No. 3.

Abridgment of

General Orders

our 29th December 1817

To 22d December 1818

CONTINUATION OF

AN

ABRIDGMENT

OF THE

GENERAL ORDERS,

ISSUED AT THE

PRESIDENCY

OF

FORT ST. GEORGE,

FROM

VOLUME XXVII TO XLVI INCLUSIVE;

WITH

AN INDEX AND NOTES.

FORMING A THIRD AND FOURTH VOLUME:

VOLUME III.

Madras:

PUBLISHED FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE MILITARY MALE ASYLUM.

1823.

INTRODUCTION.

THE very great accumulation of General Orders since the Year 1812, rendering a reference to those of import, very difficult, it has been deemed advisable to continue the Abridgment from that period, to December 1822.

The 3d and 4th Volumes of the Abridgment, have been framed upon the same plan as the 1st and 2d Volumes.—An Appendix is also subjoined to the 4th Volume, referring to Orders which may in any way be affected by orders issued subsequent to December 1822; spare pages are also left, for persons in possession of the Work, to continue to insert references to future alterations, and an Index alphabetically arranged, is subjoined to the 4th Volume.

The same Abbreviations are here used, as in the 1st and 2d Volumes, viz.

G. O. G. General Orders by Government.

G. O. C. C. General Orders by the Commander in Chief.

G. O. C. C. I. General Orders by the Commander in Chief in India.

☞ Such Orders or Paragraphs as have the foregoing mark affixed to them, are referred to in the Appendix.



ABSTRACT OF

GENERAL ORDERS.

G. O. G. 29TH DECEMBER 1812.

THE Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders the following copy of a Report from the Committee appointed for the Examination of Officers and Gentlemen Cadets in the Persian Language.

To the Honorable
SIR GEORGE HILARO BARLOW, *Bt. and K. B.*
Governor in Council.

HONORABLE SIR,

Para. 1st—In conformity with the instructions conveyed to us in the letter from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department, dated the 4th instant; we have the honor to report the result of our examination of the proficiency made by Cornet Macnaghten in the Persian Language.

2d—We required Mr. Macnaghten to translate into English, an extract of considerable length from the celebrated historical work, entitled the Hubeeboos Seeyur and to turn back into its original language the greater portion of an English translation of a letter from Nizam ool-Moolk to Mohummud Shah.

3d—These translations notwithstanding their great length were executed with facility in the course of a few hours, and the inaccuracies which they exhibit, are too few and too trifling to deserve any notice.

4th—A reference to the former report of the Committee dated the 6th May 1811, will shew, that even at that time, Mr. Macnaghten possessed a knowledge of the Persian language beyond the bounds of ordinary acquirement; his ready and correct performance of the exercises which we required of him, was therefore no more than what might be reasonably expected, but we should be unjust to his merits, were we not to mention that his Persian composition, independently of its general accuracy as a translation, displays a command of language and an elegance of expression, which evince his intimate acquaintance with the style and phraseology of the best authors, and reflect the highest credit upon his judgment and taste.

5th—With this view of Mr. Macnaghten's attainments in the Persian Language, we have particular pleasure in recommending, that the honorary reward established by the General Orders of the 17th October last, may be bestowed upon him.

We have the honor to be,
Honorable Sir,
Your most obedient humble Servants.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
19th Dec. 1812.

(Signed) J. LEITH,
W. OLIVER,
P. V. AGNEW,
R. B. OTTO.

The Governor in Council has much satisfaction in conferring on Cornet Macnaghten the honorary reward to which, as formerly in the attainments of the Hindoostanee Language, that Officer has established his early claims, in a very distinguished manner.

G. O. C. C.

G. O. C. C. 12TH JANUARY 1813.

Officers Commanding Divisions, Districts or Stations, who may review any of His Majesty's Regiments in conformity to the General Orders by His Excellency the Commander in Chief in India, dated at Calcutta the 29th October and 21st November 1807 and the 28th February 1810, will transmit copies of their review and inspection reports and returns to the Adjutant General of the Army for the information of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, together with a confidential report and a statement of complaints, corresponding with those forwarded direct to the Adjutant General of the King's Troops Calcutta.

G. O. C. C. 12TH JANUARY 1813.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to cancel the 5th para. of the G. O. of the 15th November last, relative to marking the Horses of Cavalry Regiments and to direct, that in addition to the Orders by Government, under date the 24th March, every Horse shall be marked with the number of the Regiment, placed immediately above the mark on the off haunch, of the Troop, and the number the Horse bears in it.

G. O. G. 12TH JANUARY 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to fix the pay of Bugle Majors and Bugle Men with the Battalions of Light Infantry at the rates established for Drum Majors and Drummers of Native Corps.

G. O. C. C. 5TH JANUARY 1813.

His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Samuel Auchmuty considering it advisable to alter the periods of assembly at Poonamallie of the Invalids of His Majesty's Regiments proposed to embark for Europe, directs that they may be marched in future from their respective Corps, so as to arrive at the Depot by the 1st of January and October in each following year.

G. O. G. 26TH JANUARY 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council having received most satisfactory representations of the meritorious conduct of the Native Officers and Troopers belonging to the Detachments of the Body Guard and of the 1st Regiment of Native Cavalry lately employed in Persia, is pleased to mark his approbation of their services, by publicly conferring on them, or on their families, the undermentioned distinctions and rewards.

Detachment from the Body Guard.

Sied Hussain, Subadar, that he be presented with a Palanqueen and the usual allowance for the support of that equipage, and that his nearest Heir may, after his decease, be allowed a pension equal to the full pay of a Subadar of Cavalry.

Mahomed Hussain, Trooper, to be pensioned on the full pay of a Naik of Cavalry.

The family of Mahomed Isoff, Trooper, deceased, to be allowed a pension of three Star Pagodas, per month.

The

The family of Mahomed Khossim, deceased, to be allowed a pension of one and a half Pagoda per month.

Abdul Khader, Havildar, to be promoted to Jemadar and pensioned on full pay of that rank.

Sied Mohdeen, Havildar, to be promoted to Jemadar.

Meer Ghoolam Hussain, Private, to be pensioned on half pay.

Gull Mahomed, Naik, to be promoted to Havildar.

Mohadeen Khan, Naik, to be promoted to Havildar.

Shaik Ally, Naik, to be promoted to Havildar.

Shaik Ramganny, Private, to be promoted to Naik.

Shaik Meerah, Private, to be promoted to Naik.

Abdul Khader, Private, to be promoted to Naik.

Khan Mahomed, Private, to be promoted to Naik.

Sid Farreed, Private, to be promoted to Naik.

Detachment from the 1st Regiment of Native Cavalry.

Jemadar Mohideen Khan, to be promoted to Subidar.

The families of Mahomed Tippoo, and Mahomed Hussain, deceased, to be allowed a pension of three Pagodas per month each.

Jemadar Madar Cawn to be promoted to Subidar and pensioned on the half pay of that rank, in consequence of a weakness in his eyes, contracted in *Persia*.

The Governor in Council further directs, that the Native Officers and Troopers of the two Detachments, shall receive a gratuity of three months pay and batta of their rank, the individuals promoted by this order having the benefit of that promotion.

A similar gratuity will be drawn for the deceased Troopers in favor of their respective families.

G. O. G. 26TH JANUARY 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to suspend the operation of the General Order of the 23d of October last, respecting the Marriage of Non-commissioned Officers and of Private Soldiers, and the Baptism of their Children, until it shall be found practicable to provide for the performance of those duties at every Station of European Troops by Military Chaplains, or by other Clergymen regularly appointed for the purpose.

G. O. G. 5TH FEBRUARY 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders, the following copy of a Report from the Committee, appointed for the examination of Military Students in the Hindoostanee Language, and to direct, that the established honorary reward be presented to Cornet James Morison of the 2d Regiment of Native Cavalry.

To the Honorable
SIR G. H. BARLOW, *Bart. and K. B.*
Governor in Council,
&c. &c. &c.

HONORABLE SIR,

Agreeably to the instructions contained in Mr. Secretary Strachey's letter of the 19th ultimo,—We have proceeded to the examination of Cornet Morison, 2d Regiment Native Cavalry, in the Hindoostanee Language, and are enabled to declare, that the proficiency of that gentleman is such, as to render him entitled, in our opinion, to the usual reward. Cornet Morison having been as yet little more than two years in the country, deserves considerable credit for his translations, which indicate a very competent

competent knowledge of the vocables and general idiom of the Hindoostanee Language.

We have the honor to be,
Honorable Sir,
With great respect,
Your very obedient humble Servants.
(Signed) J. LEITH,
" W. OLIVER,
" R. B. OTTO.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
2d *February* 1813.

G. O. C. C. 15TH FEBRUARY 1813.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief after a most careful and diligent examination of the proceedings on all the Trials, as well as of every particular circumstance connected with the origin, progress and termination of the Conspiracy plotted in Travancore, has now a duty of the most delicate nature to perform, mixed with pain and satisfaction, but alike important to the honor and welfare of the Army: It relates to the just execution of the sentences awarded to those Criminals, who by their own wicked, treacherous and mutinous designs, have forfeited their lives as a necessary example of the fate awaiting those, whose deluded judgment may lead them from their fidelity and duty as Soldiers, or from the path of that moral virtue, the security of mankind, the safety of Governments and the bond of civil society.

No mercy can be extended to Criminals, whose horrid guilt aimed so fatal a blow against the Government of the Country and the lives of those Officers with whom they were associated for its protection.

The most paramount obligation of public duty forbids the Commander in Chief to hesitate in ordering the execution, according to the sentence of the Law, of the Criminals hereafter named. But painful as this task is, it is satisfactory to His Excellency's feelings as it must be to the Army at large, to know that those deluded and unhappy victims of their own guilty plans are convicted beyond all doubt, by the most circumstantial and positive evidence; that their characters are also corroborative of their guilty association in the plot of Murder and Rebellion, which, originating in the delirium of phrenzy, was conducted by a leader (the late Jemadar Hoossain Khan) conspicuous only by his disorderly and profligate habits.

It will also be a gratification to the Army to know, that the whole plot was confined to a few dissipated and worthless characters; and it is a proud source of exultation to the Commander in Chief to have traced in the most unequivocal and incontrovertible manner that the Native Officers

Jemadar Syed Mozaffer	2d Battalion	9th Regiment
Subadar Mahomed Khan	2d Battalion	14th Regiment
Jemadar Shaikh Hoossain	2d Battalion	18th Regiment
Subadar Shaikh Burrae	2d Battalion	9th Regiment
Jemadar Boran Beg	2d Battalion	18th Regiment
Subadar Abdul Cawder	2d Battalion	18th Regiment
Subadar Abdul Nabby	2d Battalion	18th Regiment
Subadar Budder Oudein	2d Battalion	18th Regiment
Subadar Khader Cawn	2d Battalion	18th Regiment
and Havildar Esmall Beg	2d Battalion	18th Regiment

whose characters, during a long and meritorious course of service, had not only been unblemished, but in many instances highly distinguished, were accused without the least foundation and with a malicious and designing motive by the Conspirators to give weight and importance to their plans, and to deceive each other into the belief that the design was seconded by men of such respectability and consequently, that it was general amongst their comrades.

The evidence on the trials of the Native Officers was such as would warrant any tribunal to pass the sentence the Court has awarded to each:—But the Commander in Chief in tracing the information received from the commencement throughout the whole of the investigation of this confined and contemptible conspiracy, as well as from a comparison of the evidence before the Court of Enquiry instituted at Quilon, with

with the depositions of several persons concerned, the proceedings of the Native General Court Martial, the fact that the first and principal informant against them had absconded twice, the contradictions which appeared in some of the evidences, and that invulnerable shield to all men, but particularly, to a Soldier of a high and distinguished reputation, has been enabled to defeat all attempts of the wicked and designing to rob these veteran and faithful Soldiers of their lives, their fame and honour.

The feelings of the Commander in Chief are beyond expression on this occasion, but the Army will appreciate and partake of them, and bow to the Divine Providence by whose aid he has been enabled to detect the conspiracy against the innocent.

THE NATIVE OFFICERS

Jemadar Syed Mozaffer	2d Battalion	9th Regiment.
Subadar Mahomed Khan	2d Battalion	14th Regiment.
Jemadar Shaikh Hoossain	2d Battalion	18th Regiment.
Subadar Shaikh Burrae	2d Battalion	9th Regiment.
Jemadar Boran Beg	2d Battalion	18th Regiment.
Subadar Abdul Cawder	2d Battalion	18th Regiment.
Subadar Abdul Nabby	2d Battalion	18th Regiment.
Subadar Budder Oudein	2d Battalion	18th Regiment.
Subadar Khader Cawn	2d Battalion	18th Regiment.
and Havildar Esmall Beg	2d Battalion	18th Regiment

will receive from His Excellency the Commander in Chief not only the pardon now granted them which is so justly their due, but the most unequivocal and unqualified declaration of their innocence and unblemished reputation as Soldiers and faithful servants.—Lieutenant Colonel Hall will immediately release

Jemadar Syed Mozaffer	2d Battalion	9th Regiment.
Subadar Mahomed Khan	2d Battalion	14th Regiment.
Jemadar Shaikh Hoossain	2d Battalion	18th Regiment.
Subadar Shaikh Burrae	2d Battalion	9th Regiment.
Jemadar Boran Beg	2d Battalion	18th Regiment.
Subadar Abdul Cawder	2d Battalion	18th Regiment.
Subadar Abdul Nabby	2d Battalion	18th Regiment.
Subadar Budder Oudein	2d Battalion	18th Regiment.
Subadar Khader Cawn	2d Battalion	18th Regiment.
and Havildar Esmall Beg	2d Battalion	18th Regiment

from their arrest and confinement, present them with their Swords, and proclaim to them the Commander in Chief's pardon in front of the whole line of the Travancore Subsidiary Force to be paraded for that purpose.—On this occasion, Lieutenant Colonel Hall will be pleased to explain in the fullest manner to those Native Officers the Commander in Chief's conviction of their innocence, and his deep concern for their sufferings; after which, they will return to the ranks of their respective Regiments where His Excellency is confident that their fidelity, zeal and courage will be again displayed with the same honor to themselves and advantage to the Service as heretofore.

THE PRISONERS

						Bat.	*Regt.*
Venket Dawzy	Private	No.	25	3d Bat.	Company	2d	14th
Periah Curpah	do.	,,	28	3d do.	do.	2d	19th
Soobriah	do.	,,	71	2d do.	do.	2d	14th
Venketsawmy	do.	,,	3	3d do.	do.	2d	14th
Abdul Khader	do.	,,	25	Light	do.	2d	14th
Abdul Cawder	do.	,,	52	4th Bat.	do.	2d	14th
Chungaiah	do.	,,	55	4th do.	do.	2d	14th
Shaikh Homed	do.	,,	6	6th do.	do.	2d	14th
Shaikh Hoossain	do.	,,	39	Grenadier	do.	2d	14th
Mahomed Moorad	do.	,,	40	do.	do.	2d	14th
Shaikh Madar	do.	,,	15	Light	do.	2d	14th
Seyd Homed	do.	,,	73	8th Bat.	do.	2d	14th
Shaikh Hoossain	do.	,,	60	7th do.	do.	2d	14th
Shaikh Rustoom	do.	,,	59	5th do.	do.	2d	14th
Nagaiah	do.	,,	51	5th do.	do.	2d	14th
Rungapah	do.	,,	11	5th do.	do.	2d	14th

Orner

						Bat.	Regt.
Omer Khan	Private	No.	39	Light Company		2d	14th
Venkatapali	do.					2d	14th
Emaum Cawn	do.	,,	28	Grenadier	do.	2d	14th
Shaik Homed	do.	,,	6	4th Bat.	do.	2d	14th
Abbas Ally	do.	,,	41	Grenadier	do.	2d	14th
Tippocah	do.	,,	24	do.	do.	2d	14th
Dassee	do.	,,	11	do.	do.	2d	14th
Gholaum Moortijahdo.		,,	8	do.	do.	2d	14th
Seyed Ebram	Naigue	,,	3	5th Bat.	do.	2d	14th
Abdul Cawder	Havildar	,,	4	7th do.	do.	2d	14th
Shaikh Nutter	do.	,,	1	8th do.	do.	2d	14th

whose Sentence of Death has been confirmed, and in whose favor the Commander in Chief has looked in vain for any palliating circumstance by which he could remit or even mitigate it, will be executed at

Quilon,
Trichinopoly,
St. Thomas' Mount,
Vellore,
Seringapatam,
and Cannanore,

under detailed instructions which will be addressed from the Adjutant General's Office to the Officers Commanding those Stations respectively.—The Native General Court Martial assembled at Quilon on Tuesday the 18th of August 1812 and of which Subadar Letchman Sing of the 1st Battalion 5th Regiment is President is dissolved.

The Commander in Chief begs that the President and Members will receive his acknowledgments for the very judicious, deliberate, honorable and exemplary manner they have discharged the important duty it fell to their lot to perform; and the Commander in Chief feels it a duty he owes to them to declare, that the whole of their sentences have been just and strictly conformable to the evidence before them, although that evidence, as it relates to the charges against the Native Officers, was totally at variance with the first and most credible depositions received on the discovery of the plot.

To Lieutenant Colonel Hall, whose conduct during the late Conspiracy in Travancore has already been honoured with the full approbation and applause of the Honorable the Governor in Council and the Commander in Chief, it would seem unnecessary to add further praise; but, in concluding the proceedings consequent to that event, His Excellency considers it due to Lieutenant Colonel Hall, the Field Officers and Captains who composed the Court of Enquiry at different periods, and to the Officers in general, to express his approbation of the decision, firmness and judgment which marked their conduct throughout this trying occasion.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to confirm the Pardon promised by Lieutenant Colonel Hall to the following individuals.

Ally Cawn	Private	2d	Battalion	14th Regiment
Yacoob Cawn	do.	2d	Battalion	14th Regiment
Kummaul Cawn	do.	2d	Battalion	14th Regiment
Shaikh Emaum	do.	2d	Battalion	14th Regiment
Shaikh Chund	do.	2d	Battalion	14th Regiment
Venket Ram	do.	2d	Battalion	14th Regiment

and to direct their release and that they be sent to the Adjutant General's Office in Fort St. George.

G. O. C. C. 17TH FEBRUARY 1813.

* Under the sanction of Government the Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, that

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* *The Court of Directors disapprove of Clothing the Cavalry in Blue and direct Grey to be substituted in lieu thereof.—Vide Vol. 3, page 355.*

that the Light Cavalry on this Establishment shall be Clothed in Dark Blue from the 1st January 1814, and that the following alterations be made in the Facings, &c. of the different Regiments.

CAVALRY.

Regts.	Colour of Cuffs and Collars.	Colour of Lace.	Colour of Clothing of Trumpeters and Farriers.	Colour of Officers Buttons.	Officers Lace	Colour of 2d and 3d Standards.	Embroidery on the Standards.	Fringe on the Standards.
1	Pale Yellow	White	Pale Yellow with blue	White	Silver	Pale Yellow	Silver	Silver and Pale Yellow.
2	Orange	White	Orange with blue	White	Silver	Orange	Silver	Silver and Orange.
3	Buff	White	Buff with blue	White	Silver	Buff	Silver	Silver and Buff.
4	Deep Yellow	White	Deep Yellow with blue	White	Silver	Deep Yellow	Silver	Silver and Deep Yellow.
5	Pale Yellow	White	Pale Yellow and blue	White	Silver	Pale Yellow	Silver	Silver and Pale Yellow.
6	Orange	White	Orange with blue	White	Silver	Orange	Silver	Silver and Orange.
7	Buff	White	Buff with blue	White	Silver	Buff	Silver	Silver and Buff.
8	Deep Yellow	White	Deep Yellow with blue	White	Silver	Deep Yellow	Silver	Silver and Deep Yellow.

The Buttons, Lace and Trimmings to be put on as at present.

G. O. G. 16TH FEBRUARY 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has great satisfaction in conferring the following rewards on those Individuals who distinguished themselves by their fidelity to the Government, during the late Conspiracy in Travancore.

Jemidar Jalloo of the 2d Battalion 14th Regiment, who first reported the Conspiracy, is promoted to the rank of Subidar, and the Governor in Council is further pleased to direct, that he be presented with a Pallankeen and the usual allowance to maintain that equipage, and with a Gold Medal and one thousand Rupees, and to grant a pension of ten Pagodas per month to his nearest Heir after his decease.

Venketram, Private of the 2d Battalion 14th Regiment, who discovered the Conspiracy to Jemidar Jalloo, is pensioned on the full pay of a Jemidar of Infantry, and will receive five hundred Rupees.

Hussein Khan, Private of the 2d Battalion 14th Regiment, who also reported the discovery of the Conspiracy, is pensioned on the full pay of a Havildar of Infantry.

G. O. G. 16TH FEBRUARY 1813.

* With a view to the accommodation of the Officers of the Army, the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that Officers of His Majesty's and the Honorable Company's Service, will be supplied in future from the Honorable Company's Import Ware-House with Broad Cloth, Cambletts, Kerseymeres, and Woollens of all kinds, on Indent, signed by the Officer from whose abstract payment is to be made, and countersigned by the Officer Commanding the Station, Department or Corps.

Issues made upon such Indents are to be paid for by monthly instalments of one-sixth of the amount, and the adjustment will be made by the Accountant General.

Indents regularly signed according to the following Form, will be received at the Import Ware-House, and the articles issued to the bearers of them.

FORM.

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* *The Agents for Army Clothing to supply in future the articles mentioned in this order.*—*Vide page* 113.

FORM.

INDENT *on the Superintendent of the Honorable Company's Import Ware-House,*
FORT ST. GEORGE.

SIR,

Please to order the delivery, to the Bearer, of the undermentioned articles for my use, for payment by instalments according to the regulated prices.

Articles.	Quality.	Quantity.	From whose Abstract to be paid.	Remarks.

(Station and Date.)
(Signed) C. D.
Lieut. Colonel Comg.
1st Bat. Regt.

(Signed) A. B.
Lieutenant Company,
1st Bat. Regiment.

The person receiving the articles will pass his Receipt on the back of the Indent.

G. O. G. 23D FEBRUARY 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the following regulations for the Recruit Establishment attached to Corps, be substituted in lieu of those in the 18th Section of the Code of the 11th of March 1806.

RECRUIT ESTABLISHMENT.

Para. 1.—Exclusive of the Effective Establishment of Corps, the undermentioned number of Boys are in future to be attached to each, under the following regulations.

	Boys.		
	Recruits.	Pensioners.	Total.
To a Regiment of Native Cavalry	8	10	18
To a Battalion of Native Infantry	30	40	70
To each Battalion of Foot Artillery	30	40	70
To a Battalion of Pioneers	30	30	60

2.—These Boys shall be enrolled, mustered, paid and returned, under the denomination of Recruit Boys and Pensioned Boys.

3.—The Recruit Boys are to be considered as attached to Corps for the purpose of completing its Establishment and are to be selected from the sons and brothers, or near relations and connexions of the old Soldiers of the several ranks, or of such other men of Corps as are inclined to enter the Service, giving the preference to the sons, brothers and relations of men who have lost their lives in it, and those of Native Officers of good family and connexions.

4.—Recruit Boys are not to be entertained under 11 years of age, nor unless they are healthy, well limbed and of size equal to their age.

5.—The admission into the Service and transfer to the Effective Establishment of each Recruit Boy, shall be particularly noted in the muster rolls.

6.—Each Recruit Boy shall receive one Star Pagoda monthly pay, until he is dismissed from the Drill and is found fit to take his tour of common duties, when he shall be transferred to the Effective Establishment of the Corps to which he belongs, and be entitled from that period to the pay, clothing, and all other allowances of an Effective Soldier—No stranger is on any account to be entertained to fill up a casualty

casualty in a Corps if there be a Recruit Boy fit for the Effective list, or who will become so, within three months.

7.—Any Recruit Boy, who at the age of 18, may not have attained either height or strength to be transferred, is to be reported to Head Quarters, in order that he may be discharged.

8.—Every Recruit Boy transferred to the Effective strength of a Corps shall within one week of the transfer take an oath of fidelity to the Company, to be administered by a Priest of his own cast, in front of the Corps and under it's Colours—The Articles of War also shall be read to him immediately after this ceremony, which must be performed with the solemnity due to the occasion.

9.—Pensioned Boys may be admitted on that Establishment at any age. They are to be selected by Commanding Officers of Corps under the sanction of the Commander in Chief, from among the sons of deceased Native Officers and Soldiers, but if the Establishment be at any time incomplete and there be no children of this description, the sons of Native Officers and Soldiers who may have large Families without adequate means of maintaining them, may be admitted.

10.—It is to be understood as a fixed principle, that an Orphan is on all occasions to have the preference, and if necessary the eldest child on the Establishment, whose Father may be still living, must be removed to make way for him, but will be eligible to be re-admitted on the next vacancy if the claim of any other Orphan should not interfere.

11.—Pensioned Boys on having attained the age of 11 years and being in other respects eligible, are to be transferred as vacancies will admit to the Establishment of Recruit Boys; should they, however, be unhealthy, deformed, or in any other respect unfit for the Service at the age of 14 years, they must be reported to Head Quarters, to be discharged.

12.—Each Pension Boy to receive one Star Pagoda monthly pay, and to be mustered, paid and returned as such.

13.—Commanding Officers of Native Corps shall twice a year, viz. on the 1st of January, and on the 1st of June, transmit to the Adjutant General's Office a report of the Recruit and Pensioned Boys admitted under this regulation, stating their age, and size, and the probable time of each Boy becoming effective.

G. O. C. C. 6TH MARCH 1813.

In issuing his last orders to the Army on this Establishment, the Commander in Chief is called on, by the most powerful motives, to assure them of the satisfaction that has been afforded him, by their uniform good conduct, and improved state of discipline. When he had the honor to assume the Command, he confidently expected from them, the habits and the virtues of Soldiers;—That expectation has been fully realized.---He can with truth assert, that their spirited and chearful co-operation, has given a facility to the execution of his various official duties, not only extremely gratifying at the moment, but the recollection of which, must be a source of pride and of comfort to him, the remainder of his life.

It is some consolation in parting from them to reflect, that they will be commanded by an Officer, whose birth and distinguished services, eminently qualify him, for the important trust, and authorize an expectation of a continuance of the same chearful and prompt obedience, which the Commander in Chief has experienced, and which must ever ensure to them, the respect of their enemies, and the gratitude of their country.

The Commander in Chief feels it particularly incumbent on him, to assure the Native Troops, that he has the firmest confidence, in their attachment to the Government, to their Officers, and their Colours.—They are sensible, that in attention to their Religions and Customs, in an honorable and liberal maintenance, and in a provision for their old age, no Service equals the one, they have voluntarily embraced. —They must be gratified, at being chosen to protect their Countrymen, happily placed under the mild and beneficent rule of the Company's Government.—They must see with pleasure, the good consequences that are daily resulting in the prosperity of the Country, from the security afforded by wise and equal laws, both to persons and to property. To their European Officers, they will look up with attachment, veneration, and respect, and they in their turn, as they value the honor of the British Arms,

Arms, the dearest interests of their Country, and the happiness of the Troops entrusted to their control, will pay every attention to the Native Officers and Men, will treat the former, with the respect due to their distinguished situations, and the latter with the kindness and forbearance, which their fidelity to the State, and chearful discharge of their duty, so forcibly require.

G. O. G. 6TH MARCH 1813.

Lieutenant General the Honorable John Abercromby having been appointed by His Majesty and the Honorable Court of Directors to the Command of His Majesty's and the Honorable Company's Forces serving under this Presidency, The Honorable the Governor in Council orders and directs, that all Officers and Soldiers on the Establishment of Fort St. George, shall obey Lieutenant General the Honorable John Abercromby, and that all returns shall be made to him as Commander in Chief accordingly.

G. O. C. C. 8TH MARCH 1813.

Lieutenant General Abercromby is fully sensible of the honor which has been conferred upon him, in having been appointed to Command the Madras Army; and although he could not, under any circumstances, have entered upon the discharge of the important and responsible duties of that situation free from anxiety; he feels that he labors under particular disadvantages, in succeeding to the able and eminently distinguished Officer who has closed the period of a Command, that has been marked by brilliant National success and has been attended with solid and lasting benefits to the Army on this Establishment.

Lieutenant General Abercromby without making any general professions, will not hesitate to declare, that his unremitting efforts will be directed to the attainment of every object that may tend to promote the honor and true interests of the Army at large, and that it will be a gratifying part of his duty to attend to the services and merits of individuals.

In expressing these sentiments he places the utmost reliance on the military character and reputation of the Coast Army, and feels every confidence, that it's conduct will continue to be regulated by those principles, which have entitled it to the public approbation of their late Commander in Chief, and who was so eminently qualified to estimate the merits of an Army.

G. O. G. 5TH MARCH 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to rescind such parts of the 5th Section of the Code of Regulations of March 1806, which under the *Head* of *Clothing* authorize the supply of *Leather Breeches*, *Helmets* and *Europe Boots*, to serve for certain periods as therein set forth.

The Governor in Council is, in consequence pleased to resolve, that the expense of supplying Leather Breeches, Helmets, and Europe Boots for the Horse Artillery and such ranks of the Cavalry (as wear them) be charged to Government, and that these articles be considered as Government Appointments and not Articles of Clothing.

That, under the provisions of this Regulation, the Leather Breeches, Helmets and Boots already issued to the Horse Artillery for the period commencing with 1809 and ending with 1811, and to the Cavalry for that commencing with 1810, and ending with 1812, shall be charged to Government.

Each Serjeant, Trumpeter, Farrier, Corporal, Gunner and Private of Horse Artillery will receive once in every two years one pair of Leather Breeches, and once in every three

three years one Helmet and one pair of Boots, shod with Iron and Nails at the toes.

Each Serjeant and Trumpeter of Native Cavalry will receive once in every two years one pair of Leather Breeches, and once in every three years, one Helmet and one pair of Boots, shod with Iron and Nails at the toes.

Each Havildar, Farrier, Naigue and Private of Cavalry will receive once in every three years one pair of Boots, shod with Iron and Nails at the toes.

The Governor in Council is further pleased to direct that, in consideration of the advantages arising to the contract for keeping in repair the Horse Appointments in Cavalry Regiments from the abolition of the use of Carbines, the provision of Spur Leathers and the repair of Boots (the property of Government) in the Horse Artillery and Cavalry Corps be considered in future as forming part of that contract, to be performed accordingly without further expense to the Public or the Soldier by the Officer charged with it.

G. O. G. 5TH MARCH 1813.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief having recently brought to the notice of the Honorable the Governor in Council, the highly meritorious services of the undermentioned Native Officers, the following rewards are conferred on them, in compliance with His Excellency's recommendation.

"Cawder Cawn" Pensioned Commandant, will receive a Palanqueen and the usual allowance; and his family will be pensioned on two-thirds of his pay after his decease.

"Ball Kistna" Pensioned Commandant, will receive a Palanqueen and the usual allowance; and his family will be pensioned on two-thirds of his pay after his decease.

"Shaik Tippoo" Pensioned Subidar, will receive a Palanqueen and the usual allowance; and his family will be pensioned on the half pay of a Subidar of Infantry, of the First Class, after his decease.

"Vencatroy" Subidar of Invalids, will receive a Palanqueen and the usual allowance; and his family will be pensioned on the half pay of a Subidar of Infantry, of the First Class, after his decease.

"Nabby Cawn" Pensioned Subidar, will receive a Palanqueen and the usual allowance; and his family will be pensioned on the half pay of a Subidar of Infantry, of the First Class, after his decease.

"Hyder Saib" Subidar of Invalids, will receive a Palanqueen and the usual allowance; and his family will be pensioned on the half pay of a Subidar of Infantry, of the First Class, after his decease.

"Syed Hyder" Pensioned Subidar, will receive a Palanqueen and the usual allowance; and his family will be pensioned on the half pay of a Subidar of Infantry, of the First Class, after his decease.

"Letchman Sing" Subidar of the 1st Battalion of the 5th Regiment of Native Infantry, will receive a Palanqueen and the usual allowance; and his family will be pensioned on the half pay of a Subidar of Infantry, of the First Class, after his decease.

"Syed Cawder" Subidar of the 1st Battalion of the 3d Regiment of Native Infantry, and "Syed Mohdeen" Subidar of the 6th Regiment of Native Cavalry, and "Tonna Beg" Subidar of Invalids, will receive Palanqueens and the usual allowance for supporting that equipage.

The Governor in Council is further pleased, in consideration of the services of the late Commandant Ameen Sahib, and of the late Subidar Muckram Sing of the 1st Battalion of the 5th Regiment of Native Infantry, to grant to the family of the former a pension of twenty Pagodas per month, being two-thirds of the pay of a Commandant; and to the family of the latter, a pension equal to the half pay of a Subidar of Infantry, of the First Class.

G. O. G. 9TH MARCH 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Extracts of Letters from the Honorable the Court of Directors, for the information of the Army.

Letter

Letter dated 9th September 1812.

10.—" We think it necessary to remark, that individuals can have no claim upon " the Public for losses sustained by storms, fire or other accidents, and we desire that " no allowance be made on such occasions, except in very particular cases, and after " reference to us."

Para. 54.—Complaints of Lieutenant Colonel M'Neil against the Pay and Audit Departments unfounded and improper.

15.—" On a perusal of the documents referred to in " this paragraph, we agree with you in opinion, that the " proceedings of your Military Auditor, and Paymaster " Generals were not censurable and that the hardships of " which Lieutenant Colonel M'Neil has complained, arose from his inattention to " the Pay Regulations of Government, which it is the peculiar duty of your " Military Auditor and Paymaster Generals, to enforce."

16.—" We have on this, and many other occasions observed, that very unmerited " insinuations are thrown out by Officers against our Military Auditors General " under, we believe, a mistaken idea, that a considerable degree of discretion rests " with those Officers in enforcing the Pay Regulations of Government."

17.—" We conceive it to be of importance, that the Officers of our Army should " clearly understand, that the Military Auditor General has no discretionary " authority, but is bound to enforce the Regulations of Government respecting the " Pay and Allowances of the Troops with the utmost strictness and precision."

18.—" With this view, as well as with a view to relieve the Military Auditor " General as much as possible, from the odium, which a strict attention to his duty " is too apt to produce, as also with a view to secure, as far as may be practicable, " a continuance of that meritorious discharge of public duty which has hitherto " distinguished our Military Auditors at all our Presidencies, we direct, that " the Military Auditor General take an Oath of Office to the following effect: " That he will diligently and faithfully execute the duties of his Office, and apply " the Regulations of Government impartially, and without favor or affection to any " one, according to the best of his judgment and ability."

" A similar Oath must be taken by the Deputy Military Auditor General; and by " the Assistant Deputy Auditor, whenever, from the sickness or absence of the " Military Auditor General and his Deputy, the Assistant Auditor may be in charge " of the Office."

19.—" And we direct, that this Regulation, together with our reasons for directing " it, be notified to the Army in General Orders."

Para. 249 & 50.—Conductors of Ordnance recommended to be allowed furlough to Europe, on pay.

112.—" Having granted this indulgence to the Conductors " of Ordnance on the Bengal Establishment, we " shall of course, not refuse it to the Conductors of Ord- " nance on the Establishments of the other Presidencies."

G. O. G. 16TH MARCH 1813.

It having been ascertained from the frequent loss and destruction of the Bedding hitherto furnished with Doolies, that the issue of that article is in most cases superfluous, the Soldier being generally furnished with a substitute of his own.—The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to direct, that a Bedding and Pillow shall be no longer considered the necessary accompaniment of the Doolie.

If particular cases should occur which may render the issue of these articles indispensible, it will be the duty of the Medical Officer in charge to ascertain the same, to indent for the number of sets of Bedding absolutely required, and to pass his receipt for them.—The Medical Officer becomes thus responsible for the preservation of this article of equipment, for which he will be authorized to demand a receipt from the Officer of Custody, to whom the Doolies will be delivered at the end of the march.

G. O. C. C. 12TH MARCH 1813.

His Excellency Lieutenant General the Honorable John Abercromby has been pleased

pleased to direct the publication of the following General Order by His Royal Highness The Commander in Chief.

HORSE-GUARDS, 24*th July* 1812.

It having been represented to the Commander in Chief, that many Paymasters of Regiments are engaged in commerce and business of a private nature, His Royal Highness judges it necessary to declare, that he considers all such avocations incompatible with their Regimental duty, and he commands that Regimental Paymasters shall, on no account, engage, directly or indirectly, in traffic or commerce of any kind, but shall strictly confine themselves entirely to the duties of the stations they hold in their respective corps.

By command of His Royal Highness The Commander in Chief.

HARRY CALVERT,
Adjutant General.

G. O. G. 26TH MARCH 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders, the following Report from the Committee of Examiners, and to direct that the honorary reward for the attainment of the Hindostanee Language be conferred on Lieutenant Higgins of the 17th Regiment of Native Infantry.

To

The Honorable

SIR GEORGE HILARO BARLOW, *Bart. and K. B.*
Governor in Council, &c. &c. &c.
FORT ST. GEORGE.

HONORABLE SIR,

We have the honor to report to you, that in conformity to our instructions, as conveyed in Mr. Secretary Strachey's letter of the 12th instant, we proceeded to the examination in the Hindoostanee Language of Lieutenant Higgins of the 1st Battalion 17th Regiment Native Infantry, and are happy in being enabled to state that, that Officer has acquitted himself in the several tasks assigned him, with no common ability; his translations from the Hindoostanee into English were made with the greatest exactness, and his version from the latter to the former language, exhibited an extensive knowledge of words, although the idiom which he adopted was not always in strict conformity to the usage of the Carnatic dialect.

Lieutenant Higgins appears to converse in the Language with perfect fluency.—We beg accordingly to recommend him for the usual honorary reward.

We have the honor to be,
Honorable Sir,
With great respect,
Your very obedient humble Servants.
(Signed) J. LEITH,
W. OLIVER,
H. MORTLOCK.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
22*d March* 1813.

G. O. G. 2D APRIL 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council having considered, that it will promote the efficient conduct of the Barrack Department to have the Public Buildings placed in charge of Staff Officers whose duties attach them to Stations, has been pleased to rescind that part of the 5th paragraph of the G. O. under date the 9th October 1810, which constitutes the Officers of the Quarter Master General's Department, Officers of Custody with regard to Barracks.—It is accordingly ordered that, on the 1st of May next, the Public Buildings under charge of Quarter Masters of Brigade at the Stations of Masulipatam, Trichinopoly, and Bellary, and of the Major of Brigade at Cannanore, shall be delivered over to the Fort Adjutants of those places respectively; and that the latter Officers shall draw each the existing stationary allowance of 5 Pagodas

Pagodas per mensem, instead of the former, from and after the above date ; Officers in charge of Public Buildings will address the usual quarterly returns to the Officer in charge of the Quarter Master General's Department in the Division, who will exercise the general superintendence and control over the Barrack Department, and prepare the division quarterly return of Public Buildings for transmission to Head Quarters.

G. O. G. 6TH APRIL 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council having been pleased to direct, that the usual Staff allowance of 4 Pagodas per mensem, of the several Arrack Godown Serjeants on the Establishment, shall be paid to them in future by the Commissariat, and included in the disbursements of that Department ; the entry of these charges in the disbursements of Paymasters is to be discontinued after the receipt of this Order.

G. O. C. C. 26TH MARCH 1813.

Lieutenant General the Honorable John Abercromby directs Officers required by G. O. of the 18th September 1801, republished on the 23d January 1812, to report themselves, on arriving at or departing from the Presidency, to the Deputy Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces, to make such reports in future, for His Excellency's information, to the Brigade Major of the King's Troops, Fort St. George, by whom the usual Passports will be issued.

G. O. G. 9TH APRIL 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that, from and after the 1st May next ensuing, the Donations and Subscriptions on account of the Medical Fund shall be remitted by the Paymasters collecting the same, to the Secretary to the Fund, by Bills for the amount drawn in his favor on the Accountant General.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is further pleased to direct, that all Bills drawn by Paymasters, as above directed, shall be dated on the 1st of the month in which the amount shall have been received and bear interest from that period.

G. O. G. 13TH APRIL 1813.

With reference to the 17th Paragraph, Page 304 of the Code of Pay Regulations, the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that in future, all Abstracts for Pay and Allowances presented for payment at the Presidency, whether of Detachments of Corps, of Individual Officers, or other persons, not forming a part of the Garrison of Fort St. George, shall be countersigned by the Town Major, or in his absence by the Fort Adjutant, previous to payment.

Abstracts for the Regimental Pay and Allowances of Officers in Staff situations at the Presidency, are to be countersigned by the Heads of the Offices or Departments, to which such Officers respectively belong.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 16th April 1813.

A Tent of a new Pattern, for the accommodation of the European Troops having been established, the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to order and direct, that Camp Equipage of that description shall be allotted to the Service, according to the following proportions, viz. one Tent for every 20 Horse Artillery men or Dragoons, and one for every 25 Foot Artillery, or European Infantry.

The Carriage required for the new Tents, together with the Poles, Pins, and Mallets is to be calculated at 9 Bullocks or 3 Camels for every two Tents, and that proportion of Carriage shall include the spare Cattle.

The Pins are on no account to be rolled up in the Tents, but are to be carried in separate Gunnies which will be furnished for the purpose.

Lascars are to be allowed in the proportion of one to each Tent.

Bamboo Coolies for the carriage of the Tent Poles of this description of Camp Equipage when conveyed on Bullocks, are to be allowed in the proportion of two Coolies to three Tents, but if carried on Elephants or Camels, the Bamboo Coolies will be authorized.

When it may not be practicable to issue Tents of the new muster, indents for Camp Equipage, &c. will be made out on the principles established by the Regulations of the 3d May 1808, and the G. O. of 14th November 1809.

The Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the establishment of Tent Lascars shall be fixed as follows:—

Syrangs.	1st Tindals.	2d Tindals.	Lascars.
11	15	60	1,200

G. O. C. C. 12th April 1813.

His Excellency Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby, has been pleased to direct the publication of the following General Orders by His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief.

GENERAL ORDERS.

HORSE-GUARDS: *24th June* 1812.

The Commander in Chief has commanded it to be notified, that when it is the intention of a Court Martial to award solitary confinement as a punishment, it is necessary that the words "solitary confinement" should be expressed in the wording of the sentence.

Annexed is the form of commitment which is to be used, when the Commanding Officer of a Corps finds it necessary to place any Soldier, in pursuance of the sentence of a Court Martial, in the temporary custody of the Civil power.

By Command of His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief.

HARRY CALVERT,
Adjutant General.

I——Commanding Officer of——do hereby require and order you to receive into your custody and to keep in confinement for the space of (*) (†) of the ——— Regiment, pursuant to the sentence of a Court Martial held at——— a copy of which sentence is hereto annexed.

An authenticated description of the Prisoner, extracted from the Regimental Description Book, is here inserted.

* *Here insert the period.*
† *Here insert the Name of the Prisoner.*

Name of the Prisoner.
Age.
Height.
Description of his person, &c. &c.

Signature of the Commanding Officer———.

To
The Gaoler or Keeper of——.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 23d April 1813.

The following Report from the Committee appointed for the Examination of Officers in the Hindoostanee Language, is published for the information of the Army.

To The Honorable
SIR GEORGE HILARO BARLOW, *Bart. & K. B.*
Governor in Council,
&c. &c. &c.

HONORABLE SIR,

We have the honor of reporting to you, that agreeably to our instructions, as conveyed in Mr. Secretary Strachey's Letter of the 5th Instant, we have proceeded to the examination, in the Hindoostanee Language, of Lieutenant Fireworkers Lewis and Mackenzie of the 1st Battalion of Artillery and Lieutenant Mallandaine of the 1st Battalion 18th Regiment; of these Gentlemen, Lieutenants Lewis and Mackenzie performed the usual exercises with great exactness and facility. The translation of Mr. Lewis from English, into Hindoostanee, was rendered with a degree of spirit and felicity of expression, that reflects the greatest honor on his acquirements. Mr. Mackenzie's translations displayed, at the same time a very satisfactory knowledge of the Language.

The written versions of Mr. Mallandaine were not made with that perfect exactness, which we might have been led to expect from his standing in the Service (being a Lieutenant of 1805) and formerly employed as one of the Instructors to the Cadet Company.

When called on, however, to converse in the Language, he displayed a particularly prompt and unembarrassed elocution, and such as could only have resulted from a full knowledge of the colloquial idiom and phrases of the vernacular dialect.

We accordingly beg leave to include him in our recommendation, with the two Gentlemen abovementioned, for the usual honorary reward.

We have the honor to be,
Honorable Sir,
With great respect,
Your very obedient humble Servants,
(Signed) J. LEITH,
W. OLIVER,
R. B. OTTO.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
22d *April* 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to confer the Honorary Reward for the attainment of the Hindoostanee Language on Lieutenant Fireworker Lewis of the Artillery, also on Lieutenant Fireworker Mackenzie of the same Corps, and on Lieutenant Mallandaine of the 18th Regiment of Native Infantry.

G. O. G. 23d April 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to cancel the 8th Para. of the 1st Section of the Commissariat Regulations, and to direct, that it shall in future be considered the duty of the Commissary General, to submit for the decision of Government, the expediency of storing Grain for the use of the Troops at Fort St. George and at the Out-Stations of the Army, and as the reports of the Officers of the Commissariat, with respect to the state of the seasons and the crops as well as the probable rates at which it may be practicable to provide the necessary supplies, will always place in the possession of the Commissary General the best information on the subject, it will be expected, that, in submitting any arrangements for storing Grain, he will always afford to the Government the fullest explanation regarding the expediency or necessity of the measures proposed.

G. O. G. 30th April 1813.

The Vakeels of Native Corps, and Puchallies attached to European Corps, having been

been erroneously omitted in the list of persons entitled to receive Rice from the Public Stores, as published in General Orders on the 10th of November last; the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the error be rectified, and that those Followers shall receive Rice as formerly.

G. O. G. 30TH APRIL 1813.

Instances having occurred, of two or more claims for Pensions centering in *one* person as the nearest Heir of deceased Native Officers and Soldiers, the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that no Claimant under such circumstances shall be permitted to draw more than *one* Pension, although such person may be the nearest heir to two or more deceased Native Officers or Soldiers; in such cases however, the Claimant will have a right to the Pension of the highest rank; for instance, a person being the nearest heir of a Havildar and a Sepoy will be entitled to a Pension on account of the Havildar, but not on account of both the Havildar and Sepoy.

It is to be observed, that all claims for Pensions under the above regulation will be subject to the provision of the G. O. dated 22d October 1802, which directs, that no Native Officer or Private Soldier, or other person receiving pay in the service of the Honorable Company shall be entitled to any Pension on account of deceased Native Officers or Soldiers, such bounty being intended for the relief of those persons exclusively, who by the loss of their deceased relations may be left destitute of support.

In the event of a person already pensioned in an inferior rank establishing a claim to a higher rate of Pension, the descriptive certificate originally granted is to be cancelled, and a new certificate issued according with the increased rate of Pension, and with the name, rank, &c. of the deceased.

G. O. C. C. 30TH APRIL 1813.

Officers requiring Certificates from the Deputy Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces in support of applications to the Military Auditor General for advances of Cash, on their first arrival at Madras, are directed to address themselves personally or in writing to the Brigade Major of His Majesty's Forces at his Office in Fort St. George.

The Brigade Major will likewise make the necessary arrangements, on being applied to, as above mentioned, for facilitating the embarkations of officers of His Majesty's service, who have obtained the Commander in Chief's permission to leave this Presidency.

G. O. C. C. 9TH MAY 1813.

On all future occasions requiring the transfer at this Presidency, of Prisoners belonging to His Majesty's Army, from Military Custody to that of the Civil Power, the necessary arrangements are to be made by the Deputy Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces.

G. O. C. C. 14TH MAY 1813.

His Excellency Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby has been pleased

pleased to direct the publication of the following General Orders by His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief.

HORSE GUARDS, 25TH SEPTEMBER 1812.

* It is His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief's Command, that Soldiers, who from circumstances of urgent necessity, may require a prolongation of furlough, shall address themselves to the nearest Military Officer, being a General Officer on the Staff, the Commanding Officer of a Regiment or Depot, an Inspecting Field Officer of the Recruiting Service, or other Officer with the rank of Captain on that duty, or the Adjutant of a Corps of Local Militia, and that in no case shall they apply to Civil Magistrates, unless they can make it appear that no Officer of any of the before-mentioned descriptions is stationed or resident within a reasonable distance from the place where they may happen to be. And it is further His Royal Highness's Command, that when Officers, after due investigation, find it expedient to extend a Soldier's furlough, they shall invariably make a communication to the Officer commanding the Corps to which the Man belongs, apprizing him of the circumstances of the case, and the necessity of the measure.

By Command of His Royal Highness The Commander in Chief.

HARRY CALVERT, *Adjutant General.*

G. O. C. C. 13TH MAY 1813.

With reference to General Orders of the 4th August 1801, Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby is pleased to desire Officers in Command of Regiments to transmit to The Commandant at Poonamallee, patterns of such necessaries as they may be desirous of having furnished, under his superintendence, to Recruits arriving at the Depot.—The Commandant will cause the several articles to be made up in conformity to the patterns supplied as above directed, but as that Officer is responsible for the comfort and appearance of His Majesty's Detachments under his Command, the quantity of things given out must be regulated by the exercise of his discretion, it being clearly understood however, that His Excellency The Lieutenant General is of opinion the issue of necessaries to Soldiers, previous to joining their respective Corps, ought to be as limited as circumstances will possibly admit.

G. O. C. C. IN INDIA.

CAWNPORE, 13TH APRIL 1813.

The Commander in Chief in India has been pleased to direct, that the following copy of a Circular Letter from the Adjutant General, dated Horse Guards, the 18th January 1812, containing instructions, in addition to those detailed from Page 279 to 288 of the General Regulations of the Army, dated Horse Guards, the 12th August 1811, shall be published in orders for general information.

CIRCULAR. HORSE GUARDS, 18*th July* 1812.

" SIR,

" Referring to an establishment, which has recently taken place, in which the " Commander in Chief feels the most lively interest, I have His Royal Highness's " commands to desire you will instruct the General Officers, in Command of Brigades, " in the District under your orders, to be very minute in their Confidential Reports, " as to the Regimental Schools of the Corps under their command."

" It is the Commander in Chief's wish to receive Returns of the Schools, stating " the number of Scholars of each sex, with the opinions of the General Officer and " Chaplain, or officiating Chaplain, as to the talents and correctness of conduct of " the Serjeant School Master, and of the progress of the Children under his tuition."

" It is also the Commander in Chief's pleasure, that the Confidential Reports shall " hereafter specify, what has been the attendance of the Chaplain, or officiating " Chaplain,

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* *Form of Furlough to be used page* 34.

" Chaplain, (specifying him by name), at the Regimental, and other Hospitals of " each Station and District, what has been the accommodation for each Corps for " attending Divine Service ; and whether Divine Service has, or has not, been regu- " larly performed on each Sunday, and duly attended by all the Officers, Non-Com- " missioned Officers, and Soldiers of the Regiment ;—if there has been any omission " in the performance of this duty in any Corps, His Royal Highness requires such " omission to be specified."

" The Certificate required from the officiating Chaplain, to the letter and spirit " of which the Commander in Chief enjoins the strictest conformity, is to specify, " that, in addition to the usual duty of Sunday, he has visited the sick twice in each " week.—There may, however, be cases, in which, from casualties, or other circum- " stances some deviations may become unavoidable ; in such instances the omissions " must be entered both with their dates, and causes on the back of the certificate.—If " the General of the Brigade has reason to be dissatisfied with the conduct or character " of the officiating Chaplain, he will report the same to the Chaplain General."

" The Commander in Chief desires, that the attention of the officers in the command " of Brigades and Regiments may be particularly called to the frequent Practice of " Firing with Ball, and in the Confidential Reports of the former, His Royal Highness " expects to receive the most satisfactory information as to the progress which each " of the Corps under their orders is making in this essential branch of instruction, to " ascertain which, it will be necessary for the General Officers frequently to take " men indiscriminately from the ranks, and direct them to fire ball in their presence."

" The Commander in Chief commands me to avail myself of this opportunity of " correcting a mistake, which appears in many instances to prevail, viz. that it is " requisite for the General Officers to specify the day on which he inspected each " Corps, making his Confidential Report apparently the result of such inspection. " On the contrary, it is the Commander in Chief's intention that the Confidential " Reports shall be the result of daily observation, and continual intercourse, and His " Royal Highness expects, that every Officer entrusted with the command of a Brigade " shall make himself so conversant with the interior economy and actual state of " every Corps, of which it is composed, and so acquaint himself with the talents and " exertions of every Officer under his command, that he shall be prepared at any " time, on the shortest notice, to furnish from his own personal knowledge and observ- " ation, the information which His Royal Highness requires on each of the points " detailed in the General Regulations of the 12th August 1811, in addition to those " to which, I have now by His Royal Highness's Command called your attention, and " I am further directed to request, that the Confidential Reports and Returns may " be transmitted as soon as possible after they are completed, as the delays which " have in many instances attended their transmission, have very much diminished " the interest, with which the Commander in Chief receives, and examines these " Reports."

" The Commander in Chief deems it very expedient that you should immediately " communicate the substance of this letter to the General Officers under your command " that each individual may be fully apprised of the nature and extent of the duties, " which His Royal Highness considers to attach to every General Officer employed " on the Staff, and that each may be prepared on every occasion, and on every " particular, to answer His Royal Highness's enquiries and expectations, in a manner, " which may evince his own capacity for command and attention to his duty, at the " same time that he furnishes the required information, in reference to the Corps placed " under his immediate care, and superintendence."

I have the honor, to be &c. &c.

(Signed) HARRY CALVERT, *Adjutant General.*

G. O. C. C. in India.

If the General Officer finds reason to be dissatisfied with the conduct or character of the officiating Chaplain attached to the Station or District under his command, he will specially report the same to the Commander in Chief, or Officer Commanding the Forces of the Presidency under which he may be serving, instead of reporting to the Chaplain General, as directed in the 4th paragraph of the foregoing Letter.

Whenever

Whenever it shall happen that a Regiment is quartered at a Station or District, to which no Chaplain is attached, the Inspecting Officer will notice the circumstance in his Confidential Report.

It having in some instances been represented that from the want of His Majesty's Regulations, Inspecting Officers have not been able to make that clear and distinct report which is required of them.—The Commander in Chief is pleased to direct that previous to the inspection taking place, the Commanding Officer of the Corps to be reported on, will furnish the Inspecting Officer with His Majesty's Regulations on this head, and of every other order relative thereto, which he may have received,—and whenever circumstances shall occur to prevent the inspection being made at the periods prescribed by the Regulations, viz. "in the early part of the months of May and October in each year," His Excellency desires that the cause of it may be specified in the Confidential Report, which, with every other document connected therewith, are required to be made on paper of the demi-size, in order to correspond with the size of the Inspection Returns.

The Commander in Chief, adverting to the different modes which some Inspecting Officers have adopted of addressing, and of forwarding their Reports, is pleased to direct that the Confidential Letter shall in future, be addressed to the Commander in Chief in India, which, with the Inspection Returns, Reports, &c. are to be transmitted under cover to the Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces in India, to be submitted to His Excellency.

The above documents are required to be forwarded in duplicate, and are to be signed by the Officer Commanding the Regiment or Battalion, and countersigned by the Inspecting Officer.

(Signed) W. GRANT KEIR,
Adjutant General.

G. O. G. 14TH MAY 1813.

The mode of payment, by the Officers of the Army, for the supply of Broad Cloth, &c. from the Honorable Company's Import Warehouse, as prescribed in the General Orders by Government of the 16th of February last, having been found in some instances, to occasion inconvenience in the final adjustment of the accounts, the Honorable the Governor in Council has deemed it expedient to revise the provisions of the G. O. abovementioned to the following effect.

Officers indenting for any of the articles mentioned in the foregoing Order, the price of which may not exceed 3 Pagodas, shall pay for the same in ready money.

Should the cost of the articles supplied, exceed 3, and not amount to more than 5, Pagodas, the payment will be made by stoppage, on the succeeding issue of pay to the Army.

In all other cases, where the amount may exceed the sum of 5 Pagodas, the payment will continue, as heretofore, to be exacted by six monthly instalments.

G. O. G. 21ST MAY 1813.

His Excellency Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby having received charge of the Government of Fort St. George and its dependencies in conformity to the appointment of the Honorable the Court of Directors, all Officers and Soldiers under this Presidency are hereby ordered and required to obey the said Lieutenant General Abercromby as President in Council and Governor of Fort St. George.

G. O. C. C.

G. O. C. C. 22d May 1813.

Officers detailed for any general duty (either in General Orders or otherwise) are expected to be punctual in their attendance, nor will any reasons be admitted in excuse for *non-attendance* on the day fixed, unless it be occasioned by certified inability, *arising from sickness.*

The Commander in Chief never expects on any future occasion to hear, that an Officer has considered it better (under any circumstance) to do otherwise, than obey the orders he has received.

Sufficient time will on all occasions be given for Officers at distant Stations to receive their orders, and be present at the Station they are ordered to, by the day fixed, and as every Officer is provided with Camp Equipage, he is expected to be on all occasions ready to move at the shortest notice; it can never therefore be admitted in excuse for delay, *that an Officer is in any way unprepared.*

G. O. G. 18th May 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the following alterations, promotions and appointments, shall take place in the Commissariat, from the date of this order.

The present Sub Assistants are ordered to be promoted to be Deputy Assistants without any change in the allowances now drawn by those Officers; the Deputy Assistant Lieutenant Cumming, is promoted to the rank of an Assistant Commissary General, and Lieutenant J. Low of the 24th Regiment Native Infantry, is appointed a Deputy Assistant, vice Cumming; Captain H. G. A. Taylor, Superintendent of Bazars with the Head Quarters of the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force, is also appointed a Deputy Assistant.

It being resolved, that an additional Class of Officers to be denominated Sub Assistants shall be formed and annexed to the Commissariat, the following appointments to that rank are accordingly ordered to take place, viz.

Captain A. Grant, 10th Regiment N. I.
Captain H. M'Kenzie, 18th Regiment N. I.
Lieutenant M'Laren, 8th Regiment N. I.
Lieutenant T. Cox, 14th Regiment N. I.
Lieutenant A. Tulloh, 7th Regiment N. I.
Lieutenant M. H. Davidson, 25th Regiment N. I.
Lieutenant J. Fyfe, 3d Regiment N. I.
Lieutenant J. Noble, 15th Regiment N. I.

The appointments of Superintendents of Bazars are abolished from the date of this order, and the duties of those situations will be conducted in future by the Commissariat, under the existing regulations for Military Bazars.

G. O. C. C. 21st May 1813.

His Excellency Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby adverting to the Circular and Confidential Letters dated Horse Guards, the 25th of March 1812, from the Adjutant General, to Commanding Officers of Corps, accompanied by the Copy of a Warrant empowering the Colonel, or Officer Commanding, to hold in the Regiment under his Command, General Regimental Courts Martial, directs that the proceedings of such General Regimental Courts Martial shall be taken down by the President, or one of its Members to be named by him.

The President and Members of such Courts shall be sworn, as directed by the Articles of War, with relation to "All Trials by any Court Martial [other than General Courts Martial]."

The proceedings of all such Courts Martial from Corps stationed in the Field are to be transmitted by the Officer Commanding the Corps, for confirmation, to the General

neral or other Officer Commanding the Field Force, and from Regiments quartered at any other Station, District, or Division, to the General or other Officer Commanding such Station, District, or Division.

The original proceedings of General Courts Martial, after being approved and confirmed, are to be returned to the Commanding Officer, by whom they will be transmitted without delay to the Deputy Judge Advocate of his Majesty's Forces, for the purpose of being immediately forwarded to the Judge Advocate General in London.

His Excellency the Lieutenant General has deemed proper to order that the 2d and 3d paragraphs of the Adjutant General's Confidential Letter of the 25th March 1812 should here be recapitulated, and to direct the particular attention of the Officers of His Majesty's Army to the sentiments and instructions therein conveyed; a strict observance of which cannot fail to produce the most beneficial effects to the Service.

"The Commander in Chief has commanded me to take this opportunity of stating, "that there is no point on which his Royal Highness is more decided in his opinion "than that when Officers are earnest and zealous in the discharge of their duty, and "competent to their respective stations, a frequent recurrence to punishment will not "be necessary."

"The Commander in Chief is confident the Officers of the Army are universally "actuated by a spirit of justice, and impressed with those sentiments of kindness and "regard towards their men, which they on so many occasions have proved themselves "to deserve, but his Royal Highness has reason to apprehend that in many instances "sufficient attention has not been paid to the prevention of crimes.—The timely "interference of the Officer, his personal intercourse and acquaintance with his men "(which are sure to be repaid by the Soldiers' confidence and attachment,) and "above all, his personal example, are the only efficacious means of preventing mili- "tary offences, and the Commander in Chief has no hesitation in declaring, that the "maintenance of strict discipline, without severity of punishment, and the support "and encouragement of an ardent and military spirit, in a Corps without licentious- "ness, are the criterions, by which his Royal Highness will be very much guided in "forming his opinion of the talents, abilities, and merit of the Officers to whom the "command of the different Regiments and Corps of the Army are confided."

Commanding Officers of Regiments are desired to draw the attention of Officers composing Regimental Courts Martial, to the 1st paragraph of the Adjutant General's Confidential Letter dated the 25th of March 1812.

General Officers will transmit with their half yearly Confidential Report, a list of Soldiers tried by General Regimental Courts Martial since the date of the last Inspection of the Corps reported on, and the proceedings of such Courts are to be regularly registered in the books of His Majesty's Regiments, as prescribed, in the instance of Regimental Courts Martial, by the Regulations and Orders for the Army dated Horse Guards, 12th August 1811—pages 284 and 296.

The above directions are to be strictly complied with, and immediately acted on, by Regiments already in possession of the Circular, and Confidential, Letters, and Warrant of the 25th March 1812, and by other Corps, successively, on receiving them from Europe.

G. O. C. C. 29th May 1813.

☞ The Sub Assistants of the Commissariat, appointed in the General Orders of the 18th instant, shall wear an Uniform in all respects the same as directed for the Officers of that rank in the G. O. of the 22d October 1810, with the exception of the Epaulette, which is to be worn on the right instead of the left shoulder;—the Uniform of the Officers promoted to be Deputy Assistants, will not undergo any alteration, and the whole of the Officers of the department will wear the raised Button, which has already been established for the Commissariat.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 25th May 1813.

* The Honorable the Governor in Council having been pleased to approve of a new Code of revised Regulations for the conduct of the Ordnance Department, is pleased to direct, that these Regulations shall be strictly attended to, and that copies be distributed, under the orders of the Military Board, to Officers Commanding Divisions and Stations, and to the Heads of Departments and Corps.

G. O. G. 28th May 1813.

His Excellency the Honorable the Governor in Council, with a view to the convenience of the Native Troops, is pleased to authorize the pay of the current month to be drawn for all Details of Native Corps under the strength of a Troop or Company, when detached between the 25th and the end of a month.

The abstracts for the above pay to be drawn under the general regulations of the Service in regard to vouchers, with the exception, that the muster rolls are to be authenticated by Officers in command, or charge of the Corps as in the months of regimental musters.

It is however to be understood, that the above payments are left to the discretion of Commanding Officers of Corps, who are at liberty to withhold their approval if the short distance to which a Detail may be detached, appears to them to render such anticipated payment unnecessary.

The Governor in Council is further pleased to authorize, in all cases of Individual Officers and of Details or Detachments, whether of European or Native Troops, requiring to leave their Station between the 1st of a month and the date fixed in G. O. for the regular issue of pay to the Army, that such Individual Officers, Details and Detachments shall be authorized to draw the pay which may then be due to them on regular abstracts, vouchers, &c.; the muster rolls in such cases, to be authenticated in the manner directed in the second paragraph.

The foregoing regulation to be considered as applicable to all Public Followers of the fixed establishment.

G. O. G. 28th May 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to extend the effect of the Regulation, which entitles the wives of European Soldiers, "permitted to accompany their Husbands to India," to a daily allowance of 1½ fanam, to all women born of European Parents, who may marry Soldiers, either "in India" or "during the passage from Europe."

Officers Commanding Regiments, &c. will at the same time be held strictly responsible, that no Native woman shall in any case, benefit by the provision in question.

G. O. C. C. 1st June 1813.

His Excellency Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby, has been pleased to direct the publication of the following General Orders.

Head

* *Another Code published—Vide Vol. 4, page 159.*

HEAD QUARTERS: CAWNPORE, *3d May* 1813.

GENERAL ORDERS.

In all cases where it is the wish of Officers Commanding His Majesty's Regiments to have men from the Corps under their respective commands, transferred to any other,—to the Royal Navy, or to the Honorable Company's Service, the Commander in Chief in India is pleased to direct that previous to the application being forwarded, the Commanding Officer is to obtain from the Individual, his consent, in writing, to the measure, which he is to transmit, for record to the Brigade Major to the King's Troops at the Presidency under which the Regiment to which the man belongs is serving, and reporting in his application, his having done so.

The reasons which induce the Commanding Officer to solicit such transfers, are required to be fully detailed in his application, which is to be forwarded thro' the regular channel, for the consideration of the Commander in Chief in India.

(Signed) W. GRANT KEIR,
Adjutant General.

In explanation of the above Order, for the guidance of His Majesty's Army at this Presidency, Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby is pleased to direct, that when the written consent of a Soldier to be transferred from His Majesty's Service is conveyed to the Major of Brigade, the Commanding Officer of the Regiment to which the individual belongs will forward the regular application through the Deputy Adjutant General's Office for eventual submission to His Excellency the Commander in Chief in India.

G. O. C. C. 4TH JUNE 1813.

Much inconvenience having arisen from the delay attending the notification to the Commander in Chief of appointments made in England to His Majesty's Regiments in India,

Officers Commanding Corps will in future, on receipt of official notification from the War Office, or Regimental Agent, of any promotion or appointment which may have taken place in their respective Corps, immediately transmit a copy of such notification thro' the Office of the Deputy Adjutant General to Head Quarters at Calcutta.

G. O. C. C. IN INDIA.

CALCUTTA, *27th February* 1808.

" To obviate the serious inconvenience which has been heretofore too frequently experienced by Officers selling their Commissions on retiring from the Service, or on promotion, as well as by the purchasers when their promotion has not been confirmed by His Majesty, His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to direct that the following rules and regulations be henceforth rigidly observed in the sale and purchase of Commissions in His Majesty's Regiments serving in the East Indies.

" 1st—The most strict attention shall be paid by Commanding Officers of Corps to enforce His Majesty's regulations in respect to the price prescribed for the respective ranks of Officers in his Regiments on promotion or exchange.

" 2d—No applications for promotion (with or without purchase) or exchanges will be attended to, which do not pass through the regular channels, supported by the usual certificates from the parties concerned and their respective Commanding Officers.

" 3d—Officers applying to purchase, or exchange from Infantry to Cavalry service, shall deposit the amount of the purchase money, or of the difference between the two services, with the Paymaster of the Corps, or some respectable Agent, and shall forward his or their certificate of being in possession thereof, and of its being forthcoming with the interest which may have accrued thereon when His Majesty's confirmation of the promotion or exchange shall be notified in General Orders.—

The

This certificate is to bear the signature of the Officer, in command of the Corps, signifying his belief that the Agent is a person of sufficient responsibility for the fulfilment of his engagement,—it being nevertheless clearly understood, that, until the money be paid, the Purchaser is to be answerable for the amount the same as if it had been lodged with the Agents of the Regiment.

" 4th—When Officers succeed by purchase to the Commissions of Officers retired from the Service, or promoted in Corps not serving in India, the purchase money (with interest from the day of promotion to the day of remittance) is to be remitted by the very first opportunity to the Agents of the Regiment, and a certificate of the nature of the remittance and the conveyance is to be transmitted by the Regimental Paymaster thro' the Commanding Officers of Corps to the Agents, and duplicate thereof thro' the regular channel to the Military Secretary of His Excellency the Commander in Chief,—Commanding Officers stating on such certificate their belief of the correctness of its contents.

" 5th—When an Officer is recommended for promotion with or without purchase, his length of service in the Army and the ranks purchased by him, are to be invariably notified to Head Quarters, as well as the name of the Officer entitled to the purchase money when the Commission is on sale.

" 6th—When an Officer is recommended for promotion with or without purchase, who is not the senior of his rank, the reason of such recommendation is to be particularly explained.

" 7th—No Gentleman is to be recommended for a Commission, with or without purchase, without reporting his age, address, and that he is not a half-cast or person of colour."

(Signed) W. GRANT KEIR,
Adjutant General King's Troops.

Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby is surprised at the frequent deviations, from the above clear and precise instructions, by which their republication is rendered necessary, and, should the Service be subjected to inconvenience in future by instances of similar inattention to General Orders, His Excellency will not fail to designate them by marks of his disapprobation.

G. O. G. 8TH JUNE 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council judges it expedient to direct, in conformity with the renewed orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors, that all persons who may be permitted to resign, or may be dismissed from the Service of His Majesty, or of the Honorable Company, shall proceed to Europe by the next earliest opportunity; and the Town Major of Fort St. George is authorized and enjoined, to require all such persons to repair to the Presidency without delay, and to report to him on their arrival their places of abode; The same Officer is further charged with the duty of warning such persons, finally to embark for Europe.

The Commander in Chief is requested to give directions, that the names of all persons who may resign or be dismissed from His Majesty's or the Honorable Company's Service, shall be reported to the Town Major of Fort. St. George.

G. O. G. 8TH JUNE 1813.

The Committee appointed for the purpose of examining Officers and Gentlemen Cadets in the Persian and Hindostanee languages having recently reported some instances, in which Candidates have failed to establish their claim to the honorary reward; with the view of obviating similar disappointment in future cases, and of securing the Committee from unnecessary trouble, the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to define in General Orders the degree of proficiency in either language, which is requisite to ensure a successful examination.

It is expected, that the Candidate shall read and translate a common paper with ease

ease, that he shall be able to translate correctly from and into the language which he has made the object of his study, that he shall write in the Persian character legibly and spell, with at least, tolerable correctness, and that he shall be able to converse with fluency.

His Excellency in Council is further pleased to signify his desire, that Officers and Cadets shall not apply for leave of absence to the Presidency for the purpose of undergoing an examination in the Native Languages, unless they shall be confident of success, as they otherwise incur unnecessary expense.

G. O. G. 11TH JUNE 1813.

Instances having recently occurred in which doubts have arisen, as to the dates on which Officers, Gentlemen Cadets and Assistant Surgeons, who, on their first arrival from Europe may have landed within the territories under this Presidency, are to be considered effective on the Establishment, and consequently to receive the Indian allowances of their respective ranks; the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that all Officers, Cadets, and Assistant Surgeons shall be recognized and entitled to draw their allowances from the date of their arrival on any part of the Coast, subject to the Madras Government on reporting themselves to the Adjutant General of the Army, and receiving from that Officer the orders of the Commander in Chief, with respect to their eventual destination—and Commanding Officers or other constituted authorities, at the Station where such arrivals may take place, are hereby directed to make known the tenor of this order to all Officers, Cadets, and Assistant Surgeons who may land under the above circumstances, within the range of their control; it is however to be clearly understood, that the indulgence granted by this order, shall not be considered applicable to any Officer, or other person, who may re-embark after his first landing and proceed by a circuitous voyage to the Presidency, or to any other part of India; in such cases the date of service, as well as of the receipt of Indian allowances, shall conform to the pre-existing regulations.

G. O. C. C. 11TH JUNE 1813.

When a Soldier is guilty of desertion from His Majesty's Service, the Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Detachment, from which he absents himself, will take the earliest opportunity of transmitting, to the Deputy Adjutant General's Office, a descriptive return, according to Form page 130, General Regulations and Orders for the Army, dated Horse Guards, 12th August 1811,---that due notice may be communicated to the Civil Power, to facilitate the offender's apprehension.

G. O. G. 8TH JUNE 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish to the Army, the following Extract from a Letter addressed by the Government of Fort St. George to the Honorable the Court of Directors, and a Copy of the Reply received from the Honorable Court.

Extract from a Letter to the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated the 27th January 1809.

Para. 10.—"We had the honor to bring to your particular notice in our letter of the 28th June 1808, the General Order which had been issued under date the 10th of June 1808, regarding the payment of full Batta to Officers Commanding Corps. We have recently resolved, on the recommendation of the Commander in Chief

Chief to continue that allowance to Commanding Officers when absent from their Corps by leave, on their paying to the next senior Officers present, the difference between the full and half Batta of their regimental rank, and at the suggestion of the Military Auditor General this arrangement has been rendered retrospective in both cases."

Extract from a Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated the 21st of October 1812.

Para. 14.—" We are of opinion that the Senior Officer present with the Corps should draw the superior Batta and that no such allowance should be made to Officers absent from their Corps, unless specially granted to them on account of their being employed elsewhere, by order of Government."

15.—" We desire that this Regulation may obtain in future, instead of the Regulation notified in this paragraph."

In conformity with the intention of the foregoing Order; the Governor in Council is pleased to cancel the 70th paragraph of the second Section of the Code of Pay Regulations (Page 23,) and to direct, that under the circumstances stated in that paragraph, the Senior Officer present with any Corps shall alone draw the full Batta of his rank attached to the command of it.

His Excellency in Council further directs, that the above Regulation shall have effect from the 30th instant.

G. O. G. 8th June 1813.

With reference to the G. O. by the Commander in Chief, under date the 2d August 1810, by which Officers commanding Native Corps were directed to transmit for countersignature their bills for hutting money the day previous to their march for a new Station, they are hereby ordered in case of the occurrence of any casualties during the march to pay the hutting allowance which may be drawn for those men into the hands of the Paymaster of the new Station, whose receipt for the same they will transmit to the Quarter Master General of the Army, in order that it may be deposited in the proper office.

G. O. G. 15th June 1813.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the following extract from a letter dated the 21st October 1812, from the Honorable the Court of Directors to the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council, shall be published in General Orders.

Para. 17.—" Sir Harford Jones having stated to us, that His Royal Highness the " Prince Royal had been pleased to confer on the Subidar of the Horse Artillery " left by General Malcolm and on Syed Hoossein and Hoosseinee Beg, the Jemadars " of Sir Harford's Escort, Gold Medals of the Order of the Sun, we direct, as a " special mark of our favor, that our permission to wear these honorable testimonies " of their good behaviour, be publicly announced to these persons."

18.—" And, as Sir Harford Jones has strongly represented to us the orderly and " exemplary conduct of the Native Officers, and men composing his Escort, during " the three years they were with him, as well as the great hardship they patiently " underwent from the extreme severity of the winters at Tauris; and as we are de- " sirous, on all occasions, to reward and encourage such a disposition in our Native " Troops, particularly when employed on distant service, we direct, that Syed " Hoossein and Hoosseinee Beg, the Jemidars abovementioned, be promoted to the " rank of Subidars, and that Mohed Deen, who acted as Orderly to Sir H. Jones, be " promoted to the rank of Jemidar; and although we have directed these promotions " to take place in consequence of the good behaviour of these persons in Persia, it is " nevertheless satisfactory to us to know that the Native Officers thus promoted, have " distinguished themselves on former occasions in our services. G. O. G.

G. O. G. 9th June 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following extracts of letters from the Honorable the Court of Directors, for the information of the Army.

Letter dated 9th September 1812.

262.—The Field Officers and Captains of the Invalid Establishment, praying that the shares of Off-reckonings taken from them by the arrangement of 1803 may be restored to them.

127.—We must admit that the general arrangement relative to the surplus Off-reckonings which we thought proper to adopt in 1803, has borne hard upon the Field Officers and Captains of the Invalid Establishment of your Presidency, who formerly received certain proportions from the surplus of the stoppages of the European Invalids.

128.—We do not think it proper that the principle of the arrangement of 1803 should be disturbed, but we authorize you to grant from the Off-reckoning Fund a sum equal to the amount of what each Invalid Officer, now alive, actually benefited from that source of emolument previous to the introduction of our regulations of 1803. It is however to be clearly understood, that this allowance is not to be made to the heirs or representatives of any Invalid Officer since deceased, nor to any Officer invalided since our arrangement of 1803 took effect.

Letter dated the 21st October 1812.

To England dated the 27th of January 1809.
36.—Lieutenant Colonel Orr retired from the Service: approbation of his conduct expressed in General Orders.

38.—We desire your attention to the following extracts from our Orders to Bengal contained in Para. 75 of our Military Letter dated the 7th September 1808, and Paras. 10 to 12 of our Military Letter dated 27th February 1811.

Para. 75.—In future we direct that Officers be not permitted to retire from our "service in India, but that those who intend to quit the Service be first allowed to "come to Europe on furlough, that their applications for the purpose of retiring may "be submitted to the Court."

Military Letter to Bengal dated 7th February 1811.

10.—"You acted correctly in not granting an advance of pay to Lieutenant "Colonel Hutchinson, he having previously drawn three years pay when on fur-"lough."

11.—"In reserving to ourselves the power of granting pensions after certain "periods of service to our Officers, we did not intend to refuse them the pay of "their several ranks during their passage home. In all cases therefore, where we "shall allow Officers to retire on the pensions of their ranks, we shall also allow "them pay, from the date at which it shall appear from their several certificates they "shall have ceased to draw it in India."

12.—"But as Officers may sometimes quit India with an intention of requesting "our permission to retire on the pensions of their respective ranks, and may yet "afterwards decline to prefer, or may withdraw those requests, we direct that no "advance of pay be in any case made to Officers who have already drawn three "years pay on furlough, but that the adjustment of their claims after leaving India "be left to us."

G. O. G. 22d June 1813.

It being necessary, that immediate measures should be taken for adjusting the balance outstanding in the Military Books of this Presidency, for payments made on Family Certificates; the Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to resolve, that a special Committee shall be assembled at the Presidency for the purpose of investigating those accounts.

The Accountant General will transmit progressively to the Committee separate accounts for each Corps and Department, which may have returned from Field or Foreign Service, and have any balance outstanding against it on account of Family Payments, and all Officers concerned in such payments, are directed to furnish every information on the subject which may be required by the Committee, and which it may be in their power to afford. The Committee are further authorized to correspond directly with the Accountant General and the Military Auditor General, and to call on all Paymasters, Commanding Officers and Staff Officers, for information on the subject of their enquiry.

When the Committee shall have been placed by these means in full possession of the requisite

requisite explanations, they will draw up separate Reports on the account of each Corps and Department, shewing the particulars and the amount of the balances due; the deficiencies arising from casualties, desertion, &c. which are charges against the Public, being stated separately from those, if any such deficiencies should appear, for which Commanding Officers of Corps or the Paymasters of families shall be responsible under the established regulations.

The Committee will confine their Reports to the balances only which may be outstanding in the Public Books, on account of each Corps or Department, that is to the payments for which remittances have not been received, or credits ascertained to have been given: the Reports to be made out in the accompanying Forms No. 1, 2, and 3, and each Report to be submitted to the Governor in Council, as soon as it is complete.

FORM No. 1.

REPORT *of a* COMMITTEE *appointed to investigate the balance outstanding in the* PUBLIC BOOKS *on account of* FAMILY PAYMENTS.

1*st* BATTALION 18*th* REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY.

The following payments on account of Family Certificates of the above Corps, for which no remittances have been received, appear to be chargeable (under the 7th Para. Page 113 of the Code of Regulations) to Major A. B. who commanded (or was in charge of) the Corps.

Names.	Rank.	Amount of the Family Certificate. P.	F.	C.	Period for which the balance is outstanding.	Amount. P.	F.	C.	Remarks.
Shaik Tippoo	Havildar	1	22	40	From January to June 1811, both inclusive, being six months.	9	0	0	
Ameer Cawn	Sepoy	1	0	0	From 1st February to 31st May 1811, both inclusive, being four months.	4	0	0	

FORM No. 2.

REPORT *of a* COMMITTEE *appointed to investigate the balance outstanding in the* PUBLIC BOOKS *on account of* FAMILY PAYMENTS.

1*st* BATTALION 18*th* REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY.

The following payments on account of Family Certificates of the above Corps, for which no remittances have been received, appear to be chargeable (under the 8th Para. Page 113 of the Code of Regulations) to Captain A. B. Paymaster of Family Certificates.

Names.	Rank.	Amount of the Family Certificate. P.	F.	C.	Period for which the balance is outstanding.	Amount. P.	F.	C.	Remarks.
Shaik Tippoo	Havildar	1	22	40	From January to June 1811, both inclusive, being six months.	9	0	0	
Ameer Cawn	Sepoy	1	0	0	From 1st February to 31st May 1811, both inclusive, being four months.	4	0	0	

FORM

FORM No. 3.

REPORT *of a* COMMITTEE *appointed to investigate the balance outstanding in the* PUBLIC BOOKS *on account of* FAMILY PAYMENTS.

1*st* BATTALION 18*th* REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY.

The following payments on account of Family Certificates of the above Corps, for which no remittances have been received, appear to be chargeable to the Public, in consequence of the decease, desertion, &c. of the individuals on whose account the payments were made.

Names.	Rank	Casualty.	Date of Casualty.	Casualty Roll when received.	Amount of the Family Certificate. P.	F.	C.	Period for which the balance is outstanding.	Amount. P.	F.	C.	Remarks.
Shaik Beny,	Havildar	Decd.	14th Nov. 1810	25th May 1811	1	22	40	From November 1810 to April 1811, both inclusive, being six months.	9	0	0	
Mahomed Ghouse,....	Sepoy	Desd.	27th Aug. 1811	16th Feb. 1812	1	0	0	From August 1811 to January 1812, both inclusive, being six months.	6	0	0	

G. O. C. C. 21st JUNE 1813.

Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby adverting to the frequent transmission of applications from Officers for leave to proceed to Europe on their private affairs, addressed to the Deputy Adjutant General for His Excellency's consideration, without reference to the Commander in Chief in India, who alone possesses the power of granting that indulgence, thinks it necessary to caution Officers Commanding Corps against this omission, and at the same time to signify his intention of declining to forward to Bengal every future application unsupported by a declaration from the Regimental Commandant that the grounds on which it is submitted are well founded.

G. O. C. C. 29TH JUNE 1813.

His Excellency Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby is pleased to promulgate the following Circular Letters from the War Office, transmitted by the Commander in Chief in India, for publication to His Majesty's Troops serving at this Presidency.

(COPY.)

CIRCULAR, No. 114.

WAR OFFICE, 20TH JUNE 1812.

SIR,

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent having taken into his consideration the cases of those Officers of the Army who have sustained serious and permanent injury in action with the enemy, and being desirous of marking his sense of their services, by

by extending to them a permanent provision in addition to those allowances which are given under the existing regulations, has been graciously pleased to order, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, that Pensions shall be granted to such Officers, according to the Regulation and Scale herewith transmitted: and I have the satisfaction to add, that Parliament having by their vote, given effect to His Royal Highness's liberal and beneficent views, these Pensions will commence from 25th December 1811, in all cases in which the injury may have been sustained previously to the 25th December 1810, and from the expiration of a year and a day, in the instances of wounds received subsequently to that date.

In executing these His Royal Highness's Commands I beg to assure you, that it gives me much gratification to communicate to you this additional and striking proof of His Royal Highness's most gracious attention to the merits and services of the British Army: and I request that you will use the earliest means of making the same known to the Officers of the Regiment under your command.

Colonel of the Regiment of

I have the honor to be, &c.

(Signed) PALMERSTON.

(COPY.)

REGULATION *for granting* PENSIONS *to* OFFICERS *of His Majesty's Land Forces, losing an Eye or a Limb on Service.*

If an Officer shall be wounded in action, and it shall appear upon an inspection made of him by the Army Medical Board, at any period not sooner than a year and a day after the time when he was wounded, that he has in consequence of his wound lost a limb or an eye, or has totally lost the use of a limb, or that his wound has been equally prejudicial to his habit of body with the loss of a limb, such Officer shall be entitled to a Pension, commencing from the expiration of a year and a day after the time when he was wounded, and depending as to its amount upon the rank he held at that period, according to the Scale annexed; this Pension, being granted as a compensation for the injury sustained, is to be held together with any other pay and allowances to which such Officer may be otherwise entitled, without any deduction on account thereof.

Officers who shall have lost more than one limb or eye, shall be entitled to the Pension for each eye or limb so lost.

And as the Pension is not to commence till the expiration of a year and a day from the date of the wound, it is to be independent of the allowance of a year's pay, or the expenses attending the cure of wounds, granted under the existing regulations.

Applications for this Pension are to be in the same manner in which claims for the year's pay are now made to the Secretary at War, and must always be accompanied by the certificate of the Army Medical Board, if the Officer applying is at home; and by that of the principal Medical Officer on that Station where he is, if the Officer is abroad.

In the latter case, however, the Officer must, as soon as he returns home, be inspected by the Army Medical Board, and transmit their certificate to the Secretary at War.

All Officers who may have sustained such an injury as would entitle them to this Pension, by any wounds received since the commencement of hostilities in the year 1793, will, upon the production of the proper certificate from the Army Medical Board, be allowed a Pension proportioned, according to the scale, to the rank they held at the time when wounded, and commencing from 25th December 1811.

This allowance will be granted in general according to Regimental Rank, but in cases in which, in consequence of their Brevet Rank, Officers shall have been employed at the time when they were wounded, in discharge of duties superior to those attached to their Regimental Commissions, it will be given by the Brevet Rank.

Given at the War Office, this 20th day of June 1812.

By Command of His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty.

(Signed) PALMERSTON.

SCALE REFERRED TO IN THE PRECEDING REGULATION.

Ranks.	*Rates of Pensions.*
Field Marshal, General, or Lieutenant General Commanding in Chief at the time	To be specially considered.
Lieutenant General	£ 400
Major General or Brigadier General Commanding a Brigade	£ 350
Colonel	

Ranks.	*Rates of Pensions.*
Colonel	
Lieutenant Colonel	
* Adjutant General	
* Quarter Master General	£ 300
* Deputy Adjutant General, if Chief of the Department	
* Deputy Quarter Master General, if do.	
Inspector of Hospital	
Major Commanding	£ 250
Major	
* Deputy Adjutant General	£ 200
* Deputy Quarter Master General	
Deputy Inspector of Hospital	
Captain	
* Assistant Adjutant General	
* Assistant Quarter Master General	
* Secretary to the Commander of the Forces	
* Aid de Camp	
* Major of Brigade	£ 100
Surgeon Regimental	
Paymaster	
Judge Advocate	
Physician	
Staff Surgeon	
Chaplain	
Lieutenant	£ 70
Adjutant	
Cornet	
Ensign	
Second Lieutenant	
Regimental Quarter Master	
Assistant Surgeon	£ 50
Apothecary	
Hospital Mate	
Veterinary Surgeon	
Purveyor	
Deputy Purveyor	

The Officers marked thus (*) to have the allowance according to their Army rank if they prefer it.

(COPY.)

CIRCULAR, No. 122.

WAR OFFICE, *6th July* 1812.

SIR,

The Prince Regent having had under his consideration the situation of 37,846 Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates discharged from the Army, who, from the loss of limbs, or other serious disability, contracted on service, require personal assistance: His Royal Highness has been pleased, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to order, that the rates of Pensions for disabled Soldiers, as fixed by His Majesty's Warrant of the 7th October 1806, shall be extended in the following proportions, viz.

	Per Diem. s.	d.
To every Serjeant who shall have lost more than one limb, or who shall have received such other bodily injury, as to render him totally incapable of earning a livelihood, or to subject him to the necessity of requiring personal assistance, a rate of Pension, not exceeding	3	6
To every Corporal .... Ditto	3	0
To every Private .... Ditto	2	6

The Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital have accordingly been instructed to govern themselves by those rules, in admitting claims of the description referred to.

I have great satisfaction in communicating to you His Royal Highness's gracious Commands on this subject; and I request that you will make the same known to the Corps under your command.

I have the honor to be, &c.

(Signed) PALMERSTON.

G. O. C. C.

G. O. C. C. 30TH JUNE 1813.

His Excellency Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby is pleased to promulgate the following Circular Letters from the War Office, transmitted by the Commander in Chief in India, for publication to His Majesty's Troops serving at this Presidency.

(COPY.)

CIRCULAR, No. 125.

WAR OFFICE, 15*th July* 1812.

SIR,

No. 38,805. So many instances have occurred in which Regimental Pay Lists and other documents have been forwarded to the Superintendents of Military Accompts, with the certificates and affidavits signed by the respective Officers, although the particulars to which the certificates referred were not inserted in the blank spaces left for that purpose; I have the honor to request that you will intimate to Commanding Officers of Corps under your Command, the necessity of their being particularly attentive in seeing that the certificates and documents alluded to, are complete and correct before they affix their signatures to them, apprizing them that the 2d Article of the 4th Section of the Articles of War was expressly framed with a view of impressing upon the minds of Officers the importance of this duty, and of making them aware of the consequences that would attach to the neglect of it.

I have the honor to be, &c.

(Signed) PALMERSTON.

(COPY.)

CIRCULAR, No. 127.

WAR OFFICE, 23*d July* 1812.

SIR,

No. 22,286. His Royal Highness the Prince Regent having been graciously pleased to grant an allowance, not exceeding five Shillings a day to Regimental Paymasters, absent with leave from Corps on foreign service, on account of ill health, and required to remunerate the Officers performing their duty; I have the honor to acquaint you therewith, and to inform you, that all applications for the issue of the said allowance, should be made to this department, accompanied in the first instance, by a certificate from the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, and senior Medical Officer on the Station, that the health of the Paymaster is such, that he cannot continue personally to discharge his duty, and that change of climate is absolutely necessary for the re-establishment of his health; and also by a statement of the sum intended to be allowed by the Paymaster to the Officer, who is to perform his duty; I am, however, to apprize you, that no more than two months allowance will be issued at one time, and that at the expiration of every two months the application should be renewed, and the Paymaster should produce, a certificate from a Physician, or other proper Medical Officer, of the continuance of his incapacity to join his Regiment.

I am to add, that this allowance is not in any case to be extended beyond the period of twelve months.

I have the honor to be, &c. &c. &c.

(Signed) PALMERSTON.

G. O. C. C. 5TH JULY 1813.

His Excellency Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby has been pleased to direct the publication of the following General Orders by His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief.

RECRUITING DEPARTMENT.

HORSE-GUARDS, 10th November 1812.

GENERAL ORDERS.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent has been graciously pleased to command, that

that Soldiers desirous of re-enlisting after completing the period of Service for which they have engaged, shall, if found fit to continue in the Service, receive the same Bounty as other Recruits enlisting at the time.

By Command of His Royal Highness The Commander in Chief.

(Signed) HARRY CALVERT,
Adjutant General.

HORSE GUARDS, 1st December 1812.

GENERAL ORDERS.

His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief directs that the annexed *Form of Furlough* shall in future be used, instead of the Form prescribed in Page 61 of the General Regulations and Orders for the Army.

By His Royal Highness The Commander in Chief's Command.

HARRY CALVERT,
Adjutant General to the Forces.

BY Commanding the Regiment of whereof is Colonel.

Description of Person.

Years of Age.
Feet } in Height.
Inches }
Complexion.
Hair.
Eyes.

Description of Dress.

Coat.
Waistcoat.
Breeches or Pantaloons.
Cap
Hat or Helmet.

The Bearer hereof * of the Regiment is hereby permitted to go to in the County of he having LEAVE OF ABSENCE until the Day of at the expiration of which, he is to return to his Quarters at or he will be proceeded against as a Deserter.

To prevent any improper use being made of this Furlough, an exact description of the above named * is inserted in the Margin.

Subsistence has been issued to * to the Day of inclusive

Given under my Hand and Seal of the Regiment at this Day of

Signature of the Commanding Officer.

* Here insert the Rank, Christian, and Surname of the Soldier.

G. O. G. 9TH JULY 1813.

The 70th paragraph of the second Section of the Code of Regulations for the Pay Department being cancelled under the orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors published to the Army on the 8th ultimo; the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that Lieutenant Colonels Commanding, or Senior Officers of Corps on their arrival from Europe, shall not draw the full batta of their rank, except for the regulated period of travelling, until they join the Head Quarters of their Corps, unless they shall be employed on special duty.

Consistently with the spirit of the same orders, and with a view to avoid the additional expense incurred by the Public on such occasions, it is hereby further directed, that when Officers appointed to Government Commands shall be absent from their Stations for more than three days, either on leave, or on sick certificate, they shall draw only the ordinary allowances of their regimental rank and that the established allowances of the Command shall be drawn by the Officer whose temporary succession to the charge, shall have been sanctioned by the Governor in Council.

Officers holding Government Commands, Commanding Officers and Senior Officers of Corps, when absent on leave if employed under competent authority on the duties specified in the 71st paragraph of the second Section of the Pay Regulations, will be permitted to draw the full batta of their regimental rank, during the period of their employment.

These orders will have effect from the 31st instant.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 9th July 1813.

His Excellency the Honorable the Governor in Council having had under consideration, the existing necessity for an established regulation, defining the utmost quantity of baggage which Troops under orders of embarkation on Foreign Service will be permitted to take with them, has been pleased to publish in General Orders the following proportions for Commissioned Officers under the rank of Colonel.

	Proposed Tonnage Including Camp Equipage.	Tonnage of Camp Equipage.
Field Officers,	4½	2
Captain, Paymaster, & Surgeon,	3	1½
Subaltern & Asst. Surgeon not in charge of a Corps,	2	1

N. B.—A Field Officer or Captain Commanding a Corps, to have a half ton additional to the above rates.

A space 6 feet long and 1½ feet broad will be allotted to the birth of each Non-Commissioned Rank and File and European Woman; the baggage of each man will be confined to the contents of his knapsack, and that of a European Woman to a small bundle.

As cases may eventually occur, in which separate tonnage will be required for regimental stores the property of Government; of the Colonel, (as in the case of His Majesty's Regiments,) or of the Mess; Commanding Officers on these occasions are directed to address to the Quarter Master General of the Army, their application for the same, in order that it may be forwarded under the Commander in Chief's orders to the proper authority for its provision.

These applications will contain a specific list of the articles and quantities for which tonnage may be required; and in no case will attention be given to the application, unless the particular information above required be transmitted with it.

The Warehouse of the Surveyor of Baggage on the Beach of Fort St. George, will be open for the reception and examination of Baggage, from nine in the morning till five in the evening during the preparation of Transports for Sea, and no baggage will be received at a later period than the day preceding the embarkation, except in cases of such emergency as shall be stated by the Quarter Master General of the Army to the Surveyor of Baggage.

G. O. G. 9th July 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish to the Army the following Report of the Examination passed by Lieutenant Willock of the Artillery in the Hindoostanee Language, and to direct that the established honorary reward be presented to that Officer.

To His Excellency Lieutenant General
THE HONORABLE J. ABERCROMBY,
Governor in Council.

HONORABLE SIR,

Para. 1st. We have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the letter from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department, dated the 18th Ultimo, and in conformity with the instructions therein contained, to report the result of our examination of the proficiency made in the Hindoostanee Language by Lieutenant and Adjutant Willock of the 2d Battalion of Artillery.

2d. Lieutenant Willock was required to perform the usual exercises; and we have much pleasure in reporting, that the result is in every respect satisfactory.

3d. Lieutenant Willock's translation from Hindoostanee was executed with great correctness, but two or three passages might perhaps have been more happily rendered.

4th. In his translation into Hindoostanee, Lieutenant Willock was particularly successful; on a careful review of this exercise we cannot find that it contains a single word

word mis-spelt, or a single sentence which is not strictly idiomatical while, independently of its accuracy as a translation, it displays a remarkable ease and elegance of diction.

5th. To the attainment of facility in the colloquial use of the Hindoostanee, Lieutenant Willock appears to have paid particular attention.—He converses with fluency, and his pronunciation is correct.

6th. In consideration of the high degree of proficiency attained by Lieutenant Willock, we are persuaded that your Excellency in Council will feel great satisfaction in conferring upon him the usual honorary reward.

We have the honor to be,
Honorable Sir,
Your most obedient humble Servants.
(Signed) J. LEITH,
P. VANS AGNEW,
R. B. OTTO,
W. OLIVER.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
6th July 1813.

G. O. C. C. IN INDIA.

CAWNPORE, 11TH JUNE 1813.

The inspection and review of His Majesty's 8th or Royal Irish Regiment of Light Dragoons yesterday morning, afforded the Commander in Chief very great satisfaction.

The soldier-like appearance of the men, the perfect state of the appointments of the Regiment, and the excellent condition of the horses, have His Excellency's fullest approbation.

The evolutions selected for the occasion, were executed with celerity and precision, and were of a nature to exhibit to the entire satisfaction of the Commander in Chief, the very improved state of the discipline of this very respectable Corps, since His Excellency's last inspection of it,—all which is highly creditable to Lieutenant Colonel Westenra, and the Officers of His Majesty's 8th or Royal Irish Light Dragoons, whose zealous exertions have brought the Regiment to it's present state of efficiency, and claim the expression of the Commander in Chief's best thanks.

Extra batta to be served to His Majesty's 8th Light Dragoons.

G. O. C. C. IN INDIA.

CAWNPORE, 13TH JUNE 1813.

The Commander in Chief was much pleased with the soldier-like appearance of His Majesty's 67th Regiment at the review yesterday morning.

The steadiness of the Regiment under arms, and it's cleanliness, were very conspicuous. The battalion guns were well served, the various platoon and other firings were good, and though the changes of position were necessarily restricted, and adapted to the very limited space on which the Regiment had to move, its performance impressed the Commander in Chief with a very favourable opinion of it's efficiency, and entitles Lieutenant Colonel Huskisson and the Officers of His Majesty's 67th Regiment to His Excellency's best acknowledgments.

Extra batta to be served to His Majesty's 67th Regiment.

G. O. C. C.

G. O. C. C. 22D JULY 1813.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief has great pleasure in publishing to the Army the following Extract of G. O. by the Commander of the Forces, dated Head Quarters, Weltervreeden, 27th May 1813, which confirms the high opinion His Excellency had entertained of Captain Noble's Corps of Horse Artillery.

EXTRACT.

"G. O. BY THE COMMANDER OF THE FORCES.

"HEAD QUARTERS: WELTERVREEDEN,
27th May 1813."

"On the return of the Madras Horse Artillery to their Presidency, the Commander of the Forces cannot better evince the high opinion he entertains of their merit, than by a short review of the active services in which they have been engaged, under his personal command. Placed in the advance of the Army, Major General Gillespie had early an opportunity of discerning the character of the Corps, and their conduct on every occasion confirmed his first impression of the value of their services, in the successive achievements of the 10th, and the memorable 26th of August 1811 their exertions directed by that experienced Officer Captain Noble, eminently contributed to the glory acquired to the British Arms, and the brigade employed under Captain Rudyerd at Palembang and Djocjokarta were conspicuous for the same conduct, which so honorably marked their first career."

"The Commander of the Forces also offers his thanks to Captain Rudyerd and the Officers for the discipline and highly creditable appearance, the Corps has uniformly maintained; and will perform a pleasing duty in communicating these, his sentiments, to the Commander in Chief and to the authorities under whom they will eventually be placed."

"The Commander of the Forces regrets, that the Medal which it was his intention personally to present to John O'Brien, in commemoration of his gallant conduct near Djocjokarta has not yet been received from Bengal, it will however be forwarded to Madras, through the regular channel."

G. O. C. C. 16TH JULY 1813.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to direct that, when Officers, who shall have arrived from Europe with Detachments or to join their Regiments, require leave of absence during the period they may remain at Poonamallee or the Presidency, their applications are to be forwarded to the Deputy Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces, thro' the Officer Commanding the Depot at Poonamallee, who will also transmit duplicates of the same to the Adjutant General of the Army.

G. O. C. C. 17TH JULY 1813.

His Excellency Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby is pleased to promulgate the following Circular Letters from the War Office, and Horse Guards, transmitted by the Commander in Chief in India, for publication to His Majesty's Troops serving at this Presidency.

(COPY.)

CIRCULAR, No. 132.

WAR OFFICE, 14*th August* 1812.

SIR,

No. 24,690. It appearing to His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, desirable to establish a rule for deciding upon claims, preferred by persons performing the duty of a Paymaster, while under arrest for defalcation in his public accompts; I have the honour to signify to you, by order of His Royal Highness, that, in every case, in which a Paymaster shall be

so placed under arrest, he is, in the same manner, as when on leave of absence, to name some Officer to do his duty, and pay him for the same; should he, however, not be able to prevail upon any individual Officer to undertake the duty, a Committee is to be formed; and, if the Paymaster be found guilty, the allowance paid to the Committee is to be charged against him, so as to be made good by his sureties. In the event of his being acquitted of the charges preferred against him, the Paymaster may apply for relief from the additional expenses, to which he may have been subjected on this account.

I have the honor to be, &c.
(Signed) PALMERSTON.

(COPY.)
RECRUITING DEPARTMENT.
HORSE GUARDS, 10*th September* 1812.

CIRCULAR.

SIR,

I have the Commander in Chief's commands to notify, for your information, that men belonging to the 60th Regiment, or any of the Foreign Corps, who may re-enlist after completing the period of service for which they have engaged, will be allowed a bounty of *Four Guineas*, the same as is at present given to Recruits enlisting into those Corps, which will be admitted by the Secretary at War, as a charge in the accounts of the respective Regiments.

I have the honor to be, &c.
(Signed) R. DARLING,
D. A. G.

CIRCULAR, No. 138.

WAR OFFICE, 18*th September* 1812.

SIR,

I have the honor to acquaint you, that with the view of ensuring a prompt settlement of the claims of the Officers employed on the Recruiting Service, and of simplifying the public accompts, His Royal Highness the Prince Regent has been pleased, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to direct, that from the 25th instant, inclusive, all the claims of Officers employed on the Recruiting Service, for travelling expenses, shall be settled by the proper department, in the country in which the Officers may be, after performing the last journey which they may be required to take in consequence of their having been employed on the Recruiting Service.

39,820
3

I have the honor to be, &c.
Lieutenant General
Sir G. NUGENT, Bart. &c. &c. &c.
(Signed) PALMERSTON.

G. O. C. C. 30TH JULY 1813.

The Prisoner* must consider himself entirely indebted to the recommendation of the Court and to some particular circumstances which appear in the course of the proceedings for the lenity which the Commander in Chief has been enabled to extend to him.

His Excellency has perceived with concern, that the evidence leaves no room to doubt, that Lieutenant Macleod, although still in the early part of life, has shewn a disposition to contract habits of intemperance which are unpardonable in an Officer, and discreditable to a Gentleman; he is however willing to indulge a hope, that Lieutenant Macleod will reflect seriously, on the consequences which his ungarded conduct in recent instances has entailed upon him, and will become sensible, that nothing but a determination to reform, can prevent his character and future prospects being involved in irretrievable ruin.

G. O. C. C.

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* *Lieutenant Macleod, 1st Batalion 13th Regiment N. I.*

G. O. C. C. 28th July 1813.

Some doubts having arisen as to the amount of bounty to be paid to such men of His Majesty's Regiments as, having served the period for which they had engaged, are desirous of re-entering the service—His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, in conformity with the General Orders dated Horse Guards, 21st April 1808 and 10th November 1812, that eleven Guineas be considered the full bounty to men re-enlisting for limited service, and sixteen Guineas to those who re-enlist for life.

G. O. G. 3d August 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that Extra Batta at the established rates be issued to the European and Native Troops on the 12th instant, being the Anniversary of the Birth of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, and that the same practice be annually observed on the 12th of August during the continuance of the Regency.

The Governor in Council is further pleased to direct, that on the Birth day of His Majesty, on New Year's day, and generally on all occasions of Public Rejoicing, with the exception of Christian Festivals, when Extra Batta is allowed to European Troops, the Native Troops according to the subjoined list shall receive a similar indulgence.

Native Cavalry Native Infantry Golundaz Gun Lascars Native Pioneers, Dooly Corps Native Invalids	With the exception of Recruits, or Pensioned Boys, Vakeels or Conicoplies, Native Dressers, Artificers, Horsekeepers, and Grass Cutters.

G. O. C. C. 7th August 1813.

The attention of the Commander in Chief having recently been attracted, by a circumstance of resistance to the constituted authority of the Civil Power, in the refusal of a Military Officer to admit of the attendance, as evidences on a criminal prosecution, of certain Native Officers and Soldiers under his command, although legally summoned by a Magistrate for that purpose; His Excellency finds himself called upon thus publicly, to apprize the Army at large, of the consequences which may result, from an erroneous impression on this subject, and to express his determination to take serious cognizance of any future irregularity of a similar nature.

The Commander in Chief, under the orders of Government, at the same time explains to the Army, that on the issuing of summonses for the appearance of Native Officers or Soldiers as evidences, as well as warrants for their apprehension, a notification will in future be made to the Commanding Officer by the Civil Magistrate to that effect; but, it is nevertheless to be distinctly understood, that although such notification should *not* be given, an omission for which the Magistrate will be responsible to the Government, a compliance with his warrant or summons must be equally rendered.

G. O. C. C. 7th August 1813.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to direct that, in future, the Returns of Corps

Corps and Detachments transmitted to the Quarter Master General of the Army, shall contain a List of Alterations and Casualties since the previous Return.

G. O. C. C. 10th August 1813.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, that all Officers *dismounted* wearing *Helmets*, *Caps* or *Turbands*, are to salute in the same manner as practised by Officers of Flank Companies, and with a view of establishing one uniform mode, the following directions are to be strictly adhered to.

METHOD OF CARRYING THE SWORD.

At Close Order ——The Officer will slope his Sword, the right hand will be lowered with the Sword, just so far on the right side as to admit of the hand keeping a firm grasp of the hilt, and being brought well square to the front the blade will fall upon the right shoulder, where it will be held steady and firm.

At Open Order.——The Sword will be extended diagonally across the body from the right side to the point of the left shoulder, the right arm being straightened perpendicularly down the right side, the left arm will be bent so that the left hand may take the blade of the Sword, edgeways (the edge downwards) between the fingers and thumb and be opposite to the point of the shoulder.

MODE OF SALUTING.

Standing.——1st. Raise the Sword to the front of the face with a graceful motion
2 Motions. till the bottom of the Guard is in line with the chin.

2d. Drop the Sword smartly to point about 12 inches in front of the toe, the Sword brought down to the side, so that the Guard will touch the seam of the Breeches, the point consequently held in a straight line about 3 inches on the right of the right foot, the Officer looking to the front and standing perfectly steady—at the moment the Sword is dropped, the left hand is by a graceful motion (moving in unison with the Sword) to be brought up above the peak of the Helmet, Cap, or Turband, keeping the little finger to the front.

Marching.——The Officer must be careful to look direct at the Officer saluted.

2 Motions. 1st. The Sword to be recovered as directed in the foregoing paragraph, and beginning the motion with the *right* Leg, then waiting one step and dropping the Sword with the *right* Leg exactly in the same
2d Motion. position as when saluting standing and raising the left hand to the Helmet, Cap or Turband when dropping the Sword.

In like manner the Sword is to be *recovered* with the *right* Leg, wait one step, then with the *right* Leg, bring it to the position across the body as directed for an Officer at open Order.

Every attention should be given to uniformity in the Dress and Appointments of Officers as well in the mode of putting them on, as in the make and description of them.

The Helmet or Cap is never *to be taken off the head* in paying personal Compliments to those entitled to them, whether on or off a Parade.

G. O. C. C. 10th August 1813.

The following General Order by the Commander in Chief of the Forces on the Island of Java, dated Head Quarters, Weltervreeden, 5th June 1813, having been received, His Excellency the Commander in Chief has great satisfaction in publishing it to the Army, as an additional testimony of the merits of the Detachment of that exemplary and distinguished Regiment His Majesty's 22d Light Dragoons, as well as of the Detachment of the Madras Pioneers.

G. O. BY

G. O. BY THE COMMANDER OF THE FORCES.

HEAD QUARTERS : WELTERVREDEN, *5th June* 1813.

In reviewing the services of the Corps, returning to India, the Commander of the Forces recurs with pleasure to those of the Detachment of His Majesty's 22d Light Dragoons, which since the commencement of the campaign have been equally subject to his observations and deserving of his approval.

In recording his sentiments it is more especially due to them to notice the occasion whereon these services have conspicuously contributed to the glory and success of the operation in which they have been engaged,—and the Commander of the Forces naturally recurs to that gallant and decisive charge which, by overthrowing the retreating columns occasioned the final dispersion of the Army at Cornelis, and secured an earlier termination to the campaign.

The conduct of the Detachment on recent services under Major Dawes and Captain Paterson, also of Lieutenant Hale and his party, have already been noticed and recorded, and it will be a source of pride and satisfaction to these Officers and men on returning to their Corps, that they have so meritoriously upheld its high reputation.

The Commander of the Forces has equal pleasure in recording his sense of the conduct of the Detachment of the Madras Pioneers commanded by Lieutenant Stuart, who have been uniformly distinguished by a zeal and steadiness and patient enduring under trying circumstances, which have rendered their services eminently useful and themselves deserving of particular regard and consideration.

G. O. G. 30TH JULY 1813.

In explanation of that part of the General Order of the 9th of March last, which relates to the grant of Furlough to Conductors of Ordnance ; The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Extract from a Letter, dated the 21st October 1812, from the Honorable the Court of Directors to the Right Honorable The Governor General in Council.

Para. 4. "We have resolved, that Conductors of Stores be allowed to come "home on furlough for ill health only, with the pay of their rank, viz. 50 Rupees "per month."

G. O. G. 10TH AUGUST 1813.

* The Governor in Council having approved the measures recommended by the Medical Board, for rendering more efficient the establishment of Dressers with the Native branch of the Army, is pleased to order and direct

† That in future, a First and Second Dresser be attached to each Battalion, the former upon a monthly pay of Ten, and the latter on a monthly pay of Seven Star Pagodas.

‡ That First Dressers shall be selected from the Medical Pupils educated at the Asylum or Fort School; and that no person shall be considered eligible to that situation, until he shall have acquired a knowledge of compounding accurately and administering medicines, with the other inferior duties of an Hospital, and it is specially enjoined, that he shall be able to read and write English distinctly.

That Pupils reported by the Surgeons, under whose care they have been instructed, to be qualified for the duties of First Dressers, shall in the Centre Division attend at the Medical Board for examination. In the other Divisions of the Army, they shall in like manner attend the Superintending Surgeons, to whom instructions shall be given,

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* *Further orders on this subject, Vol. 3, page 394.*

† *Batta granted to Dressers and Medical Pupils, Vol. 3, page 288.*

‡ *As also those at the Military and Sunday School St. Thomas's Mount, Vol. 3, page 358.*

given, to make the necessary enquiries regarding the progress they have made, and their competency to be First Dressers.

That to encourage diligence and undeviating attention, the higher situations of Sub-Assistant Surgeons shall be selected by seniority, from those Dressers who have uniformly conducted themselves so as to merit the continued approbation of their Superior Officers.

As the Service does not at present furnish an adequate number of young men sufficiently educated to qualify them for the situation of First Dressers to all the Corps, it is directed that the most deserving Natives now with Battalions shall continue to fill those situations, until persons properly instructed can be supplied from the Medical Pupils.

G. O. G. 10TH AUGUST 1813.

Inconvenience and irregularity having arisen, from superfluous applications for Returns of Troops on board Ships arriving in the Roads, The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that such Returns be required only by the Town Major of Fort St. George for transmission to the Military Office, whence the orders of the Government will be issued for the disembarkation of the Troops, under the superintendence of the proper Officer.

G. O. C. C. 11TH AUGUST 1813.

His Excellency Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby is pleased to direct the publication of the following Circular Letter, for the information and guidance of such Officers in the command of Corps, as may not have received it, from the War Office.

(COPY.)

CIRCULAR, No. 147.

WAR OFFICE, 10TH FEBRUARY 1814.

SIR,

I have the honour to acquaint you that His Royal Highness The Prince Regent has been pleased, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to order, that Soldiers of the Foot Guards and Infantry of the Line desirous of re-enlisting, after completing the period of limited service for which they may have been engaged, in conformity to the provisions of the Mutiny Act, shall, if found fit to continue in the Army, be allowed to receive the same amount of bounty as is granted at the time to men entering into the Service; which sum is to be issued to them upon being re-attested.

43,032
2.

The rates at present allowed are £11 11 s. for the further limited period of seven years, and £16 16 s. for an unlimited period: and are of course to cover every charge attending the re-enlistment.

I am to add, that men of 35 years of age or upwards, are not to be permitted to re-engage for a longer period than seven years.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient humble servant,

(Signed) PALMERSTON.

G. O. G. 17TH AUGUST 1813.

His Excellency the Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to resolve, with reference to instructions received from the Honorable Court of Directors, as published

published in G. O. dated the 1st September last, that Major Generals not on the Staff shall be considered entitled to the full batta of their regimental rank, during the period of their employment under competent authority on any public duty whatever.

It is further resolved that Major Generals not on the Staff, shall be authorized to draw Court Martial allowance according to their regimental rank when employed under circumstances which would entitle other Officers to that allowance.

In consequence of the above Regulations which provide for every case in which a Major General not on the Staff, can be employed, the General Order dated 8th January 1811, relative to the allowances of Officers of that rank is annulled.

Doubts having occurred relative to the application of paragraphs 65 and 81 of the Code of Regulations, pages 22 and 25, to Offices holding the Brevet rank of Colonel or Major General, it is considered necessary to explain for general information that where the rank of Colonel is stated in the Pay Tables or Regulations, it has reference to those Officers only, who are entitled to draw the full batta of that rank regimentally.

G. O. G. 17th August 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish for the information of the Army, the following Extract from a Letter, from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated the 12th March 1813.

Para. 2.—In our Military Letter dated 5th July 1811, we informed you paras. 8th and 9th, that we had for the present, suspended our judgment, on the case of Colonel The Honorable Arthur Sentleger; we also informed you para. 32 of the same Letter, that we should hereafter take into consideration the cases of the Officers, who had accepted the Governor General's option of being dismissed from the Service, or have been dismissed by the Sentences of Courts Martial, as described in the Governor General's Letter of the 15th April 1810.

3.—Having taken the case of Colonel The Honorable Arthur Sentleger, as well as the cases of several of the Officers mentioned in the 32d paragraph of our Letter dated 5th July 1811, into our most serious consideration, and having maturely weighed the evidence brought forward against them, as well as, what they have respectively stated to us in their defence, having adverted also to the sentiments contained in paras. 14th and 15th of the same Letter, which disposed us to the lenient judgment then passed on Major De Morgan and other Officers, and which are in great measure applicable to the cases now under review, we have come to the following resolutions.

Although the conduct of Colonel The Honorable Arthur Sentleger has been such as would in our opinion, have justified his removal from the Company's Service, yet adverting to the long period of his suspension, and likewise to his past services, we have resolved to remove the suspension imposed upon that Officer.

We have also resolved, that, although in our opinion

Major George Wahab,
" Thomas Pollok,
" J. L. Lushington,
Captain Charles Hopkinson,
" George Cadell,
" Thomas De Havilland,
" Augustus Andrews,

have by their conduct, rendered themselves undeserving our consideration, yet as a mark of our lenity that they be restored to the Company's Service and permitted to return to their rank accordingly.

We have also resolved, that, although Major D. C. G. Kenny, and Major James Patterson, have by their conduct, rendered themselves undeserving of our consideration, yet that, in consequence of the recommendation of Lord Minto in their favour, and as a mark of our lenity, the former of these Officers Major D. C. G. Kenny, be allowed a pension of one hundred and twenty pounds a year from the 2d of September 1812, and that the pension granted by your Government to Mrs. Patterson, the mother of the latter of these Officers, Major James Patterson, be confirmed to her.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 20TH AUGUST 1813.

* The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that in all cases when Extra Camp Equipage cannot be furnished from the Public Stores for Staff Officers, they shall be permitted to provide themselves with Camp Equipage to the extent authorized by the Regulations, and to draw the usual Tent Allowance, on the production of muster rolls and certificates from the Quarter Master General's Department, that Extra Camp Equipage could not be furnished on their application in conformity with the G. O. of the 8th March 1811.

Staff Officers who may in consequence of the above orders provide themselves with Extra Camp Equipage authorized by the Regulations, will be entitled on their return to Cantonment to deliver their Tents (if they are of the prescribed muster,) into the Public Stores, and Officers Commanding Stations will assemble Committees of Survey for the purpose of determining the nature of the repairs that are required, the expense to be incurred in the repairs and the value of the Tents as delivered into Store.

The proceedings of the Committee of Survey must contain the fullest information regarding the state of the Tents, the period they have been in use, &c. and will be forwarded to the Quarter Master General of the Army, by whom they will be laid before the Military Board accompanied by the bill of the party concerned for the value of the Tents as determined by the Committee.

G. O. G. 20TH AUGUST 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders, the following copy of a Report from the Committee appointed for the examination of Military Students in the Hindoostanee Language, and to direct that the honorary reward established for the attainment of that language be presented to

Cornet W. Hamilton of the 4th Regiment of Native Cavalry.

To His Excellency Lieutenant General

THE HONORABLE J. ABERCROMBY,

Governor in Council.

HONORABLE SIR,

Para. 1st ---In conformity with the instructions conveyed to us in the letter from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department, dated the 20th ultimo, we have examined Cornet W. Hamilton of the 4th Regiment Native Cavalry, as to the proficiency which he has made in the Hindoostanee language, and we have now the honor to report the result, for the information of your Excellency in Council.

2d.---Mr. Hamilton's translation from Hindoostanee into English was executed with the utmost readiness. It is not entirely free from error, but its inaccuracies are too few and too trifling to deserve any notice.

3d.---In his translation from English into Hindoostanee, Mr. Hamilton was equally successful. This exercise, however, was not performed with the same readiness as the former, but its correctness and its elegance fully compensate for the attention and care bestowed upon it.

4th.---In the oral part of the examination, Mr. Hamilton appeared to us to be somewhat embarrassed, but his embarrassment, we are persuaded, arose more from diffidence in his own power than from any deficiency of skill in the colloquial use of the language.

5th.---Upon the whole, we consider Mr. Hamilton to have attained a superior degree of proficiency in the Hindoostanee language, and we have much satisfaction in recommending that your Excellency in Council may be pleased to bestow upon him the usual honorary reward.

We have the honor to be, Honorable Sir,

Your most obedient humble Servants.

FORT ST. GEORGE, *16th August* 1813.

(Signed) J. LEITH,
R. B OTTO,
W. OLIVER.

G. O. C. C.

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* *Also a monthly sum to be drawn by Staff Officers entitled to Necessary Tents from the Public Stores, when they cannot be furnished with them,* *page* 189.

G. O. C. C. 18th August 1813.

The Commander in Chief having observed that it has been the practice of Officers in command of His Majesty's Regiments, to send Women of their Corps prisoners to Poonamallie for the purpose of being embarked for Europe, in cases of incorrigible bad habits or misconduct, and that in consequence of their being delivered over as prisoners to the Commandant of the Depot, they have generally been kept in confinement, until an opportunity offers of embarking them; His Excellency is pleased to direct that this practice be discontinued, and that in future instances when a Commanding Officer has obtained His Excellency's permission to send home any Women of his Corps for misconduct, they may accompany the Invalids to Poonamallie at the regular periods assigned for their assembly, and that the Commandant of the Depot may be made acquainted with their characters and the reasons for which they are sent away from the Regiment, in order that he may be enabled to take such steps as may appear necessary to secure their orderly behaviour whilst under his charge, and their readiness to embark at the appointed time, without resorting to close confinement, a measure which His Excellency does not feel authorised to sanction with regard to European Women.

G. O. G. 24th August 1813.

* The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the Officers of the Commissariat, shall not be employed, without the special sanction of the Government, on any service foreign to the duties of that Department.

G. O. C. C. 27th August 1813.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to direct that in future, Officers applying for leave of absence, either on account of ill health or otherwise, shall specify to what particular place they may wish to proceed, and *from* and *to* what date such indulgence is required.

Should continued indisposition preclude Officers from rejoining, they are authorized to make application through the regular channels, (supported by the prescribed medical certificate) for an extension of leave, *taking care to mention to what period as above directed.*

In particular cases, where circumstances prevent the possibility of such applications being received at Head Quarters through the regular channel in sufficient time for the decision of His Excellency, being notified previous to the expiration of the leave originally granted; Officers are permitted to forward duplicates direct to the Adjutant General of the Army.

Medical Officers granting Certificates will forward duplicates to the Medical Board, detailing at the same time, the particulars and treatment of the complaints, and the period for which the patient has been under their charge.

The Commander in Chief takes this opportunity of ordering the strictest attention to be paid, to the G. O. of the 10th August 1810, directing "that the sick certificates "of Officers at Madras shall be signed by one of the *Surgeons* in charge of Sick "Officers at the Presidency, and of those at all other Stations, *when practicable*, by "the Superintending Surgeon of the Division, or in his absence, by the *Senior* "*Surgeon* on the spot."

G. O. G.

* *This order applicable to Paymasters also, page* 155.

G. O. G. 27th August 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to establish the following Regulations for the payment of the Corps of Guides.

When Individuals, or Details of the Corps of Guides may be detached, if desirous of having their pay drawn at the Presidency, they are not to be furnished with certificates of last payment, and the following words must be inserted opposite their names in the muster rolls—"On Command, or on leave at —— not furnished with "a pay certificate, pay drawn."

If they are desirous of drawing their pay at the Station to which they may be detached, they are to be furnished with certificates of last payment and the following words must be inserted opposite their names in the muster rolls—"On Command, or on leave at —— furnished with a pay certificate,—pay not drawn."

In the event of absentees whose pay had been drawn in the first instance at the Presidency, being desirous of receiving it at the Stations where they may be employed; certificates of last payment are to be transmitted, and the following words inserted opposite their names in the muster rolls at the Presidency—"On Command, or on "leave at —— furnished with a certificate of pay in arrear for —— being the last "drawn"—and similar vouchers, &c. are to be required in the event of absentees who had been in receipt of pay at Out-Stations being desirous of having it drawn at Head Quarters:—in the former case the Quarter Master General will forward the pay certificates to the Commanding or Staff Officer of the Stations of the absentees; and in the latter, the pay certificates will be forwarded to the Quarter Master General by the Commanding or Staff Officers of Stations.

G. O. G. 3d September 1813.

The Seringapatam Prize Committee, having submitted to Government, a list of sums due by certain individuals in His Majesty's and the Honorable Company's Services, on account of purchases made at the Travancore and Amulnair Prize Sales. His Excellency the Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to direct that, these debts shall be recovered by monthly stoppages from the pay and allowances of the persons, by whom they are respectively due, in the following proportions, viz.

For debts *under* 1000 Rupees.	Colonels of Regiments	Pagodas 40	per month.
	Lieutenant Colonels	25	ditto
	Majors	20	ditto
	Captains	15	ditto
	Subalterns	10	ditto
	Conductors	6	ditto
	Serjeants	2	ditto
	Corporals or Drummers	1	ditto
	Privates	½	ditto
Natives.	One fourth of the pay of their respective Ranks.		ditto

The stoppages from Field Officers and Captains, whose debts may exceed one thousand Rupees each, to be at the following rates per month.

Colonels of Regiments	Pagodas 80
Lieutenant Colonels	50
Majors	40
Captains	25

The above stoppages are to be made from the monthly abstracts of pay, and allowances of each individual, till the full amount of his debt be liquidated, and Military Paymasters are directed to make the deductions accordingly; for which purpose, they will receive lists of the sums due by each person, thro' the medium of the Accountant General in the Military Department of Accounts.

The sums recovered under these Orders, are to be brought to account under the respective heads of

"Travancore Prize Sales."
"Amulnair Prize Sales."

G. O. C. C.

G. O. C. C. 7th September 1813.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased, to call the attention of Officers to the General Order dated the 6th June 1805, which is now republished for general information and guidance, and His Excellency requires, that the strictest attention be paid to it, in order that the claims of individuals may be regularly and speedily adjusted, and the frequency of unnecessary application and reference, obviated.

Extract of General Order by the Commander in Chief, dated 6th June 1805.

"Officers Commanding Divisions, Districts or Detachments of the Army, who may "find it necessary at any time to issue Orders within the limits of their Command, "involving public expenses not provided for by positive Regulations and consequently "requiring the sanction of superior authority, shall transmit monthly to the Secretary "of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, copies of all such orders or letters, "that they may be regularly submitted for the confirmation of the Right Honorable "the Governor in Council."

G. O. C. C. 7th September 1813.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, that officers of Horse Artillery and Cavalry, shall in future wear a Sash of the pattern lately ordered for His Majesty's Regiments of Light Dragoons, instead of the Silk Sash hitherto in use.

G. O. C. C. in India, 13th August 1813.

The following Copy of a Circular Letter from His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief, dated Horse Guards the 30th November 1812, is published for the information of His Majesty's Forces serving in the East Indies.

Circular.

Horse Guards, 30*th November* 1812.

Sir,

As the first termination of services of men raised under the Act passed in 1806, "For the better ordering of His Majesty's Army and for improving the condition of the Soldier" will occur about the month of June in the ensuing year, it is essential that I should draw your early attention to the necessity of re-enrolling all the men under your command whose period of service may expire from the 24th of June to the 24th December 1813.

The General Order of the 10th instant, will have prepared the limited service men for the terms upon which they will be re-engaged for a limited or unlimited period; but to prevent the possibility of any misunderstanding on this subject, it may be necessary to specify the following rates of bounty, which are the same as received by the men, upon their original enlistment, exclusive of all charges attending the levy, which of course cannot be incurred a second time.

Dragoons.	
For an unlimited period	£13 8 0
limited ditto.	8 3 0
Infantry.	
For an unlimited period	16 16 0
limited ditto.	11 11 0

You will leave it to the option of all men under 35 years of age, to re-enlist for a limited period or for life, but men who have arrived at that age, or upwards, are only to be engaged for the further limited term of seven years.

Such men in the Foreign Corps as may be re-enlisted after the expiration of a limited period of service will be allowed the bounty of four Guineas.

I have only to add that these respective bounties will be admitted by the Secretary at

at War, as a charge in the accompts of the different Regiments, and I am to desire that you will cause an observation to be made upon the back of each regimental monthly return, of the number of men who may extend their services, each month subsequent to the 24th of June next.

I am Sir, yours,
(Signed) FREDERICK,
Commander in Chief.

The Commander in Chief in India desires the attention of Commanding Officers of Regiments to the observation to be made upon the back of each regimental monthly return of the number of men who may extend their services each month subsequent to the 24th of June last.

G. O. C. C. IN INDIA, 16TH SEPTEMBER 1813.

By His Excellency The Right Honorable The Earl of Moira:

The admirable appearance of the Honorable Company's Troops reviewed this day augments the regret, which the EARL OF MOIRA feels at not having the opportunity to form more particular acquaintance with the Coast Army.

It is a consolation to him, that his departure from the Presidency does not produce any disconnection between him and those Troops; and he seizes this occasion for expressing his sentiments to the whole of the Force on the Madras Establishment.

Under the fostering protection of a mind so generous as that possessed by His Excellency Lieutenant General ABERCROMBY, this Army requires no other security for every paternal attention; therefore, Lord MOIRA is only gratifying himself in professing his own dispositions.

With that opinion of their discipline, of their valor, and of their high services, which he must, in common with every other individual entertain, Lord MOIRA assures the Madras Army, that he reposes in them the most perfect confidence; and he trusts that they will place in him a reliance, which his sense of their merits and his solicitude for their welfare, can never expose to disappointment.

The veteran and truly military air of His Majesty's 89th Regiment was peculiarly pleasing to Lord MOIRA, who cannot forget that he had the happiness of witnessing their earliest pledge of that zeal and intrepidity which have always distinguished the Regiment.

G. O. G. 13TH SEPTEMBER 1813.

Doubts having arisen, regarding the control vested in Commanding Officers of Divisions of the Army over Superintending Engineers, when desirous of proceeding themselves, or of detaching their Assistants from one Station to another, within the Divisions to which they stand appointed, the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that on all such occasions the Superintending Engineer shall obtain the sanction of the Commanding Officer of the Division previously to his own departure or that of his Assistants from any Station, although proceeding on duty under orders from the Military Board, or immediately from the Government.

G. O. G. 10TH SEPTEMBER 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish to the Army, the following copy of a General Order issued by the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council at Batavia.

GENERAL ORDERS BY GOVERNMENT.

The Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council avails himself of the opportunity afforded by the approaching departure of Lieutenant Colonel Colin Mackenzie, Chief Engineer on the Expedition of Java, to render to that distinguished Officer his peculiar acknowledgments, and to testify his unreserved approbation of the zeal, ability and unwearied application which he has displayed on this Island.

Lieutenant Colonel Mackenzie has since the conquest of Java been employed under the sanction and authority of the Right Honorable the Governor General in collecting and arranging the Topographical and Military Reports and Survey of the former Government, in investigating the History and Antiquities of the Island, and in ascertaining the state of the landed tenure and the general condition of the inhabitants.

The Topographical Surveys commenced under the late Government have been found to merit every attention and on the suggestion of Lieutenant Colonel Mackenzie, they will be continued partly on the same plan.

On the History and Antiquities of the Island; much valuable information has been obtained, and the acknowledged qualifications and ability of Colonel Mackenzie, justify the expectation, that on his return to India many interesting results will be ascertained.

As President of the Commission on Java affairs, Lieutenant Colonel Mackenzie has visited almost every part of the Island; and the considerable and important collections which have been made by the Commission, added to the interesting documents which have been procured by his personal diligence and research will form a body of most useful and interesting information, to serve as a basis for the furtherance and completion of the statistical enquiries, which have been set on foot. Enquiries of this nature, would appear to have latterly attracted the attention of the former Government of this Colony, but the state of the Island was unfavorable to their success; and it is to the unremitting and extraordinary application and zeal of Lieutenant Colonel Mackenzie, that we are principally indebted for the lights which have been thrown on the subject. Under his superintendence, a General Statistical Table of the population and produce of the Island has been compiled on principles which ensure it's near approach to accuracy, and the answers which have been given to the queries, historical, literary and economical, circulated through the Island at his suggestion, afford information of considerable interest and importance.

The result has justified the opinion, that the Native Inhabitants of Java are susceptible of the improvements, which a more enlightened administration in British India has dictated, and that the revenues of the Colony, are of sufficient importance and consideration to bear every expense, charge and trouble attending their collection, under such an improved system.

Java must ever be considered as a great Agricultural Country and as the Granary of the Eastern Islands---to remove every restriction on the Agriculture and Commerce of the Country, is alike conducive to the happiness of the people, and to the interests of Government, and the information and opinions furnished by Lieutenant Colonel Mackenzie will enable the Government in ameliorating and improving the general condition of the Colony, to establish a more enlightened and advantageous system of internal administration.

The Honorable the Lieutenant Governor in Council will have much satisfaction in communicating to the Supreme Government, the favorable sentiments which he entertains of the essential benefits which have been conferred on this Colony by the exertions of Lieutenant Colonel Mackenzie, and the Lieutenant Governor requests, that he will accept his personal thanks, for the aid and advice which his talents and judgment have afforded during his stay on this Island.

G. O. G. 14th September 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, with reference to G. O. by Government under date the 3d August 1813, that the Corps of Guides shall be included in the list of Native Troops authorized to receive the indulgence of extra batta on the 12th August, during the continuance of the Regency, on the birth-day of His Majesty, and generally on all occasions of public rejoicing, with the exception of Christian Festivals.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 14th September 1813.

1.—His Excellency the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to establish the following Regulations for the Pay Department of His Majesty's Troops.

2.—The Regimental Paymasters of His Majesty's Service are in future, to indent on the Station Paymasters of the Honorable Company's Service for the full amount of the subsistence and Company's allowances of each Regiment.

3.—The abstracts being prepared for each month, the Regimental Paymasters are to draw their amount from the Station Paymasters—the Company's allowances being payable at the periods fixed for the general payments of the Army and the King's subsistence on the 25th of each month—the abstracts both of Company's allowances and King's subsistence to be delivered to the Station Paymasters, for insertion in their accounts.

4.—Asunder His Majesty's Regulations, a regular muster takes place every month by the Regimental Paymasters, it is directed, that copies of the muster rolls attested by Commanding Officers shall uniformly accompany the regimental abstracts of King's subsistence.

5.—As the muster rolls will of course include the Officers, as well as every other description of rank in the Regiment, the transmission of lists of Officers which have hitherto accompanied the accounts of Company's allowances will be discontinued, in future.

6.—The regimental pay and allowances of Officers of His Majesty's Service absent from their Regiments on staff duty, command, or furlough, within the limits of this Government, or serving with the Subsidiary Force of Hydrabad or Poonah, are to be included in the regimental abstracts and the amount remitted to them monthly by bills on the Accountant General, but, if under any circumstances, such as Regiments being employed on Field or on Foreign Service, it should become inconvenient to make such remittances, the regimental pay and allowances of such Officers are permitted to be drawn separately from the Paymaster at the Presidency on certificates of last payment, and under instructions from the Military Auditor General, to whom application is to be made for that purpose, the Military Auditor General is however directed, not to issue such instructions unless he may be fully satisfied of the difficulties in regard to remittances, on which such applications may be founded.

7.—When the pay and allowances of an Officer are permitted to be drawn separately under the provisions of the preceding paragraph, he is on the 1st of each month to transmit his abstracts, accompanied by all prescribed vouchers to the Paymaster at the Presidency, with a letter requesting that a bill for the amount may be remitted to him—the Paymaster in such cases, is to transmit the bill by return of Post and to enter the abstracts in his general accounts under the head of the Regiment to which the Officer belongs—all such abstracts to be countersigned by the Commanding Officers of Stations; with exception of the Presidency, where they are to be countersigned by the Brigade Major of His Majesty's Forces.

8.—The regimental pay and allowances of Officers absent at Sea, at other Presidencies, or beyond the limits of this Government, with the exception of Hydrabad and Poonah as above stated, are not to be included in the regimental abstracts, but to be drawn for separately, under the General Regulations of the Service, if desired by such Officers, on certificates of their being alive—the abstracts being payable at the Presidency only.

9.—Officers of His Majesty's Service on staff duty under this Government, but whose Regiments may be serving at other Presidencies, are to draw their regimental allowances on abstract from the Paymaster of the Station, who is to enter the amount under the head of the Regiments to which such Officers may belong, in his accounts of Company's allowances to the King's Troops.

10.—The regimental subsistence of the Officers referred to in the preceding paragraph, is permitted to be drawn on receipt, as hitherto, on account of the Presidencies under which their Regiments may be serving—the receipts to bear the same counter-signature as the abstracts for the Company's allowances of those Officers.

11.—Detachments of His Majesty's Regiments within the limits of this Government, if under Commissioned Officers, are to be included in the abstracts of their Corps and to be drawn for by Regimental Paymasters, whose duty it will be to provide by remittances for their regular payment.

12.—Non-Commissioned Rank and File, and all persons of His Majesty's Service under the rank of Commissioned Officer who may be at the Presidency on duty or otherwise and not under the command of a Commissioned Officer, are to be drawn for by the Brigade Major of His Majesty's Troops.

13.—The

13.—The above pay to be drawn from the Paymaster of the Presidency, on abstracts accompanied by certificates of last pay and muster rolls regularly signed by the Brigade Major, and specifying the Rank, Names, Regiments, Troops, Companies, &c. to which the individuals belong—the amount to be entered by the Paymaster at the Presidency in his general accounts of disbursements, under the head of the respective Regiments to which the parties belong.

14.—The Paymaster of the Depot at Poonamallee will continue to draw for and pay the Detachments, Recruits, Invalids, &c. of His Majesty's Regiments who may be placed under his charge: the amount to be drawn on regular abstracts from, and to be entered in the accounts of, the Presidency Paymaster under the head of the Regiments to which the individuals respectively belong---those payments will therefore no longer appear in the accounts of Regimental Paymasters.

15.---Officers arriving from Europe are to draw the pay and allowances which may be due to them, as also the advances to which they may be entitled on regular abstracts, countersigned, if at the Presidency by the Brigade Major, or if at Poonamallee by the Officer Commanding; these abstracts are to be paid by, and entered in the disbursements of the Paymaster at the Presidency, under the head of the Regiments to which the Officers respectively belong.

16.---The Recruits, Invalids, &c. whose pay may be drawn at Poonamallee are to be mustered each month by the Paymaster (who acts also as Fort Adjutant) and the muster rolls signed by that Officer, and countersigned by the Officer Commanding, are to accompany the abstracts as the vouchers by which their correctness is to be ascertained.

17.—The medical allowances on account of the Recruits of His Majesty's Regiments at Poonamallee, will be drawn by the Medical Officers in charge and entered in the accounts of the Presidency Paymaster, under the heads of their respective Regiments.

18.—The medical allowances for the Invalids of His Majesty's Service who may be stationed at Poonamallee, to be drawn in all respects as heretofore.

19.—The same degree of responsibility for the payments made to His Majesty's Troops at Poonamallee, is to apply to the Paymaster at the Depot as now attaches to Regimental Paymasters of His Majesty's Service.

20.—The General Regulations of this Government regarding the audit, re-audit, and final audit of Paymasters accounts as also those respecting the recovery and adjustment of retrenchments, are to be considered applicable equally to His Majesty's, as the Honorable Company's Troops.

21.—Copies of all retrenchments which may be made against officers of His Majesty's Service, to be furnished to the Regimental Paymasters by the Station Paymasters, who are to recover the amount by stoppages from the regimental abstracts, in the proportion authorized by the Regulations—the stoppages to be brought to account by Station Paymasters in the same manner as those on account of retrenchments from Officers of the Company's Service.

22.—Regimental Paymasters of His Majesty's Service are not authorised to place Officers under stoppages for any retrenchments, without furnishing each Officer with a copy of the retrenchment made against him, as is customary in the Company's Service.

23.—All explanations of Regimental Paymasters and all documents and vouchers of every description which may be transmitted with their accounts for audit, re-audit or final audit, are to bear the countersignature of the Commanding or Senior Officer present with the Regiment.

24.—In consequence of the above Regulations regarding the Payment of His Majesty's Troops, the functions of Deputy Paymaster General to the King's Troops which have hitherto attached to the Paymaster at the Presidency are to cease, and the accounts connected therewith to be discontinued, that Paymaster will therefore in future be placed with regard to the Regimental Paymasters of His Majesty's Service in precisely the same official relation as any other Station Paymaster.

25.—The establishment hitherto allowed to the Paymaster of the Presidency for the above duties, will be discontinued.

26.—The abstracts of subsistence of His Majesty's Troops are to be entered in the accounts of Station Paymasters under the head of

"KING'S SUBSISTENCE,"

and to form one total immediately following their disbursements on account of the Company's Troops in the manner formerly observed, when the Company's allowances to His Majesty's Troops were entered in the account of Station Paymasters.

27.—The abstracts of Company's allowances are to follow those of the King's subsistence under the head of

"COMPANY'S

"COMPANY'S ALLOWANCES TO THE KING'S TROOPS,"

and to form a separate total but both, as hitherto, to form a part of the general debit in the public books under the head of "CHARGES MILITARY."

28.—Officers of His Majesty's Service at Out-Stations being permitted to receive their pay and allowances in cash or by bills on the Presidency as may suit their convenience, the amount required to be paid by bills is to be regularly notified in the monthly indents of Regimental Paymasters.

29.—All articles such as tents, horses, wine, &c. which may be issued to Officers of His Majesty's Service on credit, are to be debited and the amount recovered by Station Paymasters under precisely the same Regulations as apply to Officers of the Honorable Company's Service.

30.—Stoppages from the regimental abstracts of His Majesty's Troops, on account of provisions, &c. to be recovered and accounted for by Station Paymasters according to the General Regulations of the Service.

31.—The allowances of General and other Officers of His Majesty's Staff to be entered under the head of Company's allowances to the King's Troops in the accounts of the Station Paymasters by whom the amount is disbursed.

32.---The responsibility of Regimental Paymasters of His Majesty's Service in respect to the Government, and to the Station Paymasters from whom they draw the pay of their Regiments, is to continue on the same principle as heretofore.

33.---The Station Paymasters in the examination of the regimental abstracts of Corps of His Majesty's Service will be guided by the provisions of the 9th Section of the new Code of Regulations, under the head "HIS MAJESTY'S TROOPS."

34.---An additional allowance of fifteen Pounds per annum is granted to each Regimental Paymaster on account of stationary, which is to be included in the abstracts of Company's allowances to the different Regiments and to be drawn half yearly in arrear, viz. in the months of January and July.

35.---All applications on account of advances required for Individual Officers, Detachments or Recruits of His Majesty's Service, belonging to other Presidencies are to be forwarded, if at Madras, by the Brigade Major of His Majesty's Troops---if at Poonamallee by the Paymaster of that Depot, to the Secretary of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, in order that the authority of Government may be obtained for the issue of the required advances.

36.---The above Regulations are to have effect from the commencement of the month of November next,---the first abstracts of His Majesty's Regiments to be entered in the accounts disbursements of the Station Paymasters for that month will accordingly be those for Company's allowances in arrear for the month of October and King's subsistence in advance from the 25th November to the 24th December next.

G. O. C. C. I. I. 18TH SEPTEMBER 1813.

The Earl of Moira desires to express, how highly he was gratified by his inspection of the Honorable Company's Corps of Artillery at the Mount, yesterday. The condition of the Corps, the steadiness of the men and the precision of the manœuvres spoke decisively in praise of the attention which must have been applied by Colonel Bell, Captain Noble, and the other Officers acting under him, they cannot but feel justly proud in exhibiting such a security for the interest of their country.

The observation of Lord Moira was, not very long ago specifically called to all those details which constitute the fitness of a Corps of Artillery for service; and he is happy to say, that the Troops which he saw yesterday, bear an honorable comparison with the excellent pattern he was at the former period accustomed to contemplate.

G. O. G. 14TH SEPTEMBER 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the allowances to be drawn by the Commissary of Stores at Cannanore for the Artificers attached to the Ordnance

Ordnance Department at that Station, shall be regulated in conformity with the following rates, viz.

	P.	F.	C.
1 Maistry Carpenter	4	12	60
2 Carpenters	6	12	60
2 Armourers	6	12	60
2 Bellows Boys	1	32	11
1 Tin Man	3	6	30
1 Painter	4	12	60
2 Chickledars	5	6	30
1 Chuckler	2	12	60
2 Smiths	5	30	0
2 Hammermen	4	12	0
1 Cooper	4	0	0

G. O. C. C. 23d September 1813.

The Commander in Chief deeming it advisable, that all Native Escorts commanded by Native Commissioned or Non-Commissioned Officers, should be absent from their Head-Quarters during as short a period as the nature of the service on which they are employed may permit, is pleased to direct that they shall be relieved at the first Station in their route of the adjoining Division which may be the Head Quarters of a Battalion of Native Infantry.---It will therefore be the duty of the Officer who delivers the marching instructions to a Native Escort, to acquaint the Native Commissioned or Non-Commissioned Officers commanding it, with the name of the Station at which he will report himself for the purpose of being relieved ; and the Commander in Chief directs that the foregoing orders be considered equally applicable to all reliefs of Escorts as to those which march from the first Station.

It will be clearly understood that this Regulation has no reference to those Detachments which march in charge of Treasure ; as from the peculiar responsibility resting on the Officer in command, it is requisite he should be present at the delivery of it into a Treasury, as well as at its receipt.

G. O. G. 24th September 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders, the following copy of a report from the Committee appointed for the examination of Military Students in the Hindoostanee language, and to direct that the honorary reward established for the attainment of that language be presented to Cornet Brunton, of the 2d Regiment Native Cavalry, and to Lieutenant Norman of the 9th Regiment Native Infantry.

To His Excellency Lieutenant General
The Honorable JOHN ABERCROMBY,
Governor in Council.

Honorable Sir,

Conformably with the instructions conveyed to us in the letter from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department, dated the 6th ultimo, we have the honor to report the result of our examination of the proficiency made in the Hindoostanee language by Cornet Brunton of the 2d Regiment of Native Cavalry, and Lieutenant Norman of the 9th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Mr. Brunton's translation from Hindoostanee into English was executed with considerable accuracy, the few mistakes which appear in this exercise are too trifling to deserve notice.

In translating from English into Hindoostanee Mr. Brunton was particularly successful. The exercise was performed with great readiness, and shews that Mr. Brunton has attained a very correct knowledge of the idiom of the Hindoostanee.

Mr.

Mr. Brunton converses with fluency and ease, and his pronunciation appears to us to be sufficiently correct.

We therefore beg leave to recommend that your Excellency in Council may be pleased to bestow on Cornet Brunton the usual reward, a distinction to which in our opinion his proficiency fairly entitles him.

In our address to Government dated the 10th of May last, we had the honor to notice the successful result which had attended Lieutenant Norman's endeavours to acquire a correct pronunciation together with a facility in the colloquial use of the Hindoostanee, and we stated the points in which we considered his attainments to be defective; we have now the pleasure to report that he has applied himself with success to the correction of the defects above alluded to; and that the manner in which he has performed the exercises required of him on the present occasion is in every respect satisfactory.

We consider it proper to add that Lieutenant Norman's Hindoostanee composition was written in the Shikustee hand, of which it exhibited an elegant specimen.

Lieutenant Norman in our opinion has attained an eminent degree of proficiency in the Hindoostanee language and we have particular satisfaction in recommending that your Excellency in Council may be pleased to bestow upon him the usual honorary reward.

