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(3) Initials of the Referencer.....*[Signature]*

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

Revenue DEPARTMENT

G.O. No.	1064	Press
B.P. No.		Mis.

Dated 15-7-1875 196 .

Not to be folded or roughly handled

1051

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
15th July 1875.*

No. 163. Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 9th June 1875, No. 1,562:—

Read again Board's Proceedings, dated 9th September 1873, No. 1,780, communicating to Collectors concerned G. O., dated 28th July 1873, No. 790.

Board's Proceedings, dated 20th December 1873, No. 2,617, communicating G. O., dated 12th December 1873, No. 1,399,
G. O., dated 29th June 1874, No. 811.

Read also the following letters:—

From J. HOPE, Esq., Acting Collector of Kurnool, to H. E. STOKES, Esq., Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 5th February 1874, No. 54.

With reference to Board's Proceedings, Nos. 1,780 and 2,617, dated 9th September and 20th December 1873, and in continuation of my letter No. 7, dated 8th January 1874, I have the honor to forward, for the information of the Board, copy of a letter received by me yesterday from the Deputy Collector of Peapally, stating that the Nāwab of Banaganapalli has agreed to stop the manufacture of earth-salt in his territories without claiming any compensation.

2. Translation of the Nāwab's letter to the Deputy Collector is enclosed.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

From D. TIMMAPPA, Deputy Collector of Peapally, to J. HOPE, Esq., Acting Collector of Kurnool, dated Pattikonda, 2nd February 1874, No. 23.

With reference to your docket, No. 1,355, dated 6th December 1873, I have the honor to report that I met the Nāwab of Banaganapalli on the 18th of that month, and consulted with him on the subject of the manufacture of earth-salt in his territory. He informed me that he is prepared to suppress the manufacture of salt in his country inclusive of the villages which are under certain Jaghiredars, who are his dependants, without demanding any compensation whatever, though I mention that the British Government are prepared to give suitable compensation in case of his suppressing the manufacture, and expressed his wishes to have written communication on the subject.

2. I accordingly wrote him a letter on the 2nd January 1874, and another, reminding for his reply, on the 24th idem, to which I received the enclosed reply this afternoon, in which he states that he has made arrangements for the entire suppression of the manufacture of earth-salt in his territory.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) J. HOPE,
Acting Collector.

ENCLOSURE No. 2.—Translation of Nāwab's letter.

From J. HOPE, Esq., Acting Collector of Kurnool, to H. E. STOKES, Esq., Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Atmakur, 20th March 1874, No. 89.

In reply to paragraph 6, Board's Proceedings, No. 1,780, dated 9th September 1873, I have the honor to inform you that there is at present no necessity for

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
15th July 1875.*

having any guards at the ferries over the Tungabudra and Kistna Rivers in this district. There are ferries in the villages noted in the margin. But as stated in my letter No. 7, dated 8th January 1874, the quantity of earth-salt now imported into British territories from the Nizam's dominions is very small, and the village servants should be able to put down any smuggling that may be carried on at the present scale. Should, however, the import trade in earth-salt greatly increase, owing to the recent taxation

of that article in this district, and the village servants find it difficult to check it without any special assistance, sanction for the requisite number of peons will be solicited in due course.

From the same Officer, dated Kurnool, 2nd April 1875, No. 101.

With reference to my letter No. 54, dated 5th February 1874, stating that the Nāwab of Banaganapalli has consented to suppress the manufacture of earth-salt in his territory, I have the honor to forward translations of letters Nos. 1 and 5 of this year from the Nāwab on the subject.

2. The Board will observe that the Nāwab now wishes to continue the manufacture of earth-salt on the same terms as in British territory.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.—Translations of letters.

From H. SEWELL, Esq., Acting Collector of Bellary, to J. GROSE, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 30th May 1874, No. 163.

With reference to paragraph 2 of the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, No. 1,780, dated 9th September 1873, I have the honor to forward, herewith, a Taluqwar Statement showing number of earth-salt modas, the total estimated produce of earth-salt, the estimated quantity of salt produced in each moda, the tax paid under the old system and that payable at the new rates for 1874, together with the particulars of the quality of salt produced in this district.

2. With respect to paragraph 6 of the above Proceedings, I have the honor to state that the Government in their Proceedings, No. 1,390, dated 12th December 1873, communicated by the Board of Revenue on the 20th idem, have directed that preventive measures of the importation of earth-salt should not be taken without the consent of the Nizam's Government. Therefore no preventive guards are now required for this district.

