AUSS 0-12

Sheets No 2 to 5 (Extract)

Register (No.)   Register of Inams in the Village of Tadiktombu (No.)

Class, Extent and Value of Inam.							Description, Tenure and Documents in support of the Inam.						[illegible]
			Extent.		Survey Assessment.	Revised or present Assessment.		Tenure.			Written Instruments in support of the claim.		
Number of Order or entire holding under one grant in this village.	[illegible]	[illegible] Dry [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Where no Survey has been made, and no Assessment fixed by Government, the sum paid by the ryot to the Inamdar, or the average Assessment of similar Government land should be entered in column 7.		Description of Inam. If for service, it is to be stated whether the service is continued. If for tanks, buildings, etc, whether they are efficiently kept up.	Whether free of tax, i.e., sarva, dumbala, etc., or liable to quit-rent, i.e., jodi, kattubadi, bediga, etc. Amount of latter to be entered.	Hereditary unconditional for life only, or for two or more lives.	By whom granted and in what year.	Original sanad, all minor documents, and other proofs of long possession. In this column it should be stated whether the Inam is held with or without grant, whether the grant is produced or lost, etc., and the general specification of terms of all documents produced, should be given.	Name of original grantee.	Names entered in register prepared according to [illegible] 1801, or in the permanent settlement accounts, and relationship of persons so entered to original grantee.
1					6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
12.	Personal [illegible]		[illegible]	3-15	[illegible]	[illegible]-6	Bhatta Vritti	Free	Heredi-tary	By Raja Surya Bramma-royar a Prince of Mysore on the Punama Kartike Vikrama year Sewa 1502 about A.D 1580.	Original grand on Copper Popper plate 1.	Grantees (1) Peria Nambi Timmayungar (2) Peria Nambi Thirumalin Sholamalay Iyengar No. 1 and 2 Cousins.	In 1212 Battavaali Peria Nambi aiyangar 5th decd. In 1223 Bhattavarti Periarambi aiyangar 5th decd of the I st grantee.
	Vaali Shetty	[illegible]	9-11-3	[illegible]-24	25-6	25-6							
		14	4-10-1	2-76	2-15	2-15							
		15	11-2-1	6-57	7-1	7-1							
		16	0-4-1	[illegible]	0-3	0-3							
		17	0-10-1	0-38	0-6	0-6							
		18	0-2-3	0-10	0-1	0-1							
		19	4-14-3	2-90	3-2	3-2							
		20	4-0-2	2-38	2-9	2-9							
		21	0-11-2	0-42	0-5	0-5							
		22	1-9-2	0-94	1-5.	1-0							
		23	2-9-0	1-51	2-3	1-10							
		24	0-3-0	0-11	0-1	0-1							
	Grama Nattam	25	0-8-2	0-31	0-5	0-5							
		27	0-10-1	0-38	0-6	0-6							
		29	2-0-0	1-18	1-11	1-4							
		30	2-14-2	1-71	1-14	1-14							
		31	1-4-0	0-74	0-8	0-8							
		32	8-12-~~15~~	5-17	3-12	3-12							
		33	5-10-3	3-35	2-6	2-6							

Vide next Sheet.

II

in the Taluk of Dindigul in the District of Madura

9 OCT 1923 MADURA

Relationship of Original Grantee and of subsequent and present Holders;—Length of possession

Particulars regarding present Owner. If the Inam has been sub-divided, the name, etc., of each sharer should be entered in these columns.

Name entered in the survey, or in any subsequent accounts, and relationship to predecessors.	Name and age.	Place of residence.	Relation to original grantee or subsequent Registered holders.	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent.	If unconnected with the original holders, possession how obtained, and in what year.
15	16	17	18	19	20
In 1236 Perianambi aiyangar Registree in 1212 In 1241 Perianambi Narsimha chariyar Son of the party in 1212 and 1223	Peria Nambi Stree~~[illegible]~~neevassa = chariyar alias Perianambi Iyengar 35.	Tadik-Kombu Madura and Streerangam in Trichinopoly.	Brother's Great Grand-Son to the party in 1212.	wife - 1 Brother's widow 1 Do's Sons - 3 Do's doughters married 2 Do's doughters not married } 1 Brother's sons widow of great grand father } 1 Do's Doughter married 1 Great great grandfather's Brother's Son's widowed doughter. 1 Great great great grand father's Brother's grand son's widowed doughter - 1 12.	

Remarks. An abstract of the Government order in every case of lapse already reported should be entered in this column. Deputy Collector's opinion and recommendation.

21

At the death of the last holder which occured in 1853, his widow Tangamma requested the Sub-Collector that this Inam and certain Inam lands left by him may be registered in the name of her fatherinlaw's brother's great grand son Peria Nambi Streenivassa aiyangar, an undivided member of the family. She further requested that the security given by the widow on certain Inam lands as well as a Pattah issued at the Settlement in her name for certain Iyen lands in Veeranampatty may be quashed and renewed in the name of the Aiyangar in question, as the deceased's heir. The Tahsildar who enquired into the matter referred to his Arzee No 426 of 29th June 1854, regarding the registration of the ~~Inam~~ Iyen lands in the Aiyangar's name and submitted a report in the Tabular form for the Continuance of the inam also to him in accordance with the wishes of the widow - Vide Arzee 30th June 1854 No 432 - It appears that the Iyen lands have been registered and Pattahs granted in his name under Sub-Collector's order 14th November 1854 No 479 - The Tahsildar further reported with the reference to the Arzee of 30th June 1854. that no one had come forward with any objection to the registration of the Inam in the manner proposed within one month's Notice given to parties; Vide. 7th August 1854 - No 554.

The Sub-Collector required why this registration was proposed in the name of the Iyengar while he had an elder Brother named Venkata Chariar (now deceased) and called for further information on the Origin of the Inam Vide order 11th August 1854 No 351. The Tahsildar reported the Inam to be personal and stated as the ground of the 1st recommendation that the elder brother against the registration of whose name there was no objection, was required to remain at Streerangam and thus disabled from looking after the Inam Cultivation and Supported it; Vide Arzee 4th January 1855 No 5. The Sub-Collector sent Tabular reports to the Collector for the Board's Sanction being obtained for the Continuance of the Inam in the Aiyangar's name. Vide yadast 6th July 1857 No 145. The Collector referring to the mention made in the Sub-Collector's Tabular report of the

Decision of the Inam Commissioner or his Assistants.

22

The whole question is whether the last holder was a divided member of the family or not. His widow Tangammal all along admited that he was undivided and requested for the registry of the Inam in the name of her Collateral heir Srinivasachari; she now asserts that he was a divided member of the family. Her statements must be taken as evidence against her, provided the interests of Government or other parties are not involved in the matter. In this case it is not clear whether Tangammal has Competent issue or not. She appears to have a daughter but it is not known whether she is a widow or one competent to get issue. If she has or likely to have issue I would at once Confirm the Inam in the name of the persons in Colm 16 because it is quite right that she should suffer for any falsehoods she uttered hitherto. If not the case must be decided on its own merits. The Deputy Collector seems to have sattisfied himself that irrespective of the evidence of Tangammal the deceased was an undivided member of the family. If they are undivided, there is no reason why the Inam should not be confirmed in the names of the Sons of Venkatachari also. Their absence at Srirangam should not disqualify them to inherit the Inam. From the distance of the relationship between the claimants and the deceased, one would naturally suppose them to be divided. The admission of Tangammal before the Revenue authorities that they are undivided can be well in the Taluk of Dindigul in the District of Madura.

RELATIONSHIP OF ORIGINAL GRANTEE AND OF SUBSEQUENT AND PRESENT HOLDERS.—LENGTH OF POSSESSION.							
	Particulars regarding present Owner. If the Inam has been sub-divided, the name, etc., of each sharer should be entered in these columns.					REMARKS. An abstract of the Government order in every case of lapse already reported must be entered in this column. Deputy Collector's opinion and recommendation.	Decision of the Inam Commissioner or his Assistants.
Name entered in the survey, or in any subsequent accounts, and relationship to predecessors.	Name and age.	Place of residence.	Relation to original grantee or subsequent Registered holders.	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent.	If unconnected with the original holders, possession how obtained, and in what year.		
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22

XIII-5-6-12

Sheet No. 26 [illegible]

Register (No.) Register of Inams in the Village of Tadikkombu (No.),

Class, Extent and Value of Inam.							Description, Tenure and [illegible] Support of the Inam.					Names and [illegible]	
Number of Cases or entire holding under one grant in this village.	General class to which the inam belongs.	Survey number, and name of field or fields comprised in the grant. Dry, Wet, or Garden.	Local Measure. [illegible]	English measure.	Survey Assessment. Where no Survey has been made, and no Assessment fixed by Government, the sum paid by the ryot to the Inamdar, or the average Assessment of similar Government land should be entered in column 7.	Revised or present Assessment.	Description of Inam. If for religious service, it should be stated whether the service is continued. If for tanks, buildings, &c., whether they are efficiently kept up.	[illegible] Amount of latter to be entered.	Hereditary or unconditional, or for life only, or for two or more lives.	By whom granted and in what year.	Written Instruments in support of the claim. [illegible] whether the grant is produced or not, and the general specification of terms of all documents produced, should be given.	Name of original grantee.	Names entered in the register prepared according to Reg. XXXI of 1802, or in the permanent settlement accounts; and relationship of persons so entered to original grantee.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Doraval.	134	6-7-0	3·80·	2-12	2-12							
	Elanday.	135	9-8-0	5-61	2-0	2-0							
	Do	136	15-8-0	9·15	3-5	3-5.							
	Valamaram	137	7-9-0	4·45	3-3	2-3							
	Alumaram.	138	8-1-0	4·76	3-7	3-7							
	4 years waste	139.	1-13-0	1·07	0-6	0-6							
	Kattapopadi	140.	12-14-3	7·62	5-8	5-8							
	Do. Valamaram	141	17-4-0	10-18	7-5	7-5							
	Kalattadi	142	9-3-0	5-42	1-15	1-15							
	Parayadi	143	17-9-0	10-36	3-12	3-12							
		Total.	439-0-2	259-03	178-11	177-6							
	Wets consolidated including 2 crop.												
	Padayadi	434	4-1-2	2-42	13-1	8-11							
	Terkuaday.	179	1-0-0	0·57	4·12	3-13							
	Do	183	1-11-2	1·01	8-3	6·9							
	Do.	184	1-14-2	1-12	9·2	7·5.							
		Total.	8·11·2	5·14	35·2	26·6							
		Total	447-12-0	264-17.	213-13	203-12							

Venkatachary's Sons are entered in Column. 19. as members of the party in Column 16. with whom they are undivided and who is the head member. But this need not bear, the entry of their names the Title deed, as we register undivided members also under the Commissioner's proceedings. They never wished to have their names also entered.

(Sd) T. Krishna Rau.
Deputy Collector and
Assistant to the Inam Commissioner
11th May 1866.

Confirmed ~~as~~ as recommended

(Sd) W. T. Blair
Inam Commissioner.
14-5-

True ~~copy~~ extract

For Collector

KA
16.10.23

Ku
15.10.23

14-4-19.

Sheet No. 1 (Extract)

Register (No. I) Register of Inams in the Village of Tadikkombu (No. 2), in the Taluk of Dindigul in the District of Madura

Class, Extent and Value of Inam.							Description, Tenure and Documents in support of the Inam.					Name and Relationship of Original Grantee and of Subsequent and Present Holders;—Length of Possession.								Remarks.	Decision of the Inam Commissioner or his Assistant.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Extent		Survey Assessment. Where no Survey has been made, and no Assessment fixed by Government, the cess paid by the ryot to the Inamdar, or the average Assessment of similar Government land should be entered in column 7.	Revised or present Assessment.	Description of Inam. If for service, it is to be stated whether the service is continued. If for tanks, buildings, etc., whether they are efficiently kept up.	Tenure. Whether free of tax, or sarva, dumbala, etc., or liable to quit-rent, i.e., jodi, kattubadi, bodiga, etc. Amount of latter to be entered.	Hereditary, unconditional for life only, or for two or more lives.	By whom granted and in what year.	Written Instruments in support of the claim. Original sanad, all miscellaneous documents, and other proofs of long possession. In this column it should be stated whether the inam is held with or without grant, whether the grant is produced or lost, etc., and the general specifications of terms of all documents produced, should be given.	Name of original grantee.	Name entered in the register prepared according to Reg. XXXI of 1802, or in the permanent settlement accounts, and relationship of persons so entered to original grantee.	Name entered in the survey, or in any subsequent accounts, and relationship to predecessors.	Particulars regarding present Owner. If the Inam has been sub-divided, the names, etc., of each sharer should be entered in these columns. Name and age.	Place of residence.	Relation to original grantee or subsequent Registered holders.	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent.	If unconnected with the original holders, by what how obtained, and in what year.	An abstract of the Government order in every case of lapse should be entered in this column. Deputy Collector's opinion and recommendation.	
			[illegible]	English measure.																	
					6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
1	Devadayam Dry Paray (Sd) W. Robinson Inam Commissioner	279	3-9-2	2-12	2-5	2-5	For the Support of masonry Vinayakar Pagoda at Mazara Bhutipuram It is worshipped every Friday	Free	Permanent	Not known	None	Bhutipuram Vinayakar Pagoda wrong area for 14-0-3 Vide Cases 2, 6 & 7	In 1212 Vinayakar Inam In 1223 Vinayakar Pagoda 20-2-2 worshipper Vyapuri	In 1236 Vinayakar Inam.	Mazara Bhutipuram Vinayakar Pagoda Worshipper Aiyattoray aiyar					To be Confirmed free in one T. D So long as the Pagoda exists. (Signed) T. Krishna Rao. Dy. Collr 6-7-63	Confirmed (Sgd) P. Chentsal Rao Ag. Spl. Asst. I. C. 23-9-63. T. D. no 919
2	Devadayam Dry Puliyadi (Sd) W. Robinson Inam Commissioner	44	4-14-2	2-89	3-2	3-2	For the Support of masonry Vinayakar Pagoda at Mazara Kappoliapatty It is worshipped every Friday.	DO	DO	DO	DO	Kappiliapatti Vinayakar pagoda wrong area for 14-0-3 vide cases 1, 6 & 7	In 1212 Vinayakar Inam In 1223 Vinayakar Pagoda 20-2-2 worshipper Vyapuri	In 1236 Vinayakar Inam	Mazara Kappiliapatty Vinayakar Pagoda Worshipper Rashalingam.					To be Confirmed free in one T. D So long as the Pagoda exists. (Sd) T. Krishna Rao Dy. Collr 6.7.63.	Confirmed (Sd) P. Chentsal Rao Spl. Asst. I. C 20.9.63 T. D no. 920.
3	Devadayam Dry Paray (Sd) W. Robinson Inam Commissioner	279	3.9.2	2-12	2-5	2-5	For the Support of Perumal Pagoda at Mazara Bhutipuram It is worshipped every Saturday The Pagoda is in ruins.	DO	DO	DO	DO	Perumal Pagoda	In 1212 Perumal Inam In 1223 omitted	In 1236 Perumal Inam.	Mazara Bhutipuram Perumal Pagoda worshipper Aiyattoray aiyer			The Pagoda having been dilapidated now, the son of the worshipper has in the enquiry given a mochalika before me binding himself (for his father) to rebuild within 31st December 63. I have sent the instrument to the Tahsildar desiring him to report to the Commissioner in due time as to whether the agreement has been acted upto or not & I recommend that the Inam may be confirmed or otherwise dealt with according as the Commissioner may deem fit with reference to the Tahsildar's report.		(Sgd) T. Krishna Rao. 6.7.63 Dy Collr.	Confirmed (Sgd) A. Seshiah Ag Spl Asst 5th January 1865. See remarks T. D no 1586

Remark

Tahsildar's arzi 11th May 1864 No 12.
The Pagoda has been restored though not with brick, but with thatch and the pujah has been rendered. The Inam is therefore Confirmed.
5th January 1865

Confirmed
(Initialed) A. S.

for Collector

AIII-5-6-13

Register of Inams in the Village of Tadikkombu (No.),

Description, Tenure and Documents in support of the Inam.