We have the honor to be,

FORT ST. GEORGE, 20th *Sept.* 1813.

Honorable Sir,

Your most obedient Servants,

(Signed) J. LEITH,
R. B. OTTO,
W. OLIVER.

G. O. G. 24TH SEPTEMBER 1813.

With reference to the 68th paragraph of the second Section of the Code of Pay Regulations (page 23,) the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to resolve that General Officers on the Staff when absent from whatever cause beyond the limits of their respective Divisions or Districts, but residing in any part of the territories subordinate to this Presidency, shall notwithstanding such absence continue to issue orders, and generally to execute all the duties of their commands.

G. O. C. C. 12TH OCTOBER 1813.

The following General Orders by His Excellency the Commander in Chief, are published for the general information of the Army.

Lieutenant General Abercromby is pleased to direct the attention of all Commanding Officers of His Majesty's Regiments (and particularly of such Corps as have been lately augmented) to the instructions contained in the Circular Letter from the Adjutant General of the Forces, dated Horse Guards the 21st April 1808, in conformity with which the number of Non-Commissioned Officers is on no account to exceed the proportion prescribed as sufficient for the duties of each Regiment or Battalion, without His Excellency's previous sanction being obtained.

G. O. G. 28TH SEPTEMBER 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that from the first of this month, all Staff Serjeants whether attached to Corps, Cantonments or any the Public Departments, who may be unprovided with Public Quarters, shall be considered entitled

entitled to the allowance for House Rent as fixed in the G. O. of the 19th April 1811, to be drawn and charged for, in conformity with the rules prescribed in that Order.

G. O. G. 6th October 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders the following Extracts from a Letter, addressed by the Honorable the Court of Directors to the Supreme Government, under date the 16th of February 1810, and to direct, that the rules thereby established be observed also under the Presidency of Fort St. George.

Allowances to Officers whilst Prisoners of War.

Para. 9.—"As it is stated in this Paragraph, that "the grant of the full allowances of their Corps to "Officers whilst Prisoners of War is not matter of right, but of special indulgence, "and that the Regulations of the Service do not provide any rule for determining the "allowances to be assigned to Officers whilst in that situation, we think it necessary "to lay down the following rule."

"10.—"When an Officer shall be detained by the enemy as a Prisoner of War in "India, he shall, during his residence on shore in India, receive the pay and half "batta of the rank, he may hold at the time of his capture or may obtain by promotion "during his captivity, but upon all other occasions during his captivity, whether on "board ship in India, or ashore, or on board ship in Europe, he shall receive the pay "of his rank only."

Compensation for loss of baggage by fire, capture or shipwreck not to be granted unless to Officers on duty.

75.—"We shall not object to this grant in the present "instance,—but as the Company have been put to great "and unnecessary expense, by the allowances which "have been at different times made by our several Governments as compensation to "Officers for loss of baggage by shipwreck, fire, and capture, and as every Officer "may, if he pleases, insure his property before he embarks here, or in India; we "direct, that no compensation be hereafter made to any Officer for loss of baggage "on board ship, unless such Officer be proceeding on duty, by order of Government."

29th & 9. Company's allowances admitted to His Majesty's 30th Regiment of Foot from the date of their arrival at Prince of Wales' Island—requests the orders of the Honorable Court of Directors to the time from which Company's allowances shall be passed to King's Troops arriving in India.

87.—"In consideration of the expense to which His "Majesty's Troops will be exposed from the date of "their debarkation in the Company's Territories, and "in reference to the propriety of granting them the "same allowances as may be drawn by any other "Troops previously serving at the place of debarkation, "with reference also to the consideration that the "debarkation of Corps, or Detachments of Corps, at places other than those to which "they may have been destined is matter of accident, or of necessity, not probably "within the control, of the Officers Commanding such Corps or Detachments of "Corps, we authorize you to pass Company's allowances, to all Corps or Detachments "of Corps landing in any part of the Company's immediate Territories in India, from "the date of the debarkation of such Corps, provided such debarkation were made by "order of the established local authorities. But we shall not admit Company's "allowances being passed to Individual Officers who shall land in any part of India "different from that, to which their duty calls them.—Individual Officers have the "power of obtaining a passage on our Ships to any of the Presidencies of India, at "which their Regiments may be serving, or in the case of Staff Officers, at which "their usual, and well known duties call them to reside. If therefore they wilfully "land at other places than that to which they ought to have directed their immediate "course, or if Corps or Detachments of Corps, or Individual Officers, accidentally land "at Ceylon or any other place in India, where the Troops are not receiving pay from "the East India Company, in all such cases we direct, that Company's allowances be "not passed to them until their actul arrival at the Presidencies to which they have "been appointed."

In publishing the preceding Paragraph the Governor in Council desires it to be understood, that General Officers appointed by His Majesty to the Staff of his Forces in India, but not nominated to any particular Presidency are entitled to their Staff allowance from the date of their arrival at the first Presidency, and that Officers on the

the General Staff of His Majesty's Forces in India are not only to receive their personal allowances in cases when they are actually employed at the Presidency where they first land, but also in cases when such Officers have been directed or unavoidably compelled, to proceed on Ships bound to a Presidency other than that to which their duty called them, or when they have been involuntarily detained at such other Presidency by lawful authority, or from any cause connected with the Public Service.

G. O. G. 5th October 1813.

As from various reasons, it may frequently be inexpedient to issue Grain from the Public Stores to the Troops and Followers in Garrison, and necessary therefore to pay compensation in lieu of it, under the G. O. of the 30th of December 1806, The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to revise those Orders, and to direct, that the following modified Regulations on the subject, shall be in future observed.

When the price of the 3d sort of Country Rice in the Public Market, at Stations where the Troops are not upon field allowances, is more than 70 Star Pagodas per Madras Garce, the Native Troops are entitled to receive either Rice from the Public Stores at that rate, or the difference in money between that rate, and the current rate of the Market.—It will be the duty then, in such cases, of Officers Commanding Corps or Detachments to make application to Officers Commanding Stations, for permission to indent on the Commissariat for Grain, or to draw compensation in lieu of it.—At Stations where no depots of Grain may have been established, or where the issues of Grain may be restricted by special orders, Officers Commanding will direct compensation money to be drawn, in the proportion of one Seer of Rice per day for each Man, and of half a Seer of Rice per day for each Sepoy Boy; in the manner and agreeably to the form prescribed by the G. O. of the 30th of December 1806, the abstracts being supported by the following certificates.

Form of Certificate to be granted by the Officer Commanding the Station.

This is to certify, that the Officer Commanding the (here enter the Corps or Detachment) at did apply for the issue of Grain to the Troops under his Command, for the month of but that it was impracticable (or inexpedient as the case may be) to issue Grain from the Public Stores at this Station.

Here enter Station and Date. Signature of the Commanding Officer.

Form of Certificate to be granted by the Commissariat Officer.

This is to Certify that no Grain was issued by the Commissariat to the Troops, and for the period, specified in this abstract.

Here enter Station and Date. Signature of Commissariat Officer.

Form of Certificate to be granted by the Magistrate, or by the Officer Commanding the Station, when the Certificate of the Magistrate cannot be obtained.

This is to certify that the average price of the third sort of Country Rice sold in the Bazar at during the month of was Seers per Company's Rupee.

Here enter Station and Date. The Signature of the Magistrate, or of the Commanding Officer.

The same rules in every respect will be observed with regard to European Troops, except that the amount drawn on their account will be in the proportion of half a Measure of Rice per day for each Man.

In like manner, compensation money is to be drawn for Public Followers attached to Corps and Departments, when the current price of the 3d sort of Country Rice shall exceed 80 Star Pagodas per Madras Garce; and to prevent future misconception, the following list of persons entitled to receive Rice from the Public Stores in Garrison, or compensation in lieu of it, is republished for general information.

Persons

Persons entitled as fighting Men.	
Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates of European Corps Non-Commissioned Officers attached to Native Corps, or to Public Departments European Invalids and Pensioners who have been transferred from Corps, and who actually reside at Stations where Rice is usually issued	In the proportion of half a Measure of Rice per Man per day.
Native Officers and Men of Corps of Native Cavalry and Infantry Native Officers and Men of the Golandauze and Gun Lascars Native Officers and Men of the Pioneers The Maistries and Bearers of the Dooly Corps The Corps of Guides Drummers, Fifers, Trumpeters, Farriers, Puckallies and Beesties attached to Native Corps Puckallies attached to European Corps Native Invalids and Pensioners who have been transferred from Corps	In the proportion of one Seer of Rice or two Seers of Paddy per Man per day.

Families of Troops on Foreign Service or actually in the Field, at the rate of one Seer of Rice or two of Paddy per day to each family; But it would probably be more acceptable to them to receive compensation, whilst this plan would be less liable to abuse than the other.

Sepoy Boys: In the proportion of half a Seer of Rice or one Seer of Paddy per day for each Boy.

Persons entitled as Public Followers.	
Tent and Store Lascars Horse-keepers and Grass Cutters of Horse Artillery and Regiments of Cavalry Artificers of Corps Vakeels of do. Native Dressers and Toties of the fixed Establishment of Surgeons of Corps	In the proportion of one Seer of Rice or two Seers of Paddy per Man per day.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is further pleased to declare, that the above Regulations have exclusive reference to the issue of Grain in Garrison; and that neither these Orders nor the G. O. of the 10th of November 1812, are intended to disturb the provisions of Section XI of the Commissariat Regulations, for the Grain Department in the Field, which remain therefore in full force.

When Native Troops are marching from one station to another, or are otherwise in the receipt of field allowances, the above Regulations will be equally applicable, except, that Troops so situated are entitled to receive Grain or compensation money in lieu of it, only, when the Market price of the 3d sort of Country Rice, shall exceed Pagodas 106 30 0 per Madras Garce or 12 Seers for 12 Fanams. The certificates of prices if they cannot be obtained from the Civil authorities, will be granted by Commanding Officers; who will also be required, when Corps or Detachments may be marching, to keep an account of the current prices of the 3d sort of Rice, at the principal places through which they may pass, in order that the average price of the month may be correctly ascertained. European Troops when marching, or in the Field, being victualled by the public, cannot be entitled at such times, to receive any compensation.

G. O. C. 15TH OCTOBER 1813.

The following Report from the Committee appointed for the examination of Officers in the Hindoostanee Language, is published for the information of the Army.

To His Excellency Lieutenant General
THE HONORABLE J. ABERCROMBY,
Governor in Council.

HONORABLE SIR,

We have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of a letter from the Secretary to Government

Government in the Military Department, dated the 10th ultimo, and in conformity with the instructions therein contained, to report the result of our examination of the proficiency made in the Hindoostanee Language by Lieutenant Sherriff of the Chicacole Light Infantry.

Lieutenant Sherriff translated with great accuracy an extract of considerable length from a Hindoostanee version of the Goolistan. The manner in which this exercise is performed, is highly satisfactory.

Lieutenant Sherriff's translation into Hindoostanee exhibits two or three orthographical errors, but it is sufficiently correct as to idiom, and the sense of the original is in many passages very happily expressed.

We have the satisfaction to add, that Lieutenant Sherriff has acquired a correct pronunciation and converses with fluency and ease. We therefore consider that he has fully established his claim to the honorary reward, which we accordingly beg leave to recommend may be bestowed upon him.

We have the honor to be,

Honorable Sir,

Your most obedient humble Servants,

(Signed) J. LEITH,
R. B. OTTO,
W. OLIVER.

Fort St. George, 4th October 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has much satisfaction in conferring on Lieutenant Sherriff of the Chicacole Light Infantry, the honorary reward for the attainment of the Hindoostanee Language.

G. O. G. 15th October 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to resolve, that from the 1st of January next, the whole of the Native Invalids on this Establishment shall be formed into four Native Veteran Battalions, to be denominated as follows;

The 1st or Madras Native Veteran Battalion.
The 2d or Arnee Native Veteran do.
The 3d or Ganjam Native Veteran do.
The 4th or Dindigul Native Veteran do.

That each of the Native Veteran Battalions be commanded by a European Commissioned Officer of the Invalid Establishment, who will be selected and appointed by the Commander in Chief, and entitled to receive the full batta of his rank, in addition to his pay and ordinary allowances.

That an Adjutant, to be selected from the list of Conductors, or from deserving Serjeants, be allowed to each of the Native Veteran Battalions, upon the same pay and allowances as the Adjutant of the Carnatic European Veteran Battalion receives.

That each Battalion be formed into 10 Companies, of such strength as from time to time may be necessary, and that the following fixed establishment to each Corps be allowed.

One Serjeant Major.
One Quarter Master Serjeant.
One Native Adjutant.
One Havildar Major upon the same pay and allowances as a Drill Havildar.
One Vakeel.
One Drum Major.
One Fife Major.
Thirty Sepoy Recruits.
Forty Pensioned Boys.
Ten Puckallies.
Two Native Dressers.
Two Ditto

and the same proportion of Artificers as is allowed to a Battalion of effective Native Infantry.*

The

* *The Artificers discontinued and a Monthly allowance granted in lieu, Vol. 3, page 207.*

The Commander in Chief will be pleased to make such provision for the medical duties of these Corps as he may deem most advisable, and the Medical Officers in charge will draw the usual allowances established for Native Corps.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is further pleased to direct, that from and after the 1st of January next, the Native Veteran Battalions, shall be mustered, returned and paid in the same manner as the effective Corps of Native Infantry on the Establishment; and that they be consequently placed under the orders of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, in like manner as the other Corps of the Army, and that all registers and other documents regarding Invalids of Native Infantry and Gun Lascars, be transferred from the Office of the Town Major to that of the Adjutant General of the Army.

All Invalid Gun Lascars being attached to the Artillery Company of the Carnatic European Veteran Battalion, they are to be returned, mustered and paid accordingly; and the Commander in Chief will be pleased to make such a distribution of them, as His Excellency may judge most proper with reference to the duties required of them.

The present organization of the Native Invalids rendering it unnecessary to continue the appointment of Adjutant of Invalids, at present held by Lieutenant Clemons, that situation will be abolished from the 1st of January 1814; and His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to post Lieutenant Clemons as Adjutant to one of the Native Veteran Battalions.

The clothing indents and accounts of the European and Native Veteran Battalions still requiring a general superintendence, Mr. Moy's appointment as Quarter Master of Invalids will not be affected by this arrangement, otherwise than his being in future designated Quarter Master of Invalids (instead of Native Invalids) attached to the Adjutant General's Office, upon his present pay and allowances.

With a view to prevent the Native Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Rank and File of the Invalid establishment from suffering any loss or expense by being removed from one Station to another, His Excellency the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased, as a mark of liberal consideration on the part of Government, to grant to each,

	Rs.	Qrs.
Native Officers—Subadars	40	0
do. do. —Jemadars	24	0
Non-Commissioned Officers	8	0
Rank and File	4	0

as a remuneration for the Quarters they have, besides the usual Hutting Money and to direct, that each rank shall receive one month's full batta, in addition to that to which they may be entitled, during their march from one Station to the other, in the event of their being ordered to move.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to request, that the Commander in Chief will issue such orders and detailed instructions for carrying these arrangements into effect, and for arranging the distribution of the Native Veteran Battalions as he may think fit.

G. O. G. 15th October 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council, adverting to the principle upon which Officers retiring from the Service receive invariably the pay of Infantry Officers, has been pleased to resolve, that after the completion of the arrangements for forming the Non-effective Establishment of the Army, into Veteran Battalions, all Officers who may be transferred to the Veteran Battalions from whatever branch of the Service, shall be entitled to the pay and allowances of Officers of Infantry only.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has been further pleased to resolve, that Captain Lieutenants of the Veteran Battalions, including those at present on the Non-effective list, shall in future be authorized to draw the additional subsistence of one Rupee per day, the same as Effective Officers of that rank—the Officers of the Veteran Battalions to continue to draw House Rent as hitherto.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to exempt all Officers at present on the Non-effective establishment, from any reduction of their pay and allowances under the operations of these Regulations.

G. O. C. C.

G. O. C. C. 16TH OCTOBER 1813.

His Excellency Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby, has been pleased to direct the publication of the following General Orders.

RECRUITING DEPARTMENT.
HORSE GUARDS, *24th February* 1813.

GENERAL ORDER.

In addition to the General Order of the 10th of November 1812, signifying His Royal Highness the Prince Regent's pleasure, that Soldiers desirous of re-enlisting after completing the period of service for which they have engaged, shall, if found fit to continue in the Service, receive the same bounty as other Recruits enlisting at the time. The Commander in Chief directs it to be notified, that, Soldiers re-enlisting within twelve months of the expiration of the first period of service, as permitted by Act of Parliament, are to receive the bounty at the time of their re-enlisting; and that Men of thirty-five years of age and upwards, are to be engaged for a limited period only.

By command of His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief.

(Signed) HARRY CALVERT,
Adjutant General.

RECRUITING DEPARTMENT.
HORSE GUARDS, 25TH FEBRUARY 1813.

GENERAL ORDER.

The following General Order is substituted for the Memorandum of the 10th Instant, relative to Boy Recruits, which is hereby annulled.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to direct that the Regiments of Foot Guards and Infantry of the Line, shall be allowed to enlist as part of their establishment, fifty Boys for each Battalion, and His Royal Highness desires, that Commanding Officers will adopt the most effectual means of filling up the vacancies which will, from time to time, occur in that number, from these Boy Recruits becoming efficient Soldiers, by engaging a corresponding number of Boys, in the enlistment of whom, the utmost attention will be required as to their make and general appearance of health, vigour and activity. They must be selected from such as offer the fairest prospect of becoming valuable Soldiers, and of repaying by their future services the bounty of the Public in their maintenance and instruction before they arrive at that state of manhood.

The following instructions regarding the levy money, discipline and general treatment of Boys enlisted under this Order, are to be particularly attended to by the Officers in command of Battalions, Regimental Depots, &c. viz.

The levy money for each Recruit of this description, is £6 14s. 6d. if engaged for a limited service, and £8 16s. 6d. if for unlimited service.

Boys of fifteen years of age, and upwards, receive the same pay as men.

Those under fifteen years of age are allowed only ten pence per diem.

It is essential that arms should not be put into the hands of these Boys until they have attained a knowledge of the different modes of marching, wheeling and the formations which occur in the ordinary Field Exercise, and as their strength will not at first be adequate to the management of the firelock, a proportion of fuzils will be furnished for their use by the Ordnance Department. When these Boys attain sufficient strength to perform the duty of Soldiers, the fuzils which may have been issued to them are to be received into the Regimental Store for the purpose of being delivered to the younger Recruits of this class.

Recruits of this description belonging to Regiments which have a Battalion at the Cape of Good Hope, or to the Eastward of that Settlement, in North America, the Mediterranean, or Gibraltar, are to be forwarded to their Battalions whenever opportunities occur. But they are in no case to be sent to the West Indies, or to join a Battalion employed on active service, until they are equal in every respect to the performance of their duty as Soldiers.

The Commander in Chief strongly recommends to Commanding Officers, and all Officers who have the superintendence of Recruits of the above description, mildness and lenity, and whatever indulgence is compatible with the necessary instruction of the Boys, and, accustoming them to habits of order and regularity. They will by these means become attached to the Service and desirous of learning their duty as Soldiers, and their constant attendance at the Regimental School must be enforced,

in

in order to give them the qualifications which may fit them hereafter for Non-Commissioned Officers. In cases where all the Battalions of a Regiment are abroad, the Boy Recruits will naturally fall under the care of the Officers attached to the Regimental Depot, and it is essential that the Non-Commissioned Officers appointed to the same important duty, should be selected with the utmost circumspection as Men of approved integrity, who by the regularity and propriety of their own conduct are likely to promote those habits in the Recruits and impress on their young minds those principles which will render them good subjects and faithful Soldiers.

By Command of His Royal Highness The Commander in Chief.
(Signed) HARRY CALVERT,
Adjutant General.

Whenever it may be the wish of Commanding Officers of Corps to enrol Boys under the authority of the General Order of the 25th February 1813, descriptive rolls of such Boys, specifying their age, size, and parentage, shall invariably accompany the application. And none are upon any account to be enlisted without the special authority of the Commander in Chief in India being obtained for that purpose.

G. O. G. 19TH OCTOBER 1813.

The Honorable the Vice President in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders the following report of the Examination in the Hindoostanee Language of Cornet W. Barlow, attached to the Honorable the Governor's Body Guard; and of Captain Lieutenant J. S. Williams of the 15th Regiment of Native Infantry.

The latter Officer, who was promoted to the rank of Captain Lieutenant on the 3d of April last, at which period his Corps was on Field Service with Lieutenant Colonel Hamilton's Detachment, having notwithstanding his rank, been permitted to undergo an examination, the Vice President in Council is pleased to explain to the Army, that this indulgence was extended to Captain Lieutenant Williams in consideration of the peculiar circumstances of his case—it appearing that for some time previously to the date of his promotion he had made frequent applications for permission to be examined, none of which, owing to the service upon which his Corps was employed, the irregularity of the tappal, and other circumstances, succeeded in reaching the Head Quarters of the Army.

To His Excellency Lieutenant General
THE HONORABLE J. ABERCROMBY,
Governor in Council.

HONORABLE SIR,

In conformity with the instructions conveyed to us in the letters from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department, dated the 24th and 28th ultimo, we have the honor to report the result of our examination of the proficiency made in the Hindoostanee Language by Cornet Barlow, attached to the Honorable the Governor's Body Guard; and by Captain Lieutenant Williams of the 15th Regiment Native Infantry.

Mr. Barlow's translations from Hindoostanee into English, and from English into Hindoostanee, are correctly executed. His Hindoostanee exercise displays a competent knowledge of the idiom of the language, and is free from orthographical errors.

Mr. Barlow read off-hand with great facility, an extract of considerable length from a Hindoostanee version of the Goolistan. His pronunciation appears to us to be sufficiently correct; and he converses with fluency and readiness.

We are of opinion that the proficiency made by Mr. Barlow fully entitles him to the honorary reward; and we accordingly beg leave to recommend that your Excellency in Council may be pleased to confer this distinction upon him.

On a review of the translation made by Captain Lieutenant Williams from Hindoostanee into English, we observe that of some passages, the sense is entirely mistaken and of others imperfectly expressed; he read also the extract abovementioned from the

the Hindoostanee version of the Goolistan with great difficulty and embarrassment; and we should have hesitated to report favourably of his proficiency, if he had not been particularly successful in the other parts of his examination.

The accuracy and elegance, however, of his translation into Hindoostanee; the intimate acquaintance with the idiom of the Language displayed in this exercise, and the fluency and ease with which he converses, induce us to recommend that your Excellency in Council may be pleased to bestow, upon Captain Lieutenant Williams the usual honorary reward.

We have the honor to be,
Honorable Sir,
Your most obedient humble Servants,
(Signed) J. LEITH,
R. B. OTTO,
W. OLIVER.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
14th *October* 1813.

The Honorable the Vice President in Council has much satisfaction in conferring the established reward for the attainment of the Hindoostanee Language on Cornet Barlow and Captain Lieutenant Williams.

G. O. G. 19TH OCTOBER 1813.

With a view to prevent the recurrence of abuses, during the march of Troops from one Station to another, by the violent and oppressive practice of seizing the Inhabitants of Villages and compelling them to serve as coolies, to the great detriment of the Public Interests, and the injury, and the inconvenience of Individuals, The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to revise such parts of the Regulations "for "facilitating the progress of Troops through the Company's Territories" as relate to this subject, and to direct that the following orders be strictly attended to.

When a Corps or Detachment is ordered to march, an application is immediately to be made by the Commanding Officer to the Magistrate of the Zillah, for his aid and assistance, in procuring the necessary carriage for the transportation of the baggage, &c. the quantity and description of such carriage, is to be stated as particularly as circumstances will permit, and it will be the special duty of the local Civil authority, to afford such assistance to the utmost of his ability.

Commanding Officers are directed to limit the demand for coolies, as much as possible, and Officers in general are recommended to substitute cattle for coolies, whenever it may be practicable.

The principal Civil authority, in aiding the movement of Troops will endeavour to make the coolies engage to proceed the whole of the distance (or at least as far as is practicable) which the Corps or Detachment may be ordered to march, and Officers are particularly enjoined to make their arrangements for moving carriage for the entire march, and which in cases of movement from Station to Station, they may generally be able to effect.

No demand for coolies, carts or cattle is to be made at any intermediate Village, except in the event of unforeseen accidents on the road, either by the death or desertion of coolies, or casualties amongst the cattle, when a representation is to be made to the Commanding Officer, who being satisfied as to the propriety of the application, will make the requisite demands for fresh supplies to the Head Man of the place in communication with the Revenue Servant, who by the existing Regulations, is ordered by the Collectors to accompany Troops on the march, and it will be the duty of Commanding Officers upon such occasions, to pay a proper consideration to the means, and resources of the Village, as well as to enforce in the strictest manner an adequate remuneration to the people so employed on their requisition.

The Commanding Officer of a Corps or Detachment is to be considered as the only person entitled to correspond or communicate with the Civil authorities, on the points stated in this order.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 29th October 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to resolve, that Officers of the Corps of Engineers, who may be appointed as Superintending Engineer of Divisions, or of more Stations than one, shall receive in lieu of Commission hitherto drawn on the amount of money expended under their superintendance, the following allowances in addition to the monthly pay, allowance and full batta of their respective ranks, viz.

A Field Officer.....	Pagodas	200
A Captain.....	do.	120
A Subaltern.....	do.	75

The Superintending Engineer, attached to the Head Quarters of the Hydrabad Subsidiary Force, and at Secundrabad, will also receive a monthly salary agreeably to the rates above laid down and corresponding with their rank.

The salary of the Superintending Engineer at the Presidency Division, having been fixed by the G. O. of 9th October 1810, at Pagodas 300 per month, is not to be subject to any alteration in consequence of this order.

The Assistant to the Superintending Engineer of the Presidency Division, if specially appointed by Government, shall receive the same allowances as Officers of the same rank acting as Superintending Engineers, in addition to the pay and half batta of his rank.

Officers of the Corps of Engineers, who may be appointed to act under a Superintending Engineer, will not be entitled to receive any allowance beyond their monthly pay and allowances, as prescribed by the Regulations, except when detached on duty, but on such occasions, the Abstracts for Field Batta, must be accompanied by a certificate from the Superintending Engineer according to the following form:

"I do hereby certify that ——— Assistant Engineer, was detached to ———
"on duty, and that his attendance at that Station, from the 1st to the ——— ultimo,
"was indispensibly necessary."

Officers in superintendence of but one Station, will not be entitled to receive full batta, unless the Troops should be in the receipt of that allowance.

This order to have effect from the first of this month, and no Commission is to be drawn on account of Estimates already passed, unless it shall appear when the bills of the Executive Officer, are submitted for the sanction of Government, that the Works were nearly completed at the period of the publication of this order.

The Military Board, in laying before Government, bills for Works already sanctioned, will at the same time report the progress which had been made with reference to the preceding paragraph.

The Honorable the Governor in Council, is further pleased to publish the following Lists of Establishments to be attached to the several Superintending Engineers, and which are to have effect, from the 1st of the month, subsequent to the date of the receipt of this order, by the parties concerned.

FORT ST. GEORGE.

CHIEF ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT.

		P.	F.	C.	
1	European Head Draftsman*.....	40	0	0	
1	Draftsman.....	40	0	0	
1	Ditto.....	26	0	0	
3	Ditto, 12 each.....	36	0	0	
1	Ditto.....	6	0	0	
3	Drawing Boys, 6 each.....	18	0	0	
1	Tracing Man.....	9	0	0	
1	Writer.....	26	0	0	
2	ditto, 10 each.....	20	0	0	
1	Maistry Bricklayer†.....	5	0	0	
1	Conicopoly.....	15	0	0	
1	ditto.....	4	0	0	
					1 Moochy

* *This situation may be held by a Commissioned Officer at the discretion of the Chief Engineer.*

† *If a Maistry Bricklayer has served ten years in the Department, he will be entitled to an addition of 1 Pagoda per month.*

		F.	F.	C.
1	Moochy	3	0	0
1	Head Peon	3	0	0
2	Peons, 2 Pagodas each	4	0	0
1	Toty	1	0	0
1	Sweeper	0	30	0

N. B.—The Chief Engineer, will be furnished with Lascars, for keeping the Fortifications of Black Town and other Public Works in order, to the extent which may be determined from time to time, by the Military Board.

PRESIDENCY DIVISION.

1	Head Writer	25	0	0
1	Writer for Books, &c. connected with the Commissariat	15	0	0
2	Writers, 8 each	16	0	0
1	Draftsman	25	0	0
1	Office Conicopoly	5	0	0
1	Conicopoly for Commissariat materials	4	0	0
1	Work Yard Conicopoly	5	0	0
1	2d Work Yard Conicopoly	3	0	0
2	Office Peons	4	0	0
1	Serjeant	5	0	0
1	Head Conicopoly	15	0	0
1	Second do.	4	0	0
1	Interpreter	4	0	0
1	Head Bricklayer Maistry	5	0	0
1	Bricklayer	4	0	0
1	Head Carpenter Maistry	5	0	0
1	Carpenter	4	0	0
1	Head Smith Maistry	5	0	0
1	Smith	4	0	0
1	Moochy	4	0	0
1	ditto	3	0	0
1	Fascine Maistry	2	0	0

ESPLANADE, WATER AND SCAVENGER'S CARTS, &c.

1	Serjeant	5	0	0	
4	Carts with Bullocks, &c. complete	7	21	0	
24	Bullocks and 12 Drivers employed with water Carts at 4 Pagodas and 16 Fanams for 2 Bullocks and a Driver per month				52 12 0*
16	Bullocks and 8 Drivers employed with Scavenger's Carts, at 4 Pagodas 16 Fanams for do				34 38 0
1	Head Sweeper	Employed in cleaning the Streets of the Fort.			1 22 40
20	Sweepers at 1¼ Pags. each.				25 0 0

NORTHERN DIVISION.

MASULIPATAM.

1	Serjeant	5	0	0
1	Writer	8	0	0
1	Draftsman	15	0	0
3	Conicopolies, at 4 each	12	0	0
3	Bricklayer Maistries, at 4 each	12	0	0
3	Carpenter Maistries, at 4 each	12	0	0
2	Smith Maistries, at 4 each	8	0	0
2	Peons, at 1½ each	3	0	0

VIZAGAPATAM.

1	Serjeant	5	0	0
6	Boatmen, at 4 Rupees each	4	25	40

SOUTHERN

* *Not to be drawn for from the 15th October to the 15th January annually.*

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

TRICHINOPOLY.

		P.	F.	C.
1	Serjeant	5	0	0
1	Writer	8	0	0
1	Draftsman	15	0	0
2	Conicopolies, 4 each	8	0	0
1	Bricklayer Maistry	4	0	0
1	Carpenter Maistry	4	0	0
1	Smith ditto	4	0	0
2	Peons, 1 21 0 each	3	0	0

DINDIGUL.

1	Conicopoly	4	0	0
1	Bricklayer Maistry	4	0	0

CENTRE DIVISION.

VELLORE, ARCOT, ARNEE, WALLAJAHBAD, AND CHITTOOR.

1	Draftsman	15	0	0
1	Writer	10	0	0
2	Bricklayer Maistries, at 4 each ..	8	0	0
2	Carpenters, at 4 each	8	0	0
2	Smiths, at 4 each	8	0	0
3	Peons, at 2 each	6	0	0
3	Conicopolies, at 4 each	12	0	0

CEDED DISTRICTS.

BELLARY AND GOOTY.

1	Draftsman	15	0	0
1	Writer	8	0	0
2	Bricklayer Maistries, at 5 each	10	0	0
2	Carpenter ditto ditto	10	0	0
2	Smith ditto ditto	10	0	0
2	Conicopolies, at 4 each	8	0	0
2	Peons, at 1 21 0 each	3	0	0

MYSORE.

SERINGAPATAM.

1	Overseer	5	0	0
1	Writer	15	0	0
1	Draftsman	15	0	0
2	Conicopolies, at 4 each	8	0	0
2	Peons, at 1 21 0 each	3	0	0
1	Bricklayer Maistry	4	0	0
1	Carpenter Maistry	4	0	0
1	Smith do	4	0	0
1	2d Tindal	2	0	0
12	Lascars, at 1 34 0 each	21	3	0

BANGALORE.

1	Serjeant	5	0	0
2	Conicopolies, 4 each	8	0	0
2	Peons, 1 21 0 each	3	0	0
1	Maistry Bricklayer	4	0	0
1	do Carpenter	4	0	0
1	do Smith	4	0	0

MALABAR AND CANARA.

CANNANORE.

1	Serjeant	4	0	0
1	Draftsman	15	0	0
1	Writer	8	0	0
1	Carpenter Maistry	5	0	0
1	Bricklayer Maistry	5	0	0
1	Smith do	5	0	0
2	Conicopolies, 4 each	8	0	0
2	Peons, 1 21 0 each	3	0	0

TRAVANCORE.

1	Draftsman	15	0	0
1	Writer	10	0	0
1	Conicopoly	5	0	0

1 Bricklayer

		P.	F.	C.
1	Bricklayer Maistry	6	6	0
1	Smith Maistry	6	6	0
1	Carpenter do	6	6	0
1	Peon	2	0	0
	HYDRABAD.			
1	Draftsman	15	0	0
1	Writer	10	0	0
1	Conicopoly	5	0	0
1	Peon	2	0	0
1	Bricklayer Maistry	4	0	0
1	Carpenter do	4	0	0
1	Smith do	4	0	0
	JAULNAH.			
1	Draftsman	15	0	0
1	Writer	10	0	0
1	Conicopoly	5	0	0
1	Peon	2	0	0
1	Bricklayer Maistry	4	0	0
1	Carpenter do	4	0	0
1	Smith do	4	0	0
1	Hammerman	2	0	0
1	Bellows Boy	30	0	

The Superintending Engineer appointed in G. O. of the 21st April 1812 to the Head Quarters of the Hydrabad Subsidiary Force, being at present employed on other duty, the establishment allowed to that Officer, is not to be entertained until he is permitted to proceed to Jaulnah, or the Head Quarters of the Force.

G. O. G. 29TH OCTOBER 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to establish the following Regulations in substitution of those notified in the General Orders by Government, under date 9th October 1810, on the subject of Appointments to the Staff, &c.

Para. 1st—No Officer, shall be eligible to hold any appointment which confers the official rank of Lieutenant Colonel, until he has been nine years in the Service.

2d—No Officer, shall be eligible to hold any appointment, which confers the official rank of Major, or any subordinate appointment on the General Staff of the Army, until he has been seven years in the Service.

3d—No Officer, shall be allowed to hold any Division, Garrison or Personal Staff Appointment (that of Aid-de-Camp excepted) until he has been five years in the Service, for three years of which period, he must actually have performed Regimental duty.

4th—No Officer shall be allowed to hold any Regimental Staff Appointment, until he has performed three years Regimental duty.

5th—No Officer shall be considered eligible to hold the appointment of Aid-de-Camp, until he has been present with his Regiment at least one year.

6th—No officer shall be appointed to the Military Institution who has not done duty with his Corps for the period of three years, and who cannot produce a certificate from his Commanding Officer, stating that he possesses a perfect knowledge of Regimental duties, a competent knowledge of the Hindoostannee Language, and that his general character and conduct, have been such as to render him deserving of such a mark of favor and indulgence.

7th—The Commander in Chief, on being satisfied on these points, will have the power of appointing Officers, to the number of twenty to prosecute their studies at the Military Institution, for a term not exceeding two years; but they will be liable to be returned to their Corps within that period, if any misconduct on their part, should suggest to the Commander in Chief, the necessity of such a measure. In the event of their Corps being employed upon actual service during the term of their studies, they will be indulged with permission to join them, provided their conduct should have been always correct and satisfactory.

8th—No

8th—No Officer, who has been admitted into the Military Institution, will be allowed the option of withdrawing from it, at any period within the term fixed for the completion of his studies, excepting only in cases of sickness or other emergency; nor will any Officer during the prescribed period of study, be eligible to any Staff Appointment whatever, as his premature removal must defeat the object, for which he was admitted to enjoy the benefits of the Institution, to the exclusion of other applicants for that distinction.

9th—No extra allowances shall be granted to Officers of the Military Institution, during their studies at the Presidency; but when it may be necessary for the Superintendent, to carry them to a distance for the purpose of teaching them Practical Surveying, they will be permitted to draw allowances to the same extent, which have been fixed for the 3d Class of the Officers, attached to the Department of the Quarter Master General of the Army, and which shall be inclusive of all extra charges during the time of their absence.

10th—The above Regulations, are not to operate to the prejudice of any existing Appointments.

G. O. G. 2d November 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council having been pleased, under date the 27th of October 1812, to resolve that all articles of Military Appointment, commissioned by the Officers of any Corps for their own use should be exempted from the payment of duties, the following List of Articles, to which that indulgence extends, is published for general information, viz.

Sashes and Gorgets.
Swords and Sword Knots.
Belts, Hats, Caps and Helmets.
Lace Epaulettes and Buttons.
Horse Appointments and Furniture for Officers of Cavalry and for the Field Officers and Regimental Staff of Infantry.
Leather Breeches and Boots for Cavalry Officers.
Made up Uniforms of every description.

G. O. G. 2d November 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council, is pleased, at the recommendation of the Commander in Chief, to transfer the Madras Veterinary Establishment from the Presidency to Arcot, from the 1st of November 1813, and to establish the following Regulations for it's future conduct.

1st—That the Veterinary Establishment at Arcot be placed under the immediate orders and directions of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, and that (58) Fifty-Eight Boys be placed upon the Establishment for the purpose of being educated, and instructed as Farriers, and who ultimately will be posted to the Horse Artillery, Body Guard and Regiments of Cavalry, with the same rank and pay, as Farriers of Dragoons.

That Mr. Veterinary Surgeon Erratt be appointed Superintendent of the Veterinary Establishment at Arcot, and that his pay and allowances be fixed as follows:

Subsistence	per month	45 Pagodas.
Half Batta	do	as Cornet.
Gratuity	do	do.
Horse Allowance	do	21 Pagodas.
House Rent	do	12 do

with a consolidated allowance of 60 Pagodas per month for providing Tools, Instruments, Forges, Puckallies, and all etcetteras which may be required in conducting the establishment, exclusively of the clothing, subsistence, and lodging of the Boys.

3d—The Boys to be educated at the Veterinary Establishment, are to be enlisted for the Service of the Cavalry, and His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested

ed to place them on the strength of Regiments as Supernumeraries, but until they are ready to join, they must be returned "Absent on command attached to the Veteri- "nary establishment."

4th—The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to fix the pay of the Boys upon the Veterinary Establishment, until they join their Corps, at (4) Four Pagodas each per month, from which allowance is to be provided their Messing and such proportion of necessaries as the Commander in Chief may think fit to establish.

5th—Each Boy to be provided annually at the expense of Government with

One Uniform Jacket
One Watering Cap.

6th—A Barrack will be provided for the accommodation of the Boys, and each will be allowed a Cot, and the same allowance of Barrack Furniture as an European Soldier.

7th—The Honorable the Governor in Council, is also pleased to authorize the following Non-Commissioned Officers to be attached to the Veterinary establishment.

One Farrier Major, upon the pay of a Serjeant of Effective Supernumeraries and the staff pay of (4) Four Pagodas per month.

One Serjeant upon the pay of a Serjeant of effective Supernumeraries.

8th—The Honorable the Governor in Council, is also pleased to direct, that, the Superintendent of the Veterinary Establishment shall have medical superintendence of all the Regimental Horses of Regiments of Cavalry at Arcot, when such Regiments are unprovided with Veterinary Surgeons, and that his allowance for such medical attendance shall be regulated by the General Orders of the 19th of June 1807.

9th—It being also desirable for the benefit of the Boys of the Institution, that the Shoeing of Horses of such Regiments as are placed under the medical superintendence of the Surgeon of the Veterinary Establishment, should be also superintended by him, The Honorable the Governor in Council, is pleased to charge the Superintendent with that duty, and to direct, that he be provided with Shoes, and Nails, for the purpose, by Officers Commanding Troops, from their contract allowance.

G. O. C. C. 6th November 1813.

The Commander in Chief adverting to the numerous applications which continue to be received from Individuals, for payment of bills, contingent expenses, &c. requiring the sanction of Government, long after the period established for such claims being settled, His Excellency finds it again necessary to call the attention of Officers, to the 58th Paragraph 16th Section of the Pay Regulations, under the head of "Pay and Allowances," and to declare his decided intention to reject at once all claims, unless made within the regulated time, of six months, or that the delay can be accounted for in the most clear and satisfactory manner.

G. O. G. in India, 16th November 1813.

His Excellency the Honorable the Governor in Council publishes for general information at this Presidency, the following Copy of a General Order published by the Governor General in Council at Fort William.

GENERAL ORDERS by the RIGHT HONORABLE the GOVERNOR GENERAL in COUNCIL.

Fort William, 4th October 1813.

Extract of the Proceedings of the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council in the Public Department, 4th October 1813.

The Right Honorable Francis Earl of Moira being arrived, the Commission of Government from the Honorable the Court of Directors bearing date the 19th March 1813, appointing His Lordship to be Governor General of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal; Sir George Nugent, Bart. K. B. to be Second Member of Council; N. B. Edmonstone, Esq. to be Third Member of Council, and A. Seton, Esq. to be Fourth Member of Council at the said Presidency, is read.

The

The usual oaths having been administered to the Right Honorable The Earl of Moira, he takes his seat as Governor General under the usual salute from the ramparts of Fort William.

The separate Commissions appointing the Earl of Moira to be Commander in Chief of the Fort and Garrison of Fort William and of the Town of Calcutta, and Commander in Chief of all the Company's Forces in the East Indies, and the Commission appointing Sir George Nugent to be Commander of all the Company's Forces on the Bengal Establishment, are also read.

Ordered that the following Proclamation be issued and that the usual Guard be ordered to attend the Sheriff on the occasion of proclaiming the new Government.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Right Honorable Francis Earl of Moira, and Baron Rawdon, Baron Hastings, Hungerford, Botreaux, Moleyns and Moels, a General of His Majesty's Forces, Constable of the Tower of London, Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the Tower District, one of His Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, and Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, hath been appointed by the Honorable the Court of Directors to be Governor General of Fort William in Bengal, and Commander in Chief of all the Forces of the Honorable the East India Company in the East Indies; and whereas Lieutenant General Sir George Nugent, Bart. and Knight of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, hath been appointed to be Commander of all the Company's Forces on the Bengal Establishment, and one of the Counsellors of Fort William aforesaid, and Neil Benjamin Edmonstone and Archibald Seton, Esquires, have been appointed Counsellors of the said Presidency; It is therefore hereby proclaimed that The Right Honorable Francis Earl of Moira has, on the day of the date hereof, received charge of the said Office of Governor General and taken the usual oaths and his seat accordingly, and that Sir George Nugent, Neil Benjamin Edmonstone and Archibald Seton, Esquires, have respectively taken their seats at the Bord as Counsellors of the said Presidency.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council.

(Signed) G. DOWDESWELL,

FORT WILLIAM, *the 4th October* 1813. CHIEF SEC. TO GOVT.

THE UNITED COMPANY OF MERCHANTS OF ENGLAND TRADING TO THE EAST INDIES.

To all whom these presents shall come, Greeting; know ye, that we the said United Company reposing especial trust and confidence in the fidelity, prudence, justice and circumspection of The Right Honorable Francis Earl of Moira, and Baron Rawdon in Ireland, Baron Hastings, Hungerford, Botreaux, Moleyns, &c. &c. &c. and Baronet, a General of His Majesty's Forces, Constable of the Tower of London, Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the Tower District, one of His Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, and Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter: Have nominated, made, constituted and appointed, and by these presents do nominate, make, constitute and appoint him, the said Francis Earl of Moira upon, from and immediately after his arrival at Fort William in Bengal, or at any other of our Presidencies in the East Indies, to be Governor General of our Presidency of Fort William in the Bay of Bengal, and of all the Towns and Territories thereunto belonging, and of all and singular the Forts, Factories and Settlements, Lands, Territories, Countries and Jurisdictions belonging to us within the Subaship of Bengal, and of, and for all our affairs whatsoever in the Bay of Bengal and other the Places and Provinces thereunto belonging in the East Indies, together with all and every the powers and authorities committed and given to the Governor General of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal for the time being, by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, to take upon him, hold and enioy the said Office upon and from and immediately after the arrival of the said Francis Earl of Moira at Fort William aforesaid, or at any other of our Presidencies in the East Indies and from thence to continue in the exercise of the said Office during the pleasure of us, the said United Company and of our Court of Directors and until the contrary thereof shall be signified under the seal of us the said United Company, or under the hands of thirteen or more of the Court of Directors of us, the said United Company for the time being; but subject nevertheless to such removal and recal, as in any Act of Parliament now in force is mentioned, and we do hereby authorize, empower and require the said Francis Earl of Moira to execute and perform all and every the powers and authorities to the said Office of Governor General appertaining, by and under the orders and directions

directions in writing of the Court of Directors of us the said United Company for the time being, or any thirteen or more of them, under their hands and under the orders and directions of such other persons, as by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force are empowered to give any orders to the Servants in India of us the said United Company in certain cases, in and to the end that the said Francis Earl of Moira may be better enabled to order and manage all the said affairs of us the said United Company. We do by these presents constitute and ordain Lieutenant General Sir George Nugent, Baronet, and Knight of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, the Commander of all our Military Forces on the Bengal Establishment in the East Indies, and Neil Benjamin Edmonstone, Esq. and Archibald Seton, Esq. two of our Senior Merchants who have resided upwards of twelve years in India in our Service, three of the Counsellors of the said Presidency of Fort William in Bengal already appointed, to be and continue Counsellors of the said Presidency for governing and managing all the affairs of us the said United Company in Bengal and the Places and Provinces belonging to us as aforesaid, and we do hereby give and grant unto our said Governor General Francis Earl of Moira, to our Council aforenamed or the major part of them (the whole Council being duly summoned), and to the said Francis Earl of Moira, alone, in certain cases and under certain circumstances mentioned in any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, full power and authority from time to time to rule and govern all and every our Factors and Servants under the said Presidency and all the Soldiers and Inhabitants of our said Fort William and all the Towns and Territories, thereunto belonging, and all and singular the Forts, Factories and Settlements, Lands, Territories, Countries, and Jurisdictions belonging to us within the Subaship of Bengal, and also at our other Presidencies in India in all cases mentioned in any Act or Acts of Parliament whereby a superintending and controlling power over such Presidencies is given to the said Governor General and Council of Fort William in Bengal, and we do hereby authorize and empower our said Governor General and Council to administer lawful oaths as occasion shall require, and do and perform all such other acts and things and to use and exercise all such other powers and authorities as the said Governor General and his Council in the several and respective places where we the said United Company have, or shall have Factors or any places of Trade are authorized to do according to such instructions and directions as he the said Francis Earl of Moira our said Governor General and the Council aforesaid shall from time to time receive under the hands of thirteen or more of the Court of Directors of us the said United Company, for the time being, and from such other person or persons, as by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, are empowered to give orders to the Servants in India of us the said United Company in certain cases in such Act or Acts mentioned, and we the said United Company do hereby order and require all our Factors, Servants, Officers and Soldiers, within the limits of the said Presidency of Fort William in Bengal and all the People and Inhabitants of our said Fort William, and all the Towns and Territories thereunto belonging and also our Governors and Councils at our other Presidencies, in all such cases in which the said Governor General and Council have any superintending and controlling power over them, to conform, submit and yield due obedience unto him, the said Francis Earl of Moira, our said Governor General and his Council accordingly, and we do hereby revoke, repeal, annul, and make void all, and every former Commission or Commissions, Appointments and Authorities, absolute or provisional, given, granted or made, whereby or by virtue whereof, any other person or persons was or were constituted and appointed, or have, or shall become Governor General or Council of Fort William aforesaid, such revocation to take effect from the time when the said Francis Earl of Moira shall take upon him the said Office of Governor General, under, or by virtue of these presents. Given under our common seal this nine eenth day of March in the 53d Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Third, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the Year of our Lord 1813 : Signed by order of the Court of Directors of the East India Company. (L. S.)

(Signed) JAMES COBB,
Assistant Secretary.

THE UNITED COMPANY OF MERCHANTS OF ENGLAND TRADING TO THE EAST INDIES.

We the said United Company reposing especial trust and confidence in the Right Honorable

Honorable Francis Earl of Moira, and Baron Rawdon in Ireland, Baron Hastings, Hungerford, Botreaux, Moleyns, &c. &c. &c. and Baronet, a General of His Majesty's Forces, Constable of the Tower of London, Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the Tower District, one of His Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, and Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, who is appointed to the Office of Governor General of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, and to the Office of Governor and Commander in Chief of our Fort and Garrison of Fort William aforesaid, do by these presents constitute and appoint him the said Francis Earl of Moira, to be Commander in Chief of all our Military Forces which now are, or may hereafter be employed in the East Indies, which Office of Commander in Chief as aforesaid, the said Francis Earl of Moira is to take upon him, hold and enjoy, upon and from the arrival of the said Francis Earl of Moira at Fort William aforesaid, or at any other of our Presidencies in the East Indies, to hold the said Office during our will and pleasure, and we do hereby authorize, empower and require him, the said Francis Earl of Moira, as Commander in Chief, as aforesaid, to the utmost of his skill and power to do and perform all such offices and services as appertain to the Post of Commander in Chief of all our Military Forces in the East Indies, subject to such removal or recal as can or may be made by any law now in force, and subject also to all such rules, orders and instructions, as he shall from time to time receive from the Court of Directors, of us the said United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies in writing, or under the hands of thirteen or more of them, or from the Governor General in Council of our Presidency at Fort William in Bengal, or from our Presidents and Councils of Fort St. George and Bombay respectively, whensoever he shall be present at any of those Presidencies, or at any Settlements or Places subordinate thereto, according to the rules and discipline of war in pursuance of the trust hereby reposed in him, and we do hereby strictly charge and command all Commission Officers, Non-Commission Officers, Soldiers, and others belonging to our Military Forces in the several places before mentioned, to yield him, the said Francis Earl of Moira, as their Commander in Chief, during his residence at such places as aforesaid, due obedience accordingly, and we do hereby revoke and annul all and every Commission and Commissions to any person or persons whomsoever to act as Commander in Chief of our Forces in the East Indies from the time that the said Francis Earl of Moira shall take upon him the said Office of Commander in Chief, under or by virtue of these presents. Given under our common seal this nineteenth day of March in the fifty-third Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Third, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith and so forth, and in the Year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed by order of the Court of Directors of the East India Company. (L. S.)

(Signed) JAMES COBB,
Assistant Secretary.

THE UNITED COMPANY OF MERCHANTS OF ENGLAND TRADING TO THE EAST INDIES.

We the said United Company reposing especial trust and confidence in the Right Honorable Francis Earl of Moira, and Baron Rawdon in Ireland, Baron Hastings, Hungerford, Botreaux, Moleyns, &c. &c. &c. and Baronet, a General of His Majesty's Forces, Constable of the Tower of London, Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the Tower District, one of His Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, and Knight of the Most Honorable Order of the Garter, appointed to the Office of Governor General of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, to take effect upon, and from his arrival at Fort William aforesaid, or at any other of our Presidencies in the East Indies, do by these presents, constitute and appoint him, the said Francis Earl of Moira, to be our Governor and Commander in Chief of our Fort and Garrison of Fort William in Bengal, and of the Town of Calcutta and of all the Forces which now are, or hereafter shall be employed for the service of the said United Company within the said Fort, Garrison and Town, to take upon him, hold and enjoy the said Offices of Governor and Commander in Chief of the said Fort, Garrison, and Town, upon and from his arrival at Fort William aforesaid, or at any other of our Presidencies in the East Indies, and we do hereby authorize, empower and require him the said Francis Earl of Moira, as Governor and Commander in Chief of the said Fort, Garrison and Town as aforesaid, to the utmost of his skill and power to do and perform all such offices and services as appertain to the Post of Governor and Commander

Commander in Chief as aforesaid, and to continue in the exercise of the same during our pleasure, subject nevertheless to such removal or recal as can or may be made by any law now in force, and subject also to all such rules, orders and instructions as he shall at any time receive in writing from the Court of Directors of us the said United Company, or under the hands of thirteen or more of them, or from the Governor General and Council of Fort William aforesaid, and we do hereby strictly require, charge and command all Commission Officers, Soldiers, and others belonging to our Military Forces, and all the People and Inhabitants employed or residing in our said Fort, Garrison and Town, to yield him the said Francis Earl of Moira, as Governor and Commander in Chief, as aforesaid, due obedience accordingly, and we do hereby revoke and annul all and every former Commission and Commissions to any person or persons whomsoever to act as Governor and Commander of the Fort and Garrison of Fort William and Town of Calcutta from the time that the said Francis Earl of Moira shall take upon him the said Office of Governor and Commander of the Fort and Garrison and Town aforesaid. Given under our common seal this nineteenth day of March in the 53d Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Third, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed by order of the Court of Directors of the East India Company. (L. S.)

(Signed) JAMES COBB,
Assistant Secretary.

THE UNITED COMPANY OF MERCHANTS OF ENGLAND TRADING TO THE EAST INDIES.

We the said United Company reposing especial trust and confidence in you, Lieutenant General Sir George Nugent, Baronet, and Knight of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, do by these presents, constitute and appoint you to be Commander of all our Military Forces on the Bengal Establishment, in the East Indies (except such Forces as are, or hereafter may be employed within our Fort and Garrison of Fort William and Town of Calcutta) during our will and pleasure, and to hold and take the said Office unto and upon you, from and immediately after the arrival of General the Earl of Moira at Fort William in Bengal, or at any other of our Presidencies in the East Indies and his taking upon him the Office of Commander in Chief of all our Military Forces in the East Indies, and you are to the utmost of your skill and power to do and perform all such offices and services as appertain to the Post of Commander of our Military Forces on the Bengal Establishment, subject however to all such rules, orders and instructions as you shall at any time receive from the Court of Directors of the said United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies in writing, or under the hands of thirteen or more of them, or from the Governor General in Council of Fort William, or from the Commander in Chief of all our Forces in the East Indies for the time being, according to the rules and discipline of war in pursuance of the trust hereby reposed in you, and we do hereby strictly require, charge and command all Commission Officers, Non-Commission Officers and Soldiers and others belonging to our Military Force on the Bengal Establishment before mentioned, except as aforesaid, to yield you as their Commander, due obedience accordingly. Given under our common seal this nineteenth day of March in the fifty-third year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Third, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth, and in the Year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Signed by order of the Court of Directors of the said United Company. (L. S.)

(Signed) JAMES COBB,
Assistant Secretary.

G. O. G. 26TH NOVEMBER 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders, the

the following copy of a report from the Committee appointed for the examination of Military Students in the Hindoostanee language, and has much satisfaction in conferring the honorary reward established for the attainment of that language, on
Lieutenant Poggenpohl of the Horse Artillery, and on
Lieutenant A. Gordon of the Madras European Regiment.

To His Excellency Lieutenant General
THE HONORABLE J. ABERCROMBY,
Governor in Council.

HONORABLE SIR,

In obedience to the orders conveyed to us in the two letters from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department dated the 16th instant, we have the honor to report the result of our examination of the proficiency made in the Hindoostanee language by Lieutenant Poggenpohl of the Horse Artillery and by Lieutenant A. Gordon of the Madras European Regiment.

In our examination of these Gentlemen, we pursued the usual course, and we are gratified in being enabled to state that the result is satisfactory.

Lieutenant Poggenpohl in his translation into English, has failed to express correctly the sense of two or three words, which however are not of frequent occurrence; with these exceptions, which are obviously of trifling importance, this exercise is performed with sufficient accuracy. His Hindoostanee exercise also is correctly executed and displays a considerable knowledge of the idiom of the language.

Lieutenant Poggenpohl converses with great fluency; and we observed with satisfaction the attention which he appears to have given to this important acquirement.

Lieutenant Gordon also in his translation from Hindoostanee, appears not to have clearly understood the sense of a few words, but in other respects, this exercise is very correctly executed.—The accuracy of his Hindoostanee exercise, both as regards the expression and the idiom, leaves us little to desire from him on these points; and he converses with sufficient fluency.

With these brief observations, we have much satisfaction in recommending, that your Excellency in Council may be pleased to bestow on Lieutenant Poggenpohl and on Lieutenant Gordon the usual honorary reward.

We have the honor to be,
Honorable Sir,
Your most obedient
humble Servants.
(Signed) J. LEITH,
P. VANS AGNEW,
R. B. OTTO,
W. OLIVER.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
23*d November* 1813.

G. O. G. 26TH NOVEMBER 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize a Store or Park Serjeant to be attached to the Department of the Commissary of Stores at Trichinopoly, in addition to the establishment as detailed in the Code of Ordnance Regulations, published on the 25th May 1813.

G. O. G. 30TH NOVEMBER 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to extend to Adjutants of His Majesty's Regiments, the indulgence granted under General Orders of the 4th October 1806, to Adjutants of Corps in the Honorable Company's Service, allowing an annual supply of Stationary to be issued to these Officers from the Public Stores at

at prime cost, upon regular indents, countersigned by the Military Board. The supply to be indented for, will be the same as that detailed in the above Orders, and will commence from the 1st January 1814.

G. O. G. 30TH NOVEMBER 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council having judged it expedient, to revise the establishment of commissioned Officers for a Battalion of Pioneers of eight Companies, as fixed in General Orders under date the 12th October 1810; His Excellency in Council is pleased to direct, that the number of European Commissioned Officers attached to each Battalion of Pioneers, shall be in future, as follows:—

Two Captains,
Six Subalterns, and One Assistant Surgeon.

G. O. G. 3D DECEMBER 1813.

The following report from the Committee appointed for the examination of Officers in the Hindoostanee language, is published for the information of the Army.

To His Excellency Lieutenant General
THE HONORABLE J. ABERCROMBY,
Governor in Council.

HONORABLE SIR,

We have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the letter from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department, dated the 19th ultimo, and conformably with the instructions which it conveys, to report the result of our examination of the proficiency made in the Hindoostanee language, by Lieutenant Hockley of the 2d Battalion of Artillery.

In his translations both from Hindoostanee into English, and from English into Hindoostanee, Lieutenant Hockley was eminently successful; and the readiness with which these exercises were performed, affords a satisfactory proof of his proficiency. We could have wished, however, that his Hindoostanee exercise had been written in a neater hand.

Lieutenant Hockley's pronunciation appears to us to be sufficiently correct; and he reads and converses with great facility.

We have therefore much satisfaction in recommending that your Excellency in Council may be pleased to bestow upon Lieutenant Hockley the usual honorary reward.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
16*th November* 1813.

We have the honor to be,
Honorable Sir,
Your most obedient
humble Servants,
(Signed) J. LEITH,
R. B. OTTO,
W. OLIVER.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has great satisfaction in conferring the honorary reward for the attainment of the Hindoostanee language on Lieutenant Hockley of the 2d Battalion of Artillery.

G. O. G. 3D DECEMBER 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish for the information of the Army, the following Extracts of Letters from the Honorable the Court of Directors.

Letter

Letter dated 7th May 1813.

2d. "We have resolved that the appointments of General Officers on the Staff, "that is to say, General Officers to command certain Divisions of the Army, shall in "future be filled up, either from Officers in Europe or in India, according to their "abilities, and length of service. All appointments therefore of this description "made in India, after the receipt of this Letter must be considered as temporary "until our pleasure shall be known thereon."

G. O. C. C. 6TH DECEMBER 1813.

His Excellency Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby, has been pleased to direct the publication of the following General Orders by His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief.

RECRUITING DEPARTMENT.

HORSE GUARDS, 15*th March* 1813.

GENERAL ORDER.

His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief has directed that the following Forms of Attestation shall be used in the case of Soldiers engaged for a limited period of service, re-enlisting for a further period of seven years, or for unlimited service, viz.

FORM *of* ATTESTATION *of Soldiers engaged for a limited period of service, re-enlisting for a further period.*

I do make oath, that I am at present [Serjeant, Corporal, Drummer, or Private, as the case may be] in Captain 's Company, in the Regiment of , having enlisted on the day of 18 for a period of seven years; and that I am of the age of years; and that I will continue to serve His Majesty, his Heirs, and Successors, for a further period of seven years, from [insert the date] being the expiration of the period for which I am already engaged, provided His Majesty should for so long require my service; and also for such further term not exceeding six months, as shall be directed by the Commanding Officer, on any Foreign Station, and not exceeding three years, as shall be directed by any Proclamation of His Majesty; provided always, that, in the latter case, the said additional period, shall determine whenever six months of continued Peace, to be reckoned from the ratification of any Definitive Treaty, shall have elapsed subsequent to the expiration of the said seven years.

Dated at this day of in the year of our Lord 18 .

Sworn before me. *Signature of the Soldier.*

Witness.

FORM *of* ATTESTATION *of Soldiers engaged for a limited period of service re-enlisting for unlimited service.*

I do make oath, that I am at present [Serjeant, Corporal, Drummer, or Private, as the case may be] in Captain 's Company, in the Regiment of having enlisted on the day of 18 for a period of seven years, and that I am of the age of years; and that I will continue to serve His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, until I shall be legally discharged.

Dated at this day of in the year of our Lord 18 .

Sworn before me. *Signature of the Soldier.*

Witness.

By Command of His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief.

HARRY CALVERT, *Adjutant General.*

HORSE-GUARDS, 10*th April* 1813.

GENERAL ORDER.

His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, *that when a Regiment embarks for Garrison Duty on Foreign Service*, the *lawful Wives of Soldiers* shall be permitted to embark, in the proportion of *Twelve per Company*, including the

the Wives of Non-Commissioned Officers, and Rations are to be issued for them as long as the Corps remains in a Foreign Garrison.

When a Regiment embarks for active Field Service, the number of *Soldiers Wives* to be permitted to accompany it, must be limited to *Six per Company*, or their Embarkation must be altogether forbidden, according to the nature of the service for which the Regiment may be destined.

To such Wives of Soldiers as are not permitted to embark with their Husbands, the rates of allowance, authorized by the Act of the 51st of George 3, Chap. 106, and by the Act of the 52d of Geo. 3d, Chap. 120, (Extracts from which are contained in the following pages,) will be granted to enable them to proceed to their Homes, or to the Places at which they intend to reside, during the absence of their Husbands on service.

If a Regiment should embark from a Foreign Garrison for Field Service, such Soldiers Wives as are not permitted to embark with the Regiment, are to be sent by the earliest conveyance to this Country: on their arrival in Great Britain, or Ireland, they will receive the rates of allowance specified in the Acts of Parliament above alluded to.

When a Royal Veteran Battalion embarks for Foreign Garrison Duty, all Soldiers Wives, of good characters, who are desirous of accompanying their Husbands, are to be permitted to embark.

This Order is to cancel that which is contained in page 255 of the General Regulations and Orders for the Army.

By Command of His Royal Highness The Commander in Chief.

HARRY CALVERT,
Adjutant General.

Extracts from the Act of the 51st Geo. III. Ch. 106.

I. "Upon any Regiment, Battalion, Corps, or Detachment, being embarked for Foreign Service, the Commanding Officer thereof shall cause a List or Lists to be made out of all the Wives and Children of the Soldiers belonging to such Regiment, Battalion, Corps, or Detachment, to be left at the Place of Embarkation, who are desirous of claiming the Allowance authorized by this Act, for the purpose of enabling them to return to their Homes or Places of Settlement, either in one List for the Regiment, Battalion, Corps, or Detachment, or separate Lists for each Company; and shall give to every such Wife a Duplicate of such Part of such List as shall apply to such Wife and her Family of Children respectively, certifying thereon, under his Hand, that the Person to whom such Certificate is given is the Wife or reputed Wife of a Soldier in his Regiment, Battalion, Corps, or Detachment; and he shall transmit such List or Lists so made out to the Secretary at War."

II. "Each Wife to whom any such Duplicate shall have been delivered as aforesaid shall forthwith take the same to some neighbouring Justice or Magistrate, who shall make out a Route for her, and fill up and sign a Certificate, specifying the Place to which such Woman is going, and her Route, that she may receive such Allowances as are authorized by this Act, not exceeding Two-pence per Mile."

III. "Upon Production of such Certificate to any Overseer of the Poor of any Place through which such Woman shall pass, he shall, out of any Money in his Hands applicable to the Relief of the Poor, pay her an Allowance not exceeding the Rate per Mile specified in such Certificate as aforesaid, for the Number of Miles to the next City, Town, or Place to which she may be going, not exceeding Eighteen Miles, and he shall endorse on such Certificate the Money so paid, and take a Receipt from the Woman, signed with her Hand or with her Mark, specifying the Regiment, Battalion, Corps, or Detachment, to which her Husband belongs, so as that the Description on the Receipt may correspond with the Description in the Certificate so produced to him as aforesaid."

IV. "The Sum so advanced by such Overseer shall, upon Production and Delivery of such Receipt to the Collector of Excise of the District within which such Overseer acts as such, or any Person officiating for such Collector, be repaid to such Overseer for the Use of the Fund for the Relief of the Poor, by such Collector of Excise or other Person, out of any Public Monies in his Hands, and the same shall be allowed in his Accounts; and such Overseer shall give a Receipt for the Money so paid to such Collector or other Person; and such Receipt of the Overseer, together with the Receipt of the Woman, shall be taken as Cash in the Payment of Duties of Excise received by such Collector, and all Sums of Money so advanced out of any Duties of Excise shall be repaid by the Agents of the Regiments to which the Soldiers belong, whose

whose Wives and Families have been so relieved, or by any other Person to be appointed for that purpose by the Secretary at War, to such Person or Persons as shall be authorized by the Commissioners of Excise in England or Scotland, respectively, to draw for or receive the same, for or on Account of the said Duties."

V. "Every such Woman shall at the last Place of her receiving any Allowance under this Act, antecedent to her Arrival at her Home or Place of Settlement, deliver up such Certificate to the Overseer of the Poor advancing such Allowance, who shall deliver the same to the Collector of Excise, and the same shall be, by such Collector of Excise, transmitted to the War-Office."

VI. "Wives of Soldiers not complying with the Regulations hereinbefore prescribed shall be treated as Vagrants, and may be passed as such to their Homes, either in England, Ireland, or Scotland, respectively, as the case may be."

Extracts from the Act of the 52d Geo. III. Cap. 120.

I. "When any Wives, Widows, or Children of Soldiers employed on Foreign Service, shall return to Great Britain, the Officer Commanding the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, to which the Husband, or Father, of any such Woman, or Child, do or did belong, shall give her a Certificate, stating, that the Person to whom such Certificate is given is, or was, the Wife of, and her Child or Children is or are the Child or Children of a Soldier in his Regiment, Battalion, Corps, or Detachment, in like Form and Manner as the Certificates given by Officers Commanding Corps to the Wives and Families of Soldiers embarking for Foreign Service under the Direction of the said recited Act; and if any Women, the Wives or Widows of Soldiers on Foreign Service, or their Children, shall land at any place in Great Britain without having such Certificates as are enacted by this Act, it shall be lawful for the General Officer Commanding at the nearest Place to that where they shall so land, and he is hereby required, upon Application made to him to give any such Woman applying for it, such Certificate as aforesaid, which shall entitle her to the Allowance for herself and her Children (if any) granted by this Act, and every such Widow or Wife shall, upon any certificate granted under this Act, receive such Allowances for herself and Family, as are allowed, granted, and directed by the said recited Act, upon certificates granted by Officers Commanding Corps, in respect of Wives and Families of Soldiers embarking for Foreign Service, in like manner as if such allowances were specially granted by this Act, and as if all the Rules and Regulations for the giving, regulating, paying, and accounting for, and returning the same, were specially and particularly re-enacted in this Act."

II. "Every Widow or Wife of any Soldier to whom any such Certificate shall have been delivered, as is directed by the said recited Act or this Act, shall forthwith take the same to some Justice of the Peace, or Magistrate, who shall make out a Route, and fill up and sign a Certificate specifying the Place to which such Widow or Wife and Family is going, specifying the Number of Children; and it shall be lawful for such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, in lieu and instead of the Rate of Allowance directed by the said recited Act, to direct any such Allowance as he shall deem necessary, not exceeding Three Halfpence per Mile for each such Woman, and One Penny per Mile for each of her Children; any thing in the said recited Act authorizing a Rate of Allowance to the contrary notwithstanding."

GENERAL ORDERS.

HORSE-GUARDS, *28th April* 1813.

In consequence of a letter addressed to the Editor of the Morning Chronicle, having appeared in that Paper of the 11th of March, signed "*Robert Browne, Major-General, Lieutenant-Colonel of the 12th Light Dragoons*," of which Major-General Browne, has avowed himself the Author, in which, after drawing a comparison between the former, and the present Clothing, and Equipment of the Cavalry, it is stated that from the Clothing, and Equipment, now in use, "the disadvantage to the "Dragoon is considerable, and may be attended with serious consequences, and that "he (Major-General Browne) was a Member of both Boards of Cavalry Officers, but "disapproved of their proceedings, and stated his sentiments to the Secretary at "War, to the Commander in Chief, and also to the Adjutant-General in writing, "and that in conversation with Mr. Whitbread, the subject was accidentally mentioned, and he having stated it in the House of Commons, he (Major-General "Browne) thought it a duty, in justice to himself and the Light Dragoon, to give the "above." The Commander in Chief judged it expedient, to direct that a Board, composed

composed of General Officers of Cavalry, who were Members of the Board, whose proceedings formed the basis of the Clothing Warrant of the Cavalry, now in force, should be re-assembled, for the purpose of taking into consideration the letter before mentioned, and of affording such explanation on the several points animadverted upon by Major-General Browne, as might enable His Royal Highness to lay before the Prince Regent, the fullest, and most satisfactory proofs that the assertions of that Officer are not founded, and that the essential objects for which the Board was originally convened, as stated in the Adjutant General's letter of the 13th June 1811, have been strictly kept in view in the alterations introduced in the Warrant, namely, "that every article of the Soldier's equipment should be simplified, to prepare him "for active Service, and consequent exposure, and that in no instance, should the "expense be increased to the Colonel, or a larger deduction be made from the Sol-"dier's pay, than is authorized by His Majesty's Regulations."

General the Earl of Harrington, *President*.
General Francis Edward Gwyn.
Lieut. General the Earl of Rosslyn.
Lieut. General the Earl of Uxbridge.
Lieut. General William Cartwright.
Major Genl. Henry Fane.
Major Genl. Hon. George de Grey.

Accordingly the Board composed of the General Officers named in the margin, did assemble, and in their Report, which the Commander in Chief has submitted to the Prince Regent, and the substance of which His Royal Highness has been graciously pleased to command to be thus circulated for the general information of the Army, have stated (after a most minute and laborious investigation of every article of Cavalry equipment and necessaries) that by the comparative lists of necessaries, it appears, that, under the present Warrant, there will be a saving to the Dragoon upon the first supply of necessaries to be provided out of his bounty and allowance of equipment, of no less a sum than £1 : 2: 2, exclusive of the articles that undergo no alteration, and of the cost of shoes and gaiters.

The Board further add, that the change of appointments has been now so long in progress, and must, both in conformity to the Order, and from the nature of the case, proceed so gradually, that the instances must be rare where an individual Soldier can be called upon to provide any of the new articles, before the corresponding article of necessaries, for which it is to be substituted, shall have been worn out.

The Board further state, that they cannot conclude without marking their surprize at the apparent loose manner in which Major General Browne has expressed himself, when he says "he was a Member of both Boards of Cavalry Officers, but disap-"proved of their proceedings, and stated his sentiments to the Secretary at War, to "the Commander in Chief, and to the Adjutant General in writing;" for the Board "find by their minutes, that Major-General Browne was relieved from his attendance at the Board, last year, on the 5th May, and although while he continued to attend, he certainly did take opportunities of stating, in conversation, some opinions of his own, and throwing out suggestions of alterations which he would wish to recommend, no resolution was ever proposed, or any Note taken of such suggestions, and in fact, a very great proportion of the estimates, accounts, returns, and evidence called for by the Board, and which formed the basis whereon their conclusions principally rested, were presented to them subsequent to the 5th May, and that consequently Major General Browne, had no knowledge as a Member of the Board, either of the information, by which they were guided, or of the opinions they formed; and the Board had no opportunity of profiting by the Major General's assistance, or of hearing him express his disapprobation of their proceedings, with the purport, and effect of many parts of which he appears to be still unacquainted.

The result of this investigation has been highly satisfactory to the Prince Regent, inasmuch as it has convinced His Royal Highness, that the General Officers on whose report the Clothing Warrant of the Cavalry is founded, did perform, with ability and fidelity, the important duty that was confided to them, and that the interests of the Soldier have in every respect been duly considered and guarded with the most scrupulous attention.

The Prince Regent cannot allow this Order to go out to the Army, without at the same time expressing his highest displeasure against Major-General Browne, and his surprize that an Officer of his rank can have been so forgetful of his duty and station, so regardless of the discipline and welfare of the Service, as to circulate, through the medium of a Public Newspaper, assertions calculated to excite discontent in the Army, to mislead the Soldier, and to give an erroneous and unfounded impression to the Public, that the funds assigned for his equipment and maintenance are improvidently and injuriously expended.

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The Commander in Chief directs that this Order shall be circulated throughout the Army; and be entered in the General Order Books of all Regiments of Cavalry.

By His Royal Highness The Commander in Chief's command.

HARRY CALVERT, *Adjutant General.*

HORSE GUARDS, 10*th May*, 1813.

GENERAL ORDER.

His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief directs it to be notified, that the Prince Regent, in the name and on behalf of His Majesty, has been pleased to approve of the *Surgeons*, *Assistant Surgeons*, and *Paymasters* of Regiments, wearing *Epaulettes*, or *Wings*, the same as the Captains and Subaltern Officers, according to the description of the Corps to which they belong.

The Dress of these Officers in other respects is to be in conformity to the Regulations laid down in the General Order of the 24th of December, 1811; the Coats of the Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons being single-breasted, as prescribed for that branch of the Staff.

By Command of His Royal Highness The Commander in Chief.

HARRY CALVERT,
Adjutant General.

G. O. G. 3D DECEMBER 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council having been pleased to approve of a new Code of revised Regulations for the conduct of the Department of Buildings and Repairs, directs that these Regulations shall be strictly attended to, and that Copies be distributed, under the Orders of the Military Board, to Officers Commanding Divisions and Stations and to the Heads of Departments.

G. O. G. 7TH DECEMBER 1813.

The extent and responsibility of the charge of the Stores and Arsenal of Fort St. George, and the importance which attaches, and exclusive attention necessary, to the correct performance of that trust, requiring that the Commissary of Stores in charge of the Arsenal, should be relieved from the duty of superintending and inspecting the Ordnance on the Works, which at present belongs to him as the Senior Officer of Artillery at the Presidency station: The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to determine, that the charge of the Guns on the Fortifications and in the Batteries of the Fort and Black Town, and of the Expense Magazines belonging to them, together with the Command of the Detachment of Artillery doing duty at Fort St. George, shall be vested in an Officer of experience, to be specially selected for that purpose from the Corps of Artillery, whose authority will be entirely independent of the Commissary of Stores, and who will be held strictly and exclusively responsible for the conduct of the department committed to his care.

The Officer appointed to the discharge of this important duty, will be authorized to draw the full batta of his rank, and in lieu of the Detail from the fixed establishment of the Arsenal, which the Ordnance Regulations have placed under the immediate orders of the Commanding Officer of Artillery in Fort St. George "to assist him in the charge of the Ordnance on the Works and Expense Magazines," but which cannot without detriment to the Public Service be spared from the duties peculiar to the Arsenal, a further Detail of Gun Lascars will, if necessary, be brought down from St. Thomas's Mount and added to the Detachment already doing duty at the Presidency.

G. O. C. C. 11TH DECEMBER 1813.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to order that Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons of Regiments shall wear Wings or Epaulettes, the same as the Captains and Subaltern Officers, according to the description of the Corps to which they belong.

G. O. C. C. 11TH DECEMBER 1813.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, that notwithstanding the rule established by the G. O. of the 27th August last, all Officers absent from their duty on account of sickness, shall as formerly, and as directed by the 9th, 10th and 11th Paragraphs of Part 2d of the General Regulations published in 1806, transmit *Monthly* to accompany the Returns of their Corps, or in certain cases to the other Authorities ordered, a medical certificate of their continued indisposition.

G. O. C. C. 18TH DECEMBER 1813.

With reference to the General Order by the Commander in Chief dated 6th ultimo and to that by Government of the 7th instant, it is directed, that the Invalid Gun Lascars in Fort St. George shall be considered in charge of the Officer Commanding the Artillery in that Garrison.

G. O. C. C. 18TH DECEMBER 1813.

The Commander in Chief directs that the Horses attached to the Artillery Troops of Regiments of Cavalry shall not in future be returned as Supernumerary, but as a part of the establishment of every Regiment to which a Brigade of Guns is attached. The establishment will therefore be in future :

To a Regiment without Guns 501 Horses.
To a Regiment with Guns 527 Horses.

The Detail of Men and Horses attached to His Excellency the Honorable the Governor's Body Guard which are at present returned as *Supernumerary*, are not in future to be included in the Returns, but are distinctly to be returned in a *N. B. only* in the first Page of the Return, under the body of it, on the left side, thus :—

N. B.—Supernumeraries on command with His Excellency the Honorable the Governor's Body Guard not included in the Return, viz.

Detail.	Subadars.	Jemadars.	Havildars.	Trumpets.	Farriers.	Naigues.	Privates.	Sepoy Boys.	Horses.
Attached to His Excellency the Honorable the Governor's Body Guard.									

G. O. C. C.

G. O. C. C. 18TH DECEMBER 1813.

CLOTHING OF THE OFFICERS OF THE NATIVE VETERAN BATTALIONS.

The Clothing will be red with grey Cuffs and Collars and Silver Lace of the same fashion as the Army Clothing.

The Buttons of the same muster as worn by the regular Corps of the Army, with the Initials *N. V. B.* on them as well as on the Breast Plate and on the front of the Cap.

G. O. G. 24TH DECEMBER 1813.

The Honorable the Governor in Council having had under his consideration the inconvenience, to which Staff Officers are subjected under a recent modification of the Regulations concerning the allowance for Pukhalies in the Field, which restricts that accommodation to occasions of actual service;---His Excellency in Council is pleased to cancel the expression "on *actual service*" in paragraph 7th of the head Pukhalies in Section XVI, of the new Code of Pay Regulations.

Pukhalies are allowed to General and Staff Officers in all situations of duty in the Field, after the proportions specified in the beforementioned 7th paragraph, page 350 of the new Code.

G. O. G. 24TH DECEMBER 1813.

* With reference to the rules contained in Regulation III, of 1810, for facilitating the progress of Detachments of Troops through the Company's Territories, published for the information and guidance of the Army in General Orders, dated the 21st of December 1810; the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that all Officers Commanding Detachments of Troops or single Corps, as also all Officers, not Commanding, nor proceeding with, a Corps or Detachment of Troops, who may be provided by any Servant of the Government with Bearers, Coolies, Boatmen, Carts or Bullocks, or any necessary supplies of Provisions or other Articles, shall in the first instance pay the prices demanded for the hire of such Bearers, Coolies, &c. or for the value of the Articles so furnished, notwithstanding any cause for complaint against the Public Servant, which, whether for overcharge or neglect of duty, or on whatever ground, they are to prefer immediately to the Zillah Magistrate, and if after his decision thereupon, further reference of the case should be necessary, their representation will be submitted for the information of Government, through the usual and regular channel.

G. O. G. 7TH JANUARY 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to resolve, that the Fort Adjutant at Masulipatam, in addition to the Stations enumerated in the General Order, dated 2d June 1812, shall be permitted to draw Horse Allowance at the established rate of six Pagodas per month.

G. O. G.

* *Further Orders on this head, page* 86.

G. O. G. 18th January 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders the following Report on the examination of Lieutenant Gordon in the Persian language, and of Lieutenants Alves and Mackintosh in the Hindoostanee Language.

To His Excellency Lieutenant General
THE HONORABLE JOHN ABERCROMBY,
Governor in Council.

HONORABLE SIR,

We have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the Letters from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department, dated the 10th and the 17th ultimo; and in conformity with the instructions therein contained, to report the result of our examination of the proficiency made by Lieutenant Gordon of the Madras European Regiment, in the Persian language, and by Lieutenant Alves of the 1st Battalion of Pioneers, and Lieutenant Mackintosh of the 2d Battalion of the 14th Regiment, in the Hindoostanee language.

The proficiency made by Lieutenant Gordon in the Persian language, is highly satisfactory. His translations were executed with considerable accuracy; his pronunciation is correct, and he converses with sufficient fluency and ease.

We have therefore, much satisfaction in recommending, that your Excellency in Council may be pleased to confer upon Lieutenant Gordon the usual honorary reward.

The exercises performed by Lieutenant Alves are distinguished by peculiar correctness. His translation into Hindoostanee is particularly satisfactory, as it displays a more than ordinary acquaintance with the idiom of the language as spoken in the Peninsula; and the ease and fluency with which he converses, shew that his attention has been very successfully directed to this point.

Lieutenant Alves having therefore established, in so creditable a manner, his claim to the honorary reward, we are persuaded that your Excellency in Council will feel considerable satisfaction, in conferring this distinction upon him.

The translations executed by Lieutenant Mackintosh are, with a few trifling exceptions, correct. His pronunciation however, is not very good; and he converses with considerable hesitation; but as we observe, that his conversation in English is not altogether free from embarrassment, we are led to believe that the hesitation above noticed is not to be attributed to a deficiency in the knowledge of the language.

With these remarks we beg leave to recommend, that your Excellency in Council may be pleased to bestow on Lieutenant Mackintosh the honorary reward.

FORT ST. GEORGE, 14*th January* 1814.

We have the honor to be,
Honorable Sir,
Your most obedient humble Servants,
(Signed) J. LEITH,
" R. B. OTTO,
" W. OLIVER.

In conferring on Lieutenant A. Gordon of the Madras European Regiment, the additional distinction proclaimed in General Orders dated the 17th November 1812, for the acquirement of the Persian Language, the Governor in Council adverts, with great satisfaction, to the claim recently established by that Officer to a similar honorary reward for high proficiency in the Hindoostanee language.

The Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the usual donation for the attainment of the Hindoostanee Language be presented to Lieutenant N. Alves of the Corps of Pioneers, and to Lieutenant A. Mackintosh of the 14th Regiment of Native Infantry.

G. O. G. 21st January 1814.

1st.—The G. O. dated 11th March 1806 regarding the allowances of the Corps of Pioneers having been misunderstood, His Excellency the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following explanation of that Order.

2d—The Batta to which the Corps of Pioneers is entitled (all ranks both European and Native included) is to be considered as regulated in every respect on the same principle

principle as that of the Troops composing the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force, as published in the Code of Pay Regulations, Section 2, Page 17, Head "Batta."

3d—The additional subsistence to the European Officers denominated "Pioneer allowance," is to be drawn in all situations without exception, and to commence from the date of the appointment in G. O.

G. O. G. 21st January 1814.

The Public Agent for the construction of Gun Carriages at Seringapatam is allowed three Pukhalies for the use of his department, in addition to the regular establishment of Artificers, &c. on monthly pay, attached to the Manufactory, as detailed in Para. 3d, Section XIV. of the Code of Ordnance Regulations, published on the 25th of May 1813.

G. O. C. C. 27th January 1814.

In publishing the following General Order for the information and guidance of Officers Commanding His Majesty's Regiments, His Excellency Lieutenant General Abercromby is pleased to direct in conformity therewith, that whenever Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers are sentenced to imprisonment in a Congee House or other fit and wholesome place of confinement, the sum of 9d. per diem may be stopped out of their subsistence during the period of their confinement, to be applied by the persons under whose charge they may be placed, for the maintenance of such Prisoners.

Head Quarters: Calcutta, 30*th December* 1813.

General Order.

Doubts having been entertained by some of the Officers in Command of His Majesty's Regiments, whether confinement in the Congee House is contemplated in the 24th Article of the Mutiny Act for the present year;—His Excellency the Commander in Chief in India, with the view of removing such doubts, has directed it to be made known to the Army under his Command, that a Congee House, or any other fit and wholesome place of confinement which may be fixed upon for the occasion by the Officer Commanding a Regiment, is a Prison within the intent and meaning of the Act:—and further, that any person appointed by the said Commanding Officer to act as Keeper of the Congee House for the time, would be a Gaoler competent under the provisions of the Act, to receive and apply, for the maintenance of every Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, sentenced imprisonment in the Congee House, the sum of nine Pence per diem out of the subsistence of such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, during the period of his confinement.

(Signed) W. GRANT KEIR,
Adjutant General.

G. O. G. 28th January 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders, the following Copy of a Report from the Committee appointed for the examination of Military Students in the Hindoostanee language; and to direct that the honorary reward be presented to Lieutenant Robert Spears of the 14th Regiment of Native Infantry.

To His Excellency Lieutenant General
THE HONORABLE JOHN ABERCROMBY,
Governor in Council.

HONORABLE SIR,

In obedience to the orders contained in the Letter from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department, dated the 7th Instant, we have examined Lieutenant Spears of the 14th Regiment of Native Infantry, in the Hindoostanee language; and we have now the honor to report the result for the information of your Excellency in Council.

Lieutenant Spears performed the exercises, which we required of him with sufficient correctness. His translation from English into Hindoostanee was very happily executed; and we have the satisfaction to observe that the only error, which it exhibits, is of a very trifling nature.

Lieutenant Spears reads and converses with sufficient fluency and ease; but we could have wished that his pronunciation were somewhat more correct.

With these remarks we beg leave to recommend that your Excellency in Council may be pleased to bestow upon Lieutenant Spears the usual honorary reward.

We have the honor to be, &c. &c. &c.

(Signed) J. LEITH,
" R. B. OTTO,
" W. OLIVER.

G. O. G. 28TH JANUARY 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council having approved of a Circular Letter addressed by the Medical Board to Superintending Surgeons, under date the 29th of November 1813, is pleased to direct the most particular attention of every class of Medical Officers to the instructions therein contained, and to declare that any deviation from them, or any neglect of the duties therein pointed out, will not fail to incur the marked displeasure of the Government:—while on the other hand, the surest recommendation of Medical Officers to the favourable consideration of the Governor in Council will be found in the skill and assiduity, which they may be reported by the Medical Board to evince, in the discharge of those duties.

G. O. G. 28TH JANUARY 1814.

The Commissary of Stores at St. Thomas's Mount is allowed two Pukhallies for the use of the Ordnance Department at that Station, in addition to the establishment allotted by Para. 5th of the "General Order introducing the new Regulations for the Ordnance and Store Departments," published on the 25th of May 1813.

G. O. C. C. 7TH FEBRUARY 1814.

* In publishing to His Majesty's Forces on the Madras Establishment, the following General Orders, His Excellency Lieutenant General The Honorable John Abercromby desires that in obedience thereto, Commanding Officers will proceed to appoint *Colour Serjeants* in the proportion of one to each Company in the Battalions under their orders, and that, in carrying into effect the gracious intentions of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, the greatest care may be taken to select none but deserving Non-Commissioned Officers for this honorable distinction: should the number who

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* *This indulgence extended to the Madras European Regiment, page* 282.

who may be considered worthy of this mark of approbation in each Corps fall short of the authorized number of Colour Serjeants, vacancies will be reserved to be filled up at the discretion of Commanding Officers, as claims may be established.

The increased rates of Pay to the Serjeant Major of each Battalion, as well as to the Colour Serjeants, will commence on the 25th Instant, and Commanding Officers will report for the information of His Excellency the Lieutenant General, the number of Colour Serjeants who may be appointed at that period.

HORSE GUARDS, 6*th July* 1813.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The Commander in Chief commands it to be declared in General Orders, that His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, *in consideration of the meritorious services of the Non-Commissioned Officers of the Army*, and with a view of extending encouragement and advantages to those of the Infantry, corresponding to the benefit which the appointments of Troop Serjeant Majors offer in the Cavalry, has been most graciously pleased in the name, and in behalf of His Majesty, to direct, that *in all Regiments of Infantry*, whose services are not subject to limitation, the Pay of the *Serjeant Major* shall henceforth be raised to *Three Shillings per day*, and that the Pay of *One Serjeant in each Company* of Battalions of the above description, viz. of those serving without limitation, shall be raised to *Two Shillings and Four Pence per day*, and that the said Serjeants shall be distinguished by an honorable badge, of which, however, and of the advantages attending it, they will, in case of misconduct, be liable to be deprived at the discretion of the Colonel, or Commanding Officer, of the Regiment, or by the Sentence of a Court Martial.

In consequence of the above most gracious intimation of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent's pleasure, the Commander in Chief directs, that the Serjeants selected for this distinction, shall be called the "*Colour Serjeants*," and that they shall bear above their chevron the honorable badge of a Regimental Colour supported by two Cross Swords.

It is His Royal Highness's pleasure, that the duty of attending the Colours in the Field, shall, at all times, be performed by these Serjeants, but that these distinctions shall in no wise interfere with the regular performance of their Regimental and Company's duties.

The Commander in Chief recommends to the Colonels of Regiments the utmost circumspection in the selection of the Colour Serjeants, and he hopes that this honorable appellation will invariably be bestowed on Men of approved valour, distinguished by their attention to the duties of their station, and to the discipline of their respective Companies.

The Commander in Chief avails himself of this opportunity of addressing himself to those who are the immediate objects of this Order.

His Royal Highness entertains a just sense of the meritorious services of the Non-Commissioned Officers of the Army, and he is persuaded, that, under the direction of their Officers, they have individually and collectively contributed largely to uphold the character of the British Army in its present pre-eminence, and His Royal Highness rejoices most cordially that these services have been thus graciously noticed.

It may reasonably be expected that the reward which is thus held out to merit, will prove an incitement to all, for it is within the reach of all, who have hands and hearts to serve their King and Country; it is offered equally to the young as to the old Soldier; it is the recompense of honesty, sobriety, fidelity and personal bravery; and His Royal Highness trusts it will prove the most powerful incentive to the Non-Commissioned Officers of the British Army to persevere in that line of conduct, which has obtained for them this munificent and distinguished favor from their Country and Sovereign.

By Command of His Royal Highness The Commander in Chief.

HARRY CALVERT,
Adjutant General.

G. O. C. C. 9TH FEBRUARY 1814.

Recent instances having occurred of a non-compliance with the 2d Paragraph of the

the Regulations published in G. O. of the 21st December 1810, His Excellency the Commander in Chief calls the attention of the Officers of the Army to those Orders, and directs that the earliest possible information may be given by Officers in command of Troops on a march, to the Collectors of the Zillas thro' which their route lies, as well of the probable time of their arrival within his District; of the description of the supplies the Troops will require; of the places where those supplies should be lodged; and of the Rivers and Nullahs intersecting their march, where Boats or temporary Bridges may be necessary; as of the dates they will arrive at each stage; of the days of halt; and of the strength of their Detachment in fighting Men, the latter information being necessary to enable the Collector to judge what quantity of supplies should be provided.

G. O. G. 15TH FEBRUARY 1814.

Commanding Officers of Divisions, Stations and Detachments are informed, that when they may have occasion to correspond with the principal Civil Authorities of a District, the communication is to proceed directly from themselves, and is not to be conveyed through the medium of a Staff Officer.

G. O. C. C. 19TH FEBRUARY 1814.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to direct that the following Regulations shall in future be observed, with respect to his Majesty's Troops on this Establishment.

All applications for leave of absence, whether confined within, or extending beyond, the limits of this Presidency, will be referred, in the first instance, by Commanding Officers of Regiments, through the usual channel, to the Officer Commanding the Division: the consent of that authority being obtained, the Regimental Commandant will then submit the application to Head Quarters, through the medium of the Deputy Adjutant General His Majesty's Forces, forwarding at the same time a duplicate thereof to the Commanding Officer of the Division, to be by him transmitted to the Adjutant General of the Army.

The acquiescence of the Officer Commanding the Division will be noticed in the Letters intended for the consideration of the Commander in Chief.

All details of discipline which may have reference to the interior regulation of the Regiment, will be transmitted by the Commanding Officer to His Majesty's Deputy Adjutant General, for submission to the Commander in Chief. Under this head will be included all references respecting Regimental Courts Martial, and Courts of Enquiry, which relate exclusively to circumstances of a Regimental nature.

In like manner, when a Commanding Officer may find it necessary to place an Officer of his Regiment under arrest, on account of alleged Regimental delinquency, he will in the first instance submit a report and statement of the circumstances through His Majesty's Deputy Adjutant General, in order that the Commander in Chief may decide on the propriety of bringing the offender before a General Court Martial; in which event, the Commanding Officer will be directed to forward the charges through the prescribed local authorities, to the Adjutant General of the Army. It will be understood, however, that a report of the arrest on Regimental grounds will be immediately made to the Commanding Officer of the Division.

All General Orders received from Head Quarters in Bengal, which must necessarily have exclusive reference to the King's Service, will be circulated by the Deputy Adjutant General His Majesty's Forces, to His Majesty's Regiments, without the necessity of their republication to the Army at large.

His Majesty's Deputy Adjutant General will, however, forward Copies of all such Orders to the Adjutant General of the Army, as it is essential that he should be informed of all changes, either by promotion, or otherwise, which take place in His Majesty's Regiments on this Establishment.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 15TH FEBRUARY 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Extracts of Letters from the Honorable the Court of Directors, for the information of the Army.

Letter dated 3d September 1813.

13. His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, acting in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, having been graciously pleased in the Gazette of the 10th of August 1813, (a Copy of which accompanied this despatch) to promote several Major Generals in our Service to the rank of Lieutenant Generals; the distinction thus conferred and which has so long justly been an object to which our Officers have attached its due importance, we trust will be received by them with a proper sense of gratitude and satisfaction; we think it proper at the same time to inform you, that the promotion of those Officers who are actually on the Staff of your Army as Major Generals to the rank of Lieutenant Generals, is not to vacate their appointments nor to make any alteration whatever in their respective situations or allowances.

Letter dated 8th September 1813.

5. We have therefore reconsidered the subject and have come to the following resolution, which we desire may be carried into execution immediately on your receipt of this Letter.

* 6. Every European Soldier enlisted for unlimited service shall, if he have conducted himself to the satisfaction of his Commanding Officers, be entitled at the expiration of twelve years from the date of his enlistment to a bounty equal in amount to that usually given to Soldiers in our Service who re-enlist for 5 years, and at the expiration of seventeen years shall be entitled to be discharged or re-enlisted for a further period on the usual terms.

7. We have fixed twelve years as the period at which the first bounty is to be given, because it is the period for which Recruits are enlisted for general service under the Act of His present Majesty, Cap. 87th.

8. You will observe however, that under the Provisions of this Act, Sect. 4, the service of Recruits, enlisted under eighteen years of age, can be reckoned only from their attaining that age.

9. We trust that the indulgence now shewn to the European Soldiers in our Service will remove every ground of dissatisfaction and complaint, and will stimulate them to a correct and zealous discharge of their duties during their respective period of service.

G. O. G. 18TH FEBRUARY 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following Regulations for the guidance of the European Medical Department under this Presidency, shall in future be observed.

Previously to the march of a European Regiment from its Station, a Committee consisting of the Regimental Commanding Officer, the Superintending Surgeon of the Division, or in his absence, the Senior Medical Officer on the spot, and the Regimental Surgeon, shall minutely examine the state of the Men in Hospital and determine upon such as may be capable of accompanying the Corps on its march, without the aid of Carriage; for it is to be clearly understood that no Man shall be permitted to proceed in a Dooly from any Station, at which there may be a Garrison Hospital to receive him, those conveyances being attached to Regiments for the sole purpose of providing for contingencies during the march.

The charge of the Men who may be judged incapable of moving with the Corps will devolve on the Garrison Medical Officer, whose duty it will be to make a weekly report of their individual state to the Superintending Surgeon of the Division, and that Officer will from those statements frame a monthly report for the information of the

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* *Their period of service to commence in future from the date of their enlistment in England and not from their arrival in India, Vol. 4, page 2.*

the Medical Board, in order that the necessary steps may be taken for the rejunction of the recovered Men with the Head Quarters of the Regiment.

As the situation of a Medical Officer on his first arrival in India with his Regiment must be embarrassing, from his unavoidable ignorance of local arrangements, The Governor in Council is pleased to direct that in such cases the Sick Men of the Regiment or Detachment shall in the first instance be sent into the Presidency General Hospital, until the Surgeon may have provided himself with the requisite Hospital Clothing and Establishment, when the efficiency of his appointments in these particulars will be reported by the Officer Superintending the Medical duties of the Presidency to the Medical Board.

The most pointed attention will be given by the Surgeons of European Regiments to the Regulations framed for their guidance and published in General Orders by Government of date the 15th August 1806.

The Governor in Council having approved of new patterns submitted by the Medical Board, of Hospital Cotts, Bedding and Clothing, is pleased to direct their general adoption, and expects that on or before the 1st of August next, the Military fixed, and Regimental Hospitals, will be completely equipped with the new furniture, of which models will be immediately forwarded to the Surgeons in charge, authenticated by the Seal of the Medical Board.

The strictest conformity within the period prescribed above is required to the Patterns of Clothing models of Cotts which will thus be received from the Medical Board—and these articles will be deposited in a convenient place of custody at each Hospital, for the inspection of the Officer Commanding the Division, or of the visiting Medical Authorities, whose especial duty it will be to remark that the above Regulations are adhered to, and if not, to report the neglect of them for the information of the Government.

G. O. G. 18th February 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to establish the following rules for the construction, and repair or alteration of Civil Buildings at the subordinate Stations.

The expediency of constructing Buildings for Civil purposes at the subordinate Stations will be submitted to the consideration of Government by the local Civil Officers through the Heads of Departments at the Presidency. And the Government having decided on the expediency of the work, plans and estimates will be prepared by Superintending Engineers under such instructions, as they may receive from the Military Board, to whom the applications of the Civil Authorities will be communicated for that purpose.

Materials for the construction of the works are to be supplied, and advances of money for the payment of workmen will be made, under the system laid down in the new Code of Regulations for the conduct of the department of Buildings and Repairs. But when the provision of materials by the Commissariat may be found to interfere with the Public Service in the Military Department, the supplies will be furnished under such other arrangements, as may be determined on by the Government:—and in such cases the necessary orders will be issued to the local Officers, and the workmen will also be provided and paid by the Civil department.

Repairs or alterations to Civil Buildings at the subordinate Stations, for which the sanction of Government has been obtained through the prescribed channel of reference, will continue to be made under the superintendence of the Civil Officers, unless from their nature and extent it may be considered advisable to direct an Engineer to superintend the work, which will then be executed under the instructions of the Military Board, subject to the proviso contained in the preceding Paragraph.

The adjustment of the accounts of expenditure will proceed in the manner directed in the new Code for Civil Buildings at the Presidency, when the work shall have been performed under orders from the Military Board; but will be conducted as heretofore, when the materials and workmen are supplied under arrangements of the Civil Authorities.

G. O. C. C.

G. O. C. C. 2D MARCH 1814.

With reference to the General Orders by Government of the 15th February 1814, His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, that Bounty Certificates for such Individuals of the Honorable Company's European Effective Troops, who are enlisted for *unlimited service*, and have actually served *twelve years*, from the date of their landing at Madras, may be prepared and forwarded to the Adjutant General's Office, for examination and countersignature, and Warning Certificates for such Individuals of the same terms of service, as have actually served *seventeen years*, from the date of their landing at Madras.

Each Certificate to be dated on the day succeeding that on which the term of *twelve* or *seventeen* years actual service expired. Each Certificate will also be attested by the Medical Officer in charge "that the Individual is fit for Field Service."

With reference to the 8th Para. of the Honorable Court's Letter of the 8th of September 1813, Boys enlisted under *eighteen* years of age, are only to reckon their time of service from the date on which they attained that age.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to exclude from the indulgent and liberal consideration now granted to the European Effective Troops of the Honorable Company's Service on this Establishment, all Men who have wilfully disabled themselves, or who cannot be recommended by their respective Commanding Officers, for orderly and good conduct.

G. O. G. 8TH MARCH 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, in addition to the present establishment of Camp Equipage for a Regiment of Native Cavalry in the Field, one two poled Private Tent, with the usual proportion of Carriage, be allotted for the use of the Veterinary Establishment attached.

G. O. C. C. 12TH MARCH 1814.

Several instances having been brought to the notice of the Commander in Chief, of inattention on the part of the Officers Commanding Corps, to the 1st Paragraph, 8th Section of the Ordnance Regulations, His Excellency deems it necessary to call the particular attention of those Officers, to the Paragraph in question, and to direct the strictest compliance with it in future.

G. O. C. C. 14TH MARCH 1814.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief having concluded a minute Review and Inspection of the Troops composing the Cantonment of Wallajahbad, has great satisfaction in stating to the Army in this public manner, his entire approbation of the order, efficiency and discipline, which so strongly mark the zeal and ability with which the Command of that Station is exercised by Lieutenant Colonel Fletcher.

The excellence and neatness of the appointments of the Madras European Regiment as well as their performance in the Field and their interior economy in Barracks, leaves the Commander in Chief only to regret their want of numbers; but he trusts, that at an early period they will be as complete in Men, as they are in that system and attention he has now with pleasure remarked.

The order and regularity of system which characterise the Hospital, and particularly the style and the arrangements in the Dispensary, attracted the Commander in Chief's peculiar approbation.

The

The present being the first opportunity he has had of seeing a Battalion of Light Infantry since their oganization, His Excellency cannot refrain from expressing his admiration of the spirit and animated zeal which appears to pervade all ranks.—Their excellence both *as Infantry and Light Infantry* is a pledge, that their exertions and laudable example will not only prove honorable to themselves, but of the greatest advantage to the efficiency of this Army.

Lieutenant General Abercromby feels confident, that each individual Corps of Light Infantry is animated by the same exemplary pride and military feeling, and in the present instance he has no hesitation in declaring, that the 1st Battalion 3d Regiment or Palamcottah Light Infantry, both in steadiness, rapidity of movement and correctness of principle, has surpassed his most sanguine expectations.

The Commander in Chief assures Major Little and the Officers under his command, that a perseverance in the spirit and principles which must have hitherto actuated them in perfecting a new system, will never fail of ensuring that respect and confidence from their Superiors, which His Excellency has now from personal observation been so fully impressed with towards them.

G. O. G. 11th March 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the Madras Volunteer Battalion shall be formed into a Rifle Corps; and denominated, armed and clothed as such.

All expenses attending the necessary alterations in the Arms, Accoutrements, Dress and Appointments of the Corps will be defrayed by Government, and the Native Commissioned, Non-commissioned and Rank and File will be supplied with Europe Broad Cloth Cloaks once in six years, at the expense of Government.

Public Cattle will be allotted for the Carriage of the Knapsacks of the Corps, when employed on actual Field Service.

* The Governor in Council is pleased to fix the Establishment of the Rifle Corps, as follows.

ESTABLISHMENT.

DETAIL.	Commissioned Officers.															Pockallies.		Boys.	Rank and File.		Non-effective Non-Commissioned Staff.				Artificers attached.							
				Staff.				Native.			Staff.																						
	Field Officer Commanding.	Captains.	Subalterns.	Adjutant.	Quarter Master.	Surgeon or Assistant Surgeon.	Subadars.	Jemadars.	Native Adjutant.	Serjeant Major.	Quarter Master Serjeant.	Havildars.	Bugler Major.	Buglers.	In Garrison.	In the Field.	Native Dressers.	Pensioned.	Recruit.	Naiks.	Privates.	Total.	Drill Havildar.	Drill Naik.	Pay Havildars.	Vakeel.	Armourer Maistry.	Armourers.	Bellows Boys.	Chuckliers.	Smiths.	Carpenters.	Hammermen.	Chickledar.	Tooles.
Est.	1	8	16	1	1	1	8	8	1	1	1	48	1	16	8	16	2	30	40	48	720	768	1	1	8	1	1	8	4	2	4	2	4	1	2

* The Corps will consist of eight Companies, each to be commanded by a Captain. The Commissioned Officers, European and Native, will be non-effective; and borne upon the strength of the Battalions of the line.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to issue the necessary orders for carrying the above arrangement into effect; and will be pleased to dispose of the Non-Commissioned and Rank and File of the Madras Volunteer Battalion, who may not be calculated for the Rifle Corps, by drafting them into Battalions of Native Infantry, on the strength of which they will be received as Supernumeraries (if the Battalions be complete) until vacancies occur to bring them on the effective strength.

G. O. G.

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* *The allotment of Ammunition and Stores to be carried with it, specified, page* 107, *as also its Camp Equipage Establishment fixed, page* 44, *Vol.* A.

G. O. G. 18TH MARCH 1814.

The Committee appointed for the examination of Military Students, having reported Lieutenants James Michael and Henry Smith, of the 19th and 24th Regiments of Native Infantry, and Ensign R. Fergusson of the 14th Native Infantry, to have severally attained the requisite degree of proficiency in the Hindoostanee language; The Honorable the Governor in Council has much satisfaction in recognizing their claims to the established honorary reward; and is pleased to direct that it be presented to each of those Officers accordingly.

G. O. G. 22D MARCH 1814.

The occasional employment in the Remount Department of Details of Pensioned Native Cavalry having been deemed expedient, the Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to resolve, that such Details shall receive the full pay of effective Native Cavalry for the period they may be employed on the Public Service, and also batta when in situations which would entitle the regular Troops to that allowance.

The full pay and batta to the Details abovementioned to be drawn by the Officers under whom they may be employed, who are to authenticate the charges of each abstract in the following manner:

"I do hereby certify that the Detail of Pensioned Native Cavalry for whom full "pay is drawn in this abstract were employed (here enter in what department or on "what service,) under authority of His Excellency the Commander in Chief from "the ——— ——— to the ——— ——— both days inclusive."

G. O. G. 22D MARCH 1814.

The Commissary of Stores at Vellore is allowed a Chuckler, on the monthly pay of Star Pagodas 2 6 0, and a Cooper, on the monthly pay of Star Pagodas 4 0 0, in addition to the establishment of Native Artificers attached to his department, as specified in Table No. 3, Page 14, of the new Code of Ordnance Regulations published on the 25th May 1813.

G. O. G. 5TH APRIL 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to cancel the 3d Paragraph, page 269, of the Code of Pay Regulations; and to authorize an allowance of one thousand Arcot Rupees to be drawn in future for the passage and accommodation of all Officers, without reference to rank, who, under the circumstances of dismission or removal from the Service may be ordered by Government to proceed to England. The above sum of one thousand Arcot Rupees is to be drawn by the Commanding or other Officer of the Ship, who may engage to accommodate Persons so situated, on a bill to be passed by the Military Auditor General before payment.

G. O. G. 5TH APRIL 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the Reports of march and arrival of Corps, Detachments, &c. prescribed by the 1st Para. of the Code of

of Pay Regulations, page 261, to be made to the Military Auditor General, shall in future be attached as vouchers to accompany the Pay Abstracts which contain the field charges of the Troops. The documents directed by the 2d Para. of the above Regulation, as also the reports direct to the Office of Audit, will accordingly be discontinued from this date.

C. O. G. 5TH APRIL 1814.

The Executive Command of the Artillery on this Establishment becoming vacant, under the operation of the existing Regulations, consequent to the advancement of the Commandant of Artillery to the rank of Major General by the late Brevet promotion in the Indian Army: The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to direct, that Major General Robert Bell shall retain the Command of the Corps, notwithstanding his promotion to the rank of Major General, until the pleasure of the Honorable the Court of Directors shall be known.

G. O. G. 5TH APRIL 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to resolve, that at all Out-Stations of the Army, where the services of Clerks to Military Chaplains may be deemed necessary, Persons shall in future be appointed by His Excellency the Commander in Chief to act in that capacity, on the regulated staff allowance or salary of five Pagodas per month.

When Military Chaplains are appointed to officiate at more Stations than one, and it may not be necessary to appoint a Clerk at each Station, it will be left to the discretion of the Chaplains to require the Clerks of the principal Stations to act also at the other Stations, or otherwise to procure Persons for the occasional performance of the duties required,—in the former case the different Stations, at which the Clerks are required to act, will be named in General Orders, which will entitle the Persons appointed to more Stations than one to draw a fixed monthly allowance on account of travelling, equal to the dry Batta of a Non-Commissioned Officer (1 67½ per day,) in addition to the salary abovementioned. In the latter case the Chaplains are authorized to make such allowance not exceeding five Pagodas per month to the Persons occasionally employed, as they may consider necessary in reference to the duration or frequency of the Service performed.

The charges for the above allowance (whether fixed or occasional) are to be included in the Chaplain's abstracts, and supported by the receipts of the Persons employed.

G. O. G. 12TH APRIL 1814.

* The compilation of Regulations for the conduct of the Quarter Master General's department, to which the approbation of the Government was announced in a General Order passed under date the 1st of October 1813, for the purpose of being prefixed to the publication, having since undergone alteration; The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the Code be now received as Standing Orders of the Government of Fort St. George; and that printed copies be furnished to every Station, and to the head quarters of every Corps, for the general information and guidance of the Army.

G. O. G.

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* *Another Code published, Vol. 4, page 100.*

G. O. G. 12TH APRIL 1814.

Lieutenant T. Jackson of the 17th Regiment of Native Infantry, being reported by the Committee for the examination of Military Students, to have attained a high degree of proficiency in the Hindoostanee language; The Honorable the Governor in Council has much satisfaction in directing that the usual honorary reward be presented to that Officer.

G. O. G. 4TH MARCH 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to sanction an allowance of Pagodas 12 per mensem for a Writer and Stationary to be drawn by the Officer Commanding the Artillery in Fort St. George from this date.

G. O. G. 26TH APRIL 1814.

With reference to the General Order of the 15th October 1813 for forming the Native Invalids into four Native Veteran Battalions, and in addition to the advantages thereby conferred on the Native Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Rank and File of the Invalid establishment; The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to direct that they shall be entitled to the usual hutting money of effective Troops on all final changes of quarters, and that all individuals invalided at the head quarters of an effective Corps, shall be entitled to the same allowance on joining a Native Veteran Corps—the allowance granted by the General Order of the 15th October last having reference exclusively to the removal of those Invalids, who had been posted to Companies previously to the organization of the non-effective establishment then introduced.

This Order will be applicable to all Men transferred by the last invaliding Committee.

G. O. G. 26TH APRIL 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to fix the establishment of a Battalion of Native Infantry at (750) seven hundred and fifty Privates, and to direct that the Privates supernumerary to that number be returned as such, till vacancies occur to bring them on the effective strength.

The strength of the Rifle Corps and Battalions of Light Infantry will not be affected by this Order.

G. O. G. 29TH APRIL 1814.

For the purpose of placing the Quarter Master General of the Army in possession, at all times of the requisite information, relative to the actual state and number of the Intrenching Tools, attached to the several Corps of the Army by the G. O. by Government dated 29th May 1812; The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to determine, that Quarterly Returns of the above Articles shall be transmitted to the Quarter Master General of the Army, through the Officers of that Department in Divisions, in the same manner as they are at present transmitted at the end of each Quarter to the Military Board by the Officer in charge of Corps, or Companies of Artillery.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 29th April 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has the greatest pleasure in publishing to the Army the following Report on the examination of Lieutenant N. Alves of the Corps of Pioneers, in the Persian language ; and notices with entire approbation the marked testimony which is borne by the Committee to that Officer's distinguished and exemplary proficiency.

Lieutenant Alves had recently established his claim to the honorary reward for the acquirement of the Hindoostanee language under circumstances highly to his credit :—and the Governor in Council experiences the most sincere satisfaction in recognizing and recording his title to the additional distinction, proclaimed in General Orders dated the 17th of November 1812, for the attainment of the Persian language.

To His Excellency Lieutenant General
The Honorable J. ABERCROMBY,
Governor in Council.

Honorable Sir,

In compliance with the instructions communicated to us in the Letter from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department, dated the 25th Ultimo, we have examined Lieutenant Alves of the 1st Battalion of Pioneers, in the Persian language, and we have the honor to report the result for the information of your Excellency in Council.

In his translations from Persian into English, Lieutenant Alves has committed two or three trifling mistakes, but they are not such as at all to injure the sense. In his translation into Persian we have not been able to detect a single error of any description and the sense of the original is rendered in a style of peculiar elegance. The hand writing of this exercise is remarkably good.

In the colloquial part of his examination both as regards pronunciation and fluency, Lieutenant Alves acquitted himself equally to our satisfaction, and we have no hesitation in stating that we consider him to excel, without exception, all who have yet come before us.

Under these circumstances we doubt not that your Excellency in Council will feel particular satisfaction, in conferring upon Lieutenant Alves the honorary reward.

Fort St. George,
21*st April* 1814.

We have the honor to be,
Honorable Sir,
Your most obedient
humble Servants,
(Signed) J. LEITH,
R. B. OTTO,
W. OLIVER.

G. O. G. 3d May 1814.

It having been determined that Major General Trapaud, notwithstanding his promotion to that rank, shall retain the appointment of Chief Engineer, until the pleasure of the Honorable the Court of Directors shall be known ; The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the Resolution of the Government in General Orders.

G. O. G. 10th May 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to direct that the Garrison of Royacottah shall be transferred from the range of the Paymaster in the Centre Division of the Army to that of the Pay Office at Bangalore.

G. O. G.

GENERAL ORDERS.

G. O. G. 25TH MAY 1814.

His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart. having been appointed by His Majesty and the Honorable the Court of Directors to the Command of His Majesty's and the Honorable Company's Forces serving under the Presidency of Fort St. George ; The Honorable the Governor in Council orders and directs that all Officers and Soldiers on the Establishment of Fort St. George shall obey Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, and that all Returns shall be made to him as Commander in Chief accordingly.

G. O. C. C. 26TH MAY 1814.

The expectation which Lieutenant General Abercromby had formed on assuming the Command of the Madras Army, has in no instance been disappointed. In the conduct of all Ranks he has uniformly found the principles of subordination and the virtues of Soldiers.

He resigns the Command with feelings which must ever attach him to the honor and reputation of the Coast Army.

Lieutenant General Abercromby earnestly requests, that the General Officers, Officers who have held Commands, and the General Staff of the Army, will permit him to offer to them his cordial and sincere acknowledgments for the zealous support and able assistance which he has uniformly received from them.

G. O. C. C. 26TH MAY 1814.

G. O. BY HIS EXCELLENCY LIEUTENANT GENERAL SIR THOMAS HISLOP, BART. COMMANDER IN CHIEF, &c. &c.

Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, having by virtue of his Commission and in pursuance of the General Orders by His Excellency the Governor in Council of yesterday's date, been placed in the Command of the Madras Army, feels in its fullest force the gratification which an appointment so higly flattering as the Chief Command of an Army so eminently distinguished for the most splendid achievements is so peculiarly calculated to inspire, and he most confidently anticipates from the perfect state of good order and discipline which exists in every department of it, that he will uninterruptedly enjoy that superior degreee of satisfaction the possession of which he will never cease to have nearest at heart.

G. O. G. 24TH MAY 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, upon all occasions when it may be necessary to take up Transports for the conveyance of Troops, it shall be the duty of an Officer of the Quarter Master General's Department to inspect the accommodation proposed to be allotted to them, previously to any final arrangement being made for the hire of the Vessel.

The Marine Board will accordingly as early as possible, after receiving the tender of a Vessel for the Transport Service, communicate with the Quarter Master General of the Army, in order that an Officer of his Department may be sent on board along with the Surveying Officer.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 3D JUNE 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize an establishment of Sweepers as detailed in the following Statement for the purpose of taking care of the Buildings at the several Stations which are allotted to the accommodation or use of Native Troops, as also the allowance of Oil therein specified for the preservation of the Iron Work in all Barracks and Public Military Buildings in general, European as well as Native.

The establishment of Sweepers and allowance of Oil hereby authorized, will commence from the 1st of the ensuing month.

STATEMENT *of* SWEEPERS *and* ALLOWANCE *of* OIL *for* PRESERVING *the* LOCKS, HINGES *and other* IRON WORK, *fixed for the several* BARRACKS *at the* STATIONS *hereunder enumerated.*

Divisions.	Stations.	No. of Sweepers.	Quantity of Oil Quarterly.
Centre Division.	Arcot	1	1 Quart
	Arnee	1	1 do
	Vellore	0	1 do
Northern Division.	Masulipatam	0	1 do
	Vizagapatam	1	1 do
	Vizianagrum		
	Berhampore		
	Ganjam	1	1 do
	Chicacole	1	0 do
Southern Division.	Trichinopoly	0	1 do
	Pallamcotta	0	1 do
	Madura	1	1 do
	Sankerrydroog	1	1 do
	Dindigul	1	1 do
Mysore Division.	Bangalore	0	2 do
	Seringapatam	0	1 do
	Nundidroog	1	1 do
	Chittledroog	0	1 do
	Ryacotta	1	1 do
Malabar and Canara.	Cannanore	0	1 do
	Tellicherry	1	1 do
	Mangalore	1	1 do
	Paulghaut	1	1 do
Ceded Districts.	Bellary	0	1 do
	Gooty	0	1 do
Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.	Jaulnah	0	1 do
	Secunderabad	0	1 do
Travancore.	Quilon	0	1 do

G. O. G. 7TH JUNE 1814.

In consequence of the late appointment of Colour Serjeants in His Majesty's Regiments of Infantry ; The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that on all occasions of taking the Field that Rank shall be provided with Camp Equipage in the proportion of one Native Cavalry Tent to two Colour Serjeants.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 7th June 1814.

Ensign A. Grant of the Corps of Engineers, and Lieutenant Fireworker Chisholm of the Artillery, are reported by the Committee for the examination of Military Students, to have exhibited attainments in the Hindoostanee language entitling them, with some exception in respect of their performance of the colloquial exercise, to their unqualified approbation; and the Honorable the Governor in Council concurring with the Committee in considering them to have fully established their claims to the honorary reward, is pleased to direct, that it be presented to each of those Officers accordingly.

G. O. G. 17th June 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to rescind the 23d and 24th Paragraphs of the 15th Section of the Code of Pay Regulations, and the Commander in Chief, is requested to direct that on, or before, the 20th of the month of April of each year, the Military Auditor General shall be furnished with Lists of Officers in India, who are entitled to participate for the preceding year, in the Off-reckoning Fund of this Presidency; the Lists to state the periods during which each Officer is entitled to share.

On receipt of the above Lists the Military Auditor General is to prepare and submit to Government, a report on the whole of the claims, when the sanction of the Governor in Council, for the distribution of a proportion, equal to the computed amount of two-thirds of a share of the preceding year, will be notified to the Military Auditor General, and it will be that Officer's duty to make the necessary communications for the information of the Pay Department, and of the Colonels and other Officers concerned.

Should the distribution of Off-reckonings for the year immediately preceding, not have taken place, the computation is to be made with reference to the last actual distribution, but subject to any changes which may have occurred to increase, or diminish the amount of a share.

G. O. G. 8th July 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council had directed that the sentiments of approbation expressed by the Supreme Government in the following Letter from the Secretary at Fort William should be communicated to Lieutenant Colonel Dowse on his recent return from Field Service; but the lamented death of that highly deserving Officer having occurred before the communication could be made, the Governor in Council is desirous of manifesting his respect for the memory of Lieutenant Colonel Dowse by publishing them to the Army in General Orders.

To GEORGE STRACHEY, Esq.
Chief Secretary to the Government of
Fort St. George.

Sir,

The Resident at Poonah having reported to the Governor General in Council that the services of the Detachment under the command of Lieutenant Colonel Dowse is no longer required in the Mahratta Country and that he had requested that Officer to direct the Troops to return to the Stations allotted to them by the orders of the Government of Fort St. George: I am directed to take this opportunity of conveying to you for the information of His Excellency the Governor in Council of Fort St. George, the sentiments of the Governor General in Council relative to the conduct of Lieutenant Colonel Dowse and the Officers and Troops under his command during the period of their employment in that quarter.

2d.—The Governor General in Council has great satisfaction in transmitting to the

the Governor in Council of Fort St. George the enclosed Copy of a Letter addressed to Lieutenant Colonel Dowse by the Resident at Poonah, and in adding the expression of his own sense of their exemplary conduct, founded on the uniformly favorable report which has been made by the Resident, under whose immediate observation they were employed.

3d.—The Governor General in Council has in the course of his correspondence with the Resident concerning the affairs of the Southern Jaggeerdars had frequent occasion to mark his approbation of the zeal, judgment and ability of Lieutenant Colonel Dowse in the exercise of his Command, and His Excellency in Council has great satisfaction in conveying this sentiment as well as his approbation of the conduct of the Detachment generally, to the Government of the Presidency to which it belongs.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient humble Servant.
(Signed) J. ADAM,
Sec. to Government.

Fort William,
20th *May* 1814.

G. O. G. 8th July 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to rescind the General Order dated 16th August 1809, and to direct that the Travancore Subsidiary Force, shall be considered a Separate Command, and placed upon the same footing as it was previously to that date.

G. O. C. C. 21st July 1814.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief having concluded a Review and Inspection of the Artillery at St. Thomas's Mount, begs that Major General Bell will accept of his acknowledgments for the peculiar satisfaction he has received in witnessing the high state of discipline and efficiency of this valuable Corps.

The efficiency and steadiness of the Detachment of Horse Artillery commanded by Captain Rudyerd, proves to the Commander in Chief the justness of the reputation he has invariably understood to attach to Major Noble's squadron.

The condition of the Horses, the discipline of the Men and the excellence of their appointments, would in themselves have satisfied the Commander in Chief that their Field Movements were not less excellent, but His Excellency cannot withhold his approbation of their movements, which uniting celerity, with precision and justness of principles is a certain pledge, that the Madras Horse Artillery have been formed by Officers whose exertions in the Field will on all occasions merit approbation and applause.

The Foot Artillery commanded by Lieutenant Colonels Hayes and Freese are wanting in no essential, but in numbers; and the Commander in Chief has remarked with the utmost degree of satisfaction, that this deficiency has been most amply supplied by the addition of so fine a body of Recruits as those lately received from Europe.

The steadiness and discipline of the 1st and 2d Battalions of Artillery, their expertness in serving their guns and the system of interior economy which prevails in those Corps, must in a very short period of time render them as complete in every other particular as they are now in their numerical strength.

G. O. C. C.

G. O. C. C. 22d July 1814.

In prosecuting the first among the most important duties of his Station, the Commander in Chief has not failed, from the moment of his assuming his Command, to acquire, (by every means that the divided situation of the Army will permit,) a knowledge of the precise state of efficiency, of all and each of its various component parts.

The necessity of his personal general inspection and observation, which cannot yet for some time take place, will unavoidably impede the complete fulfilment of his wishes; In the mean time he has the gratification to think, that he is already in possession of a sufficiency of information, embracing all the leading points, as to enable him to form a tolerable accurate judgment on their various merits.

In allusion thereto, his desire naturally prompts him, in the first instance, to indulge in the expression of the high sense he has imbibed, of the zeal which so manifestly pervades all Ranks and Departments, in the discharge of their respective duties; while, at the same time, the reports he has received of the discipline and good order of all the Corps composing the several Divisions, have confirmed the expectations he had previously formed, relative to the state of the distinguished Army he has the honor to command.

Fully impressed with the conviction of these facts, and determined that nothing in his power shall be wanting to derive every advantage arising therefrom, the first object of the Commander in Chief will be to remove any impediment which may appear to exist prejudicial to a perfect, uniform and well understood system of carrying on every branch of the Service, having thereby solely in view the attainment of every other desirable and important consequence. For this purpose the Commander in Chief will, with as little delay as possible, determine on such Regulations as will make his intentions, respecting the particular point in question, clear and distinct.

In these, or any other, rules or orders, which he may think it necessary to issue during the period that he may be entrusted with the Command of this Army, his sole motive must arise, (as he is confident it will be viewed,) from the interest he will invariably feel in their honor and welfare; and in the entire consciousness of this feeling, his assurance is founded on grounds equally firm, that they will at all times be executed with promptitude and ability.

G. O. G. 22d July 1814.

*1st---The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to resolve that the Family Payments of the Army shall in future be placed under the management and direction of an Officer who is to be designated "*Superintendent of Family Payments*;" and to establish the following Regulations for the conduct of that branch of the Military Pay Department, to have effect from the 1st of the ensuing month.

2d---No Family Certificates shall hereafter be issued without the previous authority of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, of which, if not published in General Orders, intimation will in all cases be communicated to the Superintendent and to the Military Auditor General, by the Adjutant General of the Army.

3d---As the regularity of Family Payments will be essentially promoted by the residence of Families at the principal Stations of the different Divisions of the Army during the absence of the Troops, His Excellency the Commander in Chief will be pleased to direct arrangements to that effect to be made on all occasions when Family Certificates may be authorized hereafter.

4th.---When the Regular Corps of the Army or Detachments to which an Adjutant

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* *Further Orders and Regulations on this head published. vide G. O. 3d October* 1814, *page* 111, *G. O. 4th October* 1814, *page* 112, *G. O. 14th February* 1815, *page* 136, *G. O. 22d December* 1815, *page* 172. *The 14th Para page* 211 *of the Code of Regulations, to be considered applicable to the Office of Superintendent of Family Payments, vide 2d Para. G. O. 17th July* 1819, *Vol. 4th. page* 31. *Additional Regulations established for preserving regularity in the accounts of Family Payments, vide G. O. 16th April* 1822, *Vol. 4th, page* 257.

tant may be appointed, take the Field, the issuing of Family Certificates, the regulation of the stoppages, and the whole duty connected therewith will attach to that Officer, under the general superintendence of the Commanding Officer.

5th—The regulation under which Bills have hitherto been remitted for stoppages on account of Family Payments is rescinded, and the amount will in future be paid into the hands of the Field or Expedition Paymasters under the provisions hereinafter established.

6th—An allowance of ten Pagodas per month is authorized to Adjutants of Corps on account of the above duty, that is, when Corps proceed beyond the frontiers on actual service, or in other cases of service, when it may be deemed expedient by the Commander in Chief to authorize the issue of Family Certificates—this allowance is to be drawn under the head of "Family Certificate allowance" and will commence and cease from the same dates as the other Field Charges: It is not, however, to be considered applicable to Corps of the Subsidiary Forces of Hyderabad and Poonah, except when those Troops proceed on actual service beyond the limits of their fixed stations, nor is it to be drawn by any Officer but the Adjutant.

7th—As the terms advance and arrear are frequently misunderstood when applied to Family Payments, the following terms are to be used in future both in Family Certificates and Casualty Rolls:

Regarding the commencement of Payment of Family Certificates. } The first monthly payment to be made in January 1814.

Regarding their discontinuance. } The last payment to be made in December 1814.

In other respects Family Certificates and Casualty Rolls are to be drawn out in the form heretofore customary, but those of each Corps will be numbered from 1 upwards to 300, 600, 1,000 or whatever number may be granted, so that on the removal of an individual from one Troop or Company to another, no report will be necessary to the Superintendent nor any alteration in the Family Certificates.

8th—Each Family Certificate when signed by the Officer in immediate charge of the Troop, Company, &c. and countersigned by the Commanding Officer, is to be delivered to the Adjutant, by whom also it will be countersigned. Rolls corresponding in every respect with the Family Certificates will be made out by the Adjutant (one for each Station at which they may be made payable) and forwarded to the Superintendent of Family Payments. The Certificates being at the same time delivered to the persons to whom they may be made payable.

9th—In cases where no Adjutant may be employed, the above duties will be performed by Officers Commanding Detachments, or in charge of Departments, &c. (always the senior of each), who as well as the Adjutants will be held strictly answerable for paying into the hands of the Field or Expedition Paymaster the full amount for which Family Certificates may have been issued—the duty of those Paymasters in regard to Family Certificates will therefore be confined to the receipt of the stoppages, which are to be entered in their Accounts Current under the head of "Superintendent of Family Payments."

10th—It will be the special duty of the Officers abovementioned, by whom the stoppages on account of Family Certificates shall be paid into the hands of the Field or Expedition Paymasters, to transmit each month to the Superintendent, copies of the receipts of those Paymasters for the amount of the stoppages, retaining the originals to be referred to, produced as occasion may require, the stoppages to appear as heretofore at foot of the abstracts from which the amount has been deducted.

11th—If the amount of the stoppages of one month varies in the smallest degree from that of the preceding month, the increase or decrease will be stated in the most particular manner on the back of the receipt, or in a separate paper accompanying it; and every three months, viz. in May, August, November, and February, of each official year, correct Rolls in detail of the Family Certificates will be forwarded to the Superintendent for the purpose of enabling that Officer to check any irregularities that may have occurred.

12th—Rolls of Casualties will be forwarded, as soon as may be practicable after they occur both to the Superintendent of Family Payments and to the Officer Commanding the Station at which the Family Certificates may be payable, and duplicates of Casualty Rolls will be sent by the next opportunities after the despatch of the originals.

13th—The Officers specified in the 4th and 9th Paragraphs, on whom the duty of regulating the stoppages on account of Family Certificates devolves, are directed to correspond with the Superintendent on the subject of the payment of the Families in all

all cases when it may become necessary, as they will be held respons ible for any deficiency that may arise from neglect on their part in the amount of the stoppages.

14th—The Superintendant of Family Payments shall pay particular attention to the casualties and communications, which he may receive from time to time from Staff Officers, Officers Commanding Corps, &c. as he will be held responsible for any sum that may be overpaid to the Families from neglect on his part.

15th—In all cases of detachment or separation of Corps, Departments or Individuals on Field Service from their Head Quarters, or of their transfer to other Divisions, Corps, Departments, &c. the most particular instructions regarding their Family Certificates will be given in writing to the Officer Commanding or in charge, or who is afterwards to receive charge of the Parties detached or transferred—the Adjutant or Head of the Corps, &c. from which such Parties proceed, will transmit a copy of the instructions so issued for the information of the Superintendent, and they are to be so framed as to enable that Officer to attach responsibility for any deficiency of stoppages which may occur.

16th—On the arrival in Quarters of Troops from Field Service or previously thereto; if necessary and practicable, Adjutants of Corps and Commanding and Staff Officers shall notify such return to the Superintendent of Family Payments, as also to Commanding Officers of the Stations at which the Family Certificates may be payable, stating particularly the period from which the payments are to be discontinued—the notifications to state that the whole of the Family Certificates of the Corps, Detachments, &c. &c. are to be discontinued, or otherwise those which are to remain for payment, will be particularly specified. Any failure in the notifications directed by this and the preceding paragraphs, which may be the cause of payments being made to the Families beyond the period of corresponding stoppages will attach direct and positive responsibility (for the amount of such continued payments) to the Officers neglecting to make the prescribed communications.

17th—A copy of the Roll of Stoppages of each month on account of Family Certificates will form a public record of every Corps, Detachment, Department and Staff Office on Field Service, so as to admit of reference in regard to any want of information which may afterwards occur.

18th—The Superintendent is to be considered as a General Agent, to whom all Officers will communicate their instructions regarding Family Certificates when proceeding on Service.

19th—The Funds for the payment of Family Certificates will be provided by the Superintendent in the following manner, but that Officer is himself never to receive or disburse any Cash for those payments.

20th—The Superintendent will transmit to the Public Staff Officers, or, if there should be no Staff, to the Commanding Officers of Stations (including the Presidency), Rolls of the Family Certificates payable at each, accompanied by receipts for their amount—the receipts to be despatched so as to reach the Stations prior to the date on which the payments of the Family Certificates are to take place; and Paymasters are authorized and directed to discharge them on demand, requiring to each receipt the countersignature of the Officer receiving the amount, which will be entered in the Paymasters Accounts Current as advances under the head of

"SUPERINTENDENT OF FAMILY PAYMENTS."

21st—When the payments of each month shall have been completed, the Commanding or Staff Officer of the Station by whom they were made is to retain the Rolls and to transmit a Letter to the following effect to the Superintendent; both Rolls and Letter to remain on public record as the Official Documents to prove the payment at any after period.

To the Superintendent of Family Certificates.

SIR,

1st Bat. 8th Regt. N. I.	72
2d " 3d " "	35
4th Regiment N. C.	17
Dep. Adjt. Genl's Dept.	29
Pagodas	153

In acknowledging the receipt of your Letter of the transmitting four Rolls of Family Certificates on account of the Corps stated in the margin accompanied by your receipt for Pagodas 153 to be taken up from the Paymaster of this Station; I have the honor to report that the full amount has been disbursed to the Families according to your instructions.

I am, &c.

22d—In each subsequent month receipts will in like manner be transmitted by the Superintendent with instructions to Commanding or Staff Officers to make the same payments

payments as in the preceding month, unless any alterations may have occurred (occasioned by Casualties or otherwise), in which case those alterations are to be particularly specified—in order, however, to guard as much as possible against irregularities, the Superintendent will transmit with his receipts every third month, viz. in May, August, November, and February, of each official year, correct Rolls of the Family Certificates corresponding with the amount of the receipts.

23d—Commanding Officers of Stations are directed on receipt of communications of Casualties to give the necessary information to the Officers by whom the Families are paid, in order that those payments, to which the Casualty Roll refer, may be discontinued (altho' not notified by the Superintendent), and their amount be withheld, subject to the orders of the Superintendent, to whom the circumstance will be reported by the Officers paying the Families: the Superintendent in such cases will make a proportionate reduction from the amount of the receipt which he transmits for the payment of the Families in the ensuing month, and such remarks will be inserted in his Books as may suffice at any after period to explain the circumstance.

24th.—The only legitimate claims on the Government for losses occasioned by Family Certificates are those on account of payments which may be made to Families for periods between the dates of Casualties and of the reports thereof, reaching the Superintendent or Officers Commanding Stations. On the occurrence of such claims, the Superintendent will make out an Abstract for the amount and transmit it, accompanied by authenticated Copies of the Casualty Rolls and a declaration upon honour of the date when he received them, to the Secretary to the Commander in Chief, in order to be laid before Government with such remarks regarding the delay of communication of the Casualties, as circumstances may in His Excellency's opinion render necessary to enable the Government to decide as to the responsibility which may attach to Officers under the 13th; 14th and 16th Paragraphs of these Regulations.

25th.—When claims of the above description are sanctioned by Government, they are to be passed for payment by the Military Auditor General, under the head of the service on which the Troops were employed; and the Superintendent will present the Abstracts to the Paymaster of the Presidency, who will grant a receipt for their amount, which is to be credited in his Account Current to the Superintendent of Family Payments, and the Abstracts will be entered in his Accounts of Disbursements as Public Charges.

26th—In all cases when it may be deemed expedient to authorize the payment of Family Certificates to be continued after the death of the Individuals who granted them until the termination of the service on which their Corps, &c. are employed, it will be the special duty of the Superintendent to keep the accounts of such continual payments perfectly distinct from those of the regular Family Payments, so as to prevent any difficulty in their adjustment on the return of the Troops to Quarters.

27th—It will be the duty of the Superintendent to communicate and correspond with Corps and Departments, as also with Paymasters and with the Accountant General, regarding any deficiencies or differences which may occur between the payment to the Families and the amount credited on the same account, and to supply every information and instruction which the circumstances of the Public Service may render necessary (altho' not prescribed by Regulation), in the same manner as if the payments to the Families were regulated by Private Regimental Agency.

28th—The Superintendent shall keep Books in which regular accounts (Debtor and Creditor) will be kept of the amount of the receipts which he transmits to Commanding and Staff Officers, and of the Credits given on the same account by the different Field or Expedition Paymasters, as also an account for each Corps, Department, &c. which may be permitted to leave Family Certificates; and it will be the Superintendent's duty to bring to the early notice of the Commander in Chief, for the information of Government, the conduct of any Officer who may neglect to make the necessary or prescribed communications for the Superintendent's information.

29th—The Superintendent of Family Payments will furnish the Accountant General, monthly, with an Account Current exhibiting the receipts and payments of the Department under his superintendence, framed from the documents to be transmitted to him under the 10th Paragraph of these Regulations, and from the receipts for advances forwarded by him in each month for the payment of the families---the names of the Paymasters to be always specified in the Accounts Current.

30th.---The Superintendent will bring under the earliest examination (in such manner as circumstances may require) any differences which may occur between the amount of receipts and payments on account of Family Certificates of any Corps, Departments,

Departments, &c. in order that they may be adjusted while the means exist of obtaining information from the Parties concerned.

31st.---In the event of the decease of a person to whom a Family Certificate may be made payable, of a Family certificate being lost, transferred, or having got into the hands of a person whom there may be reason to suppose is not entitled to receive payment of it, in all such or other cases of doubt which may occur, the Officers paying the Families shall represent the nature of the difficulty to the Superintendent of Family Payments, who will enquire into the circumstances and issue new Certificates authenticated by his signature, or sanction or withhold payment of the old, as shall appear to him to be just, until reference can be made to the person on whose account the Certificate was issued.—Should circumstances render it necessary on such occasions, the Superintendent will submit the questions that may arise thro' the medium of the Commander in Chief, for the consideration of Government.

32d—In order that due provision of Funds may be made in regard to Family Payments, the Superintendent shall notify to the Military Auditor General on or before the 15th of each month, the particulars and amount for which he will have occasion to issue receipts in the following month, specifying the Stations and amount payable at each.

33d—The Superintendent shall keep copies of all the correspondence of his Office and regulate his Books in such form as may enable him at all times to state for the information of Government the amount due by each Corps, Department and Staff Office on account of Family Certificates, and to whom in all such cases responsibility may attach under these regulations for any deficiencies or differences between the amount of payments and stoppages.

34th—As in this particular branch of the Pay department many circumstances may occur to which these regulations do not apply, the Superintendent will from time to time suggest to His Excellency the Commander in Chief such modifications or additional regulations as experience may shew to be calculated to improve the system of his Office.

35th—When references to Government connected with the stoppages on account of Troops serving under other Presidencies may become necessary, they will be transmitted by the Superintendent thro' the medium of the Accountant General, with every necessary information to enable the Government to decide on the questions submitted.

36th—When Troops are proceeding on Field or Foreign Service (particularly the latter), it will be the Superintendent's special duty to communicate to Adjutants, Commanding Officers, &c. in writing, and also personally, if practicable, every necessary information for their guidance regarding Family Payments, adverting particularly to the Troops being paid by Paymasters of other Presidencies, to the removal of individuals from one branch of the service to another, and also to the removal of the Commanding and Staff Officers themselves, so as to enable them to adopt the most efficacious measures for preserving regularity in the accounts.

37th—Family Certificates will be payable in all cases at the periods prescribed for the payment of the Army.

38th—The proportion of the pay of Native commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Fifers proceeding on Field Service, to be appropriated monthly for the support of their Families shall not exceed half their net pay—that for the support of the Family of a Trooper shall in no case exceed six Rupees, nor that for the support of the Family of a Sepoy four Rupees per month.

39th—Native Troops proceeding on *Foreign Service* are permitted to leave Family Certificates for a proportion of their pay not exceeding two-thirds of the pay and allowances of the Native Commissioned, Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Fifers, and six Rupees of that of the Privates and Puckallies.

40th—No stoppages will be made from the arrear of pay which may be due to Native Troops and Followers who may die on Service, on account of the broken period of the month in which such casualties occur. When European Non-Commissioned or Privates die before the 15th of a month no arrears can be due on their account as they are paid in advance, but if they die after the 15th, as the pay of the following month is in such case authorized to be drawn, the regular stoppages on account of Family Certificates are to be made therefrom, that is, the net pay only to which such individuals would have been entitled had they lived, will be issued for the subsequent month.

41st—All calculations relative to Family Payments will be made at the exchange of 45 Fanams to the Star Pagoda.

42d—It will be the special duty of the Superintendent to effect the earliest practicable

cable adjustments of the accounts of Family Payments and to adopt such other measures as may be calculated to give efficiency to the Department placed under his charge.

43d—The Superintendent shall obey all orders which he may receive from the Military Auditor General regarding the duties of his Office.

44th—The Superintendent is authorized to frank Letters on the Public Service.

45th—Major Vans Agnew is appointed Superintendent of Family Payments.

46th—It having been ascertained that there are at present many Family Certificates in course of payment under this Presidency which were granted by Troops proceeding on Foreign or Field Service which has long since terminated, and also by Troops not now in a situation to entitle them to that indulgence; The Honorable The Governor in Council is pleased to direct that payment shall cease from the 31st Instant on all Family Certificates granted by other than the undermentioned Corps, Departments and Individuals, and that the future payment of the Certificates hereby authorized to be continued shall be brought by the Superintendent of Family Payments under the new system from the 1st of the ensuing month.

G. O. C. C. 23d July 1814.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to direct that all appointments of Non-Commissioned Officers, to act in Staff situations, made by Officers in command, may be subject to His Excellency's approval; and that an immediate report of the appointment as well as the cause of the casualty, may be made through the usual channel to the Adjutant General of the Army.

G. O. C. C. 26th July 1814.

☞* Para. 1.—The Commander in Chief directs, that the following alterations in the Dress and Appointments of the Army of this Presidency as established by G. O. 12th October 1810, shall be made.

This cancels the 9th Paragraph of General Order 12th October 1810.

2.—Wellington Pantaloons and half Boots, are to be worn by all Officers of Engineers, Artillery, Infantry and Pioneers, but all Field Officers and Regimental Mounted Staff *in Full Dress*, will wear half Boots with Screw Spurs, of the colour of their Lace, and plain White Pantaloons, *(Leather, Web*, or *Linen,)* as may be established Regimentally.

3.—Black Kid Skin Caps of the same muster in every respect as in use with the Madras European Regiment, are to be worn by *all* Officers of Engineers, Infantry and Pioneers.

4.—For bad weather, and cold climates, Wellington Pantaloons of *Dark Grey* Cloth are permitted to be worn: quite plain without trimming or ornament, plain Great Coats of the same colour are also established, made, *single* Breasted with Regimental Buttons and distinguishing Epaulettes or Wings for all Regimental Officers.

5.—Sword Belts and Sashes to be worn above the Great Coats.

6.—Nothing in the preceding Regulations is to affect the uniform of the Rifle or Light Infantry Battalions, excepting the substituting half Boots and Screw Spurs in lieu of long Boots and Chain Spurs in Full Dress for Mounted Officers.

7.—All Officers attending *General Parades, Reviews, Inspections, Levees, General Courts Martial*, &c. are invariably to be dressed and accoutred in the *Review Order* of their respective Departments or Corps.

8th.—The

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* *The attention of Officers called to this order vide G. O. 21st May* 1816, *page* 188. *An Undress Uniform for Officers of Engineers, Artillery and Infantry of the Line established, vide G. O. 3d September* 1816, *page* 208. *Publishing particulars respecting the Dress of Officers which appear to be imperfectly understood, vide G. O. 3d February* 1817, *page* 231.

8.---The Full Dress Coats of the General Officers and as such of the General Staff as have facings, are always to be worn with the Lappels *buttoned back.*

9.---Plain uniforms are only to be permitted on occasions distinct from general duties of the Field, Parade or Ceremony, on all other occasions, whether mounted in the Field or otherwise, the *Full Dress* Coat is invariably to be worn by *all* General and Staff Officers---when plain uniforms are worn on other occasions they are *to be buttoned over the breast.*

10.—Half Boots with Screw Spurs and plain White Pantaloons (Leather, Web, or Linen) are in future to be worn by *all* General and Staff Officers, in lieu of full Boots, Chain Spurs and Breeches which are abolished.

11.—Wellington White Pantaloons and Boots with Screw Spurs are fixed as *the undress* for all Staff Officers.

For bad weather and cold climates, single breasted Great Coats of Dark Blue Cloth with black cord trimmings and uniform Staff Buttons agreeably to muster, and Wellington Pantaloons of the same colour, are established for all General and Staff Officers. Distinguishing Aiguillette or Epaulettes and Accoutrements to be worn *above* the *Great Coat.*

G. O. G. 8TH JULY 1814.

Lieutenant T. Jackson of the 17th Regiment of Native Infantry, who was announced in General Orders of the 12th of April 1814, as having obtained the usual prize for a high degree of proficiency in the Hindoostanee language, and had thereby entitled himself to undergo an examination in the Persian language, having been reported by the Military Committee of Examination to have established his claim to the further distinction for the attainment of that language proclaimed in General Orders dated the 17th November 1812; The Honorable the Governor in Council has great satisfaction in recording and publishing to the Army the sense entertained by the Committee of Lieutenant Jackson's merits, and in directing that the additional reward be accordingly presented to that Officer.

To His Excellency Lieutenant General
THE HONORABLE J. ABERCROMBY,
Governor in Council.

HONORABLE SIR,

We have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the Letter from the Secretary to Government in the Military Department dated the 20th Ultimo, and in conformity with the instructions therein contained to report the result of our examination of Lieutenant Jackson of the 2d Battalion 17th Regiment N. I. in the Persian language.

Lieutenant Jackson's translation from Persian into English was performed with great accuracy—In his translation into Persian there are several orthographical errors, and several expressions repugnant to the idiom of the language; but in this respect we are disposed to make considerable allowances inasmuch as the paper which we gave for translation was more than ordinarily difficult.—With the exceptions above alluded to, we think that the translation in question is creditable to Lieutenant Jackson. It is written in a good hand.

In the colloquial part of the examination Lieutenant Jackson acquitted himself tolerably well; but we could wish to direct his attention to the attainment of a more perfect pronunciation.

Upon the whole we consider Lieutenant Jackson to have established his claim to the honorary reward, which we beg leave to recommend may be bestowed upon him.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
29th June 1814.

