 Cawnies in fusly 1237 by Mr. Dickinson the then Collectors, I was nominated to the Office in fusly 1255.-

2. Do you know of any Document that authorizes the holding of the above said Maniem?-

A. I have no Sunnud nor any other document- but from the time the maniem was granted, it was entered in the Dowle accounts in the same fusly

So

2 Is it mentioned in the Pymash Olagoo acco
for fusly 1216.?

A. There is no such entry in the above accounts

2. Who cultivates the above said Maniew and enjo
the produce?

A. The Meerassee arsakan of the Covil, Seenev
Iyengar, lets out the land on Contract to be c
tivated by the inhabitants of the village a
by its proceeds the daily ceremonies are conducte

/ Signed / Vy Thyanathen

Taken before me this 20th day of April

/ Signed / W. Elliot

Acting Coll.

No. 6.

Translation of a deposition taken from Semb
padiachy sons of Annapadiachy, a Moonsiff
residing at the village of Kandradittum in
Arnalore Talook and 75 years of age.

2 Is there any maniew for the Permanb Co
in your Village?

A. There is.

2 How many Cawnies?

A. Thirteen Cawnies Poonjah.

2 When was the said land obtained for the said Co

A. I was told by my father that 5 Cawnies were obt
ed in fusly 1155 and 8 Cawnies in fusly 1226 in his time

2. Do you know by whom the said lands was given?

A. I do not know.

2. Who cultivates and enjoys the said lands?

A. Seenevass Iyengar the Stanikan of the said Covil
lets the said lands to be cultivated by the Ryots
and the income derived therefrom is appropriated
by him for the Poojahs &c. now being performed

2 Do you know of any documents having been pre
pared to the effect that the said lands had been
granted as Maniew for the said Covil?

A. I do not know whether there are any such docu
ments or not.

2. Whilst there is no Maniew for the said Covil
in what manner was it obtained?

A. The former Zemindar for some time defrayed the
expenses of the Poojahs &c. and afterwards put a
stop to it; upon which no Poojahs &c. were perform
ed in the said Covil, Kistna padiachy, the then
Puttadar, informed the same to the Coll. and from
which time I was told by the said Kistna padiachy
and Semba padiachy that the Maniew is continued.

/ Signed / Semba padiachy

Moonsiff.

Taken before me this 21st day of April 1848.-

/ Signed / W. Elliot

Asst. Collector

Examination

No. 7

Examination before W. Elliot Esqre Acting Collr of Trichinopoly of Veeranu Padiachy Puttadar son of the late Puttadar Veeramoottoo Padiachy residing in the village of Kandradittom in the Arealore Talook aged about years on the 24th Day of April 1848.-

2. Is there any Mariam allowed to Permanb Covil in the above said Village?

A. There is.-

2. How many Cawnies?

A. 13 Cawnies of Poonjah Land.

2. When was the above Mariam granted to the aforesaid Covil

A. The 5 Cawnies of land was given to the Covil above 30 years and the 8 Cawnies about 20 years.-

2. Do you know who gave the above said land?

A. I heard from Krishna Padiachy the Puttadan that he presented a Petition to then Collector and got his permission for the above said Mariam to the Covil and that afterwards the Ceremonies were regularly conducted

2. Do you know who cultivates the above said Mariam and enjoys the Produce?

A. The Covil Stanikan Seenavasa Iyengar lets out the land on Contract to be cultivated by the inhabitants of the village and he takes the produce of the same and conducts the Ceremonies

2. Do you know of any Document that authorizes the grant of the above Mariam to the said Covil?

A. A Sunnud was sent from the Hoozoor to the Talook authorizing the grant of the said Mariam.-

2. At the time when the Covil had no Mariam how came it to be newly granted

A. It appears that when there was a scarcity of food and the ryots suffering in Consequence of the unfavorable season the Poojay not being performed to the Sammy of the aforesaid Covil the Puttadan Kistna Padiachy presented a Petition to the then Collector regarding the same and got his permission for the said Mariam. He told me this himself.

Marked / Veeranu Padiachy

Taken before me this 24th day of April 1848.-

/ Signed / W. Elliot

Actg Collr

From

Proceedings thereon.- 32—33

From the foregoing letter and its enclosures, it appears that the Enam of 5 13 Cawnies of Poonjah land held by the Puttadars of the Pernal Goodey in the Village of Kandroytettum, is not entered in the Pymash or Enamity accounts of the district. Previous to Fusly 1227, 1817-18 the expenses of the Pagoda are said to have been defrayed by a former Zemindar who having discontinued his contributions, and the ryots being too poor to support the institution, the daily ceremonies were neglected.- These circumstances were it is said represented to Mr. Lushington the then Collector who is stated to have granted 5 Cawnies of Poonjah land to enable the people to continue the usual ceremonies,- but this Statement rests only upon an entry in the Dowle accounts of the Fusly- No order or endorsement- (Copy or original) - by Mr. Lushington being forthcoming- In Fusly 1237, the Puttadar of the Village presented an Urzee to the Monigar of the Village presented an Urzee to the Collector Mr. Dickinson stating that the 5 Cawnies were insufficient for the expenses of the Pagoda, on which that Officer issued a Tahseed (copy of which has been furnished by the Acting Collector) to the Tahsildar of Arealore, directing him to make over 8 additional Cawnies of land, from the produce of which the Poojahs were to be properly performed.-

The title under which the whole

whole of the land referred to is held seems to the Board to be clearly invalid. but under all the circumstances of the case they resolve to submit the matter for the orders of Government.-

Read the following letter-

To, J. Pycroft Esqre.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(34)

Sir,

From the Collector of Madura - - - } I have the honor to enclose a paper of Answers to the Questions relative to the price and production of Cotton wool contained in the despatch of the Honorable Court of Directors dated the 10th November 1847.-

Madura, - - - -
Theroomungalum,
27th May 1848.- } / Signed / R. D. Parker
Collr.

No. 1.

Answers to Questions relative to Cotton wool contained in a Despatch from the Honorable Court of Directors dated 10th November 1847.-

Exporters do not generally make purchases in the Madura District, but the Cotton is brought up by Natoocotay Chetties who obtain it from a lower degree of merchants by whom it is procured from the Ryots. It is sold to the

the Natoocotay Chetties by the Podhee or bale of 243¾ lbs the price of which is generally 22 Rupees but at present said to be so low as 18 Rupees owing to a slackness in the demand.-

2. The Ryot in this District obtains no advances for cultivation from the Cotton buyers.- He sometimes pledges his crop for money borrowed to pay the Circar Tax, but not at a given price.- He sells his Cotton uncleaned, by the Podhee of 316 lbs and the usual Price is 7 Rupees the Podhee.-

3. Cotton is freed from seed by the Churka and afterwards cleaned by stick beating.-

Three Podhees of uncleaned Cotton	lbs	
making 316 lbs X 3 =	1012 lbs	
Costs for removing Seed	1	13 1
for Subsequent cleaning	"	10 2
Total	2	7 3

The cleaned Cotton derived therefrom weighs 243¾ lbs, which is a bale or Podhee mentioned in the answer to question.-

The value of the seed extracted from the 3 Podhees of uncleaned Cotton is - Rs 3 — as 12 — 11 — exceeding the cost of cleaning.-

4. The nearest port of Export for Cotton is Tuticorin. 4 Podhees or bales of 243¾ lbs each mentioned in the preceding answer, make one cart load and the hire of Cart from Theroomungalum, a central mart to Tuticorin, is 3 Rupees in

Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

in the Dry months and 3 — 4 — in the rainy season

5. The average produce per Acre is 36 3/4 lb. of uncleaned Cotton.—

6. The extent of land cultivated in Fusly 1257 with Cotton in the Government Talooks and the large Zemindaries of Ramanad and Sheva-gungah is returned at 36,865 Cawnies of 48,747 Acres. No return has been required from the numerous small Zemindaries from a consideration of the length of time which would be consumed in obtaining the accounts and the small extent of Cotton grown in those Zemindaries.— According to the Returns the District contains about 12,000 Acres fit for Cotton beyond what is at present under that species of cultivation, and an efficient demand would probably lead to Cotton being raised thereon.— I am inclined to believe that the Returns are below the actual extent.—

Madura
Sheroomungalum
27th May 1848

(Signed) R. D. Parker
Collector.—

Order thereon.—

Ordered to lie over.—

To — Read the following letter.—

J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue.
Fort St. George.

(34–35)

(36)

From the Collr of Canara — Transmits amended Hookummanah

Sir,

With reference to the Board's Proceedings dated 10th June last I have now the honor

Fort St. George 5th June 1848

Hookummanah No. 1 with its translation No. 2 for the guidance of the Killahdars or Monigars which are considered to suit with the local peculiarities of the Revenue System in this district for the approval of the Board.—

honor to submit a Hookummanah, with a translation for the guidance of the Monegars in Canara who correspond with the class of Officers styled Carkoons or Killahdars in other Districts.— These rules are it will be observed mainly founded upon the Hookummanah copy of which accompanied the Board's Proceedings with such variations as the local peculiarities of the Revenue System in this District render necessary.— I think it however necessary to observe that they must be looked upon rather as detailing duties which it would be desirable should be performed by the Monigars than such as it can be expected they should be able fully to carry out.— The number of Monigars is very limited in Canara as compared with other districts while the facilities for moving about and the time which can be devoted to doing so are much more limitted owing to the heaviness of the Moonsoon and the period for which it continues.— There are also Miscellaneous duties which are frequently sufficient to occupy nearly the entire leisure of the Monegars consisting principally of their duties as Sub-Officers of Police and the preliminary investigation of the almost interminable disputes between landlords and tenants which the undefined nature of the tenures, and want of

a

a public record of individual rights as well as the litigious spirit with which these disputes are carried on generally render exceedingly complicated and laborious. There are again the execution of public works which it is necessary in most cases to entrust to their Superintendence and frequently the examination of Vurgs and the distribution of the Irrig on detached portions at the requisition of the Courts a duty which has greatly increased lately and which though it falls principally upon the Shanabogues it is often found necessary to entrust to the Monigars

Collector's Cutcherry
Mangalore - - - -
20th May 1848

Signed J. L. Blane
Collector

No. 1

Rules for the guidance of Monegars in Canara

1 The Billahdar or Monegar shall go round through his division and see that the Circar Gussi Vurgs are fully cultivated as well as those out of Mulé which may either be in possession of the owner and pay short of the Sharee or be abandoned by them altogether

2 Where the Cultivators in the previous year may not be

cultivating entire Vurgs it will be the duty of the Monegar in conjunction with Shanbognes and Potails to procure other individuals to cultivate them.

3 The Monegar shall keep a Register of all Vurgs which may come under his immediate notice as provided for in those Rules noting opposite each case the measures adopted by him for their improvement and submit it to the Tahsildar during his Jummabundy

4 Where the ryots may not agree to cultivate any Vurg or waste parts of it on condition of being assessed for it with such Amount as may be determined on by the Tahsildar the Monegar will report the case to Tahsildar stating the amount which the Cultivators will pay and what a Punchayet thinks may be fixed on it together with his opinion on the subject

5 Disputes relative to the occupation and Cultivation of Land to be settled if practicable by the Monegar - If otherwise the subject to be reported to the Tahsildar for his orders

6 Where disputes occur between ryots regarding the water required for Cultivation,

Cultivation, the Monegar shall immediately proceed to the spot and settle them there and remove all difficulties to the usual course of supplying water and prevent immediate loss. He will be at liberty to assemble and take the opinion of the neighbours and decide the disputes with the aid of their opinion and information. He shall invariably report his proceedings to Tahsildar on these cases.

7 Where there are embankments which are of annual building and for which there is Cutt-ottar or permanent remissions, the Monegar shall proceed to the Village in which such work exists in the event of any apparent neglect on the part of the Villagers to collect the people concerned in it, and make them complete it without delay. The same to be reported to the Tahsildar when executed.

8 Under these rules it will be the duty of the Monegar to visit the Villages under him especially at three seasons 1st between April and May which is the time of changing and procuring cultivators and when he will adopt measures relative to the Cultivation 2nd between June and July when the Cultivation is actually in operation and at which time

time he will be able to see how far the engagement made with him are being carried out and in what cases of failure further measures are necessary to prevent loss- and 3rd between September and October when the crops are ripe and when he can judge of the out-turn of the crops in each case and when he will have occasion to provide against any failure as regards the Kooshy or 2nd Crop.

9 In cases of dilapidated gardens the Monegar will enquire and induce the holders to manure the trees and cover the clusters of Coopari nut in due time and preserve them in good condition.

10 On his tour at the season of gathering the harvest the Monegar shall examine the individual account kept by the Shanboque of the Coomery Cultivation and compare the same as far as practicable with the actual cultivation and bring to the Tahsildar's notice any instance of discrepancy during his Settlement.

11 The Monegar shall consider himself responsible for his division as respects the Cultivation, Collection of Kists and the general Supervision of the Villages under him. The Shanboque, Potail, and Ooganies are to place themselves

themselves under his orders. The minor duties as may be entrusted to them while the important ones such as examination of Purgs as to its cultivation or waste &c. must be conducted by the Monegar himself.

12 It will be the duty of the Monegar to see if any waste is brought under cultivation without permission - and also if the ryots who have obtained permission, do cultivate any land beyond the Cowle, and report such cases to the Tahsildar.

13 It is the duty of the Monegar to be present during the Jummabundy, and he should be prepared to furnish full information upon all points of dispute that may arise during the Settlement.

14 If the Kists as they fall due are not punctually discharged it is the duty of the Monegar in communication with the Tahsildar, to adopt such measures as may be necessary for the realization of the Balances.

15 When the Tahsildar makes the Settlement of the Mothupha the Monegar should be prepared with a list of the

inhabitants of the Villages in his range distinguishing those who pay this tax from those who do not and such of the latter as are not by right entitled to exemption, should be brought within the operation of the Tax.

16 It is the duty of the Monegar during his circuit in cases of doubt or complaint to compare the receipts given by the Village Officers to the Ryots for payment of Kists with the entries in the Village accounts and to bring any discrepancy to the notice the Tahsildar. If receipts have been withheld in any instance the Monegar will cause the necessary receipt to be given reporting the same for the information of the Tahsildar.

17 Immediate attention should be given to such instructions as the Monegar may receive in regard to supplies to Troops and others passing through the District.

/True Translation/
/Signed/ T. P. Blane
Collector

Ordered

T.R.

8665 Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

Order thereon.

(36-37)

Ordered to lie over.
Read the following letters.-

To,

J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(38)

Sir,

From the Collector of Madras

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your Circular letter under date the 25th Instant, and to observe that, under the instructions of the Board of Revenue communicated to me in Extract from their Proceedings dated 22nd December 1845, the transmission of the annual Statement of proposed advances for the manufacture of Salt was discontinued after the dispatch of the one for Fusly 1255 bearing date the 25th November 1845.-

Madras
30th May 1848.

