

(1) Number of pages 12
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TAMIL NADU ARCHIVES

GOVERNMENT OF TAMIL NADU

Revenue DEPARTMENT

G.O. No.	1427	Press
B.P. No.		Mis.
Dated	14. 4. 1877	197

Not to be folded or roughly handled

Famine Relief.

No. 327. Read the following letter from J. F. PRICE, Esq., Acting Collector of Cuddapah, to J. H. GARSTIN, Esq., Additional Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, Fort St. George, dated Sidhout, 2nd April 1877, Extra No. 637:—

REFEREING to your telegram of the 7th ultimo, asking me to make inquiries as to what has become of the large number of persons leaving relief-works, I have the honor to inform you that I have done this.

2. The opinions of my Divisional Officers are summarized below:—

(i.) *Sub-Collector.*—States that he believes that the coolies have “for the most part gone back to their villages and live by selling what little property they have left, and by cutting leaves and hill grass in the jungle, &c.”

(ii.) *Head Assistant Collector.*—Points out that there has been no marked decrease in his taluqs; accounts for what there has been by showing that they have obtained employment locally in harvesting, &c.

(iii.) *Mr. Cox, Budicail Taluq.*—Is of opinion that the people who have left the works have either gone elsewhere thinking to get better wages, or have taken to collecting firewood and grass in the belief that it will prove more lucrative than the reduced wages paid by Government; considers that the greater part will soon return.

(iv.) *Special Assistant Collector, Cuddapah Taluq.*—Reports that about one-fourth of the number which has disappeared is still engaged in harvesting operations; that one-fourth consists of men who will not work at the present rates, but send their women and children and live upon what they bring; and that of the remainder between 1,200 and 1,500 have recently emigrated to Nellore, and the balance have found other employment.

(v.) *Mr. Weekes, B.C.S., Jammalmadugu, Proddatoor, and Pulivendla Taluqs.*—Believes that of those who have left relief-works some have found employment in harvesting operations, others are living upon their private resources, and others have gone to other taluqs and districts to see whether they could not get easier work and more pay than they do here.

3. The portions of the district in which there were heavy reductions were the sub-division and the famine division now under Mr. Weekes. The decrease in numbers in the other taluqs has been merely the result of elimination of those who should not have been on the works and the introduction of reduced wages and less work. I have already expressed the opinion, which experience has shown to be correct, that there were numerous “pauper” coolies in the sub-division, and I feel convinced that the same thing has occurred in Mr. Weekes’ range. Many of the coolies who have left, or have been turned away from the relief-works, have no doubt found employment in the harvest and, since the rain, in preparing the land for cultivation; many of the men are practically on strike, that is that they stay at home and send their families, whose wages have been but slightly affected by the introduction of the new scale, to work for them. Others have certainly wandered away elsewhere. I have found on the works in the Head Assistant’s

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*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
14th April 1877.*

taluqs people from all parts of the sub-division, and I have met parties of them moving about looking for employment. Mr. Gribble in his report mentions that "some coolies have plainly said to him that they would prefer dying with no work than working on small pay." This is all nonsense, as an officer of the Acting Sub-Collector's standing and experience ought to know. I do not believe that a single coolie who has no other means of living than the Government wages earned by himself or by others has stayed away from the works. All that I fear is that native officials, apprehensive of being taken to task if the numbers employed increase rapidly, have arranged to maintain a certain strength. This is what I am sure was done in certainly one taluq of the district, and I dare say that it may have gone on elsewhere. I do not think that it does now.

No. 328.

ORDER THEREON, 14th April 1877, No. 1,427.

Miscellaneous.

RECORDED.

•(True Extract.)

(Signed)

J. H. GARSTIN,

Additional Secretary to Government.

To the Collector of Cuddapah.
.. the Board of Revenue.
.. the Financial Department.

Extra No. 637

Cuddapah Collectors Office
Camp Sishont

11/27/77
2^d April 1877.
Despd. 5th to

From J. Price Esquire
Acting Collector of Cuddapah
To J. B. Gannett Esquire
Additional Secretary to Government
Fort-Saint George.

