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G.O. No.	<i>4794 Revenue</i>	Press Mis.
Dated	<i>11 2nd November</i>	<i>1892.</i>

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Revenue (1892) Dept 1892.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

26-11-97 30.

STATISTICS.

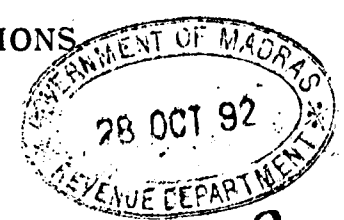
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To

LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS



4794
21 November/92

Circular No. 51/41

Order under 4794/2? 21 November/92

Dated Simla, the 17th October 1892.

28 Oct. 92

Enclt

Forwarded to the
Comr. of Rev: Sett
and Dir: of the Dep.
of R. and Agri.

SUBJ

Specimen forms for the provincial returns. Agricultural statistics.

1.11.92
1/11

15th Commr of R & A
Des. 7-11-92
31.10.92

Tables of Agricultural Statistics of _____ for the year 189 -9 .

Table

Showing total acreage, classification of areas, irrigation, crops, current fallows, and stock

Presidency or Province.							
A 1.—Total acreage.							
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1. Area according to professional survey.							
2. Deduct— (a) Feudatory States (b) Area for which no returns exist.							
3. Net area by professional survey							
4. Corresponding area by village papers							

A 2.—Classification of area shown in column 4 of A 1.

1. Forests							
2. Not available for cultivation							
3. Culturable waste, other than fallow							
4. Current fallows							
5. Net area cropped during the year							
6. Irrigated during the year from— (a) Government canals. (b) Private canals (c) Tanks (d) Wells (e) Other sources.							
TOTAL AREA IRRIGATED							
7. Crops irrigated— (a) Wheat. (b) Other cereals and pulses. (c) Miscellaneous food crops. (d) Miscellaneous non-food crops.							

(1)* i.e. Financial, Agricultural or Revenue year. This information should be given in the heading of each form.

(2) A 1 (1) This area is exclusive of Native States in political relations with the Government of India in the Foreign Department. If the area returned by the Professional Survey Departments includes any such States, they should be excluded before the initial figures for this area are accepted. The area of feudatory or tributary States not under the Foreign Department should be shown separately as a deduction in A 1 (2).

(3) A 1 (4) Should include the whole area shown against A 1 (3), the net area by village papers being substituted, where it differs, for the area of corresponding tracts by professional survey.

(4) A 2 (1) "Forests" mean "any land classed or administered as forest under any legal enactment dealing with Forests." Any province, however, is free to exclude any cultivated areas which may exist within such forests and show them under the heading "Net area cropped during the year," an explanation being given in a foot-note.

A.

in each district of _____ during the _____ year ending _____

							Presidency or Province.
A 1.							
Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	
							1. Area according to Professional survey.
							2. Deduct— (a) Feudatory States. (b) Area for which no returns exist.
							3. Net area by professional survey.
							4. Corresponding area by village papers.

A 2.

							1. Forests.
							2. Not available for cultivation.
							3. Culturable waste, other than fallow.
							4. Current fallows.
							5. Net area cropped during the year.
							6. Irrigated during the year from— (a) Government canals. (b) Private canals. (c) Tanks. (d) Wells. (e) Other sources.
							TOTAL AREA IRRIGATED.
							7. Crops irrigated— (a) Wheat. (b) Other cereals and pulses. (c) Miscellaneous food crops. (d) Miscellaneous non-food crops.

(5) A 2 (2) "Not available for cultivation" should include all land absolutely barren, and also all land covered by buildings, water, roads, or otherwise devoted to uses other than agriculture.

(6) Groves, not classed in the cropped area, should be included in "culturable waste other than fallow."

(7) A 2 (5) will correspond with entry 33 of "A 3."

(8) A 2 (6) Enter the area actually irrigated during the year, areas cropped more than once being counted once only.

(9) A 2 (7) Enter the gross area of irrigated crops, areas cropped more than once being counted as separate areas for each crop.