Survey Assessment. When no Survey has been made, and no assessment fixed by Government, the sum paid by the ... for the Inam, or the ... Assessment of similar Government land should be entered in column 7.

Revised or present Assessment.

Tenure. Description of Inam. If for service, it is to be stated whether the service is continued. If for tanks, buildings, etc., whether they are efficiently kept up.

Whether free of tax, i.e., sarva, dumbala, etc., or liable to quit-rent, i.e., jodi, kattubadi, bedigs, etc. Amount of latter to be entered.

Hereditary, unconditional, for life only, or for two or more lives.

By whom granted and in what year.

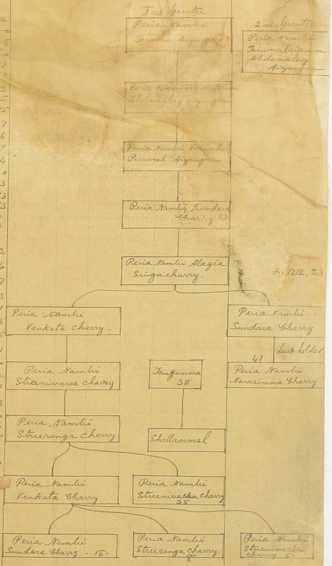
Written Instruments in support of the claim. Original sanad, all miscellaneous documents, and other proofs of long possession. In this column it should be stated whether the inam is held with or without grant, whether the grant is produced or lost, etc., and the general specification of terms of all documents produced, should be given.

Name of original grantee.

Name entered in the register prepared according to (Reg. XXXI of 1802), or in the permanent settlement accounts, and relationship of persons examined to original grantee.

12. Continued.

					6	7
Auadi Tatasu.	Dry	34	2-1-1	1-24	0-14	0-14.
		35	2-5-2	1-28	1-0	1-0
		36	7-4-3	4-87	3-6	3-6
Do Do.	Do.	37	4-11-2	2-79	2-0	2-0
		38	0-1-2	0-06	0-1	0-1
		39	4-1-1	2-41	1-12	1-12
	Do.	40	0-7-1	0-27	0-3	0-3
		41	3-0-2	1-79	1-5	1-5
		42	2-3-1	1-30	0-15	0-15
	Do.	43	1-0-2	0-61	0-7	0-7
		44	3-2-3	1-87	1-6	1-6
		45	10-14-1	6-43	4-10	4-10
		46	5-5-3	3-16	2-4	2-4
		48	2-4-3	1-35	1-0	1-0
		49	16-15-0	9-99	7-3	7-3
		50	6-10-3	3-94	2-13	2-13
		51	16-0-3	9-47	6-13	6-13
		52	9-7-0	5-57	4-0	4-0
Manal.		89	3-10-0	2-14	1-9	1-9
10 years waste.		90	6-8-2	3-85	1-6	1-6
Manal.		91	4-1-3	2-43	1-12	1.12
10 years waste		92	0-8-2	0-31	0-4	0-4
Valamattam.		93	10-6-0	6-12	4-7	4-7
5 years waste		94	0-13-2	0-50	0-3	0-3
Shevval		95	3-4-2	1-94	2-1	2-1
5 years waste-		96	0-6-1	0-23	0-3	0-3
Shevval		97	6-2-3	3-64	3-15	3-15
4 years waste.		98	0-2-2	0-09	0-1	0-1
Shevval.		99.	4-12-2	2-82	2-0	2-0
Do.		100	7-10-2	4-52	3-4	3-4.
5 years waste.		101	7-9-0	4-46	1-10	1-10
Do. Do.		102.	3-15-3	2-35	0-13	0-13
Shevval.		103	8-13-2	5-22	1-14	1-14
Shadarakalli.		104	1-1-3	0.65	0-4	0-4
Shevval.		105	3-0-3	1-80	1-5	1-5
Eday.		106	0-6-0	0-22	0-1	0-1
Shevval.		107	4-12-2	2-82	2-0-	2-0
Manal.		108	5-0-0	2-95	2-2	2-2
Shevval.		109.	2-4-0	1-33	0-8	[illegible]
Manal.		110	1-14-0	1-11	0-13	0-13
Do		111	3-2-1	1-85	1-5	1-5
Shevval 5 years waste.		112	3-0-0	1.77	0-10	0-10
Manal.		113	1-3-2	0.72	0-8	0-8
		114.	0-2-3	0-10	0-1	0-1
5 years waste.		115.	0-4-0	0-15		
		116	0-0-2	0-02	0-1	0-1
Eradi.		117	17-8-1	10-33	7-7	7-7
Shevval 5 years waste.		118	4-2-0	2-43	0-14	0-14.


1st Grantee.
Peria Nambi Tirumala Aiyangar
2nd Grantee.
Peria Nambi Tirumalairam Sholamalay Aiyangar
Peria Nambi Tirumalairam Sholamalay Aiyangar
Peria Nambi Periah Perumal Aiyangar
Peria Nambi Sundara Charry
Peria Nambi Alagia Singacharry.
No. 1212, 23
Peria Nambi Venkata Charry.
Peria Nambi Sundara Charry
Last holder
41
Peria Nambi Narazimma Charry
Peria Nambi Streenivasa Charry
Tangamma 30
Peria Nambi Streeranga Charry
Shellammal
Peria Nambi Venkata Charry
Peria Nambi Streenivassa Charry 35
Peria Nambi Sundara Charry - 15.
Peria Nambi Streeranga Charry 8
Peria Nambi Streenivassa Charry 5.

Sheets No 265 ([illegible])

Register (No

Register of Inams in the Village of Tadikkomb[illegible]).

Number of … entire holding … in the village					English Measure	Survey Assessment. Where no Survey has been made, and no Assessment fixed by Government, the cess paid by the ryot to the Inamdar, or the average Assessment of similar Government land should be entered in column 7. 6	Revised or present Assessment. 7	Description of Inam. If for service, it is to be stated whether the service is continued. If for tanks, buildings, etc, whether they are efficiently kept up. 8	Whether free of tax, … jodi, … Amount of latter to be entered. 9	10	By whom … 11	Written documents in … In this column it should be stated whether the Inam is held with or without grant. Whether the grant is produced or not, and the general specification of terms of all documents produced, should be given. 12	Name … 13	… 14
13. Dharma-Mayam	Dry													
		Shevval	[illegible]	3-12-[illegible]	[illegible] 15	[illegible]	[illegible]-14	For the support of Chatram at Gopala-Samudram Inayara & Shetti-mayakkam-patty	Jodi Rs. A. 42-7	Permanent	Not known	None	Kali Narenappa [illegible] Chatram	In 1212 Giriempatty Kali Naranappa Chatram Shrotrium Inayara 606-0-3
		Goundan[illegible]	2	4-[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]-12							
		Shukkan	3	3-[illegible]	1-11	[illegible]-15	1-15							
		Ratnampillai	4	2-10-1	1-66	1-11	1-11							
		Vyrapperumal	5	1-2-3	0-69	0-12	0-12							
		10 years waste	6	0-3-0	0-11	0-1	0-1							
		Sharalay	7	2-1-0	1-22	1-5	1-5							
		Shevval	8	1-2-2	0-68	0-12	0-12							
		Shikkagoundan	9	0-15-3	0-58	0-10	0-10							
		10 years waste	10	0-9-1	0-34	0-4	0-4							
		Sharalay	11	0-13-1	0-49	0-8	0-8						Do.	Chatram Sunday Inam 429-11-3
		Valamaram	12	6-15-1	4-10	4-6	4-6							
		Sharalay	13	2-9-2	1-53	2-3	1-10							
		10 years waste	14	2-8-1	1-48	1-1	1-1							
		Ratnampullai	15	0-6-2	0-24	0-4	0-4							
		10 years waste	16	8-4-1	4-88	3-8	3-8						Total 1035-12-2	
		Do.	17	12-9-1	7-42	5-5	5-5							
		Do	18	10-12-0	6-34	4-9	4-9							
		Puliyadi	19	0-12-2	0-46	0-11	0-8						In 1223 Omitted	
		Shevval	20	2-2-2	1-27	1-6	1-6							
		Ratnampillai	21	5-5-2	3-15	4-9	3-6							
		Sharalay	22	2-5-3	1-39	2-0	1-8							
		10 years waste	23	18-8-2	10-94	7-14	7-14							
		Karshal	24	1-1-0	0-63	0-14	0-11							
		10 years waste	25	2-7-0	1-44	1-9	1-9							
		Karishal	26	1-9-2	0-94	3-6	2-0							
		Oday	27	0-1-0	0-04	0-1	0-1							
		Karishal	28	1-1-0	0-63	2-4	1-6							
		Do.	29	7-13-2	4-63	13-5	8-5							
		Shukkan	30	6-5-1	3-73	8-1	5-6							
		Sharalay	31	3-4-0	1-92	5-8	3-7							
		Do.	32	19-9-0	11-54	24-14	16-10							
		Karishal	33	12-3-0	7-19	18-2	11-10							
		Do.	34	10-13-3	6-41	9-3	6-15							
		Do	35	2-13-0	1-66	6-0	3-9							
		Do.	36	1-8-2	0-90	3-4	1-15							
		Do.	37	2-8-1	1-48	2-2	1-10							
		Rasta Oday	38	1-9-2	0-94	1-6	1-0							
		Sharalay	39	1-12-1	1-04	1-2	1-2							
		Do.	40	1-0-1	0-60	0-10	0-10							

in the Taluk of Dindigul in the District of Madura

Description of Original Grantee and of subsequent and present Holders:—Length of possession.

Name entered in the survey, or in any subsequent accounts, and relationship to predecessors.	Particulars regarding present Owner. If the Inam has been sub-divided, the name, etc., of each sharer should be entered in these columns. Name and age.	Place of residence.	Relation to original grantee or subsequent Registered holders.	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent.	If unconnected with the original holders, possession how obtained, and in what year.	REMARKS. An abstract of the Government order in every case of lapse already reported must be entered in this column. Deputy Collector's opinion and recommendation.	Decision of the Inam Commissioner or Assistants.
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
In 1236 Kali Naranappaiyar Chatram Inam.	Meyra Gopalasamudram of Shettinayakkanpatty Village. Kalinaranappiar Chatram. Trustees. (1) NarasimhaSastry. (2) VenkatasweraSastry. (3) Gurumurthy Sastry.					This Inam and the one in Case 4 of Shettinayakkanpatty are entered in accounts as Kali Naranappiyar's Chatram Inams. The original Chatram appears to have fallen in ruins in time immemorial as per tradition. In 1212 Mr. Hardis imposed a jodi on the Inam in this case only and gave a Patta, it is ~~ab~~ believed on the same terms as in Case of 15 of this village to the trustees, telling them to enjoy it making the Annadanam - The trustees continued to enjoy the Inams till 1836 when they were zufted by the Sub-Collector on the ground that the conditions of the charity were not acted up to but again restored under Collector's orders on the condition that the Trustees shall feed Brahmins who should come to their house in the noon, and maintain themselves and family paying the jodi to Government Vide. Karanamah 3rd November 1836. The Inams were again zufted in 1842 on the ground of the refusal of the Trustees to build a Chatram. The Trustees then ~~feted~~ filed a suit in the Madura Sub-Court No. 63 of 1854 for the recovery of the Inams and the proceeds realized during zuft and to obtain an acknowledgement of their rights to the lands. The Sub-Court dismissed the suit on the ground that under Regulation VII of 1817. the Revenue Department was justified in zufting the Endowments land and that the Trustees had failed to establish their claims to the land. The Trustees appealed in No. 43 of 1857 to the Civil Court which were of opinion that the lands were granted for the feeding of Brahmins and the support of the Trustees that a Chatram never existed except on paper and that the term was merely used to characterise the charity. The Court considered that the Revenue Department was not warranted in zufting the Inams without a regular and formal investigation and without sufficient proof that the intent of the granter had not been carried out and that the produce of the lands had been misappropriated which alone would justify the zuft under Regulation VII of 1817.	This is a chatram Inam. The Inam was zufted by the Collector ~~that~~ on the ground that the Chatram is not properly maintained, on which a suit was brought against the Collector by the managers. The Civil Judge finally decided that the Inam was granted as well for the support of chatram, as for the maintenance of the grantees who are the managers. That the attachment of the Inam was irregular and that hereafter $\frac{2}{3}$ rd of the proceeds of the Inam should be spent for charity purpose, the other 1/3 being taken for the personal benefit of the managers. A Chatram is now being built under the order of the Judge. The managers now propose to avoid all sort of interferance in future, to allow them to enfranchise the Inams, on a proper rate of quit rent, the management of Chatram being taken by Government and the expenses met from the quit rent realized. The Deputy Collector considers that the object of the granter will be better fulfilled by the Government

AIII-5-8-11.

