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TAMIL NADU ARCHIVES

GOVERNMENT OF TAMIL NADU

REVENUE-DEPARTMENT

G.O. No.	3034	Press.
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Not to be folded or roughly handled

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

29th September 1877, No. 3,034.

Famine Relief.

Read the following paper:—

No. 864. Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 7th September 1877.

Read the following letter from R. W. BARLOW, Esq., Collector of the Chingleput District, to C. A. GALTON, Esq., Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Sydapet, 31st August 1877, No. 656.

I HAVE the honor to forward copies of letters as per margin from Major Murray, Special Relief Officer, giving his views regarding the evils arising from the relocation to their villages of paupers from Madras, and of my No. 2,785 of the 17th instant, referred to for the information of Government. No special reference, however, seems to me necessary as the correspondence quoted, I think, sufficiently disposes of the question for the present; but I forward the same as Major Murray officially requests me to do so.

2. The evil alluded to by Major Murray at paragraph 2 of his No. 308 has already been brought to notice by me—*vide* my No. 614, dated the 18th instant, while as regards able-bodied paupers found in camps the remedy lies in the hands of the officer in charge of each camp.

3. As to the desirability of localizing the paupers of each taluq as much as possible by sending them to the camp or camps in such taluq I agree with Major Murray, but have directed him to suspend the despatch of large bodies of non-working paupers from the Palaveram and Tirumushi (late Korattoor) camps till misapprehensions now existing among the destitute classes, as to village dole tickets being obtainable only at Madras or other camps, have been dispelled. I directed this, fearing that paupers during transport might make off to Madras. The two camps above named have of course many paupers from other taluqs as they were two of the three first constituted to check the rush to Madras in December last.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

From Major A. J. MURRAY, Special Relief Officer, to R. W. BARLOW, Esq., Collector of the Chingleput District, dated St. Thomas' Mount, 27th July 1877, No. 272.

I HAVE the honor again to bring to your notice the excessive overcrowding at the Palaveram Relief camp of paupers from all taluqs of this district and from the other districts bordering thereon, notably those of South and North Arcot.

2. Last evening at this camp there were about 12,000 people waiting to be fed; over 10,000 were counted before rain and darkness put an end to the numbering. In consequence of the rain, and the consequent necessity of attending on such a crowd waiting for food at a camp, not at all in a position to meet such a demand, however, now made daily upon it, a large number of the people remained unfed: I am told 2,000. I cannot exactly say, as I was myself at the Tirumushi camp at the time, I can only say that the clamor of no food was loud and great on all sides this morning.

3. Of this large assemblage some 3,000 at the outside belong to the Sydapat Talu of this district; of the balance a very large portion belongs to the taluqs of Chingleput and Conjeevaram. These are the two taluqs which are the principal cause of the present distress and overcrowding; the remaining portion of the people came from the other taluqs of the district and from neighboring districts.

In Dr. May's report of his last inspection of the Chingleput Relief Camp 270 persons were obtaining relief in camp. Since the middle of Chingleput people are in the Palaveram camp.

4. It will be apparent to you from this report how unfairly the taluqs of the subdivision are taking their own share of the present distress, or seeing to the wants of their own people.

5. It is absolutely necessary that I should take prompt measures to stand against this current of pauperism from other districts and from the other taluqs of our own. I have therefore this morning directed that all persons fit and able to travel who are at our camp from other districts and divisions should be at once weeded out and sent with batte for the journey to the taluqs in which their villages are situated, and I have directed that hereafter except in cases of absolute and entire necessity arising from disease or utter starvation no person from another taluq shall be received into the camp.

6. In a late demi-official on this subject to your address I begged to urge, upon your notice the necessity of taluq relegation to centres of properly superintended relief in each taluq instead of the relegation of the people to their scattered homes and villages. I ventured to point out in that communication that the relegation of the people to their homes and villages presented up an opportunity for dishonesty on the part of village officials, which would be too severely taken to hold of, and I tried to show in this matter the superior advantages which would obtain both to the Government and to the people from a system of central taluq relief-camps properly supervised by special famine officers deputed for this purpose alone, and not by district officials having more than half their time taken up by other district duties.

