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TAMIL NADU ARCHIVES

GOVERNMENT OF TAMIL NADU

Revenue DEPARTMENT

G.O. No. B.P. No:	<u>1319</u>	Press. Mis:
Dated	<u>17.8.1878</u>	197

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1319
GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

17th August 1878, No. 1,319.

Read the following paper :—

No. 216. Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 2nd May 1878, No. 1,166.

Read the following letter from R. K. PUCKLE, Esq., Director of Revenue Settlement, to C. A. GALTON, Esq., Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Madras, 25th March 1878, No. 769-20 :—

I HAVE the honor to report the result of the revision of the village establishments of the Chingleput District ordered in G.O., No. 874, dated 1st March 1877.

2. The establishments of sixty-nine villages in the Sydapet Taluq were revised in 1875, and this revision was accepted by Government in G.O., No. 1,313, dated 2nd September 1875. In that revision, however, separate Munsifs, Tahsildars, and Vetties were not provided for each inhabited village, and it seems advisable to take the present opportunity of again revising these villages to render their establishments uniform with those now provided for the other villages of the district. This has accordingly been done.

3. The Sydapet, Ponneri, Chingleput, and Trivellore Taluqs are surveyed and settled, but the Madurantacum and Conjeeveram Taluqs though surveyed are not settled. Their settlement will be completed, however, by the end of the current fasli, but I have made the revision of all six taluqs to enable the new arrangements to take effect from the beginning of the coming fasli.

4. The following calculations are based on settlement actuals for Ponneri and Sydapet only, and for the other four taluqs they are based on the Jamabandi figures for Fasli 1285. These, however, are so very near settlement actuals that when the settlement rates are introduced by the Collector there will be few alterations to make, not more in fact than must be made from year to year in any district to accord with fluctuations of revenue.

5. The Service Cess has not yet been collected, but if the Government accord sanction it may be levied throughout the Chingleput District at one Anna per Rupee of assessment from 1st July next.

6. There were 1,716 Ryotwari villages in this district. These were reduced to 1,463 by survey. Of these thirty-two are uninhabited and 122 yield assets of less than 20 Rupees each. In the present revision these petty villages, excepting Sydapet

cusba, Palaveram, and Pulicat have not been provided with separate establishments, but 1,312 villages have been thus provided. Those villages yield in Service Cess Rupees 98,647 and in Maniams enfranchised at five-eighths of their land assessment Rupees 45,342, total Rupees 1,43,889. Average assets per village Rupees 109 as compared with Rupees 112 in Salem, Rupees 265 in Tinnevely, and Rupees 315 in Kistna. There were no ready-money payments made in this district. The former establishment comprising 1,222 Curmans, 1,477 Munsif Monegars, 628 Monegars, 2,209 Taliares, 1,925 Vettians and 103 Nirgantis, total 7,564 people received Rupees 1,81,958 per annum in Maniams from Government and in moneys from the ryots; average per man Rupees 24 per annum or Rupees 2 a-month. By revision there are 854 Curmans, 1,312 Munsif Monegars, 57 Monegars, 1,446 Taliares, 1,514 Vettians, and 14 Nirgantis; average per man Rupees 27 per annum, or Rupees 2-4-0 a-month.

7. The Service Cess will be spent in every village but one, viz., Ultramallur, where the assets are greater than can be utilized for the payment of a first-class establishment; and the Collector will have to devise some means of spending the surplus within the limits of this village as required by the Act.

8. Though separate Munsifs, Taliares and Vetties are provided for each inhabited village yielding more than 20 Rupees per annum from Service Cess and General Funds, it has only been found possible to provide 854 Curmans for 1,312 villages; there were formerly 1,222 Curmans, so 368 lose their appointments.

9. To determine the scale of salaries, I have taken the nearest figure to the cess assets of Sinnambedu in the Ponneri Taluq which yields Rupees 670 from the Service Cess alone as an approximation to that sum, viz., Rupees 720, will yield the strongest and best paid establishment that the district seems to require, viz.:-

1 Curman	at	Rupees 14 per mensem.
1 Munsif	at	9 " "
2 Monegars	at	5 " " each.
3 Taliares	at	4 " " "
3 Vetties	at	4 " " "
1 Nirganti	at	3 " " "

