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MADRAS RECORD OFFICE

Government of Madras

Revenue

DEPARTMENT

G.O. No.
~~B.P. No.~~

579

Press
~~Mis.~~

Dated

2. 5-1884 195

Not to be folded or roughly handled

20
1
2ND MAY 1884, No. 579, REVENUE.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 4th August 1883, No. 2245 :—

Read—the following letter from J. B. PENNINGTON, Esq., Collector of Tinnevely, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 18th April 1883, No. 256 :—

I have the honor to submit the following case for the consideration and orders of the Board of Revenue.

2. The annual allowance of Rs. 373-5-4, sanctioned in G.O., No. 621, dated 24th

	RS.	A.	P.	
1. Hál Muhammad Nathad Khán.	84	0	0	June 1851, to the relations of Etbar Khán
2. Hál Muhammad Qádir Khán ...	84	0	0	was distributed among them as shown in
3. Roshan Bibi	168	0	0	the margin under Extract from Minutes of
4. Bohan Bibi	18	10	8	Consultation, dated 21st October 1851,
5. Hayát Bibi	18	10	8	No. 1043. Number 2, Hál Muhammad
Total ...	373	5	4	Qádir Khán, died in 1875, and his portion

descended to his son and is drawn at Trichinopoly at his own request. Number 5, Hayát Bibi, has not drawn her allowance since Fasli 1254 (1844), and Number 4, Bohan Bibi, died sixteen years ago, and their allowances consequently lapsed to Government.

3. Number 3, Roshan Bibi, died in 1878, leaving no direct heirs. Number 1, Hál Muhammad Nathad Khán, and one Ava Bibi claim the allowance. The former is the son of the deceased Roshan Bibi's first husband's brother and already draws a separate allowance of Rs. 84 per annum, and the latter is the daughter of Roshan Bibi's sister.

4. In my opinion the allowance should either lapse to Government or descend to Ava Bibi, the daughter of the deceased's sister. Number 1 can have no claim to it, as he already receives a separate allowance for his support.

Reference on the above, dated 7th May 1883.

The Collector will report on the following points—

- (1) The relationship between Roshan Bibi and Etbar Khán, whether by blood or marriage, and if only by marriage, how he considers her sister's daughter, Ava Bibi, can have any claim to the allowance.
- (2) Why the claims now put forward have been delayed since 1878, when, it is reported, Roshan Bibi died. The dates when the claims were made, and the explanation of the parties for the delay, if with them, should be reported.

(Signed) J. A. DAVIES,
Acting Sub-Secretary.

To the Collector of Tinnevely.

Read—Petition from HAL MUHAMMAD NATHAD SHADI KHAN SAHIB, grandson of Muhammad Etbar Khan Sahib, residing at Tinnevely Cusba, Tinnevely District, dated 12th May 1883.

Reference on the above, dated 29th May 1883.

Referred to the Collector of Tinnevely for report, in connection with Board's reference, dated 7th May 1883, on G.R. No. 2834 of 1883.

(Signed) J. A. DAVIES,
Acting Sub-Secretary.

To the Collector of Tinnevely, with file to be returned.

Read—the following letter from J. B. PENNINGTON, Esq., Collector of Tinnevely, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 26th June 1883, No. 410:—

In reply to the Board's reference, dated 7th May 1883, on General Register No. 2834 of 1883, I have the honor to report that Roshan Bibi was the wife of Hal Etbar Khan, the son of Etbar Khan, the original grantee, and related to him by marriage only. In the last paragraph of my letter No. 256, dated 18th April 1883, I have stated that the allowance should either lapse or descend to Ava Bibi, as she comes under the head of distant kindred according to the Muhammadan law.

2. Roshan Bibi died on the 30th April 1878, and the fact was noted in the list of Yeomiahs submitted to the Board on the 14th February 1879, and her name was struck off the list. In May 1878, Hal Muhammad Nathad Khan and Yusuf Khan on behalf of his wife, Ava Bibi, claimed the allowances. The petitions were referred to the Tahsildar for inquiry and report, on receipt of which the Treasury Deputy Collector rejected their claims on the ground that they are not lineal heirs. Ava Bibi again presented a petition to the Treasury Deputy Collector in May 1881, praying him to reconsider the former order. It was likewise rejected. Thereupon an appeal has been made to me. As the claimants are not lineal heirs, I referred the matter for the orders of the Board.

3. The file received with the Board's reference, dated 29th May 1883, on Petition Register No. 1510 is herewith returned.

Resolution—dated 4th August 1883, No. 2245.

