

Revenue (1897) Department.

MISCELLANEOUS SERIES.

G.O., No. 1683

DATED 29th March '97

[Despatch Abstract.]

Recording of Rules for information
explanation of description of relief works
in several parts, Kinnaird District, Lahore.

BACK PAPERS.

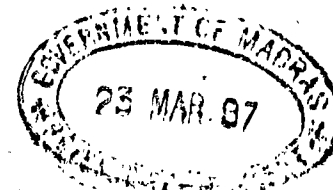
G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	*Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Revenue (1897) Department.

CURRENT No. 25



29/3
Order No. 16834 29 March 97
25/3/97
Recorded
A. 94
27.3.97

From
The Board of Revenue
(Revenue Settlement, Land
Records & Agriculture)
No. 2122 Ins.

Dated 22nd March 1897
Received 23rd
Registered 23rd
Enclosures
Spare copies

SUBJECT.

Relief works in Soral taluk, X
- roob District
Submitting for information
of Government explanation
of desertion of
by labourers.

Board (Sett)
RS
24-3-97

25/3/97
24/3/97

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

BOARD OF REVENUE (REV. SETT., L. RDS. AND AGRI.), 26TH DEC. 1896, No. 461.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE (REVENUE SETTLEMENT, LAND RECORDS AND AGRICULTURE).

Read—the following G.O., Mis. No. 724, Revenue, dated 17th December 1896 :—

Read—the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Revenue Settlement Land Records and Agriculture), dated 12th December 1896, Mis. No. 6527 :—

Read—the following letter from C. M. MULLALY, Esq., Collector of Kurnool, to the Secretary to the Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture, dated 8th December 1896, Dis. No. 1898-Eng. :—

I have the honour to submit, for the information of the Board, a copy of the telegram received to-day from the Executive Engineer, Kurnool division, and to state that no coolies having come to work even on the 5th instant, I have ordered that the work may be closed.

ENCLOSURE.

Copy of a telegram from the Executive Engineer, Kurnool division, received on the 8th December 1896.

“No coolies Chyágalamarri canal relief work fourth instant, nor any coolies expected subsequently. If coolies do not come for four days, can work be closed. Wire detailed orders to overseer, Chyágalamarri.”

Resolution—dated 12th December 1896, Mis. No. 6527.

Submitted for the information of Government.

2. The Collector should watch the course of prices and re-open the work when demand for employment arises. He should also direct the Tahsildar to enquire in the villages from which the coolies came what was the reason why they ceased to attend the work and report the same for the information of the Board.

(True Copy and Extract).

(Signed) R. V. SRINIVASAR,
Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.
” Collector of Kurnool.

Order—Mis. No. 724, Revenue, dated 17th December 1896.

Recorded.

2. The report called for by the Board should be submitted for the information of Government. His Excellency the Governor in Council does not consider it necessary or expedient to make inquiries in such cases as a general rule. When labourers will not work on the famine relief conditions it is not now necessary in any way to endeavour to induce them to do so since they cannot really need relief.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) LIONEL DAVIDSON,
Under Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue (Revenue Settlement,
Land Records and Agriculture).

2 BOARD OF REVENUE (REV. SETT., L. RDS. AND AGRI.), 26TH DEC. 1896, No. 461.

RESOLUTION—dated 26th December 1896, No. 461.

Communicated to the Collector of Kurnool, who is requested to expedite the report called for. It should show clearly how far the coolies have been deterred from availing themselves of the relief offered on works, by distance, and how far by fining.

(True Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) R. V. SRINIVASIAH,
Secretary.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) P. GOVINDA MENON,
Second Assistant.

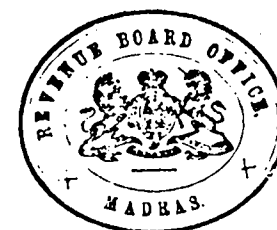
To the Collector of Kurnool.
Copy to other Collectors.

1896.

Board of Revenue

(Revenue Settlement, Land Records
and Agriculture),

MADRAS.



Proceedings of the Board of Revenue

(Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture.)

Dated 24th January 1897.

No. 768 Misc.

Printed January 5th, 1897.

Proceedings, 26th Dec. 1896, No. 461.

Relief works.—Communicating to the Collector of Kurnool Government Order recording, with remarks, Proceedings of the Board of Revenue on the letter from the Collector regarding the closure of the Chágalamarri canal —.

