M.R.O. 1—20,002—12-8-65.

(1) Number of Pages 14

(2) Date of repair 29. 12. 67.

(3) Initials of the Referencer

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

Revenue DEPARTMENT

G.O. No. / ~~B.P. No.~~ 1292	Press / ~~Mis.~~
Dated 21. 2. 1875 ~~196~~ .	

Not to be folded or roughly handled

No. 183. Read the following endorsement of the Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department (General), dated Simla, 31st August 1875, No. 1,755-G :—

Read the following :—

From General Sir H. D. DALY, K.C.B., Agent to the Governor-General for Central India, to the Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department (Political), dated Indore Residency, 12th July 1875, No. 30-P/151.

I HAVE the honor to submit a note to my address from His Highness Maharajah Holkar signifying his desire to appoint Ragoonatha Row, Deputy Collector of Madras, his Minister for three years in succession to Sir Madava Row. His Highness asks that Ragoonatha Row's services may lie at his disposal during that period on the same terms as those on which the Government permitted his deputation to Indore.

2. Ragoonatha Row is a relative of Sir T. Madava Row. In October last the Maharajah Holkar, at Madava Row's suggestion, applied for the services of Ragoonatha Row for six months that he might look to the Revenue Settlement of His Highness' districts of Nínawur, over which part of the administration Madava Row had not been allowed to exercise authority.

No. 1-P/1-P, dated 9th October 1874, to Foreign Secretary, India.

3. The Government of India having assented to the application, Ragoonatha Row joined at Indore on 13th of April last. At this period Sir T. Madava Row's probable withdrawal occupied attention. Ragoonatha Row remained at Indore, and, on the departure of his relative for Baroda, took up his duties here tentatively.

No. 2,521 I, dated 16th December 1874.

4. Ragoonatha Row has been in the service of the Madras Government upwards of twenty years, and is anxious to retain his lien upon it that he may revert, if need be, at the expiry of the three years, or during the interval, should anything occur, to break his engagement at Indore.

5. The appointment of Ragoonatha Row comes within the provisions of the Resolution of the Government of India, Financial Department, No. 4,359, of 14th October 1871, published at page 125, Civil Pension Code. He desires to retain his privileges as an officer in the service of Government, and I submit that, under the circumstances of Sir T. Madava Row's deputation to Baroda, it is expedient that the Government of India should apply the 3rd paragraph of the Resolution referred to and free Ragoonatha Row and the Maharajah Holkar from contribution charges.

6. The Maharajah has intimated his hope that, in consideration of the demand made upon him for the services of Sir T. Madava Row, His Excellency in Council will permit Ragoonatha Row to serve Indore as though he was still serving the British Government.

7. I would take this opportunity of soliciting the consideration of His Excellency in Council to the question of the employment of competent officers in Native States, that premium fixed on the employment of a trained Government servant by a Native State is so high as to be prohibitory. He is bound to contribute to the Government of India one-fifth of the pay he receives from the Native State for the maintenance of pension and leave privileges in the British service. The Government

by this arrangement lends servants for direct profit, for no Government servant, whether Native or European, would incur the risk incidental to all native rule, the alienation from friends and associations, without remuneration considerably in excess of that of which he is in receipt in the Government service with fixed prospects of advancement. The Native State of necessity has to compensate the Government servant for the change and sacrifice of prospects and to pay one-fifth of the emoluments so fixed as the contribution to the Government of India. The lent servant, should the time ever come for him to claim pension, will derive no benefit from the large contribution made by the Native State for the service he has rendered, for his pension will be calculated according to Government rates. For instance, if Ragoonatha Row were now pensioned, his pension would be Rs. 2,000 per annum. The contribution from Holkar during the next three years will be Rs. 14,400, probably a fair capitalization of pension for his service with Government. I know of no surer method of founding a system of good government in Native States than by the use of men trained in the service of the Government of India. If Native Chiefs could be tempted to seek the employment of such men, it would be a bond of union between the Government and the Chief; but, as matters stand, no State seeks, or agrees to take, such a servant till in extremities. Our object is to prevent extremities.

8. The Maharajah Holkar selected Sir Madava Row for a special object which His Highness has frequently described to me, but his desire to employ Ragoonatha Row is undoubtedly due to the attention which circumstances have lately given to the government of Native States.

9. I would suggest for consideration that every encouragement should be given to Native States to take from the Government service competent and experienced officers; the pension allowance of men so taken is but a small item in the scale. It will rarely happen that an officer once taken will become a charge to Government; but, bearing in mind the deep interest the Government of India has in the improved rule of Native States, this question seems of insignificant importance. Instances in which the Government of India directs pension contributions, these should be calculated according to the pension to be paid and the salary at the time of transfer and not on the salary paid for higher duties and increased responsibilities.

Enclosure No. 1

Palace, Indore,
1*st July* 1875.

My dear Friend,

You are aware that I have appointed as my Minister Mr. R. Ragoonatha Row, Deputy Collector of Madras and now on special duty here, in succession to Sir T. Madava Row, whose services I have placed, as requested, at the disposal of the Government of India for employment at Baroda.

