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Register of Channavanam Village of Vorupokki-Adavallarendal in the Taluk of Pattanasankattai of Pirianga zamindari Estate in Madras District
Patrimony acquired by purchase &c.
supported by unopposed taluk
documents shown
Vorupokki⁽¹⁾ Adavallarendal⁽²⁾
W. D. W. J. Esq. S.D.O. P.N.S.
Taluk Officer Rameswara Piriya Soorya Swamy, the son

செய்யுநர் இவ்வாறு சொல்லிய

⁽¹⁾ Porupokki & ⁽²⁾ Adavallären dal

		document	affidavit
No 1 is enjoying	17/64	"	17/64
No 2 do do	17/64	"	17/64
No 3 and 4 are do	1	1/8	1/8
No 5 is do	1	"	1
No 6 do do	6/10	1/8	1/2
No 7 do do	1/4	15/32	23/32
No 8 do do	"	1	1
No 9 do do	"	1/4	1/4
No 10 do do	"	1/2	1/2
No 11 and 12 are do	"	1/8	1/8
No 13 is do	"	6/10	6/10
No 14 do do	"	1/8	1/8
No 15 do do	"	1/8	1/8
No 16 do do	"	1	1
No 17 do do	"	1/2	1/2
No 18 to 21 are do	"	2 3/4	2 3/4
No 22 is do	"	6/10	6/10
Total	25/32	4 22/32	12

I then saw the two Villages in the Zamin-dary of Poyyanga. These were granted by Virishi Raybhurida Periya Vengaya Saveri, the former Zamindar to the Bramins of Nania Gotra & Nania Sutra & those of various families for subsistence as Darmasasanams. These are hereditary grants. These are in uninterrupted possession of their holders since the date of the grant. These Villages have a Potta - on two plain Ceylon leaves - In the English Register of A.D. 1815, copy of which is forwarded to the Board of Revenue, it is said that the Potta of this Village was registered. The Rangis Vakeel admits the genuineness of this document. In the Potta & in the Maratta Account of 1722, one boundary line is given for these two Villages - or in other words, the lands of these two contiguous Villages were enclosed in one boundary line. In the Account of 1724, these Villages were split into two & the boundary line was given separately for the two. The holders of the Villages say that the boundaries given in all these documents are one & the same though there is some difference in the wordings. ¹⁸¹⁵ ~~1722~~ that these boundaries correspond to the recognized limits of the Villages. Hence the boundaries in the Potta are confirmed here & the 100 Acres & 25 faths situated thereon are registered here. These lands of these two Villages were mingled together & divided into 12 equal ^{shares} ~~parts~~ ^{thirteen} long ago. The holdings in these Villages were not exchanged during the last 60 years (see next page)

Rates of Government Taluqs per Acre

max min
 Dry 3-9-9 1-7-
 Wet 10-12-3 5-9

Average Rates of Government Taluqs per Acre

Dry 1-5-0
 Wet 4-6-1

Average Value of grain of Melumaram on wet land in Kilumachi
 Madurani consisting of Agew Villages in the Taluq of Pottarasankottai
 for a Period of 15 years.

From Rs to Rs	Cultivated area in Acres	Gross out- turn	of which Zamindar's share at 45 per cent	Average prices of grain in CoB 4	Value of quantity of grain given in CoB 4	Rate per Acre
Rs 100	100	100	100	100	100	100
8467-10-2	5927-42	48004-23	21690-10-3	1-7-11	31562-7-2	5-5-3

II Porpu is paid taluq for these two villages to a sum of Rs 93 8 8-
 In the alleged Intemura Account of 1721, Porpu is given as a taluq - These two villages
 are brought on one & the same Regular as the area of the same is given in lamp -
 in all the accounts, as the town limits of these two villages were enclosed & one in
 boundary line is given in the Potta & in the Maratta Account of 1722 as these
 two villages are viewed as one for the holders of the same -

III - Of the individuals in 1706, the persons 1-2-3-4-5-6-7 are, descendants
 of the original Grantees who were of Naina Gotra or Naina Petra & others are
 alienees. Of these, the persons 1-2-3-4-5-6-7 are descendants of those whose
 names were registered in 17223 & 17224 -

The persons 1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11-12-13-14-15-16-17-18-19-20-21-22-23-24-25-26-27-28-29-30-31-32-33-34-35-36-37-38-39-40-41-42-43-44-45-46-47-48-49-50-51-52-53-54-55-56-57-58-59-60-61-62-63-64-65-66-67-68-69-70-71-72-73-74-75-76-77-78-79-80-81-82-83-84-85-86-87-88-89-90-91-92-93-94-95-96-97-98-99-100 purchased the
 lands within opposite their names in the margin of the preceding under the head supported
 by documents in AD 1825-1826-1830-1832-1842-1849-1853-1855-1856-1857-
 1859-1860 & 1861 for Rs 22 60 from Pichurayen alias Ramaswamy Iyer;
 Ramaswamy Iyer, Nagammal, Meenammal, Subbammal, Pannay &
 Gurukul; Dharmayen, Meenatchy Iyer, Annamal Annamal, Tangammal,
 Leshiyen, Talayappan Setty, Kannappan Setty & Swarna Mayen shareholders.
 in these villages - Fourteen bills are on plain paper 45 leaves & 6 bills are on
 stamped paper 45 leaves & two bills are on stamped paper. Transactions proved to be -
 bona fide - enjoyment proved - The persons 1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11-12-13-14-15-16 are enjoying some lands without documents. It is said that they purchased the lands of the persons 1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11-12-13-14-15-16

