M.R.O. 1—77,006—8-6-31.

(1) Number of pages 122.

(2) Date of repair 18. 5. 46

(3) Initials of the Referencer

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Revenue DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 843 Press / Mis. Original

Dated 29th May 1872.

Not to be folded or roughly handled

8

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
29th May 1872.

No. 286. Read the following letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, (Foreign Department—General,) to the Officiating Chief Secretary to the Government of Fort St. George, dated Fort William, 15th May 1872, No. 976 G :—

I HAVE laid before the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council your letter No. 684, dated the 29th April 1872, with enclosures, submitting, for decision, the claim of the British Government and the Government of His Highness the Nizam to an island situated in the Toombuddra river between the Hyderabad district of Kopul and the British district of Bellary.

2. I am to observe that two questions are involved in this reference, (1) the right of the British Government or the Government of the Nizam to include the island within its territories; and (2) the right on the part of the inhabitants of the neighbouring villages to the produce of the island. The Government of India is called upon to adjudicate on the first issue alone, the ordinary Courts are open to the parties for the establishment of private possession.

3. It appears to His Excellency the Governor-General in Council that there are preponderating reasons for assigning this island to Hyderabad. The country ceded to the Honourable Company by Article 6 of the Treaty of 1800 was the territory "south of the Toombuddra," and the intention of the Treaty was to make that river the boundary between the British possessions and the territories of the Nizam. It is admitted that the deep stream of the Toombuddra river flows on the south side of the island, and it is a general rule, subject to certain well known exceptions, which do not appear to be applicable in the present instance, that in the case of a river-boundary the precise boundary is the deep stream of that river.

4. The territorial jurisdiction being thus settled, the question of the private rights of the villagers on both sides to the produce of the island should be left to the decision of the Nizam's Government.

5. The original papers, received with your letter under acknowledgment, are herewith returned as requested.

No. 287. ORDER THEREON, 29th May 1872, No. 843.

Miscellaneous.

ORDERED to be communicated to the Board of Revenue, with reference to G. Os., 29th November 1871, No. 2,022, and 29th April 1872, No. 683.

2. Also to the Resident at Hyderabad, with reference to letter of first date abovenamed and No. 289.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) W. HUDLESTON,
Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.
,, the Resident at Hyderabad.

Exd. F. R. Bantleman.

Govt. of India.

REVENUE.

To

THE BOARD OF REVENUE,

&c., &c., &c.

Dated 29th May.

Recd.

Encl.

G. O., 29th May 1872, No. 843.

MAY.
Nos. 286-287.

Island in the Toombudra River between Hyderabad and Bellary.—Letter from Government of India, deciding on the claims of the British and Nizam's Governments to it, ordered to be communicated to Board of Revenue and to the Resident at Hyderabad.

Purchurbelly Division
Deputy Magistrate's Court.
Bellaburgi
18th May 1871.

No. 71

20/5/71

From the Murungasami Moodaliar
Acting Deputy Magistrate

To J. H. Master Esqre
Acting Magistrate of
Bellary.

Ans 20/5/71

Vide Sir
Dy Mr Letter
No. 1964 Dtd

Sir,

I have the honor to report for
your information that from my research
this morning at Bellaburgi, I have
met with Shik Daood Sahib
Talliary dar of Beed, a Lizamee Foreigner
who it appears had been deputed
to meet me in the matter of Kittoor
Island dispute. Thuninhadagi Talliary
-vide my Proceedings of the 15th April 1871.

2 He has asked me to let him
know what arrangements I had
made to settle the dispute

I told him that I have not had
as yet any instructions from you
on the subject and that I would

[redacted]

on which date a few Criminal
Cases will have to be disposed of —

[redacted]

on the 22d. or 23d. instant

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most Obedient Servant
H. Jerman
Acting Deputy Marshal

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE.

No.

Dated. { Ramandrug 20th May 1871.

From,

The Asst COLLECTOR OF BELLARY

To

Sir,

The Dept Collr Harpanhalli Div

With reference to your letter No 71 dated 18th Inst, I have the honour to request that you will in conjunction with the Palugdar of Beed, the Shaikh Dawood Saheb, take all the necessary evidence with respect to the Kithanoor Island dispute, and submit copies of the depositions, with the conclusion you have come to jointly with the subject.

No 602
23.5.71
Collr of Bellary
Requisition
Ramandrug Division
Sec CR. 3370
Dated 18th May 1871
Rec'd 1 P.M. 23rd May 1871
Rec'd 1752/23/5/71

Supreme Court &c.
Inspector Genl of Police
Telegraph
Land Revenue
Public.

Collr of Bellary
Asst Ramandrug

No 196

Hurpanahilly Division
Deputy Collectors Office
Huvinahadagili 30th June 1871.

From

V. Venkatachellum Puntulu
Deputy Collector.

To

J. H. Master Esquire
Acting Collector
Bellary.

Vide letter to Revenue Board dated 6-7-71

Sir

1. With reference to your letter of the 20th ultimo No. 632 regarding Kittanoor Island, which is in the Toombudra River, I have the honor to report the enquiry made regarding it.

