செப்பனிடுபவர் பெயர் : L. சோகநாதன்
செப்பனிடுவதற்காக
எடுத்தக்கொள்ளப்பட்டநாள் : 16.07.07
செப்பனிட்டு முடித்த நாள் : 19.07.07
சரிபார்க்கும் மு. நி. பா. எ. 1.
சரிபார்க்கும் மு. நி. பா. எ. 2.
ஆராய்ச்சி
உதவியாளர்

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department, 9th September 1874.

No. 98. Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, August 1874, No. 2,122, Forest, No. 124:—

Read the following letter from W. S. WHITESIDE, Esq., Collector, North Arcot, to J. GROSE, Esq., Secretary to Board of Revenue, dated Vellore, 27th June 1874, No. 336:—

In paragraph 13 of their Proceedings, dated 9th May 1873, No. 782, the Board of Revenue suggested to Government the desirability of coming to a decision as to whether it is worthwhile to keep the portion of the hill which is granted to the Mahant and the owners of the Topes and Inams as a reserve forest, and the Government, in paragraph 2 of their Order, dated 26th March last, No. 388, communicated with the Board's Proceedings, dated 1st April last, No. 2,265, call for a further report on this question.

2. I referred the subject for the opinion of Mr. Sheffield, the Deputy Conservator of Forests of this district, and he has, after a careful examination of the hill, informed me that the portion which the Government propose to retain possession is peculiarly and admirably adopted for a forest reserve.

3. I forward, herewith, copy of his report, and beg to express my concurrence in the recommendations he makes as to the advisability of making this Forest Reserve.

4. Unless the Taluq and Forest authorities are thoroughly aware, from the first, of the exact limits of the Mahant's lands, and of the Government Forest Reserve, I foresee constant bickering and disputes of all kinds. I would suggest that the lands have been demarcated, and substantial masonry pillars erected as boundary marks, cause a map to be carefully drawn out, copies of which shall be distributed, as shown in the margin.

1. Collector's Office.
1. Deputy-Conservator of Forests.
1. Taluq Cutchery.
1. The Mahant of Tripetty.
The original will be deposited in the Office of the Board of Revenue.

5. To enable Mr. Sheffield to be present at the demarcation of the hill and draw up the map of the reserved portion, it will be necessary that he should ascend the hill; and as his duties will eventually necessitate his frequent inspection of the reserved forest, I have the honor to request that the Board will be pleased to obtain the permission of Government to Mr. Sheffield ascending the Hill whenever the duties of his office render it necessary that he should do so. I shall, when the Government have accorded their sanction, instruct Mr. Sheffield to be careful not to intrude on the ground which, by the present decision of Government, has been definitely made over to the temple, but to confine himself to the reserved portion alone, ascending the hill for the purpose of periodical inspection by the public paths only.

P. S.—Since writing the foregoing, I have seen Mr. Sheffield who has just returned from Tripetty. He informs me that he has, at the request of Mahant and the Peshcar, ascended the hill and been present at the demarcation of a portion of the boundary line. No objection of any kind was raised to his visiting the hill, on the contrary every facility was afforded him by the Peshcar who assisted him readily in every way in his power. This is satisfactory, as showing that we are really gradually overcoming the scruples that used to be put forward so strenuously whenever an officer of Government was required to ascend the hill.

prevent t possibility of any future objection, I beg respect- hat the Gr ernment be pleased to place on record their approval Conserva of Forests ascending the Tripetty Hill for the purpose spection of the Fore reserve there, whensoever his duty requires his e there.

SHEFFIELD, Deputy-Conservator of Forests, to W. S. WHITESIDE, Esq., ollector of North Arcot, dated Vellore 27th May 1874, No. 90.

ave the honor, with reference to your letter No. 313, dated 24th April 1874, and the of Government therewith returned) dated 26th March 1874, No. 338, to submit the fol- g report upon the Tripetty Hill Forests :—

2. I first ascended the Hills at Balapalli and inspected the forests near the Cuddapah tier, and descended near the Toombercona water falls. I next ascended by the Konery well road ng to the temples, by the Venkattaghiri Rajah's Chuttrum, Mootamundallacona, to within t three miles of the temples on the east side, then turned and came down to Cumparignapenta, undary of the Kurrumbady Poliyam, traced this boundary to Pusary Cona and then returned to bady. I next went to Nagaputla and inspected the Forest by Samal Cona, Raguman anamundi Palam and Tiru Conda.

