Register of Dharmasanam Village of Karukatti in the Taluq of Tiruvegampat of Sivaganga zamindari Estate in Madura Dt

N Register No 575

Karukatti

கருகாட்டி

Patrimony	Acquired by purchase supported by documents	Acquired by purchase unsupported by documents	Acquired by gift	Total shares
No 1 and 2 are enjoying	1-3/16	9/16	"	1 3/4
No 3 is Do	10/16	1/4	"	7/8
No 4 Do Do	2-10/16	3/16	1/16	2 7/8
No 5 to 7 are Do	1	"	3/32	1-3/32
No 8 to 10 Do Do	1	"	"	1
No 11 is Do	"	1	"	1
No 12 Do Do	"	1/2	"	1/2
No 13 Do Do	"	"	25/32	25/32
No 14 Do Do	"	1/8	"	1/8
Total	6-7/16	2-11/16	15/16	10

1 This is one of the Dharmasanams in the zemindary of Sivaganga. This was granted by the zemindar of col 11 to the person of col 13 & others for subsistence. This is a hereditary grant. This is in uninterrupted possession of its holders since the date of the grant. There was no Patta. It was lost. The Village is supported by all the accounts of col 12. No talk is about the area or about the boundaries on the part of the Rany's Vakeel. The boundaries entered in the vernacular statement correspond to those in the Account of 1246. Hence the area of 93 Acres is confirmed here. This Village consists of 10 Vritties. They are enjoyed as shown in the margin. The lands are divided & they are exchanged once in 10 years. Porupu is paid on the number of Vritties equally & permanently. The persons No 1-2-3 & 4 of col 16, say that they are descendants of the Orgl Grantee & the persons No 5-6-7-8-9 & 10 of col 16 say that they are descendants of the Copartners of the Orgl Grantee. The persons No 1-2-3 & 4 of col 16 are unable to describe their relationship with the Original Grantee. They are however descendants of those who were registered in F 1223 &c. They admit that the persons No 5 to 10 of col 16 are descendants of the Copartners of the Orgl Grantee.

II The person No 11 of col 16 purchased his lands in AD 1860 for rupees 168 from one Soundarammal, one of the descendants of the Orgl Grantee. Bill of sale is on plain cadjan leaf. The persons No 12 & 14 of col 16 acquired their lands in gift in AD 1790 & 1748 from one of the descendants of the Orgl Grantee. Two deeds of gifts are on plain cadjan leaves. The transaction is admitted by the persons No 1 to 4 of col 16. The persons No 1-2-3 & 4 of col 16 purchased some of their lands in AD 1816-1826-1827-1832 & 1835 for Rupees 155 from certain shareholders in the Village. Eight bills of sales are on plain cadjan leaves. In this Village 15/16 of a Vritty is held without documents. The Mahajanams say that the holders of these lands acquired them in gift long ago from certain shareholders in this Village & that the deed of gift was lost.

Sheet No 750

As per acct of F 1211

Manya (Virayadi)	48 - 0	33-60
Punja Excess (Kuruka)	60 - 0	59-40
		93-0
Deduct Poramboke		
Bed of Tank (Kuruka)	30 - 0	24-70
Village site (Do)	5 - 0	4-95
		34-65
Remainder		58-35
Manya (Virayadi) Cultivation	40 - 0	28 - 0
Vritty waste (Do)	8 - 0	5-60
	48 - 0	33-60
Punja waste (Kuruka)	25 - 0	24-75
Total		58-35

Deduced from the statement & as per produced by the Inamdars

Register No 575

2304

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Dharmasanam

Jodi as per Istimrar acct 41-10-8
Kammi 0-0-2
41-10-6

Mer Dhannukatta Setupati
Date is unknown

Acct of F 1211
Marata acct of F 1223
Boundary acct of F 1246
Board Regr of AD 1815
No Patta

Manyapati
Vadiyar &ca

In F 1211
Dharmasanam Karukatti Manya (Virayadi) 48-0
A C 33-60
In Marata acct of F 1211
Do Do In F 1246
Dharmasanam Karukatti area none
In Regr of AD 1818
Dharmasanam Karukatti
1 Kuppayengar &c

In F 1223
Dharmasanam Karukatti Manya (Virayadi) 48-0
A C 33-60
1 Kuppayengar &c

Telliyenvayal

	Name	Age	Relationship	Family
1	Sellamayyengar	33	Grandson of person in col 15	(1) 1 Wife 1 Mother 1 Elder brother of Father 1 Do Wife
2	Muttuvayengar	30	Do	(2) 1 Wife 1 Daughter unmd
3	Alagarsami Iyengar	13	Daughter's son of grandson of elder brother of Father of person in col 15	(3) 1 Father 1 Wife
4	Ammavayengar	50	Son of younger brother of person in col 15	(4) 3 sons 2 Daughters-in-law 1 Grandson
5	Dharmayengar	50	Share holder	(5) 1 Wife 3 sons 1 Daughter unmd
6	Rangayyengar	40	Do	(6) 1 Wife 1 son
7	Savirimmi yarainayengar		Do	(7) 1 Wife