2. I came to Ballahoonsee on 6th Instant, where the Talookdar of Beed Mr Sheik Davood Saheb was, and conferred with him and I went to Kittanoor on the evening of that day.

3 We both met at Kittanoor and commenced on 8th Instt the examination of the persons

DEPARTMENT

OFFICE

Date, 20 May 1871 No 632

To,

The Chief Secretary
Board of Revenue
Fort St George

Enclosure

Received
Revenue Dept
30.6.71

Requesting him to submit Copies of Sir Bruce's Report on the Bifurcation of Kittanoor Island from the Talookdar

Recd 3-7-71

Ans 6-7-71

persons on both sides of the River

4 On 8th June 6 persons, who are Inhabitants of the Villages on this side of the River Toombudra, were examined, and on 9th June 8 persons, who are Inhabitants of the villages on the other side of the River were examined. The Talookdar also asked the Deponents necessary questions.

5 The Talookdar handed me a plan prepared under his orders by one of his Sub-ordinates. I got the same examined by an intelligent gumasta of this Talug, who measured the Island and made nessary alterations with the concurrence of the Talookdar.

6 The Talookdar having told me that he will report his opinion directly to his superior officers and wished to have copies of Depositions taken by us; I have furnished them as required and I left the Village on the morning of 11th Instant.

7 I beg to submit the originals of the Depositions taken by us.

8 The village of Kittanoor is one of the villages of Hurivanahadagilli Talook and is situated on the right bank of the River. The village of Goudihosahully is situated on the left side of the river, which is Nizam's Territory. There is an Island to the extent of acres 32.32.8. in the middle of this River. It is called Kittanoor Island. It is not under cultivation. It is full of grass, brushwood, and other trees. The distance between this

Toombudra

this Island and Kittanoor Village is 198 yards, while the distance to Goudihosahully is about a mile-

9 The Villagers of Kittanoor should, during the whole year, go to the Island either on boat or by swimming, the river being deep here on this side. The Villagers of Goudihosahully may go through the water during several months of the year, except in the days when the River is in fresh, as the River on that side is not so deep as here.

10 The Villagers of Kittanoor (British Territory) and the Villagers of Goudihosahully (Nizam's Territory) claim that it belongs exclusively to their village.

11 The Village accounts of both villages do not contain any thing about this Island.

12 The 6 persons of our Villages

+ necessary to examine any more persons, as we are sure that the Inhabitants of British Government Villages will depose in favor of Kittanoor Villagers while the persons of Nizam's Territory depose in favor of Goudihosahully.

deposed that the villagers of Kittanoor have been enjoying the Island; while the 8 persons of the villages of Nizam's Territory deposed that the Villagers of Goudihosahully enjoyed the Island; we did not deem it +

13 Both parties admit that the firewood of this Island was used on account of our Public works (Anicut in Lumberhully and Traveller Bunglow at Balaboosee)-

14 They also admit that the name of this Island is Kittanoor Gudda, that is Kittanoor Island Some of those 8 persons deposed that it is called the Island of Goudihosahully, but it is utterly false-

15 The Daissayhee appeared but he made his Gumasta to produce 2 accounts-

1. Maharatta account of Fasli 1229; in this account

the Kittanoor Gudda is included in the aycaut of the Village of Goudihosahully.

1 Canarese account of Fusli 1050. From this it appears that the Daisayhee has a right to Goudihosahully and Kittanoor Gudda.

16 These accounts were not filed in any public Office nor did they bear the Signature of the Public officer. They were not brought now from any public Office but are brought by Daisayhee and are produced by his Gumasta. Whether these accounts are reliable or not, they will shew that the name of this Island is Kittanoor Gudda.

17 The Rymash account for the Village of Kittanoor was prepared in Fusli 1214 - no mention of this Island was made in this account; but this omission cannot be construed that this Island does not belong to this village, because the Villages of Ungoor and Vallabhapuram have Islands in the River. They were also not entered in the Rymash accounts of those villages, but those Islands are now in the enjoyment of the said 2 Villages. It is supposed that as these Islands were not under cultivation when the Rymash was made, they were not included in that account, consequently, the Rymash account of this village is no evidence against the claim of the Villagers.

18 The grounds on which the claim of Kittanoor Villagers may be deemed to be strong are 1st That the name of the Island (Kittanoor Gudda) is an evidence to shew that it belongs to

to Kittanoor.

2nd That the Government officers openly used the firewood of the Island on account of the Annicut and Bangalow in this Talook.

3rd That the Island is nearer to their village than to the village of Goudichosahully.

19 I may state here that neither this Government nor Nizam's Government get anything from this Island. Both the villagers have been enjoying it without any tax.

