Register of Jewtam Village of Kannarirupu of Pedamaliar Pallaiyut in Nearer Sabag of Sivaganga Zemindary in the District of Madura

No 3
1337

Register No. 1337 Kannarirupu.

This is one of the 8 Villages composing the Padamattur Polaiyut in the Zemindary of Sivaganga. The Padamattur family of long standing & local eminence obtained from the Hindoo Govt. the grant of eight Villages for maintenance on a light quit rent, which was subsequently confirmed by the Madura Govt. Though the estate was at times termed a Palaiyat, at times a Zemindary, it was in fact, merely a large grant, which had existed prior to the creation of the Sivaganga Zemindary within which it is situated. The said Eighteen Villages are situated. It appears from a letter from Mr Lushington to Lieut Colonel Agnew, dated 5th June 1801, that in 1780, the Sivaganga Zemindary was in possession of a Minor, widow of the last Poligar, who was killed in action at Nalagur Fort & her power & estate was usurped by her minister [redacted] Chinna Vella Marutta who rebelled against both the Nabob & Honorable Company, & drove the heirs of the Poligar out of the Country. The Company & Troops having conquered it, Mr Lushington thought it advisable to re-establish the Sivaganga Country as a Zemindary & looked about for the heirs of the old Poligar family. He seems to have rejected the claims of the nearest relation Vengan Periya Vudaya Taver on the ground of his connection with the rebellious Marutus & selected Padamattur Nonya Taver, & recommended to Govt his installation as Zemindar.

Mr Lushington's proposal was sanctioned by Govt on the 6th July 1801 & a proclamation was issued declaring Nonya Tavar Zemindar A.D. 1801 - Mr Istimrar Sanad was given here in A.D. 1803 - - - -

(Vide next leaf)

Confirmed as recommended in one 7 for this Village & Refs Nos 1338, 1339, 1340 & 1341 & the 2 Rs in all of Survey No 247 & Rs [illegible] relating to Jodi of Survey No 175

15/8/65

To be continued under Rule II of Govt III Spread

Remarks Dist - Vide report sheet

God 20/8 - do 32

Lapsation 24-11-64

Jewtam Jodi as per Estimate 223-0-3

Ber as per original Sanad Grantor & date

Thumma of the Sanad of A.D. 1223

Boundary Act of A.D. 1246 Ayakat Act of A.D. 1263

Act of A.D. 1815

As per Sanad A.D. 1211 Fasly 1220 Sivaganga Nonya Tavar Periya Vudaya Tever

Sanad A.D. 1223 Fasly 1232 Kinna Nayagi Veerayi 183-7-1 at 128-46

Sanad A.D. 1246 Fasly 1256 Kinna Nayagi Veerayi 197-11-2 at 131-46

Sanad A.D. 1263 Fasly 1273 Kinna Nayagi Veerayi 23

1 Muttu Vira Rachunadha Periya Udaya Tever

2 Ganari Vallabha Tever 18

Great Grandson of the 3 Wives Person Co 13

1 Widow of Younger brother of Father (2)

Do - 1 Wife

Relations Family & Descendants divided into Patti in succession

Shaik No. 1531

1324-2-

(Grain assessed)

As per abst of Fasly 1211

Nanjs Varay	Do	183-7-1	128-46
Puncas	Do Do	39-6-5	27-84
		223-0-0	156-12
Dry Nanjs Kurukai		350-0-0	196-0
Vanjaro Kuli		400-0-0	2-50
			354-62
Poduc Varu Cakes			
1/2 of Nanjs Kurukai		100-0-0	56-0
Village rate	Do	40-0-0	22-40
Threshing yard	Do	10-0-0	5-60
Total		150-0-0	84-0
Remainder			270-60
Sedual Inam			
Devadayam Nanjs Varay	Do	2-2-3	1-53
Punsal	Do Do	1-5-4-0	98
Total		3-7-7-2	51
Remainder			268-09
Nanjs Varay Cultivated		477-13	125-95
Excess	Do Do	34-6-5	24-14
Do Do Waste		5-4-0	3-50
Total		219-5-5	153-59
Excess Nanjs Kurukai Cultivated		100-0-0	56-0
Waste		100-0-0	56-0
Total		200-0-0	112-0
(Vanjaro) Kuli Cultivated		400	2-50
Grand Total			268-09