Members of Family & lands are Divided. One Pottu is recom

(Vide reverse)

To be confirmed under Rule V
Ch 3 Agreed & under Rule VII for alienees

Zemindari Jodi - 41-10-6

Govt Q R 1/8 = 23 Rupees

A. Sivashankara Rao D.C.
Karukatti
11 5 64

Confirmed as recommended in the T.D. on a 2 R R 123. The claim on the other side of the Regr has been correctly disposed of by the C.W.
9/6/64
I.D.h. 753

753

Rates of Government [illegible] per Acre

	Max	Mini
Dry	3-9-9	[illegible]
Wet	10-13-3	-5-9

Average Rates of Government Tālugo per Acre

Dry 1-5-6

Wet 4-6-1

Average Value of grain of Mēlvaram on wet land in Tiruvigampat Mahanam Consisting of Ayen Villages in the Tālug of Tiruvigampat for a period of 15 years

From Fs 1256 to Fs 1270	Cultivated area in Acre	Gross out turn	Of which ye inundars share at 45 per Cent	Average price of grains	Value of quantity of grain given in Col 4	Rates per Acre
K M P	A C	K M P	K M P	Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
4797 – 8 – 5	3358 — 34	33125 – 7 – 1	15615 – 9 – 3	1 – 7 – 8	23110 – 12 – "	6 – 14 – 1

Valuation

II Wet lands depend upon one Tank of moderate size. It is in repair. It is fed by a Jungle Stream & by one of the branch Channels of Nattar Rail which feeds the important Ayen Village of Radpanur. The Tank is filled annually. No scarcity of Water is felt generally. ~~An~~ Some of the persons of C° 16 say that 33 Acres & 80 Cents or the entire Wet area is cultivated annually in full & that 243/4 Acres of Dry planed as waste are only two years uncultivated lands. While others admit this & say that they planed ~~wet~~ some of the Wet lands as waste from ignorance. Some of the Wet lands are cultivated annually 2d time or 1/3d or 1/4 of that Wet area is thus cultivated 2d time. No garden crops are raised. Nanjah & Punjah soil is of a superior quality generally. It is of Reyn description. The contiguous Ayen Villages are Pérany. Posukany. Tiruiyany. & Vodayakulam. The average Wet assessment of these Villages comes to 8-15-10. 6-2-1. 6-14-0 & 6-0 per acre respectively. The average of these four Village comes to 7-7-[illegible] per acre. The average of Dry assessment 1-6-6. per acre. The Mahaz aranns say that the soil of this Village may be classed on par with that of Vodayakulam; the average Wet assessment of which comes to [illegible] per acre. In consideration of the fertility of soil &c, I frame the valuation of this Village at [illegible]. The average income of this Village as per statement of the Mahaz aranns is 120 [illegible]
Wet 33½ [illegible] 6½ [illegible] 247-12-
[illegible]

