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MADRAS RECORD OFFICE

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

Revenue DEPARTMENT

G.O. No.	1861	Press
B.P. No.		Mis.

Dated 30-11-1876 .196 .

Not to be folded or roughly handled

1861

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
30th November 1876.*

Read the following Protocols of the Board of Revenue, dated 7th August 1876, No. 1,995:—

Read the following letter from W. S. WHITESIDE, Esq., Collector of North Arcot, to C. A. GALTON, Esq., Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Bireddipalli, 15th June 1876, No. 279.

I HAVE the honor to submit, through the Board of Revenue, my report on the petition (No. 2,524 of 1875, herewith returned with its enclosures) addressed to Government by Ameersud-Dowlah Bahadoor, residing at Royapettah, Madras, in which the petitioner claims the restoration of the Jaghire village of Virdamput in the Gudiattam Taluq of this district.

2. The points on which the Government specially call for report in their endorsement on the above petition, dated 29th November last, are fully answered in the enclosed copy of the Acting Sub-Collector's letter, No. 271, dated 12th April last. He reports that the Inam village of Virdamput originally granted for the maintenance (lighting, worship) and the expenses connected with the tomb of Nabob Kyruddin Khan and his sons was under the direct management of Government till 1821, the revenue thereof being paid to the Government petitioner, who then superintended the affairs of the institution. In February 1821, he having requested that the management of the village might be made over to him, and the Collector having recommended the measure, the Board of Revenue, in their letter to the Collector, dated 8th September 1823, sanctioned the transfer as an experimental arrangement. Having thus continued the management of the village until 1847, the Government petitioner then requested the registry thereof in the name of his son Samsaum-ud-Dowlah Bahadoor. On Mr. Bourdillon reporting that he saw no objection to comply with the petitioner's request, the Board accordingly sanctioned the registry in the name of his son, which was subsequently ratified in the Inam inquiry. On the death of the last Inamdar, Samsaum-ud-Dowlah Bahadoor, a notice was published in the District Gazette of 20th May 1871 to the effect that, unless restricted by an injunction or order of Court within six months, the name of the deceased's son, Abdul Hakeem Khan, would be registered in the revenue accounts, which was eventually done, as no party objected to the arrangement. It will be seen from this that the Government petitioner of his own free will and pleasure first transferred the Jaghire in question as a gift to his own son, on whose demise the property descended to his (the deceased's) son in due course. This man by his long and undisturbed enjoyment has established, as it were, a prescriptive right to the estate in question. I do not, therefore, see how, unless by means of a regular Civil Suit, the Government petitioner can now regain possession of the Jaghire from its present holder. To this effect, I gave him an endorsement, No. 1,713-1,453, dated 31st March 1874, which forms one of the enclosures to his petition under report. Moreover, when in 1871, the petitioner visited me in my camp at Gudiattam, I discussed the whole case with him fully and explained to him that if, as alleged by him, the present holder of the village is only his father's illegitimate son by a concubine, it was for him to establish the fact in the regular manner in the Courts, and have him ejected from the village in due course of law. This advice, however, he has not seen fit to take. He has allowed the occupant to retain possession of the village for about five years longer than this petition now moves the Government to do for him summarily what long ago should have done for himself.

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
30th November 1876.*

3. If, however, the Government legally interfere in the matter and the present Inamdar, Abdul Hakeem Khan, from the Jaghire of Virdamput, I should view his removal with satisfaction, for I have frequently had before me complaints against him to the effect that he would not pay the establishment employed at the Nabob's Jaghire at Raneeputt; that the services for which the Jaghire was granted are not properly performed; and that he in many ways seriously oppresses his ryots. He is heavily in debt, and the whole of the income derived from the village is misappropriated to his own use. The Revenue authorities, however, are powerless in the matter.

4. The report referred to in paragraph 6 of Mr. Austin's letter above quoted does not appear to have been submitted, as, from a reference to the old Huzoor records, no copy or any letter to the Board on the subject is forthcoming.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

From W. P. AUSTIN, Esq., Acting Sub-Collector, to W. S. WHITESIDE, Esq., Collector of North Arcot, dated Vellore, 12th April 1876, No. 271.

I HAVE the honor to submit the report called for in your docket, dated 2nd December last, No. 2,847, on Government petition (herewith returned) No. 2,524 of 1875.

2. The Government in their endorsement on the above petition wish to know, especially with reference to paragraphs 3 and 4 thereof, the terms under which the village of Virdamput came to be transferred to the late Samsaum-ud-Dowlah Nazem Jung Bahadoor, and again to his nicka son Abdool Hakeem Khan during the lifetime of the last legitimate holder, the present petitioner.

3. The Inam village of Virdamput originally granted to defray the expenses connected with the maintenance (illumination, adoration, &c.) of the tomb of the Nabob Kyruddin Khan and his sons was under the direct management of Government till 1821, and the revenues thereof up to that period paid to the Government petitioner, who was then superintending the affairs of the above institution.

4. On the 3rd February 1821, the Government petitioner presented a petition to Mr. W. Cooke, the then Collector of the district, in which he requested that the management of the village may be made over to him. In his letter to the Board, dated 24th February 1821, Mr. Cooke recommended the transfer of the village to the Government petitioner at the close of the fasli.

5. In their letter to the Collector, dated 8th September 1823, the Board of Revenue, concurring with the views of the Collector, authorised him to make over the village to the Government petitioner, allowing him to make the collections as Agent on behalf of the Collector for one or two years, and to report at the end of that period whether it would be expedient or otherwise to continue the village under his management or again assume it and pay its revenue to him (the Government petitioner).

6. The records now before me do not show whether any report was at the end of that period sent to the Board of Revenue as directed by them.

7. The Government petitioner continued the management of the village till the middle of 1847, when he, in his petition to the Board, requested that the village in question may be registered in the name of his son.

8. This petition was referred to the Collector for report by an Endorsement No. 1,269 of 1847.

9. In his report, dated 17th March 1848, the above petition, Mr. Bourdillon, the then Collector, stated that he knows no reason why it should not be complied with, viz., that his son may be registered in place of himself.

