

Reg. no 395

Register of Inams in the Village of Rodungalam in Amravati Parg of Linganga Zemindary in Madras District

Register No. 395

Rodungalam - 1 page

Sanctioned

Devadogam Varad 3-10-32-62

Sheet No. 2013

Completed 22/5/62

26 - For the Jodi Res. of the S. 1211 of the original of Comma nadaya Synamor in Rodungalam Now appearing

that of Comma nadaya Synamor in Rodungalam Now appearing 3-10-3 A 6 2 62

Rodungalam Comma nadaya Synamor Worshippers Srinaga Harappa Vilam 50

Sanctioned

Supra abt. 11th of June 1911. Sanctioned 20th 3-9-2. J. S. S. Ammangal Staff Office 197284

14/10/60 1220

Register of Dharmasaram Village of Kodungolam in the Taluk of Mangalam of Pinangagamundar's Estate in the Madras District

Patrimony Acquired by purchase. See Dispositions by unassisted. Total documents by Doragato share.

1801 to 4. are enjoying	1			
1805 to 8 do	1/4			1/4
1807 do	1/4			1/4
1808 and 9. are do	1			1
1810 to 12 do	1/2			1/2
1813 to 15 do	1/2			1/2
1816 do	1/2			1/2
1817 do	1/2			1/2
1818 do	1/2			1/2
Total	5 3/4	1 1/4	1	8

Kodungolam

C. H. D. M. O. R. V. C.

1. There is only the Dharmasaram in the Taluk of Mangalam of Pinangagamundar's Estate - This was granted by the Government of 1811 to the person of 1813 & others for -
 enclosures. This is a hereditary grant. This is in uninterrupted possession of its holders since the date of the grant. There has no other. It was made -
 This village is supported by all the accounts of 1812. No talk was about the area or about the boundaries on the part of the Range Vakeel -
 The boundaries now inserted in the new aerial statement correspond to those in the Account of 1812. Hence the boundaries are confirmed here -
 & the boundaries of 1812 are confirmed here. The village consists of 6 equal Thottas. They are enjoyed as shown -
 in the margin. The lands are divided permanently. Pongu is paid on the number of Thottas equally & permanently -
 2. The persons 1811 to 1812 of 1816 are descendants of the Cogl. Grantee. & others are aliens. The Grand Father of the person 1813 to 1815 of 1816 acquired 3/4 -
 Thottas in gift in 1813 from one Pongalai Ammal. Dredge gift was a plain Pongalai. The Father of the person 1817 of 1816 purchased his land in 1813 -
 for Rs. 177 from Pichayyan in the person 1810 of 1816. Bill of sale is on a plain Pongalai. The Dharmasaram of the village are now enjoying -
 2 Thottas without documents. The descendants of the Cogl. Grantee say that the holders of these shares acquired them by purchase long ago & that the title is -
 were lost. Enjoyment proved -

Sheet No. 889.
 Register No. 684.

Super. acct of 1814

Kanaga (Virayadi)	20	14	01
1814 to 1815	15	10	01
1815 to 1816	15	10	01
1816 to 1817	15	10	01
Total	65	44	04

Deduct Pongalai

Bed of Tank (Kudam)	6	71	
Village site (do)	4	2	24
Threshing ground (do)	1		50
Pond	5	1	68
			11-20

Remainder

	59	21	
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Kanaga (Virayadi)

