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(2) Date of repair 21. 5. 67
(3) Initials of the Referencer M. N.

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

Revenue DEPARTMENT

G.O. No.	1440	Press
B.P. No.		Mis.
Dated	12. 11. 1874	196 .

Not to be folded or roughly handled

No. 113. Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 22nd October 1874, No. 3,066, Forest No. 203:—

Read again Board's Proceedings, dated 23rd April 1873, No. 626, and 24th March 1874, No. 661.

Read also the following letter from W. S. WHITESIDE, Esq., Collector of North Arcot, to J. GROSE, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Palmanair, 23rd July 1874, No. 386:—

I HAVE the honor, with reference to the Proceedings of the Board, dated 24th March last, Forest No. 32-661, to report that I have been in communication with the Deputy-Conservator of Forests of this district as regards the establishment that will be required on the transfer of the forests in the district, now under Jungle Conservancy, to the Forest Department, and am of opinion that the changes already

To Board, 17th January 1872, No. 30.

proposed by Mr. Sheffield, with a slight modification, will be sufficient to enable

him to have charge of all the jungles with the assistance of the village authorities whom it is proposed to continue to employ.

2. The present and proposed modified scale of establishment are shown below:—

PRESENT.			PROPOSED.		
		RS.			RS.
2 Foresters at Rs. 60+15...	...	150	1 Forester 80+30 ...	...	110
1 Writer ...	...	25	1 Do. 60+15 ...	...	75
1 Gumastah ...	...	12	1 Sub-Forester 25+7 ...	...	32
1 Duffadar ...	...	20	1 Writer ...	...	35
1 Do. ...	...	15	1 Gumastah ...	...	18
1 Do. ...	...	9	1 Duffadar ...	...	15
1 Do. ...	...	80	1 Do. ...	...	9
10 Gardeners at Rs. 8...	...	16	1 Pygust ...	...	8
2 Pygusts at Rs. 8 ...	...	120	22 Peons at Rs. 6 ...	...	132
20 Peons at Rs. 6 ...	...	120			
Total ...	447		Total ...	434	

3. It is proposed to increase the travelling allowance of the Forester on Rupees 80, as, when the new arrangement is sanctioned, he will have much extra travelling to perform, and as most of the 2nd-Class Foresters receive Rupees 30 as allowance.

4. The Duffadar's pay is to remain at Rupees 15, instead of being reduced to Rupees 10, as formerly recommended. It might be reduced to Rupees 10 when a vacancy occurs, as it is hardly fair to reduce the present incumbent's pay.

5. Taking into consideration the extra work that will be entailed on the establishment of the Deputy-Conservator's Office by the transfer of all the jungles in the district to the charge of the Forest Officer, I would beg to recommend that the pay of the writer and the gumastah be increased to Rupees 35 and 18, respectively, and the four peons struck out again, added. Even with all these alterations in the former scheme, there would still be a saving of Rupees 13 per month.

6. The effect of the transfer of the jungles on the forest revenue will be, I believe, to increase it by nearly double the sum at present received by the Jungle Conservancy. The effect on the Jungle Conservancy Fund will of course be the loss of the revenue at present derived from the jungles, unless the Board are

pleased to direct that the revenue, or any portion of it, be credited to Jungle Conservancy Funds, in which case I would beg to suggest that the establishment employed in the protection and conservancy of the jungles be debited to Jungle Conservancy Funds. But as regards the Gudiattum Forests, they should be wholly included with Imperial Conservancy on account of their situation near the line of railway, and because an establishment has already been sanctioned for them.

In his letter recorded in the Board's Proceedings, dated 24th March 1874, No. 661, the Collector of North Arcot recommended the transfer of the management of the jungles in his district from Tahsildars to the Forest Officers, and the Board thereon called upon him to report the probable effect of the transfer, and what establishment would be required if it took place. The Collector states in reply that by good management in the Forest Department, the receipts from jungles, which now amount to about Rupees 13,000, will be nearly doubled, and that the establishment already proposed by him for the management of the Imperial Forests will be sufficient with slight modifications.

2. The Board approve of the Collector's proposal, and sanction the transfer of the management of jungles from Tahsildars to the Forest Officers; but the receipts from all the transferred jungles, and the charges connected therewith, should continue to be credited and debited to Jungle Conservancy.

3. The Collector's proposal to transfer the Gudiattum Jungles to the forest permanently, and to credit its receipts to Imperial, will be considered and settled hereafter.

