

(1) Number of pages 10
 (2) Date of repair 24. 3. 1972
 (3) Initials of the Referencer [Signature]

TAMIL NADU ARCHIVES

GOVERNMENT OF TAMIL NADU

Revenue DEPARTMENT

G.O. No.	743	Press
B.P. No.		Mis.
Dated	19. 2. 1972	197

Not to be folded or roughly handled

Madras

Revenue

Department

743/1

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue

Dated 10th February 1897

No 563

Read the following

No 85

From

A. W. Barlow Esquire

Collector of the

Chingleput District

To

H. E. Stokes Esquire

Secy. to the Board of

Revenue Madras

Sir

The disastrous nature of the

seasons in the past and present years,

has been fully reported on by me, and the

result is well known to the Board, so that

in requesting a relaxation of the ordinary

remission rules, I need only point out

what

what in my opinion is necessary. viz.

I. Remission of assessment on Pumph waste, and say, including portions of fields left waste or the crops of which have withered for want of water.

II. Percentage remission for short crops on similar lands.

III. Remission on portions of Kenjah fields left waste or the crops of which have withered for want of water.

2. From recent Correspondence with the Director of Revenue Settlement and his Deputy Major Stuart, it appears that all the accounts connected with the new Settlement of the Saidapet and Pannery Taluqs are ready and that rough puttahs have been distributed to the ryots; but

743/2
I do not think it advisable to introduce the same for the year like the present when Cultivation in some Villages is actually nil, and many of the ryots are absent with their families leaving their houses to take care of themselves.

3. I am further anxious to avoid the Congregation of any large number of people at the jamahundy Camps, and the detention of Curnums from their homes for long intervals - results unavoidable if the new Settlement is introduced - for fear of Cholera, which has already made its appearance in the District. The ryots too can ill afford, owing to straitened circumstances to attend jamahundy for long; get

what in any opinion is necessary. viz.

I. Remission of assessment on Pungah waste, and Pany, including portions of fields left waste or the crops of which have withered for want of water.

II. Percentage remission for short crop on similar lands.

III. Remission on portions of Kenjak fields left waste or the crops of which have withered for want of water.

2. From recent Correspondence with the Director of Revenue Settlement and his Deputy Major Stuart, it appears that all the accounts connected with the new Settlement of the Saidapet and Pannery Taluqs are ready and that rough puttahs have been distributed to the ryots; but

743/1
I do not think it advisable to introduce the same for the nine year like the present when Cultivation in some Villages is actually nil, and many of the ryots are absent with their families leaving their houses to take care of themselves.

3. I am further anxious to avoid the Congregation of any large number of people at the jumabundy Camps, and the detention of Curneens from their homes for long intervals - results unavoidable if the new Settlement is introduced - for fear of Cholera, which has already made its appearance in the District. The ryots too can ill afford, owing to straitened Circumstances to attend jumabundy for long; yet

143/3
get it is highly important that
when introducing the new settle-
ment every possible opportunity
should be afforded to them to represent
their Complaints, which from ex-
perience of the past fully I find
to be many and varied often
necessitating material alterations
in the new Chittahs and Registers &c
and that such should be the
Case is not surprising, Consider-
ing the magnitude of the work
done at the new settlement.

4. Should the Board, however,
desire the new settlement to be
introduced this fully, I must
ask

ask that the special remissions, I
have recommended for the District
generally, may be extended to the Saide-
pett and Ponnery Taluqs, irrespective
of the new settlement vide Board's
Circular order No XX of 1872 dated
17th December.

Deputy District
Collector's office
Mett 1st February 1877

Sham & Co
By R. W. Barlow
Collector

The Board have no
objection to the introduction of
the new settlement in the Ponnery
taluk being deferred till next
fully.

2. The remissions applied for
are

are sanctioned throughout the
District in respect of the new
settlement having been introduced
in the Saidapet taluk.

(True Copy and Extract)

/s/ J. H. Stokes.

Ag. Secretary

To The Collector of Chingleput

(True Copy)

W. H. H. H.

Ag. Secretary

To The Additional Secretary to Government R.D.

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
19th February 1877.

No. 612. Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 10th February 1877, No. 85:—

Read the following letter from R. W. BARLOW, Esq., Collector of the Chingleput District, to H. E. STOKES, Esq., Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Sydapet, 1st February 1877, No. 85:—

THE disastrous nature of the seasons in the past and present faslis has been fully reported on by me and the result is well known to the Board, so that in requesting a relaxation of the ordinary remission rules I need only point out what, in my opinion, is necessary, viz:—

- (1.) Remission of assessment on punjah waste and shavy, including portions of fields left waste or the crops of which have withered for want of water.
- (2.) Percentage remission for short crop on similar lands.
- (3.) Remission on portions of nunjah fields left waste or the crops of which have withered for want of water.

