evenue (1897) Department.

MISCELLANEOUS SERIES.

G.O., No. 1607

DATED 25th March 97

[Despatch Abstract.]

Communicating to the Board of Revenue with remarks, G. O., Pub. Dept., communicating the request of the Govt. of India that instructions be issued for the sale of certain military lands at Nagapuram and requesting that they should as a temporary measure be made over to the Municipality for use as a plague hospital.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G O	No.	Department.	Date.
Ch. 20	895						
24-167	Rev.		7-4-97				
20-1-32	2511						
20-2-62	Revenue		20-4-97				

Revenue (1897) Department.

CURRENT No. 2511.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS
20 MAR 97
REGISTRY

From The Collector

Permis No. 1607/4 25th March '97

No. 291.

Communicated
the Board of Revenue
the issue of the
necessary instructions.
It is presumed
buildings have
been handed over
to Revt. Dept by the Military
authorities.

Dated 18th March 1897

Received 20th

Registered 20th

Enclosures

Spare copies

+ My Rev. 1/1/97

SUBJECT:

Communicating the request of the
Govt of India that instructions
be issued for the sale of certain Military lands at
Royapuram, and remarking
that they should as a temporary
measure be made over to the
Municipality for use as a plague
hospital.

Rev. 1/4/97.

the Bd of Revt (L.R.)
in Public dept.

Copies 20/3/97

Regd clerk 20-3-97

Suptg Engineer. VI. Circle

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
20	45, 119	[illegible]	[illegible]

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date

Govt. of {1896} Madras.

PUBLIC.

Issued

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., No. 538, 16th May 1896.

MAY.

Removal of a battalion of Madras Infantry.

Passing orders on the question of the — from Ráyapuram to St. Thomas' Mount, and approving the transfer to the Presidency Police of the duty of guarding the Currency office.

No. 538, Public, 16th May 1896.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

Read—again the following papers:—

G.O., No. 163, Public, dated 30th January 1896.

Abstract.—Communicating to the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces a letter from the Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor intimating that His Excellency approves of certain reductions in the guard at Government House, Madras.

G.O., No. 208, Political, dated 19th March 1896.

Read—also the following papers:—

From Lieutenant-General C. M. CLARKE, Commanding the Forces, Madras, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Ootacamund, 31st March 1896, No. 616-M.W.

In acknowledging the receipt of Order No. 208, dated 19th instant, and before I reply to letter from Quartermaster-General, India, No. 30 B-Camp, dated 14th January 1896, on the subject of the proposed evacuation of the Native Infantry lines at Ráyapuram, I have the honour to invite your attention to the following circumstances in connection with the second paragraph of the order.

2. As regards (1) the necessary arrangements for guards can be made from one regiment, but these arrangements will be facilitated, if the military guard now furnished to the Accountant-General is taken over by police.

3. As regards (2) the Native regiment removed from Madras would be retained at St. Thomas' Mount; this is fully recognized in the revised table * of minimum obligatory garrisons in which two Native Infantry battalions are shown for Madras and St. Thomas' Mount.

* Furnished with Proceedings of Government, No. 5440, dated 1st September 1892.

4. In Proceedings of Madras Government, No. 3808, of 15th June 1892, the Madras Government considered that the location of a Native Infantry regiment (its removal from Ráyapuram had been proposed for sanitary reasons) at St. Thomas' Mount was not in any way objectionable on political grounds.

5. In consequence of the state of the lines at Ráyapuram, a wing of the regiment stationed there was moved to St. Thomas' Mount under the sanction of the Government of India contained in letter No. 1782-C, Military Department, dated Simla, 16th August 1894, communicated under your Military Department, No. 5333, dated Ootacamund, 28th August 1894.

6. You are also aware that in letter No. 3417-C, dated 12th November 1895, from the Secretary to Government in the Public Works Department, the removal of the remainder of the regiment from Ráyapuram was urged by the local Government with a view to the acquisition of the land by the Public Works Department for the purpose of running a canal from the Madras Harbour to the Buckingham Canal, and in consequence of this I addressed the Quartermaster-General in India on the subject of the removal of the remainder of the regiment from Ráyapuram to St. Thomas' Mount in letter No. 1-T, dated 2nd January 1896.