One Etbar Khan, during his Foujdarship, obtained from the Nawab of the Carnatic the grant of twelve villages in the Tinnevely district of the value of Rs. 12,482 on favorable rent for the support of the five chattrams constructed by him for the protection of travellers between Madura and Tinnevely. Yeomiahs were also granted from

	Monthly Allowance.
RS.	
(a) Hal Etbar Khan, son of Etbar Khan	14
(b) Hal Shauthee Khan, son of Etbar Khan	14
(c) Hal Gausee Khan, son of Etbar Khan	14
(d) Rajam Bibi, wife of Etbar Khan	14
(e) Roshan Bibi, daughter of Etbar Khan	14
Total	70

the proceeds of these villages to certain poor and infirm people, some for service and others for subsistence, and to the relations of Etbar Khan named in the margin. The lands were resumed and incorporated with Government lands in 1851, with reference to Extract, Minutes of Consultation, dated 24th June 1851, No. 621, and payments were ordered to be made from the treasury to the establishments entertained for the chattrams and to the Yeomiahdars above referred to. In recommending the continuance of these Yeomiahs, the Board, in their Proceedings of 8th May 1851, observed that the Service

members of the family "and to their heirs," in the five shares in which they were entered in Mr. Cotton's register of 1818. In sanctioning the continuance of these Board's suggestion regarding the disposal of the service and subsistence grants on the occurrence of lapses and called for lists showing the names, &c., of the existing holders. A list, showing the names of the then existing members of Etbar Khan's family, and the amount drawn by each, as shown in the margin, was accordingly furnished by the Collector and communicated by Government to the

	Monthly Allowance.
RS. A. P.	
(1) Roshan Bibi, wife of Hal Etbar Khan (a)	14 0 0
(2) Hal Muhammad Nathad Khan, son of Hal Shauthee Khan (b)	7 0 0
(3) Hal Muhammad Qadir Khan, son of Hal Shauthee Khan (b)	7 0 0
(4) Roshan Bibi, daughter of Roshan Bibi, (c)	1 8 10
(5) Hayat Bibi, daughter of Roshan Bibi (e)	1 8 10
Total	31 1 8

Audit Office for information and guidance—*vide* Extract, Minutes of Consultation, dated 21st October 1851, No. 1043. The first of these, Roshan Bibi, wife of Hal Etbar Khan, the son of Etbar Khan, died in 1878, and the continuance of her allowance is claimed by the second person, Hal Muhammad Nathad Khan, who is said to be the son of Roshan Bibi's first husband's brother and by one Ava Bibi, daughter of Roshan Bibi's sister. The Collector states that the allowance should either lapse to Government or descend to Ava Bibi and not to Hal Muhammad Nathad Khan, who already draws a separate allowance of Rs. 7 per mensem, and who does not appear to be heir to Roshan Bibi by Muhammadan law.

2. The only surviving members of the family now drawing pensions are the above named Hal Muhammad Nathad Khan and one Hal Asathulla Khan, to whom the allowance of Rs. 7 per mensem, drawn by Hal Muhammad Qadir Khan (3), was continued after his death, with reference to the Board's Proceedings, dated 16th March 1877, No. 1187.

3. Hal Muhammad Nathad Khan, in his petition read above, states that he is the legal heir of the deceased Roshan Bibi, and requests that the allowance, which is hereditary, should be continued to his son, Ibrahim Khan, in preference to Ava Bibi, who, he says, has no right to it.

4. The case will be submitted for the orders of Government. As the claimants are not lineal heirs of the late Roshan Bibi, the Board do not recommend the continuance of the allowance.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) F. A. NICHOLSON,
Acting Sub-Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, with Petition No. 1510 and enclosures to be returned, and copy of Board's Proceedings, dated 15th March 1877, Mis. No. 1187.
To the Collector of Tinnevely.

No. 311.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM.

Adverting to Board's Proceedings, dated 4th August 1883, No. 2245, the undersigned is directed to request that it may be ascertained whether the genealogical tree, which formed one of its annexures,* is correct, and, if so, whether either of the grand-daughters of Roshan Bibi is now in existence.

(Signed) H. E. STOKES,
Ag. Secy. to Govt., Rev. Dept.

OOTACAMUND,
5th September 1883.
To the Board of Revenue, with one enclosure to be returned.

READ—again the following G.O., dated 22nd February 1884, Mis. No. 847, Revenue:—

Read—the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 15th February 1884, Mis. No. 1378:—

Read—Official Memorandum from the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, dated 5th September 1883, No. 311, and reference thereon dated 15th September 1883.

Read—also the following letter from A. J. B. ATKINSON, Esq., Acting Collector of Tinnevely, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Nanguneri, 2nd February 1884, No. 50:—

In reply to your reference on Sub-Register No. 3383 of 1883, and Proceedings, No. 253, dated 23rd January 1884, Routine, I have the honor to return the enclosures to the former paper and to state that it has been admitted on all sides before me that both Banú Bibi (X) and Hafiza Bibi (Y), shown on the genealogical tree, are alive. What is denied is that these ladies are the daughters of a son of Roshan Bibi by a second husband. Regarding this second marriage, Nathad Shadikhan, the petitioner, has produced no evidence. My opinion is that the yeomiah lapsed on Roshan Bibi's death in 1878.