Sheets Nos 2 to 5 ([illegible])

(17)

Register ([illegible]) Register of Inams in the Village of Tadikkombu (No.),

Number of Cess or entire holding under one grant in this village.	[illegible]	Survey number and name of [illegible]	[illegible]	English measure.	Survey Assessment	Revised or present Assessment.
1					6	7
13 Continued. Dry.						
5 years waste		129	0·6·0	0·22	0-3	0-3
Palamaram		130	3·12·2	2·23	2·7	2·7
Gowndagoundan		131	7·6·1	4·26	6·4	4·[illegible]
Shenval		132	[illegible]·8·3	3·27	3·8	[illegible]·8
Do		133	[illegible]·3·3	[illegible]·73	[illegible]-13	0-13
Do. Valamaram		134	4·1·1	2·41	2·10	2·10
Shenval		135	11·3·0	6·60	7·2	7·2
Oranal.		136	3·7·3	2·06	2·4	2·4
Do.		137	6·2·3	3·64	3·15	3·15
Do		138	6·7·0	3·80	4·1	4·1
5 years waste		139	0·5·3	0·21	0·4	0·4
Shenval		140	1·6·3	0·84	0·15	0·15
Do		141	10·2·3	6·0	6·8	6·8
Kinar		142.	0·2·0	0·07	0·6	0·3
Orattuppaday		143	0·14·1	0·53	0·6	0-6
Tandal.		144.	4·14·3	2·90	3-2	3-2
Shenval.		145	13-2-3	7·77	5·9	5-9
Do.		146	5-8-1	3·26	2-5	2-5
Do		147	6-13-0	4-02	2-14	2-14
4 years waste		148	4-13-2	2·86	2-1	2-1
Do		149	0-10-2	0-39	0·4	0-4
Shenval.		150	4-2-0	2·43	1-12	1-12
Do		151	11-7-0	6·75	4-14	4-14
Eday ..		152	0·6·2	0·24	0-3	0·3
Oranal.		153	13-13-2	8·17	5-14	5-14
Shenval		154	1·8·2	0·90	0-10	0-10
Do		155	10-13-1	6·39	4-10	4-10
Do		156	7·2·2	4-22	3-1	3-1
Thavasimuttu		157	3·7-0	2-03	1-7	1-7
Kuppagoundan		158	4·12·3	2·83	2-0	2-0
Shenval		{159	3-0-3	1·80	1·5	1·5
2 years waste		{160	0-1-0	0·04	- -	- -
Valamaram		161	4-9-1	2-70	1·15	1-15
Shenval		162	1-9-0	0-92	0-11	0-11
4 years waste		163	10-9-3	6·26	4·8	4·8
Shenval		164	3-6-3	2-02	1·7	1·7
4 years waste		165	29-8-3	23-33	16-12	16-12
Shinnalagan		166	4-12-0	2-80	2-0	2-0
4 years waste		167	1-2-0	0-66	0-8	0-8
Iradi		168	0-15-3	0·58	0-13	0-10
Oranday		169	1-15-0	1-14	1-10	1-4
Kodavanar		170	16-3-3	9·15	6-14	6-14
10 years waste		171	6-10-0	3·91	2-13	2·13

in the Taluk of Dindigul in the District of Madura

Relationship of Original Grantee and of subsequent and present holders—Length of possession.							
	Particulars regarding present Owner. If the Inam has been sub-divided, the names, etc. of the sharers should be entered in these columns.						
Name entered in the survey, or in any subsequent accounts, and relationship to predecessors.	Name and age.	Place of residence.	Relation to original grantee or to last Registered holder.	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent.	If unconnected with the original holder, possession how obtained, and in what year.	REMARKS. An abstract of the Government order in every case of lapse already reported must be entered in this column. Deputy Collector's opinion and recommendation.	Decision of the Inam Commissioner or his Assistants.
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22

Besides, the papers in the Case lead me to the view that these Inams are Charitable grants of a Semi-personal Character or held by individuals for Subsistence as well as for rendering Service and therefore liable to ½ assessment - Vide the Commissioners printed Memo on "Class II Religious and Charitable grants" But I would suggest a small deviation from the rule in favour of the Chatram that has been built, by making the ½ of the Difference between the net value of the Inam after deducting the original Jodi now paid to Government and another Jodi payable to the Chatram, the other half being the net value of the Inam left to the Trustees. If this Case of Settlement be finally approved, it will only be necessary to take for the valuation of the Inam, the average collections during Government management from F. 1252x to F. 1269 the Trustees keeping no regular accounts for subsequent years. The average Collections will be a fair valuation and so I append a Memo shewing the results of such a settlement for the Inam in this case. A similar Memo is also annexed in Case 4. Shettinayakkanpatty for the Inam in that Case. This inam being in fact for the most part a hamlet of the Village Giriyampatty the rule for ~~valuing~~ valuing the entire Villages with reference to average Collections seems applicable to it - out of this inam only 35 Fields are ~~attached~~ detached, and the rest form the Giriyampatty of Mauzra. The Trustees are possessed of Competent heirs.

x Vide the next page.

XIII-5

Sheets nos. 2 to 5 (Enclosed)

Register (No. [illegible]

Register of Inams in the Village of Tadikkombu [illegible]),

Case No. 13. Continued.

Number of Case or entire holding under one grant in this village.	General [illegible] to which the [illegible] belongs	Survey number [illegible]	Extent: Local [illegible]	Acres & Decimals English measure.	Survey Assessment.	Revised or present Assessment.
1			4	5	6	7
	Sharalay —	41	0-2-2	0-09	— 2	0-2
	Do	42	0-14-2	0-53	0-6	0-6
	4 years waste.	43	0-5-0	0-18	0-2	0-2
	Pulijadi	44	2-15-0	1-73	2-8	1-14
	Shevval —	45	0-6-2	0-24	0-4	0-4
	Auladi —	46	5-6-2	3-19	4-9	3-7
	Shevval.	47	2-7-3	1-47	2-2	1-9
	Paday —	48	0-2-0	0-07	0-2	0-1
	Oday.	50	0-12-0	0-44	0-5	0-5
	Taras —	51	0-12-0	0-44	0-10	0-8
	Tottam	53	2-0-2	1-20	1-12	1-5
	Oday	54	0-7-0	0-26	0-6	0-4
	Eradi	55	0-12-0	0-44	0-15	0-10
	Shevval	56	0-14-0	0-52	0-6	0-6
	Oranday	57	1-4-2	0-76	1-1	0-13
	Paday. —	58	0-5-0	0-18	0-6	0-4
	Shevval.	59	2-4-2	1-35	2-14	1-15
	Do	60	1-8-0	0-89	1-15	1-4
	Sharalay.	61	3-12-2	2-23	3-3	2-6
	2 years waste.	62	0-7-2	0-28	0-3	0-3
	Ratnam Pillai	63	0-2-1	0-08	0-2	0-2
	5 years waste	64	2-1-0	1-22	1-5	1-5
	Kannimar	65	3-2-0	1-84	2-10	2-0
	Valamaram	66	0-9-0	0-33	0-6	0-6.
	Shevval.	67	2-12-0	1-62	2-5	1-12
	Do.	68	3-1-2	1-83	2-0	2-0
	2 years waste	69	0-6-3	0-25	0-4	0-4
	10 years Do.	70	1-5-2	0-79	0-9	0-9
	Shevval — Nagan	{ 71	2-6-0	1-40	1-8	1-8 }
		72	0-1-1	0-05	0-0	0-0
	10 years waste	73	0-8-0	0-29	0-3	0-3
	Shunjaralay	74	1-7-1	0-86	2-7	1-9
	Shukkum Vadivapillay }	75	3-6-3	2-02	4-6	2-15
	5 years waste	76	0-4-0	0-15	0-3	0-3
	Sharalay Valamaram	77	1-15-2	1-16	1-11	1-4
	4 years waste	78	0-5-0	0-18	0-3	0-3
	10 years waste Shevval }	79	2-5-3	1-39	2-0	1-8
	Shikkagoundan	80	2-6-1	1-41	2-0	1-8
	Tammanam	81	1-13-3	1-10	1-9	1-3

Where a Survey has been made, the Assessment fixed by Government, the one paid by the ryot to the Inamdar, or the average Assessment of similar Government land should be entered in column 7.

Description of Inam. If for service, it is to be stated whether the service is continued. If for tanks, buildings, etc., whether they are efficiently kept up. (8)

Whether free of tax, i.e., sarva, dumbala, etc., or liable to quit-rent, i.e., jodi, kattubadi, bodiga, etc. Amount of latter to be entered. (9)

Written instruments in support of the claim. Original sanad, all [illegible] … produced, should be given. (12)

Name of original grantee. (13)

Name and …

DISTRICT TREASURY MADURA 2 OCT 1923

in the Taluk of Dindigul in the District of Madura

Relationship of Original Grantee and of subsequent and present Holders.—Length of possession.						REMARKS.	
	Particulars regarding present Owner. If the Inam has been sub-divided, the name, &c., of each sharer should be entered in these columns.					An abstract of the Government order in every case of lapse already reported must be entered in this column. Deputy Collector's opinion and recommendation.	Decision of the Inam Commissioner or his Assistants.
Name entered in the survey, or in any subsequent accounts, and relationship to predecessors.	Name and age.	Place of residence.	Relation to original grantee or other present Registered holders.	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent.	If unconnected with the original holders, possession how obtained, and in what year.		
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22

Civil Court therefore reversed the Decree of the lower Court directed the restoration of the lands and the proceeds realized during the Zuft to the Trustees. The Court required the Trustees to build a Chatram to be styled Kali Naraiah's Chatram from 2/3 of the Proceeds allowing 1/3 for their maintenance; and till the Chatram is built, to administer the Charity at their own house as per the obligation entered into by them in 1836. The Court declared that their Decree merely affects the question of past attachment made in 1842 and is not intended to establish the right to the lands claimed by the trustees which they leave to be adjudicated by the Inam Commission. Accordingly the Trustees have obtained from 1270 the possession of the Inams and received the intermediate profits from F. 1252 to F. 1269. The Trustees in this Case who are Concerned in Case [illegible] Shettinayakkampatty together with the Trustee in Case 15 of this village and in Case 10. Shettinayakkampatty together having represented to Court the advantages of having one Chatram with two entrances and their willingness to erect a Joint Chatram and the proposition having been approved by the Board of Revenue, the Civil Court modified the Decree directing that a Chatram be built accordingly within 18 months from 9th November 1860. The Chatram building has been accordingly nearly Completed in the vicinity of Dindigul by the Two Trustees making 2 separate Buildings one of which is to be Kali Naraniyar's Chatram. Although the 18 months have passed, yet it is believed that the Chatram will be Completed shortly and become available for the accommodation of Travellers next year'.

The Collector in his Chatram Return for 1861 states that the question of the future mangement of the endowments has been decided by the Civil Courts in favour of the Hakkadars (descendants of the grantee) meaning the Trustees.

Thus in the absence of any original grant, the Inams in question are to be considered as intended Jointly for charity and the Subsistence of the grantee as the grantor's manager, which the Trustees (descendants of the grantee) do not deny. But at the same time, they claim that the charity in question should be under their unrestricted Control and that the intention of the Donor was that they as the Trustees should maintain themselves and family and also exercise that Control. They do not agree to what I proposed to them after the Courts judgment that they shall enjoy 1/3 of the Inams as the Chatram Hakkadars and devote 2/3. to the Chatram Charity. Charity and subsistence they state cannot be separated, but agree to manage the charity under the obligation entered into by them in 1836, the only difference being that the new Chatram will be the house in which they are to maintain themselves and family and feed indigent Travelling Brahmins to the best of their means.

On the whole, I recommend that this Inam as well as the one in Case 4. Shettinayakkampatty, may be Confirmed in one T.D. and Subject to the existing Jodi in this Case only of Rs. 42-7-0. to Kali Naranappiyar's Chatram Charity in the name of the Trustees so long as under any

Government taking the management of the Chatram and propose to Confirm the Inam as personal on 1/2 assessment minus the Jodi, plus 1/8 of the remaining half. In the first place, I see no necessity for the Government under taking the management of the Chatram when the object of the present Government, if I mistake not, is to get rid of such management as far as possible. Even if it can be taken by Government there is no reason to change less than 2/3rd assessment. Under the Decree of the Court they are to spend 2/3rd for Chatram and enjoy 1/3rd as managers. The allowance of 1/3rd must be Considered rather as a Compensation for the Services rendered by them as managers, than a pure grant for their personal benefit, Consequently when the Government take up the mangement we must get more than 2/3rd because we should be relieving them from the

A.117-5-6-12.

Sheets No. 2 to 5 (Extracts)

Register (No.)

Register of Inams in the Village of ~~Do~~ Tadikkombu (No.)

Class, Extent and Value of Inam							Description, Tenure and Documents in support of the Inam						Name and
			Extent		Survey Assessment.	Revised or present Assessment.		Tenure.					
Number of Case or entire holding under one grant in this village.	Current class to which the item belongs	Survey number or Fuses of field or fields comprised in the grant. Dry, Wet, or Garden.	Local Measure. Survey where the local measure is in Acres, Government Acres to be entered in this column.	Acres & Decimals English measure.	Where no Survey has been made, and no Assessment fixed by Government, the one paid by the ryot to the Inamdar, or the average Assessment of similar Government land should be entered in column 7.		Description of Inam. If for service, it is to be stated whether the service is continued, whether tanks, buildings, etc., whether they are efficiently kept up.	Whether free of tax, &c., sarva, dumbala, etc., or liable to quit-rent, jodi, kattubadi, bediga, etc. Amount of latter to be entered.	Hereditary unconditional, for life only, or for two or more lives.	By whom granted and in what year.	Written Instruments in support of the Claim. Original sanad, all other documents. In this column it should be stated whether held with or without, whether the produced or not, the general terms of all documents produced, should be given.		Name entered in the register prepared according to Reg. XXXI of 1802 in the column of original grantee
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
Case No. 13 Continued.													
		Dry.											
	Angoli	82	1·2·2	0·69	0·8	0·8							
	Oday.	83	0-0-3	0·03	0-1	0-1							
	Tammanan.	84	3·15·2	2·34	2-8	2-8							
	10 years waste	85	1-0-2	0·61	0·7	0·7							
	Do	86	1·6-0	0·81	0-14	0·14							
	Shevval	87	0-8-0	0·29	0-5	0-5							
	10 years waste	88	1-14-2	1-12	0-13	0-13							
	Shevval	89	0-12-1	0-45	0-8	0-8							
	10 years waste	90	0-11-2	0·42	0·5	0·5							
	Karishal	91	0-13-3	0-51	0-12	0-9							
	Do	92	2-12-1	1-63	2-5	1-12							
	5 years waste	93	1-4-2	0·76	0-13	0-13							
	10 years Do.	94	23-10-1	13-95	10-0	10-0							
	Karishal.	95	5-5-0	3-13	4-8	3-6							
	Do	96	2-10-0	1-55	2-4	1-11							
	Do	97	2-13-3	1·69	2·7	1·13							
	2 years waste	98	3-13-3	2-28	1-10	1-10							
	Kirishal	99	1·5-0	0·77	1-2	0-13							
	Oday.	100	0-6-0	0-22	0-3	0-3							
	Valavadi	101	1-2-0	0·66	0-8	0-8							
	Oday	102	0-3-1	0-12	0-2	0-2							
	Karishal.	103	0-10-0	0·37	0-13	0-9							
	Nagaan	104	1-3-0	0·70	1-8	1-0							
	Karishal	105	0-6-2	0·24	0·8	0·6							
	Tammanam	106	0·7-0	0·26	0-6	0-4							
	Do	107	2-9-2	1·53	2-3	1·10							
	Sikkagaundan	108	1·12-0	1-03	1-8	1-2							
	Kalishal	109	0·6-2	0·24	0-6	0-4							
	Do.	110	1-12-2	1·05	1-8	1-2							
	Do	111	4-13-2	2-86	4-2	3-1							
	Do 10 years waste	112	0·14-1	0·53	0-9	0-9							
	Palamaram	113	14-6-0	8-48	9-2	9-2							
	Kuppamuthu	114	0·15-0	0·55	1-3	0-13							
	Karishal	115	1-13-0	1·07	2-5	1-9							
	Do	116	1-4-1	0·75	0-13	0-13							
	Do.	117	0·4-2	0·17	0-3	0-3							
	2 years waste	118	0-10-0	0-37	0-6	0-6							
	Karishal	119	1-2-0	0-66	0-11	0-11							
	Chinna Veeran	120	5-13-2	3-45	3-11	3-11							
	Karishal	121	1-13-2	1·09	1-9	1-3							
	10 years waste	122	0-2-0	0·07	0-1	0-1							
	Puttadi	123	7-0-2	4-15	3-0	3-0							
	5 years waste	124	8-11·2	5-14	3-11	3-11							
	Shevval	125	4-11-3	2-80	2-0	2-0							
	Inanal	126	3-14-2	2·30	2-8	2-8							
	Do	127	1-15-0	1-14	1-4	1·4							
	Do	128	3·9-1	2-11	2-5	2-							

in the Taluk of Dindigul in the District of Madura

RELATIONSHIP OF ORIGINAL GRANTEE AND OF SUBSEQUENT AND PRESENT HOLDERS:—LENGTH OF POSSESSION.

