Register of Dharmasanam Village of Sóliyakkudi in the Táluq of Tiruvégampatt of Sivaganga Zamindari Estate in Madura District

Register No. 679

Sóliyakkudi

சோழியக்குடி

Share

No 1 is enjoying	12-7/64
No 2 and 3 are Do	27-21/64
No 4 is Do	1-9/16
No 5 Do Do	1-9/16
No 6 Do Do	2
No 7 Do Do	3/4
No 8 to 11 are Do	1-1/8
No 12 is Do	10/16
No 13 Do Do	7/162
No 14 Do Do	1/4
No 15 Do Do	1/4
No 16 Do Do	3-25/32
No 17 Do Do	1
Gráma Samudayem	7/16
Total	53

Sheet No. 881

1 This is one of the Darmasanams in the Zamindary of Sivaganga. This was granted by the Zemindar [illegible] to the Bramins of various families through Chidambaraya [illegible]. This is a hereditary grant. This is in uninterrupted possession of its holders ever since the date of the grant. This has a Patta on a plain [illegible] leaf. This was registered on the 14 of April 1809 as it appears from a certificate granted by the Register Court in that year & by the English account forwarded to the Board of Revenue in A.D. 1815. No Talk ever about the area or about the boundaries on the part of the Zemindari Vakeel. The boundaries ~~[illegible]~~ [illegible] of the Village were not recorded ~~[illegible]~~ Fasly 1244. The Mahajanams entered the boundaries in the vernacular statement so as to correspond to those in the Patta. But I found during my enquiry that in the Western boundary given in the Patta [illegible] some of the lands of Chattram, Salt Pans that do not belong to this Darmasanam. Hence the Western boundary is corrected by deducting the Salt Pans [illegible] Soliyakkudi. It seems that the site of the salt Pans & the Chattram [illegible] never formed any time a portion of the Village & that belongs to Ramnad Zemindary [illegible] was included in the Patta by some unknown cause; [illegible] of Virasingali Mattam, [illegible] (Chattram [illegible]) The Mahajanams admitted themselves that these salt Pans & the site of the Chattram do not belong to their Village under settlement. (Vide vernacular statement)

As per acct of F 1211

Nanja (Virayadi)	130	91
Excess (Do)	4-1-3	2-88
	134-1-3	93-88
Punja Excess (Kurkam)	43	42-57
		136-45
Deduct Porampoke		
Bed of Tank (Kurkam)	25	24-75
Pond (Do)	8	7-92
Village site (Do)	7	6-93
Temple site (Do)	1	99
Threshing ground (Do)	2	1-98
Swamp (Virayadi)	12	8-40
		50-97
Remainder		85-48
Nanja (Virayadi) cultivation	67-7	47.25
Vanbayi Do (Do)	3-2/4	17
Partly waste (Do)	54-5-3/4	38-06
Total	122-1-3	85-48

Deduced from the statement produced by the Mahajanams.

Dharmasanam	Tódi as per Estimate acct	Heir	As per acct of F 1223	Acct of F 1211	As per acct of F 1223	Do F 1211	Do F 1223	Kalattar				
	112-13 [illegible] 2-6 112-15-6		Mutta Vadaga nadu Tiver dated Salivahana Saka 1663 A.D. 1741. As per Patta Do Do	Maratta acct of F 1223. Boundary acct of F 1244. Board Regr of A.D. 1815. 1 Patta is on Palmira leaf	Chidambaraya [illegible]. As per Patta Nana Gotram or Bramins of various families	Dharmasanam Sóliyakkudi. Nanja Virayadi 130 A 6 91. Do Marata acct of F 1211 Do Do. Do Regr of A.D. 1815 Sóliyakkudi	Dharmasanam Sóliyangudi. Nanja Virayadi 130 A 6 91. 1 Agyani lingayen. 2 Sitambarayen. 3 Rama samiyen. 1 Aggani lingayen. 2 Sitambarayen. Tondi. Do F 1244 Noné	1 Periyasidambarayen 45	Grand son of Grandson of person in Col. 13.	(1) 1 Wife 1 son 1 Daughter	Members Family [illegible] Lands are also [illegible] Patta is [illegible]	To be confirmed under Rule II & 3. Agreed under Rule [illegible]. Zemindari Deduct 112-15-6
								2 Chitambarayen 32	Do	(2) 1 Wife		
								3 Mahálingayen 27	Do	(3) 1 Wife 1 Daughter		
								4 Sinna Ráma sámiyen 42	Al	(4) 1 Wife 2 sons		
								5 Yeggiya Narayanayen 37	Do	(5) 1 Wife 2 sons 1 Daughter		
								6 Vamamakéswarayen 67	Do	(6) 1 son		
								7 Subbramaniyen 45	Do	(7) 1 Wife		
								Perungarai 8 Subbaramaiyen 37	Do	(8) 1 Wife 1 Daughter		

