

(1) Number of pages 16
(2) Date of repair _____
(3) Initials of the Referrer _____

TAMIL NADU ARCHIVES

GOVERNMENT OF TAMIL NADU

REVENUE DEPARTMENT

G.O. No.	1592 B	Press
B.P. No.		Mis.
Dated	28-4-1877	197-

Not to be folded or roughly handled

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
23th April 1877.

Famine Relief.

No. 704-C. Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 17th April 1877, No. 1,723:—

Read the following letter from C. E. MacCARTIE, Esq., Special Assistant Collector, to J. F. PRICE, Esq., Acting Collector of Cuddapah, dated 4th April 1877. No. 56:—

I HAVE the honor to submit the following report called for by your Circular of 31st March about the condition of the Cuddapah Taluq relief coolies with regard to the recent reduction of wages.

2. The parties inspected and the numbers are as follows:—

	No. of Gangs	Strength.
Dongulcherovoo tank, Cuddapah ...	17	850
Bugga road, Cuddapah ...	16	800
Kurumkunta quarry, Cuddapah ...	5	250
Vellatoor Road ...	6	300
Patha Cuddapah, Road ...	5	250
Total ...	49	2,450

3. The nominal strength of each gang is 50, of which the component parts should be 20 men, 20 women, and 10 children; but the number of females in want of employment is so much in excess of males that the proportion of women has often to be increased to keep up the numeric strength of the gang.

4. The condition of the bulk of the coolies of the Dongulcherovoo tank is, as regards the women and children, but each gang contains three or four men and two women on an average whose state is low, which is apparent from their thinness and haggard expression. Some of these are wornout creatures, whose normal condition is depression, and I remember many of them to have been in the same state when I took charge in January. They do not seem to me to have deteriorated materially, and in the best of times the scourgings of a large town will present very much the same percentage of people under par as regards physique.

5. *Kurumkunta Quarry, 250.*—These people are engaged in digging gravel, harder work than their neighbours on the tank—but their condition is far superior to that of the latter.

The coolies are hearty on the whole, and the percentage of wornout people does not exceed two or three per cent.

6. *Bugga Road, 16 Gangs.*—The condition of these people also is superior to that of those on the first-named work, and I do not consider that more than five per cent. of them are in a feeble state of health.

7. There is no noticeable change in their appearance during the week. I club these not because the works are contiguous but because the coolies on each present very much the same appearance, and that is robustness, which is the more strange in cases of the latter work as the coolies have just come off strike for nearly two weeks.

8. In going over the former work I had the advantage of the presence of the Zillah Surgeon, who agreed with me in considering the general appearance of the gangs to be good, as he was unable to pick out more than one or two in each gang who showed any signs of deterioration.

9. From a caste return which I receive from each work every week I find that the bulk of the coolies are Pariahs or Sudra coolies. Ryets are very rare, about three per cent. In the town works there are 200 or 300 Weavers, and these people stand the exposure worst. Whatever falling off there is is more apparent in their cases. I think the reduced scale may still be continued for a time, but I do not at all undertake to say that it will be advisable to go on with it for good.

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
28th April 1877.*

No. 154.

FORWARDED for the information of the Board of Revenue. After an absence of very nearly a month I, this morning, with Mr. MacCartie, closely inspected—ranking them up and looking at every individual—the ganyas working on the Dongulcheravoo tank. The party consisted of 398 men, 546 women, and 13 children; of these I picked out 45 = 4.692 per cent. who were in bad condition. I must mention, however, that several of these were Wodders, who had but recently come to the work. But two of these selected, both of them women with small children, were in such a state as to render it advisable to send them to the relief camp.

As regards the remainder they were wonderfully improved since my last inspection, particularly the women. This I attribute to payment having been made with rice as the standard, and to their having been able to obtain, owing to the recent harvest, a supply of the cheaper and more nutritious grain, ragi, sufficient to bring them into condition. I found that the coolies had never been paid for Sundays. This omission has been remedied.

3. I would not advocate any alteration of the standard; the coolies have picked up in condition, the ragi will not last very much longer, and they will in my opinion fall off again as soon as they have to revert to rice.