Name entered in the survey, or in any subsequent accounts, and relationship to predecessors.	Particulars regarding present Owner, If the Inam has been sub-divided, the particulars of each sharer should be entered in these columns. Name and age.	Place of residence.	Relation to original grantee or other Registered holders.	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent.	If unconnected with the original holders, possession how obtained, and in what year.	REMARKS. An abstract of the Government order in every case of lapse already reported must be entered in this column. Deputy Collector's opinion and recommendation.	Decision of the Inam Commissioner or his Assistants.
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22

any arrangements and in any shape the charity may exist~~s~~ leaving it to the Commissioner to make such arrangements in this Division as he may deem requisite; with reference to the records of the suit that accompany which, when no longer required, may it is requested, be returned to the Civil Judge direct from the Central Office.

Since writing the above decision, the Inamdar's trustees have proposed to me a compromise intended to effect the severance of all connection on their part with the management of the Charity which they are afraid will subject them to vexatious interference on the part of Government Officers acting under Regulations VII of 1817. They propose to make over at once to Government the new Chatram as soon as it is completed and relinquish in favour of Government their right to manage it and wish that they may be permitted to enfranchise the Inams as personal subject to the payment of the existing Jodi to Government where it exists and a Jodi to the Chatram Institution to be now fixed once for all. I do not know how far the Commissioner may be prepared to receive the proposal. But I think it right that it should be laid before him with such Remarks as I can make on it.

The Trustees are so poor in circumstances and evidently so much engaged in private affairs that we cannot expect that they would or can efficiently manage the affairs of the Chatram which has been built under the Superintendence of the present Tahsildar in a substantial style and in a most convenient form for Travellers. Should the Commissioner sanction the proposal it will certainly be most advantageous to Government and the Trustees as the Inamdars. Both the parties will be saved the trouble and expense of future litigation and disputes and while the Inamdars will be maintained in the possession of the lands they ~~had~~ have enjoyed from generation to generation and relieved of what they call vexatious interference on the part of Government officers with private Charities, the interest of the charities will be amply answered by the Chatram being taken under Government management and maintained from the Chatram Jodi. The feeding of Brahmins in the houses of the Trustees, if it has not been, as ~~I meant~~ I view it, a pretext for evading the Charity is an objectionable form of Charity, the observance of which cannot be satisfactorily ascertained or enforced by Government and the Inamdars would on the other hand feel the Government ~~inf~~ interference as harsh. Nor can it be possible even if the Trustees were to continue to feed Brahmins really, that they will be able to feed all the Travellers that resort to Chatram. I am of opinion that Kali Naranaiyer's intention will be much better met by Government receiving charge of the Chatram and open it for the accommodation of Travellers without Annadanam and preserving it in good order than by making the new Chatram over to the Trustees for feeding Brahmins therein.

the obligation of management. At any rate there is no reason why we should take less than 2/3. The order quoted by the Deputy Collector is not applicable to such cases as then under notice. This can be so reasonably enfranchised on the terms on which village Service Inams are enfranchised because in both cases the Government have to provide for a separate establishment from the quit rent realized. Under the above circumstances I would confirm the Inam ~~in~~ its present tenure of holding the Inam so long as the Chatram is maintained

(Sd) P. Chentsal Raw
Ag. Spl. Asst. I.C

~~ID~~.

25-9-63

Confirmed on present tenure as a chatram Inam on the Conditions set forth, by the Decree of the Court.

(Sd) N. T. Blair
Ag. I.Cr.
20-3-65

T. D. No. 1608

A III-8-5-12.

Sheet No. 265 (continued)

Register (No

Register of Inams in the Village of Tadikkomb (No.).

13 Continued.

Kalimaranappiyar

Chatram Inam	11	13·3·2	7·80	8·7	8·7
Valamaram	13	11·13·3	7·0	7·9	7·9
5 years waste	14	18-8-3	10-94	7-14	7-14
Pappa Konam	15	6·13·3	4·05	4·6	4-6
10 years waste	16	2-6-1	1·41	1-0	1-0
Shevral 5 years waste	17	9-4-3	5·48	5-15	5-15
10 years waste	85	9-1-2	5-37	3·14	3-14
Shevval	86	4-12-3	2-83	2-1	2-1
10 years waste	87	15-15-2	9·42	6-12	6-12
Do	89	21-11-2	12-81	9-3	9-3
Goundan	90	7·10·3	4·53	3-4	3-4
Shemmanal	91	15-12-2	9·31	6·11	6-11
5 years waste	92	4-3-3	2-50	1-13	1-13
Kalikkonam.	93	2-4-1	1·34	1-0	1-0
5 years waste.	94	18·5·3	10·83	7-13	7-13
Ilakeeran	95	4·10·0	2·73	1-15	1-15
5 years waste.	96	26-11-2	15-76	11·5	11·5
Kalikkonam	97	14-4-3	8-43	6-1	6-1
5 years waste	98	40-15-3	24-8	17-6	17-6
Chatram Inam	301	15-1-1	8-90	6-6	6-6
Do.	302	4-1-2	2·42	3-8	2-10
Paday	303	1-8-2	0-90	0-10	0-10
Shavuga Kudumban					
	304	5-9-2	3-30	4-12	3-9
10 years waste	305	52-12-1	31-13	22-6	22-6
Do	308	11·2-3	6·59	4-12	4-12
Waste	315	2-1-2	1-24	0-14	0-14
10 years waste	316	50-0-2	29-52	21-4	21-4
Do	318	1-1-1	0-64	0·7	0-7
Do	320	2·2-1	1-26	0·15	0-15
Paday	321	4·7·3	2·65	1·14	1·14
Tarks	324	6·7-0	3·80	2-12	2-12
Do	326	14-7-1	8-53	6-2	6-2
Paday	328	0-14-0	0-52	0-6	0-6
10 years waste	329	4-7-2	2-64	1-14	1-14
Tarks	331	4-12-0	2-80	2-0	2-0
Particulars Total		1050-12-1	619-95	604-10	544-3
Cultivable		1024-9-0	604-49	590-1	531-5
Poramboke.		26·3-1	15-46	14-9	12-14
Garden.					
Shevvat	49	3-3-2	1·90	8·14	6-13
Ratnam Pallai	52	1-4-2	0·76	3·9	2-12
Gounda Goundan	55	3-9-0	2·10	11·5	8·5
Muthuk Kamaran	142	3·2·2	1·86	8-11	6-11
Total		11·3-2	6·62	32·7	24-9
Total		1061-15-3	626-57	637-1	568-12

Sheet No. 1 (Extract)

Register (No.) Register of Inams in the Village of Tadikkombu (No.), in the Taluk of Dindigul in the District of Madura

Class, Extent and Value of Inam.							Description, Tenure and Documents in support of the Inam.							Relationship of Original Grantee and of Subsequent and Present Holders:—Length of Possession.						Remarks.	
			Extent					Tenure.			Written Instruments in support of the claim.				Particulars regarding present Owner. If the Inam has been sub-divided, the name, etc., of each sharer should be entered in these columns.						
[illegible]	General class to which the inam belongs	Survey number and name of field … Dry, Wet, or Garden.	Local Measures.	English acres.	Survey Assessment. Where no Survey has been made, and no Assessment fixed by settlement, the sum paid by the ryot to the Inamdar, or the average Assessment of similar Government land should be entered in column 7.	Revised or present Assessment.	Description of Inam. If for service, it is to be stated whether the service is continued. If for tanks, buildings, etc., whether they are efficiently kept up.	Whether free of tax, i.e., sarva, dumbala, etc., or liable to quit-rent, i.e., jodi, kattubadi, bodiga, etc. Amount of latter to be entered.	Hereditary, unconditional for life only, or for two or more lives.	By whom granted and in what year.	Original sanad, all miscellaneous documents, and other proofs of long possession. In this column it should be stated whether the inam is held with or without grant; whether the grant is produced or lost, etc., and the general specification of terms of all documents produced, should be given.	Name of original grantee.	Name entered in register prepared according to Reg. XXXI of 1802, or in the permanent settlement accounts; and relationship of persons so entered to original grantee.	Name entered in the survey, or in any subsequent accounts, and relationship to predecessors.	Name and age.	Place of residence.	Relation to original grantee or subsequent Registered holders.	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent.	If unconnected with the original holders, particulars how obtained, and in what year.	An abstract of the Government order in every case of lapse already reported must be entered in this column. Deputy Collector's opinion and recommendation.	Decision of the Inam Commissioner or his Asst.
						7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
7 Devadayam Dry	manal	4	2-7-11	1.55	3-7	2-3	For the Support of masonry Vinayagar Pagoda at Mazara Mallanampatty It is worshipped every day	Free	Perma-nent	Not known	None	Mallanampatti Vinayagar Pagoda wrong entry for 14-0-3 vide Cases 1256	In 1212 Vinayagar Inam In 1223 Vinayagar Pagoda 20-2-2 worshipper Ayyapuri	In 1236 Vinayagar Inam worshipper Muttayan	Mazara Mallanampatty Vinayagar Pagoda Worshipper Ganapathi					To be Confirmed ~~free~~ in one T.D so long as the Pagoda Exists (Signed) T. Krishna Rao Dy Coltr 6.7.63	Confirmed (Signed) P. [illegible] Ag. Spl Asst. 23.9.63 T.D no 924
(Sd) W. Robinson Inam Commissioner																					
8 Dharma-dayam Wet Consolidated including 2 crop. Tannirpandal.	nanjay	133	2-11-1	1-59	5-12	4-9	For the Support of a water Pandal on the Madura Road and in the limits of Tadik-kombu and Settinaickenpatti villages It is well maintained	Do	Do	Do	Do	Water Pandal	In 1212 water Pandal Inam Athiramaiyan In 1223 water Pandal Ramaiyan	In 1236 water Pandal Inam Athiramaiyan	Tadikkombu and Shettinaickenpatti limits. Water Pandal Manager Kuppammal.					To be Confirmed free in one T.D so long as the Water Pandal exists. (Signed) T. Krishna Rao. Dy Coltr 6.7.63	Confirmed (Signed) P. Chentsal Rao Ag. Spl. Asst. 23.9.63. T.D no 925.
(Sd) W. Robinson Inam Commissioner																					
9. Personal Dry							Bhatta writti.	Free	Heredi-tary	Not known	None.	Not known	In 1212 Shakkara Royer In 1223 omitted.		Tadikkombu					To be Confirmed in one T.D. Rs. [illegible] at 1/2 Rs. 8-0 a year each (Sd) T. Krishna Rao Dy Coltr 6.7.63	Confirmed (Sd) P. Chentsal Rao Ag. Spl. Asst. 23.9.63 T.D no. [illegible]
(No. 1&2) manal		62	13-0-3	7-70	16-10	11-1									1 Narasimha Chakkara Royer 48		1 Grandson of the Registree in 1212	1 mother - 1 wife - 1 sons - 3 married daughters - 3 unmarried daughters - 3 11			
wet Consolidated including 2 crop.															2 Suria narayana Chakkara Royer 58		2 Son & do. also purchaser of wet lands from no 1.	2 Son - 1 Do's wife 1 married daughter 1 3			
No. 2 Attiyadi		80	3-12-0	2-21	12-12	9-8															
Total			16-12-3	9.91	29-6	22-9															
(Sd) W. Robinson Inam Commissioner																					

for Collector

[illegible]/19 + 23 in the Taluk of Dindigul in the District of Madura

RELATIONSHIP OF ORIGINAL GRANTEE AND OF SUBSEQUENT AND PRESENT HOLDERS — LENGTH OF POSSESSION.						REMARKS.	
	Particulars regarding present Owner. If the Inam has been sub-divided, the name, etc., of each sharer should be entered in these columns.						
Name entered in the survey, or in any subsequent accounts, and relationship to predecessors.	Name and age.	Place of residence.	Relation to original or registered holders.	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent.	If unconnected with the original holders, possession how obtained, and in what year.	An abstract of the Government order in every case of lapse already reported must be entered in this column. Deputy Collector's opinion and recommendation.	Decision of the Inam Commissioner or his Assistants.
		17	18	19		21	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Fasly	Collections	Deduct Existing Jodi paid to Government	Remainder	Deduct Jodi to be now imposed for the Chatram at 1/2	Remaining net value of the Inam	Quit Rent 1/8 of the net value agreed to	Combined Quit rent being the total of col. 3, 5 and 7.
	Rs. As. ps.						
1252	161 - 14 - 5						
1253	122 - 0 - 5						
1254	114 - 12 - 5						
1255	142 - 4 - 10						
1256	139 - 1 - 4						
1257	131 - 3 - 11						
1258	155 - 7 - 0						
1259	162 - 13 - 4						
1260	214 - 6 - 10						
1261	239 - 15 - 7						
1262	246 - 9 - 0						
1263	211 - 6 - 9						
1264	169 - 2 - 4						
1265	196 - 1 - 3						
1266	228 - 11 - 8						
1267	242 - 9 - 3						
1268	231 - 1 - 5						
1269	198 - 13 - 7						
Total	3308 - 7 - 4						
Average	183 - 13 - 0	42-7-0	141-6-0	71-0-0	70-6-0	9-0-0	122-7-0