7. The result of this leaving of their own proper neighborhoods and crowding down to large relief-camps upon the suburbs of the capital is already telling most injuriously upon the habits and the character of the people; they are losing sight altogether of their homes and villages; they are giving up altogether all ideas of self-help, and they are from a patient, uncomplaining, and hardworking people fast altering to a clamorous, discontented, and lazy population; they are fast becoming a population of professional beggars.

8. In consideration of all these circumstances I would earnestly urge that the only safeguard against and the only cure for such a state of things is that at each a time where distress is so widely spread each district, each division, and each taluq shall be called upon to bear its own share of the burden and to keep its own people at home.

ENCLOSURE No. 2.

From Major A. G. MURRAY, Special Relief Officer, to R. W. BARLOW, Esq., Collector of the Chingleput District, dated St. Thomas' Mount, 13th August 1877, No. 308.

I HAVE the honor specially to bring to your notice another result of the working of the present scheme of home and village relegation.

2. For every person who is relegated to his village another seeing his neighbor return home with a draft upon the village headman for a money dole, swiftly arraying himself in his poorest rags and drawing to his stomach to his back bone starts off for the nearest relief-camp and prays for the boon of village relegation.

3. You know how the best-to-do ryots and other natives well off can, when it suits them, pass on the appearance of utter misery and destitution; thus it is fast coming round to be the distress or the semblance of it sufficient to make it supposed to be the real distress. The result of village aid and village relegation, the whole or almost the whole of the population, both those needy and those not needy, in one way or another subsisting on Government charity and so to an enormous extent plundering the State.

4. I have today in demi-official form drawn your attention to the fact of the great numbers of strong able-bodied women with their children obtaining gratuitous food at the Grainy Relief-camp. I may say with perfect truth that this is the fact in many other camps in and around Madras. I would therefore with much respect beg to urge upon your notice and on that of Government heads details were thoroughly gone into, such an inquiry could not but lay bare the truth that, however difficult it may be to prevent it, there is no doubt of the fact that much money is being spent which the Government has no intention of so expending.

ENCLOSURE No. 3.

From R. W. BARLOW, Esq., Collector of the Chingleput District, to Major A. G. MURRAY, Special Relief Officer, Chingleput District, dated Sydapat, 17th August 1877, No. 2,785.

In reply to your No. 308 of the 13th instant I have the honor to inform you that the evil alluded to in the 1st paragraph of your letter was pointed out by me some time since to the Hon. Sir William Robinson as sure to ensue.

2. As regards the rest of your letter, I have the honor to observe that you make no suggestion as to what for the precautions you would adopt. Government having decided after due deliberation very recently to try a village dole system in addition to camps will certainly not alter without a full trial, and our duty is to do our best to carry out their views, though I also have doubts as to the ultimate result.

3. As regards the able-bodied the remedy lies in the hands of each camp officer; they can be turned out with a ticket for work, due discretion being used in selecting such reserves.

4. I take this opportunity of again impressing on you that I have no desire to force relegation with money tickets upon those who are unable to work, and they should not be sent to their villages if they prefer remaining in camp.

ENCLOSURE No. 4.

From R. W. BARLOW, Esq., Collector of the Chingleput District, to Major A. G. MURRAY, Special Relief Officer, Chingleput District, dated Sydapat, 17th August 1877, No. 2,784.

ADVERTING to my Nos. 2,492 and 2,743, dated 27th ultimo and 15th instant, respectively, I have the honor to request that you will desist for the present from sending non able-bodied paupers from Tirumushi and Palaveram and to the camps of their own taluq.

2. Where they are they are out of mischief, but if moved and unsettled they may make for Madras; just now here is a large influx.

ENCLOSURE No. 5.

