(1) Number of pages 16

(2) Date of repair 26-4-43

3) Initials of the Referencer

CONCERNS BOTH BRITISH INDIA
AND INDIAN STATES.

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Revenue **DEPARTMENT.**

G.O. No. 1373 Press / Mis.

12-13

Dated 3 - 10 - 1872.

Not to be folded or roughly handled

No. 12. Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 11th September 1872, No. 1,804 :—

Read the following letter from C. T. LONGLEY, Esq., Collector of Salem, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Shevaroys, 24th August 1872, No. 211 :—

With reference to the Board's Miscellaneous No. 316, of the 15th January last, relative to the demarcation of the boundary line between this district and the Mysore Territory, I have the honour to enclose the copy of two letters* received from the Sub-Collector, together with a copy of correspondence which has passed on the subject between the Superintendent of the Nundydroog Division and the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

* 1. No. 342, of the 6th June 1872.
2. ,, 447, of the 30th July ,,

2. The arrangement proposed by the Sub-Collector, in concurrence with the Superintendent of the Nundydroog Division, is that the Native Officers on both sides should first enquire thoroughly into all disputes and define the boundary, which is to be afterwards gone over by the European Officers on both sides (Sub-Collector and the Deputy Superintendent), and finally determined upon. This arrangement appears to me the best that can be adopted under all circumstances.

3. The question then arises as to whether the Tahsildar of Oossoor, through whose taluq the boundary runs, has the time, in addition to his own duties, to carry out this most tedious and troublesome work. The Sub-Collector thinks that he has not, and I agree with him. Mr. Price proposes the appointment of a special officer not above the grade of a Tahsildar for this work, and points to Devandahully Seshagherry Row, the present Tahsildar of Oossoor, as the proper man for it. He proposes to appoint Seshagherry Row as a Tahsildar of the first class on special duty, and allow him a small establishment consisting of a Goomastah on 15 Rupees, and 6 Peons and a Massalchee. I think that a special officer of the grade proposed by Mr. Price is required for the work, and as for Seshagherry Row, I do not think a better man can be selected for the duty. His knowledge of the language (Canarese) and his intimate acquaintance with the country and the disputes in existence, coupled with his abilities and energy, eminently fit him for the duty. As the officer to be appointed on the other side is to be an Amildar, I consider that a Tahsildar on special duty which corresponds with that grade should be appointed on this side, and the proposal of the Sub-Collector meets this contingency.

4. During the absence, on special duty, of Seshagherry Row, it is proposed to make a temporary arrangement, which will only involve the disbursement of a deputation allowance. The whole cost of the arrangement will be Rupees 386 a month, or Rupees 4,632 for a year, the period which will nearly, if not fully, be taken up by the work. I do not think the work can be carried out in a shorter time than a year, and that is only by the employment of a man of Seshagherry Row's qualifications.

5. The particulars of the extra expense above shown are as follow:—

		Rs.
1. Pay of the Tahsildar on special duty	... ...	250
2. Deputation allowance to the Acting Tahsildars	...	80
3. Pay of the establishment		56
Total	...	386 × 12 = 4,632

6. As the Board and Government are fully sensible of the importance of permanently demarcating the boundary between this district and the Mysore country with as little delay as possible, I trust that the arrangement now proposed will meet with approval and sanction.

7. The first week in October is the most suitable season for commencing the work, and I, therefore, solicit that orders may be passed in the matter as speedily as possible.

Enclosure No. 1.

From J. F. PRICE, Esq., Sub-Collector of Salem, to the Collector of Salem, dated Kelamungalum, 6th June 1872, No. 342.

I have the honour to enclose, for your perusal, an original letter (to be returned) and enclosures received by me from the Superintendent, Nundydroog Division, relative to the demarcation between this district and the Mysore Territory, and to request the favour of your early instr uctions thereon.

2. The monsoon and the fever season are now approaching; a good deal of the work has to be done in jungly country, and the sooner operations are commenced the better.

3. You will observe that Colonel Pearse does not contemplate the employment of a Special Deputy Collector, and I most certainly would rather not have one unless the present Tahsildar of Oossoor is temporarily promoted to that rank. There are long-standing disputes which will involve long enquiries, and these can be looked into far more satisfactorily by an officer acquainted with the country, the people, and the language, than by one who is not.

