Register of Inams in the Village of Kodi Kulam in Nattarasankotai Taluq of Sivaganga Zemindary in Madura District

Register No 191

Kodi Kulam Agam Village

Personal Mt	Income as per Inamdar's statement	Bhuta Mt	Name of the original Grantee & date if known	Name of the original Bhuta Grantee if known	Nature of Cheanery Karnacatty drayam	(1) Mt	Tyrumurai Rate VIII & Murai Rate II	Government Rate
Vipan Choi Varaydi 3-0-2-10	12-0	Godi 2-10-0	Adl of 1211	Kodi Kulam Bhuta Mt Nanja Varaydi 3-0-2-10	36 Adl	Mt Mottai	Zemindar Rate 2-10	Govt 20/8 1-4-0

Sheet No. 1804

1 The person of 16 says that the ogl Grantee of the Inam was the Mottais Mottais Mottais Father Sunya Murty Agam; that the ogl Grantee had two Daughters named Sowgamy Ammal & Nany Ammal; that he is the Daughters son of the Daughter of Nany Ammal; that he is the present rightful of Nany Ammal's Daughter who died about 10 years ago without male issue & took possession of her share, which was equal 5/6 of the Inam & that he has brought the remaining portion of the Inam in cultivation since A D 1839 & 1858 with some other lands in Nattarasankotai for Rupees 30 8 - Jeevan Jeshtha, Sundaramyer, Vadyanadan Dekshatar - Chanbadees in the Inam. Three bills on our Inam Cadjan leaves - Transactions proved the lowness - Enjoyment proved - The names of the ogl Grantees are not given in any accounts. The person has no documents to prove what he said above - His history is proved by tradition & by receipts granted by the Zemindari servants to his - Mottais father in A D 1792 & subsequently. Hence the Inam is conferred upon the person of 16 on 1/5 of assessment. Rs 24-3-64

Tyrumurai Rate VIII & Murai Rate II

Zemindar Rate 2-10

Govt 20/8 1-4-0

D Seconds and Rejd

Confirmed as recommended on a 2 R/ Rs 1-4-0

3/5/64

Do

Jo No 3625

Register of Inams in the Village of Kodikulam in the Paluq of Nattarasenkottai of Sivagenga Zamindari Estate in Madura District

Register No 248 — Kodikulam — Dharmasanam Village — Taluq Sivagenga

Sheet No 1865

1 Personal Inst	Income per Inamdar's statement	Bhatta vrity	Jodi per Settlement	Sesiva-na Peri-yaVida-ya Ever	Acct of Fly 1214 Maratta an 40 of Fly 1223	Tirupati Ayyangar bra	In Fly 1214 Dharma-sanam Naraya-yen Bhat-tavaru in Kodi-kulam Inaya (Virayadi) 1—5—0 A 6 0—95	In Fly 1223 Bhatta vrity in Kodi-kulam Inaya (Virayadi) 1—5—0 A 6 0—95 Tirupati Ayyangar bra	Nattarasenkottai 1 Ramayyangar 45	Great grandson 1 Wife 2 grandsons 3 sons 2 person 2 Daughters 2 Daughters in Cob 13.	Leo — 2 Ghanasami Ayyangar 38	(2) 1 Wife 1 son 1 Daughter 1 Do under 1 Daughter in law	Kodikulam Family. Dharmasanam - one Pollam in recm	Lo be compounded for 3 years. Jummabandi 1—5—0	Cont 20/8 = 8 A	Rent Rs 24—2—64
Vriapti 1 Bhatta vrity Chit 1—5—0—95															

Jodi per Settlement an account of the Inams of Pak-kattu vayal Kaw and Punja-gadi Pulkadi-ya in lump Rs 5—14—4 How the Poruppu is called on this Inam Rs 1—5—0

Completed

Ramen P

Cost Rs 20 75 6/8/64

2—3

Rent 934

Register No 608

Kodikulam

This is one of the Villages in the Zemindary of Sivaganga. There is some difficulty regarding the terms of the Village - as the entries in several courtcy accounts are not uniform - In the alleged Account of Fl 1211, 3/4 of the Village is entered as Ayen & 1/4 as Darmasanam. In the Divitam Account of the same Fasly, 1/4 of the Village is entered as Darmasanam, 1/4 as Divitam & 1/2 of the Village as Ayen - In the Mantra Account of Fl 1223, half of the Village is entered as Darmasanam & half as Ayen - In the Account of Fl 1815, copy of which is forwarded to the Board of Revenue, the entire Village is entered as Darmasanam - In the Patta of the Village produced by the Malayanams it is said that half of the Village exclusive of the half of the Village belonging to "Aramanai" or Zemindar was granted to the Ogl Grantee Subbayen - The Patta was registered under Regulation XXXI of 1802 - as appears from a printed Ticket granted to the Holder of the Patta on the 16 April 1809 - the day on which the document was registered by the Register of the Collectorate of Madura - Whatever may be the discrepancies in the entries in several accounts - entered of 11, the Patta which is a registered one clears all doubts & shews that half of the Village is Ayen & the remaining half is Darmasanam - Thus 1/2 of the Village on the Register entered in the benefits of the Dharm Rules -