On the east on Kur nbadi side, on the low hills, and on the lower portion of the slopes the large hills, redwood (Pterocarpus Santalinus) is very plentiful, there are patches of forest ost entirely of this tree, and then again patches with not a redwood growing on it, it seems slight in rocky ground, and particularly in low, rocky hills covered with loose boulders. Yellama [illegible] Bus) is also plentiful in these places, as is Nellikai (Rixbea officualis) Billoe oxylon swietenia) and Chinduga (Albizzia [illegible]) and this and on the plateau redwood entirely disappears and gives place to Karakai (Terminalia ula Cocoa-nut (Yapindus marginatus) Sapi (Kardwickea binata) Thumba (Shorea tumbugaia) Mari (Shorea lacifera) and the timbers first mentioned; on the west or Nagaputla side, most of the same trees are found with Yapi very plentiful, there is also a little young Sandal at Janamundi.

3. There is very little large timber to be found any where on these hills except at Nagaputla, but most of the hills are covered with young trees of the reserved kinds, and covered so thick in many parts as to appear like a plantation. There is very little underwood, and timber is easily moved from the place where felled to the outer slope which is the only steep or difficult

4. I have given this forest a long inspection, and after carefully going over it, closely looking to its roads and paths, and considering the very valuable young timbers with which it is covered and its nearness to the line of Rail and thus to Madras, a never failing market for the timber. I can say, without hesitation, it is by far the most valuable forest in this district, and should by all means be made into a strict reserved forest.

5. The boundaries I would propose for the Reserve are these, north, bounded by the Cuddapah District, east, by the Railway line, from the Cuddapah north-east corner to the north-east corner of the Kurkambadi Poliyam, then running along this Poliyam to the south-east corner of it on the ridge of the hills facing the south, then running along the ridge to the upper Goperam leading to the temples from lower Tripetty, from the Goperam running close under that perpendicular wall of rock, so noticeable from the Railway, to a point under the flat topped hill called Tiruconda on which a very large bell formerly hung, and from which a long projecting spur runs out nearly to the village of Nurgapuram; from this point it will cross the spur, run straight down to the foot of the hill, then along the foot to a point opposite Nagaputla, then still on to the hut on Mr. Ootman's ground, and from there a straight line to Boomardee Conda on the north-west of the Cuddapah District.

6. Should this boundary be approved of, masonry pillars could be erected at a little lime stone, building stone, sand and water can all be found on the hills.

7. I am told by the Jungle Firkadar of Nagaputla that there is a dispute about the boundary on the Cuddapah side, the Cuddapah Villagers claiming [illegible] miles of hills that have been and are at present, under his charge. It will be necessary to have this dispute settled before boundary pillars are erected.

8. It would be a great improvement if we could make the Railway line our boundary, right down to Kurkambadi, in fact I think it will be absolutely necessary to do so, for if the Poligar retains this corner, it will be impossible to keep out wood cutters and cattle from it without a great number of watchmen. I know that the Poligar does not like the idea of giving up any of his forest, but I think an exchange might be made, we giving him a portion of Mamundoor forest east of the line in place of his piece on the west. The Railway would make an admirable boundary and one easily guarded.

9. My reason for going along the ridge of the hills between Kurkambadi and the Tiruconda is, because there is no forest worth speaking of on the southern slope, and because it will be necessary to leave something as a grazing ground for cattle from the neighbouring villages and firewood for the villagers; and my reason for selecting the foot of the hills for the boundary from this point is, because the hills are very much broken up, winding in and out very much, but the ravines and valleys uncultivated and densely wooded, therefore valuable to us for the future, but I do not intend my boundary to wind in and out with the hills, but strike across from spur to another, following the outward trends but cutting off all inward trends where uncultivated and well wooded. There are very few villages near this part of the reserve, and there are plenty of open, uncultivated plains on which cattle can graze, there are also the neighbouring hills of Chendraghiry and the hills west of Nagaputla all available for grazing.

