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(2) Date of repair 6.12.78

(3) Initials of the Referencer

TAMIL NADU ARCHIVES

GOVERNMENT OF TAMIL NADU

DEPARTMENT

G.O. No. / B.P. No.	1382	Press. / Mis.
Dated	15-12-1884	197 .

Not to be folded or roughly handled

11.2.94

15TH DEC

GOVERN[illegible] MADRAS.

REVENUE D[illegible]ARTMENT.

READ—the following Proceedings of the F[illegible] of Revenue, dated 13th November 1884, No. 389, Forest 3[illegible]:—

Read—the following letter from H. J. STO[illegible]TS, Esq., Acting Collector of Coimbatore, to the Secretary to the Board [illegible] Revenue (through the Conservator of Forests, Southern Circle), dated [illegible]tober 1884, No. 45:—

I have the honor to forward herewi[illegible]r. Wolfe-Murray's final report of the settlement of Anaimalai reserve, together [illegible] draft notification under Section 16 of the Forest Act (V of 1882), and to r[illegible] that the same may be submitted to Government for their approval.

ENCLOSU[illegible]1.

Office Note from H. PORTER, Esq., District [illegible]rest Officer, to the Acting Collector of Coimbatore, dated Coimbato[illegible]h October 1884, No. 44.

Subject.—"Forwarding the final report of [illegible]settlement of Anaimalai reserve and enclosing a draft notification of the same under Section [illegible]6 of the Forest Act."

I beg to forward the final report of the settlement of Anaimalai reserve, together with draft notification under Section 16 of the Forest Act, which I have this day received from the Forest Settlement officer. I request that the same may be forwarded to the Conservator of Forests and Revenue Board for the approval of Government.

ENCLOSURE [illegible]No. 2.

From O. WOLFE-MURRAY, Esq., Forest [illegible]nent Officer, to the Acting Collector of Coimbatore (through the District Fo[illegible]Office, South Coimbatore), dated 3rd October 1884, No. 63.

I have the honor to report the conclusion [illegible]he settlement of the Anaimalai reserve notified in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 2[illegible]cember last, page 861, under Section 4 the Forest Act, all the events noted in Section [illegible] the Act having occurred.

2. The settlement of this reserve was ordere[illegible]be taken up only after the completion of Bolampatti (*vide* G.O., dated 27th November 1[illegible] No. 1472, Revenue, communicated with Board's Proceedings, dated 20th December 188[illegible]o. 3866), but, for various reasons, I was able to commence it on 2nd February 1884, on [illegible] date I issued the notification required under Section 6 of the Act, giving four months' [illegible] for the public to put in their claims.

3. During this time forty claims were in all [illegible]hich thirty-one were admitted and nine rejected. Although the number of cla[illegible]ll, many of these containing varied headings have been massed together for [illegible] these claims, twenty

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paragraphs 9 and 12, and I have recorded the rights of all the hill-tribes to the collection of
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9. Although it was supposed there were no putta lands within this reserve, six claims
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10. There were four claims preferred to neous rights, such as right to shoot within he reserve, &c.; they were all rejected, not bstantiated by any evidence.

11. All the records of claims filed and reg ilar to those maintained for the Bolam- atti reserves are ready for transmission to the t Forest officer.

12. A draft notification under Section 16 of the Forest Act is submitted for publication, if pproved, the date of which is left unfixed. It will take about a month to serve all the required otices. The boundaries of this reserve, as published in the notification under Section 4, remain nchanged. It is, therefore, unnecessary to for a map.

Enclosu s. 3 a —Statements.

Enclos 5— Notification.

Endorsement by J. S. G BI n tor of Forests, in charge of Southern Circle, dated Ootac d, 3r ctober 1884, No. 1600.

Forwarded. The Conservator woul uest 1st January 1885 as a convenient ate for the notification to take effect.

esolution—dated 13th November 1884, N 857 st 386

Submitted to Government.

2. The Board observe that, while in para ph or his report Mr. Wolfe-Murray tes that he has been guided by paragraphs an 2 of G.O. of 2nd August 1879, 1612, in dealing with the hillmen and ir ts, he states in the preceding aragraph that he admitted the whole of the ch ims preferred before him to the ght of collecting minor forest produc or, to the condition that the pro- ce collected should be bartered or sold only t orest contractor. Most of these aims were put forward by the hill-tribes, and when passing orders on the mode of aling with these rights in the Government Order above quoted, the Government rected that the hill-tribes should be permitted to dispose of the minor produce they ght gather to traders, as they pleased, at places selected for the purpose and conve- ently situated with respect to the various reserves.

3. There seems to be a good deal of difference between this arrangement and the ditions imposed on the hill-tribes by Mr. Wolfe-Murray. Nor are the Board aware the Government contractor may be. It would have been simpler to have directed sale of the produce to the Government or the District Forest officer, at rates to be fled by the Collector annually.

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) G. MACKENZIE,
Acting Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, with statements A and B.

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(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) G. MACKENZIE,
Acting Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, with statements A and B.

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ORDER—dated 15th December 1884, No. 1382, Revenue.

Forest, No. 179.

The draft notification is approved and will be published accordingly, the 1st March 1885 being inserted as the date from which it shall take effect. The servator, Southern Circle, is requested to report on the point raised by the Boa Revenue.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) H. E. STOKES,
Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue, with two enclosures.
" Superintendent, Government Press

NOTIFICATION.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to declare, under the provisions of Section 16 of the Madras Forest Act (Act V of 1882), that from 1st March 1885 the areas, the boundaries of which are set forth in the schedule appended to this notification, are "Reserved Forests":—

Schedule.