10. The following scale exhibits the cost of the several grades of establishment provided for this district:-

Grade.	Cost of Establishment.	Curmans.		Munsif.		Monegar.		Taliar.		Vettian.		Nirganti.		No. of Villages Enfranchised at each Grade.
		Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	
I	720	1	14	1	9	2	10	3	12	3	12	1	3	4
II	630	1	13	1	8	2	9	3	11	3	11	1	3	4
III	564	1	12	1	7	2	8	3	10	3	10	1	3	4
IV	492	1	11	1	6	2	7	3	9	3	9	1	3	4
V	420	1	10	1	5	2	6	3	8	3	8	1	3	4
VI	360	1	9	1	4	2	5	3	7	3	7	1	3	4
VII	312	1	8	1	3	2	4	3	6	3	6	1	3	4
VIII	264	1	7	1	2	2	3	3	5	3	5	1	3	4
IX	216	1	6	1	1	2	2	3	4	3	4	1	3	4
X	180	1	5	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	3	1	3	4
XI	144	1	4	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	3	1	3	4
XII	108	1	3	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	3	1	3	4
XIII	84	1	2	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	3	1	3	4

11. The following table exhibits the Curmans and their former and revised rates of pay:-

Former.			Revised.		
No.	Rate.		No.	Rate.	
	RS.	A. P.		RS.	A. P.
95	15	to 39	...	...	...
11	14	0 0	5	14	0 0
24	13	0 0	3	13	0 0
32	12	0 0	4	12	0 0
31	11	0 0	4	11	0 0
60	10	0 0	8	10	0 0
51	9	0 0	17	9	0 0
81	8	0 0	19	8	0 0
77	7	0 0	29	7	0 0
117	6	0 0	74	6	0 0
142	5	0 0	268	5	0 0
162	4	0 0	180	4	0 0
338	3	and under	242	3	0 0
1	...	...	...	...	...
1,222	6	5 0	854	4	11 0

12. The Curmans' charges are now more compact than they were. Wherever a village is merged it is with one adjoining and in no case are scattered villages included in the same Curman's charge; the number of villages merged is 830, while 482 have each a separate Curman.

13. The Munsifs are graded as under:-

Former.			Revised.		
No.	Rate.		No.	Rate.	
	RS.	A. P.		RS.	A. P.
...	...	...	4	9	0 0
...	...	...	4	8	0 0
...	...	...	4	7	0 0
...	...	...	10	6	0 0
...	...	...	49	5	0 0
...	...	...	109	4	0 0
...	...	...	252	3	0 0
...	...	...	889	2	0 0
1,477	...	...	1,312	2	8 0

14. Monegars have been appointed in fifty-three of the larger villages; their services will be specially useful to aid the Munsif Monegars in collecting the revenue, to reply to references made during the Munsif's absence, to control the village subordinates, and to attend on the Engineer when he visits the village to furnish the information required.

15. The Monegars are graded as under:-

Former.		Revised.	
No.	Rate.	No.	Rate.
32	RS. A. P. 6 to 20	...	RS. A. P.
11	5 0 0	16	5 0 0
17	4 0 0	...	...
91	3 and under.	27	4 0 0
177	...	14	3 0 0
628	0 0 0	57	4 1 0

16. Non-resident office holders are numerous in this district, but when appointing village officers the Collector will no doubt be able to effect reform on this point.

17. The Taliares and Vetties are graded as under:—

Former.		Revised.	
No.	Rate.	No.	Rate.
861	RS. A. P. 5 to 37	48	4 0 0
195	4 0 0	24	3 8 0
335	3 0 0	120	3 0 0
792	2 0 0	128	2 8 0
2,420	1 and under.	559	2 0 0
81	...	2,680	1 0 0
4,134	1 11 0	2,959	1 6 0

18. The Taliares should be employed exclusively on Police duties, and should be under the immediate orders of the Village Munsif, while the Vettians should be employed to assist the Revenue officers.

19. The Nirgantis are graded as under:—

Former.		Revised.	
No.	Rate.	No.	Rate.
2	RS. A. P. 3 0 0	8	3 0 0
101	2 and under.	6	2 0 0
103	0 6 0	14	2 9 0

In the foregoing letter, Mr. Puckle submits a scheme for the revision of village establishments throughout the whole of the Chingleput District; the scheme is exactly in accordance with those accepted by Government for Salem and Tinnevely, the principle being a graduation of the staff according to the proceeds of the Village Service Cess, the assets being supplemented in the poorer villages from the General Fund. The opportunity is taken to revise the scheme approved in G.O., dated 2nd

September 1875, No. 1,318, for sixty-nine villages of the Sydapet Taluq so as to bring it into conformity with the proposals for the rest of the district.