(Signed) J. A. Rudleston
Collector.-

(38-39)

Order thereon.-

Ordered to be recorded.-

To,

J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

(40)

Sir,

From the Collector of Madras

I have the honor to

8666 Fort St. George 5th June 1848.

transmit herewith Copies of Endorsement made Petitions referred to me by the Board, for investigation, during last Month.-

Madras
1st June 1848

(Signed) J. A. Rudleston
Collector.-

Return

8668 | Fort St. George 5th June 1848

Read the following letter—

To J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary Revenue Board.

(42.)

From the Superintendent of Stamps—

Sir,

I have the honor to call your attention to my letter of the 18th November last, and request that you will be good enough to inform me at your earliest convenience whether any steps have been taken by the Board with the view of suspending the fixed Establishment employed in the collectorate of Coimbatore on account of the sale of Stamps pending the final orders of Government or the Board on the subject, and authorizing in the meantime the collector to disburse to the Venders a Commission of 5% on the actual sales.—

By the accounts received from the Principal collector of Coimbatore I find the fixed Establishment still continues and the expenses on that account is found to exceed the total of 5% allowed by the Regulations.—

Fort St. George
General Stamp Office
27th May 1848.

/Signed/ A. F. Bruce
Supt of Stamps.

Read also the following letter.—

To J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

(43.)

From the Pr. Collr
of Coimbatore—

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledg
the

the receipt of Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue bearing date the 22d November last together with copy of letter to the address of their Secretary from the Superintendent of Stamps of the 18th Idem.

2.- With reference to the suggestion contained in the said communication, the payment of a fixed rate of Salary inade previously to the Stamps Establishment has been discontinued, and the amount of their pay so proportioned as not to exceed the commission of 5 p. cent chargeable on the Gross Collections of this source of Revenue an arrangement which will I trust be considered satisfactory.

Coimbatore, 23d May 1848. } (Signed) J. C. Wroughton
Principal Collector.

Order thereon.- Ordered to be communicated to the Superintendent of Stamps with reference to his letters dated 18th November and 27th May last.-

(42-44)

Inbond 22d Nov. 1847
Inbond 5th June 1848

2.- Mr. Bruce will observe that the Principal Collector of Coimbatore states that the fixed rate of Salary previously made to the Stamp Establishment has been discontinued and their pay so proportioned that it shall not exceed the usual commission of 5 per cent chargeable on the Gross Revenue from this source.-

Read the undermentioned Registers.-

From the Collector of Rajahmundry.- Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board during the Month of April last.-

(45)

From the Collector of Masulipatam.- Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board during the Month of January last.-

(46)

From the Collector of Masulipatam.- Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board during the Month of February last.-

(47)

From the Collector of Masulipatam.- Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board during the Month of March last.-

(48)

From the Collector of Masulipatam.- Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board during the Month of April last.-

(49)

From the Collector of Tinnevelly.- Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board during the Month of April last.-

(50)

Order on the Six abovementioned Registers.- Ordered to be recorded.

(45-51)

From the Collector of Nellore.- Read Statement shewing the quantity of Salt sold for Home and Inland consumption for the Quarter ending 30th April last.-

(52)

Ordered

Order thereon.— Ordered to lie over.—

(52–53)

Read the undermentioned Lists

From the Collector of Cuddapah. (54.) List of letters addressed to the Board and remaining unanswered upto 31st March 1848.

From the Collector of Cuddapah. (55) List of letters addressed from the Board and remaining unanswered upto 31st March 1848.

Order on the two abovementioned Lists.— (54–56) Ordered to be lodged in the Office.

Resolved that the following letters be despatched.—

To

The Collector of

Ganjam.

(57)

To the Collector of Ganjam— The same to Kurnool Salem Canara and Malabar.—

Sir,

The Statement of contingent charges incurred in the 2d Quarter of 1848, not having yet been received from your District, I am directed by the Board of Revenue to request that you will expedite its transmission.—

Revenue Board Office
Fort St.e George
5th June 1848

/Signed/ J. Sycroft
Secretary.—

To

The Collector of

Cuddapah.—

(58)

To the Collector of Cuddapah—

Sir,

I am directed by the Board of Rev

No 771 of 1848

to transmit to you the accompanying Petition from Syed Casim Hoosain of your District, representing that the younger son of his grand father was put into possession of certain Manium land to which he was entitled, and with reference to your Endorsement of the 8th April last to request you will furnish the Board with a full report on the case.—

Revenue Board Office,
Fort St.e George,
5th June 1848.—

/Signed/ J. Sycroft
Secretary.—

Received the undermentioned Miscellaneous letters and Statements.—

From the Collector of South Arcot. (59) Abstract of Demand collection and Balance for the Month of April last.—

From the Collector of South Arcot. (60) Statement shewing the average Bazar wholesale prices of Grain and Salt for the Month of April last.—

From the Collector of Salem. (61) Abstract of Demand collection and Balance for the Month of April last.

From the Collector of Salem. (62) Statement shewing the average Bazar wholesale prices of Grain and Salt for the Month of April last.—

From the Collector of Ganjam. (63.) Informing that certain Returns

Returns for the Month of April last are not sent there being no entry to make.—

From the (64) Collector of Guntoor.— Return of Persons holding Village Offices suspended and dismissed under Regulation VI of 1831 for the Month of April last.

From the (65) Collector of Masulipatam.— Return of fines imposed and stoppages made from the pay of public Servants for the Quarter ending 31st March last.

From the (66) Collector of Masulipatam.— Return of alterations that have occurred in the list of fines and stoppages for the Quarter ending 31st March last.—

From the (67) Collector of Nellore.— Statement shewing the Quantity of Salt in store and ready for exportation on account of the Chittagong Indent for 1847/48 at the Ports up to 23d May 1848.—

" G. D. Drury

" Walter Elliot

" A. Maclean

Compd Thos Ritchie

No Diary

At a Meeting Present.

Thursday 8th June 1848 — G. D. Drury Esqre Senior Member
Walter Elliot Esqre Second Member
and
A. Maclean Esqre Third Member

Minutes of the last Meeting read and approved.

Read the following Extracts.

(1) From the Secy to Government — Extract from the Minutes of Consultation under date the 25th April 1848.

Read the following letter from the Deputy Secretary to Government of Bombay.

(Here enter 6th April 1848 No. 1977)

Ordered that 24 Copies of the Report on the Survey and Assessment of the Bunkapoor Talook in Dharwar received with the foregoing letter be transmitted to the Board of Revenue for distribution to the Revenue Authorities

A true Extract
Signed H. C. Montgomery
Secy to Government

To The President & Members of the Board of Revenue—

Resolution thereon.

(1-2) Resolved that one Copy of the Report which accompanies the foregoing.

Reg VII of 1817 tribunal competent to give redress since the
law which authorizes the interference of
Officers of Government in the administra-
Sec: XIV. of the Revenues assigned for the mainte-
of Pagodas and other public institutions
them amenable to the Established Cour
in the Provinces on the Complaint of par
aggrieved by their Acts. As a ground for th
interposition of the Supreme Court the Co
-plainant expressly alleges that he cannot
adequate relief save only in a Court of Eq
an allegation which can be directly refut
by a reference to Section XV Regulation
VII of 1817.

3. The relief prayed for is that
the Complainant shall be declared to be the
Durmakurtah or Trustee of the Pagoda in
question, and "as such entitled to the possess
"of the said Pagoda and all the Jewels and
"property thereof". That the Defendant (the
is the Collector a Revenue Officer) may
be decreed to deliver up within a reason
ble time possession of the said Pagoda & Jewels
and to give account of the Monies and
revenues

revenues of the said Pagoda received and
collected by the Defendant.

4. The Governor in Council observes
that there are matters which by Regula-
tion VII of 1817 are committed to the Juris-
diction of the Board of Revenue sub-
ject to an Appeal in the form of a Suit
to the local Court and he apprehends that
it is not competent to the Supreme Court
to interfere in them. It is obvious that
the Supreme Court cannot carry out a De-
cree to deliver up the Pagoda &c, and if it
cannot grant the relief prayed for and it
is not within its competence or power to
place and keep a party in possession of a
Pagoda in the provinces with the Jewels,
assignment of Revenue &c to assume Ju-
risdiction would be to affect to do what
it is manifest it cannot effectuate.
By assuming it however and
5. passing any such Decree as is prayed for
it would pro tanto supersede and set
aside a duly constituted Jurisdiction which
has been in full exercise for upwards 30 years
The Supreme Court would thus in effect be
arrogating to itself a right of interference

in

in the internal Government of the Country to which considering the vastness of the subject matter no bound can be set. It is particularly to be observed that the Complainant prays the Court to order an Account of the Revenues collected by or under the authority of the Collector and it is obvious that if the Supreme Court can order an account in this case it may exercise the same interference in every case of administration under the Collector's Management and it is impossible to foresee the extent to which this sort of litigation may be carried.

6— It seems necessary in this place to examine what appears on the face of the Bill as denoting the proper Jurisdiction. In the first instance, the acknowledgement of the Complainant that his father was appointed Dhurma Kurtah by the Collector under the orders of the Board of Revenue renders it obvious that the Board and the Collector as their Agent acted under the provisions of Regulation VII of 1817, and the case is thus admitted to be one which falls within the scope of that Regulation.

7— In the next place the Complainant describes the main revenue of the Pagoda as "a Monthly allowance granted

by the East India Company in support of such Pagoda" an admission which would seem effectually to bar the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court for it manifestly shews that the question at issue is the due appropriation of a part of the Public Revenues. It was the object of Regulation VII of 1817 to provide for the due administration of such assignments of the Public Revenue. It was held to be a branch of Revenue administration to superintend and control the appropriation of such assignments and it was accordingly made a function of the Revenue Officers of Government, the Collectors being charged with the executive part and the Board being vested with a certain judicial authority to determine disputes and to take orders for the prevention or correction of abuses. It is specially to be noted that all Trustees, Managers &c. of Pagodas are subject to the penal Jurisdiction of the Collector under Regulation IX of 1822 and VII of 1828 for misdemeanour, in the same manner as the Native Servants employed in the administration of the ordinary revenue.

&c.

8- It was forcibly argued in the case of Rutteem Dolla Khan, that the grant of a Jaghire was merely an assignment of public revenue, and however complete the alienation might appear to be by the terms of the grants yet it still remained property revenue in a technical sense and could not therefore be adjudicated upon by any tribunals which could not entertain and adjudicate upon a question of Revenue - Equally must this be held of assignments to Pagodas &c "which often consist of the Government share of the produce of lands still managed directly by the Officers of Government who collect the Government dues and pay them over to the Wardens or Trustees of the Pagodas -

9- In the case also of the Advocate General the representatives of Annasamy Pillay regarding the charitable bequests of Putchappah Moodelly finally decided at the sittings after the 1st Term in 1832 - The Judges of the Supreme Court Sir Ralph Palmer and Sir Robert Comyn expressly declared

declared "with respect to the said several "other Charities of the said Testator - "Putcheapah at Chedumbaram, Shealy, "Tennattamoordoor Combaconum, Tiruvoiar, "Jambacaswarum, Sheerungum, Tanjore, "Trevalore alias Tiruvautoor, Madura, "Anadeavar Pagodas Ramasweram Soo- "Carnalls Choultry near Chedumbaram, "Tiroopaecundul Pagoda, Persia Conjeeveram "Trevattoor, Chinna Conjeeveram, - "Tiruvannamally and Tiruvalavoyel "the same being respectively to be perform- "ed at places situate in the Provinces "subject to this Presidency and beyond the "Local limits of the Jurisdiction of this - "Court as regards Natives - This Court doth "Declare that the same are subject to the "said Regulations of the Governor in Council "of Fort St. George A. D. One thousand "Eight hundred and seventeen, Regula- "tion VIII, entitled a Regulation for the due ap- "propriation of the rents and produce - "of lands granted for the support of - "Mosques, Hindoo Temples, and Colleges, "or other public purposes for the main- "tenance and repairs of Bridges, Choul- "tries or Chuttrums, and other public Buildings

Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

"Buildings, and for the Custody
"and disposal of Escheats and ought
"respectively to be carried into ex-
"ecution under the Provisions of
"such Regulation and subject
"thereto, and the said Advocate
"General now appearing on behalf
"of the said Governor in Council
"and consenting for and in the
"name of the Board of Revenue
"that the said Iyah Sastry Streene
"vasa Pillay, Meenatchiah Braming
"Arnoogum, Moodelly Ragava Chet-
"Ramanjooloo Naick, Yagambaram
"Moodely, Chocapah Chitty and Wo-
"tagava, Sudinaraniah shall be
"appointed Trustees, Managers and
"Superintendents of the said seve-
"last mentioned charities. It is
"ordered that the said Sub Treasure
"with the privity of the said Accoun
"ant General do from time to time pay to
"the said Iyah Sastry, Streenevasa
"Pillay, Meenachiah Braming Arnoogu
"Moodelly, Ragavah Chetty, Raman
"jooloo Naick, Yagambaram, Moodely
"Chocapah Chetty and Wotagava

Fort St. George 8th June 1848

"Sudenaraniah, or such other persons as
"may be approved and confirmed by
"the said Board of Revenue as such
"Trustees Managers and Superintendents
"in the room of the said several persons
"last named, the interest upon the said
"funds so directed to be placed to the
"Credit of the said last mentioned Chari-
"ties for the purpose of carrying the
"same into execution under the Regulation
"hereinbefore in that behalf mentioned
"But this Court having regard to the
"several places where such charities are
"respectively to be performed doth
"not feel itself at liberty to give any
"further directions touching the particular
"mode of administering the same as
"as to the proposals of the Advocate
General relative thereto" thus clearly
admitting the jurisdiction in such
matters in place beyond the limits of the
Supreme Court to be vested in the
Board of Revenue and the Provincial
Courts and not in the Supreme Court

of

of Judicature at Madras, among the Pagodas mentioned in that Decree is Sembookaswarum believed to be the very same now the subject of complaint by Avidiapully.

10 With these precedents and with so much appearing on the face of the bill to shew that the Supreme Court could not enter upon the subject of the complaint without interfering with a province beyond the scope of its authority, and the relief sought being manifestly what it could not grant without the infringement of a Law which vests the Board of Revenue with power to determine in the first instance upon the plaint at issue subject to the control and connection of the local Court on the appeal of a party aggrieved, the proper step to be taken would seem to be to Demur to the Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in limine.

But to this proceeding there is stated to be a difficulty for to enable the Advocate

Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court it appears he must admit all the facts in the Plaint, which could not be admitted even for the sake of argument in this case without compromising the Defendant. It is necessary therefore to answer in order to deny what is untrue, and it would seem that the Advocate General has instructed the Company's Solicitor to answer accordingly. This is an admission so far of the Jurisdiction, and there must be a trial on the merits until at least the Supreme Court has evidence upon which it can judge whether it is competent to exercise jurisdiction or not, but it ought not to be suffered to go a step further without challenge and the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is fully impressed with the belief that a good argument can be made against the Jurisdiction on the grounds of the transactions in question generally being, within the scope of Regulation VII. of 1817 that is, as they are represented by the Acting Collector, and as it may be presumed will be proved.