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
30th November 1876.*

10. The Board of Revenue in their Order, dated 30th May 1848, on the above petition, stated that they will not object to the registration of the Inam village of Virdamput in the name of the son of the (Government) petitioner as suggested by the Acting Collector.

11. Thereupon the village seems to have been registered in the name of the (Government) petitioner's son Abdul Khader Khan as per Takeed of Mr. Bourdillon issued to the then Tahsildar of the late Trivellum Taluq, dated 8th January 1849, No. 12. The village was subsequently confirmed in the (Government) petitioner's son's name during the Inam settlement as per copy of the Inam Register herewith sent.

12. After the death of the Government petitioner's son it was notified by you at page 253 of the District Gazette, dated 20th May 1871, that the village of Virdamput standing in the name of Samsaum-ud-Dowlah Abdul Khader Khan Nazem Jung Bahadoor will be registered in the Revenue Accounts in the name of his son Abdul Hakeem Khan unless restricted by an injunction or order of a competent Civil Court issued within six months from date at the instance of the parties contesting Abdul Hakeem Khan's claims.

13. Subsequently, Abdul Hakeem Khan presented a petition to you for registry of the village in his name. This was transferred to the Deputy Collector on General Duties for disposal with your docket, dated 27th December 1871, No. 1,532.

14. Thereupon the Deputy Collector issued a Takeed to the Tahsildar of Gudiatam, No. 1,061 of 1871, directing to register his (Abdul Hakeem Khan's) name in the Revenue Accounts after the expiration of the time allowed in the above notice.

15. From the foregoing facts it will be seen that the village of Virdamput was at the express request of the Government petitioner and with the sanction of the Board of Revenue transferred to his son, on whose death his nicka son, the present holder, was put in possession of the village agreeably to your orders.

16. I beg to submit herewith the records as per enclosed list, and request that they may be returned when no longer required direct to the English and Vernacular Record-keepers of your Office from whom they have been received.

17. The Gudiatam Tahsildar's Arzi, No. 173, dated 7th instant, and its enclosures (as per Tamil list) bearing upon the subject sent herewith may be returned to me when done with.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) W. S. WHITESIDE,
Collector.

ENCLOSURE No. 2.—Petition.

This letter will be submitted to Government with reference to endorsement by the Assistant Secretary upon petition No. 2,524 of 1875.

2. The Board learn from records in their Office that in 1821* the Collector submitted a petition from one Taki Hussain Khan Bahadoor requesting that the village of Virdamput might be made over to him

* Letter from Collector of North Arcot to Board, dated 24th February 1821, No. 515.

† Letter from Board's Secretary to Collector, dated 5th March 1821. Copy enclosed.

instead of being retained under Government management. That in reply† the Board called for further information as to whether the Parwanah under which petitioner claimed had ever been confirmed by the British Government, observing that its date was subsequent to the Treaty of 1792, and appeared therefore to be upon the face of it invalid. No answer having been received a reminder was sent to the Collector in November 1822, but apparently failed to elicit a reply. In the month of September† 1823, the Board in forwarding to

† Letter to Collector of North Arcot, dated 6th September 1823. Copy enclosed.

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
30th November 1876.*

the Collector a petition from Ameer-ud-Dowlah Bahadoor (the writer it would appear of the present petition to Government) stated that upon a reconsideration of the case they were inclined to concur with the view of the Collector as set forth in his letter of February 24th, 1821, and accordingly authorised him to hand over the village to the petitioner to manage for the benefit of the charity for which it was assigned. This arrangement, however, was not intended to be permanent; the Collector was ordered to report the effect of the measure at the end of a year or two, but it seems he never did so.

3. There is nothing on record to show why the Board were led to reconsider the opinion expressed in their Secretary's letter of March 1821, nor why, whereas at the time that letter was written it was evidently intended upon receipt of the information called for to refer the matter for the orders of Government as to the final transfer of the management, they subsequently instructed the Collector to make over the village temporarily to the petitioner.

4. The Government petitioner, Ameer-ud-Dowlah, has recently died, leaving a son Nasr-ud-Din Khan, a younger brother of the late Samsaum-ud-Dowlah.

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) E. GIBSON,
Acting Sub-Secretary.

No. 592.

ORDER THEREON, 30th November 1876, No. 1,861.

Miscellaneous.

THE Collector is in error in supposing that there is no power to intervene. The Government can resume the grant or make it over to another family, in the circumstances of the case; but they are unwilling to go the length of either of these courses. The Collector will give the late Ameer-ud-Dowlah's descendants an opportunity of choosing amongst themselves a proper Trustee of the Inam; warning them of the consequences which may ensue from any further mismanagement and neglect of the objects of the endowment.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) D. F. CARMICHAEL,
Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.

Ed. F. R. Bantleman.

8/11/12

11-7/11

From for service in a Jaghire in North Arcot.
 Directing the Collector to give the late Amier-ud-Dowlah's descendants an opportunity of choosing amongst themselves a proper Trustee of the Jaghire, warning them of the consequences which may ensue from any further mismanagement and neglect of the objects of the endowment.

NOVEMBER.
 Nos. 531-592.

Recd. No. 11/11/12

Encl.

THE BOARD OF REVENUE

To

Colt. of 113761 31/11/12

Original

Recd. 11/11/12

No. 1,995

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 7th August 1876.
 Read the following letter from W. S. WHITESIDE, Esq., Collector of North Arcot to C. A. GALTON, Esq., Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Bireddipalli, 15th June 1876, No. 279:—

I HAVE the honor to submit, through the Board of Revenue, my report on the petition (No. 2,524 of 1875, herewith returned with its enclosures) addressed to Government by Ameer Ood Dowlah Bahadoor residing at Royapettah, Madras, in which the petitioner claims the restoration of the Jaghire village of Virdamput in the Gudiattam Taluq of this district.