(Sd) T. Krishna Rao.
Dy Collector
4-9-63

True extract

KA
16.10.23

15-X-23

K Sivaramu
for Collector

Sheet No. 1 (Extract)　Sheet No. 3 (Extract)

Register (No 7) Register of Inams in the Village of Tadikkombu (No.), in the Taluk of Dindigal in the District of Madura

Class, Extent and Value of Inam							Description, Tenure and Documents in support of the Inam					Name and Relationship of Original Grantee and of Subsequent and Present Holders — Length of Possession								Remarks	
			Extent					Tenure							Particulars regarding present Owner. If the Inam has been sub-divided, the names, etc., of each sharer should be entered in these columns.						
Number of Class or entire holding in this village	General class to which the land belongs	Survey number and names of fields comprised in the grant. Dry, Wet, or Garden.	Local Measure. Where the local measure is in Acres, Cawnies and Annas, it is to be entered in this column	Acres & Decimals English measure	Survey Assessment. Where no Survey has been made, the average assessment of similar Government land should be entered in column 7	Rental or present Assessment	Description of Inam. If for service, it is to be stated whether the service is continued. If for ...s, buildings, etc. whether they are efficiently kept up.	Whether free of tax, or liable to quit-rent, i.e., jodi, kattubadi, badiga, etc. Amount of latter to be entered.	Hereditary, unconditional, for life only, or for two or more lives	By whom granted and in what year	Written instruments in support of the claim. Original sanad, all miscellaneous documents, and other proofs of long possession. In this column it should be stated whether the Inam is held with or without grant, whether the grant is produced or lost, etc., and the general specification of terms of all documents produced, should be given.	Name of original grantee.	Name entered in the register prepared according to Reg. XXXI of 1802, or in the permanent settlement accounts and relationship of persons so entered to original grantee.	Name entered in the survey, or in any subsequent ... and relationship to predecessors	Name and age	Place of residence	Relation to original grantee or ... Registered holders	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent	If unconnected with the original holders, possession how obtained, and in what year.	An abstract of the Government orders or of cases of lapse ... Deputy Collector's ... recommendation	Decision of the Inam Commissioner or his Assistants.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
4. (SD) W. Robinson Inam Commissioner	Devadayam Pungadi	Wet. 325	Consolidated including 2 crop 0-4-0	0.41	1-7	1-3	For the support of Ponna Shengar Pagoda (thatched) at Shennanayakkanpatty mazara of Shettinayakkanpatti. It is worshipped once a year.	Free	Permanent	Not known	None	Ponna Shengar Pagoda	Sw 1212 Ponna Shengar Pagoda Sw 1223 omitted	Sw 1236 ~~Ponna~~ Ponna Shengar Inam	Shennamanaikenpatty mazara of Shettinaijakkanpatty Ponnu Shengar Pagoda Worshipper Pariavan					To be confirmed free in one T.D. so long as the Pagoda exists 6.7.63. (SD) T. Krishna Rao Dy Collr. The late worshipper father of the present dying the matter was reported by Tahsildar in arrear 14th July 1858 438 with promise of further report never yet made (Signed) T. Krishna Rao. Dy Collr.	Confirmed (SD) P. Chentral Rao. Spl. Asst. I.C. 23-9-63. T.D. no 921.
5. (SD) W. Robinson Inam Commissioner	Devadayam Odaybagal	~~Dry~~ Wet. 460	Consolidated including 2 crop 1-1-2	0.65	3-8	2-5	For the support of Shellandi amman Pagoda (masonry) at mazara Bhutepuram. It is worshipped once a year	Free	Permanent	Not known	None	Shellandi amman Pagoda	Sw 1212 Shellandi ammen Inam Sw 1223 omitted	Sw 1236 Shellandi ammen Inam	Mazara Bhutepuram Shellandi amman Pagoda. Worshipper Mottaya Gounden.					To be confirmed free in one T.D. so long as the Pagoda exists. (SD) T. Krishna Rao. Dy Collr. 6.7.63.	Confirmed (SD) P. Chentral Rao Ag. Spl. Asst. I.C. 23.9.63. T.D. no 922.
6. (SD) W. Robinson Inam Commissioner	Devadayam Manday	Dry 133	3-1-2	1.83	5-4	3-4	For the support of Vinayakar pagoda (masonry) at mazara Pappanampatti. It is worshipped every Friday.	Do	Do	Do	Do	Pappanampatty Vinayagar Pagoda × wrong area for 4-0-3 vide cases 1,2&7.	Sw 1212 Vinayakar Inam Sw 1223 Vinayakar Pagoda 20.2.2 Worshipper Vyapuri	Sw 1236 Vinayagar Inam	Mazara Pappanampatty Vinayakar Pagoda Worshipper Ganapati.					To be confirmed free in one T.D. so long as the Pagoda exists. (Signed) T. Krishna Rao. Dy Collr. 6.7.63.	Confirmed (Signed) P. Chentral Rao Ag. Spl. Asst. 23.9.63. T.D. no 923.

For Collector

6/20/4/28　8h 20.4.28

Sheet No. 6 (Chatram)

Register (No 7)

Register of Inams in the Village of [illegible] (No.),

	Collections R. A. P	Deduct Existing jodi paid to Govt.	Remainder	Deduct jodi to be now imposed for the Chatram at 1/2	Net value of the Inam	[illegible] 1/2 of the net value [illegible]	[illegible]
2	83-6-5						
3	66-5-10						
4	62-10-6						
5	68-15-0						
6	77-13-4						
57	66-8-4						
58	79-9-8						
59	84-12-3						
60	97-7-6						
61	89-10-10						
62	92-12-7						
	98-10-8						
	0-15-8						
	8-5-10						
66	83-7-7						
67	74-5-1						
68	92-14-11						
69	94-11-0						
Total	1483-7-7						
Average	82-7-0	44-9-0	37-14	19-0	18-14	2-4-0	65-13-0

Travellers that resort to the chatram. I am of opinion that Barky Venkata Rao's intention will be much better met by government receiving charge of the chatram & open it for the accomodation of travellers without Annadanam and preserving it in good order than by making over Chatram over to the Trustee for feeding Brahmins [illegible].

Besides, the papers in this case lead me to the view that these Inams are charitable grants of a semi-personal character or held by individuals for subsistence as well as for rendering service and therefore liable to 1/2 assessment — Vide Commissioner's printed memo on class II Religious and charitable grants." But I would suggest a small deviation from the Rule in favor of the Chatram [illegible] by making the 1/2 of the difference between the net value of the Inam after deducting the original jodi now paid to government another jodi payable to the Chatram the other half being the net value of the Inam to the Trustee. If this course of settlement be finally approved, it will only be necessary to take for the valuation of the Inams the average collections during Government management from F 1252 to F 1269 the Trustee keeping no regular accounts for subsequent years. The average collections will be a fair valuation and so I append a memo in the margin showing the results of such a settlement for the Inam in this case. A similar memo is also annexed in case 4 Shettinayakkanpatty for the Inam in that case. This inam being exclusively a hamlet, the rule for valuing entire villages according to average collections seems applicable to it. The full assessment is not likely under any circumstance to be realized.

(Signed) T. Krishna Rao
4.9./63. Dy Collr.

The Trustee has Competent heirs.
(Signed) T. K.

(Sd) W. Robinson
Inam Commissioner

8/20/4/28

20.4.28

For Collector

in the Taluk of in the District of

RELATIONSHIP OF ORIGINAL GRANTEE AND OF SUBSEQUENT AND PRESENT HOLDERS.—LENGTH OF POSSESSION.						REMARKS.	
	Particulars regarding present Owner. If the Inam has been sub-divided, the name, etc., of each sharer should be entered in these columns.						
Name entered in the survey, or in any subsequent account, and relationship to ...	Name and age.	Place of residence.	Relation to original grantee or subsequent Registered holder.	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent.	If unconnected with the original holders, possession how obtained, and in what year.	An abstract of the Government order in every case of lapse already reported must be entered in this column. Deputy Collector's opinion and recommendation.	Decision of
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	

நா. இளங்கோவன்
செப்பனிடுபவர் பெயர்
அக்டோபர் 1994
செப்பனிடுவதற்காக எடுத்துக் கொள்ளப்பட்ட நாள்
அக்டோபர் 1994
செப்பனிட்டு முடித்த நாள்

20/10/94

சரிபார்க்கும் மு.பா.எ. கையொப்பம்

ஆராய்ச்சி உதவியாளர் கையொப்பம்

in the Taluk of Dindigul in the District of Madura

Relationship of Original Grantee and of subsequent and present Holders;—Length of possession.

Name entered in the survey, or in any subsequent accounts, and relationship to predecessors.	Particulars regarding present Owner. If the Inam has been sub-divided, the name, &c., of each sharer should be entered in these columns.					REMARKS. An abstract of the Government order in every case of lapse already reported must be entered in this column. Deputy Collector's opinion and recommendation.	Decision of the Inam Commissioner or his Assistants.
	Name and age.	Place of residence.	Relation to original grantee or subsequent Registered holders.	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent.	If unconnected with the original holders, possession how obtained, and in what year.		
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	21

report of the inam being one for Vaidaprayanam a mention which appears to have been made as a mere form Called for the original grant with a view to ascertain the charactor of the Inam Vide yadast to Sub-Collector 29th July 1857 No 173. The Sub-Collector in reply sent to the Collector a deposition from the Ayyangars in which he stated that no grant was then forthcoming and that the Inam was personal and for no Service - Vide yadast to Collector 11th June 58 No 114. The enquiry thus ended and the papers are sent to me for disposal.

From the terms of the grant I feel no hesitation that this is a Personal Inam. The widow Tangammal however who is a female of the undivided family and who is still living with the present holder now comes forwarded to claim this Inam in her own right alleging that she is the widow of the last holder divided from the present. She appears to have been guided by evil advisers in her present claim, but as she cannot shew by any evidence that her husband had been divided from the present holder and as she has been asserting to the contrary from 1853 up to this time and has further had the Inam lands once registered in her own name entered again at her own desire in the name of Present holder, I have rejected her claim and referred her to Courts to establish it and recommended that the Inam may be conformed to Present Holder in one.

T.D. or 1/8 Q.R. amounting to Rs. 25-0-0- agreed to.
In C.S. No 1 of 1876.

Defendant Exhibit III.

(Sd) S. Narasimhooloo Naidu
Addl Sub-Judge.

Filed 23rd November 1876.

14-8-63

(Sd) T. Krishna Rao
Dy Collector.

True Copy

be well accounted for, because in those days Inams were not confirmed to females for more than one life through possession of female issue. The Deputy Collector however ~~boring~~ being well satisfied that the family is undivided, I would only request the Deputy Collector to state if he has any objection to confirm the Inam in the names of the sons of Venkatachari also, and whether any plea is put forward that they are divided from the family. This being a case of pending present enjoyment ought to form no consideration in this Settlement.

KA
16.10.23

Ku
13-10-23

~~True Copy~~

Sheet No. 6 (Extract) Sheet No. 6 (Extract)

Register (No. I) Register of Inams in the Village of Tadikkombu (No.), in the Taluk of Dindigul in the District of Madura

Class, Extent and Value of Inam.						Description, Tenure and Documents in support of the Inam.					Name and Residence of Original Grantee and of subsequent and present Holders; Length of possession.			Particulars regarding present Owner. If the Inam has been sub-divided, the name, etc., of each sharer should be entered in these columns.					Remarks.	
General class to which the Inam belongs.	Survey number and name of field or fields comprised in the grant. Dry, Wet, or Garden.	Extent – Local Measure. Where the local measure is in Acres, Cawnies and Annas, it is to be entered in this column.	Extent – Acres & Decimals. English measure.	Survey Assessment. Where no Survey has been made and no Assessment fixed by Government, the sum paid by the ryots to the Inamdar, or the average Assessment of similar Government land should be entered in column 7.	Revised or present Assessment.	Description of Inam. If for service, it is to be stated whether the service is continued. If for tanks, buildings, etc., whether they are efficiently kept up.	Tenure – Whether free of tax, or sarva, dumbala, etc., or liable to quit-rent, i.e., jodi, kattubadi, bodiga, etc. Amount of latter to be entered.	Tenure – Hereditary unconditional for life only, or for two or more lives.	By whom granted and in what year.	Written instruments in support of the claim. Original sanad, all miscellaneous documents, and other proofs of long possession. In this column it should be stated whether the Inam is held with or without grant, whether the grant is produced or lost, etc., and the general specification of terms of all documents produced, should be given.	Name of original grantee.	Names entered in the register prepared according to Reg. XXXI of 1802, or in the permanent settlement accounts; and relationship of persons so entered to original grantee.	Name entered in the survey, or in any subsequent accounts, and relationship to predecessors.	Name and age.	Place of residence.	Relation to original grantee or subsequent Registered holders.	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent.	If unconnected with original holders, how obtained, and what year.	An abstract of the Government order in every case of Inam already reported must be entered in this column. Deputy Collector's opinion and recommendation.	Decision of the Inam Commissioner or his Assistants.
14. Personal	Dry Manal 210	9-9-3	5·67	8-3	6-2	Bhattavritti	Free	Hereditary	Not known	Tarwisanad by Col. Hardis late Collector dated 23rd February 1797	Not known	In 1212 Bheema Rao In 1223 Bheema Rao Registree in 1212	In 1236 Bheema Rao Registree in 1212	Bheema Rao 57 2 Narasinga Rao 45	Shivagangah	1&2 grandsons of the party in 1212	wife 1 son 1 married daughter 1 3 son 1 married daughters 6 2nd wife 1 grandson 1 9	Undivided family	To be Confirmed in one I.D. QR at 1/8 Rs 1-12-0 agreed to (Sd) T. Krishna Rao. Dy Collr. 24.8.63.	Confirmed (Sd) P. Chenbal Rao Ag. Spl. Asst. I.C. 24.9.63. I.D. No 906.
	Wet consolidated including 2 crop																			
	Punjadi 344	4-1-2	2-41	8-11	6-15															
	Total	13-11-1	8·08	16-14	13-1															
(Sd) W. Robinson Inam Commissioner																				
15 Dharmadayam.		Chattrappatty Mauzah																		
	Dry Oday 332	0-12-1	0·45	0-5	0-5	For the support of Burki Venkata Rao's Chatram at Gopalasamudram Mazara of Shettinaikenpatty	Jodi 4-4-9	Permanent	Not known	None	Burki Venkata Rao's Chatram	In 1212 Burki Venkata Rao's chatram Inam In 1223 omitted	In 1236 Burki Venkata Rao's chatram Inam.	Gopalasamudram Mazara of Shettinaikenpatty Burki Venkata Rao's Chatram Trustee of Timmavadhani alias Sivaramavadhani			This Inam and another in case 10 Shetti-naiyakkanpatty are entered in accounts as Barky Venkata Row's Chatram Inams. The Original Chatram appears to have fallen in ruins in time immemorial as per tradition. In F. 1212 Mr. Hardis imposed a jodi on the Inam in this case only and gave a patta in the name of Ramasami aiyan of Barky Venkata Rao's chatram uncle of the present Trustee a descendent of the grantee telling him to enjoy it making the annadanam. The Trustee's family continued to enjoy the Inams till 1836 when they were zufted by Sub-Collector on the ground that the charity was not observed but again restored under Collector's orders on the condition that the trustee shall feed at his own house such brahmins as might come in the noon to his house and maintain himself and family paying the jodi to Government. Vide Kararnamah 3d November 1836. The Inams were again zufted in 1842 on the ground of the refusal of the Trustee to build a chatram. The Trustee then filed a suit in the Madura Sub Court No 64 of 1854 for the recovery of the Inams and the proceeds realised during zufti and to obtain an acknowledgement of his right to the lands. The Sub judge dismissed the suit considering that the Rev. authorities were competent under Regulation VII of 1817 to zuft the Inams; ~~but~~ but on appeal no. 295/1856			Confirmed on the present te See Remarks Case no 13. (Sd) P. Chenbal Ag. Spl. Asst. I. 23.9.63. Approved. (Sd) W. F. Blair Ag. I.C. 20.3.65 I.D. No 1609.
	333	4-13-2	2-86	4-2	3-1															
	10 years waste 334	22-8-1	13·28	9-9	9-9															
	Othuckaray 335	0-12-3	0-47	0-5	0-5															
	336	6-8-0	3·83	5-8	4-2															
	337	2-15-1	1·74	2-8	1-14															
	Taras. 338	0-7-1	0·27	0·3	0-3															
	339	5-7-2	3-23	4-10	3-8															
	10 years waste 340	1-12-2	1-05	0-12	0-12															
	341	1-2-3	0-69	1-0	0-12															
	10 years waste 342	1-10-0	0·96	0-11	0-11															
	Taras 343	7-13-0	4-61	3-5	3-5															
	344	18-8-3	7·99	28·12	17-4															
	345	0-14-2	0·53	0-6	0-6															
	346	4-4-2	2-53	3-10	2-11															
	Karayadi 347	0-13-0	0-48	0-6	0-6															
	348	8-11-0	5-13	7-6	5-8															
	349	0-3-0	0-11	0-1	0-1															
	350	5-15-1	3-51	5-1	3-13															
	351	10-0-2	5-92	8-8	6-6															
	352	2-7-0	1-44	2-1	1-13															
	Taras 353	1-9-0	0·92	0-11	0-11															
	354	7-4-2	4-30	6-3	4-10															
	356	7-0-2	4-15	5-15	4-8															
	10 years waste 361	16-15-1	10-00	7-3	7-3															
	362	0-6-0	0-22	0-5	0-4															
	10 years waste 363	0-11-3	0-43	0-5	0-5															
	364	5-6-0	3·17	4-9	3-7															
	365	7-14-0	4-64	6-11	5-0															
	Oday 366	3-9-0	2-10	1-8	1-8															
	367	4-9-0	2-69	3-14	2-14															
	368	8-6-1	4·95	7-2	5-5															