J.D. No 1695

Rates of Government Tolage per Acre

	Max	Min
Dry	3-9-9	-1-7
Wet	10-13-3	-5-9

Average rates of Government Tolage per Acre

Dry	1-5-6
Wet	4-6-1

Average value of grain of Pulavarsu on wet land in Villages Mayuram consisting of 8 Agra Villages in Ramnad Tolag for the Period of 15 years.

From Fasly 1256 to Fasly 1270	Cultivated Area in Acre	Grass cutters	Of which Zemindar's share at 15 per cent	Average prices of 8 years	Value of the gross Grain in Box.	Rate per Acre
Rs As P	A C	Rs As P	Rs As P	Rs As P	Rs As P	Rs As P
45[illegible]-3-3	3197-77	329439-4	44450-13-1	1-7-5	21537-5-4	6-15-11

(Two copies)

II It appears from the marginally noted correspondence and from several other papers that the Polegars

From Collector of Madura to Board dated 29 September 1853
17 October 1853
Board Proceedings dated 17 October 1853
From Collector dated 19 May 1854 for 5 June 1854
Board Proceedings 5 June 1854
From Collector 8 September 1854 for 12 October 1854
From Collector 18 August 1848 for 6 November 1848.
From Board 18 May 1848
Board Proceedings dated 21 September 1861. No 5119.
" " " 5 November 1861 No 6049
" " " 7 July 1862 No 4369.

composing the late Polegar put forward little else sold for the private liabilities of the Polegar & doubted for some time whether Govt have reversion any right in them — for their order dated 22nd July 1862 No 1508 Govt decided "that this case also should be treated under the Forest Rules" & resolved "accordingly to forward the whole of the papers now" reviewed to the Commissioner, with a view to the commutation of their reversionary rights as usual." The Board" all these Villages are brought under the settlement.

III On the demise of Gowry Vallabha Taver alias "Oraya Taver" on the night of the 7th November 61 leaving a Widow without any issue, male or female, the Collector of Madura in his letter dated 14 November 61 No 291 recommended that the Board that the Widow be recognized as proprietress of the Estate" late Gowry Vallabha Taver leaving, Oraya Taver, son of Oraya Taver of Vailangolam, & the brother of the Ex-zemindary Sevoganga, who claimed the Polegat, by reason that they were adopted by the deceased Polegar — to settle their claim in the Civil Court. In their Proceedings dated 3rd December 61 No 6688 the Board requested the Collector to enquire & state a full enquiry as to fact of the alleged adoption having really taken place & as to the mental competency of the deceased Widow in such a matter at the time stated & report the result. He was also requested at the same time to state whether the Sevoganga & Pammattur Zamindaris were or were not divided in the reign of the Law. Then order dated 22nd July 62 No 1567 grounded on the Board's Proceedings dated 10 February of the same year the Ex-zemindar of Sevoganga is successor of the deceased Polegar on the ground that he is now the senior representative of the family on which it was originally conferred & whom it was subsequently renewed by different dynasties for good services to the State — & pronounced at the same time that the Widow is entitled for maintenance — & over the other Villages which were declared to the late Polegar are registered in the name of the Ex-zemindar of Sevoganga & his adopted son Vaniya Brother No 2 of 16. This individual No 2 of 16 claimed lately before the Collector for the whole Polegar reason that he was adopted by the late Polegar.

(Two recent sheets)

Register No. 1337

Sheet No. 1532

Salem Taluk