M.R. O. 1—89,000—16-10-29.

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Revenue DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 2632 Press —Mis.—

233-34
Dated 16-10- 19 1868

Not to be folded or roughly handled

3-1-1930

No. 233. Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 19th September 1868, No. 6,673 :—

Read the following letter from the Collector of Tanjore, to the Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Point Calimere, Tritrapundi Talook, 13th June 1868, No. 131.

1. I have for some time had under consideration the subject of placing the local Establishments of the Rajah's Chuttrums, now under Government management, in this district on an improved and efficient footing, and beg to lay before the Board the following scheme which I have carefully prepared.

2. In his letter to the Board, dated the 11th May 1858, No. 88, Mr. Phillips, in proposing for the sanction of the Board an Establishment* for the general superintendence of these Institutions, stated that it was irrespective of the local Chuttrum Establishments which had been kept up at a monthly cost of Rupees 2,000, and that, for reasons given by him, he did not attempt to remodel or curtail them, though he intended to take every legitimate opportunity of so doing on the occurrence of vacancies or unpardonable offences. This proposition was approved by the Board in their Proceedings of the 12th July 1858, No. 2,582.

* Sanctioned in Board's Proceedings, 12th July 1858, No. 2,582.
Vide also Proceedings of Government, 22nd idem, No. 1,018.

3. Reductions and revisions of a minor character have been now and then made, but a general revision has not up to this time been effected on account of its being attended with peculiar difficulty. I have, however, now, after careful consideration, prepared a scheme for remodelling the whole of the Chuttrum Establishments, (which hitherto have consisted of a large staff of ill paid men,) as shown in the enclosed Statement marked A. ; and this I propose to bring into operation at once in anticipation of the Board's approval.

4. The main difficulty attendant on carrying out a scheme of general reduction is the individual hardship of throwing persons out of employ, to whom employment in the Chuttrums is their only means of subsistence ; but I propose in a great measure to avoid this result by allowing such of them as, from their long standing and advanced age, are entitled to indulgent consideration, daily rations from the Chuttrum stores sufficient for their subsistence during life.

5. I will now proceed to offer remarks in detail on the scale of Establishment I have framed for the several Chuttrums.

6. I must, in the first place, observe that the reduction contemplated by Mr. Phillips can be held practically to refer only to number ; for, if a suitable scale of salary is to be substituted, as it doubtless must be, for the very paltry remuneration now allowed, any diminution in the aggregate cost is not possible. The present actual cost of the Establishment of all the seventeen Chuttrums of the Rajah's

is Rupees 1,771-14-0 per mensem, distributed over the four following distinct branches, thus :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. For the collection of revenues, ...	458	12	0
2. ,, superintending the department of expenditure, ...	668	11	0
3. ,, menial service in the Chuttrums, including the Establishment of cooks, water-men, and other servants, ...	387	10	0
4. Garden Establishment, ...	256	13	0

Now, the present cost of that branch of the Establishment, which is intended for the revenue branch of the administration, is clearly inadequate, when it is considered that the landed endowments of all the Chuttrums taken together consist of no less than seventy-five villages and thirty-two detached pieces of land, yielding in the aggregate a revenue of about Rupees 1,56,000. This inadequacy is now the more felt, because, while the revenues of the Chuttrums have largely increased, and are increasing, the Nat Curnum part of the Talook Establishment has been abolished conjointly with the introduction of the new scheme of the Village Establishment of this district. As the Board are aware, the revenues of the Chuttrums are collected by the Talook Tahsildars, who conduct also the general management of the villages. These duties are at present conducted by them with the assistance of eight Gumastahs and a few Peons, (besides the Village Establishment,) distributed among the three talooks which contain the bulk of the landed property of these Institutions.

7. The same remark applies more or less also to the other branches of the Establishment; for, while the present numbers are undoubtedly susceptible of reduction, those whose services are indispensably necessary require to be allowed decent remuneration in order to keep them, as far as possible, from reimbursing themselves by illicit means out of the Chuttrums' stores, for which there is of course much opening.

8. For facility of reference I append a short table showing the present and proposed cost of each of the four branches of Establishment, with both the present and proposed number of persons on each :—

	As at present existing.		As now proposed.	
	Number of persons.	Total monthly cost.	Number of persons.	Total monthly cost
		Rs. A.		Rs. A.
For the collection of the revenues, ...	98	458 12	104	615 0
For superintending the department of expenditure, ...	130	668 11	85	553 8
For menial service of Chuttrums, ...	186	387 10	165	469 8
Garden Establishment, ...	95	256 13	83	301 8
Total, ...	509	1,771 14	437	1,939 8

9. From this it will be seen that the effect of the revision now made is in the aggregate a reduction in the number of persons from 509 to 437, with a small increase in the cost of Rupees 167-10-0 per mensem. According to the revised

scheme the cost of the Revenue Branch of the Establishment for all the Chuttrums amounts to Rupees 615 per mensem, or Rupees 7,380 per annum, being only 4·72 per cent. on the total amount of actual collections of the past Fusly 1276, which was Rupees 1,56,184; and that the cost of the other branches is Rupees 1,324-8-0 per mensem, or Rupees 15,894 per annum, bearing a per-centage of 9·52 on the total receipts which represent more or less also the total expenditure. Considering that the duties of the last mentioned portion of the Establishment consist of the collection and custody of large stores of provisions, the preparation and distribution of food on a large scale, with the keeping and rendering of necessary accounts, and the maintenance and conservancy of large and extensive buildings and numerous gardens, I trust that the number of hands, as well as the rates of salaries I have allowed, will be considered to be as moderate as, under the circumstances of the case, they can possibly be. I must here add that the revision now proposed involves in fact a reduction rather than an increase in cost, with a further reduction than is shewn above in numbers; since, under the present system, small allowances of rice, both with and without money pay, are given to a number of menial servants which are not included in the table entered in paragraph 8, and which, inintroducing the new scheme, I am going altogether to discontinue.

10. It has been the practice for the local managers of some of these Chuttrums to collect also the revenues of the villages belonging thereto under the general direction of the Tahsildars; but as this system is very undesirable, I have, while reducing the local Chuttrum Establishment, provided six Inspectors and fourteen Peons, whose duty it will be, under the general supervision and control of the Tahsildars, to carry on all the duties connected with the executive superintendence of all the seventy-five villages and other smaller tracts of land, including the inspection of cultivation, the collection of rents, and the execution of repairs to village tanks, and other usual Maramut.

