

Revenue (1898) Department.

MISCELLANEOUS SERIES.

G.O., No. 2860

DATED 7th July 98

[Despatch Abstract.]

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

no. for papers 17/5/98
Revenue (1898) Department.

CURRENT No. 4292.

Order In no. 2860 of 7th July 98

Recorded

From

*The Board of Revenue,
 Revenue Srt. Leucist,
 Land Records and Agriculture
 Madras.
 No. 3560. mis.*

Dated 13th June 1898.

Received 16th

Registered 17th

Enclosures

Spare copies

*Has Irrigation any remarks
 to be made?*

27/6/98

S.P.B.I. acc.

No remarks.

6.7.98 10H

*Jt. Secy. P.W.D.
 Irrigation Branch*

*WAR
 23/6/98*

2nd

27/7/98

SUBJECT.

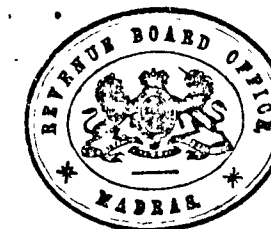
*Sanctioning, with remarks,
 the proposal of the Collector
 of Distna to extend the
 time for presenting ap-
 plications for water, under
 the Varaha puram channel,
 up to 30th June 1898.*

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
Go	1953	PWD.	14.2.95
	258126 (P.W.)		

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.



Proceedings of the Board of Revenue

(Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture),

Dated 13th June 1898.

No. 3560. mis

READ the following: —

Copy of the Executive Engineer's, Western Division, letter No. 1862, dated 25.3.98 to the Tahsildar of Tenali Taluk.

—
Please let the villagers concerned know that water will be supplied to Varahapuram channel this season. Applications for conversion to wet lands may be forwarded and will be disposed of as soon as possible, limit of time for this year will not be insisted upon. Probably a considerable area of

of land under involuntary flow
can be converted into wet.

(Signed.) W. C. Lewis
Executive Engineer
K. W. D.

(True copy.)

Submitted to the Sub-Collector,
Kistna District, for favour of
obtaining Collector's orders for
extension of the time to present
applications under the new chan-
nel referred to.

2. Notices were sent as per
Executive Engineer's letter and
applications received in April
and May.

3. The latest date fixed
in the rules is 31st March.

4. It is likely that come
more applications may be re-
ceived.

5. It is therefore suggested
that 30th June may be fixed as
the latest date under this channel
as

as without a fixed date, applic-
tions cannot be received for
an indefinite time.

(Signed.) P. Acharyulu
Tahsildar.

(Copy.)

Submitted to the Collector, Kistna,
for favour of orders.

2. I agree with the Tahsildar
in fixing 30th June 1898 as the
latest date.

(Signed.) M. Young.

Sd/- Sub-Collector

17/5/98.

(True copy.)

Ref. on C. No. 2521 of 98.
81

Submitted to the Secretary to
the Commissioner of Revenue
Settlement, and Director of the
Department of Land Records and
Agriculture, Madras, with the
request that the time for presenting
applications for water for Fasli
1308 under the Varahapuram
Channel may be extended up to
the 30th June 1898.

Kistna Collectorate } (Signed.) T. V. Narayanasami
Masulipatam, 30th May 98 } For Collector 3/6/98.

Resolution

Resolution.

The proposal of the Collector of Kistna to extend the time for presenting applications for water, under the Vana-hapuram channel, up to 30th June 1898, is approved and sanctioned.

2. The Board observes that the excavation of the channel was sanctioned in G.O. No.

135. 9, P. W.
14. 2. 95

Copy
(True Extract.)

R. V. Sundaram
Secretary.

To,
The Collector of Kistna,
Copy to the Secretary to Govt., Rev. Dept.

M.E.I.

Apparently the
Subsidiary is selected
any remarks should be
made on the 1st of
action - to be the
Tharadine that the

limit of time would not

be insisted on writing
on the 25th March

the being some rules
which require application

to be sent in by 31st March

what are the rules

referred to?