2. Although only four out of the six taluqs have been settled up to date, the settlement of the two remaining taluqs will be completed within the current fasli, and the scheme has therefore been prepared for the whole district. Mr. Puckle's calculations are based on settlement actuals for Ponneri and Sydapet only, whilst for Chingleput and Trivellore he has taken the Jamabandi figures of Fasli 1285 as the basis of calculation. The Board have ascertained that the settlement actuals for these two taluqs were not received in the Settlement office till the end of March, and as Mr. Puckle was anxious to submit the scheme before leaving India, the Jamabandi figures for these two taluqs, as also for Conjeveram and Madrantacum, were adopted. These approximate so closely to the settlement actuals as to warrant there being accepted as a reliable basis. As shown in the marginally noted figures, and as regards the two unsettled taluqs, Conjeveram and Madrantacum, the Board think that in consideration of Mr. Puckle's intimate acquaintance with the revenue conditions of the district and his wide experience in dealing with such questions his assurance that the introduction of the settlement rates will involve an almost inappreciable modification of the proposals now submitted may safely be accepted.

	AS PER REVENUE ACCOUNTS		AS PER SETTLEMENT		DIFFERENCE.	
	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Rupees.
Trivellore...	87,846	RS. 2,38,370	88,795	RS. 2,36,753	+ 10,949	+ 13,388
Chingleput...	62,128	1,71,138	66,569	1,74,487	+ 4,441	+ 3,299

3. There are 1,463 villages by survey, of which 32 are uninhabited and 122 yield less than Rupees 20 each. These villages with three exceptions have not been provided with separate establishments; the proposals relate therefore to 1,312 villages only. The total assets amount to Rupees 1,43,389, of which Rupees 98,047 is the sum realized by the cess and the remainder the proceeds of enfranchisement of Service Manians. The average assets per village are only Rupees 101 which is low as compared with Tinnevely and Kistna.

Class.	Existing number.	Number proposed.
Curnams	1,222	854
Munsifs	1,477	1,312
Monegars	628	57
Taliares	2,209	1,445
Vetties	1,925	1,514
Nirgantis	103	14

A large number of village servants will be thrown out as shown by the marginal figures, but this is unavoidable if proper remuneration is to be provided for those retained out of the limited means at disposal. In his Settlement Report for the principal division of this district, Mr. Banbury pointed out that the position in respect to the Village Service Cess is peculiar, and that whereas in other districts the introduction of the Act has greatly augmented the remuneration of the village servants, in Chingleput the existing fees are so liberal that the present emoluments will be considerably reduced by the change. He includes in the assets a sum of Rupees 11,111 as now paid by the State in the principal division, but Mr. Puckle has not taken credit for any contribution by Government. The omission should be explained. The rates of monthly salary proposed range as shown below:—

Class.	Maximum.	Minimum.
	RS.	RS.
Curnams	14	3
Munsifs	9	2
Monegars	5	3
Taliares and Vetties	4	1
Nirgantis	3	2

The scale of establishment ranges from Rupees 720 per annum in the richest villages to Rupees 34 in the poorest; the salaries provided in the two lowest groups

are exceedingly small, and the Board trust that in introducing the scheme it may be found possible to improve the condition of the servants in those groups.

4. Adjacent villages have been grouped to form Gumnams' charges; a large number will be thrown out of employ, and the Board think it might be preferable to reduce the salaries provided in the higher classes and devote the saving to the remuneration of some of those whom it is proposed to dispense with. This can only be done, however, where the staff is partly provided from the General Fund, and it may be that in the highest classes the cess suffices to cover the whole pay of the establishment, in which case nothing would be gained by reduction as the cess cannot be spent elsewhere.

5. It seems that in one village the proceeds of the cess are in excess of the sum which can profitably be utilized for the payment of an establishment, and Mr. Puckle suggests that the Collector should devise some method of spending the surplus within the limits of the village. The Board observe, however, that the proceeds of the cess are restricted by law "to the payment of village servants employed on Revenue and Police duties within the village or group of villages or township in which such cess is imposed." There is no alternative but to reduce the rate of the cess.

6. With reference to paragraph 16, the Board observe that residence of village officers within the limits of their villages should be insisted upon as an essential condition of retention of office.

7. Mr. Puckle requests that sanction may be obtained for the imposition of the cess at one anna per Rupee of assessment throughout the Chingleput District from 1st July next. He states that the cess has not yet been collected, but the Board observe that the requisite notification was issued for the levy thereof in the sixty-nine villages of Sydapat separately treated (G.O., dated 28th February 1876, No. 294,) and that the Collector reported that it had been entered in the puttass for Fasli 1285. The Board recommend the extension of the Act to the rest of the district from the date mentioned.

8. With these remarks, the scheme will be submitted for the early orders of Government.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) C. A. GALTON,
Acting Secretary.

No. 217. ORDER THEREON, 17th August 1878, No. 1,319.

Land Revenue, No. 13.

HIS GRACE the Governor in Council accepts, with the following remarks, the revision of village establishments in the Chingleput District reported on in the papers recorded above.