3. With regard to paragraph 7 of the above Proceedings, I beg to state that it is reported that no earth-salt is manufactured in the villages belonging to the Sundoor Jaghire, and no arrangements are consequently needed with the chief of that territory.

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
15th July 1875.*

ENCLOSURE No. 1.—Statement.

From W. D. HORSLEY, Esq., Collector of Cuddapah, to J. GROSE, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Codoor, 27th June 1874, No. 148.

With reference to Board's Proceedings, No. 1,780, dated 9th September last, I have the honor to forward, herewith, a statement showing the particulars with regard to earth-salt required in paragraph 16 of the G. O., No. 790, dated 28th July 1873.

2. Column 4 of the statement is left blank, as no tax has been levied hitherto from the manufacturers.

3. Salt manufactured in the taluqs of Cuddapah, Jummalmadugu, and Budwail is the best, and is generally used for human consumption. Salt produced in other taluqs is of inferior quality, and is chiefly used for cattle.

4. As directed in paragraph 16 of the Government Order above alluded to, a notification was published in the District Gazette, and many manufacturers have relinquished their modas and have applied for compensation, regarding which a statement in detail will shortly be forwarded to the Board for sanction. Salt is manufactured only in the taluqs mentioned in the statement.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.—Statement.

THE above papers relate to the suppression of the manufacture of earth-salt in the districts of Bellary, Kurnool, and Cuddapah, and to the preventive measures required to guard against the introduction of earth-salt from Hyderabad into British territory.

2. In paragraph 15 of the order first quoted, the Government directed that negotiations should be entered into with the Nāwab of Banaganapalli for the suppression of the manufacture in his territory, and with the Jaghiredar of Sundoor, if any earth-salt is made within the limits of his property. The Board were also to take into consideration the necessity for the employment of a preventive guard on the Hyderabad frontier.

3. As regards manufacture in the Banaganapalli Nāwab's territory, the Collector of Kurnool at first reported in his letter of the 5th February 1874, that the Nāwab had agreed to stop the manufacture without claiming any compensation. In his subsequent letter of the 2nd April 1875, No. 101, he states that the Nāwab now wishes to continue the manufacture of earth-salt under the same measures as those adopted in British territory, as the manufacturers complain of their inability to maintain themselves if they are prohibited from exercising their profession.

4. The immediate suppression of the manufacture is doubtless hard on those who have earned their livelihood by that means, and if its gradual restriction by the levy of the increasing scale of license tax prescribed in Board's Proceedings, dated 9th September 1873, No. 1,780, could be ensured, there might be no objec-

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
15th July 1875.*

tion to the proposal, but as the non-enforcement of these restrictive measures would lead to an extension of the manufacture in Banganapalli and the introduction of the produce into British territory, it appears to the Board preferable not to permit the revival of a manufacture which has been discontinued, and to pay compensation at once.

5. The Collector of Kurnool will communicate with the Banganapalli Zemindar accordingly, and report the amount of compensation to be awarded for the closing of the modas.

6. The Collector of Bellary reports that no earth-salt is manufactured in the Sundoor Jaghire.

7. As regards the employment of a preventive guard, the Board have already in their Proceedings, dated 29th May 1874, No. 1,293, reported as to the existence and extent of the import trade in earth-salt from Hyderabad territory, and the Government in their Order of the 29th June 1874, No. 811, decided that no special preventive measures were necessary.

8. With reference to paragraph 16 of the Order of Government of 28th July 1873, the Collectors of Bellary and Cuddapah submit statements showing the existing number of salt factories and other particulars for their respective districts. It appears that in the Bellary District there were 3,564 modas producing 166,131 maunds of salt, the outturn of each moda varying between 3 maunds and 185. The sum paid as tax previous to the enhancement ordered was Rupees 12,081 or Annas 1-2 per maund nearly. At the enhanced rate fixed for 1874, it would amount to Rupees 16,613, not 18,184 as entered by the Collector.

9. In the Cuddapah District, no tax was levied and the number of modas in existence previous to its imposition is stated to have been 1,695, producing 118,124 maunds. Of these, 1,016 were relinquished, and 679 modas, estimated to produce 37,925 maunds, were licensed on payment of tax amounting to Rupees 3,792-8-0. The Collector has recently submitted a statement of compensation for the factories closed, amounting to Rupees 49,152, which will be disposed of by the Board under the authority conveyed by G.O., dated 13th June 1874, No. 732.