2. The points on which the Government specially call for report in their endorsement on the above petition, dated 29th November last, are fully answered in the enclosed copy of the Acting Sub-Collector's letter, No. 271, dated 12th April last. He reports that the Inam Village of Virdamput originally granted for the maintenance (lighting, worship) and the expenses connected with the tomb of Nabob Kyruddin Khan and his sons was under the direct management of Government till 1821, the revenue thereof being paid to the Government petitioner, who then superintended the affairs of the institution. In February 1821, he having requested that the management of the village might be made over to him, and the Collector having recommended the measure, the Board of Revenue, in their letter to the Collector, dated 8th September 1823, sanctioned the transfer as an experimental arrangement. Having thus continued the management of the village until 1847, the Government petitioner then requested the registry thereof in the name of his son Samsaum-ud-Dowlah Bahadoor. On Mr. Bourdillon reporting that he saw no objection to comply with the petitioner's request, the Board accordingly sanctioned the registry in the name of his son, which was subsequently ratified in the Inam inquiry. On the death of the last Inamdar, Samsaum-ud-Dowlah Bahadoor, a notice was published in the District Gazette of 20th May 1871 to the effect that, unless restricted by an injunction or order of Court within six months, the name of the deceased's son, Abdul Hakeem Khan, would be registered in the revenue accounts, which was eventually done, as no party objected to the arrangement. It will be seen from this that the Government petitioner of his own free will and pleasure first transferred the Jaghire in question as a gift to his own son, on whose demise the property descended to his (the deceased's) son in due course. This man by his long and undisturbed enjoyment has established, as it were, a prescriptive right to the estate in question. I do not therefore see how, unless by means of a regular Civil Suit, the Government petitioner can now regain possession of the Jaghire from its present holder. To this effect, I gave him an endorsement, No. 1,713-1,453, dated 31st March 1874, which forms one of the enclosures to his petition under report. Moreover, when in 1871 the petitioner visited me in my camp at Gudiattam, I discussed the whole case with him fully and explained to him that if, as alleged by him, the present holder of the village is only his father's illegitimate son by a concubine, it was for him to establish the fact in the regular manner in the Courts, and have him ejected from the village in due course of law. This advice however he has not seen fit to take. He has allowed the occupant to retain possession of the village for about five years longer, and in this petition now moves the Government to do for him summarily what he long ago should have done for himself.

Recd. 11/11/12

3. If however the Government could legally interfere in the matter, and let the present Inamdar, Abdul Hakeem Khan, from the Jaghire of Virdamput, I would view his removal with satisfaction, for I have frequently had before me complaints against him to the effect that he would not pay the establishment employed at the Nabob's Tomb at Raneepet, the services for which the Jaghire was granted are not properly performed; and that he in many ways seriously oppresses his ryots. He is heavily indebted, and the whole of the income derived from the village is misappropriated to his own use. The Revenue authorities however are powerless in the matter.

4. The report referred to in paragraph 6 of Mr. Austin's letter above quoted does not appear to have been submitted, as, from a reference to the old Huzoor Records, no copy of any letter to the Board on the subject is forthcoming.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

From W. P. AUSTIN, Esq., Acting Sub-Collector, to W. S. WHITESIDE, Esq., Collector of North Arcot, dated Vellore, 12th April 1876, No. 271.

I HAVE the honor to submit the report called for in your docket, dated 2nd December last, No. 2,847, on Government petition (herewith returned) No. 2,524 of 1875.

2. The Government in their endorsement on the above petition wish to know, especially with reference to paragraphs 3 and 4 thereof, the terms under which the village of Virdamput came to be transferred to the late Samsaum-ud-Dowlah Nazem Jung Bahadoor and again to his nephew Abdul Hakeem Khan during the lifetime of the last legitimate holder, the present petitioner.

3. The Inam village of Virdamput originally granted to defray the expenses connected with the maintenance (illumination, adoration, &c.) of the Tomb of the Nabob Kyrauddin Khan and his sons was under the direct management of Government till 1821, and the revenues thereof up to that period paid to the Government petitioner, who was then superintending the affairs of the above institution.

4. On the 3rd February 1821, the Government petitioner presented a petition to Mr. W. Cooke, the then Collector of the district, in which he requested that the management of the village be made over to him. In his letter to the Board, dated 24th February 1821, Mr. Cooke recommended the transfer of the village to the Government petitioner at the close of the fasli.

5. In their letter to the Collector, dated 8th September 1823, the Board of Revenue, concurring with the views of the Collector, authorized him to make over the village to the Government petitioner, allowing him to make the collections as Agent on behalf of the Collector for one or two years, and to report at the end of that period whether it would be expedient or otherwise to continue the village under his management or again assume it and pay its revenue to him (the Government petitioner).

6. The records now before me do not show whether any report was at the end of that period sent to the Board of Revenue as directed by them.

7. The Government petitioner continued the management of the village till the middle of 1847, when he, in his petition to the Board, requested that the village in question may be registered in the name of his son.

8. This petition was referred to the Collector for report by an endorsement No. 1,269 of 1847.

9. In his report, dated 17th May 1848, on the above petition, Mr. Bourdillon, the then Collector, stated that he knows no reason against complying with the request of the petitioner, viz., that his son may be registered for this village in place of himself.

10. The Board of Revenue in their Order, dated 30th May 1848, on the above petition stated that they will not object to the registry of the Inam village of Virdamput in the name of the son of the (Government) petitioner as suggested by the Acting Collector.

11. Thereupon the village seems to have been registered in the name of the (Government) petitioner's son Abdul Khader Khan as per Takeed of Mr. Bourdillon issued to the then Tahsildar

of the late Trivellum Taluq, dated 8th January 1849, No. 12. The village was subsequently registered in the (Government) petitioner's son's name during the Inam settlement as per copy of the Inam Register herewith sent.

