Register of Dharmasanam Village of Porivayal Ambalamvayal in Amaravaty Talug of Sivagunga Zemindary in Madura District

No 1 in nanjai 1½
No 2 do 1½
No 3 do 15
Total 18

Register No. 55
Sheet No. 50

# Porivayal Ambalamvayal

I This is one of the Darmasanams in the Zemindary of Sivagangai - this was granted by the Zemindary of 11 to the person of 13 for subsistence. This is a hereditary grant. There is an uninterrupted possession of its holders since the date of the grant. There was a Potta on a Cadjan leaf - This is a registered one, as mentioned in the account of AD 1815 - No talk was about the area nor about the boundaries on the part of the Zemindar Vakeel - The boundaries given in the vernacular Register & statement correspond to those in the account of Fusly 1244 - The wordings in the Potta in the account of F 1244 differ slightly though they give out the same meaning - As all the lands entered in col 6 & 5 are situated within the proper limits of the Village, they are confirmed here -

II This Darmasanam consists of 18 equal Pullies. They are enjoyed as shown in the margin - The lands are divided & they are exchanged once in 12 years - But this was not done since the last 24 years - Porupu is paid on the number of Pullies equally & permanently -

III The persons of 1 & 2 of 16 are descendants of the Original Grantee - In AD 1814-1837 & 1852 five Pullies were purchased ~~[illegible]~~ Nl for Rupees 162-14-6 - in the name of Kalpa Vinayakar & Mattu Vinayakar Swamy in the Temple in Tanicha Tunny Village in Amaravaty Talug - these were purchased from the descendants of the Original Grantee &c - Independent of the above, in AD 1814-1823-1824-1825 & 1830 ten Pullies were purchased for Rupees 1067-4 from Narayanan &c, shareholders in the Village, by the Grand Father of the Trustees of 16 in the name of Annunta Kristnaiengar & by who ~~[illegible]~~ executed an agreement to the Grand Father the Trustees in AD 1830 relinquishing all his rights therein & transferring the lands to the real purchaser - Nine Bills of sale are on plain Cadjan leaves - One agreement is on plain Cadjan leaf - Transactions proved to be bona fide - Enjoyment proved -

(Vide next side)

Dhormo for Ar Sanam as per Istimrar Acct 48-5-2
Ijafa -4-10
Total 48-10-

Vizio Acct of
Raghu F 1211
Madho
Periyo Hindwi
Vadego Acct of
Teror F 1223
Dato
Salivaho Board's
nadakan Regly
1630 Vet D
AD 1815
1708

Boundary Acct of F 1244
1 Potta on Palmyra leaf

Kristno vadho ni —

In F 1211 Dhormo sanam Porivo yal Ambo lanundal Nanjo Varayidi 40 - A 28 - Punjo Karakan 109-9/16 A 108-47 Total 136-47

F 1223 Dhormo sam Porivo yal Ambo lavon vayal Nanjo Varayidi 40 - A 28 - Punjo Karakan 109-9/16 A 108-47 Total 136-47

In Hindwi Acct of Darso Axeo do do — Sabbo yan do

In F 1244 Dormo sanam Virivo yal Ambo lamvo yal Axio none

In Regtr of 1815 Poriyo vayal Ambo lamva yal Sabba yan do

Yeluvankatai
1 Chamo sami Iyer alias Senko rayar 45 } Great grandson of the 1st for 13 — (1) 2 Sons 1 daughter taken 1 married daughter
2 Seshappa payan 30 } Grandson of grand son of the — (2) 1 [illegible]

Tanichavurni
3 Shree Kalpa Karinayakar & Mattu Vinayakar Trustee Muttachi setto 50
1 Nomanadan setto 60

The Trustees purchased lands from the private parties & made an endowment of the same to the Temple

Alienation

Family divided & Lands are also divided & One Potta is recommended

To be confirmed under Rule II
& Agreed & under Rule 24

Zemindar Rs 1-8-10

Govt 20/8 30 Rupees

[signature]
Karakedi 25 11 63

Confirmed in one T.D. 2 R Rs 80 -
The decision of the Dy Collr in the two claims recorded on the other side is approved of
WMS
20/2/64
TD No. 462