Resolution—dated 15th February 1884, Mis. No. 1378.

Submitted for the information of Government with reference to their official memorandum, dated 5th September 1883, No. 311.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) G. MACKENZIE,
Acting Sub-Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, with genealogical tree returned.
Copy to the Collector of Tinnevely.

Order—dated 22nd February 1884, Mis. No. 847, Revenue.

The Collector should have made inquiry, and reported his opinion whether the affirmation or denial of the relationship of the two ladies to Roshan Bibi is correct. He will now make full inquiry and report.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) H. E. STOKES,
Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue, with genealogical tree to be returned.

READ—also the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 5th April 1884, No. 1256:—

Read—the following letter from A. J. B. ATKINSON, Esq., Acting Collector of Tinnevely, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 27th March 1884, No. 169:—

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the Board's Proceedings, dated 5th March 1884, Mis. No. 2062, communicating the Order of Government, dated 22nd February 1884, Mis. No. 847, and to return the genealogical tree which accompanied the former paper with the following report.

2. In my letter No. 50, dated 2nd February 1884, I stated the facts regarding the alleged relationship of two ladies to Roshan Bibi and I gave my opinion, the facts and opinion both having been based on the hearing of evidence taken by myself in the matter. At that time, I took all the evidence which any of the party had.

3. I regret that my letter did not sufficiently explain this.

4. I have again called upon the parties to produce their evidence, have examined their witnesses and heard their vakils. I am still of the same opinion that "regarding the second marriage of Roshan Bibi, Nathad Khán, the petitioner, has produced no evidence."

5. The précis of what his four witnesses said is as follows:—

- Abdullamia Sahib*, 66 years old, states that he had heard that Roshan Bibi had a son by one Nawáz Khán, who died 25 years ago or so, but that he did not know of the marriage. This witness gave a statement on the 10th October 1882 at the beginning of this inquiry and omitted the above-written fact entirely.
- Saiyid Abdul Qádir Sahib*, aged 45, late Kazi of Tinnevely, admitted the keeping of marriage registers, but that none were so old as to show that of the second marriage of Roshan Bibi. He also had heard something, but I could not believe him in any respect whatever.
- Nabi Khán*, aged 72, stated that Nawáz Khán and Roshan Bibi lived in the same house when he was 20 years old, and that the world said that the father of the two ladies now claiming through their husbands was the son of Nawáz Khán and Roshan Bibi.
- Husain Khán*, aged 48, stated what the world said, and let out that Nawáz Khán had two wives, the former of whom (not Roshan Bibi) had many children who took all his property. He did not know where or in whose house Roshan Bibi died.

6. The opposition called two men—

- Kasim Khán*, aged 60, swore that Roshan Bibi lived by herself and was known as a descendant of the Nawáb.
- Esoph Khán*, aged 54, swore like his predecessor that Nawáz Khán had only one wife whose name he gave; that their son, through whom the ladies now claim, was the real Rahmán Sahib shown on the genealogical tree; and that Roshan Bibi never married a second time. This man also added that Roshan Bibi used to go to the treasury to get her pension because she was a widow, and that if she could not go, he (witness) went for her.

7. The only question referred to me is whether the ladies, on whose behalf their husbands' claim, are descended from Roshan Bibi by a second marriage.

8. That the ladies are married and alive is admitted; that they are the daughters of one Rahmán Khán is not denied; that Rahmán Khán was the son of Roshan Bibi by a second husband Nawáz Khán is, I consider, not proved. I do not believe that Roshan Bibi was married a second time. She was admittedly barren by her proved husband, Hál Etbar Khán, and it is odd that after that she should have given a son to Nawáz Khán who had already four sons and a daughter by a previous wife. It is also proved that Roshan Bibi did not get for herself or for her alleged son by him any of Nawáz Khán's property on his decease.

9. My opinion, therefore, is that the yeomiah lapsed on Roshan Bibi's death in 1878, and that the present claimants have no ground.

ENCLOSURE—Genealogical Tree.

Resolution—dated 5th April 1884, No. 1256.

Submitted to Government with reference to G.O., dated 22nd February 1884, No. 847.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) G. MACKENZIE,
Acting Sub-Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, with genealogical tree to be returned.

Copy to the Collector of Tinnevely.