2. The Director was right in bringing into conformity with his present proposals the revision of the establishments of the sixty-nine villages in Sydapat Taluk sanctioned in G.O., 2nd September 1875, No. 1,318, Revenue Department, inasmuch as that did not provide separate Mansifs, Talagies, and Vetties for each inhabited village.

3. Mr. Puckle states that the service cess "has not yet been collected," and suggests that it may be levied throughout the district at one Anna per Rupee of assessment from 1st July 1878. The Board point out, however, that the requisite notification for its levy in the sixty-nine villages referred to has already been issued, and that the cess had been entered in the ryots' puttass for Fasli 1285. They consequently recommend the extension of the Act to the rest of the district from the date mentioned. His Grace the Governor in Council approves and sanctions the Board's proposal.

4. With reference to paragraph 2 of the Board's Proceedings the Government accept the basis of calculation adopted by Mr. Puckle in regard to the assets of Chingleput, Trivellore, Conjeveram, and Tirantacum Taluks.

5. The Board observe that credit has not been taken for any contribution by Government amounting in the three taluks of the principal divisions alone to Rs. 11,111, and the Governor in Council presumes that a corresponding amount is due in the sub-division also. "Barnard's Tarapadi" account shows for every village the Government share due, and this must be scrupulously credited to the fund. The cause of this omission should have been explained.

6. In the village of Utramallur, where the cess at one Anna is stated to be in excess of requirements, it should be reduced as suggested in paragraph 5 of the Board's Proceedings, and the rate reported so that it may be specified in the notification extending the Act.

7. The condition of residence specified in paragraph 6 of the Board's Proceedings is of course essential for retention of office.

8. The Government hope that means may gradually be provided for improving the establishments. No doubt, as the revenue improves, the general fund (quit-rent on enfranchised inams) will be relieved and become partially available for other village service purposes such as increasing the pay of the servants in the poorer villages.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) C. G. MASTER,
Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.
" the Director of Revenue Settlement.
" the Accountant-General.

Exd. C. Howarth.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 2nd May 1878.

Read the following letter from R. K. PUCKLE, Esq., Director of Revenue Settlement, to C. A. GALTON, Esq., Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Madras, 25th March 1878, No. 769-20 :—

I HAVE the honor to report the result of the revision of the village establishments of the Chingleput District ordered in G.O., No. 874, dated 1st March 1877.

2. The establishments of sixty-nine villages in the Sydapet Taluq were revised in 1875, and this revision was accepted by Government in G.O., No. 1,318, dated 2nd September 1876. In that revision, however, separate Munsifs, Taliaries, and Vetties were not provided for each inhabited village, and it seems advisable to take the present opportunity of again revising these villages to render their establishments uniform with those now provided for the other villages of the district. This has accordingly been done.

3. The Sydapet, Ponneri, Chingleput, and Trivellore Taluqs are surveyed and settled, but the Madrantacum and Conjeveram Taluqs though surveyed are not settled. Their settlement will be completed, however, by the end of the current fasli, but I have made the revision of all six taluqs to enable the new arrangements to take effect from the beginning of the coming fasli.

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7. The Service Cess will be spent in every village but one, viz., Utramallur, where the assets are greater than can be utilized for the payment of a first-class establishment; and the Collector will have to devise some means of spending the surplus within the limits of this village as required by the Act.

8. Though separate Munsifs, Taliaries and Vetties are provided for each inhabited village yielding more than 20 Rupees per annum from Service Cess and General Funds, it has only been found possible to provide 854 Curnams for 1,312 villages; there were formerly 1,222 Curnams, so 368 lose their appointments.

9. To determine the scale of salaries, I have taken the nearest figure to the cess assets of Sinnambedu in the Ponneri Taluq which yields Rupees 676 from the Service

Cess alone as an approximation to that sum, viz., Rupees 720, will yield the strongest and best paid establishment that the district seems to require, viz. :—

1 Curnam	at Rupees 14 per mensem.
1 Munsif	at " 9 " each.
2 Monegars	at " 5 " "
3 Taliaries	at " 4 " "
3 Vetties	at " 4 " "
1 Nirganti	at " 3 " "