Probably earlier

intimation should have

been given as the

81st was sent in

Feb 25

1/2/98

E.S.V.

pendix to Board's

LANDS.

Second-class
Tanks, River
and Spring
Channels.

RS. A. P.

3 0 0

1 8 0

4 8 0

1 8 0

2 4 0

1 8 0

allowed by a wet
irrigation source
followed by an
spectively."

be charged the
for a number of
will be charged
217, dated 21st

ari Deltas.

The rules referred to are Sub. 6dáviri and
mitted under Rule II application
for water and to be sent to the
Tahsildar up to 31st March
that Mr. Sundaram proposed that

should be

Exd
14/6

Resolution.

The proposal of
-lector of Kistna to ex
time for presenting a
-tions for water, under
-hapuram channel, up
1898, is approved and

2. The Board
that the excavation of
-nel was sanctioned

135. 9 P. W.
14. 2. 95

Copy
(True Extract

L. V. Sani
Secretary

To,
The Collector of
Copy to the Secretary to

to repeated a...
demand for water. The
Collector recommended that
30 June may be fixed as
the latest date for receipt of the
water application. The Board
has sanctioned the proposal.
Reference has been made
to the Draft Channel...
a matter of course and
the Draft order may be
consequently returned.
Intimation could have
been given only when the
channel was capable of
supplying water.

10/3/98

When given for copying

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When examined

When signed

189

No. 4 of 1897.

4—The following should be substituted for the Appendix to Board's
10 Standing Order No. 4 (New Edition):—

ON DRY LANDS.				
	First-class Tanks, River and Spring Channels.			Second-class Tanks, River and Spring Channels.
	RS.	A.	P.	RS. A. P.
a. Water-rate for a single wet crop raised on dry lands, per acre ...	4	0	0	3 0 0
b. Second crop on the same land, per acre ...	2	0	0	1 8 0
c. For sugar-cane, betel, plantains, turmeric and other garden crops, &c., requiring water longer than an ordinary wet crop, per acre...	6	0	0	4 8 0
d. For dry crop watered ^a occasionally ^a whether first or second crop, per acre ...	2	0	0	1 8 0
e. ^a For dry crops regularly irrigated, ^b if first crop ^b ...	3	0	0	2 4 0 ^a
f. ^b For dry crops regularly irrigated, if second crop ...	2	0	0	1 8 0 ^b

^a B.P., No. 202, 21st August 1896.

^b B.P., No. 146, 19th February 1897.

Note 1.—“When a regularly irrigated dry crop is preceded or followed by a wet
crop on the same land, the total charge will be Rs. 6 under first-class irrigation source
and Rs. 4-8-0 under second-class sources; when the same crop is followed by an
irrigated dry crop, the total charges will be Rs. 5 and Rs. 3-12-0, respectively.”

B.P., No. 347 R.S., 7th May 1897.

Note 2.—Cocoanuts and other trees forming tope plantations will be charged the
same rates as the garden crops above referred to, if they take water for a number of
months in the year sufficient for raising two rice crops. If not, they will be charged
the rate for a single wet crop specified in clause (a). Vide B.P., No. 217, dated 21st
March 1892.

Order 4, para. 2.]

Rules for levying Water-rate in the Kistna and Gódvári Deltas.

RULE I.

The water-rates charged for irrigation in the Gódvári and
Kistna deltas are as follow:—

(1) For a single wet crop, Rs. 5 an acre.

(2) For a second *wet* crop on irrigated land, Rs. 5 an acre, provided that the cultivator may compound for irrigation for two crops for a term of years not less than five, for Rs. 8-2-0 an acre.

N.B.—A second crop is a crop grown on land on which a first crop has been grown in the same fasli.

(3) For a second *dry* crop on irrigated land, Rs. 2-8-0 an acre, if the crop is watered only occasionally, and Rs. 3-12-0 an acre, if it is irrigated systematically at regular intervals, except where the land-holder has compounded under clause 2.

(4) For sugar-cane, betel, plantains, turmeric and other garden produce, remaining on the ground for the time of two crops, Rs. 10 an acre, provided that the cultivator may compound for a term of years not less than five, for Rs. 8-2-0 an acre.