From Major A. G. MURRAY, Special Relief Officer, to R. W. BARLOW, Esq., Collector of the Chingleput District, dated St. Thomas' Mount, 18th August 1877, No. 323.

I HAVE the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, No. 2,785, dated 17th instant, replying to mine No. 308 of the 13th idem.

2. In reply I beg you will do me the favor of forwarding my letter No. 308 above quoted together with this communication and with copy of my letter, No. 272, dated 27th ultimo, to your address on the subject of pauper relegation from relief-camps to their homes and villages to Government for their consideration. In the 2nd paragraph of your letter under reply you state that I have made no suggestion as to the steps which ought to be taken to improve upon this scheme of village relegation. I would respectfully observe that my letter No. 272, copy of which is attached, is a clear suggestion of what, in my opinion, is the course which would meet the difficulties now apparent in the scheme of village relegation with a money dole at home.

3. It is absolutely clear that in relegating paupers from Madras and its suburbs round about to great distances in other taluqs little or nothing can be known about them, or the truth of the statements they make as regards their homes; they naturally accept with a light heart the boon of 8 Annas and half a measure of rice which is the rate given in relegating from the Madras camps and they go where it suits them probably to another camp to be again relegated.

4. Were there however no centres of relief, to which each person claiming to belong to a certain taluq could be sent, then his real claim for relief in the camp of that taluq, or to village relief at home more, could easily be ascertained.

SUBMITTED for the orders of Government.

2. The increasing numbers at Palaveram render some steps to relegate paupers to their own districts and taluqs necessary, and Mr. Barlow should arrange to send strangers back under Police escort if necessary. Twelve thousand is no

Revenue Department, 29th September 1877, No. 3,034.

utterly unmanageable number for one camp. The course above indicated appears to be in accordance with the instructions conveyed in G.O., dated 17th August 1877, No. 2,518-B.

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) C. A. GALYON,
Acting Secretary.

No. 365.

ORDER THEREON, 29th September 1877, No. 3,034.

Miscellaneous.

RECORDED with reference to G.O.,
No. 2,847, of September 24th. Instead
of relegating persons who have become
direct to works under Department of Public Works or Civil Agency according to
their capabilities.

2. The Collector should supply Major Murray with a list of all such works
in his district.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. H. GARSTIN,
Additional Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.
The Collector of Chingleput.
The Financial Department.
The Public Works Department.
The Commissioner of Police.
The Inspector-General of Police.

Ed. A. Grubert.

F. N^o 7554

Memo.

The evil complained
of by Sir James
is a very grave one
but its origin is
evidently the system
of delegation. The
remedy is the immediate
and absolute abolition
of that system &
the annihilation of the
following principles;
Relief Compo are only
intended for the relief
of those sickly & malingering
persons chosen quite
arbitrary to work. None
others should be admitted
excepting those who
are able to do work
they should be sent to work
& not relegated anywhere

The giving of better to these
people is a most
mischievous & rotten

if it is not given
the people will flock
to the camp -

A strong force of
temporary constables
may be necessary
to take persons to
work & to keep order
at camp but these
can easily be
obtained -

The ^{inhabitants of the} ~~camp~~ ^{inhabitants of the}
in a camp should
transfer on arrival
to a work & Dr. Ry
should look to camp
for their supplies

J.H.P.

The experience of
a practical officer
like Major Murray
is many testimonies
against too large

and a fee for
admission to the
money dole - H & the
A has expressed his
opinion that it is
advisable very strongly
to limit the number
of people to a certain
class of persons and
the G. of India had
concurred in this

view & have expressed
a wish that the point
should be made quite
clear in any orders
that may now be
issued - This limitation
is provided for in
the draft of a
molestation order
which has been arranged
submitted to H & the
on the 8th instant -
and will enter H &

13/9

N^o 4176

Reserve Dept

Proceedings of the Board of Rev.

Dated 7th September 1877

Read the following

No. 656.