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(Signed) G. MACKENZIE,
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5. The précis of what his four witnesses said is as follows:—

(a) *Abdullamiah Sahib*, 66 years old, states that he had heard that Roshan Bibi had a son by one Nawaz Khan, who died 25 years ago or so, but that he did not know of the marriage. This witness gave a statement on the 10th October 1882 at the beginning of this inquiry and omitted the above-written fact entirely.

(b) *Saiyid Abdul Qadir Sahib*, aged 45, late Kazi of Tinnevely, admitted the keeping of marriage registers, but that none were so old as to show that of the second marriage of Roshan Bibi. He also had heard something, but I could not believe him in any respect whatever.

(c) *Nabi Khan*, aged 72, stated that Nawaz Khan and Roshan Bibi lived in the same house when he was 20 years old, and that the world said that the father of the two ladies now claiming through their husbands was the son of Nawaz Khan and Roshan Bibi.

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9. My opinion, therefore, is that the yeomiah lapsed on Roshan Bibi's death in 1878, and that the present claimants have no ground.

ENCLOSURE—Genealogical Tree.

Resolution—dated 5th April 1884, No. 1256.

Submitted to Government with reference to G.O., dated 22nd February 1884, No. 847.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) G. MACKENZIE,
Acting Sub-Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, with genealogical tree to be returned.

Copy to the Collector of Tinnevely.

2ND MAY 1884, No. 579, REVENUE.

ORDER—dated 2nd May 1884, No. 579, Revenue.

Miscellaneous.

In the circumstances now reported,
the pension enjoyed by Roshan Bibi will
be declared to have lapsed.

(True Extract.)

(Signed)

H. E. STOKES,
Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue, with petition No. 1510, and three
enclosures returned.
„ the Accountant-General.

Exd. W. H. French.

40 Copies.

BOARD OF REVENUE, 4TH AUGUST 1883, No. 2245.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

READ—the following letter from J. B. PENNINGTON, Esq., Collector of Tinnevelly,
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2. The annual allowance of Rs. 373-5-4, sanctioned in G.O., No. 621, dated 24th
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Muhammad Nathad Khán, and one Ava Beebee claim the allowance. The former is the
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4. In my opinion the allowance should either lapse to Government or descend to
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REFERENCE on the above, dated 7th May 1883.

The Collector will report on the following points—

- (1) The relationship between Roshan Beebee and Etbar Khán, whether by blood
or marriage, and if only by marriage, how he considers her sister's
daughter, Ava Beebee, can have any claim to the allowance.
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To the Collector of Tinnevelly.

BOARD OF REVENUE, 4TH AUGUST 1883, No. 2245.

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from the proceeds of these villages to certain poor and infirm people, some for service and others for subsistence, and to the relations of Etbar Khan named in the margin. The lands were resumed and incorporated with Government lands in 1851, with reference to Extract, Minutes of Consultation, dated 24th June 1851, No. 621, and payments were ordered to be made from the treasury to the establishments entertained for the chattrams and to the Yeomiahdars above referred to. In recommending the continuance of these Yeomiahs, the Board, in their Proceedings of 8th May 1851, observed that the Service Yeomiahs should be made the subject of tabular report on lapses occurring, that the subsistence grants should be resumed on the death of the then incumbents, and

	Monthly Allowance.
	RS.
(a) Hal Etbar Khan, son of Etbar Khan	14
(b) Hal Shauther Khan, son of Etbar Khan	14
(c) Hal Gausee Khan, son of Etbar Khan	14
(d) Rajam Beebee, wife of Etbar Khan	14
(e) Roshan Beebee, daughter of Etbar Khan	14
Total	70

BOARD OF REVENUE, 4TH AUGUST 1883, No. 2245.

that the allowances to Etbar Khan's relations should be continued to the then existing members of the family "and to their heirs," in the five shares in which they were entered in Mr. Cotton's Register of 1818. In sanctioning the continuance of these Yeomiahs, the Government approved of the Board's suggestion regarding the disposal of the service and subsistence grants on the occurrence of lapses and called for lists showing the names, &c., of the existing holders. A list, showing the names of the then existing members of Etbar Khan's family and the amount drawn by each, as shown in the margin, was accordingly furnished by the Collector and communicated by Government to the Audit Office for information and guidance—vide Extract, Minutes of Consultation, dated 21st October 1851, No. 1043. The first of these, Roshan Beebee, wife of Hal Etbar Khan, the son of Etbar Khan, died in 1878, and the continuance of her allowance is claimed by the second person, Hal Muhammad Nathad Khan,

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who is said to be the son of Roshan Beebee's first husband's brother, and by one Ava Beebee, daughter of Roshan Beebee's sister. The Collector states that the allowance should either lapse to Government or descend to Ava Beebee and not to Hal Muhammad Nathad Khan, who already draws a separate allowance of Rs. 7 per mensem, and who does not appear to be heir to Roshan Beebee by Muhammadan law.