District.	Sub-division.	Name of Forest.	Boundaries.	Remarks.
Coimbatore district.	Pollāchi and Udumalpet taluks.	Anaimalais	*North.*—The surveyed limits of cultivation of the Pollāchi and Udumalpet taluks. *East.*—The Madura district boundary from the limits of Kumaralingam village as far as Santili malai, thence in a westerly direction as far as Pambu malai, and thence the boundary of No. III reserve (Amaravati valley). *South.*—The Travancore territory. *West.*—The Travancore territory as far as Kalyanpandal, and thence the eastern boundary of No. I reserve.	Exclusive of the lands held under Waste Land Sale Rules and No. II or Puramboke reserve, also 2379 acres of unsurveyed Forest Block Nos. 68, 71 and 71 of Parambikulam and 4610 acres of field No. 201 of Kottur village.

Exd. J. Henricus.

40 Copies.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

READ—the following letter from H. J. STOKES, Esq., Acting Collector of Coimbatore, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue (through the Conservator of Forests, Southern Circle), dated 6th October 1884, No. 45:—

I have the honor to forward herewith Mr. Wolfe-Murray's final report of the settlement of Anaimalai Reserve, together with a draft notification under Section 16 of the Forest Act (V of 1882), and to request that the same may be submitted to Government for their approval.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

Office of ... ER, Esq., District Forest Officer, to the Acting Collector of Coimbatore, dated Coimbatore, 6th October 1884, No. 44.

Subject.—"Forwarding the final report of the settlement of Anaimalai Reserve and enclosing a draft notification of the same under Section 16 of the Forest Act."

I beg to forward the final report of the settlement of Anaimalai Reserve, together with draft notification under Section 16 of the Forest Act, which I have this day received from the Forest Settlement Officer. I request that the same may be forwarded to the Conservator of Forests and Revenue Board for the approval of Government.

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3. During this time forty claims were in all preferred, of which thirty-one were admitted and nine rejected. Although the number of claims seems small, many of these containing varied headings have been massed together for convenience. Of these forty claims, twenty were claims to right of way to temples, &c., within the reserve, two to right to graze cattle and cut wood for agricultural purposes, eight by hill-tribes and others to collect minor forest produce such as honey, wax, &c., six to patta rights over lands within the reserve, and four to miscellaneous rights such as shooting, hunting, &c.

4. The time for presentation of claims expired in June, but the continuance of the Bolampatti settlement and the commencement of [illegible] of Tadágam Valley also occupied my time during this period, while the appointment of a new District Forest Officer and his necessary absence elsewhere, together with a late monsoon, prevented his giving an opinion on all the claims until July. The last pending claim was therefore not disposed of by me till the 22nd July last and the sixty days' time allowed under Section 11 of the Act expired on the 20th of September 1884, without any appeals being preferred against my decisions. A statement (A) of all claims preferred and how disposed of is enclosed.

5. Of the twenty claims to right of way to temples, &c., mentioned above, nineteen were admitted by me and right of way allowed to continue subject to some restrictions such as the non-kindling of fire save in the places set aside for that purpose, &c.; sufficient space has also been allotted near the temples for cooking and other purposes wherever this was found necessary. One claim to right of way for cattle to graze on the hills was rejected. The report of the Special Committee appointed by Government in 1878, I found to be of great assistance in the settlement of this reserve. A statement (B) giving particulars of all the rights admitted within the reserve is herewith sent.

6. There were two claims put in to pasture and to free cutting of wood for agricultural purposes, both of which were rejected, the claimants having failed to establish their claims to any such rights. The Government are aware that two annas per head has been levied on all cattle grazed in these hills for the last few years.

7. The claims filed to the collection of minor forest produce within the reserve were eight in number. Most of them were by the hill tribes, who claimed right to collect minor produce such as horns, gall-nuts, honey and wax, &c. I admitted all these claims, subject, however, to the condition that the produce so collected should be bartered or sold only to the forest contractor. One claim by some men on the plains to collect Avaram bark (*Cassia auriculata*) on the hills free of any tax, was rejected.

8. The District Forest Officer having received orders not to enter the Anaimalais till the monsoon was well on, on account of the severe type of fever prevalent there in the hot season, it was not till the middle of June that we could start. Due notice had been given of our arrival so that the hill-tribes might be assembled. Going to the last, however, that lands had already been granted to most of the communities and to the inclement weather then prevailing, there was only a small attendance. The hill-tribes in this reserve consist of Muḍuvars, Puḷiyars, Kádars and Irulars. The first are the best cultivators on the hills, and, in order to secure the services of these men for fire-tracing, &c., the Forest Department have already allotted lands on the hills to [illegible] Puliyans. [illegible] Forest Officer considers to be dying out chiefly from small-pox, and those who [illegible] their community on Punachimalai. [illegible] me stated there was no grey-haired person alive in Rs. 3, whereas in former years Rs. 18 [illegible] was the price, it would seem that women, at all events, are more plentiful. The lands allotted [illegible] these two tribes for their maintenance are about 1,100 acres for the Muḍuvas and 600 acres for Puliyars; these are in stated places and mostly old clearings. They are to be held free of tax so long as they work for hire for the Forest Department when required; they have been duly demarcated and are not transferrable by sale, barter or exchange. As regards the Kádars, who do not ordinarily cultivate lands, I found that 42 acres had been selected by the Collector and the forest authorities near Punachi for the community living at that place, but that they had not been put in possession. I therefore confirmed the grant on the same terms as above. The Kádars mainly live by the collection of forest produce and never leave their native hills, but the above community, having become more civilized, occasionally visit the Pollâchi market. Certain Puliyars at Talinji, who had lands (33 acres) on putta at that place on a favorable assessment, were also settled in a similar fashion at the request of the District Forest Officer. They readily agreed to give up their puttas and to take the land free of assessment on condition of working when called upon. I afterwards discovered that Talinji, though within the reserve notified under Section 25, was without my jurisdiction, but as such a settlement tends to the better control of the forest, and, as the District Forest Officer might himself have entered into such an agreement, matters may remain as they are. In dealing with the hill-tribes and their rights, I have been guided by G.O., Revenue Department, dated 2nd August 1879, No. 1612, paragraphs 9 and 12, and I have recorded the rights of all the hill-tribes to the collection of forest produce subject to the provisos contained in paragraph 9.