** Note.*—“Cocoanut and other trees forming *tope* plantations will be charged the same rates as the garden crops above referred to, if they take water for a number of months in the year sufficient for raising two rice crops. If not, they will be charged the rate for a single wet crop specified in clause (1) of this appendix.”^a

(5) For a dry crop grown on land for which irrigation has never been supplied, or, having been once supplied, has been since discontinued under Rule III, Rs. 2-8-0 an acre, whether the crop be a first or a second crop provided that the crop is watered only occasionally: if it is systematically irrigated at regular intervals the charge will be Rs. 3-12-0. These rates shall be paid according to the Kistbandi of the district.

(6) When the water used for irrigation cannot be obtained without raising it by baling or mechanical contrivances, a deduction of one-fourth of the water-rate will be made.

^b (7) When the Collector considers the supply of water to be precarious, the charge for a single wet crop will be Rs. 2-8-0 an acre.^b

RULE II.

(1) Cultivators will be allowed to take or to refuse irrigation for *wet* crops every year, on condition that a formal application, specifying the number and extent of the fields for which irrigation is sought or declined, be made to the head of the village, and, after registry by the Karnam, be sent to the Tahsildar up to the following dates:—

Applications for irrigation to be supplied—

(a) For a first crop, ° 31st March. °

(b) For a second crop, 30th November.

^a B.P., No. 148 (Settlement), 2nd April 1894.

^b B.P., No. 19, 12th January 1892.

^c B.P., No. 182, 22nd April 1892.

Applications for irrigation to be discontinued, 31st March.

(2) When water is required for *dry* crops under Rule I, clause (5), the application may be made at any time.

(3) When water is not available for all applicants, applications will ordinarily be admitted in the following order:—

(a) To applicants for water for two crops or one of sugar-cane, &c.

(b) To those who have received water longest, preference being given to those whose lands lie nearest the head of the channels.

(4) In the case of all applications for irrigation to be supplied, water being available, and of all applications for irrigation to be discontinued, the Tahsildar will admit the application, endorse it to that effect, and give it back to the Karnam for delivery to the applicant.

(5) Printed forms of these applications will be kept in stock by the Karnam.

(6) A register of applications, showing whether they have been admitted or rejected, will be kept both by the Tahsildar and the Karnam.

(7) The Tahsildar will send extracts from his register to the * Executive Engineer of the division concerned * every week. The Karnam's register will be kept open to inspection by the villagers.

RULE III.

When land has once been irrigated as *wet* land, it will be described as such in the accounts, and will be supplied with water, and remain liable to the water-rate (water being available) until a formal application for the irrigation to be discontinued has been made and admitted in the manner prescribed in Rule II.

RULE IV.

Application for water for *dry* crops grown on *dry* land, i.e., land for which irrigation has never been supplied, or having been once supplied, has been since discontinued under Rule III, may be made at any time to the Karnam, who will send one copy to the Delta Gumastah or Overseer, and one to the Tahsildar.

RULE V.

^b When water is taken for land not previously irrigated or of which the irrigation has been relinquished, or when it is taken for raising a second crop, wet or dry, on a registered single crop wet land, before a formal application for water has been made by the ryot con-

B.P., No. 82, 19th February 1892.

(2) For a second *wet* crop on irrigated land, Rs. 5 an acre, provided that the cultivator may compound for irrigation for two crops for a term of years not less than five, for Rs. 8-2-0 an acre.

N.B.—A second crop is a crop grown on land on which a first crop has been grown in the same fasli.

(3) For a second *dry* crop on irrigated land, Rs. 2-8-0 an acre, if the crop is watered only occasionally, and Rs. 3-12-0 an acre, if it is irrigated systematically at regular intervals, except where the land-holder has compounded under clause 2.