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| As per Acct of F 1211 | | |
| Nanjo Varayidi | 40 - | 28 - |
| Excess | 25-4 - | 17-70 |
| | 65-4 - | 45-70 |
| Punjo Karakan | 109-9 - | 108-47 |
| Excess do | 40 - | 39-60 |
| | 149-9 - | 148-07 |
| | | 193-77 |
| Deduct Porambokes | | |
| Temple site Varayidi | 1 - | 70 |
| Village site do | 5 - | 3-50 |
| Tanks do | 4 - | 2-80 |
| Paths do | 2 - | 1-40 |
| Bed of Tank Karakan | 15 - | 14-85 |
| Bed of River do | 4 - | 3-96 |
| Burial ground do | - 9 - | 56 |
| Village site do | 2 - | 1-98 |
| Paths do | 2 - | 1-98 |
| | | 31-73 |
| Remainder | | 162-04 |
| Deduct Sarvamanyam Inam Nanjo Varayidi | 1-3-3 - | 88 |
| Remainder | | 161-16 |
| Nanjo Varayidi Cultivable | 38-10 - | 27-12 |
| Excess do do | 1-[illegible] - | 88 |
| Excess do Waste | 12 - | 8-42 |
| | 13-4 - | 9-30 |
| Total | 52 - | 36-42 |
| Punjo Karakan | 109-9 - | 108-47 |
| Excess Waste | 16-7 - | 16-27 |
| Total | 126 - | 124-74 |
| Grand Total | | 161-16 |

Deduced from the statement of property prepared by the Karnams

Fair Copied

292

Rates of Government Salage per Acre

| | Maximum | Minimum |
|---|---|---|
| Dry | 3-9-9 | 1-7 |
| Wet | 10-13-3 | 5-9 |

Average rates of Government Salage per Acre

| | |
|---|---|
| Dry | 1-5-6 |
| Wet | 4-6-1 |

Average Value of Grain of Melworm on wet land in Tamalnad Rayavaram consisting of 21 Agyan Villages in Amaravaty Salage for a Period of 40 years.

A

| From Fasly 1256 to Fasly 1270 | Cultivable area in Acres | Grass cutturn | Gabriel Saunders Share at 45 per Cent | Average prices of Grains | Value of the yield of Grains for the Fasly | Rates per Acres |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rs As P | A C | Rs As P | Rs As P | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. |
| 7181-11-5 | 5027-29 | 86093-2 | 30945-1-4 | 1-7-6 | 45471-14-8 | 9-0-8 |

1 ------ The persons No 1 & 2 of 16 claim one Fifty from the Lands entered opposite to the Temple-ours ground that it was absented to them Jathis Eldest Brother in A.D 1838 & 1820 by the ancestors of the Trustees - He at the same time admit that they have never enjoyed any of the Lands - The Trustees say that they know nothing about the alienation - That the deed of 2716 produced by the Claimants is not genuine - As the Claimants have no enjoyment of the alleged alienated Lands since the date of the alienation, the Claim is rejected & the parties are referred to Civil Court -

1 One Ammatambura Pillai of Gunnur 6 Fifties from the persons No 1 & 2 of 16 on the ground that they are for his patrimony - That his ancestors purchased them about 108 years ago - The persons No 1 & 2 of 16 deny every knowledge of the matter - The person No 16 Claimant Thatambura Pillai stated & proved that the 6 Fifties are of his own & that they were enjoyed by the forefathers of the persons No 1 & 2 of 16 - Thatambura Pillai admit that neither he nor his father enjoyed the Lands - Hence the Claim is rejected & the party is referred to Civil Court.

1 Wet Lands are irrigated by two Tanks of moderate size. They are in repair - They are fed by a branch Channel of the Pinnaleyar which supplies water to the Agyan Village of Yogaraya - No scarcity of water is felt - The Tanks are filled annually by S.W. Lands classed as waste are Mettukal - & the Dry waste Lands are uncultivated waste Lands fit to be cultivated - The Melvaram assessment of the Wet Lands are cultivated 2d time annually - Punjah Lands are cultivated only once with Ragy - The Varaku is raised in this Village - No Sella in this Village - Dry & Wet Lands are of superior quality generally - The colour of the soil is black - Forest is rich - No stone or no materials - The average assessment of the Agyan Lands, the average assessment of the Nagavaram Land & the average assessment of the Agyan Village is as follows -

Average price of the Produce as per Government valuation is as follows -

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 Wet 28 Acres cultivated annually once & partly 2d time at 7 Rs per acre | 196-0-0 |
| 1 Wet 8½ Acres Mettukal &c at 2 Rs per acre | 17-0-0 |
| | 213-0-0 |
| 16 Acres of Dry fit for cultivation which will be done once at 1 Rs per acre | 16-0-0 |
| 92 Acres of Dry cultivated annually at 10 Rs per acre | 57-8-0 |
| 17 Acres waste &c at 6 Rs per acre | 66-0-0 |
| | 79-14-0 |
| Total | 292-0-0 |

Concluded
25-11-63

A Sivaramakrishna Rao