9. Although it was supposed there were no putta lands within this reserve, six claims were filed for 95 acres for putta land inside the hills; of these, five after examination were admitted and one rejected. The total extent of land to which claims were admitted was 92 acres assessed at Rs. 58, of which 63 acres were acquired for the reserve, 6 acres by exchange with other lands and 57 acres by a money compensation of Rs. 229-1-2. Both of these were acquired by agreement with the parties; the larger extent lies situated well within the hills and with no well-defined boundaries, the District Forest Officer thought it absolutely necessary to purchase it. The remaining extent, viz., 29 acres, was ordered to be demarcated as an enclosure within the reserve; it lies in a small valley by itself capable of easy demarcation.

10. There were four claims preferred to miscellaneous rights, such as right to shoot within the reserve, &c.; they were all rejected, not being substantiated by any evidence.

11. All the records of claims filed and registers similar to those maintained for the Bolampatti Reserves are ready for transmission to the District Forest Officer.

12. A draft notification under Section 16 of the Forest Act is submitted for publication, if approved, the date of which is left unfixed. It will take about a month to serve all the required notices. The boundaries of this reserve, as published in the notification under Section 4, remain unchanged. It is therefore unnecessary to forward a map.

ENCLOSURES NOS. 2 AND 4.—Statements.

ENCLOSURE No. 5.

Draft notification.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare, under the provisions of Section 16 of the Madras Forest Act (Act V of 1882), that from [illegible] 1885, the areas the boundaries of which are set forth in the subjoined schedule appended to this notification are Reserved Forests.

Schedule.

District.	Sub-Division.	Name of Forest.	Boundaries.	Remarks.
Coimbatore District.	Pollâchi and Udumalpet Táluks.	Anaimalais.	North—The surveyed limits of cultivation of the Pollâchi and Udumalpet Táluks. East—The Madura District boundary from the limits of Komarálingam village as far as Sanúli Malai, thence in a westerly direction as far as Pámbu Malai, and thence the boundary of No. III Reserve (Amaravati Valley). South—The Travancore territory. West—The Travancore territory as far as Kalvanaipudal, and thence the eastern boundary of No. 1 Reserve.	Exclusive of the lands held under Waste Land Sale Rules and No. II or Ponachi Reserve, also 25·79 acres of unsurveyed patta fields, Nos. 68, 70 and 71, of Poruvayur village and 3·10 acres of field, No. 201, of Kottúr village.

Endorsement by J. S. GAMBLE, Esq., Conservator of Forests, in charge of Southern Circle, dated Ootacamund, 2nd October 1884, No. 1600.

Forwarded. The Conservator would suggest 1st January 1886 as a convenient date for the notification to take effect.

RESOLUTION—dated 13th November 1884, No. 3857 FOREST 386.

Submitted to Government.

2. The Board observe that, while in paragraph 8 of his report, Mr. Wolfe-Murray states that he has been guided by paragraphs 9 and 12 of G.O., of 2nd August 1879, No. 1612, in dealing with the hill-men and their rights, he states in the preceding paragraph that he admitted the whole of the claims preferred before him to the right of collecting minor forest produce, subject, however, to the condition that the produce collected should be bartered or sold only to the forest contractor. Most of these claims were put forward by the hill-tribes and, when passing orders on the mode of dealing with those rights in the Government Order above quoted, the Government directed that the hill-tribes should be permitted to dispose of the minor produce they might gather to traders, as they please, at places selected for the purpose and conveniently situated with respect to the reserves.

3. There seems to be a good deal of difference between this arrangement and the conditions imposed on the hill-tribes by Mr. Wolfe-Murray. Nor are the Board aware who the Government contractor may be. I would have been simpler to have directed

the sale of the produce to the Government at the District Forest Officer, at rates to be settled by the Collector annually.

(True Copies and Extract.)

W. Mac Rae

Acting Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, with Statements A and B.

Copy to the Conservator of Forests, Southern Circle.
" " Collector of Coimbatore.
" " Conservator of Forests, Northern Circle.
" " Deputy Conservator of Forests in charge of Central Office of Accounts.

Particulars of the Claims admitted within the Reserve (Anaimalais).