The boundaries of this Village which are entered in the Patta & omitted in the account of Fl 1244, correspond to those in the Patta - Hence the Ryots' Pottahs [illegible] - no doubt attached them - Thus the area of the entire Village - [illegible] - confirmed here as 120 and 50 cents & half of this being the Darmasanam portion. (Vide record end)

Sharma Jodi Varu - as per Istimarar acct Rs 16-13-0 Dasa 16-12-6 33-9-6

As per acct of Fl 1211. Maratta acct of Fl 1223. Seemavaru Peri yaVida yaTever Dated S.S 1722 A.D 1800

As per acct of Fl 1223. Boundary acct of Fl 1244. Board Regr of A.D 1815. 1 Patta in own Palmira leaf

As per Patta Vijaya Ragunada Periya Vadaya Tiver Dated Leo Do -

In Fl 1211. Sharma Varu - Kodikulam Village. Kodikulam Ranga Viraya di - of which Ayen 3/4 Village Remainder 1/4 Village Dharma Varu - 1/2 Village Ayen 3/4 Total

In Fl 1223. Subbayen - As per Patta Leo Do - of which 3/4 Village Remainder 1/4 Village Dharmasanam Village Viraya di Dharmasanam 19-5-0 Ayen 13-55 Inamara acct of Fl 1211. Leo Do - of which In the Divitam acct of Fasly Ranga Viraya di 3 - 0 Ayen 2-10 Deduct Remainder Ranga Viraya di 38-10-0 Ayen 27-10 Remainder Subbayen Inamara Fl 1244. Divitam None Ranga

Pattahs of Sivaganga zemindari Estate in Madura District

Rajaya Rajaya Sethupathy Ayen Leo Do

(1) Rainayyangar 50 — 1 Wife, 2 sons, 2 Daughters in law, 2 Daughters

(2) Dhorasami Ayyangar 40 — 1 Wife, 1 son, 2 Daughters, 1 Daughter in law

(3) Avichisetti 80 — 1 son, 1 Daughter in law, 4 Grandsons, 5 Do Daughters

(4) Arunachela Chetti 35 — 1 Wife, 1 son, 1 Daughter in law

(5) Periyakarupenachetti 60 — 1 Wife, 2 sons, 1 Daughter in law, 1 Grandson, 1 Do Daughter

(6) Kannappen Chetti 50 — 1 Wife, 3 sons, 1 Daughter in law, 1 Grandson

(7) Avichisetti 40 — 1 Wife, 1 son, 3 Daughters

To be confirmed under Rule VII (Half Village) à a Rs Zemindar Dr - 33 - 9 - 6 - Half of the whole is confirmed "Dharmasanam" in the Rs

Good 2 8/8 - 18 Rupees

Rs 17

Rent Rule 10 - 5 - 64

Sheet No 790

Register No 608

Reduced from the Settlement - Not perfect but the best we have

Allowed Division - One Patta is recommended

Half of the whole is confirmed "Dharmasanam" in the Rs

The claim of Leo Varu Pillay half of the Dharmasanam portion of the village has been perfected & rejected by the Collr - His claim refunded to him in Cash - 18/8/64

Rates of Government Taliyo per Acre

	Max	Min
Dry	3-9-9	1-7
Wet	10-15-3	5-9

Average Rates of Government Taliyo per Acre

Dry	1-6-05
Wet	4-6-1

Average Value of grain of Melwaram or wet land in Nattaravem Kottai Mahawas Connecting of Ayan Villages in the Taliyo of the same name

view of 1950 Fasly	Cultivated area in Acre	Proportion	of which zamindars share at 45 per cent	average price of grain	Value of the quantity of grain given in Col 6	Rates per Acre
Rs	A C	%	M	Rs A P	Rs	Rs A P
337	1-5	54.85	99	58227-9-1	26246-11-5	4-7-11	38137-14-1	6-15-3