10. The following scale exhibits the cost of the several grades of establishment provided for this district :—

Grade.	Cost of Establishment.	Curnams.		Munsif.		Monegar.		Taliari.		Vettian.		Nirganti.		No. of Village Establishments for each Grade.
		Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	
I	720	1	14	1	9	2	5	3	4	3	4	1	3	4
II	636	1	13	1	8	1	5	3	3	3	3	1	2	3
III	554	1	12	1	7	1	5	3	3	3	3	1	2	17
IV	492	1	11	1	6	1	4	3	3	3	3	1	2	14
V	420	1	10	1	5	1	4	3	3	3	3	1	2	18
VI	360	1	9	1	5	1	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	48
VII	312	1	8	1	5	1	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	61
VIII	264	1	7	1	5	1	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	62
IX	218	1	6	1	4	1	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	160
X	180	1	5	1	4	1	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	880
XI	144	1	5	1	3	1	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	
XII	108	1	4	1	3	1	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	
XIII	84	1	3	1	2	1	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	

11. The following table exhibits the Curnams and their former and revised rates of pay :—

Former.		Revised.	
No.	Rate.	No.	Rate.
	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
95	15 to 39	...	14 0 0
11	14 0 0	5	13 0 0
24	13 0 0	3	12 0 0
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60	10 0 0	8	9 0 0
51	9 0 0	17	8 0 0
81	8 0 0	19	7 0 0
77	7 0 0	29	6 0 0
117	6 0 0	74	5 0 0
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338	3 and under	243	...
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1,222	6 5 0	854	4 11 0

12. The Curnams' charges are now more compact than they were. Wherever a village is merged it is with one adjoining and in no case are scattered villages included in the same Curnam's charge; the number of villages merged is 880, while 482 have each a separate Curnam.

13. The Munsifs are graded as under—

Former.		Revised.	
No.	Rate.	No.	Rate.
	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
...	...	4	9 0 0
...	...	4	8 0 0
...	...	4	7 0 0
...	...	10	6 0 0
...	...	49	5 0 0
...	...	109	4 0 0
...	...	252	3 0 0
...	...	880	2 0 0
1,477	...	1,312	2 8 0

14. Monegars have been appointed in fifty-three of the larger villages; their services will be specially useful to aid the Munsif Monegars in collecting the revenue, to reply to references made during the Munsif's absence, to control the village subordinates, and to attend on the Engineer when he visits the village to furnish the information required.

15. The Monegars are graded as under—

Former.		Revised.	
No.	Rate.	No.	Rate.
	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
32	3 to 20	...	5 0 0
11	5 0 0	16	4 0 0
17	4 0 0	27	3 0 0
91	3 and under.	14	...
477	...	...	...
628	0 9 0	57	4 1 0

16. Non-resident office holders are numerous in this district, but when appointing village officers the Collector will no doubt be able to effect reform on this point.

17. The Taliaries and Vetties are graded as under :—

Former.		Revised.	
No.	Rate.	No.	Rate.
	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
361	5 to 37	48	4 0 0
195	4 0 0	24	3 8 0
335	3 0 0	120	3 0 0
792	2 0 0	128	2 8 0
2,420	1 and under.	559	2 0 0
31	...	2,080	1 0 0
4,134	1 11 0	2,959	1 6 0

18. The Taliaries should be employed exclusively on Police duties, and should be under the immediate orders of the Village Munsif, while the Vettiyan should be employed to assist the Revenue officers.

19. The Nirgantis are graded as under :—

Former.		Revised.	
No.	Rate.	No.	Rate.
	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
2	3 0 0	8	3 0 0
101	2 and under.	6	2 0 0
103	0 6 0	14	2 9 0

In the foregoing letter, Mr. Puckle submits a scheme for the revision of village establishments throughout the whole of the Chingleput District; the scheme is exactly in accordance with those accepted by Government for Salem and Tinnevely, the principle being a graduation of the staff according to the proceeds of the Village Service Cess, the assets being supplemented in the poorer villages from the General Fund. The opportunity is taken to revise the scheme approved in G.O., dated 2nd September 1875, No. 1,318, for sixty-nine villages of the Sydapet Taluq so as to bring it into conformity with the proposals for the rest of the district.

2. Although only four out of the six taluqs have been settled up to date, the settlement of the two remaining taluqs will be completed within the current fasli, and the scheme has therefore been prepared for the whole district. Mr. Puckle's calculations are based on settlement actuals for Ponneri and Sydapet only, whilst for Chingleput and Trivellore he has taken the Jamabandi figures of Fasli 1285 as the basis of calculation. The Board have ascertained that the settlement actuals for these two taluqs were not received in the Settlement office till the end of March, and as Mr. Puckle was anxious to submit the scheme before leaving India, the Jamabandi figures for these two taluqs, as also for Conjeveram and Madrantacum, were adopted. These approximate so closely to the settlement actuals as to warrant there being accepted as a reliable basis. As shown in the marginally noted figures, and as regards the two unsettled taluqs, Conjeveram and Madrantacum, the Board think that in consideration of Mr. Puckle's intimate acquaintance with the revenue conditions of the district and his wide experience in dealing with such questions his assurance that the introduction of the settlement rates will involve an almost inappreciable modification of the proposals now submitted may safely be accepted.