Number of Claim.	Name and Description of the Claimant.	Nature of Claim admitted.
		CLAIMS TO RIGHT-OF-WAY TO TEMPLES, &c., WITHIN THE RESERVE.
		Pollachi Taluk.
1-1.	Palaniyappa Mudali, Karnam and Acting Village Munsif of Vettakaraupudur.	A.—Public right-of-way is given to the temple called Malai Perumal Swami kovil, situated within the reserve about one furlong south of field No. 1026, of the village of Vettakaraupudur. The kovil in question consists only of a stone under a tree, and the public that chiefly worship there are the Malsar community. No fire is to be lighted at the above kovil for cooking or for any other purpose. B.—The privilege of using the Penalammantorai road, known also as the Kuruwi Pali Rasta, is given to the villagers of Vettakaranpudur for the purpose of driving their cattle up the hills to pasture within the reserve. This privilege is not to be used save with the permission of, and after passes have been obtained from, the Forest Department.
17-1.	Vadiveli Chetti, Munsif-Monegar of Kótúr.	Right-of-way is given to the public of the villages in the south of Pollachi taluk and to all desirous of going up to the Anaimalai coffee estates situated on Punachi hill and in that neighbourhood, also to all others proceeding to the hills for any lawful purpose, to go and come by the route known as the Punachi road. This road enters the reserve from the fields of Kótúr village shortly after it crosses the Torakadavu Ar, known also in that locality as the Muttutorai. Cattle and firewood-cutters are permitted to use the same path subject to the permission of the District Forest officer. The right to use the path is in every case subject to the restriction that fires may only be kindled at the places set apart for that purpose by the Forest Department. These places are two—one situated low down on the ghât which forms the usual halting place at present for travellers going up and down, and the other near the Torakadavu Ar close to the Waterfal estate.
18-2, 19-1, 20-1, 23-1, 24-1 and 35-5.	Mallappa Mudali, Karnam of Kótúr, &c.	A.—Right-of-way is granted to the people of Kótúr, Mallikaipatnam, Jellipatti, Torayur, Parutti-yur and Arunaripalaiyam of Pollachi taluk and to all people proceeding from the Udumalpet side to go and come through the reserve from and to the temples of Gopalaswami and Tadanachi situated on the Tadanachi hill, south-east of Kótúr by the path now in use which enters the reserve from the surveyed limits of Torayúr village at field No. 222. The right will, ordinarily, be exercised from February to May, but is exercisable throughout the year, always subject to the restriction that fires shall only be kindled in the places set apart on the hill for that purpose by the Forest Department and that no fire must be carried along the path

Particulars of the Claims admitted within the Reserve (Anaimalais).—Continued.

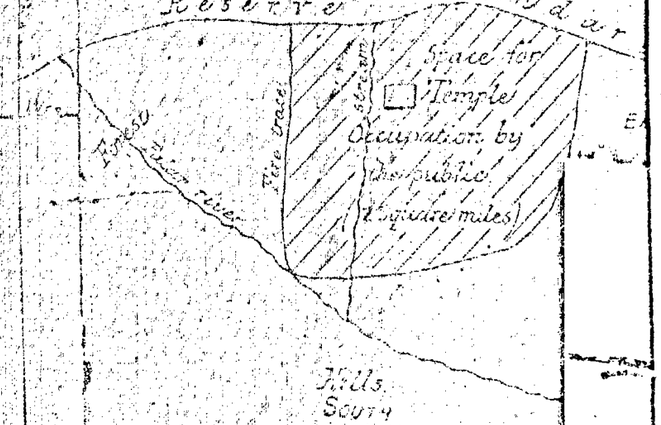
Number of Claim.	Name and Description of the Claimant.	Nature of Claim admitted.
		CLAIMS TO RIGHT-OF-WAY TO TEMPLES, &c., WITHIN THE RESERVE—Continued.
		Pollachi Taluk—continued.
		B.—Right-of-way is also given to the ryots and cultivators of Kótúr, third bit lying within the reserve; the extent of this is now some twelve acres (surveyed and demarcated) and it lies south of the Punachi road at the point where the latter enters the reserve boundary, and is about half a mile distant from that road and the boundary.
21-1.	Komaraswami Mudali, Monegar of Angalakurichi.	It is ordered that the public of Angalakurichi village may continue to use the path going into the reserve from that village for cutting fuel, bamboos or agricultural wood and for grazing cattle after obtaining passes from the Forest Department. This path is to be used only so long as the District Forest officer may give them permission to do so.
19-1.	Nachimuttu goundan, Monegar of Jellipatti, on behalf of the villagers of the same village.	The claim of the people of Jellipatti to right-of-way over the path from their village lands to the hills having the survey limits in field No. 81 and named Gundarti Tadam for taking up cattle to graze and for bringing down fuel, &c., is not admitted as a right. The villagers, however, will be allowed to take their cattle up and cut wood on passes as heretofore; but they will understand that this privilege is solely within the control of the District Forest officer, who may close the path in question and direct them to go up by another route, if it seems expedient, or may exclude them altogether, should circumstances require it.
23-1.	Tirumalagoundan, Monegar of Parutiyur.	Right-of-way is granted to the ryots and cultivators of the unsurveyed cultivation in the hills south of Parutiyur, which is in extent about [illegible] acres, and is situated on the banks of the Nallár stream about 2½ miles south west of the point where the village boundaries of Tovanur-puttur and Parutiyur coalesce in the reserve boundary; at this point also the path to the above land enters the reserve.
29-5.	Kuppandagoundan and 16 others of Kótúr, Kaliyapuram and Angalakurichi.	Right-of-way is granted by the path now in use to the channel and anicut irrigating the Atúr lands; the latter is on the Chinnár situated about half a mile within the reserve boundary south-west of Muttutorai Order.
34-7.	Tirumalvoayakan of Toudamuttur of Pollachi taluk.	B.—Tirumalanayakan and his servants are permitted to use the path to his putta lands at Navamalai outside the reserve in Kótúr village, which passes for about 50 yards through the reserved forest, after leaving the eastern extremity of the survey lands on the south bank of the Aliyar river and to drive bandies and take palanquins along the same.
		He and his servants may also use the path to the same lands which passes along the northern bank of the river for the same purposes, but the use of this path is restricted to such times as the river may be impassable or dangerous owing to floods.