11. I do not consider it necessary here to enter into further details, as all necessary information is embodied in the Statement of the proposed Establishment which I enclose; and I will only remark that, having gone very fully and minutely into the subject, I am satisfied that the scale of the Establishment I have framed, represents the very minimum at all consistent with the efficient and satisfactory administration of these extensive charitable Institutions, as well as their endowments.

12. I take this opportunity also of requesting the sanction of the Board to an alteration in the Establishment proposed by Mr. Phillips and sanctioned by the Board in 1858, for the general direction and superintendence of the Rajah's Chuttrums; the same having been shown by experience to be absolutely necessary.

13. This Establishment consists of a Superintendent on a salary of Rupees 140, with an Office Establishment to assist the Superintendent, as also to examine and check the Chuttrum Accounts in the Huzoor; the total monthly cost of the whole, including the Superintendent's salary, being Rupees 230-8-0. The duties which this general Superintendent is required to perform are to inspect frequently and regularly all the Chuttrums in the district, to control the whole staff of the local Establishments of these Institutions, and to maintain order and discipline among them, together with the transaction of various other duties of minor detail connected with the due appropriation of money and stores of provisions to the purposes for

which they are intended. Now, omitting seven small and unimportant Chuttrums out of the seventeen which comprise the Rajah's Charitable Establishment, the remaining ten are distributed among the several talooks thus :—

Tanjore, ...	3
Combaconum, ...	2
Mannargudi, ...	1
Pattukottai, ...	4

The distance between Combaconum and Minpessal, which borders on the Ramnad country, and where one of the more important Chuttrums is situated, is nearly 100 miles, and in no case, with one or two exceptions, is the distance between one and another of these Chuttrums less than fifteen miles. The efficient supervision, therefore, of all the institutions by one Superintendent, is necessarily attended with great difficulty, more especially as the Circar and other choultries under the charge of Government have latterly been placed under his general control, and though they are of minor importance, still require to be properly looked after.

14. I propose, therefore, that there should be two Superintendents in place of one, and that each should have charge of a distinct range, thus :—

NORTHERN RANGE.

Names of Chuttrums.	Total revenue of each.		Total revenue of each.
	RS.		RS.
1. Muktambalpuram, ...	31,802	8. Mahadevapatnam, ...	1,287
2. Rajakumara Bayi, ...	2,470	9. Yemunambapuram, ...	29,080
3. Saidambapuram, ...	935	10. Rajasambapuram, ...	8,996
4. Shreyasi Chuttrum at Tanjore, ...	4,796	11. Sakhavambalpuram, ...	14,793
5. Vennar Chuttrum do., ...	4,422	12. Malliam, ...	1,247
6. Nadar, ...	178		
7. Panchanadamohanambapuram, ...	201		1,00,207

SOUTHERN RANGE.

	Total Revenue of each.
	RS.
1. Mohanambalpuram, ...	25,471
2. Sulakshanambalpuram, ...	15,377
3. Draupadambalpuram, ...	7,374
4. Rajakumarambalpuram, ...	14,234
5. Rameswaram, ...	4,369
	66,825

To the Superintendent who is to have charge of the northern or more extensive range, I would give a monthly salary of Rupees 100, and to the other, Rupees 60, the increase on the whole being only Rupees 20 beyond the salary now allowed to one Superintendent. The second Superintendent will require also an Establishment to assist him, and I would give him a Gumastah on Rupees 14, and two Peons on Rupees 5 each. I think it necessary also to raise the pay of the four Peons on the present Superintendent's Establishment from 3½, 4, and 5 to the uniform rate of 5 each for three, and Rupees 6 for the Head Peon. The aggregate increase I have proposed comes to only Rupees 50-8-0 per mensem ; the whole cost of the two Superintendents and their Establishments, as now proposed, being Rupees 281, against Rupees 230-8-0, according to the present list. I enclose a Statement of the proposed Establishment marked B.

15. This added to the local Chuttrum Establishment makes up a total of Rupees 2,220-8-0 per mensem, or Rupees 26,646 per annum, being about sixteen per cent. on the total receipts and expenditure.

16. It has long since struck me whether the utility of these Institutions might not be beneficially extended without departing altogether from the legitimate object of the endowments, and, in reference to this question, I will furnish the report called for in the Board's Order of the 4th July 1867, No. 4,170, communicating the Proceedings of Government containing their review of the operation of Local Funds during the year 1865-66.

17. In that Order, which refers to this, as also to the other two districts of Madura and Tinnevelly, the Board desire to be informed whether any portion of the accumulations in the Choultries may be utilized without violating the intention of the original endowments. The balances remarked upon by Government refer, as shown in paragraph 15 of their Proceedings, to three different sets of Chuttrums in this district; but of those balances that in favor of Circar Chuttrums is small, being only Rupees 1,107, distributed over eight Institutions; of the balance of Rs. 10,287, shown in favor of other private Chuttrums than those of the Rajah's, the greater part has since been spent in the erection* of a new Chuttrum at Pattukottai ; and with regard to the sum of Rupees 29,536, which was the balance in favor of the Rajah's Chuttrums at the close of the official year abovementioned, I have the honor to state that the sum cannot strictly be termed an accumulation; for, as the revenues of the villages are collected by instalments in certain months of the year, it must necessarily happen that the balance of cash in hand is at one time larger than another. The sum above specified was, moreover, only a little more than was required for two months' expenditure.

* *Vide* Board's Proceedings, 18th December 1865, No. 8,099.

18. The question which remains for discussion, and it is a very important and interesting one, is whether the incomes now applied, in accordance with long-standing usage, in distributing food to the mass of people resorting to these alms-houses, might not be fairly diverted, at least partially, to other and better modes of public charity.

19. Of the seventeen Rajah's Chuttrums, two are maintained chiefly by money allowances granted by Government subsequent to the death of His Highness the late Rajah, and the other fifteen possess landed endowments consisting, as I have stated elsewhere, of seventy-five villages and thirty-two detached tracts of land, and yielding, on the whole, a net income of about Rupees 1,56,000.