	AS PER REVENUE ACCOUNTS.		AS PER SETTLEMENT.		DIFFERENCE.	
	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Rupces.
Trivellore...	87,846	RS. 2,23,370	98,795	RS. 2,36,758	+ 10,949	+ 13,388
Chingleput...	62,128	1,71,188	66,569	1,74,467	+ 4,441	+ 3,279

3. There are 1,463 villages by survey, of which 32 are uninhabited and 122 yield less than Rupees 20 each. These villages with three exceptions have not been provided with separate establishments; the proposals relate therefore to 1,312 villages only. The total assets amount to Rupees 1,43,389, of which Rupees 98,047 is the sum realized by the cess and the remainder the proceeds of enfranchisement of Service

Maniams. The average assets per village are only Rupees 109, which is low as compared with Tinnevely and Kistna.

Class.	Existing number.	Number proposed.
Curnams	1,222	854
Munsifs	1,477	1,312
Monegars	628	57
Taliaries	2,209	1,445
Vetties	1,925	1,514
Nirgantis	103	14

A large number of village servants will be thrown out as shown by the marginal figures, but this is unavoidable if proper remuneration is to be provided for those retained out of the limited means at disposal. In his Settlement Report for the principal division of this district, Mr. Banbury pointed out that the position in respect to the Village Service Cess is peculiar, and that whereas in other districts the introduction of the Act has greatly augmented the remuneration of the village servants, in Chingleput the existing fees are so liberal that the present emoluments will be considerably reduced by the change. He includes in the assets a sum of Rupees 11,111 as now paid by the State in the principal division, but Mr. Puckle has not taken credit for any contribution by Government. The omission should be explained. The rates of monthly salary proposed range as shown below :—

Class.	Maximum.		Minimum.	
	RS.		RS.	
Curnams	14		3	
Munsifs	9		2	
Monegars	5		3	
Taliaries and Vetties	4		1	
Nirgantis	3		2	

The scale of establishment ranges from Rupees 720 per annum in the richest villages to Rupees 84 in the poorest; the salaries provided in the two lowest groups are exceedingly small, and the Board trust that in introducing the scheme it may be found possible to improve the condition of the servants in those groups.

4. Adjacent villages have been grouped to form Curnams' charges; a large number will be thrown out of employ, and the Board think it might be preferable to reduce the salaries provided in the higher classes and devote the saving to the remuneration of some of those whom it is proposed to dispense with. This can only be done, however, where the staff is partly provided from the General Fund, and it may be that in the highest classes the cess suffices to cover the whole pay of the establishment, in which case nothing would be gained by reduction as the cess cannot be spent elsewhere.

5. It seems that in one village the proceeds of the cess are in excess of the sum which can profitably be utilized for the payment of an establishment, and Mr. Puckle suggests that the Collector should devise some method of spending the surplus within the limits of the village. The Board observe, however, that the proceeds of the cess are restricted by law "to the payment of village servants employed on Revenue and Police duties within the village or group of villages or township in which such cess is imposed." There is no alternative but to reduce the rate of the cess.

6. With reference to paragraph 16, the Board observe that residence of village officers within the limits of their villages should be insisted upon as an essential condition of retention of office.

7. Mr. Puckle requests that sanction may be obtained for the imposition of the cess at one anna per Rupee of assessment throughout the Chingleput District from 1st July next. He states that the cess has not yet been collected, but the Board observe that the requisite notification was issued for the levy thereof in the sixty-nine villages of Sydapet separately treated (G.O., dated 28th February 1876, No. 294,) and that the Collector reported that it had been entered in the puttis for Fasli 1285. The Board recommend the extension of the Act to the rest of the district from the date mentioned.

8. With these remarks, the scheme will be submitted for the early orders of Government.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

Acting Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.
" Director of Revenue Settlement.
" Collector of Chingleput.

Ed. W. J. Lewis.

C. N. 2187 of 1878. Revenue Department.
1319/8

Board's Pro. 2nd May 1878 No. 1166
submitting for orders the Scheme
for the revision of Village Establish-
ments in Chingleput District.

For orders.

With the foregoing Proceedings, the
Board submit Mr. Cuthbert's scheme
for the revision of Village Establish-
ments in Chingleput District.

2. The establishments of 69
villages in Sydapet Taluk were
revised in 1875, and that revision
also is comprised in the present scheme
in view to modify and bring it
into conformity with the proposals
for the rest of the District. Under
G.O. 28th February 1876 No. 294, the
Cero was entered in the Pattabo
for Rs. 1285 for those 69 villages,
and the Board recommended the
extension of the Act to the rest of the

Does the Settlement
Subject & further pro-
vision as respects
Small villages then
possible. (M. 4/5)

G.O. 1318 dt/ 2nd Sept. 1875.