Particulars of the Claims admitted within the Reserve (Anaimalais).—Continued.

Number of Claim.	Name and Description of the Claimant.	Nature of Claim admitted.
		CLAIMS TO RIGHT-OF-WAY TO TEMPLES, &c., WITHIN THE RESERVE—Continued.
		Udumalpet Taluk.
3-2.	Venkata Ramana Aiyar, Monegar of Kullapuram.	Right-of-way is given to the public, to merchants, to the Puliyars of Talinji and to all others desirous of proceeding to Manjipatti of Madura district or to Anjenad in the Travancore territory or to Arikanpatti of the Coimbatore district to go and come along the existing path as described below. The path enters the reserved forest from the fields of Kullapuram village and goes southwards for some four miles until it enters the No. III or Amaravati reserve. Up to this point right-of-way is given by this court.
4-1 and 35-5.	Chinna Palanigoundan of Manupatti, &c.	A.—Right-of-way is given to the villagers of Manupatti to go and come along the path known as the Talinji path and to take their cattle along the same as far as the point where it meets the boundary of the No. III or Amaravati reserve, and also to go for the purpose of cutting firewood on passes issued by the Forest Department.
		B.—Right-of-way is given to the temple of Yelumudiyan Venkatachellampati kovil, situated about four miles within the reserve by the path entering the reserve about one mile west of Jambumalai from field No. 454 of Manupatti village, subject to the following conditions, viz.:—
		1. The path may be used by all classes and castes.
		2. The path is to be ordinarily used by the public frequenting the temple on Saturdays except during the month of Perattasi (September and October) when it may be used daily.
		3. All cooking and lighting of fires for that or any other purposes is to be restricted to the tope round the temple or to such other place as may be set apart for that purpose by the District Forest officer.
6-1.	Ramaswami Naik, Monegar of Venkatapuram.	The public frequenting the Yelumudiyan kovil are entitled to a space round the temple sufficient for their accommodation and for their cooking, which space is to be demarcated by the District Forest officer and should be about twenty acres in extent.
		The privilege of using the path leading to the reserve from the fields of Venkatapuram village is granted to the villagers of that village, provided always that they obtain the permission of the District Forest officer, or passes from his subordinates, or from those duly qualified to issue them for the purpose of taking cattle up to graze or to cut firewood or timber.
7-1 and 35-5.	Vengolappa Naiken, Monegar of Dhalli.	A.—Right-of-way is given to all persons desirous of visiting it to the Tirumurti temple, situated some few hundred yards within the reserve south of the village of Dhalli in the taluk of Udumalpet. Fires may be kindled and cooking performed at the temple subject to the following restrictions, viz.:—
		1. No cooking to be carried on except in the space provided for that purpose. This space is in extent about two square miles and surrounds the temple, and also has a stream running through the middle of it from south to north. This space

Particulars of the Claims admitted within the Reserve (Anaimalais).—Continued.

Number of Claim.	Name and Description of the Claimant.	Nature of Claim admitted.
		CLAIMS TO RIGHT-OF-WAY TO TEMPLES, &c., WITHIN THE RESERVE—Continued.
		Udumalpet Taluk—continued.
		is bounded on the north by the reserve boundary; on the east, south and west by a fire-trace marked in red and blue on the sketch attached. The western boundary must be very clearly marked and no infringement of it is permissible and it is chiefly on this side that the valuable forest lies.



Right-of-way is granted to the public frequenting the Tirumurti kovil, to go to and come from the bathing place at Panchalingam about half-a-mile up the river above the temple. No fire is to be kindled at the bathing place.

B.—Right-of-way is also given to the public to go to and from the temple of Mamangatamman kovil about three miles south of Tirumurti kovil and within the reserve by the path at present in use, which passes the latter kovil, subject however to the restriction that no fires shall be kindled or cooking performed at the temple itself. The people will, therefore, have to cook food at the space provided at Tirumurti kovil and carry it thence to the other temple. Tuesday is the day when the public chiefly frequent this temple.

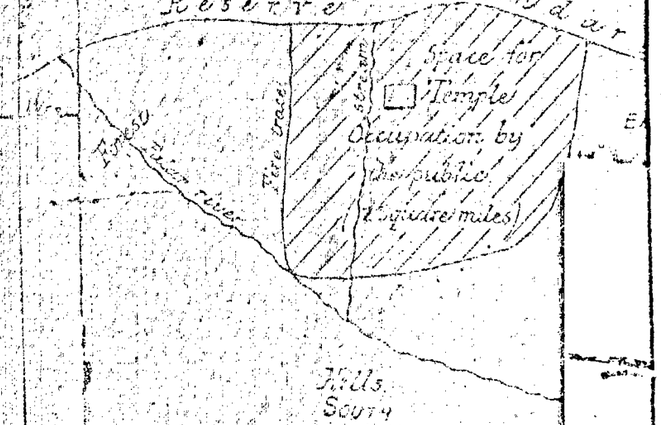
C.—Right-of-way is also granted to the public who desire to go to and from the Ponnalamman temple situated some few yards within the reserve boundary in the neighbourhood of Dhalli village, field No. 904. No cooking will be permitted here or kindling of fires; this may be done outside the reserve limits a few yards off. The inhabitants, Malars and Puliyars of Kilkurapalaipudi, are permitted to use the path which, passing by this temple, leads to the above padi within the reserve.

Particulars of the Claims admitted within the Reserve (Anaimalais).—Continued.