10. In taking the boundary in a line from Mr. Ootman's hut to Boomardee Conda we shall have to make [illegible] bend, and should be obliged to leave some richly wooded ravines which it is desirable to reserve.

11. There seems to have been, and I am told there is at present, a great quantity of timber and bamboos felled in the forest near Nagaputla, and yet it is undoubtedly the best and richest piece of forest in the district, and I beg to suggest that to keep it so, I should be directed, in company with the Taluq Tahsildar to mark out the boundary at once, and that felling shall not take place pending the final settlement of the question, because now that it is known that it is likely to be formed into a reserve, there will be a rush to get what wood is possible from it before the forest is taken over.

12. The boundaries as above shown will enclose I think, near upon 150 square miles, the line from east to west being about fifteen miles and from north to south about ten miles.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) W. S. WHITESIDE,
Collector.

SUBMITTED to Government with reference to G. O., dated 26th March 1874, No. 388.

2. Government have called on the Inspector of Forests for a report as to whether the portion of the Tripetty Hill which is not given up to the Mahant and private owners, should be made a reserved forest. Mr. Sheffield's report proves beyond doubt that this is precisely the case in which forest should be reserved. It is the most valuable forest in the district, it is near the railway, and it is freer from communal rights than perhaps any other forest which is so conveniently situated. The Board resolve to request the Inspector of Forests to consider ca e-

prevent t possibility of any future objection, I beg respect- hat the Government be pleased to place on record their approval Conservat of Forests ascending the Tripetty Hill for the period spection of the Fore reserve there, whensoever his duty requires his e there.

SUBMITTED to Government with reference to G. O., dated 27th March 1874, No. 338.

SHEFFIELD, Deputy-Conservator of Forests, to W. S. WHITESIDE, Esq., Collector of North Arcot, dated Vellore, 27th May 1874, No. 90.

I have the honor, with reference to your letter No. 313, dated 24th April 1874, and the order of Government therewith returned) dated 26th March 1874, No. 338, to submit the following report upon the Tripetty Hill Forests :—

2. I first ascended the Hills at Balapalli and inspected the forests near the Cuddapah frontier, and descended near the Toombercona water falls. I next ascended by the Konery well road leading to the temples, by the Venkattaghiri Rajah's Chuttrum, Mootamundallacona, to within about three miles of the temples on the east side, then turned and came down to Cumparignapenta, the boundary of the Kurrumbady Poliyam, traced this boundary to Pusary Cona and then returned to Kurrumbady. I next went to Nagaputla and inspected the Forest by Samal Cona, Raguman Canamundi Palam and Tiru Conda.

On the east on Kurrumbadi side, on the low hills, and on the lower portion of the slopes of the large hills, redwood (Pterocarpus Santalinus) is very plentiful, there are patches of forest almost entirely of this tree, and then again patches with not a redwood growing on it, it seems to delight in rocky ground, and particularly in low, rocky hills covered with loose boulders. Yellama (Odina Wodier) is also plentiful in these places, as is Nellikai (Phyllanthus officinalis) Billoo (Hydnocarpus Wightiana) and Chinduga (Albizzia [illegible]) and on the plateau redwood entirely disappears and gives place to Karakai (Terminalia [illegible]) and Tani-kai (Terminalia belerica) Wood-apple (Feronia elephantum) Sapi (Kardwickea binata) Thumba (Shorea tumbugaia) Vepa (Melia Azadirachta) Cocoa-nut (Yapindus marginatus

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
9th September 1874.

uestion as to how the boundaries of the reserved forest should run.
d seems to prop hat they should embrace a very wide area.
The arts reserve Mahant and other private owners, should be
ted at once. Wi ce to previous orders, the Collector applies for
permissi n for Mr. Sheffield to ascend the hill by public paths not intruding
portion reserved to the temple, but the Board presume that such special
is no longer necessary and that all Government officials may enter
tion of the hill which has been retained by Government.
he desirability of immediately settling the boundary dispute described
raph 7 of Mr. Sheffield's report, of obtaining the corner of the forest
elongs to the Kurkambadi Poligar (paragraph 8) and of providing against
h to fell wood which is likely to take place between the time that the
know the forest is to be reserved and the demarcation of the boundaries
raph 11) must not be forgotten.