READ the following letter from the Collector of Kurnool, dated 23rd January 1897, No. 307 of 97:—

Adverting to Board's Memorandum No. 546 mis dated 25th January 1897, I have the honor to state with reference to para 3 of Board's Proceedings No. 398 dated 5th December 1896, that the new Acting Tahsildar of Simnel Reports from Allagadda after personal inspection, that the harvest which is at present in progress throughout the taluq is affording employment for the labouring classes generally and that besides this the gathering of jungle grass for sale in the markets

markets is still going on. He states that he can definitely assert that owing to the existence of local demand for labour, none are starving or stinting themselves. Thus it does not appear that the Coolies who left the work of stone-breaking towards the end of November last, will suffer any real distress till the end of the harvest, which may last for some 10 days longer. To meet the demand for labour that is expected to arise shortly, the Executive Engineer has been requested to begin work on the Allagada-Hoilkuntla Road at both ends.

2. With reference to the enquiries as to the number of persons requiring gratuitous relief in the Sivvel Taluq, the Tahsildar reports that he does not consider that there is at present any necessity for opening Kitchens under section 64 of the Code. Further the Government has observed in its order No 760 dated 30th December 1896 communicated

communicated with Board's Proceedings No 10 dated 5th January 1897 that gratuitous relief is not likely to be needed in any portion of the affected tracts for a very considerable time to come.

Resolution

Recorded with the remark that the Board cannot regard the report read above as in any way a satisfactory reply to its references

2. When the Commissioner was in Kurnool in November last,

the Collector was directed to ascertain the fate of the Coolies who had been employed on the Allagada work, closed at the end of that month. The fact that some harvest is at present going on affords no clue, as to how the people have passed through the intermediate period.

In Board's Proceedings 12th December

vide para 3 of
Board's Proceedings
298 of 96

December 1896, No. 6527 mis, the
Collector was directed to ascer-
tain why the Coolies ceased to
attend the Chyagalmani works; and
in Board's Proceedings 461 of 1896,
he was again called upon
to report in detail the reasons
for their desertion of that work.
This Report has not been sub-
mitted, whilst it appears from
the Remarks made in the
Collector's Fortnightly narrative
read in Board's Proceedings
462 of 1896 that the circle Ins-
pector found that the people
were then - in the first half of
December - in need of employ-
ment.

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No. 1
in 10100

3. The Collector is requested
to submit a full and clear
Report in Reference to the Pro-
ceedings quoted, and the Board's
Reminders dated 14th January
1897, No 34 para 11 and 546 mis
dated 25th January 1897. He
will

minuted with Board's Proceedings No. 10 dated 5th January 1897 that gratuitous relief is not likely to be needed in any portion of the affected tracts for a very considerable time to come.

Resolution

Recorded with the Remark that the Board cannot regard the report read above as in any way a satisfactory reply to its references

2. When the Commissioner was in Kinnool in November last,

vide para 3 of the Collector was directed to as-

Board's Proceedings 298 of 96

Certain the fate of the coolies who had been employed on the Alagadda work, closed at the end of that month. The fact that some harvest is at present going on affords no clue, as to how the people have passed through the intermediate period.

In Board's Proceedings 12th December

will also be informed, with reference to the concluding portion of para 3 of his letter, that what the Board requires is the result of careful personal inquiries and it considers that, having in view the long period that has been allowed to elapse without these being properly made, he should visit the Taluk himself very shortly, whilst, as the Sanitary Commissioner is, it is believed, now there, he would do well to arrange to make his inspection coincide with that of that officer.

(True copy and extract)