Number of Claim.	Name and Description of the Claimant.	Nature of Claim admitted.
		CLAIMS TO RIGHT-OF-WAY TO TEMPLES, &c., WITHIN THE RESERVE—Continued.
		Udumalpet Taluk—continued.
		D.—Right-of-way is also given to the public who wish to go to and from the temple of Bodanayakan kovil, about four miles within the reserve boundary; the path to the same enters the reserve from field No. 344 of Jellipatti village; and Tuesday is the day on which it is chiefly used. No fire may be kindled nor cooking carried on in the neighbourhood of this temple; such latter must be done outside the reserve or in the space allotted for the purpose.
10-1.	Sengodagoundan, Monegar of Ravanapuram.	Right to use the path leading from field No. 402 of Ravanapuram up to the village of Pundi Mavadap, a distance of about six miles, is hereby granted to the villagers of Ravanapuram for the purpose of taking up cattle to graze and of cutting firewood, and also to the Puliyars of Pundi Mavadap. The right is a permissive one, *i.e.*, subject to the permission of the District Forest officer, and all using it for cattle or firewood must obtain the passes prescribed by the Forest Department.
12-1	Devanagoundan, Monegar of Valayapalaiyam.	The claim of the villagers of Valayapalaiyam in Udumalpet taluk to use the path leading from their village to the Anaimalais for the purpose of taking up their cattle to graze and for going up to cut firewood, &c., is admitted, subject always to the proviso that they must obtain the permission of the District Forest officer or passes from the Forest Department for these and all other acts within the reserve. The path enters the reserve four miles due south of the village and extends some two miles within the forest.
30-3	Tirumala Naik, a Ryot of Manupatti village, Udumalpet taluk.	Right-of-way is granted in favor of claimant and his heirs to his putta fields situated within No. III or Amaravati reserve by the path leading to Kodandur as to the point where it enters No. III Reserve.
31-4	Krishnama Naikan, a Ryot of Manupatti village, Udumalpet taluk.	Right-of-way is given to the claimant and his heirs to his putta fields situated within No. III Reserve by the Anjanad path as far as the point where it enters No. III Reserve.
35-5	N. C. Srinivasa Chari of Udumalpet, Manager of Udumalpet Devasthanams.	A.—Right-of-way is granted to Tadanachi kovil by the path leaving the Parattiyur village lands to all people proceeding thither from the Udumalpet side. B.—Right-of-way is also granted to the Perumal or Gopalaswami kovil situated about one furlong from the Kallapuram village boundary to the south-east of that village across the channel, and the claimant will also be permitted to remove the stones of that ruined temple when he wishes to do so.
		CLAIMS BY HILL TRIBES AND OTHERS TO MINOR FOREST PRODUCE, &c., ON THE HILLS.
		Pollachi Taluk.
37-8	Chinna Kali, Headman of the Puliyars, living at Punachi on the hills.	The claim to collect horns, honey, wax, gall-nuts and other minor forest products throughout the year is admitted in favor of the community of Puliyars at Punachi in the Anaimasah jungles now reserved.

Particulars of the Claims admitted within the Reserve (Anaimalais).—Continued.

Number of Claim.	Name and Description of the Claimant.	Nature of Claim admitted.
		CLAIMS TO RIGHT-OF-WAY TO TEMPLES, &c., WITHIN THE RESERVE—Continued.
		Udumalpet Taluk—continued.
		is bounded on the north by the reserve boundary; on the east, south and west by a fire-trace marked in red and blue on the sketch attached. The western boundary must be very clearly marked and no infringement of it is permissible and it is chiefly on this side that the valuable forest lies.



Right-of-way is granted to the public frequenting the Tirumurti kovil, to go to and come from the bathing place at Panchalingam about half-a-mile up the river above the temple. No fire is to be kindled at the bathing place.

B.—Right-of-way is also given to the public to go to and from the temple of Mamangatamman kovil about three miles south of Tirumurti kovil and within the reserve by the path at present in use, which passes the latter kovil, subject however to the restriction that no fires shall be kindled or cooking performed at the temple itself. The people will, therefore, have to cook food at the space provided at Tirumurti kovil and carry it thence to the other temple. Tuesday is the day when the public chiefly frequent this temple.

C.—Right-of-way is also granted to the public who desire to go to and from the Ponnalamman temple situated some few yards within the reserve boundary in the neighbourhood of Dhalli village, field No. 904. No cooking will be permitted here or kindling of fires; this may be done outside the reserve limits a few yards off. The inhabitants, Malars and Puliyars of Kilkurapalaipudi, are permitted to use the path which, passing by this temple, leads to the above padi within the reserve.

Particulars of the Claims admitted within the Reserve (Anaimalais).—Continued.