Z. A. No 1463

Govt. 28/8 = 35 Rupees. Thirty five Rupees.

Confirmed as recommended in one T.D. on a 2 A of Rs 35. 6/2/65 [illegible]

[illegible] Rao
Karaikudi
27-7-64

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Rates of Government Taluqs per Acre

	Max	Min
Dry	3-9-9	—1-7
Wet	10-13-3	—5-9

Average Rates of Government Taluqs per Acre

Dry 1-5-6
Wet 4-6-1

Value of grain of Melvaram on wet land in Mavir Vattam Mahanam consisting of Ayar Villages in the Taluq Tiruvegampet for a period of 15 years.

Proms of 1258 to F. 1270	Cultivated area in Acre	Gross out turn	Of which the Mun Varam or Circar share at 45 per ct	Average prices of grains	Value of grain of Melvaram given in col. 4	Rates per Acre
K M P	A — C	K M P	K M P	Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
15 - 7 - 5	1410 — 97	12624 - 3 - 1	6003 - 4 - 11	1 - 7 - 4	8687 - 15 - 10	6 - 4 - 9

II The Village consists of 53 equal Vetties. They are enjoyed as shown in the margin. Proprietors joined on the number of Vetties equally & permanently. The lands are divided. They are exchanged once in 11 years. But this is not done since the last 16 years. The persons No 1 - 2 & 3 of 16 are descendants of the proprietors & others are alienees. The persons No 1 - 2 & 3 of 16 purchased some of their lands & the persons No 5 6 7 & 16 ... their interior lands in AD 1781 - 1782 - 1803 - 1807 - 1815 - 1823 - 1829 - 1830 - 1831 - 1845 - 1847 - 1848 - 1856 - 1862 - 1863 & 1866 - for rupees 14821 10 - Sixteen Bills are on plain Cadjan leaves - Four Bills are on stamped Cadjan leaves - & four are on stamped paper. The ancestors of the persons No 8 & 12 of 16 acquired some of their lands in gift in AD 1803 & 1858 from one Yegyaramiyen & Venkata Chalamiyen - Two deeds of gifts are on plain Cadjan leaves - The persons No 7 - 13 - 14 & 15 & 17 of 16 have no documents - Their right to the shares entered opposite to their names is admitted by all the p/s of 16 - The person No 6 of 16 has no documents for 1 Vetty & 11/16 Vetty - The right of the person No 6 to the lands is proved by the p/s 16 -

II ..... One Nagurayen claims half Vetty from the person No 2 of 16 on the ground ... it was left in possession of one Bapuvein (who died 20 years ago) forty years ago merely for managing its affairs & that the descendants of the said Bapu[...] ... the lands to the person No 2 of 16 four years ago. ... is proved by the Mahazanam & that Bapuvein had 7 - 9/16 Vetties in this Village & that he ... [...]nts sold them in AD 1845 - 1857 - & 1856 to the father of the person d[...] ... the Claimant had no share in this Village ... Hence ... [...] is rejected & the parties referred to ...

