Chinnavitchapidayendab-

	Patrimony	supported by Devasthanam	Total shares
[illegible]	1/4	—	1/4
do	1/4	—	1/4
do	1/4	—	1/4
do	—	2	2
are do	—	2	2
do	—	2	2
do do	—	2	2
Total	2	8	10

Register No 1302

Register No 1312

In the Village in the Zemindary of Pergunjei - From the Account of F1211 it appears that half of the Village was granted for the support of the Temple of Sree Nadha Swamy at Sriburumaru & the remaining half was granted from Alagappayen as Dharmasanam or subsistence grant. In the Account of F1223, half of the Village is entered as Dharmasanam & the remaining half as Ayen- In the Account of F1246, half of the Village is entered as Dharmasanam & the remaining half as Devasthanam endowment. In the English Account of A.D 1815, of which a [illegible] forwarded to the Board of Revenue, the whole Village is entered under the head of Pattumon Dharmasanam. The Boundaries are in the Account of Pergunja Zemindary are very serious - The Temple is efficiently kept up - It is proved by the Trustees, by the Melvaramdars of the Dharmasanam portion of this Village & by the Ramjo Vellal that half of the Village is in Devasthanam endowment & the remaining half is Dharmasanam & that it is held as such from time immemorial - Some half of Village is registered in the names of the Temple & the remaining half in the names of the Melvaramdars - The Temple has several other Villages besides this - All Sawa Slamy and No Talaiyaris about the area & about the boundaries on the part of the Ramjo Vellal - The boundaries now inserted in the memorandum attached to correspond with those in the Account of F1246 - Hence the boundaries are confirmed here & the 199 acres 24 cents contained therein are registered here - The Devasthanam portion is free from all Tax -

(Vide next sale)

For support of Sree Nadha Swamy in Sriburumaru

Boundary Account of F1246

Account As per Sattlement of F1211 Sriburumaru Devasthanam Sree Nadha Swamy Sriburumaru Devasthanam Sree Nadha Swamy Sriburumaru Devasthanam Sree Nadha Swamy

Rate of Government Tolaga per Acre

	Max	Min
Dry	3-9-9	" 1-7
Wet	12-13-3	" 5-9

Average rates of Government Tolaga per Acre

Dry 1-5-6

Wet 4-6-1

Average value of grain of Melwaram and Thul in Mejavaram Consisting of Ayan Villages in Kalahasti Taluq for the period of 15 years -

A

Years from to Fs 1270	Cultivable area in acres	Gross outturn	Gathick Expenditure at 45 per cent	Average prices of grains	Value of the quantity of Grains given in Kists	Rates per acre
Rs As	A C	Rs As	Rs As	Rs As	Rs As	Rs As P

II The Dannavanam portion consisting 10 equal Shittees. They are enjoyed as shewn in the margin of the preceding sheet. The lands are not divided. Porupu is paid on the number of Shittees equally & permanently -

III The persons Nos 1-2-3 & 4 of 016 are descendants of the Zyl Grantee & others are aliences who acquired lands as follows - The ancestors of the persons Nos 5 to 9 & their themselves purchased the lands entered opposite their names in AD 1803-1816-1839 & 1841 - for Rupees 6000 - Join one Pandi at Arumayen & shareholders in the Village. & Mels & sale are on plain paper Transactions proved & the bona fides & Enjoyment proved -

Valuation -

IV Wet lands in the Village depend upon Tanks - They are in repair - They are fed by eight feeder Temple Streams & the Tanks are filled annually - Scarcity of Water is not felt - The Malabar Arums & the Tamil portion being connived with each other, flawed consideration portion of the marked crops & Wet lands as waste - It is more difficult to settle personal grants where the Shittees & Dinavanam portion which are under the management & the Zemindars have shares in over the same Village lie - because the Tamil inhabitants & the Ryots Vatkel are purchased by the Malabar means - The Ryots Vatkel says that for a series of years - Shittees entire Village, & Acres 412 Cats of Wet & 11 do & 720 Cats of Dry are plowed as cultivated - I see no reason why there should be such an enormous waste - The results of my enquiry go to prove that the matter of waste is much exaggerated - If the state charges for an evidently low price - Some of the Wet lands are cultivated annually & some - Nanjah & Punjah lands are superior quality generally - The average Village is Tolaga The contiguous Ayan Village

(See next sheet)

Dannavanam Varaiyil 25 - 0 - 0 A 17-50 Lavender rajayan Vn Brahmin Is Fs 1246 Pitchi Villayan Lal 1/2 Village Dannavanam 1/2 Village Dasabuan 1 Village Panja Varaiyil 50 - 0 - 0 A 35 - " Is Ryot for D 1815

Row 45 Grandson of the pr Bo 13

5 Chetambo Ram Pillai 30 } Al

Tirupachetty

6 Chinno Ram Pillai 25 } Al

7 Sondrom Pillai 20 } Al

8 Lakko Pillai 61 } Al

9 Sappini Yo Pillai 58 } Al

Wife 2 Sisters Daughter 1 Daughters Son 1 Daughters Daughter (5)

1 Wife 1 Younger brother 1 Brother (3)

1 Wife (2)

1 Wife (2)

1 Wife 4 Sisters Daughter 1 Daughters Son (7)

2 Sons 2 Daughters also (4)

Vide preceding page

Dannavanam Chinna Pitchi Pillai Zemindar Lawder

Ryot for Fs 1246 Pichapillai

Village

The average Net assessment of this Village is calculated for a period of 15 years previous to 1270 is 8 0 5 per Acre. The average Dry assessment varies from 1 to 1-8 per Acre. In consideration of the fertility of soil & Garden the valuation of the entire Village is as follows. The soil of this Village may be placed on par with that of contiguous Ryotwar Village.

Sheet No. 1503

Register No. 1312

Wet 80 Acres cultivated at 8 Rupees per Acre	640	
Wet 20 Acres of an inferior quality at 3 Rupees	60	
Wet 32 Acres Waste fit to be cultivated at 1 Rupee	32	
Total	732-0-0	
Dry 20 Acres cultivated at 1 Rupee	20	
Dry 17 Acres 32 Cents Waste at ¼ Rupee	4-2-2	
Total	24-2-2	
		766-2-2

(In rice Cultivation)

Remarked
15-11-64

A Swaminadha Aiyar