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^a Note.—“Cocoanut and other trees forming *tope* plantations will be charged the same rates as the garden crops above referred to, if they take water for a number of months in the year sufficient for raising two rice crops. If not, they will be charged the rate for a single *wet* crop specified in clause (1) of this appendix.”^a

(5) For a dry crop grown on land for which irrigation has never been supplied, or, having been once supplied, has been since discontinued under Rule III, Rs. 2-8-0 an acre, whether the crop be a first or a second crop provided that the crop is watered only occasionally: if it is systematically irrigated at regular intervals the charge will be Rs. 3-12-0. These rates shall be paid according to the Kistbandi of the district.

(6) When the water used for irrigation cannot be obtained without raising it by baling or mechanical contrivances, a deduction of one-fourth of the water-rate will be made.

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B.P., No. 82, 19th February 1892.

cerned and accepted by the Tahsildar as prescribed in Rules II and IV, or after an application has been refused, a water-rate equal to twice the rate chargeable according to Rule I will be exacted. Double water-rate will also be charged if water be taken from a sluice or channel or other source of supply other than that which is provided or approved by the responsible officer of the Public Works Department. The Collector may, for sufficient cause, remit or reduce the penal portion of the water-rate.^b

RULE VI.

No water-rate will be levied for a single crop on lands in Inams and Zemindaries which have been determined by the Collector under the orders of the Board of Revenue to be entitled to irrigation from before the time the anicut was built as "mamool wet" lands.

RULE VII.

Water will be granted free of charge on application to the D.P.W. officers, through the Collector, for flooding lands made barren by 'Soudoo,' whenever a sufficient supply of water is available, for a period not exceeding two years, provided that, if a crop or crops are raised on the land during this period, half the usual water-rate will be charged.

RULE VIII.

Anything in the foregoing rules notwithstanding, Government reserve to themselves the full right, with or without reason given, to discontinue either temporarily or permanently the supply of water for irrigation.

G.O., No. 617, 16th June 1873.

NOTES.

1. No water-rate should be charged on lands assessed as wet under tanks simply because the land is irrigated by anicut water.

2. ^c A cultivator (tenant) may be called upon to pay for water which he has obtained on his own application against the will of the landlord, and, if he fails to pay the water-rate, his property, real and personal, may be sold. In such a case, the tenant's real property will mean the defaulter's right, title and interest in any land in his holding if such possesses any value. The sale of such real property will be free of encumbrances, but will leave unaffected the landlord's right on the land, whatever it may be. A tenant's right in such cases should not be bought in on behalf of Government. When the tenant does not possess sufficient property, it will be discretionary with the Collector either to require prepayment of the water-rate or refuse the application altogether ^c.

3. When water is given on the application of the landlord, the landlord or his authorized agent should alone be allowed to tender relinquishment.

26th November 1877, No. 5075; 16th July 1874, No. 1837; 19th February 1877, No. 690; 5th February 1883, No. 315; 19th February 1877, No. 690; B.P., No. 210, 4th April 1891; B.P., No. 19, 12th January 1892.

^b B.P., N 279, 26th May 1893. ^c B.P., No. 54 L.R., 12th February 1897.

*Rules for levying Water-rate on lands irrigated by the
Kurnool-Cuddappah Canal.*

The following is the scale of water-rates applicable to the irrigation under the canal:—

No.	Description of Crop.	Irrigation by					
		Flow.			Lift.		
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
1.	Single wet crop per acre irrigated.	4	0	0	3	0	0
2.	Second wet crop on irrigated land.	0	0	0	2	4	0
3.	If compounded for two crops for a term of not less than five years ...	6	0	0	4	8	0
4.	Sugar-cane, betel-gardens, turmeric and other garden produce remaining on the ground for the time of two crops ...	0	0	0	4	8	0
5.	Single dry crop ...	1	0	0	0	12	0
6.	Second dry crop on irrigated land (if not compounded) ...	1	0	0	0	12	0
7.	Dry crop on land for which irrigation has never been supplied, or if supplied, discontinued ...	1	0	0	0	12	0
8.	Garden crops (Class 2 of Madras Irrigation and Canal Company's Rules) ...	3	0	0	2	4	0
* 9.	Mundla (tailed or coarse) paddy.	2	0	0	1	8	0 ^a

2. In order to assist the ryots to meet the expense of conversion of dry lands into paddy lands, the following reduction of the above rates will be made, in the case of lands which have not been wet cultivated within the last ten years—

50 per cent. for the first five years,

25 per cent. for the second five years,

after ten years the lands will be liable to the full water-rate. The ryots' liability to pay water-rate only continues until they have put in a relinquishment giving the prescribed notice of their intention to discontinue the use of the canal water. *Vide* para. 2 of B.P., No. 338, dated 25th October 1895.