20 The only ground for the other party is that their old accounts shew this to be belonging to their village. As for the enjoyment the evidence on both sides is equal. The fact of our Government officers taking necessary fire-wood is a strong evidence to

Mr

[illegal] this Island is [illegal] be a part of our villages.

21 I beg to send a copy of the letter of the ~~Head~~ assistant Collector dated 8th June 1861 and to state that the letters referred to in Page 3 of it have not been produced now.

The Record of the enquiry if any made by him is not forth-coming in the Records of this office.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient servt

Mr Kataraccen
Deputy Collector

No. 11

Bellary Collr
13th July 1871

From

To The Resident of Mysore

Sir

With reference
the correspon
Letter No: 71 dated 18 June 71
from the Genl & P Wings
Letter
Lr Received No: 632
20 June
[redacted]
Collectr
Bellary
that I received from
the
Genl & P Wings
dated 30th June 1871
requested
pool
me
Bead to His Highness
Sd/ [illegible]
the Nizam
8 January
from the [illegible]

From
The Deputy Collector
Anantapur
To
The Acting Collector
Bellary
Sec CP 3370
Communicating regarding 3
Sowcars 1841 1752/72
Revenue 2/7/71
No 19
(Enclosures 23)
Collr
Submitting the application
taken regarding Letter
- mor Sahib
Sd/ [illegible]
Dy Collr
[illegible]

…ed to the Island
…ilkunoor is stronger
… occupation Government)
… I presume think
… right that our
…ort report should
… submitted to last
… case I shall
… obliged if you
… will favour me
… with your opinion
… the case

Rev: 4/1752/72

To the Resident
Hyderabad

No.

Dated 29/9/71

Rec'd 30/9/71

Rev: 5/1752/72

Rec'd 1150 2/10/71

Rev: 5/1752/72

To be returned

+

General No. 1830 } R 218
Deptl. " } of 1871

From The Offg 2d Assistant Resident,
Sel CR. 3370 Hyderabad,

To The Acting Collector
29/9/71 & of Bellary

Dated Hyderabad Residency, 26 Septr 1871.

Received Judl Letter No 5623/71
with 2 docts

In continuation of this Office docket No 1444 of the 19th August 1871, forwards as requested in his letter No 954 of the 14th July last a duplicate of the report lately rec'd by the Talookdar of Deed to the Government of H.H. the Nizam regarding the Kitanoor Island in the Toombudra river, received thro' Sir Salar Jung.

By order
D Sutherland
Offg 2d Assist Resident

Rec'd 1150 2/10/71
Rev: 5/1752/72

General No. 1444 } of 1871
Deptl. "

24/8/1871

From

The Offg. 2d Assistant Resident,

Rgr. 6
1752/72 Hyderabad,

To

The Acting Collector of
Bellary

See Cl. 3370 13

Dated Hyderabad Residency, 19th August 1871.

Received _____

In reply to letter No 952
of the 14th July 1871 with enclosure
requesting to be furnished
with a copy of the report sub-
mitted by the Sabordar of
Beed to the Government of
His Highness the Nizam re-
garding the Kittanoor Island
in the Toombudra river, states
that His Highness the Nizam's
Minister has not yet received
the report in question; but
has called for it from the

Judl. Letter No 1673/71 Dt. 4

[illegible] copy of the [illegible] transmitted to the Collector
& a District on receipt.

/By order/
R Smith
Offg. 2d Asst Resident.

The following is a precis of the Persian Proceedings passed by the 2d Talugdar of Beede Gollah, Nizams Territory in the dispute between that Territory and the Bellary District for the island of Kittanoor in the Tungabadra River dated Bellahoopee, Wooseinhudgally Taluk the 24 Rabeeoal 1288 Hijri.

The enquiry in this dispute was held in a meeting between the Talugdar and the Deputy Collector of Wunpurthy Division.

The ryots of the village of Kittanoor in Wooseinhudgally Taluk claim the island for Bellary in the grounds.

1st That they are in possession of the island and have enjoyed the pasture & fuelwood of the island from time immemorial, and that it is only for the last 10 years that the ryots of Kundahosahully of the Nizams Territory have commenced to come into it.

2dly That the island is named Kittanoor Gudda after their village of Kittanoor.

3dly That the island is nearer to their village than to Kundahosahully - and

4thly That in former times fuel was removed from the island without any opposition for building the Sumberhully Amicut and the Bellahoonee Travellers Bungalow.