Number of Claim.	Name and Description of the Claimant.	Nature of Claim admitted.
		CLAIMS TO RIGHT-OF-WAY TO TEMPLES, &c., WITHIN THE RESERVE—Continued.
		Udumalpet Taluk—continued.
		D.—Right-of-way is also given to the public who wish to go to and from the temple of Bodanayakan kovil, about four miles within the reserve boundary; the path to the same enters the reserve from field No. 344 of Jellipatti village; and Tuesday is the day on which it is chiefly used. No fire may be kindled nor cooking carried on in the neighbourhood of this temple; such latter must be done outside the reserve or in the space allotted for the purpose.
10-1.	Sengodagoundan, Monegar of Ravanapuram.	Right to use the path leading from field No. 402 of Ravanapuram up to the village of Pundi Mavadap, a distance of about six miles, is hereby granted to the villagers of Ravanapuram for the purpose of taking up cattle to graze and of cutting firewood, and also to the Puliyars of Pundi Mavadap. The right is a permissive one, *i.e.*, subject to the permission of the District Forest officer, and all using it for cattle or firewood must obtain the passes prescribed by the Forest Department.
12-1	Devanagoundan, Monegar of Valayapalaiyam.	The claim of the villagers of Valayapalaiyam in Udumalpet taluk to use the path leading from their village to the Anaimalais for the purpose of taking up their cattle to graze and for going up to cut firewood, &c., is admitted, subject always to the proviso that they must obtain the permission of the District Forest officer or passes from the Forest Department for these and all other acts within the reserve. The path enters the reserve four miles due south of the village and extends some two miles within the forest.
30-3	Tirumala Naik, a Ryot of Manupatti village, Udumalpet taluk.	Right-of-way is granted in favor of claimant and his heirs to his putta fields situated within No. III or Amaravati reserve by the path leading to Kodandur as to the point where it enters No. III Reserve.
31-4	Krishnama Naikan, a Ryot of Manupatti village, Udumalpet taluk.	Right-of-way is given to the claimant and his heirs to his putta fields situated within No. III Reserve by the Anjanad path as far as the point where it enters No. III Reserve.
35-5	N. C. Srinivasa Chari of Udumalpet, Manager of Udumalpet Devasthanams.	A.—Right-of-way is granted to Tadanachi kovil by the path leaving the Parattiyur village lands to all people proceeding thither from the Udumalpet side. B.—Right-of-way is also granted to the Perumal or Gopalaswami kovil situated about one furlong from the Kallapuram village boundary to the south-east of that village across the channel, and the claimant will also be permitted to remove the stones of that ruined temple when he wishes to do so.
		CLAIMS BY HILL TRIBES AND OTHERS TO MINOR FOREST PRODUCE, &c., ON THE HILLS.
		Pollachi Taluk.
37-8	Chinna Kali, Headman of the Puliyars, living at Punachi on the hills.	The claim to collect horns, honey, wax, gall-nuts and other minor forest products throughout the year is admitted in favor of the community of Puliyars at Punachi in the Anaimasah jungles now reserved.

Particulars of the Claims admitted within the Reserve (Anaimalais).—Continued.

Number of Claim.	Name and Description of the Claimant.	Nature of Claim admitted.
		CLAIMS BY HILL TRIBES AND OTHERS TO MINOR FOREST PRODUCE, &c., ON THE HILLS—Continued.
		Pollâchi Taluk—continued.
		The right is subject to the following provisos:— 1. The produce must be disposed of to the Government Forest contractor for barter. 2. The recognition of this right does not bar, or in any way interfere with, the right of the Government also to gather such produce in such manner as they may from time to time decide (*vide* G.O., Revenue Department, dated 2nd August 1879, No. 1612).
38-9	Ponn, Headman of the Kadar community living at Punachi on the hills.	The claim of the Kadars residing at Punachi, about 20 in number, to collect minor forest produce such as horns, wax, honey and nuts, &c., is admitted; the time for collecting the produce is all the year round, and the place the Anaimalai hills as now reserved. The minor forest produce collected is to be sold or bartered only to the Government Forest contractor. This right is also subject to the same proviso (No. 2) as above.
		The grant of eleven ballas of land for cultivation made last year by the Collector but not taken up, situated on the Punachi to Muvadap path on the east or right bank of the Torakadavu river, is confirmed and recorded.
39-1	District Forest Officer, South Coimbatore, on behalf of the hill tribes on the Anaimalais.	All the hill tribes on the Anaimalais—Puliyars, Malasars, Muduvars and Kadars—are allowed to collect minor forest produce such as horns, wax, honey, roots, nuts, &c., throughout the year all over the Anaimalai hills as now reserved. All such produce is to be disposed of to the Government Forest contractor for money or goods as may be desired. This right is also subject to the same proviso No. 2 (Claim No. 37-8) as above. The following are the specific rights in land now vested in the hill tribes of the Anaimalais, viz., the Muduvars and Puliyars:—

MUDUVARS.

	ACRES.
Old Ponakâds (hill clearings) outside the Anaimalai reserve	150
Old Ponakâds near Patchapal	150
Do. at Kadamparai	290
Do. at Vellimudi	100
Do. at Daviyur	120
Do. at Kokonamalai	800
Total ...	1,110

PULIYARS.

Eight-six different portions of old Ponakâds lying between Maruadap hills and Kurumalai hills comprising 602 acres.

The above lands are demarcated and are held free of all tax, and are not transferable by sale, barter, or exchange.

Particulars of the Claims admitted within the Reserve (Anaimalais).—Continued.