(Signed) J. W. JOHNSTON,
Special Deputy Collector,
for Acting Collector.

Cuddapah,
5th April 1877.

SUBMITTED for the information of Government.

2. The fact that the coolies were paid at the standard of rice, but were able to buy ragi comparatively cheaper would amount to a considerable rise in wages, and accounts for their invariable appearance.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) H. E. STOKES,
Secretary.

No. 704-D.

ORDER THEREON, 28th April 1877, No. 1,592-B.

Miscellaneous.

RECORDED. Weavers should be employed at their trade under the terms of G.O., 15th March 1877, No. 1,091.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. H. GARSTIN,
Additional Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.
.. the Financial Department.
.. the Accountant-General.

Exl. T. O'Connor.

Revenue Report
Proceedings of the Board of Revenue
dated 17th April 1877

Read the following
at 12.30

Board of Revenue
3842
From C. F. Macfarlane Esq
Special Assistant Commr
Buddopah.
To J. F. Price Esq
Collector of Buddopah.

Sir,
I have the honor to
submit the following report
called for in your circular
of March 31st about the con-
dition of the Buddopah Taluk.
Relief Coolies with regard
to the recent reduction
of wages.

The porter reported
and the minutes are as
follows:—

@ 12

	No. of { strength gangs }	
Dougl Cheruvu } - 17	850	
Tank Cuddapah } - 16	800	
Bugga road - Do -	16	800
Kurukunta Quarry } - 5	250	
Do -	5	250
Vellatoor road -	6	300
Patha Cuddapah - Do -	5	250
	<u>49</u>	<u>2450</u>

The nominal strength of each gang is 50 of which the component parts should be 20 men 20 women and 10 children, but the number of females in want of employment is so much in excess of males that the proportion of women has often to be increased to keep up the numerical strength of the gang.

The condition of the bulk

1526/3

of the coolies on the Dougal Cheruvu continues fair, especially as regards the women and children but each gang contains 3 or 4 men and 2 women on an average whose state is poor which is apparent from their thinness and baggy expressions. Some of these are worn out creatures, whose normal condition is depression, and I remember many of them to have been in the same state when I took charge on January. They do not seem to me to have deteriorated materially and in the best of times the recovery of a large town, will present very much the same per-

percentage of people under
for as regards physique.

Musumkanta Durrat
250. These people are en-
gaged in digging gravel for
work than their neigh-
bours on the Tank, but
their condition is far supe-
rior to that of the latter.

The Coolies are hearty
on the whole, and the percent-
age of worn out people
does not exceed 2 or 3 per cent.

Bugga Rodob gangs.

The condition of these
people also is superior to
that of those on the former
named work, and I do not
consider that more than 5
per cent of them are in a feeble

state

state of health.

There is no noticeable
change in their appearance
during the week. I feel
too much of the work because
of the work is con-
siderable but because
the Coolies on each present
very much the same appear-
ance and that is robust-
ness; which is the more
strange in cases of the
latter work as the Coolies
have just come off strike
for nearly 2 weeks.

In going over the former
work I had the advantage
of the presence of the British
Surgeon who agreed with
me in considering the gene-
ral appearance of the gangs
to

to be good as he was unable
to pick out more than
one or two in each gang
who showed by signs of de-
viation.

From a caste return
which I receive from each
work every week I find that
the bulk of the Coolies are
pariahs or Sudra Coolies.

Rats are very rare
about 3 per cent. In the town
works there are 200 or 300 weavers
and these people stand the
exposure worst. Whatever
falling off there is, is more
apparent in their cases. I
think the reduced scale
may still be continued
for a time but I do not at all
under-

W. J. J. J.
not under
under the
in the
under

undertake to say that it will
be advisable to go on with it
for good.

I have gra-
Cuddalore Special } 1st Lt. F. J. J. J.
Assistant Collectors } Spl. at Spl. Collectors
office 4 April 1897.
True Copy

N^o 154.
Forwarded for the informa-
tion of the Board of Revenue.
after an absence of very
nearly a month, I this morn-
ing, with our chief
closely inspected ranking
them up and looking at every
individual - the gangs working
on the Dongal Chervu. Tantt.
The party consisted of 398
men, 546 women and 15
children. Of these I picked
out 45 = 4.692 per cent who were
in

in bad condition. I must
mention however that several
of these were Wodders who
had but recently come
to the work. But of these
selected, both of them
women with small children,
were in such a state as to
render it advisable to send
them to the relief camp.