We have the honor to be,
Honorable Sir,
Your most obedient humble Servants.
(Signed) J. LEITH,
„ R. B. OTTO,
„ W. OLIVER.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 12th July 1814.

In directing the attention of Officers Commanding Divisions of the Army and inferior Stations to the following Extract from the Regulations for the Ordnance Department, the Honorable the Governor in Council deems it sufficient to observe, that the rule thereby established regarding Military Salutes is too clearly defined to require further explanation.

SECTION IX.

Para. 4th.—Except the Governor, The Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Squadron, and The Commander in Chief of the Army, no person entitled by his rank, to a Salute, is to be Saluted, but when he comes into, or leaves a Garrison upon public duty.

G. O. C. C. 31st July 1814.

The Commander in Chief feels the greatest pleasure in recording the public acknowledgment of the satisfaction he derived from his Inspection and Review of the Rifle Corps yesterday at Poonamallee.

In the soldier-like appearance of Officers and Men, the propriety, as well as the perfect state of their equipments, united with the interior excellent order and economy of the Corps, he found it in every respect entitled to his approbation; but when he witnessed its steadiness in the field, the uniformity and precision of its exercise, marching, wheeling, and manœuvre, together with the intelligence and expertness of the Officers and Non-Commissioned Officers, (which he particularly remarked), a combination of every well-founded motive called for the expression of his unqualified applause.

These sentiments, he consequently thinks it but due to the Corps, thus publicly to reiterate; while at the same time he avails himself of the occasion of adding thereto, the testimony of the high sense he entertains of the great merit of Major Munro, under whose command it has, in so short a time, arrived at such a state of proficiency, and to whose unwearied attention and ability, supported by the laudable zeal of his Officers, the Military Establishment of this Government is indebted for so invaluable and important an acquisition.

G. O. G. 22d July 1814.

* The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that whenever Remount Horses which may have been provided by the Commissariat of this Establishment, may be surveyed by Committees of Officers, their proceeding shall henceforth be prepared in duplicate. The original will be disposed of as at present and the duplicates immediately delivered to the Officer of the Commissariat on the spot, who will lose no time in forwarding the same to the Commissary General at Fort St. George, with every explanation which it may be in his power to give, respecting such Horses as may not have been passed. If the Horses are not brought before the Committee by an Officer of the Department, the President will forward the duplicate of the proceedings direct to the Commissary General at Fort St. George, and a copy of the same to the Officer who made the supply, with the view that no time may be lost in obtaining from him the explanations which he will have to give regarding such Horses as may be rejected or considered in any degree objectionable by the Committee.

G. O. G.

* *Regulations respecting the Standard and Selection of Remount Horses established, vide G. O. 29th June* 1816, *page* 195.

G. O. G. 29th July 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to prohibit the issue of extra Batta to the troops on any extraordinary occasion of public rejoicing, unless the grant of that indulgence shall have been especially authorized by a General Order by Government.

G. O. G. 7th June 1814.

The Command of the Troops in the Vizagapatam and Ganjam Districts granted to Lieutenant Colonel Fletcher in General Orders of the 22d of April last, is discontinued from this date; and the District of Ganjam is established a Government Command on the usual allowance until further orders.

G. O. G. 2d August 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council considering it unnecessary on the occasion of Brigading a Force assembled for Field Service, that a Quarter Master of Brigade should be appointed as heretofore to each Brigade of Cavalry and Infantry, is pleased to direct, the discontinuance of that practice in future.

Instead of those Officers, a certain number of Assistants Quarter Master General will be appointed, and will receive their orders from the Officer at the head of that Department, in the Field. The selection of Officers whose qualifications may fit them for those situations, will be made by His Excellency the Commander in Chief, who will at the same time, recommend the number to be appointed with reference to the extent of Force, which may be ordered for Field Service.

Their staff pay and allowances will be in every respect, the same as those of an Assistant Quarter Master General of the Army, with the same allowance for establishment, *when employed on detached duty* as is granted to a Division Quarter Master Brigade, viz. Pagodas 25 per mensem.

Their personal staff allowance will commence from the date of receipt of His Excellency the Commander in Chief's Order, to join, of which information will be given to the Military Auditor General by the Quarter Master General of the Army, and the charge for Office Establishment will be supported by a certificate from the head of the Department in the Field, of the period of detached duty.

G. O. G. 9th August 1814.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the allotment of Ammunition and Stores to be carried with Rifle Corps on Field Service, shall be fixed as follows:

No. of Rifles—816.

Axes Pick with Helves	12
Balls Lead Rifle No. 1 (50 per Man)	40,800
Barrels Ammunition	32
Do. for Flints with Iron Hoops	4
Do. Powder 45 lbs. each	22
Bags, Gunny for Ammunition and Flints	33
Do. Powder	11
Do. for Tools and Stores	8
Do. for Loose Balls	17
Bill Hooks with Handles	12
Cartridges shotted Rifle No. 2 Balls (50 per Man)	40,800
	Charcoal

Charcoal	lbs.	120
Colours, Camp		36
Flints, Rifle		8,160
Gun Powder, Rifle	lbs.	990
Hoops, Copper on Barrels		336
Iron	lbs.	80
Mamoties with Helves		20
Cloth, Greased Yards 81 ½ or Patches Greased No.		40,800
Reels Camp with Line		2
Steel	lbs.	30
Tarpaulins, large		4

TOOLS FOR ARTIFICERS.

Adzes Brass Coopers		1
Bellows Forge Country	pairs	4
Drivers Brass Coopers		1
Files of sorts		12
Hammers Hand		1
Do. Sledge		2
Do. Claw		1
Irons Beak		2
Plates Screw with Taps		3
Vices Brass Coopers		1
Vices Iron Hand		3
Do. Do. Bench		2
To carry the above, Bullocks		72
Spare 1 to 6 do		12
Total		84

N. B.—Each Man to carry 12 Rounds of Shotted Cartridges and 2 of the Flints included in the above list.

G. O. G. 19TH AUGUST 1814.

In addition to the provisions of the 11th and 12th Paragraphs of the IV. Section of the Commissariat Regulations, The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that when Corps or Detachments of Corps are marching from one Station to another, or on any other service unaccompanied by an Officer of the Commissariat, it will be the duty of the Quarter Masters of Corps, to consider themselves in charge of the Gram provided by the Commissariat, and they will accordingly be allowed to charge in their returns, the amount of wastage allowed by the Regulations for the Department of Cavalry Supplies.

G. O. G. 16TH SEPTEMBER 1814.

The following Commission for the Government of Fort St. George and its Dependencies, is published in General Orders for the information of the Army.

THE UNITED COMPANY OF MERCHANTS OF ENGLAND TRADING TO THE EAST INDIES.

To all to whom these Presents shall come, send greeting—know ye that we the said United Company reposing especial trust and confidence in the fidelity, prudence, justice and circumspection of The Right Honorable Hugh Elliot, have nominated, made, constituted and appointed, and by these presents do nominate, make, constitute and appoint the said Hugh Elliot to be President and Governor of and for all our affairs on the Coast of Coromandel and Orixa, and of all the Territories thereunto belonging,

belonging, and of all and singular the Forts, Factories and Settlements, Territories, Countries and Jurisdictions thereof, and to execute all and every the Powers and Authorities thereunto appertaining, by order and direction of our Court of Directors for the time being, and of such other Persons as in and by an Act of Parliament made in the Thirty-third year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled "An Act for continuing in the East India Company for a further term the possession of the British Territories in India, together with their exclusive trade, under certain limitations, for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories and the better administration of Justice within the same, for appropriating to certain uses the Revenues and Profits of the said Company, and for making provision for the good order and Government of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay," are empowered to give any orders to our Servants in India in certain cases in the said Act mentioned, to hold and take the said Office unto and upon him the said Hugh Elliot, immediately, upon and from the time of his arrival at Fort St. George aforesaid, and to continue in the exercise of the said Office during the pleasure of us, and of our Court of Directors, and until the contrary thereof shall be signified under our Seal or under the hands of thirteen or more of the said Court of Directors for the time being, but subject nevertheless to such other removal and recal as in the said Act of Parliament is mentioned; and to the end that the said Hugh Elliot may be better enabled to order and manage all the affairs of us the said Company, we do by these Presents constitute and ordain Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart. the Commander in Chief of the said United Company's Military Forces on the Coast of Coromandel, together with Robert Fullerton, Esq. and Robert Alexander, Esq. being respectively Senior Merchants of the said Company, and who have respectively resided twelve years or more in India in their Service, to be Counsellors of the said Presidency or Settlement for governing and managing all the said Company's Affairs upon the Coast of Coromandel and Orixa, and governing the said Fort St. George and City of Madraspatnam, and all other our Forts, Factories and Settlements, within any of the said Territories; And we do hereby give and grant unto our said President and Governor, the said Hugh Elliot, and to our Council aforenamed, or to the major part of them, (the whole Council being duly summoned) and to the said Hugh Elliot alone, in certain cases, and under certain circumstances mentioned in the said Act, passed in the Thirty-third year of the Reign of His present Majesty, full power and authority from time to time, to rule and govern all and every our Factories and Servants under the said Presidency, and all the Soldiers and Inhabitants of our said Fort St. George and City of Madraspatnam, and elsewhere, within the places aforesaid, to administer lawful oaths as occasion shall require and to do and perform all such other acts and things, and to use and exercise all such other powers and authorities as the said President and Governor and his Council in their several and respective places where the said United Company have or shall have Factors or any places of Trade, are authorized to do, subject nevertheless to the superintending and controlling Power of the Governor General in Council of Fort William in Bengal, in such cases wherein they are authorized to have a superintending and controlling Power, in and by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, and also subject and according to such instructions and directions as he the said Hugh Elliot our President and Governor, and Council aforesaid, shall from time to time receive under the hands of thirteen or more of the Court of Directors of the said United Company for the time being, and from such other Persons as by the said Act of the Thirty-third year of His present Majesty's Reign, are empowered to give orders to the said United Company's Servants in India in certain cases therein mentioned, provided that when our Commander in Chief of all our Military Forces in the East Indies shall happen to be present at the said Settlement of Fort St. George, he shall be one of the said Counsellors instead of our Commander in Chief of our Military Forces on the Coast of Coromandel, who during that time shall have only a seat and right of deliberation, but no voice in the said Council, and subject also to such temporary and partial suspension and in such manner as in the said Act of the Thirty-third year of the Reign of His present Majesty is mentioned when our Governor General of Fort William in Bengal for the time being shall find it expedient to visit the said Presidency of Fort St. George, or any Province or Place thereto belonging; And we the said United Company do hereby order and require all our Factors, Servants, Officers and Soldiers, within the limits of the said Presidency, and all the People and Inhabitants of our said Fort St. George and City of Madraspatnam, and all other our Forts, Places and Colonies within the said Presidency to conform, submit and yield due obedience to the said Hugh Elliot our President

President and Governor and his Council accordingly; And we do hereby revoke, repeal, annul and make void every former Commission or Commissions given and granted by us, and all other Appointments whereby any other Person or Persons was and were, or shall be constituted and ordained, or hath, or have, or shall become President and Governor or of the Council of Fort St. George aforesaid, such revocation to take place from the time of the arrival of the said Hugh Elliot at the Presidency of Fort St. George aforesaid and his taking the said Office of President and Governor aforesaid upon himself. In witness whereof, we the said United Company have caused our Common Seal to be affixed to these Presents the 23d day of April in the 54th year of the Reign of His Most Excellent Majesty George the Third, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith and so forth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

(L. S.) Signed by Order of the Court of Directors of the said United Company.

(Signed) JAMES COBB,
SECRETARY.

The Right Honorable Hugh Elliot having received charge of the Government of Fort Fort St. George and it's Dependencies, in conformity with the above Commission, all Officers and Soldiers are hereby required to obey him as Governor and President in Council accordingly.

This Order will be read to the Troops under Arms, at the Principal Stations of the Army, with appropriate Salutes of Ordnance and Musquetry.

G. O. G. 9TH SEPTEMBER 1814.

The Cantonment at St. Thomas's Mount being the Head Quarters of the Corps of Artillery, will cease from the 1st Instant to form part of the Centre Division of the Army; and will revert from that date to the immediate authority of His Excellency the Commander in Chief.

G. O. G. 9TH SEPTEMBER 1814.

The Committee for the examination of Military Students, having reported Lieutenants J. Crisp of the 2d Regiment of Native Infantry, and W. N. Pace of the 13th Native Regiment, to have fully established their claim to the honorary reward for the attainment of the Hindoostanee language; The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the usual donation be presented to each of those Officers.

G. O. C. C. 14TH SEPTEMBER 1814.

* Committees assembled for Invaliding, Pensioning and Discharging from the Service Individuals of the Army, are to be drawn out according to the following Form, which is hereby established in lieu of that ordered by the 5th Paragraph of the 6th Section of the Code of Regulations published in 1806.

Proceedings of an Invaliding, Pensioning and Discharging Committee, held in the (Corps or Division, to be here inserted) by Order of——————

(Here enter Station and Date)

—————— President.

—— } Members. { ——

Surgeon attending.

FORM.

* *Other Forms established, vide G. O. 22d September 1822, Vol. 4, page 174.*

FORM.

Corps.	Company.	No. General. Company.	Names.	Rank.	Country. Village. District.	Cast.	Colour and Marks. A.	Years of Age. Service.	Height. Feet. Inches.	Ship arrived on and time of arrival, or when and where first entertained. B.	Recommended to be Pensioned.	Removed to a Vet. Bat.	Discharged.	Why recommended.	Remarks.

A.—To be omitted in the Examination of Europeans.
B.—Ditto ditto ditto Natives.

G. O. C. C. 3D OCTOBER 1814.

In reference to the 3d Paragraph of the G. O. By Government of the 22d July last, His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to name the following as the only Stations at which Family Certificates are in future to be made payable.

Presidency Division.—Madras, St. Thomas's Mount, and Poonamallee.

Centre Division.—Vellore, Arcot, Arnee, Wallajahbad, Cuddalore, Nellore, and Ongole.

Southern Division.—Trichinopoly, Dindigul, Madura, Ramnad, Palamcottah, Tanjore, Negapatam, Sankerrydroog, and Coimbatore.

Northern Division.—Masulipatam, Condapilly, Ellore, Rajahmundry, Samulcottah, Vizagapatam, Vizianagram, Chicacole, Berhampore, Ganjam, and Aska.

Mysore Division.—Seringapatam, Bangalore, Chittledroog, Nundydroog, and Ryacottah.

Ceded Districts.—Bellary, Gootty, Cuddapah, Cumbum, and Ryachoutry.

Travancore Division—Quilon, Cochin, and Trevandrum.

Malabar and Kanara—Cannanore, Mangalore, and Manantoddy.

Hyderabad Subsidiary Force—Hyderabad, for the Troops in the Deckan; Jaulnah, for the Troops that may quit it to take the Field.

The Family Certificates now payable at other than the above Stations, will be transferred as follows, until the families have had time to select their permanent places of residence.

Certificates payable at	*To be transferred to*
Pondicherry	Cuddalore.
Guntoor	Masulipatam or Ongole.
Cassimcottah	Vizagapatam.
Tripassore	Poonamallee.

G. O. C. C. C. 3D OCTOBER 1814.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to permit the following alterations in the Uniform of the 15th Regt. N. I.

Colour of Officers Buttons to be Yellow.
" " Trimmings Gold.

G. O. G. 23D SEPTEMBER 1814.

With reference to the G. O. of the 2d and 20th August 1811, The Right Honor-

able the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize the employment of a Serjeant of the 2d Class, or Conicopoly on the monthly pay of 3 Pagodas for the charge of the Public Buildings at Cuddapah, and also an allowance of Oil for the preservation of the iron work, as established by the G. O. of the 3d June ultimo.

G. O. G. 4TH OCTOBER 1814.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to modify the General Order by Government under date the 24th of July 1812, which requires Barrack Serjeants to make daily reports of the state of Cots to the Commissariat, and to direct that those reports shall hereafter be made once a week only, except in cases wherein it may be necessary that any extraordinary occurrence should be reported without delay.

G. O. G. 4TH OCTOBER 1814.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to annul the 99th Paragraph, page 318, of the 16th Section of the Code of Regulations for the Pay Department, and to direct that the publication of a General Order by Government nominating or approving of the nomination of an Officer to act in a Staff situation for an intermediate period, prior to the Officer appointed (or to be appointed) taking charge shall in future be considered as carrying with it authority to the Officer so nominated, to draw the established personal allowances attached to the situation during such temporary duty.

G. O. G. 4TH OCTOBER 1814.

Para. 1st.—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to establish the following Regulations in addition to those published in General Orders dated the 22d July last, for the conduct of the Family payments of the Army.

2d—It is to be considered a general rule that Rolls of all Casualties, arising in the option or private convenience of the Parties interested shall be despatched so as to reach the Superintendent on or before the 20th of the month preceding that, in the payments of which they are intended to occasion alterations.

3d—Casualty Rolls of the above description omitted to be sent off in time to be received by the Superintendent on or before the date specified in the foregoing Paragraph, shall not have any effect on the amount of the stoppages to be made from the Abstracts of Corps, &c. payable in the next month, but will lay over for the following month.

4th—All Persons granting and holding Family Certificates are to be cautioned to give timely notice to their Corps, as well as to the Officers in charge, of the Families at the Stations where they may reside, of the intended removal of the Families from one place to another (a practice, however, which should be discouraged as much as possible), or of any other circumstance affecting their certificates. Should they neglect to do so, it is to be clearly understood, that the stoppages for their certificates must be continued, and that the risk and difficulty of recovering any amount overpaid will devolve on them, and not on the Public, which in granting the indulgence of this favourable mode of remittance to the Troops, shall not be subjected to any loss or embarrassment from the negligence of the Parties availing themselves of it.

5th—Under this Regulation all Casualty Rolls of the description referred to should be despatched by Corps, &c. in the Deckan on or before the 10th of each month,

month, and it will be proper that Adjutants of Corps, Commanding Officers of Detachments, and Heads of Departments should decline to forward any Rolls not given in to them before that date, until the following month.

6th—Corps, &c. on Foreign Service, or in distant situations in the Field in India, must allow ample time for their communications to reach the Superintendent before the usual stoppages on account of their Family Certificates shall be reduced or discontinued.

7th—Rolls of Casualties arising from public causes, viz. deaths, desertions and removals from the Service, either by discharging, invaliding, or pensioning, must of course be despatched on the day on which such occurrences may take place; but the date and occasion of the Casualty are in these cases to be particularly stated in the Rolls.

8th—The copies of Receipts alluded to in the 10th Paragraph of the G. O. of the 22d July last, shall in future be attested by Paymasters themselves.

9th—Casualty Rolls need not, under the 12th Paragraph of the above Orders, be transmitted to the Officer Commanding the Troops at Fort St. George, the Superintendent being on the spot, and the copies sent to him being therefore sufficient.

10th—Such new forms as the Superintendent may find it necessary to direct from time to time, shall be observed by all Officers concerned in family payments.

11th—Arrangements to be made in all cases of Men absent from their Corps or Departments for the amount of their Family Certificates being included in the monthly remittances to the Superintendent from the Adjutant or Officer Commanding or in charge.

12th—It having been represented in reference to the 23d Paragraph of the G. O. 22d July 1814, that the Officers paying Family Certificates may have frequent occasion (in order to prevent confusion of accounts) to remit small sums of money from one Station to another; these Officers are authorized in such cases, on paying the amount into the Paymasters hands, to obtain Bills on the Accountant General at sight for such sums, the particulars of the remittances to be in all cases notified to the Superintendent.

G. O G. 11th October 1814.

The present indiscriminate reception of claims to Pensions on the part of Persons stating themselves to be the nearest Heirs of Native Soldiers deceased on Foreign Service, or killed in action, being found to be open to much abuse and to be productive of great public inconvenience; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct

1st—That no claims on the part of the Heirs of Native Soldiers who may have lost their lives on Foreign Service, or in action, shall be admitted, if preferred later than three years after the occurrence of the casualty on which the pretension is founded.

2dly—That all claims on account of Native Soldiers deceased on Foreign Service, in the Eastern Islands prior to the restoration of the Dutch Settlements in 1803, or on Ceylon prior to the return of the Coast Troops from that Island, which may not already have been brought forward (if any such exist) shall be rejected, if not presented for investigation before the 1st January 1815.

All Officers Commanding Stations are directed to make this Regulation as public as possible by beat of Tom-Tom, and by every other means in their power, that may be calculated to promote its general circulation.

G. O. G. 8th November 1814.

* With a view to the accommodation of the Officers of the Army, The Right Honorable

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* *Form to be observed in future when Indenting for Cloth, vide G. O. 21st Novem-*

norable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that Officers of His Majesty's and the Honorable Company's Service shall be supplied in future, by the General Agent for Army Clothing, with Broad Cloth, Camblets, Kerseymeres, and Woollens of all kinds, on Indent, signed by the Officer from whose Abstract payment is to be made, and countersigned by the Officer Commanding the Corps, or Station, and by the Adjutant General of the Army.

Issues, made upon such Indents, are to be paid for, by monthly instalments, of one-sixth of the amount; and the adjustment will be made by the Accountant General.

As a further indulgence to Officers absent from the Presidency, The Right Honorable the Governor in Council authorizes the General Agent for Army Clothing, upon the particular application of the Individuals concerned, to have the Articles indented for, packed and despatched, making the requisite advances for Cooly hire, and charging all necessary expenses.

Indents regularly signed according to the following Form will be received by the General Agent for Army Clothing and the Articles issued to the Bearers of them.

FORM.

To the General Agent for Army Clothing,

SIR, *Fort St. George.*

Please to order the delivery to the Bearer of the undermentioned Articles for my use, to be paid for by six equal instalments at the regulated Prices.

Articles Required.	Quantity.	Quality.	From whose Abstract to be stopped.	Prices.	Grand Total.
Scarlet Cloth	5 Yards	Superfine	Captain C. D. E. Company 2d Bat. 21st Regt.	25 0 0	
Bright Yellow do.	1 ,,	,, ,,		5 0 0	
White Kerseymere	2 ,,	,, ,,		3 0 0	
Deep Green	4 ,,	Ordinary		5 0 0	
Blankets	2	First sort.		3 0 0	
Packing Charges					41 0 0
Postage and Cooly Hire advanced by the Agent for Army Clothing.					2 22 40
			Total, Pagodas		43 22 40

Station and Date. Signature of Officer Indenting.

Countersignature of the Commanding Officer.

Received the within Contents.

(Signed) C. D. CAPTAIN,
E. Company, 2d Bat. 21st Regt.

G. O. G. 28TH OCTOBER 1814.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Extracts of Letters from the Honorable the Court of Directors, for the information of the Army.

Letter dated 3d September 1813.

"To England 6th February 1810. 69.—Explanation furnished relative to the donations granted to Wounded Officers."

14. "In authorizing the extension of His Majesty's indulgence to Wounded Officers, to Officers in our Service, we intended to confine ourselves strictly to the practice of His Majesty's Army; and we direct that in future such donations be limited to a grant of one year's pay only."

15th. "The

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ber 1815, page 169. Fixing a scale of monthly stoppages for payments on account of Cloth obtained by Officers from the Agent of Army Clothing, vide G. O. 8th July 1817, page 279. A letter to accompany the Indent to the Agent for Army Clothing for Broad Cloth, &c. vide G. O. 24th October 1821, Vol. 4th, page 15.

15. " The remark of your Military Auditor General " that it was a generally received idea that a Captain's pay and allowances of gratuity and half batta is considered as forming a part of his regular pay and subsistence," we consider to be incorrect. By pay, or subsistence as it is sometimes called, we always understand and mean pay only ; exclusive of gratuity, batta, or any other allowance. We desire your attention to this remark in future."

147 and 8. " Application from the Managers of the Military Widows' Fund for passage money for the Widow of the late Reverend Dr. Kerr rejected for reasons stated—The sum of 371 Star Pagodas 9 Fanams 12 Cash on account of her pension paid into the Treasury by the Secretary to the Military Board.

26. " Your resolution on this subject was entirely proper."

27. " Having in our Military Letter dated 9th of May 1810, Para. 5, authorized you to make a very liberal annual contribution to the Military Fund, one of the objects of which was to provide a passage to Europe for the Widows and Children of Officers dying in distressed circumstances ; we do not expect to have any further demand made upon us for these purposes."

300—Surgeon Alfred Jones having exceeded his furlough by 12 months, his name struck off the Medical List.

67. " In our Military Letter to Bengal dated 27th February 1811, Para. 48, we directed that in all cases of Officers exceeding their furlough to Europe their names should be continued on the strength of our Army, until our directions should be signified respecting them ; we intended that this Regulation should apply to Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons, as well as Officers, and we direct that hereafter it be so construed and applied at all the Presidencies.

" Reply to separate Letters dated 15th December 1810 ; 12th February 1811 ; and 29th February 1812."
" Revision of Staff appointments and Institution of a Commissariat.—Refer to the Minutes of the President and Commander in Chief and to the Drafts of the General Orders and Regulations for the Details."

184. " We have perused, with the highest degree of satisfaction, the very able Minutes of Sir George Barlow, and Lieutenant General Hewett, on the important subjects detailed in this Letter, and in your Military Letters of the 12th February 1811 and 29th February 1812, and we are satisfied that the Company have derived, and we hope will continue to derive, the most extensive advantages from the establishment of a Commissariat, and the other arrangements treated of in these Letters."

185. " From your Letter of the 29th February 1812 it appears that the savings effected by the Commissariat in one year amounted to Pagodas 1,66,283, and that still greater annual savings may be hereafter expected."

186. " Under these circumstances we feel ourselves called upon to express, in very strong terms, the deep sense of obligation which we feel to the late Commander in Chief in India, Lieutenant General Hewett, for having suggested and carried into effect the Institution of a Commissariat in Bengal, and at your Presidency, an arrangement which has been extended to Bombay, to the great improvement of the efficiency of the Army, as well as a material reduction of its expenses at all the Presidencies."

187. " Your Commissary General Major Morison, is also entitled to our highest approbation for the eminent zeal, ability and success with which he has carried the Commissariat arrangements into execution."

188. " The only part of those arrangements upon the propriety of which we entertain any doubt, is your resolution to give official rank to the Commissary General with a seat at the Military Board."

189. " From the Bengal correspondence we perceive that a similar arrangement took place on the Institution of a Commissariat at that Presidency.—This might perhaps, however, have been induced by the circumstance of that Officer, who was selected for the Office of Commissary General having already the official rank of Lieutenant Colonel, together with a Seat at the Military Board in virtue of his former Office of Quarter Master General, from which it might not have appeared adviseble to remove him."

190. " We perceive, however, that on the extension of the Commissariat system to Bombay, the Officer appointed to the head of it, although allowed the official rank of Major was not made a Member of the Military Board at that Presidency."

191. " We have already expressed our opinion that there exists no adequate reason for giving official rank to the Military Auditor General at any of the Presidencies, and we have in consequence directed it to be withdrawn at Bombay, and declined granting it in Bengal."

192. We are also of opinion that there is no necessity for conferring official rank on

on the Commissary General, and we accordingly direct that it be not hereafter granted to that Officer. We shall not, however, order it to be recalled in the present instance."

"With respect to giving the Commissary General a Seat at the Military Board, we are of opinion, that it is objectionable upon the general principle, that no Officer should sit in judgment or be called upon to act as a check and control over his supplies, and we are not aware of any advantage likely to arise from such an arrangement which would at all counterbalance the infringement of this principle.—We therefore direct that the Commissary General be not allowed a Seat at the Military Board."

Letter dated the 1st April 1814.

2.—"Having had occasion to transmit to the Presidency of Bengal several Orders that are equally applicable to your's, we send a Copy of them herewith a number in the Packet, and direct that they be strictly attended to at your Presidency also."

Extract Military Letter to Bengal, dated 14th February, 1812.

"Letter from 13th January 1810."

"(17 to 19). Accounts of the Commissariat, and of all Military Disbursements to be rendered on oath—hope the arrangement will prove economical. Intend to submit hereafter a comparative statement of its expense, and to revise the whole system at the end of two years, if it shall not appear to unite efficiency with economy. Amount of ordinary advances estimated at Sa. Rs. 1,76,900 per month."

Para. 9. "We entirely approve the Orders which you have issued, directing that the accounts of the Commissariat, and of the several other important Departments enumerated in your proceedings shall be rendered upon oath, and that all persons entrusted with the disbursement of public money in the Military Department shall be liable to be called upon to verify their respective accounts in the same manner."

Extract Military Letter to Bengal, dated 9th September 1812.

"Letter from 27th March 1809.

(735 & 6.) Memorial from several Gentlemen of the Medical Department, praying that Members of the Medical Board and Superintending Surgeons may be permitted to retire at any time after they have attained those situations, on the pensions annexed to them, provided they have completed a period of 25 years in India including three years of Furlough, in the same manner as Military Officers;—strongly recommended to Court's favor and adoption."

Para. 261. "We were not insensible of the apparent hardship of the present Regulations relative to the retirement of Members of the Medical Board, and Surgeons of General Hospitals (now Superintending Surgeons) at the time those Regulations were made; but we were of opinion that the public interest required that a certain period of service in the situation of Member of the Medical Board, and Surgeon of General Hospitals should be completed before the Medical Gentlemen succeeding to those situations should be entitled to retire on the augmented pensions fixed for those ranks. We are still of the same opinion."

262. "In consideration, however, of your earnest recommendation of the case of Medical Gentlemen so situated, we agree to the following modification of our Orders contained in Paras. 96 and 7 of our Military Letter dated 8th January 1796."

263. A Member of the Medical Board who shall have been in that situation not less than two years, and not less than twenty years in India, including 3 years for one furlough, shall be permitted to retire from the Service and allowed five hundred pounds per annum.

264. A Surgeon of a General Hospital (or Superintending Surgeon) who shall have served in that situation not less than two years, and not less than twenty years in India, including three years for one furlough, shall be permitted to retire from the Service and allowed three hundred pounds per annum.

"Letter from 27th March 1809.

(890.) Surgeons Nasmyth Hare, Gilchrist and Mr. Assistant Surgeon Rose having exceeded the period of absence from India prescribed by Court's orders, struck off the strength of the Army—Promotions in consequence to have effect from the 8th February 1808."

307.—With a view to your obtaining early and correct information of the death, resignation, or extension of furlough of every Officer, or Surgeon on furlough to Europe, we have resolved to transmit to each of the Presidencies, by the last Ships of each season, a return of all Officers and Surgeons at home with our permission, and we direct that the promotions of Officers and Surgeons in India, in consequence of vacancies occurring in Europe, be hereafter regulated by these annual Lists."

Extract

Extract Military Letter to Bengal dated 14th April 1813.

"Letter from 31st October 1810.
(181) Officers retained in the custody of the Civil Power to be allowed the pay, half batta, gratuity and half tent allowance of their respective ranks."

158. "We shall not object, however, to your allowing Officers confined for debt the pay, half batta and gratuity of their respective ranks for one year from the date of their confinement, after which we direct that they be allowed to draw their pay only."

162.—"We direct you to notify in General Orders to the Army, our resolution to dismiss from our service every Officer who shall be proved to have been guilty of cruelty to any Native, either by violently and illegally beating or otherwise maltreating him, and we desire that you will be very particular in bringing to our notice any instances of that kind that may hereafter occur."

"Letter from 31st October 1810.
(182.) Claim preferred by Captain Andrew Fraser 25th N. I. for arrears of pay during his late furlough to Europe admitted on the principle of Court's Orders of 28th Aug. 1800."

Para. 163.—"Being willing on every occasion, to grant all reasonable indulgences to our Officers, we shall not object to the interpretation which you have given to our Orders of the 28th August 1800, in favor of Captain Fraser's claim, and we consent that all Officers shall be allowed to draw the pay of their respective ranks during one furlough to Europe on their private affairs, exclusive of the pay allowed them in cases of certified sickness.

Extract Military Letter to Bengal, dated 3d September 1813.

"Letter from 12th February 1811.
(29) Memorials from Major Morrell of the 27th & Captain Henley of the 24th Regiments, soliciting Court's enforcement of the Regulations, that Officers who retire from the Service, may be considered as having retired from the expiration of their furlough, namely, two years, unless they should be permitted to retire at an earlier period."

Para. 25.—"Having taken these memorials into our consideration, we have come to a resolution that all Officers retiring from our Service, shall be considered to have retired from the date of the expiration of their respective furloughs, or from the date of their respective resignations, whichever shall first happen."

26.—"Therefore Officers retiring from our Service after two years furlough will be considered to have retired at the expiration of two years from the date of their landing in England, unless they shall previously have obtained from us an extension of their furlough; and Officers who shall retire after having obtained such extension of furlough from us, will be considered to have retired from the date of the expiration of such additional furlough."

Extract Military Letter to Bengal, dated 16th February 1814.

"Letter from 3d December 1811.
Submitting a memorial from Major General Palmer in behalf of himself & the other Major Generals of the Bengal Establishment who are not employed on the staff, soliciting the restoration of the batta of Colonel."

Para. 92.—"Being at all times willing to shew every proper degree of indulgence to old and meritorious Servants, we authorize you to allow the Major Generals in our Service whilst residing in India, but not employed on the Staff, to draw the batta of their regimental rank in addition to their pay and off-reckonings, when entitled to the latter allowance."

93.—"This allowance to commence from the date of its notification in General Orders."

"Letter from 25th February 1812.
(1 to 7). Major General John Garstin continued in Command of the Corps of Engineers notwithstanding his promotion.

Para 128. "Having reconsidered our former Orders on the subject of the employment of General Officers of Engineers and Artillery (as contained in Paras. 88 to 93 of our Military Letter to Bengal dated 12th July 1805), we have for the following reasons, as well as those stated in the Paras. to which we are now replying, resolved to alter the Regulations heretofore laid down on that subject."

129.—"The operation of the Military arrangements of 1796, which regulates the promotion of Officers in our Service (after attaining the rank of Lieutenant Colonel), by the General Brevets issued by His Majesty, necessarily throws out of active employment all those Officers of the Line who attain the rank of Major General, and who are not selected to fill the situations and to exercise the duties of General Officers on the Staff.

130.—"It was an erroneous extension of this rule, we conceive as applied to the Corps of Artillery and Engineers, which led, in its consequences to the occasional nomination

nomination of Officers of these Corps to be Generals on the Staff, not only to the prejudice of the Officers of the Line, but to the obvious disadvantage of the Public, by detaching them from those branches of the Service in which their experience was likely to be most useful."

131.—" We understand that, although it is not the practice of His Majesty's Service to invest the officers of Engineers and Artillery with the Command of Districts, yet neither is it the practice to exclude them altogether from employment, after they have attained the rank of General Officers.—In this rank they are still eligible to be called into service and to exercise the functions of Command, limited, however, to the duties and details of their own particular Corps."

132.—" Under these considerations we have thought it advisable to annul the existing Regulations on this subject, both as they respect the eligibility of Officers of Artillery and Engineers to be employed on the General Staff, and the prohibition against their continuing to conduct the details of their respective Corps after promotion to the rank of General Officers.

133.—" We therefore direct that no General Officer of Engineers or Artillery be hereafter put upon the General Staff of the Army, but that you select from among the General Officers of Engineers and Artillery, and the Officers actually at the head of those Corps at the time, whether General Officers or not, such Officers as you may think most fit to conduct the duties of those Corps respectively."

134.—" Such General Officers of Engineers and Artillery will of course be relieved every four years, according to the practice which prevails among the General Officers of Cavalry and Infantry selected for the Staff, unless some special reason shall occasionally exist for deviating from this rule, of which of course you will duly advise us."

135.—" With a view to prevent any interference with the Command of Officers on the General Staff of the Army, we direct that when General Officers of Engineers or Artillery shall be appointed to the Command of their respective Corps, they shall be stationed in the Garrisons of Fort William, Fort St. George, and Bombay respectively."

136.—" As the duties of the Officers in charge of the Engineers and Artillery, will be exactly the same whether General Officers or not, we direct that no addition be made to the allowances at present drawn by the Commandants of either of those Corps."

137.—" On this occasion we think proper to repeat our Orders of the 8th January 1796 and 21st January 1807, that " the Officer in charge of the Engineer Corps, " shall have no concern whatever in Public Buildings or Works or in the materials " used therein," and to direct further, that if any Officer succeeding to the charge of the Engineer Corps shall at the time of such succession have any concern of that nature, he be immediately relieved from it."

138.—" You will consider these Orders as having effect from the date of your receipt of this Letter, a Copy of which we desire you will send to the other Presidencies for their information and guidance."

" Letter from 25th February 1812—(8). Major George Hickson Fagan appointed Adjutant General with the official rank of Lieutenant Colonel, vice Lieutenant Colonel Ball deceased.

Para. 139.—" Having taken into our most serious consideration the numerous instances which have lately occurred of appointing Officers of short standing and of inferior rank to the most important and distinguished situations in our Military Service, and being convinced that such a practice is no less injurious to that subordination of mind on which discipline is founded than it is prejudicial to the interests and hurtful to the feelings, of old and deserving Officers, we have come to the following resolutions."

1st.—" No officer shall be eligible to hold the situation of Adjutant or Quarter Master General, Military Auditor General, or Commissary General, who has not previously attained the rank of Major in the Army, either regimentally or by the operation of His Majesty's Brevet."

2dly.—" No officer shall be eligible for the appointment of Deputy Adjutant or Deputy Quarter Master General, Deputy Military Auditor or Deputy Commissary General, who has not been at least two years a Captain."

3d.—" No Officer shall be appointed to the situation of Assistant Adjutant or Quarter Master General, who has not attained the rank of Captain."

140.—" We observe by your last Army List that Major Fagan is second Captain in the 25th Regiment of Native Infantry, and that his rank of Major was merely official, he having for some time held the office of Deputy Adjutant General of your Army."

140.—(A) " Under the Regulations above prescribed Major Fagan would not have

have been eligible to the situation of Adjutant General, and we should have been glad that so important an office had been conferred upon some Officers of longer standing in our Service."

141.—"As, however, we understand Major Fagan to be a very meritorious Officer, that he officiated for some time as acting Adjutant General, and that he lost an arm on service, we shall not think it necessary to enforce the Regulations now laid down in his instance, but content ourselves with enjoining your strict attention to them on all future occasions."

142.—"We shall probably resume the consideration of this subject at no very distant period, with a view to the more extensive application of the principle now laid down for your guidance. In the mean time, we desire that you will send a Copy of these Paragraphs to the other Presidencies for their information and guidance."

Letter from 8th June 1812. (1103) Requesting Court's early attention to the sentiments of the Commander in Chief on the inconveniences arising from their Orders of 7th September 1808, directing "that Officers should not be allowed to retire in India," and that the same may be revised; also the Regulations for allowing Furlough to Europe.

Para. 212. "We have perused with attention the Adjutant General's Letter of the 14th March 1812, referred to in these Paragraphs, and for the reasons stated in that Letter, we authorize you to allow Officers to retire from the Service in India on the pay of their respective ranks, after they shall have completed the regulated periods of service."

213. "On all occasions of this nature, you will be careful strictly to observe the Regulations laid down in our Military Letter of the 6th June 1798, (Para. 31), for the purpose of preventing the clandestine sales of Commissions, our apprehensions of which formed the chief ground of our Orders of the 7th September 1808, now cancelled."

217. "In addition to the Regulations on the subject of Furlough which have been at various times passed by us and communicated to you, we have come to the following resolutions, and we are not aware that any further Regulations are necessary or can with propriety be added to those now in force," viz.

That in future whenever the absence of a Military Officer from India shall exceed the period of his regular furlough, no further leave of absence shall be given to him, upon the mere production of a medical certificate, or other unauthenticated statement of circumstances; but that previous to such leave being granted, proof of the statement made by the Party in support of his application shall be adduced to the Committee of Correspondence, by personal examination or by such other evidence as shall be deemed fully satisfactory to the Committee.

218. "Also that Military Officers wishing to avail themselves of the Provisions of the Act of the 33d of His present Majesty, (Sec. 70, Cap. 52), as to the time of absence after which Civil, and Military Officers may return to our Service, must arrive in India within five years from their departure from thence, or otherwise they will not be entitled to any pay, rank or military authority; unless they shall have permission from us to return to India, having previously proved to our satisfaction and to that of the Board of Commissioners for the affairs of India, that their absence was occasioned by sickness or infirmity, or some inevitable accident."

Letter dated 29th April 1814.

"To England 15th March 1811. 39. From the failure of Messrs. Chase and Co. the sum due from them on account of Columbo prize money will only be recovered as directed in part."

3.—"With a view to prevent losses of this kind to the Company hereafter, as well as with a view to the security of the interests of our Officers and Soldiers, we direct that the proceeds of all Prize Property be in future lodged in the Treasury; and we authorize you to allow such a rate of Interest on these sums as shall at the time of deposit appear to be equitable and proper."

"To England 13th April 1811. 5. Military Board's reply to certain Paras. of Court's Letter of 21st April 1809, forwarded."

171.—"The explanations of the Military Board upon the several subjects referred to in this Para. preclude the necessity of any further observation upon them, except upon that which relates to the supplying Officers with Quarters at certain fixed rents."

172.—We conceive it to be highly improbable that the Company can supply Officers with Quarters at as low a rate as they can supply themselves, even if the Quarters were always occupied and the rent consequently permanent."

173.—"We are also of opinion, that if even the expense of repairing the Quarters for Officers at Wallajahbad and other places were covered by the rent received, it would still be desirable to relieve the Military Board and the Government from an unnecessary superintendence of Buildings, which the Officers can with equal facility take care of themselves."

174.—"Upon

174.—" Upon these principles the Government of Bengal some years ago directed all Officers Quarters not situated in Garrisons or fortified Posts to be sold, and we have every reason to suppose that the Company has benefited by that arrangement."

175.—" We observe also that your Military Board themselves remark (Para. 10 of their Letter dated the 11th March 1811,) that " at Stations where there are no " Public Quarters the Officers of the Army generally erect houses for their own ac- " commodation, and there can be little doubt but that this measure is conducive to " the health and consequent efficiency of the Army."

176.—" We therefore direct that all Quarters erected for Officers at Posts not fortified under your Presidency, be sold at such rates as may be recommended by the Military Board and approved by you."

G. O. C. C. IN INDIA, 26TH NOVEMBER 1814.

The following Extract from General Orders by the Commander in Chief in India, dated Head Quarters, Cawnpore, 13th April 1813, is published to the Army for general information.

" It having in some instances been represented that from the want of His Majesty's " Regulations, Inspecting Officers have not been able to make that clear and dis- " tinct report which is required of them, The Commander in Chief is pleased to di- " rect that previous to the inspection taking place, the Commanding Officer of the " Corps to be reported on, will furnish the Inspecting Officer with His Majesty's " Regulations on this head, and of every other order relative thereto, which he may " have received—and whenever circumstances shall occur to prevent the Inspection " being made at the periods prescribed by the Regulations, viz. the early part of the " months of May and October in each year, His Excellency desires that the cause " of it may be specified in the Confidential Report, which, with every other docu- " ment connected therewith, are required to be made on Paper of the demi-size, in " order to correspond with the size of the Inspection Returns."

G. O. G. 4TH NOVEMBER 1814.

1. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to establish the following Regulations.

2. The Regimental Horses of Cavalry Officers, whether of His Majesty's or the Honorable Company's Service, holding Staff appointments, employed at a distance from the Regiments, are in future to be mustered at the same periods as directed for Camp Equipage, viz. in January, May, and September of each year, and by the same Mustering Officers; an additional column is accordingly to be included in the Muster and Inspection Report, headed " Regimental Horse;" the Horse and Tent allowances of the above Officers, are in future to be drawn in the same abstract with their Regimental Pay and Allowances, in order that one Muster and Inspection Report may answer for both charges: it is also directed that the 16th and 18th Paragraphs, Page 370, of the Code of Pay Regulations, regarding the Muster of Camp Equipage, shall in future be considered applicable to the Chargers, which Cavalry Officers may have with them when absent from their Corps or Stations.

3. The Detail of Native Cavalry composing the Escort of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, as also the Orderly Non-Commissioned or Troopers with the Adjutant General and Quarter Master General of the Army at the Presidency, will continue to receive batta while so employed and detached from their Corps.

4. Officers and Men (European or Native) when unavoidably left sick on the march of a Corps from Jaulnah, Secunderabad, or Poonah, or from situations where the Troops had been in receipt of full batta, are to be considered entitled to a continuance of their batta, so long as their inability to proceed to join their Corps, or to some of the fixed Stations of the Army, shall be certified by the Senior Medical Authority on the spot, whose certificate in all such cases, is to accompany the Abstracts of

of the Officers and Men who may draw batta under the above circumstances—the usual travelling batta is also authorized, according to the distance the Parties may have to proceed to join.

5. The Private Secretary to the Honorable the Governor (if a Military Officer) is to be considered as included in the List of Officers mentioned in the 5th Paragraph, page 367, of the Code of Pay Regulations: and is accordingly to draw House Rent in future in lieu of Tent Allowance.

6. When European Officers are ordered to proceed with Details of Native Troops under the circumstances stated in the 1st Paragraph of the General Order, 28th May 1813, they are to be considered entitled to the same indulgence in regard to advances of Pay and Allowances as the Native Troops therein specified.

7. The allowances for the Carriage of Regimental Books and the Carriage of Medicines on account of the Corps of Pioneers (or Detachments from it) are only to be drawn when on actual Field Service, or marching from one Station to another, and not when employed in Garrison or Cantonment, although the Corps is always on full batta.

8. The last Paragraph of the 21st or Supplementary Section of the Code of Pay Regulations, page 426, (regarding allowances to Officers relieved and to those relieving) is cancelled, and the following Regulation established in lieu thereof.

"When one Officer succeeds another in the Command or Charge of a Station, "Corps or Detachment to which full or superior batta, table or any other allowance "is annexed, the Officer relieved is to draw the regulated allowances up to the date "inclusive, on which he is relieved; and his Successor (or the Officer who relieves "him) is to draw them from the day following that on which such relief takes "place."

9. Bills on the Accountant General for the Regimental Pay and Allowances of Officers of His Majesty's Service, absent from their Regiments on staff duty, &c. as also on account of Detachments, as authorized by the 6th and 11th Paragraphs of the General Order, 14th September 1813, are to be drawn at sight, and issued by Paymasters of Stations, on the 1st of each month, if required, by Regimental Paymasters, in order that they may be forwarded to the Parties so as to reach them at the period prescribed for the payment of the Troops, or as soon after it as possible; the Regimental Paymasters in such cases giving receipts for the amount, and in the event of want of vouchers or other objection to support the charges for such Officers Pay and Allowances when the General Abstracts of the Regiments are paid, the Station-Paymasters are authorized to make a deduction of the amount until the deficient vouchers are procured, or the objections otherwise removed.

G. O. G. 18TH NOVEMBER 1814.

It having been represented that some misunderstanding exists with regard to the mode of recovery of advances made to Officers while absent at other Presidencies, and as it appears by the 6th, 7th and 8th Paragraphs, pages 383 and 384, of the Code of Pay Regulations, that those advances are so regulated as to be in effect, the same as if the Officers were to draw their full pay and allowances while absent; it is directed that the 7th and 8th Paras. page 2, of the above Code shall be considered as rescinded, and that on the return of Officers from leave of absence at other Presidencies, the full amount of the advances which they may receive shall be deducted from the arrears which would otherwise be due to them, or if the advances should under any unforeseen circumstances exceed the arrears, no pay and allowances whatever are to be issued to such Officers until the advances shall have been adjusted.

G. O. G. 29TH NOVEMBER 1814.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council permits Captain James Stuart Fraser of the 18th Regiment of Native Infantry, to resign the appointment of Town Major of Fort St. George.

Deeply

Deeply impressed with a sense of the superior ability, unremitting assiduity, and correct judgment with which Captain Fraser has executed the peculiarly complicated duties of that important situation, the Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders his high approbation of the distinguished conduct of that Officer in every branch of his public employments;—and further to add, that the late Governor, Lieutenant General Abercromby, equally expressed the great estimation in which he held the valuable services of Captain Fraser.

The regret which the Governor feels for the removal of Captain Fraser from the situation of Town Major, is in some degree alleviated by his having accepted an appointment on the Governor's personal Staff, as Aide-de-Camp on the establishment,—to which he wil remain attached until further orders.

G. O. G. 6th December 1814.

With reference to the G. O. by Government dated the 29th October 1813, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to explain that Superintending Engineers, when absent off the Coast from their Station, whether on duty, on furlough, or on sick certificate, are not to be considered as entitled to receive the allowance (batta and salary) thereby granted to Superintending Engineers of Divisions or of more Stations than one; but that the Officer who may be appointed to take charge of the duties of the Division or Station, and who becomes responsible for the works under execution, shall be permitted to draw the established allowance according to his rank. It is not, however, intended by this order to deprive Superintending Engineers of the allowances when absent from their Division or Station to the Presidency, or to any other Station for a limited period, as in such case the works will be carried on by their Assistants or some other Officer to be approved of by the Military Board, at their responsibility.

G. O. G. 6th December 1814.

Cornet W. Hamilton of the 4th Regiment of Native Cavalry, who had obtained (in G. O. dated 20th August 1813,) the Prize for a superior degree of proficiency in the Hindoostanee language, having been reported, on his recent examination in the Persian language, to have entitled himself to the further distinction proclaimed in General Orders dated the 17th November 1812; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has great satisfaction in recognizing his claim to the additional reward for the attainment of the Persian language, and directs that it be accordingly presented to that Officer.

The undermentioned Officers are reported by the Committee for the examination of Military Students, to have severally attained the requisite degree of proficiency in the Hindoostanee language; and the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the usual honorary reward be granted to them accordingly, viz.

Lieutenant Hibgame of the 15th Native Infantry.
Mr. Assistant Surgeon P. Scott.
Lieutenant R. C. Mantell of the 10th Native Infantry.
Ensign E. B. Bosc of the 2d Native Infantry.
Lieutenant Fireworker Warre of the 1st Battalion of Artillery.
Lieutenant Pew of the 20th Native Infantry, and
Lieutenant Ardagh of the 14th Native Infantry.

G. O. C. C. 10TH DECEMBER 1814.

The Commander in Chief considers it necessary to explain in General Orders, that the allowance granted to Officers when Commanding two or more Corps, does not authorize them to appoint Brigade Staff or to incur any further expense without the special sanction of Government obtained through the Commander in Chief.

In general, small Corps of that description cannot require the service of more than their permanent Regimental Staff, and an Adjutant of the Day or Week ought to be nominated to issue the Detachment Orders, and conduct the Details.

G. O. C. C. 10TH DECEMBER 1814.

Much inconvenience having been experienced from the transfer of Men, from His Majesty's to the Company's Service, unknown to Head Quarters; it is directed, that in future no Officer shall apply to Commandants of His Majesty's Regiments to obtain the discharge or transfer of any Man in view to their appointment to Staff situations in the Company's Service, without the previous sanction of His Excellency the Commander in Chief having been obtained, by application through the Adjutant General of the Army.

G. O. C. C. 17TH DECEMBER 1814.

The Commander in Chief is pleased, under the sanction of the Government, to direct, that the following alterations with respect to the number and frequency of Reports, and Returns, heretofore transmitted to the Adjutant General, and Quarter Master General, of the Army, shall take place on and from the 31st Instant.

TO THE ADJUTANT GENERAL.

Description of Report or Return.	Heretofore.	Henceforth.
Returns of Detachments of Regiments and Battalions	Transmitted monthly by Commanding Officers respectively	Not required.
Reports of Sepoy or Lascar Recruits, stating the age, size, and probable time of each becoming effective	Accompanying the Monthly Returns for May and December	Not required.
Returns specifying the number, and state of the Clothing, Arms, and Accoutrements, of Man and Horse of each Regiment of Native Cavalry	Sent in on the 1st of January and 1st of July	Not required.
Reports from each Regiment of Cavalry, of the number of Horses proposed to be Cast in the succeeding month	Accompanying the Returns for December in each year	Not required.
Returns for Garrisons and Stations, of the description of Persons mentioned in General Orders by Government dated the 4th April 1808.	Transmitted Quarterly	Not required.

TO THE QUARTER MASTER GENERAL.

Description of Report or Return.	Heretofore.	Henceforth.
Returns of Detachments of Regiments or Battalions.	Transmitted monthly.	Not required.
Reports of Progress by Officers Commanding Corps or Detachments on route.	Forwarded every fourth day.	To be transmitted weekly.
Reports of all movements within their respective Divisions from the Quarter Master Staff.	Sent in weekly.	To be dispensed with.

Corresponding alterations will also take effect from the 31st Instant, with reference to the Reports, and Returns, heretofore transmitted, to the Brigade Majors, and Quarter Masters of Divisions; as also, where applicable, from the latter Officers to the Quarter Master General of the Army.

Regimental Returns of Native Infantry, will, in future, be transmitted only to the Colonel, *when in India*; if therefore the Colonel be not in India, the Return from the Junior, to the Senior Battalion, will consequently be dispensed with.

G. O. G. 20TH DECEMBER 1814.

In consequence of the late change of system adopted in the Honorable Company's Import Warehouse, and in order to continue to the Native Troops the indulgence granted to them by the General Order of the 15th March 1797, of being supplied with Blue Broad Cloth for their Turbands, at the rates therein fixed;

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased, at the recommendation of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, to authorize the following deviation from the G. O. of the 15th March 1797, above stated.

The Indents for the quantity of Cloth required by Corps respectively, for supplying new Turbands to the Native Officers and Men, are in future to be made on the Agent for Army Clothing, and not on the Import Warehouse keeper, and instead of being transmitted as heretofore, to the Secretary to the Military Board, they are to be forwarded to the Adjutant General of the Army, to be checked and countersigned in his Office.

On Indents checked and countersigned as above directed, being forwarded to the Agent, he will issue the Cloth required, on payment, at the rates specified in the General Order of the 15th March 1797, and he will debit in his accounts, the difference between the regulated price fixed in that Order, and the invoice price at which, he receives it, from the Honorable Company's Stores.

G. O. G. 20TH DECEMBER 1814.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following alterations and modifications of the existing rules of the Service, with respect to the Reports and Returns transmitted to the Military Board, shall take effect on and from the 1st of January 1815.

FROM CORPS.

The annual Returns of Arms and Accoutrements to be dispensed with.

FROM ORDNANCE OFFICERS.

Returns of Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers, Store Lascars, and Artificers, with Muster Rolls attached, to be transmitted Quarterly instead of Monthly.

Monthly Return of unserviceable Fire Arms in Store to be dispensed with.

Monthly Returns of Articles deficient in the Accoutrements received from different Corps to be dispensed with.

FROM

FROM THE PUBLIC AGENT FOR ORDNANCE CARRIAGES.

Returns of Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers, Store Lascars, European and Native Artificers, with Muster Rolls and of Asylum Boys apprenticed, to be transmitted Quarterly instead of Monthly.

FROM OFFICERS COMMANDING STATIONS.

Monthly Returns of Guard-room Furniture to be transmitted Quarterly instead of Monthly, under the proviso, that Officers Commanding, shall report any injuries sustained, and forward if necessary, Indents for exchange.

G. O. G. 20TH DECEMBER 1814.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to establish Regimental Canteens, at all Stations where European Regiments are posted; and to direct that the following Regulations, be adopted for their management, and economy.

1st—Wholesome Spirits; in such quantities, as may be indented for under the countersignature of Commanding Officers of Corps, will be issued from the Public Stores, for the use of the Canteens, at thirty (30) Fanams per Gallon, and be retailed in the Canteens at the advanced rate of thirty-six (36) Fanams per Gallon; the profits arising therefrom, to be applied towards forming a General Regimental Canteen Fund, to defray the expenses of Servants, Furniture, &c. &. required for the Canteen.

2d—The accounts of the Canteen, are to be kept by the Regimental Quarter Master, under the control of the Commanding Officer; and will be made up monthly, shewing the consumption at the Canteen, and a balance account of the Establishment for the month.

A Quarterly Committee, is also to be ordered for the inspection of the accounts, and will sign them.

3d—The Canteen accounts, are, at each Review and Inspection of the Corps to be submitted to the Reviewing Officer, who will give such orders as may appear necessary to improve the interior management of the Canteen, and make a report for the Commander in Chief's information of every circumstance connected with the establishment, that may appear to deserve notice.

4th—Government will provide separate Rooms at each Canteen for the accommodation of the Non-Commissioned and for the Rank and File; also, Bar Store Room and Godown, with Tables and Benches.

The Buildings will be considered as public property, and kept in repair by Government; but Tables and Benches will only be supplied at the public expense, when new are required. They are to be kept in repair from the proceeds of the Canteen Fund.

5th—The expense of lighting the Canteen, and providing lamps, is to be defrayed by the Fund.

6th—A Canteen Serjeant, with the requisite proportion of Servants, will be appointed and regulated by the Commanding Officer on such monthly wages, as he may deem proper to fix, the payments being charged to the Canteen Fund.

7th—All articles of Canteen Furniture, will be supplied from the proceeds of the Fund, by order of the Commanding Officer, and all loss from breakage, or otherwise by Persons frequenting the Canteen, will be charged against them, calculated at 50 per cent. on the price of the Articles.—When the articles are replaced, the overplus of this fine, is to go to the Canteen Fund.

The Canteen Serjeant to be charged with and held responsible for the care and safe custody of all Canteen Stores, Furniture, &c. &c. &c.

8th—All expenditure for articles for the Canteen, including Servants wages, is to be authorized by the Commanding Officer and published in the Regimental Orderly Book.

9th—When the state of the Fund will admit of it, Commanding Officers may sanction such disbursements as they may judge proper, to provide articles for the amusement, and recreation of the men frequenting the Canteen, such as

News Papers,
Skittles,
Nine Pins,
Quoits,

Bats

Bats and Balls and Rackets, Long Bullets, &c. &c. &c. Such articles to be kept at the Canteen under the charge of the Serjeant.

10th—The order of the Commanding Officer, notified in the Orderly Book of the Corps, will be the Quarter Master's authority, to provide, and charge for all articles required for the Canteen.

11th—When the Commanding Officer may think proper to authorize the purchase of Wine, or Beer or other Spirits than those supplied by the Commissariat, they are to be provided by the Quarter Master, and (after approval by a Committee to be ordered for that purpose,) will be retailed, at a profit to be determined by the Commanding Officer, half of which is to be allowed to the Quarter Master and the other half to go to the benefit of the Fund.

12th—The Canteen Serjeant will be permitted to retail at a moderate and reasonable profit such petty articles of supply, as Sugar, Limes, Bread, Butter, Cheese, Saltfish, Cold meats, Fruits, Coffee, Tea, Tobacco, &c. from which profits he will provide the Canteen, with Crockery ware, Kettles, Fuel, &c. receiving such occasional assistance from the Fund, as the state of it may warrant and the discretion of the Commanding Officer may deem proper to afford.

13th—Stamped measures, will be furnished to all Canteens from the public stores in requisite proportions, and on regular Indents signed by the Quarter Master and countersigned by the Commanding Officer.

14th—The Commissariat Department, in communication with Commanding Officers will fix the quantities of Spirits to be supplied from time to time for the use of the Canteens of each Corps respectively, regulating the issues, as conveniently as practicable, without at one time, issuing too large a proportion of Liquor.

15th—All supplies of Spirits by the Commissariat for the use of Canteens, are to be subject to survey, by a Committee, if required previously to being issued; but, such Committees are, where it may be practicable to be General and not Regimental ones. Should, therefore, Spirits tendered for issue be objected to, the Commissariat Officer will apply to the Officers Commanding the Station, for a Committee to survey and report upon it. Proceedings of such Committees, to be laid before the Officer Commanding the Station, and a *Duplicate* thereof furnished to the Commissariat Officer on the spot.

16th—All accounts, with the Commissarat Department for Spirits supplied to Canteens, are to be made up and settled monthly, by Quarter Masters of Corps; and the amount adjusted, with the Commissariat Officer, at the station where the issues are made.

17th—Canteens are to remain open, from 8 in the morning, until 11 in the forenoon; and again from 5 in the evening until Tatoo beating, when they are to be shut up and lights extinguished.

18th—On particular occasions, however, Commanding Officers may exercise their own discretion in permitting the Canteens of their respective Corps to be kept open, during such hours as they may fix, and which will always be noted in Orders.

19th—Canteens are invariably to be kept shut, on Sundays, and holy days during the performance of Divine Service.

20th—No credit is ever to be given at any Canteen, but all articles must be paid for on delivery.

21st—The price of every article for sale at the Canteen, shall be fixed by order of the Commanding Officer, and a list of prices in large characters, signed by his order, is to be hung up, in a conspicuous part of the Canteen, for general information.

22d.—Canteens are to be considered exclusively for the use of the Soldiers of the Regiment, to which the Canteen is attached, and no Soldiers of other Regiments are to be permitted to enter, without a regular pass; but at all Stations, where European Detachments may be doing duty, and which from their limited numbers, cannot have a Canteen to themselves, the Officer Commanding will make such arrangements with the Corps to which the Canteen belongs, as he may consider most judicious, and best adapted to ensure the Non-Commissioned Rank and File of such Detachments a due and fair participation in the comforts and advantages of the Canteen.

23d—The issue of daily Drams to European Troops will be continued at the fixed rates, but Commanding Officers will be careful to exclude from that indulgence, (for such periods as they may think proper,) all Soldiers who may abuse it by selling or bartering their drams.

24th—Men confined to the Guard or Conjee house, or such others as Commanding Officers may, as a punishment, exclude from the daily Indents for Arrack, are not to be allowed, during such period, to receive any supplies from the Canteen.

25th—Care

25th—Care must be taken, that the daily Indents for Arrack, include *only* such Men as will make a proper use of it, and Men who may desire *half allowance* from any cause, will be included accordingly.

26th---No Individual who may appear to be intoxicated, is to be permitted to remain longer in a Canteen; and all persons attending a Canteen, are to be cleanly dressed, either in Regimentals or fatigue dress as may be established Regimentally.

27th—Gambling is to be strictly prohibited, in every Canteen, but playing and every kind of amusement, consistent with good order and decorum, is to be encouraged as much as possible.

28th—The opening and shutting of a Canteen is to be regularly reported to the Captain or Subaltern of the Day, who will frequently visit the Canteen during their tours of duty, and report to Commanding Officers respectively.

29th—Commanding Officers will establish the most vigilant system of control over the Canteens, and those entrusted with the accounts, to prevent all unauthorized profit, or advantage.

30th---Canteen Serjeants are to be held responsible, that the greatest attention be observed as well to neatness and cleanliness in the apartments of the Canteen, as in the furniture and utensils of it.

31st---No Canteen Serjeant is to be permitted to hold any other situation, either Regimentally or otherwise.

32d---Canteen Serjeants on particular occasions, and under the authority of Commanding Officers, may furnish Dinners and Suppers at the Canteen; and the charges made on this account will be regulated upon principles of economy, and moderate profit, approved of by the Commanding Officer.

33d---Canteens shall be open to all regular and good Soldiers, but the comfort and accommodation of them, shall be denied to, and withheld from Men of bad character, those in debt, or such as are in the habits of making away with their necessaries.

34th---No man on duty, is ever, on any account to be permitted to enter a Canteen, unless in the execution of his duty, nor is he to be allowed to receive any thing from it.

35th---The establishment of Canteens being made, with a view to the comfort, recreation and health of the European Troops, it is expected that every exertion will be made to ensure regularity, and a good internal economy in their management. Frequent personal inspections, and a vigilant superintendence by those who may be entrusted with it, can alone ensure these important objects.

The foregoing Regulations are considered sufficiently comprehensive for the general conduct of the Canteen establishment; but Commanding Officers are authorized, to frame such further Regulations, as, from time, and experience, they may find advisable, to ensure order, regularity and decency of conduct; they will appoint such Visiting Officers, and Guards as may appear necessary, and prescribe such rules for the behaviour of Men frequenting the Canteens, as well as for excluding such, as are unworthy from irregularity, and disorderly habits, as may be found useful and judicious.

The general superintendence, and watchful interest of Officers in Command of Divisions, and Stations, will greatly contribute to the fulfilment of objects so very desirable; and it may reasonably be expected, (indeed it can hardly be doubted,) that a wise and careful application of the Funds, procuring for the Soldier every rational comfort, recreation, and amusement, cannot fail of effectually checking, and finally eradicating a vicious propensity to excess, and shameful debauchery by employing the Soldier, and affording the well-disposed, an opportuity of spending their leisure hours with pleasure and advantage to themselves.

The Soldiers will be gradually weaned, from fatal intemperance and inclination to vice, and those awful examples of punishment, the certain consequence of Crimes, which but too often arise from the effects of degrading intoxication, will no longer exist, nor tarnish the moral character and virtues of the European Army on this Establishment.

36th—The situations for the Buildings to be erected for Canteens, will be fixed upon without delay by Officers Commanding Divisions and Stations, in communication with, and under instructions from the Quarter Master General of the Army.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 20th December 1814.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council, finding that notwithstanding the G. O. of the 20th February 1800 and 10th August 1805, claims of very long standing, continue to be preferred against the Public by Native Soldiers and their families, which if brought forward in proper time might have been ascertained with certainty, and adjusted without difficulty, but at this distant period can only be investigated at much labour, and determined upon on doubtful grounds ; is pleased to direct, that all claims originating more than three years ago, for arrears of any description, for compensation for short issues of Provisions to the Native Troops employed in the Eastern Islands, or for any other demand whatever, shall be rejected if not preferred to the proper authorities before the 15th May next, and that in future no such claims shall be admitted if brought forward later than three years after their existence.

This Order is not intended to interfere with those of the 30th November 1812, and 11th October 1814, which have already limited the periods within which claims to Prize Money, and to Pensions on the part of Heirs of Native Soldiers killed in action, or deceased on Foreign Service, will be received.

The Commander in Chief is requested to direct that the provisions of this Order be fully explained to every Native Corps on the Establishment.

G. O. G. 3d January 1815.

His Excellency The Commander in Chief having laid before the Government an Extract of a Letter, dated the 3d of August 1814, from the President of the General Court Martial, which had assembled in Fort St. George for the Trial of Major Sir Charles Burdett, Bart. of His Majesty's 56th Foot, wherein serious inefficiency and misconduct were imputed to the Commissariat attached to the Field Force lately serving under the Command of Lieutenant Colonel Dowse in the Southern Mahratta Country ;—it was determined, on His Excellency's recommendation, that the subject should undergo the fullest investigation. The Commander in Chief was accordingly requested to order a Committee of Officers to assemble for that purpose ; and further to direct specific and precise charges to be prepared from the record of the Proceedings of the Court Martial, comprising the whole of the matters and circumstances, that were to form the subject of enquiry before them.

PRESIDENT.
Lieutenant General Pater.
MEMBERS.
Lieutenant Colonel Everard, H. M. 34th Regiment.
Major Fraser, H. M. Royal Scots.
Major Munro, Rifle Corps
Captain M'Leod, Deputy Quarter Master General Hyderabad Subsidiary Force ; afterwards relieved by Captain Rudyerd, Horse Artillery.

A Committee, consisting of the Officers named in the margin, was appointed by the Commander in Chief ; and they were instructed by His Excellency to proceed to the examination of the following points.

1st.—" Whether the Meat issued to the European Troops composing the said Force, was at all times such as was wholesome and fit for the subsistence of Soldiers.

2d—" Whether the Meat, particularly the Mutton, was of equal, superior or inferior, quality, to what has, in the general course of Service, been issued to the European Troops under this Presidency.

3d—" Whether the animal Provisions issued to the European Troops were, on any occasion during the said service, of a quality which could have conduced to the sickness and mortality which prevailed in His Majesty's 56th Regiment.

4th—" Whether the Force was in a country generally favorable for the supply of Mutton, whether it afforded ample supplies of that article without drawing them from a distance ; and, if the supplies were exceptionable, whether the Commissariat adopted effectual means of procuring the best supplies of Meat the country afforded.

5th—" Whether the Meat retailed in the Bazars, was procured in the country through which the Force moved ; and whether Sheep sufficient for the daily supply of the European Troops were procurable from the Villages or in the Camp Bazars.

6th—" If the Meat issued to the Europeans be considered as wholesome and fit for

for the Troops, to what cause is the sickness and mortality amongst the Men of His Majesty's 56th Regiment to be ascribed ? and to what extent did sickness prevail in the Detachment of His Majesty's 25th Dragoons, the Artillery, and the Detachment of the Royal Regiment, comparatively with His Majesty's 56th Regiment.

7th—" Are the complaints of the Men of His Majesty's 56th Regiment of the bad quality of the Meat, to be ascribed to any want of attention or unwillingness on the part of the Commissariat Officers to furnish to that Corps, Meat of as good a quality as was supplied to the other European Troops ; or what circumstances may, in the opinion of the Committee, have originated those complaints.

8th—" Whether the sale of Country Arrack and Spirituous Liquors was regulated according to the usages of the Service, and whether the usual restrictions were duly preserved and enforced as far as depended on the Commissariat ; and if proper and effectual means were adopted, to prevent the sale of Arrack, &c. to the European Troops.

9th—" Whether the Police Establishment in Camp was properly conducted and calculated, as far as rested with the Commissariat, to prevent the introduction and sale of Pariah Arrack to the European Troops ; and if so, to what cause is to be ascribed, the facility with which it was obtained by the Soldiers."

The Committee, after the most minute investigation, delivered in their Proceedings ; which concluded with their opinion on the several points referred for their consideration, as follows :—

" The Court having maturely considered the Evidence, and Documents before them, are of opinion as follows :

1st—" That the Beef issued to the European Troops composing the Force lately serving in the Southern Mahratta Country under the Command of Lieutenant Colonel Dowse, was at all times good ; and that the Mutton was wholesome, and although generally lean, fit to be issued to Soldiers, considering the circumstances under which the Force was situated.

2d.—It appears from the testimony of Officers, who have been on Field Service on former occasions in this Country, that the Mutton was of equal quality to what has been hitherto issued to European Troops under this Presidency when similarly situated ; nevertheless, the Court are not surprised that the Mutton should have been considered of an inferior quality by a Corps never before on Field Service in this Country.

3d—That the animal Provisions issued to the European Troops were, on no occasion during the Service, of a quality which could have conduced to the sickness and mortality which prevailed in His Majesty's 56th Regiment.

4th—That the Force was not in a country favourable for the supply of Mutton, that it did not afford ample supplies of that article without drawing it from a distance, and that the Commissariat Officer used every means in his power to furnish to the Troops the best Mutton to be procured.

5th—That a small proportion of the Mutton retailed in the Bazar of the Camp, might have been procured in the country through which the Force moved ; but that a sufficient supply of Sheep for the daily issue to the European Troops, could not be procured either in the Villages or Camp Bazar.

6th—That the sickness and mortality which prevailed in His Majesty's 56th Regiment, is to be ascribed to the following causes, as stated by the Medical Officers who have given evidence.

The immoderate use of Spirits. The difference between Garrison and Field duty, and exposure to vicissitude of climate.

To a large proportion of Recruits having joined the Regiment just previous to its march.

To the Men not reporting themselves when taken ill.

To the very wet weather at first marching, and many of the Men being afflicted with venereal complaints.

To the loss of a great part of the Men's baggage and bedding by the failure of a private Bullock Contractor.

The comparative sickness in the different European Corps in Camp, between October 1812 and March 1813, is detailed in a table furnished by Mr. Fallowfield, Staff Surgeon to the Force, in sheet No. 17 of the Proceedings ; and of the whole of the European Troops, including the Royal Regiment, in Nos. 7 and 8 of Appendix received from the Medical Board.

7th.—It does not appear to the Court that there was any want of attention or any unwillingness

unwillingness on the part of the Commissariat Officer to furnish to the 56th Regiment, Meat of as good a quality as was furnished to the rest of the Troops; or that there was any preference shewn.

8th.—That the sale of Country Arrack and Spirituous Liquors was regulated according to the usage of the Service, and that the usual restrictions were duly enforced and observed as far as depended on the Commissariat Officer; but that all his exertions were ineffectual to prevent the introduction of Arrack into Camp.

9th.—That the establishment of 1 Choudry and 12 Dundias employed in the Bazar under the Commissariat Officer, was properly conducted as far as rested with him to prevent the sale and introduction of Arrack; and that the facility with which it was obtained by the Soldiers, is to be ascribed to the great abundance manufactured in the Country, and to the quantity smuggled into Camp notwithstanding all exertions to prevent it.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
November 22, 1814.

(Signed) J. PATER, Lieutenant General and President of the Court of Enquiry:
" J. M. EVERARD, Lieut. Colonel, 34th Regt.
" T. FRASER, Major, Royal Scots.
" W. MUNRO, Major, Rifle Corps.
" H. RUDYERD, Captain, Horse Artillery.

BY ORDER.
(Signed) T. H. S. CONWAY,
Adjutant General of the Army."

In laying their Proceedings before the Government, The Commander in Chief has expressed his sentiments on the subject in the following terms.

TO THE CHIEF SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
FORT ST. GEORGE.

SIR,

In obedience to the orders of Government contained in their Minutes of Council under date the 16th August 1814, His Excellency the Commander in Chief assembled a Committee for the purpose of enquiring into the alleged abuses in the Commissariat Department with the Field Force lately serving in the Southern Mahratta Country, as set forth in an Extract of a Letter from Major General Hare, President of the General Court Martial assembled for the Trial of Major Sir Charles Burdett of His Majesty's 56th Regiment; and the Proceedings of which Committee I have now, by desire of His Excellency, the honor to forward, for the purpose of their being laid before the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

In forwarding these Proceedings, The Commander in Chief has desired me to remark, that in framing the instructions for the guidance of the Committee, it will be observed, that the investigation was not confined to any specific accusation of neglect or abuse; but on the contrary, that it embraced a most minute and severe scrutiny into the conduct of the Department of the Commissariat under the immediate charge of Deputy Assistant Commissary General J. Stewart; and as the Committee, which was composed of experienced Officers of both His Majesty's and the Honorable Company's Service, have executed the duty confided to them, with great zeal, labour, and impartiality, the result will prove the more satisfactory to Government, and honorable to Captain Stewart; more particularly when it is remembered, that their opinions are founded on the evidence of respectable and experienced Officers, many of whom had not before been examined, and those who were, had been but partially so; although Officers must at all times be more dispassionate judges of abuses in a Provision or Police Department than the Private Soldiers, and the Commander in Chief on these grounds, as well as for the reasons stated in the Letter of Instructions to the Committee, thought proper to notify his opinion, that the examination of Privates should be as limited as possible.

After an attentive perusal of the Proceedings, The Commander in Chief is fully satisfied, that the Commissariat Department under Captain Stewart, was conducted with great ability, zeal and attention to the interests of the Public Service; that the arrangements made by that Officer were well calculated to ensure the issue of good and wholesome Provisions; and there does not exist a doubt on His Excellency's mind, that the Meat was in every respect such as, under all the circumstances of the Campaign, was the best procurable.

The testimony of the Medical Gentlemen, as well as their reports at the period in question, copies of which accompany the Proceedings, are so decisive of the causes which led to the very great sickness and mortality in His Majesty's 56th Regiment, that

that the Commander in Chief does not find it necessary to touch upon this point further, than to observe, that there is not the slightest grounds to imagine, that the sickness could be attributed, in the most remote degree, to the quality or quantity of the Provisions issued to the Troops.

On reference to the Proceedings it will be observed, that the Committee have carefully investigated every circumstance connected with the sale of Arrack, and as the facility with which it was procured by the Europeans forms one of the principal points to which the attention of the Committee was directed, The Commander in Chief considers it due to Captain Stewart to state, that every preventive arrangement was adopted that depended on that Officer; and His Excellency, adverting to the nature of the country through which the Force under Lieutenant Colonel Dowse moved, to the vicinity of the Mysore Camp, over which no efficient control could be exercised, is of opinion, that it was not practicable for the Public Authorities effectually to guard against the sale of Arrack to the Europeans beyond the limits of the Camp; and experience proves, that the only preventative against the intemperate use of Spirituous Liquors in Camp, is by restraining the Men from straggling beyond a reasonable distance from their Tents—a duty solely dependent on their Officers.

In conclusion, I have the honor to express the sentiments of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, that there has not appeared a single fact, which can in the least weaken the strong claim of Captain Stewart to the fullest confidence and approbation of Government; and Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop derives much satisfaction in being enabled to record on the result of this investigation, that the Commissariat Department was conducted with the greatest zeal, intelligence and advantage to the public interests; and that there did not exist any just cause of complaint against either the system or its efficiency.

ADJT. GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FORT ST. GEORGE;
12*th December* 1814.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
(Signed) T. H. S. CONWAY,
Adjt. Genl. of the Army."

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having perused with attention the Proceedings of the Committee, and the various Documents which accompanied them, is pleased to publish to the Army his entire concurrence in the sentiments of the Commander in Chief; and to renew in General Orders the high commendation, which has already been bestowed upon Captain Stewart, by every authority competent, to pass an opinion on his conduct, while entrusted with the charge of the Commissariat duties with the late Lieutenant Colonel Dowse's Force in the Southern Mahratta Country.

G. O. G. 3D JANUARY 1815.

Ensign Bell, doing duty with the 2d Battalion of Artillery, being reported on his examination in the Hindoostanee language, to have manifested a very familiar and satisfactory knowledge of the Oordu dialect; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased, at the recommendation of the Committee for the examination of Military Students, to direct that the usual honorary reward be presented to that Officer.

G. O. C. C. 11TH JANUARY 1815.

Officers employed on the Recruiting Service, are directed to transmit to the Adjutant General's Office, Present States on the 1st and 15th of each month, agreeable to the annexed Form, of their Parties, specifying their strength, number of Recruits entertained since last Report; the number still required; with such other information, as they may deem advantageous to the Service.

FORM.

FORM.

STATION AND DATE.	Detail of the Recruiting Party.					Alterations since last Report.					Number wanting to complete.	REMARKS.
						Dead.	Deserted.	Entertained.	Sent to join.	Rejected & discharged.		
DETAIL.....												

(Signature of the Officer Commanding). A. B.

G. O. G. 3D JANUARY 1815.

With reference to the G. O. of the 29th May 1812, The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize the issue of Intrenching Tools to the Native Veteran Battalions, and to fix the establishment as follows :—

Axes, Pick, with Helves	....	....	16
Bill, Hooks, with handles	....	....	6
Mamoties, with handles	....	....	10
Reels, Camp, with line	....	....	1

G. O. G. 13TH JANUARY 1815.

With the view of providing more effectually for the discharge of the medical duties of the Garrisons of Trichinopoly, Masulipatam, Bellary, and Cannanore, where there are also extensive Military Cantonments, and of insuring a more convenient distribution of the services of the Medical Establishment ; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to determine, that from the 1st January 1815, Full Surgeons shall be appointed to those Garrisons, with the Monthly Staff allowance of 50 Star Pagodas.

The Garrison Surgeons appointed to Trichinopoly, Masulipatam, Bellary, and Cannanore, will be charged with the duties of Deputy Medical Storekeeper, and shall draw the Staff allowances now attached to that Department.

The medical duties of the Southern, and Northern, Courts of Appeal and Circuit, shall be performed, respectively, by the Garison Surgeons of Trichinopoly and Masulipatam, who will also conduct the duties of local superintendent of Vaccination, on the allowances at present drawn, by the Senior Regimental Surgeons, for the performance of those duties.

G. O. C. C. 17TH JANUARY 1815.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to order the following alterations in the Uniform of the 13th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Colour

Colour of Facings,—Pale Buff.
Colour of Lace,—White, with Black, and Red stripes.
Colour of Clothing of Drums and Fifes, including lining,—Pale Buff with Red.
Colour of Officers Buttons and how set on,—Yellow, 2 and 2.
Officers Trimmings,—Gold.

G. O. C. C. 17TH JANUARY 1815.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, that the Rifle Corps shall be entitled to take the Right of all other Corps of Native Infantry; and that they be considered as entitled to the same privileges, as were granted to the Battalions of Light *Infantry*, by G. O. 12th November 1812.

G. O. G. 20TH JANUARY 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, on all occasions when Doolies are surveyed, the Committee shall particularly report in their Proceedings the state of the Frame work, Canvas, Rattaning and Tape of each Dooley; and if the Frame work of a Dooley shall be found perfectly serviceable, it shall be considered repairable; but in case the materials required by the Estimate, are not procurable at the Station where the Doolies are surveyed, it will then rest with the Military Board to decide upon their condemnation.

G. O. G. 21ST JANUARY 1815.

The Committee for the examination of Military Students having at the close of their Report on the examination in Hindoostanee of Lieutenant Sim, of the Corps of Engineers, pronounced his "general merit to be such as gives him an eminent title to the usual honorary reward;"—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that it be presented to that Officer accordingly.

G. O. G. 27TH JANUARY 1815.

It having been determined by Government, that Messing Furniture shall be issued for the use of the European Troops at those Stations, where there is sufficient accommodation; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the Rules prescribed for the issue, preservation, survey and repair of Barrack Cots in the 5th Section of the Commissariat Regulations, shall be considered in every respect applicable to these Tables and Forms.

The rates to be stopped for replacing Tables and Forms, or any parts of them, which may be lost, or damaged, or broken (through carelessness or neglect), are specified in the annexed Statement, a Copy of which, and of this General Order, will be added to the Paragraphs and Statements which are already required to be hung up, in every European Barrack, agreeably to the provisions of the G. O. By Government of the 24th of January 1812.

TABLE

TABLE *of* RATES *required to be stopped to replace the following Articles.*

	Each Article.			Total Amount.		
MESS TABLE.	P.	F.	C.	P.	F.	C.
4 Legs	,,	5	50	,,	22	40
2 Side Pieces upper	,,	11	20	,,	22	40
2 End Pieces	,,	7	60	,,	15	40
Top Planks	,,	,,	,,	1	31	60
2 Lower long Sides	,,	6	30	,,	12	60
2 ditto cross ditto	,,	3	00	,,	7	40
Total				3	22	40
BENCH OR FORM.						
6 Legs	,,	2	63½	,,	16	60
1 Plank	,,	,,	,,	,,	32	60
4 Side Pieces upper and lower	,,	5	50	,,	22	40
6 do do do do	,,	1	10	,,	6	60
Total				1	33	60

G. O. G. 3D FEBRUARY 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that a Depot Brigade of Horse Artillery shall be established in the Cantonment at St. Thomas's Mount, as a temporary arrangement.

The Depot will consist of the undermentioned Details.

1 Subaltern Officer,
3 Serjeants,
3 Corporals,
1 Farrier,
1 Trumpeter,
2 Gunners,
30 Matrosses,
40 Saddle } Horses.
10 Draught }
40 Saddles,
16 Sets of Harness.

The regulated number of Choudries, Horsekeepers, and Grass Cutters.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to give full and immediate effect to this Order.

G. O. G. 7TH FEBRUARY 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Extract from a Despatch from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated the 3d August 1814, for the information of the Army.

Para. 3d. " His Royal Highness The Commander in Chief, having transmitted to us

* *Establishment attached, vide G. O. 15th April* 1815, *page* 143 *Depôt Brigade abolished, vide G. O. 20th February* 1821, *Vol.* 4, *page* 104.

ve the following Resolutions of the Honorable House of Commons, we feel great satisfaction in transcribing them for your information; and we desire that the same may be communicated in the most public manner to the whole of the Troops serving under your Presidency.

MERCURIE, 6 DIE JULIE 1814.

Resolved, Nemine Contradicente.

"That the Thanks of this House be given to the Officers of the Army (including the Troops employed in the Service of the East India Company) for the meritorious and eminent services which they have rendered to their King and Country during the course of the war."

Resolved, Nemine Contradicente.

"That this House doth highly approve and acknowledge the services of the Non-Commissioned Officers and Men employed in the Army during the course of the war, and that the same be communicated to them by the Commanders of the several Corps who are respectively desired to thank those under their Command for their exemplary and gallant behaviour."

Ordered, "That Mr. Speaker do signify the said Resolutions by letter, to the Captain General and Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces."

(Signed) J. DYSON,
C. C. D. DUM. COM.

3d. "You will receive as a number in the Packet, a Copy of His Royal Highness The Commander in Chief's letter which accompanied the above Resolutions."

THE CHAIRMAN AND DEPUTY CHAIRMAN
OF THE EAST INDIA COMPANY.

GENTLEMEN,

I have to acquaint you, that the Speaker has transmitted to me the unanimous vote of Thanks of the Honorable House of Commons, to the Officers, Non Commissioned Officers, and Men employed in His Majesty's and the Honourable East India Company's Service, for the meritorious and eminent services they have rendered their King and Country during the course of the war; and although I have transmitted these Thanks to the Earl of Moira, for the purpose of being made known to all the Troops under his Command, yet it appears to me expedient that you should also be put in possession of the Resolutions of the House, (a Copy of which I herewith enclose) in order that they may be communicated to the several descriptions of Troops in the Service of the Company.

It is with peculiar satisfaction that I avail myself of this opportunity to express through the channel of the Court of Directors, the high sense I entertain of the universal good conduct displayed by the Company's European and Native Troops during the course of the arduous services upon which they have been employed.

I am,
Gentlemen,
Yours,
(Signed) FREDERICK,
Commander in Chief.

G. O. G. 3D FEBRUARY 1815.

Lieutenant Fireworker M'Kenzie of the 1st Battalion of Artillery, and Lieutenant James Michael of the 19th Native Regiment, whose proficiency in Hindoostanee was announced in General Orders dated the 23d April 1813, and 18th March 1814, to have entitled them to the usual honorary reward for the acquirement of that language; having on their recent examination in Persian acquitted themselves to the satisfaction of the Committee, who report as follows:

The translations of Mr. M'Kenzie were both free from any error, and his Persian version was distinguished by a very full and happy command of the peculiar phraseology of that language; his attainment, indeed, appeared to us very much above the common standard, and his translations might be considered as not only accurate, but extremely elegant; he converses with fluency, although his pronunciation is not entirely correct.

The

The attainment of Lieutenant Michael, although of an order much inferior to those of the above named Candidate, are nevertheless such as to enable us upon the whole to say, that he comes within the standard fixed for the usual reward.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has much pleasure in conferring upon each of those Officers the additional distinction established by the General Order of 17th November 1812.

The Committee have also, in their examination of Mr. Assistant Surgeon Aitkins in the Hindoostanee language, expressed their satisfation in being able to bear testimony to the very able and masterly style of his versions; adding, although the pronunciation of Mr. Aitkins left us something to desire in that respect, it is nevertheless superior to that of many of the former Candidates: and the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the usual reward for the attainment of the Hindoostanee language be presented to that Officer.

G. O. G. 10th February 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Extract of a Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, for the information of the Army.

Letter dated 27th July 1814.

* *Para.* 2.—We cannot sanction the grant, of a reward of 500 Pagodas, to each Cadet who shall have made himself master of the Hindoostanee Language, within three years after his arrival at Fort St. George; and we therefore direct that the same be discontinued.

G. O. G. 14th February 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, in addition to the present establishment of the Corps of Guides, a Native Officer shall be appointed, with the official denomination of Chief Guide, and be entitled to the pay and allowances of a Subadar of Native Infantry, according to length of service.

In other respects the General Regulations regarding the pay and mustering of the Corps of Guides, will be applicable to this Officer; The Governor in Council further directs, that in consideration of the importance of the situation of Chief Guide, he shall receive a corresponding commission as such, from Government.

G. O. G. 14th February 1815.

† The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that it be considered a general rule of the Service, that all European and Native Commissioned, Non-Commissioned, Rank and File and Public Followers, proceeding on Foreign Service, shall be authorized to issue Family Certificates, and that the amount of such Family Certificates with exception to those of European Commissioned Officers, shall be paid without reference to Casualties, until the return of the Individuals, or their respective Corps, Detachments, &c. to the Coast. This regulation to have retrospect to the 1st August 1814 (being the date of the commencement of the Office of Superintendent of Family Payments), in order to facilitate the adjustment of the accounts in that Department.

2.—The

* *Reward altogether abolished, vide G. O. 29th March* 1816, *Vol. 3, page* 135.

† *Further orders and regulations, vide G. O. 22d December* 1815, *page* 172. *G. O. 17th July* 1819, *Vol. 4, page* 31, *and 16th April* 1822, *Vol. 4, page* 157.

2.—The payments which may take place on the Family Certificates of European Commissioned Officers, who may die or be killed on Service, between the period of their decease and that of the receipt of the notification of the Casualty, shall be considered as public charges.

3.—Doubts having arisen whether the duties connected with Family Certificates should attach to Adjutants of His Majesty's Regiments under the 4th Paragraph of the General Order dated 22d July 1814, it is directed that the above duties shall attach in all cases, as heretofore, to Regimental Paymasters of His Majesty's Service, who will accordingly be held equally answerable in future for paying the prescribed amount of stoppages on account of Family Certificates into the hands of the Field or Expedition Paymasters at the regulated periods, as they have hitherto been.

4.—The Family Certificates of His Majesty's Troops are to be made payable at the same periods as those of the Honorable Company's Troops, and the stoppages corresponding therewith to be paid in like manner to the Field or Expedition Paymasters, without reference to the subsistence of His Majesty's Troops being issued at an earlier date than their Company's allowances; in other respects the General Regulations regarding Family Payments are to be considered equally applicable to His Majesty's as to the Honorable Company's Troops.

5.—The 11th Para. of the General Order of the 4th October last, on the subject of Family Payments, not having been sufficiently understood; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to order, that Adjutants of Corps, Commanding Officers of Detachments to which no Adjutants are attached, and Heads of Departments permitted to issue Family Certificates, shall be held responsible for realizing from the pay, and bringing to account, stoppages corresponding with the amount of the Family Certificates granted by all Detachments, Guards or Individuals absent from their Head Quarters, otherwise than on Foreign Service, and shall include the same in their monthly statements to the Superintendent;—To give effect to this system, the following Regulations are established.

6.—No Party of whatever strength, or Individuals whether remaining within or proceeding beyond the same range of payment, shall be allowed to quit the Head Quarters of a Corps, Detachment or Department, permitted to leave Family Certificates (unless they continue under the Regimental Command of their own European Officers as hereafter provided for) without being furnished with a Pay Certificate, which shall express whether or not they grant Family Certificates, and have affixed on the back, a Roll in the established form, of every such Certificate which may be issued by any of the Parties.

7.—Staff or other Officers drawing the pay of Detachments, Guards, or Individuals so situated, shall deduct from their Abstracts the Family Stoppages pointed out by their Pay Certificates, and shall obtain from the Paymaster a receipt for the amount in the annexed form, as well as a Copy of the same attested by him, (duplicates being objectionable) both which they will forward to the Corps, Detachment or Department, to which the Men belong, by the two succeeding Tappals, from whence the latter Copy will be transmitted to the Superintendent with the receipts for the remaining stoppages of the month from the whole, which must be detained for the time necessary for this purpose.

8.—These Officers will further be responsible for continuing in every subsequent Pay Certificate issued to such Absentees, the required Rolls of their Family Certificates, as a guide to those who may next pay them.

9.—European Officers temporarily absent from their Corps, &c. within the limits of the Presidency, sick, on leave, or otherwise, will be individually responsible to pay into the Pay Office the amount of any Family Certificates granted by them, and to transmit to their Head Quarters the monthly receipts described in the 6th Paragraph.

10.—European Officers absent from their Corps beyond the limits of this Presidency, except on duty as hereafter provided for, will not be permitted to leave Family Certificates.

11.—Pay Certificates to Parties or Individuals not passing from under Regimental Command but marching in charge of an European Officer of their own Corps, Detachment, or Department, are not required to contain any information respecting their Family Payments, as such European Officers will be furnished by the Adjutant or proper Person at Head Quarters, with Rolls of the Certificates granted by the Men proceeding under their command, and will be held responsible for the regular transmission to him of monthly receipts for corresponding stoppages, as laid down in the 6th Paragraph, as also for corresponding with, and conforming to all instructions received from him on the subject of Family Payments.

12.—In

12.—In the event of European Officers so detached being removed from or relinquishing the charge of all, or any, of the Men in command of whom they quitted their Corps, it will be their duty should they pass under the charge of another Officer of the same Corps, to give him every necessary information and document relative to Family Payments; and if otherwise, to grant Pay Certificates of the description specified in the 5th Para.—reporting in all such cases, to their Head Quarters, the steps taken.

13.—In the event of Casualties occurring amongst Absentees from their Head Quarters, Casualty Rolls of their Family Certificates are to be forwarded by the Staff or other Officers, whose duty it may be, as well to the Corps, Detachment or Department to which they belong, as to the Superintendent, and to the Stations where their Certificates are payable. These Officers will likewise note the Casualty in the Roll on the back of their Pay Certificates.

14.—Detachments or Individuals proceeding on Foreign Service will, from the date of their embarkation, be struck off the Rolls of Family Certificates with their Corps, &c. and from that period will be considered as a separate Body, their immediate Commanding Officer, or Adjutant, should one be appointed, being responsible for the recovery of their Family Stoppages, and for the regular transmission direct to the Superintendent of monthly receipts for the same. European Officers on Foreign Service who are not attached to any particular Corps, Detachment, &c. will individually be similarly responsible.

15.—The rules laid down in these Regulations respecting Absentees from the Head Quarters of Corps, &c. in India, will be equally applicable to Absentees from the Head Quarters of Corps and Detachments on Foreign Service, where circumstances will possibly admit of it.

16.—In all cases of authority being given for the issue of Family Certificates by detached parts of Corps or Departments proceeding on Service, the Officer who is to draw their pay and to become responsible for the recovery of corresponding stoppages, is the Person who shall grant their Certificates and forward to the Superintendent the requisite Rolls; and in the event of the transfer of Men from any Corps or Department to another, information of their Family payments, is to be duly communicated, and they are to be made casualties of with the one and added to the Roll of the other, both reporting the change to the Superintendent.

17.—No European Officer is permitted to grant more than two Family Certificates, and Non-Commissioned, Private or Public Followers, whether European or Native, more than one; and all Family Certificates must be in the names of the Persons who grant them.

18.—All Certificates granted by Individuals are to be included in the General Rolls of the Corps or Departments to which they respectively belong; separate Rolls will not be received from any individuals who can be so classed.

Form of Receipt for Family Stoppages.

Received from *(here enter the name of the Officer signing the Abstract)* the sum of Star Pagodas —— on account of Family Stoppages made from the Abstracts of a Detail, *(here enter the Corps, &c.)* in arrear for ——— and advance for ——— 181—

Date. *(Signed)* A. B.
Paymaster.

NOTE.—On the back of the above the Officer named in it, will, should the Detail be small, affix a list of the Stoppages made from each Man; and if numerous, will accompany it by a Statement which shall suffice to convey that information.

G. O. G. 18TH FEBRUARY 1815.

The Right Honorable The Governor in Council having approved patterns of Regimental Medicine Chests, is pleased to determine that every Corps, European and Native, shall be provided with them at the public expense.

1.—That the European Corps of His Majesty's and the Company's Service shall have two Chests, marked 1 and 2.

No. 1, To contain at all times a correct list of Medicines and Instruments in its respective compartments. No. 2,

No. 2, (Intended exclusively for European Corps,) to be considered as an auxiliary Chest to contain the more bulky Articles, and such as if broken might destroy Instruments, and other valuable Packages.

2.—That the Battalion and Number of the Regiment to which the Chest shall belong, be pointed upon it, and that the Chest shall be considered as part of the Regimental Store, to be placed on the removal of the Surgeon, in charge of the Public Staff Officer of the Station or Corps.

3.—That Dooly Bearers in the pay of Government shall be employed for the conveyance of these Medicine Chests, the expense to be deducted from the allowance now granted to Medical Officers for the carriage of Medicines, Instruments, &c.

4.—That Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons shall however continue to carry the Medicines as heretofore, until they be supplied with Dooly Bearers of the above description from the Commissary General.

5—That in the event of a Surgeon or an Assistant Surgeon being obliged to quit his Corps from sickness or the exigency of the Service, before he can be relieved, an accurate account of the state of the Regiment Medicine Chests, and the quantity of Medicines and Instruments in each shall be delivered over to the Staff Officer of the Regiment or Station; copy of which shall be sent at the same time to the Superintending Surgeon.

6.—Surgeons or Assistant Surgeons on joining Corps, will report to the Superintending Surgeon the state of the Instruments, &c. on taking charge.

7.—It is particularly enjoined that all Medical Officers on receiving a Medicine Chest furnished with a supply for three months, shall be most careful to send in to the Medical Store of the Division whatever Medicine or Medical Stores may remain in their possession.

G. O. G. 21st February 1815.

The Committee for the examination of Military Students having proceeded to the examination of Lieutenants Willock, and Hockley, of the Artillery, in the Persian, and of Lieutenant Bonnette of the 7th Native Regiment, in the Hindoostanee Language,—report with regard to the two former Officers, as follows:

"From the distinction which Lieutenant Willock had acquired on his former examination, in the Hindoostanee Language, we were led to hope that he would "have been equally successful in his Persian studies; but we are only enabled to "say that his versions afforded a very fair specimen of his attainments, being neither "distinguished by any particular excellence, nor defect. This inferiority to his "former examination is ascribable to the interruptions which his studies have received from the weak state of his health, and his regimental duties as staff to the 2d "Battalion of Artillery."

"The Persian version of Lieutenant Hockley was executed with great precision "and elegance. His English translation of two Persian letters, altho' not executed "with equal precision, preserves, however, the general sense of the writing. His "conversation in Persian displayed a ready command of the language;" and they add

"Lieutenant Bonnette's attainments in Hindoostanee do not reach above mediocrity, but are such as, in our opinion, to render him entitled to the usual reward; "which we accordingly beg leave to recommend for him and the two other Candidates"

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the usual reward for the attainment of the Hindoostanee Language, be presented to the latter Officer, and that the additional distinction, established by the General Order of 17th November 1812, for proficiency in the Persian Language, be granted to Lieutenant Willock, and to Lieutenant Hockley.

G. O. G. 24th February 1815.

All Abstracts for pay or allowances, Civil or Military, drawn by Surgeons or Assistant Surgeons doing duty at Fort St. George, are invariably to have the countersignature of the Superintending Surgeon at the Presidency, which will be considered as a voucher to the Sub-Treasurer and Military Paymaster that the prescribed Returns, &c. have been furnished to that Officer.

G. O. G. 24th February 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that when it may be necessary to employ hired Cattle for the draught of Sick Carts, six Bullocks in yoke, with one Spare, shall be allowed to each Cart.

G. O. G. 24th February 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize the issue of six Seers of Gram, per day to each Regimental Horse of the European Dragoons, when on Field Service; and to direct, until further orders, that the above rate of issue be admitted to all Dragoon Regiments or Detachments from those Corps, from the day on which they may actually march under orders for Field Service.

G. O. C. C. 4th March 1815.

Considerable inconvenience having been experienced from Officers in Command who, in forwarding Letters, Reports, &c. to Head Quarters, have failed to state any opinion or information on the references or subjects, which might enable the Commander in Chief to decide on them with greater facility; His Excellency is pleased to direct, that all such communications shall be forwarded with the opinion of the Officer who may submit them on the subject, together with such particulars of information as he may consider necessary to its being laid before the Commander in Chief, with every advantage which the experience and local means of the authority through which it may pass, can afford.

G. O. C. C. 14th March 1815.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to establish as a Rule of the Service, that when Cavalry Guns are brigaded or brought together to act in battery, that the command of them shall be given to an Officer of the Corps of Horse Artillery, if any part of that Corps is serving with the Army or Detachment.

G. O. G. 7th March 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, in explanation of the G. O. by Government under date the 9th October 1810, which establishes the salaries

Salaries of Assistants Quarter Master General in the Survey branch, to " be inclusive of all expenses," that those Officers shall as early as possible, provide and maintain at their own cost, for the duties they will have to perform, the following Instruments.

THE FIRST CLASS.

One Theodolite and Stand,
One Circumferentor and Stand,
One Plane Table on Stand,

complete with Compass, and graduated Brass Ruler with fiducial edge and Sights.

One 100 feet Brass Measuring Chain with 10 Pickets.

One case of Graphical Instruments with Water Colours, &c. &c.

The Second Class will provide the same Instruments, with exception of the Theodolite; and the 3d Class with exception of Theodolite and Circumferentor.

The above instruments are considered sufficient for ordinary purposes; but when Assistants Quarter Master General shall be employed on duties requiring a superior description of Surveying Instruments, or a Perambulator and Pocket Compass, the Quarter Master General of the Army is authorized to supply the same with conveyance, from the Public Depots; the Officers to whom they shall be entrusted being held responsible for their preservation.

G. O. G. 17TH MARCH 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to authorize medical aid to be afforded to the Attendants on the Karkanah Cattle Establishment *when employed on actual Field Service only.*

2d—Surgeons or Assistant Surgeons who may be placed in medical charge of Attendants on the Karkanah Establishment on Field Service, will accordingly be permitted to draw the usual allowance of Pagodas 5 per month, for every 100 Men, on the prescribed documents and certificates contained in the Code of Pay Regulations, Appendix, page 17, Form C.

3d—The confirmation of His Excellency the Commander in Chief to all appointments of Medical Officers to the above duty, will be necessary to entitle them to draw the allowances.

G. O. C. C. 28TH MARCH 1815.

The Commander in Chief was highly gratified by the military appearance and correct performance of the Bellary Brigade, this morning in the Field.

The steadiness of the Troops and correctness of the Officers proves, that great care and attention has been given to preserve discipline, and the Commander in Chief requests that Colonel Martin will receive his acknowledgments for the highly respectable state of his Brigade, reflecting credit alike on himself, and the Commanding Officers of Corps under his orders.

G. O. G. 17TH MARCH 1815.

* The Governor in Council authorizes the following addition to the Establishment fixed for the Chief Engineer's Department, in General Orders dated the 29th October 1813, to have effect from the 1st of the ensuing month.

1 Additional

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* *Vide page 63.*

1 Additional Bricklayer Maistree, at per month....	Pagodas	5
1 Maistree Smith,.....	do.	5
1 do Carpenter,.....	do.	5
	Total, Pags.	15

G. O. G. 17TH MARCH 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council permits Mr. Superintending Surgeon Ord, to resign the service of the Honorable Company, in compliance with his request; and is pleased to notice in General Orders the zeal and attention displayed by that Gentleman, in the discharge of his various duties, as a Medical Officer of this Government, during a period of nearly twenty-four years.

G. O. G. 17TH MARCH 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize a temporary addition of fifty Lascars to the establishment of the Ordnance Department of Fort St. George, from the 1st of next month.—The same to be borne on the Rolls as extra to the present establishment.

G. O. G. 29TH MARCH 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to authorize an allowance of Pagodas 3 in lieu of Materials for the repair of Arms, Accoutrements, &c. of the Governor's Body Guard.

G. O. G. 7TH APRIL 1815.

The Commander in Chief having represented to the Governor in Council that the Regulations establishing the proportion of Sick Carriage for Corps or Detachments of European Troops, when leaving Quarters, do not in many cases provide sufficiently for the wants of Invalids of His Majesty's Regiments, or of European Invalids or Pensioners of the Honorable Company's Service, when ordered to march from the Head Quarters of their Corps, from Poonamallee or other Stations; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, the Quarter Master General of the Army shall be authorized in those cases to pass indents for such additional quantity of Sick Carriage as may be indispensible; and that his Voucher for regulating the same, shall be a certificate signed by the Medical Officer from whose charge the parties are about to be removed. The certificate, specifying the number of cases for whom the conveyance of Sick Carts will be required, and the number for whom Dooley Carriage may be necessary, shall bear a declaration "on honor," signed by such Medical Officer, who will be held responsible for strict attention to the above provision of this Order. It is further directed that, no indents for Sick Carriage in these or similar cases, unaccompanied by the prescribed certificate, shall be passed on the Officer of Custody by those authorities, whose signatures are competent to sanction the delivery in the first instance.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 15th April 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to cancel the 13th and 14th Paragraphs of the 1st Section of the Code of Pay Regulations, Page 11, under the head "Artificers," and also the 12th and 13th Paragraphs of the 16th Section of the same Regulations, page 351, under the head "Puckallies;" and to direct that the Artificers and Puckallies allowed to Corps and Departments, on the Peace or Field Establishments, shall in future be entertained by Officers in command or in charge of Corps or Departments; The Maistry Artificer attached to the Military Paymaster at the Presidency, is to be discharged from the date of this order.

G. O. G. 15th April 1815.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize the following establishment to be attached to the Depot Brigade of Horse Artillery at the Mount, and to be drawn for by the Officer in charge, until the return of the Head Quarters or Detachment of Horse Artillery to that Station;

	P.	F.	C.
1 Conicopoly or Measuring Man	5	0	0
1 Carpenter	2	36	0
1 Armourer	2	36	0
1 Smith	2	36	0
1 Hammerman	2	6	0
1 Bellows Boy	0	30	0

G. O. G. 15th April 1815.

† The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to dissolve the Committee established by a General Order of Government bearing date 22d June 1813, for the investigation and adjustment of the accounts of Family Payments; and to direct that the duties allotted to that Committee shall be executed by an Officer especially appointed for that purpose.

The Officer discharging the above duties is considered as vested generally with the same authority as was exercised by the Committee under the above mentioned General Order, and all Officers concerned in any manner in the accounts of Family Payments, are directed to afford every information on the subject which may be required from them under this arrangement, in the same manner as they had heretofore done to the Committee.

The Accountant General in the Military Department will consider the 2d Paragraph of the G. O. 22d June 1813, in all respects applicable to the Officer on whom the investigation of the Accounts of Family Payments devolves under this Order.

The Officer to whom the execution of the above duties is confided, in place of addressing the Government direct will make his report to the Military Auditor General, and consider himself as bearing the same official relation to the Office of Audit as that of an established Paymaster.

Mr. John Finniss, Paymaster of His Majesty's 56th Foot, has been appointed to investigate and adjust the whole of the unsettled accounts of Family Payments on the old system, that is, for the period prior to the 1st September 1814; and has been directed to receive charge of all the Official Papers, Accounts, Books and Documents, of whatever description, of the late Committee.

G. O. C. C.

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* *Depot Brigade abolished, Vide G. O. 20th February* 1821, *Vol.* 4, *page* 104.
† *Vide page* 28.

G. O. C. C. 29th April 1815.

The Commander in Chief having determined, to suspend, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, shall be known, the Sentence of Death awarded to *Owen Haslem*, Private of H. M. 84th Regiment, with a view to obtain the Royal Mercy on the condition of the Prisoner's being transported for life; His Excellency feels bound to declare to the Army, the motives which have influenced him, to adopt a measure of such lenity towards a Prisoner, whose life has been so justly forfeited, and whose immediate execution would be but a just and proper example of the fatal consequences which must inevitably result to any Individual who may hereafter be guilty of a crime of such enormity.

The present, being however, the first instance of a capital punishment being awarded to any Soldier of this Army, since Sir Thomas Hislop has had the honor to Command it, His Excellency is led to hope, that an act of mercy, being extended as far as the powers vested in him by his Sovereign will admit, may not be productive of evil consequences, and, that the private feelings of humanity will not be embittered by any future reflection, that an act so grateful to his mind, has failed in producing those beneficial effects, which he has a right to look for, in Soldiers of an Army composed of British Subjects, whose sense of gratitude and duty it is meant to awaken.

The Commander in Chief, having so recently assumed the immediate Command of the Army of Reserve, and feeling as he does, that its exemplary efficiency, steadiness, order, and subordination, can only be the result of a regular and well supported system of discipline, is naturally indisposed, to mark the commencement of it's operations, by an act, which, as an example, he feels disposed to assure himself, is not indispensibly required, and he feels confident, that it will not only gratify the Soldiery, but stimulate them to persevere in orderly and subordinate habits, when they reflect that to their conduct and character, the Prisoner *Haslem*, however unworthy of being classed with them as a brother Soldier, yet, as a fellow creature, is indebted for his life, which, but for the confidence, the Commander in Chief feels that example is not indispensibly required, must have been forfeited.

The Commander in Chief has now taken a great responsibility upon himself, but his gratification would have been more complete, could he have discovered any palliating circumstances in the Prisoner's conduct, or found his character less marked and disgraceful than it is.

The punishment of being banished for life from his country, his relatives and friends, is in itself little less than the termination of existence to a Man who possesses either the feelings or reflection of a Briton, and if example be wanting to deter other Soldiers from acts of mutiny and insubordination, an ample lesson may be read in the instance now before them, where the Prisoner's life has cost him his liberty, and the extinction of all hope of ever again being cherished in the bosom of his family.

The Prisoner *Owen Haslem* will be immediately forwarded to the Depot at Poonamallee, under a Guard, where he will be confined until further orders are issued regarding him.

G. O. C. C. 3d April 1815.

Picquets and Outposts will invariably parade for that duty in Marching Order; the *European* and *Light Troops* in *Light* Marching Order.

Officers Commanding will give particular attention to the important duty of having frequent Regimental and Brigade Inspections in Marching Order, not only to ensure, a proper attention to the preservation of the Arms, Accoutrements and Ammunition, but to accustom the Men to pack and put on their packs with neatness and ease. Care must be taken to prevent their being overloaded, and to have them well put on, high upon the shoulders, with the Cloaks laying rather *above* the bend of the neck, all straps neatly turned in, so that the points may be concealed and the Cloak, &c. neatly rolled and placed on the top of the Knapsack.—The attention of Commanding Officers is requested to the Circular Letter from the Adjutant General's Office on this subject, under date 30th September 1811.

Particular attention must also be given to uniformity and correctness in fixing the Flints, as directed in the Memorandum issued in G. O. 3d March 1810.

It

It is also of importance that the upper tins in the Men's Pouches should be *frequently* taken out, and that the leather part of the Pouch (except the flap) should be kept well greased to prevent it's contracting and fixing the upper tin so tight as to preclude its being taken out, a consequence which may in time of need deprive the Soldier of the use of the Ammunition in the lower tin, and is therefore an object for the particular and constant attention of Officers.

* The upper leather or flaps of the Men's Pouches must, to preserve them, be well cleaned with heel ball, and it is recommended to Commanding Officers to have covers made for the whole, either of the remains of old Clothing or some light Bazar Cloth.

All Buff Belts are to be kept whitened with pipe clay, as it appears from the result of experience, that washing destroys them.

G. O. G. 21st April 1815.

1.—In consequence of recent inattention to the Orders of Government, contained in the 2d Paragraph, Page 262, of the Code of Pay Regulations, under the head of "EFFECTS OF DECEASED OFFICERS, &c."

by which public inconvenience has been experienced, The Right Honorable The Governor in Council considers it necessary to re-publish the above Paragraph in General Orders, and to direct that it be strictly attended to in future.

EXTRACT FROM THE CODE OF PAY REGULATIONS, PAGE 262, PARAGRAPH 2D.

"Previously to the amount of the estate of a deceased Officer being paid into the "Treasury, it is to be ascertained by the Officer in charge of the property whether "the Honorable Company has any demand against the deceased; for which purpose, "he will communicate to the Military Paymaster * General "the amount in his hands, and retain that amount till the re- "ceipt of a reply from the Military Paymaster General, who, "if any claim exists, will specify the sum to be retained on "account of the Company and the remainder shall be paid "by the Officer having charge into the Treasury."

* *Now the Accountant General in the Military Department.*

G. O. C. C. 28th April 1815.

On the occasion of the Army of Reserve returning into quarters, the Commander in Chief seizes the opportunity afforded him, to express the high degree of gratification he has derived, from being enabled by the assembly of so large a portion of the Madras Army, to become personally acquainted with the Officers and Troops.

The high credit and reputation of the Army had prepared Sir Thomas Hislop to expect much from it, but its efficiency and discipline have surpassed his expectations, and he confidently assures them, that he has derived every gratification which it is possible for a Commander in Chief to feel, placed at the head of an Army from which any service may be expected, that the Government may require it to perform.

To the General Officers, Brigadiers, and Officers Commanding Corps and Detachments, the Commander in Chief feels indebted, for the zeal and harmony with which they have employed their talents and experience, and His Excellency cannot avoid remarking in terms of high commendation the orderly and steady conduct of the Troops, to whom it is honorable to record, that only one complaint has reached Head Quarters of any irregularity having been committed against the Inhabitants of the Country.

The Commander in Chief recommends to Commanding Officers to preserve the present high state of discipline and equipment of their Corps, as the reassembly of the Army at no distant period, is not improbable; and His Excellency assures himself, that

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* *Heel Ball prohibited and Blacking ordered to be used, vide G. O. 26th November 1822, Vol. 4, page 178.*

that the Army of Reserve will never disappoint the confidence he has in them, or the expectations they have themselves raised.

The Commander in Chief cannot conclude without the declaration of the high sense he entertains of the able and useful assistance he has received, from his general and personal Staff in the conduct of their several departments and duties, and would feel it to be an injustice to their merits, were he not to mark their indefatigable zeal and exertions by this public expression of his entire approbation.

The various and complicated arrangements which have been so rapidly and effectually completed by the Commissariat, have attracted his Excellency's particular notice, and it is with sincere pleasure, that he feels enabled from personal observation, to bear decided testimony to the excellence of a system which under the able management of Lieutenant Colonel Morison, aided by the Officers of his department, has not only left this Army without a want, but in the full enjoyment of every supply a Soldier can expect in the Field, and with such arrangements formed as would have ensured success, had the most active operations become necessary.

The state of the Ordnance and Stores, has left the Commander in Chief nothing to wish for in that department, and he feels greatly indebted to the zeal and ability of Lieutenant Colonel Dalrymple, Commissary General of Stores, and the Officers under him, for the excellent conduct of an extensive Magazine, and the general able management of so important a branch of the equipment.

The conduct of the Medical department reflects the highest credit on the professional skill, abilities and assiduous zeal of Mr. Surgeon General Boswell, Mr. Staff Surgeon Annesley, and the other Medical Officers of the Army, and the present healthy and efficient state of the Troops, and cleanliness, order, and interior economy of the Hospitals, are the best proofs the Commander in Chief can produce of the unceasing and humane exertions of the Medical department, to promote the comfort and convenience of the sick committed to it's care.

G. O. C. C. 3d May 1815.

Instances having been brought to the notice of the Commander in Chief, of Officers Commanding Corps addressing the Public Departments through the medium of their Regimental Staff Officers, His Excellency is pleased to prohibit the continuance of a custom so irregular.

The rule now laid down, is founded on the principle which exists in every Army, "that no Officers Commanding Troops can correspond with any superior or distinct "authority, through the channel of their Staff, but that such correspondence must "proceed *direct* from themselves," and the Commander in Chief calls the most pointed attention of Commanding Officers, to this Order.

G. O. C. C. C. I. 21th January 1815.

REMARK BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF, UPON THE SENTENCE OF THE COURT MARTIAL ON MAJOR HETZLER.

The Commander in Chief inferring that the Court are satisfied the apparently contumacious disregard of orders exhibited in Major Hetzler's correspondence with his Commanding Officer was unintentional, confirms the Sentence of acquittal.

His Lordship is not able to express the same concurrence in the opinion declared by the Court, that the Charges were frivolous, vexatious and malicious; the neglect of Major Hetzler to answer in his Letter of the 15th May, to points on which information upon matters of duty was specifically required from him by his Commanding Officer, might have been regarded as oversight had that Letter stood alone, but when the omission was indicated to Major Hetzler, and the repetition of the demand for information was met by him with only a bare acknowledgment of the receipt, a marked colour of disrespect was thrown upon even that first Letter, The Letter of the 23d

May

May had so much the complexion of a deliberate and persevering contempt of his Commanding Officer, an appearance which Major Hetzler in no shape removed by his complaints in the Letter of the 1st June, as that nothing short of the judgment of the Court could in the apprehension of his Lordship have divested it of that character.

The Commander in Chief conceives it to have been natural, nay unavoidable, that the Prosecutor should have regarded the procedure of Major Hetzler as a wilful defiance of his authority; His Lordship is thence under the necessity of signifying his entire dissent from the Court on the grounds of the Prosecution.

(Signed) MOIRA.

Major Hetzler to be released from his arrest, and to return to his duy.

G. O. G. 7th April 1815.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having resolved to continue for a further period the encouragement to the study of the Hindoostanee and Persian languages held out to the Junior Officers of the Army and of the Medical Profession on this Establishment, in the General Orders dated 9th October and 13th November 1810, and 17th November 1812, is pleased to notify to the Army that the honorary rewards thereby established will still be open until further orders, to all Subaltern Officers and Assistant Surgeons in the service of the Honorable Company, under the same Regulations, as have heretofore obtained, and with the same limitation, as respects Gentlemen belonging to the Medical Branch of the Public Service, as is contained in the General Order last cited of the 17th November 1812.

G. O. G. 9th May 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish to the Army, the following Extract of a Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors to Bengal, dated 9th September 1812, transmitted to Fort St. George with the Honorable Court's General Letters of the 1st April 1814, as being equally applicable to this Presidency.

Para. 81.—"We are much displeased at the neglect which appears to have prevailed in several important Departments of Custody of Public Property in the Fort of Allahabad, as noticed by the Commander in Chief in the Adjutant General's Letter of the 28th October 1808, recorded on your Proceedings 26th December 1808.

82.—"We hold the Commanding Officers of all Military Posts to be personally responsible for the enforcement of the General Regulations of Government with regard to the custody and preservation of all Public Property within the limits of their respective Commands.

83.—"It is their duty to take care that all Barrack Masters, Commissaries of Ordnance, or others under their Command specially entrusted with the conservation of Public Property, do their duty to the Public, and in the event of any neglect in those Officers, to report it to the Military Board and to Government; and we direct that any Officer Commanding a Garrison or Post, who shall fail in his duty in this instance, be removed from his Command, as well as the inferior Officers, more immediately responsible for the neglected property.

In publishing the above Extracts, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council directs the attention of all Officers in Command, to the orders of the Honorable Court, and as by the Regulations of the Service, they are fully authorized to exercise the most vigilant control and inspection over the Public Buildings and Property, it is expected that they will enforce a due attention to the preservation and custody of the

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* *The rewards to cease from the 1st June 1816, vide G. O. 29th March 1816, page 135.*

the Public Property. The Governor in Council desires it to be clearly understood, that it is considered to be the duty of all Officers in Command of Divisions or Stations of the Army, to make themselves thoroughly acquainted with the state of the Public Buildings within their respective Commands, as well as the Stores lodged in those Buildings; and as the Regulations have defined the mode in which all applications for repairs, or alterations, are to be made, Officers in Command will have no excuse for not speedily bringing to the notice of the proper authorities, any observations which may be connected with the preservation of the Public Buildings.

The Regulations established for the conduct of the Commissariat Department, as also for the Gun Carriage Manufactory, having vested in the Officers of those Departments, respectively, the exclusive custody of the Stores under their charge; it is not intended by this Order to alter the existing rules, with respect to these Departments.—It will, however, be the duty of the Officers of the Commissariat, and the Public Agent, to bring to the immediate notice of Officers in Command, any repair or alterations which may be required to the Public Buildings allotted for the costody of Stores, or for the general purposes of their Departments, in order that the necessary measures may be adopted, in conformity to the Regulations for placing them in a proper state of repair.

G. O. G. 20th May 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, in conformity with the original intention of the 11th Para. of the Medical Regulations, published in G. O. dated 9th October 1810, that the Salary of Pagodas 200 per month, allotted by those Regulations to the Medical Storekeeper at the Presidency, shall be considered from the 1st Instant to include every remuneration for that Officers official duties.

2d—The Commission continued to be drawn by the Medical Storekeeper since the publication of the G. O. of the 9th October 1810, on the amount of supplies to Establishments at the Presidency, and on expenses incurred for transportation of Europe Medicines, &c. being no longer authorized, that Officer's charges, whether for the supply, package, or despatch of Medicines, European or Country, are in future to exhibit bona fide disbursements solely.

3d—The monthly bills of the Medical Storekeeper will hereafter be verified upon oath, on the general principle applicable to the Commissary General and other Officers of Disbursements, whose charges do not admit of being brought under any fixed Regulation, the authentication of the Medical Board to the bills of the Medical Storekeeper being considered to certify the actual provision, despatch, &c. of the articles, as also to afford to that Board the information necessary to give effect to its general control over the whole Medical Department.

G. O. C. C. 31st May 1815.

Returns of European Supernumeraries not on the strength of Corps, European Pensioners, Native Cavalry Pensioners, Native Infantry Pensioners, Gun Lascar and Pioneer Pensioners, particularly specifying the class of the Subadars, Syraugs, and Jemadars of Pioneers, are to be sent annually, on the 30th April, to the Adjutant General's Office, from all Garrisons, and Posts, where any of the above descriptions of Persons may be stationed or residing.

G. O. G. 13th May 1815.

With reference to the General Order by Government, dated 28th June 1811, fixing

fixing the pay and allowances of Regimental Quarter Masters of His Majesty's Dragoon Regiments on this Establishment; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Extract of a Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated 30th September 1814, for the information of the Army, and to direct, that the orders therein contained, shall have effect from the 1st of the ensuing month.

To England dated 29th February 1812, 246 and 7. The allowances of Qr. Masters of H. M. Regiments of Dragoons, fixed at Pagodas 103 3 9 per month.

24.—"We can perceive no sufficient reason for the item of Pagodas 11 13 79 made in the statement referred to the Quarter Masters of Dragoons, under the head of additional pay.

25.—"This sum appears to have been granted, not in conformity to any scale of allowance in use at your Presidency, but with a view of making up a certain sum monthly to the Quarter Masters of Dragoons, the necessity or propriety of which does not appear.

26.—"We therefore direct that the payment of this sum, namely, Pagodas 11 13 79, be discontinued from the receipt of these orders."

G. O. G. 27th May 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Extracts from a Despatch from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated the 30th September 1814, for the information of the Army.

"To England 29th February 1812.
"419. Memorial from Capt. Hughes, praying the Court to reconsider their resolution, declining to grant full Batta to the Commandant of the Corps of Pioneers.

Para. 103.—"In consideration of the circumstances stated by Captain Hughes, we authorize you to apply the same rules respecting Batta to the Commanding Officers of the Battalions of Pioneers, as govern that allowance, in the cases of other Officers Commanding Extra Corps.

136.—"We shall cause a notification to be made to all Officers and Cadets leaving England, that no pay or passage money will be allowed to them until they reach the Presidency to which they may be respectively appointed, unless they shall have special authority from us to proceed by the way of another Presidency.—We therefore direct, that no allowances be made to any Officer or Cadet until he reach the Presidency to which he belongs, unless such Officer or Cadet shall produce special authority from us for embarking in any Ship bound for another Presidency, or unless he shall have been compelled to land in some other place by stress of weather, or inevitable accident; and we desire that you will publish these Regulations for general information."

G. O. G. 29th May 1815.

Lieutenant General Wetherall having received orders to return to England in consequence of his late promotion; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to signify, in General Orders, his approbation of the conduct of that Officer, while serving on the Staff of the Army of this Presidency.

G. O. G. 2d June 1815.

With reference to the General Order by Government dated 14th May 1812, directing a monthly allowance of 15 Fanams, to be drawn from the 1st of that month, by the Lieutenant Colonels, or Officers Commanding His Majesty's Regiments of Dragoons on this Establishment, for each Saddle and set of Horse appointments; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish for the information of the

the Army, the following Extract of a Letter dated 30th September 1814, from the Honorabe the Court of Directors.

To England 29th February 1812.

254 & 5. The Allowance for repairing the Horse equipments of H. M. Regiments of Dragoons, fixed at 15 Fanams each set, on the recommendation of the Commander in Chief, Lieut.-General Sir Samuel Auchmuty's remarks on the great expense incurred by Colonels of H. M. Regiments in transporting Clothing, particularly brought to Court's notice.

28.—"As the Colonels of Cavalry Regiments in His Majesty's Service, are paid out of the Off-reckonings of their respective Regiments, for the provision and repair of Saddles and all Horse Furniture whatever, and as the whole expense of His Majesty's Regiments in India, including the Off-reckonings of those Regiments, are defrayed by the Company, it is quite clear, that any allowance to the Officer at the head of one of His Majesty's Regiments in India, for keeping the Saddles and Horse Furniture in repair, is a double charge to the Company, and ought to be discontinued."

29.—"With respect to the arguments of the Commander in Chief, that the wear and tear of Saddles and Horse Furniture is greater in India, than in Europe, and that consequently an extra allowance ought to be made to Corps serving in India; we have to remark, that we believe the expense of repairing those articles is considerably less in India, than in Europe, from the comparatively greater cheapness of labour and materials there."

30.—"We have also no doubt, that in calculating the Off-reckonings granted to Colonels of His Majesty's Regiments of Cavalry, due allowance was made for the probable wear and tear of Sadlery in all countries, in which those Regiments might serve, whether in the East or West Indies, or on the Continent of Europe; we therefore see no reason whatever, for making a double allowance for the same thing, and we consequently direct that no allowance whatever be hereafter made for the repair of Saddles and Horse Furniture of His Majesty's Regiments of Cavalry serving in India.

31.—"With respect to the expense incurred in conveying Sadlery from the Ports of India to the several Stations at which His Majesty's Cavalry Regiments may be serving, we shall, as a matter of indulgence, not object to your providing such conveyance at the public expense, through the medium of your Commissariat.

G. O. C. C. C. 10th June 1815.

*Remarks by the Right Honorable The Commander in Chief**

The Proceedings of the Court were sent back for revision on account of an inaccuracy which appeared to have escaped the attention of the Court: But as so much time has elapsed, and as no probability appears, that the state of the Public Service will admit of the reassembling the Members, The Commander in Chief cannot think it reconcilable to justice, that the question should remain hanging over the head of Captain Gibbs: The Court in declaring the immoral act proved against Captain Gibbs not to come within the description of scandalous, infamous, and unbecoming the character of an Officer and a Gentleman, divested itself of all power (in the opinion of the Commander in Chief) to award punishment: Because the act cannot stand within military cognizance, but in as much as it may be considered to come under the above specific definition: The Commander in Chief must therefore, regard the Court as having returned a verdict of acquittal generally. In this view of the case, his Lordship directs that Captain Gibbs shall return to his duty.

G. O. C. C. 15th June 1815.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to establish the following uniform for all Military Paymasters (Fort St. George excepted.) Blue

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* *On the trial of Captain Gibbs, 16th Regiment Bengal N. I.*

Blue coats single breasted, with black velvet collar and cuffs, slashed sleeves and skirts, yellow staff buttons, one epaulette to be worn on the right shoulder, embroidered in gold on black velvet, buttons two and two as on the uniform of an Aide-de-camp, embroidery to be of gold of the same pattern as Staff of Garrisons.

G. O. G. 13TH MAY 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish for the information of the Army, the following Extract of a Letter, from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated the 8th November 1814.

Para. 2. "It has been represented to us that the measure directed in our Letter in the Military Department, of the 20th April 1803, of forming what is therein called the "Retired List," is hurtful to the feelings of the Officers falling under the Regulation, because they are by the operation of this measure considered to be out of the Company's Service, and thereby precluded from promotion to the higher ranks which is now granted to their Juniors.

3. "Wishing to shew all practicable attention to the removal of any existing Regulation that operates painfully upon the feelings of any class of the Company's Officers, we have resolved to abolish the Designation of the "Retired List," as it may respect future vacancies in that List, and that the twenty-one senior officers at the three Presidencies, viz.

9 at Bengal,
8 at Madras, and
4 at Bombay, who may become so by the course of Casualties in the present Retired List, although not attached to Regiments, shall be considered effective and liable to be called upon for active employment.

4. "We have farther resolved that every Officer hereafter coming on this Senior List at the several Presidencies, shall draw a full share of Off-reckonings, in like manner as if he still continued in command of his Corps, and that the Officer promoted to the rank of Colonel and appointed to the Regiment thus vacated, shall be permitted to draw, in addition to his pay and allowances of Colonel or of Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant, as the case may be, the sum of £543 15 from the Off-reckoning Fund, and succeed to the larger share of Off-reckoning by seniority, as vacancies occur."

G. O. G. 1ST JULY 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council directs that the following revised Statements of Camp Equipage, Cattle and Attendants, &c. &c. for His Excellency The Commander in Chief and Officers on the General Staff, be published in General Orders.

STATEMENT

STATEMENT of CAMP EQUIPAGE, CATTLE, and ATTENDANTS, required for HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF, and STAFF, attached to HEAD QUARTERS when in the FIELD MARCHING.

WEIGHT IN POUNDS.		4712	2032		597		813	421	1937	108	ATTENDANTS.														
DESCRIPTION of TENTS.		Dining.	Field Officers.	Captains.	Subalterns.	Pendal.	Kanaut each 60 feet long.	European Private.	Private.	Necessary.	Total Weight	Loads expressed in Bullock Loads.	Lascars.			Attendants.				Office.			Private Stores.		
													Syrang.	Tindal.	Lascars.	Puckallies.	Bheesties.	Coolies for Flag Staff.	Coolies for Ghurry.	Tumbrils.	Carts Platform.		Coolies.	Camels.	Platform Carts
Commander in Chief,		2	2	0	0	1	8	1	13	2	10,620	93	1	2	50	6	2	12	4	0	0		42	6	21
Military Secretary,		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	8	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2		0	0	0
Private Secretary,		0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	6	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0
Aide-de-Camp,		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0
Adjutant Genl. of the Army,		0	1	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	12	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2		0	0	0
Qr. Mr. Genl. of the Army,		0	1	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	12	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2		0	0	0
Dep. Adjt. General, K. T.		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	7	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2		0	0	0
Dep. Qr. Master Genl, K. T.		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	7	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1		0	0	0
Total		2	7	1	2	1	8	1	29	5	10,620	152	1	2	50	13	2	12	4	3	9		42	6	21

N. B.—The weight bears reference to the Camp Equipage of The Commander in Chief only, and without Poles.—The number of Bullocks for the other Tents being known, it is not necessary to express the weight.

STATEMENT of the WEIGHT of CAMP EQUIPAGE required by HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

					Bullock Loads.
1	General's Dining Tent with Carpets and Outer Walls.	Tent.	2356	23	
		Poles.	287	0	
		Total.	2643	25	
1	Field Officer's Tent with Carpets and Outer Walls.	Tent.	1016	10	
		Poles.	149	0	
		Total.	1165	11	
1	European Regulation.	Tent.	421	4	
		Poles.	45	0	
		Total.	466	4	
1	Private 1 Poled.	Tent.	149	1	
		Poles.	18	0	
		Total.	167	1	
1	Pendalt.	Tent.	597	5	
		Poles.	361	0	
		Total.	958	9	
8	Light Kanauts each 50 feet long.				
		Complete.	813	8	
1	Necessary.	Complete.	104	1	

N. B.—The weight of Tents required by the General Staff are not inserted, as the existing Regulations for the Quarter Master General's Department provided for their Carriage.

G. O. C. C. 6TH JULY 1815.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to direct that, in future, all Officers *leaving the limits of the Presidency of Fort St. George* on furlough, or on sick certificate, shall report to the Adjutant General of the Army, the date of their departure; and they will also notify their return to the same Officer. The departure of Officers neglecting this duty, shall be considered as having taken place from the date of the G. O. granting them permission; and their return, from the date of the *first Official Report*, announcing it.

G. O. C. C. 8TH JULY 1815.

Several instances having occurred of Discharge Certificates being presented at the Adjutant General's Office, which have not received the regular sanction of the Commander in Chief, by the requisite countersignature; His Excellency is pleased to publish in General Orders, his displeasure at a practice so highly irregular, and to declare, that in every future case of this sort that may be brought to his notice, the person so discharged shall be immediately readmitted on the Rolls of the Corps to which he belonged; and the Officer who sanctioned the discharge, shall be held responsible for the adjustment of all arrears of pay that may be due.

G. O. G. 24TH JUNE 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the usual honorary

honorary reward for the attainment of the Hindoostanee language, be presented to Lieutenant Borthwick of the 2d Native Regiment; The Committee for the examination of Military Students having reported on his acquirements in that language, in the following terms.

"The versions of Lieutenant Borthwick were both executed with great accuracy; "but his translation from English into Hindoostanee evinced such a command of "language, and propriety of expression, as to afford the most satisfactory proof of "his attainments.—He converses with fluency and ease; and we have great pleasure "in recommending him for the usual reward."

G. O. G. 8th July 1815.

Lieutenant J. Crisp of the 2d Native Regiment, who, as announced in General Orders dated the 9th September last, had obtained the usual honorary reward for his proficiency in the Hindoostanee language, having recently presented himself for examination in Persian; and the Committee having reported their opinion of his merits to the following effect:

"A passage of considerable length from the Bahar Danish, and abounding in "phrases of no easy interpretation, was rendered into English by Mr. Crisp, with "so much accuracy, that we were not able to detect a single error in his translation."

"In the more difficult task of translation from English into Persian, Mr. Crisp was "equally successful; his performance being distinguished by an uncommon display of "the peculiar style of composition, which is considered beautiful in the latter language."

"With respect to the colloquial part of his examination, we deem it proper to "notice that Mr. Crisp's pronunciation appeared incorrect; at the same time, however, we are persuaded that with the thorough knowledge of the Persian language "which he evidently possesses, he will soon be able to overcome his present trifling "deficiency in speaking, and we accordingly beg leave to recommend him for the "usual honorary reward."

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has great satisfaction in conferring on Lieutenant Crisp the additional distinction for the attainment of the Persian language, established by the General Order of 17th November 1812.

G. O. C. C. 17th July 1815.

The Commander in Chief regrets the necessity of calling the attention of Officers in command, to the General Orders by the Commander in Chief, of date the 6th June 1805, and for the neglect of which His Excellency cannot find any excuse, as the Order in question was republished to the Army, by the late Commander in Chief, in G. O. of the 7th September 1813,* and also forms the 1st paragraph, Page 265, of the Code of Pay Regulations, under the head of "Extra Charges in "the Military Department."

The great inconvenience resulting to the Public as well as to Individuals from a non-observance of this Regulation, must be sufficiently obvious; and His Excellency therefore directs the re-publication of the Paragraph, and calls the most punctual attention to it in future.

"Officers Commanding Divisions, Districts, or Detachments of the Army, who "may find it necessary at any time to issue Orders within the limits of their Com"mand, involving public expenses not provided for by positive Regulations and con"sequently requiring the sanction of superior authority, shall transmit monthly to the "Secretary of His Excellency the Commander in Chief copies of all such Orders or "Letters,

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* *Vide page 47.*

"Letters, that they may be regularly submitted for the confirmation of the Right "Honorable the Governor in Council."

G. O. C. C. 20TH JULY 1815.

The Commander in Chief deeming it expedient that Officers holding the situations of Military or Deputy-Military Paymaster, should not be considered as available for general military duty, is pleased to establish it as a Regulation of the Service, that such Officers shall on no occasion be included in any Detail, either for General Courts Martial, or other general duty.

G. O. C. C. 28TH JULY 1815.

The Commander in Chief directs that Copies of all Official Letters, and Papers of every description addressed to any public authority, may invariably be preserved as records in the Division, District, Garrison, Cantonment, or Corps, from which such communications may have been made, instances having been brought to His Excellency's notice of such Papers not being forthcoming when references to them were required to be made.

G. O. G. 17TH JULY 1815.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having had under his consideration, the present state of the Ordnance Department at this Presidency, is pleased to determine, that in future the services of Conductors of Ordnance shall be restricted to the duties of the Ordnance Department exclusively, and the following is to be considered as the permanent Establishment:

Arsenal of Fort St. George and Out-Stations as fixed by the Code of Ordnance Regulations	28
In charge of Depots of Camp Equipage at the Presidency and Wallajahbad	2
Gun Carriage Manufactory	1
Total	31

All Conductors surplus to the above, are to be considered as Supernumeraries, and as vacancies occur in the fixed Establishment, they will succeed according to seniority of rank, until which period, they are to be attached to the several Departments of Ordnance at the different Stations of the Army, according to a distribution which His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to make for that purpose.

The Heads of Departments and Offices under whom any Conductor of Stores may be at present employed on duties unconnected with the Ordnance branch of the Service, are directed to notify to these Persons the option afforded them by Government of relinquishing their appointments for the purpose of remaining in their present stations under such arrangements in regard to Pay as the Heads of Departments may propose to them, or otherwise of returning to the duties of the Ordnance Department; and early reports are to be made to the Adjutant General of the Army, for the information of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, of the determination of the different Conductors to whom this provision may have reference.

G. O. G.

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* *Divided into three Classes, vide G. O. 27th January* 1817, *Vol.* 3, *Page* 232, *and a new arrangement for the Ordnance Department published, vide G. O. 13th March* 1821, *Vol.* 4, *Page* 107.

G. O. G. 5TH AUGUST 1815.

In consideration of the long and meritorious services of Subadar Syud Cassim of the 4th Regiment of Native Cavalry; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to resolve, that a Palankeen with the usual allowance of 20 Pagodas per month, shall be presented to that Officer, and that a Pension equal to the half Pay of his rank, shall be granted on his decease to his nearest Heir for the support of his family.

G. O. G. 5TH AUGUST 1815.

1st.—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to rescind the 28th Paragraph of the 16th Section of the Code of Pay Regulations, Page 327, by which Paymasters are directed "to report to the Military Auditor General, the day on which "they receive each month's accounts audited from his Office, and the same upon the "receipt of the re-audits, &c." it being considered that the quarterly adjustment of accounts directed by the 14th Paragraph, Page 211, of the above Code, must bring to early notice any miscarriage which may occur of the communications alluded to.

2d.—It has also been resolved that the certified Copies of the Registers of Guards directed by the 8th and 9th Paragraphs of the Code of Pay Regulations, Section 2, Page 14, to be transmitted to the Military Auditor General, shall be discontinued; and that the following Regulations shall be observed in all such cases.

3d.—Officers Commanding Corps, Departments, &c. are to furnish Commanding Officers at Out-Stations on the 1st of each month, with a Return of Guards or Details detached during the preceding month from their respective Corps, Departments, &c. which Returns when ascertained to be correct, are to be countersigned and returned to the Officers respectively from whom they were received; in order to accompany the Abstracts in which the charges for batta may be included; a similar course is to be observed in respect to Guards or Details detached from the Presidency, the Town Major countersigning the Returns, and Paymasters are directed to reject all charges of the above description unless supported by those vouchers.

G. O. G. 16TH AUGUST 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish to the Army, the following establishment, which has been fixed with the view of accurately defining the situations, which from their importance are considered to require the services of a Full Surgeon; and in order to guard against the excess in that rank, which has on former occasions taken place, all Assistants employed at subordinate Stations or Garrisons shall, invariably and without any exception, upon their promotion to the rank of Full Surgeons, quit such Stations and assume the duty of the rank to which they are promoted.

Medical Board.	First Member	1	
	Second Member	1	
	Third Member	1	
	Superintending Surgeons	7	
			10
Staff Surgeons		2	
Garrisons, including the Medical duties of two Courts of Appeal and Circuit		8	
Courts of Appeal and Circuit		2	
Secretary Medical Board		1	
Medical Stores		1	
The Male and Female Asylums and College		1	
Horse Artillery		1	
8 Regiments of Cavalry		8	

Foot

Foot Artillery	2	
1 Regiment European Infantry ..	1	
23 Native Regiments	23	
Carnatic European Veteran Battalion ..	1	
	—51	
	61	

G. O. G. 16TH AUGUST 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to fix the following establishment of Artificers for the Store Department at Bellary, from the 1st of August, and to authorize the Commissary of Stores at that Station to draw a monthly allowance of Pagodas 24 for Writers and Stationary.*

Maistry Carpenter	1
Maistry Smith	1
Armourers	4
Carpenters	6
Smiths	5
Hammermen	5
Bellows Boys	5
Caulker	1
Sawyers	2
Tinman	1
Painter	1
Chuckler	1
Cooper	1
Chickledars	6

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is also pleased to fix the following establishment for the Store Department at Bangalore, from the same date, and the Ordnance Officer at that Station is authorized to draw a monthly allowance of Pagodas 16 for Writers and Stationary.*

Carpenter	1
Maistry Armourers	2
Carpenters	2
Smiths	2
Hammermen	2
Bellows Boys	2
Tinman	1
Painter	1
Cooper	1
Chuckler	1
Chickledars	2

This increase to the present establishment is to be formed by transferring one set of Artificers, consisting of

1 Armourer
1 Carpenter
1 Smith
1 Hammerman
1 Bellows Boy and
1 Chickledar

from the Store Department at Seringapatam to the Department at Bangalore, and the remainder of the Artificers required to complete the above allotment, will be entertained by the Deputy Commissary of Stores at Bangalore.

Under the above arrangement, the following will be considered as the establishment of the Store Department at Seringapatam.

Maistry Filer or Armourer	1
Maistry Carpenter	1
Maistry Smith	1
Maistry Chickledar	1
Filers or Armourers	4
Carpenters	4
Smiths	4
Hammermen	4
Bellows Boys	1
Caulker	2
Tinmen	1
Painter	1
Chuckler	1
Cooper	1
Chickledars	9

C. O. C. C.

* *Allowance for Writers and Stationary at these Stations enhanced, vide Ordnance Regulations.*

G. O. C. C. 26th August 1815.

The Commander in Chief has withheld his approval of the revised sentence passed on Lieutenant Crowther of the 2d Battalion 3d Regiment N. I.* as His Excellency considered the proof recorded of the Prisoner's deranged state of mind, at the time when he committed the offences for which he has been tried, to be too equivocal to have furnished a sufficient ground for his acquittal from Charges of so serious a nature, and of which, the first excepted, he appears to have been fully convicted, although it might have given rise to such a degree of doubt as to his entire self-possession at that period, as would have justified the Court in recommending that his case should be received with lenity.

The Right Honorable The Commander in Chief in India has so forcibly pointed out in his observations on the trial of Cornet Montagu of H. M. 22d L. D., the danger to the discipline of the Army, which must result from too easy an admission of doubtful and temporary appearances of insanity, as a plea and expedient under which any Prisoner may escape the otherwise certain consequences of his guilt, that Sir Thomas Hislop will content himself with pointing the attention of the Army to His Lordship's remarks alluded to, as applicable in many respects to the present case, and with expressing his expectation that the impressive caution they convey, will guard future Courts Martial against establishing a precedent and practice which are calculated to counteract and evade the due course of justice.

Lieutenant Crowther having, since his trial, been declared at his last examination before the Medical Board, to be entirely recovered from the unfortunate state of mind which has been considered to have caused his late violent breaches of discipline and of good order, he has been released from arrest, and directed to return to his duty, and will from that period be considered as responsible for every act he may commit, and the less entitled to lenity for any future misconduct, from the caution he should derive from the danger he has lately escaped, and from the indulgence he has already experienced.

G. O. C. C. I. 14th June 1815.

Remarks and Observations upon the Proceedings and Verdict of the Court.

The Commander in Chief has carefully perused the Proceedings of the General Court Martial in the case of Cornet Montagu of His Majesty's 22d Light Dragoons.

The opinion expressed by His Excellency Sir Thomas Hislop, that it was the duty of the Court to proceed with the trial and to come to a decision on the point of guilty or not guilty, on the Charges advanced, appears to His Lordship to have been perfectly sound and consonant with the purest equity. The Extracts cited from Blackstone specifying instances in which the insanity of the Prisoner should be a bar to trial, do not at all apply to the case in question. There does not seem to have existed on the part of Cornet Montagu the least want of self-possession, the acuteness, or the discriminating judgment necessary towards enabling a Prisoner to meet with entire competence the evidence adduced against him. The extravagance of the Prisoner indeed, (as far as the Proceedings exhibit) does not display itself till the amount of the testimony against him is ascertained.—Now it need not be pointed out to the Court how dangerous a latitude it would be to put a Prisoner into possession of the extent of proof against him, and when he shall be satisfied of the impracticability of rebutting it, to countenance a resort to a show of derangement, as an expedient for evading the consequences impending from such a substantiation of guilt.—In the distribution of justice, the business of the Court is to receive and record the proofs by which the *truth* of criminal acts alleged against an Individual is supported.—The Prisoner is entitled to show the misconception or the perjury of the witnesses who testify against him; but altho' the equity of the Court will always consider the accused Person so much under its protection, as that it will act for him in detecting inconsistencies in the

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* *Acquitting him in consequence of his having laboured under a temporary debility of mind.*

the prosecution, exposing prevarications of a witness, or repelling irrelevant aggravations, it will not sustain a Prisoner in his wilfully foregoing those licit advantages and resting his cause on loose imputations instead of grappling with the adverse testimony. —It is thence the opinion of His Lordship, that the Court ought to have passed a sentence, and then have urged their persuasion of the Prisoner's mental derangement as a ground for soliciting lenity.—It is to be observed that any suspicion of the incorrect state of Cornet Montagu's mind antecedently to the outrages in question, is not deducible from the record,—had the Court been in possession of facts bearing on that point, it ought to have stated them; as His Lordship, however, concludes that the Court must have ascribed to the influence of malady existing at the time, the irregular conduct exhibited in the two Charges, and means to have it understood that while it finds the prisoner guilty of the *fact*, it regards him as not having been in that state of sound intellect, requisite to justify the Court's attaching the notion of *crime* to the conduct, he will accept the verdict as it stands.

The Commander in Chief entirely agrees with Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop in the intimation given to the Court, that it ought not to have examined witnesses, even on a collateral point (which must be well understood to have been for the purpose of gaining information respecting the sanity of the Prisoner), without putting those witnesses on oath.

