

Register No. 630

Taluk

III Wet lands in this village depend upon one large Tank. It is in repair. It is fed by a single stream & by the waste water of the two contiguous important Ayer villages. The Tank is filled annually. Scarcity of water or drought is not felt generally. The Mchaganams say that 10 Ann of Wet & 76 Ann of Dry lands as waste contain some of the lands cultivated annually & occasionally & that there are no immemorial waste lands. All these lands are 2.5 Ann cultivated early. They again say that a young man who came first & prepared, Registrar No. of this village in suggested the meeting of the whole of the lands - are cultivated annually 2 times - $\frac{1}{3}$ of the whole area is and to be cultivated 20 times on an average. Kanichad Puzhah lands are of a superior quality generally. Three or four Ann of Dry are cultivated with garden crops under the Tank. The Village is in flourishing state. The average income of this village as per statement of the Mchaganams is 1500 Rupees per annum. It is not true. The contiguous Ayer Villages is Kaligammasal & Thirumalas. The average wet assessment of these villages calculated for a period of 15 years previous to 1870 comes to 8-8-4 & 6-5-3 per acre. The gross average of these two villages comes to 7-7-1 per acre. This is somewhat high. The Mchaganams say that the soil of the village is somewhat inferior to that of the contiguous Ayer villages. The average Dry assessment varies from 1-6-5 to 2-2-2 per acre. In consideration of the fertility of soil & the income the valuation of the village as follows.

Wet 30 Ann cultivated at 7 Rupees per Ann 210 -

Wet 6 1/2 Ann Waste at 7 Rupees per Ann 6-8-0 -

Total 216-8-0

Dry 80 Ann cultivated at 1-4-4 per Ann 100 -

Dry 37 Ann Waste at 1/2 Ann 8-12-0

Garden 4 Ann at 30 Ann per Ann 12 -

Total 120-12-0

Grand Total 337-4-0

Kanichad
20-5-00

Handwritten signature

Sheet No. 818

Register No. 630

Register (No. 630)

Sheet No. 817 (Contract)
Register of Inams in the Village of

Belkandad (No.),

Class, Nature and Value of Inam.					Description, Nature and Extent of the Inam.					Remarks	
Extent.					Extent.					Remarks.	
Number of houses holding the inam in the village.	Grounds, when the inam belongs to the holder.	Survey number of the inam as shown in the map.	Area of Inam.	Area of Inam.	When no survey has been made, and no assessment has been determined, the area paid by the holder to the Government, or the average assessment of similar Government lands should be entered in column 5.	Description of Inam.	Whether held by one, or more persons, and, if by more than one, the names of the holders.	Whether hereditary, or otherwise.	By whom granted, and in what year.	Written statements in support of the above.	When entered in the register, granted according to Reg. XXXI 1864, or on the proposed settle- ment, and reliability of persons entered in original grants.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
* (Contd. of the preceding page)											
Nanjai Kurayathi											
Cultivated			37-0-0	38.90							
Bo waste			10-0-0	7.07							
Excess Bo waste			47-0-0	32.90							
Total			50-0-0	31.50							
Total			52-0-0	36.40							
Nanjai Kurayathi											
Cultivated			80-0-0	44.80							
Bo waste			136-0-0	76.16							
Total			216-0-0	120.96							
Grand total			157-36	337-4-0							



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