As regards the re-
mains they were wonder-
fully improved since my
last inspection, particu-
larly the women. This I
attribute to frequent having
been made with rice as
the standard and to their
having been able to obtain,
owing

1977
owing to the recent harvest,
a supply of the cheaper
and more nutritious grain
sage sufficient to bring
them into condition. I
found that the Coolies had
never been paid for Sundays.
This omission has been remedied.

I would not advocate
any alteration of the stand-
ard, the Coolies have picked
up in condition, the sage
will not last very much longer
and they will in my opinion
fall off again as soon as
they have to revert to rice.

Cuddalore Office 21st April 1877
J. W. Johnston
S. P. Dyke for party Col.

To The Secretary to the
Board of Revenue

Submitted for the information
of Government.

2. The fact that the Coolies
were paid at the standard
of rice, but were able to buy
ragi comparatively cheaper
would account to a consider-
able rise in wages and
account for their favorable
appearance.

(True Copy and Extract)

W. H. H.

Secretary

To the Hon. Secretary to
Government C. D.

H. H.

1590
1592 B
Sheet I (3)-I-10,000-7-10-70.

(1) Number of pages 16
(2) Date of repair _____
(3) Initials of the Referrer _____

TAMIL NADU ARCHIVES

GOVERNMENT OF TAMIL NADU

REVENUE DEPARTMENT

G.O. No.	1592 B	Press
B.P. No.		Mis.

Dated 28-4-1877 197.

Not to be folded or roughly handled

Famine Relief.

No. 704-C. Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 17th April 1877, No. 1,723 :—

Read the following letter from C. E. MacCARTIE, Esq., Special Assistant Collector, to J. F. PRICE, Esq., Acting Collector of Cuddapah, dated 4th April 1877, No. 56 :—

I HAVE the honor to submit the following report called for by your Circular of 31st March about the condition of the Cuddapah Taluq relief coolies with regard to the recent reduction of wages.

2. The parties inspected and the numbers are as follows :—

	No. of Gangs.	Strength.
Dongulcherovoo tank, Cuddapah ...	17	850
Bugga road, Cuddapah ...	16	800
Kurumkunta quarry, Cuddapah ...	5	250
Vellatoor Road ...	6	300
Patha Cuddapah, Road ...	5	250
Total ...	49	2,450

3. The nominal strength of each gang is 50, of which the component parts should be 20 men, 20 women, and 10 children; but the number of females in want of employment is so much in excess of males that the proportion of women has often to be increased to keep up the numerical strength of the gang.

4. The condition of the bulk of the coolies on the Dongulcherovoo tank is, as regards the women and children, but each gang contains three or four men and two women on an average whose state is low, which is apparent from their thinness and haggard expression. Some of these are wornout creatures, whose normal condition is depression, and I remember many of them to have been in the same state when I took charge in January. They do not seem to me to have deteriorated materially, and in the best of times the scourgings of a large town will present very much the same percentage of people under par as regards physique.

5. *Kurumkunta Quarry, 250.*—These people are engaged in digging gravel, harder work than their neighbours on the tank—but their condition is far superior to that of the latter.

The coolies are hearty on the whole, and the percentage of wornout people does not exceed two or three per cent.

6. *Bugga Road, 16 Gangs.*—The condition of these people also is superior to that of those on the first-named work, and I do not consider that more than five per cent. of them are in a feeble state of health.

7. There is no noticeable change in their appearance during the week. I club these not because the works are contiguous but because the coolies on each present very much the same appearance, and that is robustness, which is the more strange in cases of the latter work as the coolies have just come off strike for nearly two weeks.

8. In going over the former work I had the advantage of the presence of the Zillah Surgeon, who agreed with me in considering the general appearance of the gangs to be good, as he was unable to pick out more than one or two in each gang who showed any signs of deterioration.