Left

High Court more than 1000
the old revision for the
system. inspection of the
Act. There is a kind of
description of the same
known.

I think no village
smaller than 1000.

Board of Revenue,
MADRAS.

1878.

PROCEEDINGS, 2ND MAY 1878, No. 1,166.

Days 24/5/78

Book

1878 May 19, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31

Received 22nd May 1878

MAY.
No. 1,166.

Revision of Village Establishments—in Chin-
gapat District. — Submitting for orders of
Government scheme proposed by Director of
Revenue Settlement for —, and recommending
the extension of the Village Cero Act to the
whole of the district from 1st July 1878.

C. N. 2187 of 1878
Revenue Department

district from 1st July next.

3. In the scheme, there is nothing new requiring special orders, and "it is" the Board observe, "exactly in accordance with those accepted by Government for Sakun and Zimnully, the principle being a graduation of the staff according to the proceeds of the Village Service, the assets being supplemented in the poorer villages from the General Fund."

4. The district consists of 6 Tahsils of which 4 have been settled and two will be settled before 30th June 1878. Mr Buckle's calculations are based on the Settlement actuals for 2 Tahsils, and in the Journal and figures of 71285 for the rest. The Board are satisfied that the latter "approximate so closely to the Settlement actuals as to warrant them being accepted as a reliable basis."

5. The district consists of 1463

no doubt as the Rev. improves the ^{the} fund/branches (as) or the village & become partly available for the village purpose. It increases the pay of the servants of poor villages -

Quite so - It is so shown in the Country.

note

* 3 other villages, though small, ^{in point of revenue} are provided with separate establishments, in consideration of their importance. They are
1 Pydapel-Custa
2 Palaveram
3 Buliat

Nonllan is too small to pay all it really needs. The Govt. like that the moderate am. required for villages will be met (the less & that many of them only have a minimum of least provided.

of the addrs to the General Fund.

* This sum had reference to the Govt contribution in the 3 Tahsils of the Principal Div. i.e. the part of the district then under report & was a very small sum.

Acruams	14	3
Munisiff	9	2
Monegors	5	3
Talians & Belton	4	1
Nirgautas	3	2

villages by survey, of which 32 are uninhabited and 119 are too small to have separate establishments. The total assets amount to 1,43,389 Rupees, giving an average 109 rupees for each village to be provided for. The averages were for

	No
1 Sakun	112
2 Zimnully	265
3 Kistura	315

The best village ^{in the district} is to have an establishment of 720 Rs, and the worst one having Rs 84.

6. In calculating the assets, Mr Buckle has, the Board observe, "not taken credit for any contribution from Government," which amounts to Rs 11,111, and they have called for explanation. If this amount is included in the assets, the position of some of the village servants can perhaps be bettered. The pay proposed to be given them is shown in the margin. It would appear from

the taluk-guan in paragraph

11 of Mr Puckle's report, of 5 Curnams.

have been little or no receiving monthly

involvements ranging between 15 & 39 rupees.

and the maximum amount has

fixed being only 14 rupees in

5 cases.

12. In a village called Litra-

-mattan, the cess at one anna

is greater than can be utilized

for the payment of a 1st class

establishment. Mr Puckle suggested

that the collector should devise

means to spend the excess within

the village, but the Board point

out that the proceeds of the

cess are restricted by law to the

payment of village servants employed

in Revenue and Police duties within

the village or group of villages

or townships in which such cess

is imposed, and that therefore

"there is no alternative but to

reduce the rate of the cess."

13. In para 6 the Board refer

to the question of insisting upon

that rate of cess should

be adopted. The Board

have lately (1/20

There may have been
varying an excessive con-
tribution on the people
sometimes they have been
punished their fees on the other
system.

Reduce the demand as
indicated.

Continued

It is not stated however
what rate of cess should
be adopted. The Board
have lately (1/20
at 2nd May 1878 at 11/6

suggested an
alteration in
the law and
practice as to
grouping vil-
lages.

ide Pro recorded in G.O.
4267875 No 295.

The villan servant has
a right to more than the
man can pay at 1/20
The Prev. there is no
doubt as to
para 26

With exception of the work
made villages do not
give an hour's work
Kurnam a day.

since there is no work

village servants being within
the limits of their villages, as
it would appear from paragraph
16 of Mr Puckle's letter that this
is not the case at present in many
villages.