4. The work will, in my opinion, take up very nearly, if not quite a year, even if a special officer is employed upon it.

5. I would suggest that, if the Tahsildar of Oossoor is deputed for this duty, he should receive the pay of a first-class Tahsildar without travelling allowances. The work will be hard, and the country along the boundary line is for the most part unhealthy—in some places excessively so. I think, therefore, that some extra salary above his present pay should, on this account, be given to him. A special establishment of one Goomastah on Rupees 15, six Peons on Rupees 6 a month, and one Massalchee on Rupees 5 ought, I think, to be entertained. We can spare none from the taluq establishment. There will be a good deal of writing work in the way of taking statements from village officers and ryots regarding disputed portions of the boundary, of which there are several, and there will also be a good deal of correspondence of one kind and another. I propose to carry out the preliminary marking of the boundary without any cost to the State; but, in order to do so, the ryots must be collected and the peons will be required for this; for marking points and seeing the line properly cut, and to carry letters, messages, etc., I do not think six too many for this.

6. A survey party might be sent out to two or perhaps three months after the work of this department has commenced to plot and permanently mark the boundary.

7. The question as to who is to pay for this should be settled at an early date. I think the best course would be for either one side or the other to furnish the party and boundary stones, and send to the other a bill for half of the charges.

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
3rd October 1872.

2
2

8. It would be advisable that the preparation of the boundary marks should be commenced at once. The description of the stones and the distances at which they should be apart have already been mentioned by me, and appear to have been approved of by Government.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) C. T. LONGLEY,
Collector.

Enclosure No. 2.

From J. F. PRICE, Esq., Sub-Collector of Salem, to the Collector of Salem, dated Shervaroy Hills, 30th July 1872, No. 447.

I have the honour, with reference to your letter No. 575, dated the 16th ultimo, which I retained until I could see you, to state that I propose to make the following arrangements for the conduct of the duties of the Tahsildar of Oossoor whilst employed on the duty of demarcating the boundary between the Mysore Territory and this district:—

Mr. H. D. M. Jones, Tahsildar of Darampury, to act as Tahsildar of Oossoor.

S. Sheshagherry Row, Tahsildar of Krishnagherry, to act as Tahsildar of Darampury.

A. Vencata Subba Row, Tahsildar of Utengherry, if you can spare him, to act as Tahsildar of Krishnagherry.

This will cause an extra charge of Rupees 300 a month in the item of salaries of Tahsildars in my division, viz., Tahsildar on special duty Rupees 250, and acting allowances to the other Tahsildars Rupees 50, which is all that they can draw.

2. I would like, if possible, that D. Sheshagherry Row should be permitted to continue to exercise his powers of a subordinate Magistrate of the first class, trying only such cases as I refer to him. Mr. Jones has only the lowest powers, and not having passed the Criminal Test, Higher Grade, cannot be under the rules invested with any others. I will, of course, take care that Sheshagherry Row's time is not taken up with Magisterial work, when he should be looking after the demarcation.

3. You are quite right in the presumption that this is not a favourable time for commencing work. The monsoon will not be safely over until September, and besides this, the ryots will up to that time be employed in ploughing, sowing, and weeding; and it will be very troublesome to them to be called away from their work in order to assist at the demarcation. I think that, in the first week of October, we could begin work, as the crops will then be able to take care of themselves, and the ryots will have nothing much to do. Generally speaking, we feel the north east monsoon but little, and the rain which falls in the latter part of the year is slight, and would not cause us serious hinderance.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) C. T. LONGLEY,
Collector.

Enclosure No. 3.—Copies of correspondence.

Submitted for the orders of Government, with reference to G. O., 4th January 1872, No. 6.

2. In 1868 the Collector of Salem brought to notice the unsettled state of the boundary between the Oossoor Taluq of the Salem District and Mysore, and solicited instructions for settling it.

3. No orders appear to have been passed at that time, and on the 1st November 1871, the Collector made another reference on the subject, the result of which was that the Sub-Collector, Mr. Price, was directed to put himself in communication with the Superintendent of the Nundydroog Division of Mysore, and to arrange for the boundary between the two States being defined.

G. O., 4th January 1872, No. 6.

4. After communicating with Colonel Pearse, Mr. Price reports that it will be necessary to employ an officer of the grade of Tahsildar on either side to go over the ground beforehand and lay down the boundary, which will afterwards be finally settled by the Deputy Superintendent and the Sub-Collector in person.