2. The only surviving members of the family now drawing pensions are the abovenamed Hal Muhammad Nathad Khan and one Hal Asathulla Khan, to whom the allowance of Rs. 7 per mensem, drawn by Hal Muhammad Qadir Khan (3), was continued after his death, with reference to the Board's Proceedings, dated 16th March 1877, No. 1187.

3. Hal Muhammad Nathad Khan, in his petition read above, states that he is the legal heir of the deceased Roshan Beebee, and requests that the allowance, which is hereditary, should be continued to his son, Ibrahim Khan, in preference to Ava Beebee, who, he says, has no right to it.

4. The case will be submitted for the orders of Government. As the claimants are not lineal heirs of the late Roshan Beebee, the Board do not recommend the continuance of the allowance.

(A true Copy and Extract)

F. A. Aaron

Acting Sub-Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department,
with Petition No. 1510 and enclosures, to be returned,
and copy of Board's Proceedings,
dated 15th March 1877, Mis. No. 1187.

Collector of Tinnevelly.

Exd. A. F. Aaron.

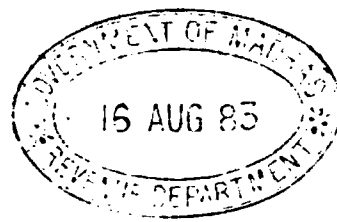
50 724 June/51 No 621
50 721 Oct/51 No 1043

Revenue Department

5223

1883.

Board of Revenue,
MADRAS.



Printed August th.

[Signature]

[Signature]

Proceedings, 4th August 1883, No. 2245.

Enc 5

Recd 15/8/83

Printed - without fee
5/5

Submitting, for orders of Government, papers
in connection with certain Premiah allowance in
Tinnevely District.

BOARD OF REVENUE, 5TH APRIL 1884, No. 1256.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

READ—the following letter from A. J. B. ATKINSON, Esq., Acting Collector of
Tinnevely, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 27th March
1884, No. 169 :—

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the Board's Proceedings, dated
5th March 1884, Mis. No. 2062, communicating the Order of Government, dated 22nd
February 1884, Mis. No. 847, and to return the genealogical tree which accompanied
the former paper with the following report.

2. In my letter, No. 50, dated 2nd February 1884, I stated the facts regarding
the alleged relationship of two ladies to Roshan Bibi and I gave my opinion, the facts
and opinion both having been based on the hearing of evidence taken by myself in the
matter. At that time, I took all the evidence which any of the party had.

3. I regret that my letter did not sufficiently explain this.

4. I have again called upon the parties to produce their evidence, have examined
their witnesses and heard their vakils. I am still of the same opinion that "regard-
ing the second marriage of Roshan Bibi, Nattad Khan, the petitioner, has produced no
evidence."

5. The précis of what his four witnesses said is as follows :—

- (a) *Abdullamia* Sahib, 66 years old, states that he had heard that Roshan Bibi had a son by one Navaz Khan, who died 25 years ago or so, but that he did not know of the marriage. This witness gave a statement on the 10th October 1882 at the beginning of this inquiry and omitted the above-written fact entirely.
- (b) *Saiyid Abdul Qadir* Sahib, aged 45, late Kazi of Tinnevely, admitted the keeping of marriage registers, but that none were so old as to show that of the second marriage of Roshan Bibi. He also had heard something, but I could not believe him in any respect whatever.
- (c) *Nabi Khan*, aged 72, stated that Navaz Khan and Roshan Bibi lived in the same house when he was 20 years old, and that the world said that the father of the two ladies now claiming through their husbands was the son of Navaz Khan and Roshan Bibi.
- (d) *Hussain Khan*, aged 48, stated what the world said, and let out that Navaz Khan had two wives, the former of whom (not Roshan Bibi) had many children who took all his property. He did not know where or in whose house Roshan Bibi died.

6. The opposition called two men—

- (a) *Kasim Khan*, aged 60, swore that Roshan Bibi lived by herself and was known as a descendant of the Nawab.
- (b) *Esoph Khan*, aged 54, swore like his predecessor that Navaz Khan had only one wife whose name he gave; that their son, through whom the ladies now claim, was the real Raiman Sahib shown on the genealogical tree; and that Roshan Bibi never married a second time. This man also added that Roshan Bibi used to go to the treasury to get her pension because she was a widow, and that if she could not go he (witness) went for her.

7. The only question referred to me is whether the ladies, on whose behalf their husbands claim, are descended from Roshan Bibi by a second marriage.