12. After the death of the Government petitioner's son it was not first by you, No. 253, of the District Gazette, dated 20th May 1871, that the village of Virdamput standing in the name of Samsaum-ud-Dowlah Abdul Khader Khan Nazem Jung Bahadoor will be registered in the Revenue Accounts in the name of his son Abdul Hakeem Khan unless restricted by an injunction of a competent Civil Court issued within six months from date of the instance of the parties to vesting Abdul Hakeem Khan's claims.

13. Subsequently Abdul Hakeem Khan presented a petition to you for registry of the village in his name. This was transferred to the Deputy Collector on General Docket No. 1,532, with your docket, dated 27th December 1871, No. 1,532.

14. Thereupon the Deputy Collector issued a Takeed to the Tahsildar of Gudiatam, No. 1,061 of 1871, directing to register his (Abdul Hakeem Khan's) name in the Revenue Accounts after the expiration of the time allowed in the above notice.

15. From the foregoing facts it will be seen that the village of Virdamput was at the express request of the Government petitioner and with the sanction of the Board of Revenue transferred to his son, on whose death his nephew, the present holder, was put in possession of the village agreeably to your orders.

16. I beg to submit herewith the records as per enclosed list, and request that they may be returned when no longer required direct to the English and Vernacular Record-keepers of your office from whom they have been received.

17. The Gudiatam Tahsildar's Arzi, No. 173, dated 7th instant, and its enclosures (as per Tamil list) bearing upon the subject sent herewith may be returned to me when done with.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) W. S. WHITESIDE,

ENCLOSURE No. 2.—Petition.

THIS letter will be submitted to Government with reference to endorsement by the Assistant Secretary upon petition No. 2,524 of 1875.

2. The Board learn from records in their office that in 1821* the Collector submitted a petition from one Taki Hussain Khan Bahadoor requesting that the village of Virdamput might be made over to him instead of being retained under Government management. That in reply† the Board called for further information as to whether the Parwanah under which petitioner claimed had ever been confirmed by the British Government, observing that its date was subsequent to the treaty of 1792, and appeared therefore to be upon the face of it invalid. No answer having been received a reminder was sent to the Collector in November 1822, but apparently failed to elicit a reply. In the month of September‡ 1823, the Board in forwarding to the Collector a petition from Ameer Ood Dowlah Bahadoor (the writer it would appear of the present petition to Government) stated that upon a reconsideration of the case they were inclined to concur with the view of the Collector as set forth in his letter of February 24th, 1821, and accordingly authorized him to hand over the village to the petitioner to manage for the benefit of the charity for which it was

* Letter from Collector of North Arcot to Board, dated 24th February 1821, No. 515.

† Letter from Board's Secretary to Collector, dated 5th March 1821. Copy enclosed.

‡ Letter to Collector of North Arcot, dated 8th September 1823. Copy enclosed.

25/11/21
29/1/22

His Excellency the Honourable W. Robinson,
C. I. S. Governor of Fort St. George
Madras.

The humble address of Amier
Abdool Bahadur residing
at Madras.

Most Respectfully Sheweth

That your Lordships' Petitioners
beg leave to infer your Lordships' benevolent con-
sideration, that the Village of Virumpet in Goodya-
tum Taluk had been granted to our Ancestors, by the
former Nabob Comdalook Amier Bahadur as jagher
for performing the services of the Tomb of Nabob
Khyrood din Khan Bahadur, and his sons, they
held the same hereditarily.

2 That the said Village was registered in
the name of my Father Amier Abdool Abdool
Khadur Khan Bahadur Amier jagher in the Hijra 1212
he enjoyed the same for many years and died.

3 After his demise Mr. Groom, the
Collector of the District registered the said Village in 1816
in my name, I accordingly performed the services of the
Tomb for the last 45 years, but the Village was
under the management of the Pircar, and paid the proceeds
thereof

assigned. This arrangement however was not intended to be permanent; the Col-
lector was ordered to report the effect of the measure at the end of a year or so,
but it seems he never did so.

There is nothing on record to show why the Board were led to reconsider
the opinion expressed in their Secretary's letter of March 1821, nor why, when at
the time that letter was written it was evidently intended upon receipt of the in-
formation called for to refer the matter to the orders of Government, as to the
transfer of the management, they subsequently instructed the Collector to make over
the village temporarily to the petitioner.

The Government petitioner, Amier Ood Dowlah, has recently died, leaving a
son Nasiruddin Khan, a younger brother of the late Samsam-ud-Dowlah.

(True Copies and Extract.)

W. I. Lewis
Acting Sub-Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department,
with Petition and copies of Board's letters,
dated 5th March 1821 and 8th September 1822.

Copy to the Collector of North Arcot.

W. I. Lewis

25/11/21
29/1/22

25/11/21
29/1/22

591

Rev: 1876. 29/1/22
BOARD of REVENUE,
MADRAS.
1876/88

Received
18/8/21
AUGUST.
No. 1,985.

Petition—No. 2,521 of 1875 presented to
Government by Amier Ood Dowlah, claiming
restoration of Virumpet village in Goodya-
tum Taluk, North Arcot District, which was origi-
nally granted for service in a Mosque — Sub-
mitting to Government Collector's report on —

thereof to me for the Services of the Tomb, and in
1823 the Village was made over to me with the sanction
of the Revenue Board.

4 While I was performing the duties
of the Village my son Ann Samood Dowlat, an
Abdool Hader Khan, Nazim Jung Bahadur,
became complicitant to manage the affairs of the Tomb,
I therefore transferred its affairs to him, who died
shortly after, then the said jagher was confirmed in
the name of Abdool Hakim Khan, the Vicar
son of the said Nazim Jung Bahadur, who is
totally unfit for the management of the said Village
and runs the said jagher in the following manner.