10. The Collector of Kurnool has not as yet submitted the statement called for. The Collectors of all three districts have recently been called upon to report the extent to which earth-salt modas have been closed under G. O., dated 28th July 1873, No. 790, and they should expedite their replies.

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) C. A. GALTON,
Acting Sub-Secretary.

No. 164.

ORDER THEREON, 15th July 1875, No. 1,064.

Separate Revenue, No. 18.

Salt.

IN these Proceedings the Board report that the Banganapalli Nawab, who at first professed his willingness to suppress the manufacture of earth-salt in his

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*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
15th July 1875.*

territory without compensation, now states that he wishes to continue it under the same measures as those adopted in British territory.

2. His Excellency the Governor in Council does not approve of the Board's proposal to negative this concession which appears to him called for to mete out equal justice to our own people and to the Nawab's villagers.

3. In deciding to comply with his wishes, the Government rely confidently on him to prevent any increase of manufacture and to enforce strictly the Government system of manufacture and license.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) A. MACGREGOR,
Acting Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.

Exd. W. H. French.

3001. of 1876. 31/10/75

REVENUE.

THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

Dated July, 1874.

Recd.

G. O. 15th July 1875, No. 1,064.

JULY.

Nos. 163-164.

★

Earth-salt.—Complying with the wishes of the
Nawab of Banaganapalli, Kurnool District, to con-
tinue to manufacture — under the same measures
as those adopted in British territory; and
reminding that the Government rely confidently
on him to prevent any increase of manufacture
and to enforce strictly the Government system of
manufacture and license.

VAB Pro 25 Aug 1875 P 2407

BD in the usual table

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1064

No. 1,562.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 9th June 1875.

Read again Board's Proceedings, dated 9th September 1873, No. 1,780, communi-
cating to Collectors concerned G. O., dated 28th July 1873, No. 790.
Board's Proceedings, dated 20th December 1873, No. 2,617, communicating
G. O., dated 12th December 1873, No. 1,399,
G. O., dated 29th June 1874, No. 811.

Read also the following letters:—

From J. HOPE, Esq., Acting Collector of Kurnool, to H. E. STOKES, Esq.,
Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 5th February 1874, No. 54.

With reference to Board's Proceedings, Nos. 1,780 and 2,617, dated 9th
September and 20th December 1873, and in continuation of my letter No. 7, dated
8th January 1874, I have the honor to forward, for the information of the Board,
copy of a letter received by me yesterday from the Deputy Collector of Peapally,
stating that the Nawab of Banaganapalli has agreed to stop the manufacture of
earth-salt in his territories without claiming any compensation.

2. Translation of the Nawab's letter to the Deputy Collector is enclosed.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

From D. TIMMAPPA, Deputy Collector of Peapally, to J. HOPE, Esq., Acting Collector of
Kurnool, dated Fatukenda, 2nd February 1874, No. 23.

With reference to your docket, No. 1,355, dated 6th December 1873, I have the honor to
report that I met the Nawab of Banaganapalli on the 18th of that month, and consulted with him
on the subject of the manufacture of earth-salt in his territory. He informed me that he is
prepared to suppress the manufacture of salt in his country inclusive of the villages which are
under certain Jaghiredars, who are his dependants, without demanding any compensation
whatever, though I mention that the British Government are prepared to give suitable compen-
sation in case of his suppressing the manufacture, and expressed his wishes to have written com-
munication on the subject.

2. I accordingly wrote him a letter on the 2nd January 1874, and another, reminding for
his reply, on the 24th idem, to which I received the enclosed reply this afternoon, in which he
states that he has made arrangements for the entire suppression of the manufacture of earth-salt
in his territory.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) J. HOPE,
Acting Collector.

ENCLOSURE No. 2.—Translation of Nawab's letter.

From J. HOPE, Esq., Acting Collector of Kurnool, to H. E. STOKES, Esq.,
Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Atmakur, 20th March
1874, No. 89.

In reply to paragraph 6, Board's Proceedings, No. 1,780, dated 9th September
1873, I have the honor to inform you that there is at present no necessity for

having any guards at the ferries over the Tungabudra and Kistna Rivers in this district. There are ferries in the villages

Taluq.	Places.
Ramalkota.	Kurnool.
	Panchalingala.
	Nidjur.
	Gopalsingavaram.
	Kontalpad.
	Kottakota.
Nardikotkur.	Kondapuram.
	Gundrevula.
	Palukudoddy.
	Siddheswaram.
	Moravakonda.
	Bijiniwemala.
	Satanikota.

noted in the margin. But as stated in my letter No. 7, dated 8th January 1874, the quantity of earth-salt now imported into British territories from the Nizam's dominions is very small, and the village servants should be able to put down any smuggling that may be carried on at the present scale. Should, however, the import trade in earth-salt greatly increase, owing to the recent taxation

of that article in this district, and the village servants find it difficult to check it without any special assistance, sanction for the requisite number of peons will be solicited in due course.

