

Revenue (189) Department.

PRESS SERIES.

G.O., No. 73

DATED 5.2.97.

Ham Gope

[Despatch Abstract.]

Hamir Gope — Approving the Board's suggestion that a mixture of paddy and ragi should be adopted as the standard for regulating the — in the Ganjam Et

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Revenue (1897) Department.

CURRENT No. 812



21a Hm. Mr. J. C. J. E.
H. E. the Governor.

From

The Board of Revenue

(Rev. Sett., L. R. & Agri.).

Order (Pres) 73, d/5.2.97 3/2/97

Mr. Board is informed that its Progs no 426 dated 12-12-96 was merely recorded.

2. The reasons expressed in para 4 of that Progs and ^{also} in para 3 of the Progs read above are approved.

No. 67 Pres

Dated 26 January 1897.

Received 27th

Registered 27th

Enclosures

Spare copies

SUBJECT.

Relief wages.

Submitting to Government for order letter from the Collector of Ganjam suggesting to adopt rice and ragi combined as the standard on which to base —

To the Board (Settl) Des. 8-2-97.
16-2-97.

KD
29/1/97

25
2

c. 2/2/97.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
W B	7	27 11-1-97	
	3380	27-12-96.	

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Revenue (1897) Department.

Same as CURRENT No. 813.

From

The Board of Revenue

(Rev. Sett., L. R. & Agri.).

Madras

No. 67 Press

Dated 26 January 1897

Received 1st Feb 1897

Registered 2nd Feb 1897

Enclosures

Spare copies

SUBJECT.

Relief wages —

Submitting for order of Government, letter from the Collector of Ganjam suggesting the adoption of rice and ragi combined as the standard on which to base — except in the Chicacole division

Order 8073
5-2-97

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
			9

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

BOARD OF REVENUE (REV. SETT., L. RDS. AND AGRI.), 26TH JAN. 1897, No. 67.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE (REVENUE SETTLEMENT, LAND RECORDS AND AGRICULTURE).

READ—again Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture), dated 13th January 1897, Mis. No. 253.

ABSTRACT.—Communicating to the Collector of Ganjam, Government Order, Revenue Department, approving the proposal of the Board, that the wages on relief works should be regulated by the price of ragi alone, &c.

READ—also the following letter from C. J. WEIR, Esq., Collector of Ganjam, to the Secretary to the Commissioner of Revenue Settlement and Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, dated Chatrapur, 19th January 1897, Ref. No. 296-F. of 1896 :—

Referring to B.P., Mis. No. 253, dated 13th January 1897, I have the honour to state that the rule that ragi should be made the basis for famine wage should apply only to the Chicacole division, as it is only here that people live on ragi alone. In the rest of the district, which is inhabited mostly by Uriyas, both rice and ragi combined should, I think, be taken as the standard as in 1889 Famine.

RESOLUTION—dated 26th January 1897, No. 67.

Submitted for the orders of Government, with reference to the remarks made in paragraph 4 of B.P., No. 426 of 1896, on which no orders have yet been received.

2. The Collector now shows that the remark made in paragraph 6 of B.P., No. 467 of 1896, to the effect that ragi is now the grain in ordinary use in Ganjam, applies only to the Chicacole division, and that elsewhere the people, chiefly Uriyas, use rice and ragi mixed.

3. The Board therefore renews the suggestion made in its Proceedings first quoted above, but under G.O., No. 5, Revenue, dated 5th January 1897, it will have to be modified in so far as to make the standard for regulating relief wages a mixture of *paddy* and ragi, instead of *rice* and ragi. What the effect of this will be on the relief offered, the Board is at present unable to say, but the Collector has been called upon to report whether the wage so offered will suffice to enable the relief-workers to purchase the prescribed rations, with a sufficient margin for firewood and the like.

4. Meanwhile the Board begs to correct an error in the figures printed in line 15 of paragraph 4 of its Proceedings, No. 426 of 1896, where the fraction, if based on the prices of December 5th, should be $\frac{Rs. 1}{16.0}$ or, if on those of November 28th, $\frac{Rs. 1}{15.74}$, and not as shown.

(True Copy and Extract.)

P. J. Srinivasan
Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department. *already submitted in M.S.*
" Collector of Ganjam.
Copy to the Sanitary Commissioner.

Exd. T. K. Narayana Aiyangar.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

1897.

Board of Revenue

(Revenue Settlement, Land Records
and Agriculture),

MADRAS.

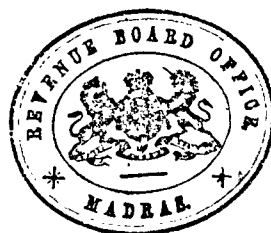


Printed January 29th.

Proceedings, 26th Jan. 1897, No. 67.

Relief wages.—Submitting, for orders of Government, letter from the Collector of Ganjam suggesting the adoption of rice and ragi combined as the standard on which to base —, except in the Chicacole division.

(13-1,000-21-1-93.)



Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture).

Dated 26th January 1897.

No. 67 Press

READ again Board's Proceedings, dated 13th January 1897 No. 253 mis, communicating to the Collector of Ganjam, dat G.O. Dated 11th January 1897, No. 17 Press (Revenue).