I. In way in which the said jagher fell
into decay is as follows. I. That since the said
Village came into the enjoyment of the said Abdool
Hakim Khan, the payments of the (Haffaz)
(the Reciters of the Quran) and (Lawrence) of the
said Tomb and the (Fathia) (Prayers for the
soul of the deceased), and the ceremonies lost their
regularities, and thereby the said Tomb became in
a most ruined condition. II. That the said
Abdool Hakim Khan at the instigation of his
immoral advisers cut off, and destroyed all the
Mango Trees of an old Garden, and also sold a
Bungalow built of Bricks & Chumam which
was

1864
was expressly intended for the use and benefit of the
Dowlat III. That he in the Year 1871 was fined
one Rupee, by the Sub Magistrate of the Government
for he having annoyed the Respectful Ryots of the
said Village, a copy of the said fine sentence is
herein enclosed, IV. That he gave the Contract of
the said Village to a Lubbay (Potail) named
Mohammed Gaseeb Sahib, and made him the sole
Master of the Village, the said Contractor expelling
all those that had for many years been Potails, or
Lunnams, and he himself collected the Revenue and
treated the Ryots tyrannically. V. That His Highness
the late Abdol Azim Jah Bahadur Prince of Ameer
in some of his writings had given a very bad opinion
respecting the Conduct of Abdool Hakim Khan,
which is herein enclosed for your Lordships
kind perusal. Lastly that he has not since a
Year paid the Payments of the said (Haffaz) or
the Readers of the Quran, the flower suppliers of the
Tomb, and the (Fathia) or Prayers for the soul
of the deceased.

6 That for the Statement to be described
Your Lordships will be highly pleased to peruse
over the two Bridger Stones submitted by the
Inhabitants of Ameer and Vellare, which
clearly proves the most unbecoming character
of

the said Abdool Hakum Khan and to call upon the Managing Mohamudan Committee of Andhra Pradesh for further information regarding his charter.

I had submitted the whole of the above facts to the Collector of North Arcot and the Order in Council granted by the said Officer on the 31st March 1874 is herewith enclosed for your Lordship's kind perusal.

And in conclusion I beg that your Lordship will be so kind as to just enough as to long for the Rights and Privileges of the said jagher in my hands, so that the customary Rights and Privileges of the Tamb may be fully restored, and the annoyed proprietors may be obtained to their own work, without any hindrance or disturbance being made, as this Jagher was purely granted for the oil support of the Tomb.

For which act of kindness and justice your Lordship's Petitioner as is duty bound will ever pray.

امير الدوله بهادر
Address.
Amiruddaulah Bahadur
Rajaputta
Madras
12th November 1875.



1713 Rameswari
24th March 1874
To the Collector and Magistrate of North Arcot District
Whitehead Esq.

The humble petition of Subdar Hojwan Sub-agent, duly authorized to conduct the matter of Virudampet Village. Most respectfully sheweth, —

That the village of Virudampet situated in the Taluk of Guriotham, North Arcot District was with reference to a Purwana granted as a jagher by the late Nabob Omidalah Comra of the Carnatic for the performance of the ceremonies of the tomb of the late Nabob, Ahymooddin Khan the grand-father of Amieruddaulah Bahadur. For many years the said Amieruddaulah Bahadur was the manager of the said tomb and jagher. Lately the said Amieruddaulah Bahadur sending his late son Nazim Jung Bahadur sending his son Nazim Jung Bahadur transferred his rights to the said Nazim Jung Bahadur who died shortly after. Then the said jagher was confirmed in the name of Abdool Hakum Khan the son of the said Nazim Jung Bahadur. The

- The way in which the following said gazed fell into decay is as follows
- (1) That since the said village fell into the enjoyment of the said Abdool Hakeem Khan, the payments of the Ghuffees (the readers of the Khoran) and flower suppliers of the said tomb and the Katoha (prayers for the soul of the deceased) ceremonies lost their regularity & thereby the said tomb became ruined.
 - (2) That the said Abdool Hakeem Khan at the instigation of his immoral adviser cut down some of the mango trees of an old garden.
 - (3) That the same Abdool Hakeem Khan executed an order in favor of a Brahmin named Sreenivasa Iyengar for Rs 14,000. The said Brahmin sued him in court and received an ex parte decree and consequently sold by public auction all the land together with the garden belonging to the grandfather of the said Abdool Hakeem Khan.
 - (4) That the said Abdool Hakeem Khan sold a bungalow built of bricks & intended for the use of travellers.
 - (5) As the said Abdool Hakeem Khan had borrowed money from many persons lately he was put in jail at Madras for a small sum of money.

1891/2
(6) That he was in 1871 fined one Rupee
by the submagistrate of Guria thum
for his having annoyed the ryots of the
said village. A copy of the said fining
sentence is herewith enclosed.

(7) That he gave the contract of the said
village to a Lohari Patil named
Mahomed Yacoub Sahib and made
him the sole master. The said contra-
ct was expelling all those that had for
many years been patails & cornmuns
collect revenue himself and treats
the ryots tyrannically.

(8) That the late Prince Azim Jah
Bahadur of Arcot in one of his writings
has given a very bad opinion respec-
-ting the conduct of Abdool Hakeem
Thaw which for your perusal is
herein enclosed.

(9) That for his having evaded the
payment of the Road fund to the
govt. he was in jail. It is only some
fifteen days since he obtained his
release.

(10) Lastly that he has not since one
year given the salaries of the
said Huffaz & the flower suppliers
of the tomb.

(2) That for the statement above made
you will be pleased to peruse over
No. 2524 of 75.

over the two papers one written by the
inhabitants of Aret and the other,
of Vellore which clearly shows the
character of the said & Abdul Hakum
Khan; and to call upon the mana-
ging Mahomedan Committee of Aret
& Vellore for further information
respecting him.

(3) And that you would be kind &
just enough to transfer the rights
of the said pargana to the said Abdul
Hakum Khan's grand father
Amcerud Dowlah Bahadur, so that
the customary rights and immunities
of the town might be restored, & the
annoyed poor cultivators may
pursue their work without any
hindrance or disturbance as this
man was granted for the support
of the town, the Revenue authorities
can interfere

The Vakalatnamah
granted by Amcerud Dowlah Bah-
adur the petitioner is herein enclosed
for your honor's perusal.

For which act of kindness &
charity the petitioner shall ever
pray for your long life & prosperity.

