

Register Nos 908, 909, 910, 911, 912

செய்யுள்

151



811-10  
973-04

[illegible]

(This must suit)

To be confirmed every year at the head of the  
the house the agreed & under  
Rule till for alms -  
Remains in doc. 58-68-

For 2d/8 = 233 - Two Hundred &  
Twenty three papers  
that is the number of  
the 282 -  
WMS  
10/2/65  
Zdm  
1694  
104-2  
1924-12-9  
282-14-76  
75-15-76  
12257  
282  
2-4

Ms 10-13-3 u-59

Average rate of Government Salaries per annum

Ly 1-5-6

Net 461

Average Value of grain of Kuloorn on wet  
land in Jayangandmagalam consisting of 49 Villages in Sakko  
Taluk for the period of 15 years - 1

| From 1856<br>to 1870 | Cultivated<br>acres in<br>area | Grass<br>set-aside | Of which<br>gummosis<br>share at<br>45 per cent. | Average<br>prices of<br>grains | Value of<br>the quantity<br>of grains<br>given in 1874 | Ratio<br>here<br>there |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 7191-6-2             | 5094-02                        | 44708-9-4          | 21293-9-11                                       | 1-7-9                          | 31607-2-8                                              | 6-4-5                  |

33-28. Kurukku V. A. S. K. (8)  
 134-7/8 8 Sami Pad } Al  
 Ymjo's }  
 Kurukku. A } 48  
 169 6/16 75-53 }  
 1 Latchini } Viswan's } Al  
 94-85 Niradin } Mayan } 70  
 Satal mayan }  
 128-13 10 Supps. } Al 10

Lu Bindini  
 Kaly  
 30  
 Darmas  
 man  
 1 Sclap  
 Patti  
 2 Karan  
 don  
 3 Maroni  
 4 Sidoran  
 gudi  
 5 Pauvo  
 yul  
 6 Pitalo  
 Kato  
 Kajo  
 Voreji  
 53-7-14  
 5 Gucudals  
 melassie  
 Gdingles  
 patty  
 11 Atmas  
 Khaswoni  
 Trustee  
 Venuvalunga  
 Tamburan  
 40  
 Swabha  
 marow  
 Lu Lichh  
 Darmas

Die preceding side

Miss

Barry's & Koroani  
6-11-50 Koroani  
14-20 Koroani  
Remains here  
Same name

Since the boundaries are confirmed here the 1000 B. kents situated there are registered here.  
The census is a marked one, but it is situated within the proper limits of the Village -  
Of the 5 Villages brought on the Register, Virupgapaty is considered the most fertile.

Varry La Rive & the remaining four the Hamlets of the same -

*In the account of F 711 & 723, certain lands are dedicated as follows:*

Royce's Maryem - This person No 4010 is the wife of

1847/10  
of 2  
94-85

Total 3 Quinto above 1000 ft of  
128-13 miraval - in Paso Villares -

5 Maroni II These villages consist of 63 equal Vetties. They are engaged in the ...  
... 75758 -

Latetium - many of the preceding side - The lands are divided - of the output of 1875  
 Versum - a list para 73756 is paid on

ma. 1890  
 1890 - based originally on the 6 villages mentioned above in the year 1890  
 1890 - This held by the famous No 1 & 2 of 1890

9. 56 Vetties & 2 Ruffs are paid for / ...  
... Ruff was on flight Ruff was joined

It appears that Originally favourable to the persons No 1 & 2 of 1687

on the 7th of the month as the soldiers party, who were  
near loading them the officer of the station - the persons N<sup>o</sup> 1 & 2 of 18 Bay of the Bay are paying

Receiving Papers 2 only for Dry lands belonging to the State & the  
all tax = 19 (see next slip)

From No 908  
to No 912

VI. According to the Zamindar Account as there are no Dry lands in the 5 Villages of Pikkalad which is brought in a separate Register, it is to be said that the persons No 1 & 2 of 016 are paying 2 Rupees out of the Pongu of Rupees 58 & 8. Levied on the 5 Villages under settlement; in the English Register of A.D. 1815 & treat the matter as such - In other Words - 58 & 8 is the Pongu on 50 Thottas in these 5 Villages & 2 Rupees are the Pongu on Pikkalad - In the Village of Pikkalad I shall make the 7 Thottas as free from the 6<sup>th</sup> Pongu - The sum of Rupees 58 & 8 is paid equally on the 5 Thottas in the 5 Villages under settlement.