Read also the following letter from the Collector of Ganjam, dated 19th January 1897 Ref. No. 296 / 7:—

Referring to Board's Proceedings No. 253 mis: dated 13th January 1897, I have the honor to state that the rule that ragi should be made the basis for famine wages should apply only to the Chicacole Division, as it is only here that people live on ragi alone. In the rest of the district, which is inhabited mostly by Urigas, both rice and ragi combined should, I think, be taken as the standard

as

as in 1889 Famine.

Resolution

Submitted for the order of Government, with reference to the remarks made in para 4 of Board's Proceedings No: 426 of 1896, on which no orders have yet been received. G.O. 3212
24-12-96

2. The Collector now shows that the remark, made in para 6 of Board's Proceedings No 467 of '96 to the effect that in G.O. 17
11-1-97 Ragi is now the grain in ordinary use in Ganjam, applies only to the Chicacole division, and that elsewhere the people, chiefly Uriyas, use rice and ragi mixed.

3. The Board, therefore renews the suggestion made in its Proceedings first quoted above, but under G.O. No: 5 Rev. dated 5th January 1897, it will have to be modified in so far as to make the standard for regulating relief wages a mixture of paddy and ragi, instead of rice and ragi. What the effect of this will be on the relief offered, the Board is at present unable to say, but the Collector has

been called upon to report whether the wage so offered will suffice to enable the relief workers to purchase the prescribed rations, with a sufficient margin for firewood and the like.

Meanwhile, the Board begs to correct an error in the figures printed in line 15 of para 4 of its Proceedings No. 426 of 1896, where the fraction, if based on the prices of December 5th, should be $\frac{R.1}{16.0}$, or if on those of November 28th, $\frac{R.1}{15.74}$ and not, as shown.

(True Copy + Extract)

R. V. Shrivastava
Secretary.

To

The Secretary to Government. ✓

Revenue Department.

The Collector, Ganjam.

Copy to the Sanitary Commissioner.

20/1

Government {1897} of Madras.
REVENUE.

Recd.

Regd.

1897.

Enclosures

Spare copies

G.O., No. 73, 5th February 1897.

FEBRUARY.

Famine wage.

Approving the Board's suggestion that a mixture of paddy and regi should be adopted as the standard for regulating the — in the Ganjém district.

Here
unable

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture), dated 26th January 1897, No. 67:—

Read—again Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture), dated 13th January 1897, Mis. No. 253.

ABSTRACT.—Communicating to the Collector of Ganjám, Government Order, Revenue Department, approving the proposal of the Board, that the wages on relief works should be regulated by the price of ragi alone, &c.

Read—also the following letter from C. J. WEIR, Esq., Collector of Ganjám, to the Secretary to the Commissioner of Revenue Settlement and Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, dated 19th January 1897, Ref. No. 296-F. :—

Referring to B.P., Mis. No. 253, dated 13th January 1897, I have the honour to state that the rule that ragi should be made the basis for famine wage should apply only to the Chicacole division, as it is only here that people live on ragi alone. In the rest of the district, which is inhabited mostly by Uriyas, both rice and ragi combined should, I think, be taken as the standard as in 1889 Famine.

Resolution—dated 26th January 1897, No. 67.

Submitted for the orders of Government, with reference to the remarks made in paragraph 4 of B.P., No. 426 of 1896, on which no orders have yet been received.

2. The Collector now shows that the remark made in paragraph 6 of B.P., No. 467 of 1896, to the effect that ragi is now the grain in ordinary use in Ganjám, applies only to the Chicacole division, and that elsewhere the people, chiefly Uriyas, use rice and ragi mixed.

3. The Board therefore renews the suggestion made in its Proceedings first quoted above, but under G.O., No. 5, Revenue, dated 5th January 1897, it will have to be modified in so far as to make the standard for regulating relief wages a mixture of *paddy* and ragi, instead of *rice* and ragi. What the effect of this will be on the relief offered, the Board is at present unable to say, but the Collector has been called upon to report whether the wage so offered will suffice to enable the relief-workers to purchase the prescribed rations, with a sufficient margin for firewood and the like.

4. Meanwhile the Board begs to correct an error in the figures printed in line 15 of paragraph 4 of its Proceedings, No. 426 of 1896, where the fraction, if based on the prices of December 5th, should be $\frac{R. 1}{16.0}$ or, if on those of November 28th, $\frac{R. 1}{15.74}$, and not as shown.

(True Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) R. V. SRINIVASAR,
Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.
Collector of Ganjám.

Copy to the Sanitary Commissioner.

ORDER—No. 73, Revenue, dated 5th February 1897.

Miscellaneous.

The Board is informed that its Proceedings, No. 426, dated 12th December 1896, was merely recorded.

2. The views expressed in paragraph 4 of that Proceedings and also in paragraph 3 of the Proceedings read above are approved.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) G. STOKES,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue (Revenue Settlement,
Land Records and Agriculture).

Exd. Md. Pahlavan.

25 Copies.

1st copy sent to Press.

Returned for signature.

Notched in print.

AGAIN G.O., No.
189

DATED.

CURRENT No.

ENCLOSURES TO C. No.

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT

LETTER OF GOVERNMENT.

STATEMENT WITH DITTO.

PAPERS NOT FILED UP BEING MEANT FOR DESPATCH
IN ORIGINAL.

N.B. -

A = Print in full.
B = Not to be printed.
P = Print abstract only.
Q = Print heading only.

NUMBER OF COPIES
REQUIRED.

Order complete.

Letter only.

Order complete with Letter.