St

12. It is to be regretted that Mr. Elliot has included in his answer to the interrogatories filed with the Plaint, irrelevant remarks and allegations instead of confining them strictly to the matter of fact, and it will be necessary that the Solicitor should be instructed to recast the answers, rejecting all that is not strictly pertinent and return them so reformed to Mr. Elliot to be authenticated by him.

13. With respect to the part the Acting Collector of Trichinopoly is asserted to have taken it would appear from the answer up to No. 18 that Mr. Elliot never until the time therein referred to interposed actively in any capacity in the dispute between the complainant and the other parties, but that on the complainant then offering to deliver the Pagoda property to him as Collector he merely "directed the same to be handed over to the Trustees instead of himself," and when he "desired to do this" "the parties were left to the Civil tribunals." This can scarcely be

and it does not even appear that the Collector gave a written order to the above effect, or that he actively interfered in his capacity of Collector on any other occasion.

It is however certain that he did actively interfere as Magistrate by taking the complainant into custody in order, as he states, to compel him to deliver up the keys of the great gates of the Pagoda which he had unwarrantably locked, and which it was necessary to open, to remove an obstruction to a public way and to preserve the public peace. But whether he acted right or wrong in this proceeding, it is not within the competency of the Supreme Court to enquire, and it must be here particularly remarked that the Complainant appealed against the proceeding of the Magistrate to the proper tribunal, the Sessions Court, which, it is presumed, did what was fitting on the occasion.

15 There is therefore nothing in the acts of Mr. Elliot which can bring him within the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in relation to this dispute, while the real subject matter seems to be clearly beyond the Jurisdiction

The

Supreme Court.

the rayots respecting them. The result was satisfactory in so far as it shewed that the ryots had already begun to appreciate the advantage of the money rates over the Sharing tenure. Some of the lands which I was able to inspect had most promising crops and in some cases parties who had thrown up their land declining to accede to money payments, were clamorous to get them back again. —

4 On the whole I am satisfied that the rates are reasonable. When the supply of water is adequate they can easily be paid, if it fall short remission will be allowed for withered crops. Particulars of produce were not given because accounts of this nature are not forthcoming for different fields or taruns, as it is usual under the Sharing system for a rayot to Collect in one Stack the crop of all his fields under the Tarik. Careful enquiry was however made as to the productive powers of the land, the result of which was, that the best land is acknowledged to yield two Poottis per acre, and bad land about 15 toons or 3/4 ths of a Pootty. It is well known that under a fixed assessment the returns are usually greater than under share. Rupees 20 per Pootty may be taken as the lowest ordinary price. It may be

Considered

Considered therefore that the present rates are not more than fairly represent a third of the ordinary produce. —

5 With respect to the village of Beddoogoonah I ascertained from the rayots that the explanation given of the existence of wells for the land of the two first classes, is Correct, and the rayots did not Complain of the rates as too high. I agree however with the Board in thinking that it ought not on the whole to be higher than the best land under channels, as at Datchapilly, and I propose therefore to reduce from next year to Rupees 13-8-: all rates above that sum. This will involve a loss. as shewn in the margin of 122-3-11.

Villages	Extent of Land	amount of Sheist according to present rate.			Amount of Sheist according to the proposed rate at 13-8- per annum.			Decrease.		
	acres									
Pedoogooraba	48-17-:	7	5	8	6	5	10	1	15	10
Senkarapooram	2-26-:	3	7	7	3	11	5	1	5	2
Datachapelly	5-5-:	7	9	6	6	3	:	1	6	6
marchekut	3-37-:	5	4	12	5	2	10	1	1	4
Iyagarepollem	1-16-:	2	6	7	1	14	5	1	9	1
	61-21-:	9	5	2	8	3	0	1	2	2

6 The discrepancy which the Board notice in Para 8 between the measurements taken under Mr. Whish's orders, and those now taken, have been accounted for by the latter measurement being more Correct. Similar discrepancies were found in the Wet lands of other villages, and to a great extent in the dry

dry lands. I had some of the measurements of the lands in Datchapilly and Goorzal tested in my presence and found them Correct. —

7 The reason why much of the 4th and 5th tarams under the Pedugural Tank was not occupied appears to be that they are on a high level and liable first to Suffer from the failing of water. —

8. With this modification I Consider that the rates will be found to answer, although should any new principles of assessment be adopted for the Guntoor District it may then be for Consideration whether they should also be applied to the Palnad.

9. In Para 19 of their Proceedings on my last Summabundy Report, the Board intimate their wish that the Dasabhagum should still appear in the accounts. In this case it will be necessary to exhibit 32-10. per cent of the present demand as Dasabhagum and the remainder as Shist, such being the proportion which formerly obtained. —

10 I submit a Statement explanatory of the assessment of the wet lands of the village Goolabud. which were settled in the current Fusly. I have reduced the higher class rates accepted by the ryots to Rupees 13-8-- the maximum Suggested by the Board in the case of Pedoogurab. —

11 Such are my views as to the modification which appears to me necessary. It will be observed

observed that this modification does not go to the extent of reforming the principles of classification under those which are the same as regulated the classification and assessment of the dry lands, there is a different Scale for each Village So that the first class land in one Village is differently taxed from the first class in another village, as it has occurred to some that the Board may Consider a still further simplification and reduction of rates expedient to encouragement the investment of Capital and the more uninterrupted Cultivation of the land, a Scale has been drawn up. which I beg to submit to the judgment of the Board for adoption, if they prefer it, to what has already been explained. the Subjoined Statement exhibits all the varieties of rates in the Settlement already reported to the Board, amounting to forty Eight, with the extent of land under each according to the total ayacut. It is proposed to reduce those to five rates for the whole Palnad and Soolakul in the Manner Shewn in the table. Details for each village are given in the accompanying Telugoo and English Statements. Under the present rates it will be found that the ayacut extent of 2066-29. acres is assessed at Rupees 16,670-12-2. Under the revised rates the same extent of land would be assessed at Rupees 15,356-6-3, the loss involved being Rupees 1314-6-11, or 7-14-2 per cent.

Present

8695

Fort St. George 8th June 1848

Number	Present Rate	Present Land acres	Present Land c	Present Shist	No.	Proposed Rate	Proposed Land	Proposed Shist
1	18 14 6	1	16	20 7 6				
2	16 8 "	28	11	466 8 9				
3	14 12 "	5	5	75 9 6				
4	14 8 "	20	0	292 2 11				
5	14 " "	13	8	184 12 9				
6	13 8 "	55	38	955 5 3				
7	13 " "	20	32	270 6 6				
8	12 12 "	14	7	180 11 9				
9	12 8 "	14	32	185 " "				
		173	35	2,427 " 11	1	13 " "	173 35	2,260 5 11
10	12 " "	42	24	511 3 1				
11	11 8 "	47	39	557 11 4				
12	11 " "	60	4	661 1 7				
13	10 12 "	30	33	331 5 11				
14	10 8 "	13	30	144 6 "				
		195	10	2,199 11 11	2	11 " "	195 10	2,147 12 "
"	10 8 "	41	15	434 7 "				
15	10 4 "	9	37	101 11 9				
16	10 " "	37	13	373 4 "				
17	9 8 "	86	3	817 11 5				
18	9 4 "	7	35	72 13 5				
19	9 " "	65	10	587 4 2				
20	8 13 "	8	10	72 11 3				
21	8 12 "	39	12	344 5 "				
		295	17	2,804 4 "	3	9 " "	295 17	2,658 13 2
		762	37	4,390 7 "	5	5 " "	762 37	3,814 10 "
Total		2,066	29	16,670 12 2	"	" " "	2,066 29	15,356 5 3

Guntoor Collector's office,
Dindy, 25th April 1848

Signed H. Stokes
Collector

Statement

Statement of Claims arising the Insurrect and Insolvent Estate of late of Little Canada Statute matter
Interpleader six Goods Levd.

Claimant	Claim	Claimants Residence	Cofs Date	Claim	Date Cofs Levd	Claim	Date Cofs Levd
23	14	351 14 10	15 1 2	1	14 " "	6 25 "	92 12
2	12 8 "	14 32 "	185 " "				
3	10 8	13 30	144 6 "	2	11 " "	13 30	151 4
						35 7 "	4222 "
						12 " "	

Plaintiff's Attorney
Defendant's Attorney

Plaintiff's Claim
Date of Levy
Amount of Claim
Date of Sale
Proceeds of Sale
Costs

1232	1	11	2	20	10	320	6	10	16	15
1235	"	3	4	2	17	28	6	2	9	10
1297	2	9	11¾	31	7	263	10	9	8	8
1220	2	1	"	25	5	117	14	"	16	10
1244	2	"	4	24	4	334	4	"	13	4
1247	2	4	"	26	36	684	12	"	21	12
1275	2	12	11½	83	16	519	2	"	15	8
	13	10	1	109	15	2465	7	9	15	13

Plaintiff's Attorney
Defendant's Attorney

Plaintiff's Claim
Date of Levy
Amount of Claim
Date of Sale
Proceeds of Sale
Costs

Sundries,
Costs in Cause,
Sunday 25th June 1848

Signed Pr. Pleas Court

8698 — F. George — 8th June 1818.

Number	Name of Pattoo	Total Assessment Land	Total Assessment Shist		2d Class Cultivated Land	2d Class Cultivated Shist	2d Class Uncultivated Land	2d Class Uncultivated Shist	Total 2d Class Land	Total 2d Class Shist
		10			11	12	13	14	15	16
6	Vannaveram	"	"	"	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
8	Gamalpad	"	"	"	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
13	Tummalacr	"	"	"	13 28	150 11 2	2 19	27 3 7	16 7	177 14 9
14	Caunapully	"	"	"	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
15	Chena Gar	96	8	5	5 14	68 13 7	5 3	55 13 2	10 17	114 10 9
18	Janapad				" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
20	Pedigurala	1,207	6	"	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
21	Gavasunep	"	"	"	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "	" " "
22	Conumky	"	"	"	5 21	60 12 5	2 11	25 " 6	7 32	85 12 10
23	Mullavole	98	7	8	2 13	25 9 3	5 22	61 " 10	7 35	86 10 1
25	Pillcotta	75	6	5	" 25	6 14 "	18 18	202 16 3	19 3	209 13 3
29	Caralapad	"	"	"						
31	Pinnaly	124	12	10	26 20	291 8 "	8 37	98 2 10	35 17	389 10 10
33	Jarulpuram	"	"	"	" "	" " "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
34	Tarungoopu	"	"	"	" "	" " "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
35	Tenkarapu	34	7	2	7 4	78 1 7	" 5	1 6 "	7 9	79 7 7
38	Datchapul	250	14	5	18 39	208 11 7	11 34	130 5 7	30 33	339 1 2
3	Nurmalap	"	"	"	" "	" " "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
5	Mereyalah	24	11	2	11 3	121 13 2	1 19	16 3 7	12 22	198 5 9
2	Goly	"	"	"	" "	" " "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
8	Munchecu	51	"	4	3 10	35 12 "	1 6	12 10 5	4 16	48 6 6
4	Madugola	"	"	"	4 14	47 13 8	" "	" " "	4 14	47 13 8
12	Poolpad	"	"	"	22 29	249 15 8	" "	" " "	22 29	249 15 8
13	Iyagary po	18	3	2	2 9	24 7 6	" 17	4 10 9	2 26	29 2 3
2	Dooggy	"	"	"	" "	" " "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
3	Puttaneed	"	"	"	" "	" " "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
7	Gottipalla	"	"	"	" "	" " "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
16	Taullapul	"	"	"	" "	" " "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
18	Poottoopul	"	"	"	" "	" " "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
26	Darvanoo	"	"	"	" "	" " "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
		1981	13	7	123 29	1360 15 7	57 31	635 8 5	181 20	1996 8 "
		278	8	4	3 "	33 " "	10 30	118 4 "	13 30	151 4 "
		2260	5	11	126 29	1393 15 7	68 21	753 12 5	195 10	2147 12 "

8699

Fort St. George 8th June 1848

3d Class

Cultivated				Uncultivated				Total			
Land		Shist		Land		Shist		Land		Shist	
17		18		19		20		21		22	
10	10	101	4	20	24	185	6	6	31	34	296
2	30	24	12	"	"	"	"	"	2	30	27
14	1	99	3	3	37	35	5	2	14	38	134
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	31	6	15	4	23	41	2	10	5	14	48
"	"	"	"	6	37	62	5	3	6	37	62
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
7	39	71	12	5	1	29	15	8	4	9	28
3	8	28	12	8	6	29	60	8	5	9	37
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
3	33	34	6	10	13	27	133	1	2	17	20
19	34	178	10	7	"	24	5	6	4	20	18
41	21	373	10	9	11	34	106	10	6	53	15
7	5	64	2	"	"	35	7	14	"	8	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
8	6	73	5	7	"	13	2	14	10	8	19
26	20	238	8	"	12	34	115	10	5	39	14
"	22	4	15	2	"	15	3	9	7	"	38
7	1	63	3	7	1	9	11	"	5	8	10
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	18	4	"	9	5	18	49	"	9	5	36
12	20	112	8	"	"	4	"	14	6	12	24
19	1	171	3	7	"	"	"	"	"	19	1
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
20	4	180	14	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	20	4
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	28	8
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	50	22
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	11	35
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	2	7
203	24	1,832	6	4	91	33	826	6	10	295	17
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
203	24	1,832	6	4	91	33	826	6	10	295	17

4th Class

Cultivated		Uncultivated		Total			
Shist		Land		Shist		Land	
24		25		26		27	
43	12	11	7	78	3	17	17
174	7	2	5	14	14	27	2
174	10	11	4	77	11	36	2
80	10	9	27	67	11	21	8
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
25	14	10	2	70	5	13	30
112	8	77	30	544	4	93	33
"	"	4	25	32	6	1	25
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	31	12	219	1	31	12
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	17	10	8	21
42	"	2	21	"	"	"	"
118	2	40	28	284	14	57	23
15	12	1	16	9	12	8	26
72	15	"	"	"	5	7	24
52	13	"	2	43	9	12	31
45	13	6	9	9	7	2	35
10	10	1	14	198	1	44	9
111	7	28	12	"	"	4	38
34	10	"	"	240	1	42	"
53	14	31	12	221	"	32	22
6	13	81	23	"	"	10	20
73	8	"	"	7	5	16	19
107	15	1	2	76	7	39	31
201	15	10	37	"	"	50	8
351	6	"	"	114	1	27	34
80	13	16	12	133	2	19	36
6	2	19	1	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	2	7
15	3	"	"	"	"	"	"
2014	1	3	351	21	2460	10	11
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
2014	1	3	351	21	2460	10	11

Total			
Land		Shist	
28			
121	15	7	
189	5	7	
252	5	7	
148	6	5	
"	"	"	
96	4	1	
656	12	5	
32	6	"	
"	"	"	
219	1	8	
"	"	"	
59	10	11	
403	"	5	
25	8	11	
72	15	8	
53	33		
89	6	9	
20	1	11	
309	9	2	
34	10	5	
294	"	1	
227	13	7	
73	8	"	
115	5	2	
278	6	9	
351	6	4	
194	15	2	
139	4	9	
"	"	"	
15	3	7	
4474	12	2	
"	"	"	
4474	12	2	