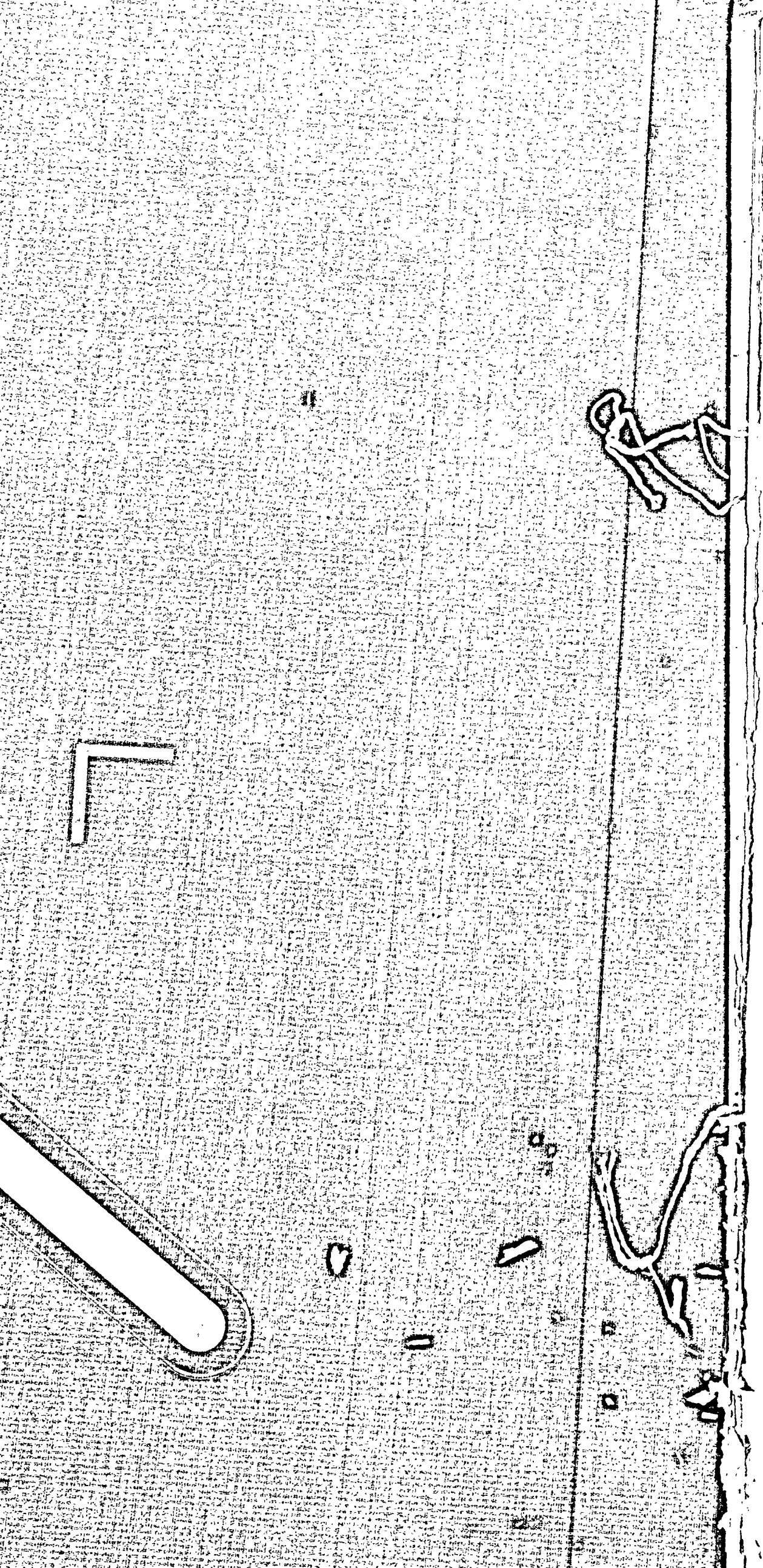
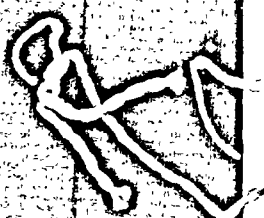
(Signed) R. V. Srinivasan

Secretary

(True copy)

R. V. Srinivasan
Secretary

Exd d
24/3/17



NO. 100
1915
Print Co.

Head Assistant Collector
office, Nandyal,
dated 8-2-97.
Camp Ramapuram.

From

The Head Assistant Collector
Nandyal Division

To

The Collector of
Kurnool.

Sir,

The first order
calling for a report
on the B. P. was
issued on 4-1-97.
This is the date
of a subsequent
Call.

With reference to your R.C.
No: 3027 of 97 dated 28th-1-97, I have
the honour to report that the works at
Chegalmarri were commenced on the
16th November 1896 under the supervision
of the collector. The coolies were
first put to metal breaking on the
Mutyahpand Road. As the number of
coolies greatly increased and as
Sufficient

Metal could not be found for them, all the gangs were on the 19th removed to the other side of the canal near the Vakilar aqueduct and given embankment work.

Enclosure I herewith attached shows the daily attendance of the number of Coolies composed in each gang and enclosure II, the distance of each village from which the coolies are paid to have come, to the workspot.