7. As regards (3), I beg to point out (see marginally-noted correspondence*) that the minimum obligatory garrison of British Infantry at Madras was fixed at six companies in order to meet a possible attack from the sea, and that, as there is not accommodation in Fort St. George for more than head-quarters and a wing of a British Infantry regiment, the Government of India decided that two of the six companies were to be kept elsewhere until actually required.

* Proceedings of Madras Government, No. 6059, of 29th October 1891.
Proceedings of Madras Government, No. 5440, of 1st September 1892.
Proceedings of Madras Government, No. 7432, of 24th November 1892.

8. In the face of this want of accommodation and of the above-recognized arrangement, it would not seem desirable to make the keeping up of six companies of British Infantry at Madras, a condition on which the local Government would agree to the removal of the Ráyapuram regiment to the Mount, especially as it was not urged by that Government in 1892† when the British Infantry garrison consisted, as now, of a wing—indeed, owing to the want of accommodation, it is impossible, unless additional barracks are built.

† Proceedings of Madras Government, No. 3808, of 15th June 1892.

The head-quarters were, as you are aware, removed to Bellary with the consent of the local Government—see Military Department, No. 6519, dated Ootacamund, 2nd October 1893.

9. I may also observe that the retention of the Ráyapuram lines would effectually block the proposed canal scheme, as I think it will be admitted that there is no site in or immediately about Madras on which a Native Infantry regiment could be located.

10. With reference to (4), as I have no official information relative to any alteration in the status of the Body Guard, I will offer no remark, except to point out that it appears to be in conflict with the proposal contained in your No. 5 of 6th January 1896, as to the removal of the Body Guard to Bangalore during portion of the year.

11. I have forwarded a copy of the Proceedings of Madras Government, No. 208, and of this letter to the Quartermaster-General, India.

From Lieutenant-General C. M. CLARKE, Commanding the Forces, Madras, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Ootacamund, 10th March 1896, No. N.A.–1389.

With reference to G.O., No. 163, Public, dated 30th January 1896, I have the honour to forward herewith an extract from my letter No. 2-T, dated the 2nd idem, to your address relative to a reduction in the guard now mounted over the Accountant-General's office, and to request you will be so good as to favour me with as early a reply as convenient.

2. The reduction in the number of sentries, which is sanctioned in the above-quoted Government Order, though a great assistance, does not quite meet the case, as the duties will still be rather heavy on a single regiment.

Enclosure.

Extract from letter, No. 2-T, dated 2nd January 1896, from His Excellency the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces, Madras, to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras.

In connection with the request I have received from Government to vacate the lines at Ráyapuram, which has been submitted for the consideration of higher authority, I have the honour to point out that if the move is sanctioned, only one Native regiment will remain actually in Madras, and it has been brought to my notice by the General Officer Commanding Madras District that the garrison duties would then press heavily on that regiment.

2. On examining the list of guards, I find that * * * a guard is mounted styled the Accountant-General's guard, consisting of one havildar, one naique and twelve privates.

3. * * * With regard to the latter guard, which is mounted over a purely civil building, I am inclined to think, with reference to Army Regulations, India, Vol. II, Part I, paragraphs 1217 and 1220, the duties of guarding that building might be more properly entrusted to police, or at any rate the guard might be considerably reduced.

From F. C. HARRISON, Esq., Commissioner of Paper Currency, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Fort St. George, 1st April 1896, No. 4.

With reference to your Assistant Secretary's Memorandum, No. 117, dated the 17th January 1896, on current No. 97, Financial, herewith returned, and in continuation of my letters, Nos. 3317 and 3602, dated 19th February and 16th March 1896, I have the honour to inform you that the Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calcutta, sees no objection, if a military guard cannot conveniently be furnished for the protection of the Currency office and vaults, to its place being taken by a police guard. The proposal, if carried out, will, however, involve a charge against Provincial revenues.

From A. P. AGAR, Esq., Acting Commissioner of Police, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Madras, 23rd April 1896, No. 46.

In returning the correspondence forwarded with your endorsement, No. 796, Public, dated 10th April 1896, I have the honour to state that, from the existing strength of the City Police, I am unable to supply the necessary guard for the protection of the Currency office; but if the Government be pleased to increase the present strength by three head constables and twelve constables, I will be able to furnish the guard at a monthly cost of Rs. 152.