From

R. W. Barclay Esquire
Lieut. of the
Chingapat District

To

Act. Galt on Esquire
Secy. Secretary to the
Board of Reserve

Sir,

Madras

I have the honor to for-

ward copies of letters as per

From Major Murray } Messrs from Major
No. 272 of 27 July 1877 }
From " " No. 308 } Messrs Special Relig.
dated 13th Aug 1877 } officers giving his views
" " " No. 323 } regarding the evils arising
dated 18th Aug 1877 } from the relegation
To " " No. 2781 } of 17th Aug 1877 }
to their villages of persons
from barracks and of way

No. 2785 of the 17th. Instant
referred to, for the infor-
mation of Government.
No special reference, how-
ever, seems to me necessary
as the correspondence quoted
I think, sufficiently disposes
of the question for the present,
but I forward the same
as Mayor Murray's office.
I all requests me to do so.

2. The mail attended to by
Mayor Murray at 10 a.m.
of his No. 308 has already
been brought to a close
by me. Vice my No. 614 is
dated the 18th. Instant
while as regards all bodies
paupers found in Camps
the remedy lies in the hands
of the officers in charge
of each camp.

3. As to the desirability of
localizing the paupers of
each Taling as much as pos-
sible by sending them to
the Camp or Camps in such
Taling, I agree with Mayor
Murray, but have di-
rected him to suspend
the despatch of large
bodies of non-working
paupers from the Pallawam
& Trumushi (late Kotaloor)
Camps till misapprehensions
now existing among the
destitute classes - as to
Village and tickets being
obtainable only at Keddoo
or other Camps - have
been dispelled. I directed
this, fearing that paupers

during the worst might
make off to Measras.

The two camps alone received
large of course many
paupers from other
Talugs as they were two, of
the three first cauti-
-bated to check the rush
to Measras in December last.

Chingapat Dt. Measras
Collection Office
Saidapur
31st August 1877
Collected

Excuses

From No. 272.
SP. The Special Relief Officer
Chingapat Dt.
To, R.W. Barlow Esquire
Collector Chingapat Dt.
Sir, I have the honor
again to bring to your
notice the excessive

success and at the Measras
Relief Camp of paupers
from all talugs of this
District and from the
other Districts bordering
thereon, none of them of
San to short to it.

Last evening at this Camp
there were about twelve in-
thousand people waiting
to be fed, over two thousand
were counted before rain
and darkness put an end
to the number. In conse-
quence of the rain and
the confusion neces-
-sary attendant on such
a crowd waiting for
food at a camp not
at all in a position to
meet such a demand

a demand for rice, now
being daily upon it, a
large number of the
people remained hungry.
I am told two thousand
I cannot exactly say,
as I was myself at the
Siamunhee Camp at the
time, I can only say
that the clamour of
for food was loud and
great on all sides two
mornings.

Of this large as-
semblage some three
thousand at the outside
belong to the Siamunhee
Talug of this District
of the balance nearly
large portion belongs

to the Talugs of Chingtep
and Chingaw. These
are the two Talugs which
are the principal cause
of our present want
of rice ~~and~~ ^{the} ~~rice~~ ^{the}
remaining portion of the
people came from the
other Talugs of the District
and from neighbouring
Districts.

In Dr. Gray's re-
port of his last
inspection of the
Chingtep
Relief Camp
249 persons
were staying
in the Camp.

Some thousands
of Chingtep
people are in the
Palaung Camp.

It will be apparent
to you from this report
how seriously the Talugs
of the Subdivisions are
taking their own share
of the present distress, or
seeing to the want of their
own people -

It is absolutely necessary
that I should take prompt
measures to stand against
the torrent of pauperism
from other Districts &
from the other Taluqs
of our zone. I have
therefore this morning
directed that all persons
fit and able to stand
alone at any camp
from other Districts &
Divisions should be at
once despatched and sent
with batta for the journey
to the Taluqs in which their
Villages are situated,
and I have directed that,
hereafter, except in cases
of absolute and extreme
necessity

necessity arising from
disease or utter want of
food, no person from
another Taluq shall be
received into the Camp.