8/4 20/26 20-4-28

For Collector

A3II4-6-11

Sheet No. 6 (Extract) Sheet No. 6 (Extract)

Register (No. [illegible]) Register of Inams in the Village of Sadaiamambu (No. [illegible]) in the Taluk of Dindigul in the District of Madura

Vakkal	369	0-8-2	0-20	0-[illegible]	0-2
10 years waste	370	0-1-2	0-06	0-1	0-1
Taras	371	2-14-1	1-71	1-4	1-4
	372	1-2-2	0-69	0-15	0-12
10 years waste	373	1-10-0	0-96	0-11	0-11
	374	2-5-0	1-36	1-15	1-8
5 years waste	375	1-4-3	0-77	0-9	0-9
	376	5-5-3	3-16	5-11	4-0
Taras	377	1-4-0	0-74	0-9	0-9
	378	3-4-1	1-93	2-12	2-1
	379	5-2-2	3-04	5-8	3-13
5 years waste	380	0-4-0	0-15	0-2	0-2
	381	0-10-1	0-38	0-9	0-6
Total		19-2-14-0	113-80	154-11	118-4

The Civil judge decreed that the Rev. department was not warranted in giving the lands without making a regular and formal investigation into the case and having it proved that the produce of the lands had been appropriated contrary to the intention of the donor to the personal use of the individuals in immediate charge as the records showed that no chatram ever existed except in name or paper. He therefore decreed that the lands be restored to the Trustee under the obligation entered into by him in 1836 to feed Brahmins at his own house and maintain himself and family with a chatram [illegible] which he directed to be erected from 2/3 of the [illegible] of the said lands realized during the past and [illegible] styled Barky Venkata Rao's chatram the remaining [illegible] having been allowed for the Trustee's maintenance. He states that he merely awards by his decree the lands and intermediate profits to the trustee, and leaves the right claimed by him of exercising ~~and~~ an unrestricted control over the Inams and the charity as he pleased to be adjudicated by the Inam Commissioner. Accordingly the Trustee in this case and in case 10 in Shettinayakkanpatti has obtained from Fs. 1270 the possession of the Inams and he has received the intermediate profits from Fs. 1252-1269. The Trustee together with the trustees in case 13 of this village and in case 4 of Shettinayakkanpatty having represented to the Civil Court the advantage of having one chatram with 2 Entrances and their willingness erect a joint Chatram and the proposition having been approved by the Board of Revenue the Civil judge modified his decree directing that the chatram be built accordingly within 18 months from 9th November/60. The joint chatram has been accordingly nearly completed in the vicinity of Dindigul by the 2 Trustees making two separate buildings – one of which is to be Barky Venkat Rao's Chatram – Although the 18 months have passed yet it is believed that the Chatram will be completed shortly and become available for the accomodation of Travellers next year.

The Collector in his Chatram return for 1861 states that the question of the future management of the Endowments has been decided by the Civil court in favour of the Hukkadar (descendants of the original grantee) meaning the Trustee.

Thus, in the absence of any original grant the Inams in question are to be considered as intended jointly for Charity and the subsistence of the grantee together as the manager which the trustee descendant of the grantee does not deny. But at the same time he claims that the Charity in question should be under his unrestricted control and that the intention of the Donor was that he the Trustee should maintain himself and his family and also exercise that control. He does not agree to what I proposed to him after the Court's judgment that he shall enjoy 1/3 of the Inams as the Chatram manager and devote the 2/3 to the Charity – Charity and subsistence he states cannot be separated but agrees to manage the charity under the obligation entered into by him in 18[illegible] the only difference being that the new chatram will be the house in which he is to maintain himself and family and feed indigent [illegible] to the best of his means [illegible] on the whole I recommend [illegible] of the case and [illegible] the Shettinayakkanpatty may be confirmed in [illegible] subject to the existing jodi in this case [illegible] Barky Venkat Rao's chatram Charity in the name of the trustee so long as [illegible] arrangement and in any [illegible] charity may exist leaving it to the Commissioner to make such amendments in my division as he may deem requisite with reference to the records of the case [illegible] accompany [illegible] no longer required may it is [illegible] returned to the Civil judge direct from the Central office.

(Sd.) [illegible] Rao
[illegible] Collr.

Since writing the above decision the Inamdar Trustee has proposed to me a compromise intended to effect the severance of his connection on his part with the management of the charity which he [illegible] will subject to him to vexatious interference on the part of government officers acting under Regulation VII of 1817. He proposes to make over at once to government the new chatram as soon as it is completed and to relinquish in favour of Government his right to manage it and wishes that he may be permitted to enfranchise the Inams as personal subject to the payment of the existing jodi to Government where it exists and the jodi to the Chatram Institution to be now fixed once for all. I do not know how far the Commissioner may be prepared to receive the proposal. But I think [illegible] that it should be laid before him with such remarks as I can make.

The Trustee is so poor in circumstances and evidently so much engaged in private affairs that we cannot expect that he would or can efficiently manage the affairs of the Chatram which has been built under the superintendence of the present Tahsildar in a substantial style and in a most convenient form for travellers should the Commissioner sanction the proposal it will certainly be most advantageous to Government and to the Trustee as the Inamdar. Both the parties will be saved the trouble and expense of future litigation & disquieter and while the Inamdar will be maintained in the possession of the lands he had enjoyed from generation to generation and relieved of what he calls vexatious interference on the part of Government officers with private Charities the interests of the charities will be amply answered by the Chatram being taken under Government management and maintained from the chatram jodi. The feeding of brahmins in the house of the Trustee [illegible] has not been, as I view it, a pretext for evading the charity is an objectionable form of charity the observance of which cannot be satisfactorily ascertained or enforced by Government and the Inamdar would on the other hand feel the Government interference as harsh nor can it be possible even if the trustee was to continue to feed Brahmins really that he will be able to [illegible] all the

Sub-Collector

04-28 9/4/31

[illegible] 9 10 11 12 13 13 15 18

[illegible] Paddikakkoraiker

Vungery	410 9-9-33 consolidated [illegible] Sheet 1-22	67 [illegible] 448	[illegible] 15	Bhattavritti	Free	Hereditary	Not known	Darsi Sunnud by Mr. Hurdis late Collr. dated 22d Feb: 1797	Not known
Total	15-11-18	68 11	14 [illegible] 1						

In 1212	In 1236						
Bhrema Rao In 1223 Bhrema Rao Registered in 1212	Bhrema Rao Registered in 1212	[illegible] Bhrema (2) Narasinga	Rao 57 Rao 45	(1 & 2) 2 Sons of the party in 1212	Son Married Daughter } 1 (2) Son 1 Married Daughters } 6 Son's wife 1 Grand son 1	undivided family	to be [illegible] T. D. [illegible] agreed to

Sheet No 6

மதுரை - திண்டுக்கல்

Chattrapatty Mag[illegible]

[illegible]	402 2 [illegible]	45	5	5	For the Support of Burkee Venkata Rao's Chatram at Gopala Samudram Magana of Shettinayakkanpatty	Lodi [illegible] 9	Permanent	Do.	None	Burkee Venkata Rao's Chatram	In 1212 Burkee Venkata Rao Chatram Indum In 1223 omitted

In 1236		
Burkee Venkata Rao Chatram Indum	Gifted [illegible] Magana of Shettinayakkanpatty Burky Venkata Rao Chatram Timmavardhani alias Sivaram [illegible] Note of [illegible] No 500 d/19-5-1902 Council with Bd. No 110 d/14-6-1900 Resumed & [illegible] fully assessed [illegible] Inam Commr.	This in Case 10 [illegible] patty are [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] immediately [illegible] [illegible] On F. 1212 [illegible]

Total [illegible] 80 155 11 118

[illegible] imposed a [illegible] on the Inam in this Case only and gave a Patta in the name of Ramasami Aiyan & Burky Venkat Row's Chatram [illegible]
[illegible] a Descendant of the grantee [illegible] him [illegible] making the [illegible]. The Trustees [illegible]
until [illegible] the Inams [illegible] by the Collector on the ground that the Chatram was not [illegible]
again restored under Collector's orders [illegible] that the Trustee shall [illegible] at his own house such Bramins as might [illegible]
the [illegible] that house and maintain himself & family [illegible] Vide [illegible] 3rd November 1836. The [illegible]
again resumed in 18[illegible] on the ground of the refusal of the Trustee to [illegible] Chatram & the Trustee then filed a Suit in the [illegible]
Sub Court No 64 of 1854 for the recovery of the [illegible] and the proceeds [illegible] and to obtain an acknowledgment [illegible]
[illegible] other lands - the Sub Judge [illegible] that the Rev. Authorities were competent [illegible]
1817 to resume the [illegible] but on appeal No 2 of 1856 the Civil Judge declared that the Rev: Department was not [illegible]
in resuming the lands without making a regular and formal investigation into the Case and having [illegible] found that the [illegible]
the lands had been appropriated contrary to the intention of the Donor to the personal use of the individuals in immediate [illegible]
[illegible] the Records showed that no Chatram ever existed except in name on Paper. He therefore decreed that the lands be restored [illegible]
Trustee under the obligation entered into by him in 18[illegible] to feed Bramins at his own house and maintain himself and family
a Chatram shall be built which he directed shall be erected from 2/3 of the income of the said lands realized during the [illegible]
styled Burky Venkat Row's Chatram the remaining 1/3 having been allowed for the Trustee's maintenance. He states that he [illegible]
awards [illegible] the lands and intermediate profits to the Trustee and leaves the right claimed by him to exercise an unres-
tricted control over the Inams and the Charities [illegible] to be adjudicated by the Inam Commission. Accordingly, the Trustee
has obtained from F. 1270 the possession of the Inams and he has received the intermediate profits from F. 1252 to F. 1269. The Trustee
in this Case and in Case 10 in Shettinayakkanpatty together with the Trustees in Case 13 of that Village and in Case 16 of Shettinay[illegible]
[illegible] to the Civil Court the advantages of having one Chatram with 2 [illegible] and their willingness to erect a joint Chatram and the proposition having been [illegible]
by the Board of Revenue, the Civil Judge modified his Decree directing that the Chatram be built accordingly within 18 Months from 9th November 1860. The joint Chat[illegible]
[illegible] accordingly nearly completed in the vicinity of Dindigul by the 2 Trustees making 2 separate Buildings [illegible] of which is to be the Burky Venkat Row's [illegible]
[illegible] the 18 Months have passed yet it is believed that the Chatram will be completed shortly and become available for the accommodation [illegible]

The Collector in his Chatram Return for 1861 states that the question of the future management of the Endowments has been [illegible] by the Civil
[illegible] the Hakkadar (the descendants of the original grantee) [illegible] the Trustee -
[illegible]

T D No
1609

15 17 19 20

[illegible] that [illegible] to the Inams in the Chatram Manager and [illegible] the [illegible] Charity
[illegible] the Charity under the obligation entered into by him in 1836 the only difference being that the
[illegible] feed indigent travellers to the best of the means-
[illegible] Case 10 of Shettiagakkanpetty, may be confirmed in one T. D. subject to the Existing Jodi
[illegible] Chatram Charity in the name of the Trustee so long as under any arrangement and in any shape the charity
[illegible] Decision as he may deem requisite with reference to the Records of the Suit that
[illegible] to the Civil Judge direct from the Central office-

T. Krishna Row
2/9/63-

[illegible] Decision [illegible] dar Trustee has proposed to me a Compromise intended to effect the severance of all connection on his [illegible] Charity [illegible] will subject him to vexatious interference on the part of Government Officers acting under Regulation [illegible] Government the [illegible] Chatram as soon as it is completed and to relinquish in favor of Government his right to manage it [illegible] subject to the payment of the Existing Jodi to Government where it exists and a Jodi [illegible] now fixed once for all. I do not know how far the Commissioner may be prepared to receive the proposal. But I think it might [illegible] with such remarks as I can make on it-