57-8-83. C 28-11-83.
11-9-83. 18 1-5-84

8. That the ladies are married and alive is admitted; that they are the daughters of one Raiman Khan is not denied; that Raiman Khan was the son of Roshan Bibi by a second husband Navaz Khan is, I consider, not proved. I do not believe that Roshan Bibi was married a second time. She was admittedly barren by her proved husband, Hall Ethbar Khan, and it is odd that after that she should have given a son to Navaz Khan who had already four sons and a daughter by a previous wife. It is also proved that Roshan Bibi did not get for herself or for her alleged son by him any of Navaz Khan's property on his decease.

9. My opinion, therefore, is that the yeomiah lapsed on Roshan Bibi's death in 1878, and that the present claimants have no ground.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.—Genealogical Tree.

RESOLUTION—dated 5th April 1884, No. 1256.

Submitted to Government with reference to G.O., dated 22nd February 1884, No. 847.

(True Copies and Extract.)

Wm MacKinnon
Acting Sub-Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department,
with genealogical tree to be returned.
Copy to the Collector of Tinnevely.

Exd. J. Henricus.

1075225/842007

Revenue (1884) Department

No. 2561

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

1884.

Board of Revenue,

MADRAS.



Printed April 1884.

Proceedings, 5th April 1884, No. 1256.

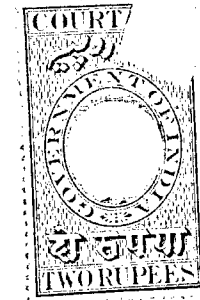
Recd 18/4/84.

Leve 1

Recd 17/4/84

Recd 5/5

Submitting to Government letter from Collector of Tinnevely furnishing further report called for regarding certain Teomiah allowance.



His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council Madras

The humble petition of Awa Bhili residing at the Palaya Pallinatal Tickintha furah street in the Tinnevely town

Most humbly sheweth

1. That the Omiahdhar No 16 in the Tinnevely District named Rosan Bhili died. The Petitioner applied to the Collector that she is her heir the Collector valued her right and wrote to the Board for instructions to grant it to the Petitioner or to take it for the Government. The Petitioner understood that the Board has written about it to the Government. The Petitioner prays that this Petition will be taken into the favorable consideration of the Government when perusing the Board's proceedings.
2. The Petitioner's ancestor ^{Yedhibarkan} erected 5 Choultries and two Mosques and granted property worth 3 lacs of Rupees for their support.
3. Subsequently in consequence of some family dispute the Government took the property and granted Omiah for the support of the family.
4. Rosan Bhili is one of those Omiahdahars

100-100000
100-100000
100-100000

SECRET
5 SEP 83
GOVERNMENT OF MADAGASCAR

(1833.)

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

R. P. No. 1282

From *Ava Bibi*

Occupation

Village

Taluk

District

Dated 31st AugustReceived 5th Sept.

Enclosures

SUBJECT.

*Praying that the Yomiah
enjoyed by Roshan Bibi be con-
tinued to her.*

For

C28-4-84
R1-5-84

J. J. J. J. J.

31-8-84

J. J. J. J. J.

His excellency the right honorable
the Governor in Council Madras

The humble memorial of Hava Bi Bi Ammal wife
of Esuf Khan Sahib residing in Secunderpura street,
Tinnevely town, Tinnevely Taluk, Tinnevely District

Most respectfully sheweth

That the Petitioner submitted a memorial on the
31st August 1883 to the effect that the Petitioner being
sister's daughter of Roshan Bi Bi Yomiadar No 16 in
Tinnevely, who died ~~is~~ less is the legal heir according
to Mulla's Cottons Mahomedan Law Principles of in-
heritance No 15, P. 6. sence Mahomedan Law page
145, table of succession distant kindred No 17; that
the Collector recommended the Petitioner to the Re-
venue Board to continue the Yomiah in the Petitioner's
name and that the Government might take the
matter into due consideration and bestow the
Yomiah upon her

Upon this proceedings was sent to the Col-
lector to make necessary enquiry into the matter
whether there was a second marriage to Roshan Bi
Bi and whether there are any other legal heirs to
her and to submit a report. Accordingly the Col-
lector

the month hearing both parties and examining all witnesses has submitted a report your excellency to the effect that Roshan Bi Bi was not married a 2nd time and that there is no such an entry in the records of the Khagi kept according to Mahamudan Law

3 It has been admitted by the opposite party that the Petitioner is the daughter of the deceased's sister. According to the Mahamudan Law the Petitioner is ^{the} legal heir of the deceased

4 Hereditary Yomia will cease only when the Hereditary line fails but the Petitioner being the legal heir begs most humbly that the Government will continue it in her name under the following grounds (1) this Yomia is not the Enam granted by the Government (2) the rules of Yomia are not applicable to the Petitioner (3) this Yomia is the one granted for our maintenance in lieu of our forefathers' property taken by the Governed

5 The Petitioner therefore most humbly prays that your Excellency will be most graciously pleased to order the continuance of the Yomia in the name of the Petitioner for the support of the poor family whose property was taken by the Government, on the

consideration of this memorial and the one submitted on the 31st August 1884 and the report of the collector.

