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MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Revenue DEPARTMENT.G.O. No. 716Press
~~Mis.~~Dated 10.7. 18 73.Not to be folded or roughly handled

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*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
10th July 1873.*

No. 94. Read the following letter from J. BROUGHTON, Esq., Government Quinologist, to the Hon. R. A. DALYELL, Acting Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, dated Ootacamund, 10th July 1873:—

I HAVE the honour to represent to Government the following circumstance:—

2. In paragraphs 3 and 4 of G. O., No. 549, of May 29, 1873, the following occurs:—

“The experiment advocated in paragraph 13 of the Commissioner’s letter should be at once undertaken, and the number of trees which it is proposed to include in it should be reported.

“No further mossing of the trees should be undertaken until the results of this experiment, which should be reported specially from time to time, are fully established.”

3. I have the honour to state that, in fulfilment of G. O., No. 1,213, of 13th July 1871, about 30,000 trees have already had part of their bark taken under the mossing process, in addition to those which form the subject of the mossing experiment, and at the receipt of the G. O., No. 549, the process was in course of application.

4. I am informed by Mr. McIvor that the order I quote will prevent any further supply of bark being taken from these 30,000 trees. As much of their bark has already been taken, I would submit that the process should be continued in the manner originally intended; *i.e.*, to take the bark from higher up the stems as it becomes mature. The effects of the loss of bark are already partially entailed on the trees, and they become unsuited for coppicing with advantage. The experiment mentioned by Government will take some years for its completion, and thus, if we wait till then, the supplies of bark on which the Superintendent of the plantations and myself have counted will be interrupted, supposing that Mr. McIvor’s interpretation of the order be accurate. I mention this, as I do not myself perceive that the order in question forbids the continuation of a process already begun on the 30,000 trees.

5. As far as I am aware, small gain will accrue to the trees from the stoppage of the process commenced under the directions of Government, while the ceasing of the supplies of bark will cause inconvenience and loss.

6. Referring to paragraph 1 of the same G. O., I beg permission to remark that I have never advocated coppicing as a constant method of taking crop, as I possessed no comparative experience of its results. I have merely stated the necessity of experimenting therewith, in comparison with other methods of cropping, and have given reasons for my belief in the harmlessness of its application. This opinion I still hold.

No. 95.

ORDER THEREON, 10th July 1873, No. 716.

Miscellaneous.

THE order referred to by Mr. Broughton was never intended to have the effect of stopping the application

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10th July 1873.*

of moss to those trees which were in process of being experimented upon in this manner, but merely to prevent the further extension of the mossing process without further experience of its success.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) R. A. DALYELL,
Acting Secretary to Government.

To the Government Quinologist.
the Commissioner of Nilgiris

Exd. F. R. Bantleman.

Cotacamund 30
10th July 1873

From Mr. J. Broughton
Government Quinologist

To R. A. Dalryell Esq.
Secretary to Government
Revenue Department
Cotacamund

Sir,
I have the honour to represent
to Government the following circumstance.

In paras 3 and 4 of G.O. N. 549
of May 29th 1873 the following occurs:-

The experiment advocated in
"paragraph 13 of the Commissioner's letter
"should be at once undertaken, and the
"number of trees which it is proposed to
"include in it should be reported."

No further mossing of the trees
"should be undertaken until the results
"of this experiment, which should be re-
"ported specially from time to time are
"fully established."

I have the honour to state that
in fulfilment of G.O. N. 1213, of 13th July
1871, about 30,000 trees have already
had part of their bark taken under

Govt. of 1873 M.D. 1733.

To REVENUE.

THE GOVERNMENT QUINOLOGIST,

Ac., Ac., Ac.

Dated July 10th.

Recd.

Encl.

G. O., 10th July 1873, No. 716.

JULY.

No. 94.95.

Mossing of the Cinchona Trees.—Informing
Mr. Broughton that the order referred to by him
was never intended to stop the application of moss
to the trees which were being experimented upon
but merely to prevent the extension of the — with-
out further experience of its success.

those which form the subject of the moving experiment, and at the receipt of the G. O. N. 549, the process was in course of application.

I am informed by Mr. Mr. Iver that the order I quote will prevent any further supply of bark being taken from these 30000 trees.

As much of their bark has already been taken I would submit that the process should be continued in the manner originally intended, i.e. to take the bark from higher up the stems as it becomes requisite. The effects of

the loss of bark are already partially entailed on the trees and they become unsuited for coppicing with advantage.

The experiment mentioned by Government will take some years for its completion and thus if we wait till then, the supplies of bark on which the Superintendent of the plantations and myself have counted will be interrupted - supposing that Mr. Mr. Iver's interpretation of the order be accurate. I mention this as I do not receive that the order

of a process already begun on the 30000 trees.

As far as I am aware, small gain will accrue to the trees from the stoppage of the process commenced under the directions of Government, while the ceasing of the supplies of bark will cause inconvenience and loss.

Referring to para. 1 of the same G. O. I beg permission to remark that I have never advocated coppicing as a constant method of taking crop, as I possessed no comparative experience of its results. I merely stated the necessity of experimenting therewith in comparison with other methods of cropping, and given reasons for my belief in the harmlessness of its application. This opinion I still hold.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most Obedt. Servt.

John Broughton
Govt. Quinologist

The order referred to by Mr. R. B. Smith

was never intended to have the effect of stopping the applications of more to those who were in process of being captured. It was in this manner, but merely to prevent the further capture of the negroes, without calculation of the measure of it was in the capture of it was in the

sent

10 July 1873
 J. D. Smith
 J. D. Smith
 J. D. Smith

June 1873

From the 1st of June 1873

Attest

To the Secretary to the

Revenue Department

Attest

Dated 10th July 1873

Recd 10th July 1873

Expenses of

Having been - call

attention to the fact that
 of 1873
 is believed to stop the ap-
 plication to those on which
 it is already in progress.

10 July 1873

1. In the 1st of June 1873 -
 3. Commissioner of the 1st of June 1873 -

1873-74