20. I have carefully examined all the original grants and other documents under which these villages and lands were given to the several Institutions, and the following is a brief analysis of their terms.

21. Of the whole extent of the landed property above specified, twenty-seven villages, yielding a revenue of nearly Rupees 30,000, were granted by the British Government† under five Sunnuds, in English, one dated the 8th November 1805, and the other four the 29th July 1806, and the terms of these grants are that "the produce shall be invariably and

† Under the seal and signature of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council of Fort St. George.
The number of villages as shown in these grants is twenty-six ; but by an exchange of villages, which subsequently took place between the Government and Rajah Sherbhoji, it has increased to twenty-seven.

"solely appropriated for the support of the Chuttrums." Of these grants, the one first mentioned was made as a personal favor to His Highness the Rajah Sherbhoji for the support of the Chuttrum founded by him under the designation of "Muktambapuram," and the other four as a compensation to other four Chuttrums, for the resumed privilege of collecting salt from certain places which had been originally alienated in their favor. Forty-one villages and fifteen small tracts of land paying, in the aggregate, a revenue of about Rupees 98,000, were given by former Rajahs and their wives, under nine different grants termed "Paravanagi." These grants bear various dates, from 1756 to 1788, and the only words to be found in them as to the condition of the grant are "Chuttrum Dharmam."* Five villages and thirteen tracts of land, of which the net income amounts to nearly Rupees 25,000, were purchased by former Rajahs and given to the Chuttrums, the bulk of the endowments under the head being made by Rajah Sherbhoji, father of the last Prince; and the purpose of the endowment, as defined in the Sikha Sunnuds granted by him, is "Annadanam," (distribution of cooked rice), &c. The remaining two villages and four small tracts, the annual value of which is about Rupees 2,800, are not supported by any written grants.

* Means charity.

22. With regard to that part of the landed property in question which is supported by grants from the British Government, the terms of the grant are sufficiently specific, and require no remark. With respect to the remaining portion of the endowment, I am constrained to think that the intention of the grants cannot be considered to be in any way less restricted, and that if the object is less specifically defined, this has arisen from the possibility of a more extended use of the endowments by future administrators never having been anticipated by the founders of the Institutions, and not from any willingness on their part to allow a latitude as to the utilization of the proceeds of the endowments. Distribution of prepared food to the poor, and indeed to the masses generally, is, among the Hindus, the very first and universally recognised medium of charity; and this is the avowed object of an endowed Chuttrum.

23. It appears to me, therefore, that however desirable it might be, on general considerations, that the revenues of these Chuttrums should be used for more general purposes, yet they cannot consistently, with a scrupulous regard to the intentions of their founders, be diverted to any purpose other than the maintenance of the respective Chuttrums.

24. I think, however, that, without in any way violating the intention of the original endowments, the education of the children of the indigent classes, and the gratuitous distribution of medicines to the poor, might be more largely provided for than at present. There are already on the Establishment of some of the more important Chuttrums, some Native Schoolmasters and Doctors on small pay; but a boarding school, regularly organized and well conducted, and consisting of three or four trained teachers for giving elementary instruction in English and the Vernacular, with a small class for Sanscrit, and a supply of English medicines to meet the ordinary wants of the population, under the charge of a trained practitioner, selected from among our pensioned Dressers, will add much to the utility of these Institutions.

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department, 14th October 1868.

25. I have, after careful consideration, prepared a plan for such a boarding school and one also for a small Dispensary, as particularized in the Enclosures marked C. and D., and propose, with the sanction of the Board, to introduce them in the four largest Chuttrums marginally noted, and which possess sufficiently large endowments.

	Amount of income. RS.
1. Muktambalpuram or Orattanad, ...	31,802
2. Yemunambalpuram or Nidamangalam,	29,080
3. Mohanambalpuram or Rajamattam,	25,471
4. Rajakumarambalpuram or Minpessal,	14,234
	1,00,587

26. It will be seen that the annual cost of each school, as shown in Enclosure C., is Rupees 828, and that of the Dresser and medicines for each Chuttrum, as shown in Enclosure D., Rupees 360; the united cost of these two Establishments for the four Chuttrums being Rupees 4,752. Considering that the total income of these four Institutions is as much as Rupees 1,00,000, this additional charge can well be met without the expenditure for the distribution of food, which is the primary object of these alms-houses being curtailed to any extent.

27. The places where three of these four Chuttrums are situated, namely, Muktambalpuram, Mohanambalpuram, and Rajakumarambalpuram, are surrounded by villages inhabited by the poorest classes; and in none of the four is there at present any school, save one belonging to the Wesleyan Mission at Nidamangalam. Neither is there a public Dispensary at any of these places.

28. I must, in conclusion, add that, in the course of the last ten years, during which the Rajah's Chuttrums have been under the charge of Government, no pains have been spared towards improving their resources and placing the expenditure under proper restrictions. Notwithstanding a succession of unpropitious seasons, the revenues have increased from Rupees 96,000, in Fusly 1266, to nearly Rupees 1,56,000 in Fusly 1276; the buildings, gardens, and tanks have been put in good order; plantations have been very largely extended; and sundry improvements of a minor description have been carried out. Moreover, whilst these Charitable Establishments have, under our management, attained a state of unprecedented prosperity, they, at the same time, have been a source of immeasurable relief to the poorer classes of the population of the southern section of this district and of Madura, during the past successive bad seasons, by which the unirrigated tracts have been especially affected.

ENCLOSURES Nos. 1 to 4.—Reports.

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1. In the first part of this letter, the Collector submits proposals for revising the Establishments attached to the Rajah's Chuttrums in Tanjore. He would reduce the number of persons employed, raising the pay of those retained. The cost is on the whole increased by Rupees 2,000 per annum in the charges for the collection of revenue, superintendence of expenditure, Chuttrum service, and Garden Establishment. The cost of superintendence will be raised, by the adoption of the

	Present. RS.	Proposed. RS.
Local Establishment	21,262	23,274

Collector's proposals detailed below, from Rupees 2,766 to Rupees 3,372 per annum, making a total charge of Rupees 26,646 per annum, or sixteen per cent. on the total* receipts and expenditure.

* The actual collections for Fusly 1276 were Rupees 1,56,184.