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Fort St. Jago

8th June 1848

5th Class

Cultivated		Uncultivated		Total	
Land	Shist	Land	Shist	Land	Shist
29	30	31	32	33	34
5 34	29 4 "	19 36	99 8 "	25 30	128 12 "
13 22	67 12 "	6 6	30 12 "	19 28	98 8 "
43 27	218 6 "	23 4	115 8 "	66 31	333 14 "
5 39	29 14 "	29 11	146 6 "	35 10	176 4 "
4 36	24 8 "	21 16	107 " "	26 12	131 8 "
10 21	52 10 "	39 5	195 10 "	49 26	248 4 "
" "	" " "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
" "	" " "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
" "	" " "	12 29	63 10 "	12 29	63 10 "
" "	" " "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
23 33	119 2 "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
4 38	24 12 "	52 32	264 " "	76 25	388 2 "
30 29	153 10 "	10 2	50 4 "	15 "	75 " "
7 1	35 2 "	70 "	350 " "	100 29	503 10 "
13 10	66 4 "	13 21	67 10 "	20 22	102 12 "
" "	" " "	11 29	58 10 "	24 39	124 14 "
" "	" " "	4 5	20 10 "	4 5	20 10 "
3 11	16 6 "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
1 39	9 14 "	12 16	62 " "	15 27	78 6 "
" "	" " "	46 14	231 12 "	48 13	241 10 "
" "	" " "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
" 14	1 12 "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
22 37	114 10 "	" 30	" 3 12	" 4	" 5 8 "
1 2	5 4 "	4 38	24 12 "	27 35	130 6 "
19 19	97 6 "	4 10	21 4 "	5 12	26 8 "
29 10	146 4 "	52 2	260 4 "	71 21	357 10 "
" "	" " "	21 2	105 4 "	50 12	251 8 "
12 7	60 14 "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
2 11	11 6 "	32 10	161 4 "	44 17	222 2 "
1 20	7 8 "	16 19	82 6 "	18 30	93 12 "
" "	" " "	" "	" " "	1 20	7 8 "
258 20	1292 8 "	504 17	2522 2 "	762 37	3814 10 "
" "	" " "	" "	" " "	" "	" " "
258 20	1292 8 "	504 17	2522 2 "	762 37	3814 10 "

Total

Cultivated		Uncultivated		Total	
Land	Shist	Land	Shist	Land	Shist
35	36	37	38	39	40
23 14	174 4 "	51 27	363 2 1	75 1	537 6 1
41 9	266 15 7	8 11	45 10 "	49 20	312 9 7
93 14	642 15 2	40 24	255 11 11	133 38	898 11 1
17 20	110 8 10	38 38	214 1 7	56 18	324 10 5
18 11	184 9 2	31 9	206 4 5	49 20	390 13 7
14 9	78 8 5	56 4	328 4 11	70 13	406 13 4
92 35	1,110 14 10	93 33	753 3 7	186 28	1,864 2 5
7 39	71 12 5	19 3	111 8 4	27 2	183 4 9
8 29	89 9 1	9 "	85 8 10	17 29	175 1 11
7 11	89 14 11	39 19	314 4 6	46 30	404 3 5
29 6	171 12 10	89 34	654 " 10	119 "	825 13 8
30 32	245 6 7	13 7	73 5 3	43 39	318 11 10
121 27	1015 10 2	135 1	885 14 1	256 28	1901 8 3
16 16	115 " "	15 32	85 4 11	32 8	200 4 11
23 27	139 3 8	11 29	58 10 "	35 16	197 13 8
23 38	219 4 "	6 5	44 12 5	30 3	264 " 5
71 3	740 11 7	31 7	292 13 2	102 10	1033 8 9
5 14	31 15 11	14 6	75 " 9	19 20	107 " 8
37 36	331 1 6	77 14	457 1 7	115 10	788 3 1
4 38	34 10 5	" "	" " "	4 38	34 10 5
13 32	124 14 5	42 17	321 9 11	56 9	446 8 4
18 7	168 14 10	32 17	225 10 10	50 24	394 9 8
75 7	609 5 3	4 38	24 12 "	80 5	634 1 3
20 4	155 14 3	5 29	33 4 4	25 33	189 2 7
48 13	299 5 2	62 39	336 11 7	111 12	636 " 9
99 22	678 8 7	21 2	105 4 "	120 24	783 12 7
11 22	80 13 7	16 12	114 1 7	27 34	194 15 2
13 2	67 " "	51 11	294 6 9	64 13	361 6 9
2 11	11 6 "	16 19	82 6 "	18 30	93 12 "
3 27	22 11 7	" "	" " "	3 27	22 11 7
995 15	8083 10 9	1036 7	6,842 14 2	2031 22	14926 8 11
16 20	208 8 "	18 27	221 4 4	35 7	429 12 4
1011 35	8292 2 9	1054 34	7064 2 6	2066 29	15356 5 3

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Fort St. George 8th June 1848

Average per acre	Comparison between Col.s 3 and 40 Increase	Comparison between Col.s 3 and 40 Decrease	Comparison between Col.s 3 and 40 Per Cent	Average per acre Before Famine	Subsequent to the famine	Average on 20 years	Comparison between Col. 41 & 47 Increase	Comparison between Col. 41 & 47 Decrease
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
7 2 7	- - -	65 - 11	10 12 9	8 15 3	5 3 4	7 13 7	- - -	- 11 -
6 5 -	- - -	22 13 -	6 12 11	7 14 7	5 10 1	6 13 3	- - -	- 8 3
6 11 4	- - -	90 14 4	9 3 -	7 6 6	8 4 6	7 10 8	- - -	- 15 4
5 12 -	- - -	15 13 3	4 10 4	5 11 -	4 6 2	5 7 6	- 4 6	- - -
7 14 4	- - -	81 4 -	7 6 5	8 4 11	8 10 9	8 6 3	- - -	- 7 11
5 12 7	- - -	34 14 4	7 14 4	7 2 7	5 5 6	6 9 6	- - -	- 12 11
9 15 9	- - -	254 13 -	12 - 5	12 1 3	7 2 11	10 4 5	- - -	- 4 8
6 12 5	- - -	33 1 7	15 4 11	8 - -	4 12 -	6 15 2	- - -	- 2 9
9 14 -	- - -	20 3 5	10 5 7	11 6 5	10 4 8	11 1 4	- - -	1 3 4
8 10 4	- - -	41 1 2	9 3 7	9 12 3	7 5 9	9 - 6	- - -	- 6 2
6 15 -	- - -	129 4 9	13 8 7	7 8 6	5 10 6	6 15 7	- - -	- - 7
7 4 -	- - -	19 7 10	5 12 2	9 5 9	5 11 9	8 2 -	- - -	- 14 -
7 6 6	- - -	153 8 2	7 5 2	6 2 10	5 4 10	5 14 3	- 1 8	- 15 8
6 3 6	- - -	33 7 8	14 5 6	8 4 4	4 6 5	7 3 2	- - -	- 4 5
5 9 5	- - -	6 14 8	3 6 5	6 8 2	5 - 3	5 13 10	- - -	- 5 9
8 12 6	- - -	30 1 3	10 3 -	11 12 3	7 10 3	10 2 3	- - -	- - -
10 1 9	- - -	- - -	1 7 8	11 5 7	8 8 3	10 1 -	- - 9	- - -
5 7 11	- - -	15 4 10	- 3 7	4 13 10	2 - -	9 15 11	- 1 8	- - -
6 13 5	- - -	- - -	2 5 3	7 2 8	4 12 8	6 7 6	- - 5	- 2 7
5 - -	- - -	6 2 11	21 11 5	8 6 6	4 14 10	7 7 -	- - 11	- - -
7 15 1	- - -	18 12 7	2 8 6	9 15 4	5 3 2	6 8 -	- - 1	- 2 10
7 12 8	- - -	- - -	2 10 -	7 8 -	7 9 3	7 15 6	- - 7	- - -
7 14 7	- - -	11 9 8	6 14 7	8 13 8	6 15 10	7 7 - 8	- - 13	- 10 6
7 5 2	- - -	10 10 4	8 15 7	5 8 8	7 6 2	7 15 8	- - 11	- 14 4
7 11 5	- - -	47 - 11	12 15 2	6 8 -	3 15 9	7 4 13 1	- - -	- - -
6 8 -	- - -	17 7 5	7 4 9	7 5 8	5 1 2	5 13 1	- - 10	- - -
7 5 11	- - -	87 6 2	20 - -	6 4 7	3 13 2	5 10 -	- 1 6	- - -
5 9 11	- - -	61 10 5	6 15 9	5 6 10	4 5 10	4 14 10	- - 11	- - -
5 - -	- - -	48 11 10	23 1 3	4 7 5	2 2 7	3 4 9	- - 11	3 6 -
6 2 11	- - -	27 2 2	8 6 4	4 7 13	3 9 8	5 14 5	- - 4	- - -
		28 2 -						
		2 1 4						
7 5 7	21 7 9	1343 9 -	8 2 2	8 - -	5 14 5	7 2 8	- - -	- - -
12 3 4	7 10 4	Increase 21 7 9	1 12 11	12 15 8	16 14 9	15 1 3	- - -	2 13 11
- - -	29 2 1	Decrease 1322 3	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -

8702

Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

Number of Villages	Present Class	Present Rate	Present Land	Present Sist	Proposed Class	Proposed Rate	Proposed Land	Proposed Sist	Decrease	Remarks
		Rs a	a c	Rs a p		Rs a	a c	Rs a p	Rs a p	
20	1	16 8	28 11	466 8 9						This decrease is owing to the 1st 2d and 3d Classes of land in the present settlement being placed as first class in the proposed one and to the lands of the 4th and 5th Classes which is situated at a distance from the Tank on which it entirely depends for irrigation being placed as fourth class lands in consequence of 77-30 of land having been left uncultivated.
	2	14 8	20 6	292 2 11	1	13 -	92 35	1207 6 -	- - -	
	3	13 8	44 18	600 1 4						
	4	8 8	63 6	536 12 7			93 33	656 12 5	- - -	
	5	7 4.6.	30 27	223 5 10	4	7 "				
			186 28	2118 15 5			186 28	1864 2 5	254 13 -	
								Percent	12 " 5	
21	1	10 8	7 39	83 11 10						The 4th Class land being 12-29 at the rate of 6-4-9 is now placed as 5th Class at 5 Rupees per acre in consideration of the uncertain supply of water and of there being lands uncultivated, it is not considered advisable to make the rates higher than is now proposed.
	2	9 -	1 29	15 8 5	3	9 "				
	3	8 -	4 25	37 - -			9 28	87 4 9	- - -	
	4	6 4.9.	12 29	80 2 1	4	7 "	4 25	32 6 -	- - -	
							12 29	63 10 -	- - -	
			27 2	216 6 4	5	5 "	27 2	183 4 9	33 1 7	
								Percent	15 4 11	

8703

Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

Number of Villages	Present Class	Present Rate	Present Land	Present Sist	Proposed Class	Proposed Rate	Proposed Land	Proposed Sist	Decrease	Remarks
		Rs a	a c	Rs a p		Rs a	a c	Rs a p	Rs a p	
25	1	13 -	5 32	75 6 5	1	13 -	5 32	75 6 5		This decrease is owing to the 4th Class land assessed at Rupees 6-11 being placed as 5th Class at the rate of Rupees from the supply of water being uncertain and from 52-13 of land being uncultivated and from taking into consideration the means under which the whole content of land may be cultivated for the future however it appears that the proposed settlement reaches the average of 20 years. -
	2	11 -	19 -	209 13 2	2	11 -	19 3	209 13 3		
	3	9 -	17 20	157 8 -	3	9 -	17 20	157 8 -		
	4	6 11	76 25	512 6 10	5	5 -	76 25	383 2 -		
			119 -	955 2 5			119 -	825 13 8	129 4 9	
									Percent 13 8 7	
33	1	10 -	8 -	80 - -	3	9 -	8 -	72 - -		Altho the proposed settlement appears to be below the average of 20 years and below that of the years before the famine yet as it appears higher than the average subsequent to the famine and as there is a good deal of uncultivated land it is not considered necessary to make the rates higher than is now proposed. -
	2	8 -	3 26	29 3 3	4	7 -	3 26	25 8 11		
	3	6 1	20 22	124 9 4	5	5 -	20 22	102 12 -		
			32 8	233 12 7			32 8	200 4 11	33 7 8	
									Percent 14 5 2	
7	1	8 12	27 34	243 11 -	4	7 -	27 34	194 15 2	48 11 10	Altho it appears that there is a decrease of 20 per cent in the proposed settlement yet as it appears higher than the average of 20 years and than that subsequent to the famine the proposed rate is considered to be fair. -
									Percent 20 - -	
18	1	6 8	18 30	121 14 -	5	5 -	18 30	93 12 -	28 2 -	Altho there is a decrease of 28-2 per cent in the proposed settlement as it appears higher and as 16-19 of land have been left uncultivated the proposed rate is considered to be fair. -
									Percent 23 1 3	

8704

Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

Number of Villages	Present Class	Present Rates	Present Land a	Present Land c	Present Sist Rs a p	Proposed To be settled with reference to other Villages. Class	Proposed Rate	Proposed Land a	Proposed Land c	Proposed Sist Rs a p	Altered Class	Altered Rate	Altered Land a	Altered Land c	Altered Sist Rs a p	Increase Rs a p	Remarks
38	1	14 12	5	5	75 9 6	1	13	5	5	66 10 -			19	12	250 14 5		Altho the first class land is lessened with reference to the rates of other Villages, yet it does not appear advisable to reduce the rates on the other classes of land as the Dams of this Village have been supplied from the Nagalair Stream; it is therefore settled with reference to the average of 20 years.
	2	12 12	14	7	180 11 9	2	11	14	7	155 14 10			30	13	339 1 2		
	3	10 12	30	33	331 5 11	3	9	30	33	277 6 9			39	14	354 2 5		
	4	8 12	39	14	344 5 -	4	7	39	14	275 7 2			12	31	89 6 9		
	5	6 12	12	31	86 3 9	5	5	12	31	63 14 -			-	-	- - -		
			102	10	1018 3 11			102	10	839 4 9			102	4	1033 8 9	15 4 10	
															Percent	1 7 8	
5	1	13 8	1	36	25 10 4	1	13	1	36	24 11 2			1	36	24 11 2		If the lands under the 3rd and 4th Class in the present settlement were to be classed under the 4th and 5th with reference to other Villages there would be a decrease from the average of 20 years no alteration has been therefore made there is no great difference between the present and proposed settlements. -
	2	11 8	12	22	144 5 2	2	11	12	22	138 - 9			12	22	138 - 9		
	3	8 13	8	10	72 11 3	3	9						8	10	74 4 -		
	4	6 12	44	9	298 8 4	4	7	8	10	57 12 -			44	9	309 9 2		
	5	5 8	48	13	265 12 7	5	5	92	22	462 12 -			48	13	241 10 -		
			115	10	806 15 8			115	10	683 3 11			115	10	788 3 1	18 12 7	
															Percent	2 5 3	
2	1	5 12	4	38	28 7 6	5	5	4	38	24 12 -	4	7	438 -		32 10 5		

Increase 6 2 10

Percent 22 10 5

Of the 3 dams of this Village two burst in July 1252 there being this but one in good order and a portion of the land only has been cultivated, the rate is not withstanding proposed with reference to the average of 20 years.