2. From the 19th six entire gangs struck work. There is no record to show what villages the gangs belong to. From enclosure II, I presume them to be the residents of Pedda bodenam, Chinnabodanam, Chintakammadinne, Nuttala-pad, Chakranthapalli, and Jodendla-palli which are all at a distance of $6\frac{1}{2}$ to $9\frac{1}{2}$ miles from the workspot.

From

From 1806 on the 18th, the number of Coolies was reduced to 1161 on the 19th. These 645 persons may be said to have been deterred from going to work on account of long distance.

3.

On the 17th there were 17 gangs.

From the 18th to the 23rd six more gangs were enlisted from time to time, but there were also desertions in other gangs.

The highest number of coolies that attended the work is 1806 on the 18th November and the lowest 176 on the 2nd December.

4. Four villages of Cuddapah District viz., Kattala, Zillala, Kummaraipatti and Pagadala and two villages of Kurnool District viz., Kuttur and Duddanala are situated on the side of the Canal bank where the works were in progress. All the other

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Other Villages are in this side of the Canal. The Canal is spanned by a bridge, but it is reported to be two miles from the workspot. The villagers on this side of the Canal preferred going by a shortcut and wading through the water in the Canal rather than waste time in walking a long way to cross the bridge. The desertion on account of this difficulty can not be much as only weak and infirm persons and young children would be unable to go by the shortcut.

The decrease in the number of coolies from the 20th November to the 28th may be ascribed more to the heavy fall of rain and the consequent unfavourable turn of the season than to the distance. The small attendance on the 23rd, 26th and 27th is due to heavy

heavy rains.

5. From the beginning up to the 28th the coolies were paid minimum wages even though they turned out work below the prescribed task. From the 29th a system of rigid fining for short work was introduced, which combined with the revival of the agricultural operations, ^{eventually} even ~~totally~~ caused the works to be closed.

paras 6 and 7 do not relate to the Chagab-mari work.

6. As regards the Boilakuntla works. Embankment works, I have the honour to state that rigid fining and excessive tasks were the chief causes which prevented the coolies from attending the works.

7. As for the fate of the coolies who deserted the works, the Tahsildar's L.O. no. 107 of 96 dated 30-12-96 forwarded with

with this office Tour No. 46 dated 3-1-97 contains as much information as is possible to procure and I generally concur with his views. It is almost an impossibility to find out at this length of time the fate of each and every one of the coolies who deserted the works. But it is on the other hand certain, that as no deaths were reported and as harvest operations commenced immediately, the coolies must have found other work which enabled them to earn a better livelihood than they could expect from famine relief.

I have the honour to be

(sd) M. Ghose

Ag. Hd Asst Collector

(True copy) (sd) E. A. Elwin

Ag Collector

(True copy)

R. V. Srinivasan
Secretary.

Secretary

Enclosure I

Yang No.	16 (Horn)	Date												18 (Horn)	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	1st	2	3	4																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
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(True copy)

(Hd) M. L. Horn
Ag. Hd. Post Collector

(Hd) E. A. Elom
H-2-97
Ag. Collector

(True copy)

R. V. Samudra
Secretary

Secretary

Enclosure I

Yang No.	16 (Horn)	Date												18 (Horn)	2	3	4
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30			
1	99	100	99	99	96	96	a	87	88	a	a	50	-	66	61	a	a
2	100	87	85	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a		a	a	a	a
3	97	98	99	97	89	90	76	78	78	a	a	42		38	32	a	a
4	100	100	99	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a		a	a	a	a
5	100	99	98	96	96	96	94	96	95	46	40	69		82	73	84	85
6	100	90	92	a	a	24	a	a	a	a	a	a		a	a	a	a
7	101	95	91	89	78	84	62	91	92	91	45	82		85	85	92	93
8	92	91	87	88	81	81	71	83	81	a	a	a		a	a	a	a
9	68	82	92	91	91	90	a	a	76	88	56	72		83	77	a	a
10	92	93	99	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a		a	a	a	a
11	100	93	87	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a		a	a	a	a
12	91	98	96	92	91	98	92	91	81	a	a	60		a	a	a	a
13	99	99	100	100	100	97	89	97	98	66	a	86		73	70	a	a
14	52	80	100	34	35	41	76	85	85	82	10	69		62	a	a	a
15	-	97	100	100	100	96	94	94	93	67	68	72		67	a	a	a
16	90	98	100	90	88	88	a	a	65	76	28	65		53	61	a	a
17	70	91	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a		a	a	a	a
18		99	76	85	87		78	83	95	91	45	92		88	19	a	a
19		49	60	60	62		88	90	89	91	68	91		66	a	a	a
20		43	49	59	63		64	63	64	65	26	62		26	a	a	a
21				72	63		78	82	79	82	18	87		82	56	a	a
22							100	98	98	36	a	a		36	a	a	a
23							64	62	76	31	54			56	45	a	a
Total	1291	1570	1806	1161	1221	1258	1051	1282	1419	957	487	1038		963	579	176	178