Table

Showing total acreage, classification of areas, irrigation, crops, current fallows, and stock

Presidency or Province.							
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A 3.—Acreage under crops.

English or Vernacular Names.							
Cereals and Pulses—	1. Rice						
	2. Wheat						
	3. Barley						
	4. Cholum or Jowar (millet).						
	5. Cumbu or Bajra (millet).						
	6. Ragi or Mandua .						
	7. Maize						
	8. Gram (Pulse) . .						
	9. Other food grains including pulses.						
Oilseeds—	10. Linseed						
	11. Til or gingelly .						
	12. Others						
	13. Condiments and spices						
Sugar—	14. Sugarcane . . .						
	15. Others						
Fibres—	16. Cotton						
	17. Jute						
	18. Others						
Dyes—	19. Indigo						
	20. Others						
Drugs and Narcotics—	21. Opium						
	22. Coffee						
	23. Tea						
	24. Tobacco						
	25. Cinchona						
	26. Indian Hemp . .						
	27. Others						
	28. Fodder crops . . .						
	29. Orchards and garden produce.						
	30. { Mis. { Food crops { Non-food .						
	31. TOTAL						
	32. Area cropped more than once.						
	33. (31-32) Net area cropped during the year.						

A—(continued.)

in each district of _____ during the _____ year ending _____

								Presidency or Province.
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	-------------------------

A 3.

Botanical names.							
Cereals and pulses—	1. Oryza sativa.						
	2. Triticum sativum.						
	3. Hordeum vulgare.						
	4. Sorghum vulgare.						
	5. Pennisetum typhoideum.						
	6. Eleusine coracana.						
	7. Zea Mays.						
	8. Cicer arietinum.						
	9. Other food grains including pulses.						
Oilseeds—	10. Linum usitatissimum.						
	11. Sesamum indicum.						
	12. Others.						
	13. Condiments and spices.						
Sugar—	14. Saccharum officinarum						
	15. Others.						
Fibres—	16. Gossipium, Sp.						
	17. Corchorus, Sp.						
	18. Others.						
Dyes—	19. Indigofera tinctoria.						
	20. Others.						
Drugs and Narcotics—	21. Papaver somniferum.						
	22. Coffea arabica.						
	23. Camellia theifera.						
	24. Nicotiana Tabacum. and N. rustica.						
	25. Cinchona, Sp.						
	26. Cannabis sativa.						
	27. Others.						
	28. Fodder crops.						
	29. Orchards and garden produce.						
	30. { Mis. { Food crops { Non-food.						
	31. TOTAL						
	32. Area cropped more than once.						
	33. (31-32) Net area cropped during the year.						

Table

Showing total acreage, classification of areas, irrigation, crops, current fallows, and stock

Presidency or Province,							
-------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

A 4.—Stock, etc.

1. Bulls and bullocks							
2. Cows							
3. Male buffaloes							
4. Cow buffaloes							
5. Young stock (calves and buffalo calves).							
6. Sheep							
7. Goats							
8. Horses and ponies							
9. Mules and donkeys							
10. Camels							
11. Ploughs							
12. Carts							

A—(concluded.)

in each district of _____ during the _____ year ending _____

							Presidency or Province.
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	-------------------------

A—4.

							1. Bulls and bullocks.
							2. Cows.
							3. Male buffaloes.
							4. Cow buffaloes.
							5. Young stock (calves and buffalo calves).
							6. Sheep.
							7. Goats.
							8. Horses and ponies.
							9. Mules and donkeys.
							10. Camels.
							11. Ploughs.
							12. Carts.

Prices of produce, etc., for the year

(1) In columns 2 to 17 the average of the wholesale prices and in columns 18 to 23 the average of the retail prices prevailing during the year in the principal marts of each district should be given.

(2) In the case of agricultural produce the prices of only those commodities will be entered which are produced in the district in considerable quantities whether for consumption or export.

(3) The marts at which and the dates on which prices are to be ascertained will be determined under the orders of the Local Government. A list of the marts selected and dates fixed should be furnished to the Government of India with these returns.

ending.

(4) The prices taken each year for the calculation of averages should, as far as possible, refer to the same variety or quality of articles produced or sold.