The reasons set forth by the ryots of Kundahosahully for claiming the same for the Nizams Territory are

1st That the island is entered as being

within

within the limits of Hyderabad Territory in the accounts of the Desapund & Dasamovthoolo the Rajpoot proprietors of the land -

2dly. That they have proprietary of the island & that they have enjoyed its pasturage and forestwood from time immemorial -

3dly. That the river on their side of the island is fordable for many months in the year except when it is full, while on the contrary the river on the side of Kittanoor is never crossable except by means of boats - and

4thly That no mention is made of the island in any of the accounts on the Bellary side -

The reason why the ryots of Kittanoor came to be in proprietary of the island and enjoy its products is that when the old Register was prepared 80 years ago the boundaries of their District were marked as dictated by the Ancestors of the present village Heads without either inspecting such spots as these, or duly investigating any disputes regarding them - In these accounts the boundary of the Bellary District on this side is said to be the extremity of the river - From these accounts are prepared the village accounts &c while on the contrary the accounts of the Territory for Faslee 1050 & 1229 show that the island is called Kittanoor Gudda, and is within the limits of the Hyderabad Territory - It is further known that with the Kittanoor Gudda island there

are no other islands like this appertaining to Hyderabad, & this fact is confirmed by the old documents produced by the Rajpoot proprietors of the land -

The fact that the island is named after their village of Kittanoor does not give them any claim to the island for it may have been called by that name by reason of its being near that village - neither can its situation nearer to that village than to Kondakoorthilly give them any right for a place may be near to a foreign country and may still not belong to it -

With regard to their proprietary of the island & enjoyment of its products no credit can be given to this statement & for their power to cross fordable -

The public servants of the Bellary District may have taken fuel from the island as they talked because no opposing arrangement were made on those days for the Hyderabad territories to prevent such encroachments of the British Government; but this does not give that Government any claim to the island -

Dupatchied 14 October 1871

W. J. Foster
Acting Collector

Esq. H.M.
&c.

Enclosure in letter No 196 dated 30 June 1871 to Collector.

Rev: 1150/72

Rev: 8/1752/72

In Cir 3 Sub: G. No. 5623/71

R 3622/71

No. 1

To

The Collector

of Bellary.

Sir,

A dispute having arisen between the inhabitants of the village of Kittanoor in the Hoovinhadgally Talug of this district and those of the village of Gondihoshully in the Talug of Copul, Raichoor, concerning the right of grazing on an island in the Toongabudra opposite the former village, I have the honor to request that you will inform me if possible whether there are any records extant shewing to which district the island belongs.

2. No reliable information on the subject can be obtained from the parties themselves as each asserts that they and they only have hitherto used the island as grazing ground for their cattle.

3. The island is about a mile in length ~~though~~ and situated about midway between the opposite banks of the river; it is known by the name of the Kittanoor island and there is every reason to believe

Respectfully

January 1861

In Cir 3 Sub: G. No. 5623/71

R 3622/71

See CR 3370

Rev: 7/1752/72

that it has always been considered as belonging to the village from which it derives its name.

In letters from the authorities of Gondlibashully to those of Kittanoor 20 years ago it is alluded to as belonging to the latter village and not long ago the Department of Public works of this District felled timber on the island without any objection being made. It does not appear however to have been included in the Survey nor has any grazing tax been hitherto charged for it.

4 I have taken measures to prevent a breach of the peace by either party pending the settlement of the claim now made by the inhabitants of Gondlibashully but I think it desirable that the question should be determined as speedily as possible.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most Obedient Servant
(Signed) J. O. St. Clair
Head Assistant Collector

True Copy
Illegible
Deputy Collector

ఎరుచపెండ్రి రబిచుల్ అవలవేలగతేదులుబళ్ళారిజిల్లావంవిసవండగరితాలుంకు
చాలావనిసిఆసేగాలపుమొళాములేతుంగుభద్రలోపైండుజిటాంపుయొక్క
వాగ్దమునపరిష్కరంచమన్నదాయంపిచేయంబెకున్నుప్రత్తరభోందబడినబిడుజిల్లా
కండరితాలుంకుదారంగారిబల్లజారకబడినవీరిసిడింగ్సు—

రివిన్యుబోర్డు కారికెలియబాయనుదారియొక్కకార్డులోవలయబడుతున్నది
సర్కారిచపెండ్రిమువరంనెలక్కనంబరురివిన్యుబోర్డుదారియొక్కప్రత్తరభ్రకారం
కుంపెనియిలంభబళ్ళారిజిల్లావంవిసవండగరితాలుంకుకుతుర్రుగాలుం
వారియొక్కనున్నుచైండ్రబాందుయిలంపైంకంప్పలతాలుంకుకంబెవాంపి
వంబళ్ళాలుంవారియొక్కనున్నుతుంగుభద్రనదిలోపైండుఆయిలెండుజివాంను
విప్పేనుమందుపైండవ్యాజ్యమున్నుదరిందాంపిచేయుటకునున్నుపరిష్కరంచేయుట
కునున్నుయిరెండురితాలుంతుదారుగారుభ్రత్తరభ్రభోందబడినద్రివిచాదజివాపు
యిచ్చోటతుబళ్ళారిజిల్లాడిప్టికలకటరుగాకైవేవెంకటచలంపంతులుగారినవారియ
మతోచరియాంపిచిరిగకాప్పలతాలుంకుకచేరిగునుమనేకృష్ణనున్నుబళ్ళారిజిల్ల
వంవిసవండగరితాలుంతుకచేరికారరంనునిఆయిసుచిభ్రత్తున్నువద్రి
జివాంనుయొక్కనళ్ళాంపుపంపింకటటుమియుర్రుచేశినాంమునద్రిగాలమాల
వారియొక్కనున్నువాల్లతుబుటుగాంభ్రండిగాలమాలవారియొక్కనున్నుయుం
డరితాలుంతుదారుగారియొక్కనున్నుడిప్టికలకటరుగారియొక్కనవర
రంబరంబుతీసుకరిబడినఅయిదాంద్రిదాంయొక్కతెనుగుభాంప్రగలకైపీయు
తులునద్రిడిప్టికలకటరుగారిదప్తరునుంచితునుకనిదాంయొక్కసంగతియుం
త్రిందవభ్రయబడేవ్యాకాంలలోపున్నిచేమ్మన్నాంను—

