

Revenue (1899) Department.

MISCELLANEOUS SERIES.

G.O., No. 255

DATED 17th January 99

[Despatch Abstract.]

Recording B's Profs Submitting to Govt
letter from the collector of Cuddapah fur-
nishing explanation in regard to the
contraction of gratuitous relief.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Revenue (1898) Department.

CURRENT No. ⁸⁶⁹⁹~~8700~~

Order mis. ¹⁰²⁵⁵ 717-^{Jan 4 1899} From The Board of Revenue.
Revenue Settlement, Land Records & Agriculture, Madras.

Recorded

No. 7256 Mis.

Dated 17th December 1898.

Received 20.

Registered 20

Enclosures

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SUBJECT,

Submitting to Government letter from the Collector of Cuddapah submitting explanation regarding the policy in the contraction of gratuitous relief.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Sett. 13-2,000-25-4 98.)



Proceedings of the Board of Revenue

(Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture),

Dated 17th December 1898.

189.

No. 7256 Mis.

Read

the following letter from A.C.Tate, Esq., Collector of

Cuddapah, Dis No. 1901/F of 1897, dated 23rd December 1897:-

With reference to B.F. No. 7844 Mis. dated 23rd September

1897 communicating to me the remarks of Government and calling on me to explain the remark made in the last sentence of my letter Ref on cur 141/F dated 27th August 1897, re-

garding the policy in the contraction of gratuitous relief, I have the honor to state that what I had really in my mind when I made the remark was the manner in which the Famine policy of Government was interpreted by the Famine Commissioner whose powers of ~~contract~~ ^{control} under Government were unlimited.

2. A spirit of extreme generosity in the disposal of the state funds shone through every one of his orders. I will only instance an order directly contrary to the Famine code wherein I was directed to take recipients of Indian charitable relief fund doles on to gratuitous state relief "Enmasse" in support of this statement, but I am prepared, if necessary, to quote a great number of his orders showing the same spirit

(3). As regards gratuitous relief, the order was that it should be given to every one in danger of starvation, whether residing in prosperous villages, or in Famine-stricken villages. We have the destitute poor always with us in years of plenty as well as in years of famine. They are generally kept alive by private charity, but there is a most decided tendency on the part of the entire population to do nothing for themselves that they can get Government to do for them. I was apprehensive when I made my remark under notice that it would be a long time before the destitute poor could be pronounced to be free from danger of starvation, but I am glad to say that as events turned out I was able to close gratuitous relief at an earlier date than Collectors of other districts.

Resolution:-

Submitted to Government, in reference to G.O. 4891 M.S., dated 16th September 1897.

2. The "present policy" referred to by Mr. Tate in his letter which formed the subject of the G.O. just quoted appears to be the policy which Mr. Tate believed to be that of the Famine Commissioner. The Board submits that the matter may be dropped.
3. The Board much regrets the delay in the submission of the explanation.

(True Copy and Extract).

R. V. Sani Wasia
Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.

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189 .

READ AGAIN G.O., No.

189 ,

DATED

ERS.

ENCLOSURES TO G. No.

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT

A A A A A A A

LETTER OF GOVERNMENT.

STATEMENT IN LITTO.

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Goth
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R. V. Srinivasan
Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.

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