9. From a caste return which I receive from each work every week I find that the bulk of the coolies are Pariahs or Sudra coolies. Ryots are very rare, about three per cent. In the town works there are 200 or 300 Weavers, and these people stand the exposure worst. Whatever falling off there is is more apparent in their cases. I think the reduced scale may still be continued for a time, but I do not at all undertake to say that it will be advisable to go on with it for good.

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
28th April 1877.*

No. 154.

FORWARDED for the information of the Board of Revenue. After an absence of very nearly a month I, this morning, with Mr. MacCartie, closely inspected—ranking them up and looking at every individual—the gangs working on the Dongulcheravoo tank. The party consisted of 398 men, 546 women, and 18 children; of these I picked out 45 = 4.692 per cent. who were in bad condition. I must mention, however, that several of these were Wodders, who had but recently come to the work. But two of these selected, both of them women with small children, were in such a state as to render it advisable to send them to the relief camp.

2. As regards the remainder they were wonderfully improved since my last inspection, particularly the women. This I attribute to payment having been made with rice as the standard, and to their having been able to obtain, owing to the recent harvest, a supply of the cheaper and more nutritious grain, ragi, sufficient to bring them into condition. I found that the coolies had never been paid for Sundays. This omission has been remedied.

3. I would not advocate any alteration of the standard; the coolies have picked up in condition, the ragi will not last very much longer, and they will in my opinion fall off again as soon as they have to revert to rice.

(Signed) J. W. JOHNSTON,
Special Deputy Collector,
for Acting Collector.

Cuddapah,
5th April 1877.

SUBMITTED for the information of Government.

2. The fact that the coolies were paid at the standard of rice, but were able to buy ragi comparatively cheaper would amount to a considerable rise in wages, and accounts for their inferior appearance.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) H. E. STOKES,
Secretary.

No. 704-D.

ORDER THEREON, 28th April 1877, No. 1,592-B.

Miscellaneous.

RECORDED. Weavers should be employed at their trade under the terms of G.O., 15th March 1877, No. 1,091.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. H. GARSTIN,
Additional Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.
„ the Financial Department.
„ the Accountant-General.

Exd. T. O'Connor.

Number

Revenue Department

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue
dated 17th April 1877

Read the following
No. 56.

Board No. 3842

From C. F. Macfarlane Esq
Special Assistant Commr
Buddopah.
To J. F. Price Esq
Collector of Buddopah.

Sir,
I have the honor to
submit the following report
received for in your circular
of March 31st about the con-
dition of the Buddopah Taluk
Relief Coolies with regard
to the recent reduction
of wages.

The porters inspected
and the numbers are as
follows:—

No.

Oct. of (1877) Mysore.

REVENUE.

To THE BOARD OF REVENUE,

Secy, Secy, Secy.

Dist. April, 1877.

Recd.

Dist.

G.O. 2844. April 1877, No. 1,692-B.

APRIL

No. 704C-704D.

TAMINGE REPLY, No. 1,050B.

Condition of Policy Office of Outstation Taluk—
Regarding Proceedings of the Board of Revenue
on Special Assistant Collector's letter on the
and instructing that Weavers should be employed
at their trade under the terms of G.O. of 16th
March.

	N. of gangs.	Strength
Dougal Cherokees } - 17	850	
Tank Cuddapah. }		
Bugga road - Do -	16	800
Kusutinta Quarry } - 5	250	
Do - }		
Vallathoor road -	6	300
Patha Cuddapah - Do -	5	250
	<u>49</u>	<u>2450.</u>

The nominal strength of each gang is 50 of which the component parts should be 20 men 20 women and 10 children, but the number of females in want of employment is so much in excess of males that the proportion of women has often to be increased to keep up the numerical strength of the gang.

The condition of the bulk
of

1571/4

of the coolies on the Dougal Cherokees, continues fair, especially as regards the women and children but each gang contains 3 or 4 men and 2 women on an average whose state is poor which is apparent from their thinness and baggy - good expression. Some of these are worn out creatures, whose normal condition is depression, and I remember many of them to have been in the same state when I took charge on January. They do not seem to me to have deteriorated materially and in the best of times the surroundings of a large town, will present very much the same

percentage of people under
for as regards physique.