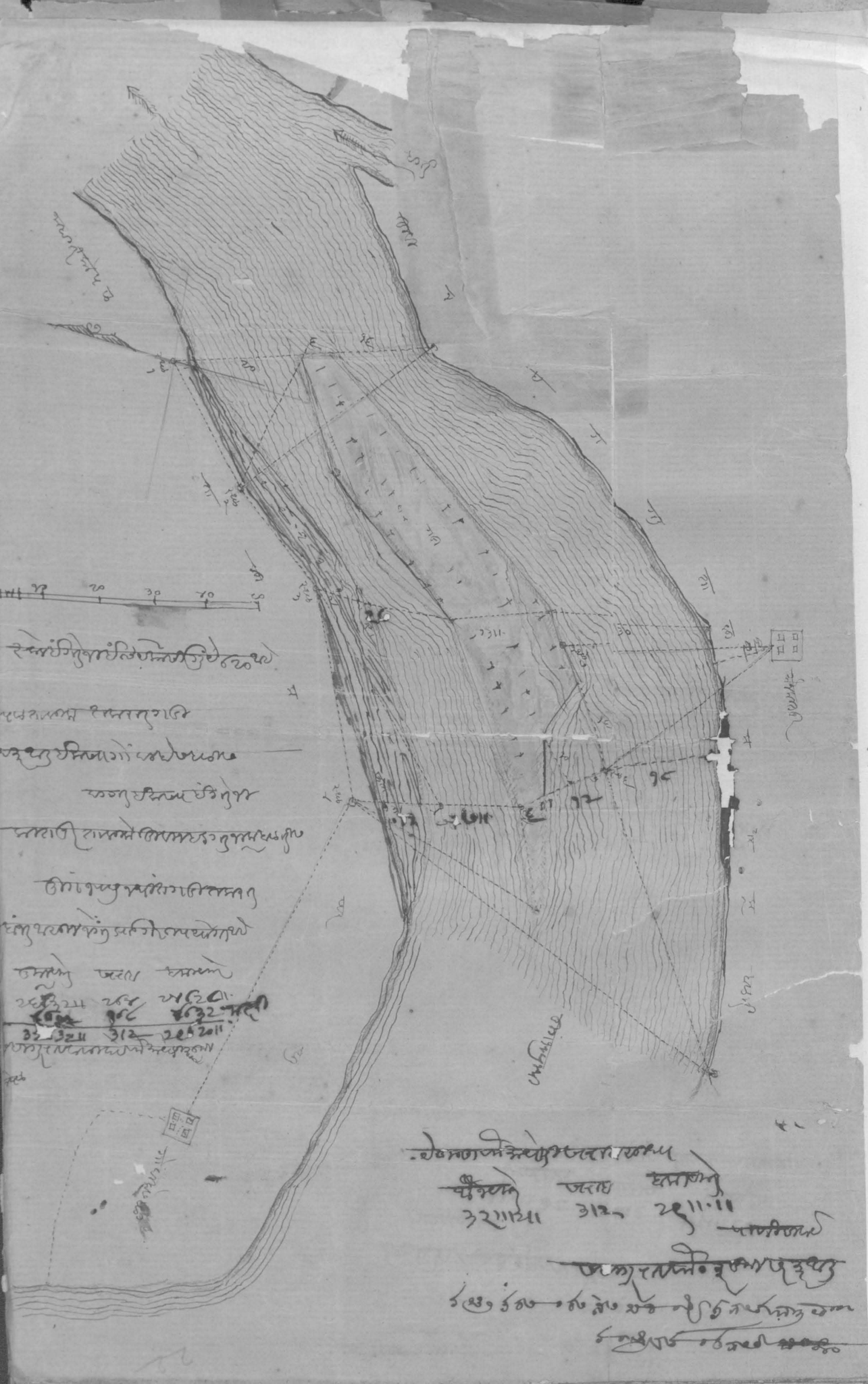
1వ— సద్రిజివాంనుయొక్కగడ్డిన్ను(భూగశేట)అనగాంకట్టలున్నులగాందుత
మంతమఆధీనఅనుభవములాంభ్రన్నట్టుబెప్పుతున్నారుమరిజియిప్పటిది
పసుమారుగంసంవత్సరములనుంచిమభ్రజికాండివాంనిచ్చోంరుభ్రవిశం
చుతున్నారు—