VII. The family of Banariy who is said in the Account of 17223 as having acquired originally most part of these Villages in gift in A.D. 1756 from Palapa - Simba Rajah is extinct - Of the persons ~~17223~~ in 016, No 1 & 2 of 016 are descendants of the person No 2 of 013 who acquired a portion of these Villages in A.D. 1792 & others are alienees who acquired lands as follows -

Register Nos 908, 909, 910, 911, 912

- I The persons No 1 & 2 of 016 ~~are descendants of the person No 2 of 013~~ are descendants of the 6<sup>th</sup> Quarter No 2 of 013.
- II The person No 4 of 016 is an undivided younger brother of the person No 3 of 016 - The person No 5 is the son of father's younger brother of the person No 3 of 016 - The person No 6 is the grand son of father's younger brother of the person No 3 of 016 - The persons No 3-4-5 & 6 of 016 live together, but ~~the persons are divided separately~~ & the family is ~~not~~ divided on - The lands in the Village entered of records their names were purchased by them jointly for the support of a ponding established by them in Kandanur in Anuravaty Taluk in Ponganga zemindary.

Sheet No. 1052

AI - - - In A.D. 1855, the person No 3 of 016 purchased 7 Thottas from the joint stock for Rupees 1225 from one Bapuvayal - Two bills are on stamped paper leaves - The ancestors of Bapuvayal purchased 5 Thottas out of the said 7 in A.D. 1786-1793-1797-1808 & 1815 - from one Narayana Narayana, Pongacha Pandita, Bafana Pandita, Subbaya, & Narayana - for Rupees 105 - Five bills are on plain paper leaves - The other two Pongos, are said to be the Patrimony of the said Bapuvayal.

A II The person No 3 of 016 purchased 5 Thottas in A.D. 1855 for Rupees 875 <sup>from joint stock</sup> from Kasintheena Ravatun & Velloga Ravatun alias theena Ravatun & Ravatun - Two bills are on stamped paper leaves - Of these 5 Thottas, 3 1/2 Thottas were purchased previously in ~~1804~~ 1854 for Rupees 395 from one Ravatun - Subbaya, Ananta Narayan, Doraswamy Eyer & Kumbaly Annal - under 8 bills of sales which are on plain paper leaves - It is said that the sellers purchased the other 1 1/2 Thottas from certain shareholders in the Village - as there are no bills of sales, the details of purchase are not known.

B The person No 3 of 016 purchased <sup>from joint stock</sup> one Thottu in A.D. 1855 for Rupees 175 from one Sundaramayal - One bill of sale is on a stamped paper leaf - The said Sundaramayal purchased the Thottu previously in A.D. 1840 for Rupees 64 from one Venkate Subbaya under one bill of sale on a plain paper leaf.

C The person No 3 of 016 purchased <sup>from joint stock</sup> 4 Thottas in A.D. 1855 for Rupees 800 from the joint stock from Subbramayal & Prabhavayal & Annal - Two bills are on stamped paper leaves - The late father of the person said Subbramayal, who was the father in-law of Prabhavayal & Annal purchased the four Thottas previously in A.D. 1796-1804 & 1805 for Rupees 67 - from one Pania Sayer & Subbaya - Three bills are on plain paper leaves -

D The person No 3 of 016 purchased from the joint stock in A.D. 1857 for Rupees 1225 - Seven Thottas from one Rangaswamy - One bill of sale is on a stamped paper leaf - The sellers father purchased the 7 Thottas previously in A.D. 1839-1840-1841 & 1843 for Rupees 448 from one Seshayal, Subbaya & Narayan & Gopala Sanyal Eyer - One bill of sale is on a stamped paper leaf. <sup>8 bills are on plain paper leaves</sup> (Vide next sheet)

For the person N<sup>o</sup> 3 of 16 purchased  $3\frac{1}{2}$  Turtles in AD 1857 for Paper 612 from the joint stock from one Gaddana Achary -  
One bill of sale is on a slanted paper. The seller purchased the  $3\frac{1}{2}$  Turtles previously in AD 1853 for Paper 650 from Bapurayya -  
alias Nani Luyyaya. One bill of sale is on a plain paper.

**E**. The person #13 purchased & settled in at D 1858 for Rupees 1400 from the joint stock from one Kylesamyen -  
One bill given is on a stamped paper leaf. - The ancestor of the said Kylesamyen purchased the lands in at D 1772 f 1823-1831-1837-  
1848. & 1849 - for Rupees 330 from one Nalla Perumaligen, Latchay, Karasamyen, Perumaligen, Kristiyen, Sellapa Kumbiyen -  
Nana Swamy Idyen, Sadasiva Batten & Rameswara Narayan &c Eight bills are on plain paper leaves.

The person N<sup>o</sup> 3 of 46 purchased one Betty in AD 1859 for Rupees 175 from one Subbaraya Sanyal. The bill of sale is on a plain -  
- paper leaf. The said Subbaraya says that he acquired his Betty previously from his Mother's father - This is not true. Vid. supra XII.