(True copy)

(Hd) M. L. Horn
Ag. Hd. Post Collector

(Hd) E. A. Elom
H-2-97
Ag. Collector

(True copy)

R. V. Samudrasana
Secretary

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Enclosure II

District	Villages	Distance from the work	
Cuddapah District.	Thimadaka	3	
	Kattala	2	
	Geopalli	2	
	Zellala	1	
	Kumarapalli	1 1/2	
	Pagadala	1	
Tummal District	Kullur	1 1/2	
	Goddanala	1	
	Mallavennela	1 1/2	
	Gothur	4	
	Brahmanapalli	3 1/2	
	Melampad	5 1/2	
	Maddur	4	
	Kalagottlapalli	2 1/2	
	Pedda Bodanum	8	
	Chinnira do	8 1/2	
	Chintakommadinne	9 1/2	
	Chagalmarru	2 1/2	
	Settivid	3 1/2	
	Godeganur	5	
	Mutyalpad	7 1/2	
	Chakranthapalli hamlet of Mutyalpad	9 1/2	
	Jodandlapalli	6 1/2	
Amperama 8-2-97		(8d) On 1/10/00	Ag. Hd. Asst. Collector

(True copy) (8d) E. A. Edwin

Ag. Collector

(True copy)

R. V. Srinivasan Secretary



Proceedings of the Board of Revenue

(Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture.)

Dated 15th February 1897.

No. 1497 (Miscellaneous).

READ the following letter from the Collector of Tirunelveli dated 15th February 1897. Tante's No: $\frac{291}{87}$ of 97:—

In reply to para 2 of Board's Proceedings No 6527 Mis. dated 12.12.96, I have

the honour to state that the Tahsildar of

Idamadaika

Kottalu

Gopalai

Gillalur

Kummarapalli

Pagadigala

Cuddalore District

Siruel on enquiring in the marginally noted

23 villages from which

coolies came to the relief

work near Chagalmani

found the reasons for

their ceasing to attend

the work to be generally

as follows:—

(a) The rigid enforcement of

Kullur

oodanala

Mallavennala

Gothur

Brahmanepalli

Kelampundi

Tirunelveli District

Madhur
Kalugottlapalli
Petha Bodanam
Chunna do
Chinthakamadinne
Chagalmarre
Settivadu
Godiganur
Juntzapad
Chakrathalapalli
Todenodapalli

Kurnool District

of the rules regarding
firing for short work
caused the wages in
many cases to fall
below the minimum
wage prescribed in
section 120 of the
Famine Code, and
the coolies were unwilling
to work for such low
wages, and (b) there was

in consequence of the rain that fell during
the latter part of November, a demand
for labour in the fields, and the labour-
ing class was enabled to obtain better
wages in agricultural operations than
on the relief work.

2. The coolies who came from Muthyal-
pad, Godiganur, Settivadu, Chintakomina
dinne and Petha Bodanam which are
respectively $7\frac{1}{2}$, 5, $3\frac{1}{2}$, $9\frac{1}{2}$, and 8 miles
from the spot where work was offered
and

and all on the opposite side of the canal, informed the Tahsildar that they were prevented by distance from continuing to resort to the work.

3. The Head Assistant Collector in forwarding the Tahsildar's report, remarks that the real cause for the desertion of the work was the fact of there being plenty of employment in the field sowing to the recent fall of rain. I did not join the district till 7 weeks after the closing of the work and I am not therefore competent to offer a definite opinion on the subject.

Read also the following letter from the collector of Kurnool dated 15th February 1897

Letter No: $\frac{292}{\text{Enf}}$ of 1897:—

In continuation of my letter of this date No: $\frac{\text{Tdis 291}}{\text{Enf}}$ of 1897, I have the honour

and all on the opposite side of the canal, informed the Tahsildar that they were prevented by distance from continuing to resort to the work.

