

Revenue (1897) Department.

MISCELLANEOUS SERIES.

G.O., No. 5053

DATED 27 Sept^r

[Despatch Abstract.]

Approving the appointment of a manager
for the Jammalma daga defot.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Revenue (1897) Department.

CURRENT No.

The Hon. Mr. Anand. C.R.
to the Governor

Order

The appointment of a manager
for the jammalamadugu depot
is approved.

From

The Board of Revenue
Rev. Sett. Land Revenue & Agri.
Madras

No. 7460 m.s.

Dated 11th September 1897.

Received

Registered

Enclosures

Spare copies.

SUBJECT.

Sanctioning a manager
for the jammalamadugu
weavers' depot and presenting
the mode of calculating
cost price for the sale of
cloths woven for Government

The Board's expression is right.
The wages must be divided in the
ratio of 10, 9, 8, and among three
kinds. The value of a single cloth
of each kind will therefore be in
the ratio of 10, 9, 8, which, 10-9-8

The Jammalamadugu
the Govt.
The A.G.

RS
17997

The Jammalamadugu weavers' depot

The Jammalamadugu weavers' depot

The Jammalamadugu weavers' depot

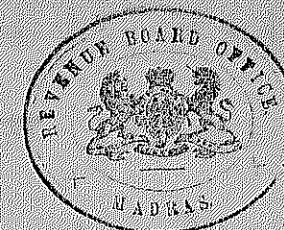
The Jammalamadugu weavers' depot

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
6	4027		

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.



Proceedings of the Board of Revenue

(Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture.)

Dated 11th September 1897.

No. 7460 mis.

READ
Pulakurthi and
7947/97.
in circulation
(no. 11 sub)

C. G. R. D. No. 4029 mis. dated 3rd August 1897

Read also letter from the Collector of Cuddapah, Reference on C. No. 7290/96 Rev dated 25th July 1897, regarding the necessity for the appointment of a manager to supervise the weavers' relief at Proddatur and replying to certain points raised in connection with the alleged incorrect calculations regarding the value of labours employed on weaving operations.

Resolution

The Collector of Cuddapah will be authorised to entertain a manager for the weavers' depot at Gammala-madugu, on a salary of Rs 75 per mensem.

2. The cloths should be disposed of at their market value. The placing of

of such a large number of cloths in the market at one time may temporarily reduce that value, and collectors are therefore directed not to sell at less than actual cost price in cases where actual cost price is less than the ordinary market price rate. The cost price should be calculated on the receipts and expenditure up to a certain date, say, for the present, July 31st. Under the head of expenditure should be considered :-

- (a) the actual value of yarn and other materials issued or for which advances have been made,
- (b) the actual wages paid, including any charges for the maintenance of dependants, if such charges can be determined,
- and (c) the actual cost of supervision, including contingencies.

3. Some difficulty is likely to be experienced in apportioning these charges among the different varieties

varieties of cloths, unless separate accounts have been kept for each variety, and it is therefore necessary to lay down some uniform, though arbitrary, method of apportionment. The cost of material has possibly varied slightly from time to time; in such a case, there should be no attempt to classify the cloths according to the varying cost of the materials; the total actual cost of materials issued up to July 31st should be apportioned among the different kinds of cloths according to the quantity of material used. To fix the average wage of labour in the production of one cloth is a more complex matter, owing to the constant variation of the wage with the price of grain. It is necessary to take into consideration the total wages paid and the number of cloths turned out.

The proportion of the total actual wages paid, to be debited against any one cloth of any particular variety may be taken to depend upon the number of cloths woven of that variety, and the number of days allowed by the task table for one man to weave one such cloth. The time occupied by women and children in subsidiary operations may be neglected, for this will vary fairly constantly with the length of the major operations.

The following formula may be adopted:-

If x be the total wages paid, and if l, m, n , be the number of cloths of each kind, to weave one of which the task table allows one man p, q, r days respectively, the proportion of the total wages to be debited against each cloth will be, according to its kind,

$$\frac{px}{lp + mq + nr}, \frac{qx}{lp + mq + nr}, \text{ and } \frac{rx}{lp + mq + nr}$$

The

The cost of supervision may be distributed in the same way.

(True Extract)

Ameloy Hg
Famine Secretary.

To

The Collector of Cuddapah.

Para 4 of G.O. to Collectors of affected districts with para 2 of Board's Proceedings.

Copy to the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.

Co P. 1
13/9

When given for copying _____
When copied _____ } 189
When examined _____
When signed _____

READ AGAIN G.O., No. _____ DATED _____
189 ,

INT No.

ENCLOSURE TO G. No.

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT

A A A A A A A

LETTER OF GOVERNMENT.

SENT WITH DITTO.

PAPERS NOT FILED UP, BEING MEANT FOR DISPATCH
IN ORIGINAL.

N.B.:-

A = Copy in full.
B = Not to be copied.
P = Copy abstract only.
Q = Copy heading only