4. The general revision of the forest establishments is now under the consideration of the Board, and proposals will shortly be submitted to Government. Meanwhile, the Board recommend to Government that the following modifications in the establishment of North Arcot may be sanctioned as a temporary arrangement:—

PRESENT ESTABLISHMENT.		PROPOSED ESTABLISHMENT.	
	RS.		RS.
2 Foresters at 60+15	150	1 Forester 80+15	95
1 Writer	25	1 Do. 60+15	75
1 Gumastah	12	1 Sub-Forester 25+7	32
1 Duffadar	20	1 Writer	30
1 Do.	15	1 Gumastah	18
1 Do.	9	1 Duffadar	10
2 Pygusties	16	1 Do.	9
10 Gardeners	80	1 Pygust	8
20 Peons at Rs. 6	120	22 Peons at 6 Rs.	132
Total	447	Total	409

Deduct establishment sanctioned for Gudiattum Forests in G. O., dated 25th January 1869, No. 213, but not entertained

Remainder, actual cost

5. The above arrangements show a saving of Rupees 11 per mensem, but it is not real, as the gardeners are to be struck off the permanent establishment and coolies entertained instead from time to time from working charges. The Inspector

of Forests says that most of the plantations are now planted up, and that a permanent staff of gardeners is unnecessary. The Collector is requested to report the probable cost of employing coolies in lieu of gardeners, and also to state whether the establishment above proposed can be, and if so, to what extent, reduced. The jungles are not transferred to the charge of Forest Officers. On the receipt of the Collector's reply, the Board will report to Government, and if so, what portion of the establishment charges should be debited to Jungle Conservancy on account of the transfer of the management now proposed.

No. 114. ORDER THEREON, 12th November 1874, No. 1,440.

Forests, No. 8.

THE Governor in Council is inclined to accept the Board's proposals, but wishes, in the first instance, to have before him

the observations of the Inspector of Forests.

2. Meanwhile, the Board will ascertain and report whether the net revenue can be retained as local after the transfer is once made.

3. The Government await the proposal adverted to in paragraph 3 of the Board's Proceedings.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) C. G. MASTER,

Acting Secretary to Government

To the Inspector of Forests.
" the Board of Revenue.

Exd. W. H. French.

144
FOREST No. 16.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 23rd April 1873, No. 626.
Read the following letter from Major R. H. BENDOME, Inspector of Forests, to J. GROSE, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Ootacamund, 17th February 1873, No. 171.

In reply to the Proceedings of the Board, No. 171 of the 7th February 1873, I have the honour to inform you, I lately had a consultation on forest matters with the Collector of North Arcot and the Forest Officer of that Range, and we all agreed that to carry out conservancy arrangements properly, it was necessary to place the regular forest tracts of Goriattum and Chendragherry under the Special Department, they have hitherto been managed without any regular establishment or proper checks or supervision, and the result has been anything but satisfactory; a long time ago the Board was informed of the great loss to Government in one year from the evasion of the seignorage on Railway fuel in Goriattum, and lately it has come to light that the Engine Drivers were carrying on a private trade in fuel between Goriattum and Madras.

The Collector should submit a detailed report on the change of management and conservancy which he proposes, describing the situation of the jungles with regard to villages, and the communal rights which exist in them.
2. No change which extinguishes any communal rights without compensation can be allowed.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) J. GROSE,
Secretary.

To the Collector of North Arcot.
Copy to the Inspector of Forests.

Exd. G. A. Turton.

144
17th Feb 1873

REVENUE.
THE INSPECTOR OF FORESTS,
NORTH ARCOOT.
O. O. 124 November 1874, No. 6410.
NOVEMBER
Nos. 119-114.
1874

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 24th March 1874, No. 661.

Read the following letter from W. S. WHITESIDE, Esq., Collector of North Arcot, to
Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Sathiaivizianagaram, 26th
February 1874, No. 107:—

I HAVE the honour, with reference to the Proceedings of the Board, dated 23rd April last,
Forest No. 16-626, to submit the report therein called for regarding the transfer of the forests
in the district now under Jungle Conservancy to the Forest Department.