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Read also the following letter from the collector of Kurnool dated 15th February 1897

Letter No: $\frac{292}{\text{Enf}}$ of 1897:—

In continuation of my letter of this date No: $\frac{\text{Tdis 291}}{\text{Enf}}$ of 1897, I have the honour

honour to reply to the second sentence of Board's Proceedings No: 461 dated 26-12-96.

2. Immediately on the receipt of the Board's Proceedings, the Head Assistant Collector and the Executive Engineer were asked to submit the report already called for in Board's Proceedings No: 6527 mis: dated 12-12-96 and to furnish the detailed information desired in the later resolution.

3. To this reference the Executive Engineer has given no reply.

4. The Head Assistant Collector at first replied that he had already forwarded with his remarks the Siruel Tahsildar's report regarding the causes of the destruction by the Coals of the relief work near Chagalmari, but it was pointed out to him that the report did not clearly show how far

far the coolies were deterred from availing themselves of the relief offered by distance, and how far by fining and that a further report was required. The report called for, a copy of which is herewith submitted, reached me only two days ago.

5. It is of course extremely difficult to say with any degree of accuracy to what extent the coolies were deterred by various causes from continuing to accept the relief offered them, but it seems probable that, as conjectured by the Health Assistant Collector, not less than one third of the maximum number that attended the work were deterred by distance. How far the defection of the rest of the coolies was due to fining and how far to the improved state of

of

far the coolies were deterred from availing themselves of the relief offered by distance, and how far by fining and that a further report was required. The report called for, a copy of which is herewith submitted, reached me only two days ago.

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of

of the season, it seems impossible to ascertain.

Resolution

The Collector is requested to submit for the information of the Board the report forwarded by the present Tahsildar of Sirind to the permanent Collector Mr. Mullaly regarding the causes leading to the desertion of the work.

2. The Collector is also requested to report when the coolies at Itikela - Board's Proceedings $\frac{398}{5-12-96}$ were paid the sums due to them for the work done on the outwork.

(True copy Extract)

(sd) R. V. Srinivasan
Secretary

True copy

R. V. Srinivasan
Secretary

8/10/96
10-0

2/11/96



Proceedings of the Board of Revenue

(Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture.)

Dated 26th February 1897.

No. 1501 Misc.:-

Read the following letter from the M R Ry S. A. Subbramanya Aiyar Esq., Revenue Sahib B. A. B. C. & Executive Engineer, Kurnool Dist. to the Collector of Kurnool dated 15th February 1897 No. 966:-

With reference to your No. 3027 of 1896 dated 4-1-97 and your reminder dated 30-1-97, I have the honour to inform that the Lower Sub. Divisional Officer has not yet reported on the matter. Reminders have gone to him and a report will be made to you as soon as possible.

I am afraid that a satisfactory report cannot be made as to how

for

far relief workers were deterred from availing themselves of the relief offered in working, by distance and how far by firing. The inquiry that must necessarily be made is so ~~far~~ ~~complete~~ complex and extensive that I do not think officers of the P.W.D. can find time to do it satisfactorily.

Endorsement of the Collector thereon dated I. Dis N^o 305 of 1897, dated 19-2-97:-
Eng.

Copy submitted to the Board in continuation of this Office letter I. Dis N^o 292 of 1897 dated 15th Instant.
Eng.
Signed E. L. Elwin
Sp. Collector.

Resolution.

Recorded, with the remark that, had the Executive Engineer taken proper precautions before sending his telegram dated 8th December 1896, he would have had no difficulty in replying to the reference made

far relief workers were deterred from availing themselves of the relief offered in working, by distance and how far by firing. The inquiry that must necessarily be made is so ~~far~~ ~~complete~~ complex and extensive that I do not think officers of the P.W.D. can find time to do it satisfactorily.

Endorsement of the Collector thereon dated J. Dis N^o 305 of 1897, dated 19-2-97:-
Eng.

Copy submitted to the Board in continuation of this Office letter J. Dis N^o 292 of 1897 dated 15th Instant.
Eng.
Signed E. L. Elwin
Sp. Collector.

Resolution.

Recorded, with the remark that, had the Executive Engineer taken proper precautions before sending his telegram dated 8th December 1896, he would have had no difficulty in replying to the reference made

made in Board's Proceedings No 461,
dated 26th December 1896.