G. O. G. 25TH AUGUST 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having ceased to fix particular days for the issue of Pay to the Troops, it will in future only be announced in General Orders by the Government, when funds for that purpose have been placed at the disposal of Paymasters.

The days for the issue of Pay will hereafter be determined by Paymasters in communication with Commanding Officers of Divisions, and will be inserted in Division Orders. It will be the duty of Paymasters to appoint the earliest days in each month consistently with the convenience of the Public Service; and any unnecessary delay in that respect will be reported by Commanding Officers of Divisions to the Commander in Chief, for the information of the Governor in Council.

The days of payment in the Presidency Division will be fixed by the Paymaster in communication with the Town Major of Fort St. George and with the Commanding Officers of Stations in his range; and will be inserted in Garrison or Cantonment Orders. Unnecessary delay on the part of the Paymaster will be reported to the Governor in Council either directly by the Town Major of Fort St. George or through the channel of the Commander in Chief, according to the Station at which it may occur.

G. O. G. 26TH AUGUST 1815.

As the existing Regulations for the Camp Equipage do not provide for any allotment of Tents to Native Recruits proceeding to join the Head Quarters of the Corps for which they are enlisted; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to determine that in future, One-poled Private Tents shall be allotted for the use of such Recruits, in the proportion of one Tent to fifty, it being clearly understood that parties not amounting to that number will not be entitled to any such allowance.

G. O. C. C.

G. O. C. C. 3d September 1815.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief cannot publish the foregoing Sentence * to the Army without attaching to it the declaration of his opinion, that the punishment it awards bears little proportion to the heinousness of the Crimes of which the Prisoner has been found guilty.—Death would not have been too severe an atonement for such traitorous and mutinous conduct, devoid as it is of any palliating circumstances.—Under this impression Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop has not approved, altho' he confirms the Sentence.—The Officer Commanding in Mysore will be pleased to cause the punishment of solitary confinement awarded to Private John Ford, to be carried into effect agreeably to instructions he will receive from Head Quarters.

G. O. G. 16th September 1815.

† The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Extracts of Letters from the Honorable the Court of Directors, for the information of the Army.

"*Extract Military Letter to Bombay dated 6th June* 1814.

"Letter from 29th October 1814. "178. Precedence of rank not allowed to Cadets who had served in the Local Militia.—Solicit Court's Orders on the subject."

Para. 102. "As the local Militia has been established by the Legislature upon a principle that constitutes it "a part of the permanent Military Resource of the Empire; "we direct, as a general rule, that all Cadets be considered entitled to precedence of rank in consequence of having served in a Corps of Local Militia."

"*Extract Military Letter to Bombay dated 6th June* 1814.

Para. 197.—"In our Military Letter to Bengal dated 16th February 1810 (copy of which is forwarded for your information and guidance), we directed that no allowance should be made to Officers for loss of Baggage at Sea, unless when proceeding on duty by order of Government.

198.—"In such cases we shall not object to Officers and Soldiers being allowed the following rates of compensation according to his Majesty's Regulations, viz.

INFANTRY.

1st.	The whole of the personal Baggage of a Subaltern Officer to be valued at		£60
	Camp Equipage between two Subalterns		35
2d.	The Baggage of a Captain to be valued at		80
	Camp Equipage		35
3d.	Field Officer's Baggage		100
	Camp Equipage		60
4th.	Colonel's Baggage	£120	
	Camp Equipage	80	

CAVALRY.

5th.	The whole of the personal Baggage of a Subaltern Officer to be valued at		£70
	Camp Equipage	45	
6th.	Captain's Baggage	90	
	Camp Equipage	45	
7th.	Field Officer's Baggage	120	
	Camp Equipage	90	
8th.	Colonel's Baggage	140	
	Camp Equipage	90	

9th. Officers

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* *On the Trial of John Ford of H.M. 34th Regiment for mutinous conduct, sentenced 6 months solitary confinement.*

† *Further orders on this subject, vide G. O. 3d March* 1820, *Vol.* 4, *Page* 58.

9th. Officers giving Certificates signed by themselves and the Commanding Officers of their Regiments that they have lost the whole of their Baggage and Camp Equipage, and that at the time it was lost they were in no respect deviating from the orders of the General Officer Commanding in Chief relative to Baggage, shall receive the whole of the sums allotted, according to their ranks.

10th. Officers losing any part of their Baggage are to give in similar Certificates according to the best of their belief and judgment without entering into particulars, but estimating their loss at one-fourth, one-half or three fourths, of the whole value, according to which they shall be paid, the like proportion of the above sums.

11th. The whole Baggage of a Quarter Master of Cavalry shall be estimated at £ 40—a Quarter Master losing the whole or any part of his Baggage, must produce Certificates from the Officer Commanding, and from his Captain, as to the quantity of his Baggage, which to the best of their belief and judgment has been lost, according to which he will receive the whole, or a proportion of the above sum of £ 40.

12th. The Baggage and Camp Equipage of all Staff Officers of both Cavalry and Infantry are to be valued as those of Subaltern Officers, except for such as are allowed a Tent to themselves, whose Camp Equipage in that case will be valued as that of a Captain.

13th. A Serjeant of Cavalry losing his necessaries, without any fault of his own, shall receive £ 2 15.

14th. Corporal, Trumpeter or Private	£2	10
15th. Serjeant of Infantry	2	10
16th. Corporal, Drummer or Private	2	2

The Certificates in these cases to be the same as in the case of the Quarter Master.

G. O. G. 16th September 1815.

1.—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Extract of a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors in the Military Department, dated the 28th March 1815.

Para 14. "Our attention having been drawn to a Regulation by His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, for making a permanent provision for Officers losing an Eye or a Limb in action, or sustaining permanent injury equivalent to the loss of an Eye or a Limb from wounds received in action; we have taken the subject into our serious consideration, and being willing at all times to mark our consideration and to extend our indulgence to all the Company's Officers who suffer by distinguishing themselves in our Service, we have resolved to establish a similar Regulation in our own Service.

15. "For this purpose we transmit to you a number in the Packet, a correct Copy of His Royal Highness The Prince Regent's Regulation, as subsequently sanctioned by Parliament.

16. "It will be necessary in carrying this resolution into effect that the strictest Testimonials and Certificates be produced, that every Officer claiming the benefit of the Regulations, lost his Eye or Limb in action, or suffered permanent injury equivalent to the loss of an Eye or Limb from a wound received in action with the Enemy, and it is our positive direction that the indulgence be strictly confined to such cases."

COPY.

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* *Further Orders on this subject published, vide G. O. 1st June* 1818, *Page* 196, *30th September* 1817, *Page* 287, *2d October* 1819, *Vol.* 4, *Page* 30, *and 18th August* 1821, *Vol.* 4, *Page* 118.

COPY.

CIRCULAR, No. 114.

WAR OFFICE, 20*th June* 1812.

SIR,

His Royal Highness The Prince Regent having taken into his consideration the cases of those Officers of the Army who have sustained serious and permaneht injury in action with the Enemy, and being desirous of marking his sense of their services by extending to them a permanent provision in addition to those allowances which are given under the existing Regulations, has been graciously pleased to order, in the name and on behalf of His Majesty, that Pensions shall be granted to such Officers according to the Regulation and Scale herewith transmitted; and I have the satisfaction to add, that Parliament having by their vote, given effect to His Royal Highness's liberal and beneficent views; these Pensions will commence from 25th December 1811, in all cases in which the injury may have been sustained previously to the 25th December 1810, and from the expiration of a year and a day, in the instances of wounds received subsequently to that date.

In executing these, His Royal Highness's Commands, I beg to assure you that it gives me much gratification to communicate to you this additional and striking proof of His Royal Highness's most gracious attention to the merits and services of the British Army; and I request that you will use the earliest means of making the same known to the Officers of the Regiment under your Command.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient humble Servant.

Colonel of the Regiment of (Signed) PALMERSTON.

COPY.

REGULATION for granting PENSIONS to OFFICERS of HIS MAJESTY'S LAND FORCES, losing AN EYE OR A LIMB on SERVICE.

1. If an Officer shall be wounded in action, and it shall appear, upon an inspection made of him by the Army Medical Board, at any period not sooner than a year and a day after the time when he was wounded, that he has in consequence of his wound lost a Limb or an Eye, or has totally lost the use of a Limb, or that his wound has been equally prejudicial to his habit of body with the loss of a Limb, such Officer shall be entitled to a Pension, commencing from the expiration of a year and a day after the time when he was wounded, and depending as to its amount upon the Rank he held at that period, according to the Scale annexed.—This Pension being granted as a compensation for the injury sustained, is to be held together with any other pay and allowances to which such Officer may be otherwise entitled, without any deduction on account thereof.

2. Officers who shall have lost more than one Limb or Eye, shall be entitled to the Pension for each Eye or Limb so lost.

3. And as the Pension is not to commence till the expiration of a year and a day from the date of the wound, it is to be independent of the allowance of a year's pay or the expenses attending the cure of wounds granted under the existing Regulations.

4. Applications for this Pension are to be made in the same manner in which claims for the years of pay are now made to the Secretary at War, and must always be accompanied by the Certificate of the Army Medical Board, if the Officer applying is at home, and by that of the Principal Medical Officer on the Station where he is, if the Officer is abroad.

5. In the latter case, however, the Officer must as soon as he returns home, be inspected by the Army Medical Board, and transmit their Certificate to the Secretary at War.

6.—All Officers who may have sustained such an injury as would entitle them to this Pension, by any wounds received since the commencement of hostilities in the year 1793, will, upon the production of the proper Certificate from the Army Medical Board, be allowed a Pension proportioned according to the Scale, to the Rank they held at the time when wounded, and commencing from the 25th December 1811.

7.—This allowance will be granted in general according to Regimental Rank, but in cases in which, in consequence of their Brevet Rank, Officers shall have been employed at the time when they were wounded in discharge of duties superior to those attached to their Regimental Commissions, it will be given by the Brevet Rank.

Given

Given at the War Office the 20th day of June 1812.

By Command of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the name and on behalf of His Majesty.

(Signed) PALMERSTON.

SCALE REFERRED TO IN THE PRECEDING REGULATION.

Ranks.	*Rates of Pension.*
Field Marshal, General or Lieutenant General Commanding in Chief at the time	To be specially considered.
Lieutenant General	£ 400
Major General or Brigade General Commanding a Brigade	350
Colonel Lieutenant Colonel * Adjutant General * Quarter Master General * Deputy Adjutant General if Chief of the Department * Deputy Qr. Master General if ditto. Chief Inspector of Hospitals	300
Major Commanding	250
Major * Deputy Adjutant General * Deputy Quarter Master General Deputy Inspector of Hospitals	200
Captain * Assistant Adjutant General Assistant Quarter Master General * Secretary to the Commander of the Forces * Aide-de-Camp * Major of Brigade	160
Surgeon Regimental Paymaster * Judge Advocate Physician Staff Surgeon Chaplain	
Lieutenant Adjutant	70
Cornet Ensign Second Lieutenant Regimental Quarter Master Assistant Surgeon Apothecary Hospital Mate Veterinary Surgeon Purveyor Deputy Purveyor	50

The Officers marked thus (*) to have the allowance according to their Army Rank, if they prefer it.

2d—In giving effect to the liberal intentions of the Honorable Court of Directors, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct with reference to the 16th Para. of the Honorable Court's Letter, that the following provisions shall be considered applicable to Officers of the Honorable Company's Service under the circumstances adverted to.

First—Officers in the Honorable Company's Service on this Establishment, when wounded in action so as to cause the loss of an Eye or a Limb or to be equally prejudicial to their habit of body with the loss of a Limb, are to obtain a Certificate from the Senior Officer on the spot, stating the place, date, and the nature of the duty on which they were employed when wounded.

Second—On the expiration of a year and a day from the date on which the wound may be received, Officers applying for the Pension are to obtain further, a Certificate under the following form and attested upon oath by two Surgeons before a Magistrate.

We

We A. B. and C. D. Surgeons or Assistant Surgeons of ——— do hereby declare upon oath that *(here enter the Rank, Name, and Corps of the Officer)* has lost *(here enter the particulars, whether an Eye, an Arm, or a Leg right or left)* or has sustained permanent injury equivalent to the loss of *(here enter an Eye, an Arm, or a Leg specifying whether right or left)* from wounds stated to have been received in action at ——— on the ———

(Signed) A. B. Surgeon, &c.
C. D. Surgeon, &c.

Sworn before me at ——
this —— day of ——.
(Signed) E. F.
Magistrate.

The Affidavits are to be laid before the Medical Board, who on examination of the Party, shall signify on the back of the Certificate their opinion on his case—And all applications for Pensions under this Regulation are to be accompanied by the above documents and forwarded through the Office of the Adjutant General of the Army, in order to be submitted, if approved by His Excellency the Commander in Chief, for the sanction of Government.

G. O. G. 16TH SEPTEMBER 1815.

The Committee for the examination of Military Students having reported the result of their examination of Lieutenant M'Donald of the 25th Native Regiment, in the Hindoostanee language, to have been "extremely creditable to his talents and "assiduities;" adding "we consider that Lieutenant M'Donald has fully established "his claim to the honorary reward:"—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that it be presented to that Officer accordingly.

G. O. C. C. 12TH OCTOBER 1815.

An irregularity in the foregoing Proceedings, of such importance, as probably to illegalize the Proceedings, has alone prevented Sir Thomas Hislop from confirming and directing the execution of the Sentence of Death so deservedly passed upon the Prisoner Charles Graham, Private of the Madras European Regiment. His Excellency would have considered that an indispensible duty, as well from the atrocity of the Crime of which the Prisoner has been found guilty, as from the conviction, that it is due to the community at large, to enforce the penalty of the law, on a criminal who cannot be permitted to exist, but at the risk of the lives of others.

It appears that Private Charles Graham, was arraigned upon, and pleaded before a Regimental Court Martial, to Charges similar in matter, to those on which he was subsequently brought to trial before a General Court Martial, a circumstance of which the Commander in Chief was uninformed, and which was so little likely, that His Excellency concluded the Additional Charge to have arisen, during the Prisoner's trial by a Regimental Court, for the lesser offence, of firing off his Piece in the Barracks, and of the threat which accompanied that act—He supposed either that that tribunal had not taken cognizance of a Crime which its limited powers were incompetent to punish, or that the trial had not been entered upon; that the Court had not been sworn in, or the Prisoner arraigned and permitted to plead; as proves to have been the case.

His Excellency will refrain from commenting with the severity merited on the singularly erroneous course of proceeding adopted by the Regimental authorities, trusting that its consequence, in defeating the ends of justice, and absolving from punishment, so great a Criminal, will sufficiently point out the serious evil of the want of common information, or discretion, which has led to a result materially hurtful to the discipline and good order of the Army.

The

The Officer Commanding at Trichinopoly, in making known to Private Charles Graham the Sentence of the Court, will endeavour to impress on his mind the narrow escape he has made from a just and awful punishment, in consequence of an irregularity in the manner of his trial which no ways lessened his guilt.---Private Charles Graham will then be released from his present confinement and further orders will be given for his future disposal.

G. O. G. 29TH SEPTEMBER 1815.

No provision having been made in the existing Regulations for a supply of Water to the Officers of the Commissariat, The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to sanction the following proportion of Puckallies for those Officers, when employed on *actual service* in the Field.

Commissary General for himself and Office, - - - - 2 Puckallies.
Deputy Commissary General, - - - - 1 ditto
Deputy or Assistant Commissary General, (when at the head of the Department in the Field) for himself and Office, - 2 ditto
Deputy Assistant or Sub-Assistant Commissary General, (when at the head of the Department in the Field) for himself and Office, - 1 ditto

2d. The Puckallies to be supplied in the manner directed by the General Orders of the 15th April last, and the charges to be included in the Staff Abstracts of the Officers respectively, on whose account the Puckallies are employed.

G. O. G. 29TH SEPTEMBER 1815.

1. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to resolve, that Officers Commanding Corps, or holding Government Commands, who may be absent on furlough when ordered on Courts Martial, Committees, or other duty of a similar nature, shall only be entitled to receive the Court Martial allowance of their rank; but when the exigency of the Service may require their detention beyond the period of their leave, the allowance of Full Batta heretofore granted is authorized until their services may be dispensed with.

2. The Governor in Council is pleased to authorize the issue of advances of Cash, if required, not exceeding one month's pay, to all Non-Commissioned Rank and File of Detachments of Troops for other Presidencies, who may arrive at Fort St. George on their passage from Europe.

3. If the Detachments are at Poonamallee, the advances will be drawn by the Paymaster at that Depot, if for King's Troops; and by the Fort Adjutant, if for Company's Troops; on Receipt, countersigned by the Commanding Officer of the Station: but if they are at Fort St. George, the advances are to be drawn on Receipt by the Brigade Major if for King's Troops, and by the Town Major if for Company's Troops.—The Receipts will specify the number of Non-Commissioned, Privates, &c. and they will be accompanied by a corresponding Roll of the names of the Men, signed by the Senior Officer of the Detachment.—If the Men should be for different Regiments, a separate Receipt and Roll is to be drawn out for each Corps.

4. Officers of His Majesty's or the Honorable Company's Service belonging to other Presidencies, are authorized to draw advances of Cash on their arrival from Europe, to the extent of one month's pay and ordinary allowances, on Receipt, countersigned,—if at Poonamallee, by the Commanding Officer; if at Fort St. George, by the Brigade Major or Town Major.

5. The foregoing Regulations regarding advances are to be considered applicable to Detachments and Individual Officers belonging to other Presidencies, who may arrive at Fort St. George on their passage from the Cape of Good Hope, or the Isle of France.

6. The Paymaster at the Presidency is directed to forward the Receipts for the above advances to the Accountant General, *immediately* after the issue of the money, in order that the prescribed early communications may be made by that Department to the other Presidencies.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 14th October 1815.

1. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to authorise all Officers, whether of His Majesty's or the Honorable Company's Service, under the rank of Major regimentally, who may be desirous on their *return* from Europe of receiving an advance of Cash, to draw from the Military Paymaster at the Presidency one month's pay and allowances, viz. the Half Batta, Gratuity and Tent Allowance of their Regimental rank.

2. These advances, as also those authorized by the G. O. of the 22d September 1812, to Officers, Assistant Surgeons, and Cadets, on their *first* arrival from Europe, are in future to be issued by the Paymaster without special authority in each case from the Military Auditor General; copies of the Disembarkation Returns of His Majesty's Troops which the Paymaster will receive from the Military Auditor General, will regulate the advances to Officers of His Majesty's Service, and the General Orders of Government announcing the return and date of arrival of Officers of the Honorable Company's Service, will be the Paymaster's guide in regard to the advances authorized to those Officers.

3. The further advances authorized by the G. O. of the 22d September 1812, to Officers on proceeding to join their Corps, are likewise to be made without special authority in each case from the Military Auditor General; each Officer applying for such advance, is to produce, in lieu of the documents prescribed by the 5th Para. of that Order, a Certificate in the undermentioned form, from the Office of the Adjutant General of the Army, or of the Deputy Adjutant General to His Majesty's Forces, which will be the Paymaster's authority for making those advances, and will invariably accompany the Abstracts in which such advances are included, as the proper voucher under which they are to be passed on the audit of the Paymaster's accounts.

"This is to certify that *(here enter the Rank, Name and Corps of the Officer)* "recently arrived from Europe, is ordered to proceed to join his Corps at "; and that this is his *first* arrival at the Presidency."

G. O. G. 14th October 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the issue of Camp Equipage to the Corps of Horse Artillery shall, in future, be made under the following Regulation.

	Men.	Saddlers off and near Horses.	Setts of Harness.
One New Regulation Tent, ..	19	21	6
Ditto Ditto Ditto ..	19	21	6
	38	42	12
One 1 Poled Private Tent, ..	0	14	28
Total, One Brigade or Division of two Guns, ...	38	56	40

G. O. C. C. 2d November 1815.

The Commander in Chief having confirmed the foregoing Sentences, directs that the

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* *Remarks by the Commander in Chief after the promulgation of the Extracts from the confirmed proceedings of a General Court Martial which found the Prisoners guilty of mutiny.*

the execution of the Prisoners, Privates John Wilson and Thomas Pagett of His Majesty's 84th Regiment, take place on Saturday morning the 4th Instant, in front of the Troops composing the Garrison and Cantonment of Bangalore, agreeably to detailed instructions which will be communicated to Major General Hare, Commanding the Mysore Division of the Army.

The Commander in Chief considering it due to the General Court Martial, of which Colonel Pritzler is President, to give effect to its recommendation in favor of the Prisoners

Mathew Stead,
John Yarbury,
Andrew Hatton,
} Privates His Majesty's 84th Regiment of Foot,

has been pleased to remit the sentences awarded to them, by extending the Royal Mercy, and further directs that the Prisoners,

Mathew Stead,
John Yarbury,
Andrew Hatton,
} Privates His Majesty's 84th Regiment of Foot,

whose length of service and general good conduct has been recorded on the Proceedings of their respective trials, shall be released from their confinement and return to their duty.

The Commander in Chief considers James Whiley and Robert Sharpe, Privates H. M. 84th Regiment, who have been capitally convicted, to be fit objects for Mercy.—His Excellency has been pleased to commute the sentence of death awarded Robert Sharpe, to transportation for the term of his natural life to New South Wales; and the sentence awarded James Whiley is commuted in like manner, to transportation for seven years.

The Commander in Chief having now acquitted himself of his duty to his King and his Country, and extended mercy to the utmost limits which are compatible with the maintenance of discipline and subordination, desires that the Soldiers of H. M. 84th Regiment, and of the Army in general, may call to remembrance the lenity, and forbearance he evinced in the case of Private Owen Haslem, H. M. 84th Regiment, whose Court Martial appeared in General Orders dated 21st April 1815.

The deliberate act of mutiny which was proved on that Soldier and the forbearance and humanity which influenced the Commander in Chief to grant him a conditional pardon, had led His Excellency to expect, that such an example would not fail to awake in the minds of the Soldiers of this Army a just sense of the dangers and disgrace attendant on mutinous and outrageous conduct. His Excellency looked, in particular to His Majesty's 84th Regiment, to evince a grateful sense of his clemency on that occasion and not to force from him the performance of the pledge he then made the Regiment of carrying into effect the first capital sentence which might be awarded. The disappointment of his too sanguine hopes, could not fail therefore to establish in his mind the imperious necessity of awful example now in a Corps to which he had, but a few months before addressed so serious and forcible a warning.—The mutinous and outrageous proceedings which have been proved against a large body of the 84th Regiment have required the strong hand of authority to suppress, and His Excellency trusts, that the examples now made will have their full effect of crushing a spirit wantonly displayed, and he hopes excited only by the example of the unhappy and misguided victims of their own disgrace and untimely fate. Sir Thomas Hislop will not dwell on the fatal consequences which intemperance, insubordination and evil examples have brought on a Corps heretofore so highly disciplined and exemplary as His Majesty's 84th Regiment. He trusts and confidently expects that the awful examples they are about to witness will recall them to the duty they owe to their King and Country, and excite those honorable sentiments of manly feeling and proper repentance which, inspired by the example of the distinguished Army he has the honor to command, will stimulate them, under the colours they have for a moment tarnished, to efface the recollection of the present unfortunate period by their future conduct as orderly, obedient and faithful Soldiers, and entitle them again to claim their rank and reputation, in common with other British Troops, pre-eminent alike in valour as in discipline, qualities which under the immortal Wellington, a name ever to be revered and honored, the British Army has proved its right to possess above every other in the world, and which have been invariably attended, with the most brilliant successes, victory and glory.

The Commander in Chief will now take leave of the mutinous conduct of H. M. 84th Regiment which has so peremptorily demanded his severest displeasure and reprehension, confident that the examples it has been his painful but sacred duty to make,

make, will have the effect of subduing that spirit of insubordination and outrage which has for a moment displayed itself, assuring the Regiment, that on their orderly and exemplary conduct in future, will depend the place they are to hold in his estimation as a Corps, and that unless future misconduct appear, which His Excellency will not suppose possible, they shall again enjoy his consideration, regard and protection in common with their brother Soldiers.

Having now performed a painful and distressing duty, the Commander in Chief feels a particular satisfaction in offering to Major General Hare his acknowledgments and public thanks for the measures he adopted on his arrival at Bangalore, to reduce H. M. 84th Regiment to order and obedience, and to check the growing evil of mutiny.

The zeal and energy which distinguished the conduct of the Major General at that trying moment, were such as His Excellency felt persuaded he would adopt on an occasion so distinctly calling for promptitude and decision, and the Commander in Chief cannot in terms more forcible than he feels his obligation to Major General Hare, declare in the most pointed and unequivocal manner, that he attributes to the exertion of his authority in so Officer-like and exemplary a manner the early return of the Regiment to a proper sense of its duty.

His Excellency therefore requests that Major General Hare will thus receive his acknowledgments for the service he has rendered the Army, by the adoption of decided measures, marked by discretion and judgment, and affording, on such an occasion, so excellent and beneficial an example.

The Commander in Chief cannot conclude this Order without recording the high opinion with which the orderly and Soldier-like conduct of H.M. 22d Light Dragoons, the Detachment of the Madras Artillery, as well as the whole of the Troops at Bangalore has impressed him.

This Order to be read at the head of every Corps and Detachment of the Army, at three successive Parades.

G. O. G. 20th October 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders, the following Extract from the Company's General Letter in this Department, dated the 5th of May 1815.

Para. 5th—It having been brought to our notice, that His Royal Highness The Prince Regent has been pleased, under a Warrant, dated the 8th August 1814, to grant the following rates of Pay to General Officers in His Army, not being Colonels of Regiments, instead of the Pay of their Regimental Commissions; namely,

General, per diem	£	1	18 0
Lieutenant General,		1	12 6
Major General,		1	5 0

We have determined to extend a similar indulgence to such General Officers in the Company's Service as are in Europe, on furlough, not being Colonels or Lieutenant Colonels Commandant of Regiments. This Regulation to have effect from this date.

G. O. C. C. 6th November 1815.

The military and soldier-like appearance of the Troops composing the Bangalore Force on the General Parade yesterday forenoon, could not but attract the Commander in Chief's attention.

Their steadiness under arms, correctness and precision of movement, added to the advantages, which uniformity of appearance, smartness and cleanliness of dress, and the excellent order and preservation of their arms and appointments, gave to those highly disciplined Corps, could not fail of distinctly claiming the Commander in Chief's approbation and applause: and His Excellency considers it due to Colonel Marriott Commanding the Troops at Bangalore, as well as to all the Commanding Officers

Officers of Corps and Detachments, to record his sentiments of their unremitted zeal for the good of the Service, which must have been directed with great ability, attention, and correctness of system.

The Commander in Chief had no less reason to feel satisfied with the efficiency of the Troops, at the several Inspections, than he was with their appearance and performance in the Field. The excellence of the materials, does credit to the attention of Commanding Officers to the first and most important duty, of obtaining eligible Recruits, and their equipments, neatness, and uniformity in marching order, were so characteristic of the attention paid to the ground-work of Military Excellence "*namely*" the internal economy of Troops and Companies, that His Excellency considers the whole to be in the most complete state for Field Service, to which, whenever they may be called, they will not fail to meet his expectations, and do honor to the Madras Army.

G. O. G. 14TH OCTOBER 1815.

The Committee appointed for the examination of Military Students, having reported Lieutenant Joseph Leggatt of the 3d Regiment of Native Infantry, to have established his claim to the usual honorary reward for proficiency in the Hindoostanee Language; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that it be presented to that Officer accordingly.

G. O. G. 11TH NOVEMBER 1815.

Lieutenant R. Spears and Ensign R. Fergusson of the 14th Regiment of Native Infantry, who were stated in General Orders of dates the 28th January and 18th March 1814, to have severally obtained the usual honorary reward for their proficiency in the Hindoostanee language, having recently presented themselves for examination in Persian; and the Committee having at the close of their report, communicated their sentiments in the following terms:

"Their acquisitions in our opinion fully establish their claim to the usual reward, "to which accordingly we beg leave to recommend them."

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has much pleasure in conferring upon each of those Officers, the additional distinction established by the General Order of the 17th November 1812.

The Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the usual reward for the acquirement of the Hindoostanee language be presented to Lieutenant C. Snell of the 15th Native Regiment, whose attainments are reported by the Committee for the examination of Military Students, to "reflect great credit on his diligence and talents, and" —they add "we have accordingly much pleasure in recommending him for the usual reward."

G. O. C. C. 21ST NOVEMBER 1815.

* The following Form of Indent for Cloth received from the Agent for Army Clothing, is in future to be observed; and to all Indents from Corps of His Majesty's Service, the Counter-signature of the Paymaster of the Regiment is required.

To

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* *Further orders, vide G. O. 8th July* 1817, *page* 279, *and* 24*th October* 1821, *Vol.* 4, *page* 131.

To
The GENERAL AGENT *for* ARMY CLOTHING,
Fort St. George.

SIR,

Please to order the delivery, to the Bearer, of the undermentioned Articles for my use, to be paid for, at the regulated Prices, by six equal instalments, (or if wished for) "on delivery."

Articles required.	Quality.	Quantity.	From whose Abstract to be stopped.	Prices.	Grand Total
Scarlet Cloth.....	Sup. fine	5 Yards	From the Indenting Officer's Abstract.		
Blue do.	Do. Do.	2 Do.			
Green Cloth.....	Fine	3 Do.			
French Grey.....	Ordinary	1¾ Do.			
White Cassimere.....	Sup. fine	1 Do.			
Packing Charges.....					
Postage and Coolyhire...					
Advanced by the Agent for Army Clothing.....					

Station and Date. *Indenting Officer's signature.*

Commanding Officer's Counter-signature.

Adjutant General's Counter-signature.

N. B—The Indent is to bear the *Indenting* Officer's receipt on the back of it.—*The Agent will fill up the column of Prices*, &c. &c. Should the Party indenting wish to have the articles despatched by the Agent, a request to that effect to be preferred to him by Letter—As the full amount of Cooly hire is advanced by the Agent, he can despatch Articles to fixed Stations *only*,—as he has no means of realizing any excess that may accrue, by Coolies being required to proceed beyond their original destination, that must be made good by the Officer receiving the Cloth.

G. O. C. C. 26TH NOVEMBER 1815.

The unsettled state of the weather having prevented the Commander in Chief from inspecting and reviewing the Troops composing the Garrison of Vellore, His Excellency can only express the regret he feels in being disappointed of the gratification which the favorable reports made by Major General Taylor of their discipline and interior economy, had led him to expect.

The Commander in Chief cannot but notice in terms of approbation the orderly conduct of His Majesty's 34th Regiment, which Colonel Hall reports to be exemplary; and His Excellency trusts, that the Regiment will at an early period recover from the severe sickness which has, during their tour of duty at Seringapatam, reduced its efficiency and strength.

The 2d Battalion 14th Regiment having been so lately under the Commander in Chief's personal inspection, His Excellency is satisfied, that this highly disciplined Corps preserves its well merited reputation.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 31st May 1814.

Inconvenience having arisen from the Commissariat having been required by Officers in Command to supply conveyances for the march of Troops unauthorized by the Regulations: The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to explain that, the Commandant of the Division is alone considered the proper authority to judge in the first instance of the emergency which may in any case render a departure from the Regulations indispensible.

Officers of the Commissariat are accordingly prohibited from furnishing such irregular supplies except on Indents countersigned by the Quarter Master of Brigade "by order of the Commandant of the Division," when such authority can be procured without injurious delay to the Public Service.—But should the absence of the Officer Commanding the Division render it impossible to procure his order for the purpose, the signature of the Commandant of the Station will be sufficient to sanction the supply; and the responsibility which in the former case attached to the exercise of discretionary power by the Commandant of the Division, will in the latter case rest with the Commandant of the Station, until the Indent shall have received the final sanction of competent authority.

The Governor in Council further directs that all Indents connected with the conveyance of the Troops and their marching equipments and of Ordnance proceeding on Field Service, shall be referred to the Officer Commanding the Division through the Quarter Master of Division previous to supply, when such reference may be practicable without detriment to the Service; and that until the signature of the Officer of Check be affixed, the responsibility of issue shall attach to the former signatures.

G. O. G. 24th. November 1815.

The Committee for the examination of Military Students, having in their report, dated the 12th September last, on the examination of Lieutenant Aubrey of the 2d Native Regiment, in the Hindoostanee language, recommended that Officer for the usual reward,—representing his "translation from Hindoostanee into English of a passage from the *Bagho Behar* of no common difficulty to have been performed with "perfect accuracy;" and that "his version into Hindoostanee although not entirely "free from some idiomatical errors, evinced a very satisfactory knowledge of that "language;" while the "want of fluency and readiness," which was observable, "in "the colloquial part of his examination," it was not doubted, "considering his "other attainments," he would soon overcome.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to confer the honorary reward established for the acquirement of the Hindoostanee language, on Lieutenant Aubrey.

G. O. G. 15th December 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the Corps of Pioneers shall be provided with Camp Equipage in the proportion of three Single Poled Tents to 1 Company of the present strength, as fixed by the G. O. of 12th October 1810.

G. O. C. C. 1st January 1816.

The Commander in Chief having received from Colonel Marriott, a report of the surrender of the Fortress of Kurnool to the Detachment under his Command, on the 15th Ultimo; His Excellency congratulates Colonel Marriott on the early and successful termination of the Service he had to perform. The

The Commander in Chief notices with satisfaction the favorable report Colonel Marriott has made to Head Quarters of the zeal, energy and efficiency of the whole of the Departments, and Corps, composing the Field Force under that Officer's Command, and he assures Lieutenant Colonel Campbell, and the Officers and Men, of His Majesty's 84th Regiment, that Colonel Marriott's report of the soldier-like, cheerful and orderly conduct of the Regiment, have only confirmed the confidence and high opinion His Excellency so fully anticipated that they would merit.

G. O. C. C. 1st January 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having addressed the following Extract of a Minute of Council, to the Commander in Chief, to be published to the Army, it is published in Military Orders, and directed to be strictly obeyed accordingly.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish for general information, the following Extracts from the Minutes of Consultation, dated 13th October 1815.

Ordered, that in future all applications for Permits to be received on board any Ship proceeding from any subordinate Port to England, shall be submitted through the channel of the Collector of Sea Customs, at the Port from which the Ship is to be despatched; and that it shall be the duty of that Officer, to take care that the deposit of one hundred Pounds, required by the Orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors, is made, on account of every Native Servant who may embark for England.

G. O. G. 22d December 1815.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to grant the usual reward for the acquirement of the Hindostanee language, respectively, to Lieutenant Joseph Garnault of the 25th and Lieutenant John Gibbings of the 18th Native Regiments, who are reported by the Committee to have executed the tasks assigned to them "with such a degree of accuracy, as reflects great credit on their attainments."—The Committee add, "In neither of their exercises was any material error discoverable, "although we have in this, as we have had on almost all former occasions, to notice "some slight defect in the pronunciation.—But we conceive that both these Candidates "are eminently entitled to the usual reward."

G. O. G. 22d December 1815.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to establish the following further Regulations relative to Family Payments.

Para. 1.—The Superintendent is authorized to return to Corps or Individuals granting Family Certificates (by Receipts on Paymasters) all Surplus Stoppages which may from errors in calculation, or other causes, come into his hands.

2.—All Officers relieving others in the charge of Family Payments will be held responsible for the adjustment of the accounts of the antecedent, as well as future period, and will consequently be careful to ascertain that the accounts up to the time of their taking charge have been settled, or if they have not been so, to possess themselves of the information and means necessary to their adjustment.—In cases also of succession to

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* *Further orders, vide G. O. 17th July* 1819, *Vol.* 4, *page* 31, *and* 16*th April* 1822, *Vol* 4, *page* 157.

to a deceased Officer, responsibility will attach to the succeeding Officer that every aid be given in the settlement of the unadjusted accounts.

3.—On the first issue of Family Certificates by Corps, &c. or by Individuals, Rolls, in duplicate are to be forwarded to the Superintendent, and are to be despatched by two successive Posts, but the Rolls required to be sent to him quarterly by the 11th Para. of the G. O. of the 22d July 1814, are dispensed with, and will in future be furnished only when called for by him. In like manner Rolls will be transmitted by the Superintendent to the Stations at which Family Certificates are payable, only when it may be found necessary.

4.—The first part of the 40th Para. of the G. O. of the 22d July 1814, relative to Native Troops, is cancelled, and the arrears of pay due to a deceased Native Soldier for the broken period of the month, in which the casualty occurs, is to be applied, as far as it may go, to the liquidation of his Family Payments.

5.—European Commissioned Officers are restricted from granting Family Certificates for a larger amount than two-thirds of their whole *personal** Staff and Regimental pay and allowances.

* It is to be understood that Saddle, Medical or other contract allowances do not come under the description of personal.

6.—The Superintendent is directed to suspend payment of all Family Certificates, a Receipt for a corresponding Stoppage for which, shall not have reached him, within two months after it might have been received, to be ascertained by the arrival of other official communications from the same quarter.

7.—In order to ensure the recovery of Stoppages on account of Family Certificates in any case which may require a departure from the established course, Paymasters are authorized to make all such recoveries as may be directed by the Accountant General on the application of the Superintendent, the original receipts in these cases being deliverable to the Party from whom the Stoppages are made, and copies thereof to be transmitted by the Paymaster direct to the Superintendent.

8.—Paymasters are not to grant *Orders* on the Accountant General in favor of the *Superintendent* for any sums intended to be placed to his credit, but are to give *Receipts* for their amount, with an attested copy of the same.---*Orders* are only to be granted in the cases provided for in the 12th Para. of the G. O. of the 4th October 1814, or when Officers paying Family Certificates may wish to return to Corps, &c. unclaimed sums remaining in their hands.

9.—All Receipts for Stoppages on account of Family Payments to be as nearly as possible in the following Form, and separate Receipts to be always granted for Stoppages on account of different months.

FORM.

Received from A. B. Commanding *(Here describe the Corps, Detachment, Department or Station of the Individual)* the sum of Star Pagodas ——, Fanams —— and Cash ——, on account of Family Stoppages made from the Abstracts of the above Corps, Detachment, Department or Individual, as the case may be.

(Station and date.). (Signed) C. D.
Paymaster.

(A true Copy.) (Signed) C. D. *Paymaster.*

the Officers to whom those Receipts may be granted are to affix a N. B. to each, in the following Form.

"N.B.—The above Receipt is in adjustment of the Family Payments made on the issue of pay in —— 181 ."

(Signed) E. F.

(Here insert Corps and Designation of the Officers charged with the duty of Family Payments.)

10.—In cases where all the European Officers may be withdrawn from a Station, at which Family Payments are made, the Rolls and Accounts, with any Balance of Cash which may remain are to be delivered to the Pay Office by the Commanding or Staff Officer, and a Receipt taken for the same, which is to be transmitted (by the Officer) to the Superintendent, and the Paymaster is directed to dispose of them agreeably to the directions of the latter.

11.—The first Para. of the G. O. of the 14th February 1815, is not intended to prevent Officers or others on Foreign Service, from discontinuing their Family Payments, should they from any private considerations wish to do so, but in all such cases the corresponding deduction from the pay of the Individual is not to cease, until the Superintendent shall have acknowledged the receipt of the casualty, and stated the period at which it took effect, when any sum over-stopped may be returned.

12.—All

12.—All sums payable on Family Certificates, which may not be claimed, or otherwise disposed of, within four months after due, are to be returned to the Persons from whom they were stopped.

G. O. G. 5TH JANUARY 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that with a view of guarding against the possibility of mistake, Blank Cartridges shall on every occasion, be made up, exclusively in Blue paper; and Ball Cartridges in Brown or Whited Brown paper.

G. O. G. 5TH JANUARY 1816.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to permit the pay and allowances of Non-Commissioned Rank and File of His Majesty's Service when absent from their Regiments, whether on duty or on leave, to be drawn at the Station where they may happen to be, on the production of Certificates of last Pay and other prescribed documents.

2. Details and Individuals of the above description when under the command of Commissioned Officers, are to be drawn for by those Offices on regular Abstracts, but when they are not under the command of Commissioned Officers, they are to be drawn for by Staff or Commanding Officers of Stations, in the same manner as in the Company's Service, and this rule is to be considered applicable to the Presidency, which cancels the 12th Para. of the Regulations for His Majesty's Troops, published in General Orders dated 14th September 1813.

3. The 89th, 90th, 91st and 92d Paragraphs, Page 317, of the Code of Pay Regulations, are to be considered applicable to the Details and Individuals abovementioned.

4. The Regulation contained in the 1st Para. is extended to Officers of His Majesty's Service when absent on Staff duty, and to Officers who obtain leave to proceed to Europe, who are accordingly, (after their Regimental accounts are adjusted) to be furnished with Certificates of last Pay by their respective Regimental Paymasters.

5. Certificates of last Pay granted by Regimental Paymasters to Officers in His Majesty's Service, are invariably to be countersigned by Paymasters of Stations, those granted by Regimental Paymasters to Non-Commissioned Rank and File, are also to be countersigned by Paymasters of Stations at their (the Station Paymasters) respective Head Quarters; at other Stations the provisions of the 82d Para. of the Code of Pay Regulations, Page 315, are to be considered applicable to His Majesty's Troops.

G. O. G. 5TH JANUARY 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish to the Army, the following Extract of a Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated the 12th April 1815, with Copy of the Statement to which it refers; and to notify that from the 1st Instant none of the Articles detailed in the Statement will be supplied to His Majesty's Regiments from the Stores of the Honorable Company, except on special application to the Military Board, who are authorized to sanction the issue on immediate payment of their value, agreeable to the Table of Rates kept in that Office.

Para. 2. Having

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* *Further orders on this subject, vide G. O. 25th November* 1816, *page* 224.

Para. 2. Having received from Major General *Sir* Henry Torrens, K. C. B. Secretary to His Royal Highness The Commander in Chief, a Statement of such Articles of Equipment and Stores used by His Majesty's Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry serving in the East Indies, as are supplied by their respective Colonels, we transmit a Copy of it to you herewith a Number in the Packet, for your information and guidance.

3. All the Articles mentioned in the above Statement being charged in the accounts between the Crown and the Company, and paid for in England, you will be careful to avoid any double payment for the same things in India, either by supplying the Articles themselves or by making any allowance in lieu of them.

STATEMENT OF THE ARTICLES OF CLOTHING AND APPOINTMENTS SUPPLIED BY THE COLONELS OF REGIMENTS OF CAVALRY SERVING IN THE EAST INDIES.

Clothing every two Years for each Man.

One Chokee or Cap.
One Dress Jacket.
One Undress Jacket.
One pair of Pantaloons.
One Flannel Waistcoat.
Two pair of Gloves.
One pair of Boots once in every 3½ years.

Men's Appointments and Saddlery supplied as required to replace others when fairly worn out, viz.

Cloaks, Swords with Belts and Plates, and Sword Knots.
Pouches and Pouch Belts.
Saddles complete.
Bridles do.
Horse Collars with Chain Reins.
Standards and Belts.

STATEMENT OF THE ARTICLES OF CLOTHING AND APPOINTMENTS SUPPLIED BY THE COLONELS OF REGIMENTS OF INFANTRY.

Clothing for each Man.

A Cap to last 2 Years.
A Coat, } Annually,
A pair of Shoes, }
and in lieu of Breeches, and Waistcoats, an annual allowance of 22*s.* to each Serjeant, and 10*s.* 6*d.* to the other Ranks, is paid by the Colonel to enable the Men to supply themselves with lighter Articles more suitable to the climate.

Appointments when actually necessary to replace others fairly worn out, viz.

Colours and Belts.
Serjeants Swords, Belts and Plates.
Serjeants Sashes.
Drummers Swords, Belts and Plates.
Drum Carriages.

APPOINTMENTS FOR PIONEERS,

For Corporals and Privates.

Pouches with Belts.
Bayonet Belts and Plates, and
Firelock Slings.

G. O. C. C. 29TH JANUARY 1816.

In publishing the foregoing Sentence, the Commander in Chief feels it to be his duty to mark in General Orders the impressions which a Sentence, so inadequate to the finding of the Court, has made on his mind.

On

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* *Suspended from Rank and Pay, 6 months.*

On the first Charge, Lieutenant Sandon of His Majesty's 86th Regiment, is found guilty of breaking his word of honor deliberately pledged before two of his Brother Officers; and the circumstances under which so solemn a pledge was made and broken, tend only to aggravate the disgraceful nature of the act—had this been the only Charge proved against Lieutenant Sandon, it would have merited a more serious sentence than has been awarded by the Court Martial for the *three* offences of which it has found him guilty.

On the 2d Charge, Lieutenant Sandon is convicted of *unjustly withholding* five Pagodas from Private Griffiths of the 86th Regiment, and the Commander in Chief has been surprised to find, that such conduct is not considered by the Court as dishonorable to a British Officer.—Allowing full weight to what Lieutenant Sandon alleges in his defence on this Charge, it would appear that, deeming it advisable to absent himself from the Regiment for a time in consequence of an "unpleasant affair" with Lieutenant Kirkland (which is the subject of the Fourth Charge), he had no ready means of defraying the expenses of the excursion but by making use of the money which had been entrusted to him for Griffiths, he therefore did apply to this purpose the five Pagodas in his possession, which were in fact the property of the said Private Griffiths, and consequently was unable to pay when the Soldier preferred his claim.—There appears nothing in the circumstances which led to the unjust detention of the money (and its application to Lieutenant Sandon's use), which in the slightest degree divests the act of its dishonorable character.

With respect to the 3d Charge, Lieutenant Sandon is found guilty of *again* breaking his word—Having prevailed on the Mess Butler to pay a Cloth Merchant's bill for him, under a promise of refunding the amount in one month, he withholds payment for nine months, and at last only discharges the debt on compulsion—if such transactions as these are not considered *by a General Court Martial* as un-officer-like and disgraceful, it is much to be feared, that the high sense of honor which has heretofore distinguished the Officers of the British Army, will soon give place to conduct and principles disgraceful to the Gentleman, and which the nice discriminating sense of honor, cherished by the Officers of the British Army as the characteristic of their profession, should need but to be detected to disqualify the degraded individual from again tarnishing the unequivocal character which every Person bearing his Majesty's commission must preserve without a stain.

G. O. G. 12TH JANUARY 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish to the Army, the following Extract from a Report on the Examination of Lieutenant Mantell of the 10th Native Regiment, in the Persian Language; and has great satisfaction in recognizing Lieutenant Mantell's title to the additional distinction, proclaimed in General Orders dated the 17th November 1812, for the attainment of that Language.

"It will be in the recollection of the Government, that Lieutenant Mantell passed some time since, an examination in the Hindoostanee Language, with distinguished approbation; and we have now the satisfaction to add, that his acquirements in the Persian are of a still higher order.

"The mode of the examination is so well known, that it does not appear necessary to enter into any details on that subject; it will be sufficient to mention that, in every part of it, Lieutenant Mantell realized our highest expectations. The translations were not only perfectly correct, and free from all errors, except a very few of inadvertency; but *that* from English into Persian, in particular, was executed in a style of elegance, which would have reflected credit on a Native. We had also much pleasure in observing that Lieutenant Mantell's attainments in the colloquial practice of the Language, were not inferior to those which he had previously displayed in his translations. The result of our whole examination is, that we consider Lieutenant Mantell as an accomplished Persian Scholar, and fully entitled to the usual honorary reward; to which we accordingly beg leave to recommend him."

The Governor in Council is further pleased to publish for the information of the Army, the following Extract from the Report of the Committee on the examination of Lieutenant Haggard of the 14th Native Regiment; and to direct that the usual reward for the acquirement of the Hindoostanee Language be presented to that Officer.

"The

" The translations of Lieutenant Haggard, from English into Hindoostannee, were executed with uncommon elegance of expression, and an entire command of language; whilst those from Hindoostanee into English evinced a perfect acquaintance with the original.—In the colloquial part of the examination alone did we find any thing to be desired ; and the trifling deficiency which we, in that respect observed, may fairly be ascribed to the extremely short period of time, in which this Gentleman has acquired an unusual proficiency in the Language."

" We have therefore great satisfaction in recommending Lieutenant Haggard to receive the usual honorary reward."

G. O. G. 9TH FEBRUARY 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders, the following Extracts from Reports of the Committee for the examination of Military Students ; and has much satisfaction in granting to Cornet James Morison of the 1st Native Cavalry, the additional distinction, established under date the 17th November 1812, for the attainment of the Persian language ; and in directing that the usual honorary reward for the acquirement of the Hindoostanee language be presented respectively, to the undermentioned Officers, viz.

Lieutenant A. Crawford of the Artillery ; Lieutenant R. Crowther of the 5th Native Cavalry ; Ensign A. Fraser of the 25th Native Infantry.

Report dated 12*th January* 1816.

" The usual exercises were given to Cornet Morison, and were executed by him in a manner, which reflected great credit on his talents and assiduity.—In the translations from Persian into English, we did not observe any error ; and those from the latter into the former language were, with the exception of a very few orthographical oversights, not only accurate, but executed with a considerable share of elegance and freedom. In the colloquial part of the examination, we had occasion to observe, that the pronunciation of Cornet Morison was rather defective. His utterance was too hurried and his accent not exactly native. As he possesses, however, sufficient fluency and a copious command of words, we have no doubt that he will shortly remedy the only existing defect in his conversation."

" We beg to conclude the above general remarks with recommending Cornet Morison, to receive the honorary reward, to which he has so fully entitled himself."

Report dated 12*th January* 1816.

" Lieutenant Crawford executed the several tasks assigned him, with great credit to himself. His translations, as well from Hindoostanee into English, as from English into Hindoostanee, were rendered with great accuracy, and we observed with much pleasure, that in that part of the examination where we have so often had occasion to observe a deficiency, (the colloquial,) Lieutenant Crawford has acquired a considerable proficiency. His pronunciation is extremely good, and his style of conversation easy and unaffected : and when to this be added the sound practical knowledge of the language, exhibited in his translations, we have no hesitation in stating our opinion that he has fully established his claim to the usual honorary reward, to which we beg leave to recommend him accordingly.

Report dated 22*d January* 1816.

" The usual papers for translation were given to both these Gentlemen. The tasks assigned to Ensign Fraser were executed with perfect correctness, whilst those, in which Lieutenant Crowther was engaged, although not equally free from error, were not liable to any material objection.

" In the colloquial part of the examination, Lieutenant Crowther acquitted himself with great credit. He possesses a ready command of words, and his pronunciation is sufficiently accurate.—The attainments of Ensign Fraser, in this respect, do not, by any means, keep pace with his skill in translation and with his actual knowledge of the language. But many allowances are to be made, for a short residence in the country, a consequent want of sufficient practice, and an infirm state of health. We are

are accordingly persuaded, that Ensign Fraser will shortly overcome the trifling objections to which his mode of conversation is at present open, and we are of opinion, that both himself and Lieutenant Crowther, have established a fair claim to the usual honorary reward, to which we therefore beg leave to recommend them."

G. O. G. 16TH FEBRUARY 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize the issue of 2 Quarts of Oil, quarterly, commencing from the 1st of the ensuing month, for the preservation of the Iron work of the Public Buildings at Wallajahbad.

G. O. G. 16TH FEBRUARY 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to resolve that Gun Harness for the use of His Majesty's Regiments of Dragoons, shall be supplied from the Public Stores, when that in use shall be found unserviceable by a Committee to be appointed under the orders of His Excellency the Commander in Chief.—Officers Commanding His Majesty's Regiments of Dragoons, will accordingly report to the Adjutant General of the Army, whenever they may consider the Gun Harness as requiring to be exchanged; and should His Excellency the Commander in Chief direct a Committee of Survey to be assembled, the Proceedings of the Committee, with the necessary Indents, will be transmitted to the Military Board for their decision.

The Proceedings of the Committee shall contain the fullest information regarding the time the Harness may have been in use, and the extent of repairs it may have undergone. The particular parts of it, which may be applicable for other Harness, shall also be fully described.

The Governor in Council is further pleased to resolve, in consequence of the preceding Regulation, that the allowance for the repair of the Gun Harness in use with His Majesty's Regiments, shall be reduced to 15 Fanams per sett; and it is to be distinctly understood that the Government are not to be subject to any expense beyond the above allowance and that of providing new Harness, when that in use shall be condemned as unfit for service.

G. O. G. 16TH FEBRUARY 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to rescind the 3d and 4th Paragraphs of Section 1st, of the Regulations for the conduct of the Quarter Master General's Department, published under the authority of Government, on the 1st October 1813, and to direct that the following Regulations shall be adopted in lieu thereof.

1st. The Officers in charge of Military Quarters, shall make returns annually to the Senior Officer of the Quarter Master General's Department in Divisions, on the 1st of January, according to Form No. 1, (in the Regulations), specifying the particular state and condition of the Guard Rooms, Quarters, Barracks, and Barrack Furniture, under their charge.

2d. Officers in charge will, however, report from time to time any changes or casualties that may occur in the Buildings.

3d. From those Returns, the Senior Officers of the Quarter Master General's Department in Divisions, shall frame one General Return of the Division under their charge, to be transmitted to the Quarter Master General, by whom an Annual Report shall be laid before the Military Board, as soon after the receipt of Division Returns as

as possible, which report shall contain such remarks and observations as he may judge necessary for their information.

The Quarter Master General shall also bring to the notice of the Military Board, all alterations in the state of the Buildings that may take place from time to time, between the periods of the Returns.

G. O. C. C. 24TH FEBRUARY 1816.

Some Officers having been lately reported to have travelled unprovided with Passports, His Excellency the Commander in Chief finds it necessary to call the attention of the Army to the Passport Regulations, as published under the authority of Government, and to direct that they be strictly enforced.

G. O. C. C. 2D MARCH 1816.

1.—In conformity with instructions from The Right Honorable The Commander in Chief in India, Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop is pleased to direct, that in future all references which it may be necessary to make to His Excellency respecting General Courts Martial on Officers or Soldiers of His Majesty's Service, whether preliminary to or consequent on Trial, shall be addressed for his consideration thro' the prescribed channels, to the Deputy Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces, in whose Office all communications on such subjects are to be recorded.

2.—Whenever the Commander in Chief may decide on bringing an offender of His Majesty's Service to trial, instructions will be given to the proper Department for the assembly of a General Court Martial, without the necessity of any further reference.

3.—The results of General Courts Martial held on Officers or Soldiers of the King's Service, will henceforth be published to His Majesty's Troops in General Orders from the Deputy Adjutant General's Office, excepting special cases, which it may appear to His Excellency advisable to promulgate to the Troops of the Honorable Company's as well as of His Majesty's Service.

4.—Copies of such General Courts Martial as may be published by order of The Right Honorable The Commander in Chief, will in future be sent direct to Officers in Command of His Majesty's Regiments on the Madras Establishment, by the Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces in India, and the receipt of all such documents is to be punctually noticed in the usual manner, in the Monthly Returns forwaded to the Deputy Adjutant General's Office.—General and other Officers in Command of Divisions and Stations of the Army, in which any of His Majesty's Regiments may be serving, will be furnished with Copies of all such General Courts Martial, by the King's Deputy Adjutant General.

G. O. G. 23D FEBRUARY 1816.

It having been represented to Government that payment on the Family Certificates of many Officers who proceeded on Foreign Service, particularly on the Expeditions to the French and Dutch Islands in the years 1810 and 1811, had been continued after their return to the Coast without any stoppages or remittances having been made to correspond with those payments;—it being also understood that stoppages on account of Family Certificate payments for the periods previous to the return of Officers to the Coast, were in many instances omitted: The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to call upon all Officers, whose Families or Agents had continued to receive payments on their Certificates in the cases in question, to take immediate measures for discharging the debt incurred by them in consequence,

by

by payments into the Office of the Paymaster of the Station at which they may be doing duty, reporting fully to the Paymaster, for the information of the Military Auditor General, the nature of the arrangement which they may have in contemplation for that purpose.

Officers against whom balances are standing on the above account, will be careful to relieve themselves from the further responsibility which must attach to them from any additional delay in the adjustment of their Family Certificate accounts.

G. O. G. 1st March 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders, the following Extracts of Letters from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated the 16th June and 14th July 1815.

Letter dated 16th June 1815.

Para. 139.—" In consequence of the numerous applications which have been preferred to us by our Servants on leave of absence in this Country for advances of money on loan, we think it proper to recal your attention to our orders in the Military Department, of the 26th February 1808, upon this subject.—Those orders declared our determination not to make any pecuniary advances to Officers at Home beyond what they are allowed by the existing Regulations of the Service, and you were required to publish them in General Orders to the Army, but as a resolution of this description in order to be generally known to a body which is continually receiving an accession of new members should be occasionally republished, and being fully persuaded that a strict observance of this resolution will prevent much trouble and inconvenience, besides loss to the Company; we direct that our orders above adverted to be in future circulated for the information of the Army in the month of January, in every year; and we shall take the necessary steps for reminding Officers who may arrive in England upon furlough, of our determination upon the subject in question."

Letter dated the 14th July 1815.

Para. 3.—" We are of opinion that the pensions granted to Natives not Military, by which we mean all Natives not borne upon the Rolls of the Adjutant General's Office as fighting-men, are often unnecessarily large, and with a view to guard against that species of abuse in future, we direct that no Native not enrolled as a fighting-man and for whom pension is not made by the existing Invalid Regulations, be allowed more than half the average salary received by him during the last 3 years of his servitude."

4.—" We direct that no increase be made to the existing salaries of any Staff Officer without our previous approbation, and we take this opportunity of apprising you of our fixed determination to order the refund of all salaries and allowances which do not meet with our concurrence; and we desire that this our intention may be made known to every Officer or other Person to whom you may grant any allowance dependant upon our sanction, so that the Individual may be aware that he is liable to be called on to refund whatever sums he may receive under such circumstances, in case of the allowance not being approved of by the Authorities at Home."

G. O. G. 8th March 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders, the following Extract of a Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, dated the 28th October 1814, on the subject of the revision of the general system of Clothing the Army on this Establishment.

6thly.—" That the Stoppages from the Native Corps, be hereafter computed according to the fixed establishment of each Corps, and not as at present, according to their effective strength.

7thly.—That

7thly.—That the Stoppages from all Invalid, Provincial, or other Corps, Extra to the Regular Establishment, be thrown into the Off-reckoning Fund after defraying the expense of clothing those Corps, and making a reasonable allowance, in lieu of Off-reckonings, to the Officers commanding them, such allowance to be determined by the several Governments, but in no instance to exceed 4,000 Rupees per annum."

8thly.—"That no Officer, except General Officers on the Retired List, and the Colonels of Regiments, be allowed to draw any thing from the Off-reckoning Fund."

9thly.—"That the annual Off-reckoning accounts of each Presidency, be made up as quickly as possible, and a Copy of them sent to England as soon as finished, accompanied by a Comparative Statement of the expense of the Clothing of each year, compared with the expense of the preceding year, and accounting for the differences."

10thly.—"That the sum of £750 be annually advanced to each Colonel Commanding a Regiment, instead of the £500 now allowed, subject to a reduction for each and every year in which it shall appear on the final adjustment of the accounts, that any over-payment has been made, and that each Colonel be paid the difference between these two sums for the past years of which the accounts are not yet adjusted."

The orders of the Honorable Court contained in the 6th, 7th and 8th Articles, are to have effect from the 1st January 1816.

The Military Auditor General and the Accountant General in the Military Department of Accounts, have been directed to give effect to the orders contained in the 10th Article, by making arrangements for the distribution to those entitled to receive it, of the £250 per annum, which is required to complete the advance of £750 ordered to be made to each Colonel Commanding a Regiment, instead of £500 heretofore allowed, for each of the past years, of which the Off-reckoning accounts are still unadjusted.

G. O. G. 8th March 1816.

With reference to the General Orders dated 2d and 20th August 1811, providing establishments for the charge of the Public Buildings at the several Stations therein enumerated; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that a Serjeant of the 1st Class, shall be attached to the Station of Cuddalore for the care and custody of the Public Buildings at that Station, under such instructions as he may receive, from the Quarter Master General of the Army.

G. O. G. 8th March 1816.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish to the Army, the following Extract of a Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, to Fort William, in the Military Department, dated the 16th June 1815.

16th & 17th. The Passage Money of Conductors of Ordnance proceeding to England on Sick Certificate fixed at 1,500 Rupees, subject to Court's approbation.

Para. 134. "Having revised our orders on the subject of the rates of Passage Money to be allowed to Subaltern Officers returning to England at the expense of the Company, we have resolved that not more that one thousand Rupees, be allowed for the passage to England of any

Lieutenant,
Ensign,
Assistant Surgeon,
Cadet,

Quarter

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* *Further Orders published, vide G. O. 14th August* 1816, *11th July*, *26th August and 22d September* 1818, *pages* 208, 388, 394, 396 *Allowance to Subaltern Officers returning to Europe fixed at* 1,500 *Rupees, vide G. O. 26th August* 1818, *Vol* 3, *page* 394, *and further orders and Regulations, vide G. O. 20th June and 1st September* 1820, *Vol.* 4, *pages* 90 *and* 96.

Quarter Master of Dragoons,
or Conductor of Ordnance,

returning to England on sick certificate, or by order of Government at the Company's expense."

135. "We desire your strict attention to these Regulations hereafter, and that you will send a Copy of them to the other Presidencies for their information and guidance."

G. O. C. C. 27TH MARCH 1816.

* The main object in the public prosecution of an offence being the warning which the Sentence passed upon it shall hold forth to others, it is of the utmost importance that a culpable procedure should not be inaccurately rated by the recorded decision of a Tribunal. The Commander in Chief perfectly comprehends the considerations which have actuated the Court in the present instances, might have been influenced by them in the event of a fit Sentence; and does allow them weight in his present determination. His Lordship, however, thinks that the Court have not made their discrimination correctly. In finding the fact of which the fourth Charge accused Captain Hyde, it was competent to the Court to declare that, altho' there was a transgression of orders proved, it was not justly described as "conduct unworthy of an Officer and a Gentleman;" on the supposition that the Court had been satisfied such was a proper construction of the case: and the Revision of the Sentence was directed with a special indication of the effect of those words. When the Court continues to find Captain Hyde guilty of "conduct unworthy of an Officer and a Gentleman," The Commander in Chief cannot admit the reference to shades in such a definition, but must think it ought to have been a natural consequence in the contemplation of the Court, that an Individual against whom such a verdict was given, could be no longer adapted to the Service. In this view The Commander in Chief is bound to disapprove the Sentence, and does so accordingly. His Lordship, however, in advertence to peculiar circumstances of the case, will hold himself absolved from the obligation of pursuing the course pointed out by the Honorable Court of Directors, where incommensurate sentences are adhered to by General Courts Martial; namely, the bringing the matter before the Governor General in Council for submission to the Honorable Court. The Commander in Chief therefore, orders the Court to be dissolved, and Captain Hyde is of course freed from his arrest.

G. O. C. C. 2D APRIL 1816.

In obedience to the orders of The Right Honorable The Commander in Chief in India as recently communicated to Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, His Excellency is pleased to publish for general information and guidance, that on the future trial of Officers of the Honorable Company's Service holding Brevet Commissions in His Majesty's Army, reference shall be had to the Annual Mutiny Act (and not to the Act of 27th, George 2d). The Commander in Chief is pleased to direct the same to be observed and practised by all Courts Martial on the trial of Officers of the Honorable Company's Service, holding His Majesty's Brevet Commission.

The Commander in Chief will adopt measures for furnishing the annual Mutiny Act to all Corps, &c. and directs that the Annual Mutiny Act and King's Articles of War be read at least once in every two months to all Officers holding His Majesty's Brevet Commission.

"1815"

The following alterations made this year in the Articles of War, are published for general information.

ARTICLES

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* *Remarks on the trial of Captain Hyde of Engineers.*

ARTICLES OF WAR.

SECTION XIV.

OF DUTIES IN QUARTERS, IN GARRISON OR IN THE FIELD.

Art. XXII. Penalty of entering into the service of the enemy, &c.

Any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, who shall have been taken Prisoner, through wilful neglect of Duty on his part, or shall have served with, or under, or in any manner, have assisted the Enemy, or who shall not have returned as soon as possible to our Service, may be adjudged, by the Sentence of a General, or Regimental, or Garrison, or other Court Martial, to the forfeiture of the whole, or any proportion of any arrears of Pay, which he might otherwise be entitled to claim, for the period during which he was a Prisoner, and up to the date of his rejoining our Forces.

SECTION XVI.

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Art. XI. Rules to be observed in the Punishment of Officers.

No Commissioned Officer who shall be convicted before a General Court Martial of any Offence for which such Officer may be sentenced to such Punishment as may be adjudged at the discretion of the Court, shall be adjudged to be suspended from doing duty, or from pay; but the Court may in all such cases, adjudge any such Officer to lose his Rank, or such portion of his Rank, in the Army, or Militia Forces, and in his Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, according to the date of his Commission, or his seniority, at the discretion of the Court, by adjudging such Officer to be placed lower on the List of the Rank which such Officer may hold in the Army, or our Militia Forces, and in the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps to which he may belong; and the Court shall, in every such Sentence, specify the extent and degree of reduction of Rank, which they shall so adjudge: Provided that this article as to not suspending from duty or pay, shall not be construed to prevent a General Court Martial from adjudging any Commissioned Officer to be imprisoned, in any case in which the Court shall be authorized by Law, and deem it necessary to adjudge such punishment.

G. O. C. C. 5TH APRIL 1816.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief finds it necessary to call the attention of the Army to the following Extract of General Orders of the 14th July 1812, and to direct, that it be strictly attended to in future.

"With a view to enable the Military Secretary to the Commander in Chief, to "fill up the Register of Warrants, which may from time to time be issued in a "Blank Form under His Excellency's hand and seal, to Officers in Command of "Divisions, &c. The Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, that as soon as the "President, and Officiating Judge Advocate, may have been determined on, by the "Officers authorized to appoint them, a Report of their Names and Designation, shall "be immediately transmitted for the above purpose, to the Military Secretary."

G. O. C. C. 8TH APRIL 1816.

Remarks by The Commander in Chief.

Lieutenant French having pleaded guilty, the Court adjudged him to be suspended from rank and pay for three months. As no circumstances of palliation were advanced in favor of the Prisoner, His Excellency deemed the punishment altogether inadequate to his offence, and on that ground ordered a Revision of the Sentence, causing it to be explained to the Court, that no ground of extenuation had been urged. The Court has adhered to its former Sentence. The Commander in Chief is thence obliged to pronounce, his entire disapprobation, to order the dissolution of the

the Court, and to direct that Lieutenant French shall return to his duty. It appearing to His Excellency less injurious to the interests of the Service, that the transgression should go unpunished, than that an improper estimate of the offence should be established by his sanctioning an incommensurate infliction. The character of a Sentry is in all other Services held sacred ; and ought on all principles of public utility to be so considered in this. The Commander in Chief is the more peculiarly bound to notice and enforce this point, because that recently other instances have been brought before him, of the misconception of Officers on this head, and His Excellency desires it to be understood, that any future case of the kind would not fail to be referred by him to the Council for transmission to the Honorable Court of Directors.

The contrition expressed by Lieutenant French (which The Commander in Chief is persuaded was sincere,) perfectly authorized the recommendation for mercy.—But it was unfitly applied as a consideration for an inadequate punishment :—The nature of the Crime being the proper subject for the Court's contemplation, while all that can be stated in mitigation is to be urged to the consideration of The Commander in Chief.

G. O. G. 15th March 1816.

With reference to the G. O. by Government of the 8th May 1812, The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the proportions of Ground to be allotted to the several Ranks of Officers shall be regulated according to the following Scale, and that applications for the same in future shall be transmitted to the Quarter Master General of the Army, who will lay them before the Military Board.

	Superficial Contents Square Yards.
Field Officers, ...	22.500
Captains, ...	12.000
Subalterns, ...	7.000

The above is to be considered the Scale agreeably to which the Military Board are authorized to submit the applications of Officers for Grants of Ground under terms of the Order abovementioned, but as it will occasionally happen that from the inequality of Ground or other local causes, there may be no objections to an extension of the Scale, the Military Board will in all such cases notice the same to Government in submitting the applications for Grants.

The Governor in Council is further pleased to direct that all Officers, who may be desirous of disposing of their Houses erected on Ground which may hereafter be leased out to them, under tenor of the G. O. of the 8th of May 1812, shall apply to Government thro' the Military Board for permission, specifying the person who may wish to purchase their property.

G. O. G. 22d March 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish to the Army, the following Extract from a Report, dated the 8th Instant, of the Committee for the examination of Military Students; and to direct that the usual reward for the acquirement of the Hindoostanee language be presented to Ensign Thomas Clemons of the 3d Regiment of Native Infantry.

" The usual exercises having been given to Ensign Clemons, they were executed " by him in a very creditable manner.—His English version, though not entirely " free from error, exhibited the general sense of the Hindoostanee paper given to " him, with sufficient accuracy : And his translation into Hindoostanee, with the " exception of two trifling errors, apparently of inadvertency, was extremely well " executed.—He appears to be well acquainted with the idiom of the language, and " his style, although presenting no claims to peculiar elegance, is perfectly clear and " perspicuous.—

"perspicuous.—The pronunciation of Ensign Clemons is more accurate than that of "many who have come before us, and with practice and attention will, in all "probability, soon become sufficiently perfect."

"The result of our examination is, that we conceive this Gentleman to have "established a very fair claim to the honorary reward, to which we beg leave to "recommend him accordingly."

G. O. G. 29th March 1816.

With a view of providing for the expense of Servants and other charges incidental to the receipt, custody and issue of Cloth from the Depot established at the Presidency for the convenience of the Army, The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that a charge of 6 per cent. shall be added to the rates of all supplies which may be issued from the Depot after the 1st of April 1816, with the exception of Turban Cloth for the use of the Native Troops, already issued at a reduced rate, on which no increase is to take place.

2. In order to ensure regularity in the recovery of stoppages on account, not only of Cloth, but of all other articles which may be issued on credit, including advances, &c. to the Army, the following Form of Certificate of last Pay is established, and Paymasters both of His Majesty's and the Honorable Company's Service, are directed to pay particular attention thereto.

"I do hereby certify that Captain A. B. of the —— Battalion —— Regiment, "has received his pay and allowances from my Office "in arrears for March and advance for April 1815, and "to no later period —* and that the following sums are "due by that Officer, viz."

* Should no arrears of any description be due, this part of the Form will be omitted.

Three (3) Instalments of Pagodas 2—26—45 each on account of Cloth.
Nine (9) Instalments of Pagodas 12 each on account of a Remount Horse.
Two (2) Instalments of Pagodas 6—30—0 each on account of a Tent.
The sum of Pagodas 52 18 20 on account of an advance as per Letter from the Accountant General date ——— 1815.

Trichinopoly, 10*th April* 1815. } (Signed) C. D.
Paymaster, &c.

G. O. G. 29th March 1816.

The Honorable the Court of Directors having been pleased to repeat the injunctions contained in their Letter of 27th July 1814, published in General Orders dated 10th February 1815, for discontinuing the honorary rewards for proficiency in the Hindoostanee and Persian languages established by the General Orders of Government dated 9th October and 15th November 1810, and 17th November 1812; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council notifies to the Army, in reference to the General Order of 7th April 1815, that the grant of those distinctions will cease on and from the 1st of June 1816.

G. O. G. 5th April 1816.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council deeming it expedient that, when Corps,

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* *Further orders on this subject, vide G. O. 2d Nov. 1816, page 220, and 8th May 1819, Vol. A, page 15.*

Corps are ordered to march from one Station to another they should carry with them the Arms and Accoutrements of Men, absent on leave, or sick absent, which may be lodged in Regimental Store, is pleased to direct, that Officers Commanding Corps shall make out Emergent Indents upon the nearest Store Department for Arm Chests and Packing Materials, to the extent that may be necesssary, calculating 25 Musquets, or 125 sets of Accoutrements, to one Chest.—If less than the above proportions are required to be carried, the Ordnance Officer will supply the Package that may appear to be necessary.—These Indents, as also Indents for the Carriage of the Arms, will be passed by Officers Commanding Stations, under the Regulations already established for emergent demands.

G. O. G. 17TH APRIL 1816.

* The following Extract from the Company's separate Letter in the Military Department, dated 5th May 1815, is published for general information, and the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the Staff pay and allowances therein specified for Adjutants and Quarter Masters, shall commence on the 1st of May next,—when the Staff pay and allowances (of every description,) at present drawn by those Officers, will cease.

Para. 21. "The allowances of the Adjutants of the King's and Company's European Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry, the Adjutants of Regiments of Native Cavalry, and Adjutants and Quarter Masters of Horse and Foot Artillery, to be

"Staff Pay per month	Rupees	62
"Allowance for a Writer		40
"Do. for stationary and Candles		15
"Do. for a Horse		30
Total per month		147

22. "That the allowances of Adjutants of Native Battalions, be as follows:

"Staff Pay per month	Rupees	62
"Allowance for a Writer and Stationary		40
"Do. for a Horse		30
		132

Extra Tent allowance (beyond that of their Regimental Rank,) not being included in the Staff allowances authorized by the Honorable Court of Directors, to Adjutants and Quarter Masters, those Officers are in future to muster the Camp Equipage of their Regimental Rank.

The pay and allowances of Adjutants and Quarter Masters holding but one Commission, to continue as at present.

The following conversion of the Rupee into the currency of this Presidency, is to be observed in drawing the above allowances.

Rupees 147 ,, ,, or Pagodas 42 per month.
Exchange at 350 Arcot Rupees per 100 Star Pagodas.
Rupees 132 ,, ,, or Pagodas 37 32 10 per month.
Exchange at 350 Arcot Rupees per 100 Star Pagodas.

G. O. G. 17TH APRIL 1816.

The following Paragraphs of the Company's separate Letter in the Military Department,

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* *The appointment of Interpreter authorized and Salary fixed, vide G. O. 6th July 1818, Vol. 5, page 347.*

ment, dated 5th May 1815, are published for general information; and in conformity with the orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors therein contained, the appointments of Mathematical and Drawing Instructor and his Assistant, as well as all existing appointments and expenses on account of the Military Institution, and the Survey Branch of the Quarter Master General's Department, will determine on the 31st of May next.

Para. 17. "The following reduction and alterations are to be carred into immediate effect.

18. "The Military Institution in England rendering that of Fort St. George unnecessary, that Institution is to be discontinued, together with all the expenses "connected with it, such as the salary of the Mathematical Instructor and his Assistant, as well as all the expenses of the Surveying Department."

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council takes this opportunity of expressing his entire approbation of the mode in which the duties of Mathematical and Drawing Instructor to the Military Institution, have been discharged by Captain Troyer of His Majesty's 12th Regiment, from the commencement of its establishment.

The Governor in Council has also noticed with the highest satisfaction, the testimony borne by His Excellency the Commander in Chief, to the merits and acquirements of all the Officers who have been attached to the Institution.—Their uniformly good conduct and exemplary application have entitled them to the commendation of the Government, and are alike honorable to the character of the Institution, to its superintendence, and to themselves.

G. O. G. 3d May 1816.

In obedience to the orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors, contained in Paragraph 20, of their separate Letter, in the Military Department, dated the 5th May 1815, the Staff pay and allowances of Brigade Majors of Divisions, Districts and Stations, as also of Brigade Majors being personal Staff, Staff to the Corps of Artillery, and to Troops in the Field, are to be, as follows, from the 1st of June next, when the allowances heretofore drawn by those Officers will cease, viz.

Staff Pay per month, Rupees	124	or Pagodas	61 6 30
Allowance for a Writer	40	per month,	Exchange
do. for Stationary	20	at 350 Arcot	Rupees
do. for a Horse	30	per 100 Star	Pagodas.

G. O. C. C. 8th May 1816.

Remarks and Observations by His Excellency the Commander in Chief.[a]

The Proceedings of the accompanying Courts Martial, are vitiated in consequence of the duties of Interpreter having been performed by the Judge Advocate.

It is contrary to that invariable principle of justice, which should leave to a Prisoner the clearest facility and advantage in conducting his defence, that the interpretation of the evidence adduced in support, and in refutation of the Charge, should devolve on the Officer who is prosecuting in the name of the Crown; and whose duties, if he be earnest in the discharge of them, have an apparent tendency to bias his judgment. This circumstance might really occasion an involuntary, but important deviation from accuracy; But at all events, it suggests the possibility, that the person engaged in the examination of the witnesses may be incapable of that nice and undivided attention, to the tenor of the phrases used by them, out of which an equitable construction in favor of the Prisoner may be deduced; of course, all the security possible for a just decision on the case, does not seem to have been established; and such a defect ought unquestionably to render the Proceedings null and void.

G. O. C. C.

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[a] *On the Trial of two Sepoys 10th Regiment, for Desertion.*

G. O. C. C. 21st May 1816.

G. O. By the Commander in Chief.
18th September 1809.
12th October 1810.
25th January 1812.
4th February 1812.
24th March 1812.
12th July 1812.
14th July 1812.
26th July 1814.

* The Commander in Chief finds it necessary to call the attention of the Officers of the Army to the General Orders, noted in the margin, relating to the dress and appearance of Officers; His Excellency regrets the frequent instances he has noticed of Officers appearing otherwise dressed than in the manner prescribed by the Regulations, to which he requires their particular attention and strict observance.

The very unmilitary practice of Officers appearing without their Swords has been so frequently noticed in G. O. that His Excellency has only to express his determination, to mark by his public and severe displeasure, any recurrence of similar neglect, which may be brought to his notice; and he will expect, that Officers of all ranks, appear in future with their Swords slung to their side, in the Belt established by Regulations, for all ranks of Officers, whether Staff or Regimental.

With a view to the convenience and economy of Officers' dress, Undress Jackets, and Foraging Caps have been established in some Corps of the Army, but it is to be understood, that such indulgence is only permitted to Officers on duties of fatigue, at Drills, or on occasions unconnected with duty within their respective Lines; but every Officer appearing in public, or otherwise than above described, is expected to be dressed in the *Established Uniform* of his Station, or Corps.

Great Coats and Cloth Overalls, are only to be worn in wet or cold weather, in travelling, or on the line of march.

The Commander in Chief has witnessed with regret in several instances of late, a very serious inattention to the etiquette of dress, which was so characteristic of the attention of the Officers of this Army to that essential example, and His Excellency desires, the particular attention of all General Officers, and Officers in Command, to the observance of it in future.

The Commander in Chief particularly calls on the Officers of the General Staff, and all Field Officers, to give by their personal exactness and attention, that example which cannot fail to ensure the same correctness throughout the subordinate ranks of the Army.

G. O. C. C. 27th May 1816.

The Commander in Chief † has felt obliged to disapprove the above Proceedings. The sentence of Transportation is not warranted by the Articles of War in the case of Mutiny, the Court had before it the Mutiny Act, and on the revisal of its sentence, the aid of the high opinion of the Judge Advocate General of all His Majesty's Forces, Sir Charles Morgan, was offered to correct and guide their judgment. The pertinacious adherence of the Court to the sentence it had pronounced, has militated against the support, their verdict ought to have given, to discipline and subordination, and the Commander in Chief must view the conduct of the Court Martial as highly reprehensible.

The General Court Martial of which Major General Bell is President, having found the Prisoner, James Hayes, Private of H. M.'s 56th Regiment Foot, guilty of all the Charges exhibited against him, it was bound in duty and in law, to award a practicable punishment.—Transportation is a punishment not warranted by the Mutiny Act, *except in the case of Desertion*, of this, the Court was duly apprised by the Commander in Chief in his instructions to revise it's Proceedings.—The injury which the public service may sustain by the escape of a Criminal whose crime is of a nature to require awful example, must rest with the President and Members, who so pertinaciously have adhered to an illegal and inadequate sentence, and His Excellency cannot in too strong terms remind the Officers of the Army, who may be hereafter employed

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* *Further orders regarding Dress, vide G. O. 3d September* 1816, *page* 206, *and G. O. 3d February* 1817, *page* 231.

† *Remarks on the Trial of Private Hayes, H. M. 56th Regiment.*

employed on General Courts Martial, that however excusable an adherence to a Sentence once pronounced, from motives of lenity, influenced by mitigating circumstances, may be, yet where error in judgment, arising from a misconception or ignorance of a legal point, is brought to their notice supported by such respectable authority as was quoted in the present instance, their perseverance in error is a dereliction of duty, and a baneful example.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to direct that the Prisoner, James Hayes, of H. M.'s 56th Regiment, be released from confinement, and sent to join his Regiment.

G. O. G. 10th May 1816.

The following Extract from a Report, dated the 23d April 1816, of the Committee for the examination of Military Students, is published for general information. The Governor in Council has great satisfaction in granting to Lieutenant George Norman of the 9th Native Regiment, the additional distinction for the attainment of the Persian language, established by the General Order of the 17th November 1812; and in directing that the usual honorary reward for proficiency in the Hindoostanee language, be presented to Lieutenant W. Isaacke of the 13th Regiment Native Infantry.

"To Lieutenant Norman who so much distinguished himself, in his former examination, in the Hindoostanee language, we are happy to adjudge a second testimonial of our approbation, in stating the very great proficiency, which he has attained in the more difficult idiom of Persia. His translations were executed with extreme elegance, his hand-writing is quite beautiful, and his pronunciation, both with respect to accuracy and fluency, is as perfect as can be desired."

"Lieutenant Isaacke has also great merit for his Hindoostanee acquirements. His knowledge of that language appears to be very accurate, his stile is plain and unaffected, and he has a ready command of words in conversation, with a pronunciation liable to no objection.

"On the whole, we consider that both these Gentlemen are entitled to rank with the first of those who have come before us: and we have accordingly great satisfaction in recommending them to receive the usual honorary reward."

G. O. G. 10th May 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that Staff Officers who by the Regulations are entitled to receive Necessary Tents from the Public Stores, should be permitted to draw monthly the sum of Pagodas 6 21 0, whenever this part of their Camp Equipage cannot be furnished under the regulations for the Camp Equipage department.—The abstracts of Staff Officers proceeding to the Field are to be supported in the first instance by a Certificate from the Quarter Master General's Department, which will be the Paymaster's authority for admitting the charge during the service upon which such Officers may be employed.

G. O. G. 23d April, 1816.

In obedience to the orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors, contained in Para. 28 of their separate Letter in the Military Department, dated the 5th May 1815, the allowances of all General Officers, who may be hereafter appointed to the Staff of this Presidency, will be as follows, exclusive of the Subsistence and Off-reckonings, to which they may be entitled Regimentally, viz.

PEACE.

PEACE.

Established allowance of £5,000 or Pagodas 12,500 per annum, being per month	1,041	30	0
Total Peace Allowance, Pagodas	1,041	30	0

FIELD.

Established allowance of £5,000 or Pagodas 12,500 per annum, being per month, ...	1,041	30	0
Camp Equipage 600 Rupees per month, or	171	18	0
Total Field Allowance, Pagodas	1,213	3	0

The allowance at present granted to General Officers on the Staff, for Linguists and Hircarrahs (Pagodas 13 per month), is not to be drawn by the General Officers, who may be hereafter appointed to the Staff of this Presidency.

G. O. C. 25TH MAY 1816.

The Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders, the following Extracts from Reports of the Committee on the examination of Lieutenant Smith in Persian, and of Lieutenants Young and Rankin, and Ensign Prescott, in the Hindoostanee Language.

Report dated 3d May 1816.

"Lieutenant Young speaks the language with great fluency; and to many of the questions made him by the Moonshee, he replied at considerable length, displaying in his answers a ready command of words, and an accurate knowledge of the idiom. His acquirements in translation were not inferior to those displayed in his conversation.—The version into Hindoostanee was executed with extreme elegance, and with so much accuracy, that we were not able to discover a single orthographical error in the whole composition.—The translation into English was equally creditable to Mr. Young's abilities and exertions. We have therefore great satisfaction in delivering our opinion that this Gentleman is eminently entitled to the usual honorary reward, to which we beg leave to recommend him accordingly."

Report dated 22d May 1816.

"In the more easy task of translating from the Native into the English Language, these three Gentlemen were equally successful---they translated the several tasks assigned them, with entire accuracy, and with a perfect knowledge of the tenor of the original. The translation of Lieutenant Smith from English into Persian, call for a higher tribute of applause than could be awarded to accuracy only. It was a most elegant paraphrase of a very simple fable from Pilpay, and abounded in all those terms of expression to which the Natives of India affix a value, when expressing themselves in the Persian Language. Had the colloquial powers of Lieutenant Smith been equal to his skill in translation, we should have had no hesitation in placing him very high in the first of those who have come before us.---Lieutenant Smith's style, in conversation however, is far from defective, and his pronunciation is not liable to any particular objection.

"The translation of Lieutenant Rankin and Ensign Prescott into Hindoostanee were executed in a very respectable style, which, without holding forth any claims to distinguished elegance possessed the substantial merit of being extremely clear and intelligible.---Mr. Prescott's translation was without a fault, and Lieutenant Rankin's exhibited very few, and those of a very trifling description."

"In the colloquial part of the examination, Lieutenant Rankin was sufficiently successful, and Ensign Prescott particularly so; and adverting to the very short period, which has elapsed since the arrival of the latter in the country, and the still shorter term of his studies, (only nine months,) we cannot forbear expressing our high sense of the talents and assiduities, which have led to such acquirements in a space of time so comparatively trifling. The result of our examination is, that we consider these three Gentlemen particularly entitled to the usual honorary reward, to which we beg leave to recommend them accordingly."

The Governor in Council has great pleasure in conferring on Lieutenant Henry Smith

Smith of the 24th Regiment of Native Infantry, the further reward established by the General Order of the 17th November 1812, for his proficiency in the Persian Language.

The Governor in Council directs that the usual donation for the acquirement of the Hindoostanee Language, be presented respectively to Lieutenants R. Young and A. Rankin of the 25th Native Regiment, and to Ensign F. A. Prescott doing duty with the 22d Native Regiment.

G. O. G. 25th May 1816.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that a Recruiting Depot for the General Service of the Cavalry on this Establishment, shall be formed at Arcot; and that a similar Depot for providing Recruits for the Native Infantry Corps serving beyond the frontiers, be fixed at Ellore, with the following establishments respectively, viz.

Establishment for the Cavalry Recruiting Depôt.

2 Subadars,	To be furnished by Details from the Cavalry Regiments, with their Horses, &c.
4 Jemadars,	
8 Havaldars,	
8 Naigues,	
16 Privates,	

STAFF.

1 Riding Master and Native Adjutant,	Non-Effective.
1 Drill Havildar,	
2 Pay Havildars,	
1 Drill Naigue,	
2 Rough Riders, 1st Class,	
2 do. 2d Class,	
1 Staff Serjeant,	Effective.
2 Trumpeters,	
200 Recruits,	
200 Horses,	
200 Setts of Horse Appointments.	

ARTIFICERS.

1 Smith,
1 Armourer,
1 Bellows Boy,
1 Hammerman,
1 Chuckler, with the usual proportion of Horsekeepers, Grass Cutters and Choudries.

The Officer Commanding the Cavalry Depot will be allowed the full Batta of his Rank, and the regulated contracts for keeping in repair the Saddlery, and furnishing the Petty Articles for the Horses.

Establishment for the Native Infantry Recruiting Depôt. †

1 Native Officer,	To be furnished by details from each of the Native Infantry Battalions serving beyond the frontiers.
2 Havildars,	
2 Naigues,	
4 Privates,	

STAFF.

1 Native Adjutant,	Non-Effective.
1 Drill Havaldar,	
1 Drill Naigue,	
2 Pay Havaldars,	

1 Vakeel

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* *Establishment fixed in lieu of this, vide G. O. 19th August 1818, page 389 and the Cavalry Recruiting Depot abolished, vide G. O. 20th December 1819, Vol. 4, page 3.*

† *Infantry Recruiting Depôt abolished 28th February 1821, vide G. O. 23d Feb. 1821, Vol. 4, page 106.*

1 Vakeel,
500 Recruits.

ARTIFICERS.

1 Smith,
1 Armourer,
1 Bellows Boy,
1 Hammerman,
1 Chuckler,

The Officer Commanding the Infantry Recruiting Depot will be allowed the full Batta of his Rank, and 10 Pagodas a month for Stationary, &c.

The Commander in Chief is requested to issue the necessary subsidiary orders to give effect to the foregoing arraugements.

G. O. C. C. 10TH JUNE 1816.

It being irregular to employ Pensioned Soldiers in military duties, to which they are not eligible both from the circumstance of their being pensioned as unfit for further service, and from their not being subject to military discipline, the Commander in Chief is pleased to forbid the practice in future.

This Order is not, however, to affect the occasional employment of Pensioned Cavalry Soldiers in the duties of the Commissariat, as provided for by G. O. by Government of 22d of March 1814,* that duty not being of a nature *purely* military.

G. O. G. 8TH JUNE 1816.

† The Copy of a Military Despatch from England, addressed to the Governor General in Council, under date the 23d August 1815, having been received at this Presidency from Fort William, conveying the authority of the Honorable the Court of Directors for granting the Brevet Commissions of Captain to all Lieutenants in the Service of the Honorable Company, who have not attained that rank after fifteen years service: The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has the satisfaction of announcing to the Army the Honorable Court's pleasure to that effect, and has directed, the period of service being reckoned to commence from the year of appointment as Cadet inclusively, that the present Brevet shall include the Lieutenants appointed Cadets of the Season 1801, with all of longer standing, and have effect from the 8th January 1816.

The Brevet Rank of Captain is accordingly conferred on the Officers named in the following List; it being understood that the Honorable Court have declared "that "neither these, nor any other Brevet Commissions are to give any claim to any "increased allowances from the Company of any description whatever."

G. O. G. 15TH JUNE 1816.

‡ The Act of the 55th Geo. 3d, Cap. 153, having extended to His Majesty's and the Honorable Company's Forces serving in the East Indies, the indulgence of sending and receiving Single Letters for one Penny, under the usual restrictions; the Right Honorable

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* *Vide page* 91.

† *No fees chargeable on the Commissions for the brevet rank of Captain, vide G. O. 8th October* 1818, *Vol.* 3, *page* 397.

‡ *Further orders on this subject, vide G. O. 29th December* 1818, *Vol.* 4, *page* ?

Honorable the Governor in Council considers it expedient, to notify in General Orders, the following Printed Instructions to Postmasters in England, which have been received from the Secretary to His Majesty's Postmaster General, and contain the precise and literal manner in which Letters must be superscribed, to entitle them to be charged at the Penny rate.

It being essential that the Postage, at the abovementioned rate, should be paid at the time the Letter is put into a Post Office, His Excellency the Commander in Chief has been requested to make such arrangements in the several European Regiments, serving under this Presidency, as will enable the Postmaster who is to despatch them to England by the Packets, to receive the Letters, and the whole sum due for them, in gross; by which means the Postmaster will be able to make the Postage at the Penny Rate, paid on each, which will prevent any additional charge in England, which must be made, if the payment of the Postage is omitted in this Country.

GENERAL POST OFFICE, January 1814.

No. 13.

On the exemptions granted to Seamen in the Navy, and Soldiers in the Army, in respect of the Postage of their Letters.

1. Seamen and Soldiers within any part of His Majesty's dominions, to and from which there are regular Mails, can send and receive *Single* Letters, *on their own private concerns only*, while such Seaman or Soldier *shall be employed on His Majesty's Service, and not otherwise*, for one Penny, pursuant to the Act of 46 Geo. 3. Cap. 92.

2. On Letters from a Seaman, or from a Serjeant, Corporal, Trumpeter, Drummer, Fifer, and Private Soldier.

The Penny must be paid at the time it is put into the Post Office.

The name of the Writer, his class or description, and the name of the Ship, or Regiment, Corps or Detachment, must be written by himself.

And the Officer actually having the command, must sign his name, and the name of the Ship, or Regiment, Corps or Detachment, he commands.

3. On Letters to Seamen or to Soldiers as above.

The Penny must be paid at the time the Letter is put into the Post Office.

It's direction must specify the class of the Person, and the name of the Ship, or Regiment, Corps or Detachment, to which he belongs, that is to say, it must describe him, Seaman, Serjeant, Corporal, Trumpeter, Drummer, Fifer or Private Soldier, as the case may be.

N. B.—All the foregoing descriptions must be legibly written, the initials of the names of any Ships or Regiments being insufficient.

4. The Postmaster General requires Postmasters to examine every Letter, purporting to be a Seaman's, or Soldier's, Letter, and if it be not *in all respects conformable to the above Regulations*, to charge it with full Postage, recollecting that though the law has given the indulgence to Seamen and Soldiers *throughout His Majesty's dominions*, yet in such parts of those dominions with which there is no communication by Packet Boats, this privilege cannot be enjoyed.

Note.---His Majesty's Forces whilst serving in Spain, Portugal, France, Holland, and Sicily, and British Ships of War in the Harbours and on the Coasts of those Countries, have the Privilege extended to them, and Single Letters of Seamen and Soldiers may accordingly pass for one Penny, under the usual restrictions.---They also pass for one Penny to Sicily, and to the King's Ships in the Mediterranean, being conveyed by the Packet Boats to Gibraltar and Malta, places within the King's dominions.

The following are Forms to be used for each Letter from a Seaman or Soldier, and also to a Seaman or Soldier, whether in the United Kingdom, or in any of His Majesty's dominions abroad, without which *it cannot pass for one Penny, nor then, unless the Penny be paid at the time of putting the said Letter into the Post Office*, in conformity to the preceding Articles.

SEAMAN.

From A. B. Seaman, His Majesty's Ship Victory, *(here the direction of the Letter to be inserted,)* C. D. Captain *(or other Commanding Officer).*

H. M. S. Victory.

SOLDIER.

From A. B. Serjeant (&c.) 60th Regiment Foot *(here the direction of the Letter to be inserted,)* C. D. Colonel *(or other Commanding Officer).*

60th Foot.

To

To. A. B.
Seaman H. M. Ship Victory *(here the direction to be finished.)*

To. A. B.
Private 60th Regiment Foot (or Serjeant, Corporal, &c.) *(here the direction to be finished.)*

5. Letters sent to, or by *Commissioned or Warrant Officers, Midshipmen, or Master's Mates in the Navy, or by Captain's Clerks, and Schoolmasters*, are precluded the benefit of the Act, as are Letters sent to, or by *Commissioned or Warrant Officers in the Army*; and care must be taken that no Person in the Navy or Army, not entitled, shall obtain the benefit of this Act, by having their Letters addressed to themselves under the general description of Soldier or Sailor.

6. If any Officer, having the Command of the Ship, Vessel, Regiment, Corps, or Detachment, who is authorized to make his endorsement in the manner before specified on the letter of the Seamen or Soldiers under his command, shall wilfully and knowingly write his name on any such Letter, that *is not from such Seamen or Soldier on his private concerns only*, he will be liable for every offence to forfeit and pay the sum of five Pounds.

7. If any Officer or other Person not *having at the time the command of the Ship, Regiment, Corps, or Detachment*, shall write his name upon any such Letter, in order that the same be sent at a lower rate of Postage than by law established, he will be liable to forfeit and pay the sum of five Pounds.

8. If any Person shall knowingly and designedly address a Letter to *any* Seaman or Soldier, *which shall be intended for another Person*, and which shall be concerning the affairs of another Person, with intent to evade the payment of the rate of Postage by law established, by paying the Penny, every such Person so offending will, for every offence, be liable to forfeit and pay the sum of five Pounds.

9. And if any Person shall procure any Seaman or Soldier to obtain the signature of his Commanding Officer, to any Letter to be sent by the Post, which shall not be on the private concerns of such Seaman or Soldier; or if any Seaman or Soldier shall himself obtain the signature of his Commanding Officer, upon any Letter which shall not be from himself, on his own private concerns only, in order to avoid the payment of the rates of Postage by law established, each and every Person so offending will, for every offence be liable to forfeit and pay the sum of five Pounds.

10. If any Soldier or Seaman or other Person entitled to send Single Letters for the Postage of one Penny, shall forge the hand writing of his Commanding Officer upon any such Letter in order to avoid the payment of the higher rate of Postage, he will be guilty of a misdemeanour, and may be prosecuted by indictment. In any such cases, the Deputies are to apprehend the Parties, and report the Proceedings for the Post Master General's decision as to prosecution.

11. It having been a loose and irregular practice to permit Money Orders taken out for the use of the Soldiers and Sailors, to be folded up and passed as their Letters, for one Penny each, that practice is hereby strictly forbidden, as such Orders must be enclosed in Letters, which are then liable to *double* or *treble* Postage, or if folded in shape of Letters, and sent *singly*, to full single rates of Postage; *the Person applying to a Postmaster for a Money Order, should be desired to write his name and place of abode on the back of the Order, or the Postmaster may do it himself.*

12. The Postmasters are required to give their attention to prevent any Letters being sent for the Penny Postage, which relate at all to the public business of any branch of His Majesty's Military or Naval Service, the indulgence being strictly confined to the Soldier or Sailor's *own private concerns.*

13. One moiety of the several penalties and forfeitures are for the use of His Majesty, and the other *moiety to the Person who shall inform*, which penalty may be recovered before any one or more of the Justices of the Peace, for the County, City, or Place, where the offence shall be committed: and, in default of payments, such offenders are to be committed to the House of Correction for any space not exceeding one month, or till the penalty shall be sooner paid, and Postmasters must use every means in their power to obtain convictions when any abuse is committed.

By command of His Majesty's Postmaster General.

(Signed) FRANCIS FREELING,
SECRETARY.

*** *The Postmaster is desired to cancel No.* 13 *dated September* 1813, *and to use this instead.— He will find the Correction in Sect.* 5, *where certain Persons are not now mentioned as precluded the benefit of the Act, and those Persons, viz Caulkers, Ropemakers, Armourers, Cooks, Masters at Arms, and Master Sailmakers, may send and receive Letters as Common Seamen.*

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 15TH JUNE 1816.

The following Extract from a Report of the Committee for the examination of Military Students, dated 31st May 1816, is published for general information.

"In the more easy task of translating from the Native into the English Language, the whole of these Gentlemen displayed the utmost excellence of which such an exercise is susceptible, that of rendering the sense of the original with entire correctness. In the comparatively arduous labour of translating from English, although the whole acquitted themselves with great respectability, there were many shades of difference. The translations of Lieutenant Isacke into Persian were executed with uncommon elegance of style, and accuracy of idiom; and when we add that with this merit was united, a pronunciation particularly excellent, we consider that we are doing no more than justice to the abilities of this Gentleman, in placing him amongst the highest of the candidates for the honorary reward.

"The acquirements of Lieutenant Garnault in the Persian Language, though very respectable, are of an order entirely different from that of Lieutenant Isacke. The translations of the former Gentleman are as remarkable for clearness and perspicuity, as those of the latter for elegance and idiom. We consider, however, that it is no small praise to Lieutenant Garnault, to have acquired so excellent a practical style of language, in a period of less than five months, during which, alone, it appears that his attention has been exclusively directed to the acquisition of the Persian,—the pronunciation of Lieutenant Garnault is exceedingly good.

"The translations of Lieutenant Hodges and Lieutenant Willows into the Hindoostanee Language, were executed in a very creditable style, and free from error; in that of Lieutenant Ogilvie's there were some trifling inadvertencies, but the general execution of his task was liable to no exception. In the colloquial part of the examination, Lieutenant Ogilvie had the advantage of the other two candidates, but the pronunciation of both these Gentlemen was sufficiently accurate.

"We take this opportunity of reporting that Lieutenant Mackintosh, of the 2d Battalion 14th Regiment Native Infantry, to whom we paid so high an encomium for his skill in translation, in our Report under date the 17th February, but with some exception to his pronunciation, having again appeared before us, we have now great satisfaction in stating that his improvement in the latter particular, is such as to establish the claim to the usual honorary reward; to which we accordingly beg leave to recommend him, as well as the five other Officers, of whom we have had occasion to make such honorable mention in the present Report."

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has great satisfaction in conferring on Lieutenants Isacke of the 13th, Garnault of the 25th, and Mackintosh of the 14th Native Regiments, the additional distinction for the acquirement of the Persian Language established by the General Orders of the 17th November 1812, and in directing, that the usual honorary reward for the proficiency in the Hindoostanee Language, be presented respectively to Lieutenants Willows of the 25th, Hodges of the 22d, and Ogilvie of the 2d Native Regiments.

G. O. G. 29TH JUNE 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to rescind the 3d Paragraph of the G. O. of the 24th March 1812, and to establish the following Regulations respecting the standard and selection of Remount Horses.

No Horse shall be purchased for the Remount Department, under the height of 14 hands; and altho' that is the lowest standard at which Horses will be received into the ranks, it is clearly to be understood that none will be passed but such as are in *all other respects* fit for the Public Service.

The Horse Artillery will have the priority of selection as usual, from the whole of the Remount. The Dragoons will have the next selection, and will take no Horse under the height of 14 1; and the selections for the Native Cavalry will be conducted as heretofore under the special directions of His Excellency the Commander in Chief.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 29th June 1816.

Ensign A. Grant of the Engineers, Lieutenant W. F. Lewis of the Artillery, and Lieutenants R. Young and James M'Donald of the 25th Regiment of Native Infantry, having been examined in the Persian Language, and Ensign W. T. Drewry of the Engineers in Hindoostanee; and the Committee of Examination having reported their opinion of the respective merits of those Officers in the following terms, viz.

"Of the four Candidates for the reward attached to a knowledge of the Persian, we have the pleasure to record our unqualified approbation. The same exercise for translation from English into that Language was given to them all, and was by all executed in a manner which reflected the highest credit on their abilities; we were not able to detect a single error either of orthography or grammar in any one of the four compositions; and the style of all, although essentially differing from each other, was such as might be expected from a well educated Native. Amid so much excellence it would be invidious, and indeed extremely difficult, to assign the superiority to any one of the four Candidates, and we shall therefore restrict ourselves to this general statement of the merits of the whole. The pronunciation of all these Gentlemen was exceedingly good; and it is scarcely necessary to add, after the preceding eulogium on the more difficult exercise, that the comparatively easy one of translating from Persian into English, was executed with entire correctness.

"In the Hindoostanee Language, the usual tasks were assigned to Ensign Drewry, and performed in a very creditable manner.—His compositions were free from error, and his pronunciation liable to no particular objection; we have accordingly great satisfaction in recommending that this Gentleman, as well as the four meritorious candidates, in Persian, may receive the usual honorary reward.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the usual honorary reward for proficiency in the Hindoostanee Language, be presented to Ensign Drewry; and has great satisfaction in conferring on Ensign Grant, and on Lieutenants Lewis, Young, and M'Donald, the additional distinction for the acquirement of the Persian Language, established by the General Order of 17th November 1812.

G. O. C. C. 20th July 1816.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to establish the New Regulation Infantry Cap, which has been ordered for His Majesty's Regiments of Infantry, to be the uniform of the Madras European Regiment.

G. O. G. 1st June 1816.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that Affidavits and Certificates in the following Forms, shall be transmitted with the applications which Officers may make for Pensions, under authority of the Regulation published in General Orders, dated the 16th September last, (in lieu of the documents prescribed by that Order) according to the grounds of their claims respectively; and it is to be understood that no claims on the above account will be admitted, except those to which the documents hereby prescribed may have direct application.

No. 1.—Affidavit required in the case of an Officer having lost a Leg or Arm.

We, A. B. and C. D. Surgeons, do hereby declare upon oath, that (here enter the right or left Leg, or right or left Arm, as it may be) of Lieutenant E. F. of the Regiment Native Infantry, has been amputated in consequence, as stated

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* *Further orders, vide G. O. 30th September* 1817, *page* 287, *2d October* 1819, *Vol.* 4, *page* 309, *and 18th August* 1821, *Vol.* 4, *page* 113.

stated by that Officer, of a wound received by him in action at on the

Sworn before me
at this day of
(Signed) E. F.
Magistrate.

(Signed) A. B. Surgeon.
C. D. Surgeon.

No. 2.—Affidavit required in the case of an Officer having totally lost the use of a Leg or Arm.

We, A. B. and C. D. Surgeons, do hereby declare upon oath, that a Wound stated by Lieutenant G. H. of the Regiment Native Infantry, to have been received by him in action at on the , has rendered his (here enter right or left Leg, or right or left Arm, as it may be) as useless to him as if it had been amputated.

Sworn before me
at this day of
(Signed) E. F.
Magistrate.

(Signed) A. B. Surgeon.
C. D. Surgeon.

No. 3.—Affidavit required in the case of an Officer having totally lost the sight of an Eye.

We, A. B. and C. D. Surgeons, do hereby declare upon oath, that in consequence of a Wound, stated by Lieutenant I H. of the Regiment Native Infantry, to have been received by him in action, at on the that Officer has totally lost the sight of (here enter his right or left Eye as it may be.)

Sworn before me
at this day of
(Signed) E. F.
Magistrate.

(Signed) A. B. Surgeon.
C. D. Surgeon.

No. 4.—Certificate to be affixed by the Medical Board to the foregoing Affidavit, on the same paper.

We, I. W., H. H. and A. B. Members of the Medical Board, do hereby certify that we have examined the Wound stated by Lieutenant E. F. of the Regiment Native Infantry, to have been received by him in action at on , and that we fully coincide in the opinion of the Medical Officers expressed in the foregoing Affidavit.

No. 5.—Adjutant General's Certificate to accompany the foregoing documents.

I hereby certify, that it appears by the records of my Office, that (here enter the Rank, Name and Corps, or Staff designation of the Officer) was wounded in action at on the day of (here enter the nature of the Wound if known, the duty on which the Officer was employed when wounded, and under whose command he was serving.)

(Signed) T. C.
Adjt. Genl. of the Army.

No. 2.—It is directed that the Affidavits above prescribed shall be made by Medical Officers of the rank of Surgeons if on the spot, otherwise those of Assistant Surgeons will be received; but if the claims should be made by Officers on Foreign Service, the principal Medical Officer on the spot, is to affix a Certificate similar to that above prescribed for the Medical Board, and the Affidavits are to be sworn by two Medical Officers next in rank on the spot; in this latter case, however, the Officers must, as soon as they return to the Coast, get their wounds inspected by the Medical Board, whose confirmation (by the prescribed Certificate) of the Affidavits on which the Pensions may be granted, is to be transmitted to the Military Auditor General; and that Officer is directed not to authorize the payment of such Pensions after the return of the Officers to the Coast, until that form shall have been complied with.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 15th July 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the Districts of Masulipatam and Ellore form a Government Command, on the usual allowance, until further orders; and that the Command of the District of Ganjam, established in General Orders dated the 7th June 1814, be discontinued from the end of the present month.

G. O. G. 8th July 1816.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having resolved to place the Pension List of the Military Department, under charge of the Superintendent of Family Payments, that Officer is in future to be considered and addressed on all occasions connected with the Pension Establishment, as Superintendent of Pensions, and the following Regulations are established for that branch of the Superintendent's Office.

2. The Superintendent shall keep a Register of all Pensioners in the Military Department, both European and Native, comprehending the most particular description of their Persons, stating when and why they were Pensioned, their Ages, &c. &c. The Superintendent shall furnish the Military Auditor General annually with the List of the whole of the Pensions of the Establishment, classed according to the different heads under which they are brought to account, and to the years, in which they were granted; and shewing the state of the Register on the 30th of April of each year.

3. The List abovementioned, which shall be transmitted as early as may be practicable after the termination of the official year, is to be particularly examined by the Military Auditor General, and will be submitted by that Officer, with such Remarks, and Explanations, as may appear necessary for the information of the Government. The Superintendent shall also furnish the Military Auditor General with Monthly Reports of all Alterations, Casualties, &c. which occur in the Pension List.

4. All Pensioners, European or Native, of the Military Department, shall be furnished with Descriptive Certificates, signed by one of the Secretaries of Government,—each Certificate being regularly numbered, and having the word "Registered" affixed by the Superintendent, with his signature subscribed thereto,—the Superintendent will accordingly take measures, for giving early effect to this Regulation, in communication with the Town Major of Fort St. George, by withdrawing the old Certificates and issuing new ones in lieu thereof, according to the annexed Forms No. 1, 2 and 3, in which he will be particular in supplying all defective descriptions of the persons of the Pensioners.

5. The Regulations of the Pay Department regarding claims which exceed 6 months in arrear, shall be strictly adhered to in the payment of all Native Pensioners; and arrears beyond that period are accordingly declared to be forfeited.

6. The G. O. dated 13th April 1813, requiring the countersignature of Commanding and Staff Officers to Abstracts of Individual Officers, shall be considered applicable to Pensioners of the rank of Gentlemen, and Gentlewomen, who are not subject to muster and who draw their Pensions on Abstract signed by themselves.—All other Pensioners without exception, are to be subject to muster, and their Pensions to be drawn by Commanding or Staff Officers, on Abstracts agreeably to the General Regulations of the Service. Mustering Officers are, however, permitted in particular cases to dispense with the attendance of Individual Pensioners of the latter description, on satisfactory grounds being shewn for such indulgence; but in these cases the attendance of the Persons excused from public muster must be required at the Mustering Officer's Quarters, in order to enable him to return them present.

7. The Certificates of Heads of Offices and Departments, prescribed by the G. O. 8th January 1808, being rendered unnecessary by these Regulations, are to be discontinued.

8. All

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* *Where no Military Officer resides, Civil Officers are to Pay and Muster Native Pensioners, vide G. O. 6th September* 1822, *Vol.* 4, *page* 172.

8. All Casualties in the Pension List, whether of Europeans or Natives, which may occur subsequently to the despatch of the Proceedings of the Committees specified in Para. 23, shall be reported in duplicate by successive Tappals to the Superintendent, by Commanding, or Staff Officers of Stations, including the Presidency, without the smallest delay. The reports to be accompanied by the Pension Certificates, which are to be cancelled, and the General Register corrected accordingly. Under these Regulations the reports of Casualties which have hitherto been made to the Town Major of Fort St. George, and by that Officer to the Military Auditor General, are to be discontinued.

9. The duties of paying Pension and Family Certificates at the Presidency, is to be considered as attaching to the Fort Adjutant, under the superintendence and direction of the Town Major.

10. Commanding and Staff Officers of Stations transmitting Reports of Casualties to the Superintendent, as directed in the 8th Para. are to make corresponding notifications to their respective Paymasters, particularly in those cases where the Pension Certificates of the deceased may not be forthcoming, and the Superintendent is to make the necessary communications to the Military Auditor General.

11. When a Pension is drawn for more than one month in arrear, the Pension for the month last due is to be inserted in the body of the Abstract, and the preceding month's Pensions at foot, under the head of "Extra Charges," as is customary in Abstracts of the Pay of the Regular Troops.

12. All applications for Pensions not coming through the regular Invaliding and Pensioning Committees, are in future to be accompanied by a Descriptive Roll of the Individuals, according to the annexed Form No. 4, and Officers forwarding such application are to be particularly careful, that the descriptions are as full and *minute* as possible, in order, should the claims be admitted, that Certificates may be prepared without further reference to the Parties.

13. When Pensions thus applied for are deemed admissible, the Superintendent will receive communications direct from the Secretary of Government, under which, after ascertaining, by examination of the documents forwarded and by reference to his Register, and to the existing Regulations which may be applicable to the cases, that the Claimants are not already in receipt of Pay or Pensions, or otherwise disqualified from receiving the whole or any part of the amount recommended, he is to prepare the Certificates and to register them in the manner directed in the 4th Para. The Certificates are then to be forwarded to the Secretary of Government, by whom they will be signed, and returned to the Superintendent, for transmission to the Parties concerned.—The Military Auditor General will receive notice direct from Government of *all* Pensions which may hereafter be granted in the Military Department.

14. In order to enable the Military Auditor General to compile the whole of the Accounts of Pensions, of the different Divisions, into one General Account, Paymasters shall in future prepare separate Accounts of their Monthly Disbursements of all Pensions forming expenses of this Presidency; and transmit them, accompanied by the Abstracts, Muster Rolls, &c. to the Military Auditor General, as soon after payment each month, as may be practicable (without waiting for the compilation of their General Accounts of Disbursements). The Pensions are to be entered in the separate Accounts, under their distinct heads, as is at present customary, exhibiting a separate Total for each, and are to have an Abstract at the end shewing the amount disbursed on account of the different descriptions of Pensioners at each Station.

15. In their General Accounts of Disbursements which Paymasters send to the Accountant General, the Pensions are to be entered in Abstract under their respective heads, as follows:

EUROPEAN AND NATIVE PENSIONERS.

Vellore.

No. of Voucher.			
175	Paid Lieutenant A. B. Fort Adjutant, for European Pensioners, in advance for January 1816, as per Abstract	Pagodas	156
176	Paid Lieutenant A. B. Fort Adjutant, for Native Pensioners, in arrear for December 1815, as per Abstract.....	Pagodas	731

CIVIL CHARGES, NABOB'S PENSIONERS.

Vellore.

No. of Voucher.			
177	Paid Lieutenant A. B. Fort Adjutant, for Nabob's Pensioners, in arrear for December 1815, as per Abstract...	Pagodas	23
	Arcot.		
178	Paid Lieutenant C. D. Cantonment Adjutant, for Nabob's Pensioners, in arrear for December 1815, as per Abstract.....	Pagodas	16
			39

&c. &c. &c.

16. Pensions on account of other Governments, are to be entered in the Accounts Current and Abstracts of Receipts and Disbursements of Paymasters, under the heads of the respective Presidencies to which they have reference, and will of course not be included in their Accounts of Disbursements.

17. When separate Accounts of Pensions of all the Paymasters have been received for each month by the Military Auditor General, he is to attach them to each other, so as to form one General Account, to which he is to add an Abstract Statement, by which the Total Amount of Pensions disbursed by all the Paymasters will be brought into a collected state under their distinct heads, and the increase and decrease of each month be made thereby more subject to correct revision than has heretofore been practicable.

18. A regular quarterly communication shall take place between the Office of Audit and that of the Superintendent of Family Payments, when the Muster Roll of Pensioners of each of the established Mustering months, viz. January, May, and September, are to be minutely compared with the Register, the variations, in the aggregate amount of the disbursements of each quarter, arising from Casualties and from additional Pensions to be fully examined, and all irregularities which may be discovered to be forthwith corrected.

19. The Audit of the Pension accounts, shall, as heretofore, be included in the General Audit of the Monthly Accounts of the respective Paymasters; and the Abstracts and other vouchers will be transmitted after Audit to the Accountant General, with the general vouchers of each Paymaster's accounts, as formerly.

20. The Superintendent is authorized to correspond with Commanding and Staff Officers of Stations, and it will be the duty of those Officers to afford the Superintendent every information which he may require regarding the Pension establishment. Commanding and Staff Officers are also to attend to such occasional instructions as the Superintendent may find it necessary to transmit to them, regarding Forms of Reports or other communications to his Office, relative to the personal examination of Individuals at periods not prescribed by the Mustering Regulations, or when doubts as to alleged inability of attending Musters, or other cause may in the Superintendent's opinion render such a proceeding necessary; and generally in regard to such objects as may tend to the furtherance of the duties confided to that Officer.

21. Commanding and Staff Officers are, in like manner, to address the Superintendent when they may require information regarding Pensioners residing within the limits of their respective Commands, or Stations; and that Officer is directed to pay due attention to their Letters.

22. In order to enable the Superintendent to form the Register directed by the 21 Paragraph, the Town Major of Fort George shall immediately transmit to that Officer the present Register kept in his Office, with all documents and information, which he may possess relative to the Pension establishment.

23. It is further directed that after the receipt of these Regulations, a Committee of three Officers shall be assembled at each Station where Pensions are paid; and that a strict examination shall take place of each Individual Pensioner, according to the Certificates which they may hold, or, if they hold no Certificates, to the account which they may give of the grounds on which they were pensioned, the Committees to prepare Rolls thereof according to Forms to be transmitted by the Superintendent, in which all defective or erroneous descriptions shall be supplied and rectified in the fullest manner, the description always applying to the *present* appearance of the Pensioner. Such Certificates as there may be reason to suppose have got into improper hands,

hands, or have been issued to Soldiers or Followers, who may not have been qualified according to Regulations previously to being pensioned, are to be retained by the Committees for Special Report.

24. The Commanding Officers of Stations shall be Presidents of the Committees, and where there are Public Staff Officers, they are to be Members. The Committees are authorized to call on Paymasters for such information connected with their investigation, as may be required.

25. The above Rolls and Special Reports (the latter accompanied by the Certificates which there is reason to suppose are improperly held) are to be forwarded by Commanding Officers of Stations, with such Remarks as they may deem necessary, to the Superintendent of Pensioners, to enable him to frame or correct his Register, and prepare new Certificates as directed in the 4th Paragraph.

26. The investigation of the right of the Individuals to receive the Pensions to which the abovementioned Special Reports may have reference, will be conducted by the Superintendent and Town Major of Fort St. George ; and if after such scrutiny by correspondence and otherwise, as they may deem necessary, the right of the Holders shall be established, new Certificates will be prepared accordingly ; but if those Officers shall be of opinion that the suspicions of the Committees are well founded, they will report the circumstances to Government, and give intimation to the Military Auditor General, who will order the payment of the Pensions to be discontinued until the orders of Government relative thereto shall have been notified to him.

27. It is to be understood as a General Regulation, that Pensions granted to the Families of Natives losing their lives in the Service, are restricted to the life of the next Heir, and that Pensions to Servants of Public Offices are not to exceed one half of their Pay, calculating on the average annual salary which they may have received for the three antecedent years.

28. As it sometimes happens that Pensioners, whose allowances have been drawn for them by Commanding and Staff Officers, do not come forward regularly to receive the amount, it is directed that on all such occasions the sums shall be retained until the next muster of Pensioners, when if the Parties do not appear, the amount is to be returned to the Paymaster and the circumstance reported to the Military Auditor General.

29. The Superintendent shall attend to such instructions regarding the duties allotted to him, as he may occasionally receive from the Military Auditor General.

30. The Superintendent of Pensioners is authorized to frank letters on the public service.

31. The Governor in Council deems it proper on this occasion to explain for general information, that the formation of the Invalid establishment into Veteran Battalions has not, in any manner altered the former constitution of that branch of the Army, and as a very considerable public expenditure immediately connected with the Pension establishment is involved by it's increase, to which no limit can be applied, it is directed that the qualifications prescribed by the existing Regulations shall be strictly observed by Committees for Invaliding and Pensioning, in their recommendations of Individuals for transfer to the Non-effective establishment.

32. The Certificates issued by the Government to Native Invalids having been discontinued since their formation into Veteran Battalions, by which the check contained in the Code of Pay Regulations, Page 290, Para. 23, over the payment of those Corps has been removed, it is directed that the Copies of the Proceedings of all Invaliding and Pensioning Committees shall in future be submitted to Government by the Adjutant General of the Army, accompanied by the Rolls directed in the 12th Para., in order that Certificates may be prepared for the Individuals who may be transferred to the Pension establishment, and that the Copies of the Proceedings may afterwards be transmitted to remain on record in the Office of Audit, for the guidance of the Military Auditor General in checking the Disbursements of the Veteran Battalions.

No. 1.

PENSION CERTIFICATE.—EUROPEAN TROOPS.

| Number of Certificate. | | |

No. 4.

DESCRIPTIVE ROLL OF A. B. IN WHOSE BEHALF APPLICATION IS MADE FOR A PENSION.

No.	Name.	Rank.	Office or Department.	Country.	Description.					Personal appearance & particular marks.	Whether or not already in receipt of any allowance from the Government, and to what amount.	Remarks.
					Colour and Cast.	Age. Years	Service. Years.	Height. Feet.	Inches.			

G. O. G. 20TH JULY 1816.

The following Report of the Committee for the examination of Military Students, is published for the information of the Army.

To
The Right Honorable HUGH ELLIOT,
Governor in Council,
&c. &c. &c.

HONORABLE SIR,

We have the honor to report that, in pursuance of the instructions from Government, under date the 17th May last, we have examined Lieutenant Mitchell of the 2d Battalion 6th Regiment Native Infantry, with regard to his proficiency in the Hindoostanee Language, and that the result has been entirely satisfactory.

Lieutenant Mitchell acquitted himself in every part of his examination, in the most creditable manner. His translations were executed with considerable elegance, and the only error, which we were able to detect, in that from English into Hindoostanee, appeared, upon explanation, to have been merely an oversight. The hand writing was particularly good.

Lieutenant Mitchell's attainments in the colloquial knowledge of the Language, bore equal pace with his acquirements in translation. His pronunciation is liable to no exception; he possesses sufficient fluency, and his selection of words is exceedingly judicious.

On the whole, we have no hesitation in ranking Lieutenant Mitchell in the first class of the Candidates for the honorary reward, to which we beg leave to recommend him accordingly.

We have the honor to be,
Honorable Sir,
Your very obedient humble Servants.
(Signed) J. LEITH,
R. B. OTTO,
R. ANDERSON.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
5th July 1816.

The Governor in Council has great satisfaction in conferring the honorary reward for the attainment of the Hindoostanee Language, on Lieutenant Hugh Mitchell of the 6th Regiment of Native Infantry.

G. O. G. 20TH JULY 1816.

The following Extracts from the Honorable Company's Military Despatch of date the 23d February 1816, are published for general information.

Letter dated 23d February 1816.

Para. 3. Mr. Thomas W. Wigan, late a Lieutenant on your Establishment, who was cashiered by the Sentence of a Court Martial in 1811, having on his return to this country, presented a memorial to us, detailing the circumstances of his case, and praying to be restored to the Service; we have perused the Proceedings of the Court Martial, by which he was tried, and have attended to the observations of the Court on the conduct of Major Boardman his Commanding Officer, accompanying the revised Sentence passed upon that Officer, as well as to the Commander in Chief's remark to the same effect, on approving the Sentence, and being of opinion that Mr. Wigan would have been sufficiently punished by the first Sentence of the Court, viz. "six months suspension," we have resolved to restore him to his rank in the Service, from the time that Sentence would have expired.

Mr. Wigan has accordingly been allowed to return to his rank at your Presidency, on the Ship Regent.

5. Mr. Robert Bell, late a Lieutenant on your Establishment, who was cashiered by the Sentence of a Court Martial, having also submitted to us a memorial representing his services during nine years, enclosing the testimonial of six Officers under whom he had served, detailing the circumstances which led to his trial, and removal from the Company's Service, and praying to be restored thereto. After a perusal of the Proceedings of the Court Martial, by which Mr. Bell was tried, we have been induced, under all the circumstances of his case, to restore him to his rank on your Establishment, but have strongly animadverted on his conduct, and given him suitable admonitions as to his future behaviour.

6. Mr. Bell has received our permission to return to his rank at Madras, by one of the Ships of the Season.

7. Having received an application from Mr. David Reid, late an Assistant Surgeon on your Establishment, praying under the peculiar circumstances of his case, to be restored to his former rank in the Company's Service, we have perused the testimonials of several Medical and other Officers in Mr. Reid's favor, annexed to his memorial, the Proceedings of the Court Martial by which he was tried, and the Letter from the President thereof to the Commander in Chief, and we resolved in consideration of the very strong recommendation in his favor, to restore him to his rank in the Company's Service.

8. Mr. Reid was in consequence permitted to return to his rank at Madras, on the private Ship Bengal Merchant.

9. It may be necessary to inform you that our resolutions respecting the restoration of Messrs. Wigan, Bell, and Reid, have received the sanction and approbation of the Board of Commissioners for the affairs of India, conformably to the directions of the Act.

G. O. C. C. 27TH AUGUST 1816.

The Commander in Chief adverting to a mistaken idea which appears to exist, that, *Field* Officers holding Staff Appointments, are entitled to the distinction of two Epaulettes with their Staff Uniforms, without reference to the particular Regulations for Uniforms of this sort, is pleased to publish for general information, the Uniforms established for Staff Officers, are intended to mark the *situation* they hold on the *Staff* and not the *Rank* which they may have in the *Army*, and, it is therefore to be understood, that no deviations from the rules laid down, can be admitted, whatever the *Rank* of an Officer may be.

G. O. G. 20TH JULY 1816.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having taken into consideration the difficulty and public inconvenience arising from the present dispersed state of the Native Pensioners and Holders of Family Certificates, who are in consequence in a great degree removed from the periodical inspections and examination, which are indispensible to prevent abuse in this branch of the Military Pay Department, it has been determined to allot certain Stations in each Division of the Army, for the payment of those Persons; and, with the exception adverted to in the 9th Para., no payments will be permitted in future at any other Station than the following:

Presidency Division,	Fort St. George St. Thomas's Mount Poonamallee
Centre Division,	Vellore Arcot Cuddalore Chingleput
Southern Division,	Trichinopoly Tanjore Madura Pallamcottah
Northern Division,	Masulipatam Vizagapatam Chicacole Ganjam Ellore Nellore
Mysore Division,	Seringapatam Bargalore
Ceded Districts,	Bellary Gooty
Malabar and Kanara,	Cannanore
Hyderabad Subsidiary Force,	Jaulnah and Secunderabad.

† 2. The Governor in Council having also had under consideration the expense occasioned to Commanding and Staff Officers by the payment of Pension and Family Certificates, is pleased to direct, with a view to a more just and equal provision than at present exists to meet those charges, that all allowances at present drawn by Commanding Officers of Stations, on account of Writers and Stationary, and all allowances on the same account drawn by Fort, Cantonment, and Line Adjutants, extra to those laid down in the Staff Table No. 20 of the Code of Pay Regulations, shall be discontinued; and in lieu thereof Commanding and Staff Officers will be entitled to draw for Writers and Stationary as follows:

At Stations where Pension and Family Certificates are payable and the number including those of Europeans subject to muster, do not exceed 100, Pagodas 6 per month; above 100 and not exceeding 200, Pagodas 8; from 200 to 300, 10; and when the No. exceeds 300, an addition at the rate of 1 Pagoda per 100 Certificates, thus for 325 Certificates the allowance will be Pagodas 10 11 20; for 425, Pagodas 11 11 20; and so on in proportion until the allowance amounts to Pagodas 20,—which is the highest allowance authorized on the above account.

‡ 3.—With regard to those Stations at which Pension and Family Certificates are not to be payable in future, but which may be the Head Quarters of a Regiment or Battalion, the 59th Para. of the Code of Pay Regulations, page 311 (which is republished in the margin) is considered to provide sufficiently for the expenses incidental thereto, on account of Stationary particularly, as the pay of all Details of the Regular Corps (including the Veteran Establishment,)

"When Officers Commanding "Garrisons or Stations to which "no subordinate Staff Officer is "allotted find it necessary to em- "ploy an Officer on the duties

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* *This order modified, vide G. O. 11th July* 1818, *Vol.* 3, *page* 388.

† *Native Pensioners to reside at such Stations and Villages as they may prefer, and where no Military Officer resides, Civil Officers are to pay and Muster them, vide G. O. 6th September* 1822, *Vol.* 4, *page* 172.

‡ *Additional allowance granted, vide G. O. 28th July* 1820, *Vol.* 4, *page* 2[illegible].

" usually performed by a Fort " Adjutant, they are, where such " Station comprehends the Head " Quarters of a Regiment or Battalion, to employ (as has been " usual in the Service) the Staff " Officer of the Corps on all such " duties, without subjecting Government to any additional expense, excepting an allowance " of Pagodas 2½ per month for " Stationary; and when no Regimental or Battalion Staff Officer " is present, an Officer of the Day " is to be charged with these duties, unless the Officer Commanding shall prefer to select " an Officer for their general performance, who may be willing " to undertake the trust in the " hope of recommending himself " for future promotion as a Staff " Officer, by a zealous discharge " of the duty confided to his performance when acting in that " capacity.

Establishment,) which Commanding and Staff Officers of Stations may be required to draw, are permitted to be included in one Abstract for each month.

4. At the inferior Stations, at which Detachments only may be employed, an allowance of 30 Fanams per month, is authorized to be drawn by each Officer Commanding, which will fully cover the small expenses on account of Stationary to which those Officers will in future be subject, but if there should be Ordnance Stores at any of those Stations, without an Ordnance Officer, or Conductor in charge, and of which (Stores) Returns are required to be made to the Military Board, the Officer Commanding, in place of the 30 Fanams, will be permitted to draw 2½ Pagodas per month, as authorized at the Stations adverted to in the preceding Paragraph.

5. In those cases where the allowances authorized by the 3d and 4th Paras. may be applicable to a Station allotted for the residence of Pensioners and Holders of Family Certificates, those allowances (2½ Pagodas, or 30 Fanams per month,) are permitted to be drawn in addition to the regulated allowance for the payment of Pension and Family Certificates.

6. Officers drawing the allowances authorized by the 2d Para. of this Order, are to affix a Memorandum at the foot of the Abstracts, in which the charges are included, explanatory of the number of Individuals drawn for, thus :

Pension Certificates.....	75	0	0
Family Certificates.....	510	0	0
Total	585	0	0

7. In order to prevent the inconvenience which might arise from an immediate removal of the families from the Stations at which Pension and Family Certificates are not to be payable in future, the Governor in Council authorizes the payment of the *present* Pension and Family Certificates to be continued at the Stations alluded to.

8. The allowance authorized by the 2d Para. at the established Stations for the payment of Family and Pension Certificates, are not to be considered applicable to the Stations adverted to in the preceding Para., the payments at the latter being but temporary and the number of Individuals not very considerable.—It will in future be the Superintendent's duty to guard against Certificates (either Family or Pension) being made payable at any other than the established Stations.

9. It is to be considered a General Regulation in regard to all Details, &c. for whom Staff Officers of Stations (with exception of the Presidency to which a Muster Master is appointed,) may draw pay or allowances, including Pensioners, that the muster prescribed by the Regulations shall be taken by the Officer Commanding; and at those Stations where there are no Staff Officers, and that the Commanding Officers draw for Details, &c. they are to direct the musters to be taken by the Officer next in seniority to them; but should there be no other Officer present, the Commanding Officer is to muster and draw the pay of Details as heretofore.

10. Commanding or Staff Officers of the Stations enumerated in the 1st Para. at which Pension and Family Certificates are in future to be paid, are permitted to Indent on the public Stores for Stationary, to be supplied at prime cost—the quantities to be previously checked under authority of the Military Board, to which department the Indents are so be transmitted for that purpose.

11. At Fort St. George, Nellore, and Pondicherry, the present allowances are to be continued, with exception of those drawn under the 19th and 20th Paras., Page 95, and the 22d Para., Page 290, of the Code of Pay Regulations; with regard to the remaining Stations at which the allowances are reduced, the foregoing Regulations are to have effect from the 1st of September 1816.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 20TH JULY 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the established allowances authorized to be drawn by Officers succeeding to the temporary charge of Government Commands, during the absence (beyond the limits of their respective Commands,) of the Officers regularly appointed shall be drawn in future without the special authority of Government, hitherto required.

The Abstracts for the allowances to which Officers under the above circumstances may become entitled, are to be supported by authenticated Copies of the Garrison or Cantonment Orders, specifying the dates they succeeded to, and were relieved from, the temporary charge, (and whether the Officer Commanding was absent, on leave, or duty,) which will be considered sufficient authority for the admission of the allowance in the Public Accounts.

G. O. G. 20TH JULY 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, in reference to Paras. 119, 120, and 121, Page 322, of the Code of Pay Regulations, that the Abstracts for the donation therein authorized to Native Soldiers on their being discharged the Service shall, in cases where such Native Soldiers may not be present with their Corps at the time of receiving their discharge, be made out and signed by the Public Staff Officer, or where there may be no Staff, by the Commanding Officer of the Station.

The Abstracts to be made out in precisely the same Form as that prescribed for Adjutants or Commanding Officers of Corps.

G. O. G. 20TH JULY 1816.

Doubts having arisen in regard to the Medical Officers entitled to draw Cavalry pay and allowances, under the G. O. by Government of the 21st April 1812; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to order and direct, that the provisions of the above Order, shall not extend to Surgeons, or Assistant Surgeons, of Garrisons, or Medical Officers in fixed situations, which would preclude them from accompanying the Corps to which they may have been directed to afford medical aid, on it's moving from the Garrison or Cantonment where it may be doing duty.

In like manner Medical Officers standing appointed to Corps of Infantry, when placed in temporary charge of Detachments of Cavalry Corps, shall not be considered as having any claim to Cavalry pay and allowances, during the period they may be employed on such temporary duty.

G. O. G. 29TH JULY 1816.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that from the 1st of August next, the establishment of Artificers allotted to the Native Veteran Battalions, by G. O. of the 15th October 1813, shall be discontinued, and that a Monthly Allowance of 12 Rupees for every 100 Men, be granted for the repair of the Arms and Accoutrements of these Corps, this allowance is to be drawn at Head Quarters by the Adjutant, whose duty it will be to keep the Arms in repair, and on Detachments, by Officers Commanding, who will be held responsible for keeping in proper state of repair, the Arms in use with Detachments. Details consisting of a number

* *Vide page* 58.

ber less than one hundred Men, and which may be temporarily detached from Head Quarters, are to be drawn for by the Adjutant; and the allowances for permanent Detachments of various strength, is to be drawn on the following principle: If the strength is less than one hundred, and more than seventy-five, 9 Rupees would be the allowance; if more than one hundred, and less than one hundred and twenty-five, 12 Rupees would be the allowance, and for greater numbers, in the same proportion,—from the date abovementioned, the quarterly allowance will cease to be drawn, and the issue of Artificers Tools is to be discontinued—those now in use are to be returned into the nearest Store.

The above allowance is to be regulated and drawn according to the strength of Corps, or Detachments, on the last day of each month.

G. O. G. 14th August 1816.

* The General Order by Government, dated the 5th April 1814, which cancelled the 3d Paragraph, Page 269, of the Code of Pay Regulations, not having sufficiently defined the cases to which the indulgence of Passage Money to Europe was intended to be extended, it is hereby notified, that the above Regulation is to be considered applicable to Officers dismissed or removed from the Service, whether by Court Martial, or otherwise: but is not to authorize Passage Money to Officers who may be permitted to resign or retire from the Service.

G. O. C. C. 3d September 1816.

† The Commander in Chief with an anxious desire to contribute to the comfort and convenience of Officers in regard to their Dress and Appointments, and with a view to unite economy with proper military appearance, has bestowed considerable attention on a subject so important to all ranks, but more particularly the Subalterns of the Army, and he trusts that the indulgences he has determined to grant, will never be abused by careless relaxation, and inattention to that military appearance, which it is so essentially the duty of an Officer to support by constant example in his own person.

The Commander in Chief is therefore pleased [as well as in consequence of various applications,] to establish an *Undress Uniform* for Officers of Engineers, Artillery, and Infantry of the Line, described below, and to be worn in the strictest conformity with the rules and limitations hereafter specified; and His Excellency trusts that while his views and wishes so obviously tend to lessen expense, and afford additional comfort to the Officer, that all will see the necessity of a scrupulous observance of the rules laid down, to which it will be the special duty of Commanding Officers to enforce obedience.

Undress Jacket.—A Round Jacket, perfectly plain, and without lace or twist of any sort, except a Loop of Regimental Lace upon each Shoulder; Collar and Cuffs of the Facings of the Corps, and one row of Regimental Buttons down the front set on as in the Full Dress Jacket, is permitted to be worn by all Officers of Engineers, Artillery, and Infantry of the Line, when marching; at common Drill or Exercise; on fatigue duties; in the Field; within their own Lines; and, generally speaking, only on occasions quite unconnected, with ceremony, at which times Officers are to appear in their Full Dress Regimentals already established.

Waist Belt.—With this Undress Jacket, Field and other Mounted Officers will wear White or Black Leather Waist Belts, also quite plain, with Mountings corresponding in Colour with Regimental Lace; the patterns to be determined on by Commanding Officers of Regiments, with due regard to economy and exact uniformity.

This

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* *Further orders, vide G. O. 26th August* 1818, *Vol.* 3, *page* 394, *20th June and 1st September* 1820, *Vol.* 4, *pages* 90 *and* 96.

† *Further orders on this subject, vide G. O. 3d Feb.* 1817, *page* 231.

This Belt may also be worn by those Officers with Long Coats in Evening Full Dress, but never with the Full Dress Jacket.

GREAT COATS, OVERALLS, and FORAGING CAPS for OFFICERS of INFANTRY.—The Colour for the Great Coats, Overalls, and Foraging Caps of Corps has been already fixed, but as Cloth of the exact Colour is not always procurable in this Country, Commanding Officers are authorized to substitute *Dark French Grey*, which wears well and is easily cleaned.

Uniformity in Colour and make, must be always preserved. Engineers and Artillery will continue to wear those Equipments of Dark Blue Cloth.

REGIMENTAL CAPS.—The great inconveniences and discomfort of the Kid Skin Caps at present worn, which the least change of climate affects, has induced the Commander in Chief to adopt for the Officers of Infantry on this Establishment, (excepting the Rifle Corps) the Regulation Cap established for His Majesty's Regiments of Infantry, which it is trusted will not be found more expensive than those now used, and which will unquestionably be much more comfortable to wear, and will greatly add to the military appearance of Officers.

* These Caps are to be of Beaver when procurable, in sufficient quantity for a whole Corps; and when not, they are to be made of Basket mat work, covered with Black Cloth, which can at all times be readily got.

The Mountings and Ornaments, &c will correspond with the Colour of the Regimental Lace, and each Cap must have the established Case of waxed linen for it's preservation in bad weather.

These Caps are only to be worn with the Full Dress Jacket, (the Foraging Caps being always worn with the Undress Jacket,) they may therefore be expected to last and look well for a long period.

Corps are expected to be complete with the new Caps by the 1st of March next, to which period the present Caps may be worn; The new Caps are not to be worn, by single Officers of Battalions until the whole Corps is provided, except in the case of the Caps now in use being worn out, when others will of course be made up, of the new pattern.

The period specified above, is not however to prevent Corps from completing themselves with the new Caps sooner if they please, and can procure them.

CAVALRY OVERALLS.—The Overalls for Cavalry Officers are in future to be made of Dark French Grey Cloth, of the same pattern as worn by Officers of Light Dragoons in His Majesty's Service, with a stripe of Cloth the Colour of the Facings on each side of the outward seam running from top to bottom.

GENERAL AND STAFF OFFICERS.—Great Coats and Overalls of Military Blue Cloth, will continue to be worn by General and Staff Officers; and are to be made in exact conformity with the Equipments of this description established in His Majesty's Service.

HATS.—Round Hats are prohibited to be worn with any Military Uniform, and General and Staff Officers of every description, are expected invariably to appear with the Cocked Hat established by Regulation.

G. O. G. 7TH SEPTEMBER 1816.

The Governor in Council has great satisfaction in conferring on Lieutenant D. Ogilvie of the 2d Regiment of Native Infantry, the additional distinction established by the General Orders of the 17th November 1812, for the acquirement of the Persian Language. The following Extract from the Report of the Committee on Lieutenant Ogilvie's examination, is published for general information.

"The usual exercises for translation were given to Lieutenant Ogilvie, and were "executed by him, in a manner which left nothing to desire. The sense of the Per-"sian Paper was rendered into English, with perfect correctness; whilst that from "English into Persian united to similar accuracy considerable elegance of style and a "ready command of language." "In

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* *Caps made of Basket work discontinued, and Beaver Caps ordered to be immediately procured, vide G. O. 21st Feb. 1822, Vol. 4, page 167.*

" In the colloquial part of the examination Lieutenant Ogilvie was equally successful; and we were happy to observe that his conversation was distinguished by " accuracy of accent, a clear and distinct pronunciation and much facility of expression.

" After this testimonial in favor of the merits of this gentleman, it is scarcely " necessary to add, that we consider him to rank high amongst the most successful " Candidates for the honorary reward, and that we beg leave to recommend him to " receive that distinction accordingly."

G. O. G. 7th September 1816.

The following Extract from a report of the Committee for the examination of Military Students, dated 26th ultimo, is published for general information.

" The translations of Lieutenant Alves were executed in very respectable a manner, " although that into Hindoostanee was not perfectly free from error. Independently " of a few oversights, which Lieutenant Alves himself detected, on re-perusal in our " presence, there were some trifling grammatical errors in his performance, the origin " of the greatest part of which, however, we could clearly trace to the circumstance " of his having recently bestowed his undivided attention to the Persian, and of his " having consequently introduced the idiom of that language, in a few instances, " where it was not perfectly appropriate.—To the colloquial part of Lieutenant " Alves's examination there could be no objection, with regard either to pronunciation or command of language, and his hand-writing was particularly good.

" Of the many candidates who have come before us, for the Hindoostanee reward, " there is not one who has established a higher claim to our approbation than Lieutenant Howell. We have not a single objection to make to any part of this Gentleman's examination, whether we regard the extreme elegance and idiomatic precision " of his style, the accuracy of his pronunciation, or the beauty of his writing. We " have therefore great satisfaction in recommending that this Gentleman, as well as " Lieutenant Alves, may be permitted to receive the usual honorary reward."

The Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the usual honorary reward for proficiency in the Hindoostannee Language, be presented respectively to Lieutenant C. J. Alves of the 10th Regiment of Native Infantry, and to Lieutenant Thomas Howell of the 5th Regiment of Native Infantry.

G. O. C. C. 21st September 1816.

Although the Commander in Chief is disposed under all the circumstances of the case, to confirm the finding and Sentence, he regrets that there should be any necessity for expressing his disapprobation at a distinction in words, which can never be admitted, without the most serious injury to the character and respectability of the Army.

The Court fully acquit the Prisoner of scandalous and disgraceful conduct; but they are of opinion that he is guilty of conduct unbecoming an Officer and a Gentleman. This appears so contradictory, as to render it extremely difficult to come to any satisfactory conclusion on the subject; and can only, in any degree, be reconciled by the relative situation of the Prisoner and Captain Thatcher at the period of that disgraceful transaction, and by the greater share of blame attaching in the opinion of the Court to the latter.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief takes this opportunity of observing that the recommendation of a Court is not any part of the duty imposed upon them; and whenever it is necessary to adopt it, that it ought to be inserted on the record after the signatures of the President and Judge Advocate, and not precede them as in the present instance.

In the present case if Lieutenant Colonel James Smith is guilty of the Charge exhibited against him, the Sentence is far too lenient; and if he is not guilty, he ought to have been acquitted.

From

From the recommendation of the Court, the Commander in Chief is led to suppose that they lean to the latter decision, and he therefore remits the sentence of six months reduction of Army Rank, passed on Lieutenant Colonel James Smith, which under a different view of the subject would be a punishment totally inadequate to the offence, and he is hereby released from arrest, and ordered forthwith to join his Battalion.

G. O. G. 31st August 1816.

Ordered, that the following Extract from a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, dated the 17th April 1816, be published in General Orders.

Para. 13 "With the view to give every encouragement to those Cadets who have been or may hereafter be selected for our Corps of Engineers, to pay close attention to their studies, and to qualify themselves more eminently for their particular branch of duty, we have come to the resolution that their detention in this country (after passing their Public Examination) for the purpose of proceeding on the Trigonometrical Survey, or any other public duty, tending to their advancement in Military science, shall not prejudice their claim to return to their native country, at the time they would have been entitled so to return, had they not been detained for the above extra duty."

14. "With the view therefore of enabling you to determine from what period the presumed residence of every Engineer Cadet, who has been detained on the Survey before stated shall be considered to commence, we have transmitted a number in the Packet, a list of those who have passed at the several Public Examinations, since the Survey was adopted by us, as well as a List of the Artillery Cadets who passed with them under the same Examination, and our desire is, that the first arrival at your Presidency of the Artillery Cadets in any one season, shall decide the period from whence the arrival of the Engineer Cadets of the same Season, shall be supposed to have taken place, had they not been detained in England by us."

15. "By this arrangement you will perceive, that the Artillery Cadets who were their Juniors in the Seminary at the respective periods of passing, will not have a prior claim to retire from our Military Service, or to return to their native country; but you will observe, that this indulgence is not to constitute a claim on the part of our Engineer Cadets to any pay or allowances from the date of their presumed arrival in India, because our allowances for their detention on public duty, have not only been ample but liberal, it is therefore merely intended to afford them, the privilege of returning to Europe at the same period as their Juniors who passed for the Artillery."

G. O. G. 31st August 1816.

The following Paragraphs of a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, with the List therein mentioned, are published for general information, under reference to the G. O. by Government, dated 5th January last.

Para. 10—"In continuation of the information conveyed in our Letter in this department, dated 12th April 1815, relative to the number and description of Accoutrements and Appointments supplied to His Majesty's Troops serving in India, by their respective Colonels, and for which consequently no charge is to be made against the Company there, we transmit herewith a Number in the Packet Copy of a List of Accoutrements and Appointments charged to the Company, by the Colonel of His Majesty's 25th Light Dragoons, as articles supplied by himself.

11. All the articles mentioned in the above Statement being charged in the accounts between the Crown and the Company, and paid for in England, you will be careful to avoid any double payment, for the same things in India, either by supplying the Articles themselves, or by making any allowance in lieu of them."

Return

Return of Accoutrements and Appointments of His Majesty's 25th Light Dragoons at Java.

Pouches.	Do. Belts.	Swivels.	Brass Sliders.	Waist Belts.	Long Sword Slings.	Short do.	Sword Knots.	Bridle complete.	Saddle.	Girth.	Surcingle.	Stirrups, Pairs.	Stirrup Leathers do.	Breast Plate.	Cruppers.	Holsters Pairs.	Holster Strap Pairs.	Holster Cap.	Baggage Straps, sets.	Cloak, do.	Boots Pairs.	Spurs, do.	Spur Leather do.	Cloak.
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1

BOMBAY, 30th July 1813.

(Signed) W. TUYLL, Lieut. Col. Comg. 25th Light Drags.