2వ సద్రిజివాంనుయొక్కపేరుమనగాలుంయొక్కపేరుదల్లగ్గ
పుండిభ్రన్నదిఅనగాంకుతున్నారుగడ్డ—

3వ సద్రిజివాంనుమనగాలుంనతనుమభ్రజికాండివాంనేతాంగ్గ
కంటెదగ్గిరభ్రన్నది—

4వ సద్రిజివాంనుయొక్కాంలిచెకట్టలుమభ్రజితమ్మరవాంగ్గ
వడిజికట్టకట్టిగాలమందుమ్మమభ్రజిచాంలాంవంవిసిలా
పుండిసర్కారుమునాంభ్రరచంగకాంచేసాంలమందుభ్రన్న

Mss. 4202



Reg: 10/1752/72

[illegible]

[illegible]

Taken before us this
8 June 1871

[illegible signature]

Thun[illegible]dar
2nd Tra[illegible]der
Zellin Beer.

Abstract

Kuttanoor — 8th June 1871.

49

Abstract
12
Box
1752/52

[illegible] Ramayya
[illegible] 70 years
Curnam of [illegible] held the office
Kuttanoor —
of Karnam of Kutta
now for 50 years. Designed
by his son is now doing
Curnum business. His name
is Cristapa. Witness sworn
& duly cautioned, deposed that the
Inland in the bed of
the River Tongabhadra, was
70 or 80 years old. It has been
usual from the time of my
ancestors for the Villagers of
my Village to go to the Inland
& bring wood from the Jungle
grass. This Inland has been
under his enjoyment — 10 years
ago, the Inhabitants of Gundeka
lully claimed this Inland
1 year for the [illegible]
In the Water

as belonging to their Village.

& prevented our Cattle from
grazing in the Island - we prevented
their Cattle - upon which the
authorities ordered that neither
party should enter the Island
until the dispute is settled -
The land in the Island was never
cultivated as far as I know -
There is one ruined Tower
in this. we know that it was
built by the Rajahs of Hurpanhully.
we cannot go to that Island
without Ferry - The people of
Gondehassahully may walk
thro the water in the hot weather.
Except in the days where a flood
is expected, they can go to this
the water -
Our people go & play there
some days (day 8/ when the River
is full -

Their Island was not entered in
the Survey account as they
Village.
was leave. Use
Except Enjoyment of Island -

year for the rest, they
on the Water

Nagana powder [illegible]

Village Mowndy [illegible] My ancestors were
of Ko[illegible]r. Rooris of this village
[illegible] now ready-
I was at the 3 years ago-

This Island is under
our enjoyment, as it is
nearer to our village- we
cut firewood from it & bring
[illegible] the
land of the Island - The villagers
of Amundavanahully, Jadahully
Tumbahully, Bachegondanahully
& Bomasamudram used to
take the leaves of the Ganda
Trees with our permission & use
it for wet cultivation. They
used to take firewood also at
times with our permission
The villagers of Jonde Lasahully

used to take firewood & Grass
their Cattle with our permission
10 years ago the villagers of that
Village having grazed brought
their cattle & grazed the Rop, we
prevented it - There was a quarrel
between us the Headapte Rayte
Mr Sclair viewed that no one
should enter the Island until the
dispute is settled -
From that time none of us
enter the Island - Prior to that.
the shepherd of Jondechasahully
used to give 2 kids every year
& graze his sheep in the Island -
From the time of Mr Sclairs
order, he is not giving us so he is
not bringing his sheep there -
There is no entry in my village
accts that this Island belongs
to our village -
our villages must go to the
Island on a boat - the villagers
of Jondechasahully also much
go on boat for some time in the
year for the 2nd, they can walk
in the water

to the Island - the head
of the Tower now appears
on the Island was built by
the Rajas -
when the anicut was
built near Tumberhally
it was taken by over
people to throw the bricks -
when the Bungalow at
Bellahoontee was built they
took firewood from this Island
they never cut anything
here on account of Nagoni
post purposes

8th June

Matapaly Soorapa

Inhabitant of Kittanoor aged 60 years—

The name of the Island is Kittanoor Judda - we have been enjoying it - our Cattle graze in it - we cut firewood - I heard that the tower in it was built by Hurpanahelly Rajas -

we must always ogo to the Island on boat. the villages of Jondahusahelly can walk in the water except when the River is in fresh.

They cut firewood in this Island on account of the anicut near Tumberhelly & the Bungalow at Balahoondee. These are British Govt works - Nothing has been taken for Mysore Govts use -

The Inhabitants of Bomada Mooderum & Anandavanahelly used to take Ganaga leaves with our permission for their wet cultivation purposes—

8 June

Karichebelly Burinapa aged 60 years

Inhabitant of Suppanoor Nivanahalapply Talook—

My village is quite near to Kittanoor

The name of the Island is Kittanoor Judda— I know since 50 years this Island has been under the enjoyment of the villagers of Kittanoor.