In a late Review Office
order on this subject to
your address I suggested
to arrange up an order notice
the necessity of Taluq re-
gulation to centres of
property supervision in
relief in each Taluq, instead
of the relegation of the people
to their scattered homes
and villages. I ventured
to point out in that com-
munication that the re-
legation of the people
to their homes and villages
opened up an opportunity
for

For disbanding on the part
of Village Officials which
would be too severely taken
hold of and tried to show
in this matter the superior
advantages which would
be available to the Govern-
ment and to the people from
a system of Centralizing
Relief Camps, properly
supervised by Special
Famine officers deputed
for this purpose alone.
Could not they District
Officials having more
than half their time taken
up by their District duties.

The result of this ban-
ning of their own proper
neighbourhoods and

growing down to large
Relief Camps up on the
slopes of the Capital is
already telling most
mainly upon the habits
and the character of the
people; they are, losing
sight altogether of their
hamlets and villages - they
are going up altogether all
ideas of self-help and
they are from a patient
uncomplaining and hard
working people, fast
becoming a clamorous
discontented and large
population - they are fast
becoming a population
of professional beggars.

In consideration of

all these circumstances,
I would earnestly urge that
the only safe guard against
and the only cause for
such a state of things, is
that at such a time when
distress is so widely spread
each District, each Divi-
sion and each Taluk, shall
be called upon to bear
its own share of the burden
and to keep its own people at
shame

Saint Thomas Mount, Ithaca 43
27th July 1877 S. P. A. G. Murray, Mysore.
Spl. Relief Officer
Chengalput Dist.

1 True copy

(B.) R. W. Barlow
Collector.

No. 308

From

The Special Relief Officer
Chengalput Dist.

To

To

The Collector of
Chengalput District

Sir

I have the honor to
reply to being to your
notice and the result of the
working of the present scheme
of home village Relocation.

For every person who
is relocated to his village
another seeing his neighbors
return home with a draft
upon the village headman
for a heavy dose of
arranging himself in his
tattered rags and drawing
in his stomach to his back.
have started off for the
nearest Relief Camp and
prayer for the sake of vil-
lage Relocation.

Yours

You know how even
the best do not get the other
distresses well off, even, when it
suits them, put on the ap-
pearance of utter misery
and destitution, thus it is
fact coming named
to be the case what with
Relig Camps and heavy
doles I have thought in
every District where there
is real distress or the ^{sentence} ~~case~~
of it suffi-
cient to make it supposed
to be needful to bring in
the system of Village aid
and Village relocations
the whole or almost the
whole of the population
is both those needy &
those not needy, in

in one way or another
subsisting on Government
Charity and so to an ex-
tensive extent plundering
the state.

I have today in
Dean Official form
drawn your attention
to the fact of the great
numbers of the people
who did a snow with
their children obtaining
gratuitous food at the
Quincy Relig Camps I may
say with perfect truth
that this is the fact in
many other Camps in
and around the state.
I would therefore to
much respect beg to urge
upon your Office and
that of Government

Heater

that, in these two sources
of charitable expenditure
viz at Relief Camps and
through Village Mess,
details were thoroughly
gone into, such an inquiry
could not but lay bare
the facts that however dif-
ficult it may be to per-
suade it, there is no doubt
of the fact that much
money is being spent
which the Government
has no intention of suspending.
Saint Thomas I have &
Mount 13th August 3rd 1874
A. J. Murray, Major
Spl. R. Officer Chinglap District

True copy

P. R. W. Barlow
Collector

From

No. 2785

R. W. Barlow Esq
Collector of the Chinglap
District.

To

To

Major A. J. Murray

Spl. Relief Officer

Chinglap District

Sir

In reply to your letter
of the 13th Instant, I
have the honor to inform
you that the evil, alluded
to in the 1st para of your
letter, was pointed out by
me some time since to the
Honorable Sir William
Poleman and is sure to cease.