Mr. Price to Collector, 6th June and 30th July 1872.

5. Mr. Price proposes to appoint the Tahsildar of Oossoor to this special duty, giving him for the time the pay of a first-class Tahsildar and a small establishment.

6. An Amildar on the Mysore Establishment will be appointed to meet him.

7. Mr. Price calculates that it will take these officers a year to complete the duty, and gives an estimate of the cost amounting to Rupees 4,632.

8. Mr. Longley supports Mr. Price's recommendations and begs for early orders, as the most favourable season for operations is approaching.

24th August 1872.

9. It was in the first instance proposed to carry out this settlement by means of the ordinary taluq establishment, but the Board think the Collector and Sub-Collector are right in asking for a special officer who can devote his whole time to the work: it will not be done satisfactorily in any other way.

10. An error seems to have been made in calculating the cost of the work.

11. The extra cost will be the Tahsildar's extra allowance of Rupees 50, *plus* the deputation allowance of those acting in higher posts in consequence of his being on special duty and the pay of his establishment.

12. Instead of giving the Tahsildar the rank and pay of first-class Tahsildar, it would perhaps be better to give him his own pay of Rupees 200 with a special allowance of Rupees 50 extra or travelling allowance at the rate of 2 Rupees a day, the rate allowed for the lower classes of Deputy Collector. The Gumastah should have 20 Rupees instead of 15 and the establishment should include a rough draughtsman from the Demarcation Department whose duty would be to prepare eye-sketches of all lands in dispute. These sketches are of the greatest value in settling disputes, save a vast amount of time, and render the records easily intelligible. The Board do not mean a Surveyor, for their operations are far too slow and needlessly detailed. His pay should be Rupees 20 or 25.

13. The extent of the boundary and the number of disputed points are not given, so that it is difficult to say how long the work should take; but judging from the map, the line can hardly be 100 miles in length, and it is probable that for the greater part of the distances there will be no disputes whatever.

14. Under these circumstances, the Board do not anticipate that the work will occupy the officers six months. All really important disputes will have to a wait the decision of the superior officers.

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
3rd October 1872.

15. The cost of erecting permanent pillars should be borne jointly by the two Governments and not by the ryots, ordinary demarcation stones may be supplied by them, but not the large stone posts which must be put up at intervals eventually.

16. The Tahsildar should have no Magisterial work while on this duty, but should devote his whole time to the work and finish it off. The Mysore Commissioner should be requested also to depute an Amildar specially to do that work and nothing else.

17. When the European Officers go over the ground they should have rough marks put up in their presence, a Surveyor should follow them and make an accurate survey of the line, and when the sanction of the two Governments is obtained the permanent posts should be erected.

18. The Chief Commissioner appears to think that no interchange of lands can take place; at all events the existing bounds must be first of all marked: no proposition for intercharge can be entertained until that has been done.

No. 13. ORDER THEREON, 3rd October 1872, No. 1,373.

Miscellaneous.

THE Governor in Council approves the proposal to depute the Oossoor Tahsildar on special duty for the purpose of defining the boundary between the Salem District and Mysore territory in concert with an Amildar deputed from Mysore, as a preliminary to the settlement of all disputed points by the Sub-Collector of Salem in communication with the Deputy-Superintendent of the Nundidroog Division.

2. The Board's proposals in paragraph 12 are approved and sanctioned. The Government concur with them in opinion that six months should probably suffice for this preliminary work.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) W. HUDLESTON,
Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.
„ the Accountant-General.

Exd. F. R. Bantleman.

CONCERNS BOTH BRITISH INDIA AND INDIAN STATES.

Boundary Dispute between Salem and Mysore Territory. Proposal to depute the Oossoor Tahsildar for the purpose of defining it as a preliminary to the settlement of all disputed points by the Sub-Collector, approved. Proposals regarding his allowance, sanctioned.

OCTOBER.
Nos. 12-13.

Dated October 3rd.
Recd.

G. O., 3rd October 1872, No. 1,373.

Govt. of {1872} Madras.
REVENUE.
To
THE BOARD OF REVENUE.
&c., &c., &c.

No. 1,804.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 11th September 1872.