2. The inspection and general control of the Rajah's Chuttrums is now entrusted to a Superintendent on Rupees 140 per mensem with an Office Establishment, the entire cost of superintendence amounting to Rupees 230-8-0, per mensem, or Rupees 2,766 per annum. The distance at which the several Chuttrums are situated one from another rendering efficient control impossible under the present arrangement, the Collector proposes two Superintendents, with suitable Establishments, each to have charge of a separate range, at an increased cost of Rupees 50 per mensem only, or Rupees 3,372 annually.

3. The executive superintendence of all property belonging to the charities, the collection of rents, and execution of repairs, will continue to be vested in the Tahsildars; but the practice of deputing the local managers of Chuttrums to collect the revenues of their villages will be superseded by the appointment of Inspectors and Peons on regular salaries. A considerable saving will also be effected by the discontinuance of small allowances of rice and money to menial servants on the Local Establishment.

4. The Board believe that the adoption of the Collector's proposals is calculated to increase the efficiency of the administration, and resolve to submit the scheme for the approval of Government.

5. In the second part of his letter, the Collector discusses the important question raised in reviewing the operations of Local Funds during 1865-66, namely, whether any part of the accumulations of Choultry funds may with propriety be diverted to other and more generally useful purposes than the mere distribution of food to the people. After pointing out that the balance in favor of the Rajah's Chuttrums at the end of the year cannot strictly be called an accumulation, the Collector expresses an opinion, in which the Board fully concur, that the terms of the Sunnuds indicating the objects of these charities preclude the application of the revenues to other objects than those to which they are now devoted. It appears, however, that a small Establishment of Native Schoolmasters and Doctors is at present kept up in connection with some of the more important Chuttrums; and the Board concur with the Collector in considering that well considered measures for the improvement of the existing schools, and for the extended distribution of medical aid, are in no way inconsistent with the intentions of the founders of the charities, and, moreover, are practicable without any diminution of the existing services; they therefore recommend the adoption of measures for reorganizing these establishments, the cost of which is very trifling as compared with the revenues of the Chuttrum charities.

6. The Board do not, however, altogether approve of the Collector's scheme, which appears to aim at too high a standard of education, while the sum to be devoted to the Medical Establishment is disproportionately small. The Establishment of a boarding school necessarily implies a more expensive and limited form of education than is consistent with the extensive distribution of small benefits, which is an essential of the Chuttrum system. The Board would give greater prominence to a more liberal provision of medical aid to the recipients of the charities, sick travellers and

nd would prefer day schoo[illegible]ls with a more numerous staff of maste[illegible]nfined
lementary education suit[illegible]ble to the population which is sta[illegible]to be[illegible]y
d available to as many as possible. The inst[illegible]ion should be confined to
ching, reading, writing, and elementary arithmetic in the Vernacular.

7. Mr. Morris is requested to remodel his proposals in accordance with the Board's suggestions, stating the population of the towns and villages in which the Schools and Dispensaries are situated.

8. The Board would also suggest the desirability of building more Chuttrums for the convenience of travellers generally, and apart from the object of distributing food, they will be glad of the Collector's opinion on this suggestion also.

No. 234. ORDER THEREON, 14th October 1868, No. 2,632.

Miscellaneous.

1. The Governor in Council approves of the proposals made by the Collector of Tanjore, and recommended by the Board of Revenue, for the revision of the Establishments attached to the Rajah's Chuttrums in Tanjore District. The increase in expenditure is slight, and the Collector has fully shown the necessity for it.

2. The proposals for utilizing the surplus revenues, by developing and extending the Establishment of Native Doctors and Schoolmasters attached to the Chuttrums, are also approved, but the Governor in Council agrees with the Board in their opinion that the Collector's scheme for opening boarding schools is somewhat too advanced, and considers that the plan proposed in paragraph 6 of the Board's Proceedings is more appropriate and better suited to the condition of the district.

3. The Governor in Council awaits the further report called for by the Board in paragraphs 7 and 8. The revision of the general Establishments should, however, be carried out as soon as possible. Probably the 1st of January 1869 would be a convenient date for initiating it.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) R. A. DALYELL,
Acting Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.
,, the Accountant General.

Exd. F. R. Bantleman.

Govt. of Madras.

REVENUE.

To

THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

&c., &c., &c.

Dated October, 14th.

Read.

G. O., 14th October 1868, No. 2,632.

OCTOBER.

Nos. 233-234.

Board's Chuttrums in Tanjore District.—Board's proposals for the revision of the Establishments attached to them, and for utilizing the surplus revenues, approved.

A

Statement showing the Establishment proposed for the Several Chattrams Comprizing the Charitable Establishment of the late Rajahs of Tanjore.

Names of Chattrams	Number of Villages and detached tracts belonging to each		Total Revenue as per actual Collections of Fusly 1276.	Establishment proposed. Description of Office or Service	Salary per Mensem	Remarks
	Villages	Do. Tracts &c.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
				For the Collection of Revenues	Rs a	
				1 Inspector	20 "	
				1 Muramat Mestrie	14 "	
				7 Karnams at Rs 6 each	42 "	
				7 Vettians or Vicharisppugars at 3 Rupees each	21 "	
					97 "	
				Proportion of the Cost of the Taluk Establishment	35 "	Present Cost Rs
				Total	132 "	98
				Per Annum	1584 "	1176
				Per centage on the total Revenue	5 "	4
Muktambapuram Chattram at Ortnad	9	11	31802	**For Superintending the Department of Expenditure**		
				1 Manager	20 "	
				1 Head Accountant	14 "	
				2 Accountants at Rupees each	14 "	
				2 Storekeepers at Rupees 5 each	10 "	
				1 Marigar	5	
				3 Peons at 3-8 each	10 8	
					73 8	
				For the Chattram Service		
				2 Bramin Cooks at Rs 5 each	10 "	
				3 Sudra Cooks at Rs 4 each	12 "	
				3 Water men (2 Bramins and one Sudra) at Rs 3-8 0 each	10 8	
				2 Maid Servants for Cleansing and washing Cooking utensils &c at Rs 2 2 0	4 "	
				10 Sweepers at Rs 2 each	20 "	
				1 Cowherd and milkman	2 "	
				1 Bandy driver	3 "	