They to remain

Honored sir

Your most obedient servant

Sufder Hozaim Sahib
Agent of Vakab of Amcerud Dowlah
Bahadur.

154

Signed in behalf of the arool and
Rameettha for the good conduct of
Abdool Hakim Can in this Mohazamah

Ac 2524 778.

care of

Amiruddowlah Bahadur
at Rayapett
Madras

[illegible][illegible]



برای غایت نظم و ترتیب
مهر نموده شد

دستخط گواهی نموده شد
عبد الوهاب قرآن خوان مقبره حافظ حبیب الدین بابا قرآن خوان
دستخط گواهی نموده شد
عبد الوهاب قرآن خوان مقبره حافظ حبیب الدین بابا قرآن خوان

دستخط گواهی نموده شد

سیده ملک فیضیه شاه بنبر ۵۵۴
مکان دار حضرت ناصر اولیا قدس سره در خط بنبر ۵۶۴



بر سر بنان الدین

کوشه دیر خدام

کوشه عبدالقادر

گواه محمد بن

گواه شد
ادریس شریف

گواه کوهن
گواه شد حیدری

گواه شد طاهر خان بزاز

گواه شد حسین شریف

گواه شد قاسم علی

گواه شد غفار خان

گواه شد محمد الدین

گواه شد محمدت کوهن

گواه شد محمدت کوهن

گواه شد محمدت کوهن

گواه شد محمدت کوهن

Shiva
Amma-dol-han
Pothan

ہون
بن امرالدول بہادر ساکن ہوا اس



جميع کا ذہل اسلام اور تاجی صاحبزادہ اتقین حقیقت حال سے شہید و ملوڑ کے طلب شہادت کرتا ہوں میں اس بات پر کہ موقع مردم پش
فیع جو تعارف گزایام میں ملحق ہی سو میرے داد انوار اللہ بنی معنور کے بقریہ خط و فاتحہ و خود و گل و تین و چرخ کے واسطے بطور جاگیر شرط
دیا گیا تھا اسکا منوی بعد میرے والد ماجد کے بن تھا سو اسکو میں میرے فرزند محمد ام الدود مرحوم کو نظر کرتا آئے دانا ہی کے میرے عوف میں
ادار کر کے لوریاں مشروطہ مذکور کے منوی بنا کر جستی آئے نام سے الحام کشن کیا کر دایا بدلتا انتقال کے انکا فرزند عبد الحکم
نامی جو میرا پوتا ہوا ہی جستی بنوی سیکر عبد الحکم مذکور مقرر ہوا ہی خط کوٹ رہنہیں پہنچا مارے فاقونیکہ فانی نشین ہوئے باقی
فواتحہ و گل و خوش و بلکہ چرخ ہی رہا بالکل دیر ہی اور موقع مردم پش ہی جو جاگیر بقریہ مشروطہ آد کر کے مقرر ہوا ہی اسکو
بیشل محمد یعقوب صاحب کو دس سال اجارہ دیکر مبلغ بیس ہجرت کر لیکے نالائی امور این صر فکذا لایہ کیفی نامی عالم پر دین
حاجت یہاں کی نہیں سپر علاوہ یہ کہ اور یہی قمر کر کے دارنشا کہ چتر میں قریہ جوہ جان کہ اس حقیقت سے واقف و آگاہ ہیں
ازراہ خدا ترسی حق پرستی کے اس کا اپنے موہا پر اور دستخطوں سے مزین کر کے غلہ تاجور و غلہ ان میں مشکو رہو گے چند کھلے
بطور مختصر لکے گئے آج سند ہو دے و غلہ الحاجت لکھا آدے کا تحریر نے الی الخ سوم فروری ۱۸۷۷ء مطابق ۱۵ مئی ۱۲۹۷ھ

Signed into hand of Kellare for the Lord
Command of Abdul Hakeem in this

M. H. Zaharna

Am 25/4/87

میرزا حسن خان

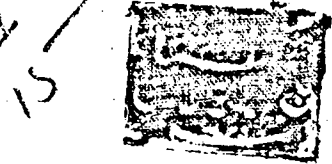


میرزا محمد رفیع

Mirza Abdulla Khan
Bahadur Pindione

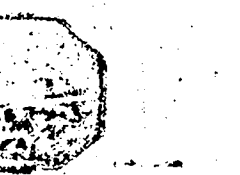
1967/15

محمد علی خان



Mohamed Badrud Din Khan
Bahadur Pindione

سید حسن خان



برای محمد رفیع

Sayed Bahadur Noor
Razin

مرزا افشار خان



برای محمد رفیع

Mirzaan Muzahid Noor

Signed & witnessed

Sayed Shamsul
Khalil Anwar
Mahomed Shamsud Din
Pindione

Signed & witnessed

سید



Sayed Ali

Abdul Razzak. Head Master Govt. High School, Lahore.

Mohammed J. D. M. S. D.

126/10

To. The President and Members of
the Board of Revenue.
Fort St George.

Gentlemen.

Para 1st The accompanying address
was recently presented to me by the
person superintending the institu-
-tion for the support of which the
village of Vindumpet was formerly
assigned

2nd From fortuitous circumstances
the revenues of this village have
during the last few years very much
decreased and are represented
as very inadequate for the purposes
for which it was granted and
with a view to an improvement

of the revenues the petitioner solicits to have the superintendence of the village in question an indulgence which he states to have been accorded under similar grants in other districts.

3^d I find that such transfer must have been in the contemplation of Mr. Graeme at the period of concluding the rents of these villages as it was stipulated that the terms then arranged should not be considered binding upon the parties in the event of the villages being placed under

186/7
the management of the proprietors - tending the general institutions for which their revenues might have been designated.

4th In submitting the present application, I am not aware that any great objection exists to the transfer of the superintendence so - beited, the ryots are capable of appreciating the extent of their privileges and the proprietor must be aware that in concluding and amending the condition of the inhabitants he will find the best security for improving

the revenues of the village and more
attention may naturally be expected
from this immediate agency than
can be afforded to one village
forming a part of the general
superintendence in the direction of
a Tahsildar.