Kusumkanta Dossy
250. These people are en-
-gaged in digging gravel for
-er work than their neigh-
-bours on the Tawh, but
their condition is far super-
-rior to that of the latter.

The Coolies are hearty
on the whole and the percent-
age of worn out people
does not exceed 2 or 3 per cent.

Bugga Road 16 gangs.

The condition of these
people also is superior to
that of those on the first
named work, and I do not
consider that more than 5
per cent of them are in a feeble
state

state of health.

There is no noticeable
change in their appearance
during the week. I shall
too road. & there is not because
tafudda. } the works are con-
h road— } stigmata but because
the Coolies on each present
very much the same appear-
-ance and that is robust-
ness; which is the more
strange in cases of the
latter, work as the Coolies
have just come off strike
for nearly 2 weeks.

In going over the former
work I had the advantage
of the presence of the Gilson
Surgeon who agreed with
me in considering the gene-
-ral appearance of the gangs
to

to be good as he was unable
to pick out more than
one or two in each gang
who showed by signs of de-
= violation.

From a case return
which I receive from each
work every week I find that
the bulk of the Coolies are
pariahs or Sudra Coolies.

Rats are very rare
about 3 per cent. In the town
works there are 200 or 300 weavers
and these people stand the
exposure worst. Whatever
falling off there is, is more
apparent in their cases. I
think the reduced scale
may still be continued
for a time but I do not at all
under-

Why are the
not employed
under the
weavers or
in their own
work.

undertake to say that it will
be advisable to go on with it
for good.

Cuddapah Special }
Assistant Collectors }
Office 4 April 1897.

True Copy

N^o 154.

Forwarded for the informa-
tion of the Board of Revenue.
after an absence of very
nearly a month, I, this morn-
ing, with our euacastie
closely inspected, ranking
them up and looking at every
individual - the gangs working
on the Dougal Cheruvu Tank.
The party consisted of 398
men, 546 women and 15
children. of these I picked
out 45 = 4.692 per cent who were

in bad condition. I must
mention however that several
of these were Wodders who
had but recently come
to the work. But of these
relieved, both of them
women with small children,
were in such a state as to
render it advisable to send
them to the relief camp.

As regards the re-
mains they were wonder-
fully improved since my
last inspection, parti-
cularly the women. This I
attribute to payment having
been made with rice so
the standard and to their
having been able to obtain,
owing

1576
1575-76
owing to the recent harvest,
a supply of the cheaper
and more nutritious grain
was sufficient to bring
them into condition. I
found that the Coolies had
never been paid for Sundays.
This omission has been remedied.

I would not advocate
any alteration of the stand-
ard, the Coolies have picked
up in condition, the rice
will not last very much longer
and they will in my opinion
fall off again as soon as
they have to revert to rice.

Luddopollers Office 9/11/77 J. W. Johnston
5. April 1877 - R. D. G. & Co. for Col.

To The Secretary to the
Board of Revenue

1576
1575 A
Submitted for the information
of Government.

2. The fact that the Coolies
were paid at the standard
of rice, but were able to buy
rice comparatively cheaper
would amount to a consider-
able rise in wages and
account for their favorable
appearance.

/True Copy and Extract/

Wm. Lusk

Secretary

To

The Adm'l. Secretary to
Government B. D.

L.H.

Salute

Dec. 1877
780.2652
Proceedings of the
Board of Revenue

Dec. 17, 1877
Recd 18

With order

Information for
from 24 Dec 1877
could not find any
the 24 Dec 1877
letter 2755 of 4-4-77
together with his own
minutes on the 24th
of Dec of 1877
along at his date
injection -
C. 1877 M. 1592

Recd Copy of Dec. 1877
5 Dec 1877
6 Dec 1877

100

Dec 1877
780.2652
Proceedings of the
Board of Revenue
Dec. 17, 1877
Recd 18
With order
Information for
from 24 Dec 1877
could not find any
the 24 Dec 1877
letter 2755 of 4-4-77
together with his own
minutes on the 24th
of Dec of 1877
along at his date
injection -
C. 1877 M. 1592