I know that the villagers of Jadahelly, Bomadamudrum Anandavanahelly used to take the leaves of Ganaga Tree for their wet cultivation purposes after obtaining the permission of the villagers of Kittanoor. when we cut firewood, we got cut at the permission of these villagers.

British Govt workmanship. When the Anicut was built near Jondanahelly firewood was cut from this Island

The villagers of Kittanoor used to quarrel when the people of Jondahushelly send their Cattle into this Island—

8 June

Bheemapa
aged 60 years
Inhabitant of
Bomadamedrem
Gwanahadagite
Talook

My Village is at one mile distance to Kittanoor. There are 50 years Past the Villagers of Kittanoor Enjoy the Island- the name of which is Kotta noor Island- We have been bringing Jaanoga leaves from this Island on a account of our wet cultivation after obtaining the permission of these Villagers.

I know that the Firewood was taken from this Island when an Anicut was built near Tumberkully. I was a Cooly in the work

British Govt Public works.

All Kittanoor Villagers must all either in a boat or they must swim &c.
The Villagers of Sondakully can walk in the water for 9 months & they should have

8 June

Subbiah
aged 75 years
Inhabitant
of Gadakully
Kawanahadagite
Talook

Distance between our Village & Kittanoor. The Island is called Kittanoor Island

I know since 60 years the Island has been under the Enjoyment of Kittanoor Villagers. When we want the Jaanaga leaves, we take them from the Island with the permission of the Villagers

British Govt Public works

In the Anicut near Tumberkully & the Bungalow at Balakoorae were built, they cut wood in this Island for the work- I used to cut the wood, as I was a Cooly employed in the work.

Since 9 years these 2 Villagers are quarrelling- Kittanoor Villagers must go on boat to the Island

ba ti for 3 Months during a Year

for their comuig to thes Island.

9 June 1871

Bheemanafowdu

Polie Reddi

aged 50 years

Inhabitant of

Gondekaakully

Rajamundry Territory

I was appointed

Reddi to this Village

8 or 9 months ago.

My Ministers are Reddies

of this Village.

The Island which is in

the River belongs to our

Villages & I know since

I have been Reddy that our Villages

have been destroying it by

cutting for wood, & by grazing

our Cattle on it. We have no other

Government Evidence to shew that

it belongs to us, Except

that it is frequented by Fishermen

& Boatmen & that a dispute arose

some time ago between us & the Villages of Pitamow

- Dowlaishwaram about wood for their

use in the Island -

Butti Soda p.W.

They cut wood for the ancient

Temples yearly

I heard that the Rajahs of Canekere

(Rajamundry Territory) built the Tower

on the Island -

9 June

Timmana Powda
29 years age
Mookky Reddy
of Pondakasahully
Nizam's Territory

Have been Mookky Reddy 16 years of this Village since

My Grand father & my father were Reddys before -

The big mound of stones on the Island which is in the Ponjalapadu River is of our Reddys - we call it Kittanoor Pudda - also we call it Pondakasahully Pudda - Kittanoor people call it Kittanoor Pudda - Our villagers get firewood from the Island - Our Cattle & Sheep graze there - We have no accounts to show that this Island belongs to our Village - I hear Dustakhees have some accounts -

I heard that the Tower which is on the Island was built by the Rajas of Kanegere (Nizam's territory)

(British Govt P.W.) when the Anicut was built near Tumbuhully, they cut firewood from this Island -

There is a dispute since 9 years regarding this Island - from that time - we are not taking firewood or grass from there.

9 June

Bheemanapowda
Curmum
aged 60 years
Inhabitant of
Coraguloo
Nizam's Territory

My Ancestors were Curmums of the Village - I have been a Curmum of this village since - 20 years - I perform the duties by a Goomasta

The Island which is in the River belongs to my Village - it was so entered in the accounts but those accounts were destroyed when my house fell down - I have no accounts of any kind about that Island - I did not see the accounts which were destroyed - I do not know what was written in those accounts about the Island - Some of our Villagers call this Pondakasahully Pudda; while some call this Kittanoor Pudda - The people on the other side of the river (British Territory) call this Kittanoor Pudda - The villagers of Kittanoor did not enjoy this Island - When an Anicut was built near Tumbuhully, they cut wood & took it from this Island - as this is Circar business, we did not interfere -

(British Govt P.W.)

