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TAMIL NADU ARCHIVES

GOVERNMENT OF TAMIL NADU

DEPARTMENT

G.O. No.	2044	Press ☒
B.P. No.		Mis. ☐
Dated		197

Not to be folded or roughly handled

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
15th December 1876.*

No. 341. Read the following letter from Lieutenant-Colonel C. S. HEARN, Inspector-General of Police, to the Hon. D. F. CARMICHAEL, Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, Fort St. George, dated Madras, 8th December 1876, No. 5,549 :—

With reference to G.O., No. 1,611, dated 9th November 1876, Revenue Department, I have the honor to forward a letter from the Superintendent of Police, Godavery, pointing out that it was not a "Police Peon or Constable" who originated the riot at Cocanada as stated by Mr. Hope, the Acting District Magistrate. The term "Police Peon" is an anachronism.

Enclosure No. 1.

From Captain C. A. PORTEOUS, Superintendent of Police, Godavery District, to Lieutenant-Colonel C. S. HEARN, Inspector-General of Police, dated Rajahmundry, 2nd December 1876, No. 453.

With reference to paragraph 5 of the Acting Collector's report to the Board of Revenue, embodied in Proceedings of Government, dated 9th November, No. 1,611, I beg permission to make the following remarks for your information :—

The Acting Collector says : " It would appear that a Police Peon or Constable (it has yet to be ascertained who it was) went to a rice merchant in the Cocanada bazaar and asked him to sell rice. He said he would sell it at 11 Sars a Rupan, and not more. Whereupon the Peon became violent and pulled out to the coolies and other standing by to plunder the rice."

At no time was a Constable suspected of being concerned in any way with this matter; the man who incited the people was known from the commencement. His name is Parsuramulu. He was a Sub-Magistrate's Peon not a "Police Peon" or "Constable."

He was arrested, prosecuted, and sentenced to punishment as below :—

Two months' simple imprisonment.

2. I beg to point out also a mistake in Mr. Tate's letter embodied in the same Government Proceedings.

Mr. Tate says : " Some of the Constables are reported to have taken grain themselves."

Such a report was made only against one Constable, and he was named Shaik Hoosain.

For some reason or other the Inspector (Midford) of the division, at times hasty and indiscreet, suspected Constable No. 701, Shaik Hoosain, and applied to the Assistant Magistrate for a search warrant to search his house for grain. The warrant was granted, search was made, and no grain found. This was the only case, and I think the charge made by the Inspector was wrong, for although I know the Constable to be a man of indifferent character, he was at the time a patient in hospital, and could not have been concerned as stated.

I think it my duty to clear up to you these implications against the Police.

No. 342. Order, Madras, 15th December 1876, No. 2,044.

Macmillan

Communicated to the Collector of Godavery through the Board of Revenue.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) D. F. CARMICHAEL,
Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue,
the Inspector-General of Police.

Ed. F. R. Sauteman.

Dear Sir

It is true that a Constable suspected
of being concerned in any way with this matter.
The man who visited the public was known
from the circumstances. His name is [unclear]
He was a [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
[unclear] or Constable.

He was arrested, presented, and was
brought to the Court as before.

He is the [unclear] [unclear]

The [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
[unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
[unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]

He is the [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
[unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]

That a report was made against
the Constable and he was [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]

The [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
[unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
[unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
[unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
[unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
[unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]

no ground found. This was the only case and
I think charges made by the [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
for although I know the Constable to be a man
of independent character, he was at the time
a patient in Hospital and could not have
been concerned as stated.

I think it my duty to clear up to
you these [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]

I remain, Sir, your
[unclear]

[unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]

[unclear]

[unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
[unclear]

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1876 Sept.

Enclosure

In a letter from the
Inspector General of Police dated
Madras 8th December 1876 -
No. 5539

From Rev. 5535/76
The Superintendent of Police
Coimbatore

Dated 2nd December 1876 No. 153

Inform that the supposed
Police person who was convicted in
Coimbatore riot is not a Police
constable but a sub-magistrate's person
and that a constable was wrongly
charged by Inspector Wilford in
this case.

Chief Office of the Inspector General of Police,
No. 55349
Madras, 8th December 1876.

From

The Inspector General of Police,

To

The Secretary to Government
Revenue Department
Fort Saint George.

Sir,

Enclosure

With reference to G.O. No. 1611 dated 9th
November 1876 Revenue Department, I have the
honour to forward a letter from the Superintendent of
Police Coimbatore pointing out that it was not a "Police
person or constable" who originated the riot at Coimbatore
as stated by Mr. Wilford the Acting District Magistrate.
The term "Police person" is an error.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,

Yours truly,
C. I. M.

Inspector General of Police.