2. From recent correspondence with the Director of Revenue Settlement and his Deputy, Major Stuart, it appears that all the accounts connected with the new settlement of the Sydapet and Ponnery Taluqs are ready, and that rough puttass have been distributed to the ryots; but I do not think it advisable to introduce the same in a famine year like the present when cultivation in some villages is actually nil, and many of the ryots are absent with their families, leaving their houses to take care of themselves.

3. I am further anxious to avoid the congregation of any large number of people at the Jamabandi camps, and the detention of Curnams from their homes for long intervals—results unavoidable if the new settlement is introduced—for fear of cholera, which has already made its appearance in the district. The ryots too can ill-afford, owing to straitened circumstances, to attend Jamabandi for long; yet it is highly important that when introducing the new settlement every possible opportunity should be afforded to them to represent their complaints, which, from experience of the past fasli, I find to be many and varied, often necessitating material alterations in the new chittahs and registers, &c., and that such should be the case is not surprising, considering the magnitude of the work done at the new settlement.

4. Should the Board, however, desire the new settlement to be introduced this fasli, I must ask that the special remissions I have recommended for the district generally may be extended to the Sydapet and Ponnery Taluqs, irrespective of the new settlement—vide Board's Circular Order, No. XX of 1872, dated 17th December.

THE Board have no objection to the introduction of the new settlement in the Ponnery Taluq being deferred till next fasli.

2. The remissions applied for are sanctioned throughout the district, irrespective of the new settlement having been introduced in the Sydapet Taluq.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) H. E. STOKES,
Acting Secretary.

No. 613. ORDER THEREON, 19th February 1877, No. 743.

Land Revenue, No. 40.

THE Board's Proceedings are approved.

True Extract.)

(Signed) D. F. CARMICHAEL,

Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.

„ the Director of Revenue Settlement.

Ed. A. F. Goodall.

14th Feb Board of Revenue 27-2-77
25 Director of Revenue Settlement

3/60

1880-1894 Deficit
19th Feb 70
Proceedings of
the Board of Revenue
dated 10th February 1877
viz:—
1. The Board's proceedings
are approved.
2. From recent correspondence with the Director of Revenue Settlement and his Deputy, Major Stuart, it appears that all the accounts connected with the new settlement of the Sydapet and Ponnery Taluqs are ready, and that rough puttass have been distributed to the ryots; but I do not think it advisable to introduce the same in a famine year like the present when cultivation in some villages is actually nil, and many of the ryots are absent with their families, leaving their houses to take care of themselves.
3. I am further anxious to avoid the congregation of any large number of people at the Jamabandi camps, and the detention of Curnams from their homes for long intervals—results unavoidable if the new settlement is introduced—for fear of cholera, which has already made its appearance in the district. The ryots too can ill-afford, owing to straitened circumstances, to attend Jamabandi for long; yet it is highly important that when introducing the new settlement every possible opportunity should be afforded to them to represent their complaints, which, from experience of the past fasli, I find to be many and varied, often necessitating material alterations in the new chittahs and registers, &c., and that such should be the case is not surprising, considering the magnitude of the work done at the new settlement.
4. Should the Board, however, desire the new settlement to be introduced this fasli, I must ask that the special remissions I have recommended for the district generally may be extended to the Sydapet and Ponnery Taluqs, irrespective of the new settlement—vide Board's Circular Order, No. XX of 1872, dated 17th December.

the Policy of
the Board of Revenue
dated 10th February 1877
viz:—
1. The Board's proceedings
are approved.
2. From recent correspondence with the Director of Revenue Settlement and his Deputy, Major Stuart, it appears that all the accounts connected with the new settlement of the Sydapet and Ponnery Taluqs are ready, and that rough puttass have been distributed to the ryots; but I do not think it advisable to introduce the same in a famine year like the present when cultivation in some villages is actually nil, and many of the ryots are absent with their families, leaving their houses to take care of themselves.
3. I am further anxious to avoid the congregation of any large number of people at the Jamabandi camps, and the detention of Curnams from their homes for long intervals—results unavoidable if the new settlement is introduced—for fear of cholera, which has already made its appearance in the district. The ryots too can ill-afford, owing to straitened circumstances, to attend Jamabandi for long; yet it is highly important that when introducing the new settlement every possible opportunity should be afforded to them to represent their complaints, which, from experience of the past fasli, I find to be many and varied, often necessitating material alterations in the new chittahs and registers, &c., and that such should be the case is not surprising, considering the magnitude of the work done at the new settlement.
4. Should the Board, however, desire the new settlement to be introduced this fasli, I must ask that the special remissions I have recommended for the district generally may be extended to the Sydapet and Ponnery Taluqs, irrespective of the new settlement—vide Board's Circular Order, No. XX of 1872, dated 17th December.