Sir,
Referring to your telegram of the
7th ultimo asking me to make enquiries
as to what has become of the large number
of persons leaving Relief works, I
have the honor to inform you that
I have done this.

2. The opinions of my Divisional
Officers are summarized below.

I. Subcollector states that he believes
that the coolies have "for the most
part gone back to their villages and
live by selling what little property
they have left and by cutting leaves

COPIES OF (1877) 23/4/77
REVENUE.

THE COLLECTOR OF CUDDAPAH.

RECEIVED

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

APRIL 11

RECEIVED

Enclosed herewith are the following
copies of the reports of the Divisional
Officers of the District of Cuddapah
relative to the above subject, and
with this enclosure is the original.

and kill grass in the jungle 1880-1881

II. Head Assistant Collector Pindur out
that there has been no marked decrease
in his Taluq. accounts for what there
has been by showing that they have
obtained employment locally in
harvesting 1881.

III. Mr. Cox
Rudraiah Taluq. Is of opinion that
the people who have left the works
have either gone elsewhere thinking
to get better wages, or have taken to
collecting firewood and grass in
the belief that it will prove ^{more} lucrative
than the reduced wages paid by Govern-
ment, considers that the greater part
will soon return.

IV. Special Assistant Collector
Gundipati Taluq. Reports
that ^{about} $\frac{1}{4}$ of the number which has dis-
appeared is still engaged in harvesting
operations, that $\frac{1}{4}$ consists of men who
will not work at the present

147/4
but send their women and children and
live upon what they bring, and that
of the remainder between 1200 and 1500
have recently emigrated to Bellary,
and the balance have found other
employment.

V. Mr. Trekes B.S.
Jamalmadugur
Proddatur, Puli
venola Taluq. Believes that
of those who have
left Relief works
some have found employment in harvest-
ing operations, others are living upon their
private resources and others have gone
to other Taluqs and Districts to see
whether they could not get easier
work and more pay than they do here.

3. The portions of the District
in which there were heavy reductions
were the Sub Division and the Tamin
Division now under Mr. Trekes. The
decrease in numbers in the other
Taluqs has been merely the result
of ~~my~~ elimination of those who could

not have been on the works, and
the introduction of reduced wages and
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the opinion, which experience has
shown to be correct, that there were
numerous "paper" coolies in the Sub-
Division and I feel convinced that
the same thing has occurred in
Mr. Treke's range. Many of the
coolies who have left or have been
turned away from the Relief works
have no doubt found employment
in the harvest and, since the rain,
in preparing the land for cultivation.
Many of the men are practically
on strike, that is that they stay at
home and send their families, whose
wages have been but slightly affected
by the introduction of the new scale, to
work for them. Others have certainly

wandered away elsewhere. I have found
on the works in the Bead Afriatulo
Talung people from all parts of the
Sub Division and I have met parties
of them moving about looking for
employment. Mr. Gribble in his
report mentions that "some coolies
have plainly said to him that they
would prefer dying with no work
than working on small pay." This
is all nonsense, as an Officer of the
Acting Subcollector's standing and
experience ought to know. I do not
believe that a single soul who
has no other means of living than
the Government wages earned by
himself or by others has stayed
away from the works. All that
I fear is that Native Officials, appre-
-hensive of being taken to task if

the numbers employed increase rapidly, have arranged to maintain a certain strength. This is what I am sure was done in certainly one Salug of the District, and I dare say that it may have gone on elsewhere. I do not think that it does now.

I have the honor to be

Sir
Your Most Obedient

Chas. White
Special Asst. Collector
for Hy. Collector

Exc.
H.M.V.C.

1878 28/7

from the Acting Controller

of Canadian

of the Additional Secretary

to Government

to the Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald

dated 2nd April

Repld. 5th

Revised 27

1877

Exhibit No - 637

Referring to Government Order

given dated 7th ultimo that the

Secretary of the Reports received

from the Division should be forwarded

to what has been the case of the

who left the R.L. of works and

his own opinion in the matter

With order

11th/12/1877

24.8

11th/12/1877

9/4/77

35th/12/1877
5th/12/1877
5th/12/1877