From the same Officer, dated Kurnool, 2nd April 1875, No. 101.

With reference to my letter No. 54, dated 5th February 1874, stating that the Nāwab of Banaganapalli has consented to suppress the manufacture of earth-salt in his territory, I have the honor to forward translations of letters Nos. 1 and 5 of this year from the Nāwab on the subject.

2. The Board will observe that the Nāwab now wishes to continue the manufacture of earth-salt on the same terms as in British territory.

Enclosure No. 1.—Translations of letters.

From H. SEWELL, Esq., Acting Collector of Bellary, to J. GROSE, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 30th May 1874, No. 163.

With reference to paragraph 2 of the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, No. 1,780, dated 9th September 1873, I have the honor to forward, herewith, a Taluqwar Statement showing number of earth-salt modas, the total estimated produce of earth-salt, the estimated quantity of salt produced in each moda, the tax paid under the old system and that payable at the new rates for 1874, together with the particulars of the quality of salt produced in this district.

2. With respect to paragraph 6 of the above Proceedings, I have the honor to state that the Government in their Proceedings, No. 1,399, dated 12th December 1873, communicated by the Board of Revenue on the 20th idem, have directed that preventive measures of the importation of earth-salt should not be taken without the consent of the Nizam's Government. Therefore no preventive guards are now required for this district.

3. With regard to paragraph 7 of the above Proceedings, I beg to state that it is reported that no earth-salt is manufactured in the villages belonging to the Sundoor Jaghire, and no arrangements are consequently needed with the chief of that territory.

Enclosure No. 1.—Statement.

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1064

From W. D. HORSLEY, Esq., Collector of Cuddapah, to J. GROSE, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Codoor, 27th June 1874, No. 148.

With reference to Board's Proceedings, No. 1,780, dated 9th September last, I have the honor to forward, herewith, a statement showing the particulars with regard to earth-salt required in paragraph 16 of the G. O., No. 790, dated 28th July 1873.

2. Column 4 of the statement is left blank, as no tax has been levied hitherto from the manufacturers.

3. Salt manufactured in the taluqs of Cuddapah, Jummalmadugu, and Budwail is the best, and is generally used for human consumption. Salt produced in other taluqs is of inferior quality, and is chiefly used for cattle.

4. As directed in paragraph 16 of the Government Order above alluded to, a notification was published in the District Gazette, and many manufacturers have relinquished their modas and have applied for compensation, regarding which a statement in detail will shortly be forwarded to the Board for sanction. Salt is manufactured only in the taluqs mentioned in the statement.

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The above papers relate to the suppression of the manufacture of earth-salt in the districts of Bellary, Kurnool, and Cuddapah, and to the preventive measures required to guard against the introduction of earth-salt from Hyderabad into British territory.

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3. As regards manufacture in the Banganapalli Nāwab's territory, the Collector of Kurnool at first reported in his letter of the 5th February 1874, that the Nāwab had agreed to stop the manufacture without claiming any compensation. In his subsequent letter of the 2nd April 1875, No. 101, he states that the Nāwab now wishes to continue the manufacture of earth-salt under the same measures as those adopted in British territory, as the manufacturers complain of their inability to maintain themselves if they are prohibited from exercising their profession.

4. The immediate suppression of the manufacture is doubtless hard on those who have earned their livelihood by that means, and if its gradual restriction by the levy of the increasing scale of license tax prescribed in Board's Proceedings, dated 9th September 1873, No. 1,780, could be ensured, there might be no objection to the proposal, but as the non-enforcement of these restrictive measures would lead to an extension of the manufacture in Banganapalli and the introduction of the produce into British territory, it appears to the Board preferable not to permit the revival of a manufacture which has been discontinued, and to pay compensation at once.

5. The Collector of Kurnool will communicate with the Banganapalli Zemin-
dar accordingly, and report the amount of compensation to be awarded for the
closing of the modas.