14. The Board request 2 only, or do.

15. Neither Mr Puckle
nor the Board allude
to the difficulties an-
ticipated by the Board
in 1874 in revising the
single put village esta-
blishments. The figures
then given had, however,
reference to half of the
District only - viz the
3 Taluks of the Prince's
Jal Division - but it
was pointed out that
the assets would be insuffi-
cient without sup-
plemental aid from
Govt.

It was said the lowest
average pay which can be
given to Curnams is Rs
7/- - Mr Puckle's ave-
rage is 4-11-0 and
out of 854 Curnams
765 are to be paid
under 7 Rupees -

It was also pointed out (para 37) that it will be necessary to show consideration to present incumbents & to continue to them for life the large stipends they had been receiving. There is no provision for this in the present scheme.

The Board then thought (para 38) that Rs 1,15,000 will only just suffice for the village establishments of 3 Talukhs. Now Rs 1,43,389 will do for 6 Talukhs!

Q.M.

Is it accepted by the Board? Expressing the hope that the Board may gradually be providing for improving the establishment adding that the Board must be at some point regarding the cost of the establishment to the Board. In the Board's report of April 76. It was stated that the Board is in the first division of the Board.

Oct 21 87 of 1876

Memo for orders

Regarding revision of village establishments in Ching...

Several difficulties have been settled & no pensions for men & women have been provided their names have been on the list of orders for many.

Abundant for the work we do not employ the whole time of the village officers

It is stated that the amount is due in the division of the Board's report of April 76. It was stated that the Board is in the first division of the Board. In the Board's report of April 76. It was stated that the Board is in the first division of the Board.

without separate... + without... 1319... Office - with have... I would require it -

I think explanation as to the contribution SD have been given with the papers.

I do not very clearly see how the present incumbents can be dependent of the amounts they now receive -

Dec 13/7

No. 8187
Village Estab. in
Chinglaput

Revenue Department
No. 1219
Proceedings of the Madras Government
Under date the 17 August 1878

Read the following
Proceedings of the Board
of Revenue dated 22 May
1878 No. 1166

His Grace the Governor
in Council accepts, with
the following remarks, the
^{re-}vision of Village Estab.
-ishments in the Chinglaput
District reported on in the
papers recorded above.

The Director was right
in bringing into conformity
with his present proposals
the ^{re-}vision of the Estab-
-ishments of the 69 villages
in Chinglaput Taluk sanctioned
in G.O. 2^d Sept. 1875 No. 1818 R.O.
in accordance

MD
1610

inasmuch as that did
not provide separate Munafs,
Salaries and Vettas for
each inhabited village.

3. Mr. Puckle states
that the Surra Cas "has
not yet been collected."
and suggests that it
may be levied throughout
the District at one anna
per Rupa of assessment
from 1st July 1878. The

Board point out however
that the requisite notifi-
cation for its levy in the
69 villages referred to has
already been issued and
that the Cas had been
entered in the Ryot Vettas
for Decr 1875. They con-
sequently recommend
the extension of the Act
to the rest of the District
from

Op. 28 February 1878 / Vol 94

from the date mentioned.
His Grace the Governor in
Council approves and com-
mends the Board's proposal.

4. With reference to
paragraph 2 of the Board's
Proceedings, the Govt accept
the basis of calculation
adopted by Mr. Puckle in
regard to the assets of
Chinglaput, Erwillow,
Congwarain & Chadrantum
Saluka.

5. The Board observe
that credit has not been
taken for any contribution
by Government. amount-
ing in the three Saluka
of the Principal Divisions
alone to Rs. 11,111. and the
Governor in Council pre-
sumes that a corresponding
amount is due in the sub
divisions.

division also. "Barnard's
Sarapadi" account shows
for every village the Govt
share due, and this must
be scrupulously credited
to the Fund. The cause
of this omission should
have been explained.

6. In the village of
Uthannallur where the
Govt at one time is stated
to be in excess of require-
ments it should be
reduced as suggested in
paragraph 5 of the Board's
Proceedings and the rate
reported so that it may
be specified in the certi-
fication extending the Act.
7. The condition of
residence specified in
paragraph 6 of the Board's
Proceedings

Proceedings is of course
essential for retention of
Office.

8. The Government hope
that means may gradually
be provided for improving
the establishments. No
doubt, as the Revenue im-
proves, the General Fund
(Excess on enfranchised
Lands) will be relieved
and become partially av-
ailable for other village
service purposes such as
increasing the pay of the
servants in the poorer
villages.

14. To the Board of Revenue Dec 25 1871
26. To the Board of Revenue
6. To the Board of Revenue

100
6
J. W. H.

Lph.

Division of the
Est. of Ch. of

of the Ch. of

800

To 214 50

Ch. 8-78
R. 11-8-78