Number of Claim.	Name and Description of the Claimant.	Nature of Claim admitted.
		CLAIMS BY HILL TRIBES AND OTHERS TO MINOR FOREST PRODUCE, &c., ON THE HILLS—Continued.
		Udamalpet Taluk.
2-1.	Rakan, Mandayan and Kuppan residing at Kombuparai of Kallapuram, Udamalpet taluk.	The claim of Rakan, Mandayan and Kuppan and the other five Mulsar families living at Kombuparai, hamlet of Kallapuram village in the Udamalpet taluk outside the reserve, to go into the reserve during the months of Masi and Panguni (February, March and April) and Adi (July and August) for the purpose of collecting minor forest produce such as gall-nuts, deer-horns, honey and wax is admitted, provided always that all such forest produce collected by the claimants shall be sold only to the Government Forest contractor either for cash or bartered for goods, such as grain or cloths, according as the claimants and the contractor may agree together.
8-2.	Kuvilappan, a Muduvar of Kilkurumalai on behalf of (10) ten Muduvars and (20) twenty Puliyars of Kurumalaipadi.	The claim of these hill-tribes is admitted to gather minor forest produce such as honey, bees-wax, gall-nuts and horns, &c., throughout the year in the Anaimalai hills as now reserved, for disposal to the Government Forest contractor for barter alone, and subject to the proviso contained in paragraph 9 of G.O., Revenue Department, No. 1612, dated 2nd August 1879.
14-2.	Nanjapandaram and nine other Andis of Devanurputtur, Udamalpet taluk.	It is ordered that, subject to the approval of the District Forest officer for the time being, these Andis may collect date leaves within the forest on payment for the present of a seigniorage of three pies per load-load; this rate is liable to alteration.
9-2.	Tirumalai and Mundan residing at Talinji, a hamlet of Manupatti village on the hills.	The claim made by Tirumalai and Mundan on behalf of themselves and the other Irulars and Puliyars residing at Talinji to the special rights contained in the putta granted to them as per Board's Proceedings, dated 27th June 1877, No. 3026, over 33·8 acres of nanja situated at Talinji being admitted; and the claimants having agreed to surrender all claim to their putta rights, it is ordered, as suggested by the District Forest officer, that the claimants continue to hold the land above mentioned for purposes of cultivation free of all assessment whatsoever so long as they work for hire for the Forest Department when called upon to do so. Should they fail to do this, their lands may be forfeited.
		CLAIMS TO PUTTA LANDS ORDERED TO BE KEPT AS AN ENCLOSURE WITHIN THE RESERVE.
		Pollâchi Taluk.
25-2.	Kaliyana Sundara Mudali, residing at Nallur of Pollâchi taluk.	The claim of Kaliyana Sundara Mudali to Government putta rights over the following fields belonging to Parutiyur village situated within the reserve is admitted:—

Field. No.	Extent. ACS.	Assessment. RS. A. P.
68	0·96	0 11 8
70	3·82	1 7 6
71	3·82	1 7 6
Half of 63	5·73	2 3 3
Total ...	14·33	5 13 11

Particulars of the Claims admitted within the Reserve (Anaimalais).—Continued.

Number of Claim.	Name and Description of the Claimant.	Nature of Claim admitted.
		CLAIMS TO PUTTA LANDS ORDERED TO BE KEPT AS AN ENCLOSURE WITHIN THE RESERVE—Continued. *Pollâchi Taluk*—continued.
		Right-of-way is granted to the claimant to go to and come from these fields through the reserved forest by the path he now uses, about two miles from the above fields to the northern reserve boundary towards the village of Nallur; the path runs about north-west and south-east and is the same path as described above in claim No. 23 over Parutiyur.
26-3.	Kuppan son of Muttan of Kótúr village.	The claim of Kuppan to Government putta rights over field No. 201 of Kótúr (a hill field) extent 3·10 acres assessed at Rs. 1-14-7 is admitted, and right-of-way is given to the same by the path leading from Chinnaswami Naik's putta lands; this path goes through the reserved forest for about 100 yards.
36-3.	Malayan, Sundram and Tirumalai of Parutuyur, Polláchi taluk.	The following claims made to the Government putta rights over the unsurveyed lands of Parutiyur village lying within the reserve are admitted in favor of the parties mentioned below. The land will be demarcated as an enclosure within the reserve by the Forest Department. Malayan, ryot of Parutuyur, field No. 71, extent 3·82 acres assessed at Rs. 1-7-6; (1) Tirumalai, (2) Sundram of Parutiyur, field No. 70, extent 7·64 acres, assessed at Rs. 2-15-0. Right-of-way to these lands is given to the above persons by the path through the reserve now in use which is described above in claim No. 23-1.

FOREST SETTLEMENT OFFICE,
COIMBATORE,
3rd *October* 1884.

(Signed) O. WOLFE-MURRAY,
Forest Settlement Officer.

Exd. W. H. French.

Emergent

MEMORANDUM

Requested ~~for reference~~ the return forming enclosures to the letter from the Collector of Coimbatore dated 16th October 1884, cited in G.O. dated 15th December 1884 and to Government on the 17th ensuing, and 185, with reference to a Memorandum from the Under Secretary to Government dated 16th idem

the Statement dated 9/83 5, embodied in 1382, forwarded

Revenue Board Office,
Madras,
30th July 1885.

Sd/ Sub-Secretary.

To

The Under Secretary to Government
Revenue Department
Fort St. George

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

1884.

Board of Revenue,

MADRAS.

Printed November 6.

Proceedings, 13th Nov. 1884, No. 3557 Forest 386.

Submitting to Government, with reference to the Final Report of the Settlement of the Salem Revenue together with a draft notification dealing with the same Reserved Forests.

Forest

The 15th objected to the arrangement by which the hill tribes are to be exempted from all the forest produce collected by them for a certain term. A similar arrangement has been made in the Malabar Forest rules, which the Board have not objected to. In paragraphs 14 and 15 of the letter in G.O. 19th March 1884 to the Collector of Malabar the arrangement is referred to as a privilege, and the hill tribes do not appear to object to the restrictions imposed by the notification issued by the Collector of Malabar. The arrangement seems unobjectionable and simple.

Sd/

I quite agree with the Board. The foreman of a contractor called the mangla tribe on the Shevaroys will be found to steal the timber felled by the contractor - Are the hill tribes of Salem free from the reproach of the Collector in charge of the Settlement should be consulted before any exemption is granted to them.

Issued

Recd. *Encl.*

...th December 1884, No. 1382.

DECEMBER.

Reserved Forms

...atore district.—Notification regard-
..., approved and ordered to be
... Conservator, Southern Circle,
...rt on the point raised by the

1882 Reis
15-12-1884

1882 Reis
15-12-1884