5th Another reason which in-
duces me to recommend the village
being under charge of the Tahsildar
arises from the rank of the person
whose tomb and the ceremonies
attendant thereon constitute the
charges upon the revenues in
question as from their compara-
tively reduced state I consider

186/18
it not improbable that the inadequacy
of the present amount may be
matter of representation by some
of the family of the present Nabob as
a claim for further assistance whereas
if the village be placed under the
superintendence of the person in charge
of the institution nothing beyond
the revenues available therefore
can with reason be demanded.

6th If the Board concurs in what
I have stated I shall be prepared to
transfer the village in question at the
close of the present Fash.

Carroll
Secretary

Armed Artillery
24 February (true copy)

I have &c
(sd) W. Cooke
Colly.
Secretary.

1861/19

To. The Principal Collector in the
North District of Arcot.

Sir. With reference to your letter of the
24 February 1821, I am directed by
the Board of Revenue to transmit to
you the accompanying Petition
from Ameerud-dowlah Mahomed
Sulka Hissani Khan Bahadur
Amir Jung and to state that on
a consideration of the case, the
Board are inclined to concur in
your view of it as stated in your letter
above referred to, and to think that
it may, on the whole, be not un-
advisable to allow the Petitioners
to manage the village in question

In Ans. to
March 1823.

No. 375 of
1823.

Enclosure in
Hans Panchang
177 August 1846.
No. 1995 New York
Sent 10.
Rev. 4988/76

Copy of Collection
1823

for the benefit of the charity for
which it was assigned.

You are therefore, authorized,
to make over the village to the Petitioners
allowing him to make ~~any~~ collections
as agent on your behalf for one
or two years, at the end of which
time, you will report your opinion,
whether it would be expedient
or otherwise to continue the village
under his management or again
to assume it and pay its expenses
to the Petitioners.

8 September 1823. (sd) R. Clerk
(Secy) Secretary.

E. M.
President

L. M. Wilson
Ag. Secretary

1861/21
The Worshippful William Cooke Esq.
Collector in the Northern Division
of Bengal

Within the whole Carnatic
there are only two respectable populations
one of which situates at Trichinopoly
and the other at Chich. His Highness
the late Nabol Wallajah and his
sons were interred in that of Trichinopoly
My Grandfather Nabol Khyrud-
din Khan, son in law of the late
Nawab Anwaroddin Khan, Martyr
and who was also the Nabol Wallajah's
sister's husband. My grandmother
Kassemun. Main Begum the
wife of the said Nabol. Khyrud-din Khan.

Enclosed in
Proceedings of the Board
of Revenue, 8th August
1875 No. 1995, Mr
Geary & Co. No. 2
Dec: 1988/76

Letter.

May 1878

and sister of the late Mallappa
and Lunsamma. Bowles, the latter
son in law of Mallappa, were both
buried in that of the late. Ministerly
for the expenses attending the latter
sepulchre which is at the late, and
which has been in my charge
amounted to a considerable sum
yearly. But subsequently His
Highness the late stable Comdant.
Dinrao died during his government
settle a village called Vindurpett
as a perpetual Grace in the name
of the said sepulchre by virtue
of a Purwannah under His Highness

184/27
Seal so that the produce whereof
should be applied for defraying
the expenses attending the late. Being
that he was in the habit of paying
at different periods a large sum
of money for its additional expenses
as he considered both the former
and latter sepulchres are equal
in their consequence.

After the assumption of
the Carnatic during the Collector-
-ships of Messrs. Stratton, Cock-
-burn and Grant in the northern
Division of the late the annual pro-
-duce of the village in question
being three hundred Pagodas yearly

was paid without any delay or
objection whatever. But during
~~the four years last~~ there was
paid 400 Pagodas at ~~rate~~
of 200 per year, and for the
third year nothing was paid
saying that the ryots of the said
village were in great distressed
circumstances, but in the last
year I received from the Cutcherry
of Chittoor 155 Rupees only being
the amount of the produce of the
village before-mentioned.

Under these circumstances
I beg leave to state to you that
although the former expenses

189/27
which attended the said sepulchre
succeeded by for the present expenses,
yet one thousand Rupees out for
the management of the affairs
attached to the said sepulchre. Since
these four years last I have defrayed
the expenses of it having contracted
debts from different persons. Besides
this my father Anceerud-Sowlah
Abdul Khader Khan's death having
happened in the month of October
189, he was buried in the said sepulchre.
Ever since his death up to this period
the funeral expenses of the deceased
as well as the expenses of the
prayers &c. cost nearly three

the said Rupas in consequence
of his being interned into the
sepulchre, the expenses attending
there to are more than they were
before. If necessary you will
enquire it. The produce of the
village is little. The expenses of
the sepulchre are greater than
before. How can I perform the ma-
-nagement of it

Therefore I humbly state
to you that you will be pleased
to report the Board of Revenue, the
increased expenses of the sepulchre
and the decrease of the produce of

the village, and will obtain the
Board's order to reduce the said
village only charge so that I may
improve the said village under the
cultivation of the very Murasidas
Ryots who at present occupy the
lands and that I may use whatever
may be the amount of the produce
towards the said expenses. If I
should succeed in this view,
I shall forbear from troubling the
Board on this subject hereafter.

The village in question was
granted in the name of the
said sepulchre by way of a
right and my grandfather &

my grandmother's claim was well
founded on the basis of her
in consequence of their nearest
relationships with the nabobs.

I further inform you
the same Grandfather's villages in the
District of Trilunipoly and
Madura &c were left in their charge
upon their request so that they
might improve the villages and
receive the produce arising therefrom
regularly from year to year.