Co-sh 3. A 6 14-03. — Dt. Regr. Ref. 8 1815 — Ramappa Setti 10 — Leo — (8) 1 Matter

Dt. Guara Minister to accet Ref 124. Leo-20. — Guruvasa ran Kodikulam — Ramaiadan Setti 10 — Leo — (9) 1 Matter

Name of the Lotter is erroneous in the Kolax — Sevuganvettiar 30 — Leo — (10) 1 Wife 1 Matter

X At an account showing the area of the Villages — Annamale Setti 25 — Leo — (11) 1 Father brother

Kodikulam Village

Ayan Vrayadi 77-6-0 Deduct Ayan Vrayadi 55-4-0 Remainder Vrayadi 22-8-0 Deduct Ayan Bhattavritti Vrayadi 3 — Remainder 1/4 Share of Subbayan Vrayadi 19-5-0 4-6 13-55

III - Half of Village consists of 16 equal Patties - They are enjoyed as it were in the manner the preceding side - The lands are undivided - Pongies paid on the number of Patties enjoyed permanently -

IV The persons of 16 are not descendants of the Orgl Grantee - They are alienees - The pers of No 1 of 11 of 16 purchased their shares in the Dannasanam portion of the Village in Kayapati in AD 1846, - 1852 - 1855 - 1860 - & 1863 for Rupees 3850 from one Parasu Nayan (1) Nayanayyen, Payaneppa Setty, (2) Pavayen Setty, (3) Pillappa Setty, Venkatesa Periyak (4) angen Setty, Rama (5) Wadeiar Setty & (6) Ramappa Setty - Four of Sedjan leases - one bill is on a stamped paper & 8 Bills are on plain (7) of the above sellers, Parasuramayen, Narainayen, & Venkatakrishnayan are Orgl Grantees - the sellers who sold the lands purchased from the descendants of Sinna (8) Ramappa Setty, father of Payaneppa Setty one of the above sellers Grantee - Bill of sale is on a stamped Sedjan leave - Ten bills of sale are on stamped Sedjan leaves & 4 are on plain leaves - All the above transactions proved to be bonafide by sellers & Enjoyers -

II - One Srinivasan Pillai claims 1/4 of the Village or half of the Dannasanam portion ground that the 1/2 Village was granted first to his ancestors as first as in AD 1746 or about 20 years as 118 years & that some time after which 1/4 of the Village or half of the Dannasanam portion was resumed leaving the 1/4 of the Village in his possession - & that the 1/4 which was resumed by the Government 30 years ago in satisfaction of the arrears of Peishcush due by the Village - He produced the alleged deed of gift under which half of the Village was granted as Dannasanam - The deed of gift appears to be genuine one - But as it is not & as it is proved subsequently that half of the Village was granted as Dannasanam to the Orgl Grantee and as the Pattah of 1800 is a regular one [illegible]

2nd sheet of Valuation

The Complainant Seevanaam Pillai produced some receipts said to have been granted by the Zemindar's servants for the payment by Pongu some 30 or 40 years ago - These receipts are not genuine one because the complainant brought these receipts to shew that 1/4 of the Village was in possession of his family as for back as 30 or 40 years & because there are the following registered documents to shew that the Darmasanam portion of half Village was in possession of the Ogl Grantee as for back as 150 years -

Sheet No. 791

Register No. 608

1 Deed of gift dated 1800 granted by the Zemindar Vijaya Ragoonatha Tevar to the Ogl Grantee - This is a registered one -

1 Tolled issued by the Zemindar levying Pongu on the Darmasanam portion of the half Village - This was registered in A.D 1809 -

1 Tolled issued by the Zemindar in A.D 1804 - shewing that 1/4 Village was granted in addition to one fourth of the Village - This was registered in A.D 1809 -

- It appears that the Zemindar placed improperly under attachment 1/4 of the Village as half of the Darmasanam portion some 60 years ago in for one or two & the demand which found, the ancestors of the complainant enjoyed it temporarily & that it was again restored to the Ogl Grantee - The ancestors of the Complainant held half of the Village as Dividion some century ago & it was resumed by the Zemindar long before the Permanent Settlement - Hence the claim is rejected -