Ariyakudi
8 Venkatāra ya Iyengar 35 } Do — (8) 1 mother

9 Manavāla Iyengar 32 } Do — (9) 1 Wife

10 Pavammi ya Iyengar 28 } Do — (10) 2 Elder brothers

Kollangudi
11 Muttusami Iyengār 30 } Al (11) 1 Wife

12 Nāraya nayengar 17 } Do — (12) 1 Wife

Pappagudi
13 Vadamale Iyengar 45 } Do — (13) 1 Wife 3 sons 2 Daughters md

Kandanur
14 Venkatāche lamayengār 63 } Do — (14) 1 Wife 2 sons 1 Daughter md

Vide preceding side

III – – – – The person N° 4 of C° 16 claims 1/16 Vritty from the persons N° 1 & 2 of C° 16 by reason that it is his patrimony. The Claimant & Defendant are cousins. It is proved that the grand father of the person N° 1 of C° 16 & father of the person N° 4 of C° 16 were brothers; that they had a step Mother to whom they gave one Vritty for maintenance; that after her death which took place about 60 years ago, the grand father of the person N° 1 C° 16 & father of the person N° 4 of C° 16 received half Vritty equally at 1/4 each to cover the expenses of the funeral rites of the deceased Widow; that out of the remaining half Vritty the father of the person N° 4 C° 16 took 1/4 Vritty on the ground that he expended larger sum than the grand father of the person N° 1 of C° 16 for performing the funeral rites of the deceased; that the father of the person N° 4 of C° 16 retained in his possession the remaining 1/4 Vritty & refused to give a share in it to the ~~gr~~ grand father of the person N° 1 of C° 16; that the grand father of the person N° 1 of C° 16 died 60 years ago; that in A D 1846, the father of the person N° 1 of C° 16 & the person N° 4 of C° 16 ~~were~~ decided by an arbitration that the ^[the father of the] person N° 1 is to have 3/16 Vritty & the person N° 4 of C° 16 again is to have 3/16 Vritty & that the person N° 1 is enjoying the 1/16 Vritty so far back as 2 years, & that the person N° 4 of C° 16 again began to quarrel with the person N° 1 of C° 16 for his 1/16 Vritty since the last 2 years. The Panchayet named is on a plane [illegible] Tadjandag. It is proved to be genuine one. Hence the Claim of the person N° 4 of C° 16 is rejected & the party is referred to Civil Court.

Register of Iinam Village of Kurukkatti in the Talug of Nattarasenkottai of Sivagenga Zamindari Estate in Madura District

Kurukkatti

	Patrimony	supported by documents	Total shares
is enjoying	1 - 7/16	"	1 - 7/16
and 3 are Do	1 - 7/16	"	1 - 7/16
4 and 5 Do Do	1 - 5/8	"	1 - 5/8
6 to 8 Do Do	" - 1/2	"	1/2
9 and 10 Do Do	"	4	4
11 and 12 Do Do	"	3	3
Total	5	7	12

Sheet No. 1077

Register No. 926

I This is one of the Villages in the zemindary of Sevagangai - this was granted for the subsistance of one Astavadhany Siva Sidambara Kavy Royer - who was famous poet of those days. The date of the grant is not known - In the account of F 1211, this is entered as Iinam - In the account of F 1223, this is entered as Kaviroyer's Maniyam. In the zemindar's Account of Fasly 1246, this Village is entered as Devastanam endowment. This is a mistake. The Patta of this Village is not forthcoming - this Village is omitted from the English Account of A D 1815 - On the whole this being a personal grant this is treated as such. No Talk arose about the Area or about the boundaries on the part of the Rajah's Vakeel. The boundaries now inserted on the vernacular statement correspond to those in the Account of F 1246. Hence the boundaries are confirmed here & the 31 Acres & 40 Cents are registered here which are situated in the said boundaries -

II - This Village consists of 12 equal Vritties - They are enjoyed as shown in the margin - The lands are undivided. Porupu is paid on the number of Vritties equally & permanently -

III - The persons No 1 to 8 of col 16 are descendants of the Orgl Grantee & others are alienees -

IV .... The persons No 9 10 11 & 12 of col 16 purchased their lands in A D 1801 & 1839 for Rupees 500 from one Veeraperumal Pillai & Gurusawmy Pillai - Two bills are on plam Cadjan leaves - Transactions proved to be bonafide by the persons No 1 to 8 of col 16 - Enjoyment also is proved.

As per acct of F 1211

Nanja (Virayadi) - 15 - " 10 - 50
Excess - (Do) - 10 - " 7 - "
25 - " 17 - 50
Punja Excess (Kurkam) 60 - " 33 - 60
51 - 10

Deduct Poramboke
Bed of Tank (Kurkam) 30 - " 16 - 80
Pond - (Do) - 2 - " 1 - 12
Village site (Do) - 6 - " 3 - 36
Unarable land (Do) - 12 - " 6 - 72
28 - "

Remainder - 23 - 10

Deduced from the statement & two papers produced by the Iinamdars

Nanja - (Virayadi) cultivation 15 - " 10 - 50
Excess - Do (Do) - 10 - " 7 - "
25 - " 17 - 50
Punja Excess (Kurkam) cultivation 10 - " 5 - 60
Total 23 - 10

1027

1027
19-2-3
3-4-9
16-7

Charity Jodi as per Istimirar acct Rs 14-15-1
Izafa 4-3-2
19-2-3

Her

The name of grantor and the date is unknown

Acct of F 1211
Maratacut of F 1223
Boundary acct of F 1246
Ayakat acct of F 1263
Board Regr of A D 1815
No Patta -

Astavadani Sivasidamba ra Kaviroyer -

In F 1211 Iinam Kurukatti -
Nanja (Virayadi) 15 - " A C 10 - 50
In Maratacut of F 1211 Do - Do -
In F 1263 none
In F 1246 Devestanam Kurukatti area none
In Regr of A D 1815 none