Cultivation	34	1	525
Partly waste (do)	11	8	28
Total	45	9	553

Reduced from the statement of the papers produced by the Maheswaram

Dharmasaram	Super	Acct of 1814	Super	In 1811	In 1812	Grandfather
nam - as per	1211	1211	1211	1211	1211	1211
Sattam	1212	1212	1212	1212	1212	1212
rair	1213	1213	1213	1213	1213	1213
act	1214	1214	1214	1214	1214	1214
ya	1215	1215	1215	1215	1215	1215
ya	1216	1216	1216	1216	1216	1216
ya	1217	1217	1217	1217	1217	1217
ya	1218	1218	1218	1218	1218	1218
ya	1219	1219	1219	1219	1219	1219
ya	1220	1220	1220	1220	1220	1220
ya	1221	1221	1221	1221	1221	1221
ya	1222	1222	1222	1222	1222	1222
ya	1223	1223	1223	1223	1223	1223
ya	1224	1224	1224	1224	1224	1224
ya	1225	1225	1225	1225	1225	1225
ya	1226	1226	1226	1226	1226	1226
ya	1227	1227	1227	1227	1227	1227
ya	1228	1228	1228	1228	1228	1228
ya	1229	1229	1229	1229	1229	1229
ya	1230	1230	1230	1230	1230	1230
ya	1231	1231	1231	1231	1231	1231
ya	1232	1232	1232	1232	1232	1232
ya	1233	1233	1233	1233	1233	1233
ya	1234	1234	1234	1234	1234	1234
ya	1235	1235	1235	1235	1235	1235
ya	1236	1236	1236	1236	1236	1236
ya	1237	1237	1237	1237	1237	1237
ya	1238	1238	1238	1238	1238	1238
ya	1239	1239	1239	1239	1239	1239
ya	1240	1240	1240	1240	1240	1240
ya	1241	1241	1241	1241	1241	1241
ya	1242	1242	1242	1242	1242	1242
ya	1243	1243	1243	1243	1243	1243
ya	1244	1244	1244	1244	1244	1244
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ya	1262	1262	1262	1262	1262	1262
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ya	1268	1268	1268	1268	1268	1268
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ya	1290	1290	1290	1290	1290	1290
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ya	1292	1292	1292	1292	1292	1292
ya	1293	1293	1293	1293	1293	1293
ya	1294	1294	1294	1294	1294	1294
ya	1295	1295	1295	1295	1295	1295
ya	1296	1296	1296	1296	1296	1296
ya	1297	1297	1297	1297	1297	1297
ya	1298	1298	1298	1298	1298	1298
ya	1299	1299	1299	1299	1299	1299
ya	1300	1300	1300	1300	1300	1300

To be confirmed under Rule

II of 1802 & under Rule III

for alienation

Genealogy Table - 1788

Good 1815 - 25 Pongalai

Confirmed as recommended in me 1815 on a 2 R of 1815

6/2/65

1815

NG NG

Rates of Government Salugs per Acre

May 1-7.
 Aug 3-9-9.
 Oct 10-12-3.

Average Rates of Government Salugs per Acre

Aug 1-5-0
 Oct 4-6-1

Average Value of grain of miliumam on wet land in Mangalam Mahamam
 Consisting of Ayer Villages in the Salug of the same name for a
 period of 15 years

From 1250 to 1270	Cultivated area in Acre	Grasport turn	few mikaya mardars share abas per cent	Average prices of grain	Value of quantity of grain in Col 4.	Rates per Acre
Rs A B	Rs A B	Rs A B	Rs A B	Rs A B	Rs A B	Rs A B
1278-4-2	9308-82	84281-8-1	37680-4-0	1-8-4	57234-7-3	6-2-4

III The person N 1 to 4 of 18 of claimant 3/4 thly from the person N 18 of 18 on the ground that -
 then father's brother purchased it in AD 1849 for Rs 3668- from one Kristungen, father of the
 person N 10 of 18 - that bill of sale is on a plain paper and is - The person N 18 of 18 pleads that the 3/4 -
 thly is his property & that the said Kristungen who died about 15 or 16 years ago had not any right
 to or concern in these lands - nor he is was any way related to him - He again states that he inherited the
 3/4 thly from his mother's father some about 30 years ago when he was a young boy - He again states that he inherited the
 1/4 thly upto AD 1857 & sold it to in that year to one Nagan Data Vallabha for Rs 262-8-
 under a Bill of sale written on a plain paper and is - The said person N 18 of 18 again states that
 he left 1/4 thly in possession of the person N 1 of 18 simply to manage its affairs 9 years ago -
 as he was then living at Pombocanna & mortgaged the remaining 1/2 thly to the several people -
 that he desired the person N 1 of 18 to make the 1/4 thly which was with him, to the purchaser -
 Nagan Data Vallabha but he refused to do so; that the person N 1 of 18 independent of this of claimant -
 to the half thly belonging to him which was just redeemed from mortgage soon after the time it was sold to Nagan Data Vallabha & made over to the said Nagan
 Data Vallabha - Nagan Data Vallabha says that he purchased the 3/4 thly, that the person N 1 of 18 refused to make over to him the 1/4 thly which is with him - & prevented him from enjoying
 the remaining half thly which was just redeemed & made over to him - soon after the purchase in AD 1859 - The person N 1 of 18, of course pleads that the 3/4 thly is in his possession & denies
 the date of the grant - The said person N 1 of 18 failed to prove his assignment of the 3/4 thly, nor the genuineness of the bill of sale of 1859 which he produced & was executed by one
 Kristungen - The person N 1 also failed to produce the Bill of sale before him - The person N 10 of 18 who is the son of Petchuray says that his father died some 15 or 16 years ago -
 & that he never sold the 3/4 thly to the father's brother of the person N 1 of 18 - nor had he any concern in it - The person N 18 of 18 also produced 3 mortgages & mortgage
 bonds showing that in AD 1846 the 1/4 thly of the 3/4 thly in question was mortgaged to one Memutty Subbaya by one Kristungen; that in AD 1847 - 3/4 thly was mortgaged to the person N 18 of 18
 (Vide next sheet)