(5) For sugar the price of the simplest form of saccharine produce, commonly known as gur or jaggery, should be given.

(6) For "cotton cleaned" the price of cotton freed of its seed, the form in which it is most commonly sold, should be entered.

(7) For "iron" the price of the description of unwrought iron commonly employed in the manufacture of agricultural implements should be stated.

Table

Incidence of the land revenue on area and population in

DISTRICTS AND CLASS OF TENURE.	Total area by survey, less feudatories.	Deduct area not fully assessed, including estates assessed at privileged rates.	Balance of area fully assessed.	Total land revenue, excluding cesses of district (col. 2).	Population of district (col. 2).	Land revenue per head of population (cols. 5 and 6).	Land revenue assessed on fully assessed area (col. 4).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	R	No.	R a. p.	R
TOTAL EACH CLASS OF TENURE.							
GRAND TOTAL							

TOTAL
OF EACH
CLASS OF
TENURE.

GRAND TOTAL

Column (1).—In Bombay, Madras, Assam, the area held under *ryotwari* tenure may be shown separately from the area otherwise held. In the Central Provinces a similar distinction may be made between the *semindari* and *khalsa* areas and in Bengal between *semindari* and Government estates.

C.

the year ending _____ 189 .

[illegible]

TOTAL
OF EACH
CLASS OF
TENURE.

GRAND TOTAL.

Column (2).—This will be column A1 (1) of Form A *less* column A1 (2a) of that form.
Column (3).—Small revenue-free plots for which details are not forthcoming need not be included in these deductions.

Varieties of tenure held direct from Government

* This number represents the number of separate estates recorded on the Land Revenue Registers. One proprietor therefore may be recorded several times as the owner of more than one estate separately recorded.

D.

during the year ending _____ 189 .

¶ If considered necessary, an explanation may be added as to what this covers.
Such other foot-notes may be added to the form as may be deemed necessary to explain its contents.

Table E.

Register of Transfers of Landed Property during the year ending 189 .

DISTRICTS AND CLASS OF TENURE.	NUMBER OF TRANSFERS.		TOTAL AREA TRANSFERRED.	
	By order of Court.	By private contract or gift.	By order of Court.	By private contract or gift.
1	2	3	4	5
	No.	No.	Acres.	Acres.
TOTAL OF EACH CLASS OF TENURE.				
GRAND TOTAL				

APPENDICES.

Appendix to Agricultural Returns of

Explanatory Memorandum of differences in excess of 10 per cent.

[illegible]

in the figures of _____ compared with those of _____

in the figures of _____ compared with those of _____

1911

Explanation of difference.

§

Appendix to Agricultural Returns of

Statement of changes made during the year ending _____

INTERNAL TRANSFERS.

NOTE.—The term "Division" refers to a Revenue Division or group

for the year_____.

in District, Divisional, and Provincial Boundaries.

EXTERNAL TRANSFERS.

of districts under the control of a Revenue Commissioner.

Circular No. $\frac{51}{41}$

FROM

E. D. MACLAGAN, Esq., C.S.,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Government of India,

TO

*The Secretary to the Government of
Madras.*

Rev. & Agri. Dept.
Statistics.

Simla, the 17th October 1892.

SIR,

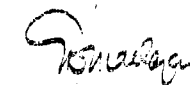
As some inconvenience is experienced from want of uniformity in the size of the forms in which provincial returns of Agricultural statistics are rendered to the Government of India, I am directed to request that the returns may in future be submitted in the enclosed form, of which 20 copies will be separately forwarded to you by the Superintendent of Government Printing, Calcutta. Further supplies of these forms can be obtained from that officer when necessary, on indents submitted through this Department.

Should the number of columns provided in the form prove insufficient, they may be increased by the addition of fresh sheets; but in no case should the arrangement of the forms be altered. To facilitate the compilation of the imperial returns the arrangement of districts, except in so far as they may be inevitably affected by territorial changes, should be the same in all the returns, and in the returns of every year.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient Servant,



Offg. Under-Secy. to the Government of India.

Rev 9/198992