(A true copy.)

(Signed) J. JOHNSON, *D. A. G. H. M. Forces.*

G. O. G. 31st August 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, with reference to the 125th and 126th Paragraphs, Pages 322 and 323, of the Code of Pay Regulations, that no Officers, either of His Majesty's or the Honorable Company's Service, who may obtain a furlough to Europe, whether on sick certificate or otherwise, shall in future proceed to any of the other Presidencies for the purpose of obtaining a passage, without the previous sanction of Government; and the Military Auditor General is directed not to pass the allowances authorized by the above Regulations to any Officer, unless permission for his proceeding to another Presidency shall have been published in General Orders, or otherwise notified to the Office of Audit.

It is further directed, that both the Horse and Tent allowances of Officers proceeding to other Presidencies, under the above circumstances, shall be discontinued from the date of their departure from this Presidency.

* The Regulation under which Officers embarking on furlough, or sick certificate, with permission to proceed eventually to Europe, receive an advance of 3 months' pay and allowances is cancelled, and Officers under the above circumstances are authorized to draw an advance of six months' subsistence, in the same manner as if they were proceeding direct to England.

Officers who may be permitted to proceed to England, from the Mauritius, are authorized to draw the same allowance for passage money as they would be entitled to, on proceeding from the Cape of Good Hope; and the existing Regulations regarding the latter, are to be considered applicable in all respects to the former.

G. O. G. 13th September 1816.

The Governor in Council is pleased to publish to the Army, the following Extract from a Report of the Committee for the examination of Military Students; and to direct, that the usual reward for the acquirement of the Hindoostanee language, be presented to Lieutenant G. Buttanshaw of the 13th Regiment of Native Infantry.

"In the version from English into Hindoostanee, Lieutenant Buttanshaw gave a very spirited and happy translation of a passage of considerable length and difficulty.

—No

* *Further Orders, vide G. O. 20th October* 1818, *Vol.* 3, *page* 398.

—No error could be traced in point of Grammar, or idiom, whilst his command of language and appropriate phrases was particularly remarkable.

"The translation from Hindoostanee into English was sufficiently correct.

"His pronunciation is free from any particular defect, and he speaks with fluency and ease.

"We have accordingly much satisfaction in recommending him to the usual honorary reward."

G. O. C. C. 5th October 1816.

☞ Musters of the *Great Coats*, *Overalls*, and *Foraging Caps* established for Infantry Officers, are deposited in the Office of the Agent for Army Clothing, for general information and guidance.

G. O. G. 7th September 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to authorize effective Medical Officers attached to the Veteran Battalions, to draw Tent allowance from the 1st of the ensuing month, under the General Regulations, applicable to Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons, of the regular Corps of the Army.

G. O. G. 21st October 1816.

Ordered, that the following Extract from a Report, dated the 4th Instant, on the examination of Lieutenants Sinclair and Hodges of the 15th and 17th Native Regiments, in the Hindoostanee Language, be published in General Orders.

"The usual exercises were given to these Gentlemen, and executed with considerable accuracy; a few errors only, and those of a trifling nature, being discernible in their translations from English into Hindoostanee. Their pronunciation is accurate, and they converse with fluency. Their attainments, although not of the first order, fully entitle them to the usual honorary reward, to which we beg accordingly to recommend them."

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council directs, that the usual honorary reward for proficiency in the Hindoostanee Language, be presented to Lieutenant J. Sinclair of the 15th Regiment of Native Infantry, and to Lieutenant H. W. Hodges of the 17th Native Regiment.

G. O. C. C. 2d November 1816.

The Commander-in-Chief is pleased to fix the Uniform of the Cavalry Repruiting Depot, to be dark blue, with white cuff and collar, and lace and trimmings, of the patterns in use with the 3d Regiment Cavalry.

G. O. G. 2d November 1816.

Ordered that the following Extracts from General Letters from the Honorable the Court

Court of Directors, in the Military Department, dated the 16th June and 3d November 1815, be published in General Orders.

Letter dated 16th June 1815.

136 & 7. "Report from the Committee of Examination of Military and Medical Students in the Hindoostanee Language, noticing the proficiency acquired by Ensign Lee 8th Regiment N. I. and Mr. Assistant Surgeon John Monteith, published in G. O. and the reward of 500 Pagodas, paid to each of those Gentlemen. Books necessary for the acquirement of the Hindoostanee Language in future to be supplied to the Junior Officers of the Army under certain Regulations."

51. "Our orders for the abolition of rewards of this nature were conveyed to you in our Letter in this department, dated 27th July 1814."

52. "We have, however, no objection to Officers being supplied under the Regulations proposed by the Commander in Chief, with such Books as may be necessary to enable them to prosecute the study of the Hindoostanee Language with success."

140 & 41. "Requesting Court to determine whether the amount of subsistence and passage money to Mr. Cadet Collins, of the Bengal Establishment, who proceeded to Europe on sick certificate, is to become chargeable to the Company or that Gentleman; also that a Regulation be adopted for the issue of pay and allowances to Officers and Cadets, who may unavoidably be detained by indisposition at another port previously to their arrival at the Presidency to which they belong."

54. "Having taken the suggestion contained in these Paragraphs into our consideration, we have resolved, that when Cadets on their passage from England, shall be detained by extreme sickness at an Indian Port, or shall be compelled by sickness to return to England, previously to their arrival at the particular Presidency to which they belong, they shall be entitled to the same advantages of rank, standing pay, allowances and passage money, as their actual arrival at their own Establishment would have entitled them to, to be reckoned from the time at which they would under other circumstances have probably reached the place of their destination."

55. "A similar indulgence may also be extended, under similar circumstances, to Officers returning from furlough, and to Officers of His Majesty's Service proceeding to join their Corps in India."

G. O. G. 11th November 1816.

The Governor in Council is pleased to determine that a Hospital for the reception of diseased Native Women, shall be established at Secunderabad, on the footing prescribed in the Regulations, which govern these institutions at other Stations of the Army.

G. O. G. 11th November 1816.

The Governor in Council has great satisfaction in publishing to the Army, the following Extract from a Report of the Committee for the examination of Military Students; and in directing that the additional distinction established by the General Order, dated 17th November 1812, for the acquirement of the Persian Language, be presented to Lieutenant C. G. Alves, of the 10th Regiment of Native Infantry.

"The Persian paper which we selected for translation into English, was rendered by Mr. Alves with equal accuracy and elegance. In the more arduous task of translating from English into Persian, Mr. Alves succeeded generally in conveying the sense of the original, though we had occasion to remark one or two passages which were not idiomatically expressed, together with a few verbal errors, most of which, however, this Gentleman was able to detect on reading the exercise viva voce before us.

"Mr. Alves's pronunciation is extremely good, and on the whole we have no hesitation in recommending, that he may receive the additional reward authorized by Government for proficiency in the Persian Language."

G. O. G. 11th November 1816.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish to the Army, the following Copy of a General Order, issued at the Presidency of Fort William, allowing Soldiers in His Majesty's Regiments, whose contracted periods of service have expired, to volunteer into the Honorable Company's Artillery or European Infantry.

General Orders by His Excellency The Right Honorable The Governor General in Council.

Fort William, 11*th October* 1816.

It having been brought to the knowledge of Government, that there are at present several Soldiers in His Majesty's Regiments serving under this Presidency, as well as under those of Fort St. George, and Bombay, whose contracted periods of service have expired, and who probably previous to their embarkation, might be induced to change their intention of returning to Europe and voluntarily enter the Service of the Honorable Company; The Right Honorable The Governor General in Council is pleased to publish for general information, that Soldiers of the above description, who are disinclined to re-engage in the Royal Corps, will (if judged fit for the Service) have the option of volunteering into the Honorable Company's Artillery or European Infantry at this Presidency, and the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to issue all subsidiary orders, to give effect to the foregoing resolution.

G. O. C. C. 20th November 1816.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to publish the following directions, for carrying into effect the arrangement published in Government General Orders of the 11th Instant, authorizing the enlistment into the Honorable Company's Artillery and Madras European Regiment, of such of the limited service Men belonging to His Majesty's Regiments serving at this Presidency, whose contracted periods of service have expired, *or will expire*, during the present year, and who do not intend to re-enlist in his Majesty's Corps.

On receipt of this Order, the Officers Commanding His Majesty's Regiments of Dragoons and Infantry will, in obedience to the instructions already received by them from the Deputy Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces, ascertain the number of Men of the above description, in their respective Corps, who are desirous of availing themselves of the option given to them, of entering the Honorable Company's Service, explaining to them the terms on which they will be permitted to enlist, viz. for a period of three years, receiving a Bounty of fifteen (15) Pagodas; and for five years, a Bounty of twenty-five (25) Pagodas.

No Man, who is above 30 years of age, and under 5 feet 7 inches in height, will be allowed to engage for the Artillery; nor above 32 years of age without restriction as to height, into the Madras European Regiment.

Non-commissioned Officers can only enter the Service as Privates.

Two Nominal Rolls of the annexed Form, one of the Men who offer for the Artillery, and the other of those who volunteer for the Madras European Regiment, are to be prepared by Officers Commanding His Majesty's Regiments of Dragoons and Infantry, and transmitted to the Officer Commanding the Division in which their Corps or Detachment may be serving. On receipt of these Rolls, the Officer Commanding the Division will direct the Men to be assembled at the nearest of the following Stations, where they will be inspected by a Committee formed for the purpose, and the necessary instructions regarding which, will be communicated to Commanding Officers of Divisions respectively.

Vellore

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* *This order is rescinded; no time-expired Soldiers of H. M.'s Service is permitted to enlist into the H. C.'s Army, unless under particular circumstances, and sanction of the Commander in Chief in India.*

Vellore
Trichinopoly
Quilon
Bangalore
Bellary
Masulipatam
Secunderabad
Head Quarters of the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force
Poonamallee.

The time-expired Men from Corps of His Majesty's Service, who have declined to re-engage for His Majesty's Corps, and are, or may arrive, at Poonamallee, will be called on by the Officer Commanding that Depot, to declare whether they are willing to enlist into the Honorable Company's Service on the terms above explained; and Nominal Rolls, as already directed, of such Individuals as are willing to enter the Honorable Company's Service, whether for the Artillery, or the Madras European Regiment, are to be transmitted to the Office of the Adjutant General of the Army, when orders for their inspection by the usual Committee will be issued.

The reports of the Committees are to be final, and no Man, who shall not be considered by them as fit for the Service, will be allowed to enlist.—Bounty Rolls, accompanied by regular Registers of the Men, who shall be passed by the Committees, are to be transmitted to the Adjutant General of the Army, for the inspection and approval of His Excellency the Commander in Chief—and from which Office immediate orders will be given for the Bounty being drawn. These Committees are immediately ordered to be assembled by Officers Commanding Divisions, and the Proceedings are to be conducted agreeably to the form observed in the examination of Recruits on their arrival from Europe, page 78 of the Code of Regulations.

Officers Commanding Divisions will make arrangements for sending to St. Thomas's Mount, all such Men as are passed by Committees for the Corps of Artillery, and on their arrival there, such as are suited for that branch of the Service are to be drafted into the Horse Artillery Corps, to be returned as Supernumeraries, until vacancies occur to bring them on the effective strength.

Nominal Roll of Non-commissioned Officers and Privates of His Majesty's ——Regiment of——on the Madras Establishment, who are desirous to enlist in the Honorable Company's Coast Artillery, or Madras European Regiment (as the case may be).

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Height.		Date of arrival in India.	Date of expiration of period of Service in H. M. Regiments.	For 3 or 5 years (as the case may be).	Remarks.
			Feet.	Inches.				In this column the character of each man to be inserted against his name.

G. O. C. C. 20TH NOVEMBER 1816.

The Officer Commanding the Cavalry Recruiting Depot will draw the usual allowances for the repair of the Saddles, and the provision of Line Articles for the Horses, belonging to Regiments of Cavalry attached to the Depot, from the dates they joined, and which consequently are not to be drawn for Regimentally.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 11th November 1816.

* 1. In order to relieve the Army, as far as may be practicable, from the difficulties and inconvenience arising from Officers being plated under stoppages on account of Retrenchments, occasioned by deficiencies of vouchers, irregularities in the forms of Pay Abstracts, &c.; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the Military Auditor General, previous to completing his audits, shall transmit to the respective Paymasters, a Memorandum of the objectionable charges which may be discovered in their accounts, in the manner prescribed and observed in regard to the accounts of the Commissariat.

2. On receipt of the above Memorandums, Paymasters are to call on the parties concerned for such vouchers, explanations, &c. as may be required to remove the objections, which documents are to be forwarded to the Military Auditor General; but no stoppages are to be made from Officers in consequence of those communications.

3. One month from the date of receipt (in the Offices of Paymasters) of the Military Auditor General's Memorandums of objectionable charges, is allowed for the purpose of obtaining the required vouchers, explanations, &c.; as if may however occur, that a shorter period will be sufficient, Paymasters in such cases, are to transmit them as soon as they shall have been collected, but are never to delay them beyond one month, and the Military Auditor General, on receipt thereof, is to complete his audits, to which the existing Regulations, relative to the recovery of Retrenchments, are to be fully applicable.

4. It is to be considered a General Regulation of the Pay Department, that, on Retrenchments being confirmed on reaudit, if the parties concerned do not, within six months from the date of the Paymaster's communication of the reaudit, send an appeal to Government against the Military Auditor General's decision, they will be considered to have acquiesced therein and to have forfeited all right to further consideration of the charges retrenched; and in order that ignorance of this Regulation may not be pleaded, it is directed that Paymasters shall invariably communicate the Military Auditor General's decisions on reaudit to the Officers concerned, in the form given in the margin.

To Captain A. B.

Sir,

In transmitting the remarks of the Military Auditor General, confirming the next Retrenchment on reaudit, I am to acquaint you, with reference to the G. O. by Government, dated the 11th November 1816, that if an appeal to Government is desired, your reply for that purpose must be forwarded to this Office within six months from the date hereof.

I am also to refer you to the Code of Pay Regulations, Page 331, Para. 51, which directs that Officers in such cases shall be aware of the necessity of stating clearly and fully every additional argument which they may have to offer, as the decision of the Board will be final, and that they shall be careful not to trouble Government with appeals on insufficient grounds.

I am, Sir, &c.

Here enter (Signed) C. D.

Station and date. Paymaster.

5. This Regulation is to be strictly adhered to in all future reaudits of Paymasters accounts, and with respect to the accounts previously reaudited, the limited period of six months will be considered to commence from the date of this Order; all retrenchments therefore at present standing in the Public Books, confirmed on reaudit, which may not be appealed against, within the above term, will be considered as finally established. The only departure which will be permitted from the operation of this Regulation, will be in the cases of Officers not in Europe, or off the Coast, who may not return within the period above limited; and Paymasters will be held strictly answerable for any failure, in communicating to Officers, the decisions of the Military Auditor General contained in the reaudit of their accounts.

† 6. In order to afford Paymasters the utmost assistance in regard to the unaudited charges of Officers about to proceed to Europe, they are permitted to forward the

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* *The recovery of objectionable charges from the Estates of deceased Officers to take place without reference to the restriction herein specified in regard to sums objected to by the Military Auditor General, vide G. O. 26th February 1822, Vol. 4, page 150.*

† *Further orders, vide G. O. 2d October 1819, Vol. 4, page 37.*

the Abstracts of such Officers to the Office of Audit (or if already forwarded, to refer to the accounts in which they are entered) and to require from that Office an anticipated audit of such charges. Officers under the above circumstances are, in like manner authorized on application through their respective Paymasters, to require the same information in order to enable them to adjust accounts with their respective Paymasters.

G. O. G. 18TH NOVEMBER 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that a Bounty of three Guineas per Man, shall be paid to such Men of His Majesty's Regiments returning to England, as may volunteer under the circumstances stated in the G. O. by His Excellency The Right Honorable The Commander in Chief in India, dated 9th October 1816, to continue their services in India in any of the Corps therein enumerated.

The Governor in Council is further pleased, in reference to the General Order by Government, dated the 11th Instant, to authorize the established Bounty of Pagodas 25, to such Men of His Majesty's Regiments, whose contracted periods of service have expired, as may enlist in the Honorable Company's Artillery or European Infantry under this Presidency, for five years; and Pagodas 15, to those who may enlist for three years.

G. O. G. 18TH NOVEMBER 1816.

The Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the additional reward, established by the General Order of 17th November 1812, for proficiency in the Persian Language, be presented to Lieutenant Thomas Howell of the 5th Regiment of Native Infantry, whose acquirements are described in the annexed Extract from the Report of the Committee on his examination.

"We lately had occasion to make very honorable mention of Mr. Howell's attainments in the Hindoostanee Language, and the intimate knowledge which this Gentleman has now evinced of the language of Persia, merits, if possible, still more marked terms of commendation.

"Of the translation from Persian into English, we consider it sufficient to state that it was executed with spirit and fidelity, but to Mr. Howell's Persian version of the English exercise, praise of a higher order is eminently due. A simple fable of Pilpay was adorned by this Gentleman with all the graces of a finished composition, and enriched with a profusion of metaphors which could only result from an extensive and familiar acquaintance with the best classical authors.

"Mr Howell's conversation was distinguished by a ready command of words, an attention to idiom and great propriety of expression: his pronunciation is particularly good, and in recommending that he may receive the additional reward authorized by Government for proficiency in the Persian Language, we consider it incumbent upon us to express our opinion that, as an elegant and accomplished Oriental Scholar, he has established a peculiar title to this honorary distinction.

G. O. C. C. 30TH NOVEMBER 1816.

The Commander in Chief has great satisfaction in publishing to the Army, the following Extract of a Letter from the Resident of Fort Victoria, addressed to the Government of Fort St. George.

Such testimonials of the zealous and valuable services of the Officers of this Establishment,

blishment, and of the orderly and good conduct of their Detachments, reflect the highest honor on themselves, and are creditable to their respective Corps.

Extract of a Letter from the Resident of Fort Victoria, dated 19th August 1816.

1. I have the honor to acquaint you that under the expectation of the speedy restoration of these Islands to the Dutch, I have judged it proper to take immediate measures for sending to Fort St. George, as large a proportion of the Troops belonging to that Establishment, which are now employed at the Moluccas, as can be conveniently removed.

6. On the occasion of the final departure for the Presidency, to which they belong, of the Officers and Troops proceeding on the *Laurel*, I consider it to be a duty incumbent on me, to communicate to the Government of Fort St. George, the sentiments of cordial esteem and approbation, which the invariable tenor of their conduct, and their eminent professional services and merits, have indelibly impressed on my mind. In the exigencies of every public crisis, and on every occasion of difficulty and danger, which has occurred during my administration at the Moluccas, they have always been distinguished by their eminent alacrity, zeal and promptitude; and, by their uniform skill, activity and courage, they have confirmed those claims to public approbation and gratitude, which they had previously established by their services in the capture of the Island.

7. Some of the Officers having been employed in confidential Civil situations, and their conduct in the performance of the duties entrusted to them, having been uniformly such as to deserve my approbation; I am anxious to recommend their services in this branch of the public administratration, to the particular notice of the Government of Fort St. George, and as the situations in which, during a period of five years, Lieutenants Kyd and Nelson have been employed under my authority, have enabled me fully to appreciate their talents and integrity; I embrace this opportunity of testifying my sense of their merits, and of recording my conviction of the qualifications of zeal, ability and knowledge, which they possess for the execution of any similar orders which may hereafter be assigned to them.

8. The conduct of Lieutenants Gale and Dale, has also been distinguished by the same qualities of uniform propriety and rectitude; and is equally entitled to the tribute of my cordial approbation.—Lieutenant Gale has been employed in executing Topographical Military Charts and Plans of the Fortifications at Banda and Amboyna: which he has executed in a manner highly creditable to his skill and judgement."

G. O. G. 2d November 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the allotment of Camp Equipage for the Sick, Guards and Stores of the Horse Artillery, shall be fixed as detailed in the annexed Table, in lieu of the allotment laid down in the Regulations for the Quarter Master General's Department, Section III, Statement 5.

TABLE OF THE CAMP EQUIPAGE AND LASCARS ALLOTTED FOR THE SICK, GUARDS AND STORES OF THE HORSE ARTILLERY.

	Squadron of Horse Artillery.				Half Squadron Horse Artillery.			
	New Regulation Tents.	Private 2 Poled Tents.	Necessary Tents.	Lascars.	New Regulation Tents.	Private 2 Poled Tents.	Necessary Tents.	Lascars.
Hospital.....	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	1
Guards.....	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	2
Stores.....	0	2	0	2	0	1	0	1

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 2d November 1816.

* Referring to the G. O. of the 5th April last, † the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the Arms and Accoutrements of Men wanting to complete, which may be lodged in Regimental Store, shall upon the movement of Corps be carried at the public expense, and also that Carriage shall be provided for the Arms and Accoutrements of Men Sick Present with Corps, who, tho' not supplied with Sick Carriage, shall be unable to carry their Arms. In the latter case, however, the Indent for Carriage must be accompanied by a Certificate from the Medical Officer attached to Corps; and Officers Commanding will be careful to distinguish in their Indents for Carriage, the number of Men "*Absent*," "*Wanting to Complete*," or "*Sick Present*."

G. O. G. 25th November 1816.

Ordered that the following Extract from a Report, dated the 22d Instant, on the examination of Lieutenant G. Buttanshaw in the Persian Language, and of Lieuts. T. Hancorne and T. Youngson in Hindoostanee, be published in General Orders.

"Of the numerous Candidates for the reward, who have appeared before us for examination, few if any, have established a higher claim to our approbation than Lieutenant Buttanshaw. A very simple story from Pilpay's Fables, was paraphrased by this Gentleman into Persian, with a richness and variety of expression, an elegance of composition, and a freedom and facility of execution which reflected the highest credit on his talents and assiduity.

"The translation of Lieutenants Youngson and Hancorne into Hindoostanee, were distinguished by similar excellencies to those which we observed in Lieutenant Buttanshaw's exercise in Persian, and only inferior in degree on account of the more limited powers of the language to which they had directed their application. It is a tribute due to these Gentlemen to state, that there was not a single error either of Orthography or Grammar, in either of their exercises. The hand writing of all three was remarkably good, and their pronunciation liable to no particular objection. On the latter point, Lieutenant Youngson appeared to us to have rather the advantage over the other two Candidates, whilst Lieutenant Buttanshaw exhibited in conversation, a more rapid and copious command of words. The result of the whole examination is, that we consider these three Gentlemen as eminently entitled to the usual honorary reward, to which we beg leave to recommend them accordingly."

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council directs, that the usual honorary reward for proficiency in the Hindoostanee Language, be presented to Lieutenant Hancorne of the Madras European Regiment, and to Lieutenant Youngson of the 18th Regiment of Native Infantry; and has great pleasure in conferring on Lieutenant Buttanshaw of the Rifle Corps, the additional distinction established by the General Order of 17th November 1812, for the acquirement of the Persian Language.

G. O. C. C. 9th December 1816.

‡ The Commander in Chief is pleased to order, with reference to the G. O. of the 5th January 1813, § which directs Officers Commanding Divisions of the Army to put in motion Invalids of His Majesty's Service, so as that they may arrive at the Depot

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* *Carriage for Arms and Accoutrements of Men wanting to complete, is to be furnished only for those that from Casualties have accumulated, vide G. O. 8th May* 1819, *Vol.* 1, *page* 1 b.

† *Vide page* 185.

‡ *Republished, vide G. O. 16th October* 1819, *Vol.* 1, *page* 30.

§ *Vide page* 2.

Depot of Poonamallee, before the 1st of January and October each year, that a Return of their numbers shall be invariably sent to the Quarter Master General of the Army, with the necessary Certificates of required Sick Carriage, prescribed by G. O. of the 7th April 1815, in sufficient time, before the proposed period of departure, to enable that Officer's Department to make the consequent arrangements for their march.

G. O. G. 2d November 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the present allowance for victualling European Troops when on board Ship, viz. 10 Fanams per Man per day, shall be granted for each European Woman, and half that allowance (5 Fanams per day,) for each Child, being the Wives and Children of European Non-commissioned Officers and Privates, when proceeding with their Husbands on board Ship. The Women and Children are accordingly to be included in the Bills, Rolls and Certificates prescribed by the Code of Pay Regulations, Page 376, Paras. 14 and 15.

G. O. G. 9th December 1816.

Ordered that the following Extract from a Report, dated the 30th ultimo, on the examination of Lieutenant Dinwiddie in the Hindoostanee Language, be published in General Orders.

"We have great satisfaction in stating, that the several exercises assigned to Lieutenant Dinwiddie, were executed by him in a manner, which demanded our entire approbation. His Hindoostanee translation was entirely free from error, and remarkable at the same time, for great clearness of style, and a perfect knowledge of the idiom. His translation into English was, as might be expected, equally correct. In the colloquial part of the examination, we observed that Lieutenant Dinwiddie's pronunciation was sufficiently good, and his command of words ready and appropriate.

"The result of the whole examination is, that we consider Lieutenant Dinwiddie as having established a full claim to the usual honorary reward, which we beg leave to recommend that he may receive accordingly."

The Governor in Council directs that the usual reward for proficiency in the Hindoostanee Language, be presented to Lieutenant L. Dinwiddie of the 17th Regiment of Native Infantry.

G. O. G. 25th November 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to establish the following Regulations, for making the Annual Registers, in duplicate, of all Europeans in the Company's Service, which are required to be sent Home, early in the Season, agreeably to the orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors, conveyed in their Letter of the 15th of May 1816, and which are to be forwarded to the Adjutant General of the Army for examination and correction, as soon after the 1st January in each year as practicable.

1st. Alphabetical Registers, in duplicate, agreeable to Form No. 1, as each Corps stood on the 1st January.

2d. Alphabetical Registers, in duplicate, of all Casualties, agreeable to Form No. 2, which have occurred during the preceding year; and

3d. Alphabetical Registers, in duplicate, of all Casualties by death, during the preceding year, agreeable to Form No. 3, clearly and distinctly shewing the amount of

of the Proceeds of their Estates, to whom bequeathed, and to whom and when delivered; with any other Remarks to give a complete elucidation of the state of their affairs.

Blank printed Registers, ready to be filled up, will be furnished to Corps from the Adjutant General's Office, and as the originals and duplicates are both to be transmitted to the Honorable Court of Directors, Commanding Officers of Corps will be held responsible that they are completed in the most perfect manner.

Officers Commanding Stations, and Native Corps, will immediately report to the Adjutant General all Casualties, which occur amongst Effective Supernumeraries on their Returns, agreeable to the Forms Nos. 2 and 3.—Casualties amongst Non-commissioned Officers and Men of the Artillery, Carnatic European Veteran Battalion and Madras European Regiment, are to be immediately communicated to the Head Quarters of their Corps with Lists as above, Nos. 2 and 3.

Commanding Officers of Stations will forward to the Adjutant General of the Army, Registers of all Casualties, agreeable to Form No. 3, which have occurred by death, since the 1st January last, with the necessary information regarding their Estates.

The Superintendent of Pensions will furnish the Adjutant General of the Army on the 1st January of each year, with Registers according to the Forms now laid down, of all European Pensioners—Register of Casualties and Registers of Men who have died during the preceding year, with accounts of the Proceeds of their Estates.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to issue such further orders upon this subject, as he may deem necessary, to carry into full effect the instructions of the Honorable Court of Directors.

No. 1.

No.	Names.	Rank.	Age when landed or received.	Country.	Ship arrived on or from whence received.	Year of arrival or when received.	Remarks.

No 2.

No.	Names.	Ranks.	Age when landed or received.	Country.	Ship arrived on or from whence received.	Year of arrival or when received.	Nature of Casualty.	Date of Casualty.	Remarks.

No 3.

No.	Names.	Rank.	Date of Casualty.	Amount of Estate in Money and Effects.			To whom bequeathed.	To whom delivered.	When delivered over.
				Pags.	F.	C.			

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 3d December 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that a Company of Lascars, consisting of

First Tindal	Second Tindals	Bheastie	Lascars
1	2	1	45

shall be permanently attached to the departments of the Commissary of Stores and Sub-Director of the Laboratory at St. Thomas's Mount, from the 1st January 1817.

This Company is to be formed from the present establishment of Gun Lascars, by a selection of Men acquainted with Laboratory work, so far as may be practicable; and shall be under the same military regulations as the Corps of Gun Lascars.

The Commander in Chief is requested to give the necessary Orders for carrying into effect the foregoing arrangement, and for striking off the Returns of the Corps of Gun Lascars of Battalions of Artillery, those that may be selected for the Company of Lascars to be called Laboratory and Magazine Lascars, and to be paid, mustered and returned as such.

G. O. G. 16th December 1816.

The Governor in Council has great satisfaction in publishing to the Army, the following Extract from a Report, dated the 10th Instant, on the examination of Lieutenants H. W. Hodges of the 17th, and W. N. Pace of the 13th Native Regiments, in the Persian language; and in directing that the additional distinction established by the General Orders of the 17th November 1812, be presented to each of those Officers.

"Lieutenant Hodges executed the several tasks assigned to him with perfect accuracy; his style of writing in Persian, is extremely plain and simple, and if it does not aspire to the higher graces of composition which, as he explained to us, from his limited period of study, he did not attempt, it possesses at least the solid merit of being very perspicuous and well adapted to the transaction of business. Lieut. Pace's attainments in Persian, are of an higher order—A very simple story from Pilpay was translated by him, in a very copious paraphrase, abounding with all those studied ornaments of style, which however repugnant to an European taste, are much admired by the Natives, and which at least are not attainable, without a very comprehensive knowledge of the language.—That Lieutenant Pace's application to such a style of composition however, had not impaired his talents for critical exactness, was evinced in a very faithful and perspicuous translation, which he afterwards made, of an Enlish version of the treaty with Hyder Ally of 1769."

"The pronunciation of both these Gentlemen was very good, and their mode of expressing themselves liable to no objection: and we consider that they have both of them established a perfect claim to the usual honorary reward, to which we beg leave to recommend them accordingly."

G. O. G. 23d December 1816.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to determine, that the following Establishment shall be added to the Corps of Horse Artillery, for the purpose of forming a Rocket Troop.

Establishment

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* *Further regulations, vide G. O. 7th October* 1817, *Vol.* 3. *page* 291—*Commuted into a Reserve Troop, vide G. O. 20th November* 1821, *Vol.* 4, *page* 137.

ESTABLISHMENT of a TROOP of ROCKET HORSE ARTILLERY to be added to the CORPS OF HORSE ARTILLERY.

Round of Ammunition.		Commissioned Officers.			Effective Non-commissioned Rank and File.								Non-Effective.		Horses.		Camels.		Appointments.		Artificers in Cantonment.								Artificers in the Field.							
Carried on the line of March.	Carried into Action.	Captain.	Subalterns.	Troop Quarter Master.	Staff Serjeants.	Serjeants.	Trumpeters.	Farriers.	Corporals.	Gunners.	Matrosses.	Total.	Drill Corporal.	Rough Riders.	Officers.	Regimental.	Camels with Drivers.		Saddles and Bridles complete.	Saddles and Packs for Camels.	Mistry.	Carpenter.	Smith.	Armourer.	Hammermen.	Bellows Boy.	Moochy.	Chuckler.	Chickledar.	Masirties.	Carpenters.	Smiths.	Armourers.	Hammermen.	Bellows Boys.	Moochy.	Chucklers.	Chickledars.
538	768	0	4	1	2	4	2	2	4	8	64	86	1	2	7	110	10	110	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2

Horsekeepers in Garrison allowed in the same proportion as in the Horse Artillery, and one to each Horse in the Field, with 2 Horsekeeper and 2 Grass Cutter Choudries.

3 Puckallies in Garrison.
4 do. in the Field.

The usual allowance of 36 Fanams per Horse, for the supply of Petty Articles, and 60 Fanams for each Camel, for keeping up Gunnys, Ropes and Leathers attached to each Camel, is to be drawn by the Officer Commanding the Horse Artillery; and half a Pagoda per month, for the repair of Saddles, &c. of each mounted Man, and one Pagoda per month for the repairs of the Saddle, Bridle and Rocket case of *each* Ammunition Horse; also one Pagoda per month for keeping up the Saddle and Rocket case of each Camel.

The Shabraque and Wax Paulins for covering Saddles and Ammunition Cases, to be supplied by Government when required, the same as other Military Stores.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to issue the necessary orders for carrying the foregoing resolution into effect.

Mr. Barlow, senior, and Mr. Barlow, junior, who have been sent out by the Honorable the Court of Directors for the purpose of teaching at this Presidency, the mode of using the Congreeve Rockets, as practised in His Majesty's Service in Europe, are promoted by the Governor in Council, the former to the rank of Deputy Commissary of Ordnance, and the latter to that of Conductor, both expressly for the Rocket Troop.

Mr. Barlow, senior, and Mr. Barlow, junior, are authorized, when not provided with Quarters, to draw in addition to the Salaries which have been assigned to them by the Honorable the Court of Directors, the Tent Allowance of the rank to which they are respectively promoted, and the Horse Allowance of a Quarter Master of Horse Artillery.

Camels, with a Driver to each, for the Rocket Troop, will be supplied by the Commissariat, in communication with the Commander in Chief, in the same manner as Remount Horses are provided.

G. O. G. 25TH NOVEMBER 1816.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to cancel that part of the General Order of the 5th January 1816, by which the duty of drawing the Pay

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* *Vide page* 174.

Pay of Details and Individuals of His Majesty's Service at the Presidency, not under the command of Commissioned Officers, was attached to the Staff Officer of Fort St. George, and to direct that the Pay of such Details and Individuals, shall in future be drawn, and paid by the Paymaster of the Depot of His Majesty's Troops at Poonamallee.

In any case however, in which it may become necessary to draw Pay at the Presidency for the Details and Individuals above alluded to, which can but rarely occur, that duty will devolve on the Brigade Major of His Majesty's Troops; and it is directed, that such arrangements shall be made by that Officer with the Depot Paymaster, as shall prevent delays, or difficulties in the payments to, and adjustment of advances, stoppages, &c. on account of the Details and Individuals, to whom this Regulation has reference.

G. O. G. 3D DECEMBER 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the Regulation for the Subsistence of European Deserters, contained in the 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th Paras. Pages 74 and 75 of the Code of Military Regulations for the Pay Department, shall be considered applicable to all European Deserters, or Vagrants, whether Military or otherwise. The charges on account of Vagrants or Persons *not being Military* Deserters, (equally the reward for their apprehension as the Subsistence) are to be brought to account by Paymasters under the head of "General Books."

G. O. G. 23D DECEMBER 1816.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that, from and after the 1st of January ensuing, no Paymaster shall be required to enter any Bill or Abstract in his accounts of Disbursements, which may not have been paid by himself, either at his principal, or subordinate Office. The Bills and Abstracts of Military Charges disbursed by other Governments, on account of this Presidency, or by Collectors, or other Officers of this Government, whether Civil or Military, *not being Paymasters*, are to be compiled by the Accountant General (in the Military Department of his Office,) in Accounts Current, and Accounts of detailed Disbursements, precisely similar to those of Paymasters, with the exception of the term "Transfer Department," being used in lieu of a Paymaster's name, in the heading of the Accounts.

As the Accounts of the Transfer Department will be composed of charges, not referable to any particular period, the Regulation which precludes the admission on audit, of charges more than 6 months in arrear, is not to be considered applicable to those Accounts. In order, however, to ensure regularity in bringing forward the charges, it is directed that the Bills and Abstracts received in any month by the Accountant General, shall form the Accounts of that month; and shall be separately compiled, and transmitted for audit, as early in the subsequent months as may be practicable.

The Accounts, thus compiled, are to be checked and audited by the Military Auditor General, and such retrenchments as may, at any time be made therefrom, are to be recovered by the Accountant General under the General Regulations applicable to the Pay Department.

G. O. C. C. 6TH JANUARY 1817.

The Commander in Chief finds it necessary to explain, for the general information and

and guidance of the Army, that all Reports, from Officers Commanding Corps or Detachments on Field Service, which may have reference to movements and their objects, shall be addressed to the Quarter Master General of the Army; and that all Details of Actions with the Enemy, resulting from such movements, shall be transmitted to the address of the Adjutant General of the Army; in both cases, *for the information of His Excellency.*

G. O. G. 9TH DECEMBER 1816.

Ordered that the following Extract of a Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, to Bengal, dated 3d September 1813, transmitted to Fort St. George with the Honorable Court's Military Despatch dated 30th September 1814, as being equally applicable to this Presidency, be published in General Orders.

Para. 123. "We consider it to be of the greatest importance, that the Commissariat Accounts should be speedily and finally adjusted, and that due precautions be taken to guard the Company against loss in the event of the sudden illness, or death of the Commissary General or his Assistants. This is the more necessary, as it does not appear from your Original Regulations for the Commissariat, that any Security is given either by the Commissary General or by his Deputies, for the due adjustment of their Accounts, in the event of death or removal from their respective situations.

124. "We cannot indeed but consider this as a defect in the system, and we desire that you will take it into your early consideration, with a view to establish effectual Securities against the possible loss to which the Company may be subjected."

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council, in obedience to the Orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors, contained in the foregoing Paragraphs, is pleased to direct, that the Commissary General, and Subordinate Officers, shall invariably on their appointment to the Department, furnish Security to be approved by Government, agreeably to the following Scale.

Commissary General,	Sa. Rs.	50,000
Deputies,	do.	30,000
Assistants,	do.	20,000
Deputy Assistants,	do.	10,000
Sub-Assistants,	do.	5,000

The above Securities are in all future cases, to be lodged with the Accountant General, before the Officers appointed to the Commissariat are permitted to take charge of their Offices—in the case of promotion of Subordinate Commissariat Officers, they are to replace the inferior Security with that which is prescribed for the higher rank.

The Commissary General is required to submit without delay, for the approval of Government, the Securities proposed to be lodged by himself, and the Officers of his Department, in order that the above Orders of the Honorable Court of Directors may be carried into full effect.

G. O. G. 7TH JANUARY 1817.

Major General Aldwell Taylor of this Establishment, having received permission to return to Europe, The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to express in General Orders, his entire approbation of the conduct of that Officer in the many distinguished situations which he has held under the Government of Fort St. George, during a long, and honorable service of forty-one years.

The Governor in Council will not fail to recommend the faithful and approved services of Major General Taylor, to the favourable notice of the Honorable the Court of Directors.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 7th January 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders, the following Extract from a Despatch received from Major General Rumley, the Officer in Command of the Northern Division of the Army, under date the 24th Ultimo.

Copy of a Letter from Major Oliver, Commanding a Detachment of the 6th Regiment of N. I. to The Quarter Master of Brigade, Northern Division.

Sir,

I have the honor to acquaint you, for the information of the Officer Commanding the Division, that about 5 o'clock yesterday evening we were surprised by the Mahratta Horse entering this Town,—having only Lieutenant Tulloh with me, I sent him to take post at the other end of it, and from both our Divisions Parties were sent out to the different streets, to endeavour to keep them out of the Town; we had a continual skirmishing for about two hours, and some Men and Horses were killed in the streets—a little after six, Lieutenant Tweedie who had retreated upon my Detachment arrived, having marched all night and that day, having been surrounded by them from 11 o'clock in the morning—I found it impossible to save the Town, as they galloped through and set fire to it in several places.—At 11 o'clock P. M. Lieutenant Jackson, who had been stationed with his Company about 16 miles off, arrived, when considering myself strong enough to give them an alert, I left Lieutenant Tweedie with two Companies in a strong position, and having procured two Peons from Mr. Spottiswoode, who promised to shew me the road to their Camp about a mile off, I put myself under their guidance, and am happy to say we succeeded beyond my expectation—we were actually in the middle of their Camp, before they discovered us, and we gave them two vollies from the Companies within 10 yards, which did great execution; and it caused such confusion among them, that they fled in every direction. We traversed their Camp, and killed (I should imagine) from twenty to thirty of them, they left the greatest part of their baggage on the ground, and this morning there was about a hundred Horse running loose about the Town, and we have killed and taken about seventy Horse.—Lieutenant Tweedie when he heard the firing, detached Lieutenant Tulloh with a Company to take post on the bank of a Tank, for which they appeared to be making; this was such an unexpected manœuvre, that a party of them galloped up close to Lieutenant Tulloh without discovering him, when he gave them a volley and killed some Men and Horses.—They have been drawn up in front of us this morning—I should suppose there is about 5,000 of them, and they are now moving off in the direction of Temboor and Sarecottah—and I shall march this evening for Chicacole, as I conceive it probable they will move in that direction—we have taken a Standard and a Trumpet.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant.
(Signed) W. C. OLIVER,
Capt. Comg. Detachment 6th.

Kemedy,
20th December 1816
12 A. M.

(A true Copy.)
(Signed) C. RUMLEY,
Major-General.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to signify to Major Oliver, and to the Officers and Troops who served under his command, the high approbation of the Government for the exemplary discipline and gallantry which they displayed, in their attempt to defend the Town of Kemedy, and in their subsequent attack on the Camp of the Pindarries.

G. O. G. 10th January 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the Public Agent for the Construction of Gun Carriages, and all Commissaries of Stores, shall in future make a Monthly Return to the Commissary General of the Army at Fort St. George, of all the Attack Carts and Spirit Drays under their charge, shewing the state and condition of these Carriages.

The

The Returns for the present month to be forwarded on the receipt of this Order, and to be despatched hereafter on the 1st of every month, and the Commissary General will in future exercise the same control over the Arrack Carts maintained for the use of his department, which has been vested in the Quarter Master General of the Army with respect to the Sick Carts, and under the same rules which have been prescribed in the 6th Section of the Regulations for the department of the Quarter Master General of the Army. The form of the Monthly Returns, is required to correspond with form No. 7, of the same Section of those Regulations.

G. O. G. 10TH JANUARY 1817.

Ordered that the following Extract from a Report, dated the 3d Instant, on the examination of Lieutenant C. D. Dunn of the 22d Native Regiment, in the Hindoostanee Language, be published in General Orders.

Lieutenant Dunn executed the several tasks assigned to him, with perfect correctness, and in his translation into Hindoostanee, in particular, displayed a very appropriate command of words and accurate acquaintance with the idiom. The hand writing of Lieutenant Dunn is extremely good, his pronunciation sufficiently correct, and his manner of expressing himself in conversation easy and distinct—we have accordingly much satisfaction in recommending that Lieutenant Dunn may be presented with the usual honorary reward.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council directs that the usual honorary reward for proficiency in the Hindoostanee Language, be presented to Lieutenant Dunn.

G. O. C. C. 13TH JANUARY 1817.

* In reference to the G. O. by Government of the 7th Instant, the Commander in Chief has great satisfaction in declaring his cordial participation in the sentiments of approbation and applause expressed by the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, of the conduct of Major Oliver of the 6th Regiment N. I. Lieutenant Tweedie of the 2d Regiment N. I. Lieutenants Tulloh and Jackson of the 6th Regiment N. I. and the whole of the Native Officers and Men of the Detachment employed in Kemedy.

When an Officer has been distinguished by the approbation of the Government for his services, little can be added to such a testimonial of his merits, but the Commander in Chief will not deny himself the gratification of stating to the Army, that he considers the zeal, decision and spirit of Major Oliver to be highly exemplary and to afford a strong proof of the advantages of discipline, when united with judgment and experience to estimate it's capability against superior numbers, destitute of that essential.

G. O. C. C. I. 20TH JANUARY 1817.

† The Commander in Chief regrets the being obliged to express his entire disapprobation of the above sentence.

It appears on the proceedings of the Court Martial, that the just and humane orders of the Honorable Court of Directors, prohibiting Officers from arbitrarily punishing

* *Vide page* 227.

† *Remarks on the Trial of Captain Kyan, 2d Bengal Cavalry.*

ing Followers of the Camp, were transmitted by the Adjutant General to the 2d Regiment of Cavalry, and were regularly inserted in the Orderly Books of that Corps.

It appears that at a subsequent period, the Commanding Officer of the Regiment (excited as it would seem by some peculiar circumstance) published anew those orders with a Regimental Order from himself, strictly enjoining a pointed obedience to them, while he indicated the mode to be pursued by Officers for bringing to speedy and legal punishment any Follower of the Camp who might be guilty of misconduct deserving chastisement; and the existence of this standing order was duly proved before the Court Martial.

It appears, that in contempt of these orders, Captain John Howard Kyan caused Lall Mahomed to be apprehended for an imputed offence, confined him for at least two days, then had him brought out, tied up and flogged with a cat (prepared for the purpose by Captain Kyan,) to the amount of between forty and fifty lashes; and again imprisoned him under the menace of further flogging, tho' Captain Kyan afterwards dismissed the man without renewed infliction.

The Court have found the Prisoner guilty of a breach of the order promulgated by the Honorable the Court of Directors; and they have considered this cool deliberate transgression, not stimulated by immediate passion, or attempted to be extenuated by any assertion of recent provocation, as calling for no more than a reprimand.

A Sentence so glaringly inadequate, and in it's tendency so subversive of the authority of Officers at the head of Corps, would leave The Commander in Chief wholly without excuse for abstaining from the fulfilment of the Honorable Court's injunction to acquaint them with any case of an infraction of their order.

The Proceedings of the Court Martial on this occasion will therefore be laid before the Governor General in Council, with a view to their being submitted to the Honorable Court. In the mean time, Captain Kyan is to be released from his arrest.

G. O. C. C. 22d January 1817.

With reference to the Government G. O. of the 3d December 1816,* the Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, that the Commandant of Artillery will issue the necessary orders, for drafting from the Corps of Gun Lascars, the necessary details, to form a complete Company of Laboratory and Magazine Lascars, and place them under the orders of the Commissary of Stores, and Sub-Director of the Laboratory, at St. Thomas's Mount.

G. O. G. 27th January 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having received the satisfactory intelligence of the complete expulsion of the numerous body of Predatory Horse, which lately penetrated the Company's territory in the Ganjam District, deems it proper to express in the most public manner, his high sense, as well of the zeal, judgment and enterprize displayed by Lieutenant Alexander Borthwick of the 2d Battalion 2d Regiment of Native Infantry, throughout the operations which have led to this important and decisive result, as of the exemplary perseverance, exertion and gallantry of the Native Officers and Men of the Detachment under his command, whose conduct, equally in their unwearied pursuit of the enemy, and in every attack of their Camp, reflects the highest credit on the discipline and efficiency of the Corps to which they belong, and has entitled them to his unqualified approbation.

The Resident at Poonah, in a Despatch under date the 31st ultimo, having communicated Major Lushington's report of the brilliant affair, in which the 4th Regiment of Native Cavalry was engaged with a body of Predatory Horse at Cowah on the 26th ultimo, after rapidly accomplishing a march of 53 miles,—The Governor in Council

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* *Vide page* 223.

Council avails himself of the present opportunity to acknowledge the judgment, activity and professional ability, which have signalized Major Lushington's operations in this arduous service.—The Governor in Council performs a pleasing part of his duty in conveying to the Officers, Native Officers and Men of the Regiment under Major Lushington's command, his warmest thanks for their eminently meritorious exertions; and has the greatest satisfaction in distinguishing their exemplary achievement by the expression of the cordial approbation of the Government.

The Governor in Council cannot close the public record of his sentiments on this occasion, without deeply lamenting, in the fate of the late Captain Thomas Darke of the 4th Regiment Native Cavalry, the loss which the Service has sustained in this zealous, brave and excellent Officer.

G. O. C. C. 1st February 1817.

* On the occasion of publishing to the Army the Government G. O. of the 27th Ultimo, His Excellency the Commander in Chief cannot refuse to himself the gratification of expressing his sentiments of applause and cordial approbation of the conduct of Major Lushington of the 4th Cavalry, and Lieutenant Borthwick of the 2d Battalion 2d Regiment N. I.

The well estsblished fame and former sevices of the 4th Cavalry, were sufficient pledges of the confidence with which that distinguished Regiment might be employed on any enterprize; but the indefatigable perseverance with which it persisted in it's pursuit of an enemy, whose rapidity of movement had hitherto eluded every other attempt to intercept or come up with him, stands unrivalled, and places the character and judgment of Major Lushington in the most flattering point of view, not only for the zeal and ability with which he profited by his intelligence, and conducted his Regiment, but for the spirit and decision with which he led his gallant Soldiers into the midst of an enemy by whose vast superiority of numbers he might have fairly expected to have had a formidable adversary to contend with.

The Commander in Chief offers to Major Lushington of the 4th Cavalry, his warmest acknowledgments, as well as to the Officers, Native Officers and Men of the Regiment he commands, for their exemplary gallantry, zeal and exertions.

The congratulations of His Excellency would be as complete as they are sincere, did not the loss of so valuable and brave an Officer as Captain Darke, mix, with them, the duty of here paying a just but melancholy tribute of respect to his memory and services.—He was killed in front of his standard, animating his men by an example *they* can never forget.

The Commander in Chief feels it a duty he is anxious to acquit himself of, to record his highest approbation and applause of the conduct of Lieutenant Borthwick of the 2d Battalion 2d Regiment, and the Native Officers and Men of his small but exemplary Detachment. It marks the talent, judgment and persevering spirit of Lieutenant Borthwick, and the discipline, attachment and patience of the excellent troops which, with such inadequate numbers, have effected so much essential service in finally expelling from the Ganjam District so numerous a body of Predatory Horse.

It is, in affairs of this kind, that Officers, with limited means, have the opportunity of displaying their professional ability, resources, and spirit; and the present instance not only speaks the rising reputation of Lieutenant Borthwick, but places him in the light of those promising Officers who will be useful ornaments to the Service, and their profession.

Experience has proved that the opportunity only, is wanting, to record the names of many other Officers, who, animated on all occasions, to zealous and indefatigable exertion, maintain with honor to themselves and to their Corps, the well earned reputation which, for its achievments in the Field, the Madras Army has so justly acquired.

G. O. C.

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* *Vide page 232.*

G. O. G. 27th January 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Copy of a G. O. issued by the Supreme Government, and to direct that its provisions shall be considered as an established Regulation of this Presidency.

General Orders by His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council.

Fort William, 1st November 1816.

His Excellency The Right Honorable The Governor General in Council having had under his consideration the subject of establishing one general rate of Exchange, to be observed in adjusting payments made at one Presidency on account of another, and the rate of Exchange fixed by the General Orders of Government of the 6th of July 1812, for the adjustment of payments made at this Presidency to Officers belonging to the Establishments of Fort St. George or Bombay, viz. Arcot or Bombay Rupees 350 to Sicca Rupees 325, appearing to unite with great simplicity in calculation, such a degree of accuracy, as to leave no adequate ground of objection to it's adoption; whether considered, in relation to the concerns of Government, or of Individuals; and on the whole to be greatly preferable to any other rate of Exchange which has been suggested, His Lordship in Council has been pleased to determine that the above rate of Exchange shall be applied to all payments made at this Presidency on account of either of the other Presidencies, with exception to payments on account of His Majesty's Government; His Majesty's Navy in India, and to the pay of the Troops of one Presidency on actual service at either of the others; which will be regulated as heretofore.

The adoption of the same measure at the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay, will be recommended by His Excellency in Council to the Governments of those Presidencies respectively.

G. O. G. 27th January 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to authorize an allowance of 26 Rupees per day, for the passage and accommodation of General Officers on the Staff of this Presidency, when proceeding on duty from Port to Port in India, to be drawn in the same manner and under the same general provisions as the passage money of other Officers when similarly employed.

G. O. C. C. 3d February 1817.

☞ * His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to publish in General Orders, for the guidance of the Army, the following particulars respecting the Dress of Officers, which appear to be imperfectly understood or misconceived.

The loose Overalls, (the present established Uniform) of Officers, are not considered as Appointments fitting for occasions of ceremony; for a Ball Room; or Evening Dress; but White Pantaloons, and half Boots *over them*, may be worn on such occasions, by *all* Officers.

When Officers in *Evening Full Dress*, wear Shoes, they are to wear Shoe Buckles, and White Breeches with Knee Buckles, which should be established Regimentally. Strings in the Shoes or at the Knees are prohibited, and it must be understood, that in the Full Dress, the Sash is never to be worn.

Cocked Hats and long Coats according to Regulation, are only permitted to be worn, in *Evening Dress* with Shoes and Stockings, or Pantaloons and half Boots, as above described.

The foraging Cap and Undress Jacket are to be worn as described in G. O. dated 3d

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* *Further orders regarding Dress, vide G. O. 1st June 1820, Vol. 4, page 78.*

3d September 1816, *only on occasions quite unconnected with duty or ceremony*, and it is to be understood that Officers are not, to appear abroad, in public places, at the Presidency, or other Stations, except in the full established Regimentals of their respective Corps.

G. O. C. C. 6TH FEBRUARY 1817.

The Commander in Chief has confirmed the above Sentence, and in consideration of the Prisoner's youth, and inexperience, together with the recommendation of the Court, His Excellency is pleased to remit the punishment awarded to Lieutenant Fireworker Lys, who will consequently return to his duty.

The Commander in Chief however notices an irregularity which has occurred on the present trial.—The Prisoner, Lieutenant Fireworker Lys, of the Corps of Artillery, has been arraigned and tried under the Act, "For punishing Mutiny and Desertion of Officers and Soldiers in the Service of the United Company of Merchants "trading to the East Indies."

Lieutenant Fireworker Lys in belonging to the Regular Forces in the Service of the Honorable East India Company, is entitled to a King's Commission, corresponding with that which he holds in the Company's Service, and whether or not he be actually in possession of the Commission, his character and title are the same, and he ought therefore, conformably with the G. O. of the 2d April 1816, to have been tried, under the provisions of the Annual Mutiny Act.

His Excellency Sir Thomas Hislop, in consequence, takes this opportunity of explaining to the Army, with reference to that General Order, that such Officers *only* who have no other character as Officers than derived from their Commissions in the Company's Service, are subject to be tried under the Act, of the 27th of George the 2d, and that all Officers of the Regular Army being entitled to corresponding King's Commissions, are from that circumstance amenable to the Annual Mutiny Act, whether in actual possession, or not, of such corresponding Commissions.

G. O. G. 27TH JANUARY 1817.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having had under his further consideration the state of the Ordnance Department at this Presidency; and it having been found advisable that provision should be made for the employment of Persons of the Rank of Conductor in certain of the Departments and Public Offices; in addition to the number fixed by the General Order of 17th July 1815; the following arrangement is ordered to have effect from the 1st Instant.

The establishment of Conductors is divided into three distinct Classes, bearing the following denominations:

Conductors of Ordnance,
Commissariat Conductors,
Conductors,

and all having the same general rank and pay.

The First Class, including all Conductors employed on duties connected with the Ordnance branch of the Service, is distributed as follows, and their pay will continue to be charged to the Ordnance Establishment, viz.

Arsenal of Fort St. George and Out-Stations, as fixed by the Code of Ordnance Regulations	28	
In charge of Depots of Camp Equipage at the Presidency and Wallajahbad	2	
Gun Carriage Manufactory and Powder Mills, each 1	2	
		—32

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* *New arrangement for the Ordnance Department, vide G. O. 13th March* 1821, *Vol.* 4, *page* 107.

The Second Class comprizes all Conductors employed in the Commissariat, according to the following disposition; and their Pay will be charged to that Department.

Karkanah Establishment	1
Public Cattle Department	1
Attached to the Corps of Dooley Bearers	3
	— 5

The Third Class will be composed as follows;—the Pay of Conductors in this Class being placed to the General Account of Military Charges.

Adjutant General's Office	1
Quarter Master General's Office	1
Town Major's Office	1
	— 3
	—
The Total Permanent Establishment of Conductors being fixed at	40

All Conductors at present surplus to the above, are to be considered as Supernumeraries, and will be attached to the Ordnance Department until vacancies occur to bring them on the effective strength.

G. O. G. 10TH FEBRUARY 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having had under consideration the Tentage allotted to the Native Troops of this Presidency, has been pleased to resolve, with a view to the better accommodation of the number of Men which by Regulation are apportioned to each Tent, and for the more efficient security of their Arms and Accoutrements; that Two Poled shall in future be substituted in lieu of One Poled Private Tents, for their use.—The establishment of Camp Equipage will correspond with the present allotment, viz. to a Company of Native Infantry, or half Squadron of Native Cavalry; but the number of Bamboo Coolies will be increased, from one Man, as at present allowed, to three Single Poled Tents—to two Coolies, to be provided in future, for three Double Poled Tents.

G. O. C. C. 12TH MARCH 1817.

The Commandant of Artillery having been furnished with a Distribution of the Corps of Artillery, and orders to make such Removals and Appointments, as may be necessary to complete it, The Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, that Officers Commanding Divisions, Field Forces, and Stations, will carry into effect such orders and arrangements in communication with the Commandant of Artillery as may be necessary.

To enable the Commandant of Artillery to exercise the duties of that branch of the Service, The Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, that all Officers Commanding Detachments of Artillery, shall report to the Commandant of Artillery at Head Quarters, all orders they may receive altering the strength or affecting the efficiency of their respective Detachments.

Whenever it may be necessary to send Men of the Artillery from detached Companies to the Presidency on sick certificate, a report is to be made of the circumstance to the Adjutant General of the Army, by the Officer under whose general charge they may be serving, and a similar report is to be made by the Officer Commanding the Detachment of Artillery to the Commandant of Artillery—Such Men on their arrival at the Presidency, are to report themselves at the Office of the Adjutant General of the Army.

G. O. C. C. 15th March 1817.

Remarks by His Excellency The Commander in Chief.

The Commander in Chief can neither approve or confirm the Proceedings of the Native General Court Martial, held on Subadar Shaik Jewan,* because the duties of Interpreter have been performed by the Officer who officiated as Judge Advocate, and this irregularity renders the whole of the Proceedings null and void; His Excellency therefore in the most pointed manner draws the attention of all Officers who may be called upon to act in future in the capacity of Judge Advocate, to the sentiments expressed by His Excellency The Right Honorable The Commander in Chief in India, under date the 6th of May last, as an invariable rule for their guidance.

It is also necessary to observe that when objections are offered by a Prisoner to any Officer ordered as a Member of the Court, it is the duty of that Court to enter the same on the record, for the information of the approving power.

With respect to the Prisoner, Subadar Shaik Jewan, The Commander in Chief deeply laments that an old and deserving Soldier bearing such high testimonials of his character, and conduct on so many occasions, should have persevered in resisting with so much obstinacy the order and advice of his Superiors, but although from mistaken motives, he has fallen into this error, it is a great consolation to find, that he has behaved throughout with moderation and respect, and the Lieutenant General has no doubt that he will profit by the advice now given and avoid a similar line of conduct in future.

Subadar Shaik Jewan is to be released from arrest, and ordered to return to his duty.

G. O. G. 17th March 1817.

On the occasion of the embarkation of His Majesty's 80th Regiment for Europe, The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has great satisfaction in publishing to the Army, his entire approbation of the conduct of that Corps, during the long period of it's service under the orders of the Government of Fort St. George.

G. O. G. 24th March 1817.

† The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize Officers of His Majesty's Service who become Supernumerary to the complement attached to Regiments, to draw the Half Batta and the House Rent, if not furnished with Quarters), of their Regimental Rank, during the time they may be detained in India, also the usual Travelling Batta from the time of their leaving the Stations, where their Corps may be, for the purpose of proceeding to the Presidency.

This Order to have effect from the 1st May 1817.

G. O. G. 7th April 1817.

Circumstances no longer requiring the presence of a British Force in the territory of Kûrnool, The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to abolish that Government Command, and to express at the same time in General Orders, his entire approbation of the manner in which the important duties of the charge have been executed by Lieutenant Colonel Thompson.

This

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* *Sentenced to be reprimanded.*

† *Other regulations published, vide G. O. 16th August* 1822. *Vol. 4, page* 169.

This Order will have effect from the date of the march of the Troops from the territory of Kurnool, under the directions which Lieutenant Colonel Thompson will receive from His Excellency the Commander in Chief for that purpose.

G. O. C. C. 26TH APRIL 1817.

Recent omissions, oblige His Excellency the Commander in Chief to call the attention of the Officers of the Army to the Regulations, which require that all Officers, Medical as well as Military, either in His Majesty's or the Honorable Company's Service, on their arrival at, and departure from the Presidency, shall report themselves personally* at the Adjutant General's Office, except in cases of sickness, when written reports may be made.

The above orders will not be considered as affecting those which require similar reports to be made to the Town Major of Fort St. George, and by Officers in His Majesty's Service to the Deputy Adjutant General and Brigade Major of H. M. Forces.

His Excellency further directs, that *all* Medical Officers shall report their arrival at, and departure from, the Presidency, to the Secretary of the Medical Board, either personally or in writing, for the information of the Board.

G. O. G. 10TH MARCH 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having been pleased to resolve that the Officers Commanding at Arcot, Wallajahbad, Trichinopoly, Bangalore, Cannanore and Secunderabad, shall be subject to the payment of a Monthly Rent for the Public Quarters which they may respectively occupy, agreeably to the undermentioned rates, namely

Arcot,	Pags.	20
Wallajahbad,	,,	10
Trichinopoly,	,,	10
Bangalore,	,,	20
Cannanore,	,,	20
and		
Secunderabad,	,,	20

The following Regulations are established for the guidance of Officers holding those Commands.

1st.—When an Officer is appointed to Command, his application for permission to occupy the Public Quarters, shall be forwarded to the Quarter Master General of the Army, to be submitted to the Military Board; and their decision will be communicated to him by that Officer.—The necessary notification will also be made to the Military Auditor General, by whom Paymasters will be instructed to make the prescribed stoppage, commencing from the date on which the Public Quarter may be occupied, to be certified by the Officer in charge of Public Buildings. Pending this reference, the Officer applying is authorized to enter the Quarter; on despatching his application.

2d.—When an Officer shall by removal or otherwise vacate the Public Quarter, a communication must be immediately made by such Officer to the Officer in charge of Public Buildings, whose duty it will be to notify the date to the Paymaster, and to make the necessary communication to the Quarter Master General. The Military Auditor General will be apprized by the latter Officer of the date on which such Officer's liability to the payment of rent may cease.

3d.—Officers Commanding who may be occasionally absent from their Command on Field Service, are to have the option of retaining the Public Quarter during their absence,

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* *Or in writing, vide G. O. 4th May* 1817, *page* 237.

absence, paying the established rent; but if Officers so situated should wish to wave this option, they must proceed as directed in the 2d Paragraph; or they will be held answerable for the rent.

The Governor in Council has further been pleased to resolve, that in the event of the Public Quarters appropriated for the residence of Officers Commanding being vacant, the Officer Commanding the Division shall be considered as having a prior claim to the Quarter, provided it shall be at the Head Quarters; and whenever the General or other Commanding Officer of a Division shall be desirous of occupying the Public Quarter, his application must be submitted as directed in the 1st Paragraph.

G. O. G. 2d April 1817.

Ordered that the following Extract from the Honorable Company's General Letter in the Military Department, under date the 12th June 1816, be published in General Orders.

68. Puckallies to be allowed to General and Staff Officers whenever they shall be encamped on duty.

41. We shall not object to the indulgence of Puckallies to the Staff Officers adverted to in this Paragraph, but it is our positive directions that no allowance whatever be made to General Officers on the Staff, beyond what has been already fixed for Officers of that Rank, and which we consider to be ample for every purpose of accommodation and respectability.

G. Q. G. 2d April 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the following Regulation shall be observed in future in the issue of Camp Equipage to His Majesty's Regiments of Dragoons.—Two European Regulation Tents are to be allotted to the Detail attached to the Galloper Guns of a Dragoon Regiment, for the accommodation of the Men and cover of the Harness; and the number of Men so attached, will be deducted from the strength of the Regiment, in calculating the Tentage for the remainder agreeably to the rate at present established.

G. O. G. 15th April 1817.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council deems it expedient to direct, that the 31st Para. Page 178 of the Code of Pay Regulations, (which forbids the Sale of Horses, obtained by Cavalry Officers from the Remount Lots, before the amount of their price has been fully paid to the Honorable Company) shall be considered to extend to the transfer of Chargers from one Officer to another.—It will accordingly be incumbent on Officers to be particularly careful in selecting suitable Horses in the first instance from the Remount Lots.

If, however, the Commander in Chief, under any peculiar, or extraordinary circumstances, should see reason to allow a deviation from this Regulation, it will be competent to His Excellency to sanction an intermediate transfer—the Officer, by whom the Horse was first selected, still continuing to be responsible for it's purchase money, and the stoppages from his Pay and Allowances being continued, notwithstanding the transfer, until the full amount has been discharged; but in the event of death,

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* *Further orders regarding the repayment for Horses transferred to the Ranks, vide G. O. 22d September 1818, page 398.*

death, removal from the Service, or other cause rendering the amount irrecoverable from the Officer to whom the Charger was originally issued, the actual possessor of the Horse is to be answerable for the sum which may remain unpaid at the period of such casualty.—It is to be further particularly understood, that on Horses being returned to the ranks, no higher sum can, in any case, be claimed in repayment for them, than the amount which shall be shewn by the Certificates of Paymasters to have been actually paid for such Horses.

The provisions of the 25th Para. Page 175 of the Code of Regulations, under which Officers, receiving Horses from the Remount Lots, cease to draw Horse Allowance until the amount of the purchase money is paid, having been found inconvenient; Cavalry Officers, under the above circumstances, are in future to include Horse Allowance in their Regimental Abstracts, and to make deductions of the prescribed instalments, in the manner observed in the recovery of stoppages on account of Tents, Wine, Cloth, &c.; the amount to be brought to account by Paymasters under the head of "Horses, and Horse Accoutrements."

G. O. G. 7th May 1817.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to fix the Establishment of each Battalion of Native Infantry, including the Light Battalions, at nine hundred Privates, and his Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to give directions for Recruiting the Army accordingly.

G. O. G. 7th. May 1817.

Ordered that the following Extract from a Report on the examination of Lieutenant C. D. Dunn of the 22d Regiment of Native Infantry, in the Persian Language, be published in General Orders.

"Lieutenant Dunn went through the several exercises presented to him in a manner which reflected the greatest credit on his talents and assiduity.—His translations were not entirely free from error of every description; but that from English into Persian was distinguished by a style perfectly idiomatical and in which, although the eastern ornaments of writing were not neglected they were not admitted in too great profusion.—The conversation of Lieutenant Dunn was remarkable for correctness and fluency, and his pronunciation is free from any particular defect.—His hand-writing is extremely elegant."

"From the whole of the attainments above enumerated, we are induced to place Lieutenant Dunn on a level with the best Persian Scholars, who have appeared before us, and we consider him, as eminently entitled to the usual honorary reward, which we beg leave to recommend that he may receive accordingly."

The Governor in Council directs that the reward established by the General Orders of 17th November 1812, for proficiency in the Persian Language, be presented to Lieutenant Dunn.

G. O. C. C. 4th May 1817.

† With reference to the G. O. of the 26th Ultimo, The Commander in Chief is pleased to permit the Reports thereby required to be made, either personally *or in writing*.

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* *Cancelled and further orders issued, vide G. O. 5th August* 1817, *page* 282

† *Vide page* 235.

writing, but such indulgence will be extended no longer than it is found not to interfere with the regular discharge of duty, and punctual obedience to the General Orders which all Officers are expected to make themselves acquainted with at the Office of the Public Staff Officer at each Station of the Army, and by reference to the Orderly Books at the Adjutant General's Office at the Presidency.

G. O. C. C. 22d MAY 1817.

REVIEWS AND INSPECTIONS.

Former Regulations cancelled.

Para. 1st.—The existing Regulations for the half-yearly Reviews and Inspections of Corps on the Fort St. George Establishment being neither sufficiently minute, nor explicit in many points, thereby occasioning a great want of uniformity and regularity. His Excellency the Commander in Chief has deemed it of importance to substitute the following Rules and Observations by which Reviewing Officers will henceforth be guided, and from which no deviation whatever will be permitted; The present Regulations on this subject (General Regulations, Part 11, Page 112,) are accordingly cancelled and the following Regulations, Forms, &c. &c. established.

To be only once a year.

2d.—Each Corps on this Establishment shall in future be inspected, reviewed, and reported upon to Head Quarters, only *once* in each year, which is considered sufficient for affording all necessary information as to it's state and discipline in every respect, and the period for such Annual Inspections is to be during the month of January, or as soon after as possible in each year.

Officers Commanding Divisions are to inspect *in person*.

3d.—The General or other Officers Commanding Divisions or Detachments of the Army will in most cases make those Inspections in person, but when this duty may from circumstances devolve on other Officers, the Reports, Returns, &c. &c. must be forwarded by them, to the Officer Commanding the Division wherein they are serving, by whom they will be transmitted to the Adjutant General without any unnecessary delay, *together with any observations the Commanding Officer may judge it expedient to add*, for the Commander in Chief's information.

Other Officers to inspect under authority from Head Quarters *only*.

4th.—Review and Inspection Reports are not, however, to be made by any other Officer than the one Commanding the Division or Detachment, unless under authority from Head Quarters of the Army.

Confidential Reports.

5th.—The Confidential Reports are to be addressed *personally* to His Excellency the Commander in Chief, by the Reviewing Officer, and forwarded to the Officer Commanding the Division, *open*, for the purposes mentioned in the third Paragraph, who will then seal and transmit them under cover as above directed.

Reports to be separate.

6th.—The Reports of *each* Corps or Detachment must be made separately, and transmitted under distinct and separate covers.

Confidential reports *only* required.

7th.—The Confidential Reports being supposed to contain the fullest and most complete information on every point, the *Review* Report which has hitherto in some cases been forwarded, is considered unnecessary.

Reviews by Commander in Chief *in person*.

8th.—Inspections and Reviews by His Excellency the Commander in Chief, *in person*, are not considered, at any time, as superseding the necessity of the Regular Annual Inspections and reports to Head Quarters.

INSPECTIONS.

General objects of Inspecting Officers.

9th.—An Inspection (which usually precedes a Review) of a Corps will comprehend a minute individual examination of it's

Non-

Non-Commissioned Officers, and Soldiers, including Recruits, in reference to the age, and height, prescribed by the Regulations. An Inspection as well into the condition of their Clothing, as that it is in conformity to the Regulations, and not disfigured by any alterations or additions, and of the state of their Arms, Accoutrements, and Appointments.

10th.—It will take place in an Open Column of Troops, or Companies, Right in Front.

11th.—The Inspecting Officer is to be received by a Corps with *Drawn Swords* or *Shouldered Arms* as the case may be, the Commanding Officer being at the head of the Column, where he will deliver to the Inspecting Officer the Field Return of the Corps, and other necessary Inspection Papers, according to the Forms established. Form of Parade for Inspection.

12th.—It will afterwards be ordered that the Corps shall *Slope Swords* or *Order Arms* with exception of the front Troop or Company, which must take *Open Order* with it's Officers in front, as prescribed in that formation; and each Troop or Company, will in succession *Carry Swords* or *Shoulder Arms*—and take *Open Order* upon being approached by the Inspecting Officer.

13th.—An Inspection of a Corps will also include Firing Ball at an object, together with the Gun and Pistol, Exercise in Cavalry Regiments. Ball Practice.

REVIEWS.

14.—The Rules and Regulations for Field Exercise and Movements contain ample instructions relative to Reviews: and to them Reviewing Officers are to require in every instance the most minute conformity.—Officers on Reviewing, or Inspecting a Regiment, will be required to render themselves perfectly acquainted with it's interior economy and discipline, to ascertain by personal observation the strict conformity to all Orders and Regulations, and are also fully, and faithfully, to report the result of their investigations on these heads, not failing to bestow on every description of Officers, and particularly on the Field Officers, on whom the discipline must be expected most materially to depend, that due proportion of commendation, or censure, which the conduct of each in their several stations shall appear to deserve. Vide Regulations—Infantry Field Exercise, Page 101; and Cavalry Exercise, Page 306. General objects of Reviewing Officers.

15th.—They will be required generally to rectify every irregularity that comes to their knowledge, and if they perceive, that the Officers, or Men, or both, are careless, inaccurate, or ill instructed, in their Field Exercises, they are not only to state the particulars in their Reports, but are also to order such a Course of Drill, in conformity to the Regulations, as they may judge best calculated to remedy what they have occasion to censure. They will direct that their Orders on this head are inserted in the Orderly Book of the Regiment, and they will transmit a copy of them to the Adjutant General, with the Review Returns and Reports.—The Officer next Reviewing the Regiment will, in his Report, state in what manner, and with what degree of good effect, the Orders issued at the previous Review appear to have been obeyed. General objects of Reviewing Officers.

16th.—Reviewing Generals and other Inspecting Officers, are directed to name at will, on the day of Review, the particular Company that is to perform the duty of the Light Company. Light Infantry.

17th.—The intention of fixing upon some of the most essential Cavalry, and Infantry Movements; and thus ordering them to be executed by each Regiment, or Corps, when seen separately is, that, thereby, the Inspecting Officer may be enabled to report the more minutely, and comparatively, on the performance, by each Regiment, or Corps, of the great leading points of Movements. Object of selecting particular manœuvres.

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL REPORTS.

Particulars of them.

18th.—In the Confidential Reports of the state of Regiments and Battalions, Reviewing Officers will also Report particularly on the different heads specified below, viz.

Commanding Officers.

19th.—What Officer, or Officers, have been in Command of the Corps since the date of the former Confidential Report (not however adverting to every occasional Command of a few days;) what degree of attention each Officer has bestowed on the Regiment; and whether the Regiment has made a due progress in discipline, in it's Field Exercises, and particularly whether it is well versed in the manœuvres which have been prescribed for the practice of the Army.

Field Officers, and the Officers of the Troops or Companies, European and Native.

20th.—Whether any of the Officers appear from age, infirmity, or any other cause, to be unfit for the Service: Whether the Field Officers (the Commanding Officer in particular,) and Captains have paid due attention to the instruction of the Subaltern Officers; are active, intelligent, and have acquired the degree of information, which by the Regulations is declared to be indispensibly necessary: Whether the Captains appear to be well acquainted with the interior economy of their Troops or Companies, and are competent to the Command of them in the various situations of Service: Whether the Officers appear to understand their duty in the Field and in Quarters, and whether they are intelligent and zealous in the performance of it: Whether unanimity and good understanding, which are most essential to the discipline and reputation of every Military Body, prevail in the Corps, and whether the Officers, according to their several situations, afford the Commanding Officer that support, which he is entitled to require from them:—Whether the study of the Native Languages is encouraged, and what Officers are able to converse in Hindoostanee or any other of the Country Languages easily and usefully: In the event of any Officer not being qualified to perform his duty with advantage to the Regiment, a Special Report of his incapacity is to be made, in order that measures may be adopted as the case may appear to require.

European and Native Staff, Effective and Non-Effective.

21st.—Whether they appear competent to the duties of their several situations: Whether the Books consigned to their care are kept with accuracy and regularity. The talents and qualifications of the Adjutant for his duties in the Field will best be ascertained by the general appearance of the Corps.

Pay Havildars and Confidential Serg.

22d.—Whether they are equal to the duties required of them in the Field, and are attentive to, and fully understand, all the interior concerns of their Troops or Companies and (what is equally essential) whether it appears they are honest in their various transactions, and discharge their duty with diligence and fidelity.

Non-Commissioned Officers in general.

23d.—Whether they are properly instructed, active, and intelligent; Whether they are obedient and respectful to their Officers, and, at the same time support their own authority in a becoming manner: Whether they perform their duty in the Field and in Quarters with promptitude and energy, and whether, by their conduct in their respective stations, they promote, to the best of their abilities the discipline of the Regiment.

Trumpeters of Cavalry and Drummers of Infantry.

24th.—Whether perfect in the different soundings of the Trumpet and in the Beats of the Drum: Whether they are active, intelligent, and attentive to their duty in the Field and in Quarters.

Musicians.

25th.—Whether the number is limited according to Regulation: Whether they play in correct time, and whether they are trained to, and fit for the Ranks.

Privates.

26th.—Whether a good body of Men; with a general appearance of health and cleanliness: Whether of proper standard:

Whether

Whether the numbers actually in the Ranks correspond exactly with the Returns; Whether well drilled, attentive, sober, and well behaved; Whether any Man is kept on the strength of the Regiment who is not clothed, and who does not do his duty as a Soldier.

27th.—Whether well regulated;—Whether the interior arrangement of the Troops or Companies, is duly attended to: and whether the conduct of the Men in their Quarters is orderly and soldierlike. Interior economy.

28th.—Whether the Officers Mess together, and whether the Regimental Mess is established upon such a system of economy as enables the Subaltern Officers to belong to it without embarrassment. Mess.

29th.—Whether the different Troop or Company Books, and the Regimental Books, are kept in a proper manner, and according to the established Regulations; and whether the Captains or Officers Commanding, Troops, or Companies, are in the habit of settling *in person* with their Men. Books.

30th.—Whether the Regimental necessaries supplied to Soldiers appear to be charged or provided at a fair and reasonable price, and to be of a proper quality, and in due proportions. Regimental necessaries.

31st.—Whether there are any complaints, and of what nature:—If any, to be particularly reported on. Complaints.

32d.—What number of Recruits have joined since the date of the last Confidential Report: What attention appears to have been paid in perfecting them in their duty: Whether, from their general appearance, they are an acquisition to the Corps. Recruits.

33d.—Whether good or bad, and what number is likely to become fit for the Effective Ranks before next Review. Recruit Boys.

34th.—Whether selected from the most deserving cases, and whether proper attention, be in every respect paid to this branch, so as to meet, with the best effect, the liberal views and charitable objects of the present system. Pension Boys.

35th.—A Return of those proposed to be discharged (if any) must accompany the Report, in which the age, character, services, and description of each Man must be stated, and the cause of his being deemed unfit for service. Men proposed to be discharged.

36th.—The general appearance, whether of sufficient size, strength, and activity; Whether in good condition and well trained:—A general description of the Remount Horses which have joined during the preceding year, which must therefore be inspected separately: A Return of those proposed to be cast (if any) must accompany the Report, in which the causes of their unfitness for further military service are to be particularly stated. Horses of Cavalry Regiment.

37th.—Whether the Saddles, Gun Harness, &c. be in good repair, and of the ordered muster,* and whether the Saddle Contract in general appears well and sufficiently fulfilled. Horse Appointments.

38th.—Whether Line Articles are of proper description and supplied in due quantities, and under proper management. Line Articles.

39th.—Whether of good quality, issued with regularity, under due superintendence of Officers; and whether the system ordered* be strictly observed. Forage.

40th.—Whether the original formation of the Regiment is according to the established Regulations: Whether the Order of Reviews and Field Exercise and Movements are performed with precision:—Whether the various formations are made with correctness, and with a proper degree of celerity:—Whether the several Troops of Cavalry, work well together:—Whether the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and Men of the Cavalry, are graceful Horsemen, understand the Management of their Horses, and are expert in the Field Exercise and Movement.

*Circular Letter to Cavalry Corps, 5th November 1816.

* G. O. 16th March 1810.

use of the Sword, and perform the Exercise well:—Whether the Riding Drill of the Regiment is well attended to, the Stirrups properly fitted and the Seat preserved and Lessons practised as ordered by "*Neville's Drill.*"

Circular to Cavalry, 10th November 1813.

41st.—Whether the Orders and Regulations contained in the Circular Letter from the Adjutant General's Office to Cavalry Corps, be strictly attended to, and whether a light and compact mode of packing in marching order be established, and due care be taken to prevent sore backs and chafing.

Veterinary Department in Regiments of Cavalry.

42d.—Whether the Farrier Major is intelligent and competent to the duties of his situation: Whether the Horses are shod in strict conformity to Regulations:—Whether the Farriers are expert and well instructed in their business: Whether there has been any appearance of glanders or other contagious disease among the Horses since the date of the last Confidential Report, and to what extent; and whether the means adopted for the prevention of the infection have been attended with success.

Clothing, Accoutrements and Appointments.

43d.—Whether those of the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men are strictly conformable to the Regulations:—Whether they are in good condition: What Clothing is in wear and what due:—Whether the Regiment has Cloaks or great Coats, and of what description: Whether the Accoutrements are well preserved, and cleaned with proper applications: and Whether Belts and Pouches are properly fitted, so as to admit of the Pouch being drawn forward and the Cartridges easily taken out; It being the duty of the Commanding Officers of Corps to take care that the Clothing, Arms, Accoutrements, and every article of equipment, are kept complete, and in a constant state of fitness for service:—Officers, on inspecting a Corps, and on perceiving any deficiency in these articles, will require an explanation of the cause of the deficiency from the Commanding Officers, and the measures which have been taken to obtain a supply of the articles deficient.

Circular to Infantry, 30th September 1811, and G. O. 3d April 1815.

44th.—Whether the system for marching order directed for Infantry Corps, be strictly complied with in every point: Whether the Corps is provided with Turband and Pouch Covers (in marching order) of the regular muster.

Standards and Colours.

45th.—Whether or not in conformity to the Regulations and in what condition.

Ammunition and Flints.

* G. O. 3d March 1810.

46th.—What quantity in Store, and whether due attention is paid to it's security, and if the system of Fliating as ordered,* is attended to.

Arms.

47th.—Whether clean and in a perfectly serviceable state, and whether all are regularly marked: Whether by proper inspections both on Parade and in Barracks, the best system is resorted to for their preservation: Whether repairs be properly executed and by Artificers competent to their business, and whether well secured from the weather.

Regimental Hospitals.

48th.—Whether conducted in conformity to Regulations: Whether the Hospital is well situated, the Wards airy and clean: Whether the proportion of sick is great, or the mortality considerable: Whether the Surgeon of the Regiment is capable, and zealous in the discharge of his duty, and whether his Assistants are well instructed and competent to their share of the medical duties of the Regiment: whether the practice of Inoculation is introduced: Whether any Men have been kept long on the sick list for slight and equivocal complaints.

Courts Martial.

49th.—Whether any irregularity has occurred in the Proceedings of Courts Martial, or in the execution of the Sentences awarded by them: Whether the Sentences appear to have been proportionate to the Crimes: Whether the necessity of frequent punishments has been superseded by the adoption of wise measures for the prevention of crimes, and by the zeal and assiduity of

of all the Officers in their different stations to carry them into effect, and to maintain the discipline of the Regiment. The Reviewing Officer will transmit with his Report an Extract from the Regimental Court Martial Book of the Names of the Soldiers who have been tried since the date of the last Inspection of the Regiment, stating the crime for which each Man has been tried; the punishment awarded; and the punishment inflicted.

50th.—The several heads as pointed out in the preceding Regulations are to be separately reported on, and not blended together with one general remark; and as each Inspection Report, in order to be complete, should contain in itself every possible information respecting the Corps reported on, such observations as have been made in former Reports are to be repeated, if necessary, and those reports are not to be, in a general manner, referred to, for the particulars on which the several Remarks are founded. Former Reports not to be referred to.

51st.—The foregoing Regulations embrace all the most essential points to be remarked upon by Reviewing Officers; it may however be necessary for an Inspecting Officer to report on other particulars, arising from a variety of causes which are subject to accidental situation, and circumstance; and the discretion and experience of a Reviewing Officer will be the best guides on such occasions, but it cannot be too strongly impressed upon the minds of Reviewing Officers, the extreme importance, to the welfare, good order and discipline of the Army, of a minute attention to every point connected with the great duty of Review and Inspection. Responsibility of Reviewing Officers.

The Annual Confidential Report is a duty which ought to be felt deeply binding on the honor of all Inspecting Officers, who may be fully assured that their observations will be considered by the Commander in Chief as *strictly confidential* and His Excellency therefore with this promise, expects that due freedom of Report will invariably be observed, in these important communications.

52d.—Inspection Returns, and all accompanying documents, prepared according to the established Forms, are, together with the Confidential Reports, to be made out on paper of the *Demy size*, with a margin, for the purpose of being bound up together in Regimental Order. Inspection Papers how to be made out.

53d.—Printed forms of the Established Returns and Papers required at a Review and Inspection, will be forwarded to Corps from the Adjutant General's Office.—These will be signed by Commanding Officers of Corps, and certified to be correct by the countersignature of the Inspecting Officer. Forms of Returns annexed.

54th.—For the purpose of affording at one view the fullest possible information for the guidance of Reviewing Officers, the General Orders and Circular Letters, referred to in the course of this Regulation are annexed. Circular Letters and G. O. annexed.

55th.—Reviews and Inspections of Horse and Foot Artillery, will be conducted, as much as possible, in the mode prescribed for Cavalry and Infantry, with such alterations as the particular nature of these branches of the Service may require, and with the addition of such Remarks and Observations, as may in consequence become necessary on the part of the Reviewing Officer. Horse & Foot Artillery.

REVIEWS.

56th.—The following is the Order of March to be observed at Reviews performed before His Majesty. Order of Procession.

1. Detachment of Life Guards, or other Cavalry, preceded by an Officer of the Quarter Master General's Department.
2. The King's Led Horses.
3. Aides-de-Camp to the Commander in Chief.
4. Aides-de-Camp to the King.
5. Deputy

5. Deputy Adjutant General—Deputy Quarter Master General—Deputy Barrack Master General, and King's Equerries not in waiting.

6. Adjutant General—Quarter Master General—and Barrack Master General.

7. Commander in Chief.

8. Princes of the Blood.

9. The King.

10. Gold Stick in Waiting, and Master of the Horse.

11. King's Equerry in waiting.

12. General Officers on the Staff in successive Order, according to Rank and Seniority, followed by such other General Officers, not upon the Staff, as may be present.

13. Assistant Adjutant General—Assistant Quarter Master General—and Deputy Assistants.

14. Aides-de-Camp, and Majors of Brigade, to General Officers on the Staff.

15. Led Horses belonging to General Officers on the Staff.

16. The Royal Carriages.

17. Detachment of Cavalry.

To be observed in all Reviews.

57th.—The above Order of March is to be observed, as far as it is applicable, in all Reviews before General Officers, especially with respect to the description of Staff Officers who are to precede the General, which is to be strictly confined to those immediately attached to his Person, preceded by an Officer of the Quarter Master General's Department of the District.

Officer Commanding the Corps.

58th.—The Officer Commanding the Corps to be Reviewed, will always be ready to meet the Reviewing Officer (after the Salute) upon the Flank of the Line, to pass along the Line with him, and will then present a Field Return of the Corps, and a Card of the Movements proposed to be executed, should the Reviewing Officer not consider it necessary to order any particular manœuvres.

CIRCULAR LETTERS AND GENERAL ORDERS REFERRED TO IN THE PRECEDING REGULATION.

HORSE APPOINTMENTS.

Circular to Cavalry, 5th November 1816, from the Military Board.

Bridle with Bit, Bridoon and Nose Band complete, Breast Band, Head Collar and Reins, Saddle, Crupper, Holsters with Straps, Bagage Bag and 3 Straps, Stirrups and leathers, two, Cloak Straps three, Girths, two.

The Military Board having considered it expedient to reform the Muster of the Horse Appointments in use with the Native Cavalry Corps on this Establishment, I am directed to forward to you a Muster of the approved Appointments, consisting of the articles named in the margin, and which have been fixed by the Board as the only Musters to be used in future. The object of the Board is to introduce the new Musters with as little inconvenience and expense to the Officers holding the contract as possible. With this view the Board have resolved that the Musters shall be furnished to Corps to be lodged in Regimental Store, for the purpose of reference when a Reviewing General may require them, and you are accordingly directed from the receipt of these Orders to make up all articles of the exact shape and description of the Musters and not to deviate from them on any occasion without the orders of the Board.

Such parts of the Appointments as differ in description and make from those now in use with the Corps under your Command, you will gradually alter as these in use require to be renewed. The Bits and Stirrup Irons may be altered with the assistance of the Regimental Artificers, and the Board will not object to issue from any convenient store a moderate quantity of old Iron for the purpose, in consideration of the change of Muster.

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The articles now established, but not formerly in use, as per margin, are considered by the Board as essentially necessary, and are therefore added to the Appointments, and are to be introduced as early as circumstances will admit you to furnish them. On comparison of these Appointments with those now in use, it will be found that they are essentially lighter and equally durable, an improvement which the abolition of the use of the Carbine has rendered practicable, and on the whole the general expense will it is expected, be found nearly the same as before.

Collar and Strap, Cloak Straps.

FORAGE.

The Officer Commanding the Army, orders, in the most express terms, that the practice of feeding the Officers Horses from the Grain issued to the Regiment, be discontinued in all Corps, whether of Horse Artillery, Dragoons or Cavalry, and that every part of the allowance of Gram shall be strictly applied to the feed of the Troop Horses and on no account whatever otherwise disposed of.

G. O. Com. in Chief 16th March 1810.

The Extra Gram can never be considered as a perquisite; an Officer can have no claim to apply to his own use that which is actually issued from the public stores for specific purposes; and the very circumstance of the Government having granted a liberal allowance to all Officers of Cavalry for the provision and maintenance of their Regimental Chargers implies, that such allowance is the full charge the Public are liable to, on their account.

In cases of change of food being necessary at any period for a Regimental Horse, the Officer Commanding, or in charge of the Troop, who is entrusted with the contract for Medicines, Massal and petty articles, is to provide such diet free of extra expense, and in such case alone can he be considered warranted in the appropriation of the regular issue of Gram for the feed of the Regimental Horses: and it is obviously here sanctioned, to enable him to meet such a demand free of extra expense.

The foraging of a Regiment of Cavalry is of too serious an importance to be left dependant on casual circumstances, and must on all occasions occupy the anxious attention of the Officer Commanding the Regiment; it is also consistent with the Commanding Officer's situation of general control and responsibility, that the economy of the Regiment in this important (as well as every other) duty should spring from his immediate orders, and that a general arrangement should exist for the regulation of such and every similar branch of internal economy.

It appears a general practice that Officers Commanding, or in charge of Troops, consider themselves vested with an exclusive right to manage the foraging of their respective Troops, on such principles and by such means as appear most advisable to each; but this system being founded in error, the Officer Commanding the Army deems it essential to the good of the Service, to direct, that it, as well as every other arrangement of interior economy, shall be regulated by Commanding Officers respectively; and the following Regulation for providing forage in all Corps of Horse Artillery, Dragoons, and Cavalry, shall be invariably practised.

The number of Grass Cutters being fixed by Government at one for each Horse, it is sanctioned by the same authority, that the amount of Pay and Batta be drawn for this class of Followers according to the actual effective strength in Horses, and not regulated by the numbers actually returned or mustered; this Regulation is obviously directed solely to the efficiency of the Corps, that forage may be supplied by purchase when Grass Cutters are wanting; it will therefore be the duty of Officers Commanding Corps to regulate the disbursements of such sums for the purpose intended, upon the following principle, but subject to such occasional modification as the nature of the country they are employed in may render neccessary.

1st. The Officers Commanding, or in charge of Troops, will pay the full amount of Pay and Batta (when the latter allowance is drawn) to the number of Grass Cutters actually returned and mustered in their respective Troops.

2d. The amount of casuals or sums drawn for Grass Cutters corresponding with the effective strength in Horses of their respective Troops above the number returned and mustered, is to be paid monthly on the issue of Pay to the Quarter Master of the Regiment, who will grant receipts for the same to Officers Commanding or in charge of Troops, and carry such sums to account, in account current with the Regiment.

3d. It will be the duty of the Quarter Master to purchase and furnish to the Regiment

Regiment daily, under the orders of the Officer Commanding the Regiment, a supply of Grass or Forage equal to the proceeds of such sums, which is to be distributed to Troops in such proportions as the Officer Commanding the Regiment may deem it for the good of the Regiment to order.

4th. The Native Officer of the Day, assisted by the Choudries of Troops, will aid the Quarter Master in this duty, as well as the Quarter Master of Troops in Regiments of Horse Artillery and Dragoons.

5th. The supply of forage to detached Troops or Detachments of Troops will be regulated upon the same principles, in such manner as the Officer Commanding the Regiment will direct.

CAVALRY.

Circular, from the Adjutant General, 10th November 1813.

The Commander in Chief having concluded a Review and Inspection of the Cavalry Brigade at Arcot, has deemed it necessary to issue the following Circular Instructions for all Regiments of Dragoons and Light Cavalry serving on this Establishment, relating to points which he considers from his personal observation to require uniformity of system and an undeviating adherence to the Regulations.

Discipline.

Altho' it may be possible that in some minor points of the system, improvements may be made, yet when it is considered that the individual excellence of Regiments is lost in the want of general uniformity, The Commander in Chief feels persuaded he need use no argument to prove, the only means by which the great and ultimate object of all the Dragoons and Light Cavalry of this Establishment being brought together to act in Line, on fixed, defined and well understood principles, can be obtained; that he will find his opinions cheerfully adopted by all General Officers, Brigadiers and Commanding Officers of Regiments, and that they will in future be exclusively guided by the following orders.

1st.—That the Riding School of the Dragoons and Regiments of Light Cavalry be invariably conducted on the principles laid down in the System of Equitation and Light Cavalry Drill published by Captain Neville of His Majesty's 19th Regiment of Light Dragoons, and ordered to be adopted throughout the Cavalry on this Establishment by G. O 31st May 1808.

2d.—That the Sword Exercise in Line and Circle, Attack and defence, Carrying and Sloping Swords, the length of Stirrup, &c. &c. be invariably practiced as directed by His Majesty's Regulations for the Sword Exercise, published by His Majesty's Command from the Adjutant General's Office, 1st December 1796.

3d.—That on all other occasions that when the Men are formed in Squadron of Manœuvre, that His Majesty's Rules and Regulations published for the guidance of the Army by the G. O. of the 1st December 1801, be strictly and undeviatingly adhered to, and that nothing be practised contrary to those Regulations that has not been sanctioned and published by authority.

It is scarcely necessary for The Commander in Chief to add, that neither in Regiment or in Line it is intended by these Orders to preclude Officers, from practising other Movements than those known by the name of the "18 Manœuvres of Dundas" but, on the contrary, the more movements are varied and simplified, the better; but the principles, established by His Majesty's Regulations are never to be departed from.

Precision, correctness and expertness in the personal movements of the Officers, and a strict adherence to the words of command as laid down in the Regulations, and also a simplification of those adopted when necessary, as well as the most minute attention to the tellings off of Squadrons and the example of Officers in maintaining their proper distances and post in Squadron, are objects of the first importance towards that minute correctness

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in the groundwork of discipline, by which alone, the rapidity, weight and compactness which constitute the excellence of this valuable arm can be required.

Horses. The Commander in Chief having thus stated his views and orders respecting the general discipline of the Dragoons and Light Cavalry, has directed me to express his anxiety, that the most minute attention be paid to the care, condition and training of the young Horses in the Ranks. No Horse under 4 years old is ever to be saddled (in time of peace) but for walking exercise, and after that age they must be sparingly rode until the age of five years old. The young Horse should be frequently loose, lounged, and it is desirable that until 3½ years old they should not on any occasion be saddled. Old Men who understand the care of Horses, should be as much as possible attached to young Horses.

Boots in Regiments of Light Cavalry. Some doubt having been expresed relative to the right of property in the Men to their Boots and extent of the Commanding Officer's charge for repairs or alterations, The Commander in Chief has desired me to explain

1st.—That as the Boots are a part of the Horse appointment, the Soldier has never any claim to them; when new are issued, the old are to be returned into Regimental Stores and kept at the Commanding Officer's disposal to replace Casualties and keep up the establishment.

2d.—The Soldier is never to be permitted to alter or mend his Boots, or to be on any account charged with any expense regarding them (but for keeping them clean), or is to be allowed to take them from the Saddle but to wear on duty; and any Soldier having his Boots cut, pieced or mended by any means, but at the Regimental Store, will be punished for disobedience of orders.

The Regimental Artificers being under the Quarter Master of the Regiment, that Officer will be charged with the care of Boots in Store and the alteration and repair of those in use with the Regiment, and all expenses incident thereto will be defrayed by the Officer holding the Saddle Contract.

Small Stores. The Hammer, Worm and Pricker, with spare Flints, are to be carried in the Sabre Pouch.

Pistols. At Inspections, one Pistol is to be carried in the Frog on the Sword Belt on the left side, the other is to be slung on the right side through the fold of the Sword Belt.

The Iron Pistol Ramrods are to be worn on general occasions in the Cartouch Box, with a small cord fixed at an eye at the end of the Ramrod and attached to the Pouch at the other end, but when mounted, or the Dragoon or Trooper is booted on a Foot Parade, it is to be allowed to hang from the Pouch into the Boot on the right side.

Arms, &c. The Pistol Barrels, Sword Scabbards, Pistol Ramrods and Spurs, are always to be kept bright, and such Regiments as have stained any part of them, will immediately order them to be brightened by the Regimental Chickledars, as the staining them has been found on trial to save but little trouble and not to answer.

Note.—If Brown Arms are issued from Stores they are to be used and kept so.

INFANTRY.

Circular from the Adjutant General, 30th September 1811. The Pattern Man sent from the Corps under your Command, in obedience to orders from the Head Quarters of the Army, dated the 16th July 1811, having been furnished with a Pattern Knapsack sealed and approved by order of The Commander in Chief, I am directed to desire, that the size, make and pattern of the Knapsack and Straps may be minutely attended to in all future supplies of that article of the Soldier's equipments.

Note.—It has been found by experience that strong Canvas painted does not last and is liable to crack, it is therefore recommended that in all future supplies of Knapsacks, good Dungary, or Russia Duck, or Vittery be used.

It is not the wish of The Commander in Chief to put the Sepoys to any unnecessary expense in providing their Knapsacks, but

but you will not unnecessarily delay to adopt the new pattern, and it may probably be in your power to do so at a reasonable expense, by applying the old materials to the necessary alteration. The Commander in Chief also trusts, that you will give every aid which the Battalion Stores can provide in making the Buckles and Rings, and sewing the Straps; you will also be pleased to indent on the nearest Stores for unserviceable Buff Belts for the Straps, and forward your Indent to this Office, that measures may be adopted, if practicable, for the supply of them, gratis.

When the Corps have been provided with Knapsacks of the new muster, The Commander in Chief expects, that your particular attention will be given to the important object of establishing uniformity in the mode of wearing them, and habituate the Sepoys to pack them with neatness and in obedience to the instructions hereafter detailed.

As it is not intended, that Rice shall on any future occasion be carried in the Knapsack, but in a Haversack slung across from the right shoulder to the left side, that article must also when necessary, be provided according to the muster furnished with the Knapsack.

The following is the List of Articles to be carried by the Non-Commissioned, Rank and File, exclusive of Rice, &c. in the Haversack.

List of Articles to be Carried.

To be carried in the Knapsack.

- 3 White Jackets
- 3 pairs of Drawers
- 2 pairs Knee Bands
- 2 Handkerchiefs
- 2 Duputtahs
- 2 Lungeys
- 1 Flat Dish } To be made of a small portable size and to fit into each
- 2 Basons } other.
- Brushes, Combs, Emery Whiting, Blacking or Heel Ball, and Pipe Clay } In such quantities as shall be regulated by Commandants of Corps.

To be carried outside the Knapsack.

- 1 Carpet of a small size and neatly folded, to be placed on the top of the Knapsack, over which the Watch Coat is to be placed horizontally; and both attached to the Knapsack by the Straps.—Vide Drawing.
- 1 Jumbo to be slung from the Sepoy's right shoulder.

The Knapsack is to be carried so high, that it's weight may rest high up on the shoulders; and the Watch Coat resting above the shoulders, even with the Man's neck.

MARCHING ORDER.

G. O. By the Commander in Chief, 3d April 1815.

Officers Commanding will give particular attention to the important duty of having frequent Regimental and Brigade Inspections in Marching Order, not only to ensure, a proper attention to the preservation of the Arms, Accoutrements and Ammunition, but to accustom the Men to pack and put on their packs with neatness and ease. Care must be taken to prevent their being overloaded, and to have them well put on, high upon the shoulders, with the Cloaks laying rather above the bend of the neck, all Straps neatly turned in, so that the points may be concealed and the Cloak, &c. neatly rolled and placed on the top of the Knapsack. The attention of Commanding Officers is requested to the Circular Letter from the Adjutant General's Office on this subject, under date 30th September 1811.

Particular attention must also be given to uniformity and correctness in fixing the Flints, as directed in the Memorandum issued in G. O. 3d March 1810.

It is also of importance that the upper Tins in the Men's Pouches should be *frequently* taken out, and that the leather part of the Pouch (except the flap) should be well greased to prevent it's contracting and fixing the upper Tin so tight as to preclude it's being taken out, a consequence which may in time of need deprive the Soldier of the use of the Ammunition in the lower Tin, and is therefore an object for the particular and constant attention of Officers.

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* The upper leather or flaps of the Men's Pouches must, to preserve them, be well cleaned with Heel Ball, and it is recommended to Commanding Officers to have Covers made for the whole, either of the remains of old Clothing or some light Bazar Cloth.

All Buff Belts are to be kept whitened with Pipe Clay, as it appears from the result of experience, that washing destroys them.

FLINTING.

The cause of a Piece missing fire, is generally ascribed to the badness of the Flint, the softness of the hammer, or the weakness of the main spring or feather spring, but the real cause will very generally be found to be a want of correctness in fixing the Flint. Mem.—G. O. By The Commander in Chief.—3d March 1810.

This sometimes proceeds from carelessness, but it is two often owing to ignorance of the true principles which ought to direct the fixing of the Flint.

It is frequently imagined that an uniformity should prevail on this subject, as it does, and ought to do, on many others, respecting the movements and managements of Arms; instances are not unfrequent where directions have been given that Flints should be fixed in exact conformity to some approved pattern.

This practice is founded in error, and is productive of more extensive mischief than can well be imagined.

In fixing Flints no uniform mode must be attempted; the flat side must be placed either upwards or downwards, according to the size and shape of the Flint, and also according to the proportion which the cock bears in height to the hammer, which varies in different Musquets.

This is ascertained by letting the cock gently down and observing whether the Flint strikes the hammer, which ought to be at the distance of about one third from the top of the hammer.

Most diligent observation ought at the same time to be made whether every part of the edge of the Flint comes in contact with the hammer, so as to strike out the fire from the whole surface.

A Flint will often appear to the eye to be carefully and skilfully fixed, and to stand firm and square; yet, on trial being made as now directed, it will prove to have been very ill fixed, in as much the surface of the hammer in some Musquets does not stand square, but stands a little aslant to the cock.

Each particular Flint requires therefore it's own particular mode of being fixed, so as to accommodate itself to the particular proportions and conformation of each particular lock.

It is perhaps unnecessary to mention, that, whatever the position of the Flint should be, it ought to be screwed in firmly; and that the cock should also be let down, in order to observe whether the Flint passes clear of the Barrell.

Whenever a Piece has been fired, the first opportunity should be embraced of examining whether the Flint is uninjured, and remains firm and fixed as it ought to be, and no time should be lost in correcting whatever may be found amiss.

Note.—The Flint should be fixed in a piece of thin sheet or beaten Lead, neatly cut to a size rather larger than the Jaws, and carefully edged.

FORMS

* *Ball prohibited and Blacking ordered to be used, vide G. O. 26th November 1822. Vol. 4, page 148.*

FORMS OF THE INSPECTION RETURNS REQUIRED FROM EACH DESCRIPTION OF TROOPS.

CAVALRY.

FIELD RETURN of Regiment of Light Cavalry, whereof Lieutenant Colonel is Commandant, at present Commanded by , and Stationed at , this day of 18

Detail.	European Commissioned and Staff Officers.										Native Commissioned & Staff Officers.			Non-Commissioned Rank and File.				Horses.							Remarks.
	Lieut. Colonel.	Majors.	Captains.	Capt. Lieutenants.	Lieutenants.	Cornets.	Adjutant.	Qr. Master.	Surgeon.	Asst. Surgeons.	European Serjeants.	Subidars.	Jemidars.	Adjutant.	Havildars.	Trumpeters.	Farriers.	Rank & File.	Total Non-Commissioned Rank and File including European Serjeants, Trumpeters and Farriers.	European Commissioned & Staff Officers.	European Serjeants.	Native Commissioned and Staff Officers.	Non-Commissioned Rank and File.	Trumpeters.	Farriers.	Total Horses of the Non-Commissioned Rank and File, including European Serjeants, Trumpeters & Farriers.	
Present under Arms.....																										
On Duty.....																										
Sick { In Quarters..																										
Sick { In Hospital..																										
Absent { With leave...																										
Absent { Without leave																										
Prisoners.....																										
Total.....																										
Wanting to complete....																										
Establishment.....																										
Supernumeraries.....																										

ABSENT

ABSENT OFFICERS.

EUROPEAN AND NATIVE.

Rank and Names.	By whose leave, or on what account, since what date, and for how long the furlough, &c. is granted.

CASUALTIES since the date of the last Review and Inspection by

	Rank.	Dead.	Invalided.	Pensioned.	Dismissed.	Discharged.	Deserted.	Promoted.	Reduced.	Recruits joined.	Received from Desertion.	Boys transferred.	Killed in action.	Missing.	Cast.	Drafts. Given.	Drafts. To what Corps.	Drafts. Received.	Drafts. From what Corps.	Total. Gained.	Total. Lost.	Remarks.
Europeans.	Lieutenant Colonel																					
	Majors																					
	Captains																					
	Captain Lieutenant																					
	Lieutenants																					
	Cornets																					
	Adjutant																					
	Quarter Master																					
	Surgeon																					
	Assistant Surgeons																					
	Staff Serjeants																					
Natives.	Subadars																					
	Jemadars																					
	Adjutant																					
	Havildars																					
	Trumpeters																					
	Ferriers																					
	Rank and File																					
	Sepoy Recruits																					
	Puckalliers																					
	Horses.																					

GENERAL RETURN of the Names, Country, Cast, Age, and Service of the European and Native Commissioned and Staff Officers, of the Regiment of Light Cavalry, whereof is Colonel, with the dates of the several Commissions each Officer has held to the day of 18

Rank.	Names.	Country.														Cast.			Years of.		Dates of their Commissions in the Army.								
		English.	Scotch.	Irish.	Foreigner.	Bengal.	Decan.	Northern and Guntoor Circars.	Carnatic and Trichinopoly.	Madura and Dindigul.	Tanjore.	Travancore & Tinnevelly.	Malabar and Bombay.	Mysore.	Maratta.	Moor.	Hindoo.	Malabar.	Age.	Service.	Jemadar.	Subadar.	Cornet.	Lieutenant.	Capt. Lieut.	Captain.	Major.	Lieut. Col.
Lieutenant Colonel																												
Major																												
Captn.																												
Captain Lieutenant and Captain.																												
Lieutenants.																												
Cornets.																												
Subadars.																												
Jemadars.																												
Adjutant.																												
Quarter Master.																												
Surgeon.																												
Assistant Surgeon.																												
Native Adjutant.																												

GENERAL ORDERS.

GENERAL

GENERAL RETURN of the Country, Cast, Size, Age, and time of Service, of the Men of Regiment of Light Cavalry, whereof is Colonel, including Havildars, Trumpeters, Farriers and Naigues.

Number of each Country.	Number of Men of each Cast.	Ages of the Men from upwards of 55, to 15 and under.		Size of the Men from upwards of 6 feet to 5 feet 4 inches & under.		Service from upwards of 35 years to 1 year and under.		Horses.	
		Years of Age.	Of each Age.	Size. Ft. In.	Of each size.	Years.	Number of Men.	No. of each Age.	No. of each Size.
Bengal	Moor	Upwards.		Upwards.		Upwards.			
Decan	Hindoo	55		6 ,,		35		15 Yrs.	
Northern and Guntoor Circars	Malabar	50		5 11½		30		14	
Carnatic and Trichinopoly		45		5 11		25			
Madura and Dindigul		40		5 10½		23		13	16hands
Tanjore		37		5 10		21			
Travancore and Tinnevelly		35		5 9½		19		12	
Malabar and Bombay		32		5 9		18		11	15½
Mysore		30		5 8½		16		10	
Maratta		28		5 8		15			
		27		5 7½		14		9	15
		26		5 7		13			
		25		5 6½		12		8	
		24		5 6		11		7	
		23		5 5½		10			
		22		5 5		9		6	14½
		21		5 4½		8			
		20		5 4		7		5	
		19		Under		6		4	14
		18				5		3	
		17				4			
		16				3			
		15				2			
		Under				1			
Total..	Total.		Total.		Total.	Under		Total.	Total.
						Total.			

INSPECTION

INSPECTION RETURN of Arms, and Accoutrements, belonging to the Regiment of Light Cavalry, for 18

Condition.	Belts.					Pouches.		Small Stores.			Swords Cavalry.	Scabbards Iron Sword Cavalry.	Trumpets.	Standards with Cases.	Boots Pairs.	Spurs "	Cloaks.	Cartridges		Pistol.		Remarks.
	Sword Belt Cavalry.	Pouch Shoulder.	" Waist Narrow.	Sabre Pouch Strap.	Sword Knots.	Frogs Buff Pistol.	Horns Bugle.	Pistols with Ramrods, Pairs.	Ramrods Iron Spare.	Cartridge Cavalry.	Sabre. "	Prickers.	Turnscrews.	Worms.						Balls.	Flint.	
Serviceable																						
Bad { Repairable																						
Bad { Unserviceable																						
Wanting Complement																						

INSPECTION RETURN of the Clothing, Half Mounting and Necessaries of the Regiment of Light Cavalry, as taken by on the day of 18

Condition.	Full Dress Jackets.	Half Dress Jackets.	Turbands complete with Case.	White under Jackets.	White Pantaloons Pairs.	White Bands or Barlowbands.	Cloaks.	Spare.		Remarks.
								Turband white Band.	White Cockade.	
Good										
Bad										
Wanting to Complete										

REGIMENTS

REGIMENT OF LIGHT CAVALRY.

REGISTER of Men proposed to be Discharged at the Review and Inspection taken by at on the day of 18

General Number. Letter of, and Number in the Troop.	Rank and Names.	Cast.	Country and Village.	Height.		Age.		Past Service.		Particular description.	Why Recommended.	Remarks.
				Feet.	Inches.	Years.	Months.	Years.	Months.			

REGIMENT OF LIGHT CAVALRY.

REGISTER of Courts Martial held since the date of the last Inspection, as extracted from the Court Martial Book.

Rank and Names of Prisoners.	General Number.	Letter of, and Number in the Troop.	Date of Court Martial.	Crime.	Sentence.	Whether inflicted in full or in part, or whether entirely remitted.	Remarks.

INSPECTION RETURN of the Recruit Boys of the Regiment of Light Cavalry, as taken on the day of 18

General Number. Letter of, & Number in the Troop.	Names.	Age.		Height.		Past Service.		Cast.	When likely for transfer to the Ranks, or if likely ever to be so.
		Years.	Months.	Feet.	Inches.	Years.	Months.		

GENERAL

GENERAL MEMORANDUM of the Stations and Services of the Regiment of Light Cavalry, since the date of the last Inspection.

Station.	When arrived at.	Whenmarched from.	How long at each.	* General Statement of Services.

* This Column to contain in general terms whether the Corps has been employed in Field or Garrison duties, and if it has been on Field Service it is to be mentioned, where, and with what Force, and in what Action if any.

REGIMENT OF LIGHT CAVALRY.

REGISTER of Horses proposed to be Cast at the Review and Inspection taken by at on the day of 18

Letter of and Number in the Troop	General Number.	Colour.	Age.	Date of being received into the Regiment.	Height. Hands.	Height. Inches.	Particular Marks.	Why Recommended to be Cast.	Remarks.

(Signature of Inspecting Officer.) (Signature of Officer Comg. the Corps.)

HORSE ARTILLERY.

The Forms for Horse Artillery correspond with those fixed for the Cavalry, with the exception of the general alterations which will be necessary from the difference between an European and Native Corps; The Return of "Terms of Service unexpired" as in the European Infantry, and the following Return of Arms and Accoutrements.

ARMS AND ACCOUTREMENTS.

	Pouches.	Belts Pouch.	Belts Swords.	Musketry. Pistols Pairs.	Musketry. RamrodsPairs	Musketry. Flints.	Swords. Cavalry.	Swords. Scabbards.	Horse Bugle.	Trumpets.	Turnscrews.	Prickers.	Worms.	Boots.	Spurs.	Helmets.	Cloaks.
Serviceable.....																	
Repairable.....																	
Unserviceable																	
Total.																	

EUROPEAN

EUROPEAN INFANTRY.

FIELD RETURN of the Regiment, whereof

is Colonel, at present Commanded by and Stationed at this day of 18

Detail.	Commissioned Officers.							Staff Officers.				Non-Commissioned Officers and Private Men.				Remarks.
	Colonel.	1st Lieut. Colonel.	2d Lieut. Colonel.	1st Major.	2d Major.	Captains.	Capt. Lieutenant.	Lieutenants.	Ensigns.	Chaplain.	Adjutant.	Qr. Master.	Surgeon.	Asst. Surgeons.	Serjeants.	Drummers.	Corporals.	Privates.	
Present under Arms On Duty																			
Sick { In Quarters																			
Sick { In Hospital																			
Absent { With leave																			
Absent { Without leave																			
Prisoners																			
Total.																			
Wanting to Complete																			
Establishment																			
Supernumeraries																			

ABSENT

ABSENT OFFICERS.

Rank and Names.	By whose leave, or on what account, since what date, and for how long the furlough, &c. is granted.

CASUALTIES since the date of the last Review and Inspection.

	Rank.	Dead.	Invalided.	Pensioned.	Dismissed.	Discharged.	Deserted.	Promoted.	Reduced.	Recruits joined.	Received from Desertion.	Killed in action.	Missing.	Drafts. Given. To what Corps.	Drafts. Received. From what Corps.	Total. Gained.	Total. Lost.	Remarks.
GENERAL	Europeans. Colonel																	
	1st Lieutenant Colonel																	
	2d Lieutenant Colonel																	
	1st Major																	
	2d Major																	
	Captains																	
	Captain Lieutenant																	
	Lieutenants																	
	Ensigns																	
	Chaplain																	
	Adjutant																	
	Quarter Master																	
	Surgeon																	
	Assistant Surgeons																	
	Serjeants																	
	Drummers																	
	Corporals																	
	Privates																	
	Natives—Puckallies																	

GENERAL RETURN of the Names, Country, Age, and Service of the Commissioned and Staff Officers of the Regiment, whereof is Colonel, with the dates of the several Commissions each Officer has held to the day of 18 .

Rank.	Names.	Country.				Years of		Dates of their Commissions in the Army.						
		English.	Scotch.	Irish.	Foreigner.	Age.	Service.	Ensign.	Lieut.	Capt. Lt.	Captain.	Major.	Lt. Col.	Colonel.
Colonel														
1st Lieut. Colonel														
2d Lieut. Colonel														
1st Major														
2d Major														
Captains.	*													
	*													
	*													
	*													
	*													
	*													
Capt. Lieut. and Captain														
Lieutenants.	*													
	*													
	*													
	*													
	*													
	*													

GENERAL RETURN of the Country, Size, Age, and Time of Service of the Serjeants, Corporals, Drummers, and Private Men of the Regiment, whereof is Colonel.

Number of each country.

	Serjeants.	Corporals.	Drummers.	Privates.
English				
Scotch				
Irish				
Foreigners				
Total.				

Number of each Size.

Feet	In.	Serjeants.	Corporals.	Drummers.	Privates.
Of 6	2 and upwards				
6	0				
5	11				
5	10				
5	9				
5	8				
5	7				
5	6				
5	5				
Under					
Boys					
Total.					

Past Services.

	Serjeants.	Corporals.	Drummers.	Privates.
35 Years and upwards.				
30				
25				
21				
18				
14				
12				
10				
8				
7				
6				
5				
4				
3				
2				
1				
Under				
Total.				

Age.

Years.	Serjeants.	Corporals.	Drummers.	Privates.
Of 55 and upwards.				
50				
45				
40				
35				
30				
25				
20				
18				
Under				
Total.				

Terms of Service yet unexpired.

	Serjeants.	Corporals.	Drummers.	Privates.
Unlimited Service.				
12 years.				
11				
10				
9				
8				
7				
6				
5				
4				
3				
2				
1				
Less than 1 year.				
Total.				

INSPECTION

INSPECTION RETURN of Arms, Accoutrements and Ammunition, belonging to the Regiment, for 18

Condition.	Bayonets.		Belts.						Cases.				Drums.		Fifes				Musketry			Pouches.					Scabbards.					Small Stores.						Slings,						Swords										
	Fuzil.	Musket.	Sword Buff Serjeants.	,, ,, Drummers.	Bayonet Buff Infantry.	Pouch ,, ,,	Bayonet ,, Fuzil.	Pouch.	Buff leather old for Recruits.	Fife.	Drum Bass.	,, Common.	Leather for Musket Locks.	Bass with Sticks.	Common.	Europe.	Country.	Halberts.	Horns Bugle.	Carbines old repaired for Recruits.	Muskets.	Fuzils.	Infantry.	Fuzil.	Old for Recruits.	Magazine.	Drum and Bugle Cases with Belts.	Sword Serjeants.	Sabres.	Sword Drummers.	Bayonet Musket.	Fuzil.	Prickers Musket Brass with Chains and Brushes.	,, Fuzil do do.	Turnscrews Musket.	,, Fuzil.	Worms Musket.	,, Fuzil.	Musket Buff.	Fuzil ,,	Drum Bass.	,, Common.	Fife Cases.	Bugle.	Serjeants.	Sabres.	Drummers.	Whistles.	Colours Union and Regimental, with Cases, &c.	Cartridges Ball.	Blunt.	Musket. Balls.	Flint.	Remarks.
Serviceable.																																																							
Bad {Repairable.																																																							
Bad {Unserviceable.																																																							
Wanting.																																																							
Complement.																																																							

INSPECTION RETURN of the Clothing, Half Mounting, and Necessaries of the Regiment, as taken by on the day of 18

Condition.	Shirts.	Trowsers.	Jackets.	Garters.	False Collars.	Belly Band.	Banyan Shirts.	Banyan Trowsers.	Suspenders.	Shoes.	Stocks.	Clasps.	Clamps to keep the False Collar on.	Brushes.	Combs.	Black Garters.	Haversack.	Watch Coat.	do. Slings.	Foraging Cap.	Knapsack.	Slings Knapsack.	Remarks.
Good																							
Bad																							
Wanting to Complete																							

REGISTER.

REGIMENT.

REGISTER of Men proposed to be Discharged at the Review and Inspection taken by at on the day of 18

General Number.	Letter of, and Number in the Company.	Rank and Names.	Country.	Ship arrived on or from whence received.	Year of arrival.	Height. Feet.	Height. Inches.	Age. Years.	Age. Months.	Past Service. Years.	Past Service. Months.	Particular description.	Why Recommended.	Remarks.

REGISTER of Courts Martial held since the date of the last Inspection, as extracted from the Court Martial Book.

Rank and Names of Prisoners.	Number.	Company.	Date of Court Martial.	Crime.	Sentence.	Whether inflicted in full or in part, or whether entirely remitted.	Remarks.

GENERAL MEMORANDUM of the Stations and Services of the Regiment, since the date of the last Inspection.

Stations.	When arrived at.	Whenmarched from.	How long at each.	* General Statement of Services.

* This Column to contain in general terms whether the Corps has been employed in Field or Garrison duties, and if it has been on Field Service it is to be mentioned, where, and with what Force, and in what Actions if any.

ARTILLERY.

The Forms for the Artillery will correspond with those fixed for European Infantry, allowing for the difference in heading the various Columns, and the Return of "Arms, Accoutrements and Ammunition," which is as follows.

RETURN of Arms, and Accoutrements of the Battalion of Artillery.

Condition.	Bayonet Fuzil.	Belts.						Cases.			Drums.		Fifes.		Scabbards.				Small Stores.			Slings.		Swords.				Remarks.
		Sword Buff. Native Officers.	" " Serjeants & Havildars.	" " Drummers.	Bayonet Buff Fuzil.	" " Pouch.	Sword Leather Lascars.	Leather for Fuzil Locks.	Fife.	Drum Bass.	Bass with Sticks.	Common.	Europe.	Country.	Fuzils Artillery.	Pouches "	Fuzil Locks.	Sword Serjeants and Havildars.	" Drummers.	" Lascars.	Bayonet Fuzil.	Prickers Fuzil with Brass Chains and Brushes.	Turnscrews.	Worms.	Drum Bass.	" Common.	Fife Case.	Swords Native Officers.	Serjeants and Havildars.	Drummers.	Lascars.	
Serviceable																															
Repairable																															
Unserviceable																															
Total.																															

NATIVE

NATIVE INFANTRY.

FIELD RETURN of the Battalion Regiment N. I. whereof is Colonel, at present Commanded by
and Stationed at this day of 18 .

Detail.	Commissioned.							Staff.			Native Commissioned.			Non-Commissioned Rank and File.				Total Non-Commissioned, Rank and File, including European Serjeants, Drummers and Fifers.	Remarks.
	Colonel.	Lieutenant Colonels.	Majors.	Captains.	Captain Lieutenant.	Lieutenants.	Ensigns.	Adjutant.	Surgeon.	Assistant Surgeon.	European Serjeants.	Subadars.	Jemadars.	Adjutant.	Havildars.	Drummers and Fifers.	Naigues.	Sepoys.		
Present under Arms. . . .																			
On duty																			
Sick { In Quarters . .																			
Sick { In Hospital . .																			
Absent { With leave . .																			
Absent { Without leave																			
Prisoners																			
Total																			
Wanting to Complete . .																			
Establishment																			
Supernumeraries																			

ABSENT

ABSENT OFFICERS.

European and Native.

Rank and Names.	By whose leave, or on what account, since what date, and for how long the furlough, &c. is granted.

CASUALTIES, since the date of the last Review and Inspection.

Rank.	Dead.	Invalided.	Pensioned.	Dismissed.	Discharged.	Deserted.	Promoted.	Reduced.	Recruits joined.	Received from Desertion.	Boys transferred	Killed in action.	Missing.	Drafts. Given.	Drafts. To what Corps.	Drafts. Received.	Drafts. From what Corps.	Total. Gained.	Total. Lost.	Remarks.
Colonel																				
Lieut. Colonels																				
Majors																				
Captains																				
Captain Lieutenant																				
Lieutenants																				
Ensigns																				
Adjutant																				
Surgeon																				
Assist. Surgeons																				
Staff Serjeants																				
Subadars																				
Jemadars																				
Adjutant																				
Havildars																				
Drummers & Fifers																				
Rank and File																				
Sepoy Recruits																				
Puckallies.																				

GENERAL RETURN of the Names, Country, Cast, Age, and Service of the European and Native Commissioned and Staff Officers of Battalion of Regiment of Native Infantry, whereof is Colonel, with the dates of the several Commissions each Officer has held to the day of 18 .

Rank	Names.	COUNTRY.																CAST.			Years of		Dates of their Commissions in the Army.								
		English.	Scotch.	Irish.	Foreigners.	Bengal.	Deccan.	Northern and Guntoor Circars.	Carnatic and Trichinopoly.	Madura and Dindigul.	Tanjore.	Travancore & Tinnevelly.	Malabar and Bombay.	Mysoor.	Maratta.	Moor.	Hindoo.	Malabar.	Age.	Service.	Jemadar.	Subadar.	Ensign.	Lieutenant.	Captain Lieut.	Captain.	Major.	Lieut. Colonel.
GENERAL	Lieutenant Colonel																													
	Major																													
	Captain																													
	Captain Lieut. and Captain																													
	Lieutenants.																													
	Ensigns.																													
	Subedars.																													
	Jemadars.																													
	Adjutant.																													
	Surgeon.																													
	Assistant Surgeon.																													
	Native Adjutant.																													

GENERAL RETURN of the Country, Cast, Size, Age, and time of Service, of the Men of Battalion Regiment of Native Infantry, whereof is Colonel, including Havildars, Drummers, Fifers and Naigues.

Number of Men of each Country.		Number of Men of each Cast.		Ages of the Men from upwards of 55, to 15 and under.		Size of the Men from upwards of 6 feet to 5 feet 4 inches and under.		Service from upwards of 35 years to 1 year and under.	
				Years of Age.	Of each Age	Size. Ft. Inch.	Of each size.	Years.	No. of Men
Bengal		Moor		Upwards.		Upwards.		Upwards.	
Deccan		Hindoo		55		6 ,,		35	
Northern and Gun-toor Circars		Malabar		50		5 11½		30	
Carnatic and Trichinopoly				45		5 11		25	
Madura and Dindigul				40		5 10½		23	
Tanjore				37		5 10		21	
Travancore and Tinnevelly				35		5 9½		19	
Malabar and Bombay				32		5 9		18	
Mysore				30		5 8½		16	
Mahratta				30		5 8		15	
				28		5 7½		14	
				27		5 7		13	
				26		5 6½		12	
				25		5 6		11	
				24		5 5½		10	
				23		5 5		9	
				22		5 4½		8	
				21		5 4		7	
				20		Under		6	
				19				5	
				18				4	
				17				3	
				16				2	
				15				1	
				Under				Under	
	Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Total.

INSPECTION

INSPECTION RETURN of Arms, Accoutrements, and Ammunition, belonging to the Battalion Regiment Native Infantry, for 18 .

| Condition. | Fuzil. | Bayonets. | Belts. Musket. | Sword Buff Officers. | „ Serjeants, Havildars and Drummers. | Bayonet Buff Infantry. | Pouch „ | Bayonet „ Fuzil. | Pouch „ | Buff leather old for Recruits. | Cases. Fife. | Drum Brass. | „ Common. | Leather for Musket Locks. | Drums. Brass with Sticks. | Common. | Fifes. European. | Country. | Halberts. | Horns Bugle. | Musketry. Carbines old repaired for Recruits. | Muskets. | Fuzils. | Pouches. Infantry. | Fuzil. | Old for Recruits. | Magazine. | Drum and Bugle Cases with Belts. | Scabbards. Sword Officers. | Serjeants & Havildars. | Sabres. | Sword Drummers. | Bayonet Musket. | „ Fuzil. | Small Stores. Prickers Musket Brass with Chains & Brushes. | „ Fuzil do. do. | Turnscrews Musket. | „ Fuzil. | Worms Musket. | „ Fuzil. | Musket Buff. | Slings. Fuzil | „ Drum Brass. | „ Common. | Fife Case. | Bugle. | Swords. Native Officers. | Serjeants & Havildars. | Sabres. | Drummers. | Whistles. Native Officers. | Havildars. | Colours, Union and Regimental, with Cases, &c. | Cartridges. Ball. | Blunt. | Balls. | Musket. | Flint. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---

BATTALION REGIMENT.

REGISTER of Men proposed to be discharged at the Review and Inspection taken by at on the day of 18 .

General Number. Letter of, and Number in the Company.	Rank and Names.	Cast.	Country and Village.	Height		Age.		Past Service.		Particular description.	Why recommended.	Remarks.
				Feet.	Inches.	Years.	Months.	Years.	Months.			

BATTALION REGIMENT.

REGISTER of Courts Martial held since the date of the last Inspection, as extracted from the Court Martial Book.

Rank & Names of Prisoners.	Number.	Company.	Date of Court Martial.	Crime.	Sentence.	Whether inflicted in full or in part or whether entirely remitted.	Remarks.

INSPECTION RETURN of the Recruit Boys of the Battalion Regiment N. I. as taken on the day of 18 .

General Number. Letter of, & number in the Company.	Names.	Age.		Height.		Past Service.		Cast.	When likely for transfer to the Ranks, or if likely ever to be so.
		Years.	Months.	Feet.	Inches.	Years.	Months.		

GENERAL MEMORANDUM of the Stations and Services of the Battalion Regiment N. I. since the date of the last Inspection.

Stations.	When arrived at.	When marched from.	How long at each.	* General Statement of Services.

* This Column to contain in general terms whether the Corps has been employed in Field or Garrison duties, and if it has been on Field Service, it is to be mentioned, where, and with what Force, and in what actions if any.

RIFLE

RIFLE CORPS AND LIGHT INFANTRY.

The Forms for Battalions of Rifle and Light Infantry, correspond exactly with those established for the Regular Infantry, with the exception of the Returns of "Arms, Accoutrements and Ammunition," which are as follows.

RIFLE CORPS.

RETURN of Arms, Accoutrements and Ammunition, belonging to the Rifle Corps, for the Month of 18 .

| | Belts. | | | | | | | | | | | | Cases. | | | | | | | | | | | |

G. O. G. 28th May 1817.

1. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to establish the following Regulations in the Military Pay Department.

Regarding supplies of Cash for the payment of the Army.

2. That letters of credit, in place of Bills on Collectors, Residents, &c. shall in future be transmitted to Paymasters for the supply of money for the payment of the Troops and Establishments within their respective ranges;---but, as it frequently happens that the amount authorized to be issued to Paymasters, exceeds that which is actually required, they are prohibited taking up more than is necessary for their payments, altho' a larger amount should be authorized by their Letters of Credit.

3. The above rule will apply equally to the Additional as to the General Monthly Estimates; and Receipts are to be given by Paymasters in all cases for the sums which they receive, under authority of Letters of Credit.

4. The existing Regulation which authorizes Paymasters to take up money on emergency from Collectors, &c., is not affected by the foregoing provisions.

5. In cases when Paymasters may not draw the whole amount authorized by their Letters of Credit, no part of the undrawn balances shall be issuable in the ensuing, or in any subsequent month; as the Letters of Credit are to apply to those months only for which they are granted.

6. It being the object of the above Regulation to prevent unnecessary issues of money to the Military Department, Paymasters will, at all times, be liable to representations to Government, should their accounts exhibit a larger Cash balance than may be consistent with attention to the orders hereby promulgated;---unless very satisfactory explanations shall accompany their Abstracts of Receipts and Disbursements to the Office of the Military Auditor General.

Regarding the discontinuance of Transfer Bills.

7. The Governor in Council is further pleased to order the total discontinuance of all Transfer Bills, that is to say, of all Bills drawn in the Military Department on the Accountant General, or the Commissary General, which are not intended for payment *in Cash* at the Presidency; in lieu of which Receipts will in future be issued, and considered as equivalent to Transfer Bills, the Parties respectively debiting and crediting themselves in their Accounts Current and Abstracts of Receipts and Disbursements, each under the head of the other, for the amount; and the Receipts being transmitted to the Accountant General as Vouchers of Account, in the same manner precisely as the Transfer Bills have heretofore been.

Trichinopoly, 1st *June* 1817.

Received from Captain G. W. Military Paymaster at Vellore, the sum of Star Pagodas fifty-six, Fanams ten, and Cash forty, (56 10 40) being the amount of a Retrenchment from my accounts of the month of January 1817, admitted on reandit in favour of Major R. W. by whom this Receipt is to be countersigned in testimony of the amount having been repaid to him.

(Signed) G. G. Paymaster at Trichinopoly.

Countersigned,
R. W.
Major, 13th Rt. N. I.

Or as follows:

Trichinopoly, 1st *June* 1817.

Received from Capt. G. W. Military Paymaster at Vellore, the sum of Star Pagodas three hundred and sixty (360) being the amount paid into my hands by Captain W. R. Assistant Commissary General, for the purpose of a corresponding payment being made at Vellore to Lieut. J. L. Assistant Commissary General, by whom this Receipt

8. Under the above Regulation, a Paymaster requiring to remit a sum of money to an Officer in repayment of a retrenchment, or on any other authorized account, provided it is not payable at the Presidency, is to transmit in place of the Bills, directed by the 56th Para. of the Code of Pay Regulations, Page 332, a Receipt in the form laid down in the margin; and Paymasters are authorized and directed to discharge all such Receipts on demand, requiring to each the countersignature of the Officer receiving the amount, in the manner directed by the 20th Paragraph of the G. O. of the 22d July 1814, which is found to answer every public purpose, the occasional small remittances, referred to in the 12th Para. of the G. O. of the 4th October 1814, are to be made by Receipts in the manner above directed.

9. With regard to the Commissariat, the Receipts for sums issued by Paymasters or by Collectors, &c. to Officers of that Department, are to be transmitted in like manner (as Vouchers of Account) to the Accountant General, and such arrangement is to be established between that Officer and the Commissary General, as shall afford the latter the same information, as the Transfer Bills, heretofore drawn on him, were intended to convey.

10. The Accountant General will transmit such subsidiary instructions to the Civil Officers, from whose Treasuries Funds for the payment of the Army are issued, and also to Paymasters, as shall ensure the fullest effect to

the

is to be countersigned in testimony of the amount having been paid to him.
(Signed) G. W. Paymaster at Trichinopoly
Countersigned.
J. L.
Asst. Commissary Genl.

the above orders; and the Commissary General, in communication with the Accountant General, will in like manner make the necessary communications to the subordinate Officers of his Department. Copies of all such subsidiary orders are to be transmitted for the information of the Military Auditor General.

G. O. C. C. 21st June 1817.

Pursuant to the tenor of Instructions which have been received by Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart. from the Most Noble the Governor General in Council, it is hereby notified to the Army, that His Excellency, in communication with the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, has assumed the immediate and personal Command of the whole of His Majesty's and the Honorable Company's Forces serving in the Deccan, including the Division under Colonel Pritzler, now assembling in Advance of Adoni.

G. O. G. 19th June 1817.

1. It being deemed of importance to reduce, as far as may be found practicable, the number of Vouchers which are at present required to accompany the Pay Abstracts of Officers; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council, is pleased to direct the discontinuance in the Military Pay Department, of the undermentioned documents, and that the remarks opposite to each shall be attended to, by the Parties and Authorities concerned.

	REMARKS.
Vouchers to be discontinued in the Military Pay Department.	Superintending Surgeons are directed to notify to the Medical Board, any failure which may occur in the transmission of the prescribed Journals, Registers, Returns, &c. required from Medical Officers, in order that such notice may be taken of the neglect or inattention, on the part of Medical Officers, as the case may require.
Superintending Surgeon's Certificates prescribed by the 54th Para. Page 224 of the Code of Pay Regulations.	
Muster and Inspection Reports of Camp Equipage of all Officers drawing Tent Allowance, and of the Chargers of Cavalry Officers.	The Muster and Inspection Reports of Camp Equipage, and of Regimental Chargers of Officers, both of His Majesty's and the Honorable Company's Service, doing Regimental duty, which are required to be forwarded with the Regimental Pay Abstracts, to the Office of Audit, are in future to be retained at the Head Quarters of Corps; and Officers Commanding are to affix to their Monthly Returns to the Quarter Master General of the Army, a declaration upon honour to the same effect, as that which is at present required to Muster Reports, stating that the whole of the abovementioned Equipments were in a serviceable condition, and in complete readiness for Field Service, or otherwise, stating the exceptions which may occur, in order, that such notice may be taken thereof, as His Excellency the Commander in Chief may deem expedient, according to the circumstances of each case.

The Muster Reports of Camp Equipage and Regimental Chargers of Division, District, Garrison, Cantonment, and Personal Staff Officers, in place of accompanying the Pay Abstracts of such Officers, are in future to be transmitted to the Head Quarters of the Division, District, Garrison or Cantonment respectively of such Officers, the Commanding Officer of each District or Station, reporting the state of the Camp Equipage, &c. to his Division Head Quarters, from which specific notifications of any neglect which may occur in the state of those Equipments, are to be made to Head Quarters, by Officers Commanding Divisions.

As the Musters of Camp Equipage and Regimental Chargers of Officers on the General Staff will continue to be taken by the Quarter Master General, it will be the duty of that Officer to notify for the information of His Excellency the Commander in

in Chief, any inattention on the part of the Officers concerned, to the Regulations under which those Equipments are required to be mustered.

The first charges of Horse Allowance of Cavalry Officers, and Cadets, equally after the return of the former from absence in Europe, as on their first arrival in India, to commence from the date of their being actually in possession of the prescribed number of Chargers, of which their own written declarations upon honor are to accompany the Abstracts in which the charges appear.

Lists of Public Letters required by G. O. of Government, 9th Sept. 1809.

Lists of Public Letters which the Heads of Departments, Corps, &c. are required to transmit with their Monthly Abstracts, are in future to be sent by those Officers to the Post Master General direct, who will be instructed to report for the information of Government, any neglect or inattention in the regular transmission of those documents.

Separate receipts required from each Individual of Office establishments prescribed by Para. 48, Page 309 of the Code of Pay Regulations.

An acquittance Roll with the signature of each Individual to be in future forwarded, in lieu of separate receipts.

Separate Rolls of Men entitled to a gratuity on account of having served in repelling the Vellore Mutiny, as authorized by the 81st Para. Page 280 of the Code of Pay Regulations.

The Men entitled to this allowance are in future to be noted in the Muster Rolls, and to be exhibited separately in the Abstract, at the foot of each Muster Roll.

Separate bills required for Batta drawn on account of Escorts and small Detachments.

Separate bills are in future to be forwarded in those cases only, where the Parties have been employed on duties connected with the Political, Revenue, Judicial or Commercial Departments, which require that the Batta shall be entered in the Paymasters Disbursements, under those heads—on all other occasions the Batta is to be included in the Pay Abstracts under the head of Extra Charges, in the following manner:

			F.
1	Jemadar	25 days batta	75
2	Havildars		50
2	Naigues		50
25	Sepoys		625

The Muster Rolls are to specify the dates the Parties are detached and rejoined, the Stations to which they were detached, and the nature of the service on which they were employed.

G. O. G. 24th June 1817.

Ordered that the following Extracts of Letters from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, under dates the 20th and 27th November, and 4th and 11th of December 1816, be published in General Orders.

Letter dated 20th November 1816.

Para. 6th—We have lately received a Communication from the War Office, respecting the issue of an allowance for Hautbois to the Colonels of His Majesty's Dragoon Regiments serving in India, by which it appears that, this allowance, as forming a part of the Colonel's Pay, is drawn for here by the Agents of the respective Regiments on account of the Colonels, while we perceive that the same allowance is included in your Disbursements for the same Regiments in India; hence it should seem that a double issue has been made on this account for several years past.

7th—We therefore direct that immediately upon the receipt of this despatch, you will give instructions for this allowance being discontinued, and since the drawing it in India is wholly unauthorized, we further direct that you will call upon the Commanding Officers of His Majesty's Dragoon Regiments now serving at your Presidency, to refund the sum they may have each respectively drawn upon this account, and that you will by the earliest possible opportunity, convey to us such information upon the subject as may enable us to take the necessary steps for the recovery of the balance unaccounted for in India.

Letter

Letter dated 27th November 1816.

Para. 2d—The arrangements which we have lately entered into with his Majesty's Government, respecting the Island of St. Helena, have led to the recall of Brevet Colonel Mark Wilks of your Establishment, who held the Office of Governor of that Island.

3d—That Officer having, since his arrival in England, addressed a Letter to us, calling our attention to the novel and peculiar situation in which he is placed, in relation to the Company's Service, we deem it necessary to convey to you, for your information and guidance, the Resolutions we have come to, regarding his continuance upon the strength of the Army at your Presidency.

4th—In the arrangements which we made for the Island of St. Helena, in the year 1808, it was directed that, the Governor and Lieutenant Governor should be Effective Officers of our Army in India, and remain in those Stations three years, after which, they were to have the option of either returning to their duty in India, or coming Home, as Officers on furlough from the Military Establishment, from which they had been selected for those Offices.

5th—Major General Beatson, the immediate Predecessor of Colonel Wilks, held the Office for five years, and we have every reason to believe, that, it was the wish of the latter to have continued in Office for the same time, had it been left to his own choice; but the late arrangements with His Majesty's Government, relative to the Island, have caused his removal from his Station, two years and four months prior to that period.

6th—His Majesty's Government having been pleased to signify in a Communication made to us, under date the 17th July last, their intention of making a compensation to Colonel Wilks for the loss and disappointment he has suffered by his removal from the Government of St. Helena, before the time when he would have voluntarily relinquished it, by either restoring him to the Government, or by otherwise providing for him; and as we conceive that a reasonable time should be allowed for both purposes, until the expiration of which, he may remain exempted from the ordinary rules of the Service, we have resolved:

1st. That Colonel Wilks be permitted to remain in Europe for the period of two years and four months from the time of his arrival in England, the 15th June 1816.

2d. That, at the expiration of two years and four months, provided he be not in the mean time re-appointed to St. Helena, or have some other office conferred upon him by His Majesty's Government, he be considered as falling under the established Regulations for the Military Service of the Company, and at the expiration of a year thereafter, be required to signify his intention of returning to, or retiring from, the Service, unless he shall have been previously promoted to the Rank of a Major General, to the Command of a Regiment, or have been called to resume the Government of St. Helena, or have received some other Appointment under the Crown.

7th.—This however, is distinctly to be understood as not permitting Colonel Wilks, in the event of his procuring any employment from His Majesty's Government, to retain that employment beyond the three years and four months, and afterwards to resume his Rank in the Company's Army, his Rank therein must, in that case, be relinquished.

8th.—We therefore direct that, in conformity to these Resolutions, you will continue Brevet Colonel Wilks upon the List of the Army on your Establishment, until you receive further communication from us upon the subject."

Letter dated 4th December 1816.

Para. 3d.—"You have already been informed of our having permitted Brevet Colonel Sir John Malcolm to return to his duty upon your Establishment.

4th.—It appears that in consequence of this permission, Sir John Malcolm intended to have availed himself of an offer he had received of a Passage on board His Majesty's Ship Minden, which had been appointed to carry the flag of the Commander in Chief of the Indian Station; and a large proportion of his Baggage had been conveyed to Portsmouth, if not actually embarked on that Ship when the destination of the Minden was changed, by her being ordered on the Expedition against Algiers.

5th.—This disappointment induced Sir John Malcolm to engage a Passage on the licensed Ship Charles Mills, which on the faith of an assurance he had received from the House to which she belongs, he had reason to believe would sail about the middle

of

of September. But owing to various circumstances this Ship did not leave the Downs, till the 12th October, and contrary winds afterwards compelled her to put into Portsmouth, from whence she did not finally sail till the 27th of that month.

6th.—Adverting to the uncertainty of the arrival of the Charles Mills at Madras before the period (viz. the 1st March next) when Sir John Malcolm will have completed his five years absence from India, we have taken the circumstances of his case into consideration, and it is proved to our satisfaction that if Sir John shall not arrive at Madras before the expiration of the fifth year from his departure from India, unless delay which he may have been able to avoid shall have arisen in the course of his voyage, that his absence will have been occasioned by an inevitable accident within the meaning of the 70th Section of the Act of the 33d of His present Majesty, Cap. 52, and under these circumstances and with the proviso abovementioned, we direct that he be considered upon his arrival in India as still in the Company's Service, so that we may not in consequence of a reference to us upon the subject be deprived of the immediate services of this experienced and distinguished Officer.

Letter dated 11th December 1816.

Para. 5th—We have already apprized you of the permission which has been granted to Brevet Major and Captain George Lambert to return to his duty on your Establishment.

6th—It appears that immediately upon obtaining that permission, Major Lambert used his utmost exertions to procure a Passage, which he was not able to accomplish until the 6th Ultimo, and then on a vessel (the Sir Stephen Lushington) which has not yet sailed.

7th—Anticipating the probability of Major Lambert's failing to arrive at Madras within the prescribed period of five years, we have taken into our consideration the circumstances which have prevented his return to India at an earlier period.

8th—From a perusal of the applications which this Officer has, from time to time made to us for an extension of his furlough, we have reason to believe that he was unavoidably prevented by a law process from preparing to return to his duty till the 29th September last, and we are satisfied that if he shall not arrive at Madras before the expiration of the fifth year from his departure from India (unless delay, which he may have been able to avoid shall have arisen in the course of his voyage), his absence will have been occasioned by an inevitable accident within the meaning of the 70th Section of the Act of the 33d, George 3d, Cap. 52.

9th—Under these circumstances and with the proviso abovementioned, we direct you to consider Major Lambert, who upon his return to this Country in 1812 was strongly recommended to us by Governor Farquhar, as still in the Company's Service upon his arrival in India.

G. O. G. 8th July 1817.

Ordered that the following Extract from the Honorable Company's General Letter in the Military Department, be published in General Orders.

Letter dated 3d January 1817.

Para. 9. "In His Majesty's Service two Fifes are only now made use of Bs. and Cs. the former (B.) having a Key, but this can be made to answer perfectly well without the Key, should the Fifers of our Army not practice with it.—These two Fifes are contained in a Case of corresponding size, which with the reduction in weight of one Fife appears to us of great consequence, particularly upon a long march; therefore we have resolved in future to adopt the same in our Army, and have ordered a Case and Fifes of this description to be sent to your Presidency."

† 10. Adverting to the frequent applications made to us by Military Officers for an extension of furlough, and being of opinion that all such applications preferred on the ground of sickness should be accompanied by the most satisfactory testimonials, to

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† *Further Orders on this subject, vide G. O. 10th April* 1821, *Vol.* 4, *page* 111.

to prove that the Parties are unavoidably compelled to make the same, we have resolved that it would be required of all officers whenever they shall find it necessary on account of sickness to solicit a further leave of absence, to transmit with their letter of application, a Certificate signed by at least two Gentlemen, eminent in the medical profession, describing the nature of the Applicant's complaint, and stating it to be their opinion that the circumstances of the case render a compliance with his request absolutely necessary; also, that previously to an extension of furlough being granted, such further proof of the statement made by the Party in support of his application, shall be adduced by personal examination, or by such other evidence as we may deem satisfactory.

11. We have further resolved that all Officers abroad in any part of Europe applying for permission to remain a further time absent from their duty, on account of sickness, be required to furnish a Certificate signed by at least two eminent Physicians, also the attestation of a Magistrate in support of the fact, that the Persons who have signed the Certificate are Physicians.

12.—Whenever any Officer on your Establishment shall receive permission to come to Europe, whether it be on account of ill health, or of private affairs, we desire you to furnish him with a copy of these orders.