2. The most important of these forests are those situated in the Chendragheri and Gudia-
tham Taluqs. It is in the Chendragheri Forests only that really good building timber can now
be found; there is also a large quantity of redwood possessing a high market-value growing
there. That part of the forest situated between the Kalastri Zemindari and the sacred hills of
Tripati have been under the Forest Department for some years. The portion now proposed to be
given over extends from the sacred hills to the western corner of the taluq joining Punganur
and north to the Cuddapah frontier.

3. The Gudiatham Forests are next in importance. They extend through the whole length
of the taluq on the hills, but the principal forests are reported to be situated north of, and
between the towns of, Gudiatham and Amboor along the borders of the Chittoor and Palmanair
Taluqs. There is no large building timber, it is said, in these forests, but there is a great deal
of young wood growing up. Some sandalwood is also reported to be growing in these forests
about fifteen miles north-east of Amboor.

4. The Palmanair Forests on the borders of the Gudiatham Taluq, Kangundi Zemindari, and
the Mysore territory are very poor and require a great deal of care for years to come. Of build-
ing timber there is none. Several casuarina plantations are now being formed at Palmanair,
and a sandalwood plantation also has been formed there which is already in a very satisfactory
condition.

5. The jungles in the Chittoor Taluq are scattered over six different localities; those on
the north and west are very fair jungles containing some timber trees.

6. In the taluqs of Arcot, Wallajah, and Wandewash there are no jungles worth the name.

7. The forests in the Vellore and Poloor Taluqs were transferred to the charge of the
Forest Department some years ago.

8. The forests in this district all produce the same kinds of wood, etc., and Chendragheri
has redwood, thumba, and jalari, which the others have not.

9. All the villagers of a taluq look to the jungles of that taluq for their firewood and agri-
cultural timber, etc., but permission is granted them to fell in the jungles nearest their village
without regard to the taluq.

10. Every one has a right to graze his cattle in any of the jungles of the district, in those
at present under the Forest Department as well as in those now proposed to be handed over, and
the ryots have been allowed to enjoy the same privileges by the Forest Department as by the
District Conservancy. It would, of course, be improper and unjust to prohibit this grazing of
cattle in the jungles; but there is no doubt that the depredations of cattle in the hot season, which
graze in the jungles for several months continuously every year, do far more damage than the
illicit smuggling of firewood. A drove of cattle in a day will with ease destroy scores of fine
young saplings that if left alone would grow in splendid trees.

11. The jungles at present under District Conservancy are managed by the Tahsildars
assisted by Monegars called "Forest Rangers." These latter issue licenses and receive money,
which they pay to the Taluq Treasury; but neither they nor the Tahsildars ever go into
the hills where the forest is thickest. The forest is never inspected, they do not know what por-
tions are overworked and require rest, and what portions are overcrowded and require thinning;
there is no guard in the forests, and there is no real check on the quantity of timber actually
brought on.

1873.
Board of Revenue,
MADRAS.

PROCEEDINGS, 23rd April 1873, No. 626.

Encl.

Received

Lent on 5.6.74
1440
L. H. 113.

APRIL

Forest No. 16.

Forest lands of Gudiatham and Chendragheri in North Arcot District.—Collector requested to submit a detailed report on change proposed by him in management and conservancy of—

12. On the transfer of the District Jungles to the Forest Conservancy Department they will be frequently visited by the Forest Officer and his subordinates, the felling will be regulated and supervised more carefully. When a portion is found overworked it will be closed against felling and allowed time to recover; spots that contain good timber will be known and reserved for departmental felling; care will be taken that no unnecessary waste occurs in cutting or working up the timber in the forests, and the voucher and license system of the Forest Department will be introduced. By this system the money for the quantity of timber, etc., required is paid into the Taluk Treasury; in exchange the man gets a voucher for the money signed by the Tahsildar and a license to fell signed by the Forest Officer. He may then go to the jungle and cut the wood paid for, but on his way from the forest with the wood he is required to pass a certain village named in the license (any he may choose where a forest peon or Monegar is stationed), where his license is separated from his voucher and detained by the Forest Department, and on the back of the voucher which he takes away with him is entered the quantity and quality of the wood taken, the date, and the owner's name, which is signed by the peon or Monegar as correct. With this pass or docketed voucher he may pass anywhere with the wood, but without it he is liable to be stopped, and if within the limits of the Tannah station his wood confiscated and himself prosecuted.