2. If my proposal be approved, a formal proposition statement will be submitted.

Order—No. 538, Public, dated 16th May 1896.

In paragraph 2 of G.O., No. 208, Political, dated 19th March 1896, His Excellency the Governor in Council informed the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces that there would be no objection to the removal of a battalion of Madras Infantry from Ráyapuram, provided that—

(1) the necessary guards could be supplied from one regiment;
(2) the battalion removed from Madras was retained at St. Thomas' Mount;
(3) the minimum obligatory garrison of British Infantry, viz., six companies, was maintained at Madras; and
(4) the strength of the Body Guard was maintained so that there might be some mounted men available in the event of a disturbance.

2. In his letter No. 616 M.W., dated 31st March 1896, the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces points out that, as regards condition (2), the table of minimum obligatory garrisons fully recognizes the necessity for the retention of two Madras Infantry battalions for Madras and St. Thomas' Mount.

3. On reconsideration, the Government does not attach importance to condition (4) mentioned above as regards the strength of the Body Guard.

4. With reference to the remaining conditions, the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces considers as regards (1) that the necessary arrangements for guards can be made, but that they will be facilitated if the military guard now furnished for the protection of the Currency office and vaults were taken over by the police. The Accountant-General, who has consulted the Head Commissioner of Paper Currency at Calcutta, reports that there is no objection to this proposal, but points out that, if carried out, it will involve a charge against Provincial funds. The Commissioner of Police states that he is unable to supply the guard unless an addition of three head

constables and twelve constables, at a monthly cost of Rs. 152, is made to the strength of the City Police. His Excellency the Governor in Council agrees to the transfer to the Presidency Police of the duty of guarding the Currency vaults and is prepared to sanction the additional establishment specified by the Commissioner, who will, without delay, submit the necessary proposition statement and intimate the date from which the duties are taken over by the police.

5. In regard to condition (3), the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces will be informed that by reason of a change in the scheme for the canal connecting the Harbour with the Buckingham Canal, the importance of the evacuation of the Ráyapuram lines has, from that point of view and so far as this Government is concerned, disappeared. His Excellency in Council remains, however, of opinion that, in the event of the battalion of Madras Infantry now located at Ráyapuram being removed to St. Thomas' Mount, the garrison of British Infantry at Fort St. George should be increased to six companies, and earnestly hopes that, should the removal be carried out, steps will be taken as early as possible to increase the barrack accommodation in the Fort.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces, Madras.
" Commissioner of Police, Madras.
" Accountant-General.
" Public Works Department.
" Financial Department.

Exd. C. M. Thumbusawmy.

[G. 53]
1,000-24-2-17.

Public Department.

CHIEF SECRETARIAT MADRAS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

READ the following paper:—

From the Government of India, Military Department,
No. 1796-C, dated 22nd September 1896:—

I am directed to forward a copy of the correspondence noted in the margin, on the subject of the removal of the wing of Native Infantry at present stationed at Royapuram and its location at St. Thomas' Mount, and to state for the information of His Excellency the Governor-in-Council, that His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief does not consider that it is necessary to increase the peace garrision of British Infantry at Fort St. George in consequence of the withdrawal of the wing of Native Infantry from Royapuram, and that His Excellency the Governor General-in-Council concurs in this opinion.

From the Quartermaster-General in India, No. 3422-A, dated the 9th July 1896.	:
To----do---No. 1795-C., dated the 22nd September 1896.	:

From the Deputy Adjutant-General, Madras Command, No. 3/ A 10,107, dated 3rd October 1896:—

With reference to correspondence ending with G.O. No. 538 of 16th May last, I am directed by His Excellency the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces, Madras, to forward the annexed copy of telegram from the Quarter-Master-General in India conveying the sanction of the Government of India to the withdrawal of the Wing of Madras Infantry from Royapuram to St. Thomas' Mount, and to state that instructions have accordingly been issued to the General Officer

× No. 4977 A of 1st Oct. '96

Commanding Madras District to carry out the removal as early as possible, owing to the unsafe condition of the huts in the lines, a portion having already collapsed.

O R D E R:- No. 1160, dated 30th October 1896.

Recorded.

(True Extract)

(Signed) A.T.Arundel,
Ag. Chief Secretary.