9 Subbayen 27 } Do — (9) 1 Wife

10 Subbramaniyen — 10 } Do — (10) 1 Mother

11 Yegyaramayen — 18 } Do — (11) —

12 Srinivasayen — 20 } Do — (12) 1 Son

13 Parvati Ammal 60 } Do — (13) 1 Son

14 Subbasastri 43 } Do — (14) 1 Wife, 2 Sons, 5 Daughters

15 Srinivasa Sastry — 25 } Do — (15) 1 Wife, 2 Sons, 2 Daughters

16 Madar Khan 50 } Do — (16) 1 Wife, 1 Son

17 Abbas Dikshit 25 } Do — (17) 1 Wife, 1 Son

— Vide preceding side
M.K.

M.K.

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2 sheet of Soliyakkudi in Teruviyampattu Taluq of Sivagunga Zemindary

IV One Pesheir claims 2 Vettees 3/16 of a Vutty from the person No 2/016 on the ground that his ancestors mortgaged the lands to the ancestors of the person No 2/016 about half century ago & failed to prove the same - The person No 2/016 & the Mahazanams deny every knowledge of the transaction - The claimant ultimately asked the person No 2/016 to take oath to the effect that his lands are not in mortgage with him - The person No 2/016 did take oath & the claimant relinquished his claim & went away & thus the dispute ended - The claimant has no enjoyment of the lands -

Valuation

II Wet lands of this Village depend upon one large Tank - It is in repair - It is fed by a Jungle Stream & by the Waste Water of the Tanks of the adjacent Ayen Villages - The Tank is filled annually in ordinary seasons - The Mahazanams say that of the lands classed as waste, some are Mittutkad & others are of 7 or 8 years waste fit to be cultivated - early - As usual I must say that I cannot believe this, as I know well the nature of the Mahazanams of the entire Villages - I sent the people twice to measure this Village - But the results of their measurement were very unsatisfactory - & I had reason to doubt much the conduct of the people who measured the lands - Thus I made the Mahazanams responsible for the accuracy of their account - Some of the Mahazanams of this Village are very intriguing people - I thought of going myself & measuring the lands but I had no time to do so - The Gumastah who measured the lands reports that 47 Acres of Wet are now actually under plough; that 38 Acres are of 3 or 4 years waste which have sound ridges around the fields - & that 8 Acres are of long waste fit to be cultivated with Wet crops within the next 20 years - The Mahazanams admitted the truth of the report of the Gumastah & pleaded that the 8 Acres classed as fit to be brought under plough within the next 20 years are not fit at all to be cultivated - Hence these 8 Acres odd of wet are classed among the Items of Porumboke as inarable land - The Mahazanams say that the Wet lands classed as waste are left uncultivated from want of ryots & that these Waste lands will be brought under plough as soon as possible - This Village has a very good, large & sound Tank - If there are any waste lands, it should be attributable to the negligence of the Mahazanams - who hold or lands of larger extent in Ramnad Zemindary - I have once framed the valuation of this Village - Now I revise it on base on the measurement of the lands & - Nanjah lands are not of a very superior quality generally - The soil is Regir - The average income of this Village is Rs 15-6 - This is not true - I am afraid that the Gumastah & the Mahazanams say that 38 Acres of Wet are of 3 or 4 years waste as the crops were not standing when the Gumastah inspected them - The contiguous Ayen Villages are Periyalur, Vayel, Narantapetty & Agaravayel. The average net assessment of these Villages comes to 6 Rs -, 5 Rs - & 5-13-5 per acre - respectively - The gross average of these 3 Villages comes to 5 10 - per acre - No Dry cultivation in this Village nor are there any Dry lands fit to be cultivated in this Village - In consideration of the fertility of soil, I frame the valuation of the Village as follows - Some of the Wet lands are cultivated occasionally 2d time -

- Wet 50 Acres cultivated annually at 6 Rs per acre - 300 - -
- Wet 20 Acres Mattakadu at 3 Rs per acre - 60 -
- Wet 15 1/2 Acres Waste fit to be cultivated early at 2 Rs per acre - 31 -

Total 391 - -

Sheet No 882

J. W.

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