Revenue 1871 Sept.
No. 3511.

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue

Dated 2nd November 1871
Despd 2 " "
Received 6 "

Cattle disease — in Vadumalpur Village in Nundial Taluq, Kurnool District, — Report on, submitted to Government.

No. 1880
8th Nov. 71.

No 15–16

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department, 8th November 1871.

No. 17. Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 24th October 1871, No. 4,481 :—

Read the following letter from the Collector of Kurnool, to the Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 5th October 1871, No. 324.

In reply to Board's Proceedings dated 21st September 1871, Miscellaneous No. 3,346, I have the honour to inform you that segregation was not attempted in any of the villages therein referred to. The Tahsildar has been directed to explain to the people the necessity of this measure whenever disease breaks out among cattle.

2. The ryot's objection to segregation is the necessity for more places than one for keeping their cattle, and the obligation of having more persons to watch them. The advantages have been repeatedly explained to them, and I trust they will gradually see the practical utility of it.

Submitted to Government in reply to Government Order dated 13th September 1871, No. 1,591, Revenue Department.

No. 18. Order thereon 8th November 1871, No. 1,881.

Miscellaneous. Ordered to be recorded.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) W. HUDLESTON,
Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.

Exd. F. R. Bantleman.

No. 3491.

Revenue 1871 Dispatches

Board of Revenue,

MADRAS.

PROCEEDINGS, 24TH OCTOBER 1871, No. 4,481.

Dept 1 Nov 1871

Encl.

Received. 6

OCTOBER.

No. 4,481.

Cattle disease—in certain villages of Ramalkota Taluq in Kurnool District,—Report of Collector that segregation was not attempted because of, and that Tahsildar has been directed to explain necessity of this measure to people whenever disease breaks out, submitted to Government.

14 Encls Copy of Dec Proceedings

No 17-18

8 Nov 1881.

8 Nov 1871.

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department, 8th November 1871.

No. 19. Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 1st November 1871, No. 4,584 :—

Read the following letter from C. E. GOVER, Esq., Census Officer, Madras, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 26th October 1871.

WITH reference to the Board's Proceedings, dated 23rd September 1871, I have the honour to report that I have given careful attention to the question of accommodation for the Census staff. The Board mentioned the College Hall as a place that would probably suit, and could be obtained without expense. I have carefully examined and measured the hall, and find that in its present state it is neither convenient nor sufficiently commodious. The hall is encumbered with benches, and the stage with flies and other properties. The gallery is only available on two sides, the others being occupied by scenes and theatrical apparatus. It will not be easy to find available space for such of the properties as can be removed, but there is much that cannot be taken from its place. I am informed by Mr. Powell that he applied some time back for the use of a portion of the gallery for his office, but was informed by Government that they were under such an engagement with the Dramatic Society as to preclude their occupying any part of the hall. If the Dramatic Society objected then, much more will they do so now that its season is just commencing. Mr. Powell also informed me that he should feel called upon to oppose the employment of the gallery for any other office than his own. Under these circumstances it would seem that the College Hall is not available or suitable for the Census office.

2. There are, however, three premises that may be rented, which are commodious and suitably situated. They are—

(1). The house lately vacated by Lewis Milner and Co., near the Round Tannah. The rent is Rupees 110 per mensem.

(2). The shop formerly occupied by Kristnamah and Co. in Popham's Broadway. Rent Rupees 150 per mensem.

(3). The office of the late firm of C. J. Robinson and Co. in the 2nd Line Beach. Rent Rs. 200 per mensem.

3. It cannot be decided as to which of these is most suitable, until it is ascertained what number of clerks must be engaged. To this point I have given careful attention, but am unable to come to any satisfactory conclusion, since the amount of work to be done is not settled, nor the rate at which it can be performed. The amount of work to be done depends upon the extent and number of the comparative tables which should be drawn from the returns. The returns given by the Government of India express, as I understand, the minimum of work that must be done, but it will certainly be the desire of the Board to learn as much from the census as possible rather than as little as is necessary. Before leaving for England Mr. Grose verbally instructed me that this was a matter of high moment, and I may be permitted to observe that it is my own opinion that as much information as possible should be obtained from the great organization and labour the census has caused. If the Board approve I propose to do myself the honour of submitting forms of such tables as may probably be accomplished with the means and time at disposal.

4. The rate of work that may be expected I have endeavoured to learn from the tabulation now going on of the Madras Preliminary Census, but this cannot be altogether trusted as the clerks are but beginners. But allowing a large margin for this I am of opinion that not less than 150 clerks will be required, and even they will be hard pressed to do the work in the mode that would meet my hopes. At Rupees 25 per mensem this would make a monthly charge of Rupees 3,750, leaving Rupees 1,250 from the grant of Rupees 5,000, which I understand Government has sanctioned, for other charges or an increased number of clerks if necessary.

5. I am of opinion that, looking to the staff named above, Kristnamah's premises are the most suitable and therefore the cheapest of those mentioned, and that they will accommodate the requisite number of clerks at some slight expense in adapting it for the purpose. It may be taken on a monthly rent and given up if found unsuitable.