2

				4 Kavilgars for watching Stores furniture &c.a in the numerous buildings as also the buildings at Rupees 3 each	12 "	
				Garden Establishment.	73 8	
				1 Garden Mestri	5 "	This establishment is indispensably necessary for the Conservancy of the Gardens and plantations which, since they Came under the Charge of Government have been much improved and enlarged.
Muktamba-puram at Ortanad (Continued)				10 Gardeners at Rs 3-8-0 each	35 "	
				5 Kavilgars for watching Gardens and Jungles at Rs 3 each	15 "	
				Total Establishment including all the four branches	55 "	
					334 "	Present Post Rs as. 312 — 10
				Per Annum	4,008	3,751 — 8.
				Per centage	12½ "	12 —

				For the Collection of Revenues.		
				1 Inspector	15 "	
				2 Karnams at 7 Rs each	14 "	
2. Yemmanamba Chettram puram at Sida mangalam	4	2	29,080	2. Vettians or Vicharippugars at Rs 3 each	6	
					35 "	
				Taluk Establishment as shown at the foot of this Statement	18 "	
				Total	53 "	41 — 8
				Per annum	636 "	498 — 0
				Per Centage on the total Revenue	2 "	1 3/3
				For Superintending the Department of Expenditure		
				1. Manager	15 "	
				1. Accountant	10 "	

	2. Accountants at 7/10 each	14	"	
	2 Store Keepers at Rs 4 each	8	"	
	1 Manigar	5	"	
	2 Peons at Rs 3 ½ each	7	"	
		59		
	For the Chattrams Service.			
2. Vyrnamalla Chattram at Nidamungalam (Continued)	2 Bramins Cooks at Rs 4 each	8	"	
	2 Sudra Cooks at do	8	"	
	1 Water man	3	"	
	2 Maid Servants for cleansing and washing Cooking utensils at Rs 2 each	4	"	
	4 Sweepers at Rs 2 each	8	"	
	1 Cowherd and milkman	3	"	
	1 Bandy man	3	"	
	2 Kavilgars for watching stores,			

	furniture &c. in the numerous buildings as also the buildings at Rs 3 each	6	"	
	Garden Establishment.	43	"	
	1 Garden Mestri	5	"	Vide remarks on this item in Chattram No 1.
	4 Gardeners at Rs 3–8– each	14	"	
	2. Kavalgars for watching Gardens at Rs 3 each	6	"	Present Cost Rs as
		25	"	
	Total including all the four branches	180	"	165 — 12
	Per annum	2160	"	1989 — 0
	Per centage	7½	"	7 —
	For the Collection of Revenues.			
	Portion of pay of Inspector for this and Chattram No 4	8	"	one Inspector on Rs 20 per mensem is to conduct the revenue duties of this & Chattram No 4 as also certain miscellaneous duties connected with lands belonging to Chattram No 1 on the Coromandel Coast
	1 Karnam	7	"	

				1 Vettian or Vicharipugar		3 "	
						18 "	
				Proportion of the Cost of the Taluq Establishment		7 "	Present Cost Rs — as
				Total		25 "	12 — 4
				Per annum		300 "	147 — 0
				Per centage on the total Revenue		3	1 3/5
				For Superintending the Department of Expenditure			
				1 Manager or Amniah		12 "	
3 Rajasamba = puram Chattram at Dharasuram	1	1	8.996.	1 Accountant		7 "	
				1 Monigar		6 "	
				1 Storekeeper		4 "	
				1 Peon		3 8	
				For the Chattram Service		32 8	
				2 Bramin Cooks at 3-8 each		7 "	
				2 Sudra Cooks at Rs 3-8 each		7 "	
				1 Water man		3 "	
				1 Maid Servant for cleansing and washing Cooking utensils		1 "	
				3 Sweepers at Rs 2 each		6 "	
				2 Kavalgars for watching Stores furniture &c. in the numerous buildings as also the buildings at Rupees 3 each		6 "	
				Garden Establishment		30 "	
3 Rajasamba = puram Chattram at Dharasuram (Continued)				2 Gardeners at Rs 3-8 each		7 "	Vide remark on this item in Chattram A°/.
				Total Establishment including all the four branches		94 8	Present Cost Rs — as 80 — 4
				Per Annum		1134 "	963 — 0
				Per centage		12½ "	11 —

				For the Collection of Revenue			
				Portion of the pay & Inspector	12	"	Vide remark in Similar item in Chattrum No 3.
				2 Karnams one at Rupees 7 and the other at 5	12	"	
				2 Vettiams or Vicharipugars at Rupees 3 each	6	"	
				Proportion of the Cost of the Taluk Establishment	12	"	
				Total	42	"	20 — "
Sakkavaramba ram Chattrum Ammunah Chattrum	1	3	14793.	Per Annum	504	"	240 — "
				Per Centage on the total Revenue	3	"	2 —
				For Superintending the Department of Expenditure			
				1. Manager or Ammah	14	"	
				1 Accountant	8	"	
				1 Another do	7	"	
				1 Monegar	7	"	
				1 Store Keeper	4	"	
				1 Peon	3	8	
					43	8	
				For the Chattram Service.			
				2 Bramin Cooks at 3-8 each	7	"	
				2 Sudra Cooks at do	7	"	
				1. Water man	4	"	
				1 Maid Servant for cleansing and washing Cooking utensils	1	"	
				3 Sweepers at Rupees 2 each	6	"	
				1. Cowherd and milkman	2	"	
				2 Kavalgars for watching stores, furniture &c in the numerous buildings as also the buildings at Rs 3 each	9	"	
					36	"	

4 Sri Khavaramba puram Chattram at Ammah Chattram (Continued)

Garden Establishment.

5	Gardeners at Rupees 3–8 each	17	8	Vide remark on this item in Chattram No 1.
	Total including all the four branches	139	"	Present Cost 118—12.
	Per annum	1668	"	1425—0
	Per centage	11½	"	10—

For the Collection of Revenues.