/ True copy and extract of

/ Signed R. V. Srinivasan
Secretary

The Collector of Kurnool.

(True copy)

R. V. Srinivasan
Secretary

adcl
22/3/87



Proceedings of the Board of Revenue
(Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture.)

Dated 22nd March 1897.

No. 2122 — Miscellaneous.

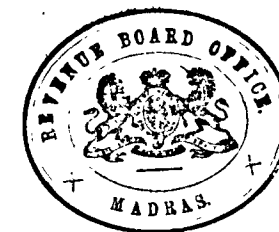
READ

again Board's Proceedings No.
461, 768, 1497, 1501 and 1786 dated
26th December 1896, 2nd and 26th
February and 9th March 1897
respectively.

Read also letter from the Collector
of Kurnool, dated 3rd March 1897

Disposal No. 668 of 97, forwarding copies
of the reports alluded to in para 1 of B.O. 1497 of 96, stating that the
information called for in para 2 is awaited from the Dy. Subdividers of Proh.
Resolution.

The papers read above will
be submitted for the information
of Government, with reference
to Government Order No. 724 Dins
dated 17th December 1896. In that
order



Proceedings of the Board of Revenue
(Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture.)

Dated 22nd March 1897.

No. 2122 — Miscellaneous.

READ again Board's Proceedings No.
461, 768, 1497, 1501 and 1786 dated
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Disposal No. 668 of 97, forwarding copies
of the reports alluded to in para 1 of B.O. 1497 ^{English} stating that the
information called for in para 2 is awaited from the Dy. Subdividers of Proh.
Resolution.

The papers read above will
be submitted for the information
of Government, with reference
to Government Order No. 724 Dins
dated 17th December 1896. In that
order

order, the Government desired that the report, which had been called for by the Board as to the reason why the labourers on the Canal relief work in the Sivub taluk deserted the work, should be submitted for its information. In communicating this order to the Collector, the Board stated that the report should show clearly how far the coolies had been deterred from availing themselves of the relief offered on works by distance, and how far by fining. The Board had in separate Proceedings also requested the Collector to ascertain and report the fate of the labourers on the Allagadda work which had been closed about the same time and the suitability of the task imposed on the Buzalakunta tank work, which

Ref in 700
para 3

order, the Government despatched
the report, which had been called
for by the Board as to the reason
why the labourers on the canal
relief work in the Sirvel taluk
deserted the work, should be
submitted for its information.

In communicating this order
to the collector, the Board stated
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clearly how far the coolies had
been deterred from availing
themselves of the relief offered
on works by distance, and how
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in separate Proceedings also re-
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and report the fate of the labour-
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ty of the task imposed on
the Bozalakunta tank work,
which

which had also been deserted by the relief
workers, both these works being in Sirvel taluk

2. The Collector Mr. Mullaly did not attend
to these references with the promptitude which
they deserved, and only after repeated calls
have the last papers read above been
received from his successor Mr. Elwin.

Partial replies were received previously and
submitted to Government with Board's

Proceedings $\frac{1410}{23-2-97}$, from which it appeared
that the Executive Engineer, Karnool, had
simply enforced the tasks given in Form
7, Appendix III of the Famine Code without
satisfying himself that they were suitable to
the locality, the constitution of the gangs
or the nature of the work in hand. On
these

RD in 10-730-996
para 3 p. 25

W 1360
10-2-97
15c

papers, the Government in its order miscellaneous no. 1368 Revenue, dated 10-3-97, states that it considers that the tasks were suitable and that no distress existed at the time in Siruel.

3 In the papers read above, the Collector submits reports on the subject, received from the Engineer officers in charge of the works, the Head Assistant Collector, the Tahsildar of Siruel and the Circle Inspector who was lately working in the taluk. These reports are conflicting and the acting Collector expresses his inability to offer a definite opinion on the subject, as he joined the district several weeks after the closure of the works in question.

In Board's Proceedings $\frac{768}{2-2-97}$ the Collector was requested to enquire into the matter personally, - visiting the taluk himself for the

"He earned for their labour."

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workers, both these works being in Sirvel taluk.

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$\frac{1360}{10-2-97}$ Proceedings $\frac{1410}{23-2-97}$, from which it appeared
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the purpose. The Proceedings, however, reached him when he had started on a tour in the Pattikonda taluk, but he has since visited Siruel.

