

Notes of Government Salago per Acre

Maximum Minimum

Dry 9 9 " 1 7

Wet 10-13-3 " 5-9

Average rates of Government Salago per Acre

Dry 1 5 6

Wet 4 6 1

Average Value of grain of belowm wet land in Sivayal Nagaven

of 1/2 Acre Villages Tripura Salag for a period of 15 years

From 1256 to 1270	Cultivated area in Acre	Grass salters	Of which Government share at 45 percent	Average prices of grain	Value of the quantity of grain given in Rs	Notes per Acre
A. 408	A. 6	R. 10 8	R. 4 6	R. 1 8 3	R. 1 8 3	R. 1 8 3
5753-8-3	4827-5-2	3306-5-3	17542-2	1-8-3	26627-11-11	699

grain crops

II In these Polls the Village is entered as Dammaramam - In the receipts also this Village is entered as Dammaramam - The Manager of the Temple, who is a Pondanar, is an ancient Dammaramam -

III The Rang's Vakeel pleads that as the Village is entered as Dammaramam in the Account of 1721, it should be treated now as such.

IV It appears that this is a Hamlet of the Devasthanam Village of Kinnathur, this is entered in the Account of 1721 & that of 1815 as Devasthanam Village - It is proved from the Minutes Register of 1815, & from the receipt of a series of years & from the Polling of 1838 & 1840 that this is a general grant of long standing, I treat it as such - subject to the confirmation of the Revenue Officers - No claim of the Rang is inadmissible -

V The Pong of the Village is paid to the Manager of the Temple who pays it to the Pong of all the Villages belonging to the Temple - This practice is prevailing from time immemorial - In the Pasturage account the Pong of the Village is mixed with that of the Village of the Temple

VI No Talk was about the area or about the boundaries on the part of the Rang's Vakeel - The boundaries of the Village are not recorded in any of the Accounts - The boundaries are now marked with reference to the immemorial enjoyment of the holders of the same - Hence the boundaries are -

Confirmed here & the 37 Acre & 45 cents situated within the said boundaries are registered here -

VII The Great Grandson of the person of 1732 died about 30 years ago - leaving two daughters & a widow - On the day of his death he divided the Village between his Daughters, Mother the person of 1732 & 1733 & 1734, & 1735 & 1736 - No document - Enjoyment proved.

Valuation

VIII Well water depend upon two tanks of moderate size. They are in repair - They are fed by a Jungle Stream. The Tanks are filled annually in full. Scarcity of water is not felt generally. The Mahaswami says that the Wet & Dry lands flooded as waste are cultivated and that they will be cultivated annually hereafter by improving the Tanks - Some of the Wet lands are cultivated annually 2 times - Rajah & Rajah soil is of a superior quality generally - No garden Crops are raised in the Village - The average income of the Village is 50 Rupees per annum - This is not true throughout - very low - The Contiguous Acre Villages of Kottai & Kottai - The average value of this Acre Village is calculated for a period of 15 years previous to 1720 comes to 5 5 per Acre - The average Dry around of the Acre Village is 5 5 per Acre - In consideration of the fertility of the soil & the value of the Village as follows -

Wet 4 Acre cultivated at 5 1/2 per Acre 172-0
Dry 2 Acre cultivated at 14 per Acre 172-0
Dry 7 1/2 Acre cultivated at 14 per Acre 174-0
Total 174-0 80-10-0