The Government did through
their favor and generosity deliver
these villages to those charity
Grandfathers but I claim the
possession of the village before

1861/5
mentioned by way of right and my
claim on the Government's favor
and generosity is well established

Therefore I request you that
if you should recommend my
case to the favor and protection of
the President and Members of the
Board of Revenue, enclosing my
humble address in your letter to
them and sign yourself in ob-
-taining the orders of the Board
for the delivery of the village in
my charge I shall consider it a
great obligation upon me. The
Sircas can derive no advantage
by retaining the village under its

management for whatever is pro-
- ductive every year is paid to me, but
if he ~~deliberately~~ gives to my charge
I will improve its cultivation and
may perhaps render it more pro-
- ductive a mean which may
enable me to defray all the
expenses required in the erect-
sepulchre.

I confess that I sustain
great loss in consequence of my
not receiving the amount of the
produce regularly every year. If
the Board do not consider it
expedient to comply with my humble

1875
address, it is hoped that they will
at least order the paid to me every
year the sum of ~~the~~ hundred
Pagodas at which rate the village
produced during Mr Graham's Collec-
- ship.

Shave to.

(cc) Thacker Bhasani
Khan Bahadur.

(Enc 1/2)

Lawrence
Agent Secretary.

Copy
to Mr. B. B.

1861
27

Enclaves in

Brand's Pennsylvania

State of Maryland 1895,

120: 1995, 15: 1895

Very Short - 1895

Dec: 4988/76

of 1895: 1895/1895

Copy of

Platt's address

Long - Truckee House

Stam - Washington

تاریخ ۱۹۰۵
مهرماه

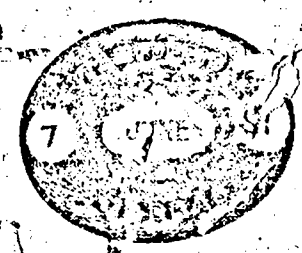
مهرماه

بسم الله الرحمن الرحیم
الحمد لله رب العالمین
والصلاة والسلام على
سيدنا محمد و آله الطيبين
الطاهرين
البرکات و البرکات
الکرام
و بعد
اینکه بنده
مستحق
عفو
و رحمت
است
بنده
مستحق
عفو
و رحمت
است
بنده
مستحق
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بسم الله الرحمن الرحیم
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عفو
و رحمت
است

۱۳۰۴/۴/۲۰

2524 8775

[illegible]

STAMP DEPARTMENT
06123
1871
NORTH ARCADE

332

28-10-77

28-10-77

The 1st and 2nd witnesses for the prosecution speak to the removal of the door and door posts by the 1st and 2nd defendants.
The 1st defendant pleads that he let the house to the complainant and the door was removed with the complainant's own consent and calls witnesses to prove this point.
The 2nd and 3rd defendants state that they are the servants of the 1st defendant, the 1st defendant ordered them to remove the door and door posts and they have done so.
The 1st and 2nd witnesses for the defence deny that the complainant gave his consent to the removal of the door.
Remarks:
The 1st defendant having caused the trespass, is guilty but the 2nd and 3rd defendants are innocent in as much as they entered the house and removed the door on goods for the 1st defendant had a right to give an order to that effect.

(Signed) P. B. Chittambalav Nader

(True Copy)

OT. Chittambalav Nader

Chittambalav Nader
21st April 1877
28-10-77

manage the affairs of the tomb, but made over its management to him, that his son died soon after, that the Jafire was configned in the name of Abdul Hakim Khan, son of Nazim Jung Bahadur, that Abdul Hakim Khan is unfit to manage the affairs of the tomb inasmuch as he does not regularly pay the servants, &c. that he was fined Rs. 10 by the Sub Magistrate for annoying the Ryots, that the enclosed Mahazarina show his bad character

that he was fined Rs. 10 by the Sub Magistrate for annoying the Ryots, that the enclosed Mahazarina show his bad character
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28-10-77

2. By the Pref^r - XXXXI / 02, Leeb II,
all grants in the Carnatic after
1792 are prima facie invalid -
and for 25 years nearly, the grantee
was kept in suspense by the collectors -
he used to get the net receipts from the
village - at last he was put in power
- him, as an experiment for a year,
by the Bd. - The further report called
for was never made, however; and
Amin ud - daulah No I was suc-
ceeded in due course by Amin ud Daulah
- No II - who made the village
over to Razim Jung, alias Lamsan
- his son - at whose death
it fell to his son - reported by the collector.

to a homely
land lot - to be letting
he looks a keen establishment
to be had - to be heavily in debt
& fit only to be turned out of his
trusteeships.

3. Amin ud daulah No II died
in the spring, just after filing his
petition for an inquiry into his
grandson's career, under view of
getting the trusteeship transferred
to himself again - The Govt seems to
suspect it may be made over to
his son Harn ud din -

P.L. 196

27-3-76

3. But his man is - vide C.O.

in margin - reported to be not a
nephew son of the deceased - Is not

the Prince of Awat the proper person

then & the Nizam made the trust
with Amin ud din in 1867 - the 7th condition

was that the duration of the trust

"to be connected with the family

"family & to be with him - that he should keep

"them in repair & maintenance, receiving the

"assigned revenues & respecting the rights

"of the rights" - I do not circulate the

correspondence in the P.L. dept. - at some

of it highly confidential nature,

but would be clause correctly -

4. We must however to make this transfer

is reasonable for the neglect
is not to be at all expedient

186

I think we must
hear what the family have
to say before acting.

By 16/11

A "Carnatic Family"
 Tomb - Assignment of
 Revenue for -

March 27/76

9/14/76 Not Received 11-12/76

Land not to be given
 from orders by 12/10/76.
 The Collr. is in error in supposing
 that there is no power to intervene.
 The Govt. can resume the grant or
 make it over to another family,
 in the circumstances of the case;
 but they are unwilling to go the length
 of either of these courses. The Collr. will
 give the late Amraut dandab's
 descendants an opportunity of choosing
 amongst themselves a proper trustee of
 the Zmām; warning them of the conse-
 quences which may ensue from any fur-
 ther mismanagement & neglect of the
 affairs of the endowment. 17/11/76

at 6 His grace 15: Nov R 17: Nov
 C. 28: Sep 56 R 5: Oct 76