ORDER THEREON, 9th September 1874, No. 1,152.

Miscellaneous.

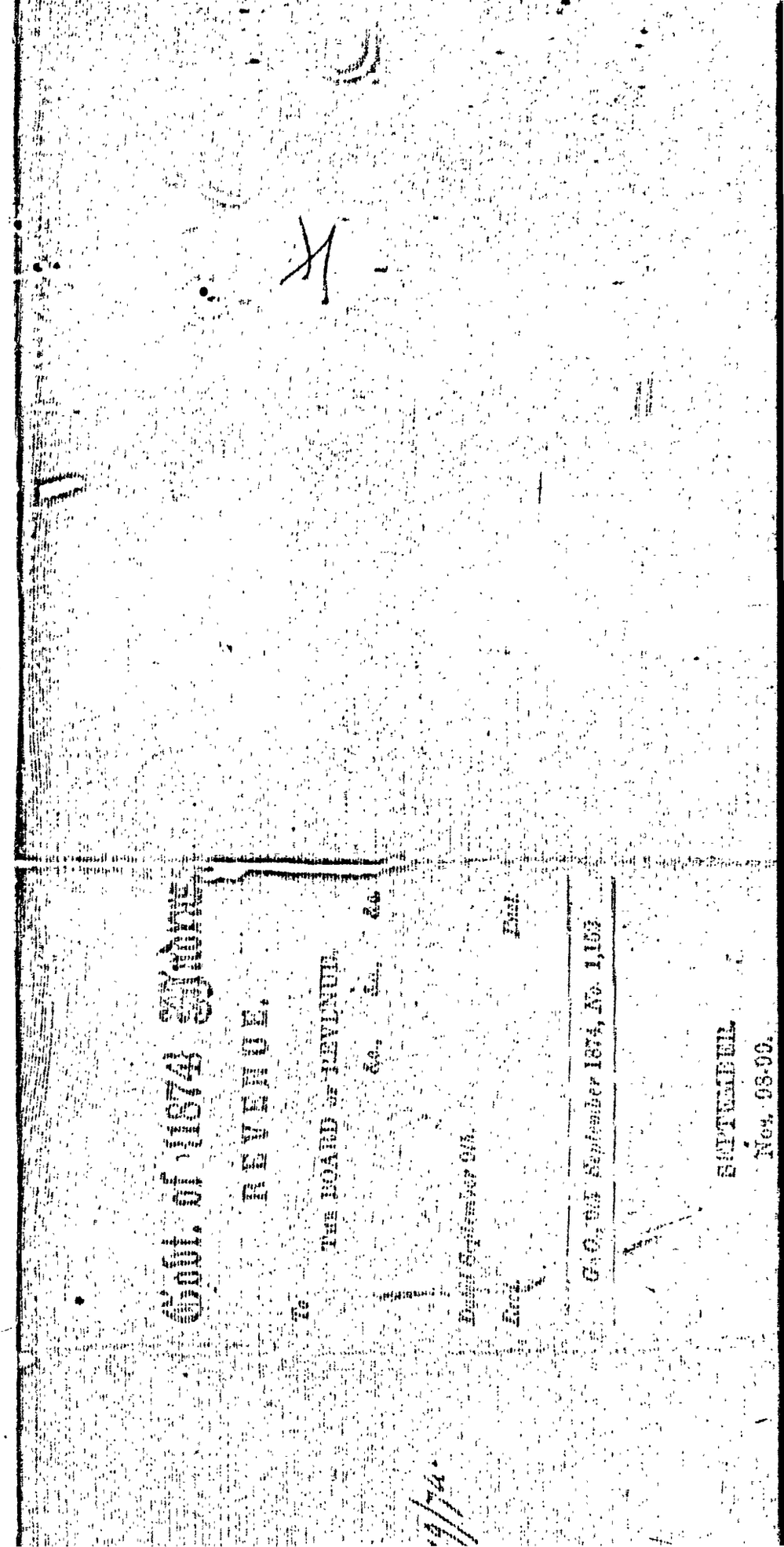
THE Government will await the report from the Inspector of Forests called for in paragraph 2 of G. O., dated 20th March 1874, No. 388.

Deputy Conservator can ascend the hill as proposed.