Guntoor Zillah
Collector's Cutchery
Dindy 27th April 1848

/Signed/ H. Stokes
Collector

8705 Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

Proceedings Observations and orders on the explanation furnished by the Collector of Guntoor respecting the rates of money assessment to be imposed on the Wet lands of Palnaud.

(5-6.)

thereon.- 297 In their Proceedings of 7th February last the Board in reviewing the rates of assessment proposed by the Collector to be fixed upon the Nunjah lands of Palnaud observed that no particulars of produce had been furnished. They remarked that the three first rates of Teerwa in the Village of Peddagooral Rupees 16½ - 14½ and 13½ respectively (imposed partly in consequence of the lands of those Farms being supplied by wells in addition to the Tank,) were both high in reference to the rates obtaining in other Villages possessing equal advantages of irrigation and exhibited a great contrast with the rates of the lower Taroms of the same Village or Rupees 8½ and Rupees 7- 4- 6 and they considered it desirable that the Collector should satisfy himself that the conditions in reference to which the higher rates had been determined did really exist. The Collector was also requested to consider whether the third

L.G.B.

rate

8706 Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

rate or Rupees 13- 8 did not more fairly represent the capabilities of the land (48 acres) comprised within the two first classes in Peddvogooral Explanation was also required as to the reason why so large a proportion of the 3d 4th and 5th Classes but of the two last more particularly had been left waste as likewise respecting some discrepancies observable between the extent of land entered in the Statement furnished by Mr. Whish and that lately submitted by Mr. Stokes.-

In his letter now before the Board the Collector has furnished explanation on the various points referred to him. He states that during his visit to the Palnaud for the settlement of the Current Fusly he had used his best endeavours to ascertain how the new rates worked and the feeling of the rayets respecting them. The result was satisfactory in so far as it shewed that the rayets had already begun to appreciate the advantages of the money rates over the sharing tenure, some of the lands which he was able to inspect had most promising Crops and in some cases parties who had thrown up their land declining to accede to money payments were clamorous to get them back again. On the whole he adds he is satisfied that the rates

are

are reasonable where the supply of water is adequate they can easily be paid and if it fall short remission will be allowed" If has been satisfactorily ascertained that the account given of the wells in the lands of the higher classes in the Village of Peddoogoral is correct. The rayets themselves did not complain of the rates fixed on those lands as excessive, but the Collector is of opinion that both in Peddoogoral and in the other villages in which the highest rates exceed Rupees 13½ they may with advantage be reduced to that sum as a maximum and he proposes to carry out that reduction which will involve a loss of Rupees 122-3-11, from the ensuing Fusly. With these modifications the Collector considers that the rates suggested in his letter of 17th September last will be found to answer

In Cons. 7th Feby 1848.

3- The particulars of produce were not furnished because "accounts of this "nature are not forthcoming for different fields or tarums, as it is usual "under the sharing system for a rayet "to collect in one stock the crop of all his "fields under the Tank." Careful enquiry was however made as to the productive powers of the lands the result of

of which was as already stated, to show that the proposed rates of teerwa were not more than the several classes of land could fairly bear. The cause of much of the 4th and 5th Tarums under the Peddoogoral Tanks being unoccupied appears to have arisen from their being on a high level and therefore the first to suffer from failure of water. The discrepancies between the measurements made under Mr. Whish's orders and those lately taken are accounted for by the latter, some of which were tested in Mr. Stokes's presence, being more correct.

4- The explanation now submitted is so far satisfactory. The Board approve the Collector's proposal to reduce to Rupees 13-8 " all rates above that standard, and direct that this change come into operation from the approaching Fusly. No other modifications of the rates previously proposed seem necessary.

5- The Collector has proposed to reduce the various rates adopted in the several villages to five general Tarums which are to have

13-11-9-7-5 Rs. per Acre.

effect

effect throughout the whole Taluk according to the table submitted at the conclusion of his letter. The Ayacut of 2066-29 Acres now bears an Assessment of Rupees 16,670-12-2 which if the maximum rate be lowered to Rupees 13-8- as proposed will be reduced to 16,545-3-2, The same extent under the consolidated rates would be assessed at Rupees 15,356-5-3 causing a loss of 1188-13-11 or 7-2-11 per Cent.

6. The Board of Revenue are not insensible to the advantages of simplifying the assessment by a reduction of rates but they are of opinion that the present is not a fit time for introducing the change suggested by the Collector which will more properly come under consideration when a general revision of the assessment is made.

Read the following letters

To

T. Pycroft Esqre.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

(7)

From the Collr. of Masulipatam

Sir,

Para 1. Agreeably to the instructions conveyed in your letter of the 4th Instant, I have the honor to

Submitting Report on certain Petitions presented to the

the Board which were referred by them for Enquiry

to report upon the Petitions noted in the Margin, which accompanied your Separate letters of the 27th March last.

Herewith returned
No. 473 of 1848
No. 490
548
549
550
551
of 1848

2. It would need I think but a very slight acquaintance with the practice which prevails in this District in regard to the getting up of Petitions to enable any one to pronounce the whole of these, upon which I have been called upon to report, to be the production of the same party or parties, and that the charges conveyed in them, the very extravagances of which, one would think would be sufficient to carry their own refutation, have been put forth for no other purpose, than the gratification of private pique, and malignity- A mere inspection of the paper on which they are all written of the handwriting and wording of them all, of the signatures, so extremely unlike those which are generally appended to genuine Petitions- added to the circumstance of their having been all posted either at Guntoor or Condapally (a fact which I conceive that I am

Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

I am justified in assuming as regards these Petitions from having received from Government their exact counterparts to be returned under the Petition Regulations, each of which was accompanied by the envelope in which it was forwarded to Government, bearing the stamp of one or the other of these Post Offices) is in my opinion quite sufficient to warrant the conclusion that they do not, as they purport to do emanate from parties living at the very opposite extremities of the District.

3- It will be observed that these Petitions contain, most of them, an intimation of the unwillingness of Submitting them to the Collector for report, as in that case the Subscribing parties would undoubtedly deny the authenticity of their signatures. It might with great safety have been further predicted that in the greater number of instances no individuals would have been forthcoming answering to the names appended to the Petitions for such has in fact turned out to be the case. The greater number of the names entered in those of the Petitions which purport to come from large bodies of Ryots, are found to be purely fictitious

and

Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

and to be moreover, many of them, quite unknown in the Catalogue of Native Names.

and in those instances in which I have been able to summon before me parties answering to the names assumed they have one and all strenuously denied any Knowledge of the Petition or of the particulars set forth in it, tending to throw discredit on the character of the Head Sheristadar.

I consider it right that the Board should not be left in ignorance of the fact which appears to have given ground for the gross calumny put forth in the Petitions purporting to come from the Curnums of the Villages of Bezoarah and Goodewadah, Dist. the possession by the Head Sheristadar of a House, in each of these Villages. Being both of them, places at which I have had occasion to make somewhat long halts during the Samalundy settlement, and neither of them affording good accommodation for the Cutcherry Servants, the Sheristadar has provided himself with quarters at each of them by purchasing a small House in the Village of Bezoarah, and building one at Goodewadah. The purchases at Bozoarah was conducted in the most open manner, in the presence of the Head Inhabitants of the

No. 4738549.

the Village, and the Bill of sale was drawn up, and attested, by the very Curnums who are now made to appear as protesting against the transaction. The difference manifest between the signatures of these parties on the document in question, and indeed on innumerable other documents to be found on record and that appended to the Petition which has been presented to the Board in their name, is of itself amply sufficient to prove the latter to be a most barefaced forgery and the same may be said in regard to the Petition which purports to have been presented by the Goodewadah Curnums. I may add that the Houses in question do not occupy one inch of ground on which a revenue could be derived by the Government and that during such time as they are not required by the Proprietor, they are open as receptacles for travelling Cramins and that at Bezowrah there is also a small portion set a part for the accommodation of Soodras. So that it is difficult to imagine how the possession of these two properties could be open to objection or excite ill-will, except in the minds of parties who are ready to avail themselves of any incident, however trifling, on which to found a malicious insinuation.

Having

5. Having written thus much on the subject of these strictly speaking, anonymous productions, I trust that I may be allowed to express a hope, that if the Board concur with me in the views that I have taken of them, they will at all events record their opinion in as marked a manner as possible in justice to the individual who has thus been made the object of unmerited calumnies. It should not be forgotten that Ramanoja Row joined this District under peculiar circumstances connected with his late employment in Bellary, and it would appear that he has in consequence been from time to time assailed with the most virulent abuse by parties in this District to whom he may have rendered himself obnoxious in the discharge of his duties, and however much the present authorities may be convinced of his innocence unless this conviction is clearly set forth, it is by no means unlikely that a portion of the filth with which his character has been so literally bespattered may adhere to it, and tend to obscure his real merits from the sight of succeeding authorities, who may be not so well aware of them as the present.

For

8715

Fort St. George 8th June. 1848.

For my own part, I have no hesitation in avowing on this present occasion, that I have never as yet observed any thing in his conduct which should shake the reliance which I have always hitherto felt in his integrity and uprightness and zeal for the interests of his employers-

6- Your letter of the 4th Instant alluded to at the commencement of this gave cover to two Petitions which had been sent down from Government to the Board - Of these No. 9 of 1848, purports to proceed from the Ryots of Vinnacottah, and No. 10 from the Goodewaddah Curnums, but it is abundantly manifest that they have both been fabricated in the same work shop as those which form the subject of this report No. 10 I have already commented upon and in regard to No. 9, I think the Board will agree with me, that if sufficient doubts exist in regard to my character, to make the charges which it contains a fit subject for investigation, at all events I am not the proper party, by whom that investigation should be conducted, as I am therein accused of having amassed by corrupt practices, an annual sum of 30000 Rupees since my arrival in this District-

No. 9 of 1848
Govt. No. 373
No. 10 of 1848
Govt. No. 374

Masulipatam
Collrs. Cutcherry
19th May 1848-

/Signed R. T. Porter
Collector

Resolution thereon- Under the explanation submitted by the Collector the Board of Revenue resolve to reject Petitions No. 9-10-473-490-458-549-510-511 of 1848-

7-8

The Board regret to that from an over sight in the Office, Petition No. 9 of 1848 should have been forwarded to the Collector.

Endorsement on each of the above Petitions except 9/1848
"Under the explanation of the Collector the Board of Revenue reject this Petition"-

To

8716.

Fort St. George 8th June 1848-

9

From the Collr. Masulipatam
Stating that as there are no Forests or Wooded Jungles of the Nature alluded to the required information cannot be supplied-

T. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

Sir

1- I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of a Circular letter from the Acting Secretary to the Board dated 11th November last accompanied by correspondence respecting the effect of Jungles on the climate, and productiveness of a Country or District, and the results of extensive clearances of Timber and requesting any information on the subject which I may be able to afford-

2- The enquiries which I have made upon the subject both personally, and thro' the Native Authorities in the Talooks, as well as the visits which I have made at different times to almost every corner of the District, enable me to state all that there certainly do exist extensive Jungles on the borders of the Nizam's territories in the Northern parts of this District, there are no "Forests" or "Wooded" Jungles of the Nature alluded to in the communications under acknowledgment, which as far as I can ascertain would be

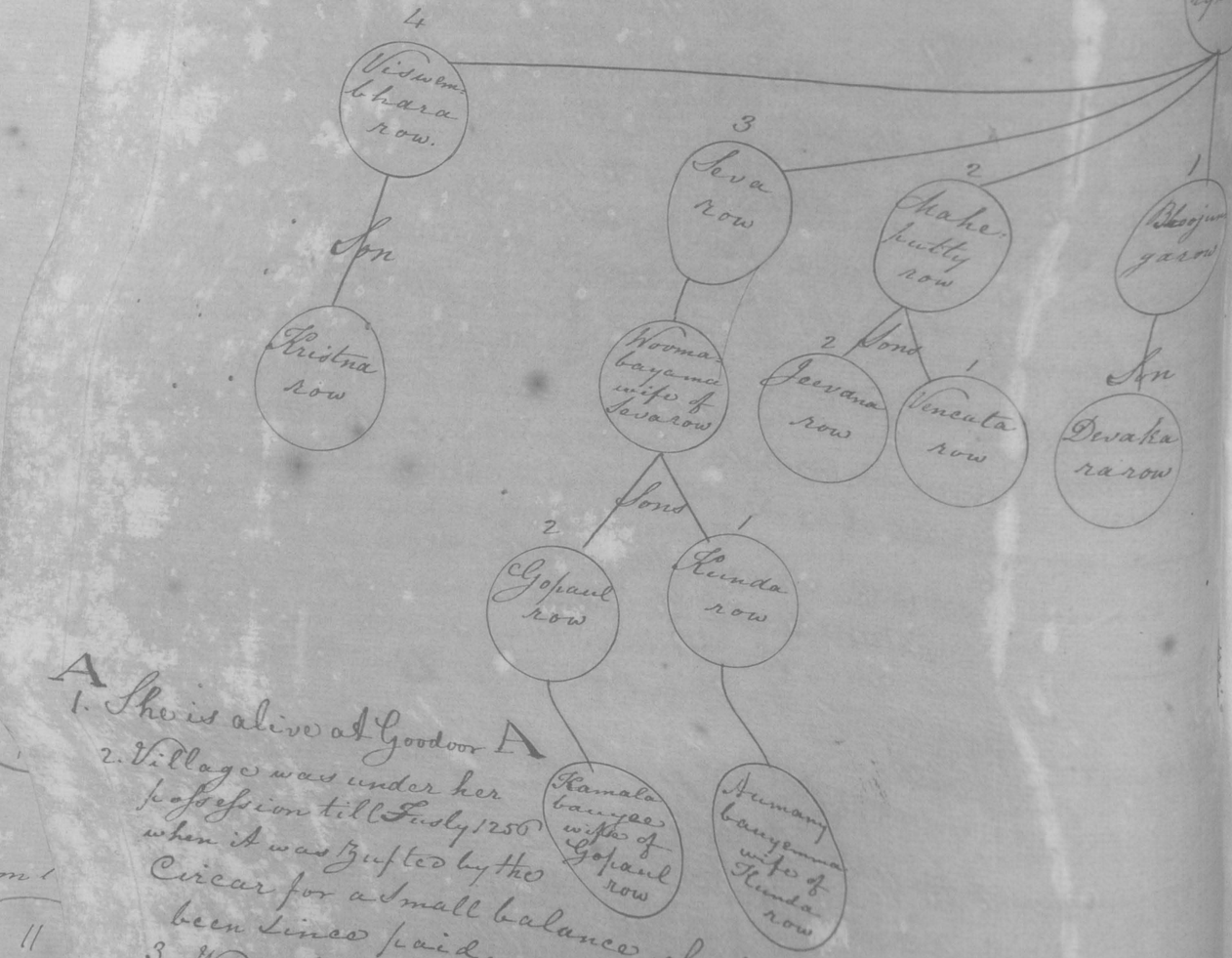
8717

8719

Chootlooshollium Shrotriam in Sydapoor

Dowle Rs
Fusly 1258 - 407-3-3.