[illegible] Trustee is so poor in circumstances and evidently so much pressing [illegible] private affairs that we cannot expect that he would or can efficiently manage [illegible] Chatram which has been built under the superintendence of the present Tahsildar in a substantial style and in a best convenient form [illegible] Commissioner [illegible] the proposal it will certainly be most advantageous to Government and the Trustee as the Inamdar. Both the [illegible] the trouble and expense of future litigation and [illegible] and while the Inamdar will be maintained in the possession of the lands he has enjoyed [illegible] and relieved of what he calls vexatious interference on the part of Government officers with private Charities, the interests of the Charity [illegible] by the Chatram being taken under Government management and maintained from the Chatram Jodi. The feeding of Bramins in the house of the [illegible] is now [illegible] a pretext for evading the Charity is an objectionable form of Charity, the observance of which cannot be satisfactorily [illegible] by Government and the Inamdar would [illegible] feel the Government interference as harsh. Nor can it be possible even if the Trustee [illegible] really that he will be able to [illegible] the travellers that resort to the Chatram. I am of opinion that [illegible] Venkat Row's [illegible] by Government receiving charge of the Chatram and open it for the accommodation of Travellers without Annadanam and preserving it in good order than by making the new Chatram over to the Trustee for feeding Bramins therein-

Besides, the [illegible] in this case lead me to the view that these Inams are charitable grants of a semi-personal character or held by [illegible] for subsistence as well as for rendering service & therefore liable to ½ assessment. Jodi [illegible] Commissioner [illegible] Class II [illegible] Charitable grants". But I would suggest a small deviation from the Rule in favor of the Chatram than has been fixed by making the ½ of the Difference between the net value of the Inam after deducting the original Jodi now paid to Govt. and the Jodi payable to the Chatram, the other half being the net value of the Inam left to the Trustee. If this Course of Settlement be finally approved, it will only be necessary to take the valuation of the Inams the average collections during Govt. management from F. 1252 to F. 1269 the Trustee rendering a regular account for subsequent years. The average collections will be a fair valuation and I [illegible] a Memo in the margin shewing the results of such a Settlement for the Inam in this Case. A similar Memo is also [illegible] in Case 4 Shettiagakkanpetty for the Inam in that Case. This Inam having [illegible] by an [illegible] the [illegible] Villages according to average Collections seems applicable to it. The full assessment is [illegible] [illegible]

T. Krishna Row
4/9/63-

The [illegible] has [illegible]-

Extract [illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible] di Kkombu vill: No 1 to the Dindigal Distr [illegible] and [illegible] Madura District Continued

4 5 6 7 8 9 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21

72 — 2 — 1 — 1 1823 — 1 5 — 5
73 — 8 — 1 — 33 2 — 3 1 — 11
75 — 6 — 3 — 25 1 — 7 1 — 1
76 — 5 — 1 — 19 1 — 4 — 10
77 — 5 — 3 — 21 1 — 3 — 11
Total [illegible] 13 — 1 2 26 13 — 4 — 12

Khatta vedu — Free — Vedi taty — Not known — None — Not known

In 1212 Vaida vritti Appa Sastry
In 1823 omitted

In 1236 (1) Hindu [illegible] Aiyan (2) Appanna Charier

Dindigul

(1) Ramaswamy Aiyan 53 — (1) Son of No 1 in 1236
(2) Kuppa Chary 41 — (2) Uncle No 2 in 1236

(1)
wife — 1
Sons — 2
Married Daughters 2
Unmarried do — 1
6

(2)
wife — 1
Sons — 2
Married Daughters 2
Unmarried do — 1
6

Sheet No 7

Case No 16

Register No 1, Thadi kKombu village
Dindigal Taluk
Madura Dt

[illegible]

Under an order of Tahsildar 1st August 1821 No 10 the Inam was continued under the Collector's verbal orders to the party No 1 in 1236 on the death of the person in 1212 on the ground of the former having been in Vaidavritti Service even during the latter's life time. The Tahsildar again recommending at the instance of the Villagers the registration of the person (No 2 in 1236) also, as a sharer on the ground that the service and land had been already divided between No 1 [illegible] in 1236 he was called on to report what No 1 in 1236 said on the subject. Vide Arzee 10th July 1823 and order 15th July 1823 No 121. The Thasildar then re[ported] the death of No 1 in 1236 and conveyed the wishes of the Villagers for the service and Inam being divided in equal shares between his son & No 2 in 1236. Vide Arzee 25th July 1823 No 17

On further requisition, the same recommendation was made by Tahsildar with the remark that no heirs of the original party were forthcoming. Vide Arzee 5th Aug 1823 No 17

The Sub Collector then directed the Inam and service to be enjoyed accordingly in shares by No 1 and 2. Vide order 13th Aug 1823 No 135.

5th January 1858, Appasastry, the 3rd son of the party in 1212 moved the Sub Collector for the Inam being re-attached to the Service stating that he was per[forming] the Service and complaining of the intrusion of the persons No 1 and 2 in 1236. Vide Petition 5th January 1858.

The Tahsildar was asked to enquire and in submitting the records of this Enquiry, he observed that the descent of the claimant Appasastry from the party in 1212 was insufficiently established by the evidence, but recommended that the son of No 2 in 1236 ~~[illegible]~~ may be allowed to enjoy ½ as he was performing one Branch of the Service and the other ½ may be transferred to Petitioner as the descendant of No 1 in 1236 on the ground that he was unfit for the other Branch of the Service. Vide Arzee 14th Aug 1858 No 67

The Sub Collector referred the matter to the Collector apparently for his opinion which has [illegible] given up to this time.

At present, the entire Inam is claimed by Appa Sastry and his 2 brothers and a Cousin [illegible] one party as the 3rd sons of the party in 1212. They have never been in Enjoyment of the Inam from 1821. It appears that Appasastry is performing at least from 1858 Vaidu Vritti or Panchangi Service to the Villagers. The Inam is also claimed by [illegible]swamy Aiyan son of the Registree (No 1) of 1236 and Kuppachar son of the other Registree as the other party. They have been enjoying it for upwards of 40 years. They do no sort of Service for which neither is qualified. Under these Circumstances, it is recommended that the Inam be confirmed to the two persons in present Enjoyment leaving the other party Descendants of the Registree of F. 1212 to recover the Inam thro' a legal Process. To be confirmed in one T. D. 2. R. at 1/8 Rs 1 — 4 —.

agreed to —
[illegible]
1/7/63

Copy [illegible] Kothai [illegible] 28/7/63

Sheet No. 1 (Extract) Sheet No. 1 (Extract)

(No.) Register of Inams in the Village of Tadikombu (No.), in the Taluk of Dindigul in the District of Madura

	Class, Extent and Value of Inam.						Description, Tenure and Documents in support of the Inam.	Tenure.				Name and Relationship of Original Grantee and of Subsequent and Present Holders; Length of Possession.			Particulars regarding present Owner. If the Inam has been sub-divided, the names, etc., of each sharer should be entered in these columns.						
	General class to which the Inam belongs.	Survey number and name of field or fields comprised in the grant. Dry, Wet, or Garden.	Local Measure. Area where the local measurement is in Acres, Cawnies and Anwat, it is to be entered in this column.	Acres & Decimals. English measure.	Survey Assessment. Where no Survey has been made, and no Assessment fixed by Government, the amount paid by the [illegible] should be entered in column 7.	Revised or present Assessment.	Description of Inam. If for service, it is to be stated whether the service is continued. If for [illegible], buildings, etc., whether they are efficiently kept up.	Whether free of tax, tir, sarva, dumbala, etc., or liable to quit-rent, i.e., jodi, kattubadi, bodiga, etc. Amount of latter to be entered.	Hereditary unconditional, for life only, or for two or more lives.	By whom granted and in what year.	Written Instruments in support of the claim. Original sanad, all miscellaneous documents, and other proofs of long possession. In this column it should be stated whether the inam is held with or without grant, whether the grant is produced or not, etc., and the general specification of terms of the documents produced, should be given.	Name of original grantee.	Name entered in the register prepared according to (Reg. XXXI of 1802), or in the permanent settlement accounts; and relationship of persons so entered to original grantee.	Name entered in the survey, or in any subsequent accounts, and relationship to predecessors.	Name and age.	Place of residence.	Relation to original grantee or subsequent Registered holders.	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent.	If unconnected with the original holders, possession how obtained, and in what year.	REMARKS. An abstract of the Government order [illegible] of lapse since reported must be [illegible] in this column. Deputy Collector's opinion and recommendation.	Decision of the Inam Commissioner or his Assistants.
	Personal Inam Consolidated including 2 crop																				
	Samudayam	2·55	[illegible]	·74	4-0	2·10	Bhatavritti	Free	Hereditary	Not Known	None	Not Known	In 1212 Subba Bhattar In 1223 not entered	In 1236 Subba Bhattar Registered in F. 1212	Dindigul Ramaswami Aiyar 24		great grandson of the Registree in F. 1212	mother - 1 wife 1 son 1 married daughter 1 unmarried do 1 5		To be Confirmed in one T.D. 2 R. at 1/8 amount agreed to (Signed) T. Krishna Rao Dy. Collr. 6.7.63	Confirmed (Sd) P. Chentsal Rao Ag. Spl. Asst. I.C. 23.9.63 T.D. no. 927.
	(Sd) W. Robinson Inam Commissioner																				
11	Personal Manual	Dry 6	53·3·1	31·39	3·4·15	22·6	Bhatta writter Panchangi Inam	Do	Do	Do	Do	Do	In 1212 Panchangam naraila ayyangar In 1223 omitted	In 1236 Panchangam Ramaswami Registered in 1212	Tadikombu Ayyathorai Aiyar 62		Son of the Registree in 1212	wife - 1 sons - 2 do. wives - 2 married daughters - 2 unmarried daughters - 1 8		To be Confirmed in one T.D. 2 R at 1/8 Rs 4-0-0 agreed to (Sd) T. Krishna Rao Dy. Collr. 6-7-63.	Confirmed (Sd) P. Chentsal Rao Ag. Spl. Asst. I.C. 23-9-63. T.D. No. 928.
	(Sd) W. Robinson Inam Commissioner																				

For Collector

D/ 20/4/28

20·4·28

Sheet No. 7 (Extract)

Register (No I) Register of Inams in the Village of Tadikkombu (No.), in the Taluk of Dindigul in the District of Madura

Number of Inam	General class	Survey numbers	Extent: Local Measure	Extent: Acres & Decimals	Survey Assessment	Revised or present Assessment	Description of Inam	Tenure: Whether free of tax, &c.	Tenure: Hereditary, or for life	By whom granted and in what year	Written Instruments in support of the claim	Name of original grantee	Name entered in the register prepared according to Reg. XXXI of 1802	Name entered in the survey, &c.	Name and age	Place of residence	Relationship	Surviving heirs of the present incumbent	If unconnected with the original holders, possession how obtained	Remarks	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
16	Personal	Inam Consolidated including 2 crop					Bhattavritti	Free	Hereditary	Not known	None	Not known	In 1212 Vaidavritti Appa Sastry In 1223 omitted	In 1236 (1) Kasivasi aiyan (2) Appanna-chari	(1) Ramaswamy aiyan 43 (2) Kuppachary 41	Dindigul	(1) Son of no 1 in 1236 (2) Son of no 2 in 1236	1 wife — 1 sons — 2 married daughters 2 unmarried do 1 6 2 wife — 1 sons — 2 married daughters 2 unmarried do — 1 6		Under an order of Tahsildar 1st August 1821 No 10 the Inam was continued under Sub Collector's verbal orders to the party no 1 in 1236, on the death of the person in 1212 on the ground of the former having been in Vaidavritti Service even during the latter's lifetime. The	Confirmed Accordingly (Signed) [illegible] Ag Spl Asst 28-9-63 T. D. No 883
		72	2-1-1	1-23	7-1	5-5															
		73	0-10-1	0-38	2-3	1-14															
		75	0-6-3	0-25	1-7	1-1															
		76	0-5-1	0-19	1-2	0-13															
		77	0-5-3	0-21	1-3	0-14															
		Total	3-13-1	2-26	13-0	9-42															

Tahsildar again recommending at the instance of the villagers the registration of the person (no 2 in 1236) also as a Sharer on the ground that the service and land had been already divided between no 1 & 2 in 1236 he was called on to report what no 1 in 1236 said on the subject. Vide arzi 10 July 1823 and order 15th July 1823 No 121. The Tahsildar then reported the death of no 1 in 1236 and conveyed the wishes of the villagers for the Service and Inam being divided in equal shares between his son and no ~~(2)~~ A 2 R in 1236 - Vide Arzi 25th July 1823 no 77.

On a further requisition, the same recommendation was made by Tahsildar with the Remark that no heirs of the original party were forthcoming. Vide Arzi 5th August 1823 No 17.

The Sub-Collector then directed the Inam & Service to be enjoyed accordingly in shares by no 1 sons and 2 Vide order 13th August 1823 No 135.

On the 5th January 1858, Appa Sastry the grandson of the party in 1212 moved the Sub-Collector for the Inam being reattached to the Service stating that he was performing the Service and complaining of the intrusion of the persons no 1 and 2 in 1236 — Vide Petition 5th ~~July~~ January 1858.

The Tahsildar was ordered to enquire and in submitting the records of this enquiry, he observed that the descent of the claimant Appa Sastry from the party in 1212 was sufficiently established by the evidence, but recommended that the Son of no 2 in 1236 may be allowed to enjoy $\frac{1}{2}$ as he was performing one branch of the Service and that the other half may be transferred

* to petitioner ousting the descendant of no 1 in 1236 on the ground that he was unfit for the other branch of the Service. Vide Arzi 14th August 1858 No 629. The Sub-Collector referred the matter to the Collector apparently for his opinion which has not been given up to this time.

At present, the Entire Inam is claimed by Appa Sastry and his two brothers and a Cousin as one party as the grandsons of the party in 1212. They have never been in enjoyment of the Inam from 1821. It appears that Appa Sastry is performing at least from 1858 Vaidavritti or Panchangi Service to the villagers — The Inam is also claimed by Ramaswamy aiyan Son of the Registree (no 1) of 1236 and Kuppachar Son of the other Registree as the other party — They have been enjoying it for upwards of 40 years — They are doing no sort of Service for which neither is qualified — Under these Circumstances it is recommended that the Inam be confirmed to the two persons in present enjoyment leaving the other party descendants of the Registree of 1212 to recover the Inam thro' a legal Process. To be Confirmed in one T. D. Q. R at 1/8 Rs 1-4-0. agreed to.