Read the following letter from C. T. LONGLEY, Esq., Collector of Salem, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Shevaroys, 24th August 1872, No. 211:—

WITH reference to the Board's Miscellaneous No. 316, of the 15th January last, relative to the demarcation of the boundary line between this district and the Mysore Territory, I have the honour to enclose the copy of two letters* received from the Sub-Collector, together with a copy of correspondence which has passed on the subject between the Superintendent of the Nundydroog Division and the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

* 1. No. 342, of the 6th June 1872.
2. ,, 447, of the 30th July ,,

2. The arrangement proposed by the Sub-Collector, in concurrence with the Superintendent of the Nundydroog Division, is that the Native Officers on both sides should first enquire thoroughly into all disputes and define the boundary, which is to be afterwards gone over by the European Officers on both sides (Sub-Collector and the Deputy Superintendent), and finally determined upon. This arrangement appears to me the best that can be adopted under all circumstances.

3. The question then arises as to whether the Tahsildar of Oossoor, through whose taluq the boundary runs, has the time, in addition to his own duties, to carry out this most tedious and troublesome work. The Sub-Collector thinks that he has not, and I agree with him. Mr. Price proposes the appointment of a special officer not above the grade of a Tahsildar for this work, and points to Devandahully Seshagherry Row, the present Tahsildar of Oossoor, as the proper man for it. He proposes to appoint Seshagherry Row as a Tahsildar of the first class on special duty, and allow him a small establishment consisting of a Goomastah on 15 Rupees, and 6 Peons and a Massalchee. I think that a special officer of the grade proposed by Mr. Price is required for the work, and as for Seshagherry Row, I do not think a better man can be selected for the duty. His knowledge of the language (Canarese) and his intimate acquaintance with the country and the disputes in existence, coupled with his abilities and energy, eminently fit him for the duty. As the officer to be appointed on the other side is to be an Amildar, I consider that a Tahsildar on special duty which corresponds with that grade should be appointed on this side, and the proposal of the Sub-Collector meets this contingency.

4. During the absence, on special duty, of Seshagherry Row, it is proposed to make a temporary arrangement, which will only involve the disbursement of a deputation allowance. The whole cost of the arrangement will be Rupees 386 a month, or Rupees 4,632 for a year, the period which will nearly, if not fully, be taken up by the work. I do not think the work can be carried out in a shorter time than a year, and that is only by the employment of a man of Seshagherry Row's qualifications.

5. The particulars of the extra expense above shown are as follow:—

		Rs.
1. Pay of the Tahsildar on special duty	... ...	250
2. Deputation allowance to the Acting Tahsildars	...	80
3. Pay of the establishment		56
Total	...	386 × 12 = 4,632

6. As the Board and Government are fully sensible of the importance of permanently demarcating the boundary between this district and the Mysore country with as little delay as possible, I trust that the arrangement now proposed will meet with approval and sanction.

7. The first week in October is the most suitable season for commencing the work, and I, therefore, solicit that orders may be passed in the matter as speedily as possible.

Enclosure No. 1.

From J. F. PRICE, Esq., Sub-Collector of Salem, to the Collector of Salem, dated Kelamungalum, 6th June 1872, No. 342.

I have the honour to enclose, for your perusal, an original letter (to be returned) and enclosures received by me from the Superintendent, Nundydroog Division, relative to the demarcation between this district and the Mysore Territory, and to request the favour of your early instructions thereon.

2. The monsoon and the fever season are now approaching; a good deal of the work has to be done in jungly country, and the sooner operations are commenced the better.

3. You will observe that Colonel Pearse does not contemplate the employment of a Special Deputy Collector, and I most certainly would rather not have one unless the present Tahsildar of Oossoor is temporarily promoted to that rank. There are long-standing disputes which will involve long enquiries, and these can be looked into far more satisfactorily by an officer acquainted with the country, the people, and the language, than by one who is not.

4. The work will, in my opinion, take up very nearly, if not quite a year, even if a special officer is employed upon it.

5. I would suggest that, if the Tahsildar of Oossoor is deputed for this duty, he should receive the pay of a first-class Tahsildar without travelling allowances. The work will be hard, and the country along the boundary line is for the most part unhealthy—in some places excessively so. I think, therefore, that some extra salary above his present pay should, on this account, be given to him. A special establishment of one Goomastah on Rupees 15, six Peons on Rupees 6 a month, and one Massalchee on Rupees 5 ought, I think, to be entertained. We can spare none from the taluq establishment. There will be a good deal of writing work in the way of taking statements from village officers and ryots regarding disputed portions of the boundary, of which there are several, and there will also be a good deal of correspondence of one kind and another. I propose to carry out the preliminary marking of the boundary without any cost to the State; but, in order to do so, the ryots must be collected and the peons will be required for this; for marking points and seeing the line properly cut, and to carry letters, messages, etc., I do not think six too many for this.