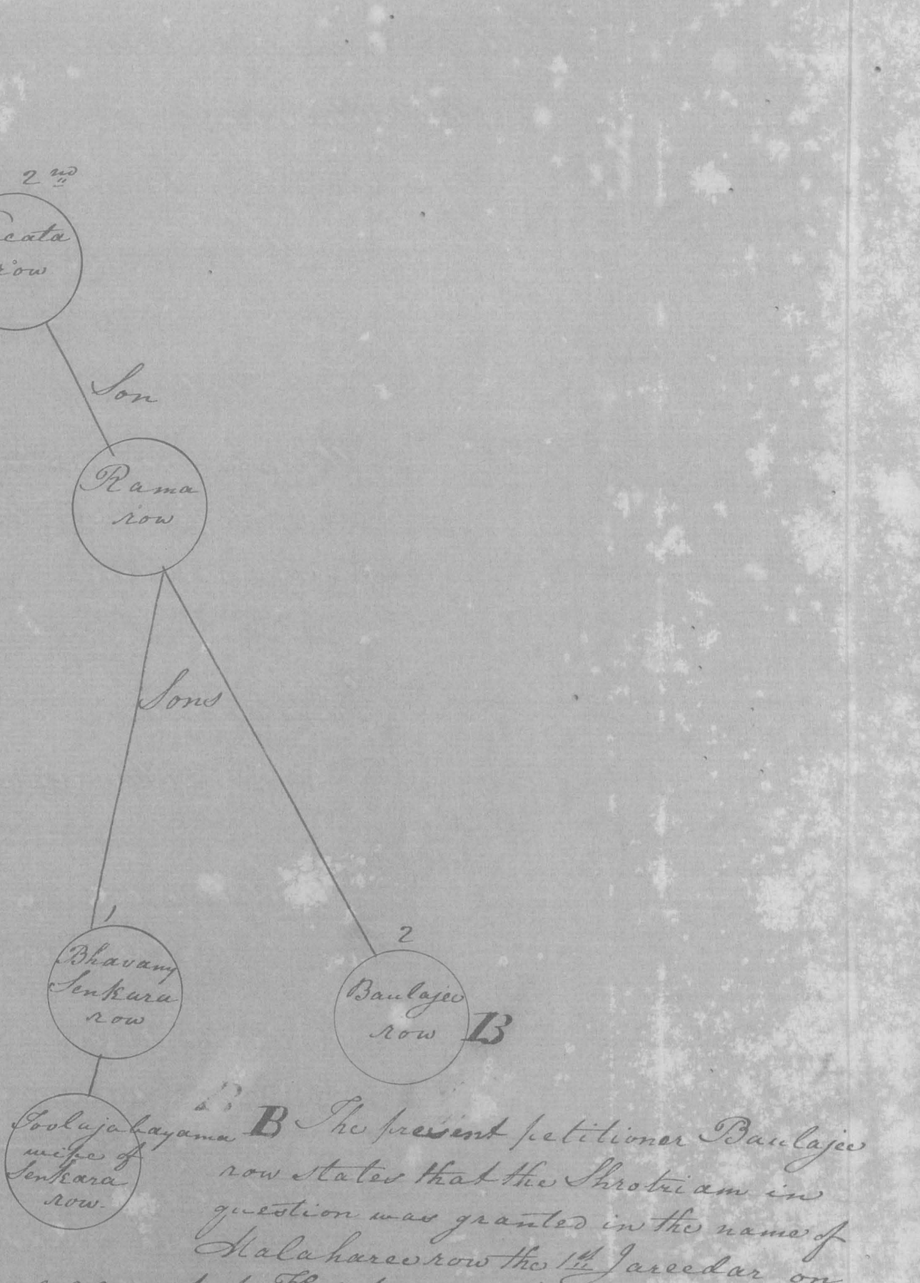
The Village was given to Malahary row by late Boopathy Vencatrama Saidoo in the year Saudauranah or 1790.—



A
1. She is alive at Goodoor A
2. Village was under her profession till Fusly 1258 when it was Rented by the Circar for a small balance which has been since paid.—
3. Woomabayamma the widow of Seva row and Ramalabayee the widow of Gopaul row are living together.—

8th June 1848.

No 1 Bariz payable to Circar Rupees 240.—"—"—



B The present petitioner Baulajee row states that the Shrotriam in question was granted in the name of Malahareerow the 1st Jareedar on account of Kristnajee Naik the Original individual and that as his descendants are an undivided family, he is entitled to a co portion in the Shrotriam.—

/Signed/ G. A. Smith
Collector.—

Fort St. George 8th June 1848

No. 2.

List of Documents relating to the Shrotrium Village of Chottoopollem situated within the Talook of Sydapoorum

1. Tahsildar's Arzee dated 17th September 1845 and its enclosures Viz.t.—

Arzee ——— 1

Dowle Statement of Fusly 1254 ——— 1

Letter from Woommaboyemma, Mother and Comalaboyemma widow of Gopaulrow the deceased Shrotriumdar to the address of the Tahsildar ——— 1

2. Tahsildar's Arzee dated 8th November 1845 No. 56 and its enclosure Viz.t 3

Arzee ———

Deposition obtained from Caupoos and Curnums of the Shrotrium Village ——— 1/2

3. Tahsildar's arzee dated 25th November 1845 No. 69 and its enclosures Viz.t.—

Arzee ———

Depositions given by,

Meonagala Naravajaunaidoo ———

Footalapatty Soobhanaidoo ———

Curnum Poomy Chennapah ———

Dasoory Veneatramoodoo ———

Lingansetty Pinchaloo ———

Nagaram Govindoo ———

Jevanarow ———

Balajy Row ———

Original Arzee No. 1088 ———

Family Tree delivered by Balajy Row ———

Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

4. Balajy Row's Arzee to the address of the Collector dated 12th June 1847 No. 5266 and its enclosure Viz.t.—

Arzee ———— 1

Original letter from Joopully Gopaunaiminigauroo dated 10th Increasing Jaista year Yoovah to the address of Ram Row ——— 1

2

18

Sellor's District
Alloor
Collector's Cutcherry
13th May 1848

(Signed) G. A. Smith
Collector.

No. 4.

Translation of a letter from Joopully Gopaunaidoo to Ram Row dated the 10th of the increasing Moon of the Month Jaista of the year Yoovah.—

L.S.

After complimento. I received your letter informing me the following and other circumstances Viz.t that the four Sons of Malaharyrow when residing at Chittoor and there abouts fell out one with another and that in separating they allowed no portion to Bavany Sankararow and Balajyrow the grand Sons of Veneatrow the younger Brother of Malaharyrow as they are young and living with you. I sent for Sevarow the Son of Malaharyrow and told him that in consideration of the friendship which existed between his Ancestors and my Ancestors, my Fathers granted on account of Christnajee

Fort St. George 8th June 1818.

Kristnajee Saib to his eldest son Mala
ryrow the Shrotrium of Chottoopollem, but th
I am given to understand that they portioned t
Shrotrium amongst themselves without giving
the portion of Vencatraw to his grand sons an
questioned him how this was. Sevarow state
that he and his Brothers quarrelled, that it wa
settled that his three Brothers were to receiv
the property of [illegible] and that he was to enjoy his
father's portion of the Chottoopollem Shrotriu
but that the Settlement did not exclude the
grand sons of his Uncle Vencatrow from enjo
his portion - that they are now young and
with their Uncle / the Brother of their Mother
that when they come there will be no objectio
whatever to giving them their portion. Consq
this is written to inform you that there is no
tion whatever to the portion of Vencatraw be
given to his Grand sons. I have sent by
Saib the Papers for enveloper, the Chotta
Kala Papers, and two Lines of Cadjan
Para Kala Papers which you write for

/ True Translation /
/ Signed / G. L. Smith
Collector

Ordered

Fort St. George 8th June 1818

Ordered that the foregoing letter and the previous Correspondence on the Subject be submitted with the following address.

(14-15)

To the Chief Secretary to Government

To the Chief Sec.y to Government.. Sir

Submitting Correspondence with the Coll.r of Nellore relative to the Shrotrium Village of Chottoopollem in the Sidapoor Talook and recommending that it remain in the possession of the Widow of the deceased incumbent leaving the claimant Balajee Row to make good his claim by an action in Court & suggesting that the amount in deposit remain 6 months longer and if no legal proceedings are instituted by the latter that it be paid to the widow.

I am directed by the Board of Revenue to submit for the consideration and Orders of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council the accompanying Correspondence which has passed between this Office and the Collector of Nellore on the Subject

From Coll.r 31st Dec.r 1817 in 10th Jan.y 1818
Proceedings 10th January "
From Coll.r 29th Jan.y in Cons.n 21st February "
Proceedings 21st February "
From Coll.r 24th March in Cons.n 1st May "
To Coll.r 1st May "
From Coll.r 13 May in Cons.n 8th June 1818

of the Shrotrium Village of Chottoopollum in the Sydapoor Talook of his district

From the reports of the Collector it would appear that the Village in question was granted in A D 1790 on Shotrium tenure, subject to an annual Cattoobady of 240 Rupees by a former Zemindar of the Sydapoor Estate to one Mala-chary Row, Grandfather of Gopaulrow the late Shrotriumdar, whose decease in July 1815 is now reported. The family left by Gopaulrow consists of his widow and Mother. The Shotrium was at the time of his death in arrears to Government in the sum of 90 Rupees, and no claim to these funds being at

Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

at the same time preferred by one Balaji Row, th
property was attached by order of the late Collect
Mr. Bishop. The arrears were soon paid up by t
females, but the Village continued under mana
-ment until July 1847, when the present Collector
Smith, considering the pretensions of Balaji
who was only Second Cousin to Gopaulrow, ord
-ered, released it from attachment and made it
over to the widow and Mother of the deceased.

3 In reply to a reference from this Offi
Mr. Smith states that the Village of Choultry Plai
is entered as a Shrotriam in the permanent
Settlement
Sy Jaghire, and as the grant appears by the doc
to have been made in perpetuity, the Board woul
recommend that it remain in possession of the
widow Canakalayammah and that Balaji
may receive authority under Section II Clause
Regulation IV 1831 to prosecute his claims in a
Court of Law if he think fit.—

4 After deducting the Jodee for Fasl
1255 & 56, being the years the Village was under
attachment, there is a balance in deposit
of Rupees 152-13-4. The Board would suggest that this
should remain in deposit for six further periods of

Fort St. George 8th June 1848

that if within that time Balajee Row should
bring an action the disbursement of the money
should be regulated by the issue of the suit. and
that if no Legal proceedings be instituted within
the 6 Months the sum should at the expiration
of that term be given to the widow

Revenue Board Office
Fort St. George
8th June 1848.

(Signed) T. Pycroft
Secretary

Read the following application

Application

8720) George 8th June 1818.

Application for privileges falling under Regulation IV of 1831.

Case No.	Village	Family left by deceased and age and Parties	Their circumstances and the means of subsistence possessed by the family.	Recommendation and the Grounds thereof.
1	2	10	11	12
1	Peddapully in the Sidhout Taluk	Yellummah widow of the deceased aged 30 years. Son Gungoodaido aged 17 years. Chinna Soobba Naidoo younger brother of the deceased aged 25 years. Achemmah daughter aged 10 years. (Married) Gungummah D°. aged 8 years.	They are reported to carry on their livelihood tolerably well The deceased had also been in the enjoyment of Reddy's Inam amounting to Rupees 22-6-5 and Putta lands assessed at Rupees 9-2-2-	This Pension was originally granted to Ramjee Naidoo entered in Column 7 but subsequently on his demise it was conferred to Soobba Naidoo under Sanction of Government dated 22nd February 1839 Agreeably to the orders of the late Col. Mssrs. Chaplain and Onslow Collectors dated 13th March 1808 and 13th February 1835 respectively the amount of Pension was divided among several Shareholders (as shown in Column 9) of whom the deceased is one. Recommended that the deceased's share of the Pension Amounting to Rupees 32 1. 4 be continued in the name of his son Gungenaidoo aged 17 Years.

/Signed/ S. H. Cochrane
Collector.

Endd 8

Sto

8727 Fort St. George 8th June 1848

Proceedings thereon Para 1: The Board observe that a pension
(16-7) of Rupees 250 10 8 per annum was granted by the
British Government, on the 12th July 1801 to one Sooba
Naidoo in lieu of his resumed Pollium. This party
died on the 21st October 1837, and upon the Recommen
X Dis 77 in 28 Jany 1839 -dation of the Collector supported by the Board, the
Government under the authority of the Government
of India sanctioned the continuance of the allowan
in the name of his eldest son Sooba Naidoo
during the period of his natural life for
support of the family

2 It would seem from the Statemen
recorded above that the allowance in question has
with the permission of a former Collector, been di
vided among several Members of the family one
of whom Veneta pathe Naidoo having died McCochrane
reports the occurrence, in reference to the order requiring
that all lapses should be reported to Government.

3 The Board are of opinion that the case
under notice does not come within the scope of
the orders of Government dated 26th April 1845. The
pension having been sanctioned in the name of
Sooba Naidoo, whilst that individual lives no
lapse can be said to have occurred notwithstan
-ding any casualties among the Members of the

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family who may participate in the allowance;
& the death of Sooba Naidoo the Collector
in reporting the lapse should also explain the
arrangements under which the Pension has
up to that time been enjoyed

Read the following letter

To

J. Tycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George.

(18)

From the Actg Collr
of North Arcot. Sir
Para 1

I have received a communication
from the Collector of Chingleput complaining
of the use of a Mercal of improper from at the
Salt Spans in this District, I am aware that
this subject has received the consideration of the
Board and I believe that the precise dimensions
as well as the capacity of the mercal to be
used in the Government sales of salt have been
fixed, I do not find however that the Records of this
Office contain the Boards orders on this point
and I therefore write to request that they may
be supplied to me for my guidance.

2 The Mercal now in use was made
only recently from a pattern furnished by the
Commissariat Officer at Vellore, and is therefore no doubt correct
as to capacity, though perhaps not so in form

for

Fort St. George 8th June 1848

for this particular use.

North Arcot,
Collectors Cutcherry,
Chittoor 5th May 1848

} Signed J D Bourdillon
Acting Collr

Proceedings thereon.—

(18-19)

The Board observe that a Standard Measure prepared by Colonel De Havilland Inspector General of Civil Estimates, was furnished in 1820 to several of the Salt districts but not to North Arcot. This Measure appears to have been a Cylinder of 8 inches diameter and 16 4/9 inches deep nearly 16 1/2 inches deep, containing 828 1/3 Cubic inches the dimensions of the Measures in use in North Arcot so far differ from those above given as to be of consequence in practice, the Acting Collector will be pleased again to bring the subject to the notice of the Board, and will at the same time state what are the dimensions of the Measure by which Salt is measured at the adjoining Spaws in Chingleput

F. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(20)

From the Actg Collr
of North Arcot

} Sir
Para 1. I have the honor to submit the further report on matters connected with the Petition of Petitioner No 1157 of 1847 called for by the Board in their Proceedings of the 20th April 1848.

