

Revenue (1898) Department.

MISCELLANEOUS SERIES.

G.O., No. 1983-84

DATED 6th May 1898.

[Despatch Abstract.]

Addressing the Colonial Secretary, Colombo, on the
subject of the import of adulterated articles such as
oils and paints.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
Mis	244	Rw	15.1.98				
Mis	5061-2	"	27.9.98				
Pw	530	"	19.10.96.				

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
	2576	Rw	15.6.98				
Mis	2576	Rw	15.6.98				

Revenue (1898) Department.

CURRENT No. 2808

From
The Secretary to the Commis-
sion of Salt, Abkari and Separate
Revenue, Madras.

Mis. No. 1525.

Dated 30th March 1898.

Received 8/4

Registered 9/4

Enclosures

Spare copies

SUBJECT.

Reporting to Government the practice
of the British Custom Houses in re-
gard to the import of the adultera-
ted articles.

Order Mis

Recorded.

K6
19/4/98

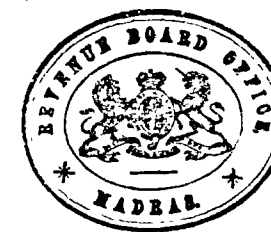


BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
200	246	Rev.	15.1.98
80	520	Rev.	19.10.96
80	5062	Rev.	27.9.97

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.



Proceedings of the Board of Revenue

(Separate Revenue),

Dated 30th March 1898.

Mis No. 1325

Read Government Order ^{Revenue} Mis. No. 244, dated 18th January 1898, communicating to the Board of Revenue, letter from the Government of India declining to comply with the request of the Madras Government to mark the word "adulterated" on packages containing adulterated linseed oil paints & dry colors and requesting the Board of Revenue to ascertain and report the practice of the British Customs Houses in regard to an import of such articles.

RESOLUTION.

para 2 of
In reply to Government Order Mis. No. 244, dated 18th January 1898, in which Government asks that the practice of British Customs Houses in regard to the import of adulterated articles may, if possible, be ascertained and reported the Board begs to report that, so far as it understands the English practice in the matter, the Indian Customs Department

confines itself to a protection of "tariffs" and the collection of reasonably accurate statistics. That it does not attempt to prevent adulteration is partly due no doubt to the fact that there are no ad valorem duties to be levied. Moreover there are in England other bodies who employ public analysts and devote themselves to this end.

2. Where misdescriptions are detected the Board understands that re-entry under the correct heading is permitted on payment of a fine. But very few articles are analysed by the ~~Sea~~ Customs. Tea, which is of course a dutiable article in England, is analysed and, if found adulterated, is liable to confiscation. Butter is also analysed, but further actions on the results of the analysis is left to the Board of Agriculture. The case of rum affords a good instance of the manner in which the subject is dealt with at home. The imports of this article being in excess of the combined exports of rum-producing countries enquiries were made which resulted in showing that rum was imported from countries in which sugar is not produced. The continued import of this article is allowed, but for the correction of the Statistics, only under the name of imitation Rum.

3. The Board regrets that it can afford no more information on the subject, but would submit that the conditions at home and in this country are so widely different that little is to be gained by comparing them.

/True extract/

Rm. M. M. M.

As. Assistant Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.
Copy to the Collector of Sea Customs, Madras.

End
28
6/11/98

Q. J. letter in Q. O.
no 244 of 15.1.98.
flagged G.

notes under the above
Q. O.

W. H. M.
C. H. B.

27/4/98
Before recording, I might
be with still to find out what
the practice is in England.

B. P. no 1325 of 30.3.98 (C. no 2808)

To Secy:

In connection with the refusal of the Govt of India to approve the proposal made by this Govt that vessels containing articles, such as oils and paints which were not pure, should be marked with the word "adulterated". H. E. was of opinion that the view taken by the Govt of India was wrong and he enquired whether the practice of the British Custom Houses in this matter could be ascertained. In the current read above the Board of Revenue furnishes such information as it has been able to obtain.

2. A draft is submitted on the docket sheet of the current.

K. B.
19/4/98

H. M.

The carriage may be recorded

[Signature]
27/4/98

P. T. O.

When given for copying _____
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When examined _____
When signed _____ } 189 .

READ AGAIN G.O., No. _____ DATED _____
189 ,

CURRENT No. _____

ENCLOSURES TO O. No. _____

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT A A A A A A A

LETTER OF GOVERNMENT.

STATEMENT WITH DITTO.

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IN ORIGINAL.

N.B.—
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