2. As regards the rest
of your letter, I have the
honor to observe, that
you make no suggestion
as to what further precau-
tions you would adopt.
Government having decided

after due deliberation & very
recently, to pay a village
dole system, in addition
to Camps, will certainly not
alter without a full trial,
and our duty is to do our
best to carry out their
wishes, though I also have
doubts as to the ultimate
result.

3. As regards the allocation
the remedy lies in the hands
of each Camp Officer,
they can be turned out
with a ticket for work,
due discretion being used
in selecting such resources.

4. I take this opportunity
of expressing my
sincerely to you that I have
no desire to force re-

regulation into in any
tickets upon those who
are unable to work and
they should not be sent
to their villages if they prefer
remaining in Camp.

Chinglaput Dist. } I have got
Collector's Office } D/R R. Barlow
Said report, } dated at
17th August 1877 }
I have copy

D/R R. Barlow
Collector

N: 2781. From

The Collector of the
Chinglaput District.

To
Major A. Murray
Spl. Relief Officer
Chinglaput District.

Sir

I am writing to you

Yours

No. 2492 & 2743 dated 27th Ultimo
 And 15th I trust out respect-
 -fully. I have the honor
 to request that you will
 decide for the present
 from sending non-able-
 bodied Paupers from
 Simmushie & Pallavee and
 to the Camps of their own
 Taluq.

2. Where they are they are
 out of mischief, but if
 more are unschooled
 they may make for headway,
 just now there is a large
 influx: + + + + +

Chunglaput Dist^y } I have &c.
 Collrs Office }
 Said Dist^y }
 17th Aug^r 1877 }
 To }
 From }
 223.
 Religious Relief Officers
 Chunglaput Dist^y

L.

R.W. Barlow Esq.
 Collector, Chunglaput Dist^y

I have the honor to
 acknowledge the receipt of your
 letter of 27th date by which I understand
 regarding the same No. 308 of the
 13th Idem -

In reply, I beg to
 inform you of the
 forwarding my letter No. 308
 at one go with, together with the
 communication and with
 copy of my letter No. 272
 dated 27th Ultimo, by which
 address the subject of
 pauper Relinquishment of
 Religious Camps to their
 own Villages to Government
 for

for their cessation.

In the second paragraph
of your letter under reply
you state that I have
no suggestion as to the steps
which ought to be taken to
improve upon this scheme
of Village Religations. I
would respectfully observe
that my letter is a copy
of which is attached, is a
clear suggestion of what
in my opinion, is the course
which would meet the def-
iciency now apparent
in the scheme of Village
Religations, to wit a money
hole at home.

It is also clearly clear
that

that in relaying from
from Mass to Camp, and then
Camp, and then
great distance as in other
States, little or nothing
can be done about
them or the truth of the situation.
I mean they are to accept
their names. They are to
accept with a light heart
the loss of right arms
and half a measure of rice
which is the rate given in
relaying from the
Mass to Camp, and then
go where it suits them for
to shift to another Camp
to be again relayed!

What then however being
center of Relays to which

1500

each person claiming
to belong to a certain Talug
could be sent, then his real
claim for relief in the
Camp of that Talug or to
the large relief at home
there, could easily be
ascertained.

Saml Manning, I have 12th
Mianat
18th August 1877 } 1877 A. G. Murray, Major
Spt. Relief Officer
L. Kingdon D. O. S.
/ True Copy

1877 R. W. Barlow
Secretary.

Submitted for the orders
of Government.

2. The increasing numbers
at Palanwan render it
impossible to migrate from
place to their own District
and

and Talugs necessary and
Mr. Barlow should arrange
to send strangers back in
Police escort if necessary.
Twelve thousand is an utterly
unmanageable number for
one Camp. The course shown
indicated appears to be in
accordance with the instructions
conveyed in G. O. dated 17th
August 1877 No. 2518 B.

/ True Copy & Extract

To
Ag. Secretary
The Adm. Secy. to Govt. B. D.

W. W. Wadsworth