T.S. 24/3/97

Copy of Telegram.

From

C. M. G. India,
Simla.

To

L.G.C. Madras
Ootacamund
1st October 1896.

4977 A. Continuation my 4895 A. Government sanction withdrawal Wing Native Infantry from Royapuram to St. Thomas Mount. Letter follows regarding funds for Lines.

T.S. 24/3/97

6

Copy of a letter from the Quarter-Master-General in India, to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, No. 3422 A., "Distribution of Army", dated Native Army.
Simla, 9th July 1896:—

I am directed by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief to submit for the consideration of the Government of India the correspondence noted in the margin relative to a proposal to vacate the lines at Royapuram and remove the Wing of Native Infantry Regiment now quartered there to the old European Barracks at St. Thomas' Mount.

No. I-F.,1/ 2nd January 1896, from the Lieut. Genl. Commdg. the Forces, Madras, and enclosures.
Quarter Master Genl's No. 30-B-Camp, d/14-1-96
No. 617-M.W., dated 31-3-96, and enclosures, from Lieut.Genl.Commdg.the Forces, Madras.
No.2963 B/M.W., d/ 27-5-96 and enclos., from Lieut.Genl. Commdg.the Forces, Madras.
No. B/M.W. 3976, dated 13-6-96, and enclos., from the Lieut.Genl.Commdg.the Forces, Madras.

2. In 1892 an entire Regiment was quartered in the Royapuram lines, and a proposal was made to permanently vacate them owing to the very insanitary condition of the native town surrounding, the faulty construction of the huts, and the bad situation of the parade ground. In 1894 one Wing of the Regiment was removed to St. Thomas' Mount owing to the very dilapidated condition of these lines, and it was not considered worth while to reconstruct them as it then appeared probable that the East Coast Railway might run through them, and also because the surroundings were insanitary. The vacation of the lines was again discussed in 1895 as there was a proposal to run a harbour canal through them.

Madras Military Dept.No. 3408 of 15th June 1892

3. Both the projects referred to above have fallen through, but the Lieutenant General Commanding the Forces, Madras, now recommends that the lines should be vacated on sanitary and military grounds, and the Head Quarters and Wing of the Regiment removed from thence to join the other Wing at St. Thomas' Mount, Quarters for families being provided at the latter place at an estimated cost of Rs. 43,000. It has been shown above that since 1892 the surroundings of the lines have been reported as insanitary, and in December last the late Military Member of His Excellency the Viceroy's

Council received his opinion that they are "unfit for human habitation and their surroundings extremely bad" and advised the Lieutenant General Commanding the Forces, Madras, to bring forward the question of their immediate vacation on sanitary grounds. This has been done and at the same time it is pointed out that it is also in the interests of military efficiency that the Regiment should be concentrated instead of being split up into wings as at present.

4. The Local Government agree to the proposal on certain conditions. The only condition about which there is any difficulty and with which the Lieutenant-General Commanding does not consider it necessary to comply is that is in case the Wing is removed from Royapuram the minimum obligatory garrison of British Infantry, viz., 6 companies be maintained at Fort St. George. No argument is now put forward in support of this increase of the British Infantry garrison on account of the state of the town of Madras, while in 1892 when the vacation of the Royapuram lines was being discussed it was not considered by the Local Government in any way objectionable on political grounds, and the conditions it is believed have not changed since then. On the other hand the Lieutenant General Commanding gives the following reasons for not complying with the request:—

(1) St. Thomas' Mount is only 6 miles further from Madras than Royapuram and is connected with it by rail. Provision has also been made for 2 companies of British Infantry being sent to Madras when actually required to meet an attack from the sea.

(2) There is not accommodation for these 2 Companies in the existing barracks in Fort St. George, nor is there any site within the Fort upon which Barracks could be erected.

(3) The expense of building new barracks would under the circumstances be uncalled for.

5. I am directed by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief to say that in recommending the proposal for the favourable consideration of Government, he agrees with the Lieutenant General Commanding the Fort Forces, Madras, that it is not necessary to locate two more companies of British troops in Fort St. George in the event of the Wing of Native Infantry being removed from Royapuram. Further I am to point out that if the proposal is negatived owing to the persistence of the Madras

Government in their present demand expenditure for the Head Quarter Wing at Royapuram will probably be necessary, and certainly the realisation of some Rs. 2,25,000 by sale of the site will be lost.