(True Extract.)

Acting Secretary to Government.

the Board of Revenue.
„ the Inspector of Forests.



FOREST No. 124.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 6th August 1874, No. 2,122.

Read the following letter from W. S. WHITESIDE, Esq., Collector of North Arcot, to J. GROSE, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Vellore, 27th June 1874, No. 356:—

In paragraph 18 of their Proceedings, dated 13th May 1873, No. 782, the Board of Revenue suggested to Government the desirability of coming to a decision as to whether it is worthwhile to keep the portion of the hill which is not granted to the Mahant and the owners of the Topes and Inams as a reserved forest, and the Government, in paragraph 2 of their Order, dated 26th March last, No. 388, communicated with the Board's Proceedings, dated 1st April last, No. 2,265, call for a further report on this question.

2. I referred the subject for the opinion of Mr. Sheffield, the Deputy Conservator of Forests of this district, and he has, after a careful examination of the hill, informed me that the portion which the Government propose to retain possession is peculiarly and admirably adopted for a forest reserve.

3. I forward, herewith, copy of his report, and beg to express my entire concurrence in the recommendations he makes as to the advisability of making this Forest Reserve.

4. Unless the Taluq and Forest authorities are thoroughly aware, from the first, of the exact limits of the Mahant's lands, and of the Government Forest Reserve, we may expect the occurrence of constant bickering and disputes of all kinds. I will, after the lands has been demarcated, and substantial masonry pillars erected as boundary marks, cause a map to be carefully drawn out, copies of which shall be distributed, as shown in the margin.

1. Collector's Office.
1. Deputy-Conservator of Forests.
1. Taluq Cutchery.
1. The Mahant of Tripetty.
The original will be deposited in the Office of the Board of Revenue.

5. To enable Mr. Sheffield to be present at the demarcation of the hill and draw up the map of the reserved portion, it will be necessary that he should ascend the hill; and as his duties will eventually necessitate his frequent inspection of the reserved forest, I have the honor to request that the Board will be pleased to obtain the permission of Government to Mr. Sheffield ascending the Hill whenever the duties of his office render it necessary that he should do so. I shall, when the Government have accorded their sanction, instruct Mr. Sheffield to be careful not to intrude on the ground which, by the present decision of Government, has been definitely made over to the temple, but to confine himself to the reserved portion alone, ascending the hill for the purpose of periodical inspection by the public paths only.

P. S.—Since writing the foregoing, I have seen Mr. Sheffield who has just returned from Tripetty. He informs me that he has, at the request of the Mahant and the Peshcar, ascended the hill and been present at the demarcation of a portion of the boundary line. No objection of any kind was raised to his visiting the hill, on the contrary every facility was afforded him by the Peshcar who assisted him readily in every way in his power. This is satisfactory, as showing

that we are really gradually overcoming the scruples that used to be put forward so strenuously whenever an officer of Government was required to ascend the hill. Still, however, to prevent the possibility of any future objection, I beg respectfully to suggest that the Government be pleased to place on record their approval of the Assistant Conservator of Forests ascending the Tripetty Hill for the periodic inspection of the Forest Reserve there, or whensoever his duty requires his presence there.

Enclosure No. 1.

From Mr. T. SHEFFIELD, Deputy-Conservator of Forests, to W. S. WHITESIDE, Esq., Collector of North Arcot, dated Vellore, 27th May 1874, No. 90.

I have the honor, with reference to your letter No. 313, dated 24th April 1874, and the order of Government (herewith returned) dated 26th March 1874, No. 338, to submit the following report upon the Tripetty Hill Forests :—

2. I first ascended the Hills at Balapalli and inspected the forests near the Cuddapah frontier, and descended near the Toombercona water falls. I next ascended by the Konery well road leading to the temples, by the Venkattaghiri Rajah's Chuttrum, Mootamundallacona, to within about three miles of the temples on the east side, then turned and came down to Cumparignapenta, and boundary of the Kurrumbady Poliyam, traced this boundary to Pusary Cona and then returned to the bound[illegible]ly. I next went to Nagaputla and inspected the Forest by Samal Cona, Raguman Kurrumbadi Mamundi Palam and Tiru Conda.