G. O. C. C. 7th July 1817.

With reference to the G. O. of the 3d September 1816, the Commander in Chief permits the Officers of Engineers, Artillery and Rifle Corps, to wear the new Regulation Cap.

G. O. G. 19th June 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following List of Prices of Stationary, for the information of those who are entitled to indent on the Honorable Company's Stores for supplies of that description, on payment.

Description of the Articles.	*Average Rates.*
	P. P. C.
Royal Paper,	,, 26 18 per Quire.
Medium,	,, 19 51 do.
Demy,	,, 14 51 do.
Foolscap,	,, 9 12 do.
King's Arms,	,, 6 17 do.
Letter,	,, 4 55 do.
Quills,	,, 18 60½ per 100.
Ink-Powder Black,	,, 1 29 per Paper.
Penknives Ivory handled,	,, 5 13 per each.
Wafers,	,, 3 78 per Box.
Pencils Black-lead,	,, 1 60 per each.
Indian Rubbers,	,, 2 77 per each.
Ivory Folder,	,, 3 30 do.

It is to be understood that Persons are to be deputed to receive the Stationary and to pay for it, on delivery at the Company's Stores.

G. O. G. 8th July 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to establish the Office of Depot Paymaster at Poonamallee, as a separate and distinct Paymastership from that of the Presidency, the future designation of the Office to be "Paymaster at Poonamallee."

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 8TH JULY 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council, adverting to the reduced scale of Pay, on which the Non-Commissioned Rank and File of the Carnatic European Veteran Battalion have been heretofore placed, considers it but justice to that meritorious body of Men to extend to them, according to the different branches of the Army to which they may have previously belonged, the same rates of subsistence, as they were in receipt of, at the time of their transfer to the Veteran Establishment.

2. The increased rates of Pay hereby established, are to have effect from the 1st of the ensuing month, and the Regulations regarding victualling, stoppages, and dry batta, which apply to European Effective Troops, are in future to be considered applicable to the Carnatic European Veteran Battalion.

G. O. G. 12TH JULY 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having appointed Colonel Thomas Munro to be the Commissioner for receiving Charge in the name of this Government, of certain Countries to be ceded to the Honorable Company by His Highness the Peshwa, has been further pleased to nominate that Officer to the General Command of the Troops employed in the occupation of those Districts.

Colonel Pritzler with the Field Force which he Commands, is placed under the orders of Colonel Munro, and will continue for the present to Command that Force, subject to the orders of that Officer.

G. O. C. C. 15TH JULY 1817.

The Commander in Chief having reviewed the Rocket Troop, His Excellency feels gratified in offering to Captain Rudyerd and the Officers and Men of that Corps, his acknowledgments for the zealous exertions they have given to prepare it at so early a period for Field Service.

The correct and complete state of all the Appointments, the expertness of the Men and the steadiness of the Horses, (so recently received from the Remount), could only have been acquired by the most unremitted attention and zealous application of that ability Captain Rudyerd so eminently possesses; and Sir Thomas Hislop feels a particular pleasure in thus declaring to the Army his opinion of that Officer's merits.

G. O. C. C. 15TH JULY 1817.

Inconvenience having been felt from the insertion in the same Passport of the Names of several Individuals, who may be necessitated from sickness or other cause, to separate on the march, The Commander in Chief directs, that in future separate Passports be given to each Individual proceeding on Passport from one Station to another.

G. O. G. 14TH JULY 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to appoint Major General Dyce to conduct the Details of the Army; under the orders of the Commander in Chief, during His Excellency's absence in the Field. G. O. G.

G. O. G. 26th July 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to declare, that during the employment of His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart. in the Deccan, under the immediate orders of the Supreme Government, His Excellency shall continue to exercise, as far as he may deem proper, all the powers vested in him by his Commission as Commander in Chief of the Army of this Presidency.

G. O. C. C. 24th July 1817.

It is to be considered a Regulation of the Service, that all Letters on public business are to be written on Foolscap paper.

Where more than one side of the Sheet of Paper is written on, the full Sheet is to be sent.

The practice of putting Letters in Envelopes *of Glazed* Country paper, and using Paste instead of Wax or Wafers, is forbidden.

With reference to the General Orders of the 17th December 1814, Monthly Returns of Detachments of Regiments, and Battalions *under European Officers*, when likely to be absent beyond a period of three months, from their Corps; are to be forwarded to the Head Quarters of the Army.*

G. O. C. C. 26th July 1817.

† The Commander in Chief directs, that on all occasions of Detachments, from European and Native Regiments, an adequate proportion of the inferior Hospital establishment of Dressers and Toties allowed for Native Corps, or of the prescribed establishment of Hospital Servants, furnished by the Surgeon of European Regiments, with its due proportion of European medicines and medical stores, shall be sent with every Detachment, according to the nature of the service.

The 1st Dresser and one Toty are considered fully sufficient to afford due assistance to the Medical Officer at the Head Quarters of a Native Corps, when in a divided state.

G. O. C. C. 27th July 1817.

The Commander in Chief regrets the occasion which requires Major Munro, Commanding the Rifle Corps, to return to Europe; but His Excellency hopes, that the loss of that Officer's services will be compensated by the early re-establishment of his health.

The necessity of leaving the Command at the present moment of a Corps which he has raised and organized with so much credit to himself, and advantage to the Service, must be painful to Major Munro; but the Commander in Chief feels convinced, that he will long enjoy the satisfaction of knowing, that in all situations, the Rifle Corps has preserved the high character it established under his command.

G. O. G.

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* *Vide page* 123.

† *Particular attention called to this order, vide G. O. 30th Nov. 1822, Vol. 4, page* 179.

G. O. G. 8th July 1817.

* The 2d Paragraph of the General Order dated 8th November 1814, which permits payments on account of Cloth, obtained by Officers from the Agent of Army Clothing, to be regulated at the rate of six equal monthly instalments, having been productive of inconvenience; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to rescind that Regulation, and to direct that the following Scale of monthly stoppages shall be substituted in lieu thereof.

Regimental	Lieutenant Colonels, and all Officers above that Rank	10	0	0
	Majors	7	0	0
	Captains	5	0	0
	Captain Lieutenants	4	0	0
	Subalterns	3	0	0

but if the amount of the supplies should exceed that, which at the above rates, would be paid in six months, the instalments are to be increased to the sixth part of the aggregate amount, if an even sum of Pagodas; otherwise, the nearest sum, in even Pagodas, *above* a sixth part, is to form the stoppage, leaving the broken sum to form the last month's payment—should the supplies not amount to two instalments, they are to be paid for on delivery, or by one stoppage from the first Abstract of Pay and Allowances drawn by the Party, subsequent to his information of the issue of the articles.

In order to afford Officers the earliest information of the result of their applications for supplies, and to ensure regularity in the payments, the Agent is directed, when he has issued supplies, to transmit a copy of the Indent, (with the amount of the charges specified in it) to the Party indenting, and it will be the duty of the latter to pay the prescribed instalments to Paymasters, altho' the original Indents should not have reached them from the Accountant General.

As the original Indents, to be transmitted by the Accountant General to Paymasters, are always to specify (in a note, at foot, by the Agent) the date on which the copy was transmitted to the Party indenting, if Paymasters find, on receipt of the Indents, that the regulated payments were not made at the prescribed periods, it will be their duty to make a double, or treble stoppage, as the case may require, so as to bring the instalments within the provisions of the preceding Paragraphs.

G. O. G. 14th July 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to resolve, that in future all Bills for the hire of Boats employed in the embarkation or landing of Troops, Ordnance and Equipments attached to them, at the Presidency and at other Stations on the Coast, shall be checked and passed, by the Quarter Master General of the Army, and by the Officers of his Department, under his authority, whose countersignature to the Bills is to be considered by Paymasters as sufficient to authorize their being discharged.

As the number of Men to be conveyed in each Boat, will depend on circumstances of a variable nature, no Regulation will be established with reference to that point. It will, however, be the duty of the Officers of the Quarter Master General's Department to satisfy themselves, by means of Correspondence, or actual superintendence, that the numbers embarked are correct. Or should they see reason in any case to question the propriety or accuracy of the charge, they will withhold their countersignature to the Bills, and make a Special Report of the same to the Head of the Department, who will forward it to Superior Authority.

G. O. G.

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* *Description of Articles available at the Store Rooms, and prices vide G. O. 21st February 1822, Vol. 4, page 143.*

G. O. C. 14th July 1817.

1. The Property captured at Amulnair on the 28th December 1808, having been realized, to as great an extent as may be considered practicable, at present, and the Scale of Distribution having been determined; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that a Division of the Prize shall be made to the Troops who were under the Command of Colonels Wallace and Doveton, on the day abovementioned (with the exception of those who have since deserted), according to the following rates:

Amount collected, Rupees	34,290	1	75
Deduct 1/9th for Colonels Wallace and Doveton	4,286	3	34
To be shared as under	30,003	11	21

Abstract of the Number of Troops, taken from the Prize Rolls.

	Number of each Rank.	Number of Shares to each Rank.	Amount of Shares to each Rank.	Total number of Shares.	Total Amount of Distribution.
Nuiques	307				
2d Tindals	7				
Drummers and Fifers	104				
Trumpeters	16				
Farriers	16				
Beasties	15				
Puckallies	71				
Sepoys, Lascars and Troopers	5330				
	5866	2/3 of a share.	1 2 46	3910 2/3	7,050 8 76
Corporals	10				
Gunners	16				
Matrosses and Drummers	128				
	154	1 do.	1 10 15	154	277 2 44
Havildars	308				
1st Tindals	6				
Native Dressers	5				
	319	1 1/2 do.	2 5 10	425 1/3	766 2 70
Serjeants	6	2 do.	3 7 52	12	21 7 32
Jemadars	83				
Syrangs	3				
	86	3 do.	5 5 8	258	464 5 8
Serjeant Majors	8				
Quarter Master Serjeants	5				
	13	4 do.	7 2 44	52	93 7 52
Subadars	62	5 do.	9 0 0	310	558 0 0
Conductors	4	12 do.	21 7 52	48	86 5 8

Cornets

	Number of each Rank	Number of Shares to each Rank.	Amount of Shares to each Rank.	Total number of Shares.	Total Amount of Distribution.
Cornets	16				
Ensigns	19				
	35	50 do.	90 0 0	1750	3150 0 0
Lieutenants	55				
Assistant Surgeons	7				
	62	70 do.	126 0 0	4340	7,812 0 0
Captains	*23				
Captain Lieutenants	6				
Surgeons	2				
	31	120 do.	216 0 0	3720	6,696 0 0
Majors	†4	240 do.	432 0 0	960	1,728 0 0
Lieutenant Colonels	‡2	360 do	648 0 0	720	1,296 0 0
				16,660	30,000 1 50
				Difference	3 0 0
				Total, Arcot Rupees	30,003 11 21

* The Paymaster of the Poonah Force included as a Captain.

† The Deputy Adjutant General and Deputy Quarter Master General of the Poonah Subsidiary Force included here as Major.

‡ Colonel Wallace and Lieut. Colonel Doveton not included.

2d. Officers in Command of the Corps of this Establishment, entitled to share, are directed to forward to the Secretary to the Prize Committee at Fort St. George, Abstracts made out agreeably to the foregoing rates, for the shares of the Native Commissioned, European, and Native Non-commissioned Officers, Soldiers, Sepoys, &c. now on the strength of the Corps, and they will transmit at the same time, Rolls of the Men who have been removed or have become Casualties, since the period of the Capture.—These Rolls are required to shew the nature of the casualty, and to mention, as far as may be possible, the places of residence of those who have been invalided, pensioned, and discharged; also the names and places of residence, of the heirs of such as are deceased.

3d. European Officers will forward Abstracts in duplicate, for the amount of their respective shares.

4th. The Abstracts having been examined, will be passed under the orders of the Prize Committee, by their Secretary; and Military Paymasters are directed to discharge the amount thereof, carrying the disbursement to a separate account in their books, under the head "Amulnair Prize."

5th. The Prize Committee are, however, authorized to order deductions to be made from the shares of Individuals indebted to the Fund, in proportion to the amount due. The sums thus recovered will be carried to the credit of the Fund, and will form part of a future dividend.

6th. The Prize Committee will prepare and pass Abstracts, from the Rolls in their possession, for the shares of the Troops of the Bombay Establishment, and transmit the same to Government, in order that the amount may be adjusted with the Government of that Presidency.

7th. A second division will hereafter be made, of such further Property as may be realized.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 26th July 1817.

Ordered that the following Extract from a Report dated the 24 Instant, on the examination of Lieutenant Henry Serjeant of the 21st Native Regiment, in the Hindoostanee Language, be published in General Orders.

"Lieutenant Serjeant went through the usual exercises, with perfect correctness, "and in his translation into Hindoostanee, in particular, he displayed a very com- "prehensive knowledge of that Language. A simple fable from Pilpay was render- "ed by him into Hindoostanee, in a very copious paraphrase, wherein without sacri- "ficing the sense of the original, he exhibited a great variety of diction and an in- "timate knowledge of the idiom. We consider that these attainments entitle Lieu- "tenant Serjeant to a distinguished rank amongst the several Candidates for the "honorary reward, who have come before us."

"The colloquial part of Lieutenant Serjeant's examination was not so entirely "free from exception, as his written exercises. His pronunciation, however, was "distinct, and he conversed with tolerable fluency."

"The result of our examination is, that we conceive Lieutenant Serjeant to have "fully established his claim to the usual honorary reward, which we beg leave to "recommend that he may receive accordingly."

The Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the honorary reward for distinguished proficiency in the Hindoostanee Language, be presented to Lieutenant Henry Serjeant.

G. O. G. 5th August 1817.

* The General Order by Government bearing date the 7th May last, for Recruiting the Army of this Presidency, will immediately cease to have effect, and the Strength of each Battalion of Native Infantry, which under that order was to have been augmented to nine hundred Privates, is again fixed at the ordinary Peace Establishment.

Effective Supernumeraries already enlisted under the General Orders of the 7th of May, will be kept on the Returns until further orders.

G. O. G. 11th August 1817.

† The Right Honorable the Governor in Council considers it necessary, for the perfect discipline and efficiency of the Madras European Regiment, to authorise an addition to it's present establishment of one Serjeant to each Company, and with the view of affording every proper reward and encouragement to merit, among the Non-Commissioned Officers, is pleased further, to extend the Regulation regarding Colour Serjeants, which prevails in His Majesty's Army, to this Corps. The appointment of one Serjeant, in each Company of the Madras European Regiment, as Colour Serjeant, is accordingly authorised for the purpose of being attached to the Colours when the Regiment is in the Field.—These Serjeants, who are to be selected by the Officer Commanding the Regiment with the strictest regard to merit, and undoubted qualifications, are to be distinguished by the same badge as has been prescribed for the Colour Serjeants in the Royal Army, and are to receive the same rate of pay, viz. two shillings and four pence (2s. 4d.) each per day.

G. O. G.

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* *Again fixed at* 900 *Privates, vide G. O. 6th July* 1818; *page* 382; *and at* 750 *Privates, vide G. O.* 17*th April* 1821, *Vol.* 4, *page* 109.

† *Extended also to Native Corps, vide G. O.* 2*d February* 1819, *Vol.* 4, *page* [illegible]

G. O. G. 19th August 1817.

The Governor in Council is pleased to publish to the Army the following Copy of a Report of the Committee for the examination of Military Students; and to direct that the honorary reward for distinguished proficiency in the Persian Language, be presented to Lieutenant Henry Serjeant of the 21st Native Regiment.

To the Right Honourable HUGH ELLIOT,
Governor in Council.
&c. &c. &c.

HONORABLE SIR,

We have the honor to report that Lieutenant Serjeant of the 2d Battalion 21st Regiment N. I. has been examined by us in compliance with the instructions conveyed in Mr. Secretary Wood's Letter of the 26th Ultimo, with regard to his proficiency in the Persian Language, and that he has acquitted himself to our entire satisfaction.

We have great pleasure in stating that both his exercises were entirely free from error, and that his Persian version was further distinguished, by a great command of language, a judicious use of ornament and much facility. In the colloquial part of his examination, Lieutenant Serjeant expressed himself with great fluency; and his pronunciation was both distinct and accurate.

The above acquirements place Lieutenant Serjeant, in our opinion, in the first class of the Candidates who have appeared for examination, and we have therefore no hesitation in recommending that he may be permitted to receive the usual honorary reward to which his proficiency has so well entitled him.

We have, &c. &c.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
6th August 1817.

(Signed) J. LEITH,
" R. B. OTTO,
" ROBERT ANDERSON.

G. O. G. 5th August 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, when General Officers on the Staff or other Officers, may be appointed to Commands or Staff situations with Troops assembling for Field or Foreign Service, their extra allowances shall be considered to commence from the date on which they may vacate or make over their former commands, Staff Appointments, or Regimental duty.—Official Field Establishments, if subject to muster, to be drawn for from the date on which the Servants, Followers, &c. may be entertained or hired; and if not subject to muster, the first charges to be supported by declarations upon honor, that the Servants, Followers, &c. were actually and bona fide employed from the dates from which the allowances may be drawn.

As it sometimes occurs that General and other Officers assume the Command of Field Detachments, without relinquishing their fixed Commands, the extra allowances in such cases are authorized to commence from the date of receipt of the Orders of Government notifying their Appointments, to be certified by the public Staff Officer of the Division.

G. O. G. 11th August 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having been pleased to direct that the Carnatic European Veteran Battalion shall be formed into two Wings, the Right being denominated, the Artillery Wing, and the Left the Infantry Wing, all Invalid European Soldiers will be posted to the Right or Left Wing, according as the Corps from which they are invalided, were of Artillery or Infantry.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 11th August 1817.

It having been brought to the notice of Government that there are several sums on account of the Profits arising from the sale of Arrack under the Agency of the Honorable Basil Cochrane still unpaid to the Officers entitled thereto agreeably to Distribution Orders published from time to time; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has resolved to publish for general information, a detailed Statement of those Sums as hereto annexed, and to notify that the amount due to such Officers as may be now resident in India, will be discharged on Bills to be submitted to the Military Board either direct by the parties themselves or through their Agents.

All claims of deceased Officers must be submitted through the prescribed channel, and a communication will be made to the Honorable the Court of Directors in order that Officers residing in England, who have claims to participate in the Profits, as also of the Heirs or Executors of deceased Officers may submit their demands for payment in England.

STATEMENT.

For what year.	What Garrison.	Names of the Officers Commanding.	Amount.	Total.	Remarks.
1787-88	Chingleput	Lieutenant Colonel Maxwell	4 14 29		
	Wallajahbad	The Hon. Col. Mackenzie	3 2 24		
	,,	Colonel Elphinston	34 30 34		
	Arcot	Colonel Rumbold	6 23 45		
	Cavalry Line	Do.	162 5 8		
	Masulipatam	Do.	34 44 44		
	Ganjam		110 37 72		
				356 23 16	
1788-89	Aska	Captain Eagle		103 19 39	
1789-90	Mount	Captain Smith	5 25 26		
	,,	Lieutenant Nash	1 6 72		
	Wallajahbad	,, Ogg	3 20 0		
	Aska	Captain Eagle	3 9 77		
	,,	Captain Westrop	3 15 48		
	Berhampore	Captain Tayler	26 6 12		
	,,	Captain Westrop	7 25 14		
	Masulipatam	Major Bankes	263 18 17		
				313 35 26	
1792-93	Tripassore	Lieutenant Emerson	5 34 6		
	Arnee	Captain Gibbings	3 2 28		
	Amboor	Captain Cuppage	4 9 56		
	Trichinopoly	Colonel Oldham	69 26 28		
	Dindigul	Captain Bowser	12 45 63		
	Innicondah	Captain M'Kinnon	28 36 34		
	,,	Lieutenant M'Gregor	30 17 47		
				154 34 22	
1793-94	Chingleput	Lieutenant Forbes	9 23 31		
	Arnee	Major Petre	47 6 29		
	,,	Captain Gordon	24 32 65		
				81 16 48	
1795-96	Arcot	Lieut. Colonel Young	191 6 63		
	Innicondah	Captain Halcott	48 8 42		
	Guntoor	Colonel Wynch	91 11 45		
	Vizagapatam	Major Dunwoody	21 24 33		
	Berhampore	Captain Tyrall	4 37 63		
				356 43 6	
1796-97	Arcot	Lieut. Colonel Young	240 0 77		
	,,	Do. Do.	15 7 39		
	Vellore	Major General Collins	535 31 63		
	Amboor	Lieutenant A. M'Phersen	111 35 60		

Nagore

For what year.	What Garrison.	Names of the Officers Commanding.	Amount.	Total.	Remarks.
1796-97	Nagore	Captain W. Hammond	12 38 3		
	Tripassore	Major D. Campbell	51 9 35		
		Do. Do.	47 35 36		
		Honorable Major Monson	36 21 1		
				1050 41 74	
1797-98	Mount	Major General Geils	198 29 38		
	Arnee	Major Thomas Coke	31 14 40		
	Arcot	Lieutenant Colonel Murray	55 13 25		
	Vellore	Major General Collins	19 40 9		
	Amboor	Lieut. Colonel M'Pherson	54 33 24		
	Nagore	Captain Hammond	3 14 46		
	Do.	The Hon. Major Monson	137 38 38		
	Do.	Major De Grey	9 6 75		
	Do.	Lieut. Colonel Aston	49 1 3		
	Vellore	Major De Grey	0 2 7		
	Do.	Major Picton	5 27 71		
	Dindigul	Captain Alexander Browne	65 20 12		
	Madura	Lieutenant Charles Oram	6 3 25		
	Vizagapatam	Lieut. Col. Fotheringham	51 30 31		
				688 5 64	
1798-99	Poonamallee	Lieutenant J. Lindsay	0 0 50		
		Lieutenant J. Campbell	10 21 29		
		Captain R. M. Grant	37 2 62		
	Tripassore	Lieutenant J. L. Jones	4 19 32		
	Arcot	Colonel J. Pater	342 24 7		
	Arnee	Lieut. Colonel J. Saxon	305 36 55		
	Vellore	Lieut. Col. Alex. M'Pherson	33 7 11		
	Amboor	Lieutenant G. Philips	16 39 52		
		Captain W. King	14 14 58		
	Trichinopoly	Major General J. Floyd	558 3 67		
	Vizigapatam	Lieut. Col. Fotheringham	155 3 68		
		Major W. Shippy	29 26 21		
	Aska	Captain Thomas Poole	32 37 41		
				1540 12 33	
			Pagodas..	4616 6 8	

G. O. G. 16TH SEPTEMBER 1817.

The following Paragraph of the Honorable Company's General Letter (quadruplicate) in the Military Department, dated 12th June 1816, is published for general information; and in conformity with the Orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors therein contained, the Commands of the Garrisons of Seringapatam and Bellary, established in General Orders dated the 15th June 1813, will determine on the 30th Instant.

Para. 21. Serisgapatam and Bellary established as Government Commands and the Cantonment at Wallajahbad to be discontinued in the List of Stations entitled to that distinction as soon as Lieutenant Colonel Fletcher the Commandant, shall be provided for in another way.

16. "We are not aware of any advantage to the Service from the establishment of Seringapatam and Bellary as Government Commands, and therefore direct that they be discontinued immediately on receipt of these Orders."

The appointment of Cantonment Assistant Surgeon being no longer necessary at Wallajahbad, is discontinued from this date.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 2d September 1817.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to resolve that an additional Tent shall be allowed to the Gun Troop of each Regiment of Native Cavalry.

G. O. G. 16th September 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish in General Orders, the following Copy of a Government Advertisement of this date.

GOVERNMENT ADVERTISEMENT.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having reason to apprehend that the existing Law against the receipt of presents from Native Princes and other Natives of Rank is not sufficiently understood, is pleased to publish for general information, the following Extract from an Act of Parliament passed in the 33d Year of the Reign of His present Majesty. It is further explained, that the provisions of the Statute are not only applicable to all persons, Civil and Military, in the Service of His Majesty or of the Honorable Company, but also to the different members of their families residing in India.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That the demanding or receiving any sum of money, or other valuable thing, as a gift or present, or under colour thereof, whether it be for the use of the Party receiving the same, or for, or pretended to be for the use of the said Company, or of any other Person whatsoever, by any British subject, holding or exercising any office or employment under His Majesty, or the said United Company, in the East Indies, shall be deemed and taken to be extortion and a misdemeanor at law, and shall be proceeded against and punished as such, under and by virtue of this Act, and the offender shall also forfeit to the King's Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the whole gift or present so received, or the full value thereof.

LXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, that the Court or Jurisdiction before whom any such offence shall be tried shall have full power and authority to direct the said present or gift, or any part thereof, to be restored to the Party who gave the same, or to order the whole, or any part thereof, or of any fine which the Court shall set on the offender, to be paid or given to the Prosecutor or Informer, as such Court in its discretion shall think fit.

LXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prohibit or prevent any person exercising the profession of Counseller at Law, Physician, or Surgeon, or any Chaplain, from accepting, taking, or receiving fees, gratuities, or rewards (bona fide) in the way of his profession only."

Fort St. George, *the 16th of September* 1817.

Published by order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

G. O. C. C. 27th September 1817.

Under authority of Government The Commander in Chief is pleased to direct that a monthly allowance of 5 Star Pagodas shall in future be drawn for each Native Regiment or Battalion, employed beyond the Frontier, for the purpose of procuring Straw and Cumlies for the use of the Sick in Hospital.

The above allowance is to be drawn by the Medical Officers in charge of Corps respectively; and the Superintending, or Staff Surgeon of Divisions, will be held responsible that the objects of this allowance are properly secured by the most efficient appropriation of it to the purposes for which it is granted.

G. O. G.

* *Guns no longer to form a component part of a Regiment of Cavalry, vide G. O. 8th May 1819, Vol. 4, page 17.*

G. O. G. 30th September 1817.

*1. It having been found inconvenient to adhere strictly to the forms prescribed by the General Orders, 16th September 1815 and 1st June 1816, for establishing claims to "Pensions to Officers losing an Eye or a Limb in Action or sustaining permanent "injury equivalent to the loss of an Eye or a Limb from Wounds received in acti- "on" those Orders are rescinded, and the following established in lieu thereof.

2. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council in conformity with the resolution of the Honorable the Court of Directors, contained in their General Letter in the Military Department, under date the 28th of March 1815, of the following tenor,

Para. 2. "Our attention having been drawn to a Regulation by His Royal "Highness The Prince Regent for making a permanent provision for Officers losing "an Eye or a Limb in action or sustaining permanent injury equivalent to the loss "of an Eye or a Limb from Wounds received in action, we have taken the subject "into our serious consideration, and, being willing at all times, to mark our consi- "deration, and to extend our indulgence to all the Company's Officers who suffered "by distinguishing themselves in our Service; we have resolved to establish a similar "Regulation in our own Service," is pleased to promulgate the following Regulations, with the view of carrying into effect the benevolent intentions of the Honorable Court, to grant Pensions to Officers of their Army on this Establishment, sustaining serious and permanent injury in action, to have effect from the date hereafter specified.

3. If any Officer shall be wounded in action, and it shall appear upon an inspection made of him by the Medical Board at any period, not sooner than a year and a day after the time when he was wounded, that he has in consequence of his Wound lost a Limb, or an Eye, or has totally lost the use of a Limb, such Officer shall be entitled to a Pension commencing from the expiration of a year and a day after the time when he was wounded, and depending, as to its amount, upon the Rank he held at that period according to the scale subjoined. This Pension being granted as a compensation for the injury sustained, is to be held together with any other pay and allowances to which such Officer may be otherwise entitled, without any deduction on account thereof.

4. Officers who have lost more than one Eye or Limb shall be entitled to the provision for each Limb or Eye so lost; and as the Pension is not to commence till after the expiration of a year and a day from the date of receiving the wound, it is to be independent of the allowance of one year's pay granted under the existing Regulations published in General Orders, by the Honorable the Governor in Council, bearing date the 10th September 1811, to Officers who may have lost a Limb or Eye in action.

5. Applications for this Pension to be made to Government through the Adjutant General of the Army, and to be accompanied, if Commanding Officer of the Army or Detachment, by a Declaration upon honor, that he sustained the injury for which the compensation is claimed, in action; if at the Head of the General Staff, by a Certificate by the Officer Commanding the Army or Detachment; if an Officer on the General Staff, or if Commanding a Corps, by a Certificate by the Officer in Command of the Corps at the time, or by the Senior Officer on the Staff, that such injury was sustained in action.

6. The application must likewise be accompanied, if the Officer is serving at, or in the immediate vicinity of the Presidency, by the Certificate of the Medical Board, specifying after inspection, that the Officer claiming the benefit of the Regulation has lost an Eye or Limb, or suffered permanent injury equivalent to the loss of an Eye or a Limb from Wounds.

7. If the Officer applying is serving at a more distant Station, or on Foreign Service, a Certificate to the above effect, signed by the Principal Medical Officer, and the Commanding Officer on the spot is to be forwarded; but it will nevertheless be incumbent on all such Officers who may obtain Pensions without having suffered amputation, whenever their duty or other circumstances may call them to the Presidency, to appear before the Medical Board, and to transmit their Certificate to the Adjutant General of the Army, for the purpose of being submitted to Government.

8. All

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* *Further orders on this head, vide G. O. 2d October* 1819, *Vol.* 4, *page* 32, *and* 18*th August* 1821, *Vol.* 4, *page* 118.

8. All Officers who have sustained such injury as would entitle them to the previsions established by the present Regulation by any Wounds received since the commencement of hostilities in Europe in the year 1793, will, upon the production of the Certificates above directed, be allowed a Pension proportioned, according to the Scale, to the Rank they held at the time when wounded, and commencing from the 25th December 1811.

9. This allowance will be granted in general according to Regimental Rank, but in cases, in which in consequence of their Brevet Rank, Officers shall have been employed at the time when they were wounded in the discharge of duties, superior to those attached to the Regimental Commission, it will be given according to the Brevet Rank.

Scale referred to in the preceding Regulation.

General or Lieutenant General Commanding in Chief at the time,	To be specially considered.		
Lieutenant General,	£400	or Pags.	1000
Major General or Brigadier General Commanding a Brigade	£350	„	875
Colonel, Lieutenant Colonel, * Adjutant General, * Quarter Master General, * Deputy Adjutant General if Chief of the Department, * Deputy Quarter Master General if do., Superintending Surgeon,	£300	„	750
Major Commanding a Corps,	£250	„	625
Major, * Deputy Adjutant General, * Deputy Quarter Master General, Surgeon in charge of a Field Hospital,	£200	„	500
Captain, * Assistant Adjutant General, * Assistant Quarter Master General, * Secretary to the Commander of the Forces, or Commander in Chief, * Aide-de-Camp, * Major of Brigade, Surgeon Regimental, * Judge Advocate General, Chaplain,	£100	„	250
* Deputy Paymaster, Lieutenant, Adjutant, Cornet, Ensign, Lieutenant Fireworker,	£ 70	„	175
Assistant Surgeon, Apothecary, * Deputy Judge Advocate, Deputy Commissary of Ordnance, Conductor of Ordnance, Veterinary Surgeon, Sub Assistant Surgeon,	£ 50	„	125

The Officers marked thus (*) to have the allowance according to their Army Rank if they prefer it.

G. O. G. 30th September 1817.

* With reference to the Government Order of the 23d of March 1811, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to resolve, that the Medical Pupil

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* *Further orders on this subject, vide G. O. 15th May* 1818, *Vol.* 3, *page* 3[illegible]8.

Pupil Establishment shall, in consideration of the manifest utility of this institution, be augmented from twenty to thirty Boys,—to be selected generally in the manner already laid down.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has further been pleased to resolve, that the Pay of all Medical Pupils shall be five Pagodas per month. This rate to commence from the 1st November 1817.

No Batta having heretofore been granted to Dressers or Medical Pupils, it is resolved, that 1st Dressers shall be authorized to draw three Fanams daily, the 2d Dressers two Fanams, and Medical Pupils one Fanam per diem, on occasions where the Corps to which they may be attached are authorized to draw additional Batta, or when travelling separate on duty.

G. O. G. 14TH OCTOBER 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Copy of a General Order issued at the Presidency of Fort William.

The Governor General in Council, adverting to the difference of systems under which the Off-reckoning Funds at the three Presidencies are conducted, to the great delay occasioned in preparing the Accounts of the Consolidated Fund, and to the many other serious inconveniences resulting from the union of the Funds of the three Presidencies, detrimental to the interests of Colonels of Regiments, is pleased to direct, pending the decision of the Honorable the Court of Directors on this subject, that the union of the Off-reckoning Funds of the three Establishments, shall be considered as abolished from the 1st of January 1816, from which date the management of the Accounts, and the distribution of the Funds, of the several Presidencies, are to be subject only to the control and orders of their respective Governments.

G. O. G. 7TH OCTOBER 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize the appointment of a Park Serjeant to the Ordnance Store Department at Bangalore, and His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to issue the necessary orders for carrying this measure into effect.

G. O. G. 21ST OCTOBER 1817.

Ordered that the following Extract from a Communication from the East India House under date the 3d May following, entitled, "Copy Paragraphs which will be inserted in the next General Letter to Fort St. George," be published in General Orders.

Paragraphs to be inserted in the next General Letter.

"We have lately had under consideration a Memorial, submitted to us by Captain and Brevet Major Brook Bridges Parlby of the 7th Regiment of N. I. on your Establishment, and now at home on furlough, claiming rank above Captain and Brevet Major William Woodhouse of the same Corps.

"On reference to the documents connected with this case, we find that Captains Parlby and Woodhouse of the 7th, and Captain Thomas Douglass of the 5th Regiment, were all Cadets of the year 1798, at which time the Cadets appointed by us took rank as Commissioned Officers according to their standing on the General List of Cadets of the year, and that Captain Parlby, though Junior Cadet to Captain Woodhouse in that List, was Senior to Captain Douglass.

"This latter Officer it appears, was originally posted to the 7th Regiment, and that he and Captain Woodhouse exchanged Corps on the 21st January

nuary 1800, coming in as youngest of their rank according to the rule prescribed for Officers exchanging from one Corps to another. This rule, however, appears to have been neglected in the case under consideration when the Regimental Rank was finally settled in 1804, as we perceive that Captain then Lieutenant Woodhouse, was permitted to rank above Officers in the 7th Regiment, under whom he ought in strict justice to have been placed in conformity with the known and prescribed conditions of exchange, and that he retained that rank until the 8th of October 1805. When in consequence of a representation from Captain Wood (since retired from the Service) complaining of the rank thus assigned to Captain Woodhouse, you directed by a General Order of that date, that Captains Parlby and Wood should take rank of Captain Woodhouse.

"Under a misapprehension of the circumstances attending this case and of the date of Captain Parlby's arrival in India, and of his Commission as a Lieutenant in the 7th Regiment, we directed in our Military Letter of the 9th April 1809, that Order to be rescinded, and Captain Woodhouse to be restored to his former rank in the Regiment.

"We are now satisfied, however, upon a minute investigation of the merits of the question, that Captain Parlby has a just claim to rank above Captain Woodhouse in the 7th Regiment, that Officer having by his exchange relinquished the advantage he might have claimed of Regimental rank from his standing on the List of Cadets, and we do now therefore direct, that upon receipt of this despatch you will restore Captain Parlby to the rank he held in the 7th Regiment prior to the 22d May 1810, the date of the order issued by you in consequence of the instructions contained in our Letter of the 9 h April 1809.

"The inconvenience arising from altering the relative rank of Officers at a remote date and the time which has elapsed since the supercession of which Captain Parlby complains took place, would have disposed us to enforce the General Order of your Government of the 7th November 1788, had not that Officer adduced satisfactory proof of the delay which occurred in bringing his representation under our notice, not being imputable to him.

G. O. G. 21st October 1817.

Ordered that the following Extract from the Honorable Company's Letter in the Military Department, dated 23d April 1817, be published in General Orders.

Para. 2. We have taken into consideration the Memorials addressed to us by the Commandants of our several Corps of Artillery and Engineers at the three Presidencies, requesting a revision of the Orders contained in Paras. 128 and 38 of our Military Letter to Bengal dated 16th February 1814, which prohibited the employment of General Officers of those Corps on the General Staff of the Army, but authorized their continuance at the head of their respective Corps after promotion to the rank of Major General.

3. We perceive that our Orders have been in some instances understood to vacate the authority of General Officers of Artillery or Engineers employed in the Command of their own Corps whenever a General Officer selected for the Staff shall be on duty at the same Station, and that this idea has occasioned much uneasiness in the minds of the Officers of Artillery and Engineers at our several Presidencies.

4. To obviate these apprehensions hereafter, we desire that it may be understood that in all cases in which a General Officer selected for the Command of the Corps of Artillery or Engineers shall meet a General Officer selected for the Staff, from the Cavalry or Infantry in any Garrison, Cantonment, Camp or Army, that such General Officers of Artillery or Engineers shall take Rank and Command according to the dates of their respective Commissions.

5. But as it is not our intention that General Officers of Artillery or Engineers, should interfere with the Officers of the Line in General Commands (except from casual causes as above stated) or be appointed to the Command of Stations, we direct that the General Officers of Artillery shall be appointed to the Garrisons of Fort William, Fort St. George, or Bombay, or to the Head Quarters of the Artillery at each Presidency, and that the General Officers of Engineers shall be stationed at those Garrisons respectively.

6. Having

6. Having also taken into consideration the pecuniary situation in which our General Officers of Artillery and Engineers are placed by our orders of 16th February 1814, and the recommendations of our several Governments that we would put those Officers on the same footing with respect to allowances as the General Officers selected for the Staff, we authorize you to grant to the General Officers of Artillery and Engineers selected for the command of their respective Corps the same allowances as are now granted to the Officers selected for the Staff at our several Presidency Stations, namely, five thousand Pounds Sterling per annum each, together with the Pay of their Regimental Rank, according to the orders conveyed to you in our Military Letter dated 5th May 1815. But it is to be understood that whenever these Situations are filled by Officers holding an inferior Rank to that of General Officers, their allowances be regulated by the orders now in force.

7. Such General Officers of Engineers and Artillery will of course be relieved every four years as directed in Para. 134 of our Military Letter of the 16th February 1814, according to the practise which prevails among the General Officers of Cavalry and Infantry selected for the Staff, unless some special reason shall occasionally exist for deviating from this rule, of which of course you will duly advise us.

8. These orders to have effect from the date of their receipt at our several Presidencies.

G. O. G. 7th October 1817.

* With reference to the General Order, 23d December 1816, The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following further Regulations for the Rocket Troop of the Corps of Horse Artillery.

One Maistry and 9 Camelmen are allowed to every ten Camels of the Troop of Rocket Horse Artillery. These Men are to be designated Rocket Camelmen, and to be mustered, returned, and paid in the same manner as the regular Troops; and to be eligible to the Pension List, under the same General Regulations as the Native Cavalry, according to their corresponding ranks.

The Pay of a Rocket Camelman is to be the same as that of a Trooper of Native Cavalry; and the Pay of a Maistry Rocket Camelman the same as that of a Naigue of Native Cavalry, with the corresponding Batta to both Ranks when Marching, or in the Field—They will also receive Clothing annually of a pattern to be fixed by His Excellency the Commander in Chief, the stoppages on account of which are to be considered as corresponding in amount with those of a Naigue and Trooper of Cavalry respectively.

Each Camel to be allowed 3 Seers of Gram per day, to be accounted for in the Returns of the Quarter Master.

It will be the duty of the Rocket Camelmen to forage for their Camels in the usual manner; and the Officer Commanding the Corps is allowed to draw the Pay and Batta of a Grass Cutter, (the latter when Marching, or on Field Service only) to provide Forage, Massalls, Oil, &c.

G. O. G. 18th December 1817.

In obedience to the orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors bearing date the 23d of April 1817, and published in General Orders at this Presidency on the 21st of October last, Major General Bell, Commandant of the Artillery, is hereby appointed to the Garrison of Fort St. George.

† The Head Quarters of the Artillery will continue as at present to be stationed at

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* *Commuted into a Reserve Troop, vide G. O. 20th Nov.* 1821, *Vol.* 4, *page* 137.

† *St. Thomas's Mount to revert to the immediate Command of the Commander in Chief, vide G. O. 21st July* 1818, *Vol.* 3, *page* 382.

at St. Thomas's Mount, and that Cantonment, according to the intention of it's original formation, will become, for the time being, an immediate dependency of the Garrison of Fort St. George.

G. O. G. 23d December 1817.

1. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, with reference to Para. 64, Page 312 of the Code of Pay Regulations, that Memorandums of the Particulars, not only of all Vouchers which accompany the Pay Abstracts of Officers, but also of all Stoppages (of every description without exception) which may be made by Paymasters, from their monthly Pay and Allowances, shall be inserted at foot or on the back of the Abstracts—The aggregate amount of the Stoppages to be deducted from the Total of the Abstracts in the following manner "Deduct amount of Stoppages as per Particulars at foot *(or on the back as the case may require)* of this Abstract"—and the Receipt to be given for the net or actual sum only which Officers receive.

2. The object of the above Regulation being the protection equally of the Officer and Paymaster, it is notified on the one hand, that the insertion on the Abstracts thus directed will, in cases of dispute hereafter, be considered as equivalent to a Receipt from the Paymaster for the amount of the Stoppages or delivery of the Vouchers—and on the other hand that, if the insertion should not be found on the Abstracts, and that no separate Receipt is forthcoming, it will be held as conclusive that no such Payments were made or Vouchers delivered.

3. The Governor in Council further directs that the signature at present required to be affixed by Officers to each Pay Abstract *above* the Receipt, shall be dispensed with—the signature to the Receipt being considered to give sufficient validity to the document—the countersignatures, &c. to continue as at present.

4. In like manner the Abstract at the foot of each Muster Roll is in future to be inserted immediately following the Names in the Muster Roll, and the Certificate prescribed by the 11th Para. Page 238 of the Code of Pay Regulations, is to be affixed immediately, under the Abstract Muster Roll, by which one signature of the Officer Commanding the Troop, or Company, and one of the Officer Commanding the Corps, or Detachment, will be rendered sufficient.

5. It is directed that all Public Letters in the Military Pay Department shall be written on Foolscap, or other Europe Writing Paper, and that when more than one side of the sheet of paper is written on, the whole sheet is to be sent for the convenience of record.

6. It is also directed that all Bills, Pay Abstracts, Muster Rolls, and Certificates of last Payment drawn and issued by Officers and Paymasters, shall be written (or printed) on Foolscap or other *Europe* Writing Paper, and for the convenience of the Army the Superintendent of the Government Press is authorized to forward, free of postage, to Officers who may be desirous of purchasing them, blank Pay Abstracts and Muster Rolls, the established Forms of which will be furnished by the Office of Audit to the Superintendent for that purpose.

7. Difficulties having arisen from the mode of calculating the Pay, &c. of Individuals for broken periods in a month, as directed by the present Code, Page 312, Paras. 65 and 66, it is considered necessary to cancel those provisions, in lieu of which the following are established—the Pay and Allowances of all individuals of Non-Commissioned Rank and File, Followers, &c. (which may be the same for any month without reference to the number of days) when drawn for broken periods, are to be issued according to the number of days they actually served, or were employed on the public service, the amount of one day's pay being calculated according to a month of 30 days—but in all cases of Pay and Allowances, Pensions, &c. of Officers or Persons of that Rank for broken periods, the calculations, are to be made by dividing the total monthly allowance by 28, 29, 30 or 31 days, according to the number of days in the month, and multiplying the amount of one day's pay, thus ascertained, by the number of days for which claims may be payable; and all unsettled questions connected with such calculations are to be adjusted in conformity with the Regulations hereby established.

8. The Governor in Council has of late had occasion to notice the inattention of several

several Paymasters to the established Regulations for their Offices, in discharging unauthorized allowances, particularly in the cases of Non-Commissioned Rank and File, Followers, &c. from whom the amount of such irregular payments cannot without great inconvenience be recovered—the irregular payment of staff and other extra allowances to Officers without due authority, has also on many recent occasions been brought to public notice by the references of the Parties for relief, when the allowances so paid have been objected to on the Audit of the Public Accounts—and the usual plea to support such appeals, being the hardship of requiring Officers to refund sums which, from not having been objected to by Paymasters, they were led to consider as their just right—it is deemed necessary to call the particular attention of Paymasters to the 16th and 17th Paras. of the Code of Regulations for the Military Pay Department, Page 325, which direct them to refer all doubtful claims to the Military Auditor General before they discharge them.

9. It is also considered proper to notify, that when appeals on the subject of unauthorized payments may hereafter be made to Government, the conduct of the Paymasters in discharging such demands will be taken into consideration, and the Military Auditor General is accordingly directed, in submitting such appeals, to explain with reference to the responsibility of Paymasters for unauthorized payments, how far their conduct may be defensible or otherwise, under the circumstances of each case, in the improper issue of the Public Money entrusted to their charge.

The Governor in Council considers it further necessary to apprize Officers of the Army that, however culpable it may be in Paymasters to discharge unauthorized claims, the plea above alluded to, of the hardship of refunding sums irregularly drawn, will in future meet with no indulgence, unless circumstances may appear to justify their conduct, as it is the duty of every Officer to make himself acquainted with the Regulations of Government, and not to draw allowances without the prescribed authorities.

G. O. G. 2d December 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to establish the following Regulations for the guidance of the Barrack Masters at the Presidency and at Bangalore.

1st. Whenever Public Buildings under their charge are about to be vacated, of which they will receive due notice from the proper authority, it will be their duty to ascertain, by application at the Presidency to the Town Major, and at Bangalore to the Major of Brigade, if Sentries can be furnished for the protection of such Buildings, and should the strength of the Garrison, or other circumstances, not admit of Sentries being granted, Barrack Masters are authorized to entertain Peons to the extent that may be necessary with reference to the number and situation of the several Buildings requiring protection, but not exceeding the number of Sentries that would be allowed, if they could be furnished—the Peons to be drawn for at the rate of 1½ Pagoda per month for each.

2d. It will also be the duty of the Barrack Master at Bangalore to transmit thro' the Department of the Quarter Master General of the Army to the Military Board, a report of the Buildings that may be vacated, with the number of Peons entertained in consequence, reporting to the same authority the date on which the Buildings may be again occupied, in order that the necessary communications may be made to the Military Auditor General by the Military Board, as well of the number of Peons employed, as of the date of their being entertained, and discharged, agreeably to which communications the charges will be regulated on audit.—These reports at the Presidency will be made by the Barrack Master to the authority, to whom the Returns of that Officer are usually addressed.

3d. The Governor in Council is further pleased to direct, that Barrack Masters shall in future be held responsible for the value of all fixtures that may become deficient during the period that Buildings are protected by Peons, the selection of persons for this duty resting entirely with those Officers.

G. O. G. 23d December 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has received a Dispatch from the Resident at Nagpore, under date the 8th Instant, forwarding an application on the part of the Native Commissioned, Non-Commissioned, and Privates of the 1st Battalion 24th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be permitted to bear the "Number and Facing" of the Corps, to which this Battalion belonged previously to the 31st December 1806.

The highly deserving conduct of this Battalion in the Action at Nagpore on the 26th and 27th Ultimo, has entitled them in common with the other Troops engaged on that occasion, to the cordial approbation of the Government, and to the warmest acknowledgments of it's admiration. Their devotion, their gallantry, discipline and zeal were eminently conspicuous; and "in no instance," the Resident observes, "have interests so important been more nobly or successfully maintained by so "small a band."

The Governor in Council has fully appreciated the honourable feeling, which prompted the 1st Battalion 24th Native Regiment to seek to regain it's former position on the strength of the Army of Fort St George; and while this tribute is due to their meritorious conduct in the late affair at Nagpore, The Governer in Council perceives in the proper spirit, which has made this distinction the aim of their ambition, a certain pledge that the expectations which he forms in according it, and his reliance on the future services of the Corps, will not be disappointed.

The Governor in Council accordingly directs that, from the 31st Instant, the First Regiment of Native Infantry shall be restored to the List of the Army of this Presidency with all it's Appointments; and that the two Battalions now composing the 24th Native Regiment, shall resume their former numbers respectively in the 1st Native Regiment.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested and authorized to give the necessary orders for carrying this arrangement into immediate effect.

G. O. C. C. I.

* *Remarks by His Excellency The Most Noble The Commander in Chief.*

The circumstantial evidence on this trial is such as to give to the mind of The Commander in Chief a strong leaning to concur with the Court in pronouncing the guilt of the Prisoner, His Lordship therefore is to be understood as by no means intimating disapprobation of the Finding or the Sentence, still he feels himself bound to apply to this case the jealous caution respecting testimony which is observed in British Criminal Proceedings, but which could not be familiar to the Members of a Native Court Martial.

To render the inferences against the Prisoner conclusive, it was necessary to prove that he was not at home at the time when the murder was committed, only a solitary witness is competent to speak to the point. He is asked whether the Prisoner was, at the particular hour, in the room where they both slept, he answers that he cannot tell, as the room was twenty-one cubits long, the Prisoner's bed being at one end, and his at the other, while it was so dark, he could not see the distance of five paces. The witness in the course of the examination was questioned about another Man belonging to the same room, and answered that the Man was with the Picket, being asked how he knew that Man to be with the Picket, not having been there himself, he replied, "how could I help knowing that he was not at home when I was alone "in the room." It is probable that the inconsistency of his evidence was remarked to him by some body after the Court adjourned, for the next day, he desired to correct his evidence, and instead of his first answer to substitute an assertion, that the Prisoner was not in the room, as he saw the clothes of the Prisoner's bed, and observed the Prisoner was not in it. On being reminded of the distance which he had stated to exist between the two beds, he said it was a clear moonlight night and he could see every thing in the room distinctly; whereas he had on the former day sworn

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* *On the Trial of Jurbundun Sing, Sepoy 2d Bat. 23d Bengal N.I.*

sworn, that it was so dark he could not see five paces. The incorrectness of his original testimony he ascribes to his confusion on being examined for the first time before a Court Martial: yet the particularity with which he specified points on the original examination does not indicate embarrassment. A further doubt is thrown on his evidence by his acknowledgment that a quarrel existed between him and the Prisoner, and that they had not spoken to each other for twenty days. A testimony so suspicious cannot be suffered to decide on a Man's life; and without this testimony, the crime cannot be brought home to the Prisoner. The Commander in Chief is desirous to have these points explained distinctly, not only to the Members of the Court Martial but to the Men of the Battalion, that they may understand on what the decision turns; and His Lordship directs the communication to be carefully made.

The Prisoner is to be released; but is to be turned out of the Battalion as a Man laboring under the heavy suspicion of an atrocious murder. A minute description of his person is to be transmitted to the Adjutant General, that it may be circulated to the several Corps of this Army, and to the Officer recruiting for the Madras Army, in order that Jurbundun Sing may not be permitted to re-enter the Service of the Honorable Company.

G. O. G. 28th January 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council directs the publication, in General Orders, of the following Regulation.

A. D. 1817. REGULATION VIII.

A Regulation for expediting the trial of civil suits in which the Native Officers and Soldiers attached to regular Corps on the Military Establishment of the Presidency of Fort St. George, may be parties, and for giving to them certain facilities in the maintenance and recovery of their rights, claims and interests.—Passed by The Governor in Council of Fort St. George, on the 9th December 1817; corresponding with the 26th Karteky of the year Eswara, 1739th year of Salewahan; and with the 29th Mohurrum, 1233 Hijeree.

Preamble. Whereas the Native Officers and Soldiers on the Military Establishment of the Presidency of Fort St. George are liable to be stationed at places remote from their homes, and families; and whereas the impracticability of granting to such Native Officers and Soldiers frequent or prolonged leave of absence from their military duties, has caused to them material difficulty and embarrassment in maintaining and recovering their just rights, claims and interests; and whereas the fidelity and courage exhibited by the Native troops, in various wars on the continent of India, and the zeal and alacrity which they have uniformly displayed in voluntarily embarking on foreign expeditions, entitle them to the favorable consideration of Government; The Governor in Council with the view of manifesting his sense of their good conduct and of affording to them every facility in the maintenance and recovery of their rights, claims and interests, which can be granted consistently with a due regard to the fundamental principles established for the administration of civil justice, and for the collection of the land revenue, has enacted the following rules, to be in force from the period of their promulgation, throughout the territories dependent on the Presidency of Fort St. George.

Provisions of certain Regulations modified. II. Such parts of the Regulations in force as prohibit the Courts of Civil Justice from corresponding by letter with parties in depending suits, or direct that no pleadings shall be received in any civil cause except from the parties or their authorized pleaders; such parts of the Regulations in force as require generally, that depending causes shall be brought to trial according to the order in which they may stand on the file; and such parts thereof as prohibit the Courts from furnishing copies of decrees, or from receiving mokhtarnamahs on any other paper than the prescribed stampt paper, are hereby declared to be subject to the modifications contained in the following Sections of this Regulation.

Native Officers and Soldiers may appoint attor- III. *First.* Whenever a Native Officer or Soldier on the Military Establishment of the Presidency of Fort St. George

nies to transact business for them in the Provincial and Zillah Courts.

George shall be desirous of instituting a regular or summary suit in any Zillah or Provincial Court, and shall not be able to obtain a furlough or leave of absence for the purpose of superintending or conducting such suit in person, he shall be at liberty to execute a mokhtarnamah or power of attorney, drawn up according to the Form No. 1 in the Appendix to this Regulation, authorising and appointing any member of his family or other person to institute and carry on the suit, and to perform all acts in the original trial of the cause, and eventually in appeal, in the same manner as if the party were himself personally present and consenting.

The mokhtarnamah not to be on stampt paper.

Second. Such moktarnamah shall not be required to be written on stampt paper, but shall be executed by the Native Officer or Soldier in the presence of the Commanding Officer of the Corps or Detachment, to which he may belong, who shall countersign the same in testimony of it's having been voluntarily executed.

The mokhtarnamah to be transmitted in a prescribed form by the Commanding Officer of the party, to the Court.

Third. The mokhtarnamah so executed is to be transmitted by the Commanding Officer under cover of a public letter drawn up in the Form No. 2 of the Appendix, addressed to the Register of the Court in which the suit is to be instituted, and upon the receipt of such letter, a notice shall be issued by the Court for the purpose of procuring the attendance, either personally, or by a constituted vakeel of the person nominated in the mokhtarnamah.

If the person nominated decline or be unable to act, information thereof to be communicated by the Court in a prescribed form.

Fourth. If such mokhtar shall refuse to attend the Court in person, or by a constituted vakeel, or shall decline to undertake the trust, or having undertaken it shall subsequently die, or be prevented by any sufficient cause from discharging the duty confided to him, the Court shall cause information of the same to be communicated to the Native Officer or Soldier, by an extract from their proceedings enclosed in an official letter to be addressed to the Commanding Officer of the Corps.

The mokhtarnamah to be filed of record. The suit to be tried under the general Regulations.

Fifth. If the appointed mokhtar shall attend the Court in person, or by a constituted vakeel, and shall consent to undertake the duty confided to him, the original mokhtarnamah shall be deposited in the Court and shall form part of the record of the cause. The suit shall be instituted, tried and determined in conformity with the general rules in force for the institution and trial of other similar suits, provided, however, that in all cases where the Native Officer or Soldier, who may be the principal in the suit, shall not be himself present at the time of it's decision, an authenticated copy of the decree written on unstampt paper, shall be transmitted by the Court, to the Commanding Officer of the Corps or Detachment, for the purpose of it's being communicated to the Native Officer or Soldier.

If the party be not present, copy of the decree how to be communicated to him.

These provisions not applicable to claims originating in loans or commercial transactions.

Sixth. It is hereby explained that no part of the preceding Clauses, or of the subsequent provisions of this Regulation, is intended to be applicable to claims originating in loans granted by a Native Officer or Sepoy, or in pecuniary transactions of a commercial nature.

Rules to be observed with the view of obviating the necessity of ex-parte trials in causes wherein Native Officers or Soldiers are defendants.

IV. *First.* For the purpose of ensuring the due communication to all Native Officers and Sepoys of the summons or other notice of the institution of suits against them so as to prevent as far as possible such suits from being brought to trial ex-parte, it is hereby enacted that in all such suits the plaint or petition of appeal shall contain a declaration that the defendant or respondent is a Native Officer or Soldier, and all plaintiffs or appellants who shall knowingly and intentionally omit to make such statement, are hereby declared liable to be fined in such sum as the Court before whom such pleadings may be filed shall deem equitable, not exceeding one fourth of the institution fee or stamp duty in each case; and it is further provided that the plaintiff or appellant shall state in his plaint or petition of appeal to the best of his knowledge or belief the particular Regiment or Corps to which such Native Officer or Sepoy may belong, or in the event of his being unable to specify the same, then it shall be the duty of the Court before whom the suit is filed, to endeavour to ascertain the point.

A notice in the usual form to be transmitted to the Commanding Officer.

Second. A notice in the usual form, together with a copy of the plaint or petition of appeal on unstampt paper, enclosed in an official letter drawn up according to the Form No. 3

of the Appendix, shall be then transmitted by the Court to the Commanding Officer of the Corps, for the purpose of their being communicated to the Native Officer or Soldier against whom the suit may have been instituted; a similar notice shall be issued, when omitted in the first instance, from ignorance of the defendant's being a Native Officer or Soldier, attached to a regular Corps, if at any subsequent period during the trial of the suit it should appear to the Court, that the defendant or respondent is a Native Officer or Soldier as above described.

The Commanding Officer on receipt of the notice will cause it to be duly served.

Third. The Commanding Officer shall, if practicable, cause the notice to be served on the party to whom it is addressed, and shall then return it to the Court from whom it issued, with the written acknowledgment of the party endorsed thereupon, together with the mokhtarnamah, according to the Form No. 1 in the Appendix, if the party should have appointed an attorney to defend the suit in his behalf. If from whatever cause the notice transmitted to the Commanding Officer cannot be served upon the Native Officer or Soldier, to whom it is addressed, it shall be returned by the Commanding Officer to the Court from whom it had been received, with information of the cause which had prevented the service of it.

The Court how to proceed if the notice cannot be served.

In such case of non-service of process the Court shall make such further reference or shall adopt such other measures in order to the due service of such process, as may appear to be proper and consistent with the Regulations.

Communications to be made by Commanding Officers of leave of absence granted to Native Officers or Soldiers to enable them to conduct their own suits.

V. *First.* When a Native Officer or Soldier may obtain a furlough for the purpose of instituting or defending a civil suit in any of the Zillah or Provincial Courts, he shall be furnished by the Commanding Officer of the Corps or Detachment, with an official letter addressed to the Register of the Court in which the suit is to be tried; such letter shall be drawn up according to the Form No. 4 of the Appendix to this Regulation, but it shall not give cover to any petition, nor contain any statement or explanation of the merits or circumstances of the case.

The Court authorized to nominate a Vakeel on behalf of the Native Officer or Soldier.

Second. Such letter shall be delivered in person by the Native Officer or Soldier to the Court, who are hereby authorized, at the request of the party, to nominate a vakeel of the Court to aid in preparing the pleadings and generally in conducting the prosecution or defence of the suit.—The Court shall at the same time cause the Native Officer or Soldier to be duly apprized of the provisions contained in Regulation XIV of 1816, and in any other Regulation in force, relative to the duties, and established fees of pleaders, and of the necessity of conforming thereto in the event of his employing a pleader.

A Native Officer or Soldier not prohibited from pleading in person, or appointing their own pleaders.

VI. Nothing contained in the preceding Section shall be construed to prohibit a Native Officer, or Soldier, from pleading his cause in person, or from employing any authorized pleader of the Court, instead of applying to the Court to nominate a vakeel to act on his behalf.

Suits instituted under this Regulation to be tried forthwith.

VII. *First.* The Zillah and Provincial Courts are hereby authorized and required to bring to hearing without regard to the order in which they may be filed, all suits in which a Native Officer, or Soldier, who may have obtained leave of absence from his Corps, may be a party, and to pass a decision thereon as speedily as may be consistent with the due administration of justice.

The Courts may extend the Officer's or Soldier's leave of absence under certain rules.

Second. If the cause cannot be brought to a decision previously to the expiration of the furlough granted to such Native Officer or Soldier, the Court before whom the suit may be depending, is hereby vested with a discretionary authority to grant to such Native Officer, or Soldier, an extension of his leave of absence for a period sufficient to admit of a reference being made to the Commanding Officer of the Corps for the purpose of ascertaining whether the furlough can be prolonged for any further specific period.—But whenever a Judge or Register may exercise the discretionary power above vested in him, he shall be careful to make the reference immediately in an official letter to the Commanding Officer of the Corps to which the Native Officer or Sepoy may be attached.

Native Officer's or Soldier's quitting the court

Third. A Native Officer or Soldier returning to his Corps before a final decision has been passed in his suit, shall be at

station before the determination of the suits, may appoint attornies in their behalf.

at liberty to leave the further conduct of the suit either to a mokhtar duly constituted under a mokhtarnamah executed according to the Form No. 1 in the Appendix to this Regulation, or to one or more of the established pleaders of the court empowered to act for him by a regular vakalutnamah.

Notice to be given whenever land or other real property belonging to a Soldier or Native Officer is attached by Courts.

VIII. Whenever any land or other real property belonging to a Native Officer or Soldier may be attached by a Court of Justice for the purpose of realizing the amount of any judgment, fine or penalty imposed on such Native Officer or Soldier, the Court shall cause notice of the same to be issued in the manner prescribed in Clause Second, Section IV of this Regulation, and shall postpone the sale for such definite period as may appear reasonable, for the purpose of affording an opportunity to the Native Officer or Soldier to discharge the amount of the judgment, fine, or penalty.

Proprietors of maigoozaree estate being Native Officers or Soldiers may register themselves as such on application to the Collector.

IX. *First.* Any registered proprietor of an estate paying revenue to Government, who may be entertained as a Native Officer or Soldier on the Military establishment under the Presidency of Fort St. George, shall be at liberty to notify to the Collector the rank which he may hold and the designation of the Corps to which he may be attached. A record of such notification shall be inserted by the Collector in the public registers and accounts relative to the estate and it's assessment, and in cases in which the estate, or a portion of the estate of a Native Officer or Soldier, who may have made such notification, shall become liable to public sale for the recovery of an arrear of revenue, the Collector shall address an official letter to the Commanding Officer of the Corps, drawn in the form prescribed in No. 5 of the Appendix to this Regulation; and shall enclose in such letter a written notice, signed and sealed by himself and attested by the principal Native Officer on his establishment, specifying the amount of the arrear, and the date on which it became due, and requiring that it be paid at the treasury of the Collectorship within such limited period of time, as on consideration of the distance at which the Corps may be stationed, and other circumstances of the case, may appear to be proper and reasonable.

Collectors how to proceed if such landed property become liable to sale for arrear of revenue.

The Commanding Officer how to proceed on receiving the Collector's notice.

Second. The Commanding Officer of the Corps shall acknowledge to the Collector the receipt of his letter and shall specify the date on which the notice may have been communicated to the party, or the circumstances which may have rendered it impracticable to make such communication.

Collectors how to proceed in cases where arrears may not be discharged within a specified time.

Third. If the Native Officer or Soldier shall omit to discharge the arrear within the term specified in the notice, the Collector shall report the circumstances of the case to the Board of Revenue, transmitting at the same time a copy of the notice and of his correspondence with the Commanding Officer, and shall be guided in his further proceedings by the orders which he may receive in each case from the Board.

Commanding Officers not to correspond with Courts on the merits of cases.

X. *First.* Nothing contained in this Regulation shall be construed to authorize the Commanding Officer of any Corps or Detachment to correspond with the Civil Courts or with the Collectors, regarding the merits of any judgment, or order, passed by those authorities respectively under the provisions of this Regulation.

This Regulation not applicable to Irregular Troops.

Second. Nothing contained in this Regulation shall be construed to modify, or to affect the existing rules for the trial of civil suits, in which persons who may have been discharged from the Service, or who may be attached to Provincial Battalions, or to local or irregular Corps, or who may be Camp Followers, or non-combatant retainers of the Army, or who may be relations, or members of the family of a Native Officer, or Soldier, may be parties; the foregoing provisions of this Regulation are to be condsidered as strictly and exclusively applicable to Native Officers, or Soldiers who may be entertained in regular Corps and on the actual strength of the Army, on the establishment of the Presidency of Fort St. George.

APPENDIX.

APPENDIX.

Form No. 1.

I, A. B. inhabitant of village talook in the district of son of of the cast of at present (here specify his rank) of the Battalion of the Regiment, stationed at , having occasion to institute (or defend) an action for* do hereby nominate and appoint C. D.† to be my attorney (or mokhtar), and I bind myself to abide by whatever he, the said attorney, may do in my behalf in the prosecution‡ (or defence) of the said suit.

The said attorney will either prosecute (or defend) the suit in person, or will appoint one or more of the authorized vakeels of the Court to prosecute (or defend) the same under the instructions of the said attorney, as he may think proper.—In the event of an appeal being preferred from the judgment passed in the suit, the said attorney is further hereby empowered to act for me on the appeal, in like manner as on the original suit.

(Signed)

Executed in my presence,

_____,

Comg. Det. or Bat. or Regt.

Form No. 2.

To

Register of the Court of

Sir,

In conformity with Clause Third, Section III, Regulation VIII, 1817, I have the honor to transmit to you a power of attorney duly executed in my presence by A. B. son of C. D. of the cast of , inhabitant of , Officer or Sepoy (as the case may be), of the Battalion Regiment.

I am,

Sir, &c.

_____,

Comg. Bat. Regt.

Form No. 3.

To

Commanding the Bat. Regt.

at ;

Sir,

In conformity with Clause Second, Section IV, Regulation VIII, 1817, I have the honor to transmit to you the copy of a plaint filed in case No. in this Court, by against stated to be an Officer (or Sepoy) in the Corps under your command, together with a notice, which I request you will cause to be served on the said . You are requested to acknowledge the receipt of the notice, and to inform the Court, whether it has been duly served on the above named , or to state the reasons which may have prevented it's being served on him.

I am,

Sir, &c.

_____,

Judge Dewanny Adawlut.

Form No. 4.

To

Register,

Zillah, or City, or Provincial Court.

Sir,

In conformity with Clause First, Section V, Regulation VIII, 1817, I have the honor

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* *Here insert briefly the nature and object of the suit, and the name of the adverse party or parties.*

† *Here insert the name, place of residence, cast, and his relationship (if any) to the Native Officer or Soldier.*

‡ *As the case may be.*

honor to inform you, that the bearer of this letter A. B. son of C. D. of the cast of , inhabitant of , Officer or Sepoy of the Battalion Regiment, &c. has obtained permission to be absent from his Corps for the period of months, for the purpose of instituting (or defending) a suit in the Zillah or Provincial Court of

I am,
Sir, &c.

Comg. Bat. Regt.

FORM No. 5.

To

Commanding Officer of the Bat. Regt.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you that the right of (A. B.) in the village (or estate) of , is about to be sold on account of arrears of public revenue for the year .

In conformity with Clause First, Section IX, Regulation VIII, 1817, I herewith enclose a written notice to be communicated to , said to be an Officer (or Sepoy) in the Corps under your command, and who, is alleged to be the proprietor (or sharer) of the village or estate in question.

You are requested to acknowledge the receipt of this letter, and to state, on what day the notice may have been communicated by you to the said , or the circumstances which may have rendered it impracticable to make such communication.

I am,
Sir, &c.

Dewanny Adawlut, Judge.

G. O. C. C. 14TH NOVEMBER 1817.

* In consequence of the arrival in Camp of upwards of 700 Recruits from Bengal, The Commander in Chief, under the difficulties which offer to the immediate disposal of them, among the Battalions in the Field, is pleased, until he shall receive the Commands of The Most Noble The Governor General, and Commander in Chief in India, on the subject, to place them in Depot, and to order, in view to the care and instruction of the Recruits, the following temporary Establishment.

ESTABLISHMENT.

Captain Commanding.	Adjutant.	Assistant Surgeon.	Serjeant Major.	Qr. Master Serjeant.	Subadars.	Jemadars.	Havildars.	Drummers and Fifers.	Puckalities.	Naigues.	Privates.	Rank and File.	Recruit Boys.	Pensioned Boys.	Vakeel.	1st Dresser.	2d Dresser.	Toties.
1	1	1	1	1	8	8	40	16	8	40	800	840	30	26	1	1	1	2

The same Native Commissioned, Non-Commissioned, Staff, and Artificers attached, are allowed to the Depot as to a Battalion of Native Infantry.

G. O. C. C.

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* *Depôt abolished, vide G. O. 23d February* 1821, *Vol.* 4, *page* 106.

G. O. C. C. 14th December 1817.

The Commander in Chief has received from Brigadier General Smith, C. B. Commanding the 4th Division of the Army of the Deckan, the detailed accounts of an Attack made on the 5th Ultimo, by the Troops of His Highness the Peishwah upon the Bombay Brigade, stationed at Poonah under the Command of Lieutenant Colonel Burr, and of the subsequent defeat on the 16th Ultimo. of the Peishwah's Army, with the capture of the City of Poonah, by the 4th Division, under the personal Command of the Brigadier General.

His Excellency would neither do justice to his own feelings, or to the merits of the Troops employed on this occasion, were he not to express to the Army at large, his high sense of admiration, of the wisdom of the plans, and the gallantry and valour displayed in their execution, which have led to results so important and decisive; and His Excellency embraces this opportunity of offering to Brigadier General Smith his warmest thanks for the manner in which his march was conducted from Seroor to Poonah, under circumstances of no ordinary difficulty, increased as it was by the total absence of regular Cavalry, and the decision and promptitude with which his attack of the Enemy's lines was planned and executed, and their dispersion and overthrow effected, by a perseverance and determined courage which have never been surpassed.

The Commander in Chief notices in this place, with equal satisfaction, and commendation, the exemplary behaviour of the Auxiliary Horse under the command of Captain Spiller, to whom His Excellency desires to offer his best thanks for his gallant, spirited, and successful charges, against such superior numbers of the Enemy's Cavalry.

The passage of the River by the 2 Divisions under the Brigadier General and Lieutenant Colonel Milnes, is worthy of particular notice, and His Excellency has great pleasure in recording his high sense of the gallant and able manner in which that measure was effected, particularly by the Division under Lieutenant Colonel Milnes, to which the most determined opposition was given by the greater part of the Enemy's Artillery and Infantry.

The conduct of the Brigadier General in providing for the safety and protection of the City and Inhabitants after the Victory, is entitled to, and has the highest praise and approbation of the Commander in Chief, and the signal forbearance, and excellent discipline shewn by the Troops, on an occasion so trying and under circumstances of peculiar aggravation and cruelty, reflects a lustre upon their character which must ever be remembered with sentiments of the highest respect, and gratitude; and His Excellency most heartily participates in the feelings which the Brigadier General and his gallant Army must have enjoyed at the moment they planted the British Colours on the Peishwah's Palace, in the heart of his Capital, which owed to their discipline, subordination, and forbearance, it's preservation from plunder and destruction.

His Excellency requests that Lieutenant Colonel Burr will accept of his warmest acknowledgments for the exemplary gallantry, and determined devotion with which the sudden and perfidious attack of his small Force, by the whole of the Peishwah's Army on the 5th ultimo, was so resolutely opposed, and successfully repulsed.

The dispositions made by the Lieutenant Colonel on that occasion reflects the highest credit upon his military character, and the success of his operations against a Force so very superior in numbers, is a convincing proof (if such were required) that coolness and discipline will always be found irresistible opposed to any numerical superiority, if deficient in those essential qualifications.

The conduct of the 1st Battalion 7th Regiment Bombay Native Infantry upon this memorable occasion, demands the particular notice of the Commander in Chief, and although his Excellency feels it difficult to distinguish, where all employed have acted so admirably well, yet the peculiar situation in which this gallant Corps was placed, pressed by severe and repeated attacks of the Enemy, both Horse and Foot, all of which were successfully resisted, entitles this Battalion to His Excellency's special notice, and the Commander in Chief desires that the expression of his highest approbation, may accordingly be communicated to the 1st Battalion 7th Regiment Bombay Native Infantry.

The conduct of Captain Ford and the Brigade under his Command, is also entitled to the Commander in Chief's cordial approbation.

The Commander in Chief desires that Brigadier General Smith will express to the Staff

Staff, the Artillery, His Majesty's 65th Regiment, the Bombay European Regiment, and the whole of the Native Troops employed, his highest approbation of their conduct, which His Excellency will not fail to report in the flattering terms of praise it so justly merits, to His Excellency The Most Noble The Governor General; and the Commander in Chief directs that it be particularly explained to the Native Troops, that their courage and discipline, will be no less the theme of his favorable notice to that high Authority, than their unshaken loyalty and incorruptible fidelity, amidst the most artful and active attempts to seduce them from their duty and allegiance.

The Commander in Chief has now the pleasing duty of publishing to the Army a further instance of the admirable conduct of a detachment of the distinguished Army he has the honor to Command.

Official reports have reached His Excellency from Lieutenant Colonel H. S. Scot, Commanding the Detachment of the 5th Division at Nagpoor, of a most brilliant and decisive action which took place at that Capital, between the British Troops, and the whole of those belonging to His Highness the Rajah of Berar, on the 26th and 27th Ultimo.

The Detachment under the Lieutenant Colonel's Command, previous to the treacherous attack made upon it by a Chief with whom we were on terms of friendly alliance, did not exceed the total amount of thirteen hundred and fifty Rank and File, and with this small and gallant Band, an action of eighteen hours in continuance, was maintained, with a degree of perseverance, determined courage, and unconquerable bravery, which has never on any occasion, been surpassed.

It is a peculiarly gratifying part of the Commander in Chief's duty to offer his most grateful tribute of unqualified praise, and admiration, to Lieutenant Colonel Scot and the Officers and Men of his Detachment, for their excellent conduct upon this memorable occasion; and His Excellency may with truth assert, that there never has occurred, an occasion, where praise has been better earned or more justly merited than this.

The gallant perseverance and devoted courage of the small Brigade of Infantry, consisting of the 1st Battalions of the 20th and 24th Regiments Madras Native Infantry, (weakened by a large proportion of Sick in Hospital) place those Corps in the enviable possession of the applause of their Superiors, and the admiration of their brother Soldiers.

The pressure of the attack was sustained by the 1st Battalion 24th Regiment, and His Excellency feels no common pride and satisfaction, in declaring his most unqualified praise not only of it's gallantry, enterprise, and steadiness, but of the high and honorable feelings, which have since been manifested by the Corps in the unanimous request which has been made, that their original Number in the Army, and Facings, may again be restored, in preference to any reward, which could be conferred upon them, and which His Excellency feels it due to the Corps, to acknowledge through the medium, of this public record, of their distinguished gallantry and brilliant services.

The feelings which have dictated this request are so highly honorable to the character of the Corps, that His Excellency would be guilty of great self-denial, were he to conceal the pride and gratification he will experience in submitting their Petition to the favorable notice of His Excellency The Most Noble The Governor General, and Commander in Chief; and Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, ventures to assure the 1st Battalion 24th Regiment, that His Lordship in considering their Petition will not allow it to diminish their other claims upon his approbation and favourable consideration.

The three Troops of the 6th Regiment Bengal Native Cavalry under Captain Fitzgerald, reinforced by a small Detail of the Madras Body Guard, have established a claim to the highest commendation.—The judgment and decision displayed by Captain Fitzgerald, in seizing the happy moment of attack, will ever speak the highest eulogium on that Officer's professional character and ability;—and the gallantry, and perseverance of this small but formidable Body, place it's merits and services in the most distinguished rank; nor is it too much to add, that the arduous contest which had been supported for 18 hours by the persevering gallantry of the Infantry, was decided by the discipline and enterprize of this gallant Detachment led on by Captain Fitzgerald.

The conduct of the small detachment of Madras Artillery and Pioneers, has been eminently conspicuous, and has added another instance of courage, and discipline, to the well established reputation of the Corps to which they belong.

The

The important results of this Action, speak forcibly the praises of every individual Officer and Soldier engaged, and The Commander in Chief feels that all have an equal title to his grateful approbation, but the fortune of war frequently prevents opportunities, particularly claiming distinction; and His Excellency feels it an imperative duty to record the names of the following Officers, who, with the most honorable zeal, have been so fortunate as to benefit by the favorable occasions which presented themselves during the arduous struggle.

Major MacKenzie, Commanding 1st Battalion 20th Regiment Madras Native Infantry.

Captain Lloyd, Bengal Establishment, Commanding the Resident's Escort.

Captain Fitzgerald, Commanding Detachment 6th Regiment Bengal Cavalry.

Captain Charlesworth, Commanding 1st Battalion 24th Regiment Madras Native Infantry.

Lieutenant Jenkins, Bengal Establishment, Commanding Nagpore Battalion.

Lieutenant Maxwell, Commanding Detachment Madras Artillery; and Cornet Smith, 6th Regiment Bengal Cavalry.

The pleasing duty Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop has had to perform, of publishing his sentiments of approbation, and thanks to this gallant Detachment, equally imposes upon him, the melancholy duty, of paying a just tribute to the memory of those who have gloriously fallen on this memorable occasion.

The severe loss in Killed, and Wounded, is a subject of deep regret; but it will be a considerable consolation to the relations, and friends, of those brave Men who have fallen, to remember that they have died in the most devoted and honorable struggle for the interests of their Country, and the glory of her Arms, and that their memory will be handed down to posterity, with honor, and grateful respect.

The following are the names of the Officers who have fallen.

Captain Sadler, Commanding 1st Battalion 24th Regiment Madras Native Infantry.

Lieutenant and Adjutant Grant, 1st Battalion 24th Regiment Madras Native Infantry.

Lieutenant Clarke, 1st Battalion 20th Regiment Madras Native Infantry.

Assistant Surgeon Niven, unattached.

The sufferings of the families of the Native Corps during the Action, were unavoidably great; and many, it is deeply feared, have perished from their exposed situation, and the inveterate cruelty of the Enemy —The Commander in Chief deeply deplores this melancholy event, and assures the Native Army, that the Widows, and Orphans, left destitute, shall have his immediate attention and consideration, and that he will recommend them in the strongest terms, to the generous protection of Government, which is ever watchful to reward merit, and relieve the wants, and distresses, of it's faithful Soldiers.

Lieutenant Colonel Scot will be pleased, immediately to form a Committee of experienced Officers, to ascertain the persons who have a claim to Pensions, &c. &c. and will lose no time in transmitting the proceedings to the Adjutant General of the Army.

G. O. C. C. 22d December 1817.

His Excellency, Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart. Commander in Chief of the Army of the Deckan, congratulates the Divisions under his personal Command, upon the glorious and important results of the Action yesterday, with the Army of Mulhar Rao Holkar.

The expectations which his Excellency had formed of the gallantry, zeal and discipline of this Army, were, if possible, more than realized; and while His Excellency witnessed with the highest feelings of admiration, the zeal and ardour of the Officers and Troops, he had no less reason to be proudly gratified with their persevering steadiness, and exemplary discipline, under a most destructive, and well directed fire from nearly 70 pieces of Cannon.

The intrepidity and courage of the Troops, cannot be better described, than in the simple fact, that in less than two hours after the arrival of the Head of the Column at the Ford of the Soopra, where the Enemy had taken post, the passage of the River was effected, the enemy completely driven from their numerous Artillery, and every Gun left in our possession. The

The conduct of the Light Artillery Brigade under the Command of Captain Rudyerd, covered by the Rocket Troop, was such only as the Commander in Chief expected, but His Excellency could not fail to be particularly struck by the admirable coolness, and steadiness, with which the Battery passed the River, and took up it's position within point-blank Shot of the Enemy's Guns, and to it's well directed fire and promptness in opening it, too much praise cannot be given. His Excellency laments that this valuable Corps, should unavoidably have sustained so severe a cannonade, by which, at one time the whole of its guns were disabled.

The Charge of the 1st and 2d Brigades of Cavalry under Lieutenant Colonel Russell, and Major Lushington, consisting of the Detachment of His Majesty's 22d Light Dragoons under Captain Vernon, the 3d Regiment Cavalry under Lieutenant Clubley, the 4th Regiment Cavalry under Lieutenant Maquay, and the 8th Regiment Cavalry under Captain Martin, flanked by the Sillidar Horse under Captain Grant, was most judiciously timed, and admirably executed.

The steadiness of the Foot Artillery Battery under Lieutenant Bennet, was highly conspicuous, and the well chosen position which it occupied, to cover the Troops crossing the River, and to enfilade the enemy's Artillery, was highly creditable.

The advance of the Light Brigade under Major Bowen gave every possible effect in driving off the enemy's Horse, and Skirmishers, from the Bank of the River, where the Army was to form, and left on the mind of the Commander in Chief, the most lasting impressions, of the undaunted valour and unquestionable utility of those valuable Corps.

The order and regularity with which the 1st Brigade of Infantry under Lieutenant Colonel Scot, passed the River and formed for the attack of the Enemy's Guns, was a strong example of coolness, and discipline, and the promptitude with which this Brigade moved forward to attack the left of the Enemy's Batteries, has impressed the Commander in Chief, with the highest sentiments of admiration; and His Excellency must here notice, the undaunted gallantry, with which the Charge was made upon the Guns under the conduct and direction of Brigadier General Sir John Malcolm, K. C. B &c. &c. in which decisive blow the intrepid courage and animated zeal of the Flank Companies of His Majesty's Royal Scots under Captain Hulme, the Madras European Regiment under Major Andrews, 2d Battalion 14th Regiment Native Infantry under Major Ives, the Rifle Corps under Major Snow, the 1st Battalion 3d or Palamcottah Light Infantry under Major Knowles, and 1st Battalion 16th Regiment under Captain Cuffley, were so nobly and eminently displayed.

The Commander in Chief cannot omit to notice in the most favourable terms the 1st Battalion 14th Regiment under Major Smith, which supported the attack with the most ardent zeal and steadiness.

The advance of the 2d Brigade under Lieutenant Colonel M'Dowell, to turn the right of the Enemy's position, was conducted with the utmost order and promptitude; and the Commander in Chief notices, in the highest terms of praise, the steadiness, courage and discipline of the 2d Battalion 6th Regiment Native Infantry under Major Moodie, and the Russell Brigade in the regular Service of His Highness the Nizam, under Captain Hare.

The conduct of the Corps of Pioneers under Captain M'Craith, was highly meritorious and essentially useful.

The general conduct of the whole of the Artillery under the able direction of Major Noble, C. B. reflects the highest credit upon that Officer, to whom the thanks and praise of the Commander in Chief, are particularly due upon this occasion.

The Commander in Chief would be desirous, were it possible within the limits of a General Order, to enumerate the name of every Individual, to whom some peculiarly favorable opportunity may have been afforded of performing some distinct instance of eminent service, but where such essentially important services have been achieved by the combined valour and discipline of the whole, he feels it his duty to offer to all his grateful sense of their display of those qualities in a form, which every Individual will equally participate.

The Commander in Chief would not, however, feel himself justified, were he to omit his warmest thanks and acknowledgments to Brigadier General Sir John Malcolm, K. C. B. for the important assistance he derived throughout the day from that Officer's judgment, experience and personal exertions, in conducting the assault on the left of the Enemy's line; in like manner to Lieutenant Colonels R. Scot and A. M'Dowell, Commanding the 1st and 2d Brigades of Infantry of the Line; to Lieutenant Colonel Russell, Commanding the 1st Cavalry Brigade; to Major Bowen,

Commanding

Commanding the Light Infantry Brigade; and to Major Knowles who succeeded to that Brigade on Major Bowen being wounded; to Major Lushington, Commanding the 2d Cavalry Brigade, and Major Noble, c. B. Commanding the Artillery, the Commander in Chief's acknowledgments, and thanks, are due; as likewise to

Major Smith, Commanding the 1st Battalion 14th Regiment N. I.
" Andrews, Commanding the Madras European Regiment.
" Moodie, Commanding the 2d Battalion 6th Regiment N. I.
" Ives, Commanding the 2d Battalion 14th Regiment N. I.
" Snow, Commanding Rifle Corps.
Captain Grant, Commanding the Contingent of the Allies.
" Cuffley, Commanding the 1st Battalion 16th Regiment or T. L. I.
" Walker, Commanding the 1st Battalion 3d Regiment or P. L. I.
" Rudyerd, Commanding Horse Artillery.
" Vernon, Commanding a Squadron H. M. 22d Light Dragoons.
" Hulme, Commanding Flank Companies H. M. Royal Scots.
" M'Cruith, Commanding 1st Battalion Pioneers.
" Martin, Commanding 8th Regiment Cavalry.
Lieut. Bennett, Commanding Foot Artillery.
" Macquay, Commanding 4th Regiment Cavalry.
" Clubley, Commanding 3d Regiment Cavalry.
Captain Hare, Commanding Russell Brigade.
" Laridè, Commanding 1st Battalion Russell Brigade.
Lieut. James Currie, Commanding 2d Battalion Russell Brigade.
" Sotheby, Commanding Artillery Russell Brigade.

To the Officers of the General Staff, Lieutenant Colonels Conway and Blacker, Adjutant and Quarter Master Generals of the Army respectively, and Lieutenant Colonel Morison, Commissary General, to Lieutenant Colonel MacGregor Murray and the Honorable Lieutenant Colonel Stanhope, Deputy Adjutant and Deputy Quarter Master Generals of His Majesty's Troops, and the other Officers of the General Staff, also to the Officers of his Personal Staff, the Commander in Chief's obligations for their important services during the Action fought yesterday, can never be effaced from his memory.

The Commander in Chief also requests that Major Agnew, Deputy Adjutant General of the Army, who was immediately attached to his person throughout the Action, will accept his warmest thanks for the services he rendered to him on the occasion.

His Excellency desires also to express his best thanks to Lieutenant John Scott, Assistant Adjutant General of the Army, for the able manner in which he has conducted the Intelligence Department at Head Quarters.

The Commander in Chief cannot conclude this Order without expressing to the Army the deep regret he feels that the glorious and decisive Victory they have to boast, has cost their Country and the Service, the lives of so many gallant Officers and Soldiers.

The names of Lieutenant Coleman, Madras European Regiment, Lieutenant M'Leod, His Majesty's Royal Scots, and Lieutenant Glen, 1st Battalion 3d, or Pallamcottah Light Infantry, and the brave Soldiers who gallantly fell in Action, will long be remembered by His Excellency and the Army with mingled feelings of pride and regret; and His Excellency anxiously trusts that the wounded Officers, and Men, will soon be restored to the exercise of their professional duties, and the enjoyment of their health, to which event the Commander in Chief looks with the more confidence from the zeal, ability, and humane attention of Mr. Superintending Surgeon Annesley and the Officers of the Medical Staff, to whom, and to the superintending care of their Commanding Officers, His Excellency confides them.

Mr. Superintending Surgeon Annesly will accept the Commander in Chief's best acknowledgments for the able arrangements he has made, and for the prompt assistance he afforded to the wounded.

Extra Batta to be issued immediately to all the European Troops in Camp, on the occasion of the Victory gained over the Army of Muthar Rao Holkar by the Divisions of the Army of the Deckan under His Excellency the Commander in Chief's personal Command, and a Zeeafut of one Rupee per Man to be drawn immediately on Abstract from the Paymaster, by Officers Commanding Corps and Detachments, for each Fighting Man, European and Native.

Returns from Officers Commanding Brigades and Detachments, of the Killed, Wounded,

Wounded, and Missing in the Action of yesterday,—as also of the Trophies, and Prisoners, taken from the Enemy, must be sent to the Adjutant General immediately.

The Commandant of Artillery will likewise send in a Return of the Ordnance and Military Stores captured.

G. O. C. C. 8TH JANUARY 1818.

The Commander in Chief is happy in being able to publish to the Army, the Capitulation of the City of Nagpoor on the 30th Ultimo, to the 2d Division, and a Detachment of the 5th Division of the Army of the Deckan, under the Command of Brigadier General Doveton.

G. O. C. C. 11TH JANUARY 1818.

The Commander in Chief took occasion, on the 14th Ultimo, to express his sentiments of admiration, and applause, of the conduct of the Troops lately engaged, with the Enemy at Poonah, and at Nagpoor, as also his deep regret, at the loss of those Officers and Men, who had fallen on those brilliant occasions; but, it remains for His Excellency to express his sorrow, at the fate of some other Officers, who have unfortunately fallen into the hands of a desperate, and cruel Enemy.

Captain Vaughan of the 15th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, accompanied by his Brother, a Cadet, just arrived in the Country, being on their way from Bombay to Seroor, travelling unprotected, in the confidence of profound peace, were surprized at the Village of Tully Gaum, by a Party of the Peishwa's Troops, and cruelly murdered, and the Commander in Chief, while he deplores an event, so shocking to humanity, and all civilization, cannot but execrate the perpetrators of this barbarous proceeding, and trust that their punishment may not be long delayed.

Cornet Francis Hunter of the 1st, and Cornet James Morison of the 2d Regiment Cavalry, travelling near Poonah, were intercepted on the 5th November last, by a strong Party of the Peishwa's Troops, both Cavalry and Infantry, and have also fallen into the hands of the Enemy, after a gallant defence, with a Party consisting only of one Havildar and twelve Sepoys, several of whom, were killed and wounded.

Having taken post in a Choultry, and made a breastwork of their Baggage, those Officers defended themselves, with honorable perseverance, against a vast superiority of numbers, for several hours, nor did they surrender until the ammunition being expended, the Enemy had got to the top of the Building which they occupied, and fired upon them, through holes made in the roof, when further resistance was evidently unavailing.

It is due to these Officers to record, that, although offered before the Attack, the means of a safe conduct, to the British Camp at Poonah, they declined availing themselves of an advantage, by which their Followers, who had claims to their protection, could not also benefit.

This occurrence, while it evinces what may be done, even, with a handful of disciplined Troops, over a numerous irregular Enemy, shews also the injury which the Public Service may suffer, at any critical moment, by a failure of ammunition, and His Excellency embraces this opportunity to order, that no Guard shall in future be detached from it's Corps, on *any* service beyond the Frontier, without it's full proportion of spare ammunition, the want of which, in the instance above detailed, having forced two brave young Officers to surrender, in a situation, where perhaps they might otherwise have maintained themselves, until relieved.

The loss of the Enemy, was more than four times the original number of this small Party, and the Commander in Chief, in desiring that his approbation may be expressed to the Sepoys who have survived, has also to express his hope, that Cornets Hunter and Morison, may at no distant period be restored, to liberty, and the Service,

vice, an object which His Excellency will not fail to endeavour, by every means, to accomplish.

G. O. G. 4th February 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having received from The Most Noble The Governor General, the printed Copy of a Letter from the Medical Officer in charge of the Native Field Hospital with the Centre Division of the Grand Army, relative to the treatment of the alarming Epidemic, which lately visited the Army, in it's course through the Provinces subject to the Presidency of Fort William; and His Excellency having expressed a wish for the speedy diffusion of this little Tract, as a means of averting much misery and distress:—The same is published for general information.

My Dear Sir,

In compliance with your request to give you instructions for the treatment of the disease which prevails in Camp, from the circumstance of your being frequently detached from the Army without medical assistance, I give you a Statement with much pleasure.

The symptoms are as follows: Violent vomiting and purging of watery matter, spasmodic cramp in the extremities extending to the abdominal and muscles of the chest, a collapsed countenance, the pupil and the white of the eye covered with a thick film, a suffusion of blood and turgidity of their vessels, the eye at length sinks into it's socket and immediately becomes fixed.—The extremities now become cold, and the pulse is not to be felt, and indeed the energy and action of the heart are considerably diminished.

The first man, I saw thus affected, was treated with 3 grains of Calomel and a quarter of a grain of Opium every two hours with frequent draughts of Brandy and Water, and other stimulants, the man died and I opened him on the same evening.

I found the stomach partly filled with muddy water, the bowels were empty and considerably inflated with air, hardly any bile in the gall bladder, none in the biliary ducts, there was general inflammation of the bowels, liver, stomach, and lungs.

These were indications to follow a directly opposite mode of treatment. Consequently, on assuming charge of the Native Hospital for the reception of Camp Followers, and Public Establishments, on the 16th of this month, one hundred and ten patients were admitted with the symptoms I have described.

I immediately gave to each patient 15 grains of Calomel, which I dropped on the tongue and washed it down with 60 drops of Laudanum and 20 drops of Peppermint, in 2 ounces of water.

Before I go further, it will be necessary to mention to you, that Laudanum in a large dose of 60 drops is not a stimulant but a sedative, whereas Laudanum from 15 drops to 20 and 30 is a stimulant, the former produces sound sleep, removes spasm and irritability, whilst the latter excites considerable uneasiness and convulsive startings.

It will appear the more remarkable to you when I also mention that the variation of a dose of Calomel has the same effects.

Calomel in a dose from 5, 8, to 10 grains excites lassitude, sickness, irritation of the bowels, and, on account of it's being a stimulant, acts as a good purgative, but Calomel in a dose from 15 grains to 20 is a sedative, allays vomiting, removes spasm, sends the patient to sleep, and produces one or two motions.

You will now observe on what principle I treated my patients, not on a plan of giving powerful stimulants, but on one which at once removes the irritability and spasm, composes the stomach and the bowels, produces sleep and tranquillity of the mind, excites the secretion of the liver, and prevents the progress of inflammation.

On the second day it was indeed a consolatary sight to observe the wonderful change.

The vomiting and the purging had stopped, the spasms removed with general moisture on the skin, they had experienced sound sleep, and the pulse had returned to the wrist.

I now gave 30 grains of Jalap which effected one or two bilious motions.—Of one hundred and ten men I only lost two, and those were decrepid aged men, in whom the

the vital energies were at once extinguished,—the remaining one hundred and eight I had the good fortune to see all recover.

In the treatment of Europeans, however, I should strongly recommend copious bleeding, and never less than 20 grains of Calomel with 60 drops of Laudanum and 20 drops of Peppermint in 2 ounces of water, and, on the spasm attacking the abdomen, the application of a large blister.

Should the blister fail in drawing and the blood not flow from the veins, immersion in the warm bath will have the most beneficial effects. Should the warm bath not be procurable, warm frictions and pots of warm water thrown over the patient will produce an equally favourable result in bringing about the re-action of the circulating system.

When the purging and vomiting are incessant, as well as violent, we ought never to be alarmed in giving as far as 80 drops of laudanum with 20 drops of Peppermint, and 20 grains of Calomel, and injecting 40 drops of Laudanum in Conjee by Enema.

A few hours determines the safety of the patient, therefore those few hours must not be lost in an undetermined manner and by small and useless doses.

After the first shock is over, that is, after three or four hours, if there's much spasm and irritability remaining, the dose of Calomel and draught must be repeated, the patient will then fall into sound sleep and awaken nearly recovered.

The after treatment will only be to keep the bowels regularly open with Calomel and Jalap, and to give occasionally 60 drops of Laudanum to promote sleep. It is however to be remembered, that it would be an error and do considerable harm to bleed in persons who are weak, worn down by disease, and aged.

The most urgent symptoms in this disease are violent thirst and dreadful sensations of burning heat in the bowels and pit of the stomach; the frequent and lamentable calls for cold water should never be satisfied, for I observed many unfortunate Camp Followers who had died in the act of drinking. I therefore gave warm Conjee, and by the means of Sentries prevented any water being taken into the Hospital.

Hiccough is not a dangerous symptom in this disease, for there was hardly a patient recovered without suffering this spasmodic irritability.

I am of opinion that unless a patient takes these remedies within 6 hours after the attack, the case is hopeless, at least I only recovered ten patients with the regular form of the disease after a greater lapse of time; and in those the symptoms were peculiarly mild.

It is of the greatest importance to bear in mind the necessity of giving Calomel in powder instead of pills, for I have known many instances where pills were passed through the patient in the same state and form they were taken into the stomach. This point therefore is of such high importance, that, in Fever, Dysentery, but above all, in this complaint, by which a patient is carried off in 12, at farthest 30 hours after the attack, from which circumstance it becomes necessary to affect the system immediately, otherwise if this point should be overlooked, the chief object in the operation of the Medicine may be frustrated and the patient lost.

It is on this principle I recommend Laudanum in preference to Opium, one is directly active in it's operation, but the other has to undergo the process of dissolving, or perhaps never dissolving passes through the system in the same state it was taken into the stomach without producing any effect whatever.

I am so convinced of what I now assert and recommend, that for these last three years I have never once used any Medicine in the form of pills. And I look back to the day when I first discovered this error in practice as one great improvement in the treatment of acute diseases.

Reading over the foregoing I find I have neglected to mention the use of Peppermint in co-operation with Laudanum, the reason I prescribed it was, from it's known good qualities in expelling air from inflated bowels and stomach, and I have always found it have that effect in the most desirable manner.

That this disease is not infectious, I am perfectly convinced. All my attendants upon the sick have escaped the disease, and I have more particularly at all hours of the day and night respired the atmosphere of a crowded Hospital with impunity.

But I fancy there have been a combination of causes, perhaps one of the principal was the sudden changes of atmospherical temperature, for I never knew the Thermometer vary so much as it has this season.

In the morning at day break it stood at 52° and at one o'clock 96°—a variation of 44 degrees in 6 hours and a half.

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I must beg leave however to decline at present entering into the causes of this disease, from recent investigation and circumstances it has put on more the appearance of being Epidemic, than it did on the commencement; but as I have leisure I trust I shall be able to correct any errors in this Letter, which is written during the pressure of other business.

Believe me,
My Dear Sir,
Your's Faithfully,
(Signed) FREDERICK CORBYN,
Assistant Surgeon, in charge of the Native Hospital, Centre Division of the Army.

CAMP ERITCH,
November 26, 1817.

G. O. C. C. 14TH JANUARY 1818.

Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, feels the highest gratification, in publishing to the Army under his Command, the following General Order, by His Excellency The Most Noble The Governor General and Commander in Chief of all the Forces, expressive of His Lordship's sentiments on the occasion of their distinguished conduct, and gallantry, in the memorable Action of the 21st December.

GENERAL ORDER, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

CAMP, OOCHAR, *January* 1, 1818.

The Official Details of the splendid Victory, obtained by His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, on the 21st December, over the Army of Mulhar Rao Holkar, having been received, the sincerest congratulations of the Governor General and Commander in Chief of all the Forces, are offered to His Excellency on the important service, which his zeal, his valour, and his professional ability, have rendered to the Honorable Company, and to his Country.

The decision with which Sir Thomas Hislop resolved, to consider Holkar as an Enemy, and to disperse his Army, is regarded by His Lordship as most just, and expedient. The leaving that Army in an attitude of distinct hostility, while the Ministers of Holkar, were endeavouring to gain time, by unmeaning negociations, would have been deeply injurious to the public interest.

His Excellency is requested to impart to Brigadier General Sir John Malcolm, His Lordship's warm applause, of the ardour, and intrepidity, with which that Officer led the attack on the Enemy's principal Battery. Such an example, could not but infuse invincible spirit into the Troops.

The particular acknowledgments of His Lordship to Officers, must be guided by the specification which their immediate Commander has made; therefore, to each of those individuals Sir Thomas Hislop is entreated to profess, His Lordship's cordial adoption of the sentiments proclaimed by His Excellency.

Finally, The Governor General and Commander in Chief desires, that his praise and thanks may be communicated to all Ranks of the Army, for the admirable exertion which appears to have been made by every description under His Excellency Sir Thomas Hislop's Command.

By Command of His Excellency The Governor General.
(Signed) J. ADAM,
Secretary to the Governor General.

In reference to His Lordship's desire, as conveyed in the 4th Paragraph, of the foregoing record, the Lieutenant General informs the Army, that independently of the sentiments of applause, and admiration, which he had the pleasing duty of promulgating, in his General Order of the 22d Ultimo, and of which a transcript was forwarded on the following day, for the information of the Governor General and Commander in Chief, he had, at the same time the honour of bringing to His Lordship's particular notice, the names of certain Officers, who were prominent, from their rank, and situation, and from the superior duties they had to perform;—to each of those Officers, therefore, it will be His Excellency's immediate care, in obedience to His Lordship's Commands, to communicate the specific terms, in which their respective services have been acknowledged, and he entreats them, individually to believe, that his sentiments on the occasion, have been dictated, with no less warmth, and

and sincerity, by his own feelings, than they have been adopted with cordiality, by The Most Noble the Governor General.

The Lieutenant General, at the same time, took occasion to state to His Lordship that, having detailed the events of the day, it became unnecessary to dwell upon the conduct of the Troops; that where merit and gallantry were so general, it was impossible, to particularize Corps, or to make distinctions; that every Man had done his duty, and that the whole were entitled to his warmest thanks, and applause.

These sentiments, therefore, His Excellency begs to repeat on the present occasion of conveying The Governor General's thanks and applause to the Army; and the Lieutenant General feels satisfied, that the recorded approbation of The Governor General and Commander in Chief, would be sufficient to stimulate the Officers and Men to continued exertion, were any stimulus necessary to Troops of the description, it is His Excellency's good fortune to Command.

G. O. C. C. 15th January 1818.

His Excellency takes this opportunity of publishing to the Army, that in the General Order of the 22d Ultimo, the name of Lieutenant Spankie, Baggage Master of the Army, was not inserted; an omission entirely arising from the pressure of business, with which His Excellency was at that time occupied: but he desires now, to offer to Lieutenant Spankie, his best thanks and approbation, not only for the manner in which the Department under his charge, has been generally conducted, but particularly for his judicious arrangements, and indefatigable exertions on the 21st Ultimo, to which the Army, is principally indebted for the safety of the Baggage.

G. O. C. C. 18th January 1818.

The Commander in Chief has much satisfaction in announcing to the Army, the receipt on the 15th Instant, of a Duplicate of Dispatches from Brigadier General Doveton, Commanding the 2d Division of the Army of the Deckan, containing the Official Details of that Officer's operations on the 16th Ultimo, against the Troops of the Rajah of Berar, in the vicinity of the City of Nagpoor.

The original Copy of this gratifying communication, never having reached Head Quarters, the Commander in Chief has been hitherto prevented from publishing to the Army, the sentiments of his applause and approbation, which it would have been His Excellency's duty, no less than his inclination, immediately to have conveyed to Brigadier General Doveton, and the gallant Troops under his Command.

The Brigadier General reached Nagpoor, with the Division under his orders, on the 13th Ultimo, after a rapid and fatiguing march, and formed a junction with the Detachment of the 5th Division already there; having refreshed his Troops, during the 14th and 15th, he prepared to attack the Enemy on the morning of the 16th, which was accordingly done, and the manner in which this important service has been achieved, reflects the highest credit, upon the judgment and professional talent of the gallant Officer who commanded, as well as upon the discipline, and determined valour, of the excellent Troops, who so nobly carried into effect, the able, and well judged plans of their General.

The Commander in Chief cordially concurs in the expressions of approbation conveyed in the Brigadier General's Dispatch, of the distinguished conduct, of Lieutenant Colonels M'Leod, Scott, Gahan, M'Keller, and Crosdill, Commanding Brigades; of Major Munt and Captain Western, Commanding Corps of Cavalry; and of Lieutenant Colonels Stewart and Fraser, and Majors Pereira, Pollok, M'Dowall, Weldon, M'Bean, and Garner, Commanding Corps of Artillery and Infantry, as well as to Lieutenants Poggenpohl and Hunter of the Horse Artillery, and to those Officers His Excellency desires to offer his thanks and praise, for their able and gallant exertions, as described by Brigadier General Doveton.

To Major M'Leod, and the Officers of the General Staff, to Captains Morgan and Edmonds

Edmonds on the Personal Staff, of the Brigadier General, and to the other Staff Officers, The Commander in Chief's acknowledgments are most justly due, for their able conduct and zealous exertions in the Action on the 16th December.

His Excellency desires particularly to express the high sense he entertains of the conspicuous exertions, and well directed ability, which have been so eminently displayed in the conduct of Lieutenant Davies, Senior Engineer, to whom he offers his best thanks, and applause.

His Excellency also notices, with feelings of the highest admiration, the conduct of Lieutenant Bayley, who, although labouring under a severe wound, received on the memorable 26th of November, volunteered his services with the Brigadier General, on the 16th Ultimo, and has again proved his well earned title, to the warmest acknowledgments and praises of The Commander in Chief.

The Commander in Chief has also received Dispatches, from Brigadier General Doveton, detailing his operations subsequent to the 16th Ultimo, the successful termination of which on the 30th Ultimo, by the Capitulation of the City of Nagpoor, His Excellency has already had the gratification of announcing to the Army in General Orders of the 8th Instant.

The City, it appears, was defended by 5,000 Hindoostanee Troops and 3,000 Arabs, strongly posted in the Palace of the Rajah, and other Stone Buildings in the Town. The arrangements made by Brigadier General Doveton for their expulsion, and the gallantry, steadiness, and discipline of the Troops, in the attack of the 24th Ultimo, are entitled to the Commander in Chief's grateful acknowledgments, and he desires that the expression of his unqualified praise and approbation of the conduct of the Troops employed, throughout the operations against Nagpoor, may be communicated and particularly explained to them all.

His Excellency in conclusion offers to Brigadier General Doveton, his cordial congratulations upon the success, which has crowned his gallant exertions at Nagpoor, which the Commander in Chief will not fail to bring to the notice of His Excellency The Most Noble The Governor General, in the terms of approbation and applause they have so well merited.

G. O. C. C. 21st January 1818.

It is with feelings of inexpressible gratification, that the Commander in Chief has to announce one of the most heroic, and brilliant achievements, ever recorded in the annals of the Army, which took place at the Village of Corygaum, between Seroor and Poonah, on the 1st Instant.

The official details of this glorious affair, reached the Commander in Chief yesterday, in a Dispatch from Brigadier General Lionel Smith, C. B. Commanding the 2d or Poonah Divison of the Army of the Deckan, and His Excellency is pleased to publish the Brigadier General's Orders, issued on the occasion, that the Army may be placed in full possession of every particular, of an event, displaying so bright, and distinguished an example of devoted courage, and admirable constancy.

Camp near Seroor, *Wednesday, 7th January* 1818.

D. O. BY BRIGADIER GENERAL SMITH.

The Commanding Officer having received the official accounts of an attack made by the Peishwah's Army, on a small Detachment commanded by Captain Staunton of the 2d Battalion 1st Regiment Bombay N. I. at the Village of Corygaum, has great satisfaction in publishing the particulars for general information, and in holding it up to the Force, as one of the most brilliant examples of gallantry and perseverance, recorded in our Indian annals.

This Detachment, consisting of a Detail of Madras Artillery, and 2 six Pounders, the 2d Battalion 1st Regiment about 600 strong, and about 300 Auxiliary Horse, the whole under Captain Staunton, marched from Seroor for Poonah, at 8 P. M. on the 31st December, and reached the heights overlooking Corygaum, about 10 o'clock on the forenoon of the 1st January, from whence the whole of the Peishwah's Army, estimated at 20,000 Horse and several thousand Infantry, were discovered on the Plain south of the Beemah River.

Captain Staunton immediately moved upon the Village of Corygaum, with the intention,

intention of occupying it; and had scarcely succeeded in reaching it with his Detachment, when he was attacked in the most determined manner, by three Divisions of the Peishwah's choicest Infantry, supported by immense bodies of Horse, and the fire of 2 pieces of Artillery.

The Enemy's Troops were stimulated to their utmost exertions, by the presence of the Peishwah on a distant height, attended by the Principal Mahratta Chiefs, who flattered His Highness with the prospect of witnessing the destruction of this gallant handful of British Troops.

The Enemy obtained immediate possession of the strongest parts of the Village, from which it was found impossible to dislodge them, and the possession of the remaining part, was most obstinately contested from noon till 9 P. M. during which time almost every Pagoda, and House, had been repeatedly taken and re-taken, and one of the Guns at one time was in possession of the Enemy.

Towards the close of the evening, the Detachment was placed in a most trying situation:—at this period nearly the whole of the Artillery-men, were killed or wounded, and about one-third of the Infantry, and Auxiliary Horse. The exertions which the European Officers, had been called upon to make, in leading their Men to frequent charges with the Bayonet, had diminished their numbers—Lieutenant Chisholm of the Artillery, and Mr. Assistant Surgeon Wingate, 2d Battalion 1st Regiment, were killed. Lieutenants Swanston, Pattinson, and Connelan, were wounded, leaving only Captain Staunton, Lieutenant Jones, and Mr. Assistant Surgeon Wylie, nearly exhausted, to direct the efforts of the remaining part of the Detachment, who were nearly frantic from the want of water, and the almost unparalleled exertions they had made throughout the day, without any sort of refreshment, after a fatiguing march of 28 miles.

Under cover of the night they were enabled to procure a supply of water, and at 9 P. M. the Enemy were forced to abandon the Village, after sustaining an immense loss, in killed and wounded. The British character was nobly supported throughout the whole of the arduous contest, by the European Officers, and small Detail of Madras Artillery, the Medical Officers who led on the Sepoys to charges with the Bayonet, the nature of the contest not admitting of their attending to their professional duties, and in such a struggle, the presence of a single European was of the utmost consequence, and seemed to inspire the Native Soldiers, with their usual confidence of success.

At day-light on the 2d, the Enemy were still in sight, but did not renew the attack, although it prevented the Troops, whose ammunition was nearly expended, from procuring any supply of provisions.

Captain Staunton, however, made preparations for moving, according to circumstances, and the manner in which that Officer availed himself, of the few resources which remained to him, after such a conflict, to prosecute his march, and bring away the numerous wounded of his Detachment, is highly praiseworthy.

The Detachment moved during the night of the 2d upon Seroor, which they reached at 9 A. M. on the forenoon of the 3d, having had no refreshment from the 31st December.

Captain Staunton brought in nearly the whole of the wounded, and both the Guns, and Colours of the Regiment, which the Enemy had vainly hoped, to present as trophies to the Peishwah.

In concluding these details, the Commanding Officer begs to offer to Captain Staunton, and the whole of the European and Native Commissioned, Non-Commissioned and Privates, engaged at Corygaum, his best thanks for their noble exertions, and exemplary patience, under every species of privation, which he will not fail to bring to the notice of Government, and His Excellency the Commander in Chief.

The Commanding Officer thinks it proper to record, the names of the Officers engaged in this brilliant affair.

Madras Artillery.

Lieutenant Chisholm, killed.
Assistant Surgeon Wylie.

2d Battalion 1st Regiment.

Captain Staunton, Commanding Detachment.
Lieutenant and Adjutant Pattinson, wounded, (since dead.)
" Connelan, wounded.
" Jones, 10th Regiment, doing duty with the 2d Battalion 1st Regiment.
Assistant Surgeon Wingate, killed.

Auxiliary

Auxiliary Horse.

Lieutenant Swanston, Madras Establishment, wounded.

(A true Extract.)

(Signed) H. TOVEY, D. A. General.

The Commander in Chief having published the foregoing Order, in the sentiments of which he most cordially participates, feels unable to do greater justice to the merits of Captain Staunton, and his gallant Detachment; but in conveying to that Officer, and his brave Troops, the expression of his thanks, and highest admiration, His Excellency entreats them to believe, that the distinguished intrepidity, and enduring fortitude, they have so nobly shewn, under circumstances of the most trying privation will, for ever remain deeply impressed on his heart, and be recorded as one of the brightest deeds, in the annals of our Indian history.

It will be His Excellency's most gratifying duty, immediately to bring to the special notice of His Excellency The Most Noble The Governor General and Commander in Chief in India, the particulars of this brilliant and glorious event.

G. O. C. C. 23D JANUARY 1818.

The Commander in Chief has experienced the greatest satisfaction, from visiting the Field Hospital at Mahidpoor; The excellent state of comfort, and cleanliness, in which His Excellency found the sick and wounded Patients, reflects the highest honor on the zealous exertions, able arrangements, and humane attention, which Major Moodie, Commanding at Mahidpoor, has bestowed on this important charge; and no less praise is due to Captain Green, 2d Battalion 6th Regiment, in charge of the Details of Corps, for the indefatigable exertions he has bestowed, in conducting his extensive and important duties.

The appearance of the whole Medical establishment, the comforts, cleanliness, and early progress of the wounded Men, towards recovery, speak most forcibly, the professional ability and unremitting attention bestowed on them, by Mr. Surgeon Stevenson in medical charge, and also of his Assistants Messrs. Boyd and Christie, to whom His Excellency's acknowledgments are also due.

Had any proof been required, beyond the facts which the Commander in Chief witnessed, with such peculiar satisfaction, and applause, of the claims of Mr. Stevenson, as well as of Messrs. Boyd and Christie, to unqualified approbation, none more honorable to their character could be preferred, than the request made by the wounded Patients to His Excellency in the Hospital, "that he would now take care of the Surgeons, who had been so kind and attentive to them," a recommendation emanating from a source, giving it the fullest force, and which will be remembered by the Commander in Chief whenever a favorable opportunity offers.

G. O. G. 28TH JANUARY 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to cancel the 18th Para. Page 16 of the Code of Pay Regulations, and to direct that Native Commissioned and European and Native Non-Commissioned Rank and File, Followers, &c. when ordered to the Presidency to attend the Quarter Sessions, shall in future be considered entitled to Travelling Batta only for proceeding to, and returning from the Presidency.

G. O. C. C. I. 21st February 1818.

*Remarks by His Excellency The Most Noble The Commander in Chief.**

The Commander in Chief notices with regret the extraordinary misconception by which the Court has been guided. In all cases of trial before a General Court Martial, the offence charged is considered as having been committed against Government: because, altho' it's character may have been contumacy or injury towards an Individual, the Crime is stated and prosecuted as a breach of the law or discipline established by the Supreme Power.—The Judge Advocate General, or the Deputy Judge Advocate, is by his office the Prosecutor on the part of Government for the violation it's ordonnances have suffered, and no other Prosecutor is necessary. For the surer furtherance of justice, the individual who has been directly affected in his authority or person by the transgression, is usually allowed to act as Joint Prosecutor. This, however, is a matter of convenience and is not essential to the Proceedings. The representation of the Deputy Judge Advocate to the Court, is therefore regarded by the Commander in Chief as having been perfectly correct; and the inattention of the Court to it is consequently deemed erroneous.

Had the Prisoner imagined that his defence would be benefited by the opportunity of putting questions to Major General Sir Gabriel Martindell, it was competent to him to have required that the Major General should be summoned as a Witness. As it would then have been incumbent on the Court to adjourn till the public service allowed Sir Gabriel Martindell to appear, the principle is manifested which should have prevented the Court from closing it's Proceedings till the means of attending had been given to him, when his evidence was held necessary for the accurate discharge of the duty owed by the Court no less to Government and the Army than to the Prisoner.

Since the decision of the Court amounts to an acquittal, the Commander in Chief will not order a Revisal: But for the reasons assigned, he is obliged to signify his disapprobation of the Proceedings.

By Command. (Signed) C. J. DOYLE, *Lt. Col.*
Military Secretary.

G. O. G. 17th February 1818.

† The Honorable the Court of Directors having in their General Letter in the Military Department, under date the 17th September 1817, directed a Clothing Board to be established at Fort St. George, "to consist of the General Officer on "the Staff at the Presidency, the Commanding Officer of Artillery, and the "Military Auditor General,"—"with a Secretary."—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to constitute a Clothing Board accordingly, which for the present is to be composed of

The Commandant of Artillery, and the Military Auditor General.—The Senior to preside.

It will be the duty of this Board to conduct all the business connected with the Clothing and Half-mounting of the Army, and with the Off-reckoning Fund.

All communications and requisitions from the Clothing Board, are to be promptly attended to and complied with by every individual of the Army.

The unadjusted accounts of the Off-reckoning Fund, with all the documents and records connected therewith, are to be transferred to the Clothing Board for settlement; and all out-standing claims, for whatever period due, shall be forwarded to the Office of their Secretary.

The Governor in Council is further pleased to direct, that all statements regarding advances, appropriations, final adjustments, or other matters connected with the management of the Off-reckoning Fund, are in future to be prepared in the Office of the Clothing Board. The

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* *On the Trial of Lieutenant Colonel Greene, 30th Bengal N. I.*

† *Attention of the Army called to these orders, and all reports regarding Clothing, Stores, &c. to be addressed to the Secretary of the Clothing Board, vide G. O. 25th September 1821, Vol. 4, pages 120.*

The period of closing the annual Off-reckoning accounts having been changed to the 31st of December, the Governor in Council considers it equitable, that a corresponding change should be made in the time of making the prescribed advances to the sharers in the surplus Off-reckonings, and is accordingly pleased to authorize those advances henceforward annually from the 1st January, to accord with the new system.

G. O. G. 17th February 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to cancel Section XXVI of the Code of Regulations, for the guidance of the several Departments of the Military Establishment of Fort St. George,—sanctioned in General Orders by Government under date 11th March 1806.

Indents for Standards or Colours to replace unserviceable articles of this description, instead of being transmitted to the Adjutant General of the Army for his countersignature, are henceforward to be sent to the Military Board, to be disposed of in the same manner as Indents for other equipments, which have been regularly surveyed and condemned.

Indents for the first set of Standards or Colours allowed to Corps are, however, still to be transmitted to the Adjutant General for countersignature, by whom they will afterwards be forwarded to the Military Board, to be regularly disposed of.

In future the Standards and Colours required for Corps will be made by order of the Military Board, and forwarded to their destination through the Arsenal at Fort St. George.

G. O. G. 17th February 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the mode of supplying Puckallies, established by the G. O. 14th April 1812, Paragraph 1, shall not be considered to extend to His Majesty's Troops at Poonamallie; but that in future, followers of that description, when required for the King's Troops proceeding from that Station, shall be supplied on Indent by the Commissariat.

G. O. G. 24th February 1818.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to cancel the 4th Paragraph, Page 73 of the Code of Pay Regulations, and to direct that the established personal allowances of Officers who may hereafter be appointed to officiate temporarily as Deputy Judge Advocates, shall be drawn for the period of the actual Sittings only of the Courts Martial.

The Abstracts in which the staff allowances may be drawn are, in the cases of European Courts Martial, to be supported by a Certificate of the President;—and of Native Courts Martial, by that of the Commanding or Public Staff Officer of the Station, agreeably to the following form:

This is to Certify that the actual period of Sitting of the Court Martial ordered to assemble at (here enter the Station) by G. O. of (here enter the date) and at which Captain A. B. officiated as Deputy Judge Advocate, was (here enter the number of) days.

(Signed) C. D. Colonel and President,
or Commanding, &c. as the case may be.
G. O. C. C.

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* *Further orders authorising an allowance of 4 Rupees per Diem to Officers officiating as Deputy Judge Advocate, vide G. O. 6th December 1819, Vol. 4, page 3.*

G. O. C. C. 14th February 1818.

The Commander in Chief has great satisfaction in noticing the several decisive and important services, performed by the Reserve of the Army of the Deckan, under the Command of Brigadier General Munro, by whose active enterprize, distinguished ability and general experience, the relief of the Fort of Nawlgoond has been effected at a time when the Garrison was severely pressed, and the Forts of Gudduck, Dummull, and Hoobley, have surrendered within a few days to that part of the Reserve immediately under the Brigadier General's Command.

The Force with the Brigadier General could hardly from it's trifling numerical strength, have been expected to achieve, the reduction of Posts so considerable as those abovementioned, but the character of the Leader, animated his small and gallant party and equally contributed to produce the submission of the Enemy.

His Excellency also feels considerable satisfaction in noticing that the Detachment of the Reserve commanded by Brigadier General Pritzler, fell in with a Body of the Enemy's Cavalry, on the 8th and 18th Ultimo, on both which occasions the Enemy was successfully charged and dispersed, by a Detachment of His Majesty's 22d Light Dragoons, and 7th Regiment Cavalry, led on by Major Doveton of the latter Corps.

Under instructions from The Most Noble The Governor General, His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, Commanding the Army of the Deckan, directs that the 3d and 5th Divisions, be from this date struck off the strength of that Army, and will henceforth make all Reports and Communications, to The Most Noble The Governor General and Commander in Chief in India, through the prescribed channels.

His Excellency Sir Thomas Hislop, avails himself of this opportunity of expressing the high opinion he has formed of the distinguished gallantry and discipline of the Troops composing the 3d and 5th Divisions of the Army of the Deckan; and His Excellency requests that Brigadier General Sir John Malcolm, K. C. B. &c. &c. and Lieutenant Colonel Adams, C. B. will accept of his sincere acknowledgments for their distinguished services and cordial exertions and support during the time they have served under his Command.

G. O. C. C. 17th February 1818.

In consequence of the exemplary good conduct of Subadar Mootoo Sawmy of the 2d Battalion 13th Regiment N. I. who while under Suspension volunteered his services, to do duty with his Corps in Action against the Enemy; His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to remit the further period of that Officer's Suspension, and to direct that he be considered as having returned to his duty, and be entitled to draw his Pay from the 16th December 1817, the date of the Action with the Enemy at Nagpoor.

G. O. C. C. 28th February 1818.

His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart. Commander in Chief of the Army of the Deckan, requests, the Officers and Troops engaged yesterday upon the attack of Talnier, will accept his thanks, for their gallant and zealous exertions, during the short but arduous contest.

The professional ability and experience of Major Noble, C. B. Commanding the Artillery, were highly conspicuous, in the judicious application of the very limited means at his disposal for opening a road into the Fort.

The Artillery was most ably served, and it's execution far surpassed what could have been expected to be accomplished with Light Field Pieces.

The Commander in Chief requests that Major Noble, C. B. Captains Rudyerd and M'Intosh, and Brigade Major Bonner of the Artillery, as well as the whole of the Officers, Non-commissioned and Privates of that excellent Corps, will accept his best thanks and acknowledgments, for the valuable services they yesterday performed.

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The Commander in Chief had on this arduous occasion to deem himself most fortunate in experiencing the able, zealous and valuable services of his Aide-de-Camp, Lieutenant Elliot of the Royal Engineers, of which in consequence of the wound he received early in the Battle of the 21st December last, His Excellency had to lament the privation during the remainder of that day.

The services also of Lieutenant Anderson and Ensign Purton of Engineers, were eminently conspicuous, and His Excellency regrets that the wound which Lieutenant Anderson received, should deprive him even for a moment of that Officer's valuable services.

The want of sufficient means to carry on regular operations against the Fort of Talnier, obliged His Excellency The Commander in Chief to rest much on the well known gallantry of his Troops, on which he had the fullest reason, from previous experience, to rely, and his expectations were as usual most fully realized.

His Excellency regrets that this Army and their Country in general, should have to lament the loss of such distingnished Officers and valuable Men, as Major Gordon and Captain Macgregor of His Majesty's Royal Scots, the former Commanding the Storming Party (which consisted of the Flank Companies of His Majesty's Royal Scots under Captain Hulme, and of the Madras European Regiment under Captain Maitland), and the latter Commanding the Grenadiers of His Majesty's Royal Scots.

Major Gordon and Captain Macgregor fell gloriously at the head of the gallant Storming Party, almost at the moment when their intrepidity and courage had achieved the object of the attack.

To Major Knowles, who with the Rifle Corps, the 3d Light Infantry, and the Picquets supported the attack, the Commander in Chief offers his cordial acknowledgments, for the zeal, decision and intelligence which distinguish that Officer upon all occasions; and His Excellency also requests that Major Snow, Commanding the Rifle Corps, will receive his high approbation of his own exemplary conduct and of the useful services of his Corps.

The Commander in Chief also notices with high satisfaction, the good conduct and discipline of the 1st Battalion 3d Regiment Light Infantry under Captain Agnew, and the Picquets on duty under Captain Cuffley of the 16th Light Infantry.

The conduct of the Pioneers during the whole of their arduous duties in the attack of yesterday, was such as to call forth the highest approbation of the Commander in Chief, and His Excellency offers to Captain M'Craith, Commanding the Pioneers, his warmest acknowledgments for his own distinguished and exemplary conduct, as well as to the whole of the Officers, Non-Commissioned and Privates of his Corps.

His Excellency anxiously trusts that he shall not be long deprived of the valuable services of the Officers and Men who were wounded in the attack, and he assures that gallant and distinguished Officer, Lieutenant Colonel Macgregor Murray, Deputy Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces, and Captain O'Brien, Assistant Adjutant General, as well as Lieutenant Anderson of Engineers, Lieutenant Macgregor, His Majesty's Royal Scots, and Ensign Chauvel, 1st Battalion 2d Regiment N. I. of his most earnest solicitude for their early recovery.

The conduct of Lieutenant Colonel Conway, Adjutant General of the Army, and the unceasing and energetic display of that Officer's personal courage, and able arrangements throughout the day were such, as His Excellency well knew, from former experience, that he should derive the greatest benefit from; Sir Thomas Hislop begs the Lieutenant Colonel to accept of his warmest thanks, for the great aid he has on the present occasion received from him.

The judicious and accurate reconnoissances made by Lieutenant Colonel Blacker, Quarter Master General of the Army, and the ability and gallantry of that Officer, in conducting the important arrangements of his department, during the operations of yesterday, were such also as to entitle him to His Excellency's warmest thanks and acknowledgments.

Sir Thomas Hislop desires also to offer his best thanks to Lieutenant Colonel The Honorable L. Stanhope, who with Lieutenant Colonel Murray accompanied the Flank Companies of His Majesty's Royal Scots on the Storm, for his gallantry and conduct on this occasion; and to Major Hugh Scott, Military Secretary, and every Officer of the General, Personal and Divisional Staff, His Excellency tenders his warmest acknowledgments for the display of that energy and promptitude, for which on this, as on former occasions, they have been distinguished.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 17th March 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that in all cases when a Troop of Dragoons or Company of European Infantry shall be detached on service, that one two poled Native Tent be supplied as Hospital accommodation, in addition to the Camp Equipage allotted by the existing Regulations for a Detachment of the above strength.

The Governor in Council is further pleased to direct that, when a Company of Artillery is detached on service, two two poled Native Tents be supplied as Hospital accommodation; and that in the event of any Detachment, equal to half a Company, being made therefrom, it shall be furnished with one of them for the same purpose.

G. O. G. 24th March 1818.

The Medical Officer stationed at Manantoddy is directed to afford medical aid to the Police and Revenue Servants in Wynaud; and will draw, on account of Country Medicines, &c. the usual allowance of five Pagodas for every hundred Men.

G. O. C. C. 8th April 1818.

Remarks.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief has approved and confirmed the Finding and Sentence of the foregoing Court Martial, it is however necessary to observe an irregularity which appears on the face of the Proceedings. When more Prisoners than one shall be tried by the same Court Martial, it is ordered that the Court shall be resworn at the commencement of each trial, the attention of all Officers who may be appointed to act in the capacity of Judge Advocate in future is directed thereto.

In consideration of the distinguished gallantry, and firm attachment so recently displayed by the Native Army under this Presidency, together with the length of service, good character and the appearance on the proceedings of unintentional error on the part of the Prisoner, the Lieutenant General remits the punishment awarded Subadar Maun Sing Amber Sing of the 2d Battalion 9th Regiment N. I. and directs that he be released from arrest and return to his duty.

G. O. G. 31st March 1818.

1. * The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish for the information and guidance of the Army, in reference to the Proclamation of the 7th January last, establishing a new Currency for this Presidency, the annexed Tables of Pay and Allowances from No. 1 to 7 for His Majesty's Troops, and from No. 1 to to 20 for the Honorable Company's Troops, which are to be substituted for those of the same number and description in the Code of Pay Regulations now in force.

2. All Bills and Abstracts payable on, or after, the 1st of May next, and all Accounts of Paymasters, the Commissariat, and other Accountants in the Military Department commencing with the official year 1818-19, are to be compiled in the new Currency: and the Military Auditor General is not on any account to pass a claim not made in Arcot Rupees, unless in cases of specific engagements of the Honorable Company which may require payment in a different Coin. 3. It

* *Further Tables published, vide G. O. 9th June 1818, Vol. 3, page 360.*

3. It is to be understood, in reference to the 37th Paragraph, Page 307 of the Code of Pay Regulations, that as the annexed Pay Tables are framed on the principle of giving to every class an equivalent in the new Coinage for the amount to which they were entitled in the old, no difference of exchange will prevail in future in the payment of subsistence to the Army.

HIS MAJESTY'S TROOPS.

No. 1.

Table of Pay to the Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers, Privates, &c. of His Majesty's Regiments of Light Dragoons.

Rank.	English Currency.						Madras Currency.					
	Pay for 1 day.			Pay for 30 days.			Pay for 1 day.			Pay for 30 days.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Colonel	1	12	10	49	5	0	14	5	10	430	15	0
Lieutenant Colonel	1	3	0	34	10	0	10	1	0	301	14	0
Major	0	19	3	28	17	6	8	6	9	252	10	6
Captain	0	14	7	21	17	6	6	6	1	191	6	6
Lieutenant	0	9	0	13	10	0	3	15	0	118	2	0
Cornet	0	8	0	12	0	0	3	8	0	105	0	0
Paymaster	0	15	0	22	10	0	6	9	0	196	14	0
Adjutant	0	10	0	15	0	0	4	6	0	131	4	0
Quarter Master (Regimental)	0	8	0	12	0	0	3	8	0	105	0	0
Do. (Troop)	0	5	6	8	5	0	2	6	6	72	3	0
Surgeon	0	11	4	17	0	0	4	15	4	148	12	0
Assistant Surgeon on Foreign Stations	0	7	6	11	5	0	3	4	6	98	7	0
Assistant Surgeon in time of Peace	0	5	0	7	10	0	2	3	0	65	10	0
Veterinary Surgeon	0	8	0	12	0	0	3	8	0	105	0	0
Volunteer	0	1	3	1	17	6	0	8	9	16	6	6
Serjeant Major of the Regiment	0	3	6	5	5	0	1	8	6	45	15	0
Troop Serjeant Major	0	3	0	4	10	0	1	5	0	39	6	0
Serjeant	0	2	2	3	5	0	0	15	2	28	7	0
Corporal after 17 years service	0	1	9½	2	13	9	0	12	6	23	8	3
Do. after 10 years do.	0	1	8½	2	11	3	0	11	11	22	6	9
Do. under 10 years do.	0	1	7½	2	8	9	0	11	4	21	5	3
Trumpeter	0	1	7	2	7	6	0	11	1	20	12	6
Hautbois	0	1	6	2	5	0	0	10	6	19	11	0
Dragoons after 17 years service	0	1	5	2	2	6	0	9	11	18	9	6
Do. do. 10 years do.	0	1	4	2	0	0	0	9	4	17	8	0
Do. under 10 years do.	0	1	3	1	17	6	0	8	9	16	6	6

HIS

HIS MAJESTY'S TROOPS.

No. 2.

Table of Pay to the Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers, Privates, &c. of His Majesty's Regiments of Infantry.

Rank.	English Currency. Pay for 1 day. £. s. d.	English Currency. Pay for 30 days. £. s. d.	Madras Currency. Pay for 1 day. R. A. P.	Madras Currency. Pay for 30 days. R. A. P.
Colonel	1 2 6	33 15 0	9 13 6	295 5 0
Lieutenant Colonel	0 15 11	23 17 6	6 15 5	208 14 6
Major	0 14 1	21 2 6	6 2 7	184 13 6
Captain	0 9 5	14 2 6	4 1 11	123 9 6
Lieutenant	0 5 8	8 10 0	2 7 8	74 6 0
Ensign	0 4 8	7 0 0	2 0 8	61 4 0
Paymaster	0 15 0	22 10 0	6 9 0	196 14 0
Adjutant	0 8 0	12 0 0	3 8 0	105 0 0
Quarter Master	0 5 8	8 10 0	2 7 8	74 6 0
Surgeon	0 9 5	14 2 6	4 1 11	123 9 6
Assistant Surgeon on Foreign Stations	0 7 6	11 5 0	3 4 6	98 7 0
Assistant Surgeon in time of Peace	0 5 0	7 10 0	2 3 0	65 10 0
Volunteer	0 1 0	1 10 0	0 7 0	13 2 0
Serjeant Major	0 3 0	4 10 0	1 5 0	39 6 0
Quarter Master Serjeant	0 2 6	3 15 0	1 1 6	32 13 0
Colour Serjeant	0 2 4	3 10 0	1 0 4	30 10 0
Serjeant	0 1 10	2 15 0	0 12 10	24 1 0
Corporal after 14 years Service	0 1 6	2 5 0	0 10 6	19 11 0
Do. after 7 years Do.	0 1 5	2 2 6	0 9 11	18 9 6
Do. under 7 years Do.	0 1 4	2 0 0	0 9 4	17 8 0
Drummer or Fifer	0 1 1¾	1 14 4	0 8 0	15 0 7
Private after 14 years Service	0 1 2	1 15 0	0 8 2	15 5 0
Do. after 7 years Do.	0 1 1	1 12 6	0 7 7	14 3 6
Do. under 7 years Do.	0 1 0	1 10 0	0 7 0	13 2 0
Boy	0 0 10	1 5 0	0 5 10	10 15 0

No. 3.

Table of Gratuity to the Commissioned Officers in His Majesty's Regiments of Light Dragoons and Infantry.

		1 day. R. A. P.	28 days. R. A. P.	29 days. R. A. P.	30 days. R. A. P.	31 days. R. A. P.
Light Dragoons.	Captain	1 5 0	36 12 0	38 1 0	39 6 0	40 11 0
	Lieutenant	0 14 0	24 8 0	25 6 0	26 4 0	27 2 0
	Cornet	0 7 0	12 4 0	12 11 0	13 2 0	13 9 0
	Paymaster	1 5 0	36 12 0	38 1 0	39 6 0	40 11 0
	Adjutant	0 14 0	24 8 0	25 6 0	26 4 0	27 2 0
	Quarter Master	0 7 0	12 4 0	12 11 0	13 2 0	13 9 0
	Surgeon	1 5 0	36 12 0	38 1 0	39 6 0	40 11 0
	Asst. Surg. on Foreign Stations	0 14 0	24 8 0	25 6 0	26 4 0	27 0 0
	Asst. Surg. in time of Peace	0 14 0	24 8 0	25 6 0	26 4 0	27 0 0
Infantry.	Captain	1 5 0	36 12 0	38 1 0	39 6 0	40 11 0
	Lieutenant	0 9 5	16 7 8	17 1 1	17 10 6	18 3 11
	Ensign	0 2 4	4 1 4	4 3 8	4 6 0	4 8 4
	Paymaster	1 5 0	36 12 0	38 1 0	39 6 0	40 11 0
	Adjutant	0 14 0	24 8 0	25 6 0	26 4 0	27 2 0
	Quarter Master	0 9 5	16 7 8	17 1 1	17 10 6	18 3 11
	Surgeon	1 5 0	36 12 0	38 1 0	39 6 0	40 11 0
	Asst. Surg. on Foreign Stations*	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
	Asst. Surg. in time of Peace	0 14 0	24 8 0	25 6 0	26 4 0	27 2 0

* The Subsistence of an Assistant Surgeon of Infantry in His Majesty's Service on Foreign Stations, viz 7s. 6d. per day, exceeds the amount of Subsistence and Gratuity of an Assistant Surgeon of Infantry in the Honorable Company's Service, the former is not therefore entitled to any Gratuity, and there is a deduction made from his half Batta.

HIS MAJESTY'S TROOPS.

No. 4.

Table of Batta to the Commissioned Officers and to the Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates of His Majesty's Regiments of Light Dragoons.

Half Batta.

Rank.	1 day			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Colonel*	27	4	4	763	10	3	790	14	7	818	3	0	845	7	4
Lieutenant Colonel ..	10	14	1	304	10	4	315	8	5	326	6	6	337	4	7
Major	8	2	5	228	4	7	236	7	0	244	9	5	252	11	11
Captain	3	4	6	91	14	0	95	2	6	98	7	0	101	11	6
Lieutenant	2	3	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0
Cornet	1	10	3	45	15	0	47	9	3	49	3	6	50	13	9
Paymaster and Surgeon	3	4	6	91	14	0	95	2	6	98	7	0	101	11	6
Adjutant and Quarter Master	2	3	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0
Veterinary Surgeon ..	2	3	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0
Assistant Surgeon on Foreign Stations	1	15	9	55	10	10	57	10	8	59	10	6	61	10	3
Assistant Surgeon in time of Peace	2	3	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0
Quarter Master (Troop)	1	0	0	28	0	0	29	0	0	30	0	0	31	0	0

Full Batta.

Rank.	1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Colonel*	27	4	4	763	10	3	790	14	7	818	3	0	845	7	4
Lieutenant Colonel	21	13	1	610	14	4	632	11	5	654	8	6	676	5	7
Major	16	5	8	457	15	7	474	5	3	490	11	0	507	0	8
Captain	6	9	0	183	12	0	190	5	0	196	14	0	203	7	0
Lieutenant	4	6	0	122	8	0	126	14	0	131	4	0	135	10	0
Cornet	3	4	6	91	14	0	95	2	6	98	7	0	101	11	6
Paymaster and Surgeon	6	9	0	183	12	0	190	5	0	196	14	0	203	7	0
Adjutant and Quarter Master	4	6	0	122	8	0	126	14	0	131	4	0	135	10	0
Veterinary Surgeon	4	6	0	122	8	0	126	14	0	131	4	0	135	10	0
Assistant Surgeon on Foreign Stations	4	2	9	116	14	10	121	1	8	125	4	6	129	7	3
Assistant Surgeon in time of Peace	4	6	0	122	8	0	126	14	0	131	4	0	135	10	0
Quarter Master (Troop) .	2	0	0	56	0	0	58	0	0	60	0	0	62	0	0

Dry Batta.

Rank.	1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Non-Commissioned Officers and Rank and File when not victualled at the public expense, each.	0	2	5	4	4	10	4	7	3	4	9	9	4	12	2

* Officers of this Rank are always allowed Full Batta.

HIS

HIS MAJESTY'S TROOPS.

No. 5.

Table of Batta to the Commissioned Officers and to the Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates of His Majesty's Regiments of Infantry.

Half Batta.

Rank.	1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Colonel*	27	5	6	765	10	0	792	15	6	820	5	0	847	10	6
Lieutenant Colonel	10	15	0	306	4	0	317	3	0	328	2	0	339	1	0
Major	8	3	3	229	11	0	237	14	3	246	1	6	254	4	9
Captain	3	4	6	91	14	0	95	2	6	98	7	0	101	11	6
Lieutenant	2	5	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0
Ensign	1	10	3	45	15	0	47	9	3	49	3	6	50	13	9
Paymaster and Surgeon	3	4	6	91	14	0	95	2	6	98	7	0	101	11	6
Adjutant and Quarter Master	2	3	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0
Assistant Surgeon on Foreign Stations	1	15	9	55	10	10	57	10	8	59	10	6	61	10	3
Assistant Surgeon in time of Peace	2	3	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0

Full Batta.

Rank.	1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Colonel*	27	5	6	765	10	0	792	15	6	820	5	0	847	10	6
Lieutenant Colonel	21	14	0	612	8	0	634	6	0	656	4	0	678	2	0
Major	16	6	6	459	6	0	475	12	6	492	3	0	508	9	6
Captain	6	9	0	183	12	0	190	5	0	196	14	0	203	7	0
Lieutenant	4	6	0	122	8	0	126	14	0	131	4	0	135	10	0
Ensign	3	4	6	91	14	0	95	2	6	98	7	0	101	11	6
Paymaster and Surgeon	6	9	0	183	12	0	190	5	0	196	14	0	203	7	0
Adjutant and Quarter Master	4	6	0	122	8	0	126	14	0	131	4	0	135	10	0
Assistant Surgeon on Foreign Stations	4	2	9	116	14	10	121	1	8	125	4	6	129	7	3
Assistant Surgeon in time of Peace	4	6	0	122	8	0	126	14	0	131	4	0	135	10	0

Dry Batta.

	1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Non-Commissioned Officers and Rank and File when not victualled at the public expense, each	0	2	5	4	4	10	4	7	3	4	9	9	4	12	2

* Officers of this Rank are always allowed Full Batta.

HIS

HIS MAJESTY'S TROOPS.

No. 6.

Table shewing the difference of Pay for any month payable by the Company to Officers in His Majesty's Regiments of Light Dragoons, in cases where the Rates of Company's Pay exceed the new Rates established by His Majesty; also, the difference for any month to be deducted from the Batta or Gratuity of those Officers, in cases where the Rates of Pay established by His Majesty exceed those of the Company.

Rank.		Annual Amount.			The King's Pay exceeds the Company's Pay per annum.			The Company's Pay exceeds the King's Pay per annum.			Difference between King's & Company's Pay for any month payable by the Company.			Difference between King's & Company's Pay per month, to be deducted from Batta or Gratuity.		
		R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Colonel,	King's Pay ..	5243	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	5217	1	2	25	15	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	7
Lieutenant Colonel,	King's Pay ..	3672	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	3651	15	2	20	13	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	11	9
Major,	King's Pay ..	3073	15	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	3055	11	4	18	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	4
Captain,	King's Pay ..	2328	12	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	2354	9	0	0	0	0	25	12	7	2	2	4	0	0	0
Lieutenant,	King's Pay ..	1437	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	1437	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cornet,	King's Pay ..	1277	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	1277	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Adjutant if a Lieutenant,	King's Pay ..	1596	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	2235	10	0	0	0	0	638	12	0	53	3	8	0	0	0
Adjutant if a Cornet,	King's Pay ..	1596	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	2075	15	0	0	0	0	479	1	0	39	14	9	0	0	0
Surgeon,	King's Pay ..	1809	12	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	1809	12	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Surgeon on Foreign Stations	King's Pay ..	1197	10	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	1197	10	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Surgeon in time of Peace,	King's Pay ..	798	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	798	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vety. Surgeon	King's Pay ..	1277	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

HIS MAJESTY'S TROOPS.

No. 7.

Table shewing the difference of Pay for any month payable by the Company to Officers in His Majesty's Regiments of Foot, in cases where the Rates of Company's Pay exceed the new Rates established by His Majesty; also, the difference for any month to be deducted from the Batta or Gratuity of those Officers, in cases where the Rates of Pay established by His Majesty exceed those of the Company.

Rank.		Annual Amount.			The King's Pay exceeds the Company's Pay per annum.			The Company's pay exceeds the King's Pay per annum.			Difference between the King's and Company's Pay for any month, payable by the Company.			Difference per month between the King's and Company's Pay, to be deducted from Batta or Gratuity.		
		R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Colonel,	King's Pay ..	3592	15	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	3992	3	0	0	0	0	399	3	6	33	4	3	0	0	0
Lieutenant Colonel,	King's Pay ..	2541	11	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	3193	12	0	0	0	0	652	0	11	54	5	4	0	0	0
Major,	King's Pay ..	2248	14	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	2395	5	0	0	0	0	146	6	1	12	3	2	0	0	0
Captain,	King's Pay ..	1503	11	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	1596	14	0	0	0	0	93	2	5	7	12	2	0	0	0
Lieutenant,	King's Pay ..	904	14	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	798	7	0	106	7	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	13	11
Ensign,	King's Pay ..	745	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	638	12	0	106	7	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	13	11
Adjutant if a Lieutenant,	King's Pay ..	1277	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	1596	14	0	0	0	0	319	6	0	26	9	10	0	0	0
Adjutant if an Ensign,	King's Pay ..	1277	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	1437	3	0	0	0	0	159	11	0	13	4	11	0	0	0
Quarter Master,	King's Pay ..	904	14	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	798	7	0	106	7	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	13	11
Surgeon,	King's Pay ..	1503	11	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	1596	14	0	0	0	0	93	2	5	7	12	2	0	0	0
Assistant Surgeon on Foreign Stations.	King's Pay ..	1197	10	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	798	7	0	399	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	33	4	3
Assistant Surgeon in time of Peace,	King's Pay ..	798	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Company's Pay	798	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

NATIVE CAVALRY.

No. 1.

Table of Pay to the Honorable Company's Native Cavalry.

Rank.	1 day. R. A. P.	28 days. R. A. P.	29 days. R. A. P.	30 days. R. A. P.	31 days. R. A. P.
Colonel	14 7 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	434 12 1	The same for any month.
Lieutenant-Colonel	10 2 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	304 5 3	
Major	8 7 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	254 10 3	
Captain	6 8 7	0 0 0	0 0 0	196 3 5	
Captain Lieutenant	3 15 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	119 12 3	
Lieutenant ..	3 15 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	119 12 3	
Cornet	3 8 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	106 7 4	
Cadet	1 6 2	0 0 0	0 0 0	41 9 4	
Surgeon ..	4 15 4	138 13 4	143 12 8	148 12 0	153 11 4
Assistant Surgeon	3 4 6	91 14 0	95 2 6	98 7 0	101 11 6
Adjutant } Non-	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	*147 0 0	*0 0 0
Qr. Master } Effective	2 0 8	57 2 8	59 3 4	61 4 0	63 4 8
Serjeant ..	0 15 2	26 8 8	27 7 10	28 7 0	29 6 2
1st Class	3 15 5	0 0 0	0 0 0	119 0 0	The same for any month.
Subidar 2d do.	3 6 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	101 8 0	
3d do.	3 0 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	91 0 0	
Jemidar ..	1 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	31 8 0	
Havildar	0 11 2	0 0 0	0 0 0	21 0 0	
Naigue	0 9 4	0 0 0	0 0 0	17 8 0	
Trooper ...	0 5 7	0 0 0	0 0 0	10 8 0	
Recruit	0 1 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	3 8 0	
Trumpeter ..	0 9 4	0 0 0	0 0 0	17 8 0	
Farrier	0 11 2	0 0 0	0 0 0	21 0 0	
Vakeel	0 11 2	0 0 0	0 0 0	21 0 0	
Puckally	0 5 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	10 11 10	
Horsekeeper Maistry	0 4 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	8 12 0	
Grass Cutter do.	0 4 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	8 12 0	
Horsekeeper ..	0 2 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	5 4 0	
Grass Cutter	0 2 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	5 0 0	

Non-Effective Staff.	Allowance per month. R. A. P.	Non-Effective Staff.	Allowance per month. R. A. P.
Serjeant ..	14 0 0	Riding Master	17 8 0
Quarter Master Serjeant	14 0 0	Trumpeter Major	14 0 0
Native Adjutant	17 8 0	1st Rough Rider	5 4 0
Drill Havildar	10 8 0	2d Rough Rider	3 8 0
Drill Naigue ..	7 0 0	Pay Havildar	1 13 10
Head Farrier ..	21 0 0	First Dresser	35 0 0
For providing Stationary for the use of each Troop.			2 5 4
For providing Shoes, Head and Heel Ropes, &c. &c. &. for each Horse			2 12 9
For keeping up and in repair each Saddle & sets of Horse Accoutrements			1 12 0
For keeping up and in repair each set of Harness in use with the mounted Artillery attached			1 12 0

* Staff Pay	62 0 0	The same for any month.
Allowance for a Writer	40 0 0	
Ditto for Stationary	15 0 0	
Ditto for a Horse	30 0 0	
Rs.	147 0 0	

HORSE

HORSE ARTILLERY.