2. I have made up my mind that Mr. Ragoonatha Row should conduct the Minister's duties for three years certain, and further that he should draw a salary at Rs. 2,000 per mensem from May last. I hope that the Government of India will be so good as to sanction the extension of his services here on the same terms on which they have been placed at my disposal up to the 31st March 1878.

Yours very sincerely,
TOOKOJEE HOLKAR.

To General Sir Henry Daly, &c., &c., &c., Indore.

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
21*st September* 1875.

From C. U. AITCHISON, Esq., Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department (General), to General Sir H. D. DALY, K.C.B., Agent to the Governor-General for Central India, dated Simla, 31st August 1875, No. 1,753-G.

I am directed to acknowledge receipt of your letter No. 30-P/151, dated 12th July 1875, regarding the appointment of Ragoonatha Row, Deputy Collector of Madras, as Minister to His Highness Maharajah Holkar in succession to Sir Madava Row.

2. In reply I am directed to state that, in deference to the request preferred by His Highness Maharajah Holkar and in consequence of the sense entertained by the Government of India of the sacrifice made by His Highness in permitting the services of Sir Madava Row to be transferred to the Baroda State, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council has much pleasure in allowing Ragoonatha Row to retain for three years a lien on the service of the British Government without payment of the usual contribution towards pension and leave allowances which is levied from officers of the British Government whose services may be lent to Native States. The services of Ragoonatha Row as Dewan to His Highness for any period not exceeding three years will also be allowed to count as service qualifying for pension, which shall be calculated upon the rate of salary which he was drawing when he left the employment of the Government of India.

3. With reference to the general question raised in paragraphs 7 and 9 of your letter under reply respecting the contribution towards pension and leave allowances payable by officers whose services may be lent to Native States, I am directed to state that His Excellency in Council does not consider it advisable to re-open the subject which has already been fully considered by the Government of India.

Copy of correspondence forwarded to the Government of Fort Saint George for information with reference to the correspondence ending with their telegram dated 1st April 1875.

(By order.)
(Signed) W. F. PRIDEAUX,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 184. Order thereon, 21st September 1875, No. 1,392.

Miscellaneous.

Recorded.

(True Extract.)
(Signed) A. MACGREGOR,
Acting Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.
„ the Accountant-General.

Exd. J. W. Fischer.

(Copies)

3/194

No. 305 P. 151.

From,

The Agent Governor General,

for Central India,

To,

The Secretary to the Govt. of India,

Foreign Department,

Dy. Indore Resy. the 12th July 1875.

Political

Sir,

I have the honor to submit a Note to my address from His Highness Maharajah Holkar, signifying his desire to appoint Ruggonath Row, Ex. Collector of Madras, his Minister for three years in succession to Sir T. Madava Row. His Highness asks that Ruggonath Row's services may be at his disposal during that period on the same terms, as those on which the Government permitted his deputation to Indore.

2. Ruggonath Row, is a relation of Sir T. Madava Row. In October last the Maharajah Holkar at Madava Row's suggestion applied for the services of Ruggonath Row for 10 months, that he might look to the Revenue settlement of His Highness's districts of Nimawur

No. 18 P. Dy. 7th Oct. 1874 to Govt. of India

Nimawur, over which part of the Administration Madava Row had not been allowed to exercise authority.—

3. The Govt. of India having assented to the application Ruggonath Row joined at Indore on 13th of April last.— At this period Sir T. Madava Row's probable withdrawal occupied attention.— Ruggonath Row remained at Indore, and on the departure of his relatives for Baroda, took up his duties here tentatively.— No. 2523, dd/ 16th Dec.r 74

4. Ruggonath Row has been in the service of the Madras Government upwards of 20 years, and is anxious to retain this lien upon it that he may revert if need be at the expiry of the 3 years or during the interval should any thing occur to break his engagement at Indore.—

5. The appointment of Ruggonath Row comes within the provisions of the resolution of the Government of India Financial Department No. 4359 of 14th October 1871. published at Page 125. Civil Pension Code.— He desires to retain his privileges as an officer in the service of Government, and I submit that under the circumstances of Sir T. Madava Row's deputation to Baroda, it is expedient that the Government of India should apply the 3rd para. of the resolution referred

to and give Ruggonath Row and the Maharaja Holkar freedom from Contribution Charges.

