

No. 1081
 Registered in the Registry of Dharmasaram a of Vilavadiyendal Hamlet of
 Patrimony Acquired by purchase for Vilavadiyendal
 Supportably. Total Registered: 1080
 documents shares
 5

	1	2	3
Box 1 and 2 are empty	3		
Box 3 do do		1	1
Box 4 do do		$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
Box 5 do do		$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
Box 6 do do		1	1
Total	3	3	6

Register No. 1080

As per sheet of Feb 11
 Nany's Variety 5 - 0 - 3 - 50
 Excelsior Onions 5 - 0 - 3 - 36
 5 - 0 - 3 - 86
 Product from above
 5 - 2 - 3 - 08
 Shred King 50 - 0 - 8 - 00 - 28
 5 - 0 - 3 - 36
 Remains 3 - 50
 Nany's Variety
 Calhoun } 5 - 0 - 3 - 50
 24 - 8 - 0

Delivered from the statement of paper
 produced by the Inspector

Sheet no. 1225

I This is one of the Dammavaram villages in the zeminsang of Tenanganga - It was granted by
 Sivaswami Periya Thangarai to Narayana Eyangar for subsistence. This is a hereditary grant - This is in uninterrupted possession
 of its holders since the date of the grant. There is a Pottu or a plain paper - which proved the genuineness by the Rangji Talukd & by a
 mention made of the same in the English Account of 1815 - No Talk was about the Area or about the boundaries on the part of
 the Rangji Talukd. The boundaries now inserted in the vernacular statement correspond to those in the Pottu - Hence the
 boundaries are confirmed here & the 6 Acre & 80 Guntas situated therein are registered here -

II The Village consists of 6 equal Thottas - They are enjoyed as shown in the margin - The lands are undivided - Pongu is paid -
 on the number of votties equally & permanently -

descendants of the original grantees & others are alienees - who enjoyed their lands as follows -
 (These must end)

[illegible]

To be confirmed under Rule 5 of R III
Agreed -
Remains in Lot 4 B's
Confirmed as
account included
in one T.D. on
a 2 R of No 2. B.
WMS
5/11/64

Handwritten:
 2-6
 17-10-64
 1133

Rates of Government Salugs per Acre
 Max min
 Dry 3-9-9 4-1-7
 Wet 10-12-3 5-9

Average Rates of Government Salugs per Acre
 Dry 1-5-6
 Wet 4-6-1

Average Value of grain of Malvarum on wet land in Kisanur
 Malvarum consisting of Ayer Villages in the Taluk of Pattaraseem
 Kottar for a period of 15 years

From 1856 to 1870	Cultivated area in Acre	Crop out turn	Of which Zamindar's share at 45 per cent	Average price of grain of grain	Value of quantity of grain grown in Col 4.	Plated per Acre
R. M. D.	A. C.	R. M. D.	R. M. D.	R. A. C.	R. A. C.	R. A. C.
10255-8-9.	7178-92	81185-4-3	36856-1-1	1-7-11	55529-4-4	7-11-9.

IV. The forfeiture of the person of 3 1/2-5-8 of 06 purchased these lands in 1850-
 for Rs 63-8-0 from one of the Ayer, father of the person of 06 Bell of 06
 on a plain for a leaf Transaction proved to be a simple enjoyed person.

Valuation

II. Wet lands in the Village depend upon one small Tank which is in repair. It is fed by a
 Jungle stream - The tank is filled annually. The Village is an insignificant one.
 Wet lands of 3 1/2 are cultivated annually in in grain. Some of the wet lands are
 cultivated 2nd time. There are no arable Dry lands in the Village. Rain is of a superior
 quality generally. The average income of this Village is 12-8-0 per annum as per attestation
 of the Malabarans. The contiguous Ayer Village is Kurupadatty. The average
 Wet amount of the Ayer Village calculated for a period of 15 years previous to 1870.
 is 8-7-0 per Acre. The Malabarans say that the soil of this Village is inferior to that of
 the contiguous Ayer Village. It is an arable Dry. But the average wet amount
 of the contiguous Ayer Village seems to be somewhat high. In consideration of the
 fertility of soil, I give the valuation of the village as follows.

Wet 3 1/2 are cultivated at 7 Rupees per Acre 24-8-0

I got this Village measured by one of the Zamindar's Gunabala. But as the measurement seemed to be quite fraudulent one I had the Malabarans responsible for the accuracy of the accounts produced by him. & the latter confirmed the entire thing.

1720-64 A. C.