

Register of Sharmaswami Village of Alisarangudi in the Taluk of Tripplattur in Srirangapatnam Estate in Madras District

Harris		Linn	
No 1 - is enjoying	671 1280	No 14 - do - do	3504 20480
No 2 - do - do	205 840	No 15 - do - do	~~3504~~
No 3 - do - do	335 840	No 16 - do - do	399 840
No 4 - do - do	244 320	No 17 - do - do	249 1280
No 5 - do - do	975 1280	No 18 - do - do	799 1280
No 6 - do - do	975 1280	No 19 - do - do	7603 20480
No 7 - do - do	4935 10240	No 20 - do - do	81 5120
No 8 - do - do	4933 10240	No 21 - do - do	731 2560
No 9 - do - do	11520 20480	No 22 - do - do	731 2560
No 10 - do - do	1744 2560	No 23 - do - do	377 2560
No 11 - do - do	975 1280	No 24 - do - do	243 640
No 12 - do - do	1744 2560	No 25 - do - do	975 2560
No 13 - do - do	731 640		

Tharis Phisarangudi

Spring 1892

1. Person of the Damosanama in the Zemindari of Durgangal - He was granted by the Government of 1834 of
- subsistence. This is a hereditary grant. This is in uninterrupted possession of it holders since the date of the grant.
This has a Patta on a copper plate. It appears from the English account of A.D. 1885, copy of which is forwarded to the Board of Revenue
- that this Patta is a registered one - No toll was about the Area or about the bounaries or the part of the Zemindari Vakkal - The
- bounaries now inclosed in the revenue statement correspond to those in the Patta - Hence the area of 64 acres & 15 cents is confirmed
- which are said to be situated within the said bounaries - From the Patta it appears that this & two other Villages of
Karnavakkur & "Sengallamoi Vinsal" were granted with the Village under settlement one & the same date to the Brahmins
"Gola"
Nana & Nana Sutar. Again in the Patta, bounaries are given separately for the Village under settlement one is brought
- jointly for the other two Villages of Karnavakkur & Sengallamoi Vinsal - Hence the Village under settlement one is brought
- the Register & the other two on a separate Register. In the English Account Pongur is entered in Lump as 104-14-4 -
- was increased from 105 to 105-1 - of this sum, the share of the Village is 56-13-8 which is paid separately to the Government -
- the rest is paid on account of the other two Villages jointly. Again the area of these 3 Villages is given in Lump only in
- the Account of 1721 & of 1723 - There is not any other account to show the area of these Villages separately
(Vide next list)

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To be confirmed under rule
1/3 signed & under rule 111
for album -
Commissioner Date 5 Feb 1865
Confirmed as
recommended
in one T D on a
L R of Rs 27.
2/3/65 WMS
J. L. M.
1593

Harvard Rev. J.
Parable
23-184

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 Family
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2-4 30

Rates of Government Rates per Acre

Maxi
Dry 3-9-9
Wet 10-13-3

Mini
-1-7
-5-9

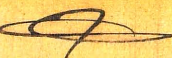
Average Rates of Government Rates per Acre

Dry 1-5-6
Wet 4-6-1

Average Value of grain of bidanaram on wet land in Pattamungalam
ma honam consisting of Ayas Village in Srippattur Taluk
For a period of 15 years

From 1256	Cultivated area in acres	Gross out turn	Grain which must be share at 45 per cent	Average price of grain	Value of quantity of grain per acre	Ratio per acre
15th 1270						
H M P	C	H M P	H M P	R S P	R S P	R S P
17466-7	12239-15	*	71059-3-2	1-8-3	107406-2-7	8-13-7

* As the figures in fol 10 include Varisapattur or the
quantity of grain for which some of the lands have been
rented out, and as the gross outturn of the village has
been in kind is not known the ratio is left blank.



The Madayanams entered in the account 64 acres & 15 futs as the area of the village -
with reference to the area upon which Pongu was fixed originally -
This the survey remains in the forest area of the village & that there are no other lands -
than the said 64 acres & 15 futs within the limits of the village - Some persons complained
that the Madayanams concealed some of the lands in the village without bringing to the
account. Upon this the Madayanams gave a reply that there are no
other lands than 64 acres & 15 futs within the boundaries of the village - The village
consists of 16 equal Villages. They are enjoyed as shown in the margin. The lands are divided
permanently & Pongu is paid on the number of Villages equally & permanently -
The persons of opposite to the above name the waste shareholders are marked down - say
that they descendants of the Ogl Granters & that they have no documents to prove this -
The persons of 16 opposite to the above name the waste shareholders are entered as to be the descendants
of the Ogl Granters by the tradition - In the accounts of 1722 & 1745 the names of only one
shareholder is given - His son is the person 126 of 16 -

The person 11-2-34-5-6-7-8-9-10-11-12-16-17-18-19-20-24-25 of 16 -
17-18-19-20-24-25 of 16 -
17-18-19-20-24-25 of 16 -

10. Sarummi } (10)
yanaranayen } Al. 2 sons
gar 66 } 1 Grandson
3 Granddaughters
11. Padagopayya } (11)
gar 50 } So 1 wife
2 sons
2 Daughters
12. Kodaiyama } (12)
mil 30 } So 2 Daughters
13. Ayadani } (13)
yangar 75 } Share 1 son's widow
holder 1 widow
Daughter
14. Venkatachari } (14)
Ayangar alias } So 1 wife
Ayathurayen } 4 sons
gar 55 } 1 Daughter
15. Koneri } (15)
Ayengar } Al. 1 wife
1 Mother
1 Father
3 Brothers
16. Pullurayya } (16)
gar 68 } Share 1 wife
holder 2 sons
1 Grandson
2 Granddaughters
17. Ragavayya } (17)
gar 65 } So 1 wife
1 son
1 son's widow
2 Granddaughters
18. Padagopa } (18)
yangar 50 } So 1 son
19. Periyathayya } (19)
yangar 74 } So 1 son
1 Grandson
1 Granddaughter
20. Srinivasa } (20)
yangar 25 } So 1 wife
1 son
21. Ramayya } (21)
yangar 25 } So 1 wife
2 sons
2 Daughters
22. Sainama } (22)
yangar alias } So 1 wife
2 Daughters
Karanayyengar

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