1 Venkata & Lenna Sikandyn Muttayen 50	Al.	1 wife 1 son 3 Daughters and 100 land
2 Sengara Madurai		
3 Jagannata Mungar 50	Leo	(9) 1 wife 1 Abpottam
4 Kallirayal 10 Sagarayen 28	Leo	(10) 1 wife 1 Malther 2 widows of younger brother 2 Daughters and
5 Karsikundi 1 Muttusami Iyer 32	Leo	(11) 1 wife 1 younger brother
6 Subbayen 15	Leo	(12) 1 Elder brother
7 Lachankammay 13 Pichurayen alias Ramaswamy = mi Iyer 40	Leo	(13) 1 wife 1 son 1 Daughters and 100 land
8 Sivagangai 14 Disikama = yengar 40	Leo	(14) 1 wife 2 sons 2 Daughters and 100 land
9 Rangasami Iyer 65	Leo	(15) 1 wife 5 sons 4 Daughters and 1 Daughters and
10 Kannaappa setti 55	Leo	(16) 1 wife 1 son 1 Daughters and
11 Supprammal Yenatchi 50	Leo	(17) 1 wife 4 sons 1 Daughters and 100 land 1 Daughters and
12 Tagayapuri setti alias Kan nappa setti 60	Leo	(18) 2 sons 2 Daughters and 2 Grandsons 3 Daughters 1 Daughters and 1 wife Daughters
13 Kodai Khar Kannappa setti 22	Leo	(19) 1 wife 1 Malther
14 Kailasam setti 50	Leo	(20) 1 wife 1 son 1 Daughters and 2 Grandsons
15 Ramana = then setti 47	Leo	(21) 1 wife 2 sons 1 Daughters and 100 land
16 Lokalingam Pillai 14	Leo	(22) 1 Malther 1 younger brother

Vide preceding side

(Vide next side)

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IV - ---- The person N^o 7 of 16 claims to half the property from the person N^o 8 of 16 on the ground that this is the property of his Elder sister daughter - Tangammal who died about 5 years ago without issue - & that it should revert to him - He says that she never executed to him any document transferring the $\frac{1}{2}$ property. It is proved that she had half the property in the Village; that she sold $\frac{1}{16}$ of a property in A.D. 1853 to the person N^o 8 of 16 who was her younger brother, for Rupees 71 & executed a bill of sale on a plain paper leaf; that she gave the remaining $\frac{3}{16}$ of a property to the person N^o 8 of 16 in A.D. 1857 executing to him a bill on a plain paper leaf nominating the person N^o 8 of 16 to perform her funeral rites & that the person N^o 8 of 16 - is enjoying the half property ever since & performed the funeral rites of the deceased - & is enjoying annually her funeral ceremonies. The documents proved to be genuine - Enjoyment proved - Hence the claim is rejected & the party in claimant is referred to the Civil Court.

Valuation

V - ---- The lands in the Village depend upon two tanks of moderate size they are in repair they are fed by one of the branch channels of Nattankud. The tanks are filled annually. Plenty of water is not felt generally in ordinary seasons. The Mahajans are pleased with the water as full water lands. & the rest as waste. They say that the water of 10 years uncultivated lands felt to be full water within the next 10 years - The waste extent is moderate. It is said that there are no Pungals or Dry lands in this Village - fit to be cultivated - Some of the Seldhans are cultivated annually 2 times - Mangala lands are of a superior quality generally. The average net income of the Village is 112 Rupees per annum as per statement of the Mahajans. This is not true. The contiguous Anga Villages are Kallatt, Kariyatt, & Madakkal. The average net assessment of these Villages is 4-8-0; 5-6-0; & 5-8-0 per acre respectively. The average of these 3 rates comes to 5 Rupees per acre & 2 shillings per acre. Their fair annual assessment of the Village may be placed with the 3 above rates whose net assessment is 5 Rupees per acre & 2 shillings per acre. The Mahajans say that the total of the Village is 63 acres full water at 5 Rupees per acre 346-8-0. Wet 5 acres & 86 acres fit to be cultivated at 10 Rupees per acre 5-0-0. Total 351-8-0.

Register Nos. 1059, 1060

Serial No. 1207

Remitted }
19-9-64

Signature

Francis