3. When blocks of ten acres and upwards of unoccupied waste are taken up for irrigation, no water-rate will be charged for the first five years, but only the ordinary dry assessment will be levied. In the next five years, half the full water-rate shall be charged on the entire area of the block in addition to the dry assessment. After ten years, full water-rate shall be charged on the entire area of the block, in addition to the dry assessment. The charge for water shall be

B.P., No. 87, 16th February 1894.

liable to revision, at the discretion of Government, on the expiry of the current term of settlement, provided, however, that the change shall not take effect before the expiration of the ten-year period allowed under the rules." In accepting offers for blocks of land however care shall be taken to guard the claims of the villagers, as regards grazing requirements, and the extension of cultivation by resident villagers, and to maintain facilities for forming village reserves for fuel, &c.

Note.—The charge prescribed in the second and third sentences shall be leviable on the entire area of the block, whether irrigated or not, where the omission to irrigate was due solely to the ryots' neglect, and not to insufficiency of water or to other unavoidable causes. In the latter case, the charge may be reduced or remitted at the discretion of the jamabandi officers.

4. * The rates specified in the table appended to Rule I apply only to cases where water is taken after formal application; but when water is taken without such application, the extent so irrigated will be liable to the charge of penal rates amounting to one and half times the ordinary rates. No previous application for water is necessary in the case of lands classed as wet and included in the registered ayakuts of tanks fed by the canal. Application for water should be made to the Village officers in the following form:—

Date.	Village.	Royt's name.	Survey number.	Area for which water is wanted.	How long wanted.	What crop to be grown.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
				ACRES.		

This form should be filled up by the Karnam in duplicate and one copy given to the applicant, the other copy being retained for record. The Karnam shall also keep a register in the same form, in which all applications shall be entered in chronological order; and this register will be open to inspection by the Revenue Inspector and other Revenue officers in higher grades, and by the officers of the Department of Public Works in charge of the canal. Each month the extent of land in the village for which water is required should be made up and reported to the Canal officer. The permission to

B.P., No. 203, 9th July 1895.

irrigate should be followed, in the case of new irrigation by instructions from the Village officer as to the point in the village channel from which water may be led to the land to be supplied.*

5. As in the larger systems of irrigation, distributary channels which supply more than one village will be in charge of the Canal officers, and channels which carry a supply for only a single village will be managed by the ryots themselves under the supervision of the Village Revenue officers.

6. The value of water supplied to Government tanks, of which the natural supply may be deficient, will be credited to the canal. A normal revenue should be fixed for each tank based on the figures for a series of years before canal water was supplied and rejecting from the calculations, years of extraordinary drought or rainfall and all receipts above this standard should be credited to the canal. *Vide* B.P., No. 57, dated 23rd January 1894, and B.P., No. 203, dated 14th July 1895.

G.O., No. 448 I., 6th June 1882, P.W.; G.O., No. 529 I., 28th July 1886, P.W.

* B.P., 16th February 1894, No. 87.
B.P., No. 225 R.S., 11th September 1896.

Resolution.

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189

READ AGAIN G.O., No.

189

DATED

CURRENT No.

ENCLOSURES TO G. No.

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT

A A A A A A A

LETTER OF GOVERNMENT.

STATEMENT WITH DITTO.

PAPERS NOT FILED UP, BEING MEANT FOR DESPATCH
IN ORIGINAL.

N.B.—

A = Copy in full.

B = Not to be copied.

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Q = Copy heading only.