6. The Collector of Bellary reports that no earth-salt is manuf tured in
the Sundoor Jaghire.

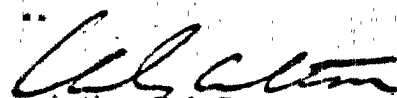
7. As regards the employment of a preventive guard, the Board have already
in their Proceedings, dated 29th May 1874, No. 1,293, reported as to the exist-
ence and extent of the import trade in earth-salt from Hyderabad territory, and
the Government in their Order of the 29th June 1874, No. 811, decided that no
special preventive measures were necessary.

8. With reference to paragraph 16 of the Order of Government of 28th
July 1873, the Collectors of Bellary and Cuddapah submit statements showing the
existing number of salt factories and other particulars for their respective districts.
It appears that in the Bellary District there were 3,564 modas producing 166,131
maunds of salt, the outturn of each moda varying between 3 maunds and 185.
The sum paid as tax previous to the enhancement ordered was Rupees 12,081 or
Annas 1-2 per maund nearly. At the enhanced rate fixed for 1874, it would
amount to Rupees 16,613, not 18,184 as entered by the Collector.

9. In the Cuddapah District, no tax was levied and the number of modas
in existence previous to its imposition is stated to have been 1,695, producing
118,124 maunds. Of these, 1,016 were relinquished, and 679 modas, estimated to
produce 37,925 maunds, were licensed on payment of tax amounting to Rupees
3,792-8-0. The Collector has recently submitted a statement of compensation
for the factories closed, amounting to Rupees 49,152, which will be disposed of by
the Board under the authority conveyed by G.O., dated 13th June 1874, No. 732.

10. The Collector of Kurnool has not as yet submitted the statement called
for. The Collectors of all three districts
Board's Proceedings, dated 19th March 1875, No. 656, have recently been called upon to report
the extent to which earth-salt modas
have been closed under G. O., dated 23th July 1873, No. 790, and they should
expedite their replies.

(True Copies and Extract.)


Acting Sub-Secretary.

To the Acting Secretary to Government, Revenue Department,

with four enclosures, to be returned.

„ the Collector of Kurnool.

Copy to the Collector of Bellary.

„ to the Collector of Cuddapah.

„ to the Inspector-General of Police.

Erd. W. H. French.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

No. 2516 + 2517.

From B^d of Revenue

Dated 9th 18th June

1875.

FOR ORDERS.

The only point that seems
to me well founded
is the suppression
of the hermitage in the
Kangannipilly estate.
The Board wishes
that it may be cut off
and no license on some
terms as in our own
villages. The Bd. wish
to suppress & give
compensation. Edw. B.

Sapre
Sapre 12/17

20 20 July 1875 No 249-252
22 20 July 1875 135-144
12 20 July 1875 148-144
5 20 July 1875 130-131
13 20 July 1875 201-209
29 20 July 1875 203-204
16 20 July 1875 203-204

Rev: 1875. 24th
21 11 73
1875.

BOARD OF REVENUE,

MADRAS.

PROCEEDINGS, 9TH JUNE 1875, No. 1,562.

Dec 13 1875

See order with
against June 4.

Received 22 July 1875
20 10 1875 15 July 1875

JUNE
No. 1,562.

Earth-salt.—Letters from Collectors of Kur-
nool, Bellary and Cuddapah, reporting on the
suppression of manufacture of —, submitted to
Government with Board's remarks, and Collec-
tors of above districts requested to expedite their
reports as to the extent to which earth-salt
modas have been closed in their districts.

9-163

29-6-75

think this will be to meet
out great justice
to our own people &
to the Hawaiian villagers
& God. enough with
his brother. Stating
that the Gov. rely
confidently on him
to prevent any increase
of manufactures & to
enforce strictly the
Gov. system of license
& duty. I have no

8/1064
that I can will
check illicit traffic
more completely
than I can do in
my own will.

(P)

FOR ORDERS.

On 10/14 Board Res. June
9.175 - in 1562

In their Res. the
Board report that
the Bananapalle head
who at first proposed
his will in full & supply
the manufacture of
salt in his territory
without compensation,
now states that he
wishes to continue it
under the same measure
as then adopted in
British Territory.

Dr. Guller the
Governor in Council
does not appear to
the Board's proposal

to negotiate this
concession while
appears to him called
for to meet and
spend justice to
our own people & to the
Hawaiian villages
In deciding
counsel with his advisers
the Govt. may con-
fidently in him to
prevent any means
of manufacture
to super strictly
the Govt. system
of manufacture &
license.

Alu
15 July 1875

Ind. Copy
To the Board of Dec. 15th
1 Printed Copy des. 2d July

Despatch . in M.S.
from Minutes .
Ali