I heard that the Rajas of Kanekere (Nizam's Ter) built the Tower which is on the Island -

No one cultivates the land on the

Island- Our villagers used to cut
firewood -. Our cattle used to graze
We ~~do~~ ~~it~~ a dispute arose 9 years
ago we are not enjoying them, as
our authority ordered that we should
not enter the Island -

June
Ganata aged 29 years Inhabitant of Sungamadugu Fijian Territory

My village is at 3 miles distance to Sondahushully. The Island between that village & Sondahushully is called Kittanoor Judda. I know that the villagers of Sondahushully cut wood & graze their Cattle in that Island leaves due to take Sawasa from the Island with the permission of the Villagers of Sondahushully 4 or 5 years I have not taken leaves

There is a distance of 5 or 6 miles between my village & Sondahushully. The Island between the villages of Sondahushully is called Kittanoor Judda. I know that the villagers of the former village enjoy the Island. I wanted firewood & leaves I asked to obtain them with the permission of the Redries of Sondahushully since 5 or 6 years I have not taken leaves

June
Malakuatapa aged 29 years Samata of Fijian Territory

I am Turanta of Dasaker of Naleseu. Dasakers is the Chief of 3 or 4 villages & Lieutenant of Coppaleon. I know the account of fuelly

The Government of India is called

9 June

Lyanagowda
Reddi 50 years.
Inhabitants
Karaka
Sujanis territory.

There is one Cop adjoining between the villages of Kittanoor & Gondahasahully. The Island between Gondahasahully & Kittanoor is called Gondahasahully & Judda. The Inhabitants of Gondahasahully Enjoy it Pasturage Cattle Graze in the Island. Have to take firewood from the Island with the permission of those Viceagers. Since 2 or 3 years Have not been taking firewood - prior to it, Have taken firewood - About 2 or 3 years since a dispute arose between the Villagers of Gondahasahully & Kittanoor.

9 June

Kandoorcadugowda
Mookyreddi.
of Kate
aged 38 years
Nijamis Territory

There is one Cop adjoining between the village of Kittanoor. The Island is called Gondahasahully Judda

1229 of the Village of Gondachastully.
It is called Zamen Zadha.
I produce an Extract from the Maharatta account—
There is another Canarese accot of Fusly 1050 shewing the privileges of Dasahees of Keoliga Dasapondas
I produce an Extract from them.
These accounts are in the Duftar of our Dasahees — I have found another accounts here.

1229 Fusly Maratta accot
Gondahasahully Village
Aiyacut — 1½ Poottie.

after deducting
Inam Brumboke &c. Towns County
Circar land 8 3/11 - 1
Cultivated land 3 - 3-5
The land comprising Kittanoor Judda 5 - ½ - 15.

Canarese accot 1050. Fusly.
Shewing the privileges of the Dasahees & Hobelee.
The Government of India is called to ab...

59 59

No 9764.

From

C. U. Aitchison Esq. C. S. I.

Secretary to the Govt. of India

To

W. Hudleston Esq

Offg. Chief Secretary to the Govt. of

Fort St. George

Dated, Fort William, the 15th May 1872

Foreign Depth
General

Sir

I have laid before the Viceroy and Governor
General in Council your letter No 684, dated the 3rd
April 1872, with enclosures, submitting for the consid-
=eration of the British Government and the Govern-
=ment of His Highness the Nizam to whom the island
situated in the Toombudra river between the
Hyderabad district of Kopul and the British
district of Bellary.

2 I am to observe that two questions are in-
=volved in this reference - (1) the right of the British
Government or the Government of the Nizam to
include the island within its territories, and (2)
the rights on the part of the inhabitants of the
neighbouring villages to the produce of the island.
The Government of India is called upon to ab-

the parties for the establishment of private possession.

3 It appears to His Excellency the Governor General in Council that there are preponderating reasons for assigning this island to Hyderabad. The country ceded to the Honble Company by article of the Treaty of 1800 was the Territory "South of the Toombudra" and the intention of the treaty was to make that river the boundary between the British possessions and the territories of the Nizam. It is admitted that the deep stream of the Toombudra river flows on the South side of the island, and it is a general rule subject to certain well known exceptions which do not appear to be applicable in the present instance, that in the case of a river boundary the precise boundary is the deep stream of that river.

The territorial jurisdiction being thus settled, the question of the private rights of the villagers on both sides to the produce of the island should be left to the decision of the Nizam's Government.

The original papers received with your letter under acknowledgment are herewith returned as requested.

I have the honor to

29 November 71 No 287-289
29 April 72 - - 289-291

Revenue 1872 Dept.

No 1752.

From

The Govt of India
Foreign Dept:

Dated 15 May
Recd: 21st "
E-12.

Submitting decision of the Govr Genl in Council with reference to the claim of the British Govt & the Govt of H.H. the Nizam to an island situated in the Doombeddra river between the Hydrabad Dt of Kopul & the British Dt of Kellary.

Wilts Oder

No 843.
Revenue Dept. to Govt of India
Foreign Dept. 24 Nov 71. No 2022. and 29 Apl 72. No 593.
Claim of the Nizam to Island in the Doombeddra river between Kopul & Kellary Dists.
Forwards Extract from Proceedings of Govr Genl in Council.
14 Board's Corr Rec'd 30 Dec
1 Revenue 71 Rec'd 2 Jan 72

29 May 72
No 286-287