6. A survey party might be sent out to two or perhaps three months after the work of this department has commenced to plot and permanently mark the boundary.

7. The question as to who is to pay for this should be settled at an early date. I think the best course would be for either one side or the other to furnish the party and boundary stones, and send to the other a bill for half of the charges.

8. It would be advisable that the preparation of the boundary marks should be commenced at once. The description of the stones and the distances at which they should be apart have already been mentioned by me, and appear to have been approved of by Government.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) C. T. LONGLEY,
Collector.

5
6

Enclosure No. 2.

From J. F. PRICE, Esq., Sub-Collector of Salem, to the Collector of Salem, dated Shervaroy Hills, 30th July 1872, No. 447.

I have the honour, with reference to your letter No. 575, dated the 16th ultimo, which I retained until I could see you, to state that I propose to make the following arrangements for the conduct of the duties of the Tahsildar of Oossoor whilst employed on the duty of demarcating the boundary between the Mysore Territory and this district:—

Mr. H. D. M. Jones, Tahsildar of Darampury, to act as Tahsildar of Oossoor.

S. Sheshagherry Row, Tahsildar of Krishnagherry, to act as Tahsildar of Darampury.

A. Vencata Subba Row, Tahsildar of Utengherry, if you can spare him, to act as Tahsildar of Krishnagherry.

This will cause an extra charge of Rupees 300 a month in the item of salaries of Tahsildars in my division, viz., Tahsildar on special duty Rupees 250, and acting allowances to the other Tahsildars Rupees 50, which is all that they can draw.

2. I would like, if possible, that D. Sheshagherry Row should be permitted to continue to exercise his powers of a subordinate Magistrate of the first class, trying only such cases as I refer to him. Mr. Jones has only the lowest powers, and not having passed the Criminal Test, Higher Grade, cannot be under the rules invested with any others. I will, of course, take care that Sheshagherry Row's time is not taken up with Magisterial work, when he should be looking after the demarcation.

3. You are quite right in the presumption that this is not a favourable time for commencing work. The monsoon will not be safely over until September, and besides this, the ryots will up to that time be employed in ploughing, sowing, and weeding; and it will be very troublesome to them to be called away from their work in order to assist at the demarcation. I think that, in the first week of October, we could begin work, as the crops will then be able to take care of themselves, and the ryots will have nothing much to do. Generally speaking, we feel the north east monsoon but little, and the rain which falls in the latter part of the year is slight, and would not cause us serious hinderance.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) C. T. LONGLEY,
Collector.

Enclosure No. 3.—Copies of correspondence.

Submitted for the orders of Government, with reference to G. O., 4th January 1872, No. 6.

2. In 1868 the Collector of Salem brought to notice the unsettled state of the boundary between the Oossoor Taluq of the Salem District and Mysore, and solicited instructions for settling it.

3. No orders appear to have been passed at that time, and on the 1st November 1871, the Collector made another reference on the subject, the result of which was that the Sub-Collector, Mr. Price, was directed to put himself in commu-

G. O., 4th January 1872, No. 6.

nication with the Superintendent of the Nundydroog Division of Mysore, and to arrange for the boundary between the two States being defined.

4. After communicating with Colonel Pearse, Mr. Price reports that it will be necessary to employ an officer of the grade of Tahsildar on either side to go over the ground beforehand and lay down the boundary, which will afterwards be finally settled by the Deputy Superintendent and the Sub-Collector in person.

Mr. Price to Collector, 6th June and 30th July 1872.

5. Mr. Price proposes to appoint the Tahsildar of Oossoor to this special duty, giving him for the time the pay of a first-class Tahsildar and a small establishment.

6. An Amildar on the Mysore Establishment will be appointed to meet him.

7. Mr. Price calculates that it will take these officers a year to complete the duty, and gives an estimate of the cost amounting to Rupees 4,632.

8. Mr. Longley supports Mr. Price's recommendations and begs for early orders, as the most favourable season for operations is approaching.