31st March 1884 } For which act of charity.
the humble Petitioner shall
as in duty bound ever pray
O M A N A S Y A C O S E P E R A M A N A

1877.
Board of Revenue,
MADRAS.

PROCEEDINGS, 16TH MARCH 1877, No. 1,187.

Encl.

Received

MARCH.
No. 1,187.

Subsistence allowance—of Rupees 84 per annum enjoyed by deceased Hal Mahomed Khan, of Tinnevely District.—Sanctioning confirmation of—to his son Hal Asathulla Khan, and authorizing payment of arrears subject to audit of Accountant-General.

C28-4-84.
P. 1-5-84.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

No. 5223 of 1882
1109 of 1884 - i.e. No. 8,227/1842 of 1884
2561 of 1884
P. No. 424 and 1282

From Board of Revenue

Dated 5th April, 1884 No. 1286.

FOR ORDERS.

*C-2001100 and 2561.

The facts of the case were noticed in the previous notes for orders, and the information called for thereon is now received and put up. It will be seen that the second marriage of Noorhan Bibi is not proved, such that consequently the alleged relationship of Noorhan Bibi and Hafiz Bibi to her is not established. These ladies can therefore have no claim to the pensions enjoyed by Noorhan Bibi.

The next claimant is Aza Bibi, her mother having predeceased Noorhan Bibi, she has no claim.

* Vide Note mentioned letter
Shadi Khans petition to Board.
d/12-5-83-

12 Feb 1884 N: 847 Misc. (Copy)

[8]

(1884.)

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

R. P. No. 424

From Hava Bi Bi
wife of Gang Khan Sahib
residing in

Occupation
Village Secundrapore Street
Taluk Immamully Town &
District Sahibpore

Dated 31st March 3/1884
Received 4 April 3/1884
Enclosures

SUBJECT.

Praying that Goshan
Bi Bi's pension be continued
to her.

to be continued to the report
on account of which I am
writing to you with the
For

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 16th March 1877.
Read the following paper from A. J. STUART, Esq., Acting Collector of Tinnevely, to H. E. STOKES, Esq., Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 1st December 1876, No. 726 :—
Tabular Report of lapsed Inams in the District of Tinnevely.

Case No.	Taluk and Vil. Inam.	When and by whom granted; Name of the original Grantee; Sanad or other Documents in support of the grant.	Nature of the grant, charity or service; Nature of the duty prescribed by the grant.	Name of the Holder, date of his decease, and the relationship in which he stood to the Grantee.	Share enjoyed by the Deceased and that held by the other Members.	Family left by the Deceased and name and age of the Parient, their circumstances, and the means of subsistence possessed by them.	Recommendation of the Collector and the grounds on which it is made.	Recommendation of the Board of Revenue.	Decision of Government.
1	Hazar Treasury. Rupees 84 per annum.	Granted by Ethar Khan Sahib from Chutrum surplus revenue previ- ous to Fash 1316.	Subsistence allowance.	Hal Mahomed Khader Khan, died on the 12th September 1876.	Entire Yeomiah.	Hal Asathulla Khan, son of the deceased, aged 20 years. Possesses no other means of subsistence besides this Yeomiah.	This is one of the five Yeomiahs sanctioned in paragraph 8 of Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, dated 24th June 1851, No. 621, and paragraph 3 of Extract from the Minutes of Consultation, dated 21st October 1851, No. 1,043, for the support of Ethar Khan's relations. As it appears from paragraph 19 of the Board's Proceedings, dated 8th May 1851, that these Yeomiahs should be continued to the heirs of the then incumbents, of whom the deceased, Hal Mahomed Khader Khan, was one, the Collector recommends the continuance of the Yeomiah enjoyed by Hal Mahomed Khader Khan to his son, Hal Asathulla Khan, with arrears from 1st July 1874 to 30th November 1876, amounting to Rupees 119. The delay in disposing of this case is owing to Hal Asathulla Khan having proceeded to Trichinopoly to perform the funeral obsequies of his father, who had gone there and died.	9	10

The Board sanction the continuance of the allowance to Hal Asathulla Khan, son of the deceased. They also sanction payment of the arrears subject to the audit of the Accountant-General.

(A true Copy and Extract.)
To the Acting Collector of Tinnevely.
Copy to the Accountant-General.
Ed. A. S. Rodgers.
(Signed) C. A. GALTON, Sub-Secretary.

C28-4-84.
12-1-8-84.

either. But attention is solicited
to the petitions nos. 424 & 1282
of 1884.