4. The Engineer officer in charge of the works states that the people in the tracts served by the works referred to were not sufficiently distressed at the time to need relief; that distance of from 16 to 20 miles walking per diem - in no way interfered with those who cared to resort to the works, and that those who left the works found ample employment in the fields. The trustworthiness of this officer's report may be judged from his statement that he met several labourers returning from distant villages, where they had gone to work, "with carts laden with grain earned for their labour".

The Head Assistant Collector, on the other hand, thinks that there was real distress in the tracts in question at the time the works were started, that not less than one-third of the maximum number who attended the Chagalmari work were deterred by distance from continuing thereon, while a system of rigid fining combined with the revival of the agricultural operations eventually caused the desertion of the work; that rigid fining and excessive tasks were the chief causes which prevented the coolies from attending the Boyalakuuta work; that it is not possible to ascertain the fate of the coolies who left the works, but, as no deaths were reported and as harvest operations commenced immediately, the coolies found other work which enabled them to earn a better livelihood than they could

could expect on relief works.

The Tahsildar of Sirsaul reports that the desertion of works was due partly to distance, partly to low wages and partly to the revival of agricultural operations after the rains; that as the rainfall was simultaneous with the closure of the works, those who left the works found temporary employment in preparing their lands for sowing, in cutting hill grass and in weeding and transplanting ragi under wells and that no deaths from starvation occurred, nor did any one suffer much

after the closure of the works. ~~the Tahsildar~~
In his reports submitted to the Collector in December last, i.e. soon after the closure of the works, the Tahsildar, however, clearly stated that the 'desertion' was due mainly to excessive tasks having been invariably enforced without any regard

regard to the constitution of the gangs, which, owing to the preponderance of women and children, was much less effective than that of the standard gang given in the task table appended to the Code.

The Circle Inspector's report on the fate of the Coolies who left the work, which is based on his personal observations in the villages from which the coolies came, shows that some of them only were able to procure employment in the fields; that more than 70 percent of the Coolies who left the works were without any means of livelihood; that those who were unable to find any employment were really in a destitute condition; females & children below 12 years being worst off; that during

December

December and January a large number of coolies were on short commons, that some were able to beg one meal only in their own or in the adjoining villages; that there were others who were unable to walk long distance and whom he found actually starving.

5. It appears to the Board clear, from these papers, that the labourers on the relief works in the Siruel taluk were driven away, for the most part, by excessive tasks and unsympathetic treatment on the part of the officers, to whose care they were committed. The desertion of the Chagalmari work began on the 19th November, when it was shifted to the other side of the canal which made the distance to be travelled by the people

people of 12 out of the 17 villages, who
resorted to the work, from 7 to 19
miles a day; & the system of rigid
fining introduced on the 29th idem
drove away those who still remained
on the work. As regards Boyalakuuta
work, the Board has already in
Board's Proceedings $\frac{1256}{18-2-97}$ recorded
its opinion that the tasks enforced
were excessive and this view is now
confirmed by the Head Assistant
Collector's report. The relief work at
Allagadda, on which nearly 4000 Coolies
were employed, was closed with the
permission of the Commissioner, who
allowed this as an experiment, on
the strong representation made by the
Collector that the Coolies would find
employment in the fields, but the
collector

enc
1264
18-2-97
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Collector was at the same time ordered to have careful enquiries made as to the fate of these Coolies, for the Commissioners did not believe that all or even half of them were likely to find employment in agricultural pursuits. The Commissioner's worst fears in this respect appear to have been realised, for more than 20 per cent of the Coolies who left the work, are now reported to have been without employment and without sufficient means of livelihood since then, although some of them may have secured temporary employment at harvest work in the canal villages by cutting down the wages of many more.

The Board's conclusions are confirmed

by

by the report of the Sanitary Commission
which it has recently had before it
regarding the state of the people in
Sinnel, but no good purpose could
be served by further discussion of
the question, as the present acting
Collector appears to have acquired
a proper grasp of the present situation.

(True Extract)

R. V. Shivaram
Secretary.

To the Secretary to
Government, Revenue
Department
with Proceedings quoted
and enclosures in original
file returned.
To the Collector of Kurnool.

Recd
22/1/87

When given for copying _____
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When examined _____
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189 .

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ENCLOSURES TO C. No. _____

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT A A A A A A A

LETTER OF GOVERNMENT

MENT WITH DITTO

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IN ORIGINAL.

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