**H** The person of 13<sup>th</sup> of 16 purchased one thirty in 1864 for paper 175 from one Pomroyer. One bill of sale is on a stamped paper - The ancestor of Pomroyer appeared the same thirty partly by purchase & partly by gift in 1761 - One document is on a plain paper.

The ancestor of the person N 7/116 purchased 3 1/2 Vuttas in AD 1776-1775-1783-1805-1842 - for Rs 91 from one Peshawar District Subbaidhary; Subbayan; Venkata Venadayanagar & Ruffayan - Four bills are on plain paper leaves - He says that his ancestors purchased also - the other 1 1/2 Vuttas & that bill of sale is lost -

The Compendious of the persons of 18570 & 18571 are said to have been acquired partly ~~for~~ by purchase & partly by gift by their ancestors -  
No documents <sup>are</sup> produced before me -

[illegible][illegible]







4. The Deeds of the persons N<sup>o</sup> 1 & 2 & the person N<sup>o</sup> 3 5 6 of 06 produced a Petition presented by them to the Court on the 5<sup>th</sup> July 1855 stating that the deed is a collusive one & that the persons N<sup>o</sup> 8 9 & 10 of 06 have ~~no~~ neither 18 Villages ~~in~~ in the Village nor the Village consists of 64 Villages as inserted in the Plaintiff's reply & by them the Court issued a decree on the 31<sup>st</sup> July 1855 that the Razinama does not affect the interests of the Plaintiff's Petitioner - & that the Razinama is applicable only to such property as is in possession of the Plaintiff & Defendants. The Court also informed that the Petitioner Razinama had 7 Villages in the Village. The Court also to the persons N<sup>o</sup> 3 of 06 - ~~in~~ in A D 1857 ~~the~~ inserted bill of sale of D. The persons N<sup>o</sup> 3 5 6 of 06 ~~are~~ are enjoying them -

Salveston

Valuation

XVIII. -- Wet lands in these villages depend upon Four Tanks - of these 7 are large & 3 are small - they are in repair - they are fed by Tringle Streams.  
The Tanks are filled annually - Scarcity of Water is not felt generally - Mr. Mahaganams states that 112 Acres of Wet & 623 Acres of Dry land are cultivated -  
& 46 Acres of Wet & 168 Acres of Dry as waste - & says that the Wet Waste lands are of 5 or 6 years old - Dry again says that the Waste lands are of 7 or 8 years old -  
& Dry Waste lands may be brought under plough within the next 3 or 4 years - There is some exaggeration in the number of years - but not in intent -  
Some of the Wet lands are cultivated annually 2 times to a small extent - The Mahaganams say that 28 or 30 Acres of Dry land are cultivated with grain -  
improving the Tanks &c. This conversion may be expected to be made within the next 10 years - Four Acres are cultivated with grain - These are about 10 or 12 Acres -  
30 or 40 of Mangoe trees & 1000 Palmyra trees - This is a Neerarambame Village & not a Kavirama lands - Nanjah & Pungah B. 22 are generally of a superior quality -  
The soil is of red clay - The Village is in flourishing state - Harvest is good - The average income of these villages as per statement of the Mahaganams - one is 650 Rupias -  
per annum - This is not true - The contiguous Agave Village is Pittagay - The average Wet assessment of this Village is calculated for a period of 15 years previous to 1770 -  
- Comes to 8-12 <sup>or 10</sup> per acre - The average Dry assessment of the Agave Village varies from 22- to 50 <sup>or 14</sup> - per acre - The Mahaganams say that the Dry lands of these Villages  
may be placed on par with those of the Agave Village & that Wet soil is of an inferior quality to some extent - This seems to be true - The highest rate of Dry assessment is -  
changed for Cotton - This, the Mahaganams say, is not grown in this Village - I consider that the Wet rate of assessment of the Contigron Agave Village is somewhat high -  
In consideration of the fertility of soil &c. I frame the valuation of the Villages as follows -  
(P. 137) Wet cultivated land once in full & fertile 2 times at 7 1/2 Rupias per acre - 990 -  
at 3 Rupias per acre - 138 -

The instructions of the Village as follows:-

|                                                                                                     |           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Lot 132 Acres full water pasture once in full & partly 2 <sup>d</sup> . times at 7½ paise per acre. | 990—      |
| Lot 66 Acres Waste, Muttutukad No. all get to be full water early at 3 paise per acre.              | 138—      |
| Dry 622 Acres full water at 1 paise ————— }                                                         | 69912—    |
| This rate is changed in the Nyer Village for more than the Gingsyoh sect.                           | 85—       |
| Dry 170 Acres Waste all Muttutukad mal' paise per acre.                                             | 784-12-0  |
| <i>H. S. Rao J.</i>                                                                                 | 1912 12-0 |

Vandana Sept. 1900

1912 12-10 1924-1925  
 1912 12-10 1924-1925  
 1912 12-10 1924-1925