3. On the east on Kurkambadi side, on the low hills, and on the lower portion of the slopes of the large hills, redwood (Pterocarpus Santalinus) is very plentiful, there are patches of forest almost entirely of this tree, and then again patches with not a redwood growing on it, it seems to delight in rocky ground, and particularly in low, rocky hills covered with loose boulders. Yellama (Conacarpus latifolius) is also plentiful in these places, as is Nellikai (Emblica officinalis) Billoo [illegible] slopes and on the plateau redwood entirely disappears and gives place to Karakai (Terminalia Chebula) Soap-nut (Yapindus marginatus) Sapi (Kardwickea binata) Thumba (Shorea tumbugaia) Vulari (Shorea lacifera) and the timbers first mentioned; on the west or Nagaputla side, most of the same trees are found with Yapi very plentiful, there is also a little young Sandal at Janamundi.

3. There is very little large timber to be found any where on these hills except at Nagaputla, but most of the hills are covered with young trees of the reserved kinds, and covered so thickly in many parts as to appear like a plantation. There is very little underwood, and timber is easily moved from the place where felled to the outer slope which is the only steep or difficult part.

4. I have given this forest a long inspection, and after carefully going over it, closely looking to its roads and paths, and considering the very valuable young timbers with which it is covered and its nearness to the line of Rail and thus to Madras, a never failing market for the timber. I can say, without hesitation, it is by far the most valuable forest in this district, and should by all means be made into a strict reserved forest.

5. The boundaries I would propose for the Reserve are these, north, bounded by the Cuddapah District, east, by the Railway line, from the Cuddapah north-east corner to the north-east corner of the Kurkambadi Poliyam, then running along this poliyam to the south-east corner of it on the ridge of the hills facing the south, then running along the ridge to the upper Goperam leading to the temples from lower Tripetty, from the Goperam running close under that perpendicular wall of rock, so noticeable from the Railway, to a point under the flat topped hill called Tiruconda on which a very large bell formerly hung, and from which a long projecting spur runs out nearly to the village of Nurgapuram; from this point it will cross the spur, run straight down to the foot of the hill then along the foot to a point opposite Nagaputla, then still on to the hut on Mr. Ootman's ground, and from there a straight line, to Boomardee Conda on the north-west corner of the Cuddapah District.

6. Should this boundary be approved if, masonry pillars could be erected at a little cost, as lime stone, building stone, sand and water can all be found on the hills.

7. I am told by the Jungle Firkadar of Nagaputla that there is a dispute about our boundary on the Cuddapah side, the Cuddapah Villagers claiming ten miles of hills that have been, and are at present, under his charge. It will be necessary to have this dispute settled before boundary pillars are erected.

8. It would be a great improvement if we could make the Railway line our boundary, right down to Kurkambadi, in fact I think it will be absolutely necessary to do so, for if the Poligar retains this corner, it will be impossible to keep out wood cutters and cattle from the reserve without a great number of watchmen. I know that the Poligar does not like the idea of giving up any of his forest, but I think an exchange might be made, we giving him a portion of the Mamundoor forest east of the line in place of his piece on the west. The Railway would be an admirable boundary and one easily guarded.

9. My reason for going along the ridge of the hills between Kurkambadi and the Tiruconda is, because there is no forest worth speaking of on the southern slope, and because it will be necessary to leave something as a grazing ground for cattle from the neighbouring villages and firewood for the villagers; and my reason for selecting the foot of the hills for the boundary from this point is, because the hills are very much broken up, winding in and out very much, but all the ravines and valleys uncultivated and densely wooded, therefore valuable to us for the reserve, but I do not intend my boundary to wind in and out with the hills, but strike across from one spur to another, following the outward trends but cutting off all inward trends where un[illegible] and well wooded. There are very few villages near this part of the reserve, and there are miles of open, uncultivated plains on which cattle can graze, there are also the neighbouring hills near Chendraghiry and the hills west of Nagaputla all available for grazing.

10. In taking the boundary in a line from Mr. Ootman's hut to Boomardee Conda we shall cut through his putta land but through none that is cultivated, to avoid this we should have to make a large inward bend and should be obliged to leave some richly wooded ravines which it is desirable to reserve.