Fort St. George 8th June 1848

Petition No 1157 of 1847 from the Monegar and Moonsiff of Tellagondalu talluk of Punnoury Talluk called for by the Board in their Proceedings of the 20th April 1848.

20th April 1848.— Petitioner and his Father have both presented numerous petitions against the Curnum of the Village, as stated by Mr. Lovell in his letter of the 15th March last. Those Petitions seem all to refer to two actual charges of fraud in the Cultivation Accounts, one in Fusly 1236 the amount of 230 and odd Pagodas, the other in Fusly 1239 to the extent of 180 Pagodas, besides embezzling the tax of Six Looms.—

2 I have gone through the Proceedings on these charges, extending as they do over a period of twenty years, and the following is a brief history of those cases.— The first complaint was made in 1828 by the present Petitioners Father, and in the same year the Tahsildar forwarded to the Office some accounts, which he stated proved the charge to the amount of 214 1/2 Pagodas. In January 1830 an Order was accordingly sent to the Tahsildar to collect the amount. In August of the same year another Tahsil issued to the Tahsildar forwarding for enquiry the second Complaint, and also directing him to take depositions and send them up in support of the former Charge. This order appears to have remained in abeyance till 1839, when the Talook Peishcar commenced an investigation into the second charge but no report was made. In June 1841 one further petition

Fort St. George 8th June 1848

from the same Complainant, a second order for enquiry was issued by the Head assistant Collector, and in April 1845 the report was made to the acting Collr Mr. Babington, who thereupon issued an Order specifying certain points on which further enquiry was necessary, in September 1845 the Tahsildar reported that such further enquiry had never been completed.

3 In July 1845 Petitioner presented a further complaint to the late Acting Collector Mr. Lovell, by whom the investigation of it was conducted personally. Petitioner then gave a deposition in which he stated that he was unable to prove his former charges owing to the length of time that had elapsed. But at the same time detailed sixteen new charges almost all of them, so far as they were stated with precision, being of very trifling importance; and in support of these charges evidence was taken at great length. I have gone over these proceedings but it is not necessary that I should trouble the Board with any details regarding them further than to say that no criminality was proved against the Cummum except that in July 1250 he omitted Poonjah land to the extent of 1/10 Cawny, which was brought to account in the inspection by the Talook servants; and that Cultivation to the amount of 13/10 Pagodas, was brought to account under the

jummia

Fort St. George 8th June 1848

jummia instead of at the Jummabundy- and also that the Defendant enjoyed Dusswuntum allowance on a small quantity of land not watered from his Dusswuntum Tank. Among the numerous charges contained in Petitioners deposition, was one against the Tahsildar for requiring 200 Rupees when he came to make the annual inspection of Polaycaudah Village. This was totally unsupported by any evidence whatever-

4 On the review of the whole circumstances I have no hesitation in stating my opinion that no further proceedings should be taken in the two old complaints of Fusslis 1236 and 1239- as regards the former, the proof is contained in Accounts prepared by Talook Servants on view of the land, which are signed by the Ryots who cultivated it, and by the Cummum But the present Cummum's father was the registered Cummum at that time; and he being old, his elder son, the present Cummum's brother did the duty and signed those accounts, the present Cummum therefore cannot justly be made answerable. And independently of this obstacle I consider the length of time that has been allowed to pass, to be a sufficient reason both for abstaining from enforcing the order against the Cultivating Ryots

and

Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

and for not inflicting any penalty on the Defendants.
As to the second charge, of fraud in July 1839, the Collector's report in 1840 stated that it was not proved, as indeed it hardly could be, when the enquiry took place two years after the alleged offence. Even supposing further and more successful investigation to be now practicable, I do not think that it would be expedient; especially as the Defendant and present Cummi is not the man who did the duty then.

5 As to the more recent complaint before Mr. Lovell, I have already said that of fifteen charges, (viz two against the Tahsildar and fifteen against the Cummi) only three small items were proved. In those cases I have passed what I consider suitable sentences.—

In 1840 and 1845 Petitioner was three times arraigned before the Tahsildar on petty charges in his capacity as Head of Police, and being convicted was fined in the first two, and dismissed from his Monium Office in the third. I have gone over the Proceedings in those cases also. They arose out of family or caste disputes, in which Petitioner made use of his official authority in the Village to assist and put to much inconvenience, parties with whom he was at variance; and his measures to this end were carried out or attempted to be carried out, by means of much violent personal

Fort St. George 8th June 1848

ill treatment of the inferior Village Servants who refused to obey his orders. I see no reason to suppose that the Tahsildars proceedings in these cases were partial, they bear the appearance of fairness, and it was not till after this, that Petitioner made any charges against him. I am not of opinion Mr. Lovell's decisions were wrong or the penalties exorbitant; and I do not concur with him in recommending that the fines should be returned and Petitioner restored to his situation of Manager.—

S. Board's March 15. 1848 Para 7

On the contrary I think that the whole of the proceedings both on the Revenue and the Magistrate side show him to be unfit to hold that Office.—

As regards the Tahsildar, on whose conduct in this matter I am also directed to report, it does not appear to me to call for any animadversion from the Board, I have already acquitted him of using his official power to oppress the Petitioner, and no other criminality on his part was elicited in the investigation; while the Petitioners charges against him of bribery was utterly unsupported by a shadow of evidence, I may add however as to his qualifications generally that I do not consider him well fitted either by natural ability or previous

8735 Fort St. George 8th June 1848

previous training for the office he holds. He was for many years deputy Cashkeeper of the District and Mr. Goldingham, thinking him a deserving man who had often been superseded made him Tahsildar of Pennury. He would have been better perhaps if he had been left in his former situation, or promoted in some other line.

North Arcot, — Collectors Cutcherry, Chittoor 20th May 1848 — (Signed) J. D. Boardillon, Acting Collector

Resolution thereon.—

(20-21)

Under the explanation received from the Acting Collector the Board of Revenue resolve to reject Petition 1157 of 1847 as undeserving of further notice. They concur with the Acting Collector in opinion that it would not be advisable to reinstate Petitioner in his former Office.

Ordered that the following Endorsement be passed on Petition No. 1157 of 1847

"Under the explanation of the Acting Collector the Board of Revenue reject this Petition as undeserving of further notice."

Read

8736 Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

Read the following letter.

To J. Pycroft Esqre
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Fort St. George

(22)

Sir,

From the Collector of Salem ——— With reference to Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated 24th January 1848 returning five vernacular documents to furnish translations of the same I have the honor to retransmit them with the required translations.—

Salem Zillah — Darampoory, — Collectors Cutcherry 17th April 1848. — (Signed) W. E. Lockhart, Collector.

Statement.

| | | |

8740. Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

No. 5.

Translation of a Purvanah granted to Konary Josy Son of Venkattajosee residing at Tripatore in the Tripatore Purganah by Jagadaïvoo Royer Subordinate to the power of Hydrabad on the 10th Zelaiz Ejeery 1057 corresponding with Fusly 1154.

Be it known to all Daisamookhee Daisapoundy Progadamanny and Ryots that the Roosoom granted to Konary Josy by the Merchants at 1/32 fanam per each Bullock load of grain brought for sale at the Choukies of this Cusbah anlungaray Cauhungaray &c. shall be continued for ever or from generation to generation. The Amildar shall deliver the Summud to the above individual by taking a Copy of it and shall not require him to produce it from time to time.

True Translation
(Signed) W. E. Lockhart
Collector.

Read again the following correspondence which has passed between this Office and the Collector of Salem, relative to certain Enam and yeomiah lapses in his District.

(22-23.)

From Collector 7th December 1847 - in Cons. 24th January 1848.
Board's Proceedings 24th January

Proceedings thereon.

Resolved that the foregoing Correspondence be submitted for the consideration and orders of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council with the following observations.-

Submitting

J.G.B.

8741 Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

Correspondence with the Collector of Salem reporting the lapse of certain Enams and recommending their continuance in the names of the representatives of the deceased holders.

No. 1.

Share of Suwa Enam in the Village of Calendra, Tripatore Talook - Acres 11-20. Teerwah 9-7 -- originally granted Hejera 1176 - AD 1760-

Ditto -- Ditto in the same Village Acres 14-8-4 Teerwah 5-8-11- granted for the support of a Mosque under Management of the family-

1. Syed Fakoordeen Shah the holder of these shares is reported to have died in May 1847. leaving a widow and one daughter - The Collector recommends the continuance of both shares in the name of the former, so that they may revert to Government on her demise, as the daughter will after her Marriage become dependent upon her husband - The Board beg to support Mr. Lockhart's recommendation so far as it relates to the continuance of the shares in the name of the widow, and on the understanding that he provides for the due performance of the service in the Mosque, but there would appear to be no reason why the enam (Acres 14-8-4) granted for support of the Mosque should not afterwards

afterwards pass to the daughter on the same
condition-

No. 2-
Sawai Enam Village of
Naikenoor in the Beemacolum
Naud on the Jawady Hills -
Tripatore Talook Teerwah 350
Rupees per Annum-

2- This Enam Village is
said to have been originally granted
for services rendered to the Nabob
of Cuddapah- After the first holder's
death, it continued in the enjoyment of his direct heirs
for three generations, when the Male line became
totally extinct- The two widows of the last
Enamdar in the direct line then adopted a Son,
brother to a party who had been previously adopted
by their husband but had died during his life-
This adopted Son succeeded to the property, and at
his death left it to his Son Timma Naiken, the
party whose demise in March 1844 is now
reported- The deceased has left a Widow, two Sons
and two daughters- The Collector states that as the
late incumbent was unconnected with the descendants
of the original Enamdar, he cannot recommend the
registry of the Village in the name of his Sons, but
as the Enam was for a long time in the enjoyment
of the last holder and his father, and the family
being moreover without other means of subsistence,
he suggests that a Money allowance should
be

be granted, and the Village resumed- The Board
regarding the adoption of the father of the deceased
as of questionable validity concur in opinion with the
Collector and beg to recommend that in lieu of the
Village a pension of Rupees 175- per Annum be
granted for the support of the family, to be divided
in 5 equal shares- the portions of the daughters to cease
on their Marriage, and those of the widow and
Sons, at their death-

No. 3-
Roossoom-
Rupees 38-2-10-
per annum-

3- This Roossoom appears to have
been originally conferred by the Nabob of Cuddapah
in Fejirah 1057 A.D. 1641- in perpetuity, on one
Vencatajosee, and his descendants- It seems to have
been formerly a tax upon the number of Bullock
loads of grain brought for sale at certain Choukies
in the District which the Roosoomdar was privileged
to enjoy, but it has since been disbursed from the
Treasury at a fixed rate- The late incumbent
Nagajosee, great grandson of the original grantee,
who died on the 27th July 1847, was in receipt
of one half of this allowance, or Rupees 19-
1-5- per Annum, the other half being drawn
by another party, who is also grandson to the first grantee-

The

The family left by deceased consists of his widow and two daughters - 2 brothers and 1 Nephew - The widow, supported by the Collector, requests that the share enjoyed by her husband may be continued in the name of his brother Soobramaniah Sastry, and the Board beg to recommend that her requests may be complied with.—

15th Nov. in Cons. 13th Dec. 1847.

Read the following letter from the Collector of Madura containing his report on the Settlement of the Extra Sources of Revenue in that District during Fusly 1256.

24-

/ Here enter No. 198 /

Proceedings thereon - 1 -

Reporting on the Management of the Extra Sources of Revenue in the Madura District in Fusly 1256-

The abstract Statement appended to the opening para of the Collectors report presents a summary of the Settlement of the various items comprized in the Extra sources of Revenue in the district of Madura during the period under consideration and the preceding year. The total demand of Fusly 1256 is shewn to have been Rupees 4,86,479—12—10 being an advance upon the

1255-440,827-13-10- antecedent fusly of Rs. 45,651—15- the result of an increase of Rs. 61,147—5—9- in the sales of Salt under which head alone there was any excess of Revenue, and a total decrease of Rupees 15,495—6—9 from the remaining branches.

2- In Fusly 1254 the receipts from the Salt Sales effected in Madura exceeded the transactions of any former period which was in great measure attributable to the high rate fixed on the article during a portion of that year, in the ensuing Fusly Viz. 1255, the quantity of salt sold remained nearly the same but the Money results were depressed from the reduction which had been introduced in

1255-331726-5-7. 56.39,283-11-4. 61,147-5-9. the selling price - In the year under report however the sales and the receipts have been largely in advance of both these previous periods, exceeding

1254-350,577-- -1- 56-392,873-11-4. 42,296-11-3- the highest revenue previously on record by Rupees 42,296-11-3.-

3- This circumstance arose in the opinion of the Collector chiefly from the nature of the season, which being unfavorable for agriculture led to large exports of Salt both by the grain importing bullocks and the otherwise unemployed cattle of the District - the improvement in the internal lines of communication is also quoted as having facilitated and promoted the trade in salt.-

Charges. 1255-42866-158- 56-53472-8-8- 10,605-9-- 4- The charges incidental to this Department present a large excess over the disbursements of the past year owing to the necessity that existed for making large

advances

advances to the manufacturers in consequence of their temporarily depressed circumstances. the net Revenue nevertheless surpassed the Net Revenue of 1255 by Rupees 50,445-9-6.

Net Revenue.
1255-2,89,066-2-7-
56-3,39,511-12-1-
50,445-9-6-

5-

There was an aggregate decrease from the Demand under the heads of Sayer Abkarry and Stamps of Rupees 7,692-7-9. of which Rupees 5714-7-2. occurred in the Abkarry rents from diminished competition. It is to be hoped that, as surmised by the Collector, this decrease may have in some measure resulted from the Ryots being less addicted to the use of spirits than heretofore, the inability to purchase the article however from the high price of provisions, rather than an abandonment of its use from predelection, seems more probably to have influenced the rents.—

Decrease
Sayer- 585-1-1-
Abkarry-5714-14-2-
Stamps-1392-15-0-

6-

The decrease in the Sea Customs receipts was considerable in the year under report where from diminished exports and imports the deficiency as compared with 1255 was Rupees 4936-8-6. which is explained as having been caused chiefly by the market in Ceylon being now supplied with Piece goods from England to the exclusion of the article hitherto manufactured on, and exported from the Indian Continent.—

Sea Customs.
1255-20138-a-8.
1256-15,201-8-2-
4936-8-6-

The

7-

The Board are glad to observe that there was an increase in the number and tonnage of the Vessels which passed through the Paumben Channel exceeding those of the preceding five years.