13. By the transfer of the jungles to the Forest Department no communal rights will be invaded; the people will then, as now, have the right to firewood, agricultural wood, leaves for manure, and the right to graze their cattle; in short, the change will be entirely to the good of the people, who will retain all their present privileges and have in addition the benefit of the Forest Officer's experience in the preservation of their woods, for while the Forest Officer works under the direct orders of the Collector, who is the guardian of the people's interests, it is not likely that any invasion of the forest rights will be attempted or allowed if attempted.

The Collector will report what establishment will be required and what the effect will be on Forest and Jungle Conservancy revenues.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) J. GROSE,
Secretary.

To the Collector of North Arcot.

Copy to the Inspector of Forests.

Ed. A. S. Rodgers.

Forwards—in North Arcot District, now under
Jungle Conservancy department.—Collector to
report what establishment will be required and
what will be the effect of Forest and Jungle
Conservancy revenue, if transfer of — to
Forest department is made.

MARCH.
Forest No. 32.

Received

du 18/03/1874

Encl.

PROCEEDINGS, 24TH MARCH 1874, No. 601.

BOARD OF REVENUE
MADRAS.

1874.

FOREST No. 203

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 22nd October 1874, No. 2008.
Read again Board's Proceedings, dated 23rd April 1873, No. 626, and 24th March
1874, No. 631.

Read the following letter from W. S. WHITESIDE, Esq., Collector of North
Arcot, to J. GROSE, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated
P. Manair, 23rd July 1874, No. 386:—

I HAVE the honor, with reference to the Proceedings of the Board, dated 24th
March last, Forest No. 32-661, to report that I have been in communication with
the Deputy-Conservator of Forests of this district as regards the establishment
that will be required on the transfer of the forests in the district, now under Jungle
Conservancy, to the Forest Department, and am of opinion that the changes already

To Board, 17th January 1872, No. 30.

proposed by Mr. Sheffield, with a slight
modification, will be sufficient to enable

him to have charge of all the jungles with the assistance of the village authorities
whom it is proposed to continue to employ.

2. The present and proposed modified scale of establishment are shown
below:—

PRESENT.		PROPOSED.	
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1 Duffadar ...	20	1 Writer ...	35
1 Do. ...	15	1 Gumastah ...	18
1 Do. ...	9	1 Duffadar ...	15
1 Do. ...	9	1 Pygust ...	102
10 Gardeners at Rs. 8 ...	80	22 Peons at Rs. 6 ...	132
2 Pygusts at Rs. 8 ...	16		
20 Peons at Rs. 6 ...	120		
		Total ...	434
	Total ...		447

3. It is proposed to increase the travelling allowance of the Forester on
Rupees 80, as, when the new arrangement is sanctioned, he will have much extra
travelling to perform, and as most of the 2nd-Class Foresters receive Rupees 30 as
allowance.

4. The Duffadar's pay is to remain at Rupees 15, instead of being reduced to
Rupees 10, as formerly recommended. It might be reduced to Rupees 10 when a
vacancy occurs, as it is hardly fair to reduce the present incumbent's pay.

5. Taking into consideration the extra work that will be entailed on the
establishment of the Deputy-Conservator's Office by the transfer of all the jungles
in the district to the charge of the Forest Officer, I would beg to recommend that
the pay of the writer and the gumastah be increased to Rupees 35 and 18, respec-
tively, and the four peons struck out again, added. Even with all these alterations
in the former scheme, there would still be a saving of Rupees 13 per month.

6. The effect of the transfer of the jungles on the forest revenue will be, I
believe, to increase it by nearly double the sum at present received by the Jungle
Conservancy. The effect on the Jungle Conservancy Fund will of course be the
loss of the revenue at present derived from the jungles, unless the Board are

pleased to direct that the revenue, or any portion of it, be credited to Jungle Conservancy Funds, in which case I would beg to suggest that the establishment employed in the protection and conservancy of the jungles be debited to Jungle Conservancy Funds. But as regards the Gudiatum Forests, they should be wholly included with Imperial Conservancy on account of their situation near the line of railway, and because an establishment has already been sanctioned for them.

In his letter recorded in the Board's Proceedings, dated 24th March 1874, No. 661, the Collector of North Arcot recommended the transfer of the management of the jungles in his district from Tahsildars to the Forest Officers, and the Board thereon called upon him to report the probable effect of the transfer, and what establishment would be required if it took place. The Collector states in reply that by good management in the Forest Department, the receipts from jungles, which now amount to about Rupees 13,000, will be nearly doubled, and that the establishment already proposed by him for the management of the Imperial Forests will be sufficient with slight modifications.