11. There seems to have been, and I am told there is at present, a great quantity of timber and bamboos felled in the forest near Nagaputla, and yet it is undoubtedly the best and richest piece of forest in the district, and I beg to suggest that to keep it so, I should be directed, in company with the Taluq Tahsildar to mark out the boundary at once, and that felling shall not take place pending the final settlement of the question, because now that it is known that it is likely to be formed into a reserve, there will be a rush to get what wood is possible from it before the forest is taken over.

12. The boundaries as above shown will enclose, I think, near upon [illegible] square miles, the line from east to west being about fifteen miles and from north to south about ten miles.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) W. S. WHITESIDE,
Collector.

Submitted to Government with reference to G. O., dated 26th March 1874, No. 338.

2. Government have called on the Inspector of Forests for a report as to whether the portion of the Tripetty Hill which is not given up to the Mahant and private owners, should be made a reserved forest. Mr. Sheffield's report proves beyond doubt that this is precisely the case in which forest should be reserved. It is the most valuable forest in the district, it is near the railway, and it is freer

communal rights than perhaps any other forest which is so conveniently situated. The Board resolve to request the Inspector of Forests to consider carefully the question as to how the boundaries of the reserved forest should run. Mr. Sheffield seems to propose that they should embrace a very wide area.

3. The parts reserved to the Mahant and other private owners, should be demarcated at once. With reference to previous orders, the Collector applies for special permission for Mr. Sheffield to ascend the hill by public paths not intruding on the portion reserved to the temple, but the Board presume that such special permission is no longer necessary and that all Government Officials may enter on that portion of the hill which has been retained by Government.

4. The desirability of immediately settling the boundary dispute described in paragraph 7 of Mr. Sheffield's report, of obtaining the corner of the forest which belongs to the Kurkambadi Poligar (paragraph 8) and of providing against the wish to fell wood which is likely to take place between the time that the people know the forest is to be reserved and the demarcation of the boundaries (paragraph 11) must not be forgotten.

(True Copies and Extract.)

Secretary.

To the Acting Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.
" the Inspector of Forests.
" the Collector of North Arcot.

Copy to the Director of Revenue Settlement.

Exd. G. A. Turton.

Board's Proc. No. 1098 Dated 22.8.74

BOARD OF REVENUE, MADRAS.

PROCEEDINGS, 6TH AUGUST 1874, No. 2,122.

Encl.

Received 20th —

AUGUST.
Forest No. 124.

Sheffield, Mr.—Deputy Conservator of Forests—in North Arcot District.—Letter from Collector requesting Board to obtain permission of Government for, to ascend Tripetty Hill whenever duties of his office render it necessary, submitted to Government with remarks.

Tirupathy
28-8-74

My dear Sanderson

I am sorry I can not be able to visit the Tripetty hill before the month of November to examine the forest. I am in correspondence with Mr. Sheffield about it. I may mention that he has not prepared & recommended any scheme to be called, under for-
decide whether we can
negotiate them & maintain

Item as such without a
legal enactment or autho-
rise an act to enable us
to do so. The plan of action
hitherto pursued may perhaps
be pleaded without any Emolu-
ment to benefit in the Shape of
Coal Carriage & forestry.
Prima facie I do not think
that even with an Act we
could be entitled to Carriage
to the whole 15 miles but
for Reasons I shall hereafter
bring - I do not see

Captain Tuthill
D.S.
Office Engineer
Board of
Public Works

1852

Revenue Department.

No. 1152.

PROCEEDINGS of the MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Dated 9 September 1874

Read the following

Proceedings of the Bd. of Revenue

Submitting letter from Collector of N. Arcot requesting permission for Mr. Sheffield, Dy. Conservator of Forests to ascend Tripetty Hill whenever duties of his office render it necessary. — B. of R. 6 August 1874, No 2122.

1. The Govt. will not object to the report from the Inspector of Forests called for in para 2 of G. O. 26 March 1874, No. 388.

2. The Deputy Conservator can ascend the hill as proposed.

To Bd of Revenue
Inspector of Forests — Dated 25/9-74

£0

Permission accorded to Dr
Cons: of Town & Mr Sheffield
to ascend Pryell, H-Le

10

18-19.

Refused

Rec'd 9/11/43

GO No 1152 Revenue
Date 09.09.1874