No. 2.

Table of Pay and Allowances to the Horse Artillery and Rocket Troop.

Rank.	Difference of Pay per month. R. A. P.	Horse Allowance per month. R. A. P.	Total per month. R. A. P.
A. Captain	43 1 5	84 0 0	127 1 5
A. Captain Lieutenant	43 3 3	84 0 0	127 3 3
A. Lieutenant	43 3 3	84 0 0	127 3 3
A. Lieutenant Fireworker	40 13 4	84 0 0	124 13 4

Rank.	Pay. 1 day. R. A. P.	28 days. R. A. P.	29 days. R. A. P.	30 days. R. A. P.	31 days. R. A. P.
Quarter Master B. ..	2 6 6	67 6 0	69 12 6	72 3 0	74 9 6
Serjeant	1 2 6	32 7 8	33 10 3	34 12 10	35 15 5
Corporal after 14 years service	0 15 1	26 7 4	27 6 5	28 5 7	29 4 8
Do. do. 7 do.	0 14 6	25 7 0	26 5 6	27 4 1	28 2 7
Do. under 7 do.	0 13 11	24 6 8	25 4 7	26 2 7	27 0 6
Gunner after 14 years service	0 13 9	24 2 11	25 0 9	25 14 7	26 12 5
Do. do. 7 do.	0 13 2	23 2 7	23 15 10	24 13 1	25 10 4
Do. under 7 do.	0 12 7	22 2 3	22 14 11	23 11 7	24 8 3
Matross after 14 years service	0 10 9	18 14 10	19 9 8	20 4 6	20 15 3
Do. do. 7 do.	0 10 2	17 14 6	18 8 9	19 3 0	19 13 2
Do. under 7 do.	0 9 7	16 14 2	17 7 10	18 1 6	18 11 1
Trumpeter	0 11 11	20 15 6	21 11 6	22 7 6	23 3 5
Maistry Rocket Camel Man	0 9 4	0 0 0	0 0 0	17 8 0	The same for any month.
Rocket Camel Man ..	0 5 7	0 0 0	0 0 0	10 8 0	

	Allowance per month R. A. P.
Non-Effective: Adjutant C.	0 0 0
Quarter Master D.	0 0 0
Serjeant Major	17 8 0
Quarter Master Serjeant	14 0 0
Riding Master Serjeant	17 8 0
Farrier	10 8 0
Rough Rider, 1st Class	10 8 0
Rough Rider, 2d do	7 0 0
Drill Corporal	7 0 0
Pay Serjeant	3 8 0
For providing Stationary for each Troop	5 5 10
For providing Shoes, Head and Heal Ropes, &c. &c. &c. for each Horse	2 12 9
Nor keeping up and in repair each Saddle and set of Horse Accoutrements	1 12 0
For keeping up and in repair each set of Harness in use with the Draught Horses, including spare	1 12 0
For keeping up and in repair each Saddle and Rocket Case	3 8 0
For keeping up and in repair Saddle and Rocket Case for each Camel	3 8 0
For keeping up Gunnies, Ropes and Leather for each Camel	4 10 8

A. Exclusive of their Regimental Pay and allowances.

B. The same Pay and Allowances as the Troop Quarter Master in His Majesty's Light Dragoons.

C. The same Allowances as Adjutants of Regiments of Native Cavalry.

D. The same Allowances as Quarter Masters of Foot Artillery.

ENGINEERS.

ENGINEERS.

No. 3.

Table of Pay to the Honorable Company's Corps of Engineers.

Rank.	1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Colonel	10	15	0	306	4	0	317	3	0	328	2	0	339	1	0
Lieutenant Colonel	8	12	0	245	0	0	253	12	0	262	8	0	271	4	0
Major	6	9	0	183	12	0	190	5	0	196	14	0	203	7	0
Captain	4	6	0	122	8	0	126	14	0	131	4	0	135	10	0
Captain Lieutenant	2	3	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0
Lieutenant	2	3	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0
Ensign	1	12	0	49	0	0	50	12	0	52	8	0	54	4	0
Adjutant, Non-Effective	2	12	4	77	9	4	80	5	8	83	2	0	85	14	4
Cadet	The same as in the European Infantry.														

ARTILLERY.

ARTILLERY.

No. 4.

Table of Pay to the Honorable Company's Artillery, including the Gun Lascars and Golandauze attached.

	Rank.	1 day. R. A. P.	28 days. R. A. P.	29 days. R. A. P.	30 days. R. A. P.	31 days. R. A. P.
	Colonel	10 15 0	306 4 0	317 3 0	328 2 0	339 1 0
	Lieutenant Colonel ..	8 12 0	245 0 0	253 12 0	262 8 0	271 4 0
	Major	6 9 0	183 12 0	190 5 0	196 14 0	203 7 0
	Captain	5 1 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	153 2 0	The same for any month.
	Captain Lieutenant ..	2 8 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	76 9 0	
	Lieutenant	2 8 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	76 9 0	
	Lieutenant Fireworker ..	2 3 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	65 10 0	
	Surgeon	4 6 0	122 8 0	126 14 0	131 4 0	135 10 0
	Assistant Surgeon ..	2 3 0	61 4 0	63 7 0	65 10 0	67 13 0
	Adjutant } Non-	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	*147 0 0	0 0 0
	Quarter Master } Effective	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	*147 0 0	0 0 0
	Cadet	0 14 10	25 15 4	26 14 2	27 13 0	28 11 10
	Serjeant	0 14 10	25 15 4	26 14 2	27 13 0	28 11 10
	Corporal after 14 years service	0 13 10	24 3 4	25 1 2	25 15 0	26 12 10
	Do. after 7 years do.	0 13 3	23 3 0	24 0 3	24 13 6	25 10 9
	Do. under 7 years do.	0 12 8	22 2 8	22 15 4	23 12 0	24 8 8
	Gunner after 14 years do.	0 11 10	20 11 4	21 7 2	22 3 0	22 14 10
	Do. after 7 years do.	0 11 3	19 11 0	20 6 3	21 1 6	21 12 9
	Do. under 7 years do.	0 10 8	18 10 8	19 5 4	20 0 0	20 10 8
	Drummer or Fifer	0 8 0	14 0 6	14 8 7	15 0 7	15 8 7
	Matross after 14 years service	0 9 2	16 0 8	16 9 10	17 3 0	17 12 2
	Do. after 7 years do.	0 8 7	15 0 4	15 8 11	16 1 6	16 10 1
	Do. under 7 years do.	0 8 0	14 0 0	14 8 0	15 0 0	15 8 0
Gun Lascars.	Syrang { 1st Class ..	1 6 4	0 0 0	0 0 0	42 0 0	The same for any month.
	Syrang { 2d Class ..	1 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	31 8 0	
	Syrang { 3d Class ..	0 13 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	24 8 0	
	First Tindal	0 9 4	0 0 0	0 0 0	17 8 0	
	Second Tindal	0 4 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	8 12 0	
	Lascar	0 4 2	0 0 0	0 0 0	7 13 4	
	Lascar Boy	0 1 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	3 8 0	
	Puckally	0 5 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	10 11 10	
	Bheestie	0 3 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	7 0 0	
	Vakeel	0 11 2	0 0 0	0 0 0	21 0 0	
Golandauze.	Subidar { 1st Class ..	2 5 4	0 0 0	0 0 0	70 0 0	The same for any month.
	Subidar { 2d Class ..	1 12 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	52 8 0	
	Subidar { 3d Class ..	1 6 4	0 0 0	0 0 0	42 0 0	
	Jemidar	0 14 11	0 0 0	0 0 0	28 0 0	
	Havildar	0 7 5	0 0 0	0 0 0	14 0 0	
	Naigue	0 5 7	0 0 0	0 0 0	10 8 0	
	Drummer or Fifer	0 4 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	8 12 0	
	Private	0 4 4	0 0 0	0 0 0	8 4 0	
	Bheestie	0 3 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	7 0 0	

Non-Effective Staff.	Allowance per month. R. A. P.	Non-Effective Staff.		Allowance per month. R. A. P.
Serjeant Major	17 8 0	Serjeant Major	Gun Lascars.	14 0 0
Quarter Master Serjeant ..	14 0 0	Native Adjutant		17 8 0
Drill Serjeant	14 0 0	Drill Havildar		5 4 0
Drill Corporal	7 0 0	Pay Tindal		1 13 10
Drum or Fife Major	7 0 0	Drill Naigue	Golandauze.	3 8 0
Pay Serjeant	3 8 0	Pay Havildar		1 13 10
For providing Stationary for each European Company				5 5 10
Do. Do. for each Company of Gun Lascars				2 5 4
Do. Do. for each Company of Golandauze				2 5 4

* Staff Pay ..	62 0 0	The same for any month.
Allowance for a Writer	40 0 0	
Do. for Stationary	15 0 0	
Do. for a Horse	30 0 0	
Rs.	147 0 0	

EUROPEAN INFANTRY.

No. 5.

Table of Pay to the Honorable Company's European Infantry.

Rank.	1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Colonel	10	15	0	306	4	0	317	3	0	328	2	0	339	1	0
Lieutenant Colonel ..	8	12	0	245	0	0	253	12	0	262	8	0	271	4	0
Major	6	9	0	183	12	0	190	5	0	196	14	0	203	7	0
Captain	4	6	0	122	8	0	126	14	0	131	4	0	135	10	0
Captain Lieutenant ..	2	3	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0
Lieutenant ..	2	3	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0
Ensign	1	12	0	49	0	0	50	12	0	52	8	0	54	4	0
Surgeon ..	4	6	0	122	8	0	126	14	0	131	4	0	135	10	0
Assistant Surgeon ..	2	3	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0
Adjutant {Non-Effec-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+147	0	0	0	0	0
Quarter Master { tive	2	0	8	57	2	8	59	3	4	61	4	0	63	4	8
Cadet*	0	12	10	22	7	4	23	4	2	24	1	0	24	13	10
Serjeant	0	12	10	22	7	4	23	4	2	24	1	0	24	13	10
Corporal after 14 years service	0	10	6	18	6	0	19	0	6	19	11	0	20	5	6
Do. after 7 years do	0	9	11	17	5	8	17	15	7	18	9	6	19	3	5
Do. under 7 years do.	0	9	4	16	5	4	16	14	8	17	8	0	18	1	4
Drummer or Fifer	0	8	0	14	0	6	14	8	7	15	0	7	15	8	7
Private after 14 years service	0	8	2	14	4	8	14	12	10	15	5	0	15	13	2
Do. after 7 years do.	0	7	7	13	4	4	13	11	11	14	3	6	14	11	1
Do. under 7 years do.	0	7	0	12	4	0	12	11	0	13	2	0	13	9	0

Non-Effective Staff.	Allowance per month. R	A.	P.
Serjeant Major	14	0	0
Quarter Master Serjeant	14	0	0
Drill Serjeant	14	0	0
Drill Corporal	7	0	0
Drum or Fife Major	5	13	4
Pay Serjeant	3	8	0
For providing Stationary for each Company	5	5	10

* Cadets receive an Extra Pay or Gratuity of 14 Annas and 11¼ Pice per day, or 28 Rupees for a month of 30 days (vide Table No. 8), and the Half or Full Batta of a Cornet, Lieutenant Fireworker, or Ensign, according as they may be situated.

† Staff Pay 62 0 0
Allowance for a Writer 40 0 0
Do. for Stationary 15 0 0
Do. for a Horse 30 0 0
} The same for any month.

Rs. 147 0 0

NATIVE

NATIVE INFANTRY.

No. 6.

Table of Pay to the Honorable Company's Native Infantry.

Rank.	1 day. R. A. P.	28 days. R. A. P.	29 days. R. A. P.	30 days. R. A. P.	31 days. R. A. P.
Colonel	10 15 0	306 4 0	317 3 0	328 2 0	339 1 0
Lieutenant Colonel	8 12 0	245 0 0	253 12 0	262 8 0	271 4 0
Major	6 9 0	183 12 0	190 5 0	196 14 0	203 7 0
Captain	4 6 0	122 8 0	126 14 0	131 4 0	135 10 0
Captain Lieutenant	2 3 0	61 4 0	63 7 0	65 10 0	67 13 0
Lieutenant	2 3 0	61 4 0	63 7 0	65 10 0	67 13 0
Ensign	1 2 0	49 0 0	50 12 0	52 8 0	54 4 0
Surgeon	4 6 0	122 8 0	126 14 0	131 4 0	135 10 0
Assistant Surgeon	2 3 0	61 4 0	63 7 0	65 10 0	67 13 0
Adjutant, Non-Effective ..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	*132 0 0	0 0 0
Cadet	The same as in the European Infantry.				
Serjeant	0 12 10	22 7 4	23 4 2	24 1 0	24 13 10
Subidar 1st Class	2 5 4	0 0 0	0 0 0	70 0 0	The same for any month.
Subidar 2d do.	1 12 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	52 8 0	
Subidar 3d do.	1 6 4	0 0 0	0 0 0	42 0 0	
Jemidar	0 13 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	24 8 0	
Havildar	0 5 7	0 0 0	0 0 0	10 8 0	
Naigue	0 4 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	8 12 0	
Drummer or Fifer ..	0 4 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	8 12 0	
Bugler	0 4 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	8 12 0	
Sepoy	0 3 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	7 0 0	
Recruit or Pensioned Boy .	0 1 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	3 8 0	
Vakeel	0 11 2	0 0 0	0 0 0	21 0 0	
Puckally	0 5 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	10 11 10	

Non-Effective Staff.

	Allowance per month. R. A. P.
Serjeant Major	14 0 0
Quarter Master Serjeant	10 8 0
Native Adjutant	17 8 0
Drill Havildar	5 4 0
Drill Naigue	3 8 0
Drum or Fife Major	5 13 4
Bugle Major	5 13 4
Pay Havildar	1 13 10
For providing Stationary for each Company ..	2 5 4
First Dresser	35 0 0
Second Dresser	24 8 0

Staff Pay	62 0 0	The same for any month.
Allowance for a Writer and Stationary	40 0 0	
Do. for a Horse ...	30 0 0	
Rs.	132 0 0	

PIONEERS, GUIDES AND STORE AND TENT LASCARS.

No. 7.

Table of Pay to the Honorable Company's Native Pioneers, Native Guides and Store and Tent Lascars.

	Rank.	1 day. R.	A.	P.	28 days. R.	A.	P.	29 days. R.	A.	P.	30 days. R.	A.	P.	31 days. R.	A.	P.
Native Pioneers.	Serjeant ..	1	2	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	0	0		
	Jemidar 1st Class	1	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	42	0	0		
	Jemidar 2d do.	1	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	8	0		
	Jemidar 3d do.	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	8	0		
	Havildar ..	0	5	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	8	0		
	Naigue ..	0	4	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	12	0		
	Pioneer ..	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	13	4		
	Vakeel ..	0	11	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0	0		
	Puckally ..	0	5	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	11	10		
Guides.	Chief Guide*	0	11	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0	0		
	Head Guide	0	7	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	0	0		
	Second Guide	0	3	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0		
Store and Tent Lascars.	Syrang ..	0	12	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	2	8		
	1st Tindal ..	0	4	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	12	0		
	2d Tindal ..	0	3	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0		
	Lascar ..	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	5	4		

The same for any month. The same for any month. The same for any month.

Non-Effective Staff	Allowance per month. R.	A.	P.
Native Pioneers.			
Serjeant Major ..	14	0	0
Pay Havildar ..	1	13	10
For providing Stationary for each Company.	2	5	4

* The same as a Subidar of Native Infantry according to length of service—G. O. 14th February 1815.

GRATUITY.

No. 8.

Table of Gratuity to the European Commissioned Officers of the Honorable Company's Cavalry, Artillery, Engineers and Infantry.

Rank.	1 day. R.	A.	P.	28 days. R.	A.	P.	29 days. R.	A.	P.	30 days. R.	A.	P.	31 days. R.	A.	P.
Captain	1	5	0	36	12	0	38	1	0	39	6	0	40	11	0
Captain Lieutenant ..	1	5	0	36	12	0	38	1	0	39	6	0	40	11	0
Lieutenant ..	0	14	0	24	8	0	25	6	0	26	4	0	27	2	0
Cornet, Lt. Fireworker, or Ensign	0	7	0	12	4	0	12	11	0	13	2	0	13	9	0
Surgeon	1	5	0	36	12	0	38	1	0	39	6	0	40	11	0
Assistant Surgeon ..	0	14	0	24	8	0	25	6	0	26	4	0	27	2	0
Cadet (Extra Pay or Gratuity)	0	14	11	26	2	1	27	1	0	28	0	0	28	14	11

BATTA.

BATTA.

No. 9.

Table of Batta to the European Commissioned Officers of the Honorable Company's Native Cavalry, Artillery, Engineers and European and Native Infantry, and Dry Batta to the Effective European Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates.

Half Batta.

Rank.	1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Colonel*	27	5	6	765	10	0	792	15	6	820	5	0	847	10	6
Lieutenant Colonel	10	13	0	306	4	0	317	3	0	328	2	0	339	1	0
Major	8	3	3	229	11	0	237	14	3	246	1	6	254	4	9
Captain	3	4	6	91	14	0	95	2	6	98	7	0	101	11	6
Captain Lieutenant	3	4	6	91	14	0	95	2	6	98	7	0	101	11	6
Lieutenant	2	3	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0
Cornet, Lieut. Fireworker, or Ensign	1	10	3	45	15	0	47	9	3	49	3	6	50	13	9

Full Batta.

Rank.	1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Colonel*	27	5	6	765	10	0	792	15	6	820	5	0	847	10	6
Lieutenant Colonel	21	14	0	612	8	0	634	6	0	656	4	0	678	2	0
Major	16	6	6	459	6	0	475	12	6	492	3	0	508	9	6
Captain	6	9	0	183	12	0	190	5	0	196	14	0	203	7	0
Captain Lieutenant	6	9	0	183	12	0	190	5	0	196	14	0	203	7	0
Lieutenant	4	6	0	122	8	0	126	14	0	131	4	0	135	10	0
Cornet, Lieut. Fireworker, or Ensign	3	4	6	91	14	0	95	2	6	98	7	0	101	11	6

Dry Batta.

Rank.	1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
European Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates, with exception of those attached to the Pioneers, when not victualed at the Public Expense, each.	0	2	5	4	4	10	4	7	3	4	9	9	4	12	2
European Non-Commissioned Officers attached to the Corps of Pioneers, no increase having been made to their Pay, each.	0	4	6	7	14	0	8	2	6	8	7	0	8	11	6

* Officers of this Rank are always allowed Full Batta.

BATTA.

No. 10.

Table of Batta to the Native Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers, Privates, &c. &c. in the Honorable Company's Service.

	Rank.	1 day. R. A. P.	28 days. R. A. P.	29 days. R. A. P.	30 days. R. A. P.	31 days. R. A. P.
Native Cavalry.	Subidar, 1st, 2d, or 3d Class	1 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	30 0 0	
	Jemidar	0 5 7	0 0 0	0 0 0	10 8 0	The
	Havildar, or Farrier	0 3 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	7 0 0	same
	Naigue, Trumpeter or Trooper*	0 1 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	3 8 0	for any month.
	Vakeel	0 7 5	0 0 0	0 0 0	14 0 0	
	Puckally	0 2 5	4 5 8	4 8 2	4 10 8	4 13 1
	Horsekeeper } Maistries	0 1 2	2 2 10	2 4 1	2 5 4	2 6 6
	Grass Cutter }	0 1 2	2 2 10	2 4 1	2 5 4	2 6 6
	Horsekeeper or GrassCutter	0 1 2	2 2 10	2 4 1	2 5 4	2 6 6
Gun Lascars	Syrang	0 3 8	6 8 6	6 12 3	7 0 0	7 3 8
	1st or 2d Tindal	0 1 10	3 4 3	3 6 1	3 8 0	3 9 10
	Gun Lascars	0 1 2	2 2 10	2 4 1	2 5 4	2 6 6
	Bheestie	0 2 5	4 5 8	4 8 2	4 10 8	4 13 1
	Vakeel	0 7 5	14 0 0	14 0 0	14 0 0	14 0 0
Golundauze.	Subidar, 1st, 2d, or 3d Class	0 7 5	13 1 0	13 8 6	14 0 0	14 7 5
	Jemidar	0 3 8	6 8 6	6 12 3	7 0 0	7 3 8
	Havildar, or Naigue	0 1 10	3 4 3	3 6 1	3 8 0	3 9 10
	Drummer, or Fifer	0 1 8	2 15 10	3 1 7	3 3 4	3 5 0
	Private	0 1 2	2 2 10	2 4 1	2 5 4	2 6 6
	Bheestie	0 2 5	4 5 8	4 8 2	4 10 8	4 13 1
Native Inf.	Subidar, 1st, 2d, or 3d Class	0 7 5	13 1 0	13 8 6	14 0 0	14 7 5
	Jemidar	0 3 8	6 8 6	6 12 3	7 0 0	7 3 8
	Havildar, Naigue, or Sepoy	0 1 2	2 2 10	2 4 1	2 5 4	2 6 6
	Drummer, or Fifer	0 1 8	2 15 10	3 1 7	3 3 4	3 5 0
	Vakeel	0 7 5	14 0 0	14 0 0	14 0 0	14 0 0
	Puckally	0 2 5	4 5 8	4 8 2	4 10 8	4 13 1
Medical Department.	1st Dresser	0 3 8	6 8 6	6 12 3	7 0 0	7 3 8
	2d Dresser	0 2 5	4 5 8	4 8 2	4 10 8	4 13 1
	Medical Pupil	0 1 2	2 2 10	2 4 1	2 5 4	2 6 6
Pioneers.	Jemidar, 1st, 2d, or 3d Class	0 3 8	6 8 6	6 12 3	7 0 0	7 3 8
	Havildar, or Naigue ..	0 1 10	3 4 3	3 6 1	3 8 0	3 9 10
	Pioneer	0 1 2	2 2 10	2 4 1	2 5 4	2 6 6
	Vakeel	0 7 5	14 0 0	14 0 0	14 0 0	14 0 0
	Puckally	0 2 5	4 5 8	4 8 2	4 10 8	4 13 1
Guides	Head Guide	0 7 5	13 1 0	13 8 6	14 0 0	14 7 5
	Second Guide	0 4 11	8 11 4	9 0 4	9 5 4	9 10 3
	Private Guide	0 2 5	4 5 8	4 8 2	4 10 8	4 13 1
Store & Tent Lascars	Syrang	0 3 8	6 8 6	6 12 3	7 0 0	7 3 8
	1st or 2d Tindal	0 2 5	4 5 8	4 8 2	4 10 8	4 13 1
	Lascar	0 1 10	3 4 3	3 6 1	3 8 0	3 9 10

* The same to the Maistry Rocket Camelman and Rocket Camelman of the Rocket Troop.

MEDICAL.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 11.

Table of Established Salaries to the Members of the Medical Board, Superintending Surgeons, &c &c.

		Salary.					
		1 day.			Per month.		
		R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Medical Board	1st Member	93	5	4	2800	0	0
	2d Do.	81	10	8	2450	0	0
	3d Do.	70	0	0	2100	0	0
	Superintending Surgeon.	52	8	0	1575	0	0

Surgeons or Assistant Surgeons of Stations receive the same Pay and Allowances as those attached to Corps, viz. the former those of a Captain, the latter those of a Lieutenant of Infantry.

The Pay of a Sub-Assistant Surgeon is 35 Rupees per month, his Batta one Rupee per day; when employed in the Field, or Marching from one Station to another, on duty, he is allowed Additional Batta, at the rate of one Rupee per day.

The Pay of a Medical Pupil is 17 Rupees and 8 Annas per month, his Batta 1 Anna and 2 Pice per diem on occasions where the Corps to which he may be attached is authorized to draw Batta, or when Travelling separate on duty.—G. O. 30th September 1817.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 12.

Table of Pay and Batta to Commissaries and Deputy Commissaries of Stores, (not Commissioned Officers) and Conductors of Ordnance.

	Pay.												Half Batta.											
	1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.			1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Commissary of Stores.	4	6	0	122	8	0	126	14	0	131	4	0	135	10	0	3	4	6	91	14	0	95	2	6	98	7	0	101	11	6
Dep. Commissary of Stores	2	3	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0	2	3	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0
Conductor of Ordnance.	1	12	0	49	0	0	50	12	0	52	8	0	54	4	0	1	10	3	45	15	0	47	9	3	49	3	6	50	13	9

N. B.—When employed in the Field or Marching from one Station to another on duty, they are allowed to draw the difference between Half and Full Batta, according to the rates above stated—they are to draw House Rent at fixed Stations and Tent Allowance when in the Field, if not provided with Quarters or Camp Equipage at the Public Expense—for the Rates, vide heads "House Rent" and "Tent Allowance."

EUROPEAN INVALIDS AND PENSIONERS.

No. 13.

Table of Pay to the Carnatic European Veteran Battalion and European Pensioners in the Honorable Company's Service.

		1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.		
		R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Artillery.	Serjeant	0	14	10	25	15	4	26	14	2	27	13	0	28	11	10
	Corporal after 14 years service	0	13	10	24	3	4	25	1	2	25	15	0	26	12	10
	Do. after 7 years do	0	13	3	23	3	0	24	0	3	24	13	6	25	10	9
	Do. under 7 years do	0	12	8	22	2	8	22	15	4	23	12	0	24	8	8
	Gunner after 14 years do	0	11	10	20	11	4	21	7	2	22	3	0	22	14	10
	Do. after 7 years do	0	11	3	19	11	0	20	6	3	21	1	6	21	12	9
	Do. under 7 years do	0	10	8	18	10	8	19	5	4	20	0	0	20	10	8
	Drummer or Fifer ..	0	8	0	14	0	6	14	8	7	15	0	7	15	8	7
	Matross after 14 years do	0	9	2	16	0	8	16	9	10	17	3	0	17	12	2
	Do. after 7 years do	0	8	7	15	0	4	15	8	11	16	1	6	16	10	1
	Do. under 7 years do	0	8	0	14	0	0	14	8	0	15	0	0	15	8	0
Infantry.	Serjeant	0	12	10	22	7	4	23	4	2	24	1	0	24	13	10
	Corporal after 14 years service	0	10	6	18	6	0	19	0	6	19	11	0	20	5	6
	Do. after 7 years do	0	9	11	17	5	8	17	15	7	18	9	6	19	3	5
	Do. under 7 years do	0	9	4	16	5	4	16	14	8	17	8	0	18	1	4
	Drummer or Fifer ..	0	8	0	14	0	6	14	8	7	15	0	7	15	8	7
	Private after 14 years do	0	8	2	14	4	8	14	12	10	15	5	0	15	13	2
	Do. after 7 years do	0	7	7	13	4	4	13	11	11	14	3	6	14	11	1
	Do. under 7 years do	0	7	0	12	4	0	12	11	0	13	2	0	13	9	6
Pensioners.	Serjeant	0	7	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	14	0	The same for any month.		
	Corporal	0	6	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	11	0			
	Gunner ...	0	6	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	11	0			
	Drummer or Fifer ..	0	6	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	11	0			
	Matross or Private ..	0	6	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	11	0			

Non-Effective Staff.	Allowance per month. R.	A.	P.
Serjeant Major	14	0	0
Quarter Master Serjeant	14	0	0
Drum or Fife Major	5	13	4
Pay Serjeant	3	8	0
For providing Stationary for each Company	5	5	10

All European Pensioners, Non-Commissioned as well as Privates, receive an allowance of one month's Extra Pay, annually, in lieu of Clothing, payable on the 1st of December in arrear.

NATIVE

NATIVE INVALIDS AND PENSIONERS.

No. 14.

Table of Pay to Native Invalids and Pensioners of every description in the Honorable Company's Service, exclusive of Extra Pay or Allowances granted by special authority—G. O. G. 13th May 1817.

		Invalids.						Pensioners.					
		per day.			per month			per day.			per month.		
		R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Commandant of Native Cavalry or Infantry		3	9	10	108	8	0	3	9	10	108	8	0
Native Cavalry.	Subidar 1st Class	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	15	8	59	8	0
	Subidar 2d do.	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	11	0	50	12	0
	Subidar 3d do.	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	3	45	8	0
	Jemidar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	4	15	12	0
	Havildar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	7	10	8	0
	Naigue or Trumpeter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	8	12	0
	Trooper	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	9	5	4	0
	Farrier (Native)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	7	10	8	0
Golundauze.	1st Class	2	5	4	70	0	0	1	2	8	35	0	0
	Subidar 2d do.	1	12	0	52	8	0	0	14	0	26	4	0
	Subidar 3d do.	1	6	4	42	0	0	0	11	2	21	0	0
	Jemidar	0	14	11	28	0	0	0	7	5	14	0	0
	Havildar	0	7	5	14	0	0	0	3	8	7	0	0
	Naigue	0	5	7	10	8	0	0	2	9	5	4	0
	Sepoy	0	4	4	8	4	0	0	2	2	4	2	0
	Drummer or Fifer	0	4	8	8	12	0	0	3	8	7	0	0
Native Infantry.	1st Class	2	5	4	70	0	0	1	2	8	35	0	0
	Subidar 2d do.	1	12	0	52	8	0	0	14	0	26	4	0
	Subidar 3d do.	1	6	4	42	0	0	0	11	2	21	0	0
	Jemidar	0	13	0	24	8	0	0	6	6	12	4	0
	Havildar	0	5	7	10	8	0	0	3	2	5	15	4
	Naigue	0	4	8	8	12	0	0	2	9	5	4	0
	Sepoy	0	3	8	7	0	0	0	1	10	3	8	0
	Drummer or Fifer	0	4	8	8	12	0	0	3	8	7	0	0
Gun Lascars and Pioneers.	Syrang or Jemidar 1st Class	1	6	4	42	0	0	0	11	2	21	0	0
	Syrang or Jemidar 2d do.	1	0	9	31	8	0	0	8	4	15	12	0
	Syrang or Jemidar 3d do.	0	13	0	24	8	0	0	6	6	12	4	0
	1st Tindal	0	9	4	17	8	0	0	4	8	8	12	0
	Havildar	0	5	7	10	8	0	0	3	2	5	15	4
	2d Tindal, or Naigue	0	4	8	8	12	0	0	2	9	5	4	0
	Lascar or Pioneer	0	4	2	7	13	4	0	2	1	3	14	8
Guides.	Chief Guide*												
	Head Guide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	7	10	8	0
	Second Guide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	7	0	0
	Private Guide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	3	8	0
Store and Tent Lascars.	Syrang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	6	12	4	0
	1st Tindal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	9	5	4	0
	2d Tindal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	6	0
	Lascar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	3	8	0
	Puckally of whatever Corps	0	5	8	10	11	10	0	1	10	3	8	0
	Bheestie	0	3	8	7	0	0	0	1	10	3	8	0

* The same as Subidar of Native Infantry according to length of service—G. O. 14th February 1815.

ARTIFICERS

ARTIFICERS ATTACHED TO STATIONS AND CORPS.

No. 15.

Table of Pay and Batta to Native Artificers attached to Stations and Corps.

	Pay.															Batta.													
	1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.			1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Maistry Artificers of every description, each	0	7	5	14	0	0	14	0	0	14	0	0	14	0	0	0	3	8	6	8	6	6	12	2	6	15	10	7	3	6
Cooper	0	7	5	14	0	0	14	0	0	14	0	0	14	0	0	0	3	1	5	7	1	5	10	2	5	13	3	6	0	4
Caulker																														
Turner	0	6	8	11	10	8	12	1	4	12	8	0	12	14	8	0	2	5	4	5	8	4	8	1	4	10	6	4	12	11
Filer or Armourer																														
Carpenter	0	5	4	9	5	4	9	10	8	10	0	0	10	5	4	0	2	5	4	5	8	4	8	1	4	10	6	4	12	11
Smith																														
Sawyer																														
Tinman	0	4	8	8	2	8	8	7	4	8	12	0	9	0	8	0	2	5	4	5	8	4	8	1	4	10	6	4	12	11
Painter																														
Brazier																														
Miner																														
Rope Drawer	0	4	0	7	0	0	7	4	0	7	8	0	7	12	0	0	1	10	3	4	3	3	6	1	3	7	11	3	9	9
Hammerman																														
Chicklegar																														
Chuckler																														
Moochy																														
Bellows Boy	0	1	4	2	5	4	2	6	8	2	8	0	2	9	4	0	0	7	1	1	5	1	2	0	1	2	7	1	3	2

PUBLIC FOLLOWERS.

No. 16.

Table of Pay to Public Followers and the Rate of Hire of Draught and Carriage Bullocks and Carts, employed on the Public Service.

	1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.
Garrison Puckally	0	0	0	..	..	..	..	11	3	2	The same for any month.		
Dooley Bearer Maistry (Hired)	0	4	8	..	..	..	..	8	13	0			
Dooley Bearer (Hired)	0	3	8	..	..	..	..	7	0	0			
Bamboo Cooley Maistry	0	4	8	..	..	..	..	8	12	0			
Bamboo Cooley	0	3	8	..	..	..	..	7	0	0			
Mamoty Maistry	0	4	8	..	..	..	..	8	12	0			
Mamoty Cooley	0	3	8	..	..	..	..	7	0	0			
Common Cooley Maistry	0	4	2	..	..	..	..	7	14	0			
Common Cooley	0	3	8	..	..	..	..	7	0	0			
Mussalgie	0	3	8	..	..	..	..	7	0	0			
Draught Bullock	0	4	1	..	..	..	..	7	10	8			
Carriage Bullock	0	2	9	..	..	..	..	5	4	0			
Cart, complete, with Bullocks, Drivers, &c.	0	14	0	..	..	..	..	26	4	0			

No Batta is allowed to the above Followers on any occasion.

LORD

LORD CLIVE'S FUND.

No. 17.

Table of Pensions to the Widows of Officers and Soldiers from Lord Clive's Fund.

	CAVALRY.	1 day.			28 days.			29 days.			30 days.			31 days.		
		R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
The Widow of a	Colonel	3	9	11	101	7	0	105	1	0	108	11	0	112	4	11
	Lieutenant Colonel	2	8	6	71	0	1	73	8	8	76	1	2	78	9	9
	Major	2	1	11	59	6	7	61	8	6	63	10	6	65	12	5
	Captain	1	10	2	45	12	8	47	6	10	49	1	0	50	11	2
	Captain Lieutenant	0	15	11	27	15	0	28	15	0	29	15	0	30	14	11
	Lieutenant	0	15	11	27	15	0	28	15	0	29	15	0	30	14	11
	Cornet	0	14	2	24	13	4	25	11	6	26	9	9	27	7	11
	Serjeant	0	3	9	6	10	1	6	13	11	7	1	8	7	5	6
	ARTILLERY.															
The Widow of a	Colonel	2	11	9	76	9	0	79	4	9	82	0	6	84	12	3
	Lieutenant Colonel	2	3	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0
	Major	1	10	3	45	15	0	47	9	3	49	3	6	50	13	9
	Captain	1	4	5	35	11	8	37	0	1	38	4	6	39	8	11
	Captain Lieutenant	0	10	2	17	13	9	18	8	0	19	2	2	19	12	5
	Lieutenant	0	10	2	17	13	9	18	8	0	19	2	2	19	12	5
	Lieutenant Fireworker	0	8	9	15	5	0	15	13	9	16	6	6	16	15	3
	Serjeant	0	3	2	5	10	6	5	13	9	6	1	0	6	4	3
	Corporal	0	2	10	5	1	5	5	4	4	5	7	2	5	10	1
	Gunner	0	2	4	4	3	5	4	5	10	4	8	2	4	10	7
	Drummer or Fifer	0	2	0	3	8	1	3	10	1	3	12	1	3	14	1
	Matross	0	2	0	3	8	1	3	10	1	3	12	1	3	14	1
	INFANTRY AND ENGINEERS.															
The Widow of a	Colonel	2	11	9	76	9	0	79	4	9	82	0	6	84	12	3
	Lieutenant Colonel	2	3	0	61	4	0	63	7	0	65	10	0	67	13	0
	Major	1	10	3	45	15	0	47	9	3	49	3	6	50	13	9
	Captain	1	1	6	30	10	0	31	11	6	32	13	0	33	14	6
	Captain Lieutenant	0	8	9	15	5	0	15	13	9	16	6	6	16	15	3
	Lieutenant	0	8	9	15	5	0	15	13	9	16	6	6	16	15	3
	Ensign	0	7	0	12	4	0	12	11	0	13	2	0	13	9	0
	Serjeant	0	2	8	4	12	6	4	15	3	5	2	0	5	4	8
	Corporal	0	2	0	3	10	1	3	12	2	3	14	2	4	0	3
	Drummer or Fifer	0	2	0	3	8	1	3	10	1	3	12	1	3	14	1
	Private	0	1	9	3	1	0	3	2	9	3	4	6	3	6	3
The Widow of a	Surgeon	1	1	6	30	10	0	31	11	6	32	13	0	33	14	6
	Assistant Surgeon	0	8	9	15	5	0	15	13	9	16	6	6	16	15	3
	WARRANT OFFICERS.															
	Commissary of Stores	1	1	6	30	10	0	31	11	6	32	13	0	33	14	6
	Deputy Commissary of Stores	0	8	9	15	5	0	15	13	9	16	6	6	16	15	3
	Conductor of Ordnance	0	7	0	12	4	0	12	11	0	13	2	0	13	9	0

N. B.—Widows of Gentlemen in the Clerical and Medical Line of the Service are entitled to a Pension from Lord Clive's Fund correspondent with the relative Rank of their Husbands, and according to the Rates above specified for the Widows of Officers of Infantry.

CLOTHING AND HALF MOUNTING.

No. 18.

Table of Stoppages for providing Clothing and Statement of Half Mounting.

NATIVE CAVALRY.	Stoppages per annum.			Half Mounting per annum.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Serjeant Major	84	0	0	4	6	0
Quarter Master Serjeant	84	0	0	4	6	0
Subidar	52	8	0	0	0	0
Jemidar	31	8	0	0	0	0
Havildar	21	0	0	0	0	0
Drill Havildar	21	0	0	0	0	0
Naigue	15	0	0	0	0	0
Drill Naigue	15	0	0	0	0	0
Private ..	10	0	0	0	0	0
Trumpet Major	10	0	0	0	0	0
Trumpeter	10	0	0	0	0	0
Farrier	21	0	0	0	0	0
HORSE ARTILLERY AND ROCKET TROOP.						
Serjeant Major	67	6	0	3	8	0
Quarter Master Serjeant ..	67	6	0	3	8	0
Serjeant	67	6	0	3	8	0
Drill Serjeant	67	6	0	3	8	0
Corporal	56	2	4	3	5	4
Drill Corporal ..	56	2	4	3	5	4
Gunner	44	14	8	2	2	8
Trumpeter	33	11	0	2	2	8
Matross	33	11	0	2	2	8
Maistry Rocket Camel Man	15	0	0	0	0	0
Rocket Camel Man ..	10	0	0	0	0	0
ARTILLERY.						
Serjeant Major ..	67	6	0	3	8	0
do of Lascars	67	6	0	3	8	0
Quarter Master Serjeant ..	67	6	0	3	8	0
Serjeant	67	6	0	3	8	0
Drill Serjeant	67	6	0	3	8	0
Corporal	56	2	4	3	5	4
Drill Corperal	56	2	4	3	5	4
Gunner	44	14	8	2	2	8
Matross	33	11	0	2	2	8
Drum and Fife Major ..	19	11	0	2	2	8
Drummer or Fifer ..	19	11	0	2	2	8
GUN LASCARS.						
Syrang	10	0	0	0	0	0
First Tindal ..	9	15	0	0	0	0
Second Tindal	8	1	0	0	0	0
Lascar	8	0	0	0	0	0

EUROPEAN INFANTRY.	Stoppages per annum.			Half Mounting per annum.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Serjeant Major ..	56	2	4	6	2	0
Quarter Master Serjeant ..	56	2	4	6	2	0
Serjeant	56	2	4	4	6	0
Drill Serjeant	56	2	4	4	6	0
Corporal	46	4	10	1	12	0
Drill Corporal	46	4	10	1	12	0
Drum or Fife Major	46	4	10	2	10	0
Drummer or Fifer	46	4	10	1	12	0
Private	28	1	2	1	12	0
NATIVE INFANTRY.						
Serjeant Major	56	2	4	6	2	0
Quarter Master Serjeant ..	56	2	4	6	2	0
Subidar	42	0	0	..	....	
Jemidar	21	0	0	..	....	
Havildar	10	8	0	..	....	
Drill Havildar ..	10	8	0	..	....	
Naigue	7	0	0	..	....	
Drill Naigue	7	0	0	..	....	
Sepoy	5	8	0	..	....	
Drum or Fife Major ..	21	0	0	..	....	
Drummer or Fifer	21	0	0	..	....	
GOLUNDAUZE.						
Subidar	42	0	0	..	....	
Jemidar	21	0	0	..	....	
Havildar	10	8	0	..	....	
Naigue	7	0	0	..	....	
Drummer or Fifer ..	21	0	0	..	....	
Private	5	8	0	..	....	
PIONEERS.						
Serjeant	56	2	4	4	6	0
Jemidar	10	0	0	..	....	
Havildar	9	15	0	..	....	
Naigue	8	1	0	..	....	
Brivate 1	8	0	0	..	....	
Puckally or Bheestie of whatever Corps ..	5	8	0	..	....	

No. 19.

No. 19.

Table shewing the Total Amount of the Regimental Pay and Allowances of the Honorable Company's Troops in Garrison or Cantonment and in the Field, in arrear for a month of 30 days, and in advance for a month of 31 days.

Effective.	Non-Effective.	CAVALRY.	In Garrison or Cantonment.												In the Field.											
			Half Batta for 30 days.			Gratuity for 30 days.			Tent Allowance per month.			Horse Allowance per month.			Established Allowance for 30 days.			Pay for 31 days.			Total.			Full Batta for 30 days.			Gratuity for 30 days.			Tent Allowance per month.			Horse Allowance per month.			Established Allowance for 30 days.			Pay for 31 days.			Total.		
			R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	0	Colonel	820	5	0	0	0	0	122	8	0	126	0	0	0	0	0	434	12	1	1503	9	1	820	5	0	0	0	0	122	8	0	126	0	0	0	0	0	434	12	1	1503	9	1
1	0	Lieutenant-Colonel	328	2	0	0	0	0	105	0	0	126	0	0	0	0	0	304	5	3	863	7	3	656	4	0	0	0	0	105	0	0	126	0	0	0	0	0	304	5	3	1191	9	3
1	0	Major	246	1	6	0	0	0	105	0	0	126	0	0	0	0	0	254	10	3	731	11	9	492	3	0	0	0	0	105	0	0	126	0	0	0	0	0	254	10	3	977	13	3
1	0	Captain	98	7	0	39	6	0	63	0	0	84	0	0	0	0	0	196	3	5	481	0	5	196	14	0	39	6	0	63	0	0	84	0	0	0	0	0	196	3	5	579	7	5
1	0	Captain Lieutenant	98	7	0	39	6	0	63	0	0	84	0	0	A30	0	0	119	12	3	434	9	3	196	14	0	39	6	0	63	0	0	84	0	0	A30	0	0	119	12	3	533	0	3
1	0	Lieutenant ..	65	10	0	26	4	0	42	0	0	84	0	0	....			119	12	3	337	10	3	131	4	0	26	4	0	42	0	0	84	0	0	....			119	12	3	403	4	3
1	0	Cornet	49	3	6	13	2	0	42	0	0	84	0	0	....			106	7	4	294	12	10	98	7	0	13	2	0	42	0	0	84	0	0	....			106	7	4	344	0	4
1	0	Surgeon ..	98	7	0	39	6	0	63	0	0	84	0	0	....			153	11	4	438	8	4	196	14	0	39	6	0	63	0	0	84	0	0	....			153	11	4	536	15	4
1	0	Assistant Surgeon	65	10	0	26	4	0	42	0	0	84	0	0	....			101	11	6	319	9	6	131	4	0	26	4	0	42	0	0	84	0	0	....			101	11	6	385	3	6
1	0	Cadet	49	3	6	28	0	0	B17	8	0	42	0	0	....			41	9	4	178	4	10	98	7	0	13	2	0	42	0	0	84	0	0	....			106	7	4	344	0	4
1	0	Serjeant ..	....			....			....			..			....			29	6	2	29	6	2	4	9	9	..			..			..			....			29	6	2	33	15	11
1	0	Subidar { 1st Class	....			....			....			..			....			119	0	0	119	0	0	30	0	0	..			..			..			....			119	0	0	149	0	0
1	0	2d do.	....			....			....			..			....			101	8	0	101	8	0	30	0	0	..			..			..			....			101	8	0	131	8	0
1	0	3d do.	....			....			....			..			....			91	0	0	91	0	0	30	0	0	..			..			..			....			91	0	0	121	0	0
1	0	Jemidar ..	....			....			....			..			....			31	8	0	31	8	0	10	8	0	..			..			..			....			31	8	0	42	0	0
1	0	Havildar	....			....			....			..			....			21	0	0	21	0	0	7	0	0	..			..			..			....			21	0	0	28	0	0
1	0	Naigue	....			....			....			..			....			17	8	0	17	8	0	3	8	0	..			..			..			....			17	8	0	21	0	0
1	0	Trooper ...	....			....			....			..			....			10	8	0	10	8	0	3	8	0	..			..			..			....			10	8	0	14	0	0
0	1	Recruit	....			....			....			..			....			3	8	0	3	8	0	0	0	0	..			..			..			....			3	8	0	3	8	0

1	0	Trumpeter	-	....	....	....	..	....	17	8	0	17	8	0	3	8	0	..	..	..	....	17	8	0	21	0	0
1	0	Farrier (European)	-	....	....	....	..	....	16	15	3	16	15	3	4	9	9	..	..	..	....	16	15	3	21	9	0
1	0	Farrier (Native)	-	....	....	....	..	....	21	0	0	21	0	0	7	0	0	..	..	..	....	21	0	0	28	0	0
1	0	Vakeel	-	....	....	....	..	....	21	0	0	21	0	0	14	0	0	..	..	..	....	21	0	0	35	0	0
1	0	Puckally	-	....	....	....	..	....	10	11	10	10	11	10	4	10	8	..	..	..	....	10	11	10	15	6	6
1	0	Maistry Horsekeeper		....	....	....	..	....	8	12	0	8	12	0	2	5	4	..	..	..	....	8	12	0	11	1	4
1	0	Maistry Grass Cutter		....	....	....	..	....	8	12	0	8	12	0	2	5	4	..	..	..	....	8	12	0	11	1	4
1	0	Horsekeeper	-	....	....	....	..	....	5	4	0	5	4	0	2	5	4	..	..	..	....	5	4	0	7	9	4
1	0	Grass Cutter	-	....	....	....	..	....	5	0	0	5	0	0	2	5	4	..	..	..	....	5	0	0	7	5	4
		STAFF.																									
0	1	Adjutant	-	....	..	-	-	147	0	0	-	147	0	0	-		-	-	C21	0	0	147	0	0	-	168	0	0
0	1	Quarter Master	-	....	..	21	0	0	-	61	4	0	-	82	4	0	-	-	21	0	0	-	61	4	0	-	82	4	0
0	1	Serjeant Major	-	....	..	-	-	-	-	14	0	0	-	14	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	0	0	-	14	0	0
0	1	Quarter Master Serjeant		....	..	-	-	-	-	14	0	0	-	14	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	0	0	-	14	0	0
0	1	Native Adjutant	-	....	..	-	-	-	-	17	8	0	-	17	8	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	8	0	-	17	8	0
0	1	Drill Havildar	-	....	..	-	-	-	-	10	8	0	-	10	8	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	8	0	-	10	8	0
0	1	Drill Naigue	-	....	..	-	-	-	-	7	0	0	-	7	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	0	0	-	7	0	0
0	1	Head Farrier	-	....	..	-	-	-	-	21	0	0	-	21	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	0	0	-	21	0	0
0	1	Riding Master	-	....	..	-	-	-	-	17	8	0	-	17	8	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	8	0	-	17	8	0
0	1	Trumpeter Major	-	....	..	-	-	-	-	14	0	0	-	14	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	0	0	-	14	0	0
0	1	1st Rough Rider	-	....	..	-	-	-	-	5	4	0	-	5	4	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	4	0	-	5	4	0
0	1	2d Rough Rider	-	....	..	-	-	-	-	3	8	0	-	3	8	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	8	0	-	3	8	0
0	1	Pay Havildar	-	....	..	-	-	-	-	1	13	10	-	1	13	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	13	10	-	1	13	10
		HORSE ARTILLERY.																									
0	1	Captain	-	....	..	-	84	0	0	-	43	1	5	127	1	5	-	-	-	84	0	0	-	43	1	5	127	1	5
0	1	Captain Lieutenant	-	....	..	-	84	0	0	-	43	3	3	127	3	3	-	-	-	84	0	0	-	43	3	3	127	3	3
0	1	Lieutenant	-	....	..	-	84	0	0	-	43	3	3	127	3	3	-	-	-	84	0	0	-	43	3	3	127	3	3
0	1	Lieutenant Fireworker		....	..	-	84	0	0	-	40	13	4	124	13	4	-	-	-	84	0	0	-	40	13	4	124	13	4
1	0	Surgeon	-	....	..	-	84	0	0	-	43	1	5	127	1	5	-	-	-	84	0	0	-	43	1	5	127	1	5
1	0	Quarter Master	-	30	0	0	..	28	0	0	42	0	0	-	74	9	6	174	9	6	60	0	0	-	28	0	0	42	0	0	-	74	9	6	204	9	6
1	0	Serjeant	-	....	..	-	-	-	-	-	35	15	5	35	15	5	4	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	15	5	40	9	2
1	0	Trumpeter	-	....	..	-	-	-	-	-	23	3	5	23	3	5	4	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	3	5	27	13	2
1	0	Corporal (after 14 yrs. serv.)		....	..	-	-	-	-	-	29	4	8	29	4	8	4	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	4	8	33	14	5
		Corporal (after 7 yrs. do.)		....	..	-	-	-	-	-	28	2	7	28	2	7	4	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	2	7	32	12	4
		Corporal (under 7 yrs. do.)		....	..	-	-	-	-	-	27	0	6	27	0	6	4	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	0	6	31	10	3

Effective.	Non-Effective.	HORSE ARTILLERY, continued.	In Garrison or Cantonment.							In the Field.							
			Half Batta for 30 days.	Gratuity for 30 days.	Tent allowance per month.	Horse Allowance per month.	Established Allowance for 30 days.	Pay for 31 days.	Total.	Full Batta for 30 days.	Gratuity for 30 days.	Tent Allowance per month.	Horse Allowance per month.	Established Allowance for 30 days.	Pay for 31 days.	Total.
			R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
1		Gunner after 14 years do.	....	-	-	-	-	26 12 5	26 12 5	4 9 9	-	-	-	-	26 12 5	31 6 2
1		Gunner after 7 years do.	....	-	-	-	-	25 10 4	25 10 4	4 9 9	-	-	-	-	22 10 4	30 4 1
1		Gunner under 7 years do.	....	-	-	-	-	24 8 3	24 8 3	4 9 9	-	-	-	-	24 8 3	29 2 0
1	0	Matross after 14 years do.	....	-	-	-	-	20 15 3	20 15 3	4 9 9	-	-	-	-	20 15 3	25 9 0
1	0	Matross after 7 years do.	....	-	-	-	-	19 13 2	19 13 2	4 9 9	-	-	-	-	19 13 2	24 6 11
1	0	Matross under 7 years do.	....	-	-	-	-	18 11 1	18 11 1	4 9 9	-	-	-	-	18 11 1	23 4 10
1	0	Maistry Rocket Camel Man	....	-	-	-	-	17 8 0	17 8 0	3 8 0	-	-	-	-	17 8 0	21 0 0
1	0	Rocket Camel Man	....	-	-	-	-	10 8 0	10 8 0	3 8 0	-	-	-	-	10 8 0	14 0 0
		STAFF.														
0	1	Adjutant	....	-	-	-	147 0 0	-	147 0 0	-	-	-	21 0 0	147 0 0	-	168 0 0
0	1	Quarter Master	....	-	-	-	147 0 0	-	147 0 0	-	-	-	-	147 0 0	-	147 0 0
0	1	Serjeant Major	....	-	-	-	17 8 0	-	17 8 0	-	-	-	-	17 8 0	-	17 8 0
0	1	Quarter Master Serjeant	....	-	-	-	14 0 0	-	14 0 0	-	-	-	-	14 0 0	-	14 0 0
0	1	Riding Master Serjeant	....	-	-	-	17 8 0	-	17 8 0	-	-	-	-	17 8 0	-	17 8 0
0	1	Trumpeter Major	....	-	-	-	5 13 4	-	5 13 4	-	-	-	-	5 13 4	-	5 13 4
0	1	Farrier Major	....	-	-	-	5 13 4	-	5 13 4	-	-	-	-	5 13 4	-	5 13 4
0	1	Rough Rider 1st Class	....	-	-	-	10 8 0	-	10 8 0	-	-	-	-	10 8 0	-	10 8 0
0	1	Rough Rider 2d Class	....	-	-	-	7 0 0	-	7 0 0	-	-	-	-	7 0 0	-	7 0 0
0	1	Drill Corporal	....	-	-	-	7 0 0	-	7 0 0	-	-	-	-	7 0 0	-	7 0 0
0	1	Farrier	....	-	-	-	10 8 0	-	10 8 0	-	-	-	-	10 8 0	-	10 8 0
		ENGINEERS.														
1	0	Colonel	820 5 0	0 0 0	122 8 0	-	-	339 1 0	1281 14 0	820 5 0	0 0 0	122 8 0	42 0 0	—	339 1 0	1323 14 0
1	0	Lieutenant Colonel	328 2 0	0 0 0	105 0 0	-	-	271 4 0	704 6 0	656 4 0	0 0 0	105 0 0	42 0 0	—	271 4 0	1074 8 0

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Effective.	Non-Effective.	GUN LASCARS, Continued.	In Garrison or Cantonment. Half Batta for 30 days.	Gratuity for 30 days.	Tent Allowance per month.	Horse Allowance per month.	Established Allowance for 30 days.	Pay for 31 days.	Total.	In the Field. Full Batta for 30 days.	Gratuity for 30 days.	Tent Allowance per month.	Horse Allowance per month.	Established Allowance for 30 days.	Pay for 31 days.	Total.
			R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
1	0	Second Tindal	.....	..	..	..	....	8 12 0	8 12 0	3 8 0	-	.....	-	.....	8 12 0	12 4 0
1	0	Lascar	.....	..	..	..	....	7 13 4	7 13 4	2 5 4	-	.....	-	.....	7 13 4	10 2 8
1	0	Lascar Boy	.....	..	..	..	....	3 8 0	3 8 0	0 0 0	-	.....	-	.....	3 8 0	3 8 0
1	0	Puckally	.....	..	..	..	....	10 11 10	10 11 10	4 10 8	-	.....	-	.....	10 11 10	15 6 6
1	0	Bheestie	.....	..	..	..	....	7 0 0	7 0 0	4 10 8	-	.....	-	.....	7 0 0	11 10 8
1	0	Vakeel	.....	..	..	..	....	21 0 0	21 0 0	14 0 0	-	.....	-	.....	21 0 0	35 0 0
		GOLANDAUZE.														
		(1st Class	.....	..	..	..	.....	70 0 0	70 0 0	14 0 0	-	.....	-	.....	70 0 0	84 0 0
1	0	Subidar (2d do.	.....	..	..	..	.....	52 8 0	52 8 0	14 0 0	-	.....	-	.....	52 8 0	66 8 0
		(3d do.	.....	..	..	..	.....	42 0 0	42 0 0	14 0 0	-	.....	-	.....	42 0 0	56 0 0
1	0	Jemidar	.....	..	..	..	.....	28 0 0	28 0 0	7 0 0	-	.....	-	.....	28 0 0	35 0 0
1	0	Havildar	.....	..	..	..	.....	14 0 0	14 0 0	3 8 0	-	.....	-	.....	14 0 0	17 8 0
1	0	Naigue	.....	..	..	..	.....	10 8 0	10 8 0	3 8 0	-	.....	-	.....	10 8 0	14 0 0
1	0	Drummer or Fifer	.....	..	..	..	.....	8 12 0	8 12 0	3 3 4	-	.....	-	.....	8 12 0	11 15 4
1	0	Private	.....	..	..	..	.....	8 4 0	8 4 0	2 5 4	-	.....	-	.....	8 4 0	10 9 4
1	0	Bheestie	.....	..	..	..	.....	7 0 0	7 0 0	4 10 8	-	.....	-	.....	7 0 0	11 10 8
		STAFF.														
0	1	Adjutant	.....	..	..	..	147 0 0	.....	147 0 0	.....	-	.....	C21 0 0	147 0 0	.....	168 0 0
0	1	Quarter Master	.....	..	..	..	147 0 0	.....	147 0 0	.....	-	.....	-	147 0 0	.....	147 0 0
0	1	Serjeant Major	.....	..	..	..	17 8 0	.....	17 8 0	.....	-	.....	-	17 8 0	.....	17 8 0
0	1	Quarter Master Serjeant	.....	..	..	..	14 0 0	.....	14 0 0	.....	-	.....	-	14 0 0	.....	14 0 0
0	1	Drill Serjeant	.....	..	..	..	14 0 0	.....	14 0 0	.....	-	.....	-	14 0 0	.....	14 0 0
0	1	Drill Corporal	.....	..	..	..	7 0 0	.....	7 0 0	.....	-	.....	-	7 0 0	.....	7 0 0

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Effective.	Non-Effective.	EUROPEAN INFANTRY, Continued.	In Garrison or Cantonment.							In the Field.						
			Half Batta for 30 days.	Gratuity for 30 days.	Tent Allowance per month.	Horse Allowance per month.	Established Allowance for 30 days.	Pay for 31 days.	Total.	Full Batta for 30 days.	Gratuity for 30 days.	Tent Allowance per month.	Horse Allowance per month.	Established Allowance for 30 days.	Pay for 31 days.	Total.
			R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
0	1	Drum or Fife Major	-	-	-	-	5 13 4	0 0 0	5 13 4	-	-	-	0 0 0	5 13 4	0 0 0	5 13 4
0	1	Pay Serjeant -	-	-	-	-	3 8 0	0 0 0	3 8 0	-	-	-	0 0 0	3 8 0	0 0 0	3 8 0
		NATIVE INF.														
1	0	Colonel -	820 5 0	0 0 0	122 8 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	339 1 0	1281 14 0	820 5 0	0 0 0	122 8 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	339 1 0	1281 14 0
1	0	Lieutenant Colonel	328 2 0	0 0 0	105 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	271 4 0	704 6 0	656 4 0	0 0 0	105 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	271 4 0	1032 8 0
1	0	Major -	246 1 6	0 0 0	105 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	203 7 0	554 8 6	492 3 0	0 0 0	105 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	203 7 0	800 10 0
1	0	Captain -	98 7 0	39 6 0	63 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	135 10 0	336 7 0	196 14 0	39 6 0	63 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	135 10 0	434 14 0
1	0	Captain Lieutenant	98 7 0	39 6 0	63 0 0	0 0 0	A 30 0 0	67 13 0	298 10 0	196 14 0	39 6 0	63 0 0	0 0 0	A 30 0 0	67 13 0	397 1 0
1	0	Lieutenant -	65 10 0	26 4 0	42 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	67 13 0	201 11 0	131 4 0	26 4 0	42 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	67 13 0	267 5 0
1	0	Ensign -	49 3 6	13 2 0	42 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	54 0 0	158 9 6	98 7 0	13 2 0	42 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	54 4 0	207 13 0
1	0	Surgeon -	98 7 0	39 6 0	63 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	135 10 0	336 7 0	196 14 0	39 6 0	63 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	135 10 0	434 14 0
1	0	Assistant Surgeon -	65 10 0	26 4 0	42 0 0	....	....	67 13 3	201 11 0	131 4 0	26 4 0	42 0 0	....	....	67 13 0	267 5 0
1	0	Cadet	The same as in the European Infantry.							The same as in the European Infantry.						
1	0	Serjeant -	....	..	..	....	....	24 13 10	24 13 10	4 9 9	..	..	....	....	24 13 10	29 7 7
		1st Class -	....	..	..	....	....	70 0 0	70 0 0	14 0 0	..	..	....	....	70 0 0	84 0 0
1	0	Subidar 2d do. -	....	..	..	....	....	52 8 0	52 8 0	14 0 0	..	..	....	....	52 8 0	66 8 0
		3d do. -	....	..	..	....	....	42 0 0	42 0 0	14 0 0	..	..	....	....	42 0 0	56 0 0
1	0	Jemidar -	....	..	..	....	....	24 8 0	24 8 0	7 0 0	..	..	....	....	24 8 0	31 8 0
1	0	Havildar -	....	..	..	....	....	10 8 0	10 8 0	2 5 4	..	..	....	....	10 8 0	12 13 4
1	0	Naigue -	....	..	..	....	....	8 12 0	8 12 0	2 5 4	..	..	....	....	8 12 0	11 1 4
1	0	Drummer, Fifer or Bugler	....	..	..	....	....	8 12 0	8 12 0	3 3 4	..	..	....	....	8 12 0	11 15 4
1	0	Sepoy -	....	..	..	....	....	7 0 0	7 0 0	2 5 4	..	..	....	....	7 0 0	9 5 4
1	0	Recruit -	....	..	..	....	....	3 8 0	3 8 0	0 0 0	..	..	....	....	3 8 0	3 8 0

| | | |

Effective.	Non-Effective.		In Garrison or Cantonment.							In the Field.						
			Half Batta for 30 days.	Gratuity for 30 days.	Tent Allowance per month.	Horse Allowance per month.	Established Allowance for 30 days.	Pay for 31 days.	Total.	Full Batta for 30 days.	Gratuity for 30 days.	Tent Allowance per month.	Horse Allowance per month.	Established Allowance for 30 days.	Pay for 31 days.	Total.
			R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
		STORE AND TENT LASCARS.														
1	0	Syrang ..	-	-	-	-	-	23 2 8	23 2 8	7 0 0	-	-	-	-	23 2 8	30 2 8
1	0	1st Tindal ..	-	-	-	-	-	8 12 0	8 12 0	4 10 8	-	-	-	-	8 12 0	13 6 8
1	0	2d Tindal ..	-	-	-	-	-	7 0 0	7 0 0	4 10 8	-	-	-	-	7 0 0	11 10 8
1	0	Lascar ..	-	-	-	-	-	6 5 4	6 5 4	3 8 0	-	-	-	-	6 5 4	9 13 4
		MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.														
1	0	First Dresser ..	-	-	-	-	-	35 0 0	35 0 0	7 0 0	-	-	-	-	35 0 0	42 0 0
1	0	2d Dresser ..	-	-	-	-	-	24 8 0	24 8 0	4 10 8	-	-	-	-	24 8 0	29 2 8
1	0	Medical Pupil	-	-	-	-	-	17 8 0	17 8 0	2 5 4	-	-	-	-	17 8 0	19 13 4

A.—Additional Pay of one Rupee per day.
B.—House Rent.
C.—Allowance for the Carriage of Regimental Books.
D.—The same as a Subadar of Native Infantry according to length of service.

N. B.—The Additional Pay to Captain Lieutenants is to be drawn under the head "Established Allowance" as above.

No. 20

Table of Staff Pay or Salary, Batta and Allowances to the General, Division, Brigade, Garrison, &c. Staff Officers in the Honorable Company's and His Majesty's Service, in Garrison or Cantonment, and in the Field, for a month of 30 days.

STAFF APPOINTMENTS. THE HONORABLE COMPANY'S TROOPS.	In Garrison or Cantonment.							In the Field.						
	Batta.	Horse Allowance.	Candles and Stationary.	House rent and Office Rent.	Staff Pay or Salary.	Total.		Batta.	Horse Allowance.	Candles and Stationary.	Tent Allowance.	Staff Pay or Salary.	Total.	
	R. A. P.	R.	R.	R.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.		R. A. P.	R.	R.	R.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
The Commander in Chief, if a Member of Council,	1428 2 10	o	196	420	4958 2 10	7032 5 8	A	1428 2 10	o	196	420	4958 2 10	7032 5 8	A
The Commander in Chief, if not a Member of Council,	1428 2 10	o	196	420	3645 13 4	5740 0 2	B	1428 2 10	o	196	600	3645 13 4	5900 0 2	B
A General Officer upon the Staff,	o o o	o	o	o	3645 13 4	3645 13 4	E	o o o	o	o	600	3645 13 4	4245 13 4	D
Military Auditor General,	o o o	o	56	o	2916 10 8	2972 10 8		o o o	o	o	o	o o o	o o o	
Deputy Military Auditor General,	o o o	o	o	o	700 o o	700 o o		o o o	o	o	o	o o o	o o o	
Assistant Military Auditor General,	o o o	o	o	o	350 o o	350 o o		o o o	o	o	o	o o o	o o o	
Second Assistant do. do.	o o o	o	o	o	280 o o	280 o o		o o o	o	o	o	o o o	o o o	
Adjutant General of the Army, F	o o o	o	28	175	1750 o o	1953 o o		o o o	o	42	28	o 1750 o o	1820 o o	
Deputy Adjutant General of the Army,	o o o	o	14	o	729 1 5	743 1 5		o o o	o	42	14	o 729 1 5	785 1 5	
Assistant Adjutant General of the Army, G	98 7 o	21	o	o	246 1 6	365 8 6		98 7 o	21	o	o	246 1 6	365 8 6	
Quarter Master General of the Army, F	o o o	o	28	175	1750 o o	1953 o o		o o o	o	42	28	o 1750 o o	1820 o o	
Deputy Quarter Master General of the Army,	o o o	o	14	o	729 1 5	743 1 5		o o o	o	42	14	o 729 1 5	785 1 5	
Assistant Quarter Master General of the Army, G	98 7 o	21	o	o	246 1 6	365 8 6		98 7 o	21	o	o	246 1 6	365 8 6	
Deputy Adjutant General, }	o o o	o	14	o	666 1 5	680 1 5		o o o	o	42	14	o 666 1 5	722 1 5	
Deputy Quarter Master General, }	o o o	o	14	o	666 1 5	680 1 5	g h	o o o	o	42	14	o 666 1 5	722 1 5	I
H Commissary General, F	o o o	o	o	o	350 2170 o o	2520 o o		o o o	o	o	o	350 2170 o o	2520 o o	
H Deputy Commissary General,	o o o	o	o	o	1050 o o	1050 o o		o o o	o	o	o	o 1050 o o	1050 o o	
H Assistant Commissary General	o o o	o	o	o	700 o o	700 o o		o o o	o	o	o	o 700 o o	700 o o	
H Deputy Assistant do. do.	o o o	o	o	o	350 o o	350 o o		o o o	o	o	o	o 350 o o	350 o o	
H Sub-Assistant do. do.	o o o	o	o	o	175 o o	175 o o		o o o	o	o	o	o 175 o o	175 o o	
Secretary to the Military Board,	o o o	o	28	o	1400 o o	1428 o o	J	o o o	o	o	o	o o o	o o o	
Deputy Secretary to the Military Board,	o o o	o	o	o	350 o o	350 o o		o o o	o	o	o	o o o	o o o	
Assistant do. do.	o o o	o	o	o	262 8 o	262 8 o		o o o	o	o	o	o o o	o o o	
Aid-de-Camp or Brigade Major (Personal Staff)	98 7 o	21	o	o	131 4 o	250 11 o	K	98 7 o	21	o	o	131 4 o	250 11 o	K
Military Secretary to the Commander in Chief,	98 7 o	21	21	o	875 o o	1015 7 o		98 7 o	21	21	o	875 o o	1015 7 o	
G Secretary to an Officer Commanding a Division or Detachment	98 7 o	21	21	o	131 4 o	271 11 o		98 7 o	21	21	o	131 4 o	271 11 o	
Brigade Major to a Division, or District of the Army, (not Personal Staff,)	98 7 o	21	21	k	131 4 o	271 11 o		98 7 o	21	21	o	131 4 o	271 11 o	
Quarter Master of Brigade to do. do. do.	98 7 o	21	21	k	131 4 o	271 11 o		98 7 o	21	21	o	131 4 o	271 11 o	
Brigade Major to a Field Detachment or Brigade or to a Garrison or Cantonment, (Bangalore, Secunderabad, &c.)	o o o	o	o	o	214 o o	214 o o	l	o o o	o	o	o	214 o o	214 o o	l
Quarter Master of Brigade to do. do do.	o o o	o	o	o	214 o o	214 o o		o o o	o	o	o	214 o o	214 o o	
Judge Advocate General,	o o o	o	o	o	700 o o	700 o o	M	o o o	o	o	o	o o o	o o o	
Deputy Judge Advocate,	98 7 o	o	21	o	131 4 o	250 11 o		o o o	o	o	o	o o o	o o o	
Persian Interpreter at Head Quarters,	o o o	o	o	o	350 o o	350 o o		o o o	o	o	o	350 o o	350 o o	
Persian Interpreter at the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force,	o o o	o	o	o	o o o	o o o	m	98 7 o	21	21	o	131 4 o	271 11 o	
Chief Engineer, not being a General Officer on the Staff,	o o o	o	o	o	729 1 5	729 1 5	N	o o o	o	o	o	729 1 5	729 1 5	
Commandant of Artillery, do. do.	o o o	o	o	o	729 1 5	729 1 5		o o o	o	o	o	729 1 5	729 1 5	
An Officer Commanding the Head Quarters of two Corps or a Brigade	o o o	o	o	o	328 2 o	328 2 o	O	o o o	o	o	o	328 2 o	328 2 o	
Town Major of Fort St. George, L	o o o	o	28	o	1402 5 4	1430 5 4		o o o	o	o	o	o o o	o o o	
Fort Adjutant of Fort St. George,	o o o	21	o	o	280 o o	301 o o		o o o	o	o	o	o o o	o o o	
Fort Adjutant at Out-Stations,	o 8 o	21	35	o	65 10 o	121 10 o		o o o	o	o	o	o o o	o o o	
Cantonment or Line Adjutant,	o o o	21	35	o	65 10 o	121 10 o		o o o	21	35	o	65 10 o	121 10 o	
Town Adjutant at Madras,	o o o	21	o	o	280 o o	301 o o		o o o	o	o	o	o o o	o o o	
Barrack Master at the Presidency,	o o o	o	o	o	350 o o	350 o o		o o o	o	o	o	o o o	o o o	
Barrack Master in Mysore,	o o o	o	o	o	350 o o	350 o o		o o o	o	o	o	o o o	o o o	

* Not being on the fixed Establishment of the Adjutant General's or Quarter Master General's Department.

REMARKS.

A—Established allowance of Rupees 17,500 per annum—G. L. C. D. 8th January 1796.

B—Allowance for Chubdars, Hircarrahs, and Peons.

C—House Rent as in Garrison and Cantonment. The Commander in Chief is supplied with Camp Equipage, Followers, Carriage, &c. from the Public Stores when in the Field.

D—Allowance for Camp Equipage, Carriage, &c. when employed on actual Field Service.

E—And the Pay of his Regimental Rank.

F—The Adjutant General and Quarter Master General of the Army and the Commissary General, if under the rank of Lieutenant Colonel Regimentally, are entitled to the Full Batta of that Rank, when in the Field.—G. L. 21st February 1815 and 24th September 1817.

G—Subalterns holding these Appointments receive at all times (whether in Garrison, Cantonment, or in the Field) the difference between their Regimental Half Batta and the Full Batta of Captain; the Batta included in this Table Rupees 98 7 o is on a supposition of their holding the Rank of Captain Regimentally, but a Lieutenant would receive Rupees 131 4 0, and an Ensign Rupees 147 10 6 under the head of Batta for a month of 30 days.

g—The Commissary General has been furnished with a Public Building for an Office and is permitted to draw Rupees 175 per month for House Rent in lieu of the sum here stated.—G. L. 18th June 1811.

H—These Officers receive Full Batta *at all times* according to their Regimental Rank.—G. L. 21 November 1810.

h—The present Commissary General (Lieutenant Colonel Morison) receives an addition to his Salary of Rupees 350 per month, but it is not to be continued to his Successor in Office—G. L. C. D. 3d November 1815.

I—This allowance is considered sufficient to provide Camp Equipage for the Commissary General and the Public Servants when in the Field.—G. L. 2d November 1810.

J—Inclusive of the Pay, Half Batta and Gratuity, of the Regimental Rank of the Officer holding the Appointment. —G. L. 23d October 1802.

K—In the event of this Officer holding another Appointment at the same time, his allowances as Military Secretary are to be reduced to their former standard, viz. the same as those of a Secretary to an Officer Commanding a Division or Detachment, with the sum of Rupees 140 per month for Writers, &c.—G. L. C. D. 30th July 1806.

k—Brigade Majors and Quarter Masters of Brigade, who draw the Office Establishment formerly authorized for Assistants Adjutant and Quarter Master General of Divisions are only entitled to Rupees 17 8 0 per month for Stationary. —G. O. G. 22d July 1805 and 19th February 1811.

L—A Subaltern holding this Appointment receives the difference between his Regimental Half Batta and the Half Batta of Captain.

l—Staff Pay 124—Allowance for a Writer 40—do. for Stationary 20—do. for a Horse 36—Total Rupees 214 per month.

M—Inclusive of Office Rent, Writers, Stationary, &c.—G. L. C. D. 30th July 1806.

m—In addition to this allowance the Colonel of the Corps of Engineers receives a sum, annually, equal to the amount of the Off-reckonings of a Colonel of a Regiment.—G. O. G. 15th May 1804.

N—Brigadier's allowance, Rupees 10 15 0 per day.

O—Salary fixed by Government under date the 31st January 1811, - - - 819 0 0

Do. do. under date the 15th June 1816 (in lieu of Off-reckonings,) - 583 5 4

Rs. 1402 5 4

No. 20, continued.

STAFF APPOINTMENTS.	In Garrison or Cantonment.						In the Field.					
	Batta.	House Allowance.	Candles and Stationary.	House and Office Rent.	Staff Pay or Salary.	Total.	Batta.	House Allowance.	Candles and Stationary.	Tent Allowance.	Staff Pay or Salary.	Total.
THE HONORABLE COMPANY'S TROOPS.	R. A. P.	R.	R.	R	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R.	R.	R.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
Agent for Gun Carriages at Seringapatam	0 0 0	0	0	0	1400 0 0	1400 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Superintendent of the Gun Powder Manufactory	0 0 0	0	0	0	1225 0 0 P	1225 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Commissary of Stores at Fort St. George	0 0 0	28	0	0	1050 0 0	1078 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Commissary of Stores at Out-Stations, Q	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Paymaster at Fort St. George	0 0 0	0	0	0	875 0 0	875 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Paymaster at Out-Stations	0 0 0	0	0	0	616 14 11	616 14 11	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Medical Board (1st Member, 2d Member, 3d Member) R	0 0 0	0	0	0	2800 0 0	2800 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
	0 0 0	0	0	0	2450 0 0	2450 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
	0 0 0	0	0	0	2100 0 0	2100 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Superintending Surgeon	0 0 0	0	0	0	1575 0 0 S	1575 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0 S	0 0 0
Staff Surgeon	0 0 0	0	0	0	700 0 0	700 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	700 0 0	700 0 0
Secretary to the Medical Board	0 0 0	0	0	0	350 0 0	350 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Superintendent of the Lunatic Hospital	0 0 0	0	0	0	350 0 0	350 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Medical Storekeeper at the Presidency	0 0 0	0	0	0	700 0 0	700 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Superintendent of the Dispensary at the Presidency	0 0 0	0	0	0	175 0 0	175 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Deputy Medical Storekeeper at Hyderabad	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	105 0 0	105 0 0
Field Apothecary, G	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0	98 7 0	0	0	0	131 4 0	229 11 0
Baggage Master	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	84	0	0	350 0 0	434 0 0
Deputy do.	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	42	0	0	175 0 0	217 0 0
Provost Martial to the Army	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0	196 14 0	21	0	45 T	131 4 0	394 2 0
HIS MAJESTY'S TROOPS.												
The Commander in Chief, v	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Deputy Adjutant General	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Deputy Quarter Master General	0 0 0	28	175	0	729 1 5	932 1 5	0 0 0	42	28	0	729 1 5	799 1 5
Brigade Major at the Presidency, G	0 0 0	28	70	0	729 1 5	827 1 5	0 0 0	42	28	0	729 1 5	799 1 5
NON-COMMISSIONED STAFF.	98 7 0	21	21	0	131 4 0	271 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Sub-Conductor												
Store or Park Serjeant	0 0 0	0	0	0	14 0 0	14 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	21 0 0	21 0 0
Serjeant Major,	0 0 0	0	0	0	14 0 0	14 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	14 0 0	14 0 0
Quarter Master Serjeant, At the Presidency	0 0 0	0	0	0	35 0 0	35 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Signal Master,	0 0 0	0	0	0	35 0 0	35 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Serjeant Major, At Out-Stations	0 0 0	0	0	0	52 8 0	52 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Quarter Master Serjeant,	0 0 0	0	0	0	14 0 0	14 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Engineer Serjeant	0 0 0	0	0	0	14 0 0	14 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Laboratory Serjeant	0 0 0	0	0	0	17 8 0	17 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	17 8 0	17 8 0
Do. Corporal	0 0 0	0	0	0	14 0 0	14 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	14 0 0	14 0 0
Baggage Serjeant	0 0 0	0	0	0	10 8 0	10 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	10 8 0	10 8 0
Hospital, Key, Barrack, or Arrack Serjeant	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	21 0 0	21 0 0
	0 0 0	0	0	0	14 0 0	14 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0

N.B.—Office Establishments are omitted in this Table, being liable to fluctuate (according to circumstances) and not being required for general information.

Officers for whom no allowance is included, in the Field under the head "Tent Allowance," are supplied with *additional* Camp Equipage, Followers, and Carriage from the Public Stores, according to the nature and extent of their official duties—G. O. G. 8th March 1811—if they cannot be supplied from the Public Stores they are entitled to draw the established Allowance in lieu thereof—G. O. G. 20th August 1813.

The New Currency consists of Rupees, Annas and Pice, which are exchanged as follows—12 Pice make 1 Anna and 16 Annas make 1 Rupee.

REMARKS.

P—No Commission is now drawn by the Superintendent, the Salary being in lieu of that charge, and the fixed allowance hitherto drawn by that Officer.—G. O. G. 9th October 1810, G. L. C. D. 12th June 1816.

Q—The Commissary of Stores at Seringapatam Rupees 420—The Commissary of Stores of the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force when in Cantonment Rupees 420; when the Force is employed in the Field Rupees 700—The Commissaries of Stores in the Ceded Districts and in the Northern and Southern Divisions of the Army Rupees 350 each—The Commissaries of Stores at Quilon, Cannanore and the Mount, Rupees 280 each; the latter draws the allowance of Sub-Director of the Laboratory, exclusive of his Salary—Commissaries of Stores on the Establishment, not being Commissioned Officers, receive a Staff allowance of Rupees 122 8 0 per month when appointed to the charge of Depots of Military Stores; and Deputy Commissaries of Stores under the same circumstances, receive a Staff allowance of Rupees 87 8 0 per month, in addition to their Pay and Batta.—G. O. G. 9th October 1810.

R—The Salaries fixed for the Members of the Medical Board are inclusive of all allowances of whatever description—The Salary of Rupees 1575, fixed for Superintending Surgeons, is also inclusive of the Tent allowance and the allowance for a Writer and all other allowances of whatever description—G. O. G. 9th October and G. L. 2d November 1810.

S—Staff Pay or Salary 525, allowance for Medical Expenditure 122 8 0, Medical Servants 52 8 0: Total, Rupees 700.

T—Allowance for Chubdars 21, an Executioner 10, a Peon 7, an Ass 7: Total, Rupees 45.

V—The Salary and Allowances to the Commander in Chief are stated on the other side.

G. O. C. C. 17th March 1818.

The arrangements in progress, rendering it unnecessary to continue the First Division of the Army of the Deckan, embodied, His Excellency the Commander in Chief directs it's discontinuance from this date, and the several Divisional, and Brigade Appointments, and the Departments hereafter specified, will be discontinued and paid up to the 31st Instant.

Brigades of Cavalry, Artillery, and Infantry.
Paymaster's Department.
Commissary of Stores' Department.
Senior Engineer.
Baggage Master's Department.
Superintending Surgeon.
Deputy Medical Storekeeper's Department.
Persian Interpreter.
Provost Marshal and Establishment.
Field Establishment of Guides, Quarter Master General's Department.

The Commander in Chief cannot, on this occasion, omit recording the high sense he entertains, of the merits, and services of the First Divison of the Army of the Deckan.—His Excellency has on several proud occasions noticed the zeal, and ability of the Officers, and the patience, discipline, and gallantry of the Troops, but His Excellency now feels it a duty, to notice the highly orderly, and exemplary conduct, of the Division on all occasions, speaking in such strong terms the credit due to the several Brigadiers, Commanding Officers of Corps, and Brigade, and Regimental Staff; while, Sir Thomas Hislop reflects with no common pride on the manner his gallant Troops have maintained the high reputation of the Madras Army, it is a fact to be recorded, equally honorable both to the Officers and Troops, that in no instance, has a General Court Martial been assembled in the Division, for any offence committed by the Troops, since it's formation, or does the Orderly Book record one single instance of censure.

To Lieutenant Colonel Mackintosh, Deputy Commissary General.
Captain Carfrae, Paymaster.
Captain Mackintosh, Commissary of Stores.
Captain Spankie, Baggage Master, His Excellency the Commander in Chief, offers his warmest thanks, and acknowledgments, for the eminent services they have rendered him, not only for their conspicuous zeal, as Officers in the Field, but for the efficiency of their several important Departments, which throughout the service, have been conducted with a well directed ability, as honorable to those Officers, as their exertions have been advantageous to the Service.

To Captain Briggs, Persian Interpreter, His Excellency the Commander in Chief offers his best thanks, and cordial acknowledgments, for the valuable services he has rendered him on all occasions.

The Commander in Chief must again notice, the efficiency of the Medical Department, which has been most ably conducted by Mr. Superintending Surgeon Annesley, to whom, as well as to Mr. Stritch, Deputy Medical Storekeeper, The Commander in Chief offers his acknowledgments, and praises, which are so justly due to their indefatigable exertions, and able arrangements.

G. O. C. C. 30th March 1818.

The Commander in Chief having received from Brigadier General Smith, Commanding the 4th, or Poonah Division of the Army of the Deckan, a report of the meritorious conduct of Subadar Peer Mahomed of the 1st Battalion 4th Regiment Bombay Native Infantry, commanding a detached Post from Toka, at the village of Huria, His Excellency requests that Brigadier General Smith will direct his acknowledgments to be made to Subadar Peer Mahomed, for the zeal, and spirit, with which he attacked, and successively drove off, a party of Bajee Row's Horsemen, from the Post of Huria, on the 25th February last.

The Commander in Chief having received from Brigadier General Doveton, Commanding the 2d or Hyderabad Division of the Army of the Deckan, a report of the successful

successful operations of a Detachment of His Highness the Nizam's Regular Infantry, under Major Pitman, against the Fort of Ungundgoam, which with very limited means, was invested by that Officer, in a most spirited style, on the 12th Instant, when batteries were erected, and opened with such success, that the enemy evacuated the Garrison during the night.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief has to offer his acknowledgments to Major Pitman, for his judicious arrangements, and decision on this occasion, and to express his approbation of the conduct of Lieutenant Lawrence, (of the Bengal Artillery,) who commanded the Artillery.

Brigadier General Pritzler having reported the surrender of the Forts of Jaypoor, Vizier Gifur, and Poorunder, on the 12th, 15th, and 16th Instant, to the Division of the Reserve of the Army of the Deckan, under that Officer's command, His Excellency the Commander in Chief has again the satisfaction to express, his approbation, in terms of praise, of the zeal, ability, and exertions, of Brigadier General Pritzler, and of the persevering energy, and spirit, of his gallant Detachment.

The Commander in Chief, most cordially participates in the approbation Brigadier General Pritzler has expressed, of the conduct of every Officer and Soldier, who were employed on the occasion, and His Excellency desires Lieutenant Colonel Dalrymple, Commanding the Artillery, and Captain Nutt, the Commanding Engineer, to accept his acknowledgments, and praise, for their valuable services, and professional exertions, on this occasion.

G. O. C. C. 31st March 1818.

Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop having, in pursuance of the authority vested in him, for that purpose, by The Most Noble The Governor General and Commander in Chief, made such arrangements, as were necessary, towards the breaking up of the Army of the Deckan, His Excellency proceeds to issue his final Orders, as Commander in Chief of that Army.

From, and after the present date, therefore, the designation of the "Army of the Deckan" is discontinued, and the Corps commanded by Brigadier Generals Doveton, and Smith, will revert to the footing on which they stood, previously to the Lieutenant General's assumption of the Chief Command.

As the Divisions, of which Brigadier Generals Doveton, and Smith, are to retain the Command, will still for a time exceed the ordinary amount of the Subsidiary Forces, which constituted their original Commands, and will continue to be employed in operations intimately connected with those, in which they have been engaged, since they received that rank, Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop notifies to the Army, that it is not, at present, the intention of His Excellency The Most Noble The Governor General, to recall the Commissions issued to the above Officers; that on similar grounds, Brigadier General's Munro, Pritzler, Sir John Malcolm, and Sir Augustus Floyer, will also retain for the present, the rank of Brigadier General, and that Brigadier Generals Munro, Smith and Pritzler, will continue to act in the same relations to each other, as they now fulfil.

Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, authorizes the General, and personal Staff, at Head Quarters, to continue to maintain their Field Establishments, until the arrival of His Excellency at Fort St. George.

Sir Thomas Hislop would have deemed it quite superfluous, after the high and flattering encomiums bestowed on the Army of the Deckan, by His Excellency The Most Noble The Governor General and Commander in Chief, to express those which the gallant Army he has had the honor to Command, throughout so eventful a Campaign, is in so pre-eminent a degree entitled to, personally from him; Impelled however, by a sense of what is due to them, for their undeviating observance of the most exact discipline, thereby throwing a lustre on their acknowledged achievements, he cannot resist the opportunity which the present moment affords, of bearing the most public testimony of their further just deserts.

Each, and every Division of the Army, having entitled itself to, and received the Lieutenant General's thanks and applause, it becomes unnecessary now to revert to the particular occasions which called forth these acknowledgments; nothing is therefore left to His Excellency to repeat, but that they have all most nobly done their

duty,

duty, thereby leaving on his mind, an indelible impression of admiration: To have been placed at the Head of the Army of the Deckan; must to the latest period of his life, prove the source of his greatest pride, as the conferring on him, by The Most Noble The Governor General in Council, of so distinguished a Command, must ever claim the acknowledgments of his utmost gratitude.

To Major General Sir William Grant Keir, to Brigadier Generals Munro, Doveton, Sir John Malcolm, Smith, and Pritzler, and to Lieutenant Colonel Adams, who commanded the several Divisions of the Army in the Field, Sir Thomas Hislop once more tenders to their acceptance, the offer of his most sincere, and grateful thanks, for the eminent services they have performed, while serving under his Command, and His Excellency requests they will each do him the favor of conveying the same to the Corps, which have composed their Divisions during the Campaign.

The Lieutenant General avails himself, with pleasure, of the present occasion, to record the high sense he entertains, of the able and energetic assistance he has received, during the whole of the Campaign, from his General, and Personal Staff, in conducting their respective Departments, and duties, which justly entitles them to his unqualified thanks, and approbation: His Excellency at the same time deems it proper to remark, that if the Commissariat arrangements during the short period when the Army was in the Field in 1815, were such as to demand his particular applause on that occasion, the more arduous, and complicated duties required of the Department, during the late service, and which were most satisfactorily fulfilled under circumstances of the greatest difficulty, and embarrassment, give Lieutenant Colonel Morison, aided as he has been, by the indefatigable exertions of Lieutenant Colonel Mackintosh, and the Officers of his Department, the strongest claim to His Excellency's acknowledgments and high commendation.

All Returns, Reports, and Communications from the Army of the Deckan are to be forwarded through the prescribed channels, to Sir Thomas Hislop, Head Quarters, up to this date, inclusive, and His Excellency will reserve to himself, the right of giving such further orders, and instructions, as may be necessary on all points, at present under reference, or requiring submission for approval to superior authority, up to the same period.

G. A. O.

An omission having unintentionally occurred, in not having noticed Captain Ffrench, the Postmaster of the Army of the Deckan, in any of the General Orders conveying the thanks, and acknowledgments, of the Commander in Chief, to the Officers of the General Staff, His Excellency loses no time, since that omission has been brought to his observation, in expressing his entire approbation of the very efficient manner in which Captain Ffrench has invariably conducted that important Department, and surmounted the many difficulties which presented themselves to it's due fulfilment, and for which His Excellency now offers to Captain Ffrench his very sincere thanks.

Captain Ffrench will continue, until further orders, to be Postmaster with the Head Quarters of the Madras Army in the Field.

G. O. G. 1st May 1818.

It having been represented to Government that on the decease of Native Troops, under circumstances to entitle their Families to Pensions, the latter have been exposed to inconvenience and distress by the discontinuance of their Family Certificates before their Pensions have been authorized; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council deems it expedient to establish the following Regulation for their relief.

On receipt of notifications of the decease of Native Troops their Family Certificates, if they had left any, are in all cases to be cancelled; and, if the Families are entitled by the Regulations to Pensions, temporary Pension Certificates are to be issued to them in lieu thereof for the amount of the regulated Pension, according to the Rank, &c. of the deceased, and in the name of the Persons, to whom the Family Certificates were payable; the payment to commence from the date on which the Family Certificates may have been discontinued.

The temporary Certificates thus issued are to contain the usual personal description, &c. of the Party, but are never to exceed the regulated Pension, even tho' the Family

Family Certificate should have been for a greater amount; and when the permanent Pensions are afterwards sanctioned they are to be payable, not from the date of the casualty, but from that on which the temporary Certificates have been cancelled.

It is further to be understood that should Persons who may obtain the temporary Pensions not be subsequently recognized as the nearest Heirs of the deceased, the latter when permanently pensioned are to have no claim to any arrear for the interval between the date of decease of the Parties in right of whom they claim, and that of the discontinuance of the temporary Certificates.

On receipt of the notifications of casualties, the Superintendent of Family Certificates and Pensions, in conformity with the above provisions, is to prepare the temporary Certificates and to submit them for the sanction of Government, accompanied by corresponding lists, specifying the dates of the casualties, where they occurred, where the Certificates are required to be paid, &c.; and when approved, the Military Auditor General will receive authority from Government for their payment.

Commanding or Staff Officers of Stations at which Family Certificates may be payable, are accordingly to transmit to the Superintendent of Pensions, &c. the necessary particulars, to enable him to give effect to the above Regulation; and are also to afford that Officer every information, connected therewith, which he may have occasion to require of them.

As the above provisions are applicable in those cases only in which the Troops may have left Family Certificates, and it being deemed of importance that the right of all Individuals (particularly the Families of the Native Troops) who may have claims to permanent Pensions shall be established with the least possible delay; His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to direct that the prescribed Committees for the examination of such claims, shall be assembled as early as may be practicable after, if not prior to, the termination of the service giving rise to such claims.

G. O. C. C. 18th April 1818.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief has great satisfaction in expressing in Public Orders, the high sense he entertains, of the spirited, and judicious conduct, of Lieutenant Stott of the 2d Battalion 9th Regiment Native Infantry, which has been brought to His Excellency's notice by Brigadier General Munro, Commanding the Reserve of the Army.

From the Brigadier General's report, it appears that Lieutenant Stott, with a Detachment of 50 Men of the 2d Battalion 9th Regiment Native Infantry, was sent to occupy a position near the Fortress of Hongull, for the purpose of preventing the Enemy's Garrison at that place, from plundering, and laying waste, the adjacent country.—Lieutenant Stott reached the place, and took up his ground on the 8th Instant, about 1,000 yards from the Fort.—In the course of the day, he drove off a Party of the Enemy from a commanding position they occupied, within 200 yards of the Fort, but owing to the fire of the guns from the works, he was compelled to retreat to his former position.

In the evening he was attacked by the whole of the Garrison, and after a gallant contest, succeeded in repulsing them, with considerable loss, at the same time taking possession of a well chosen position, close to the Fort, and covered from the effects of it's guns.

The determined perseverance, and courage, of this small Party, so ably directed by Lieutenant Stott, intimidated the Enemy to such a degree, that they surrendered the place, with a Garrison of 800 Men, next morning.

The Commander in Chief requests that Brigadier General Munro will communicate to Lieutenant Stott, His Excellency's entire approbation, and applause, of his conduct upon this occasion, as well as that of the gallant Detachment under his command.

The Commander in Chief is happy in having it in his power, to correct an omission in His Excellency's G. O. of the 13th Ultimo, noticing the attack of the Army of Bajee Rao, on the 20th February last, by the Division of the Army under the Command of Brigadier General Smith, C. B.

The report of the Brigadier General, stating that the Horse Artillery were kept

in reserve, led the Commander in Chief to understand, that they were not actively engaged, but His Excellency having received a subsequent report from the Brigadier General, explanatory of the circumstance, and shewing that the Bombay Horse Artillery, under Captain Pierce, bore an active, and distinguished share, in the dangers and honor of the Action of the 20th February, His Excellency desires to offer to Captain Pierce, the expression of his high approbation, and thanks, for the zealous and persevering exertions, which that Officer made, in bringing his guns into position, and opening their fire, under circumstances of great difficulty, owing to the nature of the ground, and His Excellency requests that Brigadier General Smith, will communicate to Captain Pierce, and to the Corps of Bombay Horse Artillery under his command, the high sense entertained by the Commander in Chief, of their meritorious services, and good conduct.

The Commander in Chief has received from Brigadier General Munro, Commanding the Reserve, a report of the meritorious conduct of a Troop of the 5th Regiment Cavalry, in an affair with the Enemy's Horse on the 8th February last.—This report, from some mistake, has only now reached Head Quarters, and His Excellency takes the earliest occasion, to express the very high sense he entertains, of the gallantry, and courage, which animated the small Party of the 5th Regiment Cavalry, on the occasion above alluded to, and particularly of the spirited, and prompt decision, which marked the conduct of Captain Munro, 7th Regiment Light Cavalry, Commanding the Troop, whose ready determination, and good judgment, not only saved the Troop, but succeeded in repulsing the Enemy with considerable loss, although posted in an advantageous position, and vastly superior in numbers, to the party with Captain Munro.

His Excellency offers to Captain Munro, and the gallant Detachment under his command, his entire approbation, and applause, of their conduct, as reported by Bragadier General Munro, and desires that this Order may be particularly explained to the Troop of the 5th Cavalry, engaged with the Enemy, on the 8th February last.

G. O. C. C. 13th March 1818.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief, has received the Official Details, from Brigadier General Munro, of the attack, and surrender of the Fortress of Badami, on the 18th Ultimo, to the small, but gallant Detachment, of the Reserve of the Army of the Deckan, under the Brigadier General's command.

The enterprizing spirit, which has marked the whole of the military operations, in which Brigadier General Munro has been engaged, reflects the highest *lustre*, on that distinguished Officer's professional zeal, and conspicuous ability.—The present attack, undertaken with so much promptitude, and decision, has produced the unconditional surrender of the important citadel of Badami, after the Fort was gallantly stormed, without any considerable loss, an advantage which must be attributed, in a very great degree, to the timely, and fortunate arrival, of the reinforcements from the Ceded Districts, without which addition to Brigadier General Munro's very inadequate Force, the results might have been more glorious, but the loss more severe.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief requests, that Major Newall, who has conducted the details of the Division of the Reserve, under Brigadier General Munro's immediate command, will accept his thanks, and acknowledgments, for the very able, and judicious manner, in which he has conducted this, as well as every previous service, in which the Detachment has been engaged.—His Excellency the Commander in Chief also desires, that Captain Rose of the 2d Battalion 9th Regiment, will accept his acknowledgments, for the gallant, and spirited manner, he led the advance of the Storming Party, into the Fort of Badami;—The expression of His Excellency the Commander in Chief's approbation, and applause, is also due to the gallant Detachment of His Majesty's 22d Regiment Light Dragoons, (dismounted) the Flank Companies of the 2d Battalion 4th Regiment, the Flank Companies of the 2d Battalion 9th Regiment, and the Detachment of Madras Pioneers, for the admirable spirit, and coolness, they evinced in the attack.

The Commander in Chief has received from Brigadier General Smith, Commanding the 4th Division of the Army of the Deckan, the official details of the important

success

success gained by the Troops, under the Brigadier-General's command, on the 28th ultimo, at Ashtie, over the Army of Bajeerow, and His Excellency hastens to record his admiration, of the ability, and gallantry, which have led to this most important result.

It appears that after a most persevering pursuit, which the troops of the 4th Division kept up with exemplary cheerfulness, during a period of three months, their exertions were rewarded by coming up with the Enemy on the above day.—The opposition made by the Mahratta Cavalry, was brave, and resolute, but the successive charges made by our gallant Cavalry, soon compelled them to fly in confusion, with the loss of above 300 men, and a great part of their baggage.

The death of their leader Goklah, who fell in the action, and the rescue of His Highness The Rajah of Sattarah, who, with his Family, is now happily under the protection of the British Government, are among the more striking features of this brilliant affair, and their importance will certainly be fully appreciated, by The Most Noble The Governor General.

His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, begs leave to tender his grateful acknowledgments, to Brigadier-General Smith, for the unceasing energy, and high military character, which have marked that Officer's proceedings, during the short, but, eventful period of hostilities with Bajeerow, and His Excellency assures the Brigadier General, that in the report of the present affair which will be immediately laid before The Most Noble The Governor General, it will be His Excellency's endeavour, to do justice to his distinguished conduct.

His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop notices, with the highest satisfaction, the intrepid, and well timed charge, made by the two Squadrons of His Majesty's 22d Dragoons, under Major Dawes, by which the Enemy were first routed, and the no less admirable conduct of the 2d and 7th Regiments of Madras Cavalry, under Majors Walker, and Doveton, respectively, which gallant Corps, composed the Brigade, commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Colebrooke, C. B. and whose exertions on this occasion, have been such, as to excite in His Excellency's mind, the strongest sentiments of approbation, of the skill, and decision, of those Officers, as well as of the gallantry, and discipline, displayed by their exemplary Corps.

The Commander in Chief also desires, that Captain Frith, of the Madras Artillery, will accept his acknowledgments, for the very able, and judicious manner, he brought the Gallopers, under his command, into action with the Cavalry.

The important services of Captain Tovey, Deputy Adjutant General, and of Captain Mayne, Deputy Quarter Master General, and the active zeal, and promptitude, of Brigadier General Smith's Personal Staff, Captain Hardcastle, Lieutenant Place, and Lieutenant Billamore, have been brought to His Excellency's notice, in a manner, which entitles them individually, to receive His Excellency's thanks and applause.

The Commander in Chief has also much pleasure, in offering his best acknowledgments, to Major Hull, Deputy Commissary General, whose excellent arrangements, foresight, and assiduity are represented by the Brigadier General, to have overcome many obstacles to the supply of the Division, during it's recent operations.

The Paymaster of the 4th Division, Captain James, the Commissary of Stores, Captain Griffiths of the Bombay Artillery, and Mr. Superintending Surgeon Phillips, are also entitled to the Commander in Chief's praise, and acknowledgments, for the efficiency which has prevailed in their respective Departments.

The Fort of Singhur having surrendered to Brigadier General Pritzler's Detachment, on the 2d Instant, His Excellency the Commander in Chief, congratulates that Officer, and the gallant Troops under his command, on the possession of so strong a Fortress, with so little loss.

The able and judicious arrangements, made by Brigadier General Pritzler, for conducting the operations of the siege, reflect the highest credit on that Officer's military character, and the Commander in Chief requests the Brigadier General to be assured, that he will report his high estimation, of the services he has rendered, in appropriate terms, to The Most Noble The Governor General.

The professional ability, and experience, of Lieutenant Colonel Dalrymple of the Madras Artillery, (who commanded the Artillery employed at the siege of Singhur,) are reported by Brigadier General Pritzler to have been conspicuous, and His Excellency The Commander in Chief requests Lieutenant Colonel Dalrymple to be assured how duly he appreciates, the value of his zealous services, on this, as well as on every other occasion.

The Commander in Chief also requests that Captain Nutt of the Bombay Engineers, and Lieutenant Grant of the Madras Engineers, will accept his thanks, and cordial approval, of their zealous, and valuable services, during the siege.

The

The conduct of the Artillery, Pioneers, and Troops in general, was highly praiseworthy, and the Commander in Chief notices, with great satisfaction, the commendation which Brigadier General Pritzler has bestowed on them, for their zeal, and cheerfulness, on all occasions.

His Excellency The Commander in Chief has great satisfaction in announcing to the Army, that the Fortress of Chockum surrendered to the Detachment commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Deacon of the Madras Establishment, on the 27th Ultimo.

The judgment, spirit, and decision, with which the short, but active operations, against the Fort of Chockum, were carried on, speak sufficiently the ability, and character, of Lieutenant Colonel Deacon, and His Excellency The Commander in Chief requests that Officer to accept his praise and acknowledgments, for the important services he has rendered.

The Commander in Chief's approbation, is also due to Captain Thew, Commanding the Bombay Artillery, Ensign Slight of the Bombay Engineers, employed on this service, as well as to the whole of the Officers, and Troops of this Detachment.

G. O. C. C. 21st May 1818.

Remarks by His Excellency The Most Noble The Commander in Chief.

The Court by finding the Prisoners guilty of having falsely and maliciously deposed upon oath before a Magistrate, that Assistant Surgeon Wray wilfully and intentionally shot at them, have declared each of them guilty of an atrocious act of Perjury.

Suspension for a month from Rank and Pay is so inadequate a punishment for a crime of such turpitude, that The Commander in Chief entirely disapproves the Sentence and orders the Court to be dissolved.

It appearing by the Regimental Books, that Subadar Mayput Sing was deeply impeached in character and had public notice given to him by a former Commander in Chief thro' the Adjutant General, that any future laxity in his conduct would entail his dismission from the Service without a Court Martial, The Commander in Chief deems it fitting to enforce the penalty of which Subadar Mayput Sing was then warned, and His Lordship accordingly, by virtue of the power vested in him, dismisses Subadar Mayput Sing from the Honorable Company's Service.

The Commander in Chief is further pleased to direct that Havildar Major Ajaib Sing be dismissed the Honorable Company's Service.

The Commander in Chief is induced to exercise this severity in the case, because that in addition to the malignant nature of the crime, the Prisoners have endeavoured to support their defence in a way which deserves peculiar reprobation.

Among the grains of shot produced in Court as having fallen on the bed where the Prisoners were lying, there are several of a much larger size than the quality of shot which it was proved Assistant Surgeon Wray was using—Those larger shot are flattened, that it may be inferred with what force they struck the bed frame: But those grains are equally flattened on both sides, so as that it is evident they were put into that state between two hard substances.—This attempt at imposition The Commander in Chief considers in a heinous light. Still it is not so grossly culpable as the other point.—Four Witnesses are brought forward by the Prisoners in their defence against the second Charge: and each of these Witnesses gives his answer to a series of questions, not only to the same effect, but as is observed by the Deputy Judge Advocate, precisely in the same phrase; so that their evidence was word for word the same—this is a coincidence which could not have happened but from the Witnesses having severally been instructed in their lesson before hand; and The Commander in Chief cannot sufficiently express his astonishment that the Court did not comment on so gross and palpable a fact—These circumstances greatly aggravate the original guilt in the contemplation of The Commander in Chief and render a rigorous example necessary.

By Command. (Signed) C. J. DOYLE, *Lt. Col.*
Military Secretary.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 24TH APRIL 1818.

Ordered that the following Extracts from the Honorable Company's General Letters in the Military Department, dated 5th March and 17th September 1817, be published in General Orders.

Letter dated 5th March 1817.

10. "We cannot therefore give our sanction to the proposed measure of Clothing the Native Cavalry in Blue, and we direct that you will on receipt of this Dispatch issue orders for that Corps to be dressed in Grey—conformably with the instructions, conveyed to you in our General Letter of the 3d September 1813."

Letter dated 17th September 1817.

9. "We have come to the resolution of not complying in future with any Indents upon us for Boots for the Native Cavalry, and accordingly direct that those Corps be supplied with Boots, in the same manner, as they were previously to the practice lately introduced, of indenting upon us, for that article of dress."

The Clothing Board will make the necessary arrangements for giving effect to the orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors, contained in the foregoing extracts.

G. O. G. 15TH MAY 1818.

* With reference to the General Order dated 30th September 1817, The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to resolve, that the Medical Pupil Establishment shall be open to young men educated at the Military and Sunday School at Saint Thomas's Mount, to be selected by the Medical Board, as directed by the General Order of the 23d March 1811.

G. O. G. 28TH MAY 1818.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief having returned within the limits of the Government of Fort St. George, The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, with reference to the General Orders dated 14th and 26th July 1817, that all Returns, Reports, and Communications be addressed through the regular Departments to His Excellency's Head Quarters.

Major General Dyce will cease from the publication of this Order to conduct the Details of the Army; and the Governor in Council is pleased to express in Public Orders his entire approbation of the zeal, ability and regularity with which the Major General has discharged the duties of that appointment.

G. O. G. 24TH APRIL 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council deems it expedient to direct, that the 13th Section of the Ordnance Regulations, headed "Landing Military Stores from Ships," shall in future be considered generally applicable to the Medical Store Department, the Medical Board and Medical Store-keeper being considered in the same relative situations, with reference thereto, as the Military Board and Commissary in charge of the Arsenal, in regard to Ordnance Stores.

The Medical Board are to issue such instructions for the guidance of the Medical Storekeeper

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* *Vide page* 288.

Storekeeper in regard to the landing, &c. of Medical Stores, as they may consider it necessary to give full effect to the above orders; and the same communications will take place between the Accountant General and Medical Board regarding Medical Stores, as are at present customary between that Officer and the Military Board regarding Ordnance Stores.

G. O. G. 23D MAY 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to fix the following Establishment for the Ordnance Store Department to be attached to the Nagpore Subsidiary Force.

1	Commissary of Stores,
5	Conductors,
5	Sub Conductors,
1	Park Serjeant,
4	Maistry Carpenters,
2	Do. Smiths,
3	Armourers,
24	Carpenters,
14	Smiths,
14	Hammermen,
14	Bellows Boys,
3	Sawyers,
1	Painter,
2	Chucklers,
5	Chickledars,
1	Tinman,
1	Caulker,
1	Moochey,
1	Cooper,
2	Syrangs,
6	Tindals,
141	Lascars,
1	Conicopoly or Vakeel,
7	Mamooty Coolies,
1	Maistry do.
14	Common Coolies,
3	Puckallies,
1	Mussalgee,

Allowance for Writers and Stationary, Pags. 24.

The Military Board will make the necessary arrangements for completing the Establishment of Store Lascars allotted to the Ordnance Store Department with the Nagpore Force, the Officer Commanding which will receive instructions from the Board relative to the formation of the Department now authorized.

G. O. G. 28TH MAY 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the allowance of Oil for Street Lamps in Cantonments or Garrisons, shall be increased from one Ollock to 1½ Ollock; and the proportion of Cotton Thread is to be regulated accordingly, as laid down in the 21st Paragraph of the Regulations for the Supplies of the Barrack Department.

G. O. G. 9TH JUNE 1818.

The following Table of Pay, Batta, &c. in the new Currency, is published in continuation of the G. O. 31st March last, for general information, and is to be considered as cancelling the Table No. 41 in the Appendix to the Code of Pay Regulations.

Memorandum.

In the General Order by Government dated the 31st March last, for "Arcot Rupees" read "Madras Rupees."

APPENDIX.

No. XLI.

TABLE of Pay, Batta, &c. to the different Ranks in the Army, (European and Native,) from 1 to 31 Days.

PAY.

NATIVE CAVALRY.

Number of days.	Colonel.			Lieutenant Colonel.			Major.			Captain.			Captain Lieutenant and Lieutenant.			Cornet.			Adjutant.			Quarter Master.			Surgeon.			Assistant Surgeon.			Serjeant.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	14	7	10	10	2	3	8	7	9	6	8	7	3	15	10	3	8	9	4	14	4	2	0	8	4	15	4	3	4	6	0	15	2
2	28	15	8	20	4	7	16	15	7	13	1	3	7	15	9	7	1	6	9	12	9	4	1	4	9	14	8	6	9	0	1	14	4
3	43	7	7	30	6	11	25	7	5	19	9	11	11	15	7	10	10	4	14	11	2	6	2	0	14	14	0	9	13	6	2	13	6
4	57	15	5	40	9	2	33	15	2	26	2	7	15	15	6	14	3	1	19	9	7	8	2	8	19	13	4	13	2	0	3	12	8
5	72	7	4	50	11	6	42	7	0	32	11	2	19	15	4	17	11	10	24	8	0	10	3	4	24	12	8	16	6	6	4	11	10
6	86	15	2	60	13	10	50	14	10	39	3	10	23	15	3	21	4	8	29	6	4	12	4	0	29	12	0	19	11	0	5	11	0
7	101	7	1	71	0	1	59	6	7	45	12	6	27	15	1	24	13	5	34	4	9	14	4	8	34	11	4	22	15	6	6	10	2
8	115	14	11	81	2	5	67	14	5	52	5	2	31	15	0	28	6	2	39	3	2	16	5	4	39	10	8	26	4	0	7	9	4
9	130	6	9	91	4	9	76	6	3	58	13	9	35	14	10	31	15	0	44	1	7	18	6	0	44	10	0	29	8	6	8	8	6
10	144	14	8	101	7	1	84	14	1	65	6	5	39	14	9	35	7	9	49	0	0	20	6	8	49	9	4	32	13	0	9	7	8
11	159	6	6	111	9	4	93	5	10	71	15	1	43	14	7	39	0	6	53	14	4	22	7	4	54	8	8	36	1	6	10	6	10
12	173	14	5	121	11	8	101	13	8	78	7	9	47	14	6	42	9	4	58	12	9	24	8	0	59	8	0	39	6	0	11	6	0
13	188	6	3	131	14	0	110	5	6	85	0	4	51	14	4	46	2	1	63	11	2	26	8	8	64	7	4	42	10	6	12	5	2
14	202	14	2	142	0	3	118	13	3	91	9	0	55	14	3	49	10	10	68	9	7	28	9	4	69	6	8	45	15	0	13	4	4
15	217	6	0	152	2	7	127	5	1	98	1	8	59	14	1	53	3	8	73	8	0	30	10	0	74	6	0	49	3	6	14	3	6
16	231	13	11	162	4	11	135	12	11	104	10	4	63	14	0	56	12	5	78	6	4	32	10	8	79	5	4	52	8	0	15	2	8
17	246	5	9	172	7	3	144	4	9	111	3	0	67	13	10	60	5	2	83	4	9	34	11	4	84	4	8	55	12	6	16	1	10
18	260	13	7	182	9	6	152	12	6	117	11	7	71	13	9	63	14	0	88	3	2	36	12	0	89	4	0	59	1	0	17	1	0
19	275	5	6	192	11	10	161	4	4	124	4	3	75	13	7	67	6	9	93	1	7	38	12	8	94	3	4	62	5	6	18	0	2
20	289	13	4	202	14	2	169	12	2	130	12	11	79	13	6	70	15	6	98	0	0	40	13	4	99	2	8	65	10	0	18	15	4
21	304	5	3	213	0	5	178	3	11	137	5	7	83	13	4	74	8	4	102	14	4	42	14	0	104	2	0	68	14	6	19	14	6
22	318	13	1	223	2	9	186	11	9	143	14	2	87	13	3	78	1	1	107	12	9	44	14	8	109	1	4	72	3	0	20	13	8
23	333	5	0	233	5	1	195	3	7	150	6	10	91	13	1	81	9	10	112	11	2	46	15	4	114	0	8	75	7	6	21	12	10
24	347	12	10	243	7	4	203	11	5	156	15	6	95	13	0	85	2	8	117	9	7	49	0	0	119	0	0	78	12	0	22	12	0
25	362	4	9	253	9	8	212	3	2	163	8	2	99	12	10	88	11	5	122	8	0	51	0	8	123	15	4	82	0	6	23	11	2
26	376	12	7	263	12	0	220	11	0	170	0	9	103	12	9	92	4	2	127	6	4	53	1	4	128	14	8	85	5	0	24	10	4
27	391	4	5	273	14	4	229	2	10	176	9	5	107	12	7	95	13	0	132	4	9	55	2	0	133	14	0	88	9	6	25	9	6
28	405	12	4	284	0	7	237	10	7	183	2	1	111	12	6	99	5	9	137	3	2	57	2	8	138	13	4	91	14	0	26	8	8
29	420	4	2	294	2	11	246	2	5	189	10	9	115	12	4	102	14	6	142	1	7	59	3	4	143	12	8	95	2	6	27	7	10
30	434	12	1	304	5	3	254	10	3	196	3	5	119	12	3	106	7	4	147	0	0	61	4	0	148	12	0	98	7	0	28	7	0
31	434	12	1	304	5	3	254	10	3	196	3	5	119	12	3	106	7	4	147	0	0	63	4	8	153	11	4	101	11	6	29	6	2

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY.

NATIVE CAVALRY, continued.

Number of days.	Subadar 1st Class.			Subadar 2d Class.			Subadar 3d Class.			Jemadar.			Havildar and Vakeel.			Naigue, Native Adjutant, Riding Master and Trumpeter.			Trooper.			Sepoy Recruit.			Mistry Horsekeeper and Grass Cutter.			Horsekeeper.			Grass Cutter.			Saddle Allowance.			Head and Heel Ropes.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	3	15	5	3	6	1	3	0	6	1	0	9	0	11	2	0	9	4	0	5	7	0	1	10	0	4	8	0	2	9	0	2	8	0	0	11	0	1	5
2	7	14	11	6	12	3	6	1	0	2	1	7	1	6	4	1	2	8	0	11	2	0	3	8	0	9	4	0	5	7	0	5	4	0	1	10	0	2	11
3	11	14	4	10	2	4	9	1	7	3	2	4	2	1	7	1	12	0	1	0	9	0	5	7	0	14	0	0	8	4	0	8	0	0	2	9	0	4	5
4	15	13	10	13	8	6	12	2	1	4	3	2	2	12	9	2	5	4	1	6	4	0	7	5	1	2	8	0	11	2	0	0	8	0	3	8	0	5	11
5	19	13	4	16	14	8	15	2	8	5	4	0	3	8	0	2	14	8	1	12	0	0	9	4	1	7	4	0	14	0	0	13	4	0	4	8	0	7	5
6	23	12	9	20	4	9	18	3	2	6	4	9	4	3	2	3	8	0	2	1	7	0	11	2	1	12	0	1	0	9	1	0	0	0	5	7	0	8	11
7	27	12	3	23	10	11	21	3	8	7	5	7	4	14	4	4	1	4	2	7	2	0	13	0	2	0	8	1	3	7	1	2	8	0	6	6	0	10	5
8	31	11	2	27	1	0	24	4	3	8	6	4	5	9	7	4	10	8	2	12	9	0	14	11	2	5	4	1	6	4	1	5	4	0	7	5	0	11	11
9	35	11	2	30	7	2	27	4	9	9	7	2	6	4	9	5	4	0	3	2	4	1	0	9	2	10	0	1	9	2	1	8	0	0	8	4	0	13	5
10	39	10	8	33	13	4	30	5	4	10	8	0	7	0	0	5	13	4	3	8	0	1	2	8	2	14	8	1	12	0	1	10	8	0	9	4	0	14	11
11	43	10	1	37	3	5	33	5	10	11	8	9	7	11	2	6	6	8	3	13	7	1	4	6	3	3	4	1	14	9	1	13	4	0	10	3	1	0	5
12	47	9	7	40	9	7	36	6	4	12	9	7	8	6	4	7	0	0	4	3	2	1	6	4	3	8	0	2	1	7	2	0	0	0	11	2	1	1	11
13	51	9	0	43	15	8	39	6	11	13	10	4	9	11	7	7	9	4	4	8	9	1	8	3	3	12	8	2	4	4	2	2	8	0	12	1	1	3	4
14	55	8	6	47	5	10	42	7	5	14	11	2	9	12	9	8	2	8	4	14	4	1	10	1	4	1	4	2	7	2	2	5	4	0	13	0	1	4	10
15	59	8	0	50	12	0	45	8	0	15	12	0	10	8	0	8	12	0	5	4	0	1	12	0	4	6	0	2	10	0	2	8	0	0	14	0	1	6	4
16	63	7	5	54	2	1	48	8	6	16	12	9	11	3	2	9	5	4	5	9	7	1	13	10	4	10	8	2	12	9	2	10	8	0	14	11	1	7	10
17	67	6	11	57	8	3	51	9	0	17	13	7	11	14	4	9	14	8	5	15	2	1	15	8	4	15	4	2	15	7	2	13	4	0	15	10	1	9	4
18	71	6	4	60	14	4	54	9	7	18	14	4	12	9	7	10	8	0	6	4	9	2	1	7	5	4	0	3	2	4	3	0	0	1	0	9	1	10	10
19	75	5	10	64	4	6	57	10	1	19	15	2	13	4	9	11	1	4	6	10	4	2	3	5	5	8	8	3	5	2	3	2	8	1	1	8	1	12	4
20	79	5	4	67	10	8	60	10	8	21	0	0	14	0	0	11	10	8	7	0	0	2	5	4	5	13	4	3	8	0	3	5	4	1	2	8	1	13	10
21	83	4	9	71	0	9	63	11	2	22	0	9	14	11	2	12	4	0	7	5	7	2	7	2	6	2	0	3	10	9	3	8	0	1	3	7	1	15	4
22	87	4	3	74	6	11	66	11	8	23	1	7	15	6	4	12	13	4	7	11	2	2	9	0	6	6	8	3	13	7	3	10	8	1	4	6	2	0	10
23	91	3	8	77	13	0	69	12	3	24	2	4	16	1	7	13	6	8	8	8	0	9	2	10	11	6	11	4	4	0	4	3	13	4	1	5	5	2	2	4
24	95	3	2	81	3	2	72	12	9	25	3	2	16	12	9	14	0	0	8	6	4	2	12	9	7	0	0	4	3	2	4	0	0	1	6	4	2	3	10
25	99	2	8	84	9	4	75	13	4	26	4	0	17	8	0	14	9	4	8	12	0	2	14	8	7	4	8	4	6	0	4	2	8	1	7	4	2	5	4
26	103	2	1	87	15	5	78	13	10	27	4	9	18	3	2	15	2	8	9	1	7	3	0	6	7	9	4	4	8	9	4	5	4	1	8	3	2	6	9
27	107	1	7	91	5	7	81	14	4	28	5	7	18	14	4	15	12	0	9	7	2	3	2	4	7	14	0	4	11	7	4	8	0	1	9	2	2	8	3
28	111	1	0	94	11	8	84	14	11	29	6	4	19	9	7	16	5	4	9	12	9	3	4	3	8	2	8	4	14	4	4	10	8	1	10	1	2	9	9
29	115	0	6	98	1	10	87	15	5	30	7	2	20	4	9	16	14	8	10	2	4	3	6	1	8	7	4	5	1	2	4	13	4	1	11	0	2	11	3
30	119	0	0	101	8	0	91	0	0	31	8	0	21	0	0	17	8	0	10	8	0	3	8	0	8	12	0	5	4	0	5	0	0	1	12	0	2	12	9
31	119	0	0	101	8	0	91	0	0	31	8	0	21	0	0	17	8	0	10	8	0	3	8	0	8	12	0	5	4	0	5	0	0	1	12	0	2	12	9

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY.

HORSE ARTILLERY AND ROCKET TROOP.

Number of days.	Captain.			Captain Lieutenant.			Lieutenant.			Lieut. Fireworker.			Troop Quarter Master.			Sub-Assist. Surgeon.			Sergeant.			Trumpeter.			Corporal after 14 years.			Corporal after 7 years.			Corporal under 7 years.			Gunner after 14 years.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	1	6	2	1	6	3	1	6	3	1	5	0	2	6	6	1	2	8	1	2	6	0	11	11	0	15	1	0	14	6	0	13	11	0	13	9
2	2	12	5	2	12	7	2	12	7	2	10	1	4	18	0	2	5	4	2	5	1	1	7	11	1	14	2	1	13	0	1	11	10	1	11	7
3	4	2	8	4	2	10	4	2	10	3	15	2	7	3	6	3	8	0	3	7	8	2	3	11	2	13	4	2	11	7	2	9	10	2	9	5
4	5	8	11	5	9	2	5	9	2	5	4	3	9	10	0	4	10	8	4	10	3	2	15	11	3	12	5	3	10	1	3	7	9	3	7	3
5	6	15	2	6	15	5	6	15	5	6	9	4	12	0	6	5	13	4	5	12	9	3	11	11	4	11	7	4	8	8	4	5	9	4	5	1
6	8	5	5	8	5	9	8	5	9	7	14	5	14	7	0	7	0	0	6	15	4	4	7	10	5	10	8	5	7	2	5	3	8	5	2	11
7	9	11	8	9	12	1	9	12	1	9	3	6	16	13	6	8	2	8	8	1	11	5	3	10	6	9	10	6	5	9	6	1	8	6	0	8
8	11	1	10	11	2	4	11	2	4	10	3	7	19	4	0	9	5	4	9	4	6	5	15	10	7	8	11	7	4	3	6	15	7	6	14	6
9	12	8	1	12	8	8	12	3	8	11	13	8	21	10	6	10	8	0	10	7	0	6	11	10	8	8	1	8	2	10	7	13	7	7	12	4
10	13	14	4	13	14	11	13	14	11	13	2	9	24	1	0	11	10	8	11	9	7	7	7	10	9	7	2	9	1	4	8	11	6	8	10	2
11	15	4	7	15	5	3	15	5	3	14	7	9	26	7	6	12	13	4	12	12	2	8	3	9	10	6	3	9	15	10	9	9	5	9	8	0
12	16	10	10	16	11	6	16	11	6	15	12	10	28	14	0	14	0	0	13	14	9	8	15	9	11	5	5	10	14	5	10	7	5	10	5	10
13	18	1	1	18	1	10	18	1	10	17	1	11	31	4	6	15	2	8	15	1	3	9	11	9	12	4	6	11	12	11	11	5	4	11	3	3
14	19	7	4	19	8	2	19	8	2	18	7	0	33	11	0	16	5	4	16	3	10	10	7	9	13	3	8	12	11	6	12	3	4	12	1	5
15	20	13	7	20	14	5	20	14	5	19	12	1	36	1	6	17	8	0	17	6	5	11	3	9	14	2	9	13	10	0	13	1	3	12	15	3
16	22	3	9	22	4	9	22	4	9	21	1	2	38	8	0	18	10	8	18	9	0	11	15	8	15	1	11	14	8	7	13	15	3	13	13	1
17	23	10	0	23	11	0	23	11	0	22	6	3	40	14	6	19	13	4	19	11	6	12	11	8	16	1	0	15	7	1	14	13	2	14	10	11
18	25	0	3	25	1	4	25	1	4	23	11	4	43	5	0	21	0	0	20	14	1	13	7	8	17	0	2	16	5	8	15	11	2	15	8	9
19	26	6	6	26	7	8	26	7	8	25	0	5	45	11	6	22	2	8	22	0	8	14	3	8	17	15	3	17	4	2	16	9	1	16	6	7
20	27	12	9	27	13	11	27	13	11	26	5	6	48	2	0	23	5	4	23	3	3	14	15	8	18	14	5	18	2	9	17	7	1	17	4	5
21	29	3	0	29	4	3	29	4	3	27	10	6	50	8	6	24	8	0	24	5	9	15	11	7	19	13	6	19	1	3	18	5	0	18	2	2
22	30	9	3	30	10	6	30	10	6	28	15	7	52	15	0	25	10	8	25	8	4	16	7	7	20	12	7	19	15	9	19	2	11	19	0	0
23	31	15	6	32	0	10	32	0	10	30	4	8	55	5	6	26	13	4	26	10	11	17	3	7	21	11	9	20	14	4	20	0	11	19	13	10
24	33	5	8	33	7	1	33	7	1	31	9	9	57	12	0	28	0	0	27	13	6	17	15	7	22	0	10	21	12	10	20	14	10	20	11	8
25	34	11	11	34	13	5	34	13	5	32	14	10	60	2	6	29	2	8	29	0	0	18	11	7	23	10	0	22	11	5	21	12	10	21	9	6
26	36	2	2	36	3	9	36	3	9	34	3	11	62	9	0	30	5	4	30	2	7	19	7	6	24	9	1	23	9	11	22	10	9	22	7	4
27	37	8	5	37	10	0	37	10	0	35	9	0	64	15	6	31	8	0	31	5	2	20	3	6	25	8	3	24	8	6	23	8	9	23	5	1
28	38	14	8	39	0	4	39	0	4	36	14	1	67	6	0	32	10	8	32	7	8	20	15	6	26	7	4	25	7	0	24	6	8	24	2	11
29	40	4	11	40	6	7	40	6	7	38	3	2	69	12	6	33	13	4	33	10	3	21	11	6	27	6	5	26	5	6	25	4	7	25	0	9
30	41	11	2	41	12	11	41	12	11	39	8	3	72	3	0	35	0	0	34	12	10	22	7	6	28	5	7	27	4	1	26	2	7	25	14	7
31	43	1	5	43	3	3	43	3	3	40	13	4	74	9	6	35	0	0	35	15	5	23	3	5	29	4	8	28	2	7	27	0	6	26	12	5

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY.

HORSE ARTILLERY AND ROCKET TROOP.

Number of days.	Gunner after 7 years.			Gunner under 7 years.			Matrosses after 14 years.			Matrosses after 7 years.			Matrosses under 7 years.			Maistry Rocket Camelman.	Rocket Camelman.	Maistry Horsekeeper and Grass Cutter.	Horsekeeper.	Grass Cutter.	Allowance for Shoe, Head & Heel Ropes, &c. for each Horse.	Allowance for keeping up in repair each Saddle and set of Harness.
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	A.	R.	A.	P.							
1	0	13	2	0	12	7	0	10	9	0	10	2	0	9	7							
2	1	10	5	1	9	3	1	5	7	1	4	5	1	3	3							
3	2	7	8	2	5	11	2	0	5	1	14	8	1	12	11							
4	3	4	11	3	2	7	2	11	3	2	8	11	2	6	7							
5	4	2	2	3	15	3	3	6	1	3	3	2	3	0	3							
6	4	15	5	4	11	11	4	0	10	3	13	4	3	9	10							
7	5	12	7	5	8	6	4	11	8	4	7	7	4	3	6							
8	6	9	10	6	5	2	5	6	6	5	1	10	4	13	2							
9	7	7	1	7	1	10	6	1	4	5	12	1	5	6	10							
10	8	4	4	7	14	6	6	12	2	6	6	4	6	0	6							
11	9	1	7	8	11	2	7	6	11	7	0	6	6	10	1							
12	9	14	10	9	7	10	8	1	9	7	10	9	7	3	9							
13	10	12	1	10	4	6	8	12	7	8	5	0	7	13	5							
14	11	9	3	11	1	1	9	7	5	8	15	3	8	7	1							
15	12	6	6	11	13	9	10	2	3	9	9	6	9	0	9							
16	13	3	9	12	10	5	10	13	0	10	3	8	9	10	4							
17	14	1	0	13	7	1	11	7	10	10	13	11	10	4	0							
18	14	14	3	14	3	9	12	2	8	11	8	2	10	13	8							
19	15	11	6	15	0	5	12	13	6	12	2	5	11	7	4							
20	16	8	9	15	13	1	13	8	4	12	12	8	12	1	0							
21	17	5	11	16	19	8	14	3	1	13	6	10	12	10	7							
22	18	3	2	17	6	4	14	13	11	14	1	1	13	4	3							
23	19	0	5	18	3	0	15	8	9	14	11	4	13	13	11							
24	19	13	8	18	15	8	16	3	7	15	5	7	14	7	7							
25	20	10	11	19	12	4	16	14	5	15	15	10	15	1	3							
26	21	8	2	20	9	0	17	9	2	16	10	0	15	10	10							
27	22	5	4	21	5	7	18	4	0	17	4	3	16	4	6							
28	23	2	7	22	2	3	18	14	10	17	14	6	16	14	2							
29	23	15	10	22	14	11	19	9	8	18	8	9	17	7	10							
30	24	13	1	23	11	7	20	4	6	19	3	0	18	1	6							
31	25	10	4	24	8	3	20	15	3	19	13	2	18	11	1							

The same as Naigue in the Native Cavalry.

The same as Trooper in the Native Cavalry.

The same as in the Native Cavalry.

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY.

ARTILLERY.

Number of days.	Colonel.			Lieutenant Colonel.			Major.			Captain.			Captain Lieutenant and Lieutenant.			Lieut. Fireworker.			Sergeant.			Corporal after 14 years			Corporal after 7 years.			Corporal under 7 years.			Adjutant.			Quarter Master.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A	P.	R.	A.	P	R.	A.	P.	R.	A	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	10	15	0	8	12	0	6	9	0	5	1	3	2	3	10	2	3	0	0	14	10	0	13	10	0	13	3	0	12	8	4	14	4	4	14	4
2	21	14	0	17	8	0	13	2	0	10	8	4	5	1	8	4	6	0	1	13	8	1	11	8	1	10	6	1	9	4	9	12	9	9	12	9
3	32	13	0	26	4	0	19	11	0	15	5	0	7	10	6	6	9	0	2	12	6	2	9	6	2	7	9	2	6	0	14	11	2	14	11	2
4	43	12	0	35	0	0	26	4	0	20	6	8	10	3	4	8	12	0	3	11	4	3	7	4	3	5	0	3	2	8	19	9	7	19	9	7
5	54	11	0	43	12	0	32	13	0	25	8	4	12	12	2	10	15	0	4	10	2	4	5	2	4	2	3	3	15	4	24	8	0	24	8	0
6	65	10	0	52	8	0	39	6	0	30	10	0	15	5	0	13	2	0	5	9	0	5	3	0	4	15	6	4	12	0	29	6	4	29	6	4
7	76	9	0	61	4	0	45	15	0	35	11	8	17	13	10	15	5	0	6	7	10	6	0	10	5	12	9	5	8	8	34	4	9	34	4	9
8	87	8	0	70	0	0	52	8	0	40	13	4	20	6	8	17	8	0	7	6	8	6	14	8	6	10	0	6	5	4	39	3	2	39	3	2
9	98	7	0	78	12	0	59	1	0	45	15	0	22	15	6	19	11	0	8	5	6	7	12	6	7	7	3	7	2	0	44	1	7	44	1	7
10	109	6	0	87	8	0	65	10	0	51	0	8	25	8	4	21	14	0	9	4	4	8	10	4	8	4	6	7	14	8	49	6	0	49	0	0
11	120	5	0	96	4	0	72	3	0	56	2	4	28	1	2	24	1	0	10	3	2	9	8	2	9	1	9	8	11	4	53	14	4	53	14	4
12	131	4	0	105	0	0	78	12	0	61	4	0	30	10	0	26	4	0	11	2	0	10	6	0	9	15	0	9	8	0	58	12	9	58	12	9
13	142	3	0	113	12	0	85	5	8	33	2	10	28	7	0	12	0	10	11	3	10	10	12	3	10	4	8	63	11	2	63	11	2			
14	153	2	0	122	8	0	91	14	0	71	7	4	35	11	8	30	10	0	12	15	8	12	1	8	11	9	6	11	1	4	68	9	7	68	9	7
15	164	1	0	131	4	0	98	7	0	76	9	0	38	4	6	32	13	0	13	14	6	12	15	6	12	6	9	11	14	0	73	8	0	73	8	0
16	175	0	0	140	0	0	105	0	0	81	10	8	40	13	4	35	0	0	14	13	4	13	13	4	13	4	0	12	10	8	78	6	4	78	6	4
17	185	15	0	148	12	0	111	9	0	86	12	4	43	6	2	37	3	0	15	12	2	14	11	2	14	1	3	13	7	4	83	4	9	83	4	9
18	196	14	0	157	8	0	118	2	0	91	14	0	45	16	0	39	6	0	16	11	0	15	9	0	14	14	6	14	4	0	88	3	2	88	3	2
19	207	13	0	166	4	0	124	11	0	96	15	8	48	7	10	41	9	0	17	9	10	16	6	10	15	11	9	15	0	8	93	1	7	93	1	7
20	218	12	0	175	0	0	131	4	0	102	1	4	51	0	8	43	12	0	18	8	8	17	4	8	16	9	0	15	13	4	98	0	0	98	0	0
21	229	11	0	183	12	0	137	13	0	107	3	0	53	9	6	45	15	0	19	7	6	18	2	6	17	6	3	16	10	0	102	14	4	102	14	4
22	240	10	0	192	8	0	144	6	0	112	4	8	56	2	4	48	2	0	20	6	4	19	0	4	18	3	6	17	6	8	107	12	9	107	12	9
23	251	9	0	201	4	0	150	15	0	117	6	4	58	11	2	50	5	0	21	5	2	19	14	2	19	0	9	18	3	4	112	11	2	112	11	2
24	262	8	0	210	0	0	157	8	0	122	8	0	61	4	0	52	8	0	22	4	0	20	12	0	19	14	0	19	0	0	117	9	7	117	9	7
25	273	7	0	218	12	0	164	1	0	127	9	8	63	12	10	54	11	0	23	2	10	21	9	10	20	11	3	19	12	8	122	8	0	122	8	0
26	284	6	0	227	8	0	170	10	0	132	11	4	66	5	8	56	14	0	24	1	8	22	7	8	21	8	6	20	9	4	127	6	4	127	6	4
27	295	5	0	236	4	0	177	3	0	137	13	0	68	14	6	59	1	0	25	0	6	23	5	6	22	5	9	21	6	0	132	4	9	132	4	9
28	306	4	0	245	0	0	183	12	0	142	14	8	71	7	4	61	4	0	25	15	4	24	3	4	23	3	0	22	2	8	137	3	2	137	3	2
29	317	3	0	253	12	0	190	5	0	148	0	4	74	0	2	63	7	0	26	14	2	25	1	2	24	0	3	22	15	4	142	1	7	142	1	7
30	328	2	0	262	8	0	196	14	0	153	2	0	76	9	0	65	10	0	27	13	0	25	15	0	24	13	6	23	12	0	147	0	0	147	0	0
31	339	1	0	271	4	0	203	7	0	153	2	9	76	9	0	65	10	0	28	11	16	26	12	10	25	10	9	24	8	8	147	0	0	147	0	0

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY.

ARTILLERY AND GUN LASCARS.

Number of days.	Gunner after 14 years.			Gunner after 7 years.			Gunner under 7 years.			Drummer and Fifer.			Matross after 14 years.			Matross after 7 years.			Matross under 7 years.			Syrang 1st Class.			Syrang 2d Class.			Syrang 3d Class.			First Tindal.			Second Tindal.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	0	11	10	0	11	3	0	10	8	0	8	0	0	9	2	0	8	7	0	8	0	1	6	4	1	0	9	0	13	0	0	9	4	0	4	8
2	1	7	8	1	6	6	1	5	4	1	0	0	1	2	4	1	1	2	1	0	0	2	12	9	2	1	7	1	10	1	1	2	8	0	9	4
3	2	3	6	2	1	9	2	0	0	1	8	0	1	11	6	1	9	3	1	8	0	4	3	2	3	2	4	2	7	2	1	12	0	0	14	0
4	2	15	4	2	13	0	2	10	8	2	0	1	2	4	8	2	2	4	2	0	0	5	9	7	4	3	2	3	4	3	2	5	4	1	2	8
5	3	11	2	3	8	3	3	5	4	2	8	1	2	13	10	2	10	11	2	8	0	7	0	0	5	4	0	4	1	4	2	14	8	1	7	4
6	4	7	0	4	3	6	4	0	0	3	0	1	3	7	0	3	3	6	3	0	0	8	6	4	6	4	9	4	14	4	3	8	0	1	12	0
7	5	2	10	4	14	9	4	10	8	3	8	1	4	0	2	3	12	1	3	8	0	9	12	9	7	5	7	5	11	5	4	1	4	2	0	8
8	5	14	8	5	10	0	5	5	4	4	0	2	4	9	4	4	4	8	4	0	0	11	3	2	8	6	4	6	8	6	4	10	8	2	5	4
9	6	10	6	6	5	3	6	0	0	4	8	2	5	2	6	4	13	3	4	8	0	12	9	7	9	7	2	7	5	7	5	4	0	2	10	0
10	7	6	4	7	0	6	6	10	8	5	0	2	5	11	8	5	5	10	5	0	0	14	0	0	10	8	0	8	2	8	5	13	4	2	14	8
11	8	2	2	7	11	9	7	5	4	5	8	2	6	4	10	5	14	5	5	8	0	15	6	4	11	8	9	8	15	8	6	6	8	3	3	4
12	8	14	0	8	7	0	8	0	0	6	0	3	6	14	0	6	7	0	6	0	0	16	12	9	12	9	7	9	12	9	7	0	0	3	8	0
13	9	9	10	9	2	3	8	10	8	6	8	3	7	7	2	6	15	7	6	8	0	18	3	2	13	10	4	10	9	10	7	9	4	3	12	8
14	10	5	8	9	13	6	9	5	4	7	0	3	8	0	4	7	8	2	7	0	0	19	9	7	14	11	2	11	6	11	8	2	8	4	1	4
15	11	1	6	10	8	9	10	0	0	7	8	3	8	9	6	8	0	9	7	8	0	21	0	0	15	12	0	12	4	0	8	12	0	4	6	0
16	11	13	4	11	4	0	10	10	8	8	0	4	9	2	8	8	9	4	8	0	0	22	6	4	16	12	9	13	1	0	9	5	4	4	10	8
17	12	9	2	11	15	3	11	5	4	8	8	4	9	11	10	9	1	11	8	8	0	23	12	9	17	13	7	13	14	1	9	14	8	4	15	4
18	13	5	0	12	10	6	12	0	0	9	0	4	10	5	0	9	10	6	9	0	0	25	3	2	18	14	4	14	11	2	10	8	0	5	4	0
19	14	0	10	13	5	9	12	10	8	9	8	4	10	14	2	10	3	1	9	8	0	26	9	7	19	15	2	15	8	3	11	1	4	5	8	8
20	14	12	8	14	1	0	13	5	4	10	0	5	11	7	4	10	11	8	10	0	0	28	0	0	21	0	0	16	5	4	11	10	8	5	13	4
21	15	8	6	14	12	3	14	0	0	10	8	5	12	0	6	11	4	3	10	8	0	29	6	4	22	0	0	17	2	4	12	4	0	6	2	0
22	16	4	4	15	7	6	14	10	8	11	0	5	12	9	8	11	12	10	11	0	0	30	12	9	23	1	7	17	15	5	12	13	4	6	6	8
23	17	0	2	16	2	9	15	5	4	11	8	5	13	2	10	12	5	5	11	8	0	32	3	2	24	2	4	18	12	6	13	6	8	6	11	4
24	17	12	0	16	14	0	16	0	0	12	0	6	13	12	0	12	14	0	12	0	0	33	9	7	25	3	2	19	9	7	14	0	0	7	0	0
25	18	7	10	17	9	3	16	10	8	12	8	6	14	5	2	13	6	7	12	8	0	35	0	0	26	4	0	20	6	8	14	9	4	7	4	8
26	19	3	8	18	4	6	17	5	4	13	0	6	14	14	4	13	15	2	13	0	0	36	6	4	27	4	0	21	3	8	15	2	8	7	9	4
27	19	15	6	18	15	9	18	0	0	13	8	6	15	7	6	14	7	9	13	8	0	37	12	9	28	5	7	22	0	9	15	12	0	7	14	0
28	20	11	4	19	11	0	18	10	8	14	0	6	16	0	8	15	0	4	14	0	0	39	3	2	29	6	4	22	13	10	16	5	4	8	2	8
29	21	7	2	20	6	3	19	5	4	14	8	7	16	9	10	15	8	11	14	8	0	40	9	7	30	7	2	23	10	11	16	14	8	8	7	4
30	22	3	0	21	1	6	20	0	0	15	0	7	17	3	0	16	1	6	15	0	0	42	0	0	31	8	0	24	8	0	17	8	0	8	12	0
31	22	14	10	21	12	9	20	10	8	15	8	7	17	12	2	16	10	1	15	8	0	42	0	0	31	8	0	24	8	0	17	8	0	8	12	0

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY.

GUN LASCARS AND GOLUNDAUZE.

Number of days.	Gun Lascar.			Recruit.			Native Adjutant.			Pay Tindal and Stationary.			Subadar 1st Class.			Subadar 2d Class.			Subadar 3d Class.			Jemadar.			Havildar.			Naigue.			Drummer and Fifer.			Private.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	0	4	2	0	1	10	0	9	4	0	2	2	2	5	4	1	12	0	1	6	4	0	14	11	0	7	5	0	5	7	0	4	8	0	4	4
2	0	8	4	0	3	8	1	2	8	0	4	5	4	10	8	3	8	0	2	12	9	1	13	10	0	14	11	0	11	2	0	9	4	0	8	9
3	0	12	6	0	5	7	1	12	0	0	6	8	7	0	0	5	4	0	4	3	2	2	12	9	1	6	4	1	0	9	0	14	0	0	13	2
4	1	0	8	0	7	5	2	5	4	0	8	11	9	5	4	7	0	0	5	9	7	3	11	8	1	13	10	1	6	4	1	2	8	1	1	7
5	1	4	10	0	9	4	2	14	8	0	11	2	11	10	8	8	12	0	7	0	0	4	10	8	2	5	4	1	12	0	1	7	4	1	6	0
6	1	9	0	0	11	2	3	8	0	0	13	5	14	0	0	10	8	0	8	6	4	5	9	7	2	12	9	2	1	7	1	12	0	1	10	4
7	1	13	2	0	13	0	4	1	4	0	15	8	16	5	4	12	4	0	9	12	9	6	8	6	3	4	3	2	7	2	2	0	8	1	14	9
8	2	1	5	0	14	11	4	10	8	1	1	11	18	10	8	14	0	0	11	3	2	7	7	5	3	11	8	2	12	9	2	5	4	2	3	2
9	2	5	7	1	0	9	5	4	0	1	4	1	21	0	0	15	12	0	12	9	7	8	6	4	4	3	2	3	2	4	2	10	0	2	7	7
10	2	9	9	1	2	8	5	13	4	1	6	4	23	5	4	17	8	0	14	0	0	9	5	4	4	10	8	3	8	0	2	14	8	2	12	0
11	2	13	11	1	4	6	6	6	8	1	8	7	25	10	8	19	4	0	15	6	4	10	4	3	5	2	1	3	13	7	3	3	4	3	0	4
12	3	2	1	1	6	4	7	0	0	1	10	10	28	0	0	21	0	0	16	12	9	11	3	2	5	9	7	4	3	2	3	8	0	3	4	9
13	3	6	3	1	8	3	7	9	4	1	13	1	30	5	4	22	12	0	18	3	2	12	2	1	6	1	0	4	8	9	3	12	8	3	9	2
14	3	10	5	1	10	1	8	2	8	1	15	4	32	10	8	24	8	0	19	9	7	13	1	0	6	8	6	4	14	4	4	1	4	3	13	7
15	3	14	8	1	12	0	8	12	0	2	1	7	35	0	0	26	4	0	21	0	0	14	0	0	7	0	0	5	4	0	4	6	0	4	2	0
16	4	2	10	1	13	10	9	5	4	2	3	10	37	5	4	28	0	0	22	6	4	14	14	11	7	7	5	5	9	7	4	10	8	4	6	4
17	4	7	0	1	15	8	9	14	8	2	6	0	39	10	8	29	12	0	23	12	9	15	13	10	7	14	11	5	15	2	4	15	4	4	10	9
18	4	11	2	2	1	7	10	8	0	2	8	3	42	0	0	31	8	0	25	3	2	16	12	9	8	6	4	6	4	9	5	4	0	4	15	2
19	4	15	4	2	3	5	11	1	4	2	10	6	44	5	4	33	4	0	26	9	7	17	11	8	8	13	10	6	10	4	5	8	8	5	3	7
20	5	3	6	2	5	4	11	10	8	2	12	9	46	10	8	35	0	0	28	0	0	18	10	8	9	5	4	7	0	0	5	13	4	5	8	0
21	5	7	8	2	7	2	12	4	0	2	15	0	49	0	0	36	12	0	29	6	4	19	9	7	9	12	9	7	5	7	6	2	0	5	12	4
22	5	11	10	2	9	0	12	13	4	3	1	3	51	5	4	38	8	0	30	12	9	20	8	6	10	4	3	7	11	2	6	6	8	6	0	9
23	6	0	1	2	10	11	13	6	8	3	3	6	53	10	8	40	4	0	32	3	2	21	7	5	10	11	8	8	0	9	6	11	4	6	5	2
24	6	4	3	2	12	9	14	0	0	3	5	9	56	0	0	42	0	0	33	9	7	22	6	4	11	3	2	8	6	4	7	0	0	6	9	7
25	6	8	5	2	14	8	14	9	4	3	8	0	58	5	4	43	12	0	35	0	0	23	5	4	11	10	8	8	12	0	7	4	8	6	14	0
26	6	12	7	3	0	6	15	2	8	3	10	2	60	10	8	45	8	0	36	6	4	24	4	3	12	2	1	9	1	7	7	9	4	7	2	4
27	7	0	9	3	2	4	15	12	0	3	12	5	63	0	0	47	4	0	37	12	9	25	3	2	12	9	7	9	7	2	7	14	0	7	6	9
28	7	4	11	3	4	3	16	5	4	3	14	8	65	5	4	49	0	0	39	3	2	26	2	1	13	1	0	9	12	0	8	2	8	7	11	2
29	7	9	1	3	6	1	16	14	8	4	0	11	67	10	8	50	12	0	40	9	7	27	1	0	13	8	3	10	2	4	8	7	4	7	15	7
30	7	13	4	3	8	0	17	8	0	4	3	2	70	0	0	52	8	0	42	0	0	28	0	0	14	0	0	10	8	0	8	12	0	8	4	0
31	7	13	4	3	8	0	17	8	0	4	3	2	70	0	0	52	8	0	42	0	0	28	0	0	14	0	0	10	8	0	8	12	0	8	4	0

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY.