6. The following statement shows that in and about Madras there is as strong a garrison of British troops and Volunteers as in Bombay though the latter is a far more important and uncertain centre:-

Madras		Bombay	
----------Regulars----------			
Fort St. George.			
1 Company Garrison Artillery		5 Company Garrison Artillery	
4 Companies British Infantry		4 Companies British Infantry.	
St. Thomas' Mount.			
2 Field Batteries.			
	Volunteers.		
Artillery Volunteers	140	Artillery	259
Volunteer Guards	631	Volunteer Rifle Corps	674
South India Railway	119	Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway	349
Madras Railway	526	Great Indian Peninsula Railway	291
		Light horse	58
	1415		1631

7. The cost of building the accommodation required at St. Thomas' Mount is estimated to be Rs. 43,000, while the land and lines of Royapuram will probably fetch about Rs. 2,25,000

Copy of a letter from the Quarter-Master-General in India, to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, No. 3422 A., "Distribution of Army", dated Native Army.
Simla, 9th July 1896:—

I am directed by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief to submit for the consideration of the Government of India the correspondence noted in the margin relative to a proposal to vacate the lines at Royapuram and remove the Wing of Native Infantry Regiment now quartered there to the old European Barracks at St. Thomas' Mount.

No. I-T,d/ 2nd January 1896, from the Lieut. Genl. Commdg. the Forces, Madras, and enclosures.	:
Quarter Master Genl's No. 50-B-Comp., d/14-1-96	:
No. 617-M.W., dated 31-3-96, and enclosures, from Lieut.Genl.Commdg.the Forces, Madras.	:
No.2963 B/M.W., d/ 27-5-96 and enclos., from Lieut.Genl. Commdg.the Forces, Madras.	:
No. B/M.W. 3976, dated 13-6-96, and enclos., from the Lieut.Genl.Commdg.the Forces, Madras.	:

2. In 1892 an entire Regiment was quartered in the Royapuram lines, and a proposal was made to permanently vacate them owing to the very insanitary condition of the native town surrounding, the faulty construction of the huts, and the bad situation of the parade ground. In 1894 one wing of the Regiment was removed to St. Thomas' Mount owing to the dilapidated condition of these lines, and it was not considered worth while to reconstruct them as it then appeared probable that the East Coast Railway might run through them, and also because the surroundings were insanitary. The vacation of the lines was again discussed in 1895 as there was a proposal to run a harbour canal through them.

Madras Military Dept.No. 3908 of 15th June 1892 :

3. Both the projects referred to above have fallen through, but the Lieutenant General Commanding the Forces, Madras, now recommends that the lines should be vacated on sanitary and military grounds, and the Head Quarters and Wing of the Regiment removed from thence to join the other Wing at St. Thomas' Mount, Quarters for families being provided at the latter place at an estimated cost of Rs. 43,000. It has been shown above that since 1892 the surroundings of the lines have been reported as insanitary, and in December last the late Military Member of His Excellency the Viceroy's

Distribution of Army.
Native Army.

No.1795.C.

Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 22nd.September 1896.

To

The Quartermaster General in India.

Sir,

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No.3422 A, dated the 9th.July 1896, submitting correspondence relative to a proposal to vacate the lines at Royapuram and to remove the wing of the Native Infantry regiment now quartered there to the old European barracks at St.Thomas'Mount.

2. It is observed that in 1892 when a whole regiment was quartered in the Royapuram lines a proposal was made to permanently vacate them, owing to the very insanitary condition of the surrounding native town, the faulty construction of the huts, and the bad situation of the parade ground; and that, ever since 1892 the surroundings of the lines have been reported as insanitary. In 1894,however one wing of the regiment was removed to St.Thomas'Mount, owing to the dilapidated condition of the lines; and it is also pointed out that in the interests of military efficiency the regiment should be concentrated instead of being split up into wings as at present. It is accordingly recommended that, both in the interests of efficiency, and also on account of the insanitary surroundings of the lines at Royapuram, the head-quarters wing of the regiment should be removed from that place to join the other wing at St. Thomas'Mount, and be located in the old European barracks, quarters for families being also provided at an estimated cost of Rs.45,000.