24th August 1872.

9. It was in the first instance proposed to carry out this settlement by means of the ordinary taluq establishment, but the Board think the Collector and Sub-Collector are right in asking for a special officer who can devote his whole time to the work: it will not be done satisfactorily in any other way.

10. An error seems to have been made in calculating the cost of the work.

11. The extra cost will be the Tahsildar's extra allowance of Rupees 50, *plus* the deputation allowance of those acting in higher posts in consequence of his being on special duty and the pay of his establishment.

12. Instead of giving the Tahsildar the rank and pay of first-class Tahsildar, it would perhaps be better to give him his own pay of Rupees 200 with a special allowance of Rupees 50 extra or travelling allowance at the rate of 2 Rupees a day, the rate allowed for the lower classes of Deputy Collector. The Gumastah should have 20 Rupees instead of 15 and the establishment should include a rough draughtsman from the Demarcation Department whose duty would be to prepare eye-sketches of all lands in dispute. These sketches are of the greatest value in settling disputes, save a vast amount of time, and render the records easily intelligible. The Board do not mean a Surveyor, for their operations are far too slow and needlessly detailed. His pay should be Rupees 20 or 25.

13. The extent of the boundary and the number of disputed points are not given, so that it is difficult to say how long the work should take; but judging from the map, the line can hardly be 100 miles in length, and it is probable that for the greater part of the distances there will be no disputes whatever.

14. Under these circumstances, the Board do not anticipate that the work will occupy the officers six months. All really important disputes will have to a wait the decision of the superior officers.

15. The cost of erecting permanent pillars should be borne jointly by the two Governments and not by the ryots, ordinary demarcation stones may be supplied by them, but not the large stone posts which must be put up at intervals eventually.

16. The Tahsildar should have no Magisterial work while on this duty, but should devote his whole time to the work and finish it off. The Mysore Commissioner should be requested also to depute an Amildar specially to do that work and nothing else.

17. When the European Officers go over the ground they should have rough marks put up in their presence, a Surveyor should follow them and make an accurate survey of the line, and when the sanction of the two Governments is obtained the permanent posts should be erected.

18. The Chief Commissioner appears to think that no interchange of lands can take place; at all events the existing bounds must be first of all marked: no proposition for intercharge can be entertained until that has been done.

(True Copies and Extract.)

J Gole

Secretary.

To the Chief Secretary to Government, with one enclosure.
" the Collector of Salem.

Exd. J. Wright.

Revenue Department.

No. 1373

PROCEEDINGS of the MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Under date the 3rd September 1872.

Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue.

Submitting for orders letter from Collector forwarding certain correspondence relative to settlement of boundary between Mysore territory and Ossoor Taluq of Salem District and proposing to depute Ossoor Tahsildar to make a preliminary settlement of boundary in conjunction with officer to be appointed by Mysore Govt.

(Ho. & 11th Sept. 1872, No. 1804)

The Governor-in-Council approves the proposal to depute the Ossoor Tahsildar on special duty for the purpose of defining the

No. 3088 Rev. 1872. Board of Revenue, MADRAS.

PROCEEDINGS, 11TH SEPTEMBER 1872, No. 1,804.

Dep. 18 Sept. 1872. Encl. 1

Received 21st Sept. 1872

SEPTEMBER.

No. 1,804.

Boundary—between Mysore territory and Ossoor Taluq of Salem District.—Letter from Collector forwarding certain correspondence relative to settlement of—and proposing to depute Ossoor Tahsildar to make a preliminary settlement of boundary in conjunction with officer to be appointed by Mysore Government, submitted for orders of Government, with remarks.

No. 12

WDo. 1373 - 3 Sept. 1872

C. 25: Ab: 1872 - R 3d Oct.

8
b

the boundary between the Salem District and the Mysore territory in concert with an Amildar deputed from Mysore, as a preliminary to the Settlement of all disputed points by the Sub-Collector of Salem in communication with the Deputy Superintendent of the Rundidroog Division.

The Board's proposals in para 12 are approved and sanctioned. The Govt. concur with them in opinion that 6 months should probably suffice for this preliminary work.

14 To the Board of Revenue Dy & C
b - The Accountant General

12-3-21

No. 11

Settlement of boundary dispute between Skyline Investors and Possessor Energy Solutions LLC

Ord 12-13

Cross
Petition