1	Inspector	15	"	
1	Maramat Mestiri	10	"	
9	Karnams at Rs 6 each	54	"	
9	Vettians or Vichanpugars at Rs 3 each	27	"	
	Proportion of the Cost of the Tolak Establishment	25	"	15
	Total	131	"	115
	Per annum	1572	"	1380
	Per centage on the Total Revenue	6	"	5

For Superintending the Department of Expenditure

1	Managar	15	"	
1	Accountant	10	"	
2	Accountants at Rs 7 each	14	"	
2	Store Keepers at Rs 4 each	8	"	
1	Monigar	6	"	
2	Peons at Rs 3–8– each	7	"	
		60	"	

For the Chattram Service.

2	Brainm Cooks at Rs 4 each	8	"	
2	Sudra Cooks at do	8	"	
1	Water man	4	"	
1	Maid Servant for cleansing and washing Cooking utensils	1	"	
4	Sweepers at Rs 2 each	8	"	
1	Cowherd and milk man	3	"	
1	Bandyman	3	8	
2	Ravalgars for watching stores, furniture &c in the numerous buildings as also the buildings at Rs 3 each	6	"	
		41	8	

5 Mohanamba puram Chattram at Raja Mattam

16 " 25.471

5 Mohanamba puram Chattram at Raja Mattam (Continued)

Garden Establishment

1	Jungle Aminah	10 "	Vide remark on this item in Chattram No 1.
1	Garden Mistrie	5 "	
10	Gardeners at Rs 3-8- each	35 "	
1	Kavalgar for watching Gardens	3 "	
2	Kavalgars for watching Jungle at 4 Rs each	8 "	Present Cost Rs as
		61 "	
	Total Establishment including all the four branches	293 8	318-15
	Per Annum	3522 "	3,827-4
	Per Centage	13¾ "	15-

For the Collection of Revenue.

	Portion of Pay of Inspector for this and Chattram No 7	10 "	One Inspector on Rs 15 is to Conduct the Revenue duties of this and Chattram No 7.
5	Karnams at Rs 6. each	30 "	
5	Vettians or Vicharipugars at Rs 3 each	15 "	
		55 -	
	Proportion of the Cost of the Talook Establishment	21 "	Present Cost Rs as.
	Total	76 "	49-8
	Per Annum	912 "	594-0
	Percentage on the total Revenue	6 "	4-

For Superintending the Department of Expenditure.

6. Sulakshanamba punam Chattram at Velangudam	12	1	15,377
1	Manager	14 "	
1	Accountant	8 "	
1	Another do	7 "	
2	Storekeepers at Rs 4 each	8 "	
1	Monigar	5 "	
2	Peons at Rs 3-8- each	7 "	
		49 "	

For the Chattram Service.

2	Bramin Cooks at Rs 4 each	8 "
2	Sudra Cooks at do	8 "
1	Water man	4 "

1	Maid Servant for cleansing and washing Cooking utensils		1	"	
4	Sweepers at Rs 2 each		8	"	
1	Cowherd and milkman		2	"	
1	Bandy man		3	8	
2	Kavalgars for watching Stores furniture, &c. in the numerous buildings as also the buildings at Rupees 3 each		6	"	
			40	8	
	Garden Establishment				
1	Garden Mestri		5	"	Vide remark on this item in Chattram No 1.
6	Gardeners at Rs 3-8- each		21	"	
1	Kavalgar for watching Gardens		3	"	
			29	"	Present Cost
	Total Establishment including all the four branches	194	8		Rupees as 150 — 8
	Per annum	2334	"		1806 —
	Percentage	15	"		12 —
	For the Collection of Revenues.				
	Portion of pay of Inspector for this and Chattram No 6	5	"		Vide remarks on this item in Chattram No 6.
3	Karnams at Rupees 6 each	18	"		
3	Vettians or Vecharipugars at Rupees 3 each	9	"		
	Proportion of the Cost of the Taluk Establishment	9	"		
	Total	41	"		31 — 0
	Per annum	492	"		372 — 0
	Percentage on the Total Revenue	7	"		5 —

6. Sulakshanamba puram Chattram at Velungulam (continued)

7. Draupadamba puram Chattram at Manamelgudi — 5 — 7.374

				For Superintending the Dep.t of Expenditure		
				1 Managar or Ammiah	12 "	
				1 Accountant	7 "	
				1 another Accountant	7 "	
				2 Storekeepers at Rs 4 each	8 "	
				1 Monigar	5 "	
				2 Peons at Rupees 3-8 each	7 "	
					47 "	
				For the Chattram Service		
				2 Bramin Cooks at Rs 4 each	8 "	
				2 Sudra Cooks at do	8 "	
				1 Water man	4 "	
				1 Maid Servant for cleansing & washing Cooking utensils	1 "	
				3 Sweepers at Rs 2 each	6 "	
				1 Bandy man	3 8	
				2 Kavalgars for watching Stores, furniture, &c.a in the numerous buildings as also the buildings at Rs 3 each	6 "	
					36 8	
				Garden Establishment.		
				1 Garden Mistry	5 "	Vide remarks on this item in Chattram No 1
				6 Gardeners at Rs 3-8 each	21 "	
				1 Kavilgar for watching Gardens	3 "	
					29 "	
				Total Establishment including all the four branches	153 8	113 — 12
				Per Annum	1842 "	1365 — 0
				Per Centage	25 "	19 17 "
				For the Collection of Revenues.		
8 Rajakumaramthapuram Chattram at Manpessal	22	2	14.234	1 Inspector	12 "	
				5 Karnams at Rs 6 each	30 "	
				5 Vettians or Vicharipugars at Rupees 3 each	15 "	
					57 "	
7 Draupadamba puram Chattram at Manamelgudi continued						