1256/
Vessels- 2,035
Tonnage 120,627-
Sundry small Farms & Licences
Decrease, 2866-6-6-
Balance 11th July 4,163-14-7-

8-

The adverse character of the season of Fusly 1256 greatly depressed the revenue under this head composed in Madras of Fish rent, at the close of the Fusly nearly half the demand remained uncollected, this was however subsequently reduced to Rupees 638-11-2. which was also susceptible of recovery.—

Total-
1255-44,2206-4-4-
56-485711-11-8-
43505-7-4-

Charges-
1255-48639-1-3.
56-58983-4-7-
10344-3-4-

Net Revenue
1255-393567-3-1-

Balance 11th July 6,602-5-4-

9-

The Gross receipts from all the above items of Extra Revenue including Current Extra Collections and arrears, amounted to Rupees 485711-11-8- and the Charges debited to these items respectively were Rupees 58,983-4-7- giving a Net Revenue of Rupees 4,26,728-7-1 which was in advance of the Net Revenue derived from the same sources in Fusly 1255 by Rs. 33,161-4-6 as

10-

The balance of Current Demand at the close of the Fusly year was subsequently reduced to Rupees 2378-2-6: the whole of which it is satisfactory to learn would probably be realized eventually. The Board observe that the arrear due on account of the Abkarry Farm of the Neelacoottay Talook for Fusly 1255 alluded to in para 15 of the Collector's report was written off by order of Government under date 7th February last.

Ordered that a Copy of the foregoing Extract from the Board's Proceedings with the annexed Comparative Statement of the Collections, Charges and Net Revenue, be submitted to Government and a transcript of the same be forwarded to the Collector of Madura for his information and guidance.—

Madura

8748

Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

Madura Fusly 1256.

		Fusly 1255			Fusly 1256			Increase			Decrease		
		Rs.	A	P	Rs.	A	P	Rs.	A	P	Rs.	A	P
Salt	Demand	331,726	5	7	392,873	11	4	61,147	5	9	"	"	4
	Balance on the 12th July	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	Current Collection	331,726	5	7	392,873	11	4	61,147	5	9	"	"	"
	Extra ___ Do.	206	12	8	110	9	5	"	"	"	96	3	3
	Arrears	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	Total	331,933	2	3	392,984	4	9	61,051	2	6	"	"	"
	Charges	42,866	15	8	53,472	8	8	10,605	9	"	"	"	"
	Net Revenue	289,066	2	7	339,511	12	1	50,445	9	6	"	"	"
Sayer	Demand	2,123	9	2	1,538	8	1	"	"	"	585	1	1
	Balance on the 12th July	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	Current Collection	2,123	9	2	1,538	8	1	"	"	"	585	1	1
	Extra ___ Do.	"	1	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	4
	Arrears	26	5	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	26	5	"
	Total	2,149	15	6	1,538	8	1	"	"	"	611	7	5
	Charges	616	"	10	1,077	2	11	461	2	1	"	"	"
	Net Revenue	1,533	11	8	461	5	2	"	"	"	1072	6	6
Sea Customs	Demand	20,138	"	8	15,201	8	2	"	"	"	4936	8	6
	Balance on the 12th July	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	Current Collection	20,138	"	8	15,201	8	2	"	"	"	4936	8	6
	Extra ___ Do.	881	13	6	160	10	"	"	"	"	721	3	6
	Arrears	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
	Total	21,019	14	2	15,362	2	2	"	"	"	5657	12	"
	Charges	3,384	2	"	2,964	11	11	"	"	"	419	6	1
	Net Revenue	17,635	12	2	12,397	6	3	"	"	"	5238	5	11

Statement of Receipts & Payments June 1848.

	Year ended June 1845			Year ended June 1846			Year ended June 1847		
	£	s	d	£	s	d	£	s	d
Receipts									
Balance	1,467	7	6	1,974	7	6	1,392	15	6
Balance on the 12th July	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Amount Collection	11,467	"	"	13,974	7	6	13,921	15	6
Rates &c	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Arrears	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Total	11,467	7	"	13,974	7	6	13,921	15	6
Charges	1,403	11	9	1161	15	11	241	11	10
Sick Allowance	1363	11	3	1,912	7	7	1451	3	8
Amount	4,202,271	13	10	4,286,479	12	10	4,365,157	15	"
Balance on the 12th July	5,820	13	11	6602	5	4	721	7	5
Amount Collection	4,194,461	15	11	4,179,877	7	6	4,4,930	7	7
Rates &c	1108	7	2	343	1	7	"	"	765
Arrears	6150	13	3	5491	2	7	"	"	659
Total	4,202,406	4	4	4,357,711	11	8	4,365,157	4	"
Charges	1,868	1	3	5,869	4	7	1034	3	4
Sick Allowance	39,350	3	1	4,126,732	7	1	4,331	6	4

	Year ended June 1848			Year ended June 1849			Year ended June 1850		
	£	s	d	£	s	d	£	s	d
Receipts									
Balance	1,467	7	"	1,974	7	6	1,392	15	6
Balance on the 12th July	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Amount Collection	11,467	7	"	13,974	7	6	13,921	15	6
Rates &c	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Arrears	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Total	11,467	7	"	13,974	7	6	13,921	15	6
Charges	1,403	11	9	1161	15	11	241	11	10
Sick Allowance	1363	11	3	1,912	7	7	1451	3	8
Amount	4,202,271	13	10	4,286,479	12	10	4,365,157	15	"
Balance on the 12th July	5,820	13	11	6602	5	4	721	7	5
Amount Collection	4,194,461	15	11	4,179,877	7	6	4,4,930	7	7
Rates &c	1108	7	2	343	1	7	"	"	765
Arrears	6150	13	3	5491	2	7	"	"	659
Total	4,202,406	4	4	4,357,711	11	8	4,365,157	4	"
Charges	1,868	1	3	5,869	4	7	1034	3	4
Sick Allowance	39,350	3	1	4,126,732	7	1	4,331	6	4

	Year ended June 1851			Year ended June 1852			Year ended June 1853		
	£	s	d	£	s	d	£	s	d
Receipts									
Balance	1,467	7	"	1,974	7	6	1,392	15	6
Balance on the 12th July	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Amount Collection	11,467	7	"	13,974	7	6	13,921	15	6
Rates &c	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Arrears	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Total	11,467	7	"	13,974	7	6	13,921	15	6
Charges	1,403	11	9	1161	15	11	241	11	10
Sick Allowance	1363	11	3	1,912	7	7	1451	3	8
Amount	4,202,271	13	10	4,286,479	12	10	4,365,157	15	"
Balance on the 12th July	5,820	13	11	6602	5	4	721	7	5
Amount Collection	4,194,461	15	11	4,179,877	7	6	4,4,930	7	7
Rates &c	1108	7	2	343	1	7	"	"	765
Arrears	6150	13	3	5491	2	7	"	"	659
Total	4,202,406	4	4	4,357,711	11	8	4,365,157	4	"
Charges	1,868	1	3	5,869	4	7	1034	3	4
Sick Allowance	39,350	3	1	4,126,732	7	1	4,331	6	4

	Year ended June 1854			Year ended June 1855			Year ended June 1856		
	£	s	d	£	s	d	£	s	d
Receipts									
Balance	1,467	7	"	1,974	7	6	1,392	15	6
Balance on the 12th July	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Amount Collection	11,467	7	"	13,974	7	6	13,921	15	6
Rates &c	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Arrears	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Total	11,467	7	"	13,974	7	6	13,921	15	6
Charges	1,403	11	9	1161	15	11	241	11	10
Sick Allowance	1363	11	3	1,912	7	7	1451	3	8
Amount	4,202,271	13	10	4,286,479	12	10	4,365,157	15	"
Balance on the 12th July	5,820	13	11	6602	5	4	721	7	5
Amount Collection	4,194,461	15	11	4,179,877	7	6	4,4,930	7	7
Rates &c	1108	7	2	343	1	7	"	"	765
Arrears	6150	13	3	5491	2	7	"	"	659
Total	4,202,406	4	4	4,357,711	11	8	4,365,157	4	"
Charges	1,868	1	3	5,869	4	7	1034	3	4
Sick Allowance	39,350	3	1	4,126,732	7	1	4,331	6	4

	Year ended June 1857			Year ended June 1858			Year ended June 1859		
	£	s	d	£	s	d	£	s	d
Receipts									
Balance	1,467	7	"	1,974	7	6	1,392	15	6
Balance on the 12th July	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Amount Collection	11,467	7	"	13,974	7	6	13,921	15	6
Rates &c	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Arrears	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Total	11,467	7	"	13,974	7	6	13,921	15	6
Charges	1,403	11	9	1161	15	11	241	11	10
Sick Allowance	1363	11	3	1,912	7	7	1451	3	8
Amount	4,202,271	13	10	4,286,479	12	10	4,365,157	15	"
Balance on the 12th July	5,820	13	11	6602	5	4	721	7	5
Amount Collection	4,194,461	15	11	4,179,877	7	6	4,4,930	7	7
Rates &c	1108	7	2	343	1	7	"	"	765
Arrears	6150	13	3	5491	2	7	"	"	659
Total	4,202,406	4	4	4,357,711	11	8	4,365,157	4	"
Charges	1,868	1	3	5,869	4	7	1034	3	4
Sick Allowance	39,350	3	1	4,126,732	7	1	4,331	6	4

	Year ended June 1860			Year ended June 1861			Year ended June 1862		
	£	s	d	£	s	d	£	s	d
Receipts									
Balance	1,467	7	"	1,974	7	6	1,392	15	6
Balance on the 12th July	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Amount Collection	11,467	7	"	13,974	7	6	13,921	15	6
Rates &c	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Arrears	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Total	11,467	7	"	13,974	7	6	13,921	15	6
Charges	1,403	11	9	1161	15	11	241	11	10
Sick Allowance	1363	11	3	1,912	7	7	1451	3	8
Amount	4,202,271	13	10	4,286,479	12	10	4,365,157	15	"
Balance on the 12th July	5,820	13	11	6602	5	4	721	7	5
Amount Collection	4,194,461	15	11	4,179,877	7	6	4,4,930	7	7
Rates &c	1108	7	2	343	1	7	"	"	765
Arrears	6150	13	3	5491	2	7	"	"	659
Total	4,202,406	4	4	4,357,711	11	8	4,365,157	4	"
Charges	1,868	1	3	5,869	4	7	1034	3	4
Sick Allowance	39,350	3	1	4,126,732	7	1	4,331	6	4

	Year ended June 1863			Year ended June 1864			Year ended June 1865		
	£	s	d	£	s	d	£	s	d
Receipts									
Balance	1,467	7	"	1,974	7	6	1,392	15	6
Balance on the 12th July	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Amount Collection	11,467	7	"	13,974	7	6	13,921	15	6
Rates &c	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Arrears	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Total	11,467	7	"	13,974	7	6	13,921	15	6
Charges	1,403	11	9	1161	15	11	241	11	10
Sick Allowance	1363	11	3	1,912	7	7	1451	3	8
Amount	4,202,271	13	10	4,286,479	12	10	4,365,157	15	"
Balance on the 12th July	5,820	13	11	6602	5	4	721	7	5
Amount Collection	4,194,461	15	11	4,179,877	7	6	4,4,930	7	7
Rates &c	1108	7	2	343	1	7	"	"	765
Arrears	6150	13	3	5491	2	7	"	"	659
Total	4,202,406	4	4	4,357,711	11	8	4,365,157	4	"
Charges	1,868	1	3	5,869	4	7	1034	3	4
Sick Allowance	39,350	3	1	4,126,732	7	1	4,331	6	4

Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

Read the following letter.

To,
J. Pycroft Esqre.
Secretary to the
Board of Revenue.
Fort St. George.

25

From the Collr. of Canara — 1-

Sir,

With reference to the instructions contained in the concluding part of a letter from the Board under date the 1st May 1843, I have the honor to request the special sanction of Government for the amount of Rupees 27,000 advanced to the Contractor for the supply of Tobacco for the Monopoly use of this District in the past Fusly 1256 / 1846/47 being Rupees 8,000 less than the sum sanctioned for that purpose by Government under date the 16th July 1846- This decrease proceeds from a smaller quantity having been contracted for and this besides at a more favorable price than was anticipated on calculating the estimate, as shewn in the Margin.-

Estimated - 35000-
Advanced - 27000-
Less — 8000

Quantity	Rate per Candy	
Proposed Contract	1500	70 — 0 — 0
Actual — Do.	1400	58 — 0 — 0
Less —	100	12 — 0 — 0

2- Of the amount advanced Rupees 1800 were recovered within the fusly of advance, and the balance Rupees 9,000 have been since collected and carried to the credit of Government.-

Collectors Cutcherry,
Mangalore,
24th May, 1848.-

(Signed) T. L. Blane.
Collector.

Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

Proceedings thereon - 1-

25-26

Under the authority conveyed in para 3 of Extract Minutes of Consultation dated the 11th May 1846 the Board sanction the actual Charges incurred in Fusly 1256 amounting to Rupees (27,000) Twenty Seven Thousand on account of Advances to the Contractor for the supply of Tobacco for the Monopoly in the District of Canara, being within the disbursement proposed on that account in the Collectors' Estimate dated the 30th May which received the sanction of Government on the 10th July 1846.-

2- It is observed that 2/3rds of the amount advanced were recovered within the Fusly 1256 and that the balance has since been realized.-

3- Resolved that a Copy of the foregoing Proceedings be furnished to the Civil Auditor for his information.-

Read the undermentioned Registers.-

From the Collector of Nellore — 27 — Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board during the Month of May last.-

From the Collector of Cuddapah — 28 — Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board during the Month of January last.-

From the Collector of Cuddapah — 29 — Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board during the Month of February last.-

From

From the Collector of Cuddapah- Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board during the Month of March last-

30

From the Collector of Cuddapah- Register of Endorsements passed by him on Petitions referred by the Board during the Month of April last-

31

From the Collector of Cuddapah- Register of Endorsements passed by him Petitions referred by the Board during the Month of May last.

32

Orders on the six abovementioned Registers- Ordered to be recorded.

27-33

Received the undermentioned Miscellaneous letters and Statements.

From the Collector of Madras- Indent for blue and Green Cloths.-

34

Order thereon- Ordered that the original Indent be passed and returned.

34-35

From the Collector of Nellore- Statement shewing the quantity of Salt in store and ready for

36

for Exportation on account of the Shittagong Indent for 1847/48 up to 31st May 1848-

From the Collector of Nellore- Acknowledging the receipt of 36,000 Salt Rowannahs-

37

From the Collector of Rajahmundry- Reporting that the Return of Village Officers suspended or dismissed under Regulation VII of 1831 is not sent there being no entry to make-

38

From the Collector of Tanjore- Abstract of Demand Collection and Balance for the Months of April 1848-

39

From the Collector of Tanjore- Statement shewing the average Bazar wholesale prices of Grain and Salt for the Month of April 1848.-

40

From the Collector of Tanjore- Register of the state of the River Cauvery at the Annicut for the Month of April 1847/48-

41

Submitting

8754.

Fort St. George 8th June 1848.

From the Collector of Vizagapatam- Submitting an Indent for
(42) Salt Rowannahs for the present year-

Order thereon-
(42-43) Ordered to be supplied accordingly-

" J. D. Drury

" Wallin Elliot

"

Compd. Ypresents-