(Signed) T. Krishna Rao
4-9-63 Dy Collr

(Sd) W. Robinson
Inam Commissioner

for Collector

8/20 4/8

Sheet No

Sheet No 1 C[illegible] 13

[illegible]ister (No [illegible])

Register of Inams in the Village of [illegible] (No.), in the Taluk of Dindigal in the District of Madura

Description, Tenure and Documents in support of the Claim.

Revised or [illegible] Assessment.

Description of Inam. If for service, it is to be stated whether the service is continued. If for tanks, buildings, etc., whether they are efficiently kept up.

Tenure. Whether free of tax, [illegible], or liable to jodi, kattubadi, bediga, etc. Amount of latter to be entered. Hereditary unconditional for life only, or for two or more lives.

By whom granted and in what year.

Written Instruments in support of the claim. Original sanads, [illegible] In this column it should be stated [illegible] produced, should be given.

Name of original grantee.

Name entered in the register [illegible] according to Reg. XXXI 1802, or in the permanent settlement accounts; and relationship of persons so entered to original grantee.

Name and [illegible]

Relationship of Original Grantee and of Subsequent and Present Holders ;—Length of Possession.

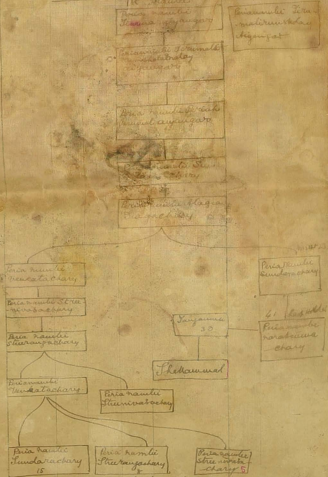
Particulars regarding present Owner. If the Inam has been sub-divided, the name, etc., of each sharer should be entered in these columns.

Name entered in the survey, or in any [illegible] | [illegible] | Relation to original grantee or other [illegible] registered holders. | Surviving heirs of the present incumbent. | [illegible] what year.

REMARKS. [illegible] abstract of the Government order [illegible] reported must be entered in this column. Deputy Collector's opinion and Proposed decision.

Decision of the Inam Commissioner or his Assistant.

				6	7
				1-0	1-0
			99	7-3	7-3
		3	2·94	2-13	2-13
		3	2·47	6-13	6-13
		4-0	5·57	4-0	4-0
Manal	89	3-10-0	2·14	1-9	1-9
years waste	90	6-8-2	2·85	1-6	1-6
Manal	91	4-1-3	2-43	1-12	1-12
10 years waste	92	0-8-2	[illegible]	0-4	0-4
Valamaram	93	10-6-0	[illegible]	[illegible]	4-0
5 years waste	94	0-12-2	0·50	0-3	0-3
Shevval	95	[illegible]	2·94	2-1	2-1
5 years waste	96	[illegible]	1·23	0-3	0-3
Shevval	97	6-2-3	3·54	3-15	3-15
4 years waste	98	0-2-2	0·09	0-1	0-1
Shevval	99	4-2-2	2·82	2-0	2-0
DO	100	7-10-2	4·52	3-4	3-4
5 years waste	101	7-9-0	4·46	1-10	1-10
5 years waste	102	3-15-3	2·36	[illegible]	[illegible]
Shevval	103	8-13-2	5·22	1-14	1-14
Shadankalli	104	1-7-3	0·65	0-4	0-4
Theval	105	3-0-3	1·80	1-5	1-5
Odai	106	~~4-12-2~~ 0-6-0	~~2·82~~ 0·22	~~2-0~~ 0-1	~~2-0~~ 0-1
Shevval	107	4-12·2	2-82	2-0	2-0
Manal	108	5-0-0	2·95	2-2	2-2
Shevval	109	2-4-0	1·33	0-8	0-8
Manal	110	1-14-0	1-11	0-13	0-13
DO	111	3·2-1	1-85	1-5	1-5
Shevval 5 years waste	112	3-0-0	1-27	0-10	0-10
Manal	113	1-3-2	0-72	0-8	0-8
	114	0·2·3	0-10	0-1	0-1
5 years waste	115	0-4-0	0-15 }	0-1	0-1
	116	0-0-2	0-02 }		
Eradi	117	17·8-1	10·33	7-7	7-7
Shevval 4 years waste	118	4-2-0	2-43	0-14	0-14
Manal	134	6-7-0	3-80	2-12	2-12
Elanday	135	9-8-0	5-61	2-0	2-0
DO	136	15-8-0	9-15	3-5	3-5
Valamaram	137	7-9-0	4-46	3-3	3-3
Aalamaram	138	8-1-0	4-76	3-7	3-7
4 years waste	139	1-13-0	1-07	0-6	0-6
Kattapadi	140	12-14-3	7-62	5-8	5-8
DO Valamaram	141	17-4-0	10·18	7-5	7-5
Kalattadi	142	9-2-0	5-42	1-15	1-15
Parayadi	143	17-9-0	10-36	3-12	3-12
	Total	439-0-2	259-03	178-11	177-6
Wet Consolidated including 2 crop.					
Vadayadi	424	4-1-2	2-42	13-1	8-11
Teruchay	179	1-0-0	0·59	4-12	3-13
DO	182	1-11-2	1-01	8-3	6-9
DO	184	1-14-2	1-12	9-2	7-5
	Total	8-11·2	5-14	35-2	26-6
	Total	447-12-0	264·17	213-13	203-12


1st Grantee
Peria Nambi Tiruma Ayyangar
Periyanambi Tirumala [illegible] Ayyangar
Peria Nambi [illegible] Ayyangar
Periyanambi Sun[illegible] chary
Peria Nambi Alagachary
Peria Nambi Venkatachary
Peria Nambi Streenivasachary
Peria Nambi Streerangachary
Periyanambi Venkatachary
Peria Nambi Streenivasachary
Peria Nambi Sundarachary 15
Peria Nambi Streerangachary 8
Peria Nambi Streenivasachary 5
Tangammal 30
Shellammal
Peria Nambi Sundaramchary
41 Last holder
Peria Nambi Narasimmachary
2nd grantee
Periyanambi Tirumalirunsholay Aiyangar

Venkatachary's sons are entered in Col 19 as members of the party in Col 16 with whom they are undivided & who is the Head member. But this need not bar the entry of their names in the title deed as we register undivided members also under the Commissioner's Proceedings. They never wished to have their names also entered

(Signed) T. Krishna Rao
Deputy Collector
Acting Assistant to the Inam Commissioner
11th May 1866

7th August 1856 no 554.

The Sub Collector enquired why this registration was proposed in the name of the Iyengar while he had an elder brother named Venkatachariar (now deceased) and called for further information on the origin of the Inam, vide order 11th August 1854 no 351. The Tahsildar reported ~~[illegible]~~ the Inam to be personal and stated as the ground of the ~~[illegible]~~ recommendation that the elder brother, against the registration of whose name there was no objection, was required to remain at Sheerangam and thus disabled from looking after the Inam cultivation and supported it, vide Arzee 4th January 1855 no 5. The Sub Collector sent earlier report to the Collector for the Board's sanction being obtained for the continuance of the Inam in the Aiyangar's name vide yadast 6th July 1857 no 145. The Collector referring to the mention made in the Sub Collector's earlier report of the [illegible] Vartapravanam a mention which appears to have been made [illegible] with a view to ascertain the character of the [illegible] called for the original grant [illegible] yadast to sub Collector 29th July 18[illegible] No 173. The Sub Collector in reply sent to the Collector [illegible] a petition from the Aiyangar in which he stated that no grant was then forthcoming and that the Inam was personal and for no service. vide yadast to Collector 11th June 18[illegible]8. Now the Enquiry has ended and the papers are sent to me for disposal.

From the terms of the grant I feel no hesitation that this is a personal Inam. The widow Tangammal however who is a female of the undivided family and who is [illegible] living with the present holder now comes forward to claim this Inam in her own right alleging that she is the widow of the last holder divided from the present. She appears to have been guided by evil advisers in her present claim but as she cannot show by any evidence that her husband had been divided from the present holder and as she has been asserting to the contrary from 1853 up to this time and has further had the Iyen lands once registered in her own name, entered again at her own desire in the name of present holder I have rejected her claim and referred her to Court to establish it and recommended that the Inam may be confirmed to Present Holder in one T. D. on 1/8 Q. R. amounting to Rs 26-0-0 agreed to.-

(Signed) T. Krishna Rao.
14-8-63 Dy Collr

Claimants and the deceased one would naturally suppose them to be divided. The admission of the parties before the ~~[illegible]~~ Revenue authorities that they are undivided can be well accounted for because in those days Inams were not confirmed to females or more than one life [illegible] of [illegible] issue. The Deputy Collector however being well satisfied that the family is undivided I would only request the ~~Deputy~~ Deputy Collector to state if he has any objection to confirm the Inam in the names of the sons of Venkatachari also & whether any plea is put forward that they are divided from the family.

This being a case of lapse pending, — present enjoyment ought to form no consideration in the Settlement.

(Sd) P. Chentsal Rao
23-9-63. Ag. Spl. Asst.

Confirmed as recommended
(Sd) W. T. Blair
Offg. Inam Commissioner
14-5-65.

T. D. No. 1037.

For Collector

8/20/4/28

20-4-28

Sheet No. 1 [illegible]

Register (No. [illegible]) Register of Inams in the Village of [illegible] (No.), in the Taluk of Dindigul in the District of [illegible]

Class, Extent and Value of Inam. — Description, Tenure and Documents in support of the Inam. — Name and [illegible] — Relationship of Original Grantee and of subsequent and present Holders:—Length of possession.

Survey Assessment. Where no Survey has been made and no Assessment fixed by Government, the sum paid by the ryot to the Inamdar, or the average Assessment of similar Government land should be entered in column 7.

Written Instruments in support of the claim. Original sanad, all miscellaneous documents, and other proofs of long possession. In this column is should be stated whether the Inam is held with or without grant, whether the grant is produced, [illegible], etc., and the general specification of [illegible] of all documents produced, should be given.

By whom granted and in what year.

Name of original grantee.

Name entered in the register prepared according to Reg. XXXI of 1802, or in the permanent settlement accounts, and relationship of persons so entered to original grantee.

Particulars regarding present Owner. If the Inam has been sub-divided, the name, etc., of each sharer should be entered in these columns.

Name entered in the survey, or in any subsequent accounts, and relationship to predecessors. — Name and age. — Place of residence. — Relation to original grantee or subsequent Registered holders. — Surviving heirs of the present incumbent.

Remarks.

12 Punchal Dry					
[illegible]	218	5-5-2	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]-6
	13	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]-6
	14	4-10-1	2-12	2-[illegible]	[illegible]-15
	15	11-2-4	[illegible]-57	7-[illegible]	[illegible]-1
	16	0-4-1	0-15	[illegible]	0-3
	17	0-10-1	0-38	0-6	0-6
	18	0-2-3	0-10	0-6	[illegible]-1
	19	4-14-3	2-[illegible]	[illegible]	3-2
	20	4-0-2	2-[illegible]	[illegible]	2-9
	21	0-11-2	0-42	0-5	0-5
	22	7-7-2	0-94	1-5	1-[illegible]
	23	2-9-2	1-51	2-3	1-10
	24	0-3-0	0-11	0-1	0-1
Grove & attam	25	0-8-2	0-31	0-5	0-5
	2[illegible]	0-10-1	0-38	0-6	0-6
	29	2-0-0	1-18	1-11	1-4
	30	2-14-2	1-71	1-14	1-14
	31	1-4-0	0-74	0-8	0-8
	32	8-12-1	5-17	3-12	3-12
	33	5-10-3	3-35	2-6	2-6
Anadi Taram	34	2-1-2	1-24	0-14	0-14
	35	2-5-2	1-38	1-0	1-0
	36	7-14-3	4-67	3-6	3-6
Anadi Taram	37	4-11-2	2-79	2-0	2-0
Do Do	38	0-1-2	0-06	0-1	0-1
	39	4-1-1	2-41	1-12	1-12
Do Do	40	0-7-1	0-27	0-3	0-3
	41	3-0-2	1-79	1-5	1-5
	42	2-3-1	1-30	0-15	0-15
Do Do	43	1-0-2	0-61	0-7	0-7
	44	3-2-3	1-87	1-6	1-6
	45	10-14-1	6-43	4-10	4-10
	46	5-5-3	3-16	2-4	2-4

Bhattavritti — Free from [illegible] copper plate [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] 1580

In 1237 Bhattavritti Periyanambi ayyangar [illegible] In 1234 [illegible] Periyanambi ayyangar [illegible] No. 142

In 1236 [illegible] in 1212 In 1241 Periyanambi Narasimha-chariyar son of the party in 1212 & 1223.

Tadikombu? [illegible] and [illegible] Trichinopoly Periyanambi Sreenivasa Chariyar alias Periyanambi Iyengar 35

Brother [illegible] proper [illegible] the party

wife
Brother's widow 1
do 3
[illegible] daughter married 2
do do not married 1
Brother's [illegible] widow [illegible] daughter married 1
great great grandfather's Brother's sons widowed daughters 1
great great great grandfather's Brother's grandsons widowed daughter
12

At the death of the last holder which occurred [illegible] his widow [illegible] requested [illegible] that [illegible] ~~[illegible]~~ [illegible] may be registered in the name of her [illegible] Brother's great grandson [illegible] Sreenivasa [illegible] a [illegible] of [illegible]. She further requested that the [illegible] given by the widow on certain Iyen lands as well as a Pattah issued to her [illegible] Pattahs in her name for certain Iyen lands in [illegible] may be quashed and [illegible] in the name of the Ayyangar in question, as the deceased's heir. The Tahsildar who enquired into the matter referred to his arzi no 426 of 29th June 1854 regarding ~~of~~ the registration of the Iyen lands in the Ayyangar's name and submitted a report in the tabular form for the continuance of the Inam also to him in accordance with the wishes of the widow — Vide Arzi 30th June 1854 no 432. It appears that the Iyen lands have been registered and Pattahs granted in his name under Sub Collector's order 14th November 1854 no 429 — The Tahsildar further reported with reference to the Arzee of 30th June 1854 that no one had come forward with any objection to the registration of the Inam in the manner proposed within one month's notice given to parties, vide

She [illegible] [illegible] against the [illegible] an [illegible] or other [illegible] involved in the matter. In this case it is not clear whether [illegible] has [illegible] or not. She appears to have [illegible] but it would [illegible] better the [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] to her [illegible] [illegible] would be confirmed the Inam in the name of the [illegible] to be [illegible] should [illegible] [illegible] altered hereafter. That the case must be decided on its own merits. The Deputy Collector seems to have satisfied himself that the [illegible] of the [illegible] of the deceased [illegible] undivided [illegible] family. If they are undivided there is no reason why the Inam should not be confirmed in the name of the [illegible] of Venkatachari [illegible] alone at [illegible] should not [illegible] [illegible] them [illegible] inherit the Inam [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

For Collector

20/4 [illegible]