-5-

	Proportion of the Cost of the Talook Establishment		14	"	Present Cost Rs as
	Total		71	"	63 — 0
	Per annum		852	"	756 — 0
	Percentage on the total Revenue		6	"	5 — "
	For Superintendent & the Department of Expenditure.				
1	Mooniagar or Ammah		14	"	
1	Accountant		10	"	
2	do at Rupees 7 each		14	"	
2	Store Keepers at Rs 4 each		8	"	
1	Mooniagar		5	"	
2	Peons at Rupees 3—8 each		7	"	
			58	"	
	For the Chattram Service				
2	Bramins Cooks at Rs 4 each		8	"	
2	Sudra Cooks — at — do		8	"	
1	Water man		4	"	
1	Maid Servant for Cleansing and washing Cooking utensils		1	"	
3	Sweepers at Rupees 2 each		6	"	
1	Cowherd and milkman		3	"	
1	Bandy man		3	8	
2	Kavalgars for watching Stores, furniture, &c in the numerous buildings as also the buildings at Rupees 3 each		6	"	
			39	8	
	Garden Establishment.				
1	Garden Mestry		5	"	Vide remark on this item in Chattrum No 1.
10	Gardeners at Rs 3—8 each		35	"	
1	Kavalgar for watching Gardens		3	"	
	Total Establishment including all the four branches		43		
			211	8	231 — 1
	Per annum		2538	"	2772 — 12
	Percentage		17¾	"	19½ — "
	For the Collection of Revenues.				
1	Karnam		6	"	

3. Rajakuma-ramapuram Chattram at Mimpessal (Continued)

				Proportion of Taluk Establishment	3	"
					9	"
				For Superintending the Department of Expenditure		
				1 Aminah	10	"
				1 Accountant	8	"
				1 Another do	7	"
				1 Store Keeper	4	"
				1 Monigar	5	"
				1 Peon	5	"
					39	"
				For the Chattram Service.		
				2 Bramin Cooks at Rs 3-8 each	7	"
9. Sreyasi Chattram at Tanjore	0	1	1,296	2 Sudra Cooks at Rs 3-8 each	7	"
				1 Waterman	3	"
Yearly money allowances from Govt. Treasury			3500	1 Maid Servant for cleansing and washing Cooking Utensils	1	"
			4796	3 Sweepers at Rupees 2 each	6	"
				1 Cowherd and milkman	2	"
				2 Kavalgars for watching Stores furniture, &c. in the numerous buildings as also the buildings		
				at Rupees 4 each	8	"
				1 Bramin Cook for Mangalavilas Chattram at Surakottai	5	"
				1 Sweeper for do	1	"
					40	"
				Garden Establishment.		
				3 Gardeners at Rupees 3-8 each	10.8	Vide Remark on this item in Chattram Fo.
				Total Establishment	98 8	Printed Cost 58 — 8
				Per Annum	1182 "	702 — 0
				Per Centage	24 2/3 "	15 — —
				For Superintending the Department of Expenditure.		
				1 Aminah	10	"
				1 Accountant	7	
				1 Store Keeper	4	"
				1 Peon	3	"
					24	"

				For the Chattram Service.				
				1 Pramin Cook		4	"	
				1 Sudra Cook		4	"	
				1 Maid Servant for cleansing and washing Cooking utensils		1		
				2 Sweepers at Rupees 2 each		4		
10 Vinnamangalam Chattram at Tanjore	0	0	222.	1 Cowherd and milkman		2	"	
				1 Kavalgar for watching the building Stores, furniture, &c.		3	"	
Ready money allowances from Cooly Treasury			4200			18	"	
			4422	Garden Establishment.				Vide remark on this item in Chattram No 1.
				2 Gardeners at Rupees 3-8 each		7	"	Present Cost Rs — as
				Total Establishment including all the three branches		49	"	53 — 8
				Per Annum		588	"	642 — 0
				Percentage		13	"	15 —
				For the Collection of Revenues.				
				1 Karnam		7	"	
				1 Vattiam or Vicharpugar		3	"	
11 Rameswaram	1	0	287.	Proportion of the Cost of the Taluq Establishment		10	"	
						3	"	
Ready money allowances from Cooly Treasury			1498	Total		13		21 — 0
			4360	Per Annum		156	.	252 — 0
				Percentage on the total Revenue		5	"	9 —

				For Superintending the Deptt. of Expenditure				
				1 Aminah		12	"	
				For the new Chattrams 1 Karnam		8	"	
				For the new Chattrams 1 Store Keeper		4	"	
				For the new Chattrams 1 Mougar		7	"	
				For the new Chattrams 1 Hard Keeper		4	"	
				For Chattram Service in both.		35	"	
				1 Pramin Cook		4	"	
11 Rameswaram (Continued)				1 Water man		4	"	
				2 Sweepers		4	8	
				2 Kavalgars for watching the buildings, Stores, furnitures &c.		7	8	
				1 Water man for the water Pandal at Vadgeri		2	"	
				1 Sweeper for Do at do		2	8	
				1 Kavalgar for Kannugudi Chattram		2	"	
				1 Sweeper for do		1	"	
						27	8	Present Cost Rs as
				Total Establishment		75	8	70 — 12
				Per annum		906	"	849 — 0
				Per Centage		20.3/4	"	19 — "
				For both Superintendence & Chattram Service				
12 Mallipom	"	1	1247.	1 Mougar		7	"	
				1 Store Keeper		3	8	
				1 Cook		3	8	
				1 Sweeper		1	8	
				1 Kavalgar for watching the building Stores, furniture &c.		3	8	
						19	"	

				Per annum	228	
				Per centage	18	
				For Superintending the Deptt. of Expenditure		
				1 Annial	10	
				1 Store keeper	3	8
					13	8
				For the Chattram Service		
				1 Bramin Cook	3	8
				1 Sudra Cook	3	8
				2 Sweepers at Rupees 1 - 8 - each	3	
				1 Kavalgar for watching buildings Stores, furnitures &c.	3	
					13	
				Garden Establishment		
				1 Gardener	3	8
13	Rajakumara-raja Ammi Raja Saib Chattram at Sivakottai	0	2	820	Proportion of the Cost of Taluk Establishment	2
					Total	32
	Vide money allowance from Govt. Treasury			1650		
				2470	Per Annum	384
					Per centage	15
				For the Collection of Revenues		
				1 Karnum	6	
14	Saudamba-puram	2	1	935.	1 Vattiar or Vicharipugar	3
					Proportion of the Cost of Taluk Establishment	2

				Total	11	
				Per annum	132	
				Percentage on the Total Revenue	14	
				For the Chattram Service.		
				1 Water man	4	
				1 Sweeper	1	8
				1 Kavalgar for watching the build-ings, furniture, &c.	3	8
					9	
				Garden Establishment.		
				2 Gardeners at Rupees 3 - 8 each	7	
				Total Establishment including the three branches	27	
				Per annum	324	
				Per centage	34	
				For both Superintendence and Chattram Service.		
				1 Monigar	6	
				1 Storekeeper	3	
				1 Bramin Cook	3	8
				1 Sweeper	1	8
				1 Kavalgar for watching the building Stores, furniture &c.	3	
					17	

Vide remark on this item in Present Cost as Chattrum No 1. as 21 — 0.