6. The Maharaja has intimated his hope that in consideration of the demands made upon him for the services of Sir T. Madava Row, His Excellency in Council will permit Ruggonath Row to serve Indore as though he was still serving the British Government.—

7. I would take this opportunity of soliciting the consideration of His Excellency in Council to the question of the employment of Competent officers in Native States, that premium fixed on the employment of a trained Government servant by a Native State is so high as to be prohibitory. He is taught to contribute to the Government of India 1/5th of his pay he receives from the Native State for the maintenance of pension and leave privileges in the British service. The Government by this arrangement lends servants for direct profit, for no Government servant whether Native or European would in any sense be entitled to all Native Rule. The elimination from friends and associations without remuneration considerably in excess of that of which he is in receipt in the Government service with fixed prospects of advancement. The Native State of

necessity

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necessity had to compensate the Government Servant for the Change and sacrifice of passports and to pay ½th of the emoluments so fixed as the Contribution to the Govt. of India. The Govt Servants should the time ever come for him to claim pension will derive no benefit from the large Contribution made by the Native States for the service he has rendered, for his pension will be calculated according to Govt. Rates. For instance if Ruggonath Row were now pensioned his pension would be Rupees 2000 per annum. The Contribution from Holkar during the next three years, will be Rs. 16,400 probably a fair Capitalization of pension for his services to the Government. I know of no surer method of founding a system of good Government in Native States, than by the use of men trained in the service of the Govt. of India. If Native Chiefs could be tempted to seek the employment of such men, it would be a bond of union between the Govt. and the Chief, but as matters stand no State seeks or agrees to take such a servant till in extremities, our object is to prevent extremities.

8. The Maharaja Holkar selected Sir Madava Rao for a special object which His Highness has frequently described to me, but this desire to employ Ruggonath Row is undoubtedly due to the attention which circumstances have lately given to the Govt. of Native States.

9. I would suggest for consideration that every encouragement should be given to Native States to take from the Govt. service competent and experienced officers, the pension allowance of men so taken is but a small item in the scale. It will rarely happen that an officer once taken will become a charge to Government, but bearing in mind the deep interest the Govt. of India has in the improved rule of Native States, this question seems of insignificant importance. Instances in which the Govt. of India directs pension contributions, these should be calculated according to the pension to be paid and the salary at the time of transfer, and not on the salary paid for higher duties and increased responsibilities.

I have &c.

Indore Residency
The 12th July 1875.

HB/H. D. Daly
Agent Govr. Genl. for Central India.

4/592

Pol

Palace, Indore
Dated 1st July 1875.

My dear Friend,

You are aware that I have appointed as my minister Mr. R. Raganath Rao, Dep. Coll. of Madras, and now on special duty here in succession to Sir T. Madava Rao, whose services I have placed as requested at the disposal of the Govt. of India for employment at Baroda.

I have made up my mind that Mr. Raganath Rao should conduct the Ministers' duties for three years certain, and further that he should draw a salary of Rs. 2000 per mensem from May last. Hope that the Govt. of India will be so good as to sanction the extension of his services here on the same terms on which they have been placed at my disposal upto the 31st March 1878.

Yours very Sincy
(Sd) Tookojee Holkar.

To
Genl. Sir Henry Daly, K.C.B.
Vo. / Vo Vo
Indore.

No. 1753 G.

From
The Secretary to the Govt. of India,
To
The Agent to the Governor General for Central India
Dy. Simla, the 31st August 1875.

Foreign Dept.
General

Sir,

I am directed to acknowledge receipt of your letter No. 30. P/151 dated 12th July 1875, regarding the appointment of Ruggonath Rao, Dep. Collector of Madras, as Minister to His Highness Maharaja Holkar in succession to Sir Madava Rao.

2. In reply I am directed to state that in deference to the request preferred by His Highness Maharaja Holkar, and in consequence of the sense entertained by the Government of India of the sacrifice made by His Highness in permitting the services of Sir Madava Rao to be transferred to the Baroda State, His Excy the Viceroy and Governor General in Council

Council has much pleasure in allowing Ringnath Rao to retain for three years a lien on the service of the British Government without payment of the usual contribution towards pension and leave allowances which is levied from Officers of the British Government whose services may be lent to Native States. The services of Ringnath Rao as Dewan to His Highness for any period not exceeding three years will also be allowed to count as service qualifying for pension, which shall be calculated upon the rate of salary which he was drawing when he left the employment of the Govt. of India.

3. With reference to the general question raised in paragraphs 7 and 9 of your letter under reply, respecting the contribution towards pension and leave allowances payable by Officers whose

V/1397

whose services may be lent to Native States, I am directed to state that His Excellency in Council does not consider it advisable to reopen the subject which has already been fully considered by the Government of India.

I have &c.
(Sd) C. U. Aitchison
Secy to the Govt of India

No. 1758 G.

Copy of correspondence forwarded to the Government of Fort Saint George for information with reference to the correspondence ending with their telegram dated 1st April 1875.

By Order &c.
W. Lee-Warner
Secy to the Govt of India.

Foreign Department
General
Simla, 31st August 1875

Rec: 1875: Dec
N. 3452

From
The Asst Secy. for St. Depts
Foreign Dept
N. 1755 G

Dated 31: Aug 1875
Recd 8: Sept

Encls for information, with
reference to correspondg with Telegram from
Madras dd 31st April 75 copy of correspce
with the Govt in the Secret Central Dept regarding
appt of Rajamundry Revs Dy Collr Thackeray as
Minister to H. H. Maharajah Holkar in exchange for
Sir Madava Rao, and allowg him to retain for 3
years a lien on the service of the British Govt &c
No. 1392.

21 Sept 75

Copy to Rev Dept

214

14 Encls Dd 30 Aug Rec'd 2 Sept
6 Encls accompanying Despatch