In F 1223 Kavirayer Maniyam Kurukat Mukittakem teyyendal
Nanja (Virayadi) 15 - " A C 10 - 50
1 Palaniyandi Kaviraiyn

Kurukatti

1 Viraperumal Pillai - 75 } Great grandson of person in Col 13.
(1) 1 Wife
2 sons
1 Daughter-in-law
2 Daughters-in-law

2 Karuppana Pillai 25 } Grand son of grandson of person in Col 13.
(2) 1 Mother

3 Palaniyandi 16 } Do -
(3) 1 Elder brother

Kurukkatti
4 Suppaya Pillai 24 } Son of daughter's son of the son of person in Col 13 -
(4) 1 Wife
1 son
1 Mother

5 Kalimuttu 10 } Do -
(5) 1 Elder brother
1 Younger Do

6 Sirumuttu Pillai - 28 } Son of Daughter's Daughter of the son of person in Col 13.
(6) 1 Wife
1 son

7 Arumugam 18 } Do -
(7) 1 Elder brother
2 Younger Do

8 Jagannadan 12 } Do -
(8) 1 Elder brother
2 Younger Do

Aoalenchi Family Inam Lands are undivided One Patta is recom

List of Inams granted subsequent to the date of the Iinam by the Iinamdars themselves

Names of the Individuals	Extent Acres - Cents
1 Venkataramanaiyen	" - 44
2 Naranayen	" - 88
Total	1 - 32

To be confirmed under Rule II Clause III Agreed -

Zemindari Iode - 19 - 2 - 3

Govt 2 R/8 = 10 Rupees

The Village having all along been enjoyed as Personal it is confd as such in one T D on a 2 R 1 As 10 -
21/9/64

H. Stewart and Revd
Kurnool
26/7/64

Ackn
1070

TDO

Fenwick

Rates of Government Tālugs per Acre

	Max	Min
Dry	3-9-9.	—1-7.
Wet	10-13-3.	—5-9.

Average Rates of Government Tālugs per Acre
Dry 1—5—6
Wet 4—6—1.

Average Value of grain of Melwaram on wet land in Kiranur Mahanam Consisting of Ayen Villages in the Talug of Nattarasenkottai for a period of 15 years

From Fl 1250 to Fl 1270	Cultivated area in Acre	Gross out turn	of which zamindar's share at 45 per Cent	Average prices of grains	Value of quantity of grain given in Col 4.	Rates per Acre
K M P	A C	K M P	K M P	Rs A P	Rs A P	Rs A P
10255—8—2	7178—92	81185—11—3.	36856—1—1.	1—7—11.	55523—0—4.	7—11—9.

Nattarasenkottai

9 Suppramaniyasetti 65 } Al— (9) 1 Wife
5 Sons
5 Daughters in law
7 Grandsons
3 Grand Daughters

10 Kannappasetti — 38 } Do — (10) 1 Wife
1 Mother

11 Sainarayen 59 } Do — (11) 1 Wife
3 Sons
2 Daughters md

12 Laksumanayen — 52 } Do — (12) 1 Wife
1 Grandson
1 Son
1 Daughter md

— Vide preceding side

Valuation

V.... The Mahazarrams in this part of the country made a rule generally to class ~~such~~ as arable such extent of Wet as would cover the Poruppu at one Rupee per Kallem & class the rest as Porumboke. In this case, the holders of this Village brought on the Register 25 Kallems of Wet lands - classed 5 Kallems of which as Porumboke & the rest as arable area. This is a fictitious account. When I questioned the holders of the Village about this, they admitted that their account is not a correct one & that they prepared such an Account from ignorance. Hence I added in my valuation, the 3 Acre & 81 cents of Wet classed as Porumboke to the arable area - It appears that all the Dry & Wet arable lands in the Village are cultivated annually in full. The Wet lands depend upon one Tank of moderate size. It is fed by 2 Jungle Streams - The Tank is fed annually. Scarcity of Water is not felt generally - Nunjah & Punjah lands are of a superior quality generally - Some of the Wet lands are cultivated annually 2d time - ½ Acre is and then cultivated with garden crops - The Village is in pretty good state. The average income of this Village as per statement of the holders thereof is 30 Rupees per annum. This is not true; This is quite false. The Contiguous Ayen Villages are Viranur & Sarapatty - The average Wet assessment of these Villages come to 5 8 0 per acre - The average Dry assessment varies from 0 13 6 to 1-2-0 per acre - In consideration of the fertility of soil &c I frame the valuation of the Village as follows -

Wet 17½ cultivated at 5-8-0 per acre 96-4-0
Dry 5½ Acre at 1-2-0 per acre 6-3-0

Total 102-7-0

Kunnakudi
26-7-64 }

A. Swaminatha Rao