252 — 0

27 —

15 Ellahadeiva patam	2	4	1287				
				Garden Establishment.			
				1 Gardener		3	8
				Proportion of the Cost of Taluk's Establishment		3	"
				Total		23	8
				Per annum		282	"
				Per Centage		21	"
				For the Collection of Rents.			
				1 Amiinah		6	"
				For the Chattram Service.			
				1 Waterman		3	"
				2 Sweepers at 1 Rupee each		2	"
				Garden Establishment.		5	
16 Peruseur	"	1	178	1 Gardener		3	8
				Total		14	8
17 Vanchanadi Subramaniaha perumal	"	2	201	Per Annum		174	"
Totals	75	32	15684			1939	8
Nandyanam Accommodation			1084				
Grand total			16768				

Present cost
24 — 8 — "
294 — " — "
22 " — "

The incomes of these two Chattrams being small and as they are not far from each other, one set of Establishment has been provided for both as it is at present.

Taluq Establishment of which the cost is included in the above details

	Rs	as	Rs	as
For the Tanjore Taluq				
One Gumastah	12	-		
One Cavalmanies	10	"		
One Kiroff	8	"		
Two Peons	10	"	40	"
For the Combaconum Taluq.				
One Gumastah	12	"		
One Cavalmanies	8	"		
One Kiroff	7	"		
Two Peons	10	"	37	
For the Mannargudi Taluq				
One Gumastah	8	"		
Two Peons	10	"	18	
For the Pattukottai Taluq				
One Gumastah	12	"		
One Cavalmanies	10			
One Kiroff	7			
Six Peons at Rs 5 each	30		59	
Total			154	

	Present Establishment						Proposed Establishment					
	Number of Persons	Cost per mensem		Cost per annum		Per centage on the total income	Number of persons	Cost per mensem		Cost per annum		Percentage on the total income
		Rs	as	Rs	a			Rs	a	Rs	as	
For the Collection of Revenue	98	458	12	5505	"	330	104	615	"	7,380	"	441
For Superintending the Department of Expenditure	130	668	11	8024	4	480	85	553	8	6642	"	398
For the Chattrum Service	186	387	10	4657	8	279	165	469	8	5634	"	337
Garden Establishment	95	256	13	3081	12	184	83	301	8	3,618	"	217
Total—	509	1,771	14	21262	8	1273	437	1939	8	23274	"	1,393

Tanjore Collectors
Office
13th June 1868

(3)

G. Dee Morris
Collector

Statement Showing the Scale of revised Establishment for the General Superintendence and direction of the Rajah's Charitable institutions.

	Monthly Salary			
	Rs	as	Rs	As
A Superintendent for the northern Range	100	"		
Establishment for do				
One Gumastah	17	8		
One Javabnavis	14	"		
One Peon	6	"		
3 do at Rupees 5 each	15	"		
			152	8
A Superintendent for the Southern Range	60	"		
Establishment for do.				
One Gumastah	14	"		
2 Peons at Rs 5 each	10	"		
			84	"
Establishment for the Guzur as at present:			236	8
One Gumastah	21	"		
Another do	17	8		
4 Peon	6	"		
			44	8
Total			281	"
Per annum			3372	"

Present cost Pa — as. 230 — 8 —

Proportion of this Cost Chargeable to each Chattram.

Names of Chattrams.	Average annual Income	Proportion of the aforesaid Cost Charge &c &c &c to each Chattram
	Rs.	Rs.
1 Muktambápuram	31,802	644
2 Yamunambapuram	29,080	589
3 Rajasambapuram	8996	182
4 Sakhwarambapuram	14,793	300
5 Mohanambapuram	25,471	516
6 Salakshanambapuram	15377	312
7 Draupadambapuram	7,374	148
8 Rajakumarambapuram	14234	288
9 Sreyasi Chattram	4,796	97
10. Vennar Chattram	4,422	90
11 Rameswaram Chattram	4,369	88
12 Malliyam Chattram	1,247	25
13 Rajakumarabayi Ammi	2,470	49
14 Saidambapuram	935	19
15 Mahadevapatam	1,287	25
Total	166,653	3,372

N. B. The remaining two Chattrams being possessed of very small endowments, and having no other expenditure than that of a water Pandal in only one of them, they have been excluded from this statement.—

Tanjore Collrs Office
Fort St Cuemere 12th June 1868.

E Macmonis
Collector

of ordinary occurrence such as fever, cholera, diarrhea, dysentry, and other bowel complaints. Any other medicines that may be occasionally required for special cases will be procured and procured on special report from the Surgeon.

4 The Medicines will be procured on requisition from Government Medical Stores under the charge of the Superintending Surgeon, Southern Division.—

Temporary Collectors Office
Port Colborne 17th June 68

Geo Morris
Collector

Received

27

Rev. Dept.

Fe. 2632.

Proceedings of the Madras Government
dated the 14th Oct 1868.

Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue

Submitting with certain recommendations proposals of Collr. of Tanjore for revising Establishment attached to Rajahs Chattrums in District.

(H. L. 19 Sept 1868 No. 667)

1. The Governor in Council approves of the proposals moved by the Collector of Tanjore recommended by the Bd. of Revenue for the revision of the Establishment attached to the Rajahs Chattrums

Nil

R. A.

D
1868
R 31/10/68 Department
From
The Collector of
Tanjore
To
The Secretary to the
Board of Revenue
Proceedings of the Board
dated 13th Oct 1868
Read
Subject Establishment
Rajahs Chattrums
Encls to the
Report as noticed in
the Establishments of Rajahs'
Chattrums under the
management of Govt in
this District.

Revenue 1868 Deptt
Proof Govt. of Madras

No. 2632

Proc. of the Madras Govt.
of 14 October 1868.

Proc. of the Board of Revenue
Since 1869 Sept 1900

Further Proc. 19/7/69
208 Rev.
16/8/69
232-234 Rev.
27/10/69
328/329.

No. 233-234