2. The Board approve of the Collector's proposal, and sanction the transfer of the management of jungles from Tahsildars to the Forest Officers; but the receipts from all the transferred jungles, and the charges connected therewith, should continue to be credited and debited to Jungle Conservancy.

3. The Collector's proposal to transfer the Gudiatum Jungles to the forest permanently, and to credit its receipts to Imperial, will be considered and settled hereafter.

4. The general revision of the forest establishments is now under the consideration of the Government, and will shortly be submitted to Government. Meanwhile, the Board recommend to Government that the following modifications in the establishment of North Arcot may be sanctioned as a temporary arrangement:—

PRESENT ESTABLISHMENT.		PROPOSED ESTABLISHMENT.	
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2 Foresters at 60+15	150	1 Forester 80+15	95
1 Writer	25	1 Do. 60+15	75
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1 Do.	9	1 Duffadar	10
2 Pygusties	16	1 Do.	9
10 Gardeners	80	1 Pygust	8
20 Peons at Rs. 6	120	22 Peons at 6 Rs.	132
Total	447	Total	409

Deduct establishment sanctioned for Gudiatum Forests in G. O., dated 25th January 1869, No. 213, but not entertained

Remainder, actual cost

5. The above arrangements show a saving of Rupees 11 per annum, but it is not real, as the gardeners are to be struck off the permanent establishment and

coolies entertained instead from time to time from working charges. The Inspector of Forests says that most of the plantations are now planted up, and that a permanent staff of gardeners is unnecessary. The Collector is requested to report the probable cost of employing coolies in lieu of gardeners, and also to state whether the establishment above proposed can be, and if so, to what extent, reduced if the jungles are not transferred to the charge of Forest Officers. On the receipt of the Collector's reply the Board will report to Government, whether any, and if so, what portion of the establishment charges should be debited to Jungle Conservancy on account of the transfer of the management now proposed.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) J. GROSE,
Secretary.

To the Acting Secretary to Government, Revenue Department,
with a copy of the Board's Proceedings,
dated 24th March 1874, No. 661,
and 23rd April 1873, No. 626.

To the Acting Collector of North Arcot.
Inspector of Forests.

Exd. W. H. French

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

No. 3863

From the Board of Revenue.
Dated 3rd November 1874.

FOR ORDERS.

I am in favor of the Collector
for the above - but I would
send the matter to
Capt E. Walker for any
other views. He may wish
to defer. Meanwhile it
remains

Ch 3863

1874.

BOARD OF REVENUE,
MADRAS.

PROCEEDINGS, 22ND OCTOBER 1874, No. 3,066.

Encl. 2

Received

Oct. 14th 1874

OCTOBER.

Forest No. 203.

Jungles—in North Arcot District.—Transfer of management of— from Tahsildars to Forest Department, sanctioned. Receipts from all the transferred jungles, and the charges connected therewith, should continue to be credited and debited to Jungle Conservancy. Government recommended to sanction certain modifications in the forest establishment of North Arcot, as a temporary arrangement. Collector requested to report the probable cost of employing coolies from time to time in lieu of gardeners permanently, and also state whether proposed establishment can be, and if so, to what extent, reduced if the jungles are not transferred to the Forest Department.

I should be ascertained
 whether we can retain
 the net revenue on local
 after transfer. The principal
 principle should certainly be
 made an - I do not know
 why the Govt. has to do.

Superior The Inspector I do.

12/11 1911 9. 11. 74
 The old report for the

1440
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FOR ORDERS.

27/11/74 R12

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No 1440
Proceedings of the Madras Government.
Under date the 2^d November 1874.

Read the following
Proceedings of the Board of
Revenue.

Sanctioning the transfer
of the management of Jungles
in North Arcot from Subordinates
to the Forest Department and
recommending to sanction certain
modifications in the Forest
Establishment of North Arcot.

(Here enter 22^d Oct. 1874 No 306)

The Governor in Council
is inclined to accept the
Board's proposals but wishes
in the first instance to
have before him the ob-
servations of the Inspector
of Forests.

Meanwhile the Board
will ascertain and report
whether the net revenue
can be retained as local
after the transfer is once
made.

The Government awaits
the proposal submitted

to in paragraph 3 of the
Board's Proceedings.

J. M.

List from Ordent.

To the Inspector of Forests
114. The Board of Revenue