The Board have already
held that Hal Mahomed
Nathad Khan is not ^{an} heir to
Rorhan Bibi by Mahomed
Lam, altho' he is so to the original
grantee.

For want of legal heirs
to Rorhan Bibi, therefore, the
pension has evidently lapsed
to Government.

W.C.
Suggested order: — 1577.

In the circumstances now
reported, the pension enjoyed
by Rorhan Bibi will be
declared to have lapsed.

2.5.84.

16th Decr of 1884
with Pet. no. 1570 & 1571
G. A. Secy General
15.5.8
16/4

C n 2561.

FOR ORDERS.

Regarding a *Yomah*
allowance in *Tunawly* *dist*

13 17
REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

No. 5223

on Board of Revenue.

Dated 4th August 1883.

FOR ORDERS.

The facts of the case are fully
narrated in the Board's Proceedings.
The Board do not recommend the
continuance of the allowance as
neither of the two claimants is
in their opinion, the legal heir
of the late Roshan Bahadur.

The points for consideration
are:—

I Is the pension of a hereditary
character?

II If so, is the Board's view
that neither of the claimants is a
legal heir under the Mahomedan
Law correct?

As to the first point, there
is no doubt that the pension

hereditary, so far as the
relations of Ethar Khan,
the original grantee, were
concerned. It could not well be
otherwise, considering the origin
of the grant. The general rule on
this subject is this:—

"except in cases where the
pension is of the nature of private
property or is an allowance in
recognition of services rendered
up to date, pensions granted
hereditarily cease when the
hereditary line fails, and do not
pass to adopted children."

S. & 138 para 2 page 210.

As regards the second point,
the position is not at all clear.
According to our portion of the
Board's Proc, the 1st claimant
Haj Mahammad Nithad Khan
is the original grantee's second
son's son, and according to another

x para 12 of Board's d/ 8th May 1851
no 206.
para 8 & 9. M.C. 24th June 1851 no 671
E.M.C. 21st Dec 1851 no 1043

vide also para 3 of the Colls'
first letter.

The genealogical tree makes
the thing clear. Rosham Bee the eldest son of the original
was first married to the son
of Ethar Khan, & as his widow
got his pension of Rs 7. The relationship referred to is the
married again & had a son, same in both cases, and the claim
who had two daughters married
to grandsons (son's sons) of Ethar, is good enough evidently. Her
Khan. Haj Mahammad objection raised against his claim
Nithad Khan, the claimant,
is one of these.

The pension inherited by Rosham
was vested in her (see
Case III at p 84 of the volume "he does not appear to be heir to
put up). Her relations with Rosham Bee by Mahomed Khan
there of her husband have
claim to succeed. Haj Mahammad The second claimant is the
Nithad Khan apparently deceased Rosham Bee's sister's
has no claim in his own right.

But the son's daughter of
Mahammad Mahomedan
claim is put up but the point
is not clear.

Rosham Bee an Khans legal advisors of Govt, if the Govt

he" is said to be the son of Rosham
Bee's first husband's brother?
There is nothing to show in the
Board's Proc who that first
husband was. In a genealogical
table in the file, that husband
is shown to be Haj Ethar Khan

is shown to be Haj Ethar Khan
the thing clear. Rosham Bee the eldest son of the original
was first married to the son
of Ethar Khan, & as his widow
got his pension of Rs 7. The relationship referred to is the
married again & had a son, same in both cases, and the claim
who had two daughters married
to grandsons (son's sons) of Ethar, is good enough evidently. Her
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claim to succeed. Haj Mahammad The second claimant is the
Nithad Khan apparently deceased Rosham Bee's sister's
has no claim in his own right.

But the son's daughter of
Mahammad Mahomedan
claim is put up but the point
is not clear.

Rosham Bee an Khans legal advisors of Govt, if the Govt

FOR ORDERS.

are prepared to continue the
business. Neither of them comes
under the head direct lineal
heirs in respect of the deceased,
although one of them does if the
original grant be taken into
account.

70. 2-5-83

Re: a pension, Tinnemally
while her sister through whom
Ava Beebe claims would
have been a residuary heir
if she had lived. Survived.
(born 1845 p. 4 of Will of
But she apparently predeceased
Rosham Bee, and her daughter
Ava Bee has therefore no
claim. If Rosham Bee's
granddaughters are still alive
they would seem to be her proper
heirs. Suggested that inquiry
be made as to the correctness
of the genealogical tree &
as to the existence at present
of their granddaughters.

J. L. L.

Original

Govt. of (1884) Madras.

REVENUE.

23-12-20

18. 7. 28 II

6. 1. 39 II

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 2nd May 1884, No. 579.

MAY.

Yeomiah Allowance

in Tinnevely district.—Certain — enjoyed by
Roshan Bibi declared to have lapsed to Govern-
ment.