

Logungh. This was granted by the Rajah of 11 to Suresh Raga Parashur
 transferred possession of its holders since the date of the grant.
 of 1815 copy of which is forwarded to the Board of Revenue, it appears
 is supported by all the accounts of 12.
 of the village of Pottakulm, Suresh Raga, & Kallukamm
 these villages separately. The reason of entering the boundaries of all these
 in the shape of a flat form & the 8th Grantee of these villages is as
 in one village, some shares in all the other villages two in most cases
 found to those in the Account of 12238/246. They are given as one
 provided on a personal examination that they lands which they brought on
 Great (1). the Register are beyond the limits given in the accounts
 Grandson 1 Wife of 12238/246 in lump, they will transfer such
 Grandson 1 Son lands to the government at once. Again, to avoid
 person 1 Grandson quarrels among the holders of these four villages.
 in Col 13 1 Daughter in law
 (2). the Mahajanams gave entire separate boundaries
 1 Wife for these four villages in their respective statements
 1 Son & gave a Report that these detached boundaries are
 (3). within the limits of the granted boundary given in the
 1 Wife Account of 12238/246. Further, the boundaries
 2 Sons given in the Account of 12238 of 1246 differ to
 1 Daughter some extent. The Mahajanams explain that there are
 2 Sons in all some
 (4). one & the same on the spot. & say that if any
 1 Wife difference is found on personal examination between
 1 Daughter these boundaries, they will abide by one of the two
 (5). boundaries which may be selected for them by the
 1 Wife Government. Under the above circumstances,
 2 Sons the lands brought on the Register of the
 2 Daughters & 2 Grandsons, the registered
 2 Sons which is all placed together, are
 2 Daughters confirmed in their respective places.
 (6). To be copied into Rule II (There are not
 1 Wife 13 agreed & under Rule II Conf. as recommended
 2 Sons in our T.D. made
 2 Daughters for a new
 (7). 1 Wife 1243 1243-59-0
 (8). 1 Wife 1243-59-0
 1 Daughter also done?

May
 Dec. 3-97. -17.
 Feb 10-13. 3. -5-9.

Average Rates of Government Taluqs per acre

Dec. 1-5 6.
 Feb 4-6-1.

Average Value of grain of Melumam on wet land in Sitalangudi
 Melumam Converting Agri Villages in the Taluq of Sitalangudi
 for a period of 15 years

From Rs	Cultivated	Gross out	prohibit	Average	Value of	Rates
to Rs	area in	turn	share at	price	quantity of	per
1256	Acres		45 per cent	of grain	in 100	acre
to Rs 1270						
Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
1748-4	5423-80	5644-8-4	25549-10-	1-7	13891-2-5	4-15-1

II. In this Village, there are 12 Thottas of an equal balance - they are
 enjoyed as shown in the margin of the preceding side. The lands are divided permanently
 Poruppi is paid on the number of Thottas generally & permanently - The person N 1 of 16 is
 a descendant of the Ogl Grantee & others are alienances - The persons N 2-3-4-9-1823 of 16
 purchased their lands partly by themselves & partly in the days of their ancestors in 1823
 1824-1832-1833-1834-1838-1843-1848-1849-1852-1861-1862 for prices 4,447-67 -
 from one Panya Rakkattal, Subbramanaya Tenu, Marungaya Tenu, Periyakannu
 Tenu, Arindu Setty, Ramalingam Setty, Papa Vinayagan, Seltta Lalethmy Ammal,
 Panyya alias Nagarwarayan, Mutha Sany Jey & Subhyen - shareholders in the Village -
 Eleven bills are on stamp for Panya Tenu, two bills are on stamp for Panya & 7 bills are on
 stamp for Panya Tenu - Transactions proved to be bonafide - Enjoyment proved by the Melumam
 The persons N 5 & 9 & the father of the person N 8 & acquired their lands in gift in
 1848 from one Melumam by Arundal, descendant of the Ogl Grantee - This
 alienation was made from religious motives - Transactions proved to be bonafide -
 Enjoyment proved. These persons N 5-6-7-8-9-16 acquired also some lands in gift
 in 1847 from the person N 2 of 16 - also deed of gift - The person N 2 of 16 -
 is a descendant of the Ogl Grantee - (See next side)

