

I There is one of the Donations in the genealogy of Peragunga. This was granted by the person of 11 to whom it is not known from public accounts. The person of 1 of 16 says that this was granted to Subbarawany, his Grand Father - for sustenance. This is a hereditary grant. This is in uninterrupted possession of its holders since the date of the grant. This has one Patta. It was lost. The Village is supported by all the accounts of 12. No Tallies about the area or about the boundaries on the part of the Rany's Vakeel. The boundaries correspond to those in the account of 77246. Hence the area of 75 Acres & 58 cents is confirmed here. The excess is a marked one. It is situated within the proper limits of the Village. The Village is enjoyed & pance is paid as shown in the margin. The lands are divided permanently. Pance is paid permanently.

II The person of 1 of 16 is a descendant of the Off. Grantee as proved to be by transaction. The person of 1 of 16 says that the persons of 12-3-4 & 5 of 16 are his younger Siblings sons & that he gave the lands entailed off to them ^{names} ~~mother~~ about 40 years ago to their mother as per money & that there are no discontents. The persons of 1 of 16 purchased their lands partly by themselves & partly in the days of 1708-1806-1807-1808-1815 & 1862. For Rupees 3594.22 from Ramian Ramia Nayyar.

As per sheet of Tien
Nanjo Torayish 29-10-20-84
Covers to 19-0-13-30
Covers Nanjo Karakura 48-10-34-14
74-0-41-44
75-58
Sedact Daramboke
Bed of Lake Karakura 33-60
Village site to 4-0-2-24
Threshing ground to 4-0-2-24
Pasture land to 7-0-1-12
Mural ground to 2-0-2-24
74-0-41-44
Remainder 34-14
Nanjo Torayish 29-10-20-84
Cultural
Covers to 9-0-6-30
to 8-0-7-0
48-10-34-14

Lorne's good
 known as per
 Estlin
 Oct
 25-136
 of the
 the same

[illegible]

Pundaricawyer - Narayner, Mussoyer, Matthe Campen
Pundaricawyer & Thyeater of Pany Panyer are, Churchholders in
The Village & three Bells are one plain Fagun leaves -
- One bell of gold is one two stamped paper & Bells of silver
- 1787-1798-1789-1807- were registered in the registers
Register four of Madras in 1809 - All the above
the transactions proved to the British - Enjoyment proved

(This must see)
To be confirmed in the
II of 1892 & under No. 724
III for alienation -
Confirmed as
recommended in
No. 724
Geminian 25-73-6 2nd 20 -
12/4/67. 1898.
1890

Gold Leaf = 20 Pieces

N. L. ...

Recent Swains Mt.
A.C.
Vol. Col 18 is enjoying
Gyneria hankigai

20-84
 Letchmi 30 Subbayon } 80 (3)
 Perisima 30 } 1 wife
 mayon 2 sons
 8th 4. Le'shayon } 80 (4)
 1944 25 } 1 wife
 Gorma 5 Nagasun } 80 (5)
 sonam 5 Nagasun } 3 Elder
 Arapel Doramayan } 18 } brothers
 Law 18 }
 Nung's Arapallom (6)
 Dorajidi
 29-12-6 Vondur } Al 1 Mother
 18 }
 In Kater virappa } (7)
 7-12-18 }
 Arapala 7 Subramoniam } Al 6 Elder
 Law 2 } 1 wife
 2 }
 Letchmi V. pangalon (3)
 Perisima
 you 8 Kelavan } Al 1 son
 7 } 1 daughter
 50 } 1 daughter
 29 Virabhad } Al (9)
 4 } 1 Mother
 10 Ramasami } Al (10)
 11 G. G. 2 sons

A. C. C. C.
 Family
 D. C. C.
 C. C. C.
 also
 D. C. C.
 C. C. C.
 C. C. C.

1.

10-13-3 a-59

- Average rates of Government Salaries per acre

July 1-5-6

Mal 10 6 1

Average value of grain of Melosm on wet land in Piringerai
Maganam consisting of Ajiu Villages in the harned Salug
for the period of 15 years -

From 1866 to 1870	Calcutta are a in Acre	Grass all over	Of which Zemindar's share at 45 per cent	Average prices of grains	Value of the quantity of grains given in Calcutta	Rates per Acre
1868	A B	1868	1868	1868	1868	1868
4902-13-3	2732-07	27913-9-4	12344-8-2	1-4-3	15630-15-0	5-11-6

III - --- Wet lands depend upon one two Tanks of large size - They are in repair - They are fed by a single Stream - The Tanks are filled annually - No scarcity - 22 Virayi } 30 } 26
of Water is felt generally - The Mulayannam say that 27 Acres of Wet. are cultivated annually
in full - that the remaining 7 Acres are partly cultivated & partly Waste - Some of the Wet lands
are cultivated 2 times annually - No Umbra is raised in this Village - Kariak lands are of a
superior quality generally - The contiguous Agr. Village is Panna Mulayannam - The average Wet
assessment of this Village calculated for a period of 15 years previous to 1870 comes to 6 Rs per acre -
But this Agr. Village is not fit to stand in competition with the Dammamam under settlement -
because it is an insignificant & a ruined Village, while the Dammamam is a good Village -
The average income of the Village as per statement of the Mulayannam is 770 Rs per annum -
This is quite false - In consideration of the fertility of soil & the valuation of the
Village as follows
Wet - 30 Acres cultivated annually at 6 Rs per acre - 180 -
Wet - 4 acres Waste &c at 20 Rs per acre - 80 -
Total - 260 -

11 Vellayan 30 } AL 1 Wife
 1 Mother
 Daughter
 (12)
 12 Sabboya 35 } AL 1 Wife
 2 Married
 Daughter
 (13)
 13 Mettuka 30 } AL 1 Wife
 1 Mother
 (14)
 14 Kattika 30 } AL 2 Wives
 (15)
 15 Adakalan 25 } AL 1 Wife
 1 Mother
 1 Married
 Daughter
 (16)
 16 Adakalan 50 } AL 1 Wife 1 Son
 1 Daughter
 (17)
 17 Sabboya 30 } AL 1 Wife
 2 Sons
 1 Mother
 (18)
 18 Mettappa 25 } AL none
 (19)
 19 Nagalin 20 } AL 1 Wife
 1 Mother
 (20)
 20 Ramaswami 65 } AL 1 Wife
 2 Sons
 2 Daughters
 1 Married
 Daughter
 (21)
 21 Visalakshi 60 } AL 1 Son
 1 Married
 Daughter
 (22)
 22 Virayi 30 } AL 1 Husband

Vide preceding list

Fair Copy

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