9 Kuppammal 20 } Leo - 1 Husband
 10 Pichuvayyar Great (10)
 40 } Grandson 1 Wife
 1 Elder 2 sons
 1 Brother of 1 Daughter
 1 Father of 1 son
 person in Col 13.
 11 Arima sanna (17)
 vayan 35 } Leo - 1 Wife
 2 sons
 1 Daughter
 1 son
 12 Saliapattiyar (12)
 30 } Leo - 1 Wife
 1 son
 13 Nandavar (13)
 30 } Leo - 1 Wife
 1 son
 2 Daughters
 1 Mother
 14 Pannayyar (14)
 25 } Leo - 1 Wife

15 Vadayammali (15)
 Ayer 20 } Leo - 1 Wife
 16 Venkata Ramana (16)
 Ayer 10 } Leo - 1 son
 1 Mother
 1 Daughter
 17 Venkataraya (17)
 mayen 30 } Leo - 1 Wife
 1 son
 1 Mother
 1 Daughter
 18 Paddavayyar (18)
 35 } Leo - 1 Wife

The preceding are -
 (Signature)

Sheet of Nottingham in Manglam Taluk of Seangang Zimray

Register
No 684

Sheet
No 890

One Appaturgen & the Appaturgen mortgaged the said $\frac{3}{4}$ Thuty in AD 1852 to one Namjere who died a year ago. Namjere son of Rangane who is about 40 years old. The said $\frac{3}{4}$ Thuty is mortgaged to him & his heirs having mortgaged $\frac{1}{2}$ Thuty out of the said Appaturgen & having transferred $\frac{1}{4}$ Thuty to the person #18 of 1861 in AD 1852. This is a piece of evidence that the person #1 to 2 of 1861 have not any right to the $\frac{3}{4}$ Thuty in question, but the circumstances of the person #1 of 1861 having pleaded of his father's brother purchased the $\frac{3}{4}$ Thuty in AD 1849 is quite false. That the person #1 of 1861 is in his possession $\frac{1}{4}$ Thuty just to manage its affairs during some the last 10 years & that the person #1 of 1861 is giving annually to the person #18 of 1861 the "Mekwarang" of the lands consisting of the $\frac{1}{4}$ Thuty as far back as four years or up to the date on which the $\frac{3}{4}$ Thuty was sold to Nagan Pata Vallabher. It is also proved that the person #1 of 1861 is in deposit since the last 3 years from this dispute & the produce of the $\frac{1}{4}$ Thuty is being appropriated by the person #1 of 1861 for his own use. Hence the $\frac{3}{4}$ Thuty is only in the name of the person #18 of 1861 & the person #1 to 2 of 1861 are referred to find fault. The lands are not registered in the name of the person #18 of 1861 as he has no possession of the lands though he purchased them in AD 1859. and as the transaction of the sale is not complete without possession.

Valuation

10. --- Wet lands depend upon one tank of moderate size. It is in repair. It is fed by a Pungu Stream & by the water of the adjoining Nagan & Pongu. The tank is filled annually. No scarcity of water is felt generally. Wet lands are cultivated annually in full. Some of the best lands are also cultivated & some. Nagan lands are of a superior quality generally. The soil is black in colour. No dry cultivation in the village. The average income of the village is 400 Rupees per annum. as per statement of the Mahajanams. It is not true. The contiguous Nagan Village is Pallukottar, & Pungu & Pongu. The average wet annual of these villages calculated for a period of 15 years previous to 1870 comes to 672 per acre. This figure compared with the fertility of soil & the consideration of the fertility of soil & the figure the valuation of the village as follows.

Wet 14 are cultivated at 672 per acre 9408

Note. Since I wrote the above I had reason to suspect the correctness of the Register produced by the Mahajanams with the following entries.

Nagan	14-00
Pungu	11-20
Dedant Pongu	21-20
Remanor	14-00
Particulars	
Of which wet full	11-20
Wet	2-80

Ranking
1-666

Handwritten name

(2) I deputed a Jemadar to measure the village & the results of which are as follows.

Pungu	11-20
Pongu	11-20
Remanor	32-01
Particulars	
Wet full	25-80
Wet	8-72

(3) Though I warned the Mahajanams to not to give false accounts, they never minded it. I don't wish to go much further involved for the sake of a good name. The Mahajanams admitted the correctness of the measurement & signed that letter. The wet area of 8 are odd is Pallukottar. Hence I change 32 are of wet at 672 per acre to 32-01.

Total - 32-01

Handwritten notes and signatures at the bottom right.