Valuation of the Darmasanam portion of half Village -

Wet lands depend upon one Tank - It is in repair - It is fed by Jungle streams &c - The Tank is filled annually - Scarcity of Water is not felt generally - The Mirasdars say that 25 Acres of Wet & 10 Acres of Dry are cultivated annually in full & that 5 Acres of Wet & 4 Acres of Dry are left waste occasionally - Some of the Wet lands are cultivated annually 2d time - Nanjah & Punjah lands are of a superior quality generally. No Varam is raised in the Village - The Village is in flourishing state - The average Wet assessment of the contiguous Ayan Village of Nattanasam Kolai & Ramdupally comes to 7 Rupees per Acre - The average Wet assessment of the Ayen portion of the half Village also comes to 6 & - per Acre - The average Dry assessment of the Ayan Villages very - from 0-13-0 to 1-2- per Acre The average income of the Darmasanam portion as per stated by the Mirasdars is 950 Rupees per annum - This is not true - In consideration of the fertility of soil &c I frame the valuation of the Village as follows -

Wet 25 Acres cultivated at 6½ Rupees per Acre — 162-8-0

Wet 5 Acres Waste &c at 1 Rupee per Acre — 5-0-0

167-8-0

Dry 10 Acres cultivated at 1-2-0 per Acre — 11-4-0

Dry 4 Acres Waste &c at 0-4-0 per Acre — 1-0-0

12-4-0

Total 179-12-0

Mandadi 10-5-86.

A Seevanaam Rao J

Register No. 608

Register of Dharmasanam Village of Sambayendal Hamlet of Mattur in the Taluq of Nattarasankottai

Sheet No. 792

Registers No. 609

Sambayendal

Patrimony

10 engaging	—	1
do — do	—	½
and 4 and 2	—	½
and 6 do — do	—	1
		3

Acres of Sirkar

I This is one of the Dharmasanam villages of the Zemindary of Sivagunga - Has was granted by the Zemindar at the rate of 11 Rupees 13 per annum - This uninterrupted possession of its holders since the date of the grant - Has but a Pottah on two pieces of waste land - From the English a first the Pottah of the Village was registered - No Tolls were about the area or about the boundaries on the part of the Rajah's Vakeel - Has been compared with the Pottah - Hence the 4 new 762 Cawnies situated within the said boundaries are confirmed here - The Village is supported by all the Accounts of 12 -

II The Village consists of 3 equal Mattas they are enjoyed as shewn in the margin - The lands are undivided - Rouque is paid on the number of Mattas equally & permanently

III The persons who are descendants of the original Grantee - The family is a divided one - though the lands are undivided -

IV ..... This is an insignificant Village - No Punjah cultivation in the Village - Wet and Garden are cultivated annually in small Lands in the Village - It is of a sufficient quality generally - The average income of the Village is 12 Rupees per annum as per statement of the persons of 16 - The average Assessment of the Mattas is calculated for a period of 15 years comes 64 Rupees per annum - Soil is of a superior quality - Charge Fasli at 8 Rupees per annum - The cost of the Village may be placed on per cultivator of the Adjoining Village -

Dharmasanam — as per Statement — Fasli 1223 — Rs 4-5-6 — Sq Yds 2-2-6 — 4-8

Pasampatti (Mankanam) 2 — — 1 — 12

— — — — — — 3 — 50

(Vizayadi) — 5 — — 3 — 50

Receipt (Konkanam) 2 — — 1 — 12

4 — 62

Total 5 — — 3 — 50

Reduced from the Statement of Fasli 1211 as per Village Accounts by the Karnapanam

28

Sd/ Sd/

Sd/

Adoption Family Divided Lands are undivided One Pottah & 3 Receipts

Sd/

Sd/

Sd/

Dharmasanam Sidi	per Statement	As per Account of Fasli 1223	Maratta account of Fasli 1223	Vijaya Ragunadapari yavada yai Tiver Baldi S. S. 1719	Boundary account of Fasli 1244	Board of Revenue of A.D. 1815	As per Patta Do — do —	In Fasli 1211	As per account of Fasli 1223	Dharmasanam Sambayendal Hamlet of Mattur	Vijayadi 5 — — 3 — 50	In Fasli 1223	Nattarasankottai

Assessment Taluqs per Acre

Dry 1—5—6
Wet 4—6—1

Average Value of grain of Melwaram or wet land in Kharif & Rabi Fasalu Consisting of Ayan Villages in the Taluq of Pattanasamudram for a period of 15 years

Fasl 1256 to 1270	Cultivated area in Acres	Gross outturn	Of which ryots share at 45 per cent	Average price of grain	Value of quantity of grain given in Col 4	Rates per Acre
— 0	A — C	M — P	M — P	Rs A P	Rs A — 0	Rs A 0
— 2	7178 — 92	81185 — 11 — 3	36833 — 1 — 1	1 — 7 — 11	55523 — 4	7 — 11 — 9