3. It is further stated that the Government of Madras have agreed to the proposal on certain conditions, and that the only point about which there is any difficulty is the desire of His Excellency the Governor that in case the wing of Native Infantry is removed from Royapuram, the minimum obligatory garrision of British Infantry to be maintained at Fort St.George should be raised to six companies. The Commander-in-Chief does not, however, consider it necessary to locate two more companies of British Infantry at Fort St.George.

4.

4. In reply I am to say, for the information of His Excellency, that under the circumstances represented the Government of India sanction the removal of the remaining wing of the Native Infantry regiment at Royapuram to St.Thomas' Mount, and its location in the old European barracks at that station, which, with the exception of any used for the purposes of authorised "public buildings", should be struck off the books of the Military Works Department. Any alterations or repairs to the barracks that may be considered necessary before occupation by this wing will, however, be charged to Military Works funds.

5. With regard to the observation made in your letter under reply regarding the value of the site at Royapuram, I am to invite attention to paragraph 5 of Military Department No.611 C., dated 5th.March 1894, addressed to the Madras Government, a copy of which is herewith forwarded, and to point out that the proceeds realised by the sale of the site and lines at Royapuram should be credited to revenue, and cannot be utilised towards the cost of constructing quarters for families at St.Thomas' Mount. I am, however, to add that in the event of the site at Royapuram realizing more than 2 lakhs of rupees, the Government of India will be prepared to grant Rs.25,000 towards the cost of providing family quarters at St.Thomas' Mount, thus leaving only Rs.20,000 to be found from the annual grant of Rs.70,000 at the disposal of the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces in Madras.

6. With regard to the condition made by the Government of Madras that two more companies of British Infantry should be located at Fort St. George, in the event of the wing of Native Infantry being removed from Royapuram, I am to state that this question has been considered by the Governor-General-in-Council and that His Excellency concurs with the opinion expressed by the Commander-in-Chief, that no increase to the peace garrison of British Infantry at Fort St.George is necessary. The Government of Madras will be informed accordingly.

I am,&c.,

(Sd.) P.J.Maitland,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

[G. 53]
1,000-24-2-97.

Public Department.

CHIEF SECRETARIAT MADRAS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

READ the following paper:—

From the Government of India, Military Department, No. 170-M.V., dated 19th January 1897:—

With reference to Military Department letter No. 1793-C, dated the 22nd September 1893, I am directed to request that, under the orders of His Excellency the Governor-in-Council, instructions may now be issued for the sale of the military lands and buildings at Royapuram from which the wing of Native infantry has been withdrawn.

****

ORDER :- No. 291, dated 18th March 1897.

Communicated to the Revenue Department for the necessary action with the remark that the buildings and land should as a temporary measure be made over to the ~~Military~~ Municipality for use as a plague hospital.

(True Extract)

A. J. Knapp.

for Chief Secretary.

To the Revenue Department.
,, ,, Deputy Adjutant-General.

[G. 53]
1,000-24-2-97.

Public Department.

CHIEF SECRETARIAT MADRAS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

READ the following paper:—

From the Government of India, Military Department, No. 170-M.V., dated 19th January 1897:—

With reference to Military Department letter No. 1793-C, dated the 22nd September 1893, I am directed to request that, under the orders of His Excellency the Governor-in-Council, instructions may now be issued for the sale of the military lands and buildings at Royapuram from which the wing of Native infantry has been withdrawn.

****

ORDER :- No. 291, dated 18th March 1897.

Communicated to the Revenue Department for the necessary action with the remark that the buildings and land should as a temporary measure be made over to the ~~Military~~ Municipality for use as a plague hospital.

(True Extract)

A. J. Knapp.

for Chief Secretary.

To the Revenue Department.
,, ,, Deputy Adjutant-General.

When given for copying ____
When copied ____
When examined ____
When signed ____
} 189

READ AGAIN G.O., No. 189 , DATED

CURRENT No.

ENCLOSURES TO C. No.

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
LETTER OF GOVERNMENT							
MEMO WITH DITTO							
MAP IS NOT FILED UP, BEING MEANT FOR DESPATCH IN ORIGINAL.							

N.B.—
A = Copy in full.
B = Not to be copied.
P = Copy abstract only.
Q = Copy heading only