EUROPEAN INFANTRY.

Number of days.	Colonel.			Lieutenant Colonel.			Major.			Captain.			Captain Lieutenant and Lieutenant.			Ensign.			Adjutant.			Quarter Master.			Surgeon.			Assistant Surgeon.			Serjeant.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	10	15	0	8	12	0	6	9	0	4	6	0	2	3	0	1	12	0	4	14	4	2	0	8	4	6	0	2	3	0	0	12	10
2	21	14	0	17	8	0	13	2	0	8	12	0	4	6	0	3	8	0	9	12	9	4	1	4	8	12	0	4	6	0	1	9	8
3	32	13	0	26	4	0	19	11	0	13	2	0	6	9	0	5	4	0	14	11	2	6	2	0	13	2	0	6	9	0	2	6	6
4	43	12	0	35	0	0	26	4	0	17	8	0	8	12	0	7	0	0	19	9	7	8	2	8	17	8	0	8	12	0	3	3	4
5	54	11	0	43	12	0	32	13	0	21	14	0	10	15	0	8	12	0	24	8	0	10	3	4	21	14	0	10	15	0	4	0	2
6	65	10	0	52	8	0	39	6	0	26	4	0	13	2	0	10	8	0	29	6	4	12	4	0	26	4	0	13	2	0	4	13	0
7	76	9	0	61	4	0	45	15	0	30	10	0	15	5	0	12	4	0	34	4	9	14	4	8	30	10	0	15	5	0	5	9	10
8	87	8	0	70	0	0	52	8	0	35	0	0	17	8	0	14	0	0	39	3	2	16	5	4	35	0	0	17	8	0	6	6	8
9	98	7	0	78	12	0	59	1	0	39	6	0	19	11	0	15	12	0	44	1	7	18	6	0	39	6	0	19	11	0	7	3	6
10	109	6	0	87	8	0	65	10	0	43	12	0	21	14	0	17	8	0	49	0	0	20	6	8	43	12	0	21	14	0	8	0	4
11	120	5	0	96	4	0	72	3	0	48	2	0	24	1	0	19	4	0	53	14	4	22	7	4	48	2	0	24	1	0	8	13	2
12	131	4	0	105	0	0	78	12	0	52	8	0	26	4	0	21	0	0	58	12	9	24	8	0	52	8	0	26	4	0	9	10	0
13	142	3	0	113	12	0	85	5	0	56	14	0	28	7	0	22	12	0	63	11	2	26	8	8	56	14	0	28	7	0	10	6	10
14	153	2	0	122	8	0	91	14	0	61	4	0	30	10	0	24	8	0	68	9	7	28	9	4	61	4	0	30	10	0	11	3	8
15	164	1	0	131	4	0	98	7	0	65	10	0	32	13	0	26	4	0	73	8	0	30	10	0	65	10	0	32	13	0	12	0	6
16	175	0	0	140	0	0	105	0	0	70	0	0	35	0	0	28	0	0	78	6	4	32	10	8	70	0	0	35	0	0	12	13	4
17	185	15	0	148	12	0	111	9	0	74	6	0	37	3	0	29	12	0	83	4	9	34	11	4	74	6	0	37	3	0	13	10	2
18	196	14	0	157	8	0	118	2	0	78	12	0	39	6	0	31	8	0	88	3	2	36	12	0	78	12	0	39	6	0	14	7	0
19	207	13	0	166	4	0	124	11	0	83	2	0	41	9	0	33	4	0	93	1	7	38	12	8	83	2	0	41	9	0	15	3	10
20	218	12	0	175	0	0	131	4	0	87	8	0	43	12	0	35	0	0	98	0	0	40	13	4	87	8	0	43	12	0	16	0	8
21	229	11	0	183	12	0	137	13	0	91	14	0	45	15	0	36	12	0	102	14	4	42	14	0	91	14	0	45	15	0	16	13	6
22	240	10	0	192	8	0	144	6	0	96	4	0	48	2	0	38	8	0	107	12	9	44	14	8	96	4	0	48	2	0	17	10	4
23	251	9	0	201	4	0	150	15	0	100	10	0	50	5	0	40	4	0	112	11	2	46	15	4	100	16	0	50	5	0	18	7	2
24	262	8	0	210	0	0	157	8	0	105	0	0	52	8	0	42	0	0	117	9	7	49	0	0	105	0	0	52	8	0	19	4	0
25	273	7	0	218	12	0	164	1	0	109	6	0	54	11	0	43	12	0	122	8	0	51	0	8	109	6	0	54	11	0	20	0	10
26	284	6	0	227	8	0	170	10	0	113	12	0	56	14	0	45	8	0	127	6	4	53	1	4	113	12	0	56	14	0	20	13	8
27	295	5	0	236	4	0	177	3	0	118	2	0	59	1	0	47	4	0	132	4	9	55	2	0	118	2	0	59	1	0	21	10	6
28	306	4	0	245	0	0	183	12	0	122	8	0	61	4	0	49	0	0	137	3	2	57	2	8	122	8	0	61	4	0	22	7	4
29	317	3	0	253	12	0	190	5	0	126	14	0	63	7	0	50	12	0	142	1	7	59	3	4	126	14	0	63	7	0	23	4	2
30	328	2	0	262	8	0	196	14	0	131	4	0	65	10	0	52	8	0	147	0	0	61	4	0	131	4	0	65	10	0	24	1	0
31	339	1	0	271	4	0	203	7	0	135	10	0	67	13	0	54	4	0	147	0	0	63	4	8	135	10	0	67	13	0	24	13	10

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY.

EUROPEAN INFANTRY.

Number of days.	Corporal after 14 years.			Corporal after 7 years.			Corporal under 7 years.			Drummer and Fifer.			Private after 14 years.			Private after 7 years.			Private under 7 years.			Drill Serjeant.			Drill Corporal.			Drum and Fife Major.			Pay Serjeant.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	0	10	6	0	9	11	0	9	4	0	8	0	0	8	2	0	7	7	0	7	0	0	7	5	0	3	8	0	3	1	0	1	10
2	1	5	0	1	3	10	1	2	8	1	0	0	1	0	4	0	15	2	0	14	0	0	14	11	0	7	5	0	6	2	0	3	8
3	1	15	6	1	13	9	1	12	0	1	8	0	1	8	6	1	6	9	1	5	0	1	6	4	0	11	2	0	9	4	0	5	7
4	2	10	0	2	7	8	2	5	4	2	0	1	2	0	8	1	14	4	1	12	0	1	13	10	0	14	11	0	12	5	0	7	5
5	3	4	6	3	1	7	2	14	8	2	8	1	2	8	10	2	5	11	2	3	0	2	5	4	1	2	8	0	15	6	0	9	4
6	3	15	0	3	11	6	3	8	0	3	0	1	3	1	0	2	13	6	2	10	0	2	12	9	1	6	4	1	2	8	0	11	2
7	4	9	6	4	5	5	4	1	4	3	8	1	3	9	2	3	5	1	3	1	0	3	4	3	1	10	1	1	5	9	0	13	0
8	5	4	0	4	15	4	4	10	8	4	0	2	4	1	4	3	12	8	3	8	0	3	11	8	1	13	10	1	8	10	0	14	11
9	5	14	6	5	9	3	5	4	0	4	8	2	4	9	6	4	4	3	3	15	0	4	3	2	2	1	7	1	12	0	1	0	9
10	6	9	0	6	3	2	5	13	4	5	0	2	5	1	8	4	11	10	4	6	0	4	10	8	2	5	4	1	15	1	1	2	8
11	7	3	6	6	13	1	6	6	8	5	8	2	5	9	10	5	3	5	4	13	0	5	2	1	2	9	0	2	2	2	1	4	6
12	7	14	0	7	7	0	7	0	0	6	0	3	6	2	0	5	11	0	5	4	0	5	9	7	2	12	9	2	5	4	1	6	4
13	8	8	6	8	0	11	7	9	4	6	8	3	6	10	2	6	2	7	5	11	0	6	1	0	3	0	6	2	8	5	1	8	3
14	9	3	0	8	10	10	8	2	8	7	0	3	7	2	4	6	10	2	6	2	0	6	8	6	3	4	3	2	11	6	1	10	1
15	9	13	6	9	4	9	8	12	0	7	8	3	7	10	6	7	1	9	6	9	0	7	0	0	3	8	0	2	14	8	1	12	0
16	10	8	0	9	14	8	9	5	4	8	0	4	8	2	8	7	9	4	7	0	0	7	7	5	3	11	8	3	1	9	1	13	10
17	11	2	6	10	8	7	9	14	8	8	8	4	8	10	10	8	0	11	7	7	0	7	14	11	3	15	5	3	4	10	1	15	8
18	11	13	0	11	2	6	10	8	0	9	0	4	9	3	0	8	8	6	7	14	0	8	6	4	4	3	2	3	8	0	2	1	7
19	12	7	6	11	12	5	11	1	4	9	8	4	9	11	2	9	0	1	8	5	0	8	13	10	4	6	11	3	11	1	2	3	5
20	13	2	0	12	6	4	11	10	8	10	0	5	10	3	4	9	7	8	8	12	0	9	5	4	4	10	8	3	14	2	2	5	4
21	13	12	6	13	0	3	12	4	0	10	8	5	10	11	6	9	15	3	9	3	0	9	12	9	4	14	4	4	1	4	2	7	2
22	14	7	0	13	10	2	12	13	4	11	0	5	11	3	8	10	6	10	9	10	0	10	4	3	5	2	1	4	4	5	2	9	0
23	15	1	6	14	4	1	13	6	8	11	8	5	11	11	10	10	14	5	10	1	0	10	11	8	5	5	10	4	7	6	2	10	11
24	15	12	0	14	14	0	14	0	0	12	0	6	12	4	0	11	6	0	10	8	0	11	3	2	5	9	7	4	10	8	2	12	9
25	16	6	6	15	7	11	14	9	4	12	8	6	12	12	2	11	13	7	10	15	0	11	10	8	5	13	4	4	13	9	2	14	8
26	17	1	0	16	1	10	15	2	8	13	0	6	13	4	4	12	5	2	11	6	0	12	2	1	6	1	0	5	0	10	3	0	6
27	17	11	6	16	11	9	15	12	0	13	8	6	13	12	6	12	12	9	11	13	0	12	9	7	6	4	9	5	4	0	3	2	4
28	18	6	0	17	5	8	16	5	4	14	0	6	14	4	8	13	4	4	12	4	0	13	1	0	6	8	6	5	7	1	3	4	3
29	19	0	6	17	15	7	16	14	8	14	8	7	14	12	10	13	11	11	12	11	0	13	8	6	6	12	3	5	10	2	3	6	1
30	19	11	0	18	9	6	17	8	0	15	0	7	15	5	0	14	3	6	13	2	0	14	0	0	7	0	0	5	13	4	3	8	0
31	20	5	6	19	3	5	18	1	4	15	8	7	15	13	2	14	11	1	13	9	0	14	0	0	7	0	0	5	13	4	3	8	0

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY.

NATIVE INFANTRY.

Number of days.	Subadar 1st Class.			Subadar 2d Class.			Subadar 3d Class.			Jemadar.			Havildar.			Naigue, Drummer and Fifer.			Sepoy.			Sepoy Recruit.			Serjeant Major.			Quarter Master Serjeant.			Conicopoly.			Medical Department. First Dresser.			Second Dresser.			Medical Pupil.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	2	5	4	1	12	0	1	6	4	0	13	0	0	5	7	0	4	8	0	3	8	0	1	10	0	7	5	0	5	7	0	11	2	1	2	8	0	13	0	0	9	4
2	4	10	8	3	8	0	2	12	9	1	10	1	0	11	2	0	9	4	0	7	5	0	3	8	0	14	11	0	11	2	1	6	4	2	5	4	1	10	1	1	2	8
3	7	0	0	5	4	0	4	3	2	2	7	2	1	0	9	0	14	0	0	11	2	0	5	7	1	6	4	1	0	9	2	1	7	3	8	0	2	7	2	1	12	0
4	9	5	4	7	0	0	5	9	7	3	4	3	1	6	4	1	2	8	0	14	11	0	7	5	1	13	10	1	6	4	2	12	9	4	10	8	3	4	3	2	5	4
5	11	10	8	8	12	0	7	0	0	4	1	4	1	12	0	1	7	4	1	2	8	0	9	4	2	5	4	1	12	0	3	8	0	5	13	4	4	1	4	2	14	8
6	14	0	0	10	8	0	8	6	4	4	14	4	2	1	7	1	12	9	1	6	4	0	11	2	2	12	9	2	1	7	4	3	2	7	0	0	4	14	4	3	8	0
7	16	5	4	12	4	0	9	12	9	5	11	5	2	7	2	2	0	8	1	10	1	0	13	0	3	4	3	2	7	2	4	14	4	8	2	8	5	11	5	4	1	4
8	18	10	8	14	0	0	11	3	2	6	8	6	2	12	9	2	5	4	1	13	10	0	14	11	3	11	8	2	12	9	5	9	7	9	5	4	6	8	6	4	10	8
9	21	0	0	15	12	0	12	9	7	7	5	7	3	2	4	2	10	0	2	1	7	1	0	9	4	3	2	3	2	4	6	4	9	10	8	0	7	5	7	5	4	0
10	23	5	4	17	8	0	14	0	0	8	2	8	3	8	0	2	14	8	2	5	4	1	2	8	4	10	8	3	8	0	7	0	0	11	10	8	8	2	8	5	13	4
11	25	10	8	19	4	0	15	6	4	8	15	8	3	13	7	3	3	4	2	9	0	1	4	6	5	2	1	3	13	7	7	11	2	12	13	4	8	15	8	6	6	8
12	28	0	0	21	0	0	16	12	9	9	12	9	4	3	2	3	8	0	2	12	9	1	6	4	5	9	7	4	3	2	8	6	4	14	0	0	9	12	9	7	0	0
13	30	5	4	22	12	0	18	3	2	10	9	10	4	8	9	3	12	8	3	0	6	1	8	3	6	1	0	4	8	9	9	1	7	15	2	8	10	9	10	7	9	4
14	32	10	8	24	8	0	19	9	7	11	6	11	4	14	4	4	1	4	3	4	3	1	10	1	6	8	6	4	14	4	9	12	9	16	5	4	11	6	11	8	2	8
15	35	0	0	26	4	0	21	0	0	12	4	0	5	4	0	4	6	0	3	8	0	1	12	0	7	0	0	5	4	0	10	8	0	17	8	0	12	4	0	8	12	0
16	37	5	4	28	0	0	22	6	4	13	1	0	5	9	7	4	10	8	3	11	8	1	13	10	7	7	5	5	9	7	11	3	2	18	10	8	13	1	0	9	5	4
17	39	10	8	29	12	0	23	12	9	13	14	1	5	15	2	4	15	4	3	5	5	1	15	8	7	14	11	5	15	2	11	14	4	19	13	4	13	14	1	9	14	8
18	42	0	0	31	8	0	25	3	2	14	11	2	6	4	9	5	4	0	4	3	2	2	1	7	8	8	6	4	6	4	9	12	9	7	21	0	0	14	11	2	10	8	0
19	44	5	4	33	4	0	26	9	7	15	8	3	6	10	4	5	8	8	4	6	11	2	3	5	8	13	10	6	10	4	13	4	9	22	2	8	15	8	3	11	1	4
20	46	10	8	35	0	0	28	0	0	16	5	4	7	0	0	5	13	4	4	10	8	2	5	4	9	5	4	7	0	0	14	0	0	23	5	4	16	5	4	11	10	8
21	49	0	0	36	12	0	29	6	4	17	2	4	7	5	7	6	2	0	4	14	4	2	7	2	9	12	9	7	5	7	14	11	2	24	8	0	17	2	4	12	4	0
22	51	5	4	38	8	0	30	12	9	17	15	5	7	11	2	6	6	8	5	2	1	2	9	0	10	4	3	7	11	2	15	6	4	25	10	8	17	15	5	12	13	4
23	53	10	8	40	4	0	32	3	2	18	12	6	8	0	9	6	11	4	5	5	10	2	10	11	10	11	8	8	0	9	16	1	7	26	13	4	18	12	6	13	6	8
24	56	0	0	42	0	0	33	9	7	19	9	7	8	6	4	7	0	0	5	9	7	2	12	9	11	3	2	8	6	4	16	12	9	28	0	0	19	9	7	14	0	0
25	58	5	4	43	12	0	35	0	0	20	6	8	8	12	0	7	4	8	5	13	4	2	14	8	11	10	8	8	12	0	17	8	0	29	2	8	20	6	8	14	9	4
26	61	10	8	45	8	0	36	6	4	21	3	8	9	1	7	7	9	4	6	1	0	3	0	6	12	2	1	9	1	7	18	3	2	30	5	4	21	3	8	15	2	8
27	63	0	0	47	4	0	37	12	9	22	0	9	9	7	2	7	14	0	6	4	9	3	2	4	12	9	7	9	7	2	18	14	4	31	8	0	22	0	9	15	12	0
28	65	5	4	49	0	0	39	3	2	23	13	10	9	12	9	8	2	0	6	8	6	3	4	3	13	1	0	9	12	9	19	9	7	32	10	8	22	13	10	16	5	4
29	67	10	8	50	12	0	40	9	7	25	10	11	10	2	4	8	7	4	6	12	3	3	6	1	13	8	6	10	2	4	20	4	9	33	13	4	23	10	11	16	14	8
30	70	0	0	52	8	0	42	0	0	24	8	0	10	8	0	8	12	0	7	0	0	3	8	0	14	0	0	10	8	0	21	0	0	35	0	0	24	8	0	17	8	0
31	70	0	0	52	8	0	42	0	0	24	8	0	10	8	0	8	12	0	7	0	0	3	8	0	14	0	0	10	8	0	21	0	0	35	0	0	24	8	0	17	8	0

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY.

PIONEERS AND GUIDES.

Number of days.	Pioneers.																												Guides.								
	Serjeant.			Jemadar 1st Class.			Jemadar 2d Class.			Jemadar 3d Class.			Havildar.			Naigue.			Private.			Puckally.			Pay Havildar and Stationary.			Head Guide.			Second Guide.			Private Guide.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	1	2	8	1	6	4	1	0	9	0	13	0	0	5	7	0	4	8	0	4	2	0	5	8	0	2	2	0	11	2	0	7	5	0	3	8
2	2	5	4	2	12	9	2	1	7	1	10	1	0	11	2	0	9	4	0	8	4	0	11	5	0	4	5	1	6	4	0	14	11	0	7	5
3	3	8	0	4	3	2	3	2	4	2	7	2	1	0	9	0	14	0	0	12	6	1	1	2	0	6	8	2	1	7	1	6	4	0	11	2
4	4	10	8	5	9	7	4	3	2	3	4	3	1	6	4	1	2	8	1	0	8	1	6	10	0	8	11	2	12	9	1	13	10	0	14	11
5	5	13	4	7	0	0	5	4	0	4	1	4	1	12	0	1	7	4	1	4	10	1	12	7	0	11	2	3	8	0	2	5	4	1	2	8
6	7	0	0	8	6	4	6	4	9	4	14	4	2	1	7	1	12	0	1	9	0	2	2	4	0	13	5	4	3	2	2	12	9	1	6	4
7	8	2	8	9	12	9	7	5	7	5	11	5	2	7	2	2	0	8	1	13	2	2	8	1	0	15	8	4	14	4	3	4	3	1	10	1
8	9	5	4	11	3	2	8	6	4	6	8	6	2	12	9	2	5	4	2	1	5	2	13	9	1	1	11	5	9	7	3	11	8	1	13	10
9	10	8	0	12	9	7	9	7	2	7	5	7	3	2	4	2	10	0	2	5	7	3	3	6	1	4	1	6	4	9	4	3	2	2	1	7
10	11	10	8	14	0	0	10	8	0	8	2	8	3	8	0	2	14	8	2	9	9	3	9	3	1	6	4	7	0	0	4	10	8	2	5	4
11	12	13	4	15	6	4	11	8	9	8	15	8	3	13	7	3	3	4	2	13	11	3	15	0	1	8	7	7	11	2	5	2	1	2	9	0
12	14	0	0	16	12	9	12	9	7	9	12	9	4	3	2	3	8	0	3	2	1	4	4	8	1	10	10	8	6	4	5	9	7	2	12	9
13	15	2	8	18	3	2	13	10	4	10	9	10	4	8	9	3	12	8	3	6	3	4	10	5	1	13	1	9	1	7	6	1	0	3	0	6
14	16	5	4	19	9	7	14	11	2	11	6	11	4	14	4	4	1	4	3	10	5	5	0	2	1	15	4	9	12	9	6	8	6	3	4	3
15	17	8	0	21	0	0	15	12	0	12	4	0	5	4	0	4	6	0	3	14	8	5	5	11	2	1	7	10	8	0	7	0	0	3	8	0
16	18	10	8	22	6	4	16	12	9	13	1	0	5	9	7	4	10	8	4	2	10	5	11	7	2	3	10	11	3	2	7	7	5	3	11	8
17	19	13	4	23	12	9	17	13	7	13	14	1	5	15	2	4	15	4	4	7	0	6	1	4	2	6	0	11	14	4	7	14	11	3	15	5
18	21	0	0	25	3	2	18	14	4	14	11	2	6	4	9	5	4	0	4	11	2	6	7	1	2	8	3	12	9	7	8	6	4	4	3	2
19	22	2	8	26	9	7	19	15	2	15	8	3	6	10	4	5	8	4	15	4	6	12	10	2	10	6	13	4	9	8	13	10	4	6	11
20	23	5	4	28	0	0	21	0	0	16	5	4	7	0	0	5	13	4	5	3	6	7	2	6	2	12	9	14	0	0	9	5	4	4	10	8
21	24	8	0	29	6	4	22	0	9	17	2	4	7	5	7	6	2	0	5	7	8	7	8	3	2	15	0	14	11	2	9	12	9	4	14	4
22	25	10	8	30	12	9	23	1	7	17	15	5	7	11	2	6	6	8	5	11	10	7	14	0	3	1	3	15	6	4	10	4	3	5	2	1
23	26	13	4	32	3	2	24	2	4	18	12	6	8	0	9	6	11	4	6	0	1	8	3	9	3	3	6	16	1	7	10	11	8	5	5	10
24	28	0	0	33	9	7	25	3	2	19	9	7	8	6	4	7	0	0	6	4	3	8	9	5	3	5	9	16	12	9	11	3	2	5	9	7
25	29	2	8	35	0	0	26	4	0	20	6	8	8	12	0	7	4	8	6	8	5	8	15	2	3	8	0	17	8	0	11	10	8	5	13	4
26	30	5	4	36	6	4	27	4	9	21	3	8	9	1	7	7	9	4	6	12	7	9	4	11	3	10	2	18	3	2	12	2	1	6	1	0
27	31	8	0	37	12	9	28	5	7	22	0	9	9	7	2	7	14	0	7	0	9	9	10	8	3	12	5	18	14	4	12	9	7	6	4	9
28	32	10	8	39	3	2	29	6	4	22	13	10	9	12	9	8	2	8	7	4	11	10	0	4	3	14	8	19	9	7	13	1	0	6	8	6
29	33	13	4	40	9	7	30	7	2	23	10	11	10	2	4	8	7	4	7	9	1	10	6	1	4	0	11	20	4	9	13	8	6	6	12	3
30	35	0	0	42	0	0	31	8	0	24	8	0	10	8	0	8	12	0	7	13	4	10	11	10	4	3	2	21	0	0	14	0	0	7	0	0
31	35	0	0	42	0	0	31	8	0	24	8	0	10	8	0	8	12	0	7	13	4	10	11	10	4	3	2	21	0	0	14	0	0	7	0	0

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY.

PUBLIC FOLLOWERS, &c.

Number of days.	Store and Tent Lascars.												Dooley Corps.									Hired Bearer or Coolies.						Draught Bullock.			Carriage Bullock.			Cart.			Garrison Puckally.		
	Syrang.			First Tindal.			Second Tindal.			Lascar.			Head Maistry.			Subordinate Maistry.			Private Bearer.			Cooly Maistry.			Cooly.													
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	0	12	4	0	4	8	0	3	8	0	3	4	0	7	5	0	5	7	0	3	4	0	4	8	0	3	8	0	4	1	0	4	8	0	14	0	0	5	11
2	1	8	8	0	9	4	0	7	5	0	6	9	0	14	11	0	11	2	0	6	9	0	9	4	0	7	5	0	8	2	0	9	4	1	12	0	0	11	11
3	2	5	0	0	14	0	0	11	2	0	10	1	1	6	4	1	0	9	0	10	1	0	14	0	0	11	2	0	12	3	0	14	0	2	10	0	1	1	11
4	3	1	5	1	2	8	0	14	11	0	13	6	1	13	10	1	6	4	0	13	6	1	2	8	0	14	11	1	0	4	1	2	8	3	8	0	1	7	10
5	3	13	9	1	7	4	1	2	8	1	0	10	2	5	4	1	12	0	1	0	10	1	7	4	1	2	8	1	4	5	1	7	4	4	6	0	1	13	10
6	4	10	1	1	12	0	1	6	4	1	4	3	2	12	9	2	1	7	1	4	3	1	12	0	1	6	4	1	8	6	1	12	0	5	4	0	2	3	10
7	5	6	5	2	0	8	1	10	1	1	7	7	3	4	3	2	7	2	1	7	7	2	0	8	1	10	1	1	12	7	2	0	8	6	2	0	2	9	9
8	6	2	10	2	5	4	1	13	10	1	11	0	3	11	8	2	12	9	1	11	0	2	5	4	1	13	10	2	0	8	2	5	4	7	0	0	2	15	9
9	6	15	2	2	10	0	2	1	7	1	14	4	4	3	2	3	2	4	1	14	4	2	10	0	2	1	7	2	4	9	2	10	0	7	14	0	3	5	9
10	7	11	6	2	14	8	2	5	4	2	1	9	4	10	8	3	8	0	2	1	9	2	14	8	2	5	4	2	8	10	2	14	8	8	12	0	3	11	8
11	8	7	0	3	3	4	2	9	0	2	5	1	5	2	1	3	13	7	2	5	1	3	3	4	2	9	0	2	12	11	3	3	4	9	10	0	4	1	8
12	9	4	3	3	8	0	2	12	9	2	8	6	5	9	7	4	3	2	2	8	6	3	8	0	2	12	9	3	1	0	3	8	0	10	8	0	4	7	8
13	10	0	7	3	12	8	3	0	6	2	11	10	6	1	0	4	8	9	2	11	10	3	12	8	3	0	6	3	5	1	3	12	8	11	6	0	4	13	7
14	10	12	11	4	1	4	3	4	3	2	15	3	6	8	6	4	14	4	2	15	3	4	1	4	3	4	3	3	9	2	4	1	4	12	4	0	5	3	7
15	11	9	4	4	6	0	3	8	0	3	2	8	7	0	0	5	4	0	3	2	8	4	6	0	3	8	0	3	13	4	4	6	0	13	2	0	5	9	7
16	12	5	8	4	10	8	3	11	8	3	6	0	7	7	5	5	9	7	3	6	0	4	10	8	3	11	8	4	1	5	4	10	8	14	0	0	5	15	6
17	13	2	0	4	15	4	3	15	5	3	9	5	7	14	11	5	15	2	3	9	5	4	15	4	3	15	5	4	5	6	4	15	4	14	14	6	6	5	6
18	13	14	4	5	4	0	4	3	2	3	12	9	8	6	4	6	4	9	3	12	9	5	4	0	4	3	3	4	9	7	5	4	0	15	12	0	6	11	6
19	14	10	9	5	8	8	4	6	11	4	0	2	8	13	10	6	10	4	4	0	2	5	8	4	4	6	11	4	13	8	5	8	8	16	10	0	7	1	5
20	15	7	1	5	13	4	4	10	8	4	3	6	9	5	4	7	0	0	4	3	6	5	13	4	4	10	8	5	1	9	5	18	4	17	8	0	7	7	5
21	16	3	5	6	2	0	4	14	4	4	6	11	9	12	9	7	5	7	4	6	11	6	2	0	4	14	4	5	5	10	6	2	0	18	6	0	7	13	5
22	16	15	9	6	6	8	5	2	1	4	10	3	10	4	3	7	11	2	4	10	3	6	6	8	5	2	1	5	9	11	6	6	8	19	4	0	8	3	4
23	17	12	2	6	11	4	5	5	10	4	13	8	10	11	8	8	0	9	4	13	8	6	11	4	5	5	10	5	14	0	6	11	4	20	2	0	8	9	4
24	18	8	6	7	0	0	5	9	7	5	1	0	11	3	2	8	6	4	5	1	0	7	0	0	5	9	7	6	2	1	7	0	0	21	0	0	8	15	4
25	19	4	10	7	4	8	5	13	4	5	4	5	11	10	8	8	12	0	5	4	5	7	4	8	5	13	4	6	6	2	7	4	8	21	14	0	9	5	4
26	20	1	2	7	9	4	6	1	0	9	7	9	12	2	1	9	1	7	5	7	9	7	9	4	6	1	0	6	10	3	7	9	4	22	12	0	9	1	3
27	20	13	7	7	14	0	6	4	9	5	11	2	12	9	7	9	7	2	5	11	2	7	14	0	6	4	9	6	14	4	7	14	0	23	10	0	10	1	3
28	21	9	11	8	2	8	6	8	6	5	14	6	13	1	0	9	12	9	5	14	6	8	2	8	6	8	6	7	2	5	8	2	8	24	8	0	10	7	3
29	22	6	3	8	7	4	6	12	3	6	1	11	13	8	6	10	2	4	6	1	11	8	7	4	6	12	3	7	6	6	8	7	4	25	6	0	10	13	2
30	23	2	8	8	12	0	7	0	0	6	5	4	14	0	0	10	8	0	6	5	4	8	12	0	7	0	0	7	10	8	8	12	0	26	4	0	11	3	2
31	23	2	8	8	12	0	7	0	0	6	5	4	14	0	0	10	8	0	6	5	4	8	12	0	7	0	0	7	10	8	8	12	0	26	4	0	11	3	2

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY.

EUROPEAN INVALIDS.

ARTILLERY.

Number of days.	Serjeant.			Corporal after 14 years service.			Corporal after 7 years service.			Corporal under 7 years service.			Gunner after 14 years service.			Gunner after 7 years service.			Gunner under 7 years service.			Drummer or Fifer.			Matross after 14 years service.			Matross after 7 years service.			Matross under 7 years service.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	0	14	10	0	13	10	0	13	3	0	12	8	0	11	10	0	11	3	0	10	8	0	8	0	0	9	2	0	8	7	0	8	0
2	1	13	8	1	11	8	1	10	6	1	9	4	1	7	8	1	6	6	1	5	4	1	0	0	1	2	4	1	1	2	1	0	0
3	2	12	6	2	9	6	2	7	9	2	6	0	2	3	6	2	1	9	2	0	0	1	8	0	1	11	6	1	9	9	1	8	0
4	3	11	4	3	7	4	3	5	0	3	2	8	2	15	4	2	13	0	2	10	8	2	0	1	2	4	8	2	2	4	2	0	0
5	4	10	2	4	5	2	4	2	3	3	15	4	3	11	2	3	8	3	3	5	4	2	8	1	2	13	10	2	10	11	2	8	0
6	5	9	0	5	3	0	4	15	6	4	12	0	4	7	0	4	3	6	4	0	0	3	0	1	3	7	0	3	3	6	3	0	0
7	6	7	10	6	0	10	5	12	9	5	8	8	5	2	10	4	14	9	4	10	8	3	8	1	4	0	2	3	12	1	3	8	0
8	7	6	8	6	14	8	6	10	0	6	5	4	5	14	8	5	10	0	5	5	4	4	0	2	4	9	4	4	4	8	4	0	0
9	8	5	6	7	12	6	7	7	3	7	2	0	6	10	6	6	5	3	6	0	0	4	8	2	5	2	6	4	13	3	4	8	0
10	9	4	4	8	10	4	8	4	6	7	14	8	7	6	4	7	0	6	6	10	8	5	0	2	5	11	8	5	5	10	5	0	0
11	10	3	2	9	8	2	9	1	9	8	11	4	8	2	2	7	11	9	7	5	4	5	8	2	6	4	10	5	14	5	5	8	0
12	11	2	0	10	6	0	9	15	0	9	8	0	8	14	0	8	7	0	8	0	0	6	0	3	6	14	0	6	7	0	6	0	0
13	12	0	10	11	3	10	10	12	3	10	4	8	9	9	10	9	2	3	8	10	8	6	8	3	7	7	2	6	15	7	6	8	0
14	12	15	8	12	1	8	11	9	6	11	1	4	10	5	8	9	13	6	9	5	4	7	0	3	8	0	4	7	8	2	7	0	0
15	13	14	6	12	15	6	12	6	9	11	14	0	11	1	6	10	8	9	10	0	0	7	8	3	8	9	6	8	0	9	7	8	0
16	14	13	4	13	13	4	13	4	0	12	10	8	11	13	4	11	4	0	10	10	8	8	0	4	9	2	8	8	9	4	8	0	0
17	15	12	2	14	11	2	14	1	3	13	7	4	12	9	2	11	15	3	11	5	4	8	8	4	9	11	10	9	1	11	8	8	0
18	16	11	0	15	9	0	14	14	6	14	4	0	13	5	0	12	10	6	12	0	0	9	0	4	10	5	0	9	10	6	9	0	0
19	17	9	10	16	6	10	15	11	9	15	0	8	14	0	10	13	5	9	12	10	8	9	8	4	10	14	2	10	3	1	9	8	0
20	18	8	8	17	4	8	16	9	0	15	13	4	14	12	8	14	1	0	13	5	4	10	0	5	11	7	4	10	11	8	10	0	0
21	19	7	6	18	2	6	17	6	3	16	10	0	15	8	6	14	12	3	14	0	0	10	8	5	12	0	6	11	4	3	10	8	0
22	20	6	4	19	0	4	18	3	6	17	6	8	16	4	4	15	7	6	14	10	8	11	0	5	12	9	8	11	12	10	11	0	0
23	21	5	2	19	14	2	19	0	9	18	3	4	17	0	2	16	2	9	15	5	4	11	8	5	13	2	10	12	5	5	11	8	0
24	22	4	0	20	12	0	19	14	0	19	0	0	17	12	0	16	14	0	16	0	0	12	0	6	13	12	0	12	14	0	12	0	0
25	23	2	10	21	9	10	20	11	3	19	12	8	18	7	10	17	9	3	16	10	8	12	8	6	14	5	2	13	6	7	12	8	0
26	24	1	8	22	7	8	21	8	6	20	9	4	19	3	8	18	4	6	17	5	4	13	0	6	14	14	4	13	15	2	13	0	0
27	25	0	6	23	5	6	22	5	9	21	6	0	19	15	6	18	15	9	18	0	0	13	8	6	15	7	6	14	7	9	13	8	0
28	25	15	4	24	3	4	23	3	0	22	2	8	20	11	4	19	11	0	18	10	8	14	0	6	16	0	8	15	0	4	14	0	0
29	26	14	2	25	1	2	24	0	3	22	15	4	21	7	2	20	6	3	19	5	4	14	8	7	16	9	10	15	8	11	14	8	0
30	27	13	0	25	15	0	24	13	6	23	12	0	22	3	0	21	1	6	20	0	0	15	0	7	17	3	0	16	1	6	15	0	0
31	28	11	10	26	12	10	25	10	9	24	8	8	22	14	10	21	12	9	20	10	8	15	8	7	17	12	2	16	10	1	15	8	0

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY. EUROPEAN INVALIDS.

Infantry.

Number of days.	Serjeant.			Corporal after 14 years service.			Corporal after 7 years service.			Corporal under 7 years service.			Drummer or Fifer.			Private after 14 years service.			Private after 7 years service.			Private under 7 years service.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	0	12	10	0	10	6	0	9	11	0	9	4	0	8	0	0	8	2	0	7	7	0	7	0
2	1	9	8	1	5	0	1	3	10	1	2	8	1	0	0	1	0	4	0	15	2	0	14	0
3	2	6	6	1	15	6	1	13	9	1	12	0	1	8	0	1	8	6	1	6	9	1	5	0
4	3	3	4	2	10	0	2	7	8	2	5	4	2	0	1	2	0	8	1	14	4	1	12	0
5	4	0	2	3	4	6	3	1	7	2	14	8	2	8	1	2	8	10	2	5	11	2	3	0
6	4	13	0	3	15	0	3	11	6	3	8	0	3	0	1	3	1	0	2	13	6	2	10	0
7	5	9	10	4	9	6	4	5	5	4	1	4	3	8	1	3	9	2	3	5	1	3	1	0
8	6	6	8	5	4	0	4	15	4	4	10	8	4	0	2	4	1	4	3	12	8	3	8	0
9	7	3	6	5	14	6	5	9	3	5	4	0	4	8	2	4	9	6	4	4	3	3	15	0
10	8	0	4	6	9	0	6	3	2	5	13	4	5	0	2	5	1	8	4	11	10	4	6	0
11	8	13	2	7	3	6	6	13	1	6	6	8	5	8	2	5	9	10	5	3	5	4	13	0
12	9	10	0	7	14	0	7	7	0	7	0	0	6	0	3	6	2	0	5	11	0	5	4	0
13	10	6	10	8	8	6	8	0	11	7	9	4	6	8	3	6	10	2	6	2	7	5	11	0
14	11	3	8	9	3	0	8	10	10	8	2	8	7	0	3	7	2	4	6	10	2	6	2	0
15	12	0	6	9	13	6	9	4	9	8	12	0	7	8	3	7	10	6	7	1	9	6	9	0
16	12	13	4	10	8	0	9	14	8	9	5	4	8	0	4	8	2	8	7	9	4	7	0	0
17	13	10	2	11	2	6	10	8	7	9	14	8	8	8	4	8	10	10	8	0	11	7	7	0
18	14	7	0	11	13	0	11	2	6	10	8	0	9	0	4	9	3	0	8	8	6	7	14	0
19	15	3	10	12	7	6	11	12	5	11	1	4	9	8	4	9	11	2	9	0	1	8	5	0
20	16	0	8	13	2	0	12	6	4	11	10	8	10	0	5	10	3	4	9	7	8	8	12	0
21	16	13	6	13	12	6	13	0	3	12	4	0	10	8	5	10	11	6	9	15	3	9	3	0
22	17	10	4	14	7	0	13	10	2	12	13	4	11	0	5	11	3	8	10	6	10	9	10	0
23	18	7	2	15	1	6	14	4	1	13	6	8	11	8	5	11	11	10	10	14	5	10	1	0
24	19	4	0	15	12	0	14	14	0	14	0	0	12	0	6	12	4	0	11	6	0	10	8	0
25	20	0	10	16	6	6	15	7	11	14	9	4	12	8	6	12	12	2	11	13	7	10	15	0
26	20	13	8	17	1	0	16	1	10	15	2	8	13	0	6	13	4	4	12	5	2	11	6	0
27	21	10	6	17	11	6	16	11	9	15	12	0	13	8	6	13	12	6	12	12	9	11	13	0
28	22	7	4	18	6	0	17	5	8	16	5	4	14	0	6	14	4	8	13	4	4	12	4	0
29	23	4	2	19	0	6	17	15	7	16	14	8	14	8	7	14	12	10	13	11	11	12	11	0
30	24	1	0	19	11	0	18	9	6	17	8	0	15	0	7	15	5	0	14	3	6	13	2	0
31	24	13	10	20	5	6	19	3	5	18	1	4	15	8	7	15	13	2	14	11	1	13	9	0

PAY. EUROPEAN PENSIONERS.

Serjeant.			Corporal, Drummer, and Fifer.			Gunner, Matross, or Private.		
R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
0	7	11	0	6	9	0	6	9
0	15	10	0	13	6	0	13	6
1	7	9	1	4	3	1	4	3
1	15	8	1	11	0	1	11	0
2	7	8	2	1	10	2	1	10
2	15	7	2	8	7	2	8	7
3	7	6	2	15	4	2	15	4
3	15	5	3	6	1	3	6	1
4	7	4	3	12	10	3	12	10
4	15	4	4	3	8	4	3	8
5	7	3	4	10	5	4	10	5
5	15	2	5	1	2	5	1	2
6	7	1	5	7	11	5	7	11
6	15	0	5	14	8	5	14	8
7	7	0	6	5	6	6	5	6
7	14	11	6	12	3	6	12	3
8	7	10	7	3	0	7	3	0
8	14	9	7	9	9	7	9	9
9	6	8	8	0	6	8	0	6
9	14	8	8	7	4	8	7	4
10	6	7	8	14	1	8	14	1
10	14	6	6	6	4	10	9	4
11	6	5	9	11	7	9	11	7
11	14	4	10	2	4	10	2	4
12	6	4	10	9	2	10	9	2
12	14	3	10	15	11	10	15	11
13	6	2	11	6	8	11	6	8
13	14	2	11	13	5	11	13	5
14	6	1	12	3	2	12	4	2
14	14	1	12	11	0	12	11	0
15	6	0	13	2	13	13	2	13
15	14	0	13	10	10	13	10	10
16	5	15	14	2	8	14	2	8
16	13	14	14	10	5	14	10	5
17	5	14	15	5	3	15	5	3
17	13	13	15	13	0	15	13	0
18	5	13	16	1	6	16	1	6
18	13	12	16	9	3	16	9	3
19	5	12	17	4	11	17	4	11
19	13	11	17	12	8	17	12	8
20	5	11	18	7	5	18	7	5
20	13	10	18	15	2	18	15	2
21	5	10	19	10	0	19	10	0
21	13	9	19	18	9	19	18	9
22	5	9	20	5	6	20	5	6
22	13	8	20	13	3	20	13	3
23	5	8	21	8	0	21	8	0
23	13	7	21	16	9	21	16	9
24	5	7	22	3	6	22	3	6
24	13	6	22	11	3	22	11	3
25	5	6	22	18	12	22	18	12
25	13	5	23	6	9	23	6	9
26	5	5	23	14	6	23	14	6
26	13	4	24	1	3	24	1	3
27	5	4	24	9	0	24	9	0
27	13	3	24	16	13	24	16	13
28	5	3	25	4	10	25	4	10
28	13	2	25	12	7	25	12	7
29	5	2	26	0	4	26	0	4
29	13	1	26	7	14	26	7	14
30	5	1	26	15	11	26	15	11
30	13	0	27	3	8	27	3	8
31	5	0	27	11	5	27	11	5

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY.

NATIVE PENSIONERS.

Number of days.	Cavalry.																						Golundauze.																	
	Commandant of Cavalry or Infantry.			Subadar, 1st Class.			Subadar, 2d Class.			Subadar, 3d Class.			Jemadar.			Havildar.			Naigue.			Trooper or Trumpeter.			Subadar, 1st, 2d, or 3d Class.			Jemadar.			Havildar, Drummer or Fifer.			Naigue.			Private.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	3	9	10	1	15	8	1	11	0	1	8	3	0	8	4	0	5	7	0	4	8	0	2	9				0	7	5	0	3	8	0	2	9	0	2	2
2	7	3	8	3	15	5	3	6	1	3	0	6	1	0	9	0	11	2	0	9	4	0	5	7				0	14	11	0	7	5	0	5	7	0	4	4
3	10	13	7	5	15	2	5	1	2	4	8	9	1	9	2	1	0	9	0	14	0	0	8	4				1	6	4	0	11	2	0	8	4	0	6	7
4	14	7	5	7	14	11	6	12	3	6	1	0	2	1	7	1	6	4	1	2	8	0	11	2				1	13	10	0	14	11	0	11	2	0	8	9
5	18	1	4	9	14	8	8	7	4	7	9	4	2	10	0	1	12	0	1	7	4	0	14	0				2	5	4	1	2	8	0	14	0	0	11	0
6	21	11	2	11	14	4	10	2	4	9	1	7	3	2	4	2	1	7	1	12	0	1	0	9				2	12	9	1	6	4	1	0	9	0	13	2
7	25	5	0	13	14	1	11	13	5	10	9	10	3	10	9	2	7	2	2	0	8	1	3	7				3	4	3	1	10	1	1	3	7	0	15	4
8	28	14	11	15	13	10	13	8	6	12	2	1	4	3	2	2	12	9	2	5	4	1	6	4				3	11	8	1	13	10	1	6	4	1	1	7
9	32	8	9	17	13	7	15	3	7	13	10	4	4	11	5	3	2	4	2	10	0	1	9	2				4	3	2	2	1	7	1	9	2	1	3	9
10	36	2	8	19	13	4	16	14	8	15	2	8	5	4	0	3	8	0	2	14	8	1	12	0				4	10	8	2	5	4	1	12	0	1	6	0
11	39	12	6	21	13	0	18	9	8	16	10	11	5	12	4	3	13	7	3	3	4	1	14	9				5	2	1	2	9	0	1	14	9	1	8	2
12	43	6	4	23	12	9	20	4	9	18	3	2	6	4	9	4	3	2	3	8	0	2	1	7				5	9	7	2	12	9	2	1	7	1	10	4
13	47	0	0	25	12	6	21	15	10	19	11	5	6	13	2	4	8	9	3	12	8	2	4	4				6	1	0	3	0	6	2	4	4	1	12	7
14	50	10	1	27	12	3	23	10	11	21	3	8	7	5	7	4	14	4	4	1	4	2	7	2				6	8	6	3	4	3	2	7	2	1	14	9
15	54	4	0	29	12	0	25	6	0	22	12	0	7	14	0	5	4	0	4	6	0	2	10	0				7	0	0	3	8	0	2	10	0	2	1	0
16	57	13	10	31	11	8	27	1	0	24	4	2	8	6	4	5	9	7	4	10	8	2	12	9				7	7	5	3	11	8	2	12	9	2	3	2
17	61	7	8	35	11	5	28	12	1	25	12	6	8	14	9	5	15	2	4	15	4	2	15	7				7	14	11	3	15	5	2	15	7	2	5	4
18	65	1	7	35	11	2	30	7	2	27	4	9	9	7	2	6	4	9	5	4	0	3	2	4				8	6	4	4	3	2	3	2	4	2	7	7
19	68	11	5	37	10	11	32	2	3	28	13	0	9	15	7	6	10	4	5	8	8	3	5	2				8	13	10	4	6	11	3	5	2	2	9	9
20	72	5	4	39	10	8	33	13	4	30	5	4	10	8	0	7	0	0	5	13	4	3	8	0				9	5	4	4	10	8	3	8	0	2	12	0
21	75	15	2	41	10	4	35	8	4	31	13	7	11	0	4	7	5	7	6	2	0	3	10	9				9	12	9	4	14	4	3	10	9	2	14	2
22	79	9	0	43	10	1	37	3	5	33	5	10	11	8	9	7	11	2	6	6	8	3	13	7				10	4	3	5	2	1	3	13	7	3	0	4
23	83	2	11	45	9	10	38	14	6	34	14	1	12	1	2	8	0	9	6	11	4	4	0	4				10	11	8	5	5	10	4	0	4	3	2	7
24	86	12	9	47	9	7	40	9	7	36	6	4	12	9	7	8	6	4	7	0	0	4	3	2				11	3	2	5	9	7	4	3	2	3	4	9
25	90	6	8	49	9	4	42	4	8	37	14	8	13	2	0	8	12	0	7	4	8	4	6	0				11	10	8	5	13	4	4	6	0	3	7	0
26	94	0	6	51	9	0	43	15	8	39	6	11	13	10	4	9	1	7	7	9	4	4	8	9				12	2	1	6	1	0	4	8	9	3	9	2
27	97	10	4	53	8	9	45	10	9	40	15	2	14	2	9	9	7	2	7	14	0	4	11	7				12	9	7	6	4	9	4	11	7	3	11	4
28	101	4	3	55	8	6	47	5	10	42	7	5	14	11	2	9	12	9	8	2	8	4	14	4				13	1	0	6	8	6	4	14	4	3	13	7
29	104	14	1	57	8	3	49	0	11	43	15	8	15	3	7	10	2	4	8	7	4	5	1	2				13	8	6	6	12	3	5	1	2	3	15	9
30	108	8	0	59	8	0	50	12	0	45	8	0	15	12	0	10	8	0	8	12	0	5	4	0				14	0	0	7	0	0	5	4	0	4	2	0
31	108	8	0	59	8	0	50	12	0	45	8	0	15	12	0	10	8	0	8	12	0	5	4	0				14	0	0	7	0	0	5	4	0	4	2	0

The same as in the Native Infantry.

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY.

NATIVE PENSIONERS.

Number of days.	Infantry.																								Gun Lascars and Pioneers.																	
	Subadar, 1st Class.			Subadar, 2d Class.			Subadar, 3d Class.			Jemadar.			Havildar.			Naigue.			Sepoy.			Drummer or Fifer.			Syrang or Jemadar, 1st Class.			Syrang or Jemadar, 2d Class.			Syrang or Jemadar, 3d Class.			First Tindal.			Havildar.			Second Tindal or Naigue.			Lascar or Pioneer.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	1	2	8	0	14	0	0	11	2	0	6	6	0	3	2	0	2	9	0	1	10	0	3	8	0	11	2	0	8	4	0	6	6	0	4	8	0	3	2	0	2	9	0	2	1
2	2	5	4	1	12	0	1	6	4	0	13	0	0	6	4	0	5	7	0	3	8	0	7	5	1	6	4	1	0	9	0	13	0	0	9	4	0	6	4	0	5	7	0	4	2
3	3	8	0	2	10	0	2	1	7	1	3	7	0	9	6	0	8	4	0	5	7	0	11	2	2	1	7	1	9	2	1	3	7	0	14	0	0	9	6	0	8	4	0	6	3
4	4	10	8	3	8	0	2	12	9	1	10	1	0	12	8	0	11	2	0	7	5	0	14	11	2	12	9	2	1	7	1	10	1	1	2	8	0	12	8	0	11	2	0	8	4
5	5	13	4	4	6	0	3	8	0	2	0	8	0	15	10	0	14	0	0	9	4	1	2	8	3	8	0	2	10	0	2	0	8	1	7	4	0	15	10	0	14	0	0	10	5
6	7	0	0	5	4	0	4	3	2	2	7	2	1	3	0	1	0	9	0	11	2	1	6	4	4	3	2	3	2	4	2	7	2	1	12	0	1	3	0	1	0	9	0	12	6
7	8	2	8	6	2	0	4	14	4	2	13	8	1	6	2	1	3	7	0	13	0	1	10	1	4	14	4	3	10	9	2	13	8	2	0	8	1	6	2	1	3	7	0	14	7
8	9	5	4	7	0	0	5	9	7	3	4	3	1	9	5	1	6	4	0	14	11	1	13	10	5	9	7	4	3	2	3	4	3	2	5	4	1	9	5	1	6	4	1	0	8
9	10	8	0	7	14	0	6	4	9	3	10	9	1	12	7	1	9	2	1	0	9	2	1	7	6	4	9	4	11	7	3	10	9	2	10	0	1	12	7	1	9	2	1	2	9
10	11	10	8	8	12	0	7	0	0	4	1	4	1	15	9	1	12	0	1	2	8	2	5	4	7	0	0	5	4	0	4	1	4	2	14	8	1	15	9	1	12	0	1	4	10
11	12	13	4	9	10	0	7	11	2	4	7	10	2	2	11	1	14	9	1	4	6	2	9	0	7	11	2	5	12	4	4	7	10	3	3	4	2	2	11	1	14	9	1	6	11
12	14	0	0	10	8	0	8	6	4	4	14	4	2	6	1	2	1	7	1	6	4	2	12	9	8	6	4	6	4	9	4	14	4	3	8	0	2	6	1	2	1	7	1	9	0
13	15	2	8	11	6	0	9	1	7	5	4	11	2	9	3	2	4	4	1	8	3	3	0	6	9	1	7	6	13	2	5	4	11	3	12	8	2	9	3	2	4	4	1	11	1
14	16	5	4	12	4	0	9	12	9	5	11	5	2	12	5	2	7	2	1	10	1	3	4	3	9	12	9	7	5	7	5	11	5	4	1	4	2	12	5	2	7	2	1	13	2
15	17	8	0	13	2	0	10	8	0	6	2	0	2	15	8	2	10	0	1	12	0	3	8	0	10	8	0	7	14	0	6	2	0	4	6	0	2	15	8	2	10	0	1	15	4
16	18	10	8	14	0	0	11	3	2	6	8	6	3	2	10	2	12	9	1	13	10	3	11	8	11	3	2	8	6	4	6	8	6	4	10	8	3	2	10	2	12	9	2	1	5
17	19	13	4	14	14	0	11	14	4	6	15	0	3	6	0	2	15	7	1	15	8	3	15	5	11	14	4	8	14	9	6	15	0	4	15	4	3	6	0	2	15	7	2	3	6
18	21	0	0	15	12	0	12	9	7	7	5	7	3	9	2	3	2	4	2	1	7	4	3	2	12	9	7	9	7	2	7	5	7	5	4	0	3	9	2	3	2	4	2	5	7
19	22	2	8	16	10	0	13	4	9	7	12	1	3	12	4	3	5	2	2	3	5	4	6	11	13	4	9	9	15	7	7	12	1	5	8	8	3	12	4	3	5	2	2	7	8
20	23	5	4	17	8	0	14	0	0	8	2	8	3	15	6	3	8	0	2	5	4	4	10	8	14	0	0	10	8	0	8	2	8	5	13	4	3	15	6	3	8	0	2	9	9
21	24	8	0	18	6	0	14	11	2	8	9	2	4	2	8	3	10	9	2	7	2	4	14	4	14	11	2	11	0	4	8	9	2	6	2	0	4	2	8	3	10	9	2	11	10
22	25	10	8	19	4	0	15	6	4	8	15	8	4	5	10	3	13	7	2	9	0	5	2	1	15	6	4	11	8	9	8	15	8	6	6	8	4	5	10	3	13	7	2	13	11
23	26	13	4	20	2	0	16	1	7	9	6	3	4	9	1	4	0	4	2	10	11	5	5	10	16	1	7	12	1	2	9	6	3	6	11	4	4	9	1	4	0	4	3	0	0
24	28	0	0	21	0	0	16	12	9	9	12	9	4	12	3	4	3	2	2	12	9	5	9	7	16	12	9	12	9	7	9	12	9	7	0	0	4	12	3	4	3	2	3	2	1
25	29	2	8	21	14	0	17	8	0	10	3	4	4	15	5	4	6	0	2	14	8	5	13	4	17	8	0	13	2	0	10	3	4	7	4	8	4	15	5	4	6	0	3	4	2
26	30	5	4	22	12	0	18	3	2	10	9	10	5	2	7	4	8	9	3	0	6	6	1	0	18	3	2	13	10	4	10	9	10	7	9	4	5	2	7	4	8	9	3	6	3
27	31	8	0	23	10	0	18	14	4	11	0	4	5	5	9	4	11	7	3	2	4	6	4	9	18	14	4	14	2	9	11	0	4	7	14	0	5	5	9	4	11	7	3	8	4
28	32	10	8	24	8	0	19	9	7	11	6	11	5	8	11	4	14	4	3	4	3	6	8	6	19	9	7	14	11	2	11	6	11	8	2	8	5	8	11	4	14	4	3	10	5
29	33	13	4	25	6	0	20	4	9	11	13	5	5	12	1	5	1	2	3	6	1	6	12	3	20	4	9	15	3	7	11	13	5	8	7	4	5	12	1	5	1	2	3	2	6
30	35	0	0	26	4	0	21	0	0	12	4	0	5	15	4	5	4	0	3	8	0	7	0	0	21	0	0	15	12	0	12	4	0	8	12	0	5	15	4	5	4	0	3	14	8
31	35	0	0	26	4	0	21	0	0	12	4	0	5	15	4	5	4	0	3	8	0	7	0	0	21	0	0	15	12	0	12	4	0	8	12	0	5	15	4	5	4	0	3	14	8

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY.

NATIVE PENSIONERS.

Number of days.	Guides.									Store and Tent Lascars.																	Puckally of whatever Corps.			Bheestie.		
	Head Guide.			Second Guide.			Private Guide.			Syrang.			First Tindal.			Second Tindal.			Lascar.													
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	0	5	7	0	3	8	0	1	10	0	6	6	0	3	2	0	2	9	0	1	10	0	1	10	0	1	10	0	1	10
2	0	11	2	0	7	5	0	3	8	0	13	0	0	6	4	0	5	7	0	3	8	0	3	8	0	3	8	0	3	8
3	1	0	9	0	11	2	0	5	7	1	3	7	0	9	6	0	8	4	0	5	7	0	5	7	0	5	7	0	5	7
4	1	6	4	0	14	11	0	7	5	1	10	1	0	12	8	0	11	2	0	7	5	0	7	5	0	7	5	0	7	5
5	1	12	0	1	2	8	0	9	4	2	0	8	0	15	10	0	14	0	0	9	4	0	9	4	0	9	4	0	9	4
6	2	1	7	1	6	4	0	11	2	2	7	2	1	3	0	1	0	9	0	11	2	0	11	2	0	11	2	0	11	2
7	2	7	2	1	10	1	0	13	0	2	13	8	1	6	2	1	3	7	0	13	0	0	13	0	0	13	0	0	13	0
8	2	12	9	1	13	10	0	14	11	3	4	3	1	9	5	1	6	4	0	14	11	0	14	11	0	14	11	0	14	11
9	3	2	4	2	1	7	1	0	9	3	10	9	1	12	7	1	9	2	1	0	9	1	0	9	1	0	9	1	0	9
10	3	8	0	2	5	4	1	2	8	4	1	4	1	15	9	1	12	0	1	2	8	1	2	8	1	2	8	1	2	8
11	3	13	7	2	9	0	1	4	6	4	7	10	2	2	11	1	14	9	1	4	6	1	4	6	1	4	6	1	4	6
12	4	3	2	2	12	9	1	6	4	4	14	4	2	6	1	2	1	7	1	6	4	1	6	4	1	6	4	1	6	4
13	4	8	9	3	0	6	1	8	3	5	4	11	2	9	3	2	4	4	1	8	3	1	8	3	1	8	3	1	8	3
14	4	14	4	3	4	3	1	10	1	5	11	5	2	12	5	2	7	2	1	10	1	1	10	1	1	10	1	1	10	1
15	5	4	0	3	8	0	1	12	0	6	2	0	2	15	8	2	10	0	1	12	0	1	12	0	1	12	0	1	12	0
16	5	9	7	3	11	8	1	13	10	6	8	6	3	2	10	2	12	9	1	13	10	1	13	10	1	13	10	1	13	10
17	5	15	2	3	15	5	1	15	8	6	15	0	3	6	0	2	15	7	1	15	8	1	15	8	1	15	8	1	15	8
18	6	4	9	4	3	2	2	1	7	7	5	7	3	9	2	3	2	4	2	1	7	2	1	7	2	1	7	2	1	7
19	6	10	4	4	6	11	2	3	5	7	12	1	3	12	4	3	5	2	2	3	5	2	3	5	2	3	5	2	3	5
20	7	0	0	4	10	8	2	5	4	8	2	8	3	15	6	3	8	0	2	5	4	2	5	4	2	5	4	2	5	4
21	7	5	7	4	14	4	2	7	2	8	9	2	4	2	8	3	10	9	2	7	2	2	7	2	2	7	2	2	7	2
22	7	11	2	5	2	1	2	9	0	8	15	8	4	5	10	3	13	7	2	9	0	2	9	0	2	9	0	2	9	0
23	8	0	9	5	5	10	2	10	11	9	6	3	4	9	1	4	0	4	2	10	11	2	10	11	2	10	11	2	10	11
24	8	6	4	5	9	7	2	12	9	9	12	9	4	12	3	4	3	2	2	12	9	2	12	9	2	12	9	2	12	9
25	8	12	0	5	13	4	2	14	8	10	3	4	4	15	5	4	6	0	2	14	8	2	14	8	2	14	8	2	14	8
26	9	1	7	6	1	0	3	0	6	10	9	10	5	2	7	4	8	9	3	0	6	3	0	6	3	0	6	3	0	6
27	9	7	2	6	4	9	3	2	4	11	0	4	5	5	9	4	11	7	3	2	4	3	2	4	3	2	4	3	2	4
28	9	12	9	6	8	6	3	4	3	11	6	11	5	8	11	4	14	4	3	4	3	3	4	3	3	4	3	3	4	3
29	10	2	4	6	12	3	3	6	1	11	13	5	5	12	1	5	1	2	3	6	1	3	6	1	3	6	1	3	6	1
30	10	8	0	7	0	0	3	8	0	12	4	0	5	15	4	5	4	0	3	8	0	3	8	0	3	8	0	3	8	0
31	10	8	0	7	0	0	3	8	0	12	4	0	5	15	4	5	4	0	3	8	0	3	8	0	3	8	0	3	8	0

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

PAY.

NATIVE ARTIFICERS.

Number of days.	Mistry.			Armourer, Carpenter, Smith, &c. &c.			Hammerman, Chicklédar, Chuckler, &c. &c.			Mochey Book-binder			Cooper and Caulker.			Tindan.			Turner.			Massaulgee.			Bellows Boy.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A	P	R.	A.	P.
1	0	7	5	0	5	4	0	4	0	0	5	7	0	8	0	0	4	8	0	6	8	0	3	8	0	1	4
2	0	14	11	0	10	8	0	8	0	0	11	2	1	0	0	0	9	4	0	13	4	0	7	5	0	2	8
3	1	6	4	1	6	0	0	12	0	1	0	9	1	8	0	0	14	0	1	4	0	0	11	2	0	4	0
4	1	13	10	1	5	4	1	0	0	1	6	4	2	0	0	1	2	8	1	10	8	0	14	11	0	5	4
5	2	5	4	1	10	8	1	4	0	1	12	0	2	8	0	1	7	4	2	1	4	1	2	8	0	6	8
6	2	12	9	2	0	0	1	8	0	2	1	7	3	0	0	1	12	0	2	8	0	1	6	4	0	8	0
7	3	4	3	2	5	4	1	12	0	2	7	2	3	8	0	2	0	8	2	14	8	1	10	1	0	9	4
8	3	11	8	2	10	8	2	0	0	2	12	9	4	0	0	2	5	4	3	5	4	1	13	10	0	10	8
9	4	3	2	3	0	0	2	4	0	3	2	4	4	8	0	2	10	0	3	12	0	2	1	7	0	12	0
10	4	10	8	3	5	4	2	8	0	3	8	0	5	0	0	2	14	8	4	2	8	2	5	4	0	13	4
11	5	2	1	3	10	8	2	12	0	3	13	7	5	8	0	3	3	4	4	9	4	2	9	0	0	14	8
12	5	9	7	4	0	0	3	0	0	4	3	2	6	0	0	3	8	0	5	0	0	2	12	9	1	0	0
13	6	1	0	4	5	4	3	4	0	4	8	9	6	8	0	3	12	8	5	6	8	3	0	6	1	1	4
14	6	8	6	4	10	8	3	8	0	4	14	4	7	0	0	4	1	4	5	13	4	3	4	3	1	2	8
15	7	0	0	5	0	0	3	12	0	5	4	0	7	8	0	4	6	0	6	4	0	3	8	0	1	4	0
16	7	7	5	5	5	4	4	0	0	5	9	7	8	0	0	4	10	8	6	10	8	3	11	8	1	5	4
17	7	14	11	5	10	8	4	4	0	5	15	2	8	8	0	4	15	4	7	1	4	3	15	5	1	6	8
18	8	6	4	6	0	0	4	8	0	6	4	9	9	0	0	5	4	0	7	8	0	4	3	2	1	8	0
19	8	13	10	6	5	4	4	12	0	6	10	4	9	8	0	5	8	8	7	14	8	4	6	11	1	9	4
20	9	5	4	6	10	8	5	0	0	7	0	0	10	0	0	5	13	4	8	5	4	4	10	8	1	10	8
21	9	12	9	7	0	0	5	4	0	7	5	7	10	8	0	6	2	0	8	12	0	4	14	4	1	12	0
22	10	4	3	7	5	4	5	8	0	7	11	2	11	0	0	6	6	8	9	2	8	5	2	1	1	13	4
23	10	11	8	7	10	8	5	12	0	8	0	9	11	8	0	6	11	4	9	9	4	5	5	10	1	14	8
24	11	3	2	8	0	0	6	0	0	8	6	4	12	0	0	7	0	0	10	0	0	5	9	7	2	0	0
25	11	10	8	8	5	4	6	4	0	8	12	0	12	8	0	7	4	8	10	6	8	5	13	4	2	1	4
26	12	2	1	8	10	8	6	8	0	9	1	7	13	0	0	7	9	4	10	13	4	6	1	0	2	2	8
27	12	9	7	9	0	0	6	12	0	9	7	2	13	8	0	7	14	0	11	4	0	6	4	9	2	4	0
28	13	1	0	9	5	4	7	0	0	9	12	9	14	0	0	8	2	8	11	10	8	6	8	6	2	5	4
29	13	8	6	9	10	8	7	4	0	10	2	4	14	8	0	8	7	4	12	1	4	6	12	3	2	6	8
30	14	0	0	10	0	0	7	8	0	10	8	0	15	0	0	8	12	0	12	8	0	7	0	0	2	8	0
31	14	0	0	10	5	4	7	12	0	10	8	0	15	8	0	9	0	8	12	14	8	7	0	0	2	0	4

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

HALF BATTA.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS, &c.

Number of days.	Colonel.*			Lieutenant Colonel.			Major.			Captain and Captain Lieutenant.			Surgeon, and Paymaster.			Lieutenant, Asst. Surgeon, and Veterinary Surg.			Cornet, Ensign, Lieutenant Fireworker, & Cadet.			Deputy Commissary of Stores.			Conductor of Stores.			Quarter Master of Dragoons, and Sub-Assistant Surgeon.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	27	5	6	10	15	0	8	3	3	3	4	6	3	4	6	2	3	0	1	0	3	2	3	0	1	10	3	1	0	0
2	54	11	0	21	14	0	16	6	6	6	9	0	6	9	0	4	6	0	3	4	6	4	6	0	3	4	6	2	0	0
3	82	0	6	32	13	0	24	9	9	9	13	6	9	13	6	6	9	0	4	14	9	6	9	0	4	14	9	3	0	0
4	109	6	0	43	12	0	32	13	0	13	2	0	13	2	0	8	12	0	6	9	0	8	12	0	6	9	0	4	0	0
5	136	11	6	54	11	0	41	0	3	16	5	6	16	6	6	10	15	0	8	3	3	10	15	0	8	3	3	5	0	0
6	164	1	0	65	10	0	49	3	6	19	11	0	19	11	0	13	2	0	9	13	6	13	2	0	9	13	6	6	0	0
7	191	6	6	76	9	0	57	6	9	22	15	6	22	15	6	15	5	0	11	7	9	15	5	0	11	7	9	7	0	0
8	218	12	0	87	8	0	65	10	0	26	4	0	26	4	0	17	8	0	13	2	0	17	8	0	13	2	0	8	0	0
9	246	1	6	98	7	0	73	13	3	29	8	6	29	8	6	19	11	0	14	12	3	19	11	0	14	12	3	9	0	0
10	273	7	0	109	6	0	82	0	6	32	13	0	32	13	0	21	14	0	16	6	6	21	14	0	16	6	6	10	0	0
11	300	12	6	120	5	0	90	3	9	36	1	6	36	1	6	24	1	0	18	0	9	24	1	0	18	0	9	11	0	0
12	328	2	0	131	4	0	98	7	0	39	6	0	39	6	0	26	4	0	19	11	0	26	4	0	19	11	0	12	0	0
13	355	7	6	142	3	0	106	10	3	42	10	6	42	10	6	28	7	0	21	5	3	28	7	0	21	5	3	13	0	0
14	382	13	0	153	2	0	114	13	6	45	15	0	45	15	0	30	10	0	22	15	6	30	10	0	22	15	6	14	0	0
15	410	2	6	164	1	0	123	0	9	49	3	6	49	3	6	32	13	0	24	9	9	32	13	0	24	9	9	15	0	0
16	437	8	0	175	0	0	131	4	0	52	8	0	52	8	0	35	0	0	26	4	0	35	0	0	26	4	0	16	0	0
17	464	13	6	185	15	0	139	7	3	55	12	6	55	12	6	37	3	0	27	14	3	37	3	0	27	14	3	17	0	0
18	492	3	0	196	14	0	147	10	6	59	1	0	59	1	0	39	6	0	29	8	6	39	6	0	29	8	6	18	0	0
19	519	8	6	207	13	0	155	13	9	62	5	6	62	5	6	41	9	0	31	2	9	41	9	0	31	2	9	19	0	0
20	546	14	0	218	12	0	164	1	0	65	10	0	65	10	0	43	12	0	32	13	0	43	12	0	32	13	0	20	0	0
21	574	3	6	229	11	0	172	4	3	68	14	6	68	14	6	45	15	0	34	7	3	45	15	0	34	7	3	21	0	0
22	601	9	0	240	10	0	180	7	6	72	3	0	72	3	0	48	2	0	36	1	6	48	2	0	36	1	6	22	0	0
23	628	14	6	251	9	0	188	10	9	75	7	6	75	7	6	50	5	0	37	11	9	50	5	0	37	11	9	23	0	0
24	656	4	0	262	8	0	196	14	0	78	12	0	78	12	0	52	8	0	39	6	0	52	8	0	39	6	0	24	0	0
25	683	9	6	273	7	0	205	1	3	82	0	6	82	0	6	54	11	0	41	0	3	54	11	0	41	0	3	25	0	0
26	710	15	0	284	6	0	213	4	6	85	5	0	85	5	0	56	14	0	42	10	6	56	14	0	42	10	6	26	0	0
27	738	4	6	295	5	0	221	7	9	88	9	6	88	9	6	59	1	0	44	4	9	59	1	0	44	4	9	27	0	0
28	765	10	0	306	4	0	229	11	0	91	14	0	91	14	0	61	4	0	45	15	0	61	4	0	45	15	0	28	0	0
29	792	15	6	317	3	0	237	14	3	95	2	6	95	2	6	63	7	0	47	9	3	63	7	0	47	9	3	29	0	0
30	820	5	0	328	2	0	246	1	6	98	7	0	98	7	0	65	10	0	49	3	6	65	10	0	49	3	6	30	0	0
31	847	10	6	339	1	0	254	4	9	101	11	6	101	11	6	67	13	0	50	13	9	67	13	0	50	13	9	31	0	0

* Colonels are always in the receipt of Full Batta.

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

FULL BATTA.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS, &c.

Number of days.	Colonel.			Lieutenant Colonel.			Major.			Captain and Lieutenant.			Surgeon and Paymaster.			Lieutenant, Asst. Surgeon, and Veterinary Surgeon.			Cornet, Ensign, Lieutenant Fireworker & Cadet.			Deputy Commissary of Stores.			Conductor of Stores.			Quarter Master of Dragoons, and Sub-Assistant Surgeon.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R	A.	P	R	A.	P.
1	27	5	6	21	14	0	16	6	6	6	9	0	6	9	0	4	6	0	3	4	6	4	6	0	3	4	6	2	0	0
2	54	11	0	43	12	0	32	13	0	13	2	0	13	2	0	8	12	0	6	9	0	8	12	0	6	9	0	4	0	0
3	82	0	6	65	10	0	49	3	6	19	11	0	19	11	0	13	2	0	9	13	6	13	2	0	9	13	6	6	0	0
4	109	6	0	87	8	0	65	10	0	26	4	0	26	4	0	17	8	0	13	2	0	17	8	0	13	2	0	8	0	0
5	136	11	6	109	6	0	82	0	6	32	13	0	32	13	0	21	14	0	16	6	6	21	14	0	16	6	6	10	0	0
6	164	1	0	131	4	0	98	7	0	39	6	0	39	6	0	26	4	0	19	11	0	26	4	0	19	11	0	12	0	0
7	191	6	6	153	2	0	114	13	6	45	15	0	45	15	0	30	10	0	22	15	6	30	10	0	22	15	6	14	0	0
8	218	12	0	175	0	0	131	4	0	52	8	0	52	8	0	35	0	0	26	4	0	35	0	0	26	4	0	16	0	0
9	246	1	6	196	14	0	147	10	6	59	1	0	59	1	0	39	6	0	29	8	6	39	6	0	29	8	6	18	0	0
10	273	7	0	218	12	0	164	1	0	65	10	0	65	10	0	43	12	0	32	13	0	43	12	0	32	13	0	20	0	0
11	300	12	6	240	10	0	180	7	6	72	3	0	72	3	0	48	2	0	36	1	6	48	2	0	36	1	6	22	0	0
12	328	2	0	262	8	0	196	14	0	78	12	0	78	12	0	52	8	0	39	6	0	52	8	0	39	6	0	24	0	0
13	355	7	6	284	6	0	213	4	6	85	5	0	85	5	0	56	14	0	42	10	6	56	14	0	42	10	6	26	0	0
14	382	13	0	306	4	0	229	11	0	91	14	0	91	14	0	61	4	0	45	15	0	61	4	0	45	15	0	28	0	0
15	410	2	6	328	2	0	246	1	6	98	7	0	98	7	0	65	10	0	49	3	6	65	10	0	49	3	6	30	0	0
16	437	8	0	350	0	0	262	8	0	105	0	0	105	0	0	70	0	0	52	8	0	70	0	0	52	8	0	32	0	0
17	464	13	6	371	14	0	278	14	6	111	9	0	111	9	0	74	6	0	55	12	6	74	6	0	55	12	6	34	0	0
18	492	3	0	393	12	0	295	5	0	118	2	0	118	2	0	78	12	0	59	1	0	78	12	0	59	1	0	36	0	0
19	519	8	6	415	10	0	311	11	6	124	11	0	124	11	0	83	2	0	62	5	6	83	2	0	62	5	6	38	0	0
20	546	14	0	437	8	0	328	2	0	131	4	0	131	4	0	87	8	0	65	10	0	87	8	0	65	10	0	40	0	0
21	574	3	6	459	6	0	344	8	6	137	13	0	137	13	0	91	14	0	68	14	6	91	14	0	68	14	6	42	0	0
22	601	9	0	481	4	0	360	15	0	144	6	0	144	6	0	96	4	0	72	3	0	96	4	0	72	3	0	44	0	0
23	628	14	6	503	2	0	377	5	6	150	15	0	150	15	0	100	10	0	75	7	6	100	10	0	75	7	6	46	0	0
24	656	4	0	525	0	0	393	12	0	157	8	0	157	8	0	105	0	0	78	12	0	105	0	0	78	12	0	48	0	0
25	683	9	6	546	14	0	410	2	6	164	1	0	164	1	0	109	6	0	82	0	6	109	6	0	82	0	6	50	0	0
26	710	15	0	568	12	0	426	9	0	170	10	0	170	10	0	113	12	0	85	5	0	113	12	0	85	5	0	52	0	0
27	738	4	6	590	10	0	442	15	6	177	3	0	177	3	0	118	2	0	88	9	6	118	2	0	88	9	6	54	0	0
28	765	10	0	612	8	0	459	6	0	183	12	0	183	12	0	122	8	0	91	14	0	122	8	0	91	14	0	56	0	0
29	792	15	6	634	6	0	475	12	6	190	5	0	190	5	0	126	14	0	95	2	6	126	14	0	95	2	6	58	0	0
30	820	5	0	656	4	0	492	3	0	196	14	0	196	14	0	131	4	0	98	7	0	131	4	0	98	7	0	60	0	0
31	847	10	6	678	2	0	508	9	6	203	7	0	203	7	0	135	10	0	101	11	6	135	10	0	101	11	6	62	0	0

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

GRATUITY, TENT AND HORCE ALLOWANCE.

Number of days.	Gratuity.												Tent Allowance.																					Horse Allowance.								
	Captain, Captain Lieutenant, Surgeon & Paymaster.			Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon.			Cornet, Ensign and Lieut. Fireworker.			Cadet.			Colonel.			Lieutenant Colonel and Major.			Captain, Surgeon and Paymaster.			Subaltern Officer, Assistant Surgeon and Cadet.			Conductor of Stores and Quarter Master of Dragoons.			Sub Assistant Surgeon.			Colonel, Lieutenant Colonel and Major.			Captain Lieutenant, Cornet, Surgeon and Asst. Surg.			Staff Officer.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	1	5	0	0	14	0	0	7	0	0	14	11	4	1	4	3	8	0	2	1	7	1	6	4	0	14	11	0	12	1	4	3	2	2	12	9	0	11	2
2	2	10	0	1	12	0	0	14	0	1	13	10	8	2	8	7	0	0	4	3	2	2	12	9	1	13	10	1	8	3	8	6	4	5	9	7	1	6	4
3	3	15	0	2	10	0	1	5	0	2	12	9	12	4	0	10	8	0	6	4	9	4	3	2	2	12	9	2	4	4	12	9	7	8	6	4	2	1	7
4	5	4	0	3	8	0	1	12	0	3	11	8	16	5	4	14	0	0	8	6	4	5	9	7	3	11	8	3	0	6	16	12	9	11	3	2	2	12	9
5	6	9	0	4	6	0	2	3	0	4	10	8	20	6	8	17	8	0	10	8	0	7	0	0	4	10	8	3	12	8	21	0	0	14	0	0	3	8	0
6	7	14	0	5	4	0	2	10	0	5	9	7	24	8	0	21	0	0	2	9	7	8	6	4	5	9	7	4	8	9	25	3	2	16	12	9	4	3	2
7	9	3	0	6	2	0	3	1	0	6	8	6	28	9	4	24	8	0	14	11	2	9	12	9	6	8	6	5	4	11	29	6	4	19	9	7	4	14	4
8	10	8	0	7	0	0	3	8	0	7	7	5	32	10	8	28	0	0	16	12	9	11	3	2	7	7	5	6	1	0	33	9	7	22	6	4	5	9	7
9	11	13	0	7	14	0	3	15	0	8	6	4	36	12	0	31	8	0	18	14	4	12	9	7	8	6	4	6	13	2	37	12	9	25	3	2	6	4	9
10	13	2	0	8	12	0	4	6	0	9	5	4	40	13	4	35	0	0	21	0	0	14	0	0	9	5	4	7	9	4	42	0	0	28	0	0	7	0	0
11	14	7	0	9	10	0	4	13	0	10	4	3	44	14	8	38	8	0	23	1	7	15	6	4	10	4	3	8	5	5	46	3	2	30	12	9	7	11	2
12	15	12	0	10	8	0	5	4	0	11	3	2	49	0	0	42	0	0	25	3	2	16	12	9	11	3	2	9	1	7	50	6	4	33	9	7	8	6	4
13	17	1	0	11	6	0	5	11	0	12	2	1	53	1	4	45	8	0	27	4	9	18	3	2	12	2	1	9	13	8	54	9	7	36	6	4	9	1	7
14	18	6	0	12	4	0	6	2	0	13	1	0	57	2	8	49	0	0	29	6	4	19	9	7	13	1	0	10	9	10	58	12	9	39	3	2	9	12	9
15	19	11	0	13	2	0	6	9	0	14	0	0	61	4	0	52	8	0	31	8	0	21	0	0	14	0	0	11	6	0	63	0	0	42	0	0	10	8	0
16	21	0	0	14	0	0	7	7	0	0	14	14	11	65	5	4	56	0	0	33	9	7	22	6	4	14	14	11	12	2	1	67	3	2	44	12	9	11	3	2
17	22	5	0	14	14	0	7	7	0	15	13	10	69	6	8	59	8	0	36	11	2	23	12	9	15	13	10	12	14	3	71	6	4	47	9	7	11	14	4
18	23	10	0	15	12	0	7	14	0	16	12	9	73	8	0	63	0	0	37	12	9	25	3	2	16	12	9	13	10	4	75	9	7	50	6	4	12	9	7
19	24	15	0	16	10	0	8	5	0	17	11	8	77	9	4	66	8	0	39	14	4	26	9	7	17	11	8	14	6	6	79	12	9	53	3	2	13	4	9
20	26	4	0	17	8	0	8	12	0	18	10	8	81	10	8	70	0	0	42	0	0	28	0	0	18	10	8	15	2	8	84	0	0	56	0	0	14	0	0
21	27	9	0	18	6	0	9	3	0	19	9	7	85	12	0	73	8	0	44	1	7	29	6	4	19	9	7	15	14	9	88	3	2	58	12	9	14	11	2
22	28	14	0	19	4	0	9	10	0	20	8	6	89	13	4	77	0	0	46	3	2	30	12	9	20	8	6	16	10	11	92	6	4	61	9	7	15	6	4
23	30	3	0	20	2	0	10	1	0	21	7	5	93	14	8	80	8	0	48	4	9	32	3	2	21	7	5	17	7	0	96	9	7	64	6	4	16	1	7
24	31	8	0	21	0	0	10	8	0	22	6	4	98	0	0	84	0	0	50	6	4	33	9	7	22	6	4	18	3	2	100	12	9	67	3	2	16	12	9
25	32	13	0	21	14	0	10	15	0	23	5	4	102	1	4	87	8	0	52	8	0	35	0	0	23	5	4	18	15	4	105	0	0	70	0	0	17	8	0
26	34	2	0	22	12	0	11	6	0	24	4	3	106	2	8	91	0	0	54	9	7	36	6	4	24	4	3	19	11	5	109	3	2	72	12	9	18	3	2
27	35	7	0	23	10	0	11	13	0	25	3	2	110	4	0	94	8	0	56	11	2	37	12	9	25	3	2	20	7	7	113	6	4	75	9	7	18	14	4
28	36	12	0	24	8	0	12	4	0	26	2	1	114	5	4	98	0	0	58	12	9	39	3	2	26	2	1	21	3	8	117	9	7	78	6	4	19	9	7
29	38	1	0	25	6	0	12	11	0	27	1	0	118	6	8	101	8	0	60	14	4	40	9	7	27	1	0	21	15	10	121	12	9	81	3	2	20	4	9
30	39	6	0	26	4	0	13	2	0	28	0	0	122	8	0	105	0	0	63	0	0	42	0	0	28	0	0	22	12	0	126	0	0	84	0	0	21	0	0
31	40	11	0	27	2	0	13	9	0	28	14	11	122	8	0	105	0	0	63	0	0	42	0	0	28	0	0	22	12	0	126	0	0	84	0	0	21	0	0

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

DRY BATTA.

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS, PRIVATES, &c.

Number of days.	Dry Batta when not victualled at the Public Expense.						Deductions to be made from their Pay when victualled at the Public expense.					
	Non-commissioned Officers.			Drummers and rank and File.			Non-commissioned Officers.			Drummers and rank and File.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	0	2	5	0	2	5	0	2	0	0	2	0
2	0	4	11	0	4	11	0	4	1	0	4	1
3	0	7	4	0	7	4	0	6	1	0	6	1
4	0	9	10	0	9	10	0	8	2	0	8	2
5	0	12	3	0	12	3	0	10	2	0	10	2
6	0	14	9	0	14	9	0	12	3	0	12	3
7	1	1	2	1	1	2	0	14	3	0	14	3
8	1	3	8	1	3	8	1	0	4	1	0	4
9	1	6	1	1	6	1	1	2	4	1	2	4
10	1	8	7	1	8	7	1	4	5	1	4	5
11	1	11	0	1	11	0	1	6	5	1	6	5
12	1	13	6	1	13	6	1	8	6	1	8	6
13	1	15	11	1	15	11	1	10	6	1	10	6
14	2	2	5	2	2	5	1	12	7	1	12	7
15	2	4	10	2	4	10	1	14	7	1	14	7
16	2	7	4	2	7	4	2	0	8	2	0	8
17	2	9	9	2	9	9	2	2	8	2	2	8
18	2	12	3	2	12	3	2	4	9	2	4	9
19	2	14	8	2	14	8	2	6	9	2	6	9
20	3	1	2	3	1	2	2	8	10	2	8	10
21	3	3	7	3	3	7	2	10	10	2	10	10
22	3	6	1	3	6	1	2	12	11	2	12	11
23	3	8	6	3	8	6	2	14	11	2	14	11
24	3	11	0	3	11	0	3	1	0	3	1	0
25	3	13	5	3	13	5	3	3	0	3	3	0
26	3	15	11	3	15	11	3	5	1	3	5	1
27	4	2	4	4	2	4	3	7	1	3	7	1
28	4	4	10	4	4	10	3	9	2	3	9	2
29	4	7	3	4	7	3	3	11	2	3	11	2
30	4	9	9	4	9	9	3	13	3	3	13	3
31	4	12	2	4	12	2	3	15	3	3	15	3

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

BATTA.

NATIVE CAVALRY AND INFANTRY.

Number of days.	Native Cavalry.																		Native Infantry.											
	Subadar, 1st, 2d or 3d Class.			Jemadar.			Havildar or Farrier.			Naigue, Trumpeter or Trooper.			Horsekeeper, Grass Cutter, or Maistry.			Valeet.			Subadar, 1st, 2d, or 3d Class.			Jemadar.			Havildar, Naigue or Sepoy.			Drummer or Fifer.			Puckally.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	1	0	4	0	5	7	0	3	8	0	1	10	0	1	2	0	7	5	0	7	5	0	3	8	0	1	2	0	1	8	0	2	5
2	2	0	0	0	11	2	0	7	5	0	3	8	0	2	5	0	14	11	0	14	11	0	7	5	0	2	5	0	3	5	0	4	11
3	3	0	0	1	0	9	0	11	2	0	5	7	0	3	6	1	6	4	1	6	4	0	11	2	0	3	8	0	5	1	0	7	5
4	4	0	0	1	6	4	0	14	11	0	7	5	0	4	4	1	13	10	1	13	10	0	14	11	0	4	11	0	6	10	0	9	11
5	5	0	0	1	12	0	1	2	8	0	9	4	0	6	2	2	5	4	2	5	4	1	2	8	0	6	2	0	8	6	0	12	5
6	6	0	0	2	1	7	1	6	4	0	11	2	0	7	5	2	12	9	2	12	9	1	6	4	0	7	5	0	10	3	0	14	11
7	7	0	0	2	7	2	1	10	1	0	13	0	0	8	8	3	4	3	3	4	3	1	10	1	0	8	8	0	11	11	1	1	5
8	8	0	0	2	12	9	1	13	10	0	14	11	0	9	11	3	11	8	3	11	8	1	13	10	0	9	11	0	13	8	1	3	10
9	9	0	0	3	2	4	2	1	7	1	0	9	0	11	2	4	3	2	4	3	2	2	1	7	0	11	2	0	15	4	1	6	4
10	10	0	0	3	8	0	2	5	4	1	2	8	0	12	5	4	10	8	4	10	8	2	5	4	0	12	5	1	1	1	1	8	10
11	11	0	0	3	13	7	2	9	0	1	4	6	0	13	8	5	2	1	5	2	1	2	9	0	0	13	8	1	2	9	1	11	4
12	12	0	0	4	3	2	2	12	9	1	6	4	0	14	11	5	9	7	5	9	7	2	12	9	0	14	11	1	4	6	1	13	10
13	13	0	0	4	8	9	3	0	6	1	8	3	1	0	2	6	1	0	6	1	0	3	0	6	1	0	2	1	6	2	2	0	4
14	14	0	0	4	14	4	3	4	3	1	10	1	1	1	5	6	8	6	6	8	6	3	4	3	1	1	5	1	7	11	2	2	10
15	15	0	0	5	4	0	3	8	0	1	12	0	1	2	8	7	0	0	7	0	0	3	8	0	1	2	8	1	9	8	2	5	4
16	16	0	0	5	9	7	3	11	8	1	13	10	1	3	10	7	7	5	7	7	5	3	11	8	1	3	10	1	11	4	2	7	9
17	17	0	0	5	15	2	3	15	5	1	15	8	1	5	1	7	14	11	7	14	11	3	15	5	1	5	1	1	13	1	2	10	3
18	18	0	0	6	4	9	4	3	2	2	1	7	1	6	4	8	6	4	8	6	4	4	3	2	1	6	4	1	14	9	2	12	9
19	19	0	0	6	10	4	4	6	11	2	3	5	1	7	7	8	13	10	8	13	10	4	6	11	1	7	7	2	0	6	2	15	3
20	20	0	0	7	0	0	4	10	8	2	5	4	1	8	10	9	5	4	9	5	4	4	10	8	1	8	10	2	2	2	3	1	9
21	21	0	0	7	5	7	4	14	4	2	7	2	1	10	1	9	12	9	9	12	9	4	14	4	1	10	1	2	3	11	3	4	3
22	22	0	0	7	11	2	5	2	1	2	9	0	1	11	4	10	4	3	10	4	3	5	2	1	1	11	4	2	5	7	3	6	9
23	23	0	0	8	0	9	5	5	10	2	10	11	1	12	7	10	11	8	10	11	8	5	5	10	1	12	7	2	7	4	3	9	2
24	24	0	0	8	6	4	5	9	7	2	12	9	1	13	10	11	3	2	11	3	2	5	9	7	1	13	10	2	9	0	3	11	8
25	25	0	0	8	12	0	5	13	4	2	14	8	1	15	1	11	10	8	11	10	8	5	13	4	1	15	1	2	10	9	3	14	2
26	26	0	0	9	1	7	6	1	0	3	0	6	2	0	4	12	2	1	12	2	1	6	1	0	2	0	4	2	12	5	4	0	8
27	27	0	0	9	7	2	6	4	9	3	2	4	2	1	7	12	9	7	12	9	7	6	4	9	2	1	7	2	14	2	4	3	2
28	28	0	0	9	12	9	6	8	6	3	4	3	2	2	10	13	1	0	13	1	0	6	8	6	2	2	10	2	15	10	4	5	8
29	29	0	0	10	2	4	6	12	3	3	6	1	2	4	1	13	8	6	13	8	6	6	12	3	2	4	1	3	1	7	4	8	2
30	30	0	0	10	8	0	7	0	0	3	8	0	2	5	4	14	0	0	14	0	0	7	0	0	2	5	4	3	3	4	4	10	8
31	30	0	0	10	8	0	7	0	0	3	8	0	2	6	6	14	0	0	14	7	5	7	3	8	2	6	6	3	5	0	4	13	1

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

BATTA.

GUN LASCARS AND GOLUNDAUZE.

Number of days.	Gun Lascars.												Golundauze.																	
	Syrang, 1st, 2d or 3d Class.			First and Second Tindal.			Gun Lascar.			Bheestie.			Subadar, 1st, 2d, or 3d Class.			Jemadar.			Havildar or Naigue.			Drummer or Fifer.			Private.					
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.			
1	0	3	8	0	1	10	0	1	2	0	2	5	0	7	5	0	3	8	0	1	10	0	1	8	0	1	2			
2	0	7	5	0	3	8	0	2	5	0	4	11	0	14	11	0	7	5	0	3	8	0	3	5	0	2	5			
3	0	11	2	0	5	7	0	3	8	0	7	5	1	6	4	0	11	2	0	5	7	0	5	1	0	3	8			
4	0	14	11	0	7	5	0	4	11	0	9	11	1	13	10	0	14	11	0	7	5	0	6	10	0	4	11			
5	1	2	8	0	9	4	0	6	2	0	12	5	2	5	4	1	2	8	0	9	4	0	8	6	0	6	2			
6	1	6	4	0	11	2	0	7	5	0	14	11	2	12	9	1	6	4	0	11	2	0	10	3	0	7	5			
7	1	10	1	0	13	0	0	8	8	1	1	5	3	4	3	1	10	1	0	13	0	0	11	11	0	8	8			
8	1	13	10	0	14	11	0	9	11	1	3	10	3	11	8	1	13	10	0	14	11	0	13	8	0	9	11			
9	2	1	7	1	0	9	0	11	2	1	6	4	4	3	2	2	1	7	1	0	9	0	15	4	0	11	2			
10	2	5	4	1	2	8	0	12	5	1	8	10	4	10	8	2	5	4	1	2	8	1	1	1	0	12	5			
11	2	9	0	1	4	6	0	13	8	1	11	4	5	2	1	2	9	0	1	4	6	1	2	9	0	13	8			
12	2	12	9	1	6	4	0	14	11	1	13	10	5	9	7	2	12	9	1	6	4	1	4	6	0	14	11			
13	3	0	6	1	8	3	1	0	2	2	0	4	6	1	0	3	0	6	1	8	3	1	6	2	1	0	2			
14	3	4	3	1	10	1	1	1	5	2	2	10	6	8	6	3	4	3	1	10	1	1	7	11	1	1	5			
15	3	8	0	1	12	0	1	2	8	2	5	4	7	0	0	3	8	0	1	12	0	1	9	8	1	2	8			
16	3	11	8	1	13	10	1	3	10	2	7	9	7	7	5	3	11	8	1	13	10	1	11	4	1	3	10			
17	3	15	5	1	15	8	1	5	1	2	10	3	7	14	11	3	15	5	1	15	8	1	13	1	1	5	1			
18	4	3	2	2	1	7	1	6	4	2	12	9	8	6	4	4	3	2	2	1	7	1	14	9	1	6	4			
19	4	6	11	2	3	5	1	7	7	2	15	3	8	13	10	4	6	11	2	3	5	2	0	6	1	7	7			
20	4	10	8	2	5	4	1	8	10	3	1	9	9	5	4	4	10	8	2	5	4	2	2	2	1	8	10			
21	4	14	4	2	7	2	1	10	1	3	4	3	9	12	9	4	14	4	2	7	2	2	3	11	1	10	1			
22	5	2	1	2	9	0	1	11	4	3	6	9	10	4	3	5	2	1	2	9	0	2	5	7	1	11	4			
23	5	5	10	2	10	11	1	12	7	3	9	2	10	11	8	5	5	10	2	10	11	2	7	4	1	12	7			
24	5	9	7	2	12	9	1	13	10	3	11	8	11	3	2	5	9	7	2	12	9	2	9	0	1	13	10			
25	5	13	4	2	14	8	1	15	1	3	14	2	11	10	8	5	13	4	2	14	8	2	10	9	1	15	1			
26	6	1	0	3	0	6	2	0	4	4	0	8	12	2	1	6	1	0	3	0	6	2	12	5	2	0	4			
27	6	4	9	3	2	4	2	1	7	4	3	2	12	9	7	6	4	9	3	2	4	2	14	2	2	1	7			
28	6	8	6	3	4	3	2	2	10	4	5	8	13	1	0	6	8	6	3	4	3	2	15	10	2	2	10			
29	6	12	3	3	6	1	2	4	1	4	8	2	13	8	6	6	12	3	3	6	1	3	1	7	2	4	1			
30	7	0	0	3	8	0	2	5	4	4	10	8	14	0	0	7	0	0	3	8	0	3	3	4	2	5	4			
31	7	3	8	3	9	10	2	6	6	4	13	1	14	7	5	7	3	8	3	9	10	3	5	0	2	6	6			

APPENDIX.

No. XLI, continued.

BATTA.

PIONEERS, GUIDES, DOOLEY CORPS, &c.

Number of days.	Pioneers.									Guides.									Dooley Corps.									Store and Tent Lascars.								
	Jemadar, 1st 2d or 3d Class.			Havildar or Naigue.			Private.			Head Guide.			Second Guide.			Private Guide.			Head Maistry.			Subordinate Maistry.			Private Bearer.			Syrang, 1st, 2d or 3d Class.			Tindal, 1st or 2d Class.			Lascar.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
1	0	3	8	0	1	10	0	1	2	0	7	5	0	4	11	0	2	5	0	1	2	0	1	2	0	1	2	0	3	8	0	2	5	0	1	10
2	0	7	5	0	3	8	0	2	5	0	14	11	0	9	11	0	4	11	0	2	5	0	2	5	0	2	5	0	7	5	0	4	11	0	3	8
3	0	11	2	0	5	7	0	3	8	1	6	4	0	14	11	0	7	5	0	3	8	0	3	8	0	3	8	0	11	2	0	7	5	0	5	7
4	0	14	11	0	7	5	0	4	11	1	13	10	1	3	10	0	9	11	0	4	11	0	4	11	0	4	11	0	14	11	0	9	11	0	7	5
5	1	2	8	0	9	4	0	6	2	2	5	4	1	8	10	0	12	5	0	6	2	0	6	2	0	6	2	1	2	8	0	12	5	0	9	4
6	1	6	4	0	11	2	0	7	5	2	12	9	1	13	10	0	14	11	0	7	5	0	7	5	0	7	5	1	6	4	0	14	11	0	11	2
7	1	10	1	0	13	0	0	8	8	3	4	3	2	2	10	1	1	5	0	8	8	0	8	8	0	8	8	1	10	1	1	1	5	0	13	0
8	1	13	10	0	14	11	0	9	11	3	11	8	2	7	9	1	3	10	0	9	11	0	9	11	0	9	11	1	13	10	1	3	10	0	14	11
9	2	1	7	1	0	9	0	11	2	4	3	2	2	12	9	1	6	4	0	11	2	0	11	2	0	11	2	2	1	7	1	6	4	1	0	9
10	2	5	4	1	2	8	0	12	5	4	10	8	3	1	9	1	8	10	0	12	5	0	12	5	0	12	5	2	5	4	1	8	10	1	2	8
11	2	9	0	1	4	6	0	13	8	5	2	1	3	6	9	1	11	4	0	13	8	0	13	8	0	13	8	2	9	0	1	11	4	1	4	6
12	2	12	9	1	6	4	0	14	11	5	9	7	3	11	8	1	13	10	0	14	11	0	14	11	0	14	11	2	12	9	1	13	10	1	6	4
13	3	0	6	1	8	3	1	0	2	6	1	0	4	0	8	2	0	4	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	3	0	6	2	0	4	1	8	3
14	3	4	3	1	10	1	1	1	5	6	8	6	4	5	8	2	2	10	1	1	5	1	1	5	1	1	5	3	4	3	2	2	10	1	10	1
15	3	8	0	1	12	0	1	2	8	7	0	0	4	10	8	2	5	4	1	2	8	1	2	8	1	2	8	3	8	0	2	5	4	1	12	0
16	3	11	8	1	13	10	1	3	10	7	7	5	4	15	7	2	7	9	1	3	10	1	3	10	1	3	10	3	11	8	2	7	9	1	13	10
17	3	15	5	1	15	8	1	5	1	7	14	11	5	4	7	2	10	3	1	5	1	1	5	1	1	5	1	3	15	5	2	10	3	1	15	8
18	4	3	2	2	1	7	1	6	4	8	6	4	5	9	7	2	12	9	1	6	4	1	6	4	1	6	4	4	3	2	2	12	9	2	1	7
19	4	6	11	2	3	5	1	7	7	8	13	10	5	14	6	2	15	3	1	7	7	1	7	7	1	7	7	4	6	11	2	15	3	2	3	5
20	4	10	8	2	5	4	1	8	10	9	5	4	6	3	6	3	1	9	1	8	10	1	8	10	1	8	10	4	10	8	3	1	9	2	5	4
21	4	14	4	2	7	2	1	10	1	9	12	9	6	8	6	3	4	3	1	10	1	1	10	1	1	10	1	4	14	4	3	4	3	2	7	2
22	5	2	1	2	9	0	1	11	4	10	4	3	6	13	6	3	6	9	1	11	4	1	11	4	1	11	4	5	2	1	3	6	9	2	9	0
23	5	5	10	2	10	11	1	12	7	10	11	8	7	2	5	3	9	2	1	12	7	1	12	7	1	12	7	5	5	10	3	9	2	2	10	11
24	5	9	7	2	12	9	1	13	10	11	3	2	7	7	5	3	11	8	1	13	10	1	13	10	1	13	10	5	9	7	3	11	8	2	12	9
25	5	13	4	2	14	8	1	15	1	11	10	8	7	12	5	3	14	2	1	15	1	1	15	1	1	15	1	5	13	4	3	14	2	2	14	8
26	6	1	0	3	0	6	2	0	4	12	2	1	8	1	5	4	0	8	2	0	4	2	0	4	2	0	4	6	1	0	4	0	8	3	0	6
27	6	4	9	3	2	4	2	1	7	12	9	7	8	6	4	4	3	2	2	1	7	2	1	7	2	1	7	6	4	9	4	3	2	3	2	4
28	6	8	6	3	4	3	2	2	10	13	1	0	8	11	4	4	5	8	2	2	10	2	2	10	2	2	10	6	8	6	4	5	8	3	4	3
29	6	12	3	3	6	1	2	4	1	13	8	6	9	0	4	4	8	2	2	4	1	2	4	1	2	4	1	6	12	3	4	8	2	3	6	1
30	7	0	0	3	8	0	2	5	4	14	0	0	9	5	4	4	10	8	2	5	4	2	5	4	2	5	4	7	0	0	4	10	8	3	8	0
31	7	3	8	3	9	10	2	6	6	14	7	5	9	10	3	4	13	1	2	6	6	2	6	6	2	6	6	7	3	8	4	13	1	3	9	10

G. O. G. 2d June 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the annual Committees of Survey on Fortifications and Public Buildings at the several Stations within the Mysore Division, shall in future commence on the 1st of November instead of the 1st of January.

G. O. G. 9th June 1818.

The duties of the Magazines at the Presidency requiring the addition of one Store or Park Serjeant to the present Establishment for the Ordnance Department at Fort St. George; The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to fix the number of that class of Non-commissioned Staff at the Arsenal, as follows, viz.

Store or Park Serjeants, ... 3

G. O. G. 16th June 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that the Postage on all Letters from the Secretary to the Military Fund which may be superscribed "bearing Postage" shall be collected from the Individuals to whom such Letters may be addressed; and that the Postage on Letters addressed to the Secretary shall be invariably paid by the Parties despatching the same, with the exception of those from Paymasters of Stations, the Postage on which will be defrayed by the Military Fund, they being superscribed "bearing Postage."

G. O. C. C. 14th June 1818.

His Excellency The Commander in Chief has to regret, that the inclemency of the Weather prevented him from completing the Review of the Troops composing the Cantonment of Bangalore on the 12th Instant, but His Excellency is satisfied from their creditable appearance at the Inspection in Barracks, that notwithstanding the harassing and incessant duties which they have had to perform, neither their discipline or interior economy have been neglected; and The Commander in Chief requests that Major General Hare and the Officers Commanding Corps in the Mysore Division will accept his acknowledgments for the very satisfactory and efficient state in which His Excellency has found all the Corps and Detachments of the Division at the Stations he had visited.

G. O. C. C. 21st June 1818.

The Review of the Troops in Garrison* this morning afforded His Excellency The Commander in Chief an opportunity of witnessing the military appearance of His Majesty's 46th Regiment of Foot, and the Inspection of that Corps has confirmed His Excellency's opinion of it's effectiveness and good order in every particular.—The military appearance of the 2d Battalion 10th Regiment and the excellent state of it's equipment, are also highly creditable; and The Commander in Chief cannot notice

* *Vellore.*

notice the excellent state of the Troops in this Garrison without offering his acknowledgments to Colonels Hall, Mollé, and Lieutenant Colonel Podmore.

G. O. C. C. 30TH APRIL 1818.

His Excellency Sir Thomas Hislop, desires to express to Colonel Boles and the Poonah Brigade, the satisfaction derived, from their military appearance and steady performance in the Field this morning,---it was particularly gratifying to His Excellency to have an opportunity of seeing under arms, that distinguished and gallant Corps, the 2d Battalion 1st or Grenadier Regiment, Bombay Native Infantry, a Corps whose conduct at Corygaum, had so justly entitled it to that expression, of praise, and applause, which Sir Thomas Hislop, had the gratification to publish, to the Army of the Deckan, in General Orders of 21st January last.

G. O. C. C. 12TH MAY 1818.

Before the Commander in Chief embarks for Madras, His Excellency desires to express the satisfaction he has at all times derived from the zeal, intelligence and activity which the Officers of his personal Staff have evinced on all occasions; whether in the usual routine of their important duties or on the more distinguished occasions which called for their services in presence of the Enemy.---Sir Thomas Hislop has on various occasions noticed their services and conduct in general terms, but His Excellency feels it due to

Captain Wood, 1st Aid-de-Camp,
Lieutenant Van Buerle, 2d Aid-de-Camp,
Lieutenant Eden, 1st Additional Aid-de-Camp,
Lieutenant Rogers, 2d do. do.
Lieutenant Elliot, Extra Aid-de-Camp,

to record in G. O. his sentiments of their merits and services.

G. O. C. C. 7TH JULY 1818.

It appears from the evidence adduced on the trial of Private Paria Curpah of the 1st Battalion 25th Regiment N. I. that the Prisoner, when posted as a Sentry, was permitted to unfix his Bayonet, and lay aside his Musket.

The Commander in Chief having reason to believe, that such a practice is frequent, His Excellency positively forbids it as most unmilitary, and directs, that whenever it may be found necessary to post a Sentry only with a Bayonet, from his being under cover or in situations where he may be unable to move about with his arms supported, his musket shall always be lodged with his Guard. Officers Commanding will be very particular in having this Order explained in their respective Corps.

G. O. G. 6TH JULY 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to fix the Establishment of each Battalion of Native Infantry, including the Light Battalions, at nine hundred

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* *Fixed at* 750 *Privates, vide G. O. 17th April* 1821, *Vol.* 4, *page* 109.

hundred Privates; and His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to issue the necessary orders for recruiting the Army accordingly.

G. O. G. 6TH JULY 1818.

Ordered, that the following Extract from the Honorable Company's General Letter in the Military Department, under date the 4th February 1818, be published in General Orders.

Para. 276. "We are of opinion, after mature deliberation, that the best mode of combining the encouragement of a knowledge of those Languages (Hindoostanee and Persian,) with other objects of public importance, will be the adoption of the system which prevails in Bengal."

277. "We, therefore, authorize, and direct you, to appoint a Subaltern Officer, in each Battalion of Native Infantry, to be Interpreter of the Hindoostanee Language to that Battalion, who is also to perform the duties of Quarter Master of the Battalion, with the same Staff Salary as we in our Military Letter of the 5th May 1815, fixed for the Adjutants of Native Battalions, that is

Staff Pay per Month,..... Arcot Rupees	62
Moonshee, and Stationary.....	40
A Horse.....	30
Total per month,—Arcot Rupees	132

278. "It will be the duty of the Interpreter and Quarter Master, to officiate as Interpreter of Hindoostanee, not only to all Courts Martial, which may be held in the Battalion to which he belongs, but to any other Court Martial, at which he may be directed to officiate, without any further charge, or expense, to the Company, for such service, and generally to render all the services which as an Interpreter he may at any time be called upon to perform."

279. "It will, also, be his duty to act as Quarter Master of his Battalion, and to perform all those duties, which are usually performed by the Quarter Masters of other Corps in your Army."

280. "We rely upon your care and vigilance that no Officer be selected for the important situation of Interpreter who is not fully qualified to perform all the duties of it, especially the serious and responsible duties to Courts Martial."

281. "We take this opportunity to recal to your recollection, our Orders to Bombay, as contained in our Military Letter to that Government, dated 17th January 1810, copy of which was transmitted to you, as equally applicable to your Presidency, with our Military Letter of the 23d January 1811."

"We are decidedly of opinion, that no Officer should be appointed to any Staff situation whatever, unless he have previously acquired a knowledge of the Hindoostanee Language, which is the vernacular Language of Hindoostan, and more or less spoken, and understood, throughout the Deccan."

"The means of acquiring this Language, are now much facilitated, and it is so obviously both the duty and the interest of all our Servants at all the Presidencies to obtain a knowledge of it, that we desire you will hereafter consider a competent acquaintance with it, to be an indispensible qualification, in every Candidate for a Staff appointment."

282. "With respect to your Regiments of Native Cavalry, we direct that the Quarter Master of each Regiment of Native Cavalry perform also the duty of Interpreter of Hindoostanee to his Corps, with an allowance of thirty (30) Arcot Rupees a month for a Moonshee."

283. "The Commander in Chief will take care that no Officer be hereafter appointed to the situation of Quarter Master of Cavalry, who is not duly qualified to act as Interpreter also, and in the mean time the allowance of thirty Rupees a month is only to be passed to such Quarter Masters of Cavalry, as shall produce such testimonials as shall establish, to the satisfaction of the Commander in Chief, that they are qualified to act as Interpreters."

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 11th July 1818.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to establish the following Regulations.

When Officers of His Majesty's Service are ordered home, under the operation of general or partial reductions, or from other causes equally beyond their controul, they are authorized to draw an advance on account of Passage Money, at the following rates, viz.

Lieutenant Colonels	Rupees 2,400
Majors	1,800
Captains	1,512
Lieutenants	1,000
Ensigns	714

but it is to be distinctly understood that the foregoing allowances are confined to the case of Officers retiring from His Majesty's Regiments on this Establishment by uncontrolable causes ;—and will in no instance be extended to cases of Promotion in Regiments at Home, Exchange or Retiring upon Half-pay at the option of the Individual.

Supernumerary and half-pay Officers of His Majesty's Regiments, provided they may not have become so voluntarily, are authorized to draw the full Pay and allowances of their Rank including Tent Allowance, up to the date on which they cease to perform Regimental duty, when they are to be considered as coming under the operation of the General Order 24th March 1817.

G. O. G. 11th July 1818.

Officers of the Veteran Corps when temporarily detached on duty from their stations, are authorized to indent on the Public Stores for Camp Equipage, according to their Regimental Rank, and in cases when the required Equipments cannot be obtained from the Public Stores, they are permitted to draw the regulated Tent Allowance of their Rank in lieu thereof, under the provisions of the G. O. 20th August 1813. The allowance drawn by Officers of Veteran Corps on account of House Rent, is not to be affected by this Regulation.

G. O. G. 11th July 1818.

The following modification of the 2d Para. of the General Order 20th July 1816, is authorized---When the number of Pension and Family Certificates amount to 2,500, but is under 3,000, Commanding or Staff Officers are allowed to draw Pagodas 26 per month on that account ; and if the Certificates amount to or exceed 3,000, an allowance of Pagodas 30 per month is authorized.

G. O. G. 11th July 1818.

It appearing that the 5th Para. 18th Section of the Code of Pay Regulations, regarding Staff Officers drawing House Rent, is considered applicable to the particular Officers only whose Appointments are therein specified, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct the principle of that Regulation to be applied to all Officers, who from holding fixed Staff situations, are not liable to be employed on Field Service.

G. O. G.

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* *Other orders and regulations established, vide G. O. 20th June and 1st September 1820, and 16th August 1822, Vol. 4, pages* [illegible], [illegible] *and* 159.

G. O. G. 11TH JULY 1818.

Indents for Tatties, Gunnies and petty Articles, such as Thread, Needles, Wax, Gum, Pasteboard, Twine, &c. &c. for the use of Public Offices at the Presidency, are to be examined, checked and passed by the Military Board as heretofore, on whose authority they are to be supplied by the Commissariat and the charges admitted in the Public Accounts.

G. O. G. 19TH JULY 1818.

The Cantonment of St. Thomas's Mount with the Head Quarters of the Corps of Artillery, will cease from the 1st of next month, to be a dependency of the Garrison of Fort St. George; and will revert from that date to the same relative situation to the Garrison, as it bore previously to the General Orders of the 18th December 1817.

G. O. G. 19TH AUGUST 1818.

* The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to fix the following Establishment for the Cavalry Recruiting Depot at Arcot, in lieu of that published in G. O. of the 25th May 1816.

ESTABLISHMENT for the CAVALRY RECRUITING DEPOT.

European Commissioned Officers.

1 Captain Commanding
1 Adjutant
1 Quarter Master and Interpreter

Natives.

24 Native Officers
32 Havildars
32 Naigues
64 Privates
} To be furnished by Details from the Cavalry Regiments, with their Horses, &c.

Staff.

1 Native Adjutant
1 „ Riding Master
1 Drill Havildar
1 „ Naigue
1 Trumpet Major
8 Rough Riders, 1st Class
16 „ „ 2d Class
} Non-effective.

1 Serjeant Major
1 Quarter Master Serjeant
6 Trumpeters with the number of Recruits
} Effective.

Trumpeters Horses---and
Sets of Horse Appointments which may from time to time be fixed by His Excellency the Commander in Chief under the authority of Government.

Natives Attached.

3 Smiths
3 Armourers
3 Bellows Boys
3 Hammermen
3 Chucklers
3 Chickledars
1 First Dresser
1 Second

* *Abolished, vide G. O. 20th December* 1819, *Vol.* 4, *page* 5[illegible].

1 Second Dresser
2 Toties
1 Vakeel
8 Horsekeeper Choudries
8 Grass Cutter Do. with the usual proportion of Horsekeepers and Grass Cutters for the numbers of the several Ranks on the Returns of the Depot.

The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following Appointments.

Cornet E. P. Gahagan of the 5th Regiment Native Cavalry, to be Adjutant to the Depot.

Cornet R H. Russell of the 6th Regiment Native Cavalry, to be Quarter Master and Interpreter to the Depot.

G. O. C. C. 24th August 1818.

* Several instances having recently occurred of the transmission to Head Quarters of Recommendation Certificates for the promotion of Native Officers, in which the reasons for departing from the Regulations prescribing attention to seniority in the selections for promotion have either been altogether omitted to be mentioned, or when stated have proved very unsatisfactory---The Commander in Chief finds it necessary to call the particular attention of Officers forwarding such documents to this point. In cases where it may be deemed proper to set aside the claim of seniority, a full and explicit statement of the cause, together with the grounds on which a junior may be selected for promotion, is to be made at the foot of the certificate, to enable His Excellency to form his own judgement on the subject.

The Commander in Chief is further pleased to declare, that he does not consider the spirit of the Regulation which appears to impede the priority of claim to promotion in their respective Ranks to the Havildar Major, Drill Havildar, and Drill Naigue, as in the least degree affecting the superior claims which in many cases the other Non-Commissioned Officers of the Corps, may have justly established for themselves by long and faithful services; and His Excellency therefore directs, that seniority shall only be set aside when the general character and conduct of the Individual shall be such as to render it necessary and expedient for the good of the Service.

G. O. C. C. 1st September 1818.

The Commander in Chief publishes to the Army the annexed General Order by His Excellency The Most Noble The Governor General.

General Order by His Excellency the Governor General.

Gorruckpore, 8*th June* 1818.

The Service within the Nagpore Territory having been closed by the reduction of the Fortresses of Mundelah and Chandah, the Governor General has infinite pleasure in professing his acknowledgments to Major General Marshall and to Lieutenant Colonel Adams, under whose able management the captures were respectively effected.

The difficulties which Major General Marshall had to encounter in getting forward his Battering, Train, through a Country, singularly rough and wholly devoid of roads, such as, notwithstanding the indefatigable efforts of Captain Case, and of the Ordnance Department under Acting Deputy Commissary Donald, could not have been surmounted by ordinary means. Nothing could have overcome the obstacles but the admirable zeal which appears to have pervaded every branch of the Division. The Sepoys deserve the highest encomiums for their patient and protracted labour in dragging the Artillery and Waggons up the rocky steeps; and the Governor General desires that his warm praise may be communicated to them: but it is obvious that their cheerful perseverence in such severe toil could only flow from the cordial confidence

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* *Further Orders and Form established, vide G. O. 3d March* 1819, *Vol* 4, *page* 7.

dence subsisting between their Officers and them—To the Officers, therefore, His Lordship directs it to be explained, that from an effect so beneficial to the public service, he knows how to appreciate justly the habitual tenor of their behaviour towards their Men; for which he offers them his applause and thanks.

The conduct of the siege by the principal Engineer Captain Tickell was marked with the same science and judgment observable at Dhamonnie, and does great credit to the professional skill of that Officer. The high terms in which Major General Marshall represents the exertions of Captain Tickell, as well as those of Lieutenants Pecket and Cheape, Ensigns Colvin and Irvine, and Cadet Warlow of the same Corps, are amply justified by the circumstances attending the fall of the Fort.

The gallant manner in which Brigadier General Watson led the assault, and dislodged the rallying Enemy from various parts of the Town, reflects great honor upon him, and must have materially influenced the success of the attack.

Major O'Brien, in procuring information on which to ground the plan for investing the place, manifested a judicious activity extremely useful.

The zeal and intrepidity of Lieutenant Pickersgill, Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General, in reconnoitring the breach, will remain duly impressed on the Governor General's memory. His Lordship has further to be mindful of the unwearied assistance which Major General Marshall states himself to have received from Captain Watson, Assistant Adjutant General, and from Captain James, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General to the Division.

No exposition of the meritorious service of the Storming Column, nor any proof of the energy of Brigadier Dewar who commanded it, with Majors Midwinter and Thomas under him, can be requisite beyond the fact of its complete success. Lieutenants Lewis and Aitchison with a small Party of Pioneers and a few Men of the 1st Battalion 14th Native Infantry, had the pride of accompanying Brigadier General Watson through the breach, and were eagerly supported by Captain D'Aguilar with a Detachment of the 13th Native Infantry.

In reflecting on this triumph, the speedy prostration of the Enemy's defences, whence the Storm became practicable, exhibits conspicuously the merits of Major Hetzler, Captain Lindsay, and the other Officers and Men of the Artillery. The service rendered by Major Hetzler is highly estimated by the Governor General.

Where every Man whose station gave him the opportunity of taking a special part is stated to have distinguished himself, the Governor General could not without going into a too minute detail express his opinion of every Officer particularized by Major General Marshall; therefore, he must content himself with saying, that he confirms and echos the praise bestowed on the several Individuals or Corps in the Division Order of Major General Marshall on the occasion.

In adding the reduction of Dhamonnie and Mundelah to that of Hattrass, all achieved with little loss, Major General Marshall has evinced how judiciously he applies the principles of art in sieges; a branch perhaps the most scientific in the military profession.

The skill with which Lieutenant Colonel Adams made a scanty supply of heavy Ordnance suffice for the capture of a strong Fortress, powerfully garrisoned, fitly crowns the conduct that had distinguished him during antecedent operations. The vigorous decision with which he had previously given a blow to the Army of Bajee Row, productive of irremediable distress and despondency in that Force, is not more to be admired than the judgment visible in the attack of Chandah. The gallantry of the Officers and Men serving under him has well seconded the ability of their Leader.

Lieutenant Colonel Scott, of the Madras Establishment, who guided the assault, displayed a courage no less calmly capable of perceiving and securing every advantage, than it was brilliant. His success demonstrates how judiciously his valor was applied. He appears to have been worthily supported by the intrepidity of Lieutenant Colonel Popham and Captain Brook, who led the right and left columns of attack. In noticing this part of the day's achievement, the Governor General should not forget the animated exertions of Lieutenants Bevan and Fell, (Commanding the Pioneers), or the zeal of Lieutenant Hull, who volunteered to lead the Bengal Grenadiers; nor can he omit noticing the strenuous bravery with which Captain Charlesworth, Lieutenant Casement and Lieutenant Watson (all wounded on the occasion) contributed to the fortune of the day.

The rapid demolition of the Enemy's defences and the speed with which a breach was effected, would sufficiently testify the science of Lieutenant Anderson, Field Engineer, and of Lieutenant Crawford of the Bengal Artillery, acting as Engineer,

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in indicating the positions for the Batteries, even had not Lieutenant Colonel Adams professed his obligations to those Officers so warmly.

It is distressing that Major Goreham has not survived to enjoy the just reputation which his eminent merit in the command of the Artillery challenged for him. Yet, if he sank under his too earnest exertions, he bore with him to the tomb the universal admiration of the Army, and his name will long be quoted to excite similar energy in others. Captain Rodker, Captain Macdowell, Captain Mackintosh, and Lieutenant Walcott, seem to have highly deserved the praise which their Commander bestows upon them. Indeed, the efforts of all the Officers and Men of the Artillery appear to have been proudly laudable; and in particular the successful attempt of Lieutenants Poggenpohl and Hunter, to get one of the guns of the Horse Artillery over the breach, exhibits a spirit and resource of superior tone.

The number of those who would be justified by their behaviour on this occasion to prefer a claim for separate acknowledgments, lays the Governor General under the same impossibility of particularizing every body, which existed with regard to Mundelah: But His Lordship must notice that Major Clarke stands with his usual prominence of distinction; and that special praise is due to Captain Scott, officiating Assistant Adjutant General, and to Captain Sandys, Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General, the latter of whom attached himself to the head of the Storming Column.

In fine, the reduction of the two Fortresses splendidly terminated a Campaign of no ordinary exertion; leaving the Commanders and their Troops with augmented title to that approbation from Government which it is the purpose of this Order to proclaim.

Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop is confident that the feelings of pride and gratification which the perusal of the above General Order has awakened in His Excellency's breast, will be fully participated by every Officer and Soldier of the Army. The gallantry and prowess of the Madras Troops during the late eventful Campaign have frequently called forth the praise and admiration of The Commander in Chief, but the display of those qualities in this instance has added a brilliant page to the record of their achievements, since it has elicited the applause and thanks of the Supreme Authority in India.

His Excellency in detailing the names of
Lieutenant Colonel H. S. Scott of the 1st Bat. 1st Regt. N. I.
Captain Charlesworth of the 1st Bat. 1st Regt. N. I.
Lieutenant Watson of the 1st Battalion 1st Regiment N. I.
Lieutenant Anderson of the Engineers,
Major Goreham of the Artillery,
Captain B. Mackintosh (Commissary of Stores) of the Artillery,
Lieutenant Poggenpohl of the Horse Artillery,
Lieutenant Hunter of the Horse Artillery,
Lieutenant Bevan of the Pioneers,
and the Corps to which they belong, is actuated by a desire to proclaim the honour they have acquired, in the same Orders which have commemorated the triumphs of their Brother Officers and Soldiers.

This Order is to be read at the Head of every Regiment and Battalion on the Establishment.

G. O. G. 12th August 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to fix the following Establishment to be attached to the Superintending Engineer with the Nagpore Subsidiary Force.

	R. A. P.	
1 Store Serjeant.....		
1 Draftsman	52 8 0	per Month.
1 Writer.....	35 0 0	ditto.
2 Conicopolies	17 8 0	each do.
2 Hircarrahs.....	7 0 0	do. do.
1 Bricklayer Maistry.....	14 0 0	do. Batta 3 Annas $\frac{4}{5}$ Pice per day.
1 Carpenter ditto.....	14 0 0	do. do. do. do.

1 Smith

	R.	A.	P.				
1 Smith Maistry.....	14	0	0	each Batta	3	Annas	$\frac{4}{15}$ Pice per Day.
1 Hammerman.....	7	0	0	do.	do.	1 do.	$10\frac{2}{5}$ do.
1 Bellows Boy.....	3	8	0	do.	do.		$7\frac{4}{5}$ do.
1 Puckally.....	11	3	2	do.	do.	2 do.	$5\frac{13}{15}$ do.
6 Lascars.....	6	5	4	do.	do.	1 do.	$10\frac{2}{5}$ do.

The Superintending Engineer is authorized to draw an allowance of Rupees 42 per month for a Single Poled Office Tent and Rupees 21 for a Private Tent, as also a monthly allowance of Rupees 52 8 for Carriage of his Department when in the Field.

G. O. G. 12th August 1818.

Ordered that the following Extract from the Honorable Company's General Letter in the Military Department, under date the 4th February 1818, with the Extract accompanying from their Military Letter to Bengal, dated 7th January 1817,—be published in General Orders.

Para. 56. "We have, in our Letters to Bengal, directed that all Pensions to Widows should continue to be paid only during Widowhood, and we desire that you will publish a General Order, at your Presidency, to the same effect, and cause it to be strictly observed."

Extract Military Letter to Bengal, dated 7th January 1817.

"Pensions to Widows only to continue during Widowhood.

4. "In addition to the notification made to the proper Officers respecting the discontinuance of Pensions to Widows who may marry again, we desire that a General Order may be issued, notifying to the Army that all pensions granted by the Company to Widows are to continue only during Widowhood."

G. O. G. 12th August 1818.

Ordered that the following Extracts from the Honorable Company's General Letter in the Military Department, under date the 4th February 1818, be published in General Orders.

83 to 7. Proceedings relative to an inquiry in consequence of some animadversions made on the trial of Sir Charles Burdett, on the conduct of the Commissariat under Captain Stewart with the Field Force under Lieutenant Colonel Dowse, which completely vindicated it from every charge.

53. "We have carefully perused the voluminous Proceedings referred to in these Paras., and we entirely coincide with you, and the Commander in Chief, in opinion that the charges of inefficiency and misconduct brought by Major General Hare, against the management of that part of the Commissariat which was employed with Colonel Dowse's Field Force, have been completely disproved, and that the conduct of Captain Stewart, on that occasion, so far from having deserved reproach was entitled to the highest commendation.

54. "It is also very agreeable to us to receive so valuable a testimonial as that of our late Governor and Commander in Chief, Sir J. Abercromby, to the efficiency and good management of the Commissariat in all its branches,—such a testimonial from such an Authority, we consider to be eminently creditable to the zeal, integrity and ability of Lieutenant Colonel Morison, and to the good conduct of the Officers employed under him."

G. O. G. 26th August 1818.

* Ordered that the following Extracts from a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, to Fort William, in the Military Department, dated 23d January 1818, be published in General Orders.

Para. 2.---" Having reconsidered our Orders of the 16th June 1815, Paragraphs 134 and 5, relative to the sum to be paid for the passage of Subaltern Officers proceeding to England at the Company's expense, we have determined to revert to the amount fixed in 1810, and accordingly direct that the sum to be so allowed in future be fixed at one thousand five hundred Rupees."

3. " You will be pleased to send a Copy of this Order to the other Presidencies for their information and guidance."

G. O. C. C. 28th August 1818.

The Commander in Chief directs, that Officers Commanding Corps will at all times consider it their duty to keep the Second Dressers of Regiments and Battalions complete, by entertaining *Natives* of *cast*, and respectability. It is of essential consequence to the comfort of the Native Troops and their Families, that the Second Dresser of a Corps should not only be a Man of respectable cast and character, but that he should be well qualified to give medical aid to the Followers and Families of a Corps ; the Commander in Chief therefore directs, that previously to any such person being enrolled on the strength of a Corps, that he be examined by the medical Officer in charge of it, and if found qualified in every respect, the Medical Officer will report the same to the Officer Commanding the Corps, who, on such written Certificate (to be countersigned if possible by the Superintending or Staff Surgeon) will entertain the candidate and place him on the strength of the Corps.

It is to be understood, that a Second Dresser being returned and mustered on the strength of a Corps, his register is to be kept in like manner as that of the Men, and that he cannot be removed, or discharged, without the sanction and orders of the Commander in Chief.

The importance of fixing Second Dressers permanently with Corps, who know the Families of the Native Officers and Men, and in whom they have confidence, renders it essential that no removal shall ever be recommended unless on most urgent and peculiar reasons.

The Commander in Chief further directs, that Commanding Officers of Corps will see that the Second Dressers of Corps apply themselves to the duties for which they are chiefly provided, and that they are not employed in any but professional duties and pursuits.

G. O. C. C. 28th August 1818.

It having been brought to the notice of the Commander in Chief, that Soldiers are in the habit of passing through the French Territories, and that in some instances, from ignorance of the local Police Regulations, have been guilty of irregularities, His Excellency deems it expedient to prohibit all Soldiers, European and Native, from entering Pondicherry or its dependencies, unless furnished with a Passport from the British Commissioner, to be applied for by Commanding Officers only on the most urgent occasions ; and this Order is to be particularly explained to all Guards, Recruiting Parties, Escorts, and Men proceeding on leave, previous to quitting their respective Corps or Stations.

G. O. C. C.

* *Further orders and regulations published, vide G. O. 20th June and 1st September 1820. Vol. 4, pages 90 and 96.*

G. O. C. C. 22d September 1818.

Remarks by the Commander in Chief.

The Commander in Chief has approved and confirmed the above Sentence because it does not clearly appear with respect to the first Charge that any official order was given to the Prisoner not to quit the Vestal, by the Officer who was directed to make that communication to him; but it is nevertheless clearly proved by his own confession, that he did absent himself without leave from the 2d of June to the period of his being placed under arrest, a line of conduct highly reprehensible and deserving the severest censure, it can be owing solely to the wording of the 1st Charge that the Prisoner has been acquitted.

Of the first part of the 2d Charge the Prisoner has been found guilty and sentenced, to be admonished, but there is no part of Mr. Assistant Surgeon Llewellin's conduct so deserving of censure, as the highly indecorous and improper letter which that Gentleman ventured to address to Government on the 28th May, which he has also thought proper to place on the Proceedings of the Court as part of his defence, and the Commander in Chief has only to express his regret that such an offensive document did not form part of the Charges exhibited against the Prisoner.

With respect to the observation of the Court on the accommodation which has been recently allotted to the Assistant Surgeon on board the Vestal Cruizer, the Lieutenant General cannot but concur, and he will not fail to bring this subject officially to the notice of Government.

In conclusion, the Commander in Chief deems it an act of justice towards that highly respectable Public Officer, the Superintendent of Marine, to observe, that the evidence required from Mr. Meriton not immediately applying to the Charges under investigation, it could not be supposed that he should be prepared to answer questions on points on which he did not expect to be examined; particularly as they related to subjects on which no satisfactory reply could be given except by a reference to papers which Mr. Meriton states he had not brought with him into Court,---the other parts of Mr. Meriton's evidence not applying to matters of fact but merely of opinion, there appears to be no grounds whatever for the remark of the Court, as a Witness is at all times at liberty to answer such questions in the manner in which he may think proper---nor can any Court (without being fully informed of every circumstance) venture with propriety to pass an opinion on the correctness or incorrectness of such evidence.

Assistant Surgeon John Llewellin to be released from arrest, and will return to his duty.

G. O. C. C. 25th September 1818.

The Commander in Chief having ascertained that unauthorized Stoppages have in some recent instances been exacted from the Soldiers Pay on account of Dress, His Excellency directs that Officers Commanding Corps will detail in the fullest manner in the Monthly Return the Stoppages made, and that Reviewing Officers will particularly observe at the periodical Reviews, whether the Regulations on this subject have been attended to.—The articles for which Stoppages are authorized is clearly defined in the Code of Regulations of 1806, Pages 70, 71, the concluding part of the 27th, 28th, 29th and 30th Paras. under the head of Clothing, to which the attention of Commanding Officers is required.

G. O. C. C. 25th September 1818.

The Commander in Chief being confident that Officers Commanding Native Corps will not entertain Boys on the Pension Establishment, unless they are eligible in conformity to the Regulations, dispenses in future with the usual application for permission to place them on the strength of Corps, but their Register is to be included in the Monthly Return as heretofore.

G. O. G.

G. O. G. 1st September 1818.

1. Ordered that the following Paragraph of a General Letter from the Honorable Court of Directors, in the Military Department, dated 17th April 1817, be published in General Orders.

Para. 12. "We have judged it expedient to adopt similar Regulations to those established in His Majesty's Service under date the 25th of July 1816, granting an allowance under the head of Marching Money, to discharged Soldiers of the British Army, for the purpose of defraying their travelling charges to their respective homes; and we therefore direct, that in order to prevent any imposition being practised with regard to the distance for which this allowance is to be granted, the place where each individual may have been enlisted shall be inserted in the Discharge Certificate, and which may be readily ascertained by reference to each Man's attestation, in which the place of his enlistment is always entered."

2. His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to issue such Orders as may be necessary to fulfil the liberal intention of the Honorable Court, in extending the above indulgence to the Honorable Company's European Troops of this Establishment.

G. O. G. 22d September 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to extend the benefit of the Regulation of 11th July last, on the subject of Passage Money to Officers of His Majesty's Service when ordered Home in consequence of reductions,—to the case of such as exchange with Officers in this Country, who have been placed on half-pay and ordered to return to England.

G. O. G. 15th September 1818.

Ordered that the following Extract from the Honorable Company's General Letter in the Military Department, under date the 23d January 1818, be published in General Orders.

Para. 6. "We direct that the whole of our Arms for the Infantry shall be "browned; and this, we desire, may be carried into effect in India without delay. "Such Arms, as are hereafter sent out to our several Presidencies, shall be browned "previous to their being shipped."

The Military Board are directed to adopt the necessary measures for having the Arms in use with the Troops, as also those in the several Depots, browned in the manner enjoined by the Honorable the Court of Directors.

The Military Board will issue instructions to Officers Commanding Divisions relative to the progressive introduction of this system, to the Arms now in use; and the several Commissaries of Divisions or Subsidiary Forces will prepare and transmit to the Military Board Indents for the quantity of materials required in their Divisions, or Forces, respectively, calculated upon the proportions laid down in the following instructions, and with reference to the number of Arms in store and the established strength of each Division of the Army.

☞ The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is further pleased to direct, that an allowance be made to Battalions at the rate of 21 Rupees per quarter, for the purpose of meeting the expense of preserving the colour of the Arms, as required by the present Regulation.

The periodical allowance above alluded to, will not commence until after the expiration of twelve months from the time of the Arms of the respective Battalions being first generally browned, which circumstance must be duly reported by Officers Commanding Corps to the Military Board.

This Allowance to be drawn by Quarter Masters and countersigned by Officers Commanding Corps.

Instructions

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* *Other orders and regulations published, vide G. O. 20th June and 1st September 1820, Vol. 4, pages 90, 95 and 169.*

Instructions for browning 200 Gun Barrels.

The following Ingredients, viz.

Nitric Acid	One Ounce.
Sweet Spirits of Nitre	One do.
Spirits of Wine	Two do.
Blue Vitriol	Four do.
Tincture of Heel	Two do.

are to be mixed together, the Vitriol having been previously dissolved in a sufficient quantity of warm water, to make with the other Ingredients two quarts of mixture, Wine measure.

Previous to commencing the operation of browning the Barrels, it is necessary that they be well smoothed and cleaned, from all greasiness and other impurities, and that a plug of wood be put into the muzzle, and the vent well stopped, the mixture is then to be applied with a clean sponge or rag, taking care that every part of the Barrel is covered with the mixture, which must then be exposed to the air for 20 hours, after which exposure the Barrel must be rubbed with a hard brush and rag, or tow, to remove the oxid from the surface.—This operation must be performed a second and a third time (if necessary), by which the Barrel will be made of a perfectly brown colour, it must then be well brushed and wiped and immersed in boiling water, in which a small quantity of alkaline matter has been put, in order that the action of the acid upon the Barrel may be destroyed and the impregnation of the water by the acid neutralized.

The Barrel when taken from the water must, after being perfectly dry, be rubbed smooth with a burnisher of hard wood and then heated to about the temperature of boiling water, it will then be ready to receive a varnish made of the following materials (for 200 Barrels).

Spirits of Wine	36½	Ounces.
Dragons Blood Powder	3	Drams.
Shellac bruised	1	Ounce.

and after the varnish is perfectly dry upon the Barrel, it must be rubbed with the burnisher to give it a smooth and glossy appearance.

To repair and retain the brown upon the Barrels.

When the Barrel is much rubbed from use, a little Vitriolic Acid may be applied to it, and then it must receive the treatment that Barrels undergo in browning, care being taken to deaden the action of the acid by means of boiling water.

When Brown Barrels are in constant use, the brown might be continually kept perfect by means of the application of Vinegar, which should remain upon the surface for a day and then be washed well with boiling water.

If this operation be repeated monthly, a Barrel which has been properly browned in the first instance will continue in a perfect state for many years.

G. O. G. 6TH OCTOBER 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to resolve, that no fees shall be chargeable on the Commissions which have been, or may hereafter be, issued by the Government for the Brevet Rank of Captain.

G. O. C. C. 10TH OCTOBER 1818.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, that two Non-Commissioned Officers from each Battalion of Artillery, 1 Commissioned Officer from the Head Quarters of the Artillery at the Mount, and 1 Native Officer and 3 Non-Commissioned from each Battalion of Native Infantry within the Frontiers, shall be immediately detached to Poonamallee to be instructed in the Infantry Sword Exercise lately established.

These Details are to be placed under the orders of Lieutenant and Adjutant Drake of the 2d Battalion 11th Regiment, who will proceed without delay to that Station to assume charge of, and instruct them.

G. O. G

G. O. G. 22d September 1818.

It having been represented to the Right Honorable the Governor in Council that Cavalry Officers, when permitted to transfer their Chargers to the Ranks, experience much difficulty in obtaining repayment thereof, the following rules are to be observed in future regarding such claims.

The stoppages which are made from Cavalry Officers on the above account are to be recorded in the Regimental Books, specifying by what Paymasters, and from what month's abstracts, the stoppages were made.

When an Officer is permitted to return a Charger to the Ranks, his bill is to be made out for the regulated amount, and to be sent by the party direct to the Accountant General in the Military Pay Department, accompanied by a copy of His Excellency the Commander in Chief's permission to return the Charger;---by a certificate that the Horse has actually been received into the Ranks;---and by a statement shewing to what Paymasters, and in what months, the instalments corresponding in amount with the bill, were paid for the Horse.

On receipt of the above documents, certified by the Officer Commanding the Regiment, the Accountant General is to refer to the accounts of Paymasters, or, if those do not shew the payments, to the abstracts of the Officers, which are lodged in his Office;---and if it shall appear that the stoppages were made from the party, the Accountant General is to transmit the bill and accompanying documents to the Military Auditor General, informing him that the price of the Horse has been fully paid, on which communication the latter is to pass the bill for payment---but if, on the contrary, it shall appear that the whole of the stoppages, were not made, the bill is to be returned by the Accountant General to the party, with a letter particularizing the instalments which appear not to have been paid.

G. O. G. 20th October 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that all Officers in Command of Detachments of Cavalry, or Staff Officers whose duty it may be to pass receipts for Gram to the Commissariat, shall notify to the Head Quarters of Corps, the quantity of Gram which may be drawn monthly for the feed of the Horses on Command, specifying the period for which the quantity may have been drawn, and it will be the duty of Officers Commanding Corps, to see that Quarter Masters in making up their accounts of receipts and issues, include therein the Gram issued to whatever Details may be absent from Head Quarters.

G. O. G. 20th October 1818.

1. Ordered that the following Extract of a General Letter from the Honorable Company's General Letter in the Military Department, dated 29th April 1818, be published in General Orders.

Para. 4. "We take this opportunity of noticing the indefinite way in which the "advance of Pay which usually issued to Officers proceeding to Europe on furlough, "is expressed in the Pay Certificate furnished to them, leaving it doubtful from "what period such advance has been calculated; and direct that in future the "several months for which the advance is made, be distinctly stated in the certificate."

5. "As connected with this subject, we deem it necessary to call your particular "attention to the necessity of discontinuing the practice which appears to obtain at "your Presidency, of granting allowances in advance to Officers proceeding to the "Isle of France, the Cape, or St. Helena, and eventually to Europe for the recovery "of their health.—In many instances those Officers avail themselves of the full "extent of this permission, and return to Europe, whereby they are put on a better "footing than those who obtain leave to return home, and whose allowances cease "from the date of the dispatch of the ships on which they may embark."

6. "We therefore direct that in future no allowances of any kind be advanced

"to

" to Officers obtaining leave of absence to proceed to the Isle of France, the Cape, " or St. Helena, but in the event of their returning from either of those places to " India, you will order payment of the arrear of Batta and gratuity due to them on " their return to their duty."

2. Agreeably to the above instructions of the Honorable Court of Directors, all authorized Advances to Officers proceeding to Sea, the Cape of Good Hope, China, or other Settlements, are to be regulated in conformity with the 3d Paragraph, General Order 31st August 1816, which directs the issue of six months subsistence in place of three months Pay and Allowances; and the Accountant General in the Military Department, will himself observe, and issue the necessary instructions to Paymasters to ensure their attention to the Form of last Pay Certificates prescribed by the Honorable Court in the above Extract.

3. In order to save unnecessary trouble and delay to Officers when on the eve of embarkation, they are permitted to apply *direct* for all authorised advances to the Paymasters, who are to discharge their demands in conformity to the Regulations, without previous communication with the Military Auditor General.

G. O. C. C. 16TH NOVEMBER 1818.

The Commander in Chief is pleased to dispense with the future transmission of Duplicate Applications from Officers of His Majesty's Service for leave of absence, through Officers Commanding Divisions, as directed in General Orders of the 19th February 1814.

G. O. C. C. 16TH NOVEMBER 1818.

* His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop is pleased to notify for the general information of the Army, that he has nominated Lieutenant Colonel Dalrymple, one of the Prize Agents to the Reserve Division of the Army of the Deckan, to be a General Prize Agent to that Army, and that instructions to that effect have been communicated to Officers Commanding Divisions of the late Army of the Deckan.

The General Agent has been directed to consolidate the Prize Accounts and bring before His Excellency in one view the proceeds of all lawful Prize captured in the Deckan from the Powers lately at War with the British Government, in order to enable His Excellency to carry into the fullest effect the views and instructions of The Most Noble The Governor General on that subject.

G. O. G. 6TH OCTOBER 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to grant Palankeen allowance, Pags. 20 per month,) to all Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons appointed by Government to do duty at more Stations than one, the Abstracts for which are to be certified in the following manner by the Officer Commanding at the principal Station to which the Medical officers may be attached.

" I do hereby certify that Mr. Surgeon, or Assistant Surgeon A. B. was in " medical charge of the Troops at the Stations of ——— and ——— " during the month of ———" (or " from the ——— to the ———" as the case may be.) (Signed) A. B. Lt. Col. Comg.

It is to be understood that Palankeen allowance is never to be drawn by Medical Officers who may be in receipt of Full Batta. G. O. G.

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* *Major Cadell appointed General Prize Agent, &c. vide G. O. 31st May 1821, Vol. 4, page 214.*

G. O. G. 27th October 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council considering it necessary that the principle of the 69th and 70th Paragraphs of the 16th Section of the Code of Pay Regulations, under the head "Paymasters" should be made general; it is directed that, when the Paymaster at the Presidency shall in future send additional Estimates to the Accountant General in the Military Pay department for supplies of public money *on emergency*, they shall be accompanied by the order or authority on which the Estimates may be founded, or such explanation as may shew the necessity for the early issue of the money—on receipt of which the Accountant General will immediately apply to the Government for an Order on the General Treasury in favor of the Paymaster for the amount required, forwarding the Estimates, as heretofore, to the Military Auditor General, in order to be reported on and submitted to Government by that Officer as in the cases of Paymasters at Out-Stations.

G. O. G. 5th December 1818.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having approved the use of brown instead of black leather for the Harness, Saddles and Horse Appointments of the Horse Artillery and Cavalry, all supplies of this description of Appointments will in future be made of brown tanned leather; and musters will be furnished to Corps by the Military Board.

G. O. C. C. 22d December 1818.

☞ * Under the authority of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, that from the 1st January 1819, the following Uniform shall be adopted by the Corps of Engineers, instead of that hitherto worn.

Coats.—Red, with purple velvet Lappels, Cuffs and Collar, ten Button Holes at equal distances on the Lappel and Collar; four on the Cuff, four on the Pockets and four (two and two) on the edges of the Skirt, lining white silk—Gold Embroidered Button Holes, Buttons as at present, Epaulettes Gold according to General Regulations.

Upon the ordinary duties of the Engineer Corps, Officers are permitted to wear a Plain Jacket corresponding in every particular part and distinction (embroidery excepted), with the established Regimental Coat.

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* *Further orders regarding Dress for the Engineer Corps, vide G. O. 1st June 1820, Vol. 4, page 82.*

END OF THE THIRD VOLUME.