9. Pappasetti } Co - (10)
 49 } 1 Wife
 2 Sons
 3 Daughters
 2 Daughters in law
 10. Annachalam } Co - (10)
 setti 46 } 1 Wife
 5 Sons
 2 Daughters
 2 Daughters in law
 11. Pannasetti } Co - (11)
 42 } 1 Wife
 1 Son
 3 Daughters
 12. Mollaspan } Co - (12)
 setti 9 } 1 Wife
 2 Sons
 2 Daughters
 13. Ammani } Co - (13)
 31 }
 14. Kalpura } Co - (14)
 setti 26 } 1 Wife
 1 Daughter
 1 Mother
 15. Manikam } Co - (15)
 setti 38 } 2 Sons
 1 Daughter
 16. Appana } Co - (16)
 setti 22 } 1 Wife
 1 Mother
 17. Pannasami } Co - (17)
 setti 42 } 1 Wife
 2 Sons
 2 Daughters
 18. Muttukampan } Co - (18)
 setti 55 } 1 Wife
 1 Daughter
 1 Mother
 19. Kattanothi } Co - (19)
 22 } 1 Wife
 1 Mother
 20. Annamale } Co - (20)
 setti 38 } 1 Wife
 3 Sons
 21. Vagapuri } Co - (21)
 setti 33 } 1 Wife
 22. Ka Anna } Co - (22)
 male setti 35 } 1 Wife
 2 Sons
 1 Mother
 23. Volakhan } Co - (23)
 Sengaran } 1 Wife
 1 Daughter

Side preceding side -
 of the
 of the

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(24)
24 Karappayy Al
1 Muskad
per
2 Boughless

Tivargalai
Bey
25 Annudina
Viriyapattu
Trustee

Muttu Venkata
Chellam Setty
26

K.R.

The preceding ed.



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Sheet 106 395 - Valuation

The well comes depend upon four Tanks - Of these one is large & 3 are small - They are in repair they are fed by a Pungla Stream & by the waste water of the adjacent
 Ayer Village - The 1st tank is filled annually - Scarcity of Water is not felt generally - in ordinary seasons - In the cases that are fullwatered annually -
 The Mahajanams say that the Dry lands or waste are not of very uncultivated lands & that they are fullwatered as Mattukad since the last 50 or 60 yrs.
 They again say that in favourable seasons, all the arable lands in the Village are fullwatered in full - A further statement of the Mahajanams, 48 days before
 60 Aug 9th fullwatered annually in full - There is some exaggeration in the matter of Wastes - Some of the old lands are fullwatered annually 2^d time -
 The Puzah lands are of a superior quality generally Harvest is good - No garden crops are raised in the Village - Paragore are raised in Dry lands -
 The Village is in flourishing state like the adjacent Ayer Villages - There are no Ayer Villages, same of our Village, contiguous to this Village near settlement -
 The Ayer Village of Minnarayanam is situated contiguous to the Dammasarom of Pungolem, which is contiguous to the Village near settlement - The limits of the
 Ayer Village of Minnarayanam is at a distance of about $\frac{1}{2}$ mile from the Village near settlement - The average Well assessment of that Village calculated
 for a period of 15 years from July 1256 to 1270 comes to 7-12-9 per acre - The Mahajanams say that there is ^{the no doubt} difference between the fertility of their soil & that
 of the said Ayer Village of Minnarayanam - The average income of the Village as stated of the Mahajanams is 120 Rupees per annum -
 This is not true at all - The Mahajanams say that the 77 acres & 84 fants of land as Porumbokke are quite unfit for cultivation & entered a written
 to this effect in the register - After weighing the fertility of soil etc, I frame the valuation of the Village as follows with the aid of the Mahajanams &
 The average rate of assessment of the adjacent Ayer Village comes to 5-15-9 per acre -
 I find the average
 Assessment of the
 - Wet 45 acres fullwatered annually once & forth^r time at 6 1/2 Rupees per acre = 292-8
 - Wet 12 acres fullwatered annually twice at 6 Rupees per acre = 144-0
